

# ACFR

## Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024  
City of Wylie, Texas



Wylie's architecturally award-winning  
Smith Public Library rises from a sea of  
wildflowers on the Municipal Complex  
walking trail.



**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT**

**FISCAL YEAR ENDED  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**AS PREPARED BY THE  
FINANCE DEPARTMENT**



CITY OF  
WYLIE

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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## **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**



CITY OF  
WYLIE



#### **Our Mission...**

*...to be responsible stewards of the public trust,  
to strive for excellence in public service  
and to enhance the quality of life for all.*

January 28, 2025

The Honorable Matthew Porter, Mayor  
Members of the City Council  
And the Citizens  
City of Wylie, Texas

Financial policies of the City of Wylie require that the City's Finance Department prepare a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Accordingly, the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the City of Wylie, Texas for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, is hereby issued.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making the representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance, that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial records have been audited by Weaver LLP, Certified Public Accountants, as required by the City Charter. This ACFR has been prepared based upon those audited records. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 are free of material misstatement. This independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

#### **Profile of the City**

The City of Wylie is located in the south-central portion of Collin County, approximately 23 miles northeast of downtown Dallas. Incorporated in 1887, the City adopted its Home Rule Charter on January 19, 1985 and operates under a council-manager form of government. The City Council is comprised of a Mayor and six council members. All members are elected at-large on a staggered and nonpartisan basis for three-year terms. They are responsible to enact local legislation, provide policy, and annually adopt the operating budget. They appoint the City Manager, City Attorney, Judge of the Municipal Court and members of various boards and



commissions. The City Manager, under the oversight of the City Council, is responsible for the proper administration of the daily operations of the City.

The City provides a full range of municipal services including general government, public safety (police, fire, EMS and emergency communications), streets, library, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, code enforcement, animal control, and water and sewer utilities. Sanitation services are provided by the City but are privately contracted. The Wylie Economic Development Corporation (WEDC) is included in the financial statements as a discrete component unit. Its purpose is to aid, promote and further economic development within the City. The Wylie Park and Recreation Facilities Development Corporation (4B Corporation) is also combined within the financial statements of the City. Both WEDC and the 4B Corporation are primarily funded with sales tax revenues. Both corporations are discussed more fully in the notes to the financial statements.

The annual budget of the City serves as the foundation for its financial plan and control. The budget is proposed by the City Manager and adopted by the City Council in accordance with policies and procedures established by the City Charter, ordinances and state law. The budget process begins early in the year with management review of a ten-year plan that incorporates current and future capital needs and allows for planning of future debt considerations and/or planning for General Fund fund balance drawdowns for one-time expenditures. A five-year plan is then presented to council so that property tax rate considerations may be analyzed with revenue and expenditure projections. The last several years, it has been a goal to maintain or lower the property tax rate so that Wylie remains at a competitive level with other area cities while still providing adequate revenue to fund the needs of our steady growth. Department budgets are reviewed by the City Manager who will develop a proposed budget for presentation to the City Council. The City Council reviews the budget in subsequent work sessions and a formal budget is prepared and made available to the public for review by August 5 each year or a date to be determined by the City Council. Prior to official adoption of the budget by Council, a public hearing on the proposed budget is held to allow for public input. Of the twenty-eight governmental funds the City maintains, fifteen of them are annually appropriated. These include the General Fund, twelve Special Revenue Funds and the two Debt Service Funds.

### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Wylie operates.

#### Local economy

Local area suburbs continue to experience record growth across the region. In mid-2024, Wylie surpassed 62,256 residents and Collin County exceeded 1.2 million in population. The recent Census data projects Wylie will reach 64,000 by 2028 and Collin County will approach 1.3 million.

Across the region, average home prices are up over \$12,000, and year-over-year sales increased 3.02% from 2023 to 2024. In Collin County, average home prices were \$569,382, and median home prices were \$495,000, both down roughly \$10,000 from 2023; however, year-over-year sales increased 6.1% in 2024 to 16,147. Interest rates came down in 2024, but they are still having a significant impact, as evidenced by the number of active listings and, most notably, the monthly inventory levels. 2024 ended with an average of 2.9 months of inventory, the highest since 2018 at 2.89 months and 2011 at 4.02. Overall demand for housing in North Texas is still favorable and residential development continues in Eastern Collin County.

The DFW retail market continued its growth in 2024. According to a recent Costar retail market report, DFW not only led the country in annual deliveries and current construction activity, but the region absorbed roughly 2.5 million square feet of retail space, the highest of any major US market over the last year. The overall occupancy rate remained unchanged at 95.5%. The Texas Comptroller recently reported sales tax revenue was only up 1.2% for the year, however, Wylie's sales tax receipts topped \$19.4 million, up 5.69% from the previous year. Additional economic indicators remained strong, evidenced again by growth in the local tax base. Analyzing residential, commercial, and industrial growth, our total tax base increased by 10.7% over the previous year. Our taxable value this year, as provided by the Collin, Dallas and Rockwall Central Appraisal Districts was \$8,317,059,494.

In 2023, DFW continued its record-breaking trend for new industrial construction and leasing and 2024 proved to be no different. According to a recent CBRE industrial report, DFW has experienced 14 straight years of significant industrial growth. Q4 2024 marked the 57<sup>th</sup> consecutive quarter of positive net industrial absorption of 4.1 million square feet, and the trailing 12-month absorption total was more than 20.2 million square feet. In mid-2024, CPKC completed the construction of their 30-acre automotive facility at the 500-acre Wylie Intermodal Terminal. With roughly 200 acres of prime real estate still available inside the terminal, Wylie is an ideal location for high-efficiency, multi-commodity transload and logistics investments.

Wylie's growing population, strengthening retail trade area, and increasing daytime population will continue to support a strong local economy well into the future.

#### Long-term financial planning

In 2006, the City developed a Long-Range Financial Plan that included street and park improvements, a new city hall, library, fire station, recreation center and sidewalks. The voters of the City of Wylie authorized the City to issue \$73,950,000 in General Obligation Bonds to fund this capital improvement program. The first series of General Obligation bonds were sold in late March of 2006 and the remaining bonds were sold in August of 2008. Since that time the City has refunded these bonds to obtain more favorable interest rates without extending the life of the bonds. All of these projects have come to fruition and only \$5 million remains unspent, but is designated to help fund the expansion of East FM 544. This \$16 million project, a four-lane divided road, including a traffic light and round-a-bout is currently under construction with waterline and storm-line installation. Additional funding for this road comes from interest earnings on the original bonds and from the county.

Certificates of Obligation in the amount of \$7,175,000 were sold in FY 2017 that provided funding for new capital assets in the City's water storage and metering systems. In 2021, the City completed a long-awaited project of replacing the old metering system with Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI). This project addressed aging infrastructure, improves water conservation and reduces unaccounted-for water. The new meters automate meter-reading processes and provide more accurate information to the Utility Billing Department. More importantly, it has empowered our residents and business owners to manage their water use and costs with real-time data via the customer portal. The system has been a huge success and the Utility Billing Department still receives accolades for their successful transition and their high adoption rate for the online customer portal service.

Partial funding of the Public Safety Building remodel and expansion was provided by Certificates of Obligation issued in 2018 for \$8,500,000. This construction project was completed in FY2020 and re-opening of the building occurred in November 2020. Police, Fire Administration and Municipal Court are now serving the public in a much-anticipated new space which also includes our Emergency Operations Center.

Construction of Fire Station #4 was completed and a grand opening ceremony was held in May 2022. The new facility includes office space, vehicle stalls, storm shelter and a training area. Along with the grand opening, the department also unveiled a sculpture commissioned in remembrance of the 343 firefighters who lost their lives on 9/11. The station was partially funded with \$3 million previously transferred from the General Fund fund balance that was above the required minimum fund balance policy. The remaining portion of this project was funded with Certificates of Obligation issued early 2021 in the amount of \$5.3 million.

During FY2021, it was determined through a work session with City Council that it would be prudent to use a portion of the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund for specific capital needs. The unassigned fund balance had been above policy requirements for several years. As a result, in FY 2022 the Library received a new book sorter and the Fire Department purchased several LifePak Heart Monitors. Additionally, \$6.2 million was transferred from the General Fund to a Community Investment Fund for a new Capital Improvement Program. The CIF program was to fund a remodel of the Senior Center, construction of two water splashpads and construction of a dog park. The Senior Center remodel was completed in 2024 and the two splashpads are in the final stages of completion. Opening is expected for Summer 2025. The dog park is completed and a grand opening was celebrated in January of 2024. Solar lights have been approved by council and will be added to the park in 2025. \$600,000 was used to repair neighborhood sidewalks. \$500,000 was allocated to improve storm drainage facilities and a study was completed to determine areas most in need of repair. It was also determined that Wylie Fire Rescue would use \$2.4 million to purchase two quint replacements, both custom built and recently received. At a later work session, council assigned an additional \$636,000 for the

purchase of a fire utility truck which has been received and placed in service. With the addition of these new vehicles, the oldest front-line large vehicle for WFR's fleet will be 2019, with two 2013 quints in reserve.

In November 2021, voters approved \$50.1 million of general obligation bonds which supports three propositions. These three propositions were based on input from a 14-member Citizens Bond Committee. The City Council reviewed and discussed recommendations and voted unanimously to put forth the following propositions:

Proposition A - \$35,100,000 Expansion and reconstruction of McMillen Dr., Park Blvd., and S. Ballard Ave./Sachse Rd.

Proposition B - \$10,000,000 City-wide street and alley repair/replacement

Proposition C - \$5,000,000 Improvements to Wylie's Historic Downtown District

Bonds will be issued as needed when projects are ready to move forward to minimize impact to the tax rate.

In February 2022, the City issued \$12.1 million of General Obligation Refunding & Improvement Bonds. This issue included refunding for the 2012 PPFCA and 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. Both were refunded for a lower interest rate and the life of the bonds was not extended. Also, in 2022, \$5.1 million was issued to begin projects voted on in the 2021 election. Most of this issue was used for project design or design update.

In June 2023, the City issued \$16 million to further fund the projects of the 2021 bond program. McMillen Road design is completed and construction of a four-lane divided roadway with an 1100 ft., six-lane bridge and sidewalk is underway. Park Boulevard design is complete and bidding for construction is expected in Fall of 2025.

#### Relevant financial policies

Financial Management Policies are reviewed by staff and adopted annually by the City Council. There were no changes made upon adoption in Fiscal Year 2024.

Financial Management Policies state that, "It is the goal of the City to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 25% of expenditures. The City considers a balance of less than 20% to be cause for concern, barring unusual or deliberate circumstances. If unassigned fund balance falls below the goal or has a deficiency, the City will appropriate funds in future budgets to replenish the fund balance based on a time table deemed adequate by the City Council."

Texas Government Code requires the governing body of an investing entity to review its' investment policy not less than annually. The governing body must adopt a written instrument by rule, order, ordinance or resolution stating that it has reviewed the investment policy and that the written instrument so adopted shall record any changes made to the investment policy. City Council approved by Resolution the Investment Policy with no changes this year.

City Council approved, for the first time in 2020, a separate Debt Management Policy. Previously, debt management was addressed only as a section of the Financial Management Policies and did not have any specific benchmarks of measure. The new policy establishes parameters and provides guidance governing the issuance, management, continuous evaluation of and reporting on all debt obligations issued by the City. The Debt Management Policy is also reviewed by staff and adopted annually by the City Council. There were no changes made upon adoption this year.

#### Major initiatives

The City Council worked together to continue efforts on their previously adopted mission, vision and values that are used for strategic planning purposes. The budget for Fiscal Year 2024-25 approved by the City Council reflected a decrease in the property tax rate of \$0.004581 per \$100 of assessed property valuation. This rate was 2.7 cents above the no new revenue rate. FY2025 is the thirteenth consecutive year the council has decreased the tax rate.

## Awards and Acknowledgements

### Recognition

Various awards came to the City throughout the year. Wylie Fire Rescue maintained their ISO 1 ranking by the property/casualty insurance industry. They also maintained the designation of "Recognized Best Practices Fire Department" from the Texas Fire Chiefs Association. WFR and the City were recognized by The Heart Safe Community Program which acknowledges the efforts a community makes to protect its citizens from the effects of heart disease. The Wylie Police Department received the coveted Texas Law Enforcement Best Practices Accreditation through the Texas Police Chiefs Association. Wylie Parks and Recreation was voted Best Fitness Facility by the Wylie News readers. They also earned the Scenic City Texas Certification and was awarded the Tree City USA Designation, which they have maintained since 2013. The City of Wylie water system maintained its Superior Public Water System status with TCEQ. The Rita and Truett Smith Public Library earned the "Library of Excellence Award" by the Texas Municipal Library Directors Association.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Wylie for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. The City has participated in the program for many years and has been awarded the Certificate numerous times. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received from GFOA, the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for our 2023-24 budget document. To earn recognition, budget documents must meet program criteria and excel as a policy document, financial plan, operations guide, and communication tool. The 2024-25 budget has also been submitted for eligibility of the award.

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would also like to express our appreciation to all staff members who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Acknowledgement is also given to representatives of Weaver, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, for their dedicated assistance in producing this report.

Special acknowledgement is given to the City Manager, Mayor and the members of the City Council for their support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Wylie finances.

Respectfully submitted,



Melissa Brown  
Finance Director



Ron Arp  
Assistant Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of  
Achievement  
for Excellence  
in Financial  
Reporting

Presented to

**City of Wylie  
Texas**

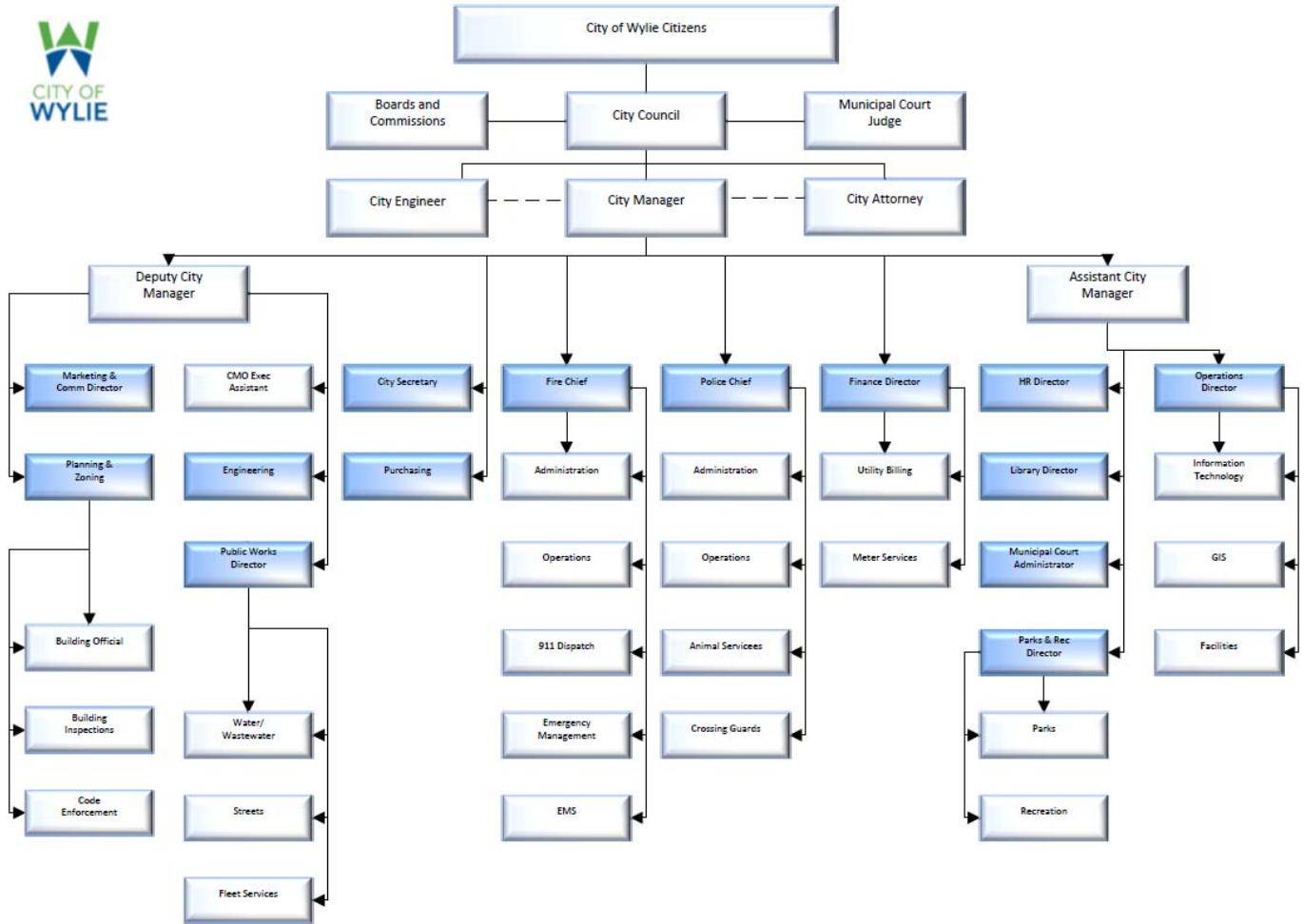
For its Annual Comprehensive  
Financial Report  
For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2023

*Christopher P. Morill*

Executive Director/CEO





10/1/2023

# **CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS**

## **PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS**

September 30, 2024

### **City Council**

Matthew Porter, Mayor  
Jeff Forrester, Mayor Pro Tem  
David R. Duke, Councilmember  
Dave Strang, Councilmember  
Scott Williams, Councilmember  
Sid Hoover, Councilmember  
Gino Mulliqi, Councilmember

### **City Staff**

Brent Parker, City Manager  
Renaë' Ollie, Deputy City Manager  
Lety Yanez, Assistant City Manager  
Stephanie Storm, City Secretary  
Melissa Brown, Finance Director  
Jennifer Beck, Human Resources Director  
Anthony Henderson, Police Chief  
Brandon Blythe, Fire Chief  
Thomas Weir, Public Works Director  
Carmen Powlen, Parks & Recreation Director  
Ofilia Barrera, Library Director  
James Brown, Operations Director  
Jasen Haskins, Community Development Director  
Jason Greiner, WEDC Director

### **Other Appointed Officials**

Weaver, LLP, Auditors  
Abernathy, Roeder, Boyd & Hullett, PC, City Attorney  
Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP, Bond Counsel  
Hilltop Securities Inc., Financial Advisors

## **FINANCIAL SECTION**





## Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor  
and Members of the City Council  
City of Wylie, Texas

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wylie, Texas (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



**Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

**Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and other postemployment benefits information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Members of the City Council  
City of Wylie, Texas

**Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

**Other Information Included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the ACFR. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

**Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 22, 2025 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Weaver and Tidwell, L.L.P.*

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

The Woodlands, Texas  
January 22, 2025



## City of Wylie, Texas Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2024

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As management of the City of Wylie (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages one through five of this report.

### Financial Highlights

- The unassigned portion of the General Fund fund balance at the end of the year was \$26,234,619 or 43.76 percent of total General Fund expenditures. This includes the 25% of General Fund expenditures which is required to be held in General Fund fund balance per the City Council approved Financial Management Policies. That amount is \$14,989,046. The remainder represents funds which may be used for one-time expenditures or unforeseen needs which the Council allocates for a specific purpose. The unassigned General Fund fund balance can be seen on page 18 of this report on the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds. It is part of the total General Fund fund balances, September 30, 2024, shown on page 21 of this report on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.
- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, by \$348,102,788 (net position). Of this amount, \$54,463,782 (unrestricted portion of net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Included in the unrestricted portion of net position are monies from all the City's various funds which are not restricted for other purposes.
- Total assets were \$460,155,195 which includes capital assets and current assets such as cash, prepaids, inventory, and receivables. Total liabilities were \$119,990,596 which includes long-term liabilities from debt, compensated absences, pension liabilities, and OPEB liabilities and other liabilities such as accrued interest, accounts payables, unearned deposits and accrued liabilities. The statement of net position also includes deferred outflows and inflows from pension and OPEB liabilities along with deferred losses from refunding of debt.
- The City's total net position increased by \$12,233,472 primarily due to an increase in sales and property tax receipts. Interest earnings were also significantly higher than previous years due to the economic environment. Developer contributions of over \$1.6 million for streets, alleys, drainage, as well as \$444 thousand for water/sewer infrastructure also increased net position. Impact fees for water/sewer added \$864 thousand and \$598 thousand was added from thoroughfare impact fees. Service charges for business-type activities exceeding operating costs also contributed to the net position increase as well as an increase in sales and property tax receipts. The effects of these changes can be seen in Table 2.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$78,980,838, a decrease of \$16,057,482 in comparison to the previous year. The General Fund ending balance was lower than 2023 by \$2.3 million, while Capital Projects Funds decreased by \$13.3 million as projects move forward in the construction phase.

### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**City of Wylie, Texas  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
September 30, 2024**

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**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Wylie's finances. This is done in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Two statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, are utilized to provide this financial overview. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flow. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide statements distinguish between governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities basically account for those activities supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. On the other hand, business-type activities are basically supported by user fees and charges. Most City services are reported in governmental activities while business-type activities are reported in the Enterprise Fund.

The government-wide statements include not only the City but also a discretely presented component unit, the Wylie Economic Development Corporation (WEDC). Although legally separate, WEDC is financially accountable to the City.

**Fund financial statements.** The City, like other state and local governments, utilizes fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

*Governmental funds.* Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains sixteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and the General Obligation Debt Service Fund. All Capital Projects Funds are combined for a single, aggregated presentation. Data from the other non-major funds are also combined and reported in a single column. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

*Proprietary funds.* The City maintains one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer operations.



**City of Wylie, Texas  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
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Proprietary funds financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

*Notes to the financial statements.* The notes provide additional information that is essential to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

*Other information.* In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Required supplementary information can be found after the notes to the financial statements.

**Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

At the end of fiscal year 2024, the City's net position (assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeding liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) totaled \$348,102,788. This analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2).

**Net Position.** The largest portion of the City's net position, \$260,791,700, or 74.9%, reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City reports its capital assets net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$32,847,306, or 9.4% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The unrestricted portion of net position which is \$54,463,782 (15.6%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

**Table 1  
Condensed Statement of Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Current and other assets	\$ 96,713,441	\$ 104,235,309	\$ 54,628,916	\$ 52,022,140	\$ 151,342,357	\$ 156,257,449
Capital assets	235,057,501	222,830,573	73,755,337	69,821,071	308,812,838	292,651,644
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>331,770,942</b>	<b>327,065,882</b>	<b>128,384,253</b>	<b>121,843,211</b>	<b>460,155,195</b>	<b>448,909,093</b>
Deferred outflows of resources	8,025,380	10,843,433	673,140	910,708	8,698,520	11,754,141
Long term liabilities	89,317,541	100,955,474	11,376,490	12,825,986	100,694,031	113,781,460
Other liabilities	16,383,494	8,080,983	2,913,071	2,189,455	19,296,565	10,270,438
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>105,701,035</b>	<b>109,036,457</b>	<b>14,289,561</b>	<b>15,015,441</b>	<b>119,990,596</b>	<b>124,051,898</b>
Deferred inflows of resources	696,940	680,156	63,391	61,864	760,331	742,020
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	190,502,993	172,859,764	70,288,707	60,622,382	260,791,700	233,482,146
Restricted for debt service	691,268	476,007	-	-	691,268	476,007
Restricted for capital projects	17,475,560	27,968,946	7,294,077	13,602,609	24,769,637	41,571,555
Restricted for economic development	6,087,792	6,848,645	-	-	6,087,792	6,848,645
Restricted for tourism	904,896	856,620	-	-	904,896	856,620
Restricted for other	393,713	393,484	-	-	393,713	393,484
Unrestricted	17,342,125	18,789,236	37,121,657	33,451,623	54,463,782	52,240,859
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<b>\$ 233,398,347</b>	<b>\$ 228,192,702</b>	<b>\$ 114,704,441</b>	<b>\$ 107,676,614</b>	<b>\$ 348,102,788</b>	<b>\$ 335,869,316</b>

**City of Wylie, Texas  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
September 30, 2024**

**Changes in Net Position**

*Governmental Activities.* Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$5,205,645 from the prior year. This was primarily due to developer contributions of streets, alleys and drainage totaling \$1,555,413 and interest earnings of \$6.4 million. There also was a slight increase in ad valorem revenue from new residential construction and an increase in sales taxes due to favorable economic conditions.

*Business-type Activities.* Net position from business-type activities increased by \$7,027,827 from the prior year. Utility revenues from the growth of our customer base are partially responsible, as well as developer contributions for water and sewer infrastructure of approximately \$444 thousand.

**Table 2  
Changes in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 9,989,648	\$ 9,507,600	\$ 31,381,498	\$ 29,592,808	\$ 41,371,146	\$ 39,100,408
Operating grants and contributions	914,644	7,069,298	-	-	914,644	7,069,298
Capital grants and contributions	3,424,299	5,136,507	1,307,892	2,965,191	4,732,191	8,101,698
General revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	41,463,584	37,982,291	-	-	41,463,584	37,982,291
Sales taxes	14,993,518	14,193,327	-	-	14,993,518	14,193,327
Other taxes and fees	3,029,760	3,080,512	-	-	3,029,760	3,080,512
Interest	6,401,944	2,829,070	1,812,289	1,389,590	8,214,233	4,218,660
Gain (loss) disposal of capital assets	7,079	132,421	-	-	7,079	132,421
Miscellaneous	421,833	485,740	180,780	142,254	602,613	627,994
Total revenues	80,646,309	80,416,766	34,682,459	34,089,843	115,328,768	114,506,609
Expenses:						
General government	16,475,644	14,412,031	-	-	16,475,644	14,412,031
Public safety	33,866,636	29,893,415	-	-	33,866,636	29,893,415
Urban development	1,033,568	1,083,325	-	-	1,033,568	1,083,325
Streets	13,643,998	11,434,006	-	-	13,643,998	11,434,006
Community service	10,873,557	9,999,916	-	-	10,873,557	9,999,916
Interest on long-term debt	2,187,465	2,179,116	-	-	2,187,465	2,179,116
Water and sewer operations	-	-	25,014,428	23,150,772	25,014,428	23,150,772
Total expenses	78,080,868	69,001,809	25,014,428	23,150,772	103,095,296	92,152,581
Increase in net position before transfers	2,565,441	11,414,957	9,668,031	10,939,071	12,233,472	22,354,028
Transfers	2,640,204	2,562,305	(2,640,204)	(2,562,305)	-	-
Increase in net position	5,205,645	13,977,262	7,027,827	8,376,766	12,233,472	22,354,028
Net position - October 1	228,192,702	214,215,440	107,676,614	99,299,848	335,869,316	313,515,288
<b>Net position - September 30</b>	<b>\$ 233,398,347</b>	<b>\$ 228,192,702</b>	<b>\$ 114,704,441</b>	<b>\$ 107,676,614</b>	<b>\$ 348,102,788</b>	<b>\$ 335,869,316</b>

**Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

## City of Wylie, Texas Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2024

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As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$78,980,838.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance was \$26,234,619. The overall fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$2,288,710 during the current fiscal year. The reason for the decrease is primarily related to the intentional use of unassigned fund balance for one time equipment and vehicle purchases.

The General Obligation Debt Service Fund reported an increase of \$348,519 in fund balance. This was due in part to high interest earnings within the fund and the current year's excess revenue over expenditures. The Capital Projects Fund decreased \$13,349,765 as construction projects moved forward. Other governmental funds' combined fund balances decreased \$767,526 primarily due to intentional use of 4B Sales Tax Fund fund balance to cover costs related to the community investment fund projects. These costs were associated with capital items and by nature, one-time expenses only.

**Proprietary funds.** The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Utility Fund at the end of the year was \$37,121,657. This represents an increase of \$3,670,034. This is largely attributable to the increases in water and sewer operating revenues. The year included a planned rate increase, which is based on a five-year water and sewer rate study. There also was an increase in the system's customer base. This year's operating income was \$6,644,862.

**General Fund Budgetary Highlights.** In FY 2024, the General Fund expenditure budget was increased by \$12,184,468 over the 2023 budget with approximately \$3.3 million funding new personnel requests. \$2.5 million funded nine paramedic and nine EMT positions required for the new EMS program brought in-house. Previously, these services were contracted to a third party. \$650,000 funded five officers and a records clerk for the police department, and the remaining \$150,000 funded an IT system specialist and a signal technician for the streets department. \$730,000 of non-personnel requests were funded. This included seven patrol vehicles for the police department, one fire marshal vehicle, and an aerial bucket truck for the streets department. A traffic signal design for Sachse Road/Creek Crossing (\$100,000) and various equipment purchases for the EMS program (\$837,000) were approved as purchases to be made from unassigned fund balance. The 2024 budget also included an average 3% merit for general employees. Public Safety employees received larger increases after a pay plan adjustment was made considering current market conditions. Each year, the City performs a mid-year review of the budget. If the City Manager determines that funds are available, certain amendments are proposed to the City Council for their review and approval. Expenditures were amended throughout the year with the majority occurring during mid-year reviews. These amendments increased General Fund appropriations by \$4,219,445 or 7.16 percent.

In the General Fund, the actual revenue received in comparison to the final budget was over by \$1,384,767. This positive variance is most noticeable in sales tax, franchise fees, intergovernmental revenue and service fees. General Fund expenditures had a final budget-to-actual positive variance of \$3,176,250 prior to other financing sources/uses. This amount is attributable to intentional savings made by all departments, incomplete or postponed projects and personnel savings due to turnover and unfilled vacancies.

### Capital Assets and Debt Administration

**Capital Assets.** The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2024, amounts to \$ 308,812,838 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, right-to-use machinery and equipment, machinery and equipment, and construction in progress. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current year was \$16,161,194.

**City of Wylie, Texas  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
September 30, 2024**

**Table 3  
Capital Assets at Year-end  
Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization (000's)**

Asset	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Land	\$ 45,767	\$ 44,010	\$ 101	\$ 101	\$ 45,868	\$ 44,111
Other non-depreciable assets	1,316	1,231	-	-	1,316	1,231.0
Buildings	49,567	51,133	2,345	2,478	51,912	53,611.0
Improvements	110,138	113,574	61,476	61,995	171,614	175,569.0
Right-to-use machinery and equipment	171	19	-	-	171	19.0
Machinery and equipment	7,132	6,344	1,244	1,000	8,375	7,344.0
Construction in progress	20,967	6,520	8,589	4,247	29,557	10,767.0
	<u>\$ 235,058</u>	<u>\$ 222,831</u>	<u>\$ 73,755</u>	<u>\$ 69,821</u>	<u>\$ 308,813</u>	<u>\$ 292,652</u>

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements on pages 44-45.

*Debt Administration.* At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Wylie had total bonded debt outstanding of \$76.3 million, all of which is backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

**Table 4  
Outstanding Bonded Debt at Year End (000's)**

Type of Debt	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
General obligation	\$ 52,150	\$ 59,620	\$ 1,445	\$ 1,880	\$ 53,595	\$ 61,500
Combination tax & revenue	11,420	11,980	5,725	6,065	17,145	18,045
Unamortized premium (discount)	5,226	6,283	330	402	5,556	6,685
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 68,796</u>	<u>\$ 77,883</u>	<u>\$ 7,500</u>	<u>\$ 8,347</u>	<u>\$ 76,296</u>	<u>\$ 86,230</u>

Total bonded debt of the City decreased primarily due to the principal payment of debt and amortization of premiums.

The City continues to maintain favorable ratings from bond rating agencies. The current General Obligation, Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, and Revenue Bonds ratings are as follows.

	Moody's <u>Investors Service</u>	Standard & Poor's
General obligation bonds	Aa1	AA+
Certificates of obligation	Aa1	AA+
Revenue bonds	A1	A+

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements on pages 47-51.

**City of Wylie, Texas  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
September 30, 2024**

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**Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

Steady growth is the predominant characteristic of the City with \$215,542,446 of new assessed valuation added to the tax roll from new construction for FY2025. This value brought an additional \$1.1 million to the budget, allowing the City to maintain its current service levels. As steady growth continues, the upward trend in property values remains evident. The City's Freeze-adjusted taxable property values showed an increase of 9.4% from FY2024 to FY2025. Our growth pattern is also projected to continue into FY2025 but the City recognizes that as we get closer to build-out, redevelopment will fuel the City's growth of tax base. As is the City's pattern, fiscal conservatism continues to play a major role in the development of the FY2025 operating budget. The 2025 adopted tax rate (\$.534301 per \$100 of assessed valuation) was 2.7 cents above the no new revenue rate, but still a decrease from the previous year's rate.

In FY2025, General Fund revenues are budgeted to increase by 18% over FY2024 due to the increase in ad valorem taxes as well as a new revenue source from the EMS program. Expenditures prior to transfers out are budgeted to increase 11% over FY2024 due to the increased cost of personnel after current market adjustments were made for all employees. There is also \$2.4 million in one-time expenses for equipment and vehicles. This will provide a 32.9% estimated fund balance at FY2025 year-end, which exceeds the goal of 25%.

FY2025 Utility Fund revenues are budgeted to increase by 4.9% from FY2024 revenues and expenses are projected to increase by 2.7% from FY2024.

The City works with an independent firm to annually review water and sewer rates. The rates needed to fund current and future operating and infrastructure needs were identified. Also included in the study were estimated future water and sewer charges from North Texas Municipal Water District as well as future capital needs. Therefore, in the Utility Fund, water and sewer rates were adjusted for the FY2025 budget year in accordance with this study.

During FY2006, voters authorized the City to issue \$73,950,000 in bonds. \$35,325,000 was issued in 2006 with the remaining \$38,625,000 issued in 2008. The issuance of these bonds was expected to cause an increase in the I & S tax rate to cover the principal and interest payments on the additional debt. However, the total tax rate went unchanged from FY2009 through FY2012. FY2013 began the trend of a tax rate reduction and 2025 was the thirteenth consecutive year the Council has decreased the tax rate. The current reduction was \$.004581 bringing the thirteen-year rate reduction total to \$.364599. The current rate of \$.534301 per \$100 of assessed property valuation allows Wylie to be at a competitive level with other area cities while still providing adequate revenue to fund the needs of our growth.

In November of 2021, voters authorized the City to issue \$50,100,000 in bonds for expansion and reconstruction of three major roads: McMillen Drive, Park Boulevard and South Ballard Avenue/Sachse Road. The propositions also included city-wide street and alley repair/replacement as well as improvements to Wylie's Historic Downtown District. Bonds will only be issued when projects are ready to proceed to minimize the impact on the I&S tax rate. \$5.1 million was issued in FY2022 and the additional debt was absorbed in the M&O rate instead of increasing the I&S. In FY2023, \$16 million was issued and two cents was added to the I&S portion of the tax rate. No bonds were issued in FY2024.

**Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, 300 Country Club Road, Wylie, Texas, 75098.



## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**





**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT A-1**

	Primary Government			Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 91,082,095	\$ 41,243,161	\$ 132,325,256	\$ 13,387,901
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	5,415,961	5,853,943	11,269,904	1,565,772
Inventories	193,679	314,687	508,366	14,645,354
Prepaid items	-	-	-	2,000
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	21,706	6,985,890	7,007,596	-
Receivables	-	231,235	231,235	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization):				
Land	45,766,722	101,045	45,867,767	-
Other non-depreciable assets	1,316,294	-	1,316,294	-
Construction in progress	20,967,478	8,589,380	29,556,858	-
Buildings	49,567,115	2,344,822	51,911,937	-
Improvement other than buildings	110,137,583	61,476,265	171,613,848	-
Right-to-use machinery and equipment	170,636	-	170,636	-
Machinery and equipment	7,131,673	1,243,825	8,375,498	-
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>331,770,942</b>	<b>128,384,253</b>	<b>460,155,195</b>	<b>29,601,027</b>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>				
Deferred loss on refunding	1,139,489	46,830	1,186,319	-
Deferred outflows - pensions	6,749,778	613,929	7,363,707	82,728
Deferred outflows - OPEB	136,113	12,381	148,494	1,669
<b>Total deferred outflows of resources</b>	<b>8,025,380</b>	<b>673,140</b>	<b>8,698,520</b>	<b>84,397</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	8,161,779	2,415,190	10,576,969	1,034,327
Accrued interest payable	333,042	33,796	366,838	27,666
Due to other governments	109,448	-	109,448	-
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	-	464,085	464,085	-
Unearned revenue	7,779,225	-	7,779,225	-
Non current liabilities:				
Due within one year	9,995,140	1,262,649	11,257,789	657,555
Due in more than one year	79,322,401	10,113,841	89,436,242	14,482,701
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>105,701,035</b>	<b>14,289,561</b>	<b>119,990,596</b>	<b>16,202,249</b>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>				
Deferred inflows - pensions	446,795	40,639	487,434	5,476
Deferred inflows - OPEB	250,145	22,752	272,897	3,066
<b>Total deferred inflows of resources</b>	<b>696,940</b>	<b>63,391</b>	<b>760,331</b>	<b>8,542</b>
<b>NET POSITION</b>				
Net investment in capital assets	190,502,993	70,288,707	260,791,700	-
Restricted for:				
Debt service	691,268	-	691,268	-
Capital projects	17,475,560	7,294,077	24,769,637	-
Economic development	6,087,792	-	6,087,792	-
Tourism	904,896	-	904,896	-
Other	393,713	-	393,713	-
Unrestricted	17,342,125	37,121,657	54,463,782	13,474,633
<b>Total net position</b>	<b>\$ 233,398,347</b>	<b>\$ 114,704,441</b>	<b>\$ 348,102,788</b>	<b>\$ 13,474,633</b>

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

Function/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
<b>Primary Government</b>				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 16,475,644	\$ 4,330,363	\$ -	\$ -
Public safety	33,866,636	3,860,698	164,777	29,669
Urban development	1,033,568	1,209,110	-	-
Streets	13,643,998	-	-	1,832,032
Community service	10,873,557	589,477	749,867	1,562,598
Interest on long-term debt	2,187,465	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	78,080,868	9,989,648	914,644	3,424,299
Business-type activities:				
Utility	25,014,428	31,381,498	-	1,307,892
Total business-type activities	25,014,428	31,381,498	-	1,307,892
Total primary government	\$ 103,095,296	\$ 41,371,146	\$ 914,644	\$ 4,732,191
<b>Component unit:</b>				
Wylie Economic Development Corp	\$ 5,447,432	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total component units	\$ 5,447,432	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

General revenues:

Ad valorem taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous income

Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - Beginning of year

Net position - Ending

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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**Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position**


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<b>Governmental Activities</b>	<b>Business-type Activities</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Component Unit</b>
\$ (12,145,281)	\$ -	\$ (12,145,281)	\$ -
(29,811,492)	-	(29,811,492)	-
175,542	-	175,542	-
(11,811,966)	-	(11,811,966)	-
(7,971,615)	-	(7,971,615)	-
(2,187,465)	-	(2,187,465)	-
<u>(63,752,277)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(63,752,277)</u>	<u>-</u>
-	7,674,962	7,674,962	-
-	7,674,962	7,674,962	-
<u>\$ (63,752,277)</u>	<u>\$ 7,674,962</u>	<u>\$ (56,077,315)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (5,447,432)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (5,447,432)</u>
41,463,584	-	41,463,584	-
14,993,518	-	14,993,518	4,874,240
3,029,760	-	3,029,760	-
6,401,944	1,812,289	8,214,233	526,633
421,833	180,780	602,613	33,535
7,079	-	7,079	(223,384)
2,640,204	(2,640,204)	-	-
<u>68,957,922</u>	<u>(647,135)</u>	<u>68,310,787</u>	<u>5,211,024</u>
5,205,645	7,027,827	12,233,472	(236,408)
<u>228,192,702</u>	<u>107,676,614</u>	<u>335,869,316</u>	<u>13,711,041</u>
<u>\$ 233,398,347</u>	<u>\$ 114,704,441</u>	<u>\$ 348,102,788</u>	<u>\$ 13,474,633</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
BALANCE SHEET-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>General Obligation Debt Service</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,213,041	\$ 891,341
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		
Ad valorem taxes	348,717	120,922
Franchise taxes	1,098,090	-
Sales taxes	1,717,426	-
Accounts	604,495	-
Other	615,342	-
Restricted cash	21,706	-
Inventories, at cost	193,679	-
	<u>33,812,496</u>	<u>1,012,263</u>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 33,812,496</b>	<b>\$ 1,012,263</b>
<b>LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES</b>		
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,149,568	\$ -
Other payables and accruals	2,327,588	-
Retainage payable	10,751	-
Due to other governments	109,448	-
Unearned revenue	314,751	-
	<u>4,912,106</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>4,912,106</b>	<b>-</b>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Unavailable resources	1,550,494	131,657
	<u>1,550,494</u>	<u>131,657</u>
<b>Total deferred inflows of resources</b>	<b>1,550,494</b>	<b>131,657</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES:</b>		
Nonspendable		
Inventory	193,679	-
Restricted		
Debt service	-	880,606
Capital projects	-	-
Economic development	-	-
Municipal court	-	-
Tourism	-	-
Law enforcement	280,631	-
Committed		
Park acquisition and improvement	-	-
Fire training	-	-
Fire development	-	-
Public arts	605,328	-
Assigned		
Law enforcement	15,114	-
Streets	20,525	-
Unassigned	26,234,619	-
	<u>27,349,896</u>	<u>880,606</u>
<b>Total fund balances</b>	<b>27,349,896</b>	<b>880,606</b>
<b>Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances</b>	<b>\$ 33,812,496</b>	<b>\$ 1,012,263</b>

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT A-3

<b>Capital Projects Fund</b>	<b>Non major Governmental Funds</b>	<b>Total Governmental Funds</b>
\$ 51,237,589	\$ 9,740,124	\$ 91,082,095
-	-	469,639
-	-	1,098,090
-	848,372	2,565,798
-	107	604,602
-	62,490	677,832
-	-	21,706
-	-	193,679
<u>\$ 51,237,589</u>	<u>\$ 10,651,093</u>	<u>\$ 96,713,441</u>
\$ 2,351,514	\$ 757,326	\$ 5,258,408
-	206,569	2,534,157
358,463	-	369,214
-	-	109,448
<u>7,409,432</u>	<u>55,042</u>	<u>7,779,225</u>
<u>10,119,409</u>	<u>1,018,937</u>	<u>16,050,452</u>
-	-	1,682,151
-	-	1,682,151
-	-	193,679
-	12,047	892,653
41,118,180	-	41,118,180
-	6,087,792	6,087,792
-	112,253	112,253
-	904,896	904,896
-	829	281,460
-	849,692	849,692
-	450,519	450,519
-	1,214,128	1,214,128
-	-	605,328
-	-	15,114
-	-	20,525
-	-	26,234,619
<u>41,118,180</u>	<u>9,632,156</u>	<u>78,980,838</u>
<u>\$ 51,237,589</u>	<u>\$ 10,651,093</u>	<u>\$ 96,713,441</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE  
SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT A-4**

Total fund balance-governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 78,980,838
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	235,057,501
Deferred losses on refunding are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide statement of net position.	1,139,489
Revenues earned but not available within sixty days of the fiscal year-end are not recognized as revenue in the fund financial statements.	1,682,151
Deferred outflows of resources, \$6,749,778, related to the City's net pension liability result in an increase in net position in the government-wide financial statements while deferred inflows (\$446,795) result in a decrease in net position.	6,302,983
Deferred outflows of resources, \$136,113, related to the City's net OPEB liability result in an increase in net position in the government-wide financial statements while deferred inflows (\$250,145) result in a decrease in net position.	(114,032)
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources, therefore interest payable is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds balance sheet.	(333,042)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements.	<u>(89,317,541)</u>
<b>NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - statement of net position</b>	<b><u>\$ 233,398,347</u></b>

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT A-5**

	General Fund	General Obligation Debt Service	Capital Projects Fund	Non major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>REVENUES</b>					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 30,584,677	\$ 10,777,272	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 41,361,949
Sales taxes	9,829,031	-	-	5,164,487	14,993,518
Franchise fees	2,976,719	-	-	-	2,976,719
Licenses and permits	1,022,222	-	598,138	47,162	1,667,522
Intergovernmental	3,107,965	-	3,395,633	-	6,503,598
Service fees	4,972,384	-	-	1,092,558	6,064,942
Court fees	346,206	-	-	27,844	374,050
Development fees	-	-	-	164,777	164,777
Interest income	1,475,331	106,910	2,277,548	380,416	4,240,205
Miscellaneous income	247,289	-	-	79,774	327,063
Total revenues	<u>54,561,824</u>	<u>10,884,182</u>	<u>6,271,319</u>	<u>6,957,018</u>	<u>78,674,343</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>					
Current:					
General government	15,648,127	-	-	-	15,648,127
Public safety	34,058,863	-	-	224,518	34,283,381
Urban development	1,072,418	-	-	-	1,072,418
Streets	3,609,196	-	-	-	3,609,196
Community service	5,380,570	-	-	6,877,512	12,258,082
Capital outlay	-	-	19,843,149	-	19,843,149
Debt service:					
Principal	181,184	7,660,000	-	370,000	8,211,184
Interest and fiscal charges	5,824	2,875,663	-	17,100	2,898,587
Total expenditures	<u>59,956,182</u>	<u>10,535,663</u>	<u>19,843,149</u>	<u>7,489,130</u>	<u>97,824,124</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(5,394,358)</u>	<u>348,519</u>	<u>(13,571,830)</u>	<u>(532,112)</u>	<u>(19,149,781)</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>					
Transfers in	2,674,404	-	222,065	465,000	3,361,469
Transfers out	-	-	-	(721,265)	(721,265)
Leases issued	219,282	-	-	-	219,282
Proceeds from sale of property	7,079	-	-	-	7,079
Insurance recovery	204,883	-	-	20,851	225,734
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>3,105,648</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>222,065</u>	<u>(235,414)</u>	<u>3,092,299</u>
Net change in fund balances	<u>(2,288,710)</u>	<u>348,519</u>	<u>(13,349,765)</u>	<u>(767,526)</u>	<u>(16,057,482)</u>
Fund balances October 1, 2023	<u>29,638,606</u>	<u>532,087</u>	<u>54,467,945</u>	<u>10,399,682</u>	<u>95,038,320</u>
Fund balances September 30, 2024	<u>\$ 27,349,896</u>	<u>\$ 880,606</u>	<u>\$ 41,118,180</u>	<u>\$ 9,632,156</u>	<u>\$ 78,980,838</u>

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF  
REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO  
THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT A-6**

Net change in fund balances- total governmental funds.	\$ (16,057,482)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.	22,138,197
Depreciation and amortization expense on capital assets is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation and amortization expense is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(11,466,682)
The repayment of the principal of long term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, but has no effect on net position. The amortization of bond premiums and deferred gain/loss on refunding of long term debt is reported in statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the effect of the amortization of these various items are not reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balance. This amount represents the net effect of the following items:	
o Proceeds from leases (\$219,282)	
o Principal payments of \$8,030,000 on bonds, \$82,012 on financed purchases and \$66,906 on leases	
o Amortization of premium on bonds of \$1,057,588 and deferred loss on refunding of (\$375,330)	8,641,894
GASB 68 requires certain expenditures to be de-expended to account for the changes in pension liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows. There was an decrease in pension liabilities of (\$3,768,513), a increase in deferred inflows of \$63,010, and an decrease in deferred outflows of \$2,439,450.	1,266,053
GASB 75 requires certain expenditures to be de-expended to account for the changes in OPEB liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows. There was a increase in OPEB liabilities of \$65,393, an decrease in deferred inflows of (\$46,226), and a decrease in deferred outflows of \$3,273.	(22,440)
Current year changes in accrued interest payable does not require the use of current financial resources; and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	55,306
Current year changes in the long-term liability for compensated absences do not require the use of current financial resources; and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(1,082,411)
Governmental funds do not recognize assets contributed by developers. However, in the statement of activities, the fair market value of those assets is recognized as revenue, then allocated over the useful life of the assets and reported as depreciation expense.	1,555,413
Certain revenues in the government-wide statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.	<u>177,797</u>
<b>CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - statement of activities</b>	<b><u>\$ 5,205,645</u></b>

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements  
are an integral part of this statement.





**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
PROPRIETARY FUNDS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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	<u>Enterprise Fund</u>
	<u>Utility Fund</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 41,243,161
Accounts receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	5,469,612
Other receivables	384,331
Inventories, at cost	314,687
Restricted assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	6,985,890
Accounts receivable	231,235
	<hr/>
Total current assets	54,628,916
	<hr/>
Non-current assets	
Capital assets:	
Land	101,045
Buildings	3,956,304
Waterworks system	59,350,619
Sewer system	45,940,798
Machinery and equipment	3,652,443
Construction in progress	8,589,380
Accumulated depreciation	(47,835,252)
	<hr/>
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	73,755,337
	<hr/>
Total non-current assets	73,755,337
	<hr/>
Total assets	128,384,253
	<hr/>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	
Deferred loss on refunding	46,830
Pensions	613,929
OPEB	12,381
	<hr/>
Total deferred outflows of resources	673,140
	<hr/>

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**EXHIBIT A-7**

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	<u>Enterprise Fund</u>
	<u>Utility Fund</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,570,281
Retainage payable	359,899
Other payables and accruals	485,010
Compensated absences payable - current	125,566
General obligation bonds payable - current	460,000
Combination bonds - tax and revenue - current	350,000
Financed purchases payable - current	327,083
Accrued interest payable	33,796
Customer deposits	464,085
Total current liabilities	<u>4,175,720</u>
Non-current liabilities:	
Compensated absences payable	243,796
General obligation bonds payable	985,000
Combination bonds - tax and revenue	5,705,080
Financed purchases payable	1,741,560
Net pension liability	1,388,735
OPEB	49,670
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>10,113,841</u>
Total liabilities	<u>14,289,561</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	
Pensions	40,639
OPEB	22,752
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>63,391</u>
<b>NET POSITION</b>	
Net investment in capital assets	70,288,707
Restricted for construction	7,294,077
Unrestricted	37,121,657
Total net position	<u>\$ 114,704,441</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND  
NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT A-8**

	<u>Enterprise Fund</u>
	<u>Utility Fund</u>
<b>OPERATING REVENUES</b>	
Water	\$ 15,025,995
Sewer	16,008,626
Penalties	209,447
Water taps	80,665
Sewer taps	12,520
Reconnect fees	<u>44,245</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>31,381,498</u>
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>	
Water purchases	7,128,103
Sewer treatment	8,275,751
Utility administration	545,525
Water department	2,191,167
Sewer department	1,346,991
Utility billing	1,328,668
Engineering	283,180
Combined services	773,641
Depreciation	<u>2,863,610</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>24,736,636</u>
Operating income	<u>6,644,862</u>
<b>NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>	
Investment revenue	1,812,289
Miscellaneous income	180,780
Interest expense	<u>(277,792)</u>
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	<u>1,715,277</u>
Net income before transfers and contributions	<u>8,360,139</u>
<b>TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS</b>	
Capital contributions	444,024
Impact fees	863,868
Transfers out	<u>(2,640,204)</u>
Total transfers and contributions	<u>(1,332,312)</u>
Change in net position	7,027,827
<b>Net position, October 1</b>	<u>107,676,614</u>
<b>Net position, September 30</b>	<u>\$ 114,704,441</u>

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT A-9**

	<u>Enterprise Fund</u>
	<u>Utility Fund</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Cash received from customers	\$ 31,303,115
Cash payments to employees for services	(2,961,352)
Cash payments to other suppliers for goods and services	<u>(18,086,847)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>10,254,916</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Transfers to other funds	<u>(2,640,204)</u>
Net cash used in non-capital financing activities	<u>(2,640,204)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Principal and interest paid	(1,433,642)
Acquisition or construction of capital assets	(6,353,852)
Water and sewer impact fee revenue	<u>863,868</u>
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	<u>(6,923,626)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Interest and dividends on investments	<u>1,812,289</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>1,812,289</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,503,375
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>45,725,676</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 48,229,051</u>
<b>RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION</b>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 41,243,161
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	<u>6,985,890</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 48,229,051</u>
<b>RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Operating income	\$ 6,644,862
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	2,863,610
Miscellaneous income	180,780
Pension and OPEB expense	(336,818)
Effects of changes in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease (increase) in receivables	(314,610)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(10,464)
Decrease (increase) in restricted receivables	221,673
Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows for pensions and OPEB	222,178
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows for pensions and OPEB	1,527
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	410,373
Increase (decrease) in other payables and other accruals	262,215
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	54,143
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	<u>55,447</u>
Total adjustments	<u>3,610,054</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 10,254,916</u>
<b>NONCASH ITEMS</b>	
Developer contributions of capital assets	<u>\$ 444,024</u>

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The City of Wylie (the City) was incorporated in 1887. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government as a duly incorporated home rule city as authorized under the constitution of the State of Texas, and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), streets, water, sewer and sanitation, public improvements, culture, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, and general administrative services.

The City reports in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note. The remainder of the notes are organized to provide concise explanations, including required disclosures of budgetary matters, assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, expenditures/expenses, and other information considered important to gaining a clear picture of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

**A. Financial Statement Presentation**

The basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with GASB Statement No. 34, which requires the government-wide financial statements to be prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Government-wide financial statements do not provide information by fund, but distinguish between the City's governmental activities, business-type activities and activities of its discretely presented component unit on the statement of net position and statement of activities. Significantly, the City's statement of net position includes both noncurrent assets and noncurrent liabilities of the City. In addition, the government-wide statement of activities reflects depreciation and amortization expenses on the City's capital assets, including infrastructure.

In addition to the government-wide financial statements, the City has prepared fund financial statements, which use the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus for the governmental funds. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by proprietary funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

The City also presents Management's Discussion and Analysis, which includes an analytical overview of the City's financial activities. In addition, a budgetary comparison statement is presented that compares the original adopted and final amended General Fund budget with actual results.

**B. Financial Reporting Entity**

The City's basic financial statements include the accounts of all City operations. In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City is a home rule municipality governed by an elected Mayor and six-member City Council, who appoint a City Manager. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

**B. Financial Reporting Entity – Continued**

Blended Component Unit

The Wylie Park and Recreation Facilities Development Corporation (“the 4B Corporation”) is presented in the basic financial statements as a blended component unit of the City. The 4B Corporation’s board is substantively the same as the City Council. All members of the 4B Corporation other than the board are City employees. The City Manager is the Chief Executive Operating Officer of the 4B Corporation. The purpose of the 4B Corporation, which is financed with a voter-approved half-cent sales tax, is to promote economic development within the City through the construction of park and recreation facilities. The 4B Corporation has a September 30 year-end. The 4B Corporation’s financial budget, treasury, and personnel functions are totally integrated with the City’s (thus the City has operational responsibility for the 4B Corporation). All of the 4B Corporation’s financial information is presented in the basic and combining financial statements along with the notes to these financial statements. The 4B Corporation does not issue separate financial statements.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Wylie Economic Development Corporation (WEDC) is a discretely presented component unit in the combined financial statements. The governing body of the WEDC is appointed by the City Council and the WEDC’s operating budget is subject to approval of the City Council. The WEDC’s board is not substantially the same as the City Council. The purpose of the WEDC, which is financed with a voter-approved half-cent City sales tax, is to aid, promote and further the economic development within the City. The WEDC is presented as a governmental fund type and has a September 30 year-end. Under a contract with the WEDC, the financial, budget, treasury and personnel functions of the WEDC are integrated with the City. All of WEDC’s financial information is presented in the combined and combining financial statements along with the notes to these financial statements. There are no separately issued financial statements of the WEDC.

**C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support. Additionally, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a functional category (Public Safety, Urban Development, etc.) or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program. Program revenues include: a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program, b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or program, or c) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of a particular function or program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are also reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.



**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

**C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements – Continued**

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The major governmental funds are the general fund, the general obligation debt service fund, and the capital projects fund. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category for the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. The non-major funds are detailed in the combining section of the financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

**D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements follow the accounting set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. The governmental fund financial statements follow the accounting set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Property taxes, franchise fees, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales taxes collected and held by the State and merchants at year-end on behalf of the City are also recognized as revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

**D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation – Continued**

**Fund Accounting**

The following major funds are used by the City:

**1. Governmental Funds:**

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is on determination of changes in financial position, rather than on net income determination. The following is a description of the major Governmental Funds of the City:

- a. The **General Fund** is the operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.
- b. The **General Obligation Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal, interest and related costs on general obligation long-term debt paid from taxes levied by the City.
- c. The **Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities, except those being financed by proprietary funds.

In addition, the City reports the following non-major governmental funds.

- a. **4B Sales Tax Revenue Fund** accounts for sales tax monies specifically restricted for promoting economic development within the City by developing, implementing, providing and financing park and recreation projects.
- b. **Parks Acquisition and Improvement Fund** accounts for the development and improvement of City parks.
- c. **Fire Training Center Fund** accounts for First Responder fees specifically committed for the construction of the Fire Training Center.
- d. **Fire Development Fees Fund** accounts for contributions specifically committed for use of the fire department.
- e. **Municipal Court Technology Fund** accounts for court fines specifically restricted for improvements in court technology.
- f. **Municipal Court Building Security Fund** accounts for court fines specifically restricted for additions/improvements to court security.
- g. **Hotel Tax Fund** accounts for occupancy taxes charged to hotels.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

**D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation – Continued**

- h. Federal Seizure Fund** accounts the City's share of forfeiture proceeds at the federal level and is restricted for law enforcement additions/improvements only.
- i. Judicial Efficiency Fund** accounts court fines specifically restricted to improving the efficiency of the administration of justice.
- j. Truancy Court Fund** accounts for court fines restricted for the efficiency of Juvenile Court truancy cases.
- k. Municipal Judicial Fund** accounts for fines restricted for efficiency of the municipal court.
- l. Local Youth Diversion Fund** accounts for fines restricted for juvenile case manager services. Designed to reduce the number of juvenile referrals to court.
- m. 4B Debt Service 2005 Fund** account for the accumulation of resources to be used for the payment of principal and interest on the 4B Sales Tax Revenue Bonds – Series 2005.

Governmental funds with legally adopted annual budgets include the General Fund, the General Obligation Debt Service Fund, and the 4B Debt Service Fund, and all special revenue funds.

**2. Proprietary Funds:**

Proprietary Funds are accounted for using an economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives are a determination of net income, financial position, and changes in cash flows. All assets and liabilities associated with a proprietary fund's activities are included on its statement of net position.

The proprietary funds are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise. The costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. The following is a description of the major proprietary fund of the City:

**The Utility Fund** is used to account for the operations of the water distribution system, wastewater pumping stations and collection systems. The City contracts with North Texas Municipal Water District for wastewater treatment.

**E. Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (3) other obligation, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (5) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (A) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or (B) secured by obligations that are described by (1), pledged with third party selected or approved by the City, and placed through a primary government securities dealer.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

**E. Cash and Cash Equivalents - Continued**

Investments maturing within one year of date of purchase are stated at cost or amortized cost, all other investments are stated at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

**F. Inventories and Prepaid Items**

Inventory is valued at cost (first-in, first-out). The cost of governmental fund type inventory is recorded as an expenditure when consumed rather than when purchased. Reported inventories are equally offset by non-spendable fund balance, which indicates that they do not constitute "available, spendable resources" even though they are a component of fund balance. The City is not required to maintain a minimum level of inventory. Inventories in the Proprietary Funds consist of supplies and are recorded at the lower of cost or market.

Prepaid balances represent payments made by the City for which benefits extend beyond fiscal year-end, and non-spendable fund balance is reported to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

**G. Receivables and Payables**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by non-spendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 60 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles.

**H. Restricted Assets**

Certain proceeds of enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or contractual agreements. Customer deposits received for water and wastewater service are, by law, considered to be restricted assets. These balances are included in the Utility Fund. Certain deposits recorded in the general fund are restricted for investigative and other purposes.

**I. Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), as well as right-to-use assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$15,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
 YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

**I. Capital Assets – Continued**

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	20 - 30
Improvements other than buildings	20 - 50
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20

Right-to-use assets are amortized over the term of the contract agreement.

**J. Compensated Absences**

It is the City’s policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. A percentage of accrued sick leave is payable on a longevity basis at the time of termination. All vacation and sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

**K. Long-term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Losses on refunding are deferred and amortized over the life of the new issuance or the existing debt using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

**L. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources and pension expense, City specific information about its Fiduciary Net Position in the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from the City’s Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

**L. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)– Continued**

Information regarding the City’s Total Pension Liability and Total OPEB Liability is obtained from TMRS through reports prepared for the City by TMRS consulting actuary, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company, in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

**M. Leases**

The City is a lessee for noncancellable leases of property and equipment. The City recognizes a lease liability, reported with long-term debt, and a right-to-use lease asset (lease asset), reported with other capital assets, in the government-wide financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments, variable payments fixed in substance or that depend on an index or a rate, purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise, lease incentives receivable from the lessor, and any other payments that are reasonably certain of being required based on an assessment of all relevant factors.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

**N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has the following items that qualify for reporting as deferred outflows:

**Deferred Loss on Refunding** – these deferred outflows result from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

**N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - Continued**

Pensions/ OPEB – these deferred outflows result from pension/OPEB contributions after the measurement date (deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year) and/or differences between expected and actual economic experience and changes in actuarial assumptions (amortized over the average remaining service lives of the members), and differences between expected and actual investment earnings (amortized over a closed 5-year period).

Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow or resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports certain deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB on the government-wide statement of position and unavailable tax revenues at the fund level. Deferred inflows related to Pension/OPEB include differences between expected and actual experience and changes in the assumptions and other inputs (amortized over the average remaining service life of the members).

**O. Fund Balance**

The City has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions*. The objective of the statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing government fund type definitions. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB 54 are Non-spendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned.

These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of constraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance.

*In accordance with GASB 54, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:*

Non-spendable fund balance – includes amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact. (i.e., inventories, prepaid items)

Restricted fund balance – includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers either constitutionally or through enabling legislation (i.e., debt service, capital projects, economic development, municipal court security, municipal court technology, tourism).

Committed fund balance – includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government’s highest level of decision-making authority (City Council). Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the government taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. (i.e., park acquisition and improvement, recreation, fire training, fire development, public arts).

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
 YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

**O. Fund Balance – Continued**

Assigned fund balance – comprises amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes. Intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. The City Council has authorized the City Manager as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved by the fund balance policy. Assigned fund balance includes balances for streets, renovations, project for public safety buildings, and law enforcement. Restricted funds for law enforcement must be spent before assigned monies for law enforcement may be spent.

Unassigned fund balance – is the residual classification of the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. In governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned balance in that fund.

Order of Expenditure of Funds – When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the City will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

Minimum General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance – It is the goal of the City to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 25% of expenditures. The City considers a balance of less than 20% to be cause for concern, barring unusual or deliberate circumstances. If unassigned fund balance falls below the goal or has a deficiency, the City will appropriate funds in future budgets to replenish the fund balance based on a timetable deemed adequate by the City Council.

Net Position – In the statement of net position, the amount of net position restricted for other consists of the following as of September 30, 2024:

Municipal court	\$ 112,253
Law enforcement	<u>281,460</u>
Total	<u>\$ 393,713</u>

**P. Adoption of New Accounting Standards**

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022* (GASB 99), enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves consistency of authoritative literature by addressing 1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements and 2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance. The requirements related to leases were implemented in the [entity short name]’s fiscal year 2022 financial statements in conjunction with GASB 87. The requirements related to PPPs and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. These requirements for GASB 99 were implemented in the City’s fiscal year 2023 financial statements in conjunction with GASB 94 and GASB 96. The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. These requirements for GASB 99 were implemented in the City’s fiscal year 2024 financial statements with no impact to amounts previously reported.



**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

**P. Adoption of New Accounting Standards – Continued**

GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* (GASB 100), enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement 1) defines accounting changes and corrections of errors; 2) prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for each type of accounting change and error corrections; and 3) clarifies required note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023, with earlier application encouraged. GASB 100 was implemented in the City's fiscal year 2024 financial statements with no impact to amounts previously reported.

**Q. Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences* (GASB 101), improves the information needs of financial statements users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences under a unified model and amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, with earlier application encouraged. GASB 101 will be implemented in the City's fiscal year 2025 financial statements and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures* (GASB 102), improves financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information regarding certain concentrations of constraints and related events that have occurred or have begun to occur that make a government vulnerable to a substantial impact. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2024, with earlier application encouraged. GASB 102 will be implemented in the City's fiscal year 2025 financial statements and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements* (GASB 103), improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This statement also addresses certain application issues. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, with earlier application encouraged. GASB 103 will be implemented in the City's fiscal year 2026 financial statements and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets* (GASB 104), establishes requirements for certain types of capital assets to be disclosed separately in the capital assets note disclosures. It also establishes requirements for capital assets held for sale, including additional disclosures for those capital assets. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, with earlier application encouraged. GASB 104 will be implemented in the City's fiscal year 2026 financial statements and the impact has not yet been determined.

**R. Subsequent Events**

The City has evaluated all events or transactions that occurred after September 30, 2024 up through January 22, 2025, the date the financial statements were issued.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

At year end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$117,837,201 and the bank balance was \$118,167,690. All of the bank balances were covered by Federal deposit insurance and collateralized by the pledging financial institution's City's safekeeping account at the Federal Reserve or held by a third party custodian. The custodian serves contractually as the City's agent.

Cash and investments as of September 30, 2024 consist of and are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:

Primary Government	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 132,325,256
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	<u>7,007,596</u>
Total Primary Government	139,332,852
Component Unit	
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>13,387,901</u>
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 152,720,753</u>
Cash on hand	\$ 59,517
Deposits with financial institution	117,837,201
Investments	<u>34,824,035</u>
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 152,720,753</u>

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the Public Funds Investment Act. (Government Code Chapter 2256) The table also identifies certain provisions of the City's investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issuer
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	100%	None
U.S. Agency obligations	5 years	100%	None
Certificates of deposit	18 months	25%	None
Direct repurchase agreements	2 years	100%	None
Investment pools	90 days	None	None

**Disclosures relating to interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting the weighted average maturity of its portfolio to less than three years.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS – CONTINUED**

**Disclosures relating to interest rate risk – Continued**

As of September 30, 2024, the City had the following investments:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Weighted Average Maturity</u>
TexPool	\$ 17,114,996	26 Days
TexStar	17,709,039	26 Days
	<u>\$ 34,824,035</u>	

**Disclosures relating to credit risk**

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the Public Funds Investment Act, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Minimum Legal Rating</u>	<u>Rating as of Year End</u>
TexPool	\$ 17,114,996	N/A	AAA-m
TexStar	17,709,039	N/A	AAA-m
	<u>\$ 34,824,035</u>		

**Concentration of credit risk**

The City's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one issuer (other than investment pools) that is in excess of five percent of the fair value of the City's total investments.

**Custodial credit risk**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Public Funds Investment Act does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits:

The Public Funds Investment Act requires that a financial institution secure deposit made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least the bank balance less the FDIC insurance at all times.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS – CONTINUED**

**Custodial credit risk – Continued**

The City requires all deposits to be covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance and/or collateralized by qualified securities pledged by the City's depository in the City's name and held by the depository's agent.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application* provides a framework for measuring fair value which establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that describes the inputs that are used to measure assets and liabilities.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs—other than quoted prices included within Level 1—that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The City has no recurring fair value measurements.

As of September 30, 2024, the City deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were fully collateralized.

The City is a voluntary participant in TexPool. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. TexPool operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2A7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than the fair value to report net assets to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares. There are no significant limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals.

TexStar is administered by First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. and JPMorgan Chase. Together these organizations bring to the TexStar program the powerful partnership of two leaders in financial services with a proven and noted track record in local government investment pool management. TexStar is a local government investment pool created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act specifically tailored to meet Texas state and local government investment objectives of preservation of principal, daily liquidity, and competitive yield. TexStar uses amortized costs rather than fair value to report net position to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in TexStar is the same as the value of TexStar shares. There are no significant limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**NOTE 3. PROPERTY TAXES**

The City's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and certain personal property located within the City. Appraised values are established by the Collin County Central Appraisal District at 100% of estimated market value and certified by the Appraisal Review Board. The assessed value upon which the tax year 2024 levy was based was \$7,465,194,207. Taxes are due on October 1 and are delinquent after the following January 31.

The City is permitted by Article XI, Section 5 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services, including the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services including the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2024 was \$0.538882 per \$100 of assessed valuation.

In Texas, countywide central appraisal districts are required to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100% of its appraised value and are prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The value of property within the appraisal district must be reviewed every five years; however, the City may, at its own expense, require annual reviews of appraised values.

The City may challenge appraised values established by the appraisal district through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this legislation, the City continues to set tax rates on City property. However, if the no new revenue tax rate, excluding tax rates for bonds and other contractual obligations, adjusted for new improvements, exceeds the rate for the previous year by more than 3.5%, it triggers an automatic election to determine whether to limit the tax rate to no more than 3.5% above the tax rate of the previous year.

**NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES**

Year-end receivables balances for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Total	Business-Type
	General	General Obligation Debt Service	Non Major Governmental Funds		Utility
Governmental Funds					
Receivables					
Property taxes	\$ 416,582	\$ 144,753	\$ -	\$ 561,335	\$ -
Franchise taxes	1,098,090	-	-	1,098,090	-
Sales taxes	1,717,426	-	848,372	2,565,798	-
Accounts	924,803	-	107	924,910	7,536,120
Other	663,709	-	62,490	726,199	384,331
Gross receivables	4,820,610	144,753	910,969	5,876,332	7,920,451
Less: allowance	(436,540)	(23,831)	-	(460,371)	(2,066,508)
Net total receivables	\$ 4,384,070	\$ 120,922	\$ 910,969	\$ 5,415,961	\$ 5,853,943

The Enterprise Fund accounts receivable balance includes unbilled charges for services rendered of \$2,925,951 at September 30, 2024.

Receivables in the discretely presented component unit consist of \$848,372 of sales taxes receivable due from the State, \$717,000 in loans receivable from private businesses, and \$400 of miscellaneous receivables. If certain contractual obligations are met by some of these private businesses at a future date, a portion and/or all of the amounts owed from the private businesses may be forgiven.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:					
Land	\$ 44,009,768	\$ 1,756,954	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,766,722
Other non-depreciable assets	1,231,294	29,900	-	55,100	1,316,294
Construction in progress	6,519,899	14,969,636	-	(522,057)	20,967,478
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	51,760,961	16,756,490	-	(466,957)	68,050,494
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:					
Buildings	74,286,473	848,711	-	57,180	75,192,364
Improvements other than buildings	235,304,405	4,014,645	-	409,777	239,728,827
Right-to-use asset - machinery and equipment	138,809	219,282	(127,675)	-	230,416
Machinery and equipment	20,046,782	1,854,482	(27,611)	-	21,873,653
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	329,776,469	6,937,120	(155,286)	466,957	337,025,260
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:					
Buildings	(23,153,639)	(2,471,610)	-	-	(25,625,249)
Improvements other than buildings	(121,730,788)	(7,860,456)	-	-	(129,591,244)
Right-to-use asset - machinery and equipment	(120,052)	(67,403)	127,675	-	(59,780)
Machinery and equipment	(13,702,378)	(1,067,213)	27,611	-	(14,741,980)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(158,706,857)	(11,466,682)	155,286	-	(170,018,253)
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	171,069,612	(4,529,562)	-	466,957	167,007,007
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 222,830,573	\$ 12,226,928	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 235,057,501
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 101,045	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 101,045
Construction in progress	4,247,062	5,615,306	-	(1,272,988)	8,589,380
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	4,348,107	5,615,306	-	(1,272,988)	8,690,425
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	3,956,304	-	-	-	3,956,304
Water system	57,856,748	220,883	-	1,272,988	59,350,619
Sewer system	45,496,774	444,024	-	-	45,940,798
Machinery and equipment	3,134,780	517,663	-	-	3,652,443
Total capital assets being depreciated	110,444,606	1,182,570	-	1,272,988	112,900,164
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(1,478,771)	(132,711)	-	-	(1,611,482)
Water system	(21,429,038)	(1,359,580)	-	-	(22,788,618)
Sewer system	(19,928,833)	(1,097,701)	-	-	(21,026,534)
Machinery and equipment	(2,135,000)	(273,618)	-	-	(2,408,618)
Total accumulated depreciation	(44,971,642)	(2,863,610)	-	-	(47,835,252)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	65,472,964	(1,681,040)	-	1,272,988	65,064,912
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 69,821,071	\$ 3,934,266	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 73,755,337

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS – CONTINUED**

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 2,388,275
Public safety	1,288,535
Streets	6,213,121
Community service	<u>1,576,751</u>
Total depreciation/amortization expense - governmental activities	<u>\$ 11,466,682</u>
Business-type activities:	
Water and Sewer	<u>\$ 2,863,610</u>

**Construction Commitments**

The City has active construction projects as of September 30, 2024. The projects include construction, park improvements, and drainage improvements.

Commitments for construction in progress are composed of the following:

Project	Funding Source	Project Budget Appropriation	Spent-to-date	Remaining Commitment
McMillen Road	(A), (C), (D)	\$ 26,890,000	\$ 7,186,128	\$ 19,703,872
Stone Road Phase 3 (East FM 544)	(A), (C)	14,800,000	3,498,181	11,301,819
Park Boulevard	(A), (C), (D)	12,000,000	1,811,195	10,188,805
Eubanks Road	(E), (G)	2,011,000	543,947	1,467,053
Dog Park & Splash Pads	(B)	3,500,000	3,320,286	179,714
Ballard Elevated Storage Tanks	(G), (H)	8,188,000	7,941,162	246,838
Pump Generators	(F)	<u>1,342,000</u>	<u>1,237,721</u>	<u>104,279</u>
Total		<u>\$ 68,731,000</u>	<u>\$ 25,538,620</u>	<u>\$ 43,192,380</u>

- |                               |                                |                                |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (A) General Obligation Bonds  | (D) Future Bonds Issuances     | (G) Impact Fees                |
| (B) GFFB Community Investment | (E) NTMWD Interlocal Agreement | (H) Certificates of Obligation |
| (C) County Proceeds           | (F) Utility Fund Revenue       |                                |

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**NOTE 6. TRANSFERS AND INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES**

Transfers are used to provide funds for debt service, contributions for capital construction, cost allocations and other operational costs as determined by the City’s annual budget. Transfers between funds during the year were as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount	Purpose
General fund	Utility fund	2,640,204	To cover indirect costs associated with utility fund operations
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	34,200	To cover costs associated with City events
Capital projects fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	222,065	To cover costs associated with community investment and infrastructure
Nonmajor governmental funds	Nonmajor governmental funds	465,000	To cover annual debt service payments and to cover costs associated with new infrastructure in the Fire Training Center Fund
		<b>Total</b>	
		<b>\$ 3,361,469</b>	

**NOTE 7. UNEARNED REVENUE/DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES**

Governmental funds report *deferred inflows of resources* in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned (unearned revenue). At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue and deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	General Fund	General Obligation Debt Service	Capital Projects Fund	Non major Governmental Funds	Total
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Property taxes	\$ 379,000	\$ 131,657	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 510,657
Court fines	196,923	-	-	-	196,923
Franchise fees	974,571	-	-	-	974,571
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,550,494</b>	<b>\$ 131,657</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 1,682,151</b>
Unearned revenue:					
Advance construction payment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,409,432	\$ -	\$ 7,409,432
Grant funding	314,751	-	-	-	314,751
Recreation center memberships	-	-	-	55,042	55,042
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 314,751</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 7,409,432</b>	<b>\$ 55,042</b>	<b>\$ 7,779,225</b>



**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT**

**General Obligation Bonds, Combination Tax and Revenue Bonds, Financed Purchases Payable and Leases**

The City of Wylie issues general obligation bonds and combination tax and revenue bonds and enters into financed purchase and lease agreements to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment. Financed purchase agreements have been entered into for equipment purchased for governmental activities and for a water meter project for business-type activities. These issues are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

General Obligation Bonds	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Governmental	Business- Type
\$7,400,000 Series 2013 Refunding	2025	1.50 - 3.00%	\$ 825,000	-
\$21,240,000 Series 2015 Refunding	2027	2.00 - 5.00%	7,600,000	-
\$34,250,000 Series 2016 Refunding	2028	2.00 - 5.00%	13,650,000	1,445,000
\$4,855,000 Series 2021 Refunding	2028	3.00 - 4.00%	2,830,000	-
\$12,005,000 Series 2022 Refunding & Improvement	2042	3.00 - 4.00%	11,685,000	-
\$16,010,000 Series 2023 General Obligation Bonds	2043	4.00 - 5.00%	15,560,000	-
Total General Obligation Bonds			\$ 52,150,000	\$ 1,445,000

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED**

**General Obligation Bonds, Combination Tax and Revenue Bonds, Financed Purchases Payable and Leases- Continued**

<u>Combination Tax and Revenue Bonds</u>	<u>Final Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>Governmental</u>	<u>Business-Type</u>
\$7,175,000 Series 2017 Improvements	2037	2.00 - 4.00%	\$ -	\$ 5,725,000
\$8,500,000 Series 2018 Improvements	2038	1.75 - 3.375%	6,645,000	-
\$5,310,000 Series 2021 Improvements	2041	1.50 - 4.00%	<u>4,775,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Combination Tax and Revenue Bonds			<u>\$ 11,420,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,725,000</u>

***Financed Purchases***

The City reports one financed purchase outstanding for business type activities used for the City's meter replacement project. The City entered into a financed purchase agreement on June 30, 2020 for \$3,333,667. Principal and interest payments of \$370,597 are due on March 1 starting in 2021 until 2030. The carrying amount of the assets acquired through financed purchases by business-type activities at September 30, 2024 was \$2,068,643.

<u>Financed Purchases</u>	<u>Final Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>Governmental</u>	<u>Business-Type</u>
Meter Project Replacement	2030	2.10%	\$ -	2,068,643
Total Financed Purchases			<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,068,643</u>

***Leases***

The City has entered into lease agreements as a lessee. The leases allow the right to use copiers and postage machines over the term of the leases. The City is required to make monthly payments at its incremental borrowing rate or the interest rate stated or implied within the leases. The lease rate, term and ending balance are as follows:

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED**

**General Obligation Bonds, Combination Tax and Revenue Bonds, Financed Purchases Payable and Leases- Continued**

<u>Governmental Activities - Leases</u>	<u>Final Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rate(s)</u>	<u>Liability at Commencement</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Copiers	2028	1.58%	\$ 218,282	\$ 170,024
Postage machine	2025	2.04%	11,134	1,642
			<u>\$ 229,416</u>	<u>\$ 171,666</u>

**Changes in Long-term Liabilities:**

A summary of long-term debt transactions, including current portion, for the year ended September 30, 2024, is as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Amount Due within One year</u>
<b>Governmental activities:</b>					
General obligation bonds	\$ 59,620,000	\$ -	\$ (7,470,000)	52,150,000	\$ 7,865,000
Combination tax and revenue bonds	11,980,000	-	(560,000)	11,420,000	585,000
Unamortized bond premium	6,283,325	-	(1,057,588)	5,225,737	-
Total bonds payable	77,883,325	-	(9,087,588)	68,795,737	8,450,000
Financed purchases payable	82,012	-	(82,012)	-	-
Leases	19,290	219,282	(66,906)	171,666	55,882
Compensated absences	3,453,354	2,164,823	(1,082,412)	4,535,765	1,489,258
OPEB liability	480,693	65,393	-	546,086	-
Net pension liability	19,036,800	-	(3,768,513)	15,268,287	-
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 100,955,474</u>	<u>\$ 2,449,498</u>	<u>\$ (14,087,431)</u>	<u>\$ 89,317,541</u>	<u>\$ 9,995,140</u>
<b>Business-type activities:</b>					
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,880,000	\$ -	\$ (435,000)	1,445,000	\$ 460,000
Combination tax and revenue bonds	6,065,000	-	(340,000)	5,725,000	350,000
Unamortized bond premium	401,556	-	(71,476)	330,080	-
Total bonds payable	8,346,556	-	(846,476)	7,500,080	810,000
Financed purchases payable	2,388,988	-	(320,345)	2,068,643	327,083
Compensated absences	315,219	108,286	(54,143)	369,362	125,566
OPEB liability	43,271	6,399	-	49,670	-
Net pension liability	1,731,502	-	(342,767)	1,388,735	-
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 12,825,536</u>	<u>\$ 114,685</u>	<u>\$ (1,563,731)</u>	<u>\$ 11,376,490</u>	<u>\$ 1,262,649</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED**

**Changes in Long-term Liabilities - Continued**

The annual aggregate maturities for each long-term liability type are as follows:

General Obligation Bonds

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Governmental Activities			Business Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 7,865,000	\$ 2,145,675	\$ 10,010,675	\$ 460,000	\$ 60,750	\$ 520,750
2026	7,860,000	1,781,675	9,641,675	480,000	37,250	517,250
2027	8,245,000	1,402,225	9,647,225	505,000	12,625	517,625
2028	8,875,000	1,009,150	9,884,150	-	-	-
2029	2,610,000	755,075	3,365,075	-	-	-
2030 - 2034	5,045,000	2,926,125	7,971,125	-	-	-
2035 - 2039	6,155,000	1,685,675	7,840,675	-	-	-
2040 - 2043	5,495,000	413,475	5,908,475	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 52,150,000</b>	<b>\$ 12,119,075</b>	<b>\$ 64,269,075</b>	<b>\$ 1,445,000</b>	<b>\$ 110,625</b>	<b>\$ 1,555,625</b>

Combination Tax and Revenue Bonds

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Governmental Activities			Business Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 585,000	\$ 328,087	\$ 913,087	\$ 350,000	\$ 191,119	\$ 541,119
2026	605,000	304,287	909,287	360,000	176,919	536,919
2027	630,000	279,587	909,587	370,000	162,319	532,319
2028	650,000	253,987	903,987	385,000	147,219	532,219
2029	680,000	229,537	909,537	400,000	131,519	531,519
2030 - 2034	3,785,000	818,715	4,603,715	2,265,000	450,070	2,715,070
2035 - 2039	3,820,000	279,587	4,099,587	1,595,000	81,943	1,676,943
2040 - 2044	665,000	11,681	676,681	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 11,420,000</b>	<b>\$ 2,505,468</b>	<b>\$ 13,925,468</b>	<b>\$ 5,725,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,341,108</b>	<b>\$ 7,066,108</b>

Financed Purchases

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Governmental Activities			Business Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 327,083	\$ 43,514	\$ 370,597
2026	-	-	-	333,963	36,634	370,597
2027	-	-	-	340,988	29,609	370,597
2028	-	-	-	348,161	22,436	370,597
2029	-	-	-	355,485	15,113	370,598
2030	-	-	-	362,963	7,635	370,598
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 2,068,643</b>	<b>\$ 154,941</b>	<b>\$ 2,223,584</b>

Leases

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Governmental Activities			Business Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 55,882	\$ 2,302	58,184	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2026	55,104	1,428	56,532	-	-	-
2027	55,977	555	56,532	-	-	-
2028	4,703	8	4,711	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 171,666</b>	<b>\$ 4,293</b>	<b>\$ 175,959</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

**Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences represent the estimated liability for employees' accrued sick and vacation leave for which employees are entitled to be paid upon termination. The retirement of this liability is typically paid from the General Fund and Enterprise Funds based on the assignment of an employee at termination.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED**

**Net Pension Liability/ OPEB liability**

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate governmental activities' pension and OPEB liabilities.

**Discretely Presented Component Unit – Wylie Economic Development Corporation (WEDC)**

The following is a summary of WEDC long-term transactions for the year ended September 30, 2024:

Description	Balance 9/30/2023	Increases	Decreases	Balance 9/30/2024	Due Within One Year
Loans payable	\$ 15,482,194	\$ -	\$ (600,096)	\$ 14,882,098	\$ 625,254
Compensated Absences	47,804	33,053	(16,527)	64,330	32,301
OPEB liability	5,892	801	-	6,693	-
Net pension liability	233,324	-	(46,189)	187,135	-
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 15,769,214</u>	<u>\$ 33,854</u>	<u>\$ (662,812)</u>	<u>\$ 15,140,256</u>	<u>\$ 657,555</u>

WEDC Loans Payable as of September 30, 2024 are as follows:

Description	Balance
\$300,000, payable to bank, made September 2016, payable in monthly installments of \$3,109, including interest at 4.50%, through final payment in December 2026.	\$ 79,696
\$8,100,000, payable to bank, made October 2021, payable in monthly installments of \$46,940 through October 2041, including interest at 3.48%	7,246,325
\$8,100,000, payable to bank, made August 2022, payable in monthly installments of \$52,617 through July 2042, including interest at 4.80%	7,556,077
	<u>\$ 14,882,098</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for WEDC debt is:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 625,254	\$ 606,744	\$ 1,231,998
2026	651,493	580,504	1,231,997
2027	650,457	553,559	1,204,016
2028	668,017	538,654	1,206,671
2029	695,986	511,108	1,207,094
2030-2034	3,943,465	2,029,974	5,973,439
2035-2039	4,847,479	1,091,438	5,938,917
2040-2042	2,799,947	162,543	2,962,490
Total	<u>\$ 14,882,098</u>	<u>\$ 6,074,524</u>	<u>\$ 20,956,622</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN**

**A. Plan Description**

The City participates as one of 934 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a six-member Governor-appointed Board of Trustees; however, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at [www.tmr.com](http://www.tmr.com).

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

**B. Benefits Provided**

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the Member's benefit is calculated based on the sum of the Member's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest. The retiring Member may select one of seven monthly-benefit payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

At the date the plan began, the City granted monetary credits for service rendered before the plan began of a theoretical amount at least equal to two times what would have been contributed by the employee, with interest, prior to establishment of the plan. Monetary credits for service since the plan began are a percent (100%, 150%, or 200%) of the employee's accumulated contributions. In addition, the City can grant, as often as annually, another type of monetary credit referred to as an updated service credit which is a theoretical amount which, when added to the employee's accumulated contributions and the monetary credits for service since the plan began, would be the total monetary credits and employee contributions accumulated with interest if the current employee contribution rate and city matching percent had always been in existence and if the employee's salary had always been the average of his salary in the last three years that are one year before the effective date. At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions with interest and the employer-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity.

Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 5 or more years of service or with 20 years of service. A member is vested after 5 years. The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN – CONTINUED**

**B. Benefits Provided – Continued**

At the December 31, 2023 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	145
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	262
Active employees	<u>390</u>
	<u>797</u>

**C. Contributions**

Member contribution rates in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of Member’s total compensation, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The City’s contribution rate is based on the liabilities created from the benefit plan options selected by the City and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7.0% of their annual compensation during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 14.96% and 15.30% in calendar years 2023 and 2024, respectively. The City’s contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2024 (including \$50,472 of contributions by WEDC) were \$5,047,193 and were equal to the required contributions.

**D. Net Pension Liability**

The City’s Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

**Actuarial Assumptions:**

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per year
Overall payroll growth	2.75% per year, adjusted down for population declines, if any
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll; closed

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN – CONTINUED**

**D. Net Pension Liability – Continued**

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with 110% the Public Safety table used for males and 100% of the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. Male rates are multiplied by 103% and female rates are multiplied by 105%. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021. to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees are used with a 4- year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied for males and females, respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale MP-2021 to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3.0% floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2018 to December 31, 2022. The assumptions were adopted in 2023 and first used in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013, Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by best estimate ranges of expected returns for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by weighting the expected return for each major asset class by the respective target asset allocation percentage.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2024 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Global equity	35.0%	6.7%
Core fixed income	6.0%	4.7%
Non-core fixed income	20.0%	8.0%
Other public/private mkts	12.0%	8.0%
Real estate	12.0%	7.6%
Hedge funds	5.0%	6.4%
Private equity	10.0%	11.6%
Total	100.0%	



**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED**

**D. Net Pension Liability – Continued**

**Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Member and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

**Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/22	\$ 108,977,367	\$ 87,975,741	\$ 21,001,626
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	5,218,765	-	5,218,765
Interest	7,350,172	-	7,350,172
Change of benefit terms	(1,057,583)	-	(1,057,583)
Difference between expected and actual experience	1,257,257	-	1,257,257
Changes of assumptions	(259,608)	-	(259,608)
Contributions - employer	-	4,468,567	(4,468,567)
Contributions - employee	-	2,048,348	(2,048,348)
Net investment income	-	10,214,786	(10,214,786)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(3,275,461)	(3,275,461)	-
Administrative expense	-	(64,777)	64,777
Other changes	-	(452)	452
Net Changes	<u>9,233,542</u>	<u>13,391,011</u>	<u>(4,157,469)</u>
Balance at 12/31/23	<u>\$ 118,210,909</u>	<u>\$ 101,366,752</u>	<u>\$ 16,844,157</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN – CONTINUED**

**E. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**

**Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate**

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City’s net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.75%)	Discount Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.75%)
City	\$ 35,513,627	\$ 16,657,022	\$ 1,379,636
WEDC	398,981	187,135	15,500
Total	<u>\$ 35,912,608</u>	<u>\$ 16,844,157</u>	<u>\$ 1,395,136</u>

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan’s Fiduciary Net Position is available in the Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position, by Participating City. That report may be obtained at [www.tmr.com](http://www.tmr.com).

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,394,684 (including \$15,518 recognized by WEDC). At September 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	City		WEDC		Total	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 1,425,635	\$ 487,434	\$ 16,016	\$ 5,476	\$ 1,441,651	\$ 492,910
Changes in actuarial assumptions	29,783	-	335	-	30,118	-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	2,209,890	-	24,827	-	2,234,717	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,698,399	-	41,550	-	3,739,949	-
Total	<u>\$ 7,363,707</u>	<u>\$ 487,434</u>	<u>\$ 82,728</u>	<u>\$ 5,476</u>	<u>\$ 7,446,435</u>	<u>\$ 492,910</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN – CONTINUED**

**E. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – continued**

The \$3,739,949 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will reduce the net pension liability during the year ending September 30, 2025. The other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30:	City	WEDC	Total
2025	\$ 847,647	\$ 9,523	\$ 857,170
2026	926,479	10,409	936,888
2027	1,997,791	22,444	2,020,235
2028	(626,483)	(7,038)	(633,521)
2029	32,440	364	32,804
Total	<u>\$ 3,177,874</u>	<u>\$ 35,702</u>	<u>\$ 3,213,576</u>

**Allocations**

The City’s net pension liability, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources related to TMRS have been allocated between governmental activities, business-type activities, and the discretely presented component unit using a contribution-based method.

**NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN**

**A. Plan Description**

Texas Municipal Retirement System (“TMRS”) administers a defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (“SDBF”). This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. Employers may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1. The City has elected to participate in the SDBF for its active members including retirees. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded single-employer OPEB plan (i.e., no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75) for City reporting.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN – CONTINUED**

**B. Benefits Provided**

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee’s annual salary (calculated based on the employee’s actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit (“OPEB”) and is a fixed amount of \$7,500.

At the December 31, 2023 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	87
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	38
Active employees	<u>390</u>
	<u><u>515</u></u>

**C. Contributions**

The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees’ entire careers.

Contributions are made monthly based on the covered payroll of employee members of the participating member city. The contractually required contribution rate is determined annually for each city. The rate is based on the mortality and service experience of all employees covered by the SDBF and the demographics specific to the workforce of the city. There is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the employer contribution rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. The funding policy of this plan is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year.

The retiree portion of contribution rates to the SDBF for the City was 0.04% in calendar years 2023 and 2024. The City’s contributions to the SDBF for the year ended September 30, 2024 (including \$56 of contributions by WEDC) were \$5,617 and were equal to the required contributions.

**D. Total OPEB Liability**

The City’s Total OPEB Liability (TOL) was measured as of December 31, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN – CONTINUED**

**E. Actuarial Assumptions**

The Total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per year
Salary increases	3.60% to 11.85% including inflation
Discount rate	3.77%
Retiree's share of benefit-related costs	\$0
Administrative expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality rates -service retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. Male rates are multiplied by 103% and female rates are multiplied by 105%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence).

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for post-retirement were based on the 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale UMP.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period ending December 31, 2022.

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 3.77% and was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2023. This was a 0.28% decrease from the 4.05% discount rate used in the December 31, 2022 valuation.

**F. Changes in Total OPEB Liability**

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at 12/31/2022	\$ 530,306
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	32,053
Interest on total OPEB liability	21,890
Difference between expected and actual experience	(1,540)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	31,396
Benefit payments	<u>(11,656)</u>
Net changes	<u>72,143</u>
Balance at 12/31/23	<u>\$ 602,449</u>
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	2.07%

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN – CONTINUED**

**G. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate**

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.77%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (2.77%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.77%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (2.77%)	Discount Rate (3.77%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (4.77%)
City	\$ 728,789	\$ 595,756	\$ 493,726
WEDC	<u>8,188</u>	<u>6,693</u>	<u>5,547</u>
Total OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 736,977</u>	<u>\$ 602,449</u>	<u>\$ 499,273</u>

**H. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$24,717 (including \$275 recognized by WEDC). At September 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	City		WEDC		Total	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 29,583	\$ -	\$ 332	\$ -	\$ 29,915
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	138,830	243,314	1,560	2,734	140,390	246,048
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>9,664</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>109</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,773</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 148,494</u>	<u>\$ 272,897</u>	<u>\$ 1,669</u>	<u>\$ 3,066</u>	<u>\$ 150,163</u>	<u>\$ 275,963</u>

The \$9,773 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will reduce the Total OPEB liability during the year ending September 30, 2025. The other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30:	City	WEDC	Total
2025	\$ (16,013)	\$ (180)	\$ (16,193)
2026	(19,708)	(221)	(19,929)
2027	(15,320)	(172)	(15,492)
2028	(22,484)	(253)	(22,737)
2029	(31,613)	(355)	(31,968)
Thereafter	<u>(28,929)</u>	<u>(325)</u>	<u>(29,254)</u>
Total	<u>\$ (134,067)</u>	<u>\$ (1,506)</u>	<u>\$ (135,573)</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 11. NORTH TEXAS MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT**

The North Texas Municipal Water District (the District) is a conservation and reclamation district and political subdivision of the State of Texas, created and functioning under Chapter 62, Acts of 1951, 52<sup>nd</sup> Legislature, Regular Session, as amended, originally compiled as Vernon's Article 8270-141 (the Act), pursuant to Article 16, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution. The District comprises all of the territory of its member cities, viz., Allen, Garland, Princeton, Plano, Mesquite, Wylie, Rockwall, Farmersville, McKinney, Richardson, Forney and Royse City (the "Member Cities"). The District was created for the purpose of providing a source of water supply for municipal, domestic and industrial use and for the treatment processing and transportation of such water to its Member Cities and to its other customers located in North Central Texas, all within the Dallas Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.

Under the Act, including specifically Section 27 thereof, and under the Constitution and Statutes of the State of Texas, the District has broad powers to (1) impound, control, store, preserve, treat, transmit, and use storm and flood water, the water of rivers and streams and underground water, for irrigation, power and all other useful purposes and to supply water for municipal, domestic, power, industrial and commercial uses and purposes and all other beneficial uses and purposes; and (2) collect, transport, process, treat, dispose of, and control all municipal, domestic, industrial or commercial waste whether in fluid, solid or composite state, including specifically the control, abatement or reduction of all types of pollution. The City retains no ongoing financial interest equity investments and/or responsibilities for the District other than the contractual arrangements discussed more fully herein.

**NOTE 12. MUDDY CREEK REGIONAL WASTEWATER SYSTEM**

In May 1999, the Cities of Wylie and Murphy in Collin County entered into a contract with the District to provide for the acquisition, construction, improvement, operation, and maintenance of the Regional Muddy Creek Wastewater System (System) for the purpose of providing facilities to adequately receive, transport, treat, and dispose of wastewater. The District will own the System with Wylie and Murphy as the initial participants. The District will issue approximately \$20 million in bonds to construct this new facility. Budget calculations for operating costs and debt service for the System on the service commencement date is based on the following estimated flow ratio: City of Wylie – 2/3 and Murphy – 1/3. "Service Commencement Date" means the first date upon which the System is available to treat wastewater from the participants. Wylie's long-term commitment to the System's debt service component is approximately \$13.3 million.

The District will send each participant a letter detailing the annual requirement necessary to operate the System each year. The annual requirement budget will include an operation and maintenance component and a bond service component. The budgeting ratio described earlier is only valid for the first year of System operations. In subsequent years, budgets and year-end audits will be based on actual flow ratios. For example, if the flow measurements indicate that 60% of the flow is produced by Wylie and 40% by Murphy, then the next year's operating and debt service components would be allocated using a 60/40 split. If in the future, additional participants are added, then the flow ratios will be adjusted using the above method.

The contract with the District has a clause for "Credit for Payments Relating to the System. "This clause states: "Each participant shall be entitled to a credit in an amount equal to any funds advanced by such Participant with the approval of the District for land, engineering, construction or other costs related to the System and/or the financing thereof". All credits for advance made prior to the Service Commencement Date shall bear interest from the date of such advance at a rate equal to the net effective interest rate on the initial issue of the bonds hereunder. The City of Wylie has four such credits at this time. All credits for advances made prior to the Service Commencement Date shall be amortized over a period of twenty years, with such amortization to commence on October 1 of the Fiscal Year following the Service Commencement Date. At September 30, 2005, the City recorded \$3,188,849 as a restricted accounts receivable. This amount is being amortized over a twenty-year period commencing with fiscal year 2006. The amortization was \$221,676 for 2024, leaving an unamortized balance of \$231,235 as of September 30, 2024.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City periodically is a defendant in various lawsuits. At September 30, 2024, after consultation with the City's attorney, the City is not aware of any pending litigation.

As described in Note 8 above, the general revenues of the City are contingently liable for the \$1,445,000 payable in General Obligation Bonds which are currently outstanding and recorded as obligations of the Enterprise Fund.

The City contracts for garbage disposal with a third party. Under the terms of the agreement the City bills and collects the residential billing and remits that amount to the contracting party. The contractor bills the commercial customers and remits a franchise fee to the City based on total revenues received from the contract.

The Wylie Economic Development Corporation provides monetary incentives to companies to relocate within the City of Wylie. At September 30, 2024, these commitments totaled \$1,001,250.

**NOTE 14. RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various natures. The City purchases commercial insurance to indemnify it in event of loss. For the past three years, settlements did not exceed coverage.

**NOTE 15. TAX ABATEMENTS**

The City enters into economic development agreements authorized under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code and Chapter 312 of the Texas Tax Code. These agreements are planning tools designed to stimulate economic activity, redevelopment, community improvement, and provide a return on investment for the community. These programs abate or rebate property and/or sales taxes and may include other incentive payments such as fee reductions or construction costs reimbursements. Economic development agreements are considered on a case-by-case basis by the City Council and generally contain recapture provisions which may require repayment or termination if recipients do not meet the required provisions of the economic incentives.

**Other Economic Agreements**

Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code allows the City to provide grants for the purpose of promoting local economic development. These grants are based on a percentage of property and/or sales tax received by the City. For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, the City rebated \$50,881 in sales taxes and provided \$300,000 in incentive-based economic assistance.



**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 16. CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT**

Following is selected condensed financial statement information for the fund basis financial statements of the Wylie Economic Development Corporation:

<u>Balance Sheet</u>	<u>WEDC</u>
Assets	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 13,387,901
Receivables	1,565,772
Inventory	14,645,354
Prepays	<u>2,000</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 29,601,027</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 871,491
Accrued liabilities	<u>162,836</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>1,034,327</u>
Fund Balance	<u>28,566,700</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 29,601,027</u>
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
<u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance</u>	<u>WEDC</u>
Revenues:	
Sales tax revenue	\$ 4,874,240
Interest income	526,633
Miscellaneous income	<u>33,535</u>
Total Revenues	5,434,408
Expenditures:	
Expenditures	<u>6,047,392</u>
Other financing sources:	
Loss from sale of assets	<u>(223,384)</u>
Net change in fund balance	(836,368)
Fund balance 10/1/23	<u>29,403,068</u>
Fund balance 9/30/24	<u>\$ 28,566,700</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**NOTE 16. CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – CONTINUED**

Following are reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund basis financial statements for WEDC:

Reconciliation of fund balance to net position:

Total fund balance	\$ 28,566,700
Deferred outflows - pensions, \$82,728, and OPEB, \$1,669	84,397
Deferred inflows - pensions (\$5,746) and OPEB (\$3,066)	(8,542)
Payables for compensated absences	(64,330)
Accrued interest payable	(27,666)
Payable for loan principal, net pension liability and OPEB liability	<u>(15,075,926)</u>
Net position	<u>\$ 13,474,633</u>

Reconciliation of change in fund balance to change in net position:

Change in fund balance	\$ (836,368)
Change in payables for compensated absences	(16,526)
Change in accrued interest payable	1,147
Net effect of net pension and OPEB activity	15,243
Payment of loan principal	<u>600,096</u>
Change in net position	<u>\$ (236,408)</u>

**NOTE 17. LAND ACQUISITION**

The WEDC owns real property with a carrying value of \$14,645,354 as of September 30, 2024. This property is recorded as inventory as it is held for resale and as an incentive to attract businesses.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES  
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT A-10**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual Amount</u>	
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 30,694,211	\$ 30,694,211	\$ 30,584,677	\$ (109,534)
Non-property taxes	9,113,122	9,113,122	9,829,031	715,909
Franchise fees	2,953,146	2,953,146	2,976,719	23,573
Licenses and permits	1,275,000	1,275,000	1,022,222	(252,778)
Intergovernmental	2,578,293	2,597,490	3,107,965	510,475
Services fees	4,343,203	4,343,203	4,972,384	629,181
Court fees	340,000	340,000	346,206	6,206
Interest income	1,541,911	1,541,911	1,475,331	(66,580)
Miscellaneous income	300,807	318,974	247,289	(71,685)
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>53,139,693</b>	<b>53,177,057</b>	<b>54,561,824</b>	<b>1,384,767</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current				
General government				
City council	96,401	96,263	66,025	30,238
City manager	1,294,357	1,415,470	1,361,394	54,076
City secretary	417,515	475,497	445,784	29,713
City attorney	170,000	320,000	272,710	47,290
Finance	1,377,712	1,468,292	1,362,808	105,484
Building and fleet maintenance	1,061,869	1,088,538	1,029,149	59,389
Municipal court	601,699	670,645	630,830	39,815
Human resources	851,043	959,347	932,652	26,695
Purchasing	325,350	365,626	353,069	12,557
Information technology	2,230,036	2,290,644	2,192,559	98,085
Combined services/general	5,678,857	6,873,769	7,001,147	(127,378)
<b>Total general government</b>	<b>14,104,839</b>	<b>16,024,091</b>	<b>15,648,127</b>	<b>375,964</b>
Public safety				
Police	14,164,952	14,723,658	15,051,575	(327,917)
Fire	16,559,939	16,999,067	15,662,328	1,336,739
Emergency communications	2,635,257	2,666,998	2,445,027	221,971
Animal control	776,455	1,611,165	899,933	711,232
<b>Total public safety</b>	<b>34,136,603</b>	<b>36,000,888</b>	<b>34,058,863</b>	<b>1,942,025</b>
Urban development				
Planning	374,191	398,032	368,208	29,824
Building inspection	648,365	583,423	508,583	74,840
Code enforcement	218,297	233,062	195,627	37,435
<b>Total urban development</b>	<b>1,240,853</b>	<b>1,214,517</b>	<b>1,072,418</b>	<b>142,099</b>
Streets				
Streets	4,187,262	4,282,884	3,609,196	673,688
<b>Total streets</b>	<b>4,187,262</b>	<b>4,282,884</b>	<b>3,609,196</b>	<b>673,688</b>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES  
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT A-10  
(CONCLUDED)**

Community service				
Parks	2,825,347	3,059,331	2,994,955	64,376
Library	2,297,296	2,429,934	2,385,615	44,319
Total community service	<u>5,122,643</u>	<u>5,489,265</u>	<u>5,380,570</u>	<u>108,695</u>
Debt Service				
Principal	116,082	116,082	181,184	(65,102)
Interest	4,705	4,705	5,824	(1,119)
Total debt service	<u>120,787</u>	<u>120,787</u>	<u>187,008</u>	<u>(66,221)</u>
Total expenditures	<u>58,912,987</u>	<u>63,132,432</u>	<u>59,956,182</u>	<u>3,176,250</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(5,773,294)</u>	<u>(9,955,375)</u>	<u>(5,394,358)</u>	<u>4,561,017</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>				
Transfers in	2,674,404	2,674,404	2,674,404	-
Leases issued	-	-	219,282	219,282
Insurance recovery	-	6,207	204,883	198,676
Proceeds from sale of property	-	-	7,079	7,079
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>2,674,404</u>	<u>2,680,611</u>	<u>3,105,648</u>	<u>425,037</u>
Net change in fund balances	<u>(3,098,890)</u>	<u>(7,274,764)</u>	<u>(2,288,710)</u>	<u>4,986,054</u>
<b>Fund balances, October 1</b>	<u>29,638,606</u>	<u>29,638,606</u>	<u>29,638,606</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Fund balances, September 30</b>	<u>\$ 26,539,716</u>	<u>\$ 22,363,842</u>	<u>\$ 27,349,896</u>	<u>\$ 4,986,054</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

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**STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY**

A. Budgetary Information

The City follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary date reflected in the financial statements:

1. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
2. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
3. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between programs within a department; however, any revisions between departments, or that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. Therefore, the department level is the legal level of control.
4. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council. During 2024, individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations. All budget appropriations automatically lapse at year-end.
5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. The legally adopted budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
6. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, expenditures exceeded appropriations as follows:
  - Combined Services/General (\$127,378)
  - Police (\$327,917)



**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS  
LAST TEN MEASUREMENT YEARS  
(UNAUDITED)**

	Measurement Year 2014	Measurement Year 2015	Measurement Year 2016	Measurement Year 2017
Total pension liability:				
Service cost	\$ 2,556,890	\$ 2,884,478	\$ -	\$ 3,534,169
Interest	3,219,187	3,586,805	3,725,815	4,298,623
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	184,163	215,566	4,180,949	404,285
Change in assumptions	-	(245,250)	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	<u>(745,575)</u>	<u>(999,126)</u>	<u>(1,085,194)</u>	<u>(1,290,431)</u>
Net change in total pension liability	5,214,665	5,442,473	6,821,570	6,946,646
Total pension liability - beginning	<u>45,082,724</u>	<u>50,297,389</u>	<u>55,739,862</u>	<u>62,561,432</u>
Total pension liability - ending (a)	50,297,389	55,739,862	62,561,432	69,508,078
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer	2,058,618	2,291,479	2,630,201	2,978,969
Contributions - employee	1,102,273	1,149,849	1,274,657	1,392,972
Net investment income	2,024,176	58,730	2,858,337	6,646,053
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(745,575)	(999,126)	(1,085,194)	(1,290,431)
Administrative expense	(21,127)	(35,762)	(32,250)	(34,403)
Other	<u>(1,737)</u>	<u>(1,766)</u>	<u>(1,738)</u>	<u>(1,744)</u>
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	4,416,628	2,463,404	5,644,013	9,691,416
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	<u>35,373,254</u>	<u>39,789,882</u>	<u>42,253,286</u>	<u>47,897,299</u>
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u>39,789,882</u>	<u>42,253,286</u>	<u>47,897,299</u>	<u>57,588,715</u>
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$ 10,507,507</u>	<u>\$ 13,486,576</u>	<u>\$ 14,664,133</u>	<u>\$ 11,919,363</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	79.11%	75.80%	76.56%	82.85%
Covered payroll	\$ 15,746,759	\$ 16,426,414	\$ 18,184,351	\$ 19,887,590
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	66.73%	82.10%	80.64%	59.93%

Note: Ten years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138.



EXHIBIT A-11

Measurement Year 2018	Measurement Year 2019	Measurement Year 2020	Measurement Year 2021	Measurement Year 2022	Measurement Year 2023
\$ 3,732,706	\$ 3,856,949	\$ 4,164,056	\$ 4,267,960	\$ 4,679,641	\$ 5,218,765
4,761,659	5,258,675	5,818,955	6,315,835	6,808,244	7,350,172
-	-	-	-	-	(1,057,583)
577,776	524,371	(321,331)	(439,930)	628,699	1,257,257
-	406,608	-	-	-	(259,608)
<u>(1,662,660)</u>	<u>(1,879,475)</u>	<u>(1,919,943)</u>	<u>(2,784,954)</u>	<u>(3,324,552)</u>	<u>(3,275,461)</u>
7,409,481	8,167,128	7,741,737	7,358,911	8,792,032	9,233,542
<u>69,508,078</u>	<u>76,917,559</u>	<u>85,084,687</u>	<u>92,826,424</u>	<u>100,185,335</u>	<u>108,977,367</u>
76,917,559	85,084,687	92,826,424	100,185,335	108,977,367	118,210,909
3,142,231	3,287,746	3,479,670	3,678,159	4,019,003	4,468,567
1,470,396	1,538,384	1,627,099	1,668,335	1,829,005	2,048,348
(1,728,139)	9,105,849	5,384,137	10,362,682	(6,745,606)	10,214,786
(1,662,660)	(1,879,475)	(1,919,943)	(2,784,954)	(3,324,552)	(3,275,461)
(33,340)	(51,343)	(34,763)	(47,839)	(58,231)	(64,777)
<u>(1,741)</u>	<u>(1,542)</u>	<u>(1,356)</u>	<u>327</u>	<u>69,487</u>	<u>(452)</u>
1,186,747	11,999,619	8,534,844	12,876,710	(4,210,894)	13,391,011
<u>57,588,715</u>	<u>58,775,462</u>	<u>70,775,081</u>	<u>79,309,925</u>	<u>92,186,635</u>	<u>87,975,741</u>
<u>58,775,462</u>	<u>70,775,081</u>	<u>79,309,925</u>	<u>92,186,635</u>	<u>87,975,741</u>	<u>101,366,752</u>
<u>\$ 18,142,097</u>	<u>\$ 14,309,606</u>	<u>\$ 13,516,499</u>	<u>\$ 7,998,700</u>	<u>\$ 21,001,626</u>	<u>\$ 16,844,157</u>
76.41%	83.18%	85.44%	92.02%	80.73%	85.75%
\$ 21,008,953	\$ 21,977,303	\$ 23,236,919	\$ 23,830,037	\$ 26,128,649	\$ 29,138,830
86.35%	65.11%	58.17%	33.57%	80.38%	57.81%

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS  
(UNAUDITED)**

	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,235,994	\$ 2,611,189	\$ 2,924,821	\$ 3,144,978
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	<u>2,235,994</u>	<u>2,611,189</u>	<u>2,924,821</u>	<u>3,144,978</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 16,311,322	\$ 18,212,187	\$ 19,547,995	\$ 20,843,290
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.71%	14.34%	14.96%	15.09%

Note: GASB #68, paragraph 81.2.b requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the City's fiscal year as opposed to the time period covered by the measurement date.

Note: Ten years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138.

**Notes to Schedule:**

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	22 years
Asset Valuation Method	10-year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.60% to 11.85% including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.75%
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2023 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period ending 2022.
Mortality	Post retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. Male rates are multiplied by 103% and female rates are multiplied by 105%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence). Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the 110% Public Safety Table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021
Other information	Adopted 70% non-retroactive repeating COLA Adopted buy-back provision.

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Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2021	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2023	Fiscal Year 2024
\$ 3,283,399	\$ 3,359,419	\$ 3,596,280	\$ 3,958,173	\$ 4,410,196	\$ 5,047,193
<u>3,283,399</u>	<u>3,359,419</u>	<u>3,596,280</u>	<u>3,958,173</u>	<u>4,410,196</u>	<u>5,047,193</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 21,773,201	\$ 22,277,304	23,369,269	25,796,021	28,452,877	32,562,535
15.08%	15.08%	15.39%	15.34%	15.50%	15.50%

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS**  
**TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM**  
**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS**  
**LAST SEVEN MEASUREMENT YEARS**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

**EXHIBIT A-13**

	Measurement Year 2017	Measurement Year 2018	Measurement Year 2019	Measurement Year 2020	Measurement Year 2021	Measurement Year 2022	Measurement Year 2023
Total OPEB liability:							
Charges for the year							
Service cost	\$ 27,859	\$ 35,710	\$ 30,768	\$ 44,150	\$ 57,192	\$ 67,934	\$ 32,053
Interest	13,862	14,885	16,242	15,686	14,575	14,894	21,890
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	(22,724)	(15,356)	(6,015)	(14,293)	(5,930)	(1,540)
Change in assumptions	39,365	(35,164)	96,541	102,727	26,689	(316,876)	31,396
Benefit payments	(1,990)	(2,101)	(2,198)	(2,324)	(7,149)	(10,451)	(11,656)
Net change in total OPEB liability	79,096	(9,394)	125,997	154,224	77,014	(250,429)	72,143
Total OPEB liability - beginning	353,798	432,894	423,500	549,497	703,721	780,735	530,306
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 432,894	\$ 423,500	\$ 549,497	\$ 703,721	\$ 780,735	\$ 530,306	\$ 602,449
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 19,887,590	\$ 21,008,953	\$ 21,977,303	\$ 23,236,919	\$ 23,830,037	\$ 26,128,649	\$ 29,138,830
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	2.18%	2.02%	2.50%	3.03%	3.28%	2.03%	2.07%

Note: Only seven years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

The TMRS Supplementary Death Benefit Fund (SDBF) is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (there are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan); therefore, no plan fiduciary net position and related ratios are reported in the above schedule.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS  
LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS  
(UNAUDITED)**

**EXHIBIT A-14**

	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2021	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2023	Fiscal Year 2024
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,086	\$ 2,160	\$ 2,228	\$ 2,337	2,580	5,101	5,617
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	2,086	2,160	2,228	2,337	2,580	5,101	5,617
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 20,843,290	\$ 21,773,201	\$ 22,277,304	\$ 23,369,269	25,796,021	28,452,877	32,562,535
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%

Note: GASB #75, paragraph 57 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the City's fiscal year as opposed to the time period covered by the measurement date.

Note: Only seven years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

The TMRS Supplementary Death Benefit Fund (SDBF) is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (there are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan).



**COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES**

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (GAAP BASIS)  
 GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE FUND  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT A-15**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 10,815,592	\$ 10,815,592	\$ 10,777,272	\$ (38,320)
Interest income	79,314	79,314	106,910	27,596
Total revenues	10,894,906	10,894,906	10,884,182	(10,724)
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Debt service				
Principal	7,660,000	7,660,000	7,660,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	2,884,462	2,884,462	2,875,663	8,799
Total debt service	10,544,462	10,544,462	10,535,663	8,799
Net change in fund balances	350,444	350,444	348,519	(1,925)
Fund balances, October 1	532,087	532,087	532,087	-
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 882,531	\$ 882,531	\$ 880,606	\$ (1,925)



## **NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

#### **4B SALES TAX REVENUE FUND**

Accounts for sales tax monies specifically restricted for promoting economic development within the City by developing, implementing, providing and financing park and recreation projects.

#### **PARKS ACQUISITION AND IMPROVEMENT FUND**

Accounts for the development and improvement of City Parks.

#### **FIRE TRAINING CENTER FUND**

Accounts for First Responder fees specifically committed for the construction of the Fire Training Center.

#### **FIRE DEVELOPMENT FEES FUND**

Accounts for contributions specifically committed for use of the fire department.

#### **MUNICIPAL COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND**

Accounts for court fines specifically restricted for additions/improvements in court technology.

#### **MUNICIPAL COURT BUILDING SECURITY FUND**

Accounts for court fines specifically restricted for additions/improvements in court building security.

#### **HOTEL TAX FUND**

Accounts for occupancy taxes charged to hotels.

#### **FEDERAL SEIZURE FUND**

Accounts for the City's share of forfeiture proceeds at the federal level and is restricted for law enforcement additions/improvements only.

#### **JUDICIAL EFFICIENCY FUND**

Accounts for court fines specifically restricted to improving the efficiency of the administration of justice.

#### **TRUANCY COURT FUND**

Accounts for court fines restricted for the efficiency of Juvenile Court truancy cases.

#### **MUNICIPAL JUDICIAL FUND**

Accounts for court fines restricted for the efficiency in municipal court.

#### **LOCAL YOUTH DIVERSION FUND**

Accounts for fines restricted for juvenile case manager services. Designed to reduce the number of juvenile referrals to court .

### **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

#### **4B DEBT SERVICE FUND 2005**

Accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for the payment of principal and interest on the 4B Sales Tax Revenue Bonds – Series 2005.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					
	4B Sales Tax Revenue	Park Acquisition and Improvement	Fire Training Center	Fire Development Fees	Municipal Court Technology	Municipal Court Building Security
<b>ASSETS</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,221,767	\$ 852,020	\$ 447,024	\$ 1,214,128	\$ 31,797	\$ 37,345
Receivables: (net of allowances for uncollectibles)						
Accounts	107.00	-	-	-	-	-
Other	29,009	-	3,702	-	-	-
Sales tax	848,372	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 7,099,255</u>	<u>\$ 852,020</u>	<u>\$ 450,726</u>	<u>\$ 1,214,128</u>	<u>\$ 31,797</u>	<u>\$ 37,345</u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>						
Accounts payable	\$ 757,070	\$ -	\$ 207	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other payables and accruals	199,351	2,328	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	55,042	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>1,011,463</u>	<u>2,328</u>	<u>207</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>						
Restricted						
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development	6,087,792	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal court	-	-	-	-	31,797	37,345
Tourism	-	-	-	-	-	-
Law enforcement	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed						
Park acquisition and improvement	-	849,692	-	-	-	-
Fire training	-	-	450,519	-	-	-
Fire development	-	-	-	1,214,128	-	-
Total fund balances	<u>6,087,792</u>	<u>849,692</u>	<u>450,519</u>	<u>1,214,128</u>	<u>31,797</u>	<u>37,345</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 7,099,255</u>	<u>\$ 852,020</u>	<u>\$ 450,726</u>	<u>\$ 1,214,128</u>	<u>\$ 31,797</u>	<u>\$ 37,345</u>

**EXHIBIT B-1**

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Hotel Tax	Federal Seizure	Judicial Efficiency	Truancy Court	Municipal Judicial	Local Youth Diversion	4B Debt Service	2005	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 880,056	\$ 829	\$ 11,743	\$ 26,974	\$ 852	\$ 3,542	\$	12,047	\$ 9,740,124
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	107
29,779	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62,490
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	848,372
<u>\$ 909,835</u>	<u>\$ 829</u>	<u>\$ 11,743</u>	<u>\$ 26,974</u>	<u>\$ 852</u>	<u>\$ 3,542</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>12,047</u>	<u>\$ 10,651,093</u>
\$ 49	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ 757,326
4,890	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	206,569
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55,042
<u>4,939</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,018,937</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,047	12,047
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,087,792
-	-	11,743	26,974	852	3,542	-	-	112,253
904,896	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	904,896
-	829	-	-	-	-	-	-	829
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	849,692
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	450,519
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,214,128
<u>904,896</u>	<u>829</u>	<u>11,743</u>	<u>26,974</u>	<u>852</u>	<u>3,542</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>12,047</u>	<u>9,632,156</u>
<u>\$ 909,835</u>	<u>\$ 829</u>	<u>\$ 11,743</u>	<u>\$ 26,974</u>	<u>\$ 852</u>	<u>\$ 3,542</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>12,047</u>	<u>\$ 10,651,093</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND  
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE- NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					
	4B Sales Tax Revenue	Park Acquisition and Improvement	Fire Training Center	Fire Development Fees	Municipal Court Technology	Municipal Court Building Security
<b>REVENUES</b>						
Sales taxes	\$ 4,874,240	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	47,162	-	-	-
Service fees	1,092,558	-	-	-	-	-
Court fees	-	-	-	-	8,121	9,851
Development fees	-	-	-	164,777	-	-
Interest income	238,032	32,230	16,538	50,009	1,245	1,348
Miscellaneous income	37,506	42,268	-	-	-	-
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>6,242,336</b>	<b>74,498</b>	<b>63,700</b>	<b>214,786</b>	<b>9,366</b>	<b>11,199</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>						
Current:						
Public safety	-	-	212,593	-	6,300	5,625
Community service	6,636,975	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total expenditures</b>	<b>6,636,975</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>212,593</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,300</b>	<b>5,625</b>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(394,639)	74,498	(148,893)	214,786	3,066	5,574
Other financing sources (uses)						
Insurance recoveries	20,851	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	300,000	-	-	-
Transfers out	(387,065)	-	-	(300,000)	-	-
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	<b>(366,214)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>300,000</b>	<b>(300,000)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Net change in fund balances</b>	<b>(760,853)</b>	<b>74,498</b>	<b>151,107</b>	<b>(85,214)</b>	<b>3,066</b>	<b>5,574</b>
Fund balances October 1, 2023	6,848,645	775,194	299,412	1,299,342	28,731	31,771
Fund balances September 30, 2024	<b>\$ 6,087,792</b>	<b>\$ 849,692</b>	<b>\$ 450,519</b>	<b>\$ 1,214,128</b>	<b>\$ 31,797</b>	<b>\$ 37,345</b>

**EXHIBIT B-2**

DEBT SERVICE FUND							
Hotel Tax	Federal Seizure	Judicial Efficiency	Truancy Court	Municipal Judicial	Local Youth Diversion	4B Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 290,247	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,164,487
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47,162
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,092,558
-	-	1,982	4,100	290	3,500	-	27,844
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	164,777
32,766	-	412	965	28	42	6,801	380,416
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79,774
<u>323,013</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,394</u>	<u>5,065</u>	<u>318</u>	<u>3,542</u>	<u>6,801</u>	<u>6,957,018</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	224,518
240,537	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,877,512
-	-	-	-	-	-	370,000	370,000
-	-	-	-	-	-	17,100	17,100
<u>240,537</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>387,100</u>	<u>7,489,130</u>
82,476	-	2,394	5,065	318	3,542	(380,299)	(532,112)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,851
-	-	-	-	-	-	165,000	465,000
(34,200)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(721,265)
<u>(34,200)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>165,000</u>	<u>(235,414)</u>
48,276	-	2,394	5,065	318	3,542	(215,299)	(767,526)
<u>856,620</u>	<u>829</u>	<u>9,349</u>	<u>21,909</u>	<u>534</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>227,346</u>	<u>10,399,682</u>
<u>\$ 904,896</u>	<u>\$ 829</u>	<u>\$ 11,743</u>	<u>\$ 26,974</u>	<u>\$ 852</u>	<u>\$ 3,542</u>	<u>\$ 12,047</u>	<u>\$ 9,632,156</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (GAAP BASIS)  
 4B SALES TAX REVENUE FUND  
 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT C-1**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Sales taxes	\$ 4,536,561	\$ 4,536,561	\$ 4,874,240	\$ 337,679
Service fees	940,000	998,000	1,092,558	94,558
Interest income	174,664	174,664	238,032	63,368
Miscellaneous income	45,275	45,275	37,506	(7,769)
Total revenues	<u>5,696,500</u>	<u>5,754,500</u>	<u>6,242,336</u>	<u>487,836</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current				
Community service				
4B Parks	3,670,039	3,782,335	3,355,689	426,646
4B Brown House	519,998	540,695	304,218	236,477
4B Recreation	<u>3,063,752</u>	<u>3,284,645</u>	<u>2,977,068</u>	<u>307,577</u>
Total community service	<u>7,253,789</u>	<u>7,607,675</u>	<u>6,636,975</u>	<u>970,700</u>
Total expenditures	<u>7,253,789</u>	<u>7,607,675</u>	<u>6,636,975</u>	<u>970,700</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(1,557,289)</u>	<u>(1,853,175)</u>	<u>(394,639)</u>	<u>1,458,536</u>
Other financing sources (uses)				
Insurance recovery	-	20,851	20,851	-
Transfers out	<u>(387,065)</u>	<u>(387,065)</u>	<u>(387,065)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(387,065)</u>	<u>(366,214)</u>	<u>(366,214)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	(1,944,354)	(2,219,389)	(760,853)	1,458,536
Fund balances, October 1	<u>6,848,645</u>	<u>6,848,645</u>	<u>6,848,645</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances, September 30	<u>\$ 4,904,291</u>	<u>\$ 4,629,256</u>	<u>\$ 6,087,792</u>	<u>\$ 1,458,536</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (GAAP BASIS)  
 PARK ACQUISITION AND IMPROVEMENT  
 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT C-2**

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual	
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Development fees	\$ 178,000	\$ 178,000	\$ -	\$ (178,000)
Interest income	20,352	20,352	32,230	11,878
Miscellaneous income	-	-	42,268	42,268
Total revenues	198,352	198,352	74,498	(123,854)
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current				
Community service				
Park acquisition - central zone	-	45,000	-	45,000
Park acquisition - east zone	38,500	38,500	-	38,500
Total expenditures	38,500	83,500	-	83,500
Net change in fund balances	159,852	114,852	74,498	(40,354)
Fund balances, October 1	775,194	775,194	775,194	-
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 935,046	\$ 890,046	\$ 849,692	\$ (40,354)

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (GAAP BASIS)  
FIRE TRAINING CENTER  
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT C-3**

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual	
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Licenses and permits	\$ 43,800	\$ 43,800	\$ 47,162	\$ 3,362
Interest income	7,816	7,816	16,538	8,722
Total revenues	51,616	51,616	63,700	12,084
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current				
Public safety				
Fire training center	25,000	525,000	212,593	312,407
Total public safety	25,000	525,000	212,593	312,407
<b>Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures</b>	26,616	(473,384)	(148,893)	324,491
Other financing sources				
Transfer in	-	300,000	300,000	-
Total other financing sources	-	300,000	300,000	-
Net change in fund balances	26,616	(173,384)	151,107	324,491
Fund balances, October 1	299,412	299,412	299,412	-
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 326,028	\$ 126,028	\$ 450,519	\$ 324,491



**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (GAAP BASIS)  
FIRE DEVELOPMENT FEES  
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT C-4**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Interest income	\$ 28,140	\$ 28,140	\$ 50,009	\$ 21,869
Development fees	200,000	200,000	164,777	(35,223)
Total revenues	<u>228,140</u>	<u>228,140</u>	<u>214,786</u>	<u>(13,354)</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current				
Public safety				
Fire development	55,000	55,000	-	55,000
Total public safety	<u>55,000</u>	<u>55,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>55,000</u>
<b>Excess of revenues over expenditures</b>	<u>173,140</u>	<u>173,140</u>	<u>214,786</u>	<u>41,646</u>
Other financing uses				
Transfers out	-	(300,000)	(300,000)	-
<b>Total other financing uses</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>(300,000)</u>	<u>(300,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	173,140	(126,860)	(85,214)	41,646
Fund balances, October 1	<u>1,299,342</u>	<u>1,299,342</u>	<u>1,299,342</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances, September 30	<u>\$ 1,472,482</u>	<u>\$ 1,172,482</u>	<u>\$ 1,214,128</u>	<u>\$ 41,646</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (GAAP BASIS)  
 MUNICIPAL COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND  
 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT C-5**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Court fees	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,121	\$ 121
Interest income	677	677	1,245	568
Total revenues	<u>8,677</u>	<u>8,677</u>	<u>9,366</u>	<u>689</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current				
Public safety	<u>2,000</u>	<u>9,000</u>	<u>6,300</u>	<u>2,700</u>
Total public safety	<u>2,000</u>	<u>9,000</u>	<u>6,300</u>	<u>2,700</u>
Net change in fund balances	6,677	(323)	3,066	3,389
Fund balances, October 1	<u>28,731</u>	<u>28,731</u>	<u>28,731</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances, September 30	<u>\$ 35,408</u>	<u>\$ 28,408</u>	<u>\$ 31,797</u>	<u>\$ 3,389</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (GAAP BASIS)  
 MUNICIPAL COURT BUILDING SECURITY FUND  
 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT C-6**

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual	
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Court fees	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$ 9,851	\$ 1,851
Interest income	837	837	1,348	511
Total revenues	8,837	8,837	11,199	2,362
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current				
Public safety	9,250	9,250	5,625	3,625
Total public safety	9,250	9,250	5,625	3,625
Net change in fund balances	(413)	(413)	5,574	5,987
Fund balances, October 1	31,771	31,771	31,771	-
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 31,358	\$ 31,358	\$ 37,345	\$ 5,987

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (GAAP BASIS)  
 HOTEL TAX FUND  
 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT C-7**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Sales taxes	\$ 228,000	\$ 228,000	\$ 290,247	\$ 62,247
Interest income	14,419	14,419	32,766	18,347
Total revenues	<u>242,419</u>	<u>242,419</u>	<u>323,013</u>	<u>80,594</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current				
Community service	180,327	271,596	240,537	31,059
Total expenditures	<u>180,327</u>	<u>271,596</u>	<u>240,537</u>	<u>31,059</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>62,092</u>	<u>(29,177)</u>	<u>82,476</u>	<u>111,653</u>
Other financing uses				
Transfers out	<u>(34,200)</u>	<u>(34,200)</u>	<u>(34,200)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing uses	<u>(34,200)</u>	<u>(34,200)</u>	<u>(34,200)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	27,892	(63,377)	48,276	111,653
Fund balances, October 1	<u>856,620</u>	<u>856,620</u>	<u>856,620</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances, September 30	<u>\$ 884,512</u>	<u>\$ 793,243</u>	<u>\$ 904,896</u>	<u>\$ 111,653</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (GAAP BASIS)  
 FEDERAL SEIZURE FUND  
 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT C-8**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Miscellaneous income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues	-	-	-	-
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current				
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Total public safety	-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances	-	-	-	-
Fund balances, October 1	829	829	829	-
Fund balances, September 30	<u>\$ 829</u>	<u>\$ 829</u>	<u>\$ 829</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (GAAP BASIS)  
 JUDICIAL EFFICIENCY FUND  
 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT C-9**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Court fees	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,982	\$ 982
Interest income	219	219	412	193
Total revenues	<u>1,219</u>	<u>1,219</u>	<u>2,394</u>	<u>1,175</u>
Net change in fund balances	1,219	1,219	2,394	1,175
Fund balances, October 1	<u>9,349</u>	<u>9,349</u>	<u>9,349</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances, September 30	<u>\$ 10,568</u>	<u>\$ 10,568</u>	<u>\$ 11,743</u>	<u>\$ 1,175</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (GAAP BASIS)  
 TRUANCY COURT FUND  
 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT C-10**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Court fees	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 4,100	\$ 1,100
Interest income	549	549	965	416
Total revenues	<u>3,549</u>	<u>3,549</u>	<u>5,065</u>	<u>1,516</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current				
Court	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,000</u>
Total court	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,000</u>
Net change in fund balances	2,549	2,549	5,065	2,516
Fund balances, October 1	<u>21,909</u>	<u>21,909</u>	<u>21,909</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances, September 30	<u>\$ 24,458</u>	<u>\$ 24,458</u>	<u>\$ 26,974</u>	<u>\$ 2,516</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (GAAP BASIS)  
 MUNICIPAL JUDICIAL FUND  
 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT C-11**

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual	
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Court fees	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 290	\$ (710)
Interest income	11	11	28	17
Total revenues	<u>1,011</u>	<u>1,011</u>	<u>318</u>	<u>(693)</u>
Net change in fund balances	1,011	1,011	318	(693)
Fund balances, October 1	<u>534</u>	<u>534</u>	<u>534</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances, September 30	<u>\$ 1,545</u>	<u>\$ 1,545</u>	<u>\$ 852</u>	<u>\$ (693)</u>



**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (GAAP BASIS)  
 LOCAL YOUTH DIVERSION FUND  
 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT C-12**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Court fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,500	\$ 3,500
Interest income	-	-	42	42
Total revenues	-	-	3,542	3,542
Net change in fund balances	-	-	3,542	3,542
Fund balances, October 1	-	-	-	-
Fund balances, September 30	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,542</u>	<u>\$ 3,542</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (GAAP BASIS)  
 4B DEBT SERVICE 2005 FUND  
 DEBT SERVICE FUND  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

**EXHIBIT D-1**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget -
				Positive (Negative)
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Interest income	\$ 8,407	\$ 8,407	\$ 6,801	\$ (1,606)
Total revenues	8,407	8,407	6,801	(1,606)
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Debt service				
Principal	370,000	370,000	370,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	17,100	17,100	17,100	-
Total expenditures	387,100	387,100	387,100	-
<b>Deficiency of revenues under expenditures</b>	<b>(378,693)</b>	<b>(378,693)</b>	<b>(380,299)</b>	<b>(1,606)</b>
<b>Other financing sources</b>				
Transfers in	165,000	165,000	165,000	-
Total other financing sources	165,000	165,000	165,000	-
Net change in fund balances	(213,693)	(213,693)	(215,299)	(1,606)
Fund balances, October 1	227,346	227,346	227,346	-
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 13,653	\$ 13,653	\$ 12,047	\$ (1,606)

## **STATISTICAL SECTION**



**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
STATISTICAL SECTION  
TABLE OF CONTENTS**

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*This part of the City of Wylie's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, notes disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. This information has not been audited by the independent auditor.*

<b><u>Contents</u></b>	<b><u>Table #s</u></b>
<p><b>Financial Trends</b></p> <p>These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.</p>	<b>1-5</b>
<p><b>Revenue Capacity</b></p> <p>These tables contain information to help the reader assess the City's two most significant local revenue sources, the property and sales taxes.</p>	<b>6-12</b>
<p><b>Debt Capacity</b></p> <p>These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.</p>	<b>13-17</b>
<p><b>Economic and Demographic Information</b></p> <p>These tables offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.</p>	<b>18-19</b>
<p><b>Operating Information</b></p> <p>These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides.</p>	<b>20-22</b>

**Source:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these labels is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003: tables presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

	2015	2016	2017	2018
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 110,141,284	\$ 120,169,208	\$ 131,493,684	\$ 139,434,589
Restricted	2,198,212	3,308,748	4,145,132	4,294,426
Unrestricted	<u>12,040,540</u>	<u>14,016,198</u>	<u>20,176,356</u>	<u>21,771,662</u>
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	<u>\$ 124,380,036</u>	<u>\$ 137,494,154</u>	<u>\$ 155,815,172</u>	<u>\$ 165,500,677</u>
<b>Business-type Activities</b>				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 47,855,920	\$ 48,313,914	\$ 43,143,369	\$ 51,965,084
Restricted	5,039,922	5,883,377	7,125,122	8,327,382
Unrestricted	<u>10,249,068</u>	<u>10,803,417</u>	<u>19,043,168</u>	<u>13,086,407</u>
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	<u>\$ 63,144,910</u>	<u>\$ 65,000,708</u>	<u>\$ 69,311,659</u>	<u>\$ 73,378,873</u>
<b>Primary Government</b>				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 157,997,204	\$ 168,483,122	\$ 174,637,053	\$ 191,399,673
Restricted	7,238,134	9,192,125	11,270,254	12,621,808
Unrestricted	<u>22,289,608</u>	<u>24,819,615</u>	<u>39,219,524</u>	<u>34,858,069</u>
Total Primary Government Net Position	<u>\$ 187,524,946</u>	<u>\$ 202,494,862</u>	<u>\$ 225,126,831</u>	<u>\$ 238,879,550</u>

Note: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003. This information is presented using the accrual basis of accounting.

**TABLE 1**

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ 144,685,908	\$ 159,454,525	\$ 163,767,912	\$ 165,022,233	\$ 172,859,764	\$ 190,502,993
14,718,498	12,716,750	15,473,019	27,780,709	36,543,702	25,553,229
12,893,405	12,944,197	20,435,713	21,412,498	18,789,236	17,342,125
<u>\$ 172,297,811</u>	<u>\$ 185,115,472</u>	<u>\$ 199,676,644</u>	<u>\$ 214,215,440</u>	<u>\$ 228,192,702</u>	<u>\$ 233,398,347</u>
\$ 53,636,639	\$ 55,515,141	56,032,882	57,282,050	\$ 60,622,382	\$ 70,288,707
8,265,544	9,606,719	11,072,169	12,100,734	13,602,609	7,294,077
15,637,669	20,263,917	24,740,623	29,917,064	33,451,623	37,121,657
<u>\$ 77,539,852</u>	<u>\$ 85,385,777</u>	<u>\$ 91,845,674</u>	<u>\$ 99,299,848</u>	<u>\$ 107,676,614</u>	<u>\$ 114,704,441</u>
\$ 198,322,547	\$ 214,969,666	\$ 219,800,794	\$ 222,304,283	\$ 233,482,146	\$ 260,791,700
22,984,042	22,323,469	26,545,188	39,881,443	50,146,311	32,847,306
28,531,074	33,208,114	45,176,336	51,329,562	52,240,859	54,463,782
<u>\$ 249,837,663</u>	<u>\$ 270,501,249</u>	<u>\$ 291,522,318</u>	<u>\$ 313,515,288</u>	<u>\$ 335,869,316</u>	<u>\$ 348,102,788</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
EXPENSES, PROGRAM REVENUES, AND NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses				
Governmental Activities:				
General government	\$ 8,292,990	\$ 9,547,712	\$ 8,076,571	\$ 10,540,621
Public safety	15,265,836	16,665,427	17,893,012	20,843,027
Urban development	1,040,898	1,012,093	1,179,962	1,354,808
Streets	7,649,278	6,941,858	8,044,783	8,832,924
Community service	7,326,919	7,750,815	9,092,767	9,561,750
Interest on long-term debt	3,920,570	3,439,372	2,752,525	2,659,653
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	<u>43,496,491</u>	<u>45,357,277</u>	<u>47,039,620</u>	<u>53,792,783</u>
Business-type Activities				
Utility	<u>12,878,510</u>	<u>14,250,070</u>	<u>15,334,168</u>	<u>17,157,737</u>
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	<u>12,878,510</u>	<u>14,250,070</u>	<u>15,334,168</u>	<u>17,157,737</u>
Total Primary Government Expenses	<u>\$ 56,375,001</u>	<u>\$ 59,607,347</u>	<u>\$ 62,373,788</u>	<u>\$ 70,950,520</u>
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services:				
General government	\$ 2,650,115	\$ 2,805,284	\$ 2,887,799	\$ 2,924,232
Public safety	1,519,821	1,665,370	1,682,035	1,950,380
Urban development	1,399,132	1,497,411	1,589,740	1,443,985
Community service	946,334	383,916	382,566	394,997
Operating Grants and Contributions	467,147	359,928	364,935	346,444
Capital Grants and Contributions	10,343,185	12,277,481	15,186,815	11,809,600
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	<u>17,325,734</u>	<u>18,989,390</u>	<u>22,093,890</u>	<u>18,869,638</u>
Business-type Activities:				
Charges for Services:				
Utility	15,473,529	15,997,794	16,622,658	19,431,713
Capital Grants and Contributions	<u>2,399,575</u>	<u>1,496,700</u>	<u>4,827,433</u>	<u>3,646,800</u>
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues	<u>17,873,104</u>	<u>17,494,494</u>	<u>21,450,091</u>	<u>23,078,513</u>
Total Primary Government Programs Revenues	<u>35,198,838</u>	<u>36,483,884</u>	<u>43,543,981</u>	<u>41,948,151</u>
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental Activities	\$ (26,170,757)	\$ (26,367,887)	\$ (24,945,730)	\$ (34,923,145)
Business-type Activities	<u>4,994,594</u>	<u>3,244,424</u>	<u>6,115,923</u>	<u>5,920,776</u>
Total Primary Governmental Net Expense	<u>(21,176,163)</u>	<u>(23,123,463)</u>	<u>(18,829,807)</u>	<u>(29,002,369)</u>

Note: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003. This information is presented using the accrual basis of accounting.



**TABLE 2**

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ 11,634,904	\$ 12,134,312	\$ 12,690,079	\$ 13,682,957	\$14,412,031	\$ 16,475,644
22,175,998	23,057,208	23,478,532	25,164,617	29,893,415	33,866,636
1,346,364	1,108,956	1,121,650	1,020,885	1,083,325	1,033,568
8,912,861	9,259,873	9,133,138	10,393,464	11,434,006	13,643,998
9,530,076	9,860,490	9,309,304	9,217,814	9,999,916	10,873,557
2,688,231	2,448,009	2,235,277	2,118,360	2,179,116	2,187,465
<u>56,288,434</u>	<u>57,868,848</u>	<u>57,967,980</u>	<u>61,598,097</u>	<u>69,001,809</u>	<u>78,080,868</u>
<u>17,635,306</u>	<u>18,655,149</u>	<u>19,053,908</u>	<u>20,876,930</u>	<u>23,150,772</u>	<u>25,014,428</u>
<u>17,635,306</u>	<u>18,655,149</u>	<u>19,053,908</u>	<u>20,876,930</u>	<u>23,150,772</u>	<u>25,014,428</u>
<u>\$ 73,923,740</u>	<u>\$ 76,523,997</u>	<u>\$ 77,021,888</u>	<u>\$ 82,475,027</u>	<u>\$ 92,152,581</u>	<u>\$ 103,095,296</u>
\$ 2,919,563	\$ 2,968,934	\$ 3,133,030	\$ 3,376,459	\$3,593,830	\$ 4,330,363
2,084,957	2,994,404	2,807,595	3,505,797	3,420,146	3,860,698
1,486,285	1,560,468	1,807,612	1,727,784	1,743,500	1,209,110
415,862	212,406	377,217	527,150	750,124	589,477
1,115,044	388,250	730,139	663,356	7,069,298	914,644
6,608,297	11,902,495	10,810,966	7,619,607	5,136,507	3,424,299
<u>14,630,008</u>	<u>20,026,957</u>	<u>19,666,559</u>	<u>17,420,153</u>	<u>21,713,405</u>	<u>14,328,591</u>
<u>20,662,507</u>	<u>23,047,261</u>	<u>24,400,005</u>	<u>27,371,622</u>	<u>29,592,808</u>	<u>31,381,498</u>
<u>2,783,419</u>	<u>5,590,177</u>	<u>3,317,635</u>	<u>3,189,643</u>	<u>2,965,191</u>	<u>1,307,892</u>
<u>23,445,926</u>	<u>28,637,438</u>	<u>27,717,640</u>	<u>30,561,265</u>	<u>32,557,999</u>	<u>32,689,390</u>
<u>38,075,934</u>	<u>48,664,395</u>	<u>47,384,199</u>	<u>47,981,418</u>	<u>54,271,404</u>	<u>47,017,981</u>
\$ (41,658,426)	\$ (37,841,891)	\$ (38,301,421)	\$ (44,177,944)	\$ (47,288,404)	\$ (63,752,277)
5,810,620	9,982,289	8,663,732	9,684,335	9,407,227	7,674,962
<u>(35,847,806)</u>	<u>(27,859,602)</u>	<u>(29,637,689)</u>	<u>(34,493,609)</u>	<u>(37,881,177)</u>	<u>(56,077,315)</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
GENERAL REVENUES AND TOTAL CHANGE IN NET POSITION  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

	2015	2016	2017	2018
<b>Net (Expense)/Revenue</b>				
Governmental Activities	\$ (26,170,757)	\$ (26,367,887)	\$ (24,945,730)	\$ (34,923,145)
Business-type Activities	4,994,594	3,244,424	6,115,923	5,920,776
Total Primary Government Net Expense	<u>(21,176,163)</u>	<u>(23,123,463)</u>	<u>(18,829,807)</u>	<u>(29,002,369)</u>
 <b>Governmental Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position</b>				
Governmental Activities:				
Taxes				
Property taxes	24,620,586	26,992,416	30,065,957	31,459,533
Sales taxes	6,663,646	7,555,687	7,993,453	7,859,294
Franchise Taxes	2,665,092	2,709,736	2,726,088	2,749,138
Unrestricted investment earnings	12,708	65,850	145,377	312,765
Miscellaneous income	160,750	149,534	223,012	356,159
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	339,328	96,937	-	-
Transfers	1,961,899	1,911,845	2,112,861	2,166,807
Total Governmental Activities	<u>36,424,009</u>	<u>39,482,005</u>	<u>43,266,748</u>	<u>44,903,696</u>
 Business-type Activities:				
Investment earnings	93,293	103,521	135,053	212,774
Miscellaneous income	336,548	419,698	172,836	129,963
Transfers	(1,961,899)	(1,911,845)	(2,112,861)	(2,166,807)
Total Business-type Activities	<u>(1,532,058)</u>	<u>(1,388,626)</u>	<u>(1,804,972)</u>	<u>(1,824,070)</u>
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 34,891,951</u>	<u>\$ 38,093,379</u>	<u>\$ 41,461,776</u>	<u>\$ 43,079,626</u>
 <b>Change in Net Position</b>				
Governmental Activities	\$ 10,253,252	\$ 13,114,118	\$ 18,321,018	\$ 9,980,551
Business-type Activities	3,462,536	1,855,798	4,310,951	4,096,706
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 13,715,788</u>	<u>\$ 14,969,916</u>	<u>\$ 22,631,969</u>	<u>\$ 14,077,257</u>

Note: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003. This information is presented using the accrual basis of accounting.

**TABLE 3**

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ (41,658,426)	\$ (37,841,891)	\$ (38,301,421)	\$ (44,177,944)	\$ (47,288,404)	\$ (63,752,277)
<u>5,810,620</u>	<u>9,982,289</u>	<u>8,663,732</u>	<u>9,684,335</u>	<u>9,407,227</u>	<u>7,674,962</u>
<u>(35,847,806)</u>	<u>(27,859,602)</u>	<u>(29,637,689)</u>	<u>(34,493,609)</u>	<u>(37,881,177)</u>	<u>(56,077,315)</u>
33,275,978	34,300,635	35,629,027	36,723,108	37,982,291	41,463,584
8,967,508	10,037,707	11,832,404	12,951,476	14,193,327	14,993,518
2,883,573	2,734,736	2,675,866	2,929,590	3,080,512	3,029,760
495,039	188,991	31,845	307,155	2,829,070	6,401,944
559,846	914,338	276,181	610,600	485,740	421,833
-	77,901	1,109	2,706,165	132,421	7,079
<u>2,273,616</u>	<u>2,405,244</u>	<u>2,416,161</u>	<u>2,488,646</u>	<u>2,562,305</u>	<u>2,640,204</u>
<u>48,455,560</u>	<u>50,659,552</u>	<u>52,862,593</u>	<u>58,716,740</u>	<u>61,265,666</u>	<u>68,957,922</u>
266,776	138,968	62,113	195,126	1,389,590	1,812,289
357,199	129,912	150,213	63,359	142,254	180,780
<u>(2,273,616)</u>	<u>(2,405,244)</u>	<u>(2,416,161)</u>	<u>(2,488,646)</u>	<u>(2,562,305)</u>	<u>(2,640,204)</u>
<u>(1,649,641)</u>	<u>(2,136,364)</u>	<u>(2,203,835)</u>	<u>(2,230,161)</u>	<u>(1,030,461)</u>	<u>(647,135)</u>
<u>\$ 46,805,919</u>	<u>\$ 48,523,188</u>	<u>\$ 50,658,758</u>	<u>\$ 56,486,579</u>	<u>\$ 60,235,205</u>	<u>\$ 68,310,787</u>
\$ 6,797,134	\$ 12,817,661	\$ 14,561,172	\$ 14,538,796	\$13,977,262	\$ 5,205,645
<u>4,160,979</u>	<u>7,845,925</u>	<u>6,459,897</u>	<u>7,454,174</u>	<u>8,376,766</u>	<u>7,027,827</u>
<u>\$ 10,958,113</u>	<u>\$ 20,663,586</u>	<u>\$ 21,021,069</u>	<u>\$ 21,992,970</u>	<u>\$ 22,354,028</u>	<u>\$ 12,233,472</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

	2015	2016	2017	2018
<b>General Fund</b>				
Nonspendable	\$ 181,891	\$ 194,820	\$ 156,872	\$ 173,603
Restricted	31,167	44,107	44,107	29,381
Committed	168,017	591,471	413,504	354,354
Assigned	170,213	88,788	2,884,219	1,381,468
Unassigned	<u>13,561,725</u>	<u>16,272,269</u>	<u>16,281,977</u>	<u>16,202,153</u>
Total General Fund	<u>\$ 14,113,013</u>	<u>\$ 17,191,455</u>	<u>\$ 19,780,679</u>	<u>\$ 18,140,959</u>
 <b>All Other Governmental Funds</b>				
Restricted	\$ 12,401,450	\$ 12,481,571	\$ 15,313,781	\$ 28,176,150
Committed	<u>2,668,895</u>	<u>2,662,297</u>	<u>2,735,089</u>	<u>3,083,992</u>
Total All Other Governmental Funds	<u>\$ 15,070,345</u>	<u>\$ 15,143,868</u>	<u>\$ 18,048,870</u>	<u>\$ 31,260,142</u>

**TABLE 4**

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ 167,898	\$ 168,120	\$ 183,212	\$ 179,473	\$ 184,507	\$ 193,679
37,921	38,037	57,849	499,218	300,361	280,631
378,727	416,297	521,710	510,191	563,145	605,328
2,948,194	60,732	72,991	84,367	35,838	35,639
<u>16,509,743</u>	<u>21,914,768</u>	<u>30,403,003</u>	<u>30,411,011</u>	<u>28,554,755</u>	<u>26,234,619</u>
<u>\$ 20,042,483</u>	<u>\$ 22,597,954</u>	<u>\$ 31,238,765</u>	<u>\$ 31,684,260</u>	<u>\$ 29,638,606</u>	<u>\$ 27,349,896</u>
\$ 29,096,638	\$ 19,993,700	\$ 23,675,046	\$ 32,777,064	\$ 63,025,766	\$ 49,116,603
<u>2,901,614</u>	<u>2,341,758</u>	<u>1,655,993</u>	<u>1,746,788</u>	<u>2,373,948</u>	<u>2,514,339</u>
<u>\$ 31,998,252</u>	<u>\$ 22,335,458</u>	<u>\$ 25,331,039</u>	<u>\$ 34,523,852</u>	<u>\$ 65,399,714</u>	<u>\$ 51,630,942</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

	2015	2016	2017	2018
<b>Revenues</b>				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 24,515,600	\$ 27,127,964	\$ 30,062,648	\$ 31,521,403
Sales taxes	6,663,646	7,555,687	7,993,453	7,859,294
Franchise fees	2,595,964	2,666,356	2,686,550	2,740,472
Licenses and permits	2,465,148	1,623,398	2,218,729	2,118,115
Intergovernmental	2,307,516	4,591,241	4,755,914	1,353,146
Service fees	4,183,790	4,306,832	4,307,000	4,338,603
Court fees	413,757	536,106	582,418	486,980
Development fees	880,193	473,966	969,365	273,022
Interest income	12,708	65,850	145,377	312,765
Miscellaneous income	326,323	292,456	301,504	482,294
Total Revenues	<u>44,364,645</u>	<u>49,239,856</u>	<u>54,022,958</u>	<u>51,486,094</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
General government	8,405,920	9,396,230	10,677,430	10,041,180
Public safety	15,064,971	17,577,736	18,190,153	19,420,235
Urban development	1,124,212	1,109,049	1,270,481	1,309,980
Streets	1,901,138	2,190,086	3,070,133	3,165,925
Community service	5,860,111	6,408,022	8,359,639	7,696,489
Capital outlay	5,167,717	5,047,777	3,493,929	674,969
Debt service				
Principal	4,695,000	5,000,000	5,060,000	5,350,000
Interest and fiscal charges	3,707,211	3,170,926	3,181,314	3,003,262
Bond issuance costs	244,695	323,391	-	89,500
Total Expenditures	<u>46,170,975</u>	<u>50,223,217</u>	<u>53,303,079</u>	<u>50,751,540</u>
Excess of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(1,806,330)</u>	<u>(983,361)</u>	<u>719,879</u>	<u>734,554</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>				
Transfers In	3,594,899	3,738,641	3,477,861	6,372,660
Transfers Out	(1,633,000)	(1,785,791)	(1,365,000)	(4,205,853)
Issuance of long-term debt	21,240,000	30,110,000	-	8,500,000
Premium on bonds issued	3,128,967	5,833,412	-	106,250
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(24,376,415)	(36,041,783)	-	-
Proceeds from capital lease	-	-	1,130,553	-
Proceeds from note	-	-	86,034	-
Insurance recovery	-	2,110,037	1,444,899	11,693
Reimbursement from other funds	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	482,956	170,810	-	52,248
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	<u>2,437,407</u>	<u>4,135,326</u>	<u>4,774,347</u>	<u>10,836,998</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$ 631,077</u>	<u>\$ 3,151,965</u>	<u>\$ 5,494,226</u>	<u>\$ 11,571,552</u>
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	21.1%	18.7%	17.7%	17.1%

**TABLE 5**

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ 33,215,374	\$ 34,314,132	\$ 35,624,174	\$ 36,709,489	\$ 37,876,401	\$ 41,361,949
8,967,508	10,037,707	11,832,404	12,951,476	14,193,327	14,993,518
2,845,824	2,961,998	2,696,702	2,897,152	3,015,867	2,976,719
1,766,155	1,908,981	2,008,730	2,192,510	2,739,451	1,667,522
1,400,092	2,838,041	5,191,266	4,602,908	8,790,590	6,503,598
4,698,587	4,252,796	4,880,463	5,100,703	5,557,778	6,064,942
318,245	251,030	305,022	332,209	340,325	374,050
448,375	477,776	599,978	317,734	875,928	164,777
495,039	188,991	31,845	307,155	2,813,441	4,240,205
310,171	183,002	289,114	556,397	490,347	327,063
<u>54,465,370</u>	<u>57,414,454</u>	<u>63,459,698</u>	<u>65,967,733</u>	<u>76,693,455</u>	<u>78,674,343</u>
10,236,046	11,789,052	11,253,180	11,645,070	11,967,582	15,648,127
20,609,710	28,787,518	22,995,835	25,534,762	28,787,518	34,283,381
1,266,940	1,028,608	1,085,839	1,052,931	1,028,608	1,072,418
3,148,092	4,261,461	2,926,280	3,563,540	4,261,461	3,609,196
7,716,418	9,142,230	7,756,927	8,482,228	9,142,230	12,258,082
2,674,900	2,822,998	4,939,120	7,557,044	2,822,998	19,843,149
5,655,000	7,180,000	6,380,000	6,690,000	7,180,000	8,211,184
3,180,134	2,634,803	2,556,000	2,563,350	2,634,803	2,898,587
-	129,135	154,686	121,823	129,135	-
<u>54,487,240</u>	<u>67,775,805</u>	<u>60,047,867</u>	<u>67,210,748</u>	<u>67,954,335</u>	<u>97,824,124</u>
<u>(21,870)</u>	<u>(10,361,351)</u>	<u>3,411,831</u>	<u>(1,243,015)</u>	<u>8,739,120</u>	<u>(19,149,781)</u>
4,900,804	5,802,294	3,776,186	9,908,592	16,920,159	3,361,469
(2,627,188)	(3,397,050)	(1,360,025)	(7,419,946)	(14,357,854)	(721,265)
-	-	10,165,000	12,005,000	16,010,000	-
-	-	1,008,899	1,106,481	1,126,452	-
-	-	(5,521,619)	(7,558,830)	-	-
-	384,243	-	-	-	219,282
-	-	-	-	-	-
387,888	774,289	62,833	133,861	212,054	225,734
-	-	-	-	-	7,079
-	81,713	93,287	2,706,165	180,277	-
<u>2,661,504</u>	<u>3,645,489</u>	<u>8,224,561</u>	<u>10,881,323</u>	<u>20,091,088</u>	<u>3,092,299</u>
<u>\$ 2,639,634</u>	<u>\$ (6,715,862)</u>	<u>\$ 11,636,392</u>	<u>\$ 9,638,308</u>	<u>\$ 28,830,208</u>	<u>\$ (16,057,482)</u>
17.5%	17.1%	16.5%	15.7%	15.3%	14.7%

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

**TABLE 6**

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Ad Valorem Taxes</u>	<u>Sales Taxes</u>	<u>Franchise Taxes</u>	<u>Total</u>
2015	\$ 24,515,600	\$ 6,663,646	\$ 2,595,964	\$ 33,775,210
2016	27,127,964	7,555,687	2,666,356	37,350,007
2017	30,062,648	7,993,453	2,686,550	40,742,651
2018	31,521,403	7,859,294	2,740,472	42,121,169
2019	33,215,374	8,967,508	2,845,824	45,028,706
2020	34,314,132	10,037,707	2,961,998	47,313,837
2021	35,624,174	11,832,404	2,696,702	50,153,280
2022	36,709,489	12,951,476	2,897,152	52,558,117
2023	37,876,401	14,193,327	3,015,867	55,085,595
2024	41,361,949	14,993,518	2,976,719	59,332,186
Percent Change 2015-2024	\$ 16,846,349 74.7%	\$ 8,329,872 141.8%	\$ 380,755 14.8%	\$ 25,556,976 82.5%



TABLE 7

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY  
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Residential Property</u>	<u>Commercial Property</u>	<u>Industrial Property</u>	<u>Less: Tax-Exempt Property</u>	<u>Total Taxable Assessed Value</u>	<u>Total Direct Tax Rate</u>
2015	\$ 2,159,677,849	\$ 456,585,488	\$ 120,520,310	\$ 118,002,192	\$ 2,618,781,455	0.8789
2016	2,403,735,226	493,073,892	184,902,709	160,657,963	2,921,053,864	0.8689
2017	2,796,346,833	524,315,031	174,771,677	169,870,475	3,325,563,066	0.8489
2018	3,184,597,754	591,109,898	210,303,769	209,198,308	3,776,813,114	0.7810
2019	3,616,909,043	650,624,491	201,759,611	209,789,356	4,259,503,789	0.7258
2020	3,980,455,949	702,559,463	214,177,830	220,278,824	4,676,914,418	0.6885
2021	4,152,109,035	771,948,729	188,882,599	231,292,765	4,881,647,598	0.6720
2022	4,583,130,357	756,764,219	190,265,923	240,544,476	5,289,616,023	0.6438
2023	5,355,320,430	849,037,364	190,977,521	196,307,017	6,199,028,298	0.5623
2024	6,166,716,674	908,264,589	211,874,622	215,937,719	7,070,918,166	0.5389

Source: Central Appraisal District of Collin County web site ([www.collincad.org](http://www.collincad.org))

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

**TABLE 8**

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rates			Overlapping Rates				Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
	Basic Rate	General Obligation Debt Service	Total Direct Rate	Wylie Independent School District	Community Independent School District	Collin County	Collin County Community College District	
2015	0.597978	0.280922	0.878900	1.6400	1.6150	0.2350	0.0820	4.4509
2016	0.611583	0.257317	0.868900	1.6400	1.6250	0.2250	0.0820	4.4409
2017	0.623399	0.225501	0.848900	1.6400	1.6250	0.2084	0.0812	4.4035
2018	0.580307	0.200693	0.781000	1.6400	1.6250	0.1922	0.0798	4.3181
2019	0.538206	0.186420	0.724626	1.6400	1.6700	0.1808	0.0812	4.2979
2020	0.516225	0.172229	0.688454	1.5384	1.5684	0.1750	0.0812	4.0514
2021	0.512180	0.159799	0.671979	1.5205	1.4862	0.1725	0.0812	3.9324
2022	0.491864	0.151887	0.643751	1.4598	1.4603	0.1681	0.0812	3.8132
2023	0.427919	0.134414	0.562333	1.3979	1.4429	0.1524	0.0812	3.6368
2024	0.398412	0.140470	0.538882	1.2125	1.2575	0.1493	0.0812	3.2394

(1) Source: Central appraisal District of Collin County web site ([www.collincad.org](http://www.collincad.org)).

(2) Although the Community Independent School District is included in the above presentation, less than one percent of the City of Wylie lies within this taxing jurisdiction.

(3) Basis for property tax rate is per \$100 of taxable valuation.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS  
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)**

**TABLE 9**

Taxpayer	2024			2015		
	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
LPRE Wylie LLC	\$ 59,612,562	1	0.77%			
BVF-V Wylie LLC	56,947,433	2	0.74%			
Seventy8 & Westgate LP	54,434,277	3	0.70%			
VHP Owner LLC	46,649,733	4	0.60%			
Woodbridge Wylie Owner LLC	46,362,386	5	0.60%			
Mack (Wylie) LLC	41,529,360	6	0.54%			
Tower Extrusion LTD	37,243,941	7	0.48%			
Sanden International (USA) Inc.	34,169,103	8	0.44%	\$36,797,981	1	1.41%
Oncor Electric Delivery Company LLC	31,347,680	9	0.41%	22,292,538	4	0.85%
2000 Country Club Road LLC	28,708,909	10	0.37%			
Holland Hitch of Tx Inc.	25,005,710	11	0.32%	13,100,099	9	0.50%
CLF II LI Wylie Owner LLC	23,023,058	12	0.30%			
Yes Southfork Collin LLC	22,316,700	13	0.29%			
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business TR	17,258,900	14	0.22%	14,570,938	6	0.56%
Bloomfield Homes LP	16,867,513	15	0.22%			
Target Corporation	16,206,000	16	0.21%	14,347,438	8	0.55%
Westdale Rustic Oaks LTD	15,979,285	17	0.21%			
HT Country Club SS Owner LP	15,289,688	18	0.20%			
Kroger Texas LP	15,278,631	19	0.20%	12,651,382	11	0.48%
Sanden International (USA) Inc.	14,597,386	20	0.19%	14,499,157	7	0.55%
Woodbridge Dallas Associates LLC	-			27,633,583	2	1.06%
Woodbridge Crossing LP	-			24,188,675	3	0.92%
FUYO General Lease USA, Inc.	-			15,002,538	5	0.57%
Atlas River Oaks LLC	-			12,991,435	10	0.50%
Yes Companies LLC	-			10,970,823	12	0.42%
Carlisle Coating & Waterproofing Inc.	-			10,790,733	13	0.41%
Atrium Companies Inc.	-			8,058,996	18	0.31%
Best Circuit Boards Inc.	-			10,351,107	14	0.40%
GTE Southwest Inc.	-			10,335,569	15	0.39%
Windough (DE) LP	-			7,866,488	19	0.30%
Ascend Custom Extrusions LLC	-			8,927,061	17	0.34%
PM Wylie Mob LP	-			10,000,000	16	0.38%
HD Development Properties LP	-			7,188,025	20	0.27%
Total	\$ 618,828,255		8.01%	\$ 292,564,566		11.17%

(1) Source: Central Appraisal District of Collin County website (www.collincad.org)

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

**TABLE 10**

Fiscal Year Ended September 30	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collections to Date	
		Amount	Percentage of Levy		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2015	\$ 24,313,312	\$ 24,045,424	98.90%	\$ 267,888	\$ 24,313,312	100.00%
2016	26,864,127	26,549,430	98.83%	314,697	26,864,127	100.00%
2017	29,991,374	29,659,723	98.89%	250,376	29,910,099	99.73%
2018	31,349,629	31,134,716	99.31%	214,913	31,349,629	100.00%
2019	32,977,950	32,767,801	99.36%	210,149	32,977,950	100.00%
2020	34,488,548	34,183,944	99.12%	6,296	34,190,240	99.14%
2021	35,349,912	35,243,082	99.70%	106,830	35,349,912	100.00%
2022	36,688,809	36,487,796	99.45%	71,986	36,559,782	99.65%
2023	37,764,209	37,605,247	99.58%	108,726	37,713,973	99.87%
2024	41,299,803	41,196,511	99.75%	3,991	41,200,502	99.76%

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATE  
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

**TABLE 11**

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>City Direct Rate</u>	<u>Wylie Economic Development Corporation</u>	<u>Collin County</u>
2015	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
2016	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
2017	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
2018	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
2019	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
2020	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
2021	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
2022	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
2023	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%
2024	1.50%	0.50%	0.00%

Note: The City sales tax rate includes the City sales tax rate of one percent and the blended component unit rate of one-half percent

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY  
LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Construction	\$ 479,336	\$ 536,173	\$ 452,735	\$ 830,425
Manufacturing	80,028	103,575	96,116	119,847
Transportation, Communications	179,077	212,058	212,407	318,281
Wholesale Trade	166,717	168,752	361,554	644,085
Retail Trade	3,633,909	4,169,961	4,560,251	5,513,345
Other	<u>4,228,072</u>	<u>4,736,506</u>	<u>4,826,441</u>	<u>2,825,054</u>
Total	<u>\$8,767,139</u>	<u>\$9,927,025</u>	<u>\$ 10,509,504</u>	<u>\$10,251,037</u>

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of revenue. The tax liability includes the City sales tax rate of one percent and the blended component unit rate of one-half percent.

**TABLE 12**

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<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>
\$ 1,147,234	\$ 1,400,203	\$ 1,349,292	\$ 1,259,862	\$ 2,639,188	\$ 2,169,476
119,923	149,700	163,358	351,938	232,780	208,572
349,457	307,326	326,043	349,669	351,452	379,531
677,446	824,396	787,434	912,782	1,076,438	1,459,247
6,133,235	6,873,957	8,526,052	9,268,619	8,975,402	9,561,547
<u>3,253,254</u>	<u>3,578,388</u>	<u>4,349,705</u>	<u>4,502,258</u>	<u>5,171,921</u>	<u>5,718,588</u>
<u>\$11,680,549</u>	<u>\$13,133,970</u>	<u>\$15,501,884</u>	<u>\$ 16,645,128</u>	<u>\$ 18,447,181</u>	<u>\$ 19,496,961</u>

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

Fiscal Year	General Bonded Debt		
	General Obligation Bonds	Combination Tax/Revenue Bonds	Certificates of Obligation
	2015	\$ 75,375,018	\$ 11,864,899
2016	83,016,024	1,925,435	-
2017	78,187,253	1,233,553	-
2018	73,139,939	9,115,985	-
2019	67,281,896	8,886,207	-
2020	61,128,854	8,561,429	-
2021	55,044,633	13,479,773	-
2022	54,794,863	12,990,606	-
2023	64,683,015	12,422,598	-
2024	56,567,025	11,835,344	-

Fiscal Year	Business-type Activities		
	General Obligation Bonds	Water Revenue Bonds	Combination Tax/Revenue Bonds
	2015	\$ 1,622,945	\$ -
2016	6,025,224	-	324,947
2017	5,816,174	-	7,134,237
2018	4,875,035	-	7,388,900
2019	4,184,968	-	7,327,492
2020	3,574,899	-	7,216,084
2021	3,116,788	-	6,871,073
2022	2,619,076	-	6,543,956
2023	2,139,718	-	6,206,838
2024	1,640,360	-	5,859,720

(1) Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(2) See the Demographic and Economic Statistics table (Table 18) for population data.



TABLE 13

Other Governmental Activities Debt				
General Obligation Bonds	Tax Revenue Bonds	Contractual Obligations	Loans and Leases	Financed Purchases
\$ 3,539,481	\$ 145,000	\$ 1,388,031	\$ 77,660	\$ 25,336
3,223,125	-	1,323,166	-	-
2,911,894	-	1,258,333	-	892,734
2,559,435	-	1,193,436	-	678,036
2,220,091	-	1,123,571	-	457,778
1,870,746	-	1,053,706	-	542,066
1,511,401	-	978,841	-	237,027
1,152,057	-	-	79,529	160,983
777,712	-	-	19,290	82,012
393,368	-	-	171,666	-
Contractual Obligations	Financed Purchases	Total Primary Government (1)	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita (2)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 99,404,027	6.61%	\$ 2,162
-	-	95,837,921	6.13%	2,027
-	-	97,434,178	6.08%	2,039
-	-	98,950,766	5.36%	1,903
-	-	91,482,002	4.80%	1,705
-	3,333,667	87,281,452	4.71%	1,582
-	3,010,104	84,249,640	4.32%	1,433
-	2,702,733	81,043,803	3.64%	1,331
-	2,388,988	88,720,171	3.86%	1,450
-	2,068,643	78,536,126	3.08%	1,258

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

**TABLE 14**

Fiscal Year	General Bonded Debt Outstanding			Percentage Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Restricted for Debt Service	Net Bonded Debt		
2015	\$ 80,537,444	\$ 470,789	\$ 80,066,655	3.06%	\$ 1,742
2016	92,264,373	675,565	91,588,808	3.14%	1,937
2017	86,915,321	820,559	86,094,762	2.59%	1,802
2018	80,574,410	1,095,418	79,478,992	2.10%	1,585
2019	73,686,955	1,187,960	72,498,995	1.70%	1,393
2020	66,574,499	1,244,524	65,329,975	1.53%	1,257
2021	59,672,822	1,122,215	58,550,607	1.20%	1,062
2022	58,565,996	842,926	57,723,070	1.09%	948
2023	67,600,445	532,087	67,068,358	1.08%	1,074
2024	58,600,753	880,607	57,720,146	0.82%	924

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT  
(UNAUDITED)**

**TABLE 15**

Governmental Unit (3)	Debt Outstanding	(4) Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes			
Wylie Independent School District	\$645,210,971	(1) 63.57%	\$410,160,614
Collin County	841,715,000	(1) 3.25%	27,355,738
Collin County Community College District	459,865,000	(1) 3.25%	14,945,613
Garland Independent School District	1,111,765,000	(1) 0.59%	6,559,414
Plano ISD	886,020,000	(1) 0.19%	1,683,438
Princeton Independent School District	531,187,658	(1) 0.18%	956,138
Rockwall Independent School District	942,257,549	(1) 0.70%	6,595,803
Rockwall County	130,695,000	(1) 0.60%	784,170
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			469,040,928
City Direct Debt	(2)		68,967,403
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			<u>\$ 538,008,331</u>
Ratio of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt to Taxable Assessed Valuation			7.61%
Per Capita Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 8,617

(1) Source: Municipal Advisory Council of Texas

(2) Excludes business-type activities debt

(3) Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Wylie, Texas. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(4) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the various governments' taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the total taxable assessed value.

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Debt Limit	\$ 261,878,146	\$ 292,105,386	\$ 332,556,307	\$ 377,681,311
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	72,168,010	79,238,061	73,997,534	67,964,648
Legal Debt Margin	<u>189,710,136</u>	<u>212,867,325</u>	<u>258,558,773</u>	<u>309,716,663</u>
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit As a percentage of Debt Limit	27.56%	27.13%	22.25%	18.00%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for the Current Fiscal Year

Assessed Value	\$ 7,070,818,166
Debt Limit (10%) of Assessed Value)	707,081,817
Debt Applicable to Limit:	
General Obligation Bonds	53,595,000
Less: Amount Set Aside for Repayment of General Obligation Debt	<u>(10,522,700)</u>
Total Net Debt applicable to Limit	<u>43,072,300</u>
Legal Debt Margin	<u>\$ 664,009,517</u>

- (1) Texas state law does not prescribe a debt limit; however, by custom, a practical economic debt limit of 10% of the assessed valuation is used. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by the amount set aside for repaying general obligation debt.

**TABLE 16**

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<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>
\$ 425,950,379	\$ 467,691,442	\$ 488,164,745	\$ 528,961,602	\$ 619,902,730	\$ 707,081,817
61,661,330	55,074,262	48,583,868	48,048,018	52,084,529	43,072,300
<u>364,289,049</u>	<u>412,617,180</u>	<u>439,580,877</u>	<u>480,913,584</u>	<u>567,818,201</u>	<u>664,009,517</u>
14.48%	11.78%	9.95%	9.08%	8.40%	6.09%

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE  
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

**TABLE 17**

Fiscal Year	Water Revenue Bonds		Net Available Revenue	Debt Service (3)		Total	Coverage
	Utility Service Charges (1)	Less: Operating Expenses (2)		Principal	Interest		
2015	\$ 15,473,529	\$ 10,531,564	\$ 4,941,965	\$ 355,000	\$ 221,475	\$ 576,475	8.57
2016	15,997,794	11,849,326	4,148,468	370,000	211,638	581,638	7.13
2017	18,169,571	12,832,323	5,337,248	-	285,282	285,282	18.71
2018	19,431,713	14,434,320	4,997,393	50,000	240,019	290,019	17.23
2019	20,662,507	14,895,221	5,767,286	100,000	238,519	338,519	17.03
2020	23,047,261	15,809,435	7,237,826	310,000	234,419	544,419	13.28
2021	24,400,005	16,110,604	8,289,401	320,000	228,119	548,119	15.11
2022	27,371,622	17,720,047	9,651,575	330,000	218,319	548,319	17.60
2023	29,592,808	19,989,715	9,603,093	340,000	204,919	544,919	17.62
2024	31,381,498	21,873,026	9,508,472	350,000	191,119	541,119	17.57

- (1) Includes total operating revenue of the Utility Enterprise Fund
- (2) Includes operating expenses of the Utility Enterprise Fund, less depreciation expense.
- (3) Debt service requirements includes principal and interest payments on revenue bonds.



**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

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	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Population (1)	45,970	47,776	50,152	52,003
Personal Income (in thousands of dollars)	\$ 1,504,632	\$ 1,579,381	\$ 1,682,796	\$ 1,845,898
Per Capita Personal Income	\$ 32,731	\$ 33,058	\$ 33,554	\$ 35,496
Median Age	31.7	31.7	31.7	33.2
Education Level in Years of Schooling (2)				
Less than high school graduate	16.1%	16.1%	16.1%	16.1%
High school graduate (or equivalent)	23.5%	23.5%	23.5%	23.5%
Some college/associate's degree	28.5%	28.5%	28.5%	28.5%
Bachelor's degree	24.5%	24.5%	24.5%	24.5%
Masters, professional, or doctorate	6.7%	6.7%	6.7%	6.7%
School Enrollment	14,557	15,023	15,709	16,466
Unemployment (3)	4.1%	3.2%	3.4%	3.2%

(1) Population estimate from City of Wylie website.

(2) Education statistics for 2013-2020 per the 2010 U.S. Census; for 2021-2024 per the 2020 U.S. Census for population 25 years of age and older

(3) Unemployment rates from the Texas Workforce Commission website ([www.twc.state.tx.us](http://www.twc.state.tx.us)).



**TABLE 18**

<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>
53,653	55,156	59,028	60,876	61,184	62,434
\$ 1,823,484	\$ 1,855,062	\$ 1,959,848	\$ 2,226,053	\$ 2,296,236	\$ 2,546,808
\$ 33,987	\$ 33,633	\$ 33,202	\$ 36,567	\$ 37,530	\$ 40,792
33.3	33.4	33.6	33.5	33.7	33.7
16.1%	16.1%	7.8%	7.8%	7.8%	7.8%
23.5%	23.5%	21.8%	21.8%	21.8%	21.8%
28.5%	28.5%	34.1%	34.1%	34.1%	34.1%
24.5%	24.5%	25.8%	25.8%	25.8%	25.8%
6.7%	6.7%	10.5%	10.5%	10.5%	10.5%
17,164	17,392	18,159	18,703	19,176	19,357
2.9%	6.7%	6.2%	2.7%	4.2%	4.1%

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS  
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)**

**TABLE 19**

Employer	2024			2015		
	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Wylie ISD	3,496	1	27.02%	1,878	1	21.93%
North Texas Municipal Water District	840	2	6.49%	604	2	7.05%
Extruders / Tower Extrusion	472	3	3.65%	275	6	3.21%
City of Wylie	451	4	3.49%	325	4	3.80%
Wal-Mart	335	5	2.59%	343	5	4.01%
Sanden Intl. (USA), Inc.	241	6	1.86%	450	3	5.26%
Kroger	240	7	1.85%	-	-	0.00%
Home Depot	240	8	1.85%	150	-	1.75%
Target	238	9	1.84%	170	-	1.99%
Avanti Windows & Doors	163	10	1.26%	-	7	0.00%
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,716</b>		<b>51.90%</b>	<b>4,195</b>		<b>48.99%</b>

Source: Wylie Economic Development Corporation

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
 FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM  
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

**TABLE 20**

Function/Program	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of Year End									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
<b>General Government</b>										
Management Services	14	14	15	16	18	18	18	20	20	21
Finance	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	8	8
Planning	5	6	6	6	5	3	3	3	3	3
Building	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5
Other	6	7	8	9	9	14	14	15	15	18
<b>Police</b>										
Officers	55	63	63	63	66	70	70	70	72	77
Civilian	8	8	9	11	11	12	17	21	23	26
<b>Fire</b>										
Firefighters and Officers	45	49	52	52	53	57	62	68	74	74
Civilians	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	7
Paramedics	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
EMT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
<b>Animal Control</b>										
Dispatch	11	12	13	13	14	14	15	16	16	16
Streets	13	16	17	18	18	19	20	21	21	22
<b>Other Public Works</b>										
Engineering	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	6	6	6
Other	11	11	11	11	14	14	15	11	11	13
<b>Parks and Recreation</b>										
Library	24	24	25	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
Water	15	15	19	19	19	16	16	16	16	17
Wastewater	6	6	6	7	9	11	12	12	12	12
EDC	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	6
<b>Total</b>	<u>287</u>	<u>310</u>	<u>322</u>	<u>335</u>	<u>343</u>	<u>362</u>	<u>377</u>	<u>400</u>	<u>410</u>	<u>457</u>

Source: City of Wylie annual budget book

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

Function/Program	2015	2016	2017	2018
<b>General Government</b>				
Building Permits Issued	484	433	667	617
Building Permits Value (thousands) (1) \$	106,488	\$ 107,516	\$ 201,540	\$ 155,666
<b>Police</b>				
Physical Arrests	973	1,385	1,026	1,333
Violations Issued	2,691	4,188	4,228	2,812
Warrants Issued	919	701	1,492	870
<b>Fire</b>				
Emergency Responses	4,168	4,311	4,478	4,755
Fires Extinguished	62	89	168	72
Inspections	1,980	2,039	2,150	2,724
<b>Other Public Works</b>				
Street Resurfacing (miles)	2	4	5	3
Potholes Repaired	18	43	44	81
<b>Parks and Recreation</b>				
Athletic Field Permits Issued	28	28	63	41
Pavilion/Gazebo Permits Issued	151	202	153	165
Recreation Facility Attendance	286,357	328,495	367,665	462,309
Baseball/Softball Fields	26	26	26	26
Soccer/Football/Cricket/Disc Golf Field	22	23	23	23
Basketball/Volleyball/Pickleball Courts	10	10	10	10
Pavilions/Gazebos	15	15	15	15
<b>Library</b>				
Volumes in Collection	103,544	109,392	114,715	140,905
<b>Water</b>				
New Connections	1,240	1,219	678	139
Water Main Breaks	3	4	-	1
Average Daily Consumption (gallons)	3,625,151	3,719,076	3,543,448	4,881,666

Source: City Departments

(1) Legislature passed a law that prohibits asking for value on permit application.

\* Covid related reduction in services

**TABLE 21**

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
443	500	577	402	397	297
\$ 242,535	\$ 242,535	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
815	666	710	799	818	879
2,117	1,791	2,065	1,724	2,443	2,833
642	250	159	790	1,203	1,017
4,879	4,840	5,708	5,726	5,767	6,097
85	107	109	157	127	125
2,478	3,242	2,948	2,319	2,416	1,838
3	0.25	0.9	2	2	3
138	183	283	403	420	580
37	28	62	116	118	167
153	75	163	142	160	103
509,083	249,028*	285,110*	330,187	381,305	392,192
26	26	26	26	24	24
23	23	23	23	23	23
10	10	10	10	12	12
15	17	17	17	17	21
151,864	156,824	166,059	167,444	171,233	173,814
165	252	268	321	596	698
7	6	6	5	4	8
3,980,000	3,791,394	3,882,015	3,463,902	4,436,853	5,106,487

**CITY OF WYLIE, TEXAS  
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

**TABLE 22**

Function/Program	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Function/Program										
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4
Other Public Works										
Streets (miles)	200	205	212	243	250	250	272	250	304	325
Alleys (miles)	42	42	42	42	42	42	26	33	34	42
Traffic Signals	21	24	25	26	26	26	27	27	26	26
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage	886	886	916	910	910	910	910	910	910	910
Playgrounds	15	17	18	18	19	19	19	23	23	23
Recreation Facilities	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Water										
Water Mains (miles)	157	158	161	161	185	225	198	188	190	191
Fire Hydrants	1,690	1,707	1,789	1,818	1,857	1,921	2,289	1,938	1,981	2,448
Number of service connections	14,134	15,353	16,031	16,171	17,103	17,499	17,470	17,643	18,388	18,512
Wastewater										
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	178	183	188	204	228	228	230	219	222	224
Education Wylie ISD										
Campuses in Wylie	19	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20

Source: City Departments