

Agenda

- Review funding principles
- Review expenditure and eligible use categories
- > Review changes resulting from Final Rule
- > Review of current allocation
- ➤ Next steps...



The American Rescue Plan Act established the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (CSLFRF) to ensure that governments have the resources to:

Support

Fight the pandemic and <u>support</u> families and businesses struggling with the **public health** and economic impacts

Maintain

Maintain vital public services, even amid declines in revenue

Build

Build a strong, resilient, and equitable recovery by making investments that support long-term growth and opportunity



Timeline

- CSLFRF funded March 2021
- Interim Final Rule issued in May 2021
- First tranche received June 30, 2021
- Final Rule issued January 2022
 - Effective April 1, 2022
 - Can operate under final rule now
- Second tranche to be received June 30, 2022



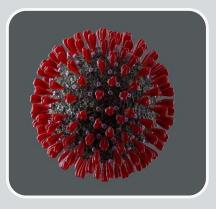
Expenditure Categories

0	
	blic Health
1.1	COVID-19 Vaccination ^
1.2	COVID-19 Testing ^
1.3	COVID-19 Contact Tracing
1.4	Prevention in Congregate Settings (Nursing Homes, Prisons/Jails, Dense Work Sites, Schools, etc.)*
1.5	Personal Protective Equipment
1.6	Medical Expenses (including Alternative Care Facilities)
1.7	Capital Investments or Physical Plant Changes to Public Facilities that respond to the COVID-19 public health emergency
1.8	Other COVID-19 Public Health Expenses (including Communications, Enforcement, Isolation/Quarantine)
1.9	Payroll Costs for Public Health, Safety, and Other Public Sector Staff Responding to COVID-19
1.10	Mental Health Services*
	Substance Use Services*
_	Other Public Health Services
Section 1	gative Economic Impacts
2.1	Household Assistance: Food Programs* ^
2.2	Household Assistance: Rent, Mortgage, and Utility Aid* ^
2.3	Household Assistance: Cash Transfers* ^
2.4	Household Assistance: Internet Access Programs* ^
2.5	Household Assistance: Eviction Prevention* ^
2.6	Unemployment Benefits or Cash Assistance to Unemployed Workers*
2.7	Job Training Assistance (e.g., Sectoral job-training, Subsidized Employment, Employment Supports or Incentives)* ^
2.8	Contributions to UI Trust Funds
2.9	Small Business Economic Assistance (General)* ^
2.10	Aid to Nonprofit Organizations*
2.11	Aid to Tourism, Travel, or Hospitality
2.12	Aid to Other Impacted Industries
2.13	Other Economic Support* ^
2.14	Rehiring Public Sector Staff
3: Se	rvices to Disproportionately Impacted Communities
3.1	Education Assistance: Early Learning* ^
3.2	Education Assistance: Aid to High-Poverty Districts ^
3.3	Education Assistance: Academic Services* ^
3.4	Education Assistance: Social, Emotional, and Mental Health Services* ^
3.5	Education Assistance: Other* ^
3.6	Healthy Childhood Environments: Child Care* ^
3.7	Healthy Childhood Environments: Home Visiting* ^
3.8	Healthy Childhood Environments: Services to Foster Youth or Families Involved in Child Welfare System* ^

3.9	Healthy Childhood Environments: Other* ^
3.10	Housing Support: Affordable Housing* ^
3.11	Housing Support: Services for Unhoused Persons* ^
3.12	Housing Support: Other Housing Assistance* ^
3.13	Social Determinants of Health: Other* ^
3.14	Social Determinants of Health: Community Health Workers or Benefits Navigators* ^
3.15	Social Determinants of Health: Lead Remediation ^
3.16	Social Determinants of Health: Community Violence Interventions* ^
4: Pr	emium Pay
4.1	Public Sector Employees
4.2	Private Sector: Grants to Other Employers
5: Inf	rastructure ²⁴
5.1	Clean Water: Centralized Wastewater Treatment
5.2	Clean Water: Centralized Wastewater Collection and Conveyance
5.3	Clean Water: Decentralized Wastewater
5.4	Clean Water: Combined Sewer Overflows
5.5	Clean Water: Other Sewer Infrastructure
5.6	Clean Water: Stormwater
5.7	Clean Water: Energy Conservation
5.8	Clean Water: Water Conservation
5.9	Clean Water: Nonpoint Source
5.10	Drinking water: Treatment
5.11	Drinking water: Transmission & Distribution
5.12	Drinking water: Transmission & Distribution: Lead Remediation
5.13	Drinking water: Source
5.14	Drinking water: Storage
5.15	Drinking water: Other water infrastructure
5.16	Broadband: "Last Mile" projects
5.17	Broadband: Other projects
6: Re	venue Replacement
6.1	Provision of Government Services
7: Ac	ministrative
7.1	Administrative Expenses
7.2	Evaluation and Data Analysis
7.3	Transfers to Other Units of Government
7.4	Transfers to Non-entitlement Units (States and territories only)







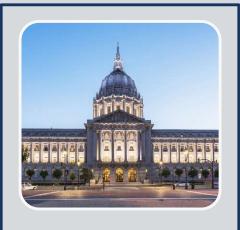


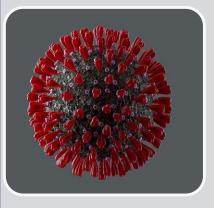


Replace Lost Public Sector Revenue Support the COVID-19
Public
Health and Economic
Response

Provide Premium Pay for Eligible Essential Workers











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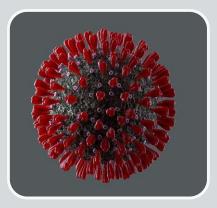


Public Sector Revenue

- Under IFR, had to calculate loss on a calendar year basis
 - Our original calculation was \$3.8M
- Standard allowance of up to \$10 million
- Can be used for government services
 - Generally, any service traditionally provided by the government with a few exceptions
- Warrenton's total allocation = \$10.4M











Replace Lost
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- Support the Public Health Response
 - COVID-19 Mitigation and Containment
 - Vaccination and testing programs
 - May also include certain capital expenditures, such as medical facilities devoted to COVID-19
 - Medical expenses
 - Expenses to households, medical providers and others
 - Can include unreimbursed expenses for COVID-19 testing or treatment and emergency medical response
 - Behavioral Healthcare
 - Prevention, treatment, harm reduction and recovery services
 - May include certain capital expenditures for behavioral health facilities and equipment
 - Preventing and Responding to Violence
 - Responses to communities that experienced increases in violence, such as community violence intervention programs and enforcement efforts to reduce gun violence



Assistance to Households

- Impacted
 - low and moderate income
 - < 300% of FPG (\$65,880) or< 65% of AMI (\$75,465)
 - experiencing unemployment or food or housing insecurity
 - households that qualify for certain federal programs (e.g. – CHIP, CCDF)
- Disproportionately impacted
 - low income
 - < 185% of FPG (\$40,626) or <
 40% of AMI (\$46,440)
 - households in QCTs
 - households that qualify for certain federal programs (e.g. - TANF, SNAP and others)

Assistance can include

- Food assistance
- Re-employment and job training
- Rent, mortgage, utility and other forms of assistance
- Home repairs and weatherization
- Financial services unbanked and underbanked
- Affordable housing development
- Permanent supportive housing
- Childcare, early learning, and learning loss assistance
- Addressing health disparities
- Addressing educational disparities
- Investment in neighborhoods to promote health outcomes
- Improvements to vacant/abandoned property



Assistance to Small Businesses

- <u>Impacted</u> experienced decreased revenue or gross receipts, financial insecurity, increased costs
- Small business is generally defined as < 500 employees

Can include

- Loans or grants to mitigate financial hardship
- Technical assistance, counseling or other business support services

Assistance to Non-Profits

 <u>Impacted</u> – experienced decreased revenue, financial insecurity, increased costs, increased need for services that was not compensated

Can include

- Loans or grants to mitigate financial hardship
- Technical or in-kind assistance or other assistance to mitigate negative economic impact



Aid to Impacted Industries

- Travel, Tourism, or Hospitality sectors
- Other industries if
 - Experienced 8% or greater employment loss
 - Is experiencing comparable or worse economic impacts compared to national travel, tourism, and hospitality sectors as of the date of the Final Rule and the impacts resulted from the COVID-19 public health emergency

Can include

- Aid to mitigate financial hardship, such as supporting payroll costs
- COVID-19 mitigation and infection prevention measures
- Technical assistance, counseling or other services to support business planning

Note: Aid limited to entities operating prior to the pandemic and affected by required closures and other efforts to contain the pandemic

Restore and Bolster Public Sector Capacity

- Payroll and benefits for public safety
 - Limited to the portion of time spent responding to COVID-19
- Government employment
 - Hiring up to 7.5% above pre-pandemic baseline
 - Maintaining compensation levels to prevent layoffs
 - Worker retention incentives, including reasonable increases in compensation
 - Funding for employees who experienced pay reductions or were furloughed
- Effective service delivery
 - Supporting use of evidence, program evaluation, data, and outreach
 - Providing administrative expenses for administration of programs that respond to COVID-19
 - Address administrative needs caused or exacerbated by the pandemic

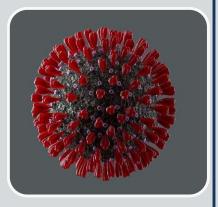


Invest in Capital Expenditures

- Subject to same related and reasonably proportional standard as other uses
- Must include written justification for expenditures > \$1M
 - Must explain why project is appropriate and why it is superior to other alternatives
 - Projects > \$10M must submit justification to Treasury
- Presumed eligible
 - Testing labs and equipment
 - Emergency operations center and equipment
 - Affordable housing
 - Childcare facilities
- Presumed ineligible
 - New correctional facilities
 - New congregate facilities
 - Convention centers, stadiums, other large capital projects for general economic development or aid to impacted industries











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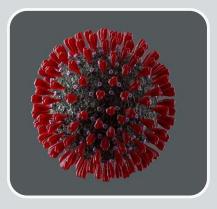


Premium Pay for Essential Workers

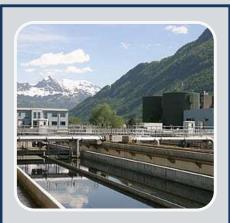
- Essential work involves regular in-person interactions or physical handling of items handled by others
- Pay can be flexibly awarded up to \$13 per hour in installments or lump sums
 - May not exceed \$25,000 for any single worker
 - Workers cannot be exempt from FLSA overtime rules
- Pay must respond to worker needs
 - Serves workers who:
 - Earn at or below 150% of their state or county's average annual wage, OR
 - Must provide a written justification of how it meets needs











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Water, Sewer and Broadband Infrastructure

- Water and Sewer Projects
 - Broad range of allowable costs for necessary investments
 - Under IFR, qualifying projects were those allowable under Clean Water and Drinking Water Acts
 - Final Rule
 - Clean Water Act
 - Drinking Water Act
 - Lead remediation
 - Stormwater infrastructure
 - Residential wells
 - Certain dam and reservoir rehabilitation



Restrictions on Use

- Funds may not be used for:
 - Debt service
 - Replenishing rainy day funds/reserves
 - Satisfaction of a settlement or judgment
 - Deposits into pension funds
 - To offset a tax cut
- Cannot violate Uniform Guidance conflict-ofinterest requirements or other applicable laws
- Cannot undermine COVID-19 mitigation practices in line with CDC guidance and recommendations



Match and Cost-Share

- Funds available under the revenue loss category may generally be used for nonfederal cost-share or matching requirements of other federal programs
- Funds not available under revenue loss may not be used for non-federal costshare or matching requirements



Procurement

- Procurement requirements in Uniform Guidance apply to the Funds
 - 2 CFR Part 200 Sections 317-327
 - Emergency procurements are specifically defined
- Cooperative procurements
 - Not prohibited
 - Must have been procured in accordance with requirements in Uniform Guidance
- Davis-Bacon Wage Rate Requirements generally will not apply

Reporting and Audit Impacts

- Quarterly reporting begins April 30, 2022
- Requires specific information on projects, expenditures, revenue loss and contracts and subawards over \$50,000
- Single Audit
 - Higher risk program
 - Focus on
 - Activities Allowed/Unallowed
 - Allowable Costs/Cost Principles
 - Period of Performance
 - Procurement, Suspension, and Debarment
 - Reporting
 - Subrecipient Monitoring



Spending Plan

DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT	NOTES
Sidewalk Construction	\$18,260	CIP T-23-003
Pedestrian Crossing – Blackwell & Moorhead	96,236	CIP T-23-004
Pedestrian Crossing Improvements	25,000	CIP T-23-005
Waterloo Speed/Safety Improvements	70,200	CIP T-23-006
Compensation Study	50,000	estimate
Administrative	312,000	3-year period
Semi-automated Refuse Trucks	597,374	
Water and Sewer Projects – HOLD	4,000,000	Under review
Parks and Recreation Projects - HOLD	2,000,000	
TOTAL PROPOSED	\$7,169,070	



Spending Plan

Balance of \$3,234,110 to allocate

Support

- Affordable Housing
- Economic Support
 - Travel, Tourism, and Hospitality
 - Other impacted sectors

Maintain

- Premium Pay
 - initial estimate based on different scenarios of \$300,000
 \$400,000

Build

 Updated CIP to be reviewed in context of Water and Sewer Rate Study and General Fund model

