Purpose

The purpose of this chapter is to guide employment uses, planning, and development in Tualatin. Tualatin's Buildable Lands Inventory and Economic Opportunities Analysis provide a basis for understanding the current trends and projected demand for new commercial and industrial land.

GOAL 4.1 Encourage commercial development that provides employment opportunities, as well as access to goods and services for residents, employees, and the general community. Ensure an adequate supply of employment land that is available and serviceable.

POLICY 4.1.1 LOCATION. Locate and design areas that allow commercial development in a manner that increases access to goods and services while minimizing traffic impacts, including the location of commercial services where accessible through transit and active transportation modes, the encouragement of mixed use development, and small neighborhood commercial nodes.

POLICY 4.1.2 CRITICAL SERVICES. Provide for the continued development of major medical services and other critical infrastructure within the City of Tualatin.

POLICY 4.1.3 DESIGN. Encourage functional and attractive commercial development through standards for site design and landscaping.

POLICY 4.1.4 MIXED USE. Encourage mixed use commercial and residential development.

POLICY 4.1.5 Plan for infrastructure development to support commercial and industrial development.

POLICY 4.1.6 Coordinate the City's Transportation System Plan with planning for employment and business growth.

Strategic Actions

- Evaluate potential opportunities to make more efficient use of commercial and industrial land.
- <u>Evaluate the establishment of a program to assist landowners to get their sites certified</u> <u>through the Business Oregon Certified Shovel Ready program.</u>
- Evaluate development of a civic center with a range of supportive and complementary <u>uses.</u>

GOAL 4.2: Encourage new industrial development <u>Support business retention</u>, growth, and <u>attraction</u> in ways that strengthen the local tax base and support Tualatin's industrial lands as a major local and regional employment center.

POLICY 4.2.1 Preserve and protect, with limited exceptions, the City's existing industrial land.

POLICY 4.2.2 Fully develop planned industrial areas, providing full transportation, sewer, and water services prior to or as development occurs.

POLICY 4.2.3 Cooperate with Washington County, Metro, and the State of Oregon to study the methods available for providing transportation, water, and sewer services to growing industrial areas.

POLICY 4.2.4 Support growth of existing businesses, including growth and retention of entrepreneurial businesses, in Tualatin.

Strategic Actions

- <u>Evaluate revision to the Economic Development Strategy to develop a clear vision for</u> <u>economic development, and create an action plan to implement the vision.</u>
- <u>Evaluate opportunities to revise City code and policy to attract or grow businesses with</u> pay at or above Tualatin's average wage.
- Evaluate use of incentives to retain, grow, and attract businesses.
- Evaluate opportunities to support workforce development.

GOAL 4.3 Manage industrial impacts to the environment and other uses.

POLICY 4.3.1 Cooperate with the Department of Environmental Quality and Metro to meet applicable air quality standards.

POLICY 4.3.2 Protect residential, commercial, and sensitive industrial uses from the adverse environmental impacts of industrial use.

POLICY 4.3.3 Protect adjacent land uses from noise and adverse environmental impacts by adopting industrial noise and environmental impact standards.

POLICY 4.3.4 Protect environmentally sensitive areas, including the Hedges Creek Wetland and Tonquin Scablands from adverse impacts of adjacent development.

POLICY 4.3.5 Encourage industrial firms to use co-generation as a means to utilize waste heat from industrial processes and consider solar access when designing industrial facilities.

POLICY 4.3.6 Protect wooded and other natural areas by requiring their preservation in a natural state or by integrating the major trees into the design of the parking lots, buildings, Goals & Policies or more formal landscaping areas of an industrial development. If it is necessary to remove a portion or all of the trees, require mitigation.

POLICY 4.3.7 Administer specific and enforceable architectural and landscape design standards for industrial development.

POLICY 4.3.8 Provide truck routes for industrial traffic that provide for efficient movement of goods while protecting the quality of residential areas.

GOAL 4.4: Identify redevelopment opportunities.

POLICY 4.4.1 Support and encourage redevelopment of mixed-use development.

Strategic Actions

- Evaluate zoning districts within Tualatin for redevelopment for housing and employment <u>uses.</u>
- <u>Evaluate revisions to the Tualatin Town Center Plan to focus on opportunities to support</u> <u>redevelopment.</u>
- <u>Evaluate revisions to the Tualatin Development Code to encourage redevelopment and</u> <u>intensification of uses in commercial and industrial areas.</u>

Planning District Objectives

This section describes the purpose of each planning district.

OTHER PLANNING DISTRICTS:

Basalt Creek Employment District (BCE)

The purpose of this district is to implement the goals of the Basalt Creek Concept Plan, to provide an environment conducive to the development and protection of employment uses that contribute to the local economy and support nearby residential uses. Such permitted uses must not cause objectionable noise, smoke, odor, dust, noxious gases, vibration, glare, heat, fire hazard or other wastes emanating from the property. The emphasis of the zone is on providing a variety of light manufacturing, office, and incubator space for established and emerging businesses, typically in a low-rise, flex-space development pattern. Retail uses are allowed but limited in intensity to maintain adequate employment development opportunities.

CHAPTER 65 BASALT CREEK EMPLOYMENT ZONE (BCE)

TDC 65.100. Purpose.

The purpose of this district is to implement the goals of the Basalt Creek Concept Plan, to provide an environment conducive to the development and protection of employment uses that contribute to the local economy and support nearby residential uses. Such permitted uses must not cause objectionable noise, smoke, odor, dust, noxious gases, vibration, glare, heat, fire hazard or other wastes emanating from the property. The emphasis of the zone is on providing a variety of light manufacturing, office, and incubator space for established and emerging businesses, typically in a low-rise, flex-space development pattern. Retail uses are allowed but limited in intensity to maintain adequate employment development opportunities.

TDC 65.200. Use Categories.

(1) Use Categories. Table 65-1 lists use categories Permitted Outright (P) or Conditionally Permitted (C) in the BCE zone. Use categories may also be designated as Limited (L) and subject to the limitations listed in Table 65-1 and restrictions identified in TDC 65.210. Limitations may restrict the specific type of use, location, size, or other characteristics of the use category. Use categories which are not listed are prohibited within the zone, except for uses which are found by the City Manager or appointee to be of a similar character and to meet the purpose of this zone, as provided in TDC 31.070.

USE CATEGORY	STATUS	LIMITATIONS AND CODE REFERENCES		
RESIDENTIAL USE CATEGORIES				
Household Living	C (L)	Conditional uses limited to a caretaker		
		residence when necessary for security		
		purposes.		
COMMERCIAL USE CATEGORIES				
Commercial Recreation	P (L)	Permitted uses limited to a health or		
		fitness facility as a limited use subject to		
		TDC 65.210(2) and (4).		
Eating and Drinking	P (L)	Eating and drinking establishments		
Establishments		without drive-up or drive-through		
		facilities limited subject to TDC 65.210(2).		
Marijuana Facilities	P (L)	Subject to TDC Chapter 80.		
Medical Office	P (L)	Subject to TDC 65.120(2).		
Office	P (L)	Permitted uses limited subject to TDC		
		65.210(1).		

Table 65-1 Use Categories in the BCE Zone

Other Educational and	P (L)	Permitted uses limited to:	
Vocational Services	P (L)		
Vocational Services		Correspondence, trade, or vocational	
		school as a limited use subject to TDC 65.210(2);	
		 Job training or related services as a limited use subject to TDC 65 210(2) 	
Retail Sales and Services		limited use subject to TDC 65.210(2).	
Retail Sales and Services	P (L)	Child day care center permitted subject to TDC 34 200	
		subject to TDC 34.200.	
		All other Retail Sales and Services	
		uses without drive-up or drive-	
		through facilities are permitted	
		subject to TDC 65.210(2) and (4).	
INDUSTRIAL USE CATEGORIES			
Light Manufacturing	P (L)	All uses Permitted outright except:	
		Machine shop;	
		Building, heating, plumbing and	
		electrical contractor's offices, with	
		on-site storage of equipment or	
		materials;	
		 Casting or fabrication of metals. 	
Warehouse and Freight	P (L)/C	Permitted uses limited to storage and	
Movement		distribution of goods produced on-site	
		subject to TDC 65.210(3).	
INFRASTRUCTURE AND UTIL	LITIES USE CATEGORIE	S	
Basic Utilities	Р	_	
Greenways and Natural	Р	-	
Areas			
Public Safety Facilities	C (L)		
Transportation Facilities	Р	-	
Wireless Communication	P (L)	Subject to maximum height and	
Facility		minimum setback standards defined by	
		TDC Chapter 73F.	

TDC 65.210. Additional Limitations on Uses.

- (1) Offices. Offices are a permitted use as specified below.
 - (i) Accessory Uses to an Industrial Use. Office uses accessory to a permitted light manufacturing use are permitted.

- (ii) *Limited Uses.* Office uses not accessory to a permitted light industrial use must not exceed 20,000 square feet on the development site.
- (2) Medical Office, Retail Sales and Services, Eating and Drinking Establishments, and/or Other Educational or Vocational Services. Except for Child Day Care Centers, permitted uses in these categories, as specified in Table 65-1, are subject to the following additional standards.
 - (a) *Maximum Size*. The use must not exceed 5,000 square feet for any individual use or a total of 20,000 square feet of uses on the site.
 - (b) *Location Standard*. The use or uses must be located on a lot, parcel or development site that has at least 200 feet of frontage on SW Graham's Ferry Road.
- (3) Warehouse and Freight Movement. All uses must be conducted wholly in conjunction with a Permitted light manufacturing use on the same lot, parcel or site, and facilitate the storage and distribution of goods produced on-site.
 - (a) *Permitted Uses.* Uses may not exceed more than 50% of the gross floor area of the Permitted light manufacturing use.
 - (b) *Conditional Uses*. A conditional use permit is required for uses in excess of 200% of the gross floor area of the Permitted light manufacturing use.
- (4) *Outdoor Uses.* All uses must be conducted wholly within a completely enclosed building, except as provided by this section.
 - (a) Permitted Uses. Off-street parking and loading, utility facilities, wireless communication facilities, outdoor play areas of child day care centers as required by state day care certification standards, and outdoor storage occupying less than ten (10) percent of the total site area, are permitted outright as outdoor uses.
 - (b) *Conditional Uses.* A conditional use permit is required for outdoor storage activity or mechanical equipment when proposed to occupy more than ten (10) percent of the total lot area when part of and necessary for the operation of any permitted use.

TDC 65.300. Development Standards.

Development standards in the BCE zone are listed in Table 65-2. Additional standards may apply to some uses and situations, see TDC 65.310.

STANDARD	REQUIREMENT	LIMITATIONS AND CODE REFERENCES			
LOT SIZE					
Minimum Lot Size	2 acres				
Minimum Lot Size for	10,000 square feet				
Standalone Commercial Uses					
LOT DIMENSIONS					
Flag Lots	-	Must be sufficient to comply with			
		minimum access requirements of TDC			
		73C.			
MINIMUM SETBACKS					
Minimum Building Setback	30 feet				
for Yards Adjacent to Streets					
or Alleys					
Minimum Building Setback	10 feet				
for Yards Adjacent to Streets					
for Commercial Uses					
Minimum Building Setback	30 feet				
for Yards Adjacent to					
Residential District, south of					
Tonquin Loop Road					
Minimum Setback for Side	10 feet	No minimum setback if adjacent to			
and Rear Yards not Adjacent		railroad right-of-way or spur track.			
to Streets or Alleys					
Parking and Circulation Areas	20 feet	No minimum setback required adjacent			
Adjacent to Public Right-of-		to joint access approach in accordance			
Way		with TDC 73C.			
Parking and Circulation Areas	10 feet	No minimum setback required adjacent			
Adjacent to Private Property		to joint access approach in accordance			
Line		with TDC 73C.			
Fences	10 feet	From public right-of-way.			
STRUCTURE HEIGHT					
Maximum Height	85 feet	Any portion of a structure within 100			
		feet of a residential zone shall be			
		limited to the maximum height of that			
		residential zone.			

Table 65-2 Development Standards in the BCE Zone

TDC 65.310. Additional Development Standards.

- (1) *Industrial Master Plan.* Minimum lot size, setbacks, maximum height, and other development standards may be modified by submittal of an Industrial Master Plan application. See TDC 33.050.
- (2) *Spur Rail Tracks.* Spur rail tracks are not permitted within 200 feet of an adjacent residential district.
- (3) *Wetland Conservation Lots.* Minimum lot size, width, or frontage requirement do not apply to wetland conservation lots.
- (4) Landscape Buffer Adjacent to Residential Uses. A minimum 10-foot-wide landscaped area, meeting the Type D standard described in Table 73B-2, must be located along property lines abutting residential zones.
- (5) Sound Barrier Construction. Sound barrier construction is required to mitigate the impact of noise associated with overhead doors and building mechanical equipment, including but not limited to heating, cooling, and ventilation equipment, compressors, waste evacuation systems, electrical transformers, and other motorized or powered machinery located on the exterior of a building. Sound barrier construction must conform to the following standards:
 - (a) Applicability. New construction, including additions or changes to existing facilities, must comply with the provisions of this section, as determined by the Architectural Review process. Where buildings or outdoor areas located on more than one parcel are all part of a single use as determined by the Architectural Review process, all of the parcels may be required to comply with the provisions of this section.
 - (b) *Distance from Residential Use*. Sound barriers must be used to intercept all straight-line lateral (direct line between two points) paths of 450 feet or less between a residential property within a residential planning district and:

(i) Any side edge of an overhead door or other doorway larger than 64 square feet, at a minimum height of eight feet above the floor elevation of the doorway; or

(ii) Any building mechanical device at a minimum height equal to the height of the mechanical object to be screened.

(c) *Exemption for Existing Structures.* Where existing structures (on or off site) are located such that they will reflect sound away from residential areas and will function as a sound barrier, on-site sound barrier construction must not be required, except that at the time such structures are removed, sound barrier construction must be required.

(d) Design. Sound barriers must consist of masonry walls or earth berms located so as to reflect sound away from, rather than toward, noise sensitive properties. This may include masonry wing walls attached to a building, detached masonry walls (such as the perimeter of the site), earth berms, or combinations of the three. Wing walls must be at least as tall as the tallest overhead door they are designed to screen where they meet the building. The height of the wall may be reduced along a maximum incline formed by a horizontal distance twice the vertical change in height, or 26.5 degrees from horizontal.

TDC 73B.020. - Landscape Area Standards Minimum Areas by Use and Zone.

The following are the minimum areas required to be landscaped for each use and zone:

Zone	Minimum Area Requirement*	Minimum Area Requirement with dedication for a fish and wildlife habitat*		
(1) RL, RML, RMH, RH and RH/HR zones— Permitted Uses	None	None		
(2) RL, RML, RMH, RH and RH/HR zones— Conditional Uses, except Small Lot Subdivisions	25 percent of the total area to be developed	20 percent of the total area to be developed		
(3) CO, CR, CC, CG, ML, MG, <u>and BCE</u> zones except within the Core Area Parking District—All uses	15 percent of the total area to be developed	12.5 percent of the total area to be developed		
(4) CO, CR, CC, CG, MUC, ML and MG zones within the Core Area Parking District—All uses	10 percent of the total area to be developed	7.5 percent of the total area to be developed		
(5) IN, CN, CO/MR, MC and MP zones—All uses	25 percent of the total area to be developed	22.5 percent of the total area to be developed		
(6) Industrial Business Park Overlay District and MBP—must be approved through Industrial Master Plans	20 percent of the total area to be developed	Not applicable		
* For properties within the Hedges Creek Wetland Protection District which have signed the "Wetlands Mitigation Agreement," the improved or unimproved wetland buffer area may reduce the required landscaping to 12.5 percent as long as all other landscape requirements are met.				