

CFEC Walkable Design Standards

February 10, 2025 – Work Session





Agenda

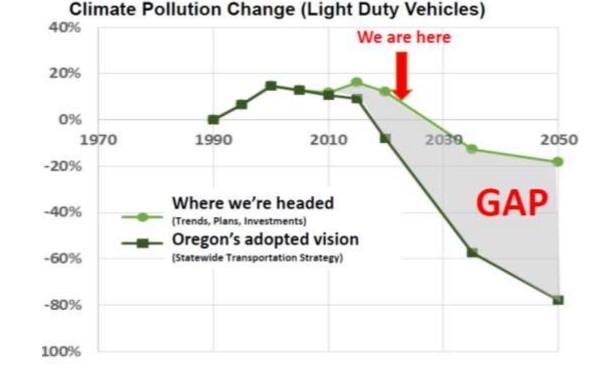
- CFEC summary
- Project objectives and limits
- Overview of model code concepts
- Stakeholder outreach & feedback
- Questions / Next Steps



What is CFEC?

Climate-Friendly and Equitable Communities

- Response to Executive Order No. 20-04 and Oregon Revised Statute 468A.205
- State mandate to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from transportation
- Walkable Design Standards are implemented through Oregon Administrative Rules 660-012-0330

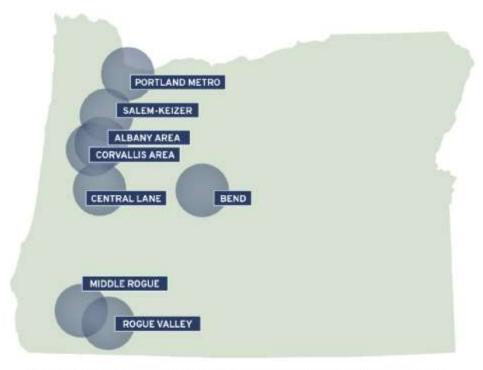


Where does CFEC apply?

• Applies to 8 metropolitan regions in Oregon

What are the components of CFEC?

- ✓ Designate Climate-Friendly Areas Metro 2040 Growth Concept
- ✓ Parking Reform Ordinance No. 1486-24
- Transportation System Plan Update
 Walkable Design Standards



The CFEC program applies to regions with populations over 50,000 people.

Why include walkable design standards?



PEDESTRIAN-ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT

lowering transportation pollution.

DEVELOPMENT Design that focuses on pedestrians reduces dependence on driving,



Design that integrates multiple transportation modes on an efficient network reduces travel times and encourages walking, bicycling, and transit use.



COMPACT DEVELOPMENT

Design that concentrates development and density reduces distances between homes, workplaces, shops and services.

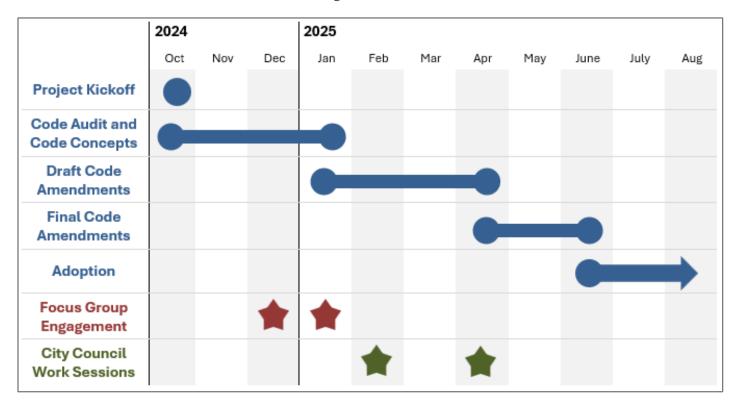


Source: Oregon CFEC Walkable Design Standards Guidebook (Draft)

When do CFEC rules apply?

- On or before any major update to the Transportation System Plan
 TSP adoption is anticipated in late spring/early summer
- An extension for this project will be requested through DLCD

Walkable Design Standards Project Timeline

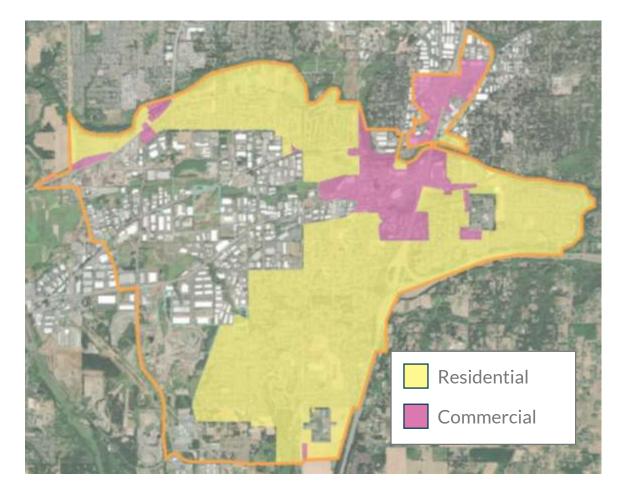


Objectives/Limits

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Walkable design standards must apply to:

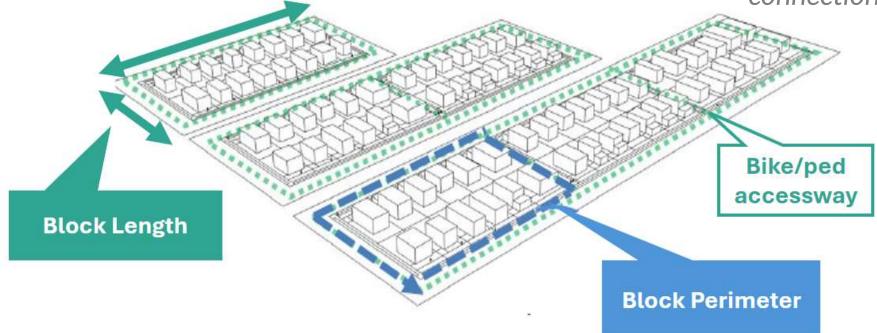
- New development and redevelopment (NOT existing development)
- Private property (NOT public right-of-way)
- Compact development pattern (NOT density)
- All commercial and residential zoning districts (NOT industrial zoning districts)
 - $\circ~$ Block length and street grid
 - Setback and lot coverage
 - Building entrances
 - Driveway widths and separation
 - Parking lot location
 - Auto-oriented land uses (drive-through uses)



Code Concepts

Block Lengths

Smaller blocks support better walkability and connectivity because you don't have to travel as far out of the direction you want to go. Bike/ped accessways can be used to foster connectivity where a vehicle connection cannot be made.



Code Concepts

Maximum Setback & Building Entrances



Limiting the distance a building and entrance can be setback from the street, so that the building and its entrance are closer to, and oriented towards the street, promotes a welcoming walking environment that is visually interesting and accessible.



Parking Lot Locations

Placing vehicle parking and circulation behind, or to the side, of buildings emphasizes a cohesive, safe, and enjoyable walking experience. This orientation also enables the building to be moved closer to the street, creating more visual interest.



Code Concepts

Auto Oriented Uses



The model code requires a walk-up service area, separate from drivethrough lanes supports a safer walkable environment. CFEC does not prohibit drive-through uses. However, the City could consider further restricting or prohibiting drivethrough uses in the MUC zone, the Central Tualatin Overlay Zone, and/or Central Design District.

Stakeholder Feedback

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Two focus groups were held in December to discuss the model code concepts. Members included:

- Members of the TSP Community Advisory Committee
- Real estate and development professionals who work within Tualatin

Key Takeaways

- Development group encouraged flexibility in the code standards
- General support for shorter block lengths and improved connectivity
- Interest in midblock pedestrian access but concern over safety, maintenance, and comfort
- Support for reducing front setbacks
- Support for residential entry orientation on lower traffic streets
- Support for parking location standards for new development



Conclusion

Recap

- Mandatory rulemaking required with TSP update
- CFEC rules have limited flexibility; the model code provides some guidance

Questions for Council

- Is there general support for the code concepts?
- Are any of the concerns raised by the stakeholder groups shared?
- Are additional clarifications of the code concepts desired?

Next Steps

• Staff plans to present a draft code to Council at a work session in April



