

Utility Rate Study







Summary of findings

- » Sewer
 - Revenue requirement
 - Cost of service
 - Rate design
- » Water
 - Revenue requirement
 - Rate design
- » System Development Charges
 - Water
 - Sewer

Discussion/Questions

Sewer Summary

Sewer Rate Increases:

- » 10% annual rate increase for 2024-2025
- » Re-evaluate rates for 2026 depending on developer extension decision

Cost of Service Options:

- » Explore options to improve equity between class
 - Define duration and constraints of phasing in results
- » Apply rates on a system-wide basis

Rate Design Options:

- » Across the Board rate increases
- » Scenario 1: Fully eliminate the usage allowance
- » Scenario 2: Reduce the usage allowance
- » Other options to be explored?



Step 3: Allocate Costs to Customer Classes

Class	20	025 Rates at ATB	2025 Cost of Service	D	\$ Pifference	% Difference
Single Family	\$	752,844	\$ 573,113	\$	(179,731)	-23.9%
Multi-Family		622,185	576,776		(45,409)	-7.3%
Comm - Low		223,317	132,122		(91,195)	-40.8%
Comm - Medium		74,976	77,460		2,484	3.3%
Comm - High		69,528	209,140		139,612	200.8%
Comm - Very High		31,277	205,516		174,239	557.1%
Total	\$	1,774,128	\$ 1,774,128	\$	_	0.0%

Note: ±5% of average is within cost of service

Paying More

» Single Family

- » Multi-Family
- » Commercial Low

Within Cost of Service

» Commercial - Medium

Paying Less

- » Commercial High
- » Commercial Very High

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5 Year Phase-In Scenario

System-Wide Increase	10.00%	10.00%	3.50%	3.50%	3.00%			
Constraint Maximum	20.00%	20.00%	7.00%	7.00%	6.00%			
Class	Annual Class Specific Rate Increase							
Class	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028			
Single Family	9.90%	9.90%	3.50%	3.50%	3.00%			
Multi-Family	9.90%	9.90%	3.50%	3.50%	3.00%			
Comm - Low	6.00%	6.00%	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%			
Comm - Medium	10.00%	10.00%	3.50%	3.50%	3.00%			
Comm - High	20.00%	20.00%	7.00%	7.00%	6.00%			
Comm - Very High	20.00%	20.00%	7.00%	7.00%	6.00%			

Scenario constraints:

- » Maximum increase twice ATB increase
- » Single Family and Multi-Family balance the revenue requirement

Results:

- » Begins increasing equity between classes
- » Focuses on increasing costs for higher BOD customer classes

High and Very High Businesses (20)

54-40 Brewing Company

Big River Grill

La Casa de Sabor (closed)

Gotta' Hava' Java'

Scoopy's

Subway

Bigfoot Coffee Roasters

Main Street

Moon River Home & Living

Red Bluff Tap House

Rock Creek Tavern LLC

The Cabin

Clark and Lewie's

Walking Man Brewing LLC

A&J Select Market

El Rio

Eagles Lodge

LDB Beverage

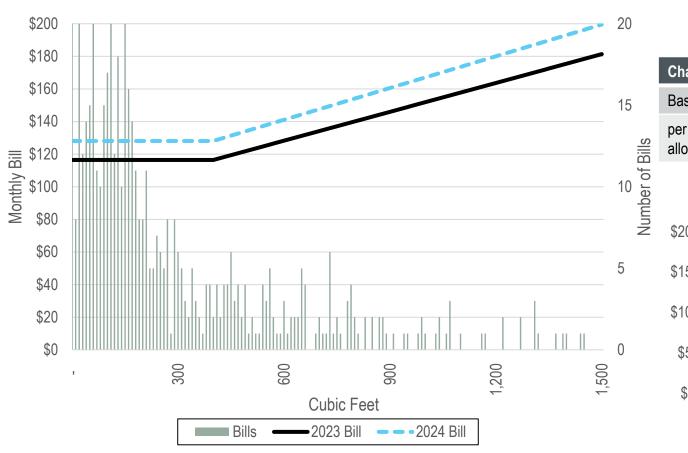
Backwoods Brewing

Skunk Brothers

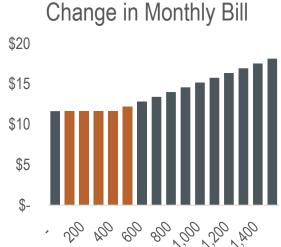


Across the Board Rate Increases

3/4" Commercial – Low* Bill Comparison



Charge	2023	ATB
Base	\$116.46	\$128.11
per cf after allowance	\$0.059	\$0.065

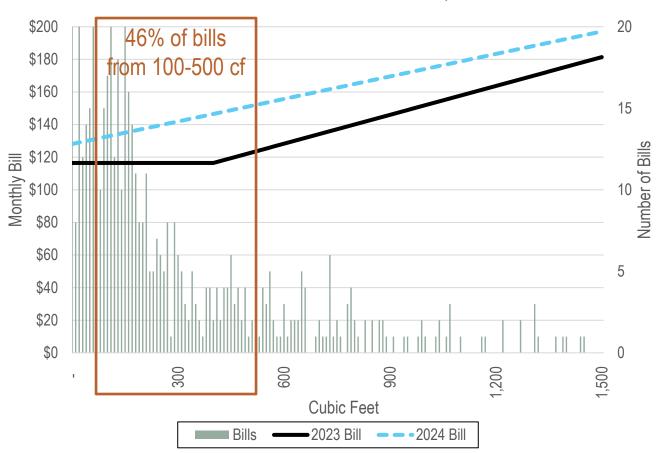


^{*}Commercial shown as residential is only charged on a fixed basis Note: independent of Cost of Service Analysis.

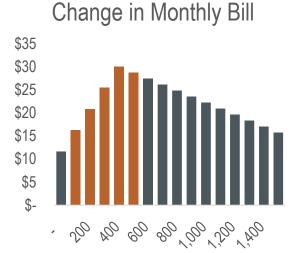


Scenario 1: Fully Remove Allowance

3/4" Commercial – Low* Bill Comparison



Charge	2023	Scenario 1
Base	\$116.46	\$128.11
per cf for all usage	\$0.059	\$0.046

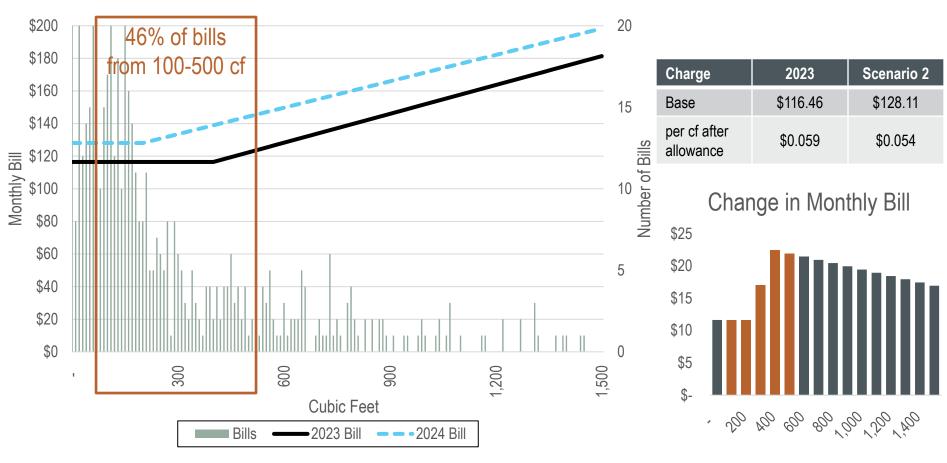


^{*}Commercial shown as residential is only charged on a fixed basis Note: independent of Cost of Service Analysis.



Scenario 2: Half Removal of Allowance

3/4" Commercial – Low* Bill Comparison



^{*}Commercial shown as residential is only charged on a fixed basis Note: independent of Cost of Service Analysis.



3/4" Commercial – Low Bills by Usage

Usage	2023	ATB	\$ Change	Scenario 1	\$ Change	Scenario 2	\$ Change
0	\$116.46	\$128.11	\$11.65	\$128.11	\$11.65	\$128.11	\$11.65
300	\$116.46	\$128.11	\$11.65	\$141.91	\$25.45	\$133.51	\$17.05
600	\$128.26	\$141.11	\$12.85	\$155.71	\$27.45	\$149.71	\$21.45
750	\$137.11	\$150.86	\$13.75	\$162.61	\$25.50	\$157.81	\$20.70
900	\$145.96	\$160.61	\$14.65	\$169.51	\$23.55	\$165.91	\$19.95
1200	\$163.66	\$180.11	\$16.45	\$183.31	\$19.65	\$182.11	\$18.45
1500	\$181.36	\$199.61	\$18.25	\$197.11	\$15.75	\$198.31	\$16.95

City Hall Statistics:

» Winter: 235 cf

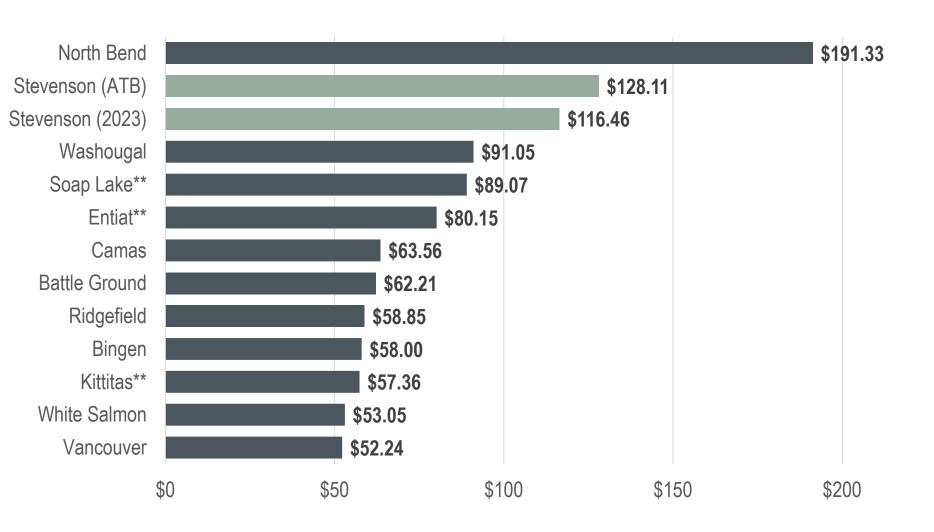
» Summer: 440 cf

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Slide 10



Single Family Sewer Monthly Rate Comparison*



^{*}Assumes 750 cf monthly usage if applicable

^{**}Similar sized population

Water Summary

Water Rate Increases:

» 7% annual revenue increases for 2024-2028

Rate Design Options:

- » Across the Board rate increases
- » Scenario 1: Fully eliminate the usage allowance
- » Scenario 2: Reduce the usage allowance
- » Other options to be explored?

Water Rate Design Options

Scenario 1

Fully Remove Allowance

» Customers billed for all usage

Advantages:

» Users have more control over bills

Things to Consider:

- » Utility revenue relies more on usage rates
- » Lower users charged for usage not previously billed

Scenario 2

Cut the allowance in half

» Monthly allowance now 200 cf*

• Advantages:

Finds a balance between current rate design and Scenario 1

Things to Consider:

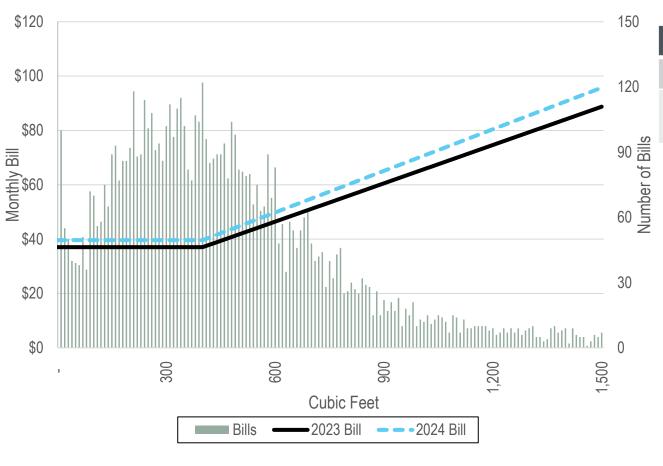
» Customers near original allowance now paying for half their usage

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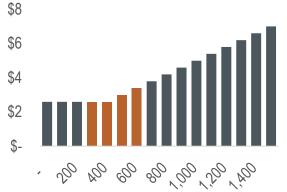
Across The Board (ATB) Bill Comparisons

Single Family Bill Comparison



Charge	2023	ATB
Base	\$37.04	\$39.63
per cf after allowance	\$0.047	\$0.051

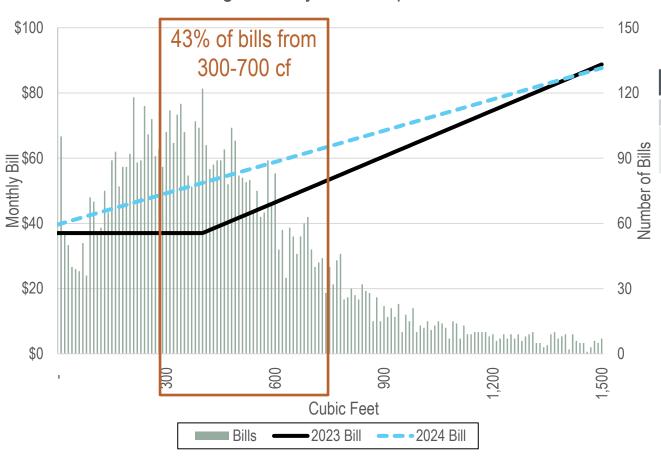






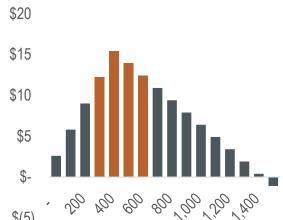
Scenario 1: Fully Removed Allowance

Single Family Bill Comparison



Charge	2023	Scenario 1
Base	\$37.04	\$39.63
per cf for all usage	\$0.047	\$0.032

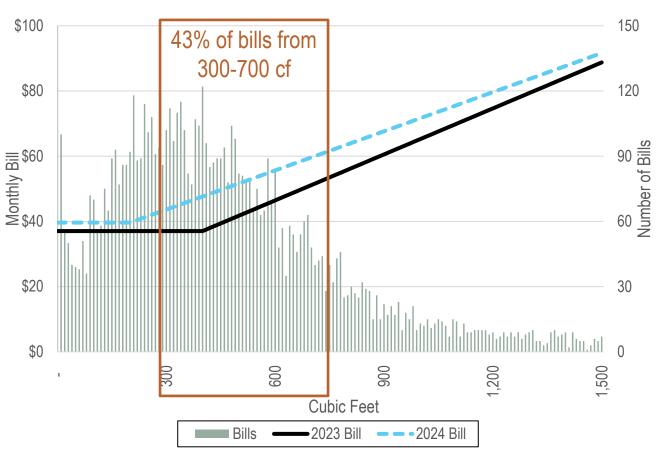
Change in Monthly Bill





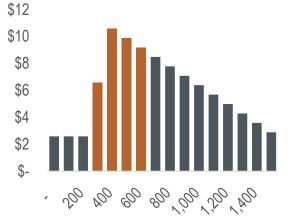
Scenario 2: Remove Half of Allowance

Single Family Bill Comparison



Charge	2023	Scenario 2
Base	\$37.04	\$39.63
per cf after allowance	\$0.047	\$0.040

Change in Monthly Bill





Single Family Bills by Usage

Usage (cf)	2023	ATB	\$ Change	Scenario 1	\$ Change	Scenario 2	\$ Change
0	\$37.04	\$39.63	\$2.59	\$39.63	\$2.59	\$39.63	\$2.59
300	\$37.04	\$39.63	\$2.59	\$49.23	\$12.19	\$43.63	\$6.59
600	\$46.44	\$49.83	\$3.39	\$58.83	\$12.39	\$55.63	\$9.19
750	\$53.49	\$57.48	\$3.99	\$63.63	\$10.14	\$61.63	\$8.14
900	\$60.54	\$65.13	\$4.59	\$68.43	\$7.89	\$67.63	\$7.09
1200	\$74.64	\$80.43	\$5.79	\$78.03	\$3.39	\$79.63	\$4.99
1500	\$88.74	\$95.73	\$6.99	\$87.63	(\$1.11)	\$91.63	\$2.89

Average Usage Statistics:

Winter: 470 cf

» Summer: 960 cf

Median Usage Statistics:

» Winter: 380 cf

» Summer: 580 cf



Residential Water Monthly Rate Comparison*



^{*}Assumes 750 cf monthly usage

^{**}Similar sized population

SDC Summary

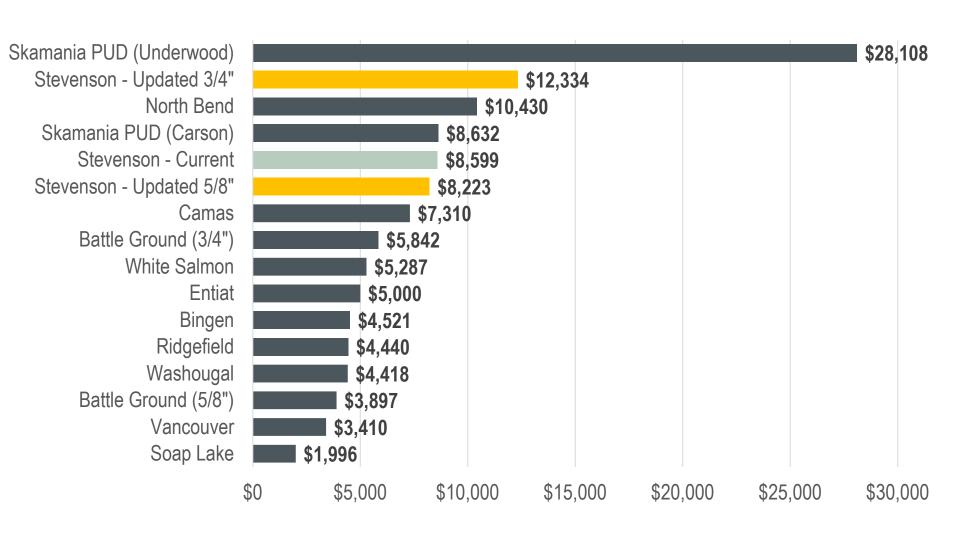
Water

- » Maximum \$12,334 per MCE
- » Lower charge?

Sewer

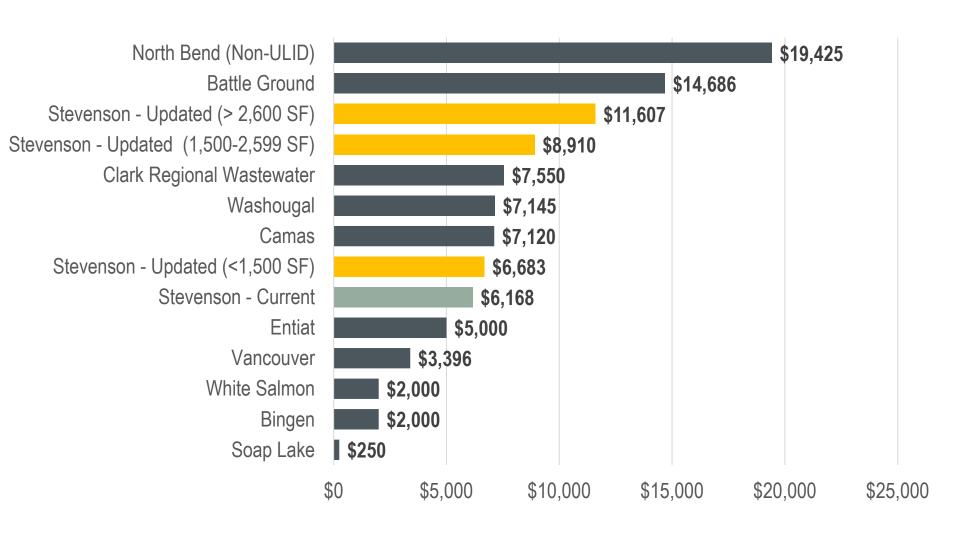
- » Maximum \$8,910 per ERU
 - \$5,966 per flow ERU
 - \$2,944 per BOD ERU
- » Lower charge?
- Establish scalable residential options?

Water SDC per Residential Unit





Sewer SDC per Residential Unit



Water SDC Calculation



Maximum \$12,334 per
 Meter Capacity
 Equivalent (MCE*)

Fixture Units	Residential Charge
5/8" : < 25 Fixture Units	\$8,223
3/4" : < 55 Fixture Units	\$12,334
1": < 130 Fixture Units	\$20,556

Meter Size	Charge
3/4"	\$12,334
1"	\$20,556
1 1/2"	\$41,113
2"	\$65,781
3"	\$123,339
4"	\$205,565
6"	\$411,130



Sewer SDC Calculation by Component



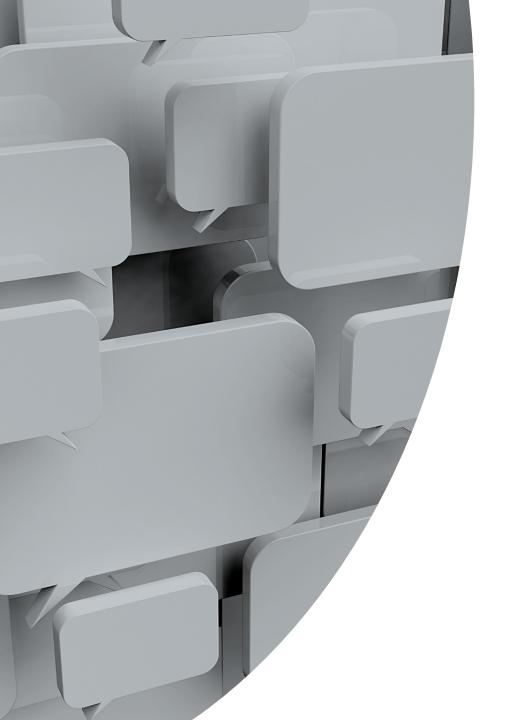
House Size	Residential Charge
< 1,500 SqFt	\$6,683
1,500 – 2,599 SqFt	\$8,910
>2,600 SqFt	\$11,607

Component	Non-Res Unit Charge
Flow (gallon)	\$14.88
BOD (pound)	\$5,666

Non-Residential Examples

- Medium Laundry Mat 4,100 cf per month
 - » 1,000 gallons and 3.76 pounds of BOD per day
 - » \$36,184 (\$14,880 flow, \$21,304 for BOD)
- High Restaurant 2,000 cf per month
 - » 500 gallons and 5.42 pounds of BOD per day
 - » \$38,150 (\$7,440 flow, \$30,710 for BOD)
- Very High Brewery 10,150 cf per month into the sewer system
 - » 2,500 gallons and 52.16 pounds of BOD per day
 - » \$332,739 (\$37,200 flow, \$295,539 for BOD)

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Input Discussion Next Steps

Thank you!

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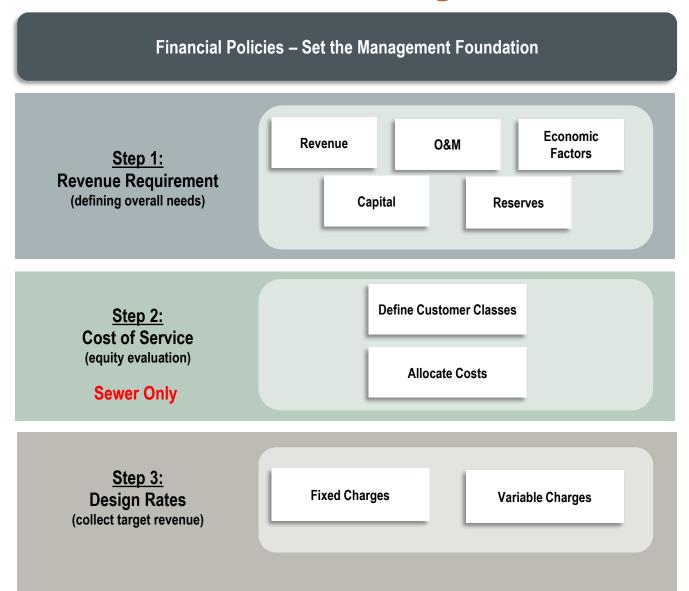
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Appendix Slides



Overview of Rate Setting Process



Step 1: Revenue Requirement Overview

- Determine the amount of annual revenue necessary
 - » Operating and maintenance expenses
 - » Debt service (principal & interest)
 - » Capital costs
- Meet financial parameters and targets
 - » Debt service coverage ratios
 - » Maintain reserve balances
- Evaluate revenue sufficiency over multi-year period
- Develop rate plan to balance financial needs and minimize customer impacts

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Step 2: Cost of Service Overview

- An equitable distribution of cost shares that considers utility specific data:
 - » Measures of usage and demand
 - » Planning, engineering and design criteria
 - » Facility requirements
- Total cost by class (equity)

 Fundamental question: Do cost differences exist to serve different customer classes?



Step 3: Rate Design Overview

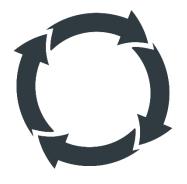
Development of fixed and variable charges assessed to customers



Aligns fixed and variable costs with fixed and variable revenue sources



Generates sufficient revenue to meet utility requirements



Meet goals and objectives of the utility (e.g., conservation)



Evaluate monthly rate impact for different levels of use



Key Assumptions and Policies

Key Assumptions

- Rate setting period 2024-2028
 - » Financial model will evaluate twenty-year timeframe
- Rate revenues forecasted based on 2020-2022 customer data plus the adopted 2023 rate increase
- Customer growth
 - » ~1% system-wide; different growth rates applied to different classes
- Expenses based on 2023 budget and staff input
 - » Costs escalated by various inflationary factors (~3.1% average increase)
- In process loan draws and recently awarded low-interest loans forecasted

Fiscal Policy Targets

Help guide the financial management of the City

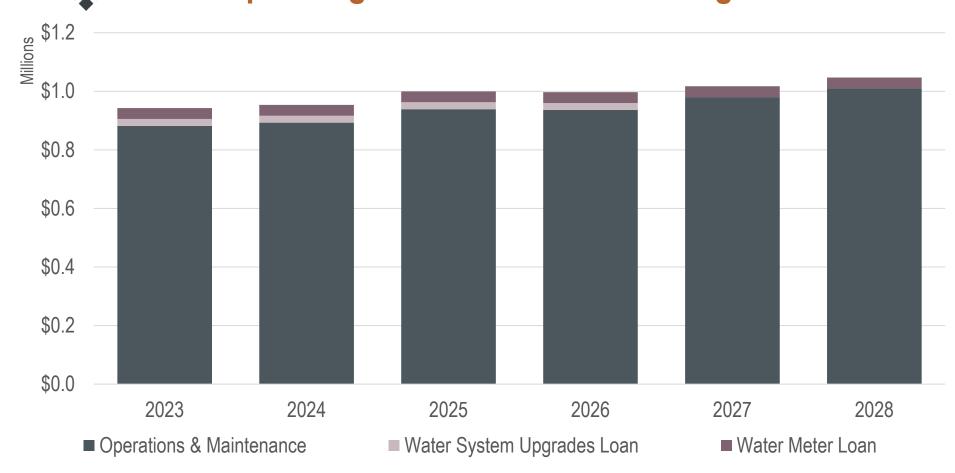
Policy	Purpose	Target
Operating Reserve	To provide sufficient cash flow to meet daily operating expenses (short-term, annual revenue cycles)	Water: 60-90 days of O&M Sewer: 45-60 days of O&M
Capital Reserve	To provide a source of funding for emergency repairs, unanticipated capital, and project cost overruns.	Minimum Target: greater of \$100,000 or 1% of assets in service
Debt Service Coverage	To ensure compliance with existing loan/debt covenants and maintain credit worthiness for future debt issuance.	Minimum Bond Covenant Requirement 1.25



Water Findings



Water Operating Forecast – Current Obligations



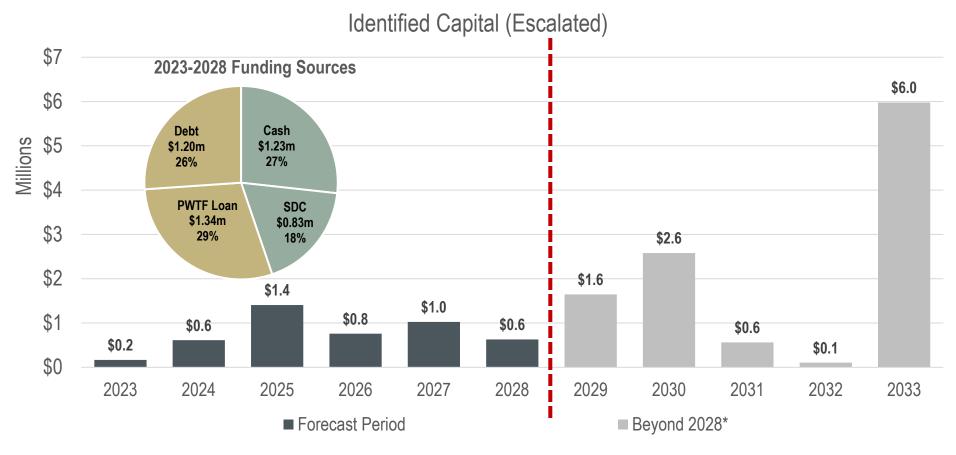
O&M Expenses

- » \$880,000 in 2023
- » \$1.0 million by 2028

Existing Debt Service

- » \$61,000 annually from 2023-2026
- » \$37,000 annually in 2027 & 2028

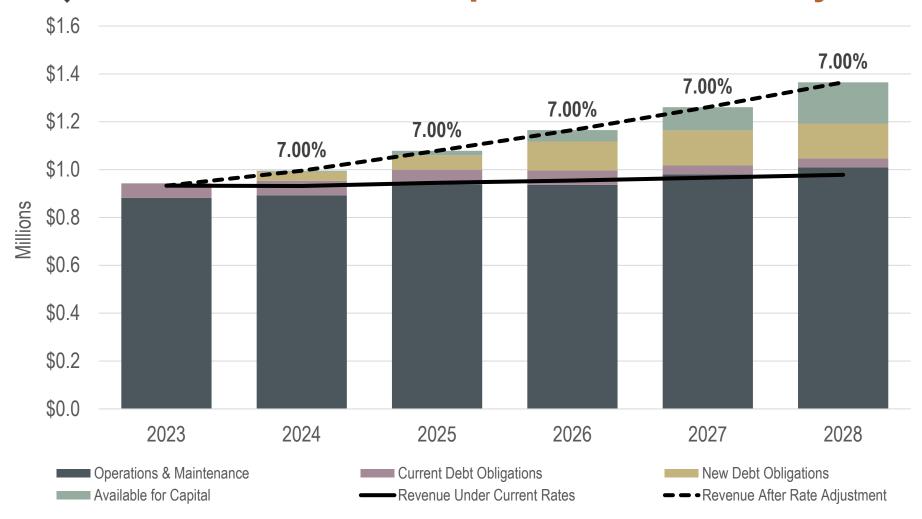
Water Capital Funding Strategy



\$14.5 million in capital projects identified from 2023-2033

- » 30% (\$4.6m) projected during the rate setting period
 - Rates set in preparation for capital beyond 2028

Water Revenue Requirement Summary



Annual 7% increases required to fund the capital program

Current Water Rates

Charge	2023 Rate						
Fixed Charge							
3/4"	\$37.04						
1"	\$60.79						
1 1/2"	\$146.72						
2"	\$282.98						
3"	\$508.52						
4"	\$610.12						
6"	\$1,625.27						
per Unit*	\$37.04						
Variable Charge (after 400* cf Allowance)							
per cf	\$0.047						

^{*}half for transient lodging

Fixed Charge

- » Base fee is charged to all customers
- » Charge scales based on capacity available to the customer

Variable Charge

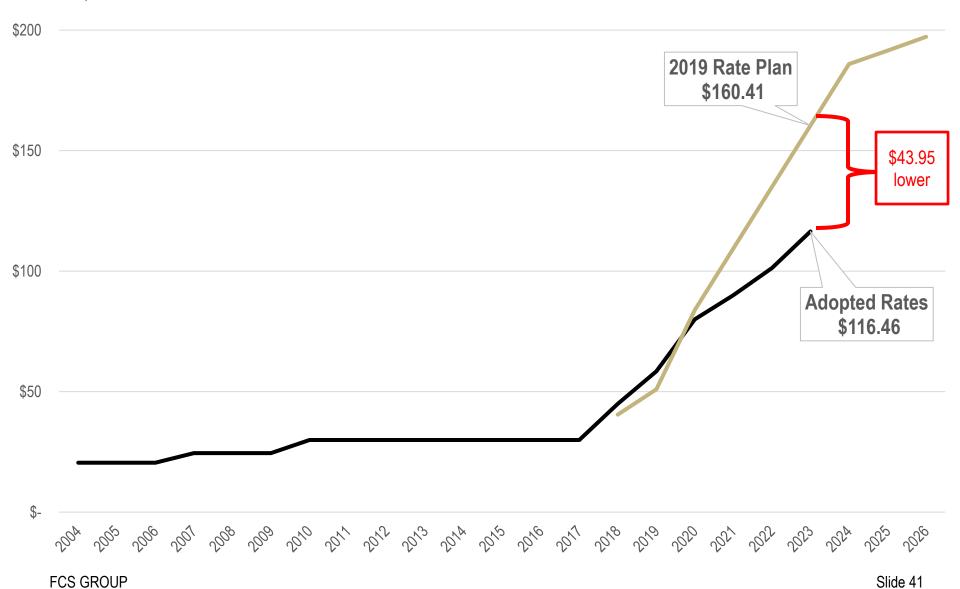
- » No charge for first 400 cf (≈3,000 gallons) of usage
- » Uniform charge per cf for all usage above allowance



Sewer Findings

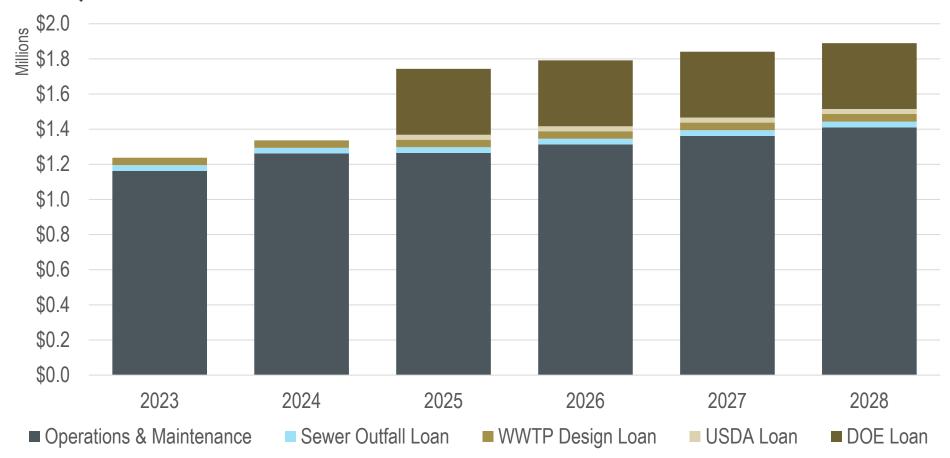


Historical vs Forecasted Residential Rates





Sewer Operating Forecast – Current Obligations



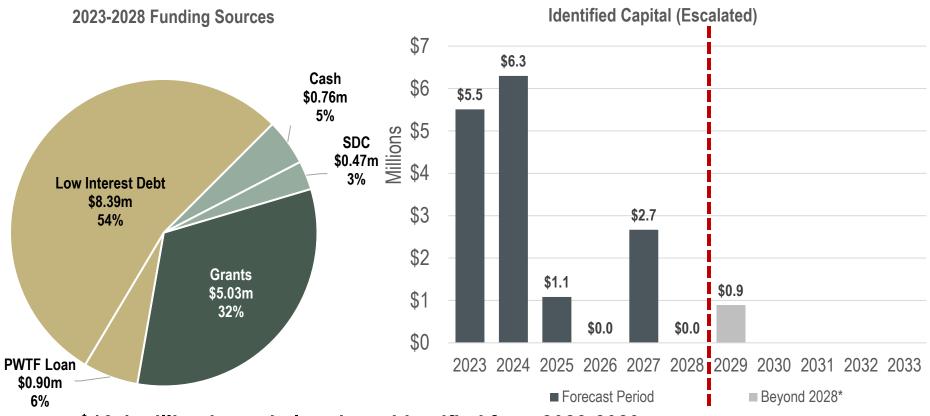
O&M Expenses

- » \$1.2 million in 2023
- » \$1.4 million by 2028

Existing Debt Service

- » \$75,000 annually from 2023 and 2024
- » \$475,000 annually in 2025-2028

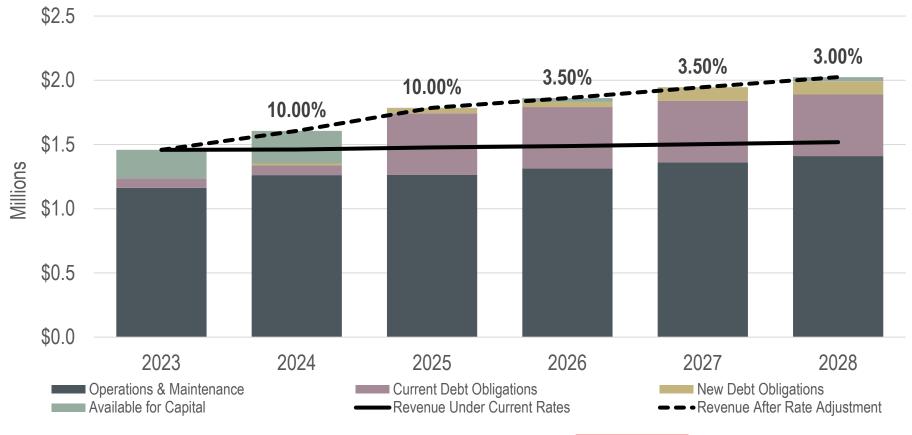
Sewer Capital Funding Strategy



- \$16.4 million in capital projects identified from 2023-2029
 - » 95% (\$15.5m) projected during the rate setting period
 - 32% of remaining capital needs funded through grants
 - 60% of remaining capital through 2028 funded through low interest loans



Sewer Revenue Requirement Summary



Sample Bill	Е	Existing		2024 2025		2026		2027			2028	
Proposed Increases		10.00% 10.00%		3.50%		3.50%		3.00%				
Sample Residential Bill*	\$	116.46	\$	128.11	\$	140.92	\$	145.85	\$	150.95	\$	155.48
\$ Difference			\$	11.65	\$	12.81	\$	4.93	\$	5.10	\$	4.53
		2019 Rate Update =					\$	197.23				
FCS GROUP							\$51	.28 lower				Slide 4

Alternative Rate Scenarios

Extend sewer collections lines to areas currently not served by the City

• Project costs:

- A. Scenario 1: City rate-payers fund the extensions
- B. Scenario 2: Developers fund the extensions

Major Assumptions:

- » All identified customers connect when sewer service is available
- » No SDC revenues charged to septic conversion customers

Rate Scenarios

» Additional Customers:

	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037
Additional Customers	20	-	27	-	20	-	26	-	17	-	10

» Additional Cost (escalated):

	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037
Millions	\$0.8	\$ -	\$2.8	\$ -	\$3.1	\$ -	\$4.6	\$ -	\$2.1	\$ -	\$4.4

» Result

Scenario	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Status Quo Rate Plan	10.0%	10.0%	3.5%	3.5%	3.0%
City Rate-Payer Funded	10.0%	10.0%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%
Developer Funded	10.0%	10.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%

- City rate-payer funded extensions would require 1.5% higher annual increases from 2026-2037
 - » This analysis is independent of any capital beyond 2029

Cost of Service Process

Step 1: Allocate total utility costs to cost pools

Sewer Utility Functions*

- Customer
- Collection
- Treatment (Flow)
- Treatment (BOD)
- Step 2: Develop allocation factors using class specific information
- Step 3: Allocate costs to customer classes

^{*} Industry Standard Methodologies; Water Environment Federation Financing and Charges for Wastewater Systems Manual 27

Customer Class Designations

Single Family

- » Single Family Residential
- » Seniors

Multi-Family

- » Multi-Family Residential
- » Multi-Family Transient

Commercial – Low

- » Public Facilities
- » General Retail
- » Offices

Commercial – Medium

- » Schools
- » Laundromat

Commercial – High

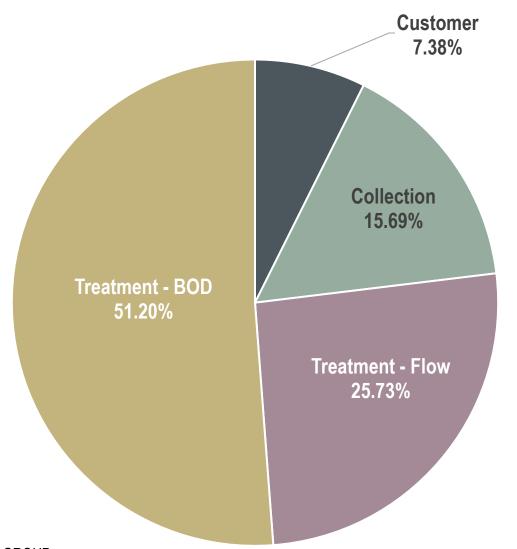
- » Coffee Shop
- » Bakery
- » Restaurant

Commercial – Very High

- » Brewery
- » Dairy
- » Industrial w/ Process Discharge



Step 1: Allocate Sewer Costs to Cost Pools



Customer:

Administrative, billing and customer service costs

Collection:

Maintenance of collection lines and pumping to transport sewage to treatment plant

Treatment - Flow:

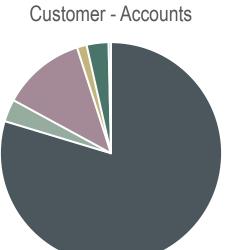
Cost related to treating the flow component at the treatment plant

Treatment - BOD:

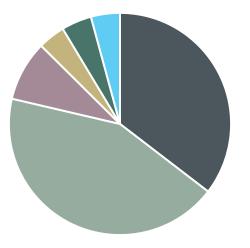
Cost related to treating the BOD component at the treatment plant



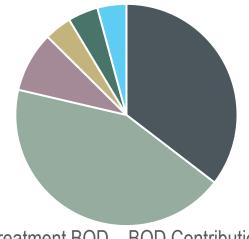
Step 2: Develop Allocation Factors



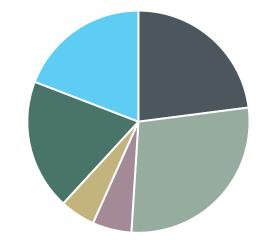
Treatment Flow – Sewer Flow



Collection – Sewer Flow



Treatment BOD – BOD Contribution



Single Family

Multi-Family

Commercial - Low

Commercial - Medium

Commercial - High

Commercial – Very High

- Single Family has 80% of accounts but only 35% of sewer flow
- Multi-Family is only 3% of the accounts but contributes over 40% of the sewer flow
- Commercial High and Very High has less than 4% of accounts and only 9% of sewer flow but contributes 38% of the BOD to the treatment plant



Current Sewer Rates

Charge	2023 Rate					
Fixed Charge						
Single Family	\$116.46					
Multi-Family (per unit)*	\$116.46					
Non-Residential						
3/4"	\$116.46					
1"	\$242.05					
1 1/2"	\$360.65					
2"	\$545.54					
3"	\$782.72					
4"	\$1,019.90					
6"	\$1,684.03					
Variable Charge (after 400*	cf Allowance)					
Flow per cf	\$0.059					
BOD Concentration (charg	e per cf)					
Medium	\$0.023					
High	\$0.047					
Very High	\$0.092					

Fixed Charge

- Base fee is charged to all customers
- Charge scales based on capacity available to the customer using water meter size

Variable Charge

Only applies to nonresidential

BOD Charge

Based on commercial use category



System Development Charges

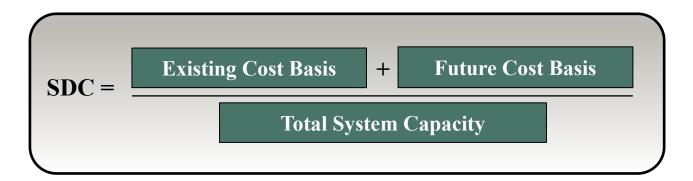
Overview

- Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 35.92.025 grants Cities the authority to fix rates and charges for connecting to water & wastewater systems
- One time charge imposed on new development or expanded connection to system
- Represents a prorated share of the cost of providing system capacity
- Based on cost of system infrastructure investment
 - » Allows for both existing and future costs

May not be used to fund operation and maintenance costs



General Methodology



Existing Costs

- Existing assets (original cost)
- Less: Contributions (developer/grants)
- Less: Net debt principal
- Plus: Interest (maximum 10 years)

Future Costs

- Future capital
- Less: Repair and replacement projects