# STEVENSON COMPREHENSIVE PLAN



### **Stevenson Comprehensive Plan**

**City of Stevenson, Washington** 

Month, YearApril 2013

As amended through 202

**Prepared by:** 



### **Stevenson Planning Department**

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### **Acknowledgements**



### cknowledgements, 2013

### City Council

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### Planning Commission

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The Comprehensive Plan informs our partner agencies of the City's intentions and allows them to make plans and take actions accordingly. The information in the plan also provides partners with input for their long-range

transportation and utility service plans. When forming partnerships with the City, these agencies benefit from the City coming to the table with a clear and concise agenda. As a documentation of the public's will, the plan eases potential conflicts between the City and partner agencies with overlapping voting constituencies. When acting as developers, partner agencies benefit from the plan's indication of what is likely to be permitted and where.

### Benefits to Businesses & Investors

Businesses and investors are key players initiating growth, development, and change in the Stevenson area, and they benefit from this plan's indications of what is likely to be permitted and where and a knowledge of the stability or change in property values contemplated in the Comprehensive Plan. When public-private partnerships are formed, businesses and investors benefit from having a clear knowledge of the City's scope of authority and intentions. An often overlooked but



extremely important benefit of the Comprehensive Plan is that it allows investors to determine where they are and are not likely to capitalize on the investments of the City, its partner agencies, and other savvy investors.

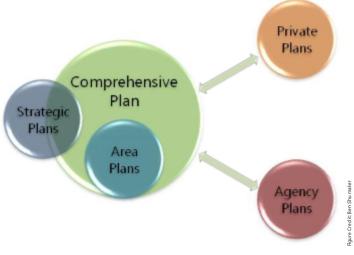
### How does this Plan Relate to Other Plans?

While much of the content of this plan is very similar to the 1984 document, the overall format and specific wording has been substantially altered to accommodate changes in demographics and laws. As the City's primary advisory planning document, the Comprehensive Plan serves as an "umbrella plan" as additional plans are developed by the City, our partner agencies, and private entities. These plans can be categorized into four types: Area Plans, Strategic Plans, Agency Plans, and Private Plans. Each of these types of plans affects and is affected by the Comprehensive Plan in a unique way, and the interaction of these plans can be referred to as a "System of Plans".

#### Area Plans

Area Plans may be adopted and considered an extension of the Comprehensive Plan. They address specific issues that arise within a defined geographic area or neighborhood rather than the City as a whole. Area Plans include goals and objectives for those areas that are not

### FIGURE 2-1: A SYSTEM OF PLANS





specifically addressed in detail in the current Comprehensive Plan. For this reason area plans can also be viewed as "supplements" to the existing Comprehensive Plan. The City of Stevenson Shoreline MasterManagement

Program, as amended,	With Stevenson's 2013 Comprehensive Plan, the 1975 Skamania County Shoreline
Management Program-i	s folded into the Comprehensive Plan <mark>and will no longer be used as<u>as</u> an area plan and</mark>
<mark>is not considered</mark> a stan	d-alone document.

### Strategic Plans

Strategic Plans are developed by the City of Stevenson to address topics that involve more than just specific neighborhood goals and objectives. They frequently address extensive development and/or redevelopment issues, and the process to carry out the strategic development. The goals and objectives of these plans are drafted in compliance with the Comprehensive Plan but are not entirely folded into the plan and still stand alone as documents. Existing Strategic Plans include:

- 1991 City of Stevenson General Sewer Plan and Wastewater Facilities Plan
- 2007-City of Stevenson Water System Plan-Update
- 2010 Skamania County Multi-Jurisdictional Natural Hazard Mitigation Plan
- <u>Annual</u> Stevenson Capital Facilities Plan

### Agency Plans

Agency Plans are developed by agencies outside of the city. In most instances, City staff seeks to maintain intergovernmental cooperation in the development of these plans. The staff also works with these other units of government as they create plans relating to issues in their jurisdictions which have an impact on the City. The goals, objectives, and policies included in these plans are important to the City and assist in guiding land use decisions within City boundaries. These plans exist independently of the Comprehensive Plan and include:

- Management Plan for the Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area
- Port of Skamania County Comprehensive Scheme of Harbor Improvements
- Skamania County Comprehensive Plan
- Skamania County Parks & Recreation Master Plan
- Skamania County Regional Transportation Plan
- SR 14 Scenic Corridor Management Plan

### Private Plans

Private Plans are developed by individuals, businesses, and investors. They typically address specific sites or buildings within or, in select instances, near the City. When the goals and objectives that private entities develop for their sites are not consistent with the City's goals and objectives, City officials and staff work with these entities to explain the City's stance and build toward an understanding of whether the private plans or the City plans can be changed in a mutually satisfactory manner.

### How will the City Carry Out the Plan?

The City can only move toward its Vision through the continued use, evaluation, and when necessary, amendment to the Comprehensive Plan. In the course of implementing the goals and objectives of the Comprehensive Plan, the City will use much of the diverse array of tools at its disposal. These tools can be classified under three distinct categories: those used when the City undertakes projects,

### **CHAPTER 3-GOALS & OBJECTIVES**

The Stevenson Comprehensive Plan uses nine Goals to focus the community's Cornerstone Principles and refine the citizens' Vision. Like the Cornerstone Principles, the topics of these Goals closely relate to the community's



day-to-day needs and desires. Like the Vision, these Goals are broad, general statements describing the ultimate endpoint where the actions taken on their behalf should lead.

### **A Plan for Action**

This Chapter's nine main sections correspond to the nine Goals. After a brief introduction, each Goal is followed by a six-column matrix containing information about how that Goal can be achieved. When viewed as a whole, the six columns serve as an Action Plan designating what, why, how, and when activities should be done and who should do them.

#### FIGURE 3-1: PLAN GOALS

#### **Stevenson Comprehensive Plan Goals**

**Goal 1—Community & Schools:** The Stevenson community is active and engaged and provides excellent schools and diverse activities for its youth.

**Goal 2—Urban Development:** Development within the Stevenson Urban Area wisely considers the long-term interests of the community.

Goal 3—Housing: A variety of housing options accommodates all residents.

**Goal 4—Downtown & Waterfront:** A vibrant and attractive downtown is home to diverse businesses and welcoming to residents and visitors.

**Goal 4A—Waterfront:** The waterfront is an extension of the downtown core and a place where people live, work, and play.

**Goal 5—Business & Industry:** Stevenson supports businesses that employ its residents and meet community needs.

**Goal 6—Tourism:** Stevenson attracts visitors by providing and promoting a variety of tourist amenities and activities.

**Goal 7—Transportation & Circulation:** Multi-modal transportation options provide people and goods with safe, efficient, and convenient options.

**Goal 8**—<u>Utilities & Urban</u> Services: Reliable utilities and convenient services fulfill the needs of the current and future community.

Goal 8A—Level of Service: The community receives urban services at or above a set level of service

Goal 8B—Captial Facilities Planning: Urban services are provided according to a rational plan aligning the community's expectations with its capabilities.

Goal 9—Parks & Recreation: Residents and visitors enjoy access to a network of world-class parks, open spaces, and recreational opportunities.

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Овјестіvе	ΤΑCTICS		Cornei Princ	RSTONI CIPLES	E	RESPONSIBLE	Likely Partners	TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	FARINERS	
Goal 1– Community & Schools								
1.1– Develop a high level of communication with the community regarding decisions and events affecting the city.	1.1-1– Use media such as a City website, Facebook page, and newsletter in addition to the methods required by law.	۲				Administration	Chamber, SBA	Ongoing
1.2– Provide opportunities for citizens to participate and express their views to City officials.	1.2-1– Solicit and use citizen knowledge and ideas in the development of City policies, goals, and objectives.	۲				Administration		Ongoing
1.3– Ensure that the monitoring reports contained in Appendix D are submitted to the Council annually prior to budget adoption.		۲	1	۲	3	All Departments		Ongoing
1.4– Develop a high level of coordination among all levels of government.		۲		۲	3	Administration		Ongoing
1.5– Ensure that the plans and actions related to land use by special districts, County, State, and federal agencies are consistent with the Stevenson Comprehensive Plan.		۲	3	٢	3	Planning		Ongoing
1.6– Coordinate activities such as school site selection and school building use to complement surrounding neighborhood and recreational uses.	<ul> <li>1.6-1– Encourage the use of schools for recreation, open space, and meeting rooms whenever their uses do not conflict with the primary educational purpose of the schools.</li> <li>1.6-2– Develop a school walking route plan and incorporate its projects into the Capital Facilities Plan.</li> </ul>	۲	•			Administration & Planning	SCSD	Ongoing
1.7– Facilitate the school district's efforts to provide quality educational programs now and into the future.	1.7-1– Establish flexible zoning regulations for schools and related activities to ensure the schools' ability to enhance facilities.	۲		۲		Planning	SCSD, Parent Groups	Ongoing
1.8– Support the school district's efforts to enhance community involvement in schools.	1.8-1– Provide opportunities for student involvement and partnerships in City government, projects, and activities.	۲				Administration	SBA, SCSD	Ongoing

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Овјестіvе	ΤΑCTICS	(	Corner Princ		E	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	Likely Partners	TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW			
Goal 1– Community & Schools								
1.9– Support vocational and workforce training programs that build skills serving the needs of existing and future employment opportunities and businesses in the area, especially in the forestry and timber industries.		٢		٢		Administration	EDC, SBA, SCSD, Parent Groups, Work- Source	Short- Term
1.10– Facilitate and encourage the regional library system to maintain the high level of educational service to the community.		۲		۲		Administration	FVRL	Ongoing
1.11– Support the Columbia Gorge Interpretive Center, especially in their educational and children's programming efforts.		۲			3	Administration	CGIC	Ongoing
1.12– Develop and enhance cultural opportunities.	<ul> <li>1.12-1– Facilitate and support development of a bricks-and-mortar performing arts center.</li> <li>1.12-2– Develop a public art plan</li> <li>1.12-3– Install public art in key locations throughout the City, especially along the Columbia River waterfront.</li> <li>1.12-4– Develop an interpretive signage plan.</li> <li>1.12-5– Install interpretive signs in key locations through the City, especially highlighting Stevenson's unique relationship with the Columbia River.</li> </ul>	٢			٢	Administration & Planning	CGIC, Chamber, County, <mark>SBASDA</mark> , SPAF	Mid-Range
1.13– Support community-based activities and events that cater to residents of Stevenson, especially during the winter months.		۲		۲		Administration	Chamber, County, SBA	Ongoing

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Овјестіvе	ΤΑCTICS		Corner Princ		E	Responsible Department PA	LIKELY	TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT		
Goal 2– Urban Development								
2.6– Protect public and private property and human safety from hazards such as critical aquifer pollution, frequent floods, geological hazards, and fire.	<ul> <li>2.6-1– Establish development standards for lands known to have severe limitations.</li> <li>2.6-2– Establish development standards for flood plains to minimize flood hazard vulnerability.</li> <li>2.6-3– Establish standards for the Rock Creek slide to minimize soil movement.</li> <li>2.6-4– Establish development standards to ensure safety near gas pipelines.</li> </ul>	٢		۲		Planning		Short- Term
2.7- Periodically review and revise the Future Land Use and Zoning maps to accommodate changes in community needs.	<ul> <li>2.7-1- Consider designating areas not served by the public sewer and/or water systems as an "urban reserve" until sector deviation of such are made available.</li> <li>2.7-2- Balance the availability of sufficient land for various uses when designating Future Land Use and Zoning districts.</li> <li>2.7-3- Consider infill potential when designating Future Land Use and Zoning districts, especially with regard to multi-family housing.</li> <li>2.7-4- Consider redesignating lands currently designated for industrial use which are unlikely or undesirable to be developed for such uses.</li> <li>2.7-5- Consider location and suitability of land for urban uses and established need when designating Future Land Uses and Zoning districts.</li> <li>2.7-6- Consider the availability of urban services and level of service standards when designating Future Land Uses and Zoning districts.</li> </ul>				٢	Administration & Planning		Ongoing
2.8– Establish policies to review annexation proposals.	2.8-1– Prefer annexation of developed areas abutting the city.	۲	0		3	Planning		Short- Term

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Овјестіvе	ΤΑCTICS		Cornei Princ		E	<b>R</b> ESPONSIBLE <b>D</b> EPARTMENT		TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	PARINERS	
Goal 2– Urban Development								
2.9– Encourage the establishment of a subarea plan and land use regulations within the unincorporated Urban Area.	<ul> <li>2.9-1– Encourage maintaining existing forest and farm uses within the unincorporated Urban Area.</li> <li>2.9-2– Discourage development within the unincorporated Urban Area until suitable land within the City has been developed.</li> <li>2.9-3– Ensure the highest and best use of riverfront properties within the unincorporated Urban Area by protecting them from development and redevelopment until urban utilities and services can be provided.</li> </ul>	٢	6	۲	٢	Planning	County	Short- Term
2.10– Use the type, location, and phasing of public	2.10-1– Manage urbanization through the expansion of <b>second second seco</b>	۲		۲		Planning & Public Works		Ongoing
2.11– Manage lands bordering the National Scenic Area boundary to ensure habitat and recreational connectivity.		۲	0			Planning		Ongoing
2.12– Facilitate and encourage the use of innovative building types and land development patterns that encourage conservation of energy and other resources.	2.13-1– Consider establishing incentives and/or special standards for infill projects.	۲		۲		Building & Planning		Ongoing
2.13– Establish standards for urban development that encourage mixtures of land uses and intensities.		۲	6	۲	3	Planning		Mid-Range
2.14– Ensure development review processes are prompt, predictable, open, and uncomplicated.		۲		۲		All Departments		Ongoing

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Овјестіvе	ΤΑCTICS		Cornef Princ		:	<b>RESPONSIBLE</b> <b>DEPARTMENT</b>	LIKELY Partners	TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	FARMERS	
Goal 3– Housing								
3.1– Periodically review and revise land development regulations for residential areas to accommodate changing social and economic needs of residents.		۲		۲		Planning		Ongoing
3.2– Encourage a range of residential land uses, housing sizes, types, and price ranges and establish appropriate development criteria.	<ul> <li>3.2-1– Allow for development of accessory dwelling units, cluster housing, condominiums, and planned unit developments that allow trade-offs as a development incentive.</li> <li>3.2-2– Ensure adequate and buildable areas for multi-family housing development.</li> </ul>	۲	•	۲		Planning	Realtors	Short- Term
3.3– Develop affordable housing goals.	3.3-1– Establish programs and incentives that lead to housing meeting the City's affordability goals, such as property tax abatement and inclusionary zoning.	۲		۲		Planning	CGHA	Short- Term
3.4– Establish property maintenance ordinances.	3.4-1– Educate homeowners on property maintenance ordinances.	۲	0			Administration		Ongoing
3.5– Consider establishing innovative taxing methods and development incentives to ensure vitality and preservation of established residential areas.	3.5-1– Consider Local Improvement Districts and similar tools to provide and/or enhance residential areas. <u>3.5-2– Consider Local Improvement Districts and</u> similar tools to assist existing landowners install capital facilities for new residential areas.	۲	•			Administration & Planning		Ongoing
3.6– Review and carefully consider the immediate and long term effects of fees, charges, regulations, and standards on dwelling costs.				۲		Administration & Planning	County	Short- Term

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Овјестіvе	ΤΑCTICS	(	Cornei Princ		E	RESPONSIBLE		TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTIVIENT	FARINERS	
Goal 3– Housing								
3.7– Ensure major residential developments and high density residential areas provide adequate open space and recreation areas.	<ul> <li>3.7-1– Establish design standards for land divisions to provide open space and recreation areas.</li> <li>Provision of such open spaces should not reduce the density which can be achieved on the site.</li> <li>3.7-2– Conduct an inventory of undeveloped areas to determine potential opportunities for provision of open space and recreation areas.</li> </ul>	۲	6			Planning		Ongoing
3.8– Review all development proposals for compatibility with surrounding established residential areas. Policies related to land use, transportation, <b>Science Science</b> and <b>Science Science</b> should seek to maintain and enhance the quality of these areas.	3.8-1– Consider requiring special screening, landscaping, sound proofing, and fencing when appropriate to minimize noise, hazards, and glare for residential developments abutting designated major streets.	۲	6			Planning		Ongoing

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Goal 4– Downtown & Waterfront								
4.6– Encourage enhancing the Courthouse lawn as a more attractive community gathering space.		۲	6	۲		Administration	County	Short- Term
4.7– Ensure that both public and private properties located along entrances to Stevenson are attractively maintained.			0			Public Works	Private Property Owners	Ongoing
4.8– Establish standards to encourage relocation or burial of <b>constant standards to encourage relocation or</b> in the downtown commercial area and other areas where views are affected.	<u>4 R-T- Encourage utility arounters to steveler</u> undergrounding plans and coordinate their plans with the Capital Facilities Plan	۲	6			Planning & Public Works	Private Utilities, PUD	Short- Term
4.9- Revise sidewalk construction programs to minimize the replacement of street trees.			0			Public Works		Mid-Range
4.10– Provide better connections between downtown and the waterfront.	4.10-1– Consider converting Russell Street into a pedestrian mall between Second and First streets. 4.10-2– Consider improving sidewalks and street crossings and installing public art and seating areas on Russell Street from downtown to the waterfront.	۲	6	۲	٢	Planning & Public Works	Port, SBA	Mid-Range
4.11– Consider establishing a Parking and Business Improvement Area to support downtown improvements, such as a rehabilitation grant or loan program for downtown buildings or provision of visitor amenities.			6	۲	3	Administration	Chamber, EDC, SBA	Short- Term

Goal 4A– The waterfront is an extension of the downtown core and a place where people live, work, and play.

4A.1-       Support development of improved riverEnhance shoreline       4A.1-1-       Improve Coordinate waterfront-shoreline         riverEnhance shoreline       access in the Stevenson area.       4A.1-1-       Improve Coordinate waterfront-shoreline         ontrol/stabilization       control/stabilization       coordinate       control/stabilization		6	ک ک	Administration, Planning & Public Works	County, Port <u>,</u> Property Owners, SDA	<del>nort-</del> n <u>Long-</u> erm
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		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	PARINERS	
Goal 5– Business & Industry								
5.3– Establish strategies to retain and grow existing businesses.	<ul> <li>5.3-1– Conduct an annual inventory of local businesses.</li> <li>5.3-2– Periodically survey local businesses to understand how the City can support their success and growth.</li> </ul>			٢		Administration	Chamber, EDC, Port, SBA	Ongoing
5.4– Support networking opportunities such as the "Chamber Breaks."		٢		۲		Administration	Chamber	Ongoing
5.5– Facilitate and support provision of adequate communications of the support provision of adequate communications of the support of the				٢		Administration	County, EDC	Ongoing
5.6– Support the development of industrial lands and buildings.				۲		Administration	Count, EDC, Port	Ongoing
5.7– Promote Stevenson's local resources and amenities (e.g., low energy costs, fiber optics) and location near the I-5, I-84, and railroad corridors to attract industry and commerce to ensure tax base stability.		۲		۲		Administration	Chamber, EDC, Port, SBA	Ongoing
5.8– Preserve lands designated for industrial use for that use, protect them from incompatible uses, and ensure access to ensure access to	<ul> <li>5.8-1– Consider the feasibility and benefits of establishing industrial areas along Ryan Allen Road near the garbage transfer station.</li> <li>5.8-2– Consider regional tax sharing programs as an alternative to developing industrial land in Stevenson.</li> </ul>			۲		Planning	EDC, Port	Ongoing
5.9– Establish standards for industrial land use to encourage nonpolluting, environmentally safe, light industries.		۲	6	۲		Planning	EDC, Port	Mid-Range

Chapter 3 Goals & Objectives					:	Stevenson Compr Ap	ehensive Plan <mark>#1</mark> -2013 <mark>. 2022</mark>	TEVENSON
Овјестіvе			ORNEF PRINC		E	RESPONSIBLE	Likely Partners	TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	PARINERS	
Goal 6– Tourism								
6.7– Encourage development of mountain biking and hiking trails and other visitor amenities on the public lands immediately outside of Stevenson.		۲	•	۲		Administration	BPA, Bike groups, County, FoG, USFS, WaDNR	Ongoing
S.S CONDUM - A-QUINT-COMPANY - AND STATES		۲	3		3		BNSE Charober 12 A. Port	<mark>lanan</mark> Terra

### **Goal 7– Transportation & Circulation**



## "Multi-modal transportation options provide people and goods with safe, efficient, and convenient options."

The transportation system is probably the most visible and frequently used service provided by the City of Stevenson. Whether traveling to work, joy-riding through the Gorge, leisurely strolling through the neighborhood, or waiting for a delivery, the residents, visitors, and businesses of Stevenson rely on the City for a functional and convenient transportation and circulation system. This Goal emphasizes methods by which the City can ensure its transportation system meets community needs.

Stevenson's existing transportation and circulation system has shifted modes and focuses over its long history. The original Plat of Stevenson was a gridiron pattern that enabled easy internal circulation for pedestrian and horse traffic and focused on the Columbia River and Stevenson Landing as the primary mode of external transportation. When the railroad came through town, the focus shifted from the river uphill to where the rail line met dirt streets and boardwalk sidewalks. As automobile use grew and the city expanded away from its original riverside terrace, this gridiron pattern had to be altered to accommodate the steep Gorge slopes, the many creekside canyons and ravines cutting through these slopes, and the existing oddly-intersecting logging roads on the then-periphery. With the continued dominance of the automobile, the focus again shifted uphill to the new paved state highway, cul-de-sacs and dead-ends became commonplace methods for dealing with the creekside ravines and canyons, and sidewalks waned in importance.

Stevenson plays the lead role in ensuring the continual shifts in transportation modes occur in a way that benefits residents, visitors and businesses. The Objectives and Tactics of this Goal allow the City to accommodate these changes by focusing on improving the function, management, and look of existing transportation options and increasing the nonautomotive aspects of the system.

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Овјестіvе	ΤΑCTICS		Cornei Princ		E	<b>R</b> ESPONSIBLE <b>D</b> EPARTMENT		TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	PARINERS	
Goal 7– Transportation & Circulation								
7.1– Develop a long range transportation plan_and near sector of the long range of the long of the long near sector of the long of the long of the long of the long near sector of the long of the lon	<ul> <li>7.1-1- Consider the feasibility and benefits of establishing one-way couplets on 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> Streets.</li> <li>7.1-2- Consider the feasibility and benefits of using roundabouts at intersections throughout the city.</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>7.1-3– Develop improvement plans for existing rights-of-way.</li> <li>7.1-4– Consider traffic calming measures such as narrow streets.</li> <li>7.1-5– Minimize traffic congestion and facilitate the safe, efficient movement of people and commodities through the design of the transportation system.</li> </ul>		6	•		Public Works	BNSF, County	Short- Term
7.2– Establish and manage the transportation system in a manner which contributes to community appearance and livability, recognizes and respects the characteristics of natural features, and minimizes the effects on abutting land uses.		۲	6			Public Works		Ongoing
7.3– Develop a transportation system that provides all citizens with transportation choices and alternatives.	<ul> <li>7.3-1– Support establishment of a regional transit system.</li> <li>7.3-2– Support provision of safe and convenient transit stops.</li> </ul>	۲		۲		Public Works	BNSF, County	Mid-Range
7.4– Develop a plan for safe and convenient alternate forms of transportation, such as bikeways, walkways, and pathways, and pat	<ul> <li>7.4-1– Consider separating pedestrian, bicycle, and auto traffic.</li> <li>7.4-2– Provide safe and accessible pedestrian crossings throughout the city.</li> </ul>	۲				Public Works	Chamber, County,	Ongoing
7.5– Periodically review and revise standards for public and private roads.		۲	0	٢		Public Works	SBA	Mid-Range

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Овјестіvе	ΤΑCTICS		Cornei Princ		E	<b>R</b> ESPONSIBLE <b>D</b> EPARTMENT		TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	PARINERS	
Goal 7– Transportation & Circulation								
7.6– Reduce the effects of through traffic in the downtown commercial area while minimizing any negative impact on local businesses.	<ul> <li>7.6-1– Manage road construction projects to minimize construction-related impacts on local businesses.</li> <li>7.6-2– Facilitate and encourage alternative routing and/or usage of Highway 14 by truck traffic.</li> </ul>	۲	6	۲	3	Public Works	Chamber, EDC, SBA	Ongoing
7.7– Establish a tree conservation and management program for City rights-of-way. This program should provide for the replacement, planting, preservation, and maintenance of trees.		۲	3			Public Works		Short- Term
7.8– Facilitate and support safety at railroad crossings.		۲				Public Works	BNSF	Ongoing
7.9- Establish Establish they californi quiet zone to Include the crossings of the Stevenson Cemeter Include the Mit stevensor Cemeter Include the Mit stevensor Cemeter Include the Mit stevensor Cemeter Include the Mit stevensor Cemeter Include the Construction of Cemeter Include the Cemeter of Cemeter Include the Cemeter of Cemeter Include the Cemeter of Cemeter Include the Cemeter of Cemeter of Cemeter of Cemeter Include the Cemeter of Cemeter o	ZH-H-Dientiy was capital technes necessary up expand the quiet zone and incorporate them into the Capital Facilities Plan <mark>.</mark>	۲	6	٢	3	Public Works	BNSF, Chamber, SBA, Port	<mark>Short-</mark> Term <u>Long-</u> Term
7.10– Facilitate and support rail service for future transportation and commerce needs.				۲	3	Public Works	BNSF, Chamber, SBA, Port	Long-Term
7.11– Manage on-street parking to permit the safe and efficient operation of the transportation system.		۲		۲		Public Works	County	Ongoing
7.12– Review and revise parking policies to facilitate efficient short-term parking and minimize off-street parking requirements.	7.12-1– Consider a shared parking program to utilize underused parking lots, such as the Courthouse, schools, and churches.	٢		۲		Public Works	Chamber, EDC, SBA	Short- Term
7.13– Provide wayfinding signage to aid traveler navigation and guide visitors to Stevenson attractions and amenities, especially east- and west- bound travelers on I-84.			6	۲	3	Public Works	Chamber, ODOT, SBA, WsDOT	Short- Term

### Goal 8– Utilities & Urban Services



### "Reliable utilities and convenient services fulfill the needs of the current and future community."

City governments exist to serve their citizens. This Goal of the Comprehensive Plan emphasizes the aspects by which the City can serve its citizens through proper management and provision of utility services.

The City of Stevenson provides a number of **services** to its residents. Responsible management of taxand rate-payer contributions tops the list, but the City also ensures buildings are inspected for safety, clean drinking water is provided to the tap, fires are suppressed before they can spread, sewage is collected and treated, justice is served through policing and the court system, and neighborhood nuisances are remedied. The City also coordinates with outside utility and service providers to ensure that its residents and visitors receive the services they require.

### "The community receives urban services at or above a set level of service."

<u>As the community changes over time, its needs will also change. This Sub-Goal ensures levels of service (LOS)</u> are considered in the system of plans developed by the City and its partners. The LOS standards of those plans should be monitored to ensure they lead toward fulfillment of this Plan's Goals.

### <u>"Urban services are provided according to a rational plan aligning the community's expectations with its capabilities."</u>

Whether these services are provided through a pipe, over a wire, or at a desk, capital facilities are necessary to support them. The presence or lack of these facilities will determine the services that can be provided to the Stevenson community. As the city grows, new capital facilities will be necessary to provide urban services, and as time goes on, existing capital facilities will need to be replaced. The creation and adherence to a Capital Facilities Plan is an important component of managing Stevenson's growth, development, and change.

The Objectives and Tactics leading to the fulfillment of this Goal accurate to the contain methods by which the City can manage and improve upon the **services** it provides and ensure that other utility and service providers do likewise.

Stevenson Comprehensive Plan April-2013-2022



Овјестіvе	ΤΑCTICS	(	Cornei Princ		E	Responsible Department	LIKELY	TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	PARINERS	
Goal 8– Utilities & Urban Services								
8.1– Encourage City staff and officials to enhance their skills through training and continuing education on topics relevant to their job performance, such as management and communication.		۲		۲		All Departments		Ongoing
8.2– Develop a long-range financial plan.		۲		۲		Administration		Ongoing
6-3 - Periodically review and revue the capital legitime place		۲	6		3	Administration 8: Public Works		Degelee
Multiplication in the state of the second		۲	6	۲	3	Administration	County Doct	Ongoing
3.5—Establish maintenance programs to preserve the long-term viability of the Cityle copital Estillion		۲				Administration 8: Public Works		Short-
s in differ the costs of new development to we have any modern's by establishing development dramped		۲				<u>La concesso a</u>		Organg
8.7– Provide adequate easement and right-of-way widths for public and private utilities and emergency and other services.		۲	1	۲		Planning & Public Works		Ongoing
		۲		۲	٢		<u>C</u>	

Stevenson Comprehensive Plan April-2013<mark>. 2022</mark>



Овјестіvе	ΤΑCTICS		Corner Princ		Ξ	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT		TIMELIN
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	PARINERS	
Goal 8– <mark>Utilities-EtUrban</mark> Services								
8.9– Manage urbanization through the expansion of the sewer system.	<ul> <li>8.9 1 Permit septic systems only when provision of sewer service is technically infeasible within the planning-period.</li> <li>8.9-2- Revise land development regulations to prohibit septic system installations in areas where provisionthe General Sewer Plan identifies expansion of the sewer systemservice is feasible during the planning period.</li> <li>8.9-3- Establish a program to conditionally allow installation of septic systems where sewer service is currently unavailable and to decommission septic systems when sewer service is available.</li> </ul>			١		Planning & Public Works		<mark>Ongoing</mark> hort-Term
8.10— <mark>Consideration of E</mark> ncourage conservation of water.		۲				Public Works		Ongoing
2.1. Coordinate the infrastructure improvement and maintenance project of an hyperative estimates reduce costs and divergible impacts.		۲		۲				Gegoing
8.12 Establish a stormwater utility to provide for the collection and treatment of stormwater runoff and the maintenance of stormwater facilities.	8.12-1-Establish standards for land-development ordinances to provide for the collection and treatment of stormwater runoff.	۲		۲		Public-Works		<mark>Short-</mark> Term
8.13– Consider alternative energy resources to benefit the community.	8.13-1– Facilitate and support local energy resource development and use, such as geothermal.			۲		Administration	County, Port, PUD, State	Mid-Rang
8.14– Facilitate and support the expansion of high- speed communication utilities such as broadband, fiber optics, and Wi-Fi.		٢		۲		Administration		Ongoing

Chapter 3 Goals & Objectives					5	Stevenson Compr Ap	ehensive Plan H-2013 <mark>. 2022</mark>	STEVENSON
			0			adar bir analası A Francis Massad	<mark>Alisan</mark> Utilise Alis	Copping
Овјестіvе	Ταςτιςς	(	Cornei Princ		E	Responsible Department		TIMELINE
			NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	FARINERS	
Goal 8– Utilities-20 rban Services								
6-16-Require the buriel of non-utility-lines			6			Planning & Public Works	Private Utilities	Ongoing
8.17– Facilitate and encourage the collection, recycling, disposal, and reuse of solid waste within the Stevenson Urban Area.	<ul> <li>8.17-1– Consider solid waste for use in biomass energy projects.</li> <li>8.17-2– Consider composting solid waste through a community-scale facility.</li> </ul>	۲	3	۲		Public Works	County Solid Waste	Short- Term
8.18– Periodically review and revise the City's law enforcement program.		۲				Administration		Ongoing
8.19– Support Stevenson Fire Department and the Skamania County Hospital District to maintain high quality services.	8.19-1– Consider establishing a joint facility to house emergency response agencies.	۲		۲		Administration		Ongoing
8.20– Encourage establishment of county-wide mitigation and emergency action programs for spills, explosions and other disasters.		۲				Administration	County, EMS, Fire	Mid-Range
8.21– Ensure urban services are provided within the Stevenson Urban Area.	<ul> <li>8.21-1- Continue to provide urban services related to transportation, water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, fire suppression, and parks and recreation.</li> <li>8.21-2- Establish a stormwater utility to provide for the collection and treatment of stormwater runoff and the maintenance of stormwater facilities.</li> <li>8.21-3- Encourage private and/or public agencies to provide urban services within the Stevenson</li> </ul>	۲	<b>@</b>	<b>@</b>	٢	Administration & Public Works		<u>Ongoing</u>



Goals & Objectives						A P	<mark>#11</mark> -2013 <mark>, 2022</mark>	
	Urban Area. Such services include telecommunications, schools, non-city provided transportation, electrical power, solid waste and non-city provided parks and recreation. 8.21-4– Consider the feasibility and benefits of providing urban services which are not provided within the Stevenson Urban Area and/or which are not provided at the level of service expected from the community.							
922 - Andree vissel blight, and karande ar seinted officielenegebundentlige knos	8.22°1°. Easilitate and support the busial of existing above, nound utility lines. 8.22°2– Require the busial of new utility lines.	۲	6			edministration <mark>Planning A</mark> Public Work (S	Private Delitios, PUD	Ongoine
Goal 8A- The community receives urba	n services at or above a set level of ser	vice.						
<ul> <li>BA.1- Ensure plans are developed for urban services in the Stevenson Urban Area. Such plans should set LOS standards based on:</li> <li>Community needs and desires,</li> <li>Inventories of existing facilities,</li> <li>Forecasts of current and future capacities,</li> <li>Proposed locations and capacities of new facilities,</li> <li>The long-term financial feasibility of accommodating the anticipated growth, development, and change, and</li> <li>A short-term (6-year) capital improvement plan clearly identifying specific projects and the source of public money for funding for their completion.</li> </ul>	8A.1-1- Develop plans for public services provided by the City, such as transportation and circulation, water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, parks and recreation services, and fire.				٢	Administration, Planning & Public Works	County, Private Utilities, PUD, WsDOT	Ongoing
3A.2- Establish standards for land development to ensure LOS standards are maintained and the system of area and strategic plans are implemented.	Bit of the first the first of the view down on the solution of the view of the view of the view of the term as a first of the view of the view of the view of the view and the view of the		•	۲	٢	Administration, Planning & Public Works	<mark>County,</mark> Private Utilities, PUD	<u>Short-</u> Term

Chapter 3



Chapter 3 Goals & Objectives					-	Stevenson Comp	<mark>pril</mark> -2013 <mark>, 2022</mark>	STEVENSON
	development stormwater run-off. 8B.2-4- Coordinate land development approvals with private utility agencies to ensure the availability of services when needed							
oal 8B- Urban services are provided a	ccording to a rational plan aligning the	com	nunity	<u>'s exp</u>	ectati	ions with its (	capabilities	
B.1- Establish a capital improvement program to nsure of LOS standards are maintained and/or xceeded, to preserve the long-term viability of the ity's capital facilities, and to implement the system f area and strategic plans within the Stevenson rban Area.	35 1.1. Consider consideration in this for this of the second	۲	•	۲	3	Sammelaster Planning S Aublic Works	n an	
3.2-1– Adopt an annual Capital Facilities Plan to rioritize completion of projects identified in dopted area and strategic plans or are otherwise ponsistent with the Comprehensive Plan.	C. 2.1 - Control are the cannot facility and control and montenance and facility after set the until deriver control and after set the until deriver to the control and after set the until deriver to the control and after set to a fact the control of the the set after set to a fact the control of the the set after set to a fact the control of the the set after set to a fact the public in annual Capital Facilities Plan decisions, minimally by holding a public hearing before the City Council.		6	۲	3		Saray, Para Basar Janua Res Sara	

Stevenson Comprehensive Plan April-2013<mark>-2022</mark>



Овјестіvе	ΤΑCTICS		Cornei Princ		E	RESPONSIBLE LIK		TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	PARINERS	
Goal 9– Parks & Recreation								
9.1– Establish a parks and recreation plan that ensures Stevenson projects are eligible for State grant funds_moders are to severe as internet concrete and moders are as a severe as internet.	9.1-1– Consider potential park needs as additional land develops.	۲		۲		Administration		Short- Term
9.2– Preserve open space and recreational resources.	<ul> <li>9.2-1– Establish cooperative agreements to ensure that recreation and open space lands and facilities will be provided.</li> <li>9.2-2– Secure dedications and easements adequate for channel maintenance, public open space, and future recreational use along all natural, permanent stream corridors.</li> <li>9.2-3– Encourage private enterprise and intergovernmental agreements that will provide open space for recreational lands and facilities. Provision of such open spaces should not reduce the density which can be achieved on the site.</li> </ul>		6	۲	٢	Administration & Planning		Long-Term
9.3– Maintain parks and recreational lands and facilities.		۲	0	٢	3	Public Works		Ongoing
9.4– Consider establishing a permanent funding source for the acquisition, development, and maintenance of park and recreation lands and facilities.		۲	6		٩	Administration		Mid-Range
9.5– Develop a pathways and trails plan to highlight Stevenson's recreational, historical, and commercial sites and the second s	<ul> <li>9.5-1– Consider using stream corridors as part of a parkway or greenway concept.</li> <li>9.5-2– Include connections among the parks and trails of the City, its partner agencies, and private entities.</li> <li>9.5-3– Include nature walks, scenic vistas, and connections to forests in the plan.</li> </ul>	۲	6	۲	٩	Administration & Public Works		Mid-Range



### **CHAPTER 4-MAPS**

Many of the Goals, Objectives and Tactics described in the previous chapter are tied to specific infrastructure, institutions, or areas of Stevenson. The policies called for in the Comprehensive Plan often cannot be accomplished without maps that provide a fuller understanding of how specific areas of the city interrelate and connect with each other.

### Future Land Use Map

The Comprehensive Plan's Future Land Use Map is crucial for showing clearly and concisely how the Goals, Objectives, and Tactics contained in Chapter 3 relate to the Population Report in Appendix C. This map designates all areas of the City and Urban Area according to five basic land use designations describing where population and business growth will occur and how the City intends for lands to be used in the future.



The Future Land Use designations are not zoning districts,

and the Future Land Use Map is not a zoning map. Whereas the City of Stevenson Zoning Map is an official regulatory document adopted by ordinance through the Zoning Code, the Comprehensive Plan's Future Land Use Map is a guidance document that will be used to shape future decisions about annexations, land development policies, the size and timing of **Regulatory and State Comprehensive** upgrades, changes to existing zoning designations, and those purposes indicated in RCW 35A.63.080.



### Urban Reserve (UR)

An area within which future development and extension of **Existing uses**, particularly vacant lands and very low density single-family housing, coexist with uses otherwise characteristic of more rural areas. Further development within an Urban Reserve is discouraged until **Existing uses** and intensities of land use can occur. Urban Reserve areas may be subcategorized to anticipate any other land use designation described below and may be changed to such designations without amending the plan when adequate **Existing use**.

### Low Density Residential (LDR)

An area dominated by single-family homes on lots 15,000 square feet or larger. Development within a Low Density Residential area typically requires extension of **converse and o**water service and other **converse and o**water service and **converse and converse and o**water service and **converse and o**water service and **converse and o**water service and **converse and converse and converse and converse and converse and converse and converse and <b>converse and converse and conve** 



street networks where terrain permits. Where terrain does not permit, culs-de-sac are often paired with pedestrian pathways to provide adequate non-automotive connectivity to nearby neighborhoods, schools, parks, and business centers.

### High Density Residential (HDR)

An area dominated by multi-family housing or single-family housing on lots smaller than 15,000 square feet. Residential uses in these areas are often mixed with institutions, utilities, schools, and parks and/or located in close proximity to commercial uses more characteristic of urban areas. Development within a High Density Residential area almost exclusively requires extension of, or connection to, **connection** water and sewer systems. Development patterns in these areas encourage connected street networks with pedestrian and bicycle facilities providing connections to abutting neighborhoods, schools, parks, and business centers. High Density Residential areas may be subcategorized by single-family or multi-family designations, and public use designations.

### Low Intensity Trade (LIT)

An area where commercial activity is interspersed and coexists with other recreational, and public/institutional uses in the same area. Low Intensity Trade areas typically provide opportunities to capitalize on and expand the regional tourism and service industries. Because of the space typically demanded by Low Intensity Trade activities, the uses allowed in these areas are often inappropriate or cannot exist within Downtown Stevenson or other High Intensity Trade areas; however, Low Intensity Trade areas are not intended to detract from the viability of, or compete with, High Intensity Trade areas. Development of Low Intensity trade areas almost exclusively requires **Control of Stevension**. Although the parking and access patterns of Low Intensity Trade areas are typically oriented primarily to automotive traffic, adequate accommodations for pedestrian and bicycle users are also included. Low Intensity Trade areas may be subcategorized by general, recreation, and public use designations.



### High Intensity Trade (HIT)

An area primarily devoted to commercial, light industrial, public/institutional activities, mixed uses, multi-family, and existing single-family residences. These areas contain a dense, highly intensive land use pattern focusing on an urban style of development and architecture.

adds to the viability of other services adds to the viability of

High Intensity Trade areas. High Intensity Trade areas may be subcategorized by downtown, office, and industrial designations. Development in downtown areas typically follows a tight-knit gridiron pattern that emphasizes the

importance of pedestrians and bicyclists to ensure areas are walkable. As compared to downtown areas, office and industrial areas are more dependent on automotive traffic.

### Background Maps

The Future Land Use Map and many of the Comprehensive Plan's Goals, Objectives, and Tactics are based on careful consideration of how Stevenson relates to the built, natural, and legal environments of its setting. The following maps illustrate these environments and provide Comprehensive Plan users with a better understanding of the plan's policies. <u>Periodically, these maps should be updated and/or supplemented by staff</u> action; changes to the background maps not themselves considered Comprehensive Plan amendments.

### FIGURE 4-1: BACKGROUND MAPS

Maps Showing Stevenson Background Information

Vicinity Map: A map showing Stevenson's location within the State, Region and County

Base Map: A map showing key features within the Stevenson Urban Area

**Water System Map:** A map showing properties currently served by City water, the boundaries of Stevenson's water service area and existing and proposed infrastructure components

**Sewer System Map:** A map showing properties currently served by City sewer and the boundaries of Stevenson's sewer service area

Street Map: A map of the federal functional classification of Stevenson-area streets

Sidewalks & Trails Map: A map showing the extent of Stevenson's pedestrian pathway system

Parks Map: A map of the public and private recreational lands and service areas in Stevenson

Wetlands & Stream Habitat Map: A map showing the location of identified wetlands and the current buffer areas required along area streams

Frequently Flooded Areas Map: A map of the floodplains identified by FEMA's Flood Insurance Rate Maps

**Geologic Hazards Map:** A map showing landslides, debris flow hazard areas, erosion-prone areas, and steep slopes in the Stevenson area

Existing Land Use Map: A map showing how land is currently being used in the Stevenson Urban Area

**Zoning Map:** A map of the current zoning within and adjacent to the Stevenson Urban Area

**Built Environment Constraints Map:** A map showing areas likely to be developed or redeveloped based on 1) the likelihood of connection to City water and sewer and 2) the current development status

**Natural Environment Constraints Map:** A map showing areas likely to be developed or redeveloped based on 1) the presence of natural hazards and 2) the presence of ecological constraints

### **Appendix B– Glossary of Terms**

As used in this plan, the words below have the meaning given here unless the context clearly dictates otherwise.

### Abbreviations & Acronyms

BNSF—Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad
CGHA—Columbia Gorge Housing Authority
CGIC—Columbia Gorge Interpretive Center
DSHS—Washington Department of Social and Health Services
EDC—Skamania County Economic Development Council
FEMA—Federal Emergency Management Agency
FoG—Friends of the Gorge
FVRL—Fort Vancouver Regional Library District
ODOT—Oregon Department of Transportation
SBA—Stevenson Business Association
SDA—Stevenson Downtown Association
SCSD—Stevenson-Carson School District

SPAF—Skamania Performing Arts Foundation

**USFS**—United States Forest Service

USPS—United States Postal Service

WsDOT—Washington Department of Transportation

### Words & Phrases

Acquire— To take possession of through the City's own funds, efforts, or actions.

### **Capital Facilities Plan**— A local government plan supporting a program that schedules permanent capita improvements and maintenance, usually for 6 years in the future, to fit the projected fiscal capability of the unsoliction. The program is generally reviewed annually for conformance to and consistency with this Plan.

**Community Asset**— An individual, group, or institution present in the city, county, or region capable of adding insight or value to City programs, projects, or activities. "Community Assets" are typically not directly associated with City government and include entrepreneurs, investors, businesses, and non-profit agencies.

**Cluster Analysis**— A study whereby economic opportunities and competitive advantages are identified through the comparison of a region's existing industrial mix to similar regions. Identification of such opportunities and advantages can then be used to target economic development and business attraction strategies in an effective manner.

**Consider**— 1) To think carefully about, especially in order to make a decision; 2) To bear in mind as a possible or acceptable course of action. When used in conjunction with another verb, an Objective or Tactic should be viewed as an optional course of action rather than a directive.

### Words & Phrases, Continued

**Cross-Promotion**— The technique designed to help a business or company sell multiple products or services or to help multiple companies sell their products or services together.

**Develop**— 1) To bring about growth or availability through construction, alteration and/or change in use or intensity. 2) To elaborate or work out some plan or course of action in detail.

**Encourage**— To inspire, stimulate, advance or foster through assistance, approval or promotion. "Encourage" differs from "Support" primarily in that "Support" should more often be taken to mean financial support, and only in rare circumstances should "Encourage" be interpreted in such a way.

**Enhance**— To bring an existing condition into a more desirable or excellent condition through revision, addition, or change. "Enhance" can be used almost interchangeably with "Improve".

**Ensure**— To guarantee or make certain something will happen.

Especially— A qualifier used to indicate a concept that should be prioritized for action.

**Establish**— To create or set up a program or regulatory scheme as if on a permanent basis. This term should be interpreted to include the full process from program development through adoption and implementation.

**Facilitate**— To make easier or less difficult, to assist the progress of an action, process, program, or project. "Facilitate" typically indicates making something easier through regulatory or communicative means, but in rare circumstances can be interpreted to ease something through financial support.

### **acility. Capital—** A facility which is planned, purchased, constructed, or otherwise acquired and maintaine or the betterment of the community which adds physical value in support of a service provided in the City.

Facility--- Something designed, built, installed or utilized for the specific purpose of providing a service

**Guideline**— A regulation or criterion intended to guide, but not coerce action. "Guidelines" have a lower level of regulatory intent than "Standards" and are applied on either a voluntary or case-by-case basis.

**Incentive**— An action, financial strategy, or regulation intended to induce certain actions or types of development.

**Infill**— Development or redevelopment of land that has been bypassed, remained vacant, and/or is underused as a result of the urban development process. "Infill" typically occurs in areas already served by, or readily accessible to, urban infrastructure and services.

**Light Industry**— A use engaged in the manufacture, processing, fabrication, assembly, treatment, packaging, and incidental storage, sales, and distribution of finished or semi-finished products. On a case-by-case or zone-by-zone basis, Light Industry may include logging and/or milling operations. Light Industry generally differs from heavier industries in the lesser use of raw or extracted materials and the lesser degree of glare, noise, odor, outdoor storage or other negative manifestations adversely affecting neighboring properties.

Maintain— To prevent an existing facility, service, or relationship from declining in quality or functionality.

**Mixed Use**— A project integrating a variety of land uses in one building or on one site. Mixed Use projects often involve commercial uses on the ground floor of a structure with residential uses above.

Words & Phrases, Continued

Planning Period— 2013 through 2032.

**Provide**— 1) To take measures with due foresight; 2) To make available, supply, or furnish a facility, opportunity, or service.

**Regulation**— A rule or law prescribed by a governmental authority, usually the City Council.

Rock Creek and Rock Cove Lands— All those lands located between Rock Creek Drive and Highway 14.



**Standard**— A regulation or criterion that must be complied with or satisfied. "Standards" have a higher level of regulatory intent than "Guidelines," and are applied to all actions or proposals of a prescribed category.

**Stevenson Urban Area**— The area circumscribed by the Stevenson Urban Area boundary as established and amended by the Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area Act and the Columbia River Gorge Commission.

Such As— A qualifier used to indicate a concept that could be prioritized for action.

**Support**— To be in favor of, encourage, maintain, sustain or fund some action, facility or service. "Support" differs from "Encourage" in that it should be more often, though not always, taken to mean financial support.

**Urban Reserve**— An area within the Stevenson Urban Area within which future development and extension of municipal services are contemplated but not imminent. Development within an Urban Reserve is discouraged until municipal services can be provided and urban level densities and intensities of land use can occur.

**Use**— To put into service for some practical or profitable purpose. The term "Utilize" is sometimes used interchangeably with "Use".

### **APPENDIX E–Implementation & Monitoring**

This appendix is intended to be used as an easy reference for the Objectives and Tactics used in this plan. The tables below are organized first by the priority order in which each Objective should be undertaken and then by the City department responsible for initiating the Objective or Tactic. Following these tables is a template for each department to use when monitoring their implementation of the Comprehensive Plan's Objectives & Tactics and a schematic to show future progress on plan implementation. This appendix should be updated by staff action when Comprehensive Plan amendments occur: changes to this table are not themselves considered Comprehensive Plan amendments.

	Ongoing Priorities								
Building Department	City Administration	Planning Department	Public Works Department						
1.3	1.1, 1.1-1	1.3	1.3						
2.12	1.2, 1.2-1	1.5	2.10, 2.10-1						
2.14	1.3	1.6, 1.6-1	2.14						
8.1	1.4	1.7, 1.7-1	4.7						
-	1.6, 1.6-1	2.1	4A.1, 4A.1-1, 4A.1-2						
-	1.8, 1.8-1	2.7, 2.7-1, 2.7-2, 2.7-3, 2.7-4, 2.7-5	4A.3, 4A.3 <mark>-14</mark> , 4A.3- <mark>25</mark> , 4A.3- <mark>36, 4A.3-7</mark>						
-	1.10	2.10, 2.10-1	6.6						
-	1.11	2.11	7.2						
-	1.13	2.12	7.6, 7.6-1, 7.6-2						
-	2.7, 2.7-1, 2.7-2, 2.7-3, 2.7-4, 2.7-5	2.14	7.8						
-	2.14	2.15	7.11						
-	3.4, 3.4-1	2.16, 2.16-1, 2.16-2, 2.16-3	8.1						
-	3.5, 3.5-1	3.5, 3.5-1	8.3						
-	4.4	3.7, 3.7-1, 3.7-2	8.7						
-	4A.1, 4A.1-1, 4A.1-2	3.8, 3.8-1	8.9, 8.9-1, 8.9-2						
-	<u>4A.4, 4A.4-2, 4A.4-3</u>	4.3, 4.3-1, 4.3-2, 4.3-3, 4.3-4	8.10						
	5.2, 5.2-1, 5.2-2, 5.2-3, 5.2-4, 5.2-5	<u>4A.1, 4A.1-1, 4A.1-2</u>	8.11						
	5.3, 5.3-1, 5.3-2	4A.4, 4A.4-2, 4A.4-3	8.15						
-	5.4	4.5	8.16						
-	5.5	4A.3, 4A.3- <mark>14</mark> , 4A.3- <mark>25</mark> , 4A.3 <sup>.</sup> <mark>36, 4A.3-7</mark>	- 9.3						

### **APPENDIX F-Policies Dropped from Consideration**

The following policies were considered during the planning process, but were dropped for a variety of reasons. Some were accomplished-as a result of the 1984 Plan. Some were considered repetitive, unrealistic, or not yet ripe. Some conflicted with the plan's other policies. Some were just not palatable to the City's decision makers. This collection of policies is presented here in part to help demonstrate the planning process, but more importantly, it is intended to be a tool for future users. When interpreting or updating the Comprehensive Plan, users can turn to this section to determine whether new policy ideas fit more closely with the ideas listed here or with those adopted in Chapter 3. Policyles numbers not carried over from the 1984 Plan are referenced in bold. This appendix should be updated by staff action when Comprehensive Plan amendments occur; changes to this table are not themselves considered Comprehensive Plan amendments.

Dropped Policies							
GO/	AL 1						
Provide increased publicity to the community regarding decisions and events affecting the city. <b>(3.8-4)</b>	Provide a clean, visually attractive community with a small-town atmosphere. (1-3)						
Increase community pride. (1-2)	Develop and improve educational opportunities. (1-8)						
Explore funding opportunities for schools, including a levy and other fundraising activities.	Explore opportunities for alternative schools.						
Promote opportunities for agricultural education.	Investigate educational programming during the summer.						
Assure a balance between safety and ease of access for school locations. (3.5-4)	Encourage development of school lands and lands adjacent to schools to minimize the negative impact on each. (3.5-2)						
Encourage the use of schools as an integral part of the community by making joint agreements with the School District to allow community use of school facilities. <b>(3.5-6)</b>	Minimize the costs of schools and parks by joint location, acquisition, and the use of sites for both schools and parks. (3.5-3)						
GO	AL 2						
Manage major drainageways, wetlands, and flood plains for the benefit of the community. <b>(2.1-1a)</b>	Manage ecologically and scientifically significant areas for the benefit of the community. <b>(2.1-1d)</b>						
Prohibit building on flood plains of major drainageways except in accordance with adopted regulations. <b>(2.2.2-6)</b>	Manage lands with significant native vegetation for the benefit of the community. <b>(2.1-1c)</b>						
Map major drainageways. (2.2.2-1)	Manage lands that provide community identity and act as buffers for the benefit of the community. <b>(2.1-1f)</b>						
Consider the value of agricultural and forest lands as open space and other less intense uses before approving any change in land use. <b>(2.3-2)</b>	Consider lands that are not suitable for forest or agricultural uses as developable if they meet other development criteria. <b>(2.3-3)</b>						
Contain future urban development within the limits of the urban growth boundary. (4.2-1)	Use parks and open space to shape and delineate urban development. (3.4.1-2)						