# CITY OF STEVENSON SMC 17.11 Comprehensive Plan - Amendments

Regarding a request by the Stevenson City Administrator to	)	
amend the Stevenson Comprehensive Plan to better incorporat	e)	COMPREHENSIVE PLAN
Capital Improvement Planning in the City's processes	)	PLANNING COMMISSION
divided is known as Lot 4 of the Schupbach and-Barber Short	)	RECOMMENDATION
Plat and designated as Tax Lot 0202 in the SE 1/4 of Section 36,	)	
T3N, R7E and the SW 1/4 Section 36, T3N, R7.5E, W.M. in the	)	September 12 <sup>th</sup> , 2022
City of Stevenson, Skamania County, Washington	)	

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**PROPOSAL:** To create a Capital Improvement Program to preserve or enhance existing facilities and provide new

assets that will support service needs and community growth in an efficient manner.

**APPLICANT:** Leana Kinley, Stevenson City Administrator

71221 E. Loop Rd, PO Box 371 Stevenson, WA 98648 (509) 427-5970

#### STANDARDS, FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

#### **SMC 16 SUBDIVISIONS**

Chapter 17.11 of the Stevenson Municipal Code contemplates amendments to the Stevenson Comprehensive Plan and establishes a cycle to review proposed amendments on a biennial basis. The Chapter contains 8 sections as addressed below.

<u>CRITERION §17.11.010 – COMPREHENSIVE PLAN</u>
"The comprehensive land use plan for the city of Stevenson includes the text, diagrams, charts and maps adopted by Ordinance 2012-1067 on April 18th, 2013, entitled

"Stevenson Comprehensive Plan." The comprehensive plan includes all subsequent amendments."

FINDING(S): 1. The Stevenson Comprehensive Plan includes the document adopted by Ordinance

2012-1067 and the subsequent amendment adopted by Ordinance 2022-1182.

<u>CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:</u> This proposal is consistent with SMC 17.11.010.

CRITERION §17.11.020 – CONFORMANCE AND CONSISTENCY

"The Zoning Code and other development

regulations contained within this code shall be consistent with and implement the intent and purpose of the city's comprehensive plan."

<u>FINDING(S):</u> 1. This section contemplates future actions to ensure conformance and consistency.

<u>CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:</u> This proposal is consistent with SMC 17.11.020.

CRITERION §17.11.030 – SCOPE

"The requirements of this chapter establish the process and criteria for reviewing and evaluating proposed amendments to the comprehensive plan and/or future land use map. The comprehensive plan amendment process provides for simultaneous review of proposals to allow for cumulative impact analyses of all applications on a city-wide basis and honors the community's long-term investment in the comprehensive plan through a participatory public process."

FINDING(S): 1. Only one proposal was submitted for review during the amendment cycle.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW: This proposal is consistent with SMC 17.11.030.

#### CRITERION §17.11.040 – INITIATING AMENDMENTS—SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

"A. Any person with an

interest in the comprehensive plan may initiate an amendment to the comprehensive plan.

B. Prior to acceptance of an application to amend the comprehensive plan the city will ensure that the submittal requirements below have been satisfied. These requirements represent the minimum submittal requirements, and the zoning administrator, at the administrator's discretion, may require additional information prior to acceptance. Potential applicants are encouraged to schedule a pre-application meeting to determine if additional information will be required.

- 1. All applications shall be on forms provided by the city and shall include, at a minimum: [...6 specific submittal requirements].
- 2. If the proposed amendment changes the future land use map, the application shall include, at a minimum: [...3 specific submittal requirements].
- 3. If the proposed amendment concerns specific real property, the application shall include, at a minimum: [...4 specific submittal requirements].

#### FINDING(S):

- 1. The City Administrator initiated this amendment to the Comprehensive Plan after several pre-application discussions with the Zoning Administrator.
- 2. The application was accepted as complete by the Zoning Administrator on September 30, 2019.
- 3. The proposed amendment does not change the future land use map or concern specific real property.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW: This proposal is consistent with SMC 17.11.040.

#### CRITERION §17.11.050 – BIENNIAL AMENDMENT CYCLE

"A. An application to amend the

comprehensive plan may be made at any time. However, completed amendment applications received after five p.m. on September 30th of each odd-numbered year shall not be considered until the following biennial amendment cycle. Amendment cycles shall occur no more frequently than once per biennium, as established herein, provided, that the city council may by resolution alter or extend the calendar.

- B. During the months of October, November, and December of odd-numbered years, the planning director shall review and evaluate all proposed amendments to the comprehensive plan and prepare a written report to the planning commission recommending action on each amendment proposed.
- C. The planning commission shall, at its first regular meeting in January of each even-numbered year, establish a work program for the months of January through April, inclusive, for hearings, deliberation and action upon each proposed amendment. The planning commission shall consider but not be limited by the recommendation of the planning director. The planning commission shall hold at least one public hearing in January prior to determining its work program and one hearing in April prior to making its final recommendation to city council. The planning commission shall at its meetings further provide a continuing forum for on-going public involvement in the comprehensive plan amendment process. The planning commission shall report, via the clerk-treasurer, its recommendation for comprehensive plan amendments to city council not later than the last day of April of each even-numbered year.
- D. Upon receipt of the planning commission's recommendations, the clerk-treasurer shall certify the date of receipt, and within sixty days of that date, the city council shall, at a public hearing during the months of May and/or June, deliberate and act on the recommendations of the planning commission. The city council shall, by majority vote, approve or disapprove, or modify and approve, as modified, the comprehensive plan amendment, or refer it back to the planning commission for further proceedings, in which case the city council shall specify the time within which the planning commission shall report its findings and recommendations back to the city council.
- E. The failure to comply strictly with the calendar established in this section shall not affect the validity of amendments to the comprehensive plan.

#### FINDING(S):

- 1. The application was submitted in 2019. Review of the proposal was initiated as part of the 2020 Biennial Amendment Cycle. Unknowns associated with the COVID19 Pandemic caused a halt in the review. The halt was supported by the applicant and review was reinitiated as part of the 2022 Biennial Amendment Cycle.
- 2. Written reports by the Planning Director assisted the Planning Commission's review of

the proposal and involved proposals to ensure consistency and implementation.

- 3. The Planning Commission established conscientious public involvement expectations consistent with its bylaws, including a public hearing on Sept 12<sup>th</sup>, 2022.
- 4. The Planning Commission trusts the Clerk-Treasurer to transfer its recommendation to the City Council as expected.
- 5. Compliance with the calendar established in this section has not been strict.

<u>CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:</u> This proposal is consistent with SMC 17.11.050.

<u>CRITERION §17.11.060 – EXCEPTIONS</u>

"Amendments to the comprehensive plan may occur more frequently than the established biennial amendment cycle, provided that the city council, after recommendation by the planning commission, determines that one of the following circumstances exists: [...6 specific circumstances]

FINDING(S): 1. The proposed amendment does not involve the circumstances involved in exceptions to the Biennial Amendment Cycle.

<u>CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:</u> This proposal is consistent with SMC 17.11.060.

CRITERION §17.11.070 – APPROVAL CRITERIA

"The comprehensive plan was developed and adopted after significant study and public participation. The principles, goals, and policies contained therein shall therefore be granted substantial weight when considering a proposed amendment. Therefore, the burden of proof for justifying a proposed amendment rests with the applicant, who must demonstrate how the request is consistent with the following approval criteria:

A. Each Amendment:

- 1. Shall be consistent with Chapter 35A.63 RCW, shall further and be internally consistent with the comprehensive plan (a change to a particular goal or policy not included), and shall be consistent with any interlocal planning agreements;
- 2. Shall serve the public interest. In determining whether the public interest will be served, factors including but not limited to the following shall be considered:
- a. The anticipated effect upon the City staff and budgetary resources needed to implement the proposal;
- b. The anticipated effect upon the ability of the city and/or other service providers to provide an adequate level of service for the full range of public facilities and services, including but not limited to: water resources, utilities, transportation, parks or schools;
  - c. The anticipated impact upon natural systems;
  - d. The anticipated impact upon the health, safety and welfare of city residents;
  - e. Any changes in the community values, information, or assumptions upon which

the comprehensive plan was based;

f. The ability of specific plan elements or subarea plans to accommodate the needs of the existing or future city;

B. Amendments to the comprehensive plan map or specific real property: [...2 criteria]"

#### FINDING(S):

- 1. The proposed amendment is consistent with state statute and internally with the remainder of the Comprehensive Plan.
- 2. The City has not interlocal planning agreements for this amendment to be (in)consistent with.
- 3. The proposal will serve the public interest, especially through its anticipated effect on City budgets, the provision of urban services, improvement of public health, safety and welfare, alignment with community values, and implementation of specific plan elements. Furthermore, the amendments are unlikely to negatively impact natural systems.
- 3. The proposal does not involve a comprehensive plan map change or specific real property.

<u>CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:</u> This proposal is consistent with SMC 17.11.070.

<u>CRITERION §17.11.080 – APPEALS</u>

"The decision of the city council on the comprehensive plan or plan amendments shall be final and conclusive unless, within twenty-one days from the date of such action, an adverse party makes appeal to a court of competent jurisdiction for a writ of certiorari, writ of prohibition or a writ of mandamus."

FINDING(S): 1. This section contemplates a future action outside of the Planning Commission's report.

<u>CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:</u> This proposal is consistent with SMC 17.11.080.

#### PLANNING COMMISSION RECOMMENDATION

The preceding discussion describes the Planning Commission's review of all Comprehensive Plan amendments subject to the Biennial Amendment Cycle between October 1<sup>st</sup>, 2017 and September 30<sup>th</sup>, 2021. Based on this discussion the Planning Commission recommends City Council adoption of the amendments attached hereto. These amendments include and modify those submitted via application and also include additional amendments to ensure consistency and implementation of the Comprehensive Plan after the amendments proposed via application.

DATED this	day of September 2022	
Jeff Breckel, Plann	ning Commission Chair for the	9
City of Stevenson	Planning Commission	

#### Attachments

1- Recommended Comprehensive Plan Amendment (32 pages)



# STEVENSON COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

**APRIL 2013** 

**AS AMENDED THROUGH** 

2022



# **Stevenson Comprehensive Plan**

# City of Stevenson, Washington

April 2013

As amended through

2022

### Prepared by:



# **Stevenson Planning Department**

7121 East Loop Road PO Box 371 Stevenson, WA 98648 (509)427-5970

With the Assistance of:

COGAN OWENS COGAN

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# **Acknowledgements**

#### **City Council**

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Paul Hendricks
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#### **Planning Commission**

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Carolyn Sourek, Public Works Director
Ken Woodrich, City Attorney

# **Acknowledgements, 2013**

#### **City Council**

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# **Planning Commission**

Karen Ashley, Chair Pat Albaugh Scott Anderson Jessie Hargadine Paul Hendricks Jim Hunt Glenn Morris Paul Spencer

#### **Steering Committee**

Karen Ashley, David Bennett, Kari Fagerness, Humaira Falkenberg, Chris Ford (Chair), Paul Hendricks, Judith Lanz, Jacob Leonard, Julie Mayfield, Dave McKenzie, Joe Robertson, Mary Repar, Angus Ruck, Scott Sorenson, Christine Stief, Angie Waiss

#### **City Staff**

Sandy Carlson, Minutes Taker, Carla Cosentino, Deputy Clerk, Mary Ann Duncan Cole, City Administrator, Eric Hansen, Public Works Director, Ben Shumaker, Planning Director, Primary Author, Ken Woodrich, City Attorney specifically addressed in detail in the current Comprehensive Plan. For this reason area plans can also be viewed as "supplements" to the existing Comprehensive Plan. The City of Stevenson Shoreline Management Program, as amended, is folded into the Comprehensive Plan as an area plan and is not considered a stand-alone document.

#### Strategic Plans

Strategic Plans are developed by the City of Stevenson to address topics that involve more than just specific neighborhood goals and objectives. They frequently address extensive development and/or redevelopment issues, and the process to carry out the strategic development. The goals and objectives of these plans are drafted in compliance with the Comprehensive Plan but are not entirely folded into the plan and still stand alone as documents. Existing Strategic Plans include:

- 1991 City of Stevenson General Sewer Plan and Wastewater Facilities Plan
- 2007 City of Stevenson Water System Plan Update
- 2010 Skamania County Multi-Jurisdictional Natural Hazard Mitigation Plan
- Annual Stevenson Capital Facilities Plan

#### **Agency Plans**

Agency Plans are developed by agencies outside of the city. In most instances, City staff seeks to maintain intergovernmental cooperation in the development of these plans. The staff also works with these other units of government as they create plans relating to issues in their jurisdictions which have an impact on the City. The goals, objectives, and policies included in these plans are important to the City and assist in guiding land use decisions within City boundaries. These plans exist independently of the Comprehensive Plan and include:

- Management Plan for the Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area
- Port of Skamania County Comprehensive Scheme of Harbor Improvements
- Skamania County Comprehensive Plan
- Skamania County Parks & Recreation Master Plan
- Skamania County Regional Transportation Plan
- SR 14 Scenic Corridor Management Plan

#### **Private Plans**

Private Plans are developed by individuals, businesses, and investors. They typically address specific sites or buildings within or, in select instances, near the City. When the goals and objectives that private entities develop for their sites are not consistent with the City's goals and objectives, City officials and staff work with these entities to explain the City's stance and build toward an understanding of whether the private plans or the City plans can be changed in a mutually satisfactory manner.

# **How will the City Carry Out the Plan?**

The City can only move toward its Vision through the continued use, evaluation, and when necessary, amendment to the Comprehensive Plan. In the course of implementing the goals and objectives of the Comprehensive Plan, the City will use much of the diverse array of tools at its disposal. These tools can be classified under three distinct categories: those used when the City undertakes projects,

### **CHAPTER 3-GOALS & OBJECTIVES**

The Stevenson Comprehensive Plan uses nine Goals to focus the community's Cornerstone Principles and refine the citizens' Vision. Like the Cornerstone Principles, the topics of these Goals closely relate to the community's



day-to-day needs and desires. Like the Vision, these Goals are broad, general statements describing the ultimate endpoint where the actions taken on their behalf should lead.

#### A Plan for Action

This Chapter's nine main sections correspond to the nine Goals. After a brief introduction, each Goal is followed by a six-column matrix containing information about how that Goal can be achieved. When viewed as a whole, the six columns serve as an Action Plan designating what, why, how, and when activities should be done and who should do them.

FIGURE 3-1: PLAN GOALS

#### **Stevenson Comprehensive Plan Goals**

**Goal 1—Community & Schools:** The Stevenson community is active and engaged and provides excellent schools and diverse activities for its youth.

**Goal 2—Urban Development:** Development within the Stevenson Urban Area wisely considers the long-term interests of the community.

Goal 3—Housing: A variety of housing options accommodates all residents.

**Goal 4—Downtown & Waterfront:** A vibrant and attractive downtown is home to diverse businesses and welcoming to residents and visitors.

**Goal 4A—Waterfront:** The waterfront is an extension of the downtown core and a place where people live, work, and play.

**Goal 5—Business & Industry:** Stevenson supports businesses that employ its residents and meet community needs.

**Goal 6—Tourism:** Stevenson attracts visitors by providing and promoting a variety of tourist amenities and activities.

**Goal 7—Transportation & Circulation:** Multi-modal transportation options provide people and goods with safe, efficient, and convenient options.

**Goal 8— Utilities-& Urban Services:** Reliable utilities and convenient services fulfill the needs of the current and future community.

Goal 8A—Level of Service: The community receives urban services at or above a set level of service

**Goal 8B—Capital Facilities Planning:** Urban services are provided according to a rational plan aligning the community's expectations with its capabilities.

**Goal 9—Parks & Recreation:** Residents and visitors enjoy access to a network of world-class parks, open spaces, and recreational opportunities.

Овјестіче	Tactics	(	CORNEF PRINC		E	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	LIKELY	TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTIMENT	PARTNERS	
Goal 1– Community & Schools								
1.1– Develop a high level of communication with the community regarding decisions and events affecting the city.	1.1-1– Use media such as a City website, Facebook page, and newsletter in addition to the methods required by law.					Administration	Chamber, SBA	Ongoing
1.2– Provide opportunities for citizens to participate and express their views to City officials.	1.2-1– Solicit and use citizen knowledge and ideas in the development of City policies, goals, and objectives.					Administration		Ongoing
1.3– Ensure that the monitoring reports contained in Appendix D are submitted to the Council annually prior to budget adoption.						All Departments		Ongoing
1.4– Develop a high level of coordination among all levels of government.						Administration		Ongoing
1.5– Ensure that the plans and actions related to land use by special districts, County, State, and federal agencies are consistent with the Stevenson Comprehensive Plan.						Planning		Ongoing
1.6– Coordinate activities such as school site selection and school building use to complement surrounding neighborhood and recreational uses.	1.6-1– Encourage the use of schools for recreation, open space, and meeting rooms whenever their uses do not conflict with the primary educational purpose of the schools.  1.6-2– Develop a school walking route plan and incorporate its projects into the Capital Facilities Plan.					Administration & Planning	SCSD	Ongoing
1.7– Facilitate the school district's efforts to provide quality educational programs now and into the future.	1.7-1– Establish flexible zoning regulations for schools and related activities to ensure the schools' ability to enhance facilities.					Planning	SCSD, Parent Groups	Ongoing
1.8– Support the school district's efforts to enhance community involvement in schools.	1.8-1– Provide opportunities for student involvement and partnerships in City government, projects, and activities.					Administration	SBA, SCSD	Ongoing

Овјестіче	Tactics	CORNERSTONE PRINCIPLES			E	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	LIKELY	TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	FARTINERS	
Goal 1– Community & Schools								
1.9– Support vocational and workforce training programs that build skills serving the needs of existing and future employment opportunities and businesses in the area, especially in the forestry and timber industries.						Administration	EDC, SBA, SCSD, Parent Groups, Work- Source	Short- Term
1.10– Facilitate and encourage the regional library system to maintain the high level of educational service to the community.						Administration	FVRL	Ongoing
1.11– Support the Columbia Gorge Interpretive Center, especially in their educational and children's programming efforts.						Administration	CGIC	Ongoing
1.12– Develop and enhance cultural opportunities.	1.12-1– Facilitate and support development of a bricks-and-mortar performing arts center.  1.12-2– Develop a public art plan_and incorporate its projects into the Capital Facilities Plan.  1.12-3– Install public art in key locations throughout the City, especially along the Columbia River waterfront.  1.12-4– Develop an interpretive signage plan.  1.12-5– Install interpretive signs in key locations through the City, especially highlighting Stevenson's unique relationship with the Columbia River.					Administration & Planning	CGIC, Chamber, County, <mark>SBASDA</mark> , SPAF	Mid-Range
1.13– Support community-based activities and events that cater to residents of Stevenson, especially during the winter months.						Administration	Chamber, County, SBA	Ongoing

<b>O</b> BJECTIVE	TACTICS		TACTICS PRINCIPLES		PRINCIPLES I		RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	LIKELY	TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEFARTMENT	PARTITERS		
Goal 2- Urban Development									
2.6– Protect public and private property and human safety from hazards such as critical aquifer pollution, frequent floods, geological hazards, and fire.	2.6-1– Establish development standards for lands known to have severe limitations.  2.6-2– Establish development standards for flood plains to minimize flood hazard vulnerability.  2.6-3– Establish standards for the Rock Creek slide to minimize soil movement.  2.6-4– Establish development standards to ensure safety near gas pipelines.					Planning		Short- Term	
2.7– Periodically review and revise the Future Land Use and Zoning maps to accommodate changes in community needs.	2.7-1– Consider designating areas not served by the public sewer and/or water systems as an "urban reserve" until capital facilities for such servicessystems are made available.  2.7-2– Balance the availability of sufficient land for various uses when designating Future Land Use and Zoning districts.  2.7-3– Consider infill potential when designating Future Land Use and Zoning districts, especially with regard to multi-family housing.  2.7-4– Consider redesignating lands currently designated for industrial use which are unlikely or undesirable to be developed for such uses.  2.7-5– Consider location and suitability of land for urban uses and established need when designating Future Land Uses and Zoning districts.  2.7-6– Consider the availability of urban services and level of service standards when designating Future Land Uses and Zoning districts					Administration & Planning		Ongoing	
2.8– Establish policies to review annexation proposals.	2.8-1– Prefer annexation of developed areas abutting the city.		6			Planning		Short- Term	

Овјестіче	Tactics	CORNERSTONE PRINCIPLES				RESPONSIBLE	E LIKELY T PARTNERS	TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	НЕ	AW	DEPARTMENT	PAKTNERS	
Goal 2- Urban Development								
2.9– Encourage the establishment of a subarea plan and land use regulations within the unincorporated Urban Area.	2.9-1– Encourage maintaining existing forest and farm uses within the unincorporated Urban Area. 2.9-2– Discourage development within the unincorporated Urban Area until suitable land within the City has been developed. 2.9-3– Ensure the highest and best use of riverfront properties within the unincorporated Urban Area by protecting them from development and redevelopment until urban utilities and services can be provided.					Planning	County	Short- Term
2.10– Use the type, location, and phasing of public facilities-services as a factor to guide urban expansion.	2.10-1– Manage urbanization through the expansion of public infrastructurecapital facilities such as the sewer and water systems.					Planning & Public Works		Ongoing
2.11– Manage lands bordering the National Scenic Area boundary to ensure habitat and recreational connectivity.						Planning		Ongoing
2.12– Facilitate and encourage the use of innovative building types and land development patterns that encourage conservation of energy and other resources.	2.13-1– Consider establishing incentives and/or special standards for infill projects.					Building & Planning		Ongoing
2.13– Establish standards for urban development that encourage mixtures of land uses and intensities.						Planning		Mid-Range
2.14– Ensure development review processes are prompt, predictable, open, and uncomplicated.						All Departments		Ongoing

Овјестіче	TACTICS	_	CORNER PRINC		E	RESPONSIBLE	LIKELY PARTNERS	Timeline
	H	HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT		
Goal 3– Housing								
3.1– Periodically review and revise land development regulations for residential areas to accommodate changing social and economic needs of residents.						Planning		Ongoing
3.2– Encourage a range of residential land uses, housing sizes, types, and price ranges and establish appropriate development criteria.	3.2-1– Allow for development of accessory dwelling units, cluster housing, condominiums, and planned unit developments that allow trade-offs as a development incentive.  3.2-2– Ensure adequate and buildable areas for multi-family housing development.					Planning	Realtors	Short- Term
3.3– Develop affordable housing goals.	3.3-1– Establish programs and incentives that lead to housing meeting the City's affordability goals, such as property tax abatement and inclusionary zoning.					Planning	CGHA	Short- Term
3.4– Establish property maintenance ordinances.	3.4-1– Educate homeowners on property maintenance ordinances.					Administration		Ongoing
3.5– Consider establishing innovative taxing methods and development incentives to ensure vitality and preservation of established residential areas.	3.5-1– Consider Local Improvement Districts and similar tools to provide and/or enhance public infrastructurecapital facilities in established residential areas.  3.5-2– Consider Local Improvement Districts and similar tools to assist existing landowners install capital facilities for new residential areas.	<b>*</b>				Administration & Planning		Ongoing



3.6– Review and carefully consider the immediate and long term effects of fees, charges, regulations, and standards on dwelling costs.						Administration & Planning	County	Short- Term
Овјестіче	TACTICS		PRINC	IPLES		RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	LIKELY PARTNERS	TIMELINE
Goal 3- Housing		HQL	NSB	HE	AW			
3.7– Ensure major residential developments and high density residential areas provide adequate open space and recreation areas.	3.7-1– Establish design standards for land divisions to provide open space and recreation areas. Provision of such open spaces should not reduce the density which can be achieved on the site.  3.7-2– Conduct an inventory of undeveloped areas to determine potential opportunities for provision of open space and recreation areas.					Planning		Ongoing
3.8– Review all development proposals for compatibility with surrounding established residential areas. Policies related to land use, transportation, public facilities, and utilities capital acilities should seek to maintain and enhance the quality of these areas.	3.8-1– Consider requiring special screening, landscaping, sound proofing, and fencing when appropriate to minimize noise, hazards, and glare for residential developments abutting designated major streets.					Planning		Ongoing

Овјестіче	TACTICS	(	CORNEI PRINC		E	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	LIKELY	TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	PARTNERS	
Goal 4– Downtown & Waterfront								
4.6– Encourage enhancing the Courthouse lawn as a more attractive community gathering space.						Administration	County	Short- Term
4.7– Ensure that both public and private properties located along entrances to Stevenson are attractively maintained.						Public Works	Private Property Owners	Ongoing
4.8– Establish standards to encourage relocation or burial of powerlines aboveground utility lines in the downtown commercial area and other areas where views are affected.	4.8-1– Encourage utility providers to develop undergrounding plans and coordinate their plans with the Capital Facilities Plan.					Planning & Public Works	Private Utilities, PUD	Short- Term
4.9– Revise sidewalk construction programs to minimize the replacement of street trees.						Public Works		Mid-Range
4.10– Provide better connections between downtown and the waterfront.	4.10-1– Consider converting Russell Street into a pedestrian mall between Second and First streets. 4.10-2– Consider improving sidewalks and street crossings and installing public art and seating areas on Russell Street from downtown to the waterfront.					Planning & Public Works	Port, SBA	Mid-Range
4.11– Consider establishing a Parking and Business Improvement Area to support downtown improvements, such as a rehabilitation grant or loan program for downtown buildings or provision of visitor amenities.						Administration	Chamber, EDC, SBA	Short- Term
Goal 4A- The waterfront is an extension	n of the downtown core and a place wh	nere p	eople	live, w	ork, a	and play.		
4A.1– Enhance shoreline access in the Stevenson area.	4A.1-1– Coordinate shoreline access with erosion control/stabilization programs.  4A.1-2– Support development of a large waterfront gathering place (e.g., amphitheater) for community					Administration, Planning & Public Works	County, Port, Property Owners, SDA	Long-Term

OBJECTIVE	Tactics	(	CORNER PRINC		E	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT		TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	PARTINERS	
Goal 5– Business & Industry								
5.3– Establish strategies to retain and grow existing businesses.	5.3-1– Conduct an annual inventory of local businesses. 5.3-2– Periodically survey local businesses to understand how the City can support their success and growth.					Administration	Chamber, EDC, Port, SBA	Ongoing
5.4– Support networking opportunities such as the "Chamber Breaks."						Administration	Chamber	Ongoing
5.5– Facilitate and support provision of adequate urban services (e.g., utility, transportation, and communications etc.) infrastructure—to meet the needs of Stevenson's business community.						Administration	County, EDC	Ongoing
5.6– Support the development of industrial lands and buildings.						Administration	Count, EDC, Port	Ongoing
5.7– Promote Stevenson's local resources and amenities (e.g., low energy costs, fiber optics) and location near the I-5, I-84, and railroad corridors to attract industry and commerce to ensure tax base stability.						Administration	Chamber, EDC, Port, SBA	Ongoing
5.8– Preserve lands designated for industrial use for that use, protect them from incompatible uses, and ensure access to good infrastructure hig-quality capital facilities.	5.8-1– Consider the feasibility and benefits of establishing industrial areas along Ryan Allen Road near the garbage transfer station. 5.8-2– Consider regional tax sharing programs as an alternative to developing industrial land in Stevenson.					Planning	EDC, Port	Ongoing
5.9– Establish standards for industrial land use to encourage nonpolluting, environmentally safe, light industries.						Planning	EDC, Port	Mid-Range

Овјестіче	TACTICS	(	CORNERSTONE PRINCIPLES			RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT		TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DLI AKTIMENT	TARTITERS	
Goal 6– Tourism								
6.7– Encourage development of mountain biking and hiking trails and other visitor amenities on the public lands immediately outside of Stevenson.						Administration	BPA, Bike groups, County, FoG, USFS, WaDNR	Ongoing
6.8 Establish a quiet zone at railroad crossings within the city.						Public Works	BNSF, Chamber, SBA, Port	Short- Term

# **Goal 7– Transportation & Circulation**







# "Multi-modal transportation options provide people and goods with safe, efficient, and convenient options."

The transportation system is probably the most visible and frequently used urban\_service provided by the City of Stevenson. Whether traveling to work, joy-riding through the Gorge, leisurely strolling through the neighborhood, or waiting for a delivery, the residents, visitors, and businesses of Stevenson rely on the City for a functional and convenient transportation and circulation system. This Goal emphasizes methods by which the City can ensure its transportation system meets community needs.

Stevenson's existing transportation and circulation system has shifted modes and focuses over its long history. The original Plat of Stevenson was a gridiron pattern that enabled easy internal circulation for pedestrian and horse traffic and focused on the Columbia River and Stevenson Landing as the primary mode of external transportation. When the railroad came through town, the focus shifted from the river uphill to where the rail line met dirt streets and boardwalk sidewalks. As automobile use grew and the city expanded away from its original riverside terrace, this gridiron pattern had to be altered to accommodate the steep Gorge slopes, the many creekside canyons and ravines cutting through these slopes, and the existing oddly-intersecting logging roads on the then-periphery. With the continued dominance of the automobile, the focus again shifted uphill to the new paved state highway, cul-de-sacs and dead-ends became commonplace methods for dealing with the creekside ravines and canyons, and sidewalks waned in importance.

Stevenson plays the lead role in ensuring the continual shifts in transportation modes occur in a way that benefits residents, visitors and businesses. The Objectives and Tactics of this Goal allow the City to accommodate these changes by focusing on improving the function, management, and look of existing transportation options and increasing the nonautomotive aspects of the system.

Овјестіче			ORNERSTONE PRINCIPLES		E	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	LIKELY	TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	TARTIVERS	
<b>Goal 7– Transportation &amp; Circulation</b>								
7.1– Develop a long range transportation plan and incorporate its projects into the Capital Facilities Plan.	7.1-1– Consider the feasibility and benefits of establishing one-way couplets on 1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> Streets. 7.1-2– Consider the feasibility and benefits of using roundabouts at intersections throughout the city. 7.1-3– Develop improvement plans for existing rights-of-way. 7.1-4– Consider traffic calming measures such as narrow streets. 7.1-5– Minimize traffic congestion and facilitate the safe, efficient movement of people and commodities through the design of the					Public Works	BNSF, County	Short- Term
7.2– Establish and manage the transportation system in a manner which contributes to community appearance and livability, recognizes and respects the characteristics of natural features, and minimizes the effects on abutting land uses.	transportation system.  7.2-1– Establish a city-wide inventory of surveys for rights-of-way.  7.2-2– Ensure rights-of-way are surveyed prior to undertaking major construction projects.					Public Works		Ongoing
7.3– Develop a transportation system that provides all citizens with transportation choices and alternatives.	<ul><li>7.3-1– Support establishment of a regional transit system.</li><li>7.3-2– Support provision of safe and convenient transit stops.</li></ul>					Public Works	BNSF, County	Mid-Range
7.4– Develop a plan for safe and convenient alternate forms of transportation, such as bikeways, walkways, and pathways and incorporate its projects into the Capital Facilities Plan.	7.4-1– Consider separating pedestrian, bicycle, and auto traffic. 7.4-2– Provide safe and accessible pedestrian crossings throughout the city.					Public Works	Chamber, County, <mark>SBASDA</mark>	Ongoing
7.5– Periodically review and revise standards for public and private roads.						Public Works	SBA	Mid-Range

Овјестіче	TACTICS	(	CORNEF PRINC		E	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	LIKELY	TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	PARTNERS	
<b>Goal 7– Transportation &amp; Circulation</b>								
7.6– Reduce the effects of through traffic in the downtown commercial area while minimizing any negative impact on local businesses.	7.6-1– Manage road construction projects to minimize construction-related impacts on local businesses. 7.6-2– Facilitate and encourage alternative routing and/or usage of Highway 14 by truck traffic.					Public Works	Chamber, EDC, SBA	Ongoing
7.7– Establish a tree conservation and management program for City rights-of-way. This program should provide for the replacement, planting, preservation, and maintenance of trees.			6			Public Works		Short- Term
7.8– Facilitate and support safety at railroad crossings.						Public Works	BNSF	Ongoing
7.9– Establish-Expand the a-railroad quiet zone to include the crossings at the Stevenson Cemetery and the Co-Ply mill site at railroad crossings within the city.	7.9-1- Identify the capital facilities necessary to expand the quiet zone and incorporate them into the Capital Facilities Plan.					Public Works	BNSF, Chamber, SBA, Port	<del>Short</del> <del>Term</del> Long- Term
7.10– Facilitate and support rail service for future transportation and commerce needs.						Public Works	BNSF, Chamber, SBA, Port	Long-Term
7.11– Manage on-street parking to permit the safe and efficient operation of the transportation system.						Public Works	County	Ongoing
7.12– Review and revise parking policies to facilitate efficient short-term parking and minimize off-street parking requirements.	7.12-1– Consider a shared parking program to utilize underused parking lots, such as the Courthouse, schools, and churches.					Public Works	Chamber, EDC, SBA	Short- Term
7.13– Provide wayfinding signage to aid traveler navigation and guide visitors to Stevenson attractions and amenities, especially east- and west-bound travelers on I-84.						Public Works	Chamber, ODOT, SBA, WsDOT	Short- Term

# Goal 8- Utilities & Urban Services







# "Reliable utilities and convenient services fulfill the needs of the current and future community."

City governments exist to serve their citizens. This Goal of the Comprehensive Plan emphasizes the aspects by which the City can serve its citizens through proper management and provision of utility services.

The City of Stevenson provides a number of public services to its residents. Responsible management of taxand rate-payer contributions tops the list, but the City also ensures buildings are inspected for safety, clean drinking water is provided to the tap, fires are suppressed before they can spread, sewage is collected and treated, justice is served through policing and the court system, and neighborhood nuisances are remedied. The City also coordinates with outside utility and service providers to ensure that its residents and visitors receive the services they require.

### "The community receives urban services at or above a set level of service."

As the community changes over time, its needs will also change. This Sub-Goal ensures levels of service (LOS) are considered in the system of plans developed by the City and its partners. The LOS standards of those plans should be monitored to ensure they lead toward fulfillment of this Plan's Goals.

<u>"Urban services are provided according to a rational plan aligning the community's expectations with its capabilities."</u>

Whether these services are provided through a pipe, over a wire, or at a desk, capital facilities are necessary to support them. The presence or lack of these facilities will determine the services that can be provided to the Stevenson community. As the city grows, new capital facilities will be necessary to provide urban services, and as time goes on, existing capital facilities will need to be replaced. The creation and adherence to a Capital Facilities Plan is an important component of managing Stevenson's growth, development, and change.

The Objectives and Tactics leading to the fulfillment of this Goal and its Sub-Goals contain methods by which the City can manage and improve upon the public services it provides and ensure that other utility and service providers do likewise.

Овјестіче	Tactics	(	CORNER PRINC		E	RESPONSIBLE LIKELY DEPARTMENT PARTNERS		TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	PARTNERS	
Goal 8- Utilities-Urban & Services								
8.1– Encourage City staff and officials to enhance their skills through training and continuing education on topics relevant to their job performance, such as management and communication.						All Departments		Ongoing
8.2– Develop a long-range financial plan.						Administration		Ongoing
8.3 Periodically review and revise the capital facilities plan.						Administration & Public Works		<del>Ongoing</del>
8.4– Identify and correct health and safety hazards within the Stevenson Urban Area.						Administration	County, Port	Ongoing
8.5—Establish maintenance programs to preserve the long-term viability of the City's capital facilities.						Administration & Public Works		<del>Short-</del> <del>Term</del>
8.6- Offset the costs of new development to existing city residents by establishing development charges.						<u>Administration</u>		Ongoing
8.7– Provide adequate easement and right-of-way widths for public and private utilities and emergency and other services.						Planning & Public Works		Ongoing
8.8—Base the provision for future public facilities and utilities upon financial cost and adequacy of desired levels of service.	8.8-1 Consider providing public facilities and utilities in advance of need. 8.8-2 Coordinate urban development with private utility agencies to ensure the availability of services when needed. 8.8-3 Continue to provide water and sewer services within the Urban Area.	<b>**</b>				Administration	County, PUD	Ongoing

Овјестіче	TACTICS		ORNER PRINC		E	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	LIKELY	TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	PARTNERS	
Goal 8- Utilities-Urban & Services								
8.9– Manage urbanization through the expansion of the sewer system.	8.9-1 Permit septic systems only when provision of sewer service is technically infeasible within the planning period. 8.9-2 Revise land development regulations to prohibit septic system installations in areas where provision the General Sewer Plan identifies expansion of the sewer systemservice is feasible during the planning period. 8.9-3 Establish a program to temporarily allow installation of septic systems where sewer service is currently unavailable and to decommission septic systems when sewer service is available.					Planning & Public Works		Ongoing
8.10—Consider alternative waste-disposal systems for difficult sites and to-Ee ncourage conservation of water.						Public Works		Ongoing
8.11– Coordinate the infrastructure improvement and maintenance projects of multiple utilities to reduce costs and disruptive impacts.						<del>Public Works</del>		<del>Ongoing</del>
8.12 Establish a stormwater utility to provide for the collection and treatment of stormwater runoff and the maintenance of stormwater facilities.	8.12-1 Establish standards for land development ordinances to provide for the collection and treatment of stormwater runoff.					Public Works		<del>Short-</del> <del>Term</del>
8.13– Consider alternative energy resources to benefit the community.	8.13-1– Facilitate and support local energy resource development and use, such as geothermal.					Administration	County, Port, PUD, State	Mid-Range
8.14– Facilitate and support the expansion of high- speed communication utilities such as broadband, fiber optics, and Wi-Fi.						Administration		Ongoing



B.15 Facilitate and support the burial of existing aboveground utility lines.				Administration & Public Works	Private Utilities, PUD	<del>Ongoing</del>
Овјестіче	TACTICS	HQL	Cornerstone Principles  NSB HE AW	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	LIKELY PARTNERS	TIMELINE
Goal 8- Utilities & Urban Services						
8.16 Require the burial of new utility lines.				Planning & Public Works	Private Utilities	Ongoing
8.17– Facilitate and encourage the collection, recycling, disposal, and reuse of solid waste within the Stevenson Urban Area.	8.17-1– Consider solid waste for use in biomass energy projects. 8.17-2– Consider composting solid waste through a community-scale facility.			Public Works	County Solid Waste	Short- Term
8.18– Periodically review and revise the City's law enforcement program.				Administration		Ongoing
8.19– Support Stevenson Fire Department and the Skamania County Hospital District to maintain high quality services.	8.19-1– Consider establishing a joint facility to house emergency response agencies.			Administration		Ongoing
8.20– Encourage establishment of county-wide mitigation and emergency action programs for spills, explosions and other disasters.				Administration	County, EMS, Fire	Mid-Range
8.21 – Ensure urban services are provided within the Stevenson Urban Area.	8.21-1– Continue to provide urban services related to transportation, water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, fire suppression, and parks and recreation.  8.21-2– Establish a stormwater utility to provide for the collection and treatment of stormwater runoff and the maintenance of stormwater facilities.  8.21-3– Encourage private and/or public agencies to provide urban services within the Stevenson			Administration & Public Works		Ongoing



	Urban Area. Such services include telecommunications, schools, non-city provided transportation, electrical power, solid waste and non-city provided parks and recreation.  8.21-4— Consider the feasibility and benefits of providing urban services which are not provided within the Stevenson Urban Area and/or which are not provided at the level of service expected from the community.						
8.22- Reduce visual blights and hazards associated with aboveground utility lines.	8.22-1– Facilitate and support the burial of existing aboveground utility lines.  8.22-2– Require the burial of new utility lines.				Administration, Planning & Public Works	Private Utilities, PUD	Ongoing
BA.1- Ensure plans are developed for urban services in the Stevenson Urban Area. Such plans should set LOS standards based on:  Community needs and desires, Inventories of existing facilities Forecasts of current and future capacities, Proposed locations and capacities of new facilities, The long-term financial feasibility of accommodating the anticipated growth, development, and change, and A short-term (6-year) capital improvement plan clearly identifying specific projects and the source of public money for funding for their completion,	8A.1-1— Develop plans for public services provided by the City, such as transportation and circulation water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, parks and recreation services, and fire.  8A.1-2- Encourage development of individual plans for urban services provided within the Stevenson Urban Area by private and/or public agencies, such as telecommunications, schools, non-city provided transportation, electrical power, and solid waste. Such plans should ensure the availability of services when needed.	vice.			Administration. Planning & Public Works	County. Private Utilities. PUD. WSDOT	<u>Ongoing</u>
8A.2- Establish standards for land development to ensure LOS standards are maintained and the system of area and strategic plans are implemented.	8A.2-1- Offset the impacts of new development to existing city residents by establishing systems development charges and fee-in-lieu programs.  8A.2-2- Establish a program to decommission private wells and transfer their water rights to the City.  8A.2-3- Establish a stormwater program to collect and treat stormwater and to limit sites' post-		6	3	Administration Planning & Public Works	County, Private Utilities, PUD	<mark>Short</mark> Term

	development stormwater run-off.  8A.2-4- Coordinate land development approvals with private utility agencies to ensure the availability of services when needed							
Goal 8B- Urban services are provided a	<u>ccording to a rational plan aligning the</u>	comm	<u>unity'</u>	s exp	<u>ectati</u>	ons with its c	<u>apabilities.</u>	
8B.1- Establish a capital improvement program to ensure of LOS standards are maintained and/or exceeded, to preserve the long-term viability of the City's capital facilities, and to implement the system of area and strategic plans within the Stevenson Urban Area.	8B.1-1- Consider providing facilities for urban services in advance of need.  8B.1-2- Base the provision of future capital facilities upon financial cost.  8B.2-3- Identify and correct health and safety hazards within the Stevenson Urban Area.	<b>**</b>	6			Administration, Planning & Public Works	County Private Utilities, PUD	Short- Term
8B.2-1- Adopt an annual Capital Facilities Plan to prioritize completion of projects identified in adopted area and strategic plans or are otherwise consistent with the Comprehensive Plan.	8B.2-1— Coordinate the capital facility improvement and maintenance projects of multiple urban service providers to reduce costs and disruptive impacts.  8B.2-2- Establish a New Improvements for Community Enhancement (NICE) Neighborhoods Program to allow the community to initiate projects for inclusion in the Capital Facilities Plan.  8B.2-3— Involve the public in annual Capital Facilities Plan decisions, minimally by holding a public hearing before the City Council.		9			Public Works	County, Port, Private Utilities, PUD, SCSD	Ongoing

Овјестіче	Tactics		CORNER PRINC		E	RESPONSIBLE LIKELY DEPARTMENT PARTNER		TIMELINE
		HQL	NSB	HE	AW	DEPARTMENT	PAKINEKS	
Goal 9– Parks & Recreation								
9.1– Establish a parks and recreation plan that ensures Stevenson projects are eligible for State grant funds and incorporate its projects into the Capital Facilities Plan.	9.1-1– Consider potential park needs as additional land develops.					Administration		Short- Term
9.2– Preserve open space and recreational resources.	9.2-1– Establish cooperative agreements to ensure that recreation and open space lands and facilities will be provided.							
	9.2-2– Secure dedications and easements adequate for channel maintenance, public open space, and future recreational use along all natural, permanent stream corridors.  9.2-3– Encourage private enterprise and intergovernmental agreements that will provide open space for recreational lands and facilities.					Administration & Planning		Long-Term
	Provision of such open spaces should not reduce the density which can be achieved on the site.							
9.3– Maintain parks and recreational lands and facilities.						Public Works		Ongoing
9.4– Consider establishing a permanent funding source for the acquisition, development, and maintenance of park and recreation lands and facilities.					3	Administration		Mid-Range
9.5– Develop a pathways and trails plan to highlight Stevenson's recreational, historical, and commercial sites and incorporate its projects into the Capital Facilities Plan.	<ul> <li>9.5-1– Consider using stream corridors as part of a parkway or greenway concept.</li> <li>9.5-2– Include connections among the parks and trails of the City, its partner agencies, and private entities.</li> <li>9.5-3– Include nature walks, scenic vistas, and connections to forests in the plan.</li> </ul>					Administration & Public Works		Mid-Range

### **CHAPTER 4-MAPS**

Many of the Goals, Objectives and Tactics described in the previous chapter are tied to specific infrastructure, institutions, or areas of Stevenson. The policies called for in the Comprehensive Plan often cannot be accomplished without maps that provide a fuller understanding of how specific areas of the city interrelate and connect with each other.

# **Future Land Use Map**

The Comprehensive Plan's Future Land Use Map is crucial for showing clearly and concisely how the Goals, Objectives, and Tactics contained in Chapter 3 relate to the Population Report in Appendix C. This map designates all areas of the City and Urban Area according to five basic land use designations describing where population and business growth will occur and how the City intends for lands to be used in the future.

The Future Land Use designations are not zoning districts,

and the Future Land Use Map is not a zoning map. Whereas the City of Stevenson Zoning Map is an official regulatory document adopted by ordinance through the Zoning Code, the Comprehensive Plan's Future Land Use Map is a guidance document that will be used to shape future decisions about annexations, land development policies, the size and timing of infrastructure-capital facility upgrades, changes to existing zoning designations, and those purposes indicated in RCW 35A.63.080.



#### Urban Reserve (UR)

An area within which future development and extension of municipal-public services are contemplated but not imminent. Existing uses, particularly vacant lands and very low density single-family housing, coexist with uses otherwise characteristic of more rural areas. Further development within an Urban Reserve is discouraged until municipal-public services can be provided and urban level densities and intensities of land use can occur. Urban Reserve areas may be subcategorized to anticipate any other land use designation described below and may be changed to such designations without amending the plan when adequate municipal-public services are provided.

#### Low Density Residential (LDR)

An area dominated by single-family homes on lots 15,000 square feet or larger. Development within a Low Density Residential area typically requires extension of <a href="mailto:municipal-public">municipal-public</a> water service and other <a href="mailto:muticipal-public">utilitiesurban</a> services, though on-site septic systems are often unavoidable and desirable as an alternative to extension of the <a href="mailto:municipal-public">municipal-public</a> sewer collection system. The development pattern encourages connected

street networks where terrain permits. Where terrain does not permit, culs-de-sac are often paired with pedestrian pathways to provide adequate non-automotive connectivity to nearby neighborhoods, schools, parks, and business centers.

#### High Density Residential (HDR)

An area dominated by multi-family housing or single-family housing on lots smaller than 15,000 square feet. Residential uses in these areas are often mixed with institutions, utilities, schools, and parks and/or located in close proximity to commercial uses more characteristic of urban areas. Development within a High Density Residential area almost exclusively requires extension of, or connection to, <a href="mailto:municipal-public">municipal-public</a> water and sewer systems. Development patterns in these areas encourage connected street networks with pedestrian and bicycle facilities providing connections to abutting neighborhoods, schools, parks, and business centers. High Density Residential areas may be subcategorized by single-family or multi-family designations, and public use designations.

#### Low Intensity Trade (LIT)

An area where commercial activity is interspersed and coexists with other recreational, and public/institutional uses in the same area. Low Intensity Trade areas typically provide opportunities to capitalize on and expand the regional tourism and service industries. Because of the space typically demanded by Low Intensity Trade activities, the uses allowed in these areas are often inappropriate or cannot exist within Downtown Stevenson or other High Intensity Trade areas; however, Low Intensity Trade areas are not intended to detract from the viability of, or compete with, High Intensity Trade areas. Development of Low Intensity trade areas almost exclusively requires municipal-public service extension. Although the parking and access patterns of Low Intensity Trade areas are typically oriented primarily to automotive traffic, adequate accommodations for pedestrian and bicycle users are also included. Low Intensity Trade areas may be subcategorized by general, recreation, and public use designations.



#### High Intensity Trade (HIT)

An area primarily devoted to commercial, light industrial, public/institutional activities, mixed uses, multi-family, and existing single-family residences. These areas contain a dense, highly intensive land use pattern focusing on an urban style of development and architecture. Connection to municipal utilities—Availability of urban services adds to the viability of High Intensity Trade areas. High Intensity Trade areas may be subcategorized by downtown, office, and industrial designations. Development in downtown areas typically follows a tight-knit gridiron pattern that emphasizes the

importance of pedestrians and bicyclists to ensure areas are walkable. As compared to downtown areas, office and industrial areas are more dependent on automotive traffic.

# **Background Maps**

The Future Land Use Map and many of the Comprehensive Plan's Goals, Objectives, and Tactics are based on careful consideration of how Stevenson relates to the built, natural, and legal environments of its setting. The following maps illustrate these environments and provide Comprehensive Plan users with a better understanding of the plan's policies. Periodically, these maps should be updated and/or supplemented by staff action; changes to the background maps not themselves considered Comprehensive Plan amendments.

#### FIGURE 4-1: BACKGROUND MAPS

#### **Maps Showing Stevenson Background Information**

Vicinity Map: A map showing Stevenson's location within the State, Region and County

Base Map: A map showing key features within the Stevenson Urban Area

**Water System Map:** A map showing properties currently served by City water, the boundaries of Stevenson's water service area and existing and proposed infrastructure components

**Sewer System Map:** A map showing properties currently served by City sewer and the boundaries of Stevenson's sewer service area

Street Map: A map of the federal functional classification of Stevenson-area streets

Sidewalks & Trails Map: A map showing the extent of Stevenson's pedestrian pathway system

Parks Map: A map of the public and private recreational lands and service areas in Stevenson

**Wetlands & Stream Habitat Map:** A map showing the location of identified wetlands and the current buffer areas required along area streams

Frequently Flooded Areas Map: A map of the floodplains identified by FEMA's Flood Insurance Rate Maps

**Geologic Hazards Map:** A map showing landslides, debris flow hazard areas, erosion-prone areas, and steep slopes in the Stevenson area

Existing Land Use Map: A map showing how land is currently being used in the Stevenson Urban Area

Zoning Map: A map of the current zoning within and adjacent to the Stevenson Urban Area

**Built Environment Constraints Map:** A map showing areas likely to be developed or redeveloped based on 1) the likelihood of connection to City water and sewer and 2) the current development status

**Natural Environment Constraints Map:** A map showing areas likely to be developed or redeveloped based on 1) the presence of natural hazards and 2) the presence of ecological constraints

# **Appendix B- Glossary of Terms**

As used in this plan, the words below have the meaning given here unless the context clearly dictates otherwise.

#### **Abbreviations & Acronyms**

**BNSF**—Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad

**CGHA**—Columbia Gorge Housing Authority

**CGIC**—Columbia Gorge Interpretive Center

**DSHS**—Washington Department of Social and Health Services

**EDC**—Skamania County Economic Development Council

FEMA—Federal Emergency Management Agency

FoG—Friends of the Gorge

**FVRL**—Fort Vancouver Regional Library District

**ODOT**—Oregon Department of Transportation

SBA—Stevenson Business Association

SDA—Stevenson Downtown Association

SCSD—Stevenson-Carson School District

**SPAF**—Skamania Performing Arts Foundation

**USFS**—United States Forest Service

**USPS**—United States Postal Service

WsDOT—Washington Department of Transportation

#### Words & Phrases

Acquire— To take possession of through the City's own funds, efforts, or actions.

**Capital Facilities Plan**— A local government plan supporting a program that schedules permanent capital improvements and maintenance, usually for 6 years in the future, to fit the projected fiscal capability of the jurisdiction. The program is generally reviewed annually for conformance to and consistency with this Plan.

Community Asset— An individual, group, or institution present in the city, county, or region capable of adding insight or value to City programs, projects, or activities. "Community Assets" are typically not directly associated with City government and include entrepreneurs, investors, businesses, and non-profit agencies.

Cluster Analysis— A study whereby economic opportunities and competitive advantages are identified through the comparison of a region's existing industrial mix to similar regions. Identification of such opportunities and advantages can then be used to target economic development and business attraction strategies in an effective manner.

Consider— 1) To think carefully about, especially in order to make a decision; 2) To bear in mind as a possible or acceptable course of action. When used in conjunction with another verb, an Objective or Tactic should be viewed as an optional course of action rather than a directive.

#### Words & Phrases. Continued

**Cross-Promotion**— The technique designed to help a business or company sell multiple products or services or to help multiple companies sell their products or services together.

**Develop**— 1) To bring about growth or availability through construction, alteration and/or change in use or intensity. 2) To elaborate or work out some plan or course of action in detail.

**Encourage**— To inspire, stimulate, advance or foster through assistance, approval or promotion. "Encourage" differs from "Support" primarily in that "Support" should more often be taken to mean financial support, and only in rare circumstances should "Encourage" be interpreted in such a way.

**Enhance**— To bring an existing condition into a more desirable or excellent condition through revision, addition, or change. "Enhance" can be used almost interchangeably with "Improve".

**Ensure**— To guarantee or make certain something will happen.

Especially— A qualifier used to indicate a concept that should be prioritized for action.

**Establish**— To create or set up a program or regulatory scheme as if on a permanent basis. This term should be interpreted to include the full process from program development through adoption and implementation.

**Facilitate**— To make easier or less difficult, to assist the progress of an action, process, program, or project. "Facilitate" typically indicates making something easier through regulatory or communicative means, but in rare circumstances can be interpreted to ease something through financial support.

**Facility**— Something designed, built, installed or utilized for the specific purpose of providing a service.

Facility, Capital— A facility which is planned, purchased, constructed, or otherwise acquired and maintained for the betterment of the community which adds physical value in support of a service provided in the City.

**Guideline**— A regulation or criterion intended to guide, but not coerce action. "Guidelines" have a lower level of regulatory intent than "Standards" and are applied on either a voluntary or case-by-case basis.

**Incentive**— An action, financial strategy, or regulation intended to induce certain actions or types of development.

Infill— Development or redevelopment of land that has been bypassed, remained vacant, and/or is underused as a result of the urban development process. "Infill" typically occurs in areas already served by, or readily accessible to, urban infrastructure and services.

Light Industry— A use engaged in the manufacture, processing, fabrication, assembly, treatment, packaging, and incidental storage, sales, and distribution of finished or semi-finished products. On a case-by-case or zone-by-zone basis, Light Industry may include logging and/or milling operations. Light Industry generally differs from heavier industries in the lesser use of raw or extracted materials and the lesser degree of glare, noise, odor, outdoor storage or other negative manifestations adversely affecting neighboring properties.

Maintain— To prevent an existing facility, service, or relationship from declining in quality or functionality.

Mixed Use— A project integrating a variety of land uses in one building or on one site. Mixed Use projects often involve commercial uses on the ground floor of a structure with residential uses above.

#### Words & Phrases, Continued

Planning Period - 2013 through 2032.

**Provide**— 1) To take measures with due foresight; 2) To make available, supply, or furnish a facility, opportunity, or service.

Regulation— A rule or law prescribed by a governmental authority, usually the City Council.

Rock Creek and Rock Cove Lands— All those lands located between Rock Creek Drive and Highway 14.

Services— The supplying or providing of utilities, commodities, accommodations and/or activities.

Services, Public— Services which are provided by a government agency.

**Services, Urban**— Services that are normally available in an urban environment (e.g., sanitary waste systems, solid waste disposal systems, water systems, urban streets and pedestrian facilities, transit systems, stormwater systems, police and fire and emergency services systems, natural gas distribution systems, electrical and communication systems, school and health care facilities, parks, etc.).

Shoreline Management Program or SMP— The comprehensive suite of analyses, visions, goals, policies and regulations adopted by the City in accordance with the Shoreline Management Act (RCW 90.58). The Shoreline Management Program includes the similarly named, though more specific, Shoreline Master Plan. Unless the context clearly dictates otherwise, the phrases Shoreline Management Plan, Shoreline Master Plan, Shoreline Master Program and pluralized versions thereof should be interpreted as references to the overall program.

**Standard**— A regulation or criterion that must be complied with or satisfied. "Standards" have a higher level of regulatory intent than "Guidelines," and are applied to all actions or proposals of a prescribed category.

**Stevenson Urban Area**— The area circumscribed by the Stevenson Urban Area boundary as established and amended by the Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area Act and the Columbia River Gorge Commission.

Such As— A qualifier used to indicate a concept that could be prioritized for action.

**Support**— To be in favor of, encourage, maintain, sustain or fund some action, facility or service. "Support" differs from "Encourage" in that it should be more often, though not always, taken to mean financial support.

**Urban Reserve**— An area within the Stevenson Urban Area within which future development and extension of municipal services are contemplated but not imminent. Development within an Urban Reserve is discouraged until municipal services can be provided and urban level densities and intensities of land use can occur.

Use— To put into service for some practical or profitable purpose. The term "Utilize" is sometimes used interchangeably with "Use".

# **APPENDIX E-Implementation & Monitoring**

This appendix is intended to be used as an easy reference for the Objectives and Tactics used in this plan. The tables below are organized first by the priority order in which each Objective should be undertaken and then by the City department responsible for initiating the Objective or Tactic. Following these tables is a template for each department to use when monitoring their implementation of the Comprehensive Plan's Objectives & Tactics and a schematic to show future progress on plan implementation. This appendix should be updated by staff action when Comprehensive Plan amendments occur; changes to this table are not themselves considered Comprehensive Plan amendments.

	Ongoing Priorities								
Building Department	City Administration	Planning Department	Public Works Department						
1.3	1.1, 1.1-1	1.3	1.3						
2.12	1.2, 1.2-1	1.5	2.10, 2.10-1						
2.14	1.3	1.6, 1.6-1	2.14						
8.1	1.4	1.7, 1.7-1	4.7						
-	1.6, 1.6-1	2.1	4A.1, 4A.1-1, 4A.1-2						
-	1.8, 1.8-1	2.7, 2.7-1, 2.7-2, 2.7-3, 2.7-4, 2.7-5	4A.3, 4A.3-4, 4A.3-5, 4A.3-6, 4A.3-7						
-	1.10	2.10, 2.10-1	6.6						
-	1.11	2.11	7.2						
-	1.13	2.12	7.6, 7.6-1, 7.6-2						
-	2.7, 2.7-1, 2.7-2, 2.7-3, 2.7-4, 2.7-5	2.14	7.8						
-	2.14	2.15	7.11						
-	3.4, 3.4-1	2.16, 2.16-1, 2.16-2, 2.16-3	8.1						
-	3.5, 3.5-1	3.5, 3.5-1	8.3						
-	4.4	3.7, 3.7-1, 3.7-2	8.7						
-	4A.1, 4A.1-1, 4A.1-2	3.8, 3.8-1	8.9, 8.9-1, 8.9-2						
-	4A.4, 4A.4-2, 4A.4-3	4.3, 4.3-1, 4.3-2, 4.3-3, 4.3-4	8.10						
	5.2, 5.2-1, 5.2-2, 5.2-3, 5.2-4, 5.2-5	4A.1, 4A.1-1, 4A.1-2	8.11						
	5.3, 5.3-1, 5.3-2	4A.4, 4A.4-2, 4A.4-3	8.15						
-	5.4	4.5	8.16						
-	5.5	4A.3, 4A.3-4, 4A.3-5, 4A.3-6, 4A.3-7	9.3						

# **APPENDIX F-Policies Dropped from Consideration**

The following policies were considered during the planning process, but were dropped for a variety of reasons. Some were accomplished. Some were considered repetitive, unrealistic, or not yet ripe. Some conflicted with the plan's other policies. Some were just not palatable to the City's decision makers.

This collection of policies is presented here in part to help demonstrate the planning process, but more importantly, it is intended to be a tool for future users. When interpreting or updating the Comprehensive Plan, users can turn to this section to determine whether new policy ideas fit more closely with the ideas listed here or with those adopted in Chapter 3. Policy numbers not carried over from the 1984 Plan are referenced in bold.

This appendix should be updated by staff action when Comprehensive Plan amendments occur; changes to this table are not themselves considered Comprehensive Plan amendments.

Dropped Policies							
GOAL 1							
Provide increased publicity to the community regarding decisions and events affecting the city. <b>(3.8-4)</b>	Provide a clean, visually attractive community with a small-town atmosphere. (1-3)						
Increase community pride. (1-2)	Develop and improve educational opportunities. (1-8)						
Explore funding opportunities for schools, including a levy and other fundraising activities.	Explore opportunities for alternative schools.						
Promote opportunities for agricultural education.	Investigate educational programming during the summer.						
Assure a balance between safety and ease of access for school locations. (3.5-4)	Encourage development of school lands and lands adjacent to schools to minimize the negative impact on each. (3.5-2)						
Encourage the use of schools as an integral part of the community by making joint agreements with the School District to allow community use of school facilities. (3.5-6)	Minimize the costs of schools and parks by joint location, acquisition, and the use of sites for both schools and parks. (3.5-3)						
GO	AL 2						
Manage major drainageways, wetlands, and flood plains for the benefit of the community. (2.1-1a)	Manage ecologically and scientifically significant areas for the benefit of the community. <b>(2.1-1d)</b>						
Prohibit building on flood plains of major drainageways except in accordance with adopted regulations. (2.2.2-6)	Manage lands with significant native vegetation for the benefit of the community. (2.1-1c)						
Map major drainageways. (2.2.2-1)	Manage lands that provide community identity and act as buffers for the benefit of the community. <b>(2.1-1f)</b>						
Consider the value of agricultural and forest lands as open space and other less intense uses before approving any change in land use. (2.3-2)	Consider lands that are not suitable for forest or agricultural uses as developable if they meet other development criteria. (2.3-3)						
Contain future urban development within the limits of the urban growth boundary. <b>(4.2-1)</b>	Use parks and open space to shape and delineate urban development. (3.4.1-2)						