CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023

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CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK INTRODUCTORY SECTION DECEMBER 31, 2023



CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS December 31, 2023

POSITION NAME TERM EXPIRES

ELECTED OFFICIALS

City Council:

Mayor Robert Nelson December 31, 2026

Council Member April Moran December 31, 2026
Council Member Lisa Dircks December 31, 2024
Council Member Barbara Goodboe-Bisschoff December 31, 2024
Council Member Ken Wendling December 31, 2026

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

City Administrator,

Clerk-Treasurer Daniel R. Buchholtz Continuous

Accountant Melissa Barker Continuous



CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK FINANCIAL SECTION DECEMBER 31, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Spring Lake Park

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Spring Lake Park, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Spring Lake Park's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Spring Lake Park as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of City of Spring Lake Park and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

City of Spring Lake Park's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Spring Lake Park's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of City of Spring Lake Park's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Spring Lake Park's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 14 and the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Spring Lake Park
Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of Spring Lake Park's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare basic the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2024 on our consideration of City of Spring Lake Park, internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Spring Lake Park, internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Minneapolis, Minnesota March 25, 2024



As management of the City of Spring Lake Park, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Spring Lake Park for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, with comparative data for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Spring Lake Park exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$25,111,417 (net position). Of this amount, \$10,288,035 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fund designations and fiscal policies.
- The City's total net position increased by \$993,167. The increase is mainly attributed to earnings on the City's investments during the year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Spring Lake Park's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,591,140, an increase of \$361,296 from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance for the general fund was \$2,992,641, or 64.4% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City's total noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$4,054,330 due to an decrease in the City's net pension liability primarily related to investment performance.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Spring Lake Park's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of the following three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, providing information for the City as a whole, 2) fund financial statements, providing detailed information for the City's significant funds, and 3) notes to the financial statements, providing additional information that is essential to understanding the government-wide and fund statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Spring Lake Park's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Spring Lake Park's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Spring Lake Park is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of the related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Spring Lake Park that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Spring Lake Park include general government, public safety, public works, recreation and parks and development. The business-type activities of the City of Spring Lake Park include the utility fund.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15-17 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Spring Lake Park, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Spring Lake Park can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Spring Lake Park maintains thirty-nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, HRA reserve fund, the revolving fund, and renewal and replacement fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements or schedules* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Spring Lake Park adopts an annual budget for its general fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for this fund (pages 24-27) to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-23 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Spring Lake Park maintains one type of proprietary fund - enterprise funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Spring Lake Park uses enterprise funds to account for its utility operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the utility funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City of Spring Lake Park.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-32 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 33-79 of this report.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds can be found on pages 82-103 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Spring Lake Park, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$25,111,417 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City of Spring Lake Park's net position, \$13,735,227 (55%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Spring Lake Park uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Spring Lake Park's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Spring Lake Park's Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Busin	ess-Type Activities	To	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 12,280,685 9,056,798	\$12,075,644 9,158,274	\$ 5,896 5,373		\$18,176,848 14,430,670	\$17,698,623 14,924,907		
Total assets	21,337,483	21,233,918	11,270	,035 11,389,612	32,607,518	32,623,530		
Deferred outflows of resources	2,603,719	3,209,701	55	,652 87,065	2,659,371	3,296,766		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	3,235,246	6,962,936	197	,099 523,739	3,432,345	7,486,675		
Other liabilities	1,131,865	1,131,167	39	,085 101,541	1,170,950	1,232,708		
Total liabilities	4,367,111	8,094,103	236	,184 625,280	4,603,295	8,719,383		
Deferred inflows of resources	3,064,109	508,469	2,488	,068 2,574,194	5,552,177	3,082,663		
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets	8,361,355	7,740,556	5,373	,872 5,521,633	13,735,227	13,262,189		
Restricted	1,088,155	2,034,067			1,088,155	2,034,067		
Unrestricted	7,060,472	6,066,424	3,227	,563 2,755,570	10,288,035	8,821,994		
Total net position	\$ 16,509,982	\$15,841,047	\$ 8,601	,435 \$ 8,277,203	\$25,111,417	\$24,118,250		

An additional portion of the City of Spring Lake Park's net position at December 31, 2023 (4%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$10,288,035) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Spring Lake Park is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position for the City as a whole.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities account for 66% of the City of Spring Lake Park's net position as of December 31, 2023. The total increase in net position for governmental activities was \$668,935, accounting for 67% of the increase in the net position of the City of Spring Lake Park for the year ended December 31, 2023. The key element for this increase was significant investment earnings during the year.

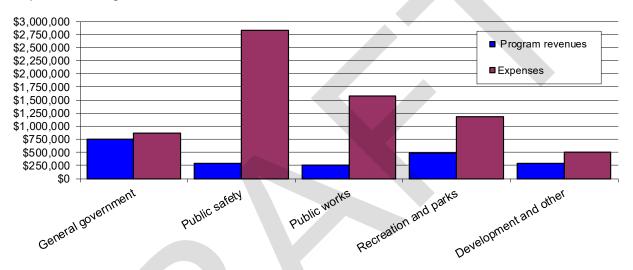
Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Spring Lake Park's net position by \$324,232 due primarily to investment earnings recognized in the utility funds.

City of Spring Lake Park's Change in Net Position

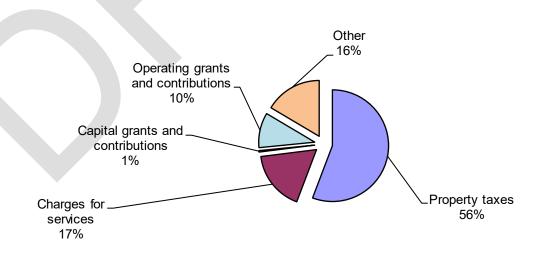
	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-Typ	pe Activities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Revenues:	·						
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,279,854	\$ 1,234,826	\$ 2,220,624	\$ 1,844,476	\$ 3,500,478	\$ 3,079,302	
Operating grants and contributions	752,168	367,278			752,168	367,278	
Capital grants and contributions	30,120	467,562			30,120	467,562	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	4,137,107	3,963,794			4,137,107	3,963,794	
Other	1,220,448	317,019	549,808	108,445	1,770,256	425,464	
Total revenues	7,419,697	6,350,479	2,770,432	1,952,921	10,190,129	8,303,400	
Expenses:							
General government	871,892	1,087,138			871,892	1,087,138	
Public safety	2,824,495	2,623,045			2,824,495	2,623,045	
Public works	1,575,552	1,656,893			1,575,552	1,656,893	
Recreation and parks	1,176,982	1,033,740			1,176,982	1,033,740	
Development and other	498,181	641,138			498,181	641,138	
Interest on long-term debt	16,003	41,900			16,003	41,900	
Utility			2,233,857	2,044,043	2,233,857	2,044,043	
Total expenses	6,963,105	7,083,854	2,233,857	2,044,043	9,196,962	9,127,897	
Change in net position before transfers	456,592	(733,375)	536,575	(91,122)	993,167	(824,497)	
Transfers	212,343	(24,316)	(212,343)	24,316			
Change in net position after transfers	668,935	(757,691)	324,232	(66,806)	993,167	(824,497)	
		•		. ,			
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	15,841,047	16,598,738	8,277,203	8,344,009	24,118,250	24,942,747	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 16,509,982	\$ 15,841,047	\$ 8,601,435	\$ 8,277,203	\$ 25,111,417	\$ 24,118,250	

Below are specific graphs that provide comparisons of the governmental activities direct program revenues with their expenses for the year ended December 31, 2023. Any shortfalls in direct revenues are primarily supported by property tax levy or general state aid.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

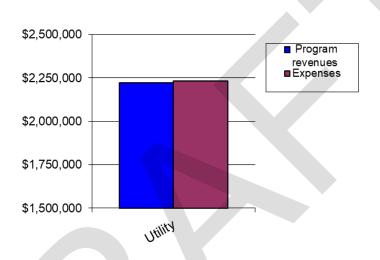


Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

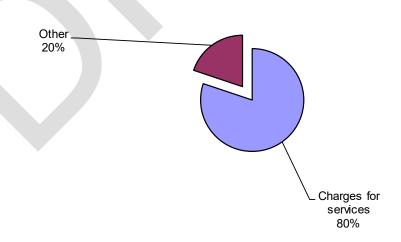


The following graphs relate the business-type activity's program revenues with its expenses for the year ended December 31, 2023. Since this activity requires significant physical assets to operate, any excess revenues are held for planned capital expenditures to keep pace with growing demand for services.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-Type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-Type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Spring Lake Park uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Spring Lake Park's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Spring Lake Park's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Spring Lake Park's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,591,140, an increase of \$361,296 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 90% of this total fund balance, or \$9,554,305, constitutes assigned and unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance, \$1,036,835, is restricted and nonspendable to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted by creditors, grantors or regulations of other governments or has been expensed for prepaid items.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of City of Spring Lake Park. At the end of the current year, fund balance of the general fund was \$2,992,641. As a measure of liquidity, it may be useful to compare the fund balance to total fund expenditures. Fund balance represents 64% of total current year general fund expenditures. The general fund's total fund balance increased by \$322,686 during the current year due primarily due to taxes and investment earnings allocated to the fund in the current year.

The revolving fund decreased its fund balance by \$248,859 due primarily to due to transfers to other funds.

The renewal and replacement fund increased its fund balance by \$26,733 due to investment income allocated to this fund in excess of transfers to other funds.

The HRA reserve fund increased its fund balance by \$96,418 due to other revenues and investment earnings allocated to this fund.

The special revenue funds (other than the HRA reserve fund described as a major fund previously) increased their overall fund balances by \$522,753 due primarily to grants received from other governmental units.

The debt service funds decreased their collective fund balance by \$581,560 due primarily to debt service and development expenditures in excess of property tax and other revenues allocated to the fund.

The capital projects funds (other than the revolving fund and renewal and replacement fund described as major funds previously) increased their collective fund balance by \$223,125 due primarily to transfers from other funds allocated to this fund.

Proprietary funds. The City of Spring Lake Park's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position for utility operations at the end of the year amounted to \$3,227,563. The utility fund increased its net position by \$324,232, for the year ended December 31, 2023. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Spring Lake Park's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's General Fund budget was amended during the year. The original budget called for a balanced budget and the revised budget called for a \$560,000 overall decrease in General Fund balance. The actual net change to the General Fund balance was an increase of \$322,686. Revenues exceeded budget by \$598,322 for the year ended December 31, 2023 due primarily to strong property tax collections, investment earnings and rental housing registrations. Total expenditures were less than budget by \$207,904 for the year. Two departments had expenditures in excess of budget: public works exceeded budget by \$28,202 and parks and recreation expenditures exceeded budget by \$18,355. These over expenditures were primarily related to higher than anticipated salary and benefit costs, as well as higher than expected maintenance costs.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Spring Lake Park's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2023, amounted to \$14,430,670 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure. Total capital assets decreased by \$494,237, or approximately 3.3%, for the year ended December 31, 2023, due to current year depreciation expense in excess of asset additions.

City of Spring Lake Park's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total			
		2023		2022	 2023		2022		2023		2022
Land	\$	250,000	\$	334,950	\$	\$		\$	250,000	\$	334,950
Construction in progress		259,722		260,540	31,538		294,832		291,260		555,372
Buildings and improvements		787,416		896,938	1,317,482		1,583,524		2,104,898		2,480,462
Machinery and equipment		381,217		483,745	217,493		53,718		598,710		537,463
Infrastructure		7,378,443		7,182,101	3,807,359		3,834,559		11,185,802		11,016,660
Total	\$	9,056,798	\$	9,158,274	\$ 5,373,872	\$	5,766,633	\$	14,430,670	\$	14,924,907

Additional information on the City of Spring Lake Park's capital assets can be found in Note 3C beginning on page 53 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Spring Lake Park had \$676,423 in bonds, certificates, and notes payable outstanding. The entire amount outstanding comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

City of Spring Lake Park's Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds, Certificates and Notes Payable

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total			
	 2023		2022	2023	_		2022		2023		2022
General obligation bonds											
and notes payable	\$ 676,423	\$	1,129,405	\$		\$	245,000	\$	676,423	\$	1,374,405
General obligation certificates			260,063								260,063
Total	\$ 676,423	\$	1,389,468	\$ •		\$	245,000	\$	676,423	\$	1,634,468

The City of Spring Lake Park's total bonds, certificates and notes payable decreased by \$958,045 during the current fiscal year. The decrease was due to scheduled debt payments and no new debt issued by the City during 2023.

The City of Spring Lake Park maintains an AA bond rating from S&P for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a Minnesota City may issue up to 3% of its market value of taxable property. Net debt is payable solely from ad valorem taxes. The City is currently well within this limit.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City is in the process of developing its 2025 budget. A combination of a tight labor market, higher prices, and increasing interest rates will make forecasting revenues and expenditures difficult. The State of Minnesota's strong financial position means that the State-Local fiscal partnership will likely continue into the next biennium.

The City's debt position is extremely positive. Four long term bond issues (2003 G.O. Water Revenue Note, 2017A Equipment Certificates, 2018A Improvement Certificates and the 2013B G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Bond) were paid off in 2023. During 2024, the City issued a \$7.6 million G.O. Capital Improvement Plan bond to finance a significant portion of the City Hall renovation/expansion project. This \$8.5 million renovation will create a separate entrance for the Police Department, improve accessibility, expand public meeting spaces, increase public restroom facilities, improve energy efficiency and enhance building security. Construction began February 2024 and will continue to November 2024. Even with the issuance of this bond, the City still has significant debt capacity to finance future capital improvements.

Major activities contemplated in future years include:

- Complete the last phase of sanitary sewer slip-lining project.
- Rehabilitate Sanburnol Drive, Elm Street and 83rd Ave NE.
- Seal coat project to maintain the City's investment in its street infrastructure.
- Continue removal and replacement of boulevard Ash trees infected with Emerald Ash Borer
- Upgrade the City's enterprise resource planning software to BS&A

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Spring Lake Park's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to City of Spring Lake Park, 1301 - 81st Avenue NE, Spring Lake Park, Minnesota 55432.



CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023



CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 11,403,787	\$ 2,726,947	\$ 14,130,734
Receivables	444,645	690,463	1,135,108
Lease receivables	356,540	2,457,907	2,814,447
Intergovernmental receivables	48,444		48,444
Internal balances	322	(322)	
Prepaid items and other	26,947	21,168	48,115
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable	509,722	31,538	541,260
Depreciable, net	8,547,076	5,342,334	13,889,410
Total Assets	21,337,483	11,270,035	32,607,518
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows from pension activity	2,603,719	55,652	2,659,371
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	126,360	26,054	152,414
Accrued payroll and related taxes	39,812	5,063	44,875
Accrued interest	1,223		1,223
Unearned revenue	767,633	3,000	770,633
Deposits and other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities:	196,837	4,968	201,805
Due within one year	503,417	29,670	533,087
Due in more than one year	446,631	17,390	464,021
Net pension liability	2,285,198	150,039	2,435,237
Total Liabilities	4,367,111	236,184	4,603,295
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows from leasing activity	330,140	2,404,705	2,734,845
Deferred inflows from pension activity	2,733,969	83,363	2,817,332
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,064,109	2,488,068	5,552,177
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	8,361,355	5,373,872	13,735,227
Restricted	1,088,155	-,,	1,088,155
Unrestricted	7,060,472	3,227,563	10,288,035
Total Net Position	\$ 16,509,982	\$ 8,601,435	\$ 25,111,417

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

			Program Revenues						
					0	perating	C	apital	
			Ch	arges for	Gr	ants and	Gra	nts and	
Functions/Programs	E	Expenses	S	Services	Cor	ntributions	Con	tributions	
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	871,892	\$	411,715	\$	330,128	\$	10,167	
Public safety		2,824,495		171,779		115,388			
Public works		1,575,552		144,334		85,591		19,953	
Recreation and parks		1,176,982		347,478		136,597			
Development and other		498,181		204,548		84,464			
Interest on long-term debt		16,003							
Total governmental activities		6,963,105		1,279,854		752,168		30,120	
Business-Type activities:									
Utility		2,233,857		2,220,624					
Total business-type activities		2,233,857		2,220,624					
Total	\$	9,196,962	\$ 3	3,500,478	\$	752,168	\$	30,120	

General revenues:

General property taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Lease revenue

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net Position - beginning

Net Position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Activities Activities \$ (119,882) (2,537,328)	Total \$ (119,882)
. , ,	\$ (119,882)
. , ,	\$ (119,882)
(2.537.328)	
(, ,)	(2,537,328)
(1,325,674)	(1,325,674)
(692,907)	(692,907)
(209,169)	(209,169)
(16,003)	(16,003)
(4,900,963)	(4,900,963)
\$ (13,233)	(13,233)
(13,233)	(13,233)
(4,000,000) (42,000)	(4.044.400)
(4,900,963) (13,233)	(4,914,196)
4 127 107	4 127 107
4,137,107 564,437	4,137,107 564,437
95,157 201,426	296,583
502,560 80,660	583,220
58,294 267,722	326,016
212,343 (212,343)	
5,569,898 337,465	5,907,363
668,935 324,232	993,167
15,841,047 8,277,203	24,118,250
\$ 16,509,982 \$ 8,601,435	\$ 25,111,417



CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2023

		Special Revenue Fund	Capital Pro	oject Funds
			Revolving	Renewal and
100570	General Fund	HRA Reserve	Fund	Replacement
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 3,504,248	\$ 1,144,945	\$ 1,180,776	\$ 1,761,379
Accounts receivable	33,643	ψ 1,144,943	ψ 1,100,770	ψ 1,701,579
Taxes receivable	41,731			
Special assessments receivable	1,011		107,754	
Lease receivable		356,540		
Due from other funds	262,367		13,613	
Due from other governmental units	46,244		387	
Accrued interest receivable	53,028		04.400	
Prepaid expenditures	3,909		21,168	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,946,181	\$ 1,501,485	\$ 1,323,698	\$ 1,761,379
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 101,948	\$	\$	\$
Accrued payroll and taxes	39,113			
Deposits and other liabilities		5,600		
Due to other funds	13,613		251,015	
Unearned revenue Total Liabilities	756,124	5,600	251 015	
Total Liabilities	910,798	5,000	251,015	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue:				
Property taxes	41,731			
Special assessments	1,011		107,754	
Leasing activity		330,140		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	42,742	330,140	107,754	
FUND BALANCE				
Nonspendable	3,909		21,168	
Restricted	-,		,	
Assigned	2,988,732	1,165,745	943,761	1,761,379
Total Fund Balance	2,992,641	1,165,745	964,929	1,761,379
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFENDED INC. SW	6			
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE		\$ 1,501,485	\$ 1,323,698	\$ 1,761,379

Other Governmental Funds	Total
\$ 3,812,439 129,211	\$ 11,403,787 162,854 41,731
78,267	187,032 356,540
322 1,813	276,302 48,444
1,870	53,028 26,947
\$ 4,023,922	\$ 12,556,665
\$ 24,412	\$ 126,360
699 191,237	39,812 196,837
11,352	275,980
11,509	767,633
239,209	1,406,622
	41,731
78,267	187,032
	330,140
78,267	558,903
1,870	26,947
1,009,888	1,009,888
2,694,688	9,554,305
3,706,446	10,591,140
\$ 4,023,922	\$ 12,556,665



CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK RECONCILIATION OF NET POSITION IN THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND BALANCES IN THE FUND BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total governmental fund balances (pages 18-19)	\$ 10,591,140
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Governmental funds - capital assets \$ 28,981,233 Accumulated depreciation (19,924,435)	9,056,798
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds:	
Delinquent property taxes \$ 41,731	
Special assessments187,032	228,763
	220,700
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Bonds payable (net of receivable for amounts	
to be paid by other governmental entities) \$ (676,423)	
Net pension liability, deferred outflows and	
inflows from pension activity (2,415,448)	
Compensated absences (254,605)	
Accrued interest (1,223)	
Net unamortized bond premiums (19,020)	
	 (3,366,719)
Net position of governmental activities (page 15)	\$ 16,509,982

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Special Revenue Fund	Capital Pro	oject Funds
	General Fund	HRA Reserve	Revolving Fund	Renewal and Replacement
REVENUES				
Property and franchise taxes	\$ 3,907,079	\$	\$ 177	\$
Special assessments			25,907	
Licenses and permits	199,681			
Intergovernmental revenues	682,526			
Charges for services	215,444			
Fines and forfeitures	67,545	22 525		F4 700
Investment earnings Other revenues	285,358 130,854	32,535 95,157		51,733
Other revenues	130,634	95,157		
TOTAL REVENUES	5,488,487	127,692	26,084	51,733
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	923,188	23,819		
Public safety	2,411,817			
Public works	315,574		124,943	
Recreation and parks	825,999			
Development and other	70,596			
Capital Outlay				
General government	779	7,455		
Public safety	99,245			
Public works				
Recreation and parks				
Development and other Debt Service				
Principal Principal				
Interest and other				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,647,198	31,274	124,943	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	841,289	96,418	(98,859)	51,733
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers from other funds	209,343			
Transfers to other funds	(727,946)		(150,000)	(25,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(518,603)		(150,000)	(25,000)
Net change in fund balances	322,686	96,418	(248,859)	26,733
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	2,669,955	1,069,327	1,213,788	1,734,646
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ 2,992,641	\$ 1,165,745	\$ 964,929	\$ 1,761,379

See Notes to Financial Statements

	her nmental	
	nds	Total
4	256,635 52,984 75,858	\$ 4,163,891 78,891 199,681 1,158,384
1	88,978 740 32,934 89,231	904,422 68,285 502,560 415,242
1,7	97,360	7,491,356
7	15,768 4,551 66,686 28,277 15,921	962,775 2,416,368 907,203 1,554,276 486,517
1	25 37,018 17,296 11,634	8,234 99,270 137,018 17,296 11,634
7	12,096 29,716	712,096 29,716
2,5	38,988	7,342,403
(7	41,628)	148,953
,	22,811 216,865)	1,332,154 (1,119,811)
9	05,946	212,343
1	64,318	361,296
3,5	42,128	10,229,844
\$ 3,7	06,446	\$ 10,591,140



CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (pages 21-22) 361,296 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: Capital outlay 904,318 Depreciation expense (920,433)(16,115)The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins and donations) is to decrease net position (85,361)Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Unavailable revenue, end of year 228,763 Unavailable revenue, beginning of year (311,990)(83,227)In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - net pension liability and compensated absences - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the government funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid) Net pension liability (213,260)Compensated absences (21,156)(234,416)Bond, contract and loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position: Principal retirement on long-term debt 713,045 Change in accrued interest, bond premiums, bond discounts and deferred charges 13,713 726,758 Change in net position of governmental activities (pages 16-17) \$ 668,935

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

			2023	Variance with Final Budget-
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
General property taxes	\$ 3,685,047	\$ 3,685,047	\$ 3,907,079	\$ 222,032
Licenses and Permits				
Licenses	44,022	44,022	70,180	26,158
Permits	108,400	108,400	129,501	21,101
Total Licenses and Permits	152,422	152,422	199,681	47,259
Intergovernmental				
Police aids	120,000	120,000	118,089	(1,911)
Other aids	565,157	565,157	564,437	(720)
Total Intergovernmental	685,157	685,157	682,526	(2,631)
Charges for Services				
General government	88,524	88,524	62,984	(25,540)
Public safety	2,500	2,500	3,485	985
Housing registration	104,900	104,900	148,975	44,075
Total Charges for Services	195,924	195,924	215,444	19,520
Fines and forfeits	65,000	65,000	67,545	2,545
Investment earnings	10,000	10,000	285,358	275,358
Miscellaneous Revenue				
Liaison officer	80,165	80,165	93,122	12,957
Insurance dividends	10,000	10,000	3,939	(6,061)
Reimbursements and other	6,450	6,450	33,793	27,343
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	96,615	96,615	130,854	34,239
TOTAL REVENUES	4,890,165	4,890,165	5,488,487	598,322
EXPENDITURES				
General Government				
Mayor and Council				
Personnel services	35,326	35,326	35,323	3
Supplies and services	2,950	2,950	2,902	48
Other charges	34,934	34,934	22,027	12,907
Total Mayor and Council	\$ 73,210	\$ 73,210	\$ 60,252	\$ 12,958

See Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

						2023		riance with al Budget-
		Budgeted	l Am	ounts		Actual		Positive
	(Original		Final	-	Amounts	(1	Negative)
Administration								
Personnel services	\$	446,632	\$	446,632	\$	460,700	\$	(14,068)
Supplies		8,972		8,972		5,907		3,065
Contracted services		5,950		5,950		6,683		(733)
Other services and charges		28,881		28,881		20,894		7,987
Total Administration		490,435		490,435		494,184		(3,749)
Election								
Other services and charges						1,823		(1,823)
Assessing								
Contracted services		38,000		38,000		37,674		326
Accounting and Auditing Contracted services		12,425		12,425		12,425		
		12,425		12,423		12,425		
Information Technology		00.000		00.000		07.000		(4.00=)
Contracted services	_	62,689	_	62,689		67,086		(4,397)
Legal								
Contracted services		122,500		122,500		113,417		9,083
Engineering								
Contracted services		6,500		6,500		2,123		4,377
Planning and Zoning								
Supplies and other charges		2,000		2,000		1,536		464
Government Buildings								
Personnel services		24,661		24,661		25,430		(769)
Supplies		22,750		22,750		32,748		(9,998)
Contracted services		60,600		60,600		68,871		(8,271)
Other charges		9,465		9,465		5,619		3,846
Capital outlay		,		,		779		(779)
Total Government Buildings		117,476		117,476		133,447		(15,971)
Total General Government	\$	925,235	\$	925,235	\$	923,967	\$	1,268

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		2023 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES	Original	ı ırıaı	Amounts	(Negative)
Public Safety				
Police Protection				
Personnel services	\$ 1,834,277	\$ 1,834,277	\$ 1,689,649	\$ 144,628
Supplies	53,430	53,430	41,239	π 144,028 12,191
Contracted services	58,020	58,020	51,880	6,140
		112,357		•
Other charges Capital outlay	112,357 49,500	49,500	100,915 52,835	11,442
Total Police Protection	2,107,584	2,107,584	1,936,518	(3,335) 171,066
Total Police Protection	2,107,504	2,107,304	1,930,316	17 1,000
Fire Protection				
Contracted services	264,095	264,095	264,144	(49)
Capital outlay	46,410	46,410	46,410	
Total Fire Protection	310,505	310,505	310,554	(49)
Code Enforcement				_
Personnel services	276,677	276,677	258,544	18,133
	7,300	7,300	230,344	4,433
Supplies Contracted services	•	•	•	•
	5,300 7,685	5,300	1,039 1,540	4,261 6 145
Other charges Total Code Enforcement	296,962	7,685 296,962	263,990	6,145 32,972
Total Code Efficicement	290,902	290,902	203,990	32,912
Total Public Safety	2,715,051	2,715,051	2,511,062	203,989
Public Works Street Maintenance				
Personnel services	234,642	234,642	251,556	(16,914)
Supplies	50,300	50,300	61,305	(11,005)
Contracted services	1,410	1,410	467	943
Other charges	1,020	1,020	2,246	(1,226)
Total Street Maintenance	287,372	287,372	315,574	(28,202)
Total Public Works	\$ 287,372	\$ 287,372	\$ 315,574	\$ (28,202)

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

	Budgeted	I Amounts	2023 Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES				
Recreation and Parks				
Recreation				
Personnel services	\$ 380,282	\$ 380,282	\$ 383,571	\$ (3,289)
Supplies	18,642	18,642	18,669	(27)
Contracted services	23,700	23,700	24,196	(496)
Other charges	2,080	2,080	1,255	825
Total Recreation	424,704	424,704	427,691	(2,987)
Parks and Forestry				
Personnel services	284,397	284,397	303,166	(18,769)
Supplies	70,452	70,452	67,443	3,009
Contracted services	10,267	10,267	11,175	(908)
Other charges	17,824	17,824	16,524	1,300
Total Parks and Forestry	382,940	382,940	398,308	(15,368)
Total Recreation and Parks	807,644	807,644	825,999	(18,355)
Other				
Personnel services	9,200	9,200	493	8,707
Other charges	105,000	105,000	64,826	40,174
Permit surcharges	5,600	5,600	2,995	2,605
Severance payments	2,000	3,000	2,282	(2,282)
Total Other	119,800	119,800	70,596	49,204
Total Expenditures	4,855,102	4,855,102	4,647,198	207,904
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	35,063	35,063	841,289	806,226
	•	,	- ,	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US	•	4.40.040	000 040	00.004
Transfers from other funds	149,342	149,342	209,343	60,001
Transfers to other funds	(184,405)	(744,405)	(727,946)	16,459
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(35,063)	(595,063)	(518,603)	76,460
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(560,000)	322,686	882,686
FUND BALANCE, January 1	2,669,955	2,669,955	2,669,955	_
FUND BALANCE, December 31	\$ 2,669,955	\$ 2,109,955	\$ 2,992,641	\$ 882,686

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK PROPRIETARY FUND Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2023

	U	tility Fund
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and investments	\$	761,454
Accounts receivable		690,463
Lease receivable		126,213
Due from other funds		4,801
Prepaid expenses		21,168
Total Current Assets		1,604,099
Noncurrent Assets		
Lease receivable, noncurrent		2,331,694
Property and Equipment		, ,
Construction in progress		31,538
Buildings and improvements		6,452,464
Infrastructure		6,864,684
Machinery and equipment		895,426
Less: Accumulated depreciation		8,870,240
Total Noncurrent Assets		7,705,566
Reserved Assets		
Cash and investments		1,965,493
Total Noncurrent Assets		9,671,059
TOTAL ASSETS	1	1,275,158
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows from pension activity		55,652

Statement of Net Position (Continued)

December 31, 2023

	Utility Fund
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 26,054
Accrued payroll and taxes	5,063
Unearned revenue	3,000
Other accrued liabilities	4,968
Due to other funds	5,123
Current portion of compensated absences	29,670
Total Current Liabilities	73,878
Long-term Liabilities	
Compensated absences, net of current portion	17,390
Net pension liability	150,039
Total Lang tarm Liabilities	167 400
Total Long-term Liabilities	167,429
Total Liabilities	241,307
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows from leasing activity	2,404,705
Deferred inflows from pension activity	83,363
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,488,068
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	5,373,872
Unrestricted	3,227,563
Total Net Position	\$ 8,601,435



Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Utility Fund
Operating Revenue	
Charges for services	\$ 2,220,624
Operating Expenses	
Personnel services	405,658
Supplies	245,132
Contracted services and other	248,215
Treatment charges	718,945
Depreciation	532,725
Other charges	78,578
Total Operating Expenses	2,229,253
	(0,000)
Operating (Loss)	(8,629)
Other Pevenue (Evnence)	
Other Revenue (Expense)	204 426
Lease revenue	201,426
Commissions and other revenue	267,722
Investment earnings	80,660
Interest and other expense	(4,604)
Total Other Revenue (Expense)	545,204
Income Before Transfers	E26 E75
income before transfers	536,575
Net transfers from (to) other funds	(212,343)
Net transfers from (to) other funds	(212,040)
Change in net position	324,232
Change in het position	02 -1 ,202
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,277,203
HELL COLLON, DECIMINATION LEAR	0,211,200
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 8,601,435

Statement of Cash Flows

	Utility Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers	\$ 2,272,511 (1,352,437)
Cash paid to employees	(391,677)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	528,397
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Investment earnings	80,660
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Net transfers to other funds	(212,343)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on long-term debt Interest paid on long-term debt	(139,963) (245,000) (6,906)
Net Cash (Used In) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(391,869)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,845
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1	2,722,102
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$ 2,726,947
Classified as: Cash and investments - current assets Cash and investments - reserved assets Total Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$ 761,454 1,965,493 \$ 2,726,947

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

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Operating (loss)	\$ (8,629)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to	
net cash provided by operating activities	
Depreciation	532,725
Change in net pension liability	301
Change in lease receivable and deferred inflows	(26, 138)
Lease and other revenues	469,148
(Increase) decrease in:	
Accounts receivable	(386,558)
Due from other funds	2,446
Increase (decrease) in:	
Accounts payable	(61,567)
Accrued payroll and taxes	1,413
Due to other funds	(7,011)
Estimated liability for compensated absences	 12,267
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$ 528,397



CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Spring Lake Park (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting principles are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City operates according to applicable laws and statutes under the council-administrator plan (Statutory Plan A) as defined by Minnesota statutes. A Council composed of an elected mayor and four other elected members directs the government of the City. The Council exercises legislative authority and determines all matters of policy and is responsible for directing the activities of the City. The Council appoints the City Administrator and other personnel who are responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the City.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of Spring Lake Park (the primary government) and its component unit. A component unit is a legally separate entity for which the primary government is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit include whether or not the primary government appoints the potential component unit's board, is able to impose its will on the potential unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit. The component unit described below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Related Organizations

Spring Lake Park - Blaine - Mounds View Fire Department

The City has joined with the cities of Blaine and Mounds View to cooperatively provide fire protection services to their residents. This is provided by the Spring Lake Park - Blaine - Mounds View Fire Department (the Fire Department), a private nonprofit Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) organization. The service territory is generally comprised of the cities of Spring Lake Park, Blaine and Mounds View.

The three cities agreed upon several significant provisions in their agreement dated December 11, 1990:

- 1. The Fire Department is governed by its own Board of Directors. Directors are appointed by each city and from the Fire Department.
- 2. Operation, maintenance and debt service costs are shared based upon a formula. One half of the formula is the relative assessed value of each city. The other half is the three-year average of fire calls within each city. The City's share of the formula was 8.50% in 2023.
- 3. The city of Blaine issued \$8,050,000 G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2005A, on December 1, 2005 to construct a new fire station and training facility and acquire two additional fire trucks. The City of Spring Lake Park has recorded its share of the debt related to this bond issuance. These bonds were refunded in 2016 (see 4. below).
- 4. In 2013, the city of Blaine issued crossover refunding bonds to refund (in 2016) the 2005A G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds. The City of Spring Lake Park has recorded its share of the debt related to this bond issuance.
- 5. In 2017, the City of Spring Lake Park issued \$1,090,000 G.O. Equipment Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2017A to purchase a new fire truck and additional fire vehicles and equipment. The City of Spring Lake Park has recorded the full amount of debt and an intergovernmental receivable for the share of debt related to Blaine and Mounds View. These certificates were paid in full during 2023.
- 6. In 2018, the City of Blaine issued \$1,145,000 G.O. Equipment Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2018A, to purchase new fire vehicles and equipment. The City of Spring Lake Park has recorded their principal share of debt and capitalized their share of fire vehicles and equipment. These certificates were paid in full during 2023.
- 7. Each city has a non-measurable equity interest in the property that is held by the fire department.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Related Organizations (Continued)

Spring Lake Park - Blaine - Mounds View Fire Department (Continued)

The City's share of operating costs were \$264,144, capital costs were \$46,410 and debt service costs were \$333,502 during 2023. The operating and capital costs were recorded as expenditures in the General Fund. The debt service costs were recorded as expenditures in the 2013A G.O. Capital Improvement Bond, 2017A G.O. Equipment Certificates and 2018A Blaine Fire debt service funds.

Because the City is not financially accountable for the Fire Department (the Fire Department is able to fund itself independently of the City) it is excluded from the reporting entity of the City.

A related entity, the Spring Lake Park Firemen's Relief Association (the Association), is a nonprofit organization organized to provide pension and other benefits to its members in accordance with Minnesota statutes. Because the City is not financially accountable for the Association (the Association is able to fund itself independently of the City) it is also excluded from the reporting entity of the City. The Fire Department and the Association issue financial reports which are available at City offices or at the Fire Department, 1710 Highway 10, Spring Lake Park, Minnesota, 55432.

North Metro Telecommunications Commission

In 2016, the City joined with the cities of Blaine, Centerville, Circle Pines, Ham Lake, Lexington and Lino Lakes to cooperatively purchase telecommunications equipment to provide cable communication services to their residents. The City of Spring Lake Park has recorded its share of the debt related to the 2016A G.O. Improvement Note issued by the city of Circle Pines. The 2016A North Metro Telecommunications debt service fund received \$13,215 in franchise fees that were used for debt service payments during the year ended December 31, 2023.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial* resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Property taxes, licenses and permits, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year in which the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it is recognized.

Unearned revenue is recorded when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants received before eligibility requirements other than time requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. Grants received before time requirements are met are recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The *HRA reserve fund* is an accumulation of resources and costs associated with housing and redevelopment throughout the City.

The *revolving fund* was created to finance improvement projects. The fund is financed with the remaining funds left in capital project funds once the project is considered completed and special assessments.

The *renewal and replacement fund* was created to finance capital improvement projects in the City. The fund was initially financed with the remaining funds left in the liquor fund upon closing of the fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The *utility fund* accounts for the operation of the City owned utility (water and sewer) system.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's enterprise funds and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position</u>

Cash and investments (including cash equivalents)

Cash balances from all City funds, except certain designated funds, are pooled and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by Minnesota statutes. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of the average cash balance participation of each fund throughout the year.

Investments are stated at fair value, based upon quoted market prices at the reporting date. Cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the basic financial statements includes amounts in demand deposits as well as all investments held by the City.

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Continued)

2. Receivables and payables (continued)

Advances between funds, if any, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property tax levies are set by the City Council in December of each year and are certified to the County for collection in the following year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The County spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on January 1, of the following year, and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. Revenues from property taxes are accrued and recognized in the year collectible, net of delinquencies.

Real property taxes may be paid by taxpayers in two equal installments on May 15 and October 15. Personal property taxes may be paid on February 28 and June 30. The County provides tax settlements to cities and other taxing districts normally during the months of January, July and December.

Taxes which remain unpaid at December 31 are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. The net amount of delinquent taxes receivable are fully offset by deferred inflow of resources in the governmental funds of the fund financial statements because they are not known to be available to finance current expenditures.

Assessments are levied at various times upon City Council resolution for property owner improvements made by the City. Assessment collections are deferred, generally over ten-year periods, with interest charges ranging from 3.5% to 5.5%. Revenue from these assessments is recognized when assessed in the government-wide financial statements and as the annual installments become collectible in the governmental funds of the fund financial statements. Annual installments not collected as of each December 31 are classified as delinquent assessments receivable. The net amount of delinquent assessments receivable are fully offset by deferred inflow of resources in the governmental funds of the fund financial statements because they are not known to be available to finance current expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Continued)</u>

3. Tax increment district

Tax increment revenues received are recorded in the Debt Service Fund to service note principal and interest payments.

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$3,000 and an estimated useful life greater than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is expensed as incurred.

Property, plant and equipment are capitalized when acquired, and depreciation is provided using the straight-line method applied over the following estimated useful lives of the assets.

	Useful Life
	<u>in Years</u>
Land Improvements	10 - 20
Buildings and Improvements	15 - 40
Infrastructure	25 - 35
Distribution and Collection System	15 - 80
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	3 - 10

The City reviews its property, plant and equipment for impairment whenever events indicate the decline in service utility of the capital asset is significant in magnitude and the event of change in circumstances is outside the normal cycle of the capital assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Continued)

5. Compensated absences benefits

The City's policy is to permit employees to accumulate unused vacation and compensatory time benefits. City employees are entitled to vacation pay based upon length of employment. In addition, the City has established a severance pay policy for nonunion employees. This policy provides for severance payments upon termination of employment based on accumulated personal leave accrued, subject to certain conditions and specified maximums. Severance pay policy for union employees is governed by individual union contracts.

Vested benefits for City employees attributable to governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in these funds as benefits are paid to employees. The liability and corresponding expense is recorded in the government-wide financials statements as these benefits accrue. The liability and corresponding expense associated with proprietary funds is recorded in the applicable proprietary fund as benefits accrue.

6. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statements of net position.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Continued)</u>

7. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments, and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

8. Fund balance

In the government-wide and proprietary financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual restraints.

<u>Restricted</u> – amounts are restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position</u> (Continued)

8. Fund balance (continued)

<u>Committed</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are committed by resolution, which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority, for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the City Council through formal action and remain binding unless removed by the City Council by subsequent formal action (resolution).

<u>Assigned</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. The City Council, by majority vote, may assign fund balances to be used for specific purposes when appropriate. The Council has the power to assign fund balances or to designate an official who may assign fund balances. The City Administrator has been designated by the Council to assign fund balances.

<u>Unassigned</u> – includes positive fund balances within the General Fund which have not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The City considers restricted/committed amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts when expenditures are made.

9. Deferred outflows of resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflow of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The City has one type of deferred outflow which is pension related and reported on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Continued)</u>

10. Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflow of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City recognized three types of deferred inflows. The first type occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The second type is pension related and reported on the statement of net position. The third type is related to leasing activity and is also reported on the balance sheet.

11. Leases

For leases with term exceeding 12 months, the City recognizes a lease liability and a right to use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements.

The right to use lease asset is calculated at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any lease payments made to the lessor before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs incurred, minus any lease incentives received. Subsequently, the right to use lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. The City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments made. Remeasurement of the right to use lease asset and lease liability occurs when certain changes occur that are likely to have a significant impact on the lease liability.

Right to use lease assets are reported with capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

The City leases cell tower space, a building and parking lot to external parties. Lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources are recorded based on the present value of expected receipts over the term of the respective leases. The expected payments and receipts are discounted using the interest rate charged on the lease, if available, and are otherwise discounted using the risk-free rate. Variable payments are excluded from the valuations unless they are fixed in substance. For leases featuring payments tied to an index or market rate, the valuation is based on the initial index or market rate. The City does not have any leases subject to a residual value guarantee.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which expose the City to a concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash, investments and accounts and loans receivable. Credit risk associated with cash and investments is discussed in Note 3. The City's accounts and loans receivable are concentrated geographically, and for the most part, amounts are due from individuals residing in and businesses located in the City of Spring Lake Park.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates that affect amounts reported in the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

G. Conduit Debt Obligations

The City issued lease revenue bonds during 2017 to provide funding to a private sector entity for a project deemed to be in the public interest. The City issued bonds during 2019 to provide funding to another private sector entity for a project deemed to be in public interest. Although these bonds bear the name of the City, the City has no obligation for such debt. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the financial statements of the City. As of December 31, 2023, the outstanding principal amount of these bonds was \$41,731,906.

H. Implementation of New Accounting Principles

During the year, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology. Under this Statement, government organizations are required to recognize a subscription liability and a right-to-use capitalized asset. The subscription liability should be initially measured at the present value of subscription payments expected to made during the subscription term. This Statement establishes uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements; improves the comparability of government financial statements; and enhances the relevance, understandability, reliability, and consistency of information regarding these arrangements. The implementation of this standard had minimal effect on the City's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through March 25, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are legally adopted by Council resolution for the General Fund. An annual budget is not adopted for the HRA Reserve special revenue fund, which adopts a project length budget. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. The City follows these legal compliance procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Budget requests are submitted by all department heads to the City Administrator. The Administrator's office compiles the budget requests into an overall preliminary City budget, balancing budget requests with available revenue.
- 2. The preliminary budget is submitted to the City Council in August for its review and/or modification.
- City administration presents the proposed budget to the City Council which in turn holds a truth-in-taxation public hearing on the proposed budget. The budget resolution adopted by the City Council sets forth the budget at the department level for the General Fund.
- 4. All budgeted appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The legal level of control (the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each budget is at the department level. Administration cannot legally amend or transfer appropriations between departments without the approval of the City Council once the budget has been approved. Any over expenditures of appropriations or transfers of appropriated amounts must be approved by the City Council.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

A. <u>Budgetary Information (Continued)</u>

5. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council. The budget cannot be amended without approval by the City Council.

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the final budget (which were not the same for the year ended December 31, 2023).

The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

B. <u>Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the following General Fund departments had expenditures exceeding the latest amended budget:

	2023 Budgeted		2023 Actual		Amount Exceeding	
	Exper	nditures	Expenditures		Budgeted Amount	
Public Works	\$	287,372	\$	315,574	\$	28,202
Parks and Recreation		807,644		825,999		18,355

The above listed over expenditures were approved by the City Council.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

In accordance with applicable Minnesota statutes, the City maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the City Council. All such depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or surety bonds. Authorized collateral includes certain state or local government obligations and legal investments described in the investment policy section. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the City Treasurer or in a financial institution other than the institution furnishing the collateral.

The City's deposits were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or collateral at December 31, 2023.

Investment Policy

The City maintains a formal investment policy that limits its investment choices as a means of managing its exposure to credit risk. The City's investment policy does not address, however, limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The City is authorized by Minnesota Statutes to invest idle funds as follows:

- (a) Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- (b) Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and whose only investments are in securities described in (a) above.
- (c) General obligations of the State of Minnesota or its municipalities.
- (d) Bankers acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- (e) Commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of the highest quality, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- (f) Repurchase agreements with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a reporting dealer to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- (g) Money market funds with institutions that have portfolios consisting exclusively of United States Treasury obligations and Federal Agency issues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

(h) Guaranteed investment contracts (gic's) issued or guaranteed by United States commercial banks or domestic branches of foreign banks or United States insurance companies and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value measurements are determined utilizing the framework established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.

Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data. Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets
- Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means

If the asset or liability has a specific (contractual) term, Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

A. <u>Deposits and Investments (Continued)</u>

Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The City's investments within the fair value hierarchy at December 31, 2023 were as follows:

	Mea	Assets sured at Fair	Fair	Value Hierarchy L	_evel
		Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Certificates of Deposit U.S. Government Securities	\$	7,448,494 1,547,028	\$7,448,494	\$ 1,547,028	\$
Total	\$	8,995,522	\$7,448,494	\$ 1,547,028	\$

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needs for operation.

The following is a summary of the City of Spring Lake Park's cash and investment portfolio including the range of maturities and investment ratings by type of investment:

Investment	Range of Maturities	Rating	Value
Cash	N/A	N/A	\$ 5,135,212
Certificates of Deposit	1/24 - 8/30	N/A	7,448,494
U.S. Government Securities	2/28	AAA	1,547,028
Total cash and investme	nts		\$14,130,734

N/A Not applicable or not available

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

A. <u>Deposits and Investments (Continued)</u>

Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

The 4M Fund is regulated by Minnesota Statutes and the Board of Directors of the League of Minnesota Cities and is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that follows guidance under GASB Statement No. 79. The City's investment in the 4M Fund is measured at an amortized cost method that approximates fair value. Investments in the 4M Fund must be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period will be subject to penalty equal to seven days interest on the amount withdrawn.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The City's investments are rated by various credit rating agencies, where applicable, to indicate the associated credit risk. Investment ratings by investment type (as applicable) are included in the preceding summary of investments.

The City does not have a formal policy related to the credit risk of its investments, but continues to buy safe and liquid assets that are allowable under Minnesota Statutes.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City diversifies its investment portfolio to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific class of securities. The City's investment policies do not limit the concentration of investments. Investments in any one issuer that represented 5% or more of total investments as of December 31, 2023 were as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	Value
4M Fund	Money Market Accounts	\$4.405.459

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2023, all investments were insured or registered or the securities were held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. <u>Due From Other Governmental Units</u>

Amounts due from other governmental units as of December 31, 2023 were as follows:

Fund Type	Ar	Anoka County		sey County
General Fund	\$	45,672	\$	572
Capital Projects		387		
Debt Service		1,794		19
	\$	47,853	\$	591

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the City for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

								Ending	
Governmental Activities	Beg	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						_			
Land	\$	334,950	\$		\$	84,950	\$	250,000	
Construction in progress		260,540		259,722		260,540		259,722	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		595,490		259,722		345,490		509,722	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements		3,324,047						3,324,047	
Machinery and equipment		3,826,490		169,848		17,399		3,978,939	
Infrastructure		20,433,237		735,288				21,168,525	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		27,583,774		905,136		17,399		28,471,511	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and improvements		2,427,109		109,522				2,536,631	
Machinery and equipment		3,342,745		271,965		16,988		3,597,722	
Infrastructure		13,251,136		538,946				13,790,082	
Total accumulated depreciation		19,020,990		920,433		16,988		19,924,435	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		8,562,784		(15,297)		411	-	8,547,076	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	9,158,274	\$	244,425	\$	345,901	\$	9,056,798	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Capital Assets (Continued)

	1	Beginning					Ending
Business-Type Activities	Balance Increases		creases	Decreases		Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Construction in progress	\$	294,832	\$	31,538	\$	294,832	\$ 31,538
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		294,832		31,538		294,832	 31,538
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		6,452,464					6,452,464
Machinery and equipment		751,251		180,533		36,358	895,426
Infrastructure		6,641,960		222,724			6,864,684
Total capital assets, being depreciated		13,845,675		403,257		36,358	14,212,574
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		4,868,940		266,042			5,134,982
Machinery and equipment		697,533		16,758		36,358	677,933
Infrastructure		2,807,401		249,924			 3,057,325
Total accumulated depreciation		8,373,874		532,724		36,358	 8,870,240
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	5,471,801		(129,467)			5,342,334
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	5,766,633	\$	(97,929)	\$	294,832	\$ 5,373,872

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2023 was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 187,967
Public safety	62,267
Public works	600,349
Recreation and parks	69,850
Total	\$ 920,433
Business-Type Activities	
Utility	\$ 532,724

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

The City issues general obligation bonds and equipment certificates to provide funds for economic development and for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets including infrastructure. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and proprietary activities. Bonds issued to provide funds for business-type activities are reported in proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary revenues.

General obligation bonds and certificates are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. General obligation improvement and refunding bonds are expected to be repaid, in part, from assessments to the benefited properties.

A summary of long-term debt outstanding at December 31, 2023 is as follows:

	Issue Date	Range of Interest Rates	Final Maturity		Balance 12/31/23
Conord obligation bonds					
General obligation bonds:	F/00/0040	0.000/	0005	•	00.070
2013A Capital Improvement Bonds	5/30/2013	2.00%	2025	\$	98,676
2021A Improvement Refunding Bonds	2/17/2021	2.00%	2025		565,000
General obligation note payable:					
2016A Improvement Notes	4/14/2016	2.00%	2025		12,747
Other Liabilities:					
Net unamortized premium on bonds					19,020
Compensated Absences					301,665
Total Long-Term Debt				\$	997,108

Liquidation of the compensated absences liability occurs within the department and fund for which the corresponding employees are assigned.

The City is subject to statutory limitation by the State of Minnesota for bonded indebtedness payable principally from property taxes. As of December 31, 2023, the City had not utilized approximately \$25,000,000 of its net legal debt margin.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. <u>Long-Term Debt (Continued)</u>

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt obligations for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
General obligation bonds:					
2013A Capital Improvement Bonds	\$ 163,701	\$	\$ 65,025	\$ 98,676	\$ 44,625
2013B Capital Improvement Bonds	80,000		80,000		
2021A Capital Improvement Bonds	860,000		295,000	565,000	290,000
General obligation certificates:					
2017A Equipment Certificates	230,000		230,000		
2018A Improvement Certificates	30,063		30,063		
General obligation note payable:					
2016A Improvement Notes	25,704		12,957	12,747	12,747
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	233,449	164,235	143,079	254,605	156,045
Unamortized premium	38,009		12,418	25,591	
Less: unamortized (discount)	(9,759)		(3,188)	(6,571)	
Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	1,651,167	164,235	865,354	950,048	503,417
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
General obligation note payable:					
Note Payable - Public Facilities Authority	245,000		245,000		
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	34,793	34,203	21,936	47,060	29,670
Business-Type Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	279,793	34,203	266,936	47,060	29,670
	4 4 000 000	A 400 455	.	.	* 500.55-
Total	\$ 1,930,960	\$ 198,438	\$ 1,132,290	\$ 997,108	\$ 533,087

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. <u>Long-Term Debt (Continued)</u>

Debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt, excluding compensated absences, as of December 31, 2023 were as follows:

	General C	•	General Obli	igation Notes
	Bor	/ -		able
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 334,625	\$ 13,548	\$ 12,747	\$ 517
2025	329,051	7,323		
Totals	\$ 663,676	\$ 20,871	\$ 12,747	\$ 517

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. <u>Tax Increment District</u>

The City of Spring Lake Park enters into property tax abatement agreements through the use of tax increment financing districts with local businesses under various Minnesota Statutes. Under these statutes, the City annually abates taxes collected above the districts' base tax capacity which is established during adoption of the tax increment district. These agreements are established to foster economic development and redevelopment through creating jobs, removing blight and providing affordable housing. The City uses Minnesota Statutes 469.001 to 469.047 and 469.174 to 469.179 (The Tax Increment Act) to create these districts.

The City of Spring Lake Park is the administering authority for the City of Spring Lake Park Tax Increment Financing District, No. 6-1. The district is housing development type and authorized under Minnesota law chapter 469.174 to 469.179 (The Tax Increment Act). District No. 6-1 was certified in 2017 and will continue until December 31, 2040.

Information regarding District No. 6-1 as of December 31, 2023 is as follows:

Original net tax capacity	\$ 4,615
Current net tax capacity	190,282
Capture net tax capacity:	
Retained by authority	185,667

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F. <u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>

The following schedule reports the interfund receivables and payables within the City's funds as of December 31, 2023:

	Due From			Due To
	Other Funds		Ot	ther Funds
Major Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	262,367	\$	13,613
Revolving Fund		13,613		251,015
Subtotal		275,980		264,628
Non-Major Governmental Funds:				
Special Revenue				
Recycling		86		
Street Lighting		236		
Cable				11,352
Subtotal		322		11,352
T. 1.10		070.000		075 000
Total Governmental Funds		276,302		275,980
Proprietary Funds:				
Utility		4,801		5,123
Subtotal		4,801		5,123
Total All Funds	\$	281,103	\$	281,103

Interfund receivables and payables are the result of expenditures of funds prior to the collection of special assessments, property taxes and other revenues. All interfund balances will be repaid as the revenues are collected by the individual funds or by transfers from other funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due; or 2) move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers during the year ended December 31, 2023 were as follows:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out		
Major Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$	209,343	\$	727,946	
Revolving Fund				150,000	
Renewal and Replacement				25,000	
Subtotal		209,343		902,946	
Non-Major Governmental Funds:					
Special Revenue					
Emergency Management		3,157			
Police Reserves		3,000			
Forestry		70,000			
Animal Control		1,000			
Recreation Fund				62,500	
Recycling Fund				6,500	
Debt Service					
2013A GO Capital Improvement Fire Bonds		47,995			
2013B GO Capital Improvement Bonds		1,045			
2018A G.O. Equipment Certificates				22,451	
Tax Increment Financing - Legends of SLP				3,000	

(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. <u>Interfund Transfers (Continued)</u>

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Capital Projects		
Building Maintenance	171,748	
Park Equipment and Improvement	80,000	
Street Sealcoating	110,000	
Public Safety Replacement	18,000	
2018A G.O. Equipment Certificates		122,414
Equipment Fund	616,866	
Subtotal	1,122,811	216,865
Total Governmental Funds	1,332,154	1,119,811
Proprietary Funds:		
Utility		212,343
Total All Funds	\$ 1,332,154	\$ 1,332,154

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

H. Fund Balance and Net Position

In accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 54, below is a schedule of ending fund balances as of December 31, 2023:

				F	Revolving	Rene	ewal and		Other ernmental	Gov	Total ernmental
	Gene	eral Fund	HRA Reserve		Fund	Repla	acement	F	unds		Funds
Nonspendable Prepaid items	\$	3,909	\$	\$	21,168	\$		\$	1,870	\$	26,947
r ropaid itomo	Ψ_	0,000	Ψ	Ψ_	21,100			Ψ	1,010	Ψ	20,011
Restricted											
Police activities									15,232		15,232
Debt service									520,222		520,222
Street improvements									183,099		183,099
Park acquisition									230,275		230,275
Community development									61,060		61,060
Total Restricted								1	,009,888		1,009,888
Assigned	_	007.000									0 007 000
Working capital reserve	2	,637,232									2,637,232
Compensated absences		254,605									254,605
Elections		96,895							000 004		96,895
Recreation programs									292,391		292,391
Recycling									166,376		166,376
Street lighting									105,886		105,886
Cable activities									4,707		4,707
Public safety supplies									17,948		17,948
Public safety aid			4 405 745						335,087		335,087
HRA reserve			1,165,745		040.704	4	704.070				1,165,745
Street improvement					943,761	٦,	761,379		054 600		2,705,140
Street sealcoating									251,628 533,157		251,628
Capital replacement Building maintenance									164,111		533,157 164,111
									,		
Park acquisition Equipment									138,633 561,403		138,633 561,403
Other activities									123,361		123,361
Total Assigned	2	.988,732	1,165,745		943,761	1	761,379		2,694,688	_	9,554,305
Total Assigned		,000,102	1,100,740		3 4 3,701		101,013		.,034,000		0,004,000
Total Fund Balance	\$ 2	,992,641	\$ 1,165,745	\$	964,929	\$ 1,	761,379	\$ 3	,706,446	\$ 1	0,591,140

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

H. Fund Balance and Net Position (Continued)

The City has restricted portions of fund balance in the fund financial statements and fund equity in the government-wide financial statements. The restricted fund balance / equity represents the portion not available for expenditure or legally segregated for specific future use. A summary of the restricted portion of the fund balance / equity at December 31, 2023 is as follows:

	Restriction Imposed By						
Specific Purpose	Co	ntributors		Grantors		Creditors	Regulations
Restricted Fund Balance							
Debt Service Funds:							
Debt service requirements	\$		\$		\$	520,222	\$
Special Revenue Funds:							
Police activities				15,232			
Community development		24,208		36,852			
Capital Project Funds:							
Street improvements				183,099			
Park acquisition		230,275					
Total Restricted Funds	\$	254,483	\$	235,183	\$	520,222	\$
Restricted Net Position							
Debt service requirements	\$		\$		\$	598,489	\$
Police activities				15,232			
Community development		24,208		36,852			
Street improvements				183,099			
Park acquisition		230,275					
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	254,483	\$	235,183	\$	598,489	\$

I. Leases

The City has entered into several lease agreements with cell phone providers. Under the agreements, the cell phone providers pay the City monthly payments of \$14,171 (adjusted annually) in exchange for providing cell phone services to the City residents with antennas on top of the water towers. The receivable for these leases has been recorded in the water fund and is measured as the present value of the future rent payments expected to be received during the lease terms. The discount rate used in the calculation of the receivable is 2.0%, which is the risk free rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

I. <u>Leases (Continued)</u>

The City has entered into lease agreements for two properties that are owned by the City and rented to external parties. Under the leases, the external parties pay the City monthly payments of \$6,250. The receivable for these two leases has been recorded in the HRA reserve fund and is measured as the present value of the future rent payments expected to be received during the lease terms. The discount rate used in the calculation of the receivable is 2.0%, which is the risk-free rate.

4. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT) to provide its general liability and property coverage. The LMCIT is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for participating Minnesota Cities. All Cities in the LMCIT are jointly and severally liable for all claims and expenses of the pool. The amount of any liability in excess of assets of the pool may be assessed to the participating cities if a deficiency occurs. The City purchases commercial insurance for property values in excess of the LMCIT policy limits and all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded the LMCIT or commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Worker's compensation insurance is also purchased through the LMCIT. The worker compensation program is a retrospectively rated contract with premiums or required contributions based primarily on the experience rates of the participating cities. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

B. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

Insurance:

The City has outstanding claims subject to its insurance deductible. Although the outcome of these actions is not presently determinable, in the opinion of management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Other Information (Continued)

B. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

General Litigation:

Management is not aware of any existing or pending lawsuits, claims or other actions in which the City is a defendant. It is the opinion of management that any such claims would be covered by the liability insurance of the City and that potential claims against the City would not materially affect the financial statements.

C. Pension Plans

1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) - Defined Benefit

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

- General Employees Retirement Plan All full-time and certain part-time employees
 of the City of Spring Lake Park are covered by the General Employees Plan.
 General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated
 Plan members are covered by Social Security.
- 2. Public Employees Police and Fire Plan The Police and Fire Plan, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire Plan also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to local relief associations that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Other Information (Continued)

D. <u>Pension Plans (Continued)</u>

- 1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
 - B. Benefits Provided (continued)
 - 1. General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. In 2023, legislation repealed the statute delaying increases for members retiring before full retirement age.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Other Information (Continued)

D. Pension Plans (Continued)

- 1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
 - B. Benefits Provided (continued)
 - 2. Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Police and Fire Plan members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is fixed at 1 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

1. General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2023, were \$107,375. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Other Information (Continued)

D. <u>Pension Plans (Continued)</u>

- 1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
 - C. Contributions (continued)
 - 2. Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 11.80 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the City was required to contribute 17.70 percent for Police and Fire Plan members. The City's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the year ended December 31, 2023, were \$203,130. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

- D. Pension Costs
- 1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$967,397 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$26,552.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was .0173 percent at the end of the measurement period and .0185 percent for the beginning of the period.

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 967,397
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City	26,552
Total	\$ 993,949

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Other Information (Continued)

D. Pension Plans (Continued)

- 1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
 - D. Pensions Costs (continued)
 - 1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs (continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,597 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$119 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2023, the City reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows o Resource		_
Differences between expected and actual					
economic experience	\$	32,299	\$	7,126	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		167,471		265,155	
Net collective difference between projected					
and actual investment earnings				33,009	
Changes in proportion		1,499		71,280	
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to					
the measurement date		55,758			_
					-
Total	\$	257,027	\$	376,570	_
					-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Other Information (Continued)

D. <u>Pension Plans (Continued)</u>

- 1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
 - D. Pensions Costs (continued)
 - 1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs (continued)

The \$55,758 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension			
	(Benefit)			
Year ending December 31:		Amount		
2024	\$	10,040		
2025		(171,778)		
2026		7,421		
2027		(20,984)		

2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$1,467,840 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was .0850 percent at the end of the measurement period and .0940 percent for the beginning of the period.

The State of Minnesota contributed \$18 million to the Police and Fire Fund in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The contribution consisted of \$9 million in direct state aid that does meet the definition of a special funding situation and \$9 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation. The \$9 million direct state aid was paid on October 1, 2022. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Other Information (Continued)

D. <u>Pension Plans (Continued)</u>

- 1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
 - D. Pensions Costs (continued)
 - 2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs (continued)

The \$9 million in supplemental state aid will continue until the fund is 90 percent funded, or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90 percent funded, whichever occurs later. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City's totaled \$59,110.

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	967,397
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net		
pension liability associated with the City		26,552
	•	000 040
Total	\$	993,949

The State of Minnesota is included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Retirement Plan Schedule of Employer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer, Current Reporting Period Only (pension allocation schedules) for the \$9 million in direct state aid. Police and Fire Plan employers need to recognize their proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense (and grant revenue) under GASB 68 special funding situation accounting and financial reporting requirements. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$211,964 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. The City recognized \$(3,560) as grant revenue for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense for the contribution of \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund.

The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Pension Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$9 million in supplemental state aid. The City recognized \$7,650 for the year ended December 31, 2023 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Other Information (Continued)

D. Pension Plans (Continued)

- 1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
 - D. Pensions Costs (continued)
 - 2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs (continued)

At December 31, 2023, the City reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
economic experience	\$ 418,670	\$
Changes in actuarial assumptions	1,841,456	2,064,661
Net collective difference between projected		
and actual investment earnings		12,064
Changes in proportion	37,234	364,037
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to		
the measurement date	104,984	
Total	\$ 2,402,344	\$ 2,440,762

The \$104,984 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension		
	Е	xpense	
Year ending December 31:		Amount	
2024	\$	54,097	
2025		(2,429)	
2026		357,157	
2027		(122,773)	
2028		(429,454)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Other Information (Continued)

D. Pension Plans (Continued)

1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) - Defined Benefit (Continued)

Total Pension Expense

The total pension expense for all plans (General Employees Fund and Police and Fire Fund) recognized by the City for the year ended December 31, 2023 was \$213,561.

E. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	33.5%	5.10%
International Equity	16.5%	5.30%
Fixed Income	25.0%	0.75%
Private Markets	<u>25.0%</u>	5.90%
Total	100.0%	

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 7.0 percent. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 7.0 percent was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Other Information (Continued)

D. Pension Plans (Continued)

- 1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
 - F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the General Employees Plan and 2.25 percent for the Police and Fire Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan and 1.0 percent for the Police and Fire Plan.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 27 years of service. In the Police and Fire Plan, salary growth assumptions range from 11.75 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 24 years of service.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. Mortality rates for the Police and Fire Plan are based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality tables. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2022. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation. The most recent four-year experience studies for the Police and Fire Plan were completed in 2020 and were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2022

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5 percent to 7.00 percent.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Other Information (Continued)

D. <u>Pension Plans (Continued)</u>

- 1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
 - F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

General Employees Fund

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The investment return assumption was changed from 6.50% to 7.00%
- The single discount rate changed 5.40% to 7.00%.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- Additional one-time direct state aid contribution of 19.4 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- Vesting requirement for new hires after June 30, 2014, was changed from a graded 20-year vesting schedule to a graded 10-year vesting schedule, with 50% vesting after five years, increasing incrementally to 100 percent after 10 years.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 3.0% will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.
- Psychological treatment is required effective July 1, 2023, prior to approval for a duty disability benefit for a psychological condition relating to the member's occupation.
- The total and permanent duty disability benefit was increased, effective July 1, 2023.

4. Other Information (Continued)

D. Pension Plans (Continued)

1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) - Defined Benefit (Continued)

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2023 was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Other Information (Continued)

D. Pension Plans (Continued)

1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) - Defined Benefit (Continued)

H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Sensitivity Analysis of Net Pension Liability at Different Discount Rates							
	General En	General Employees Fund		and Fire	Fund		
1% Lower	6.00%	\$ 1,711,402	6.00%	\$	2,912,369		
Current Discount Rate	7.00%	\$ 967,397	7.00%	\$	1,467,840		
1% Higher	8.00%	\$ 355,424	8.00%	\$	280,243		

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Other Information (Continued)

D. <u>Pension Plans (Continued)</u>

2. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) - Defined Contribution

Four council members of the City are covered by the Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The Defined Contribution Plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of council members are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapter 353D.03, specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes five percent of salary which is matched by the elected official's employer.

Employees who are paid for their services may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives two percent of employer contributions and twenty-five hundredths of one percent (0.25 percent) of the assets in each member's account annually.

Total contributions made by the City of Spring Lake Park during fiscal year 2023 were:

	Contribution	on Am	ount	Percentage of 0	Required	
Employee		En	nployer	Employee	Employer	Rate
\$	1,565	\$	1,565	5%	5%	5%

E. Other Postemployment Benefits

The City has considered the accounting pronouncement, GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. Management determined the OPEB liability at December 31, 2023 is not material and therefore is not recorded in these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Other Information (Continued)

F. <u>Joint Powers Agreements</u>

As previously noted, the City of Spring Lake Park participates with the cities of Blaine and Mounds View through a joint powers agreement to cooperatively support the Spring Lake Park Fire Department, Inc. (the Department). The Department is independent of the cities and operates as a separate entity. Under terms of the agreement, the equipment, property and other assets of the Department are owned jointly by the three cities. Each city enters into a contract for services with the Department for fire protection services. Cost of services for each City is determined based on a formula prescribed in the agreement. Based on the agreement, in the event the Department sustains operating deficits, the cities will contribute additional funds to the Department in proportion to the formula described above. Operating budgets of the Department are approved annually by the cities.

Payments to the Department by the City of Spring Lake Park in 2023 totaled \$310,554, including a provision for capital expenditures. This total was approximately 8% of contracted revenues from member cities reported by the Department. As described in Note 1, the City is also responsible for its share of debt service payments related to bonds issued on behalf of the Department for building improvements and equipment acquisitions.

In addition, the City is a member of the Anoka County Joint Law Enforcement Council (JLEC), an organization of Anoka County and certain cities located within the County formed to cooperate in their law enforcement efforts. The City participates with the JLEC on a cost-sharing basis with the development and maintenance of an integrated central records communication system. Costs related to the City's participation in the JLEC were \$15,246 for the year ended December 31, 2023.

In 1983, the City adopted an ordinance establishing a franchise for a cable communications system. City and neighboring municipalities formed the North Metro Telecommunications Commission (the "Commission"). The purpose of this organization is to monitor the operations and activities of cable communications of the member municipalities. The Commission also provides coordination, administration and enforcement of the franchises for the cable communication system.

The City receives a portion of the franchise fees, which are reported in the North Central Suburban Cable Fund. These revenues are committed for cable television related expenditures. Financial statements for the Commission can be obtained by writing to: North Metro Telecommunications Commission, 12520 Polk Street NE, Blaine, Minnesota 55434.



CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2023



CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK, MINNESOTA Schedule of City Contributions PERA General Employees Retirement Fund December 31, 2023

	Contributions								
				as a					
	Statutorily			Statutorily	Contribution			Percentage of	
	Required		Required		Deficiency	Covered		Covered Payroll	
Year Ended December 31	31 Contribution (a)		Contribution (b)		(Excess) (a-b)	Payroll (d)		(b/d)	
2014	\$	106,316	\$	106,316	\$	\$	1,468,400	7.2%	
2015		109,297		109,297			1,442,177	7.6%	
2016		112,202		112,202			1,496,472	7.5%	
2017		114,728		114,728			1,529,713	7.5%	
2018		110,008		110,008			1,466,764	7.5%	
2019		102,065		102,065			1,360,859	7.5%	
2020		103,623		103,623			1,381,644	7.5%	
2021		97,494		97,494			1,299,915	7.5%	
2022		103,606		103,606			1,381,419	7.5%	
2023		107,375		107,375			1,430,712	7.5%	

Schedule of City Contributions PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Pension Plan December 31, 2023

	Contributions							
	in Relation to							
	Statutorily Statutoril			Statutorily	Contribution			Percentage of
	Required		Required		Deficiency	Covered		Covered Payroll
Year Ended December 31		ntribution (a)) Contribution (b)		(Excess) (a-b)	Payroll (d)		(b/d)
2014	\$	135,648	\$	135,648	\$	\$	886,585	15.30%
2015		147,786		147,786			912,261	16.20%
2016		151,121		151,121			932,841	16.20%
2017		153,641	53,641 153,641				948,402	16.20%
2018		161,819	161,819 161,819		998,8		998,882	16.20%
2019		174,175		174,175			1,027,581	16.95%
2020		186,745		186,745			1,055,054	17.70%
2021		188,326		188,326			1,063,991	17.70%
2022		197,758		197,758			1,117,276	17.70%
2023		203,130		203,130			1,147,627	17.70%



CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK, MINNESOTA Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability PERA General Employees Retirement Fund December 31, 2023

City's
Proportionate
Share (Amount) of
the Net Pension
Liability (Asset)

				the Net Pension			
				Liability (Asset)		City's	
			State's	and the State's		Proportionate	
		City's	Proportionate	Proportionate		Share (Amount) of	
	City's	Proportionate	Share (Amount) of	Share (Amount) of		the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
	Proportionate	Share (Amount) of	of the Net Pension	the Net Pension		Liability (Asset)	Net Position as a
	(Percentage) of	the Net Pension	Liability (Asset)	Liability (Asset)		as a Percentage	Percentage of the
Fiscal Year	Net Pension	Liability (Asset)	Associated with	Associated with	City's Covered	of its Covered	Total Pension
Ended June 30	Liability (Asset)	(a)	the City (b)	the City (a+b)	Payroll (c)	Payroll ((a+b)/c)	Liability
2014	0.0275%	\$ 1,291,812	\$	\$ 1,291,812	\$ 1,468,400	88.0%	78.7%
2015	0.0247%	1,280,082		1,280,082	1,442,177	88.8%	78.2%
2016	0.0239%	1,940,561	25,332	1,965,893	1,496,472	131.4%	68.9%
2017	0.0234%	1,493,841	18,793	1,512,634	1,529,713	98.9%	75.9%
2018	0.0228%	1,264,851	41,581	1,306,432	1,534,400	85.1%	79.5%
2019	0.0200%	1,105,755	34,332	1,140,087	1,413,001	80.7%	80.2%
2020	0.0184%	1,103,164	33,897	1,137,061	1,309,040	86.9%	79.1%
2021	0.0185%	790,033	24,044	814,077	1,329,628	61.2%	87.0%
2022	0.0185%	1,465,206	43,085	1,508,291	1,386,819	108.8%	76.7%
2023	0.0173%	967,397	26,552	993,949	1,373,312	72.4%	83.1%

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Pension Plan
December 31, 2023

Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Proportionate and the State's Share (Amount) of Proportionate Share (Amount) of Proportionate the Net Pension Plan Fiduciary Share (Amount) of the Net Pension Share of the Net Net Position as a Proportionate Liability (Asset) (Percentage) of the Net Pension as a Percentage Percentage of the Liability Pension Liability Fiscal Year Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with Associated with City's Covered of its Covered Total Pension Liability (Asset) Liability the City (b) the City (a+b) Payroll (b) Ended June 30 Payroll (a/b) (a) 0.1040% \$ 1,123,243 \$ 886,585 87.1% 2014 \$ 126.7% 2015 0.0960% 912,261 86.6% 1,090,785 119.6% 2016 0.0960% 3,852,647 932,841 413.0% 63.9% 2017 0.0920% 1,242,109 948,402 131.0% 85.4% 2018 0.0925% 985,955 975,104 101.1% 88.8% 2019 0.0955% 1,016,694 1,007,413 100.9% 89.3% 0.0912% 1,230,419 1,029,857 119.5% 87.2% 2020 1,202,114 28,305 2021 0.0878% 677,723 30,486 708,209 1,038,145 68.2% 93.7% 0.0940% 178.684 4.269.193 1,141,961 373.8% 70.5% 2022 4.090.509 0.0850% 2023 59,110 1,526,950 1,116,045 136.8% 86.5% 1,467,840



CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL NONMAJOR FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

ASSETS	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total
Cash and investments	\$ 1,254,402	\$ 518,516	\$ 2,039,521	\$ 3,812,439
Accounts receivable	103,028		26,183	129,211
Special assessments receivable		78,267		78,267
Due from other funds	322			322
Due from other governmental units		1,706	107	1,813
Prepaid expenditures	1,870			1,870
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,359,622	\$ 598,489	\$ 2,065,811	\$ 4,023,922
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 22,874	\$	\$ 1,538	\$ 24,412
Accrued payroll and taxes	699			699
Deposits and other liabilities	191,237			191,237
Due to other funds	11,352			11,352
Unearned revenue	11,509			11,509
Total Liabilities	237,671		1,538	239,209
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue:				
Special assessments		78,267		78,267
FUND BALANCE				
Nonspendable	1,870			1,870
Restricted	76,292	520,222	413,374	1,009,888
Assigned	1,043,789		1,650,899	2,694,688
Total Fund Balance	1,121,951	520,222	2,064,273	3,706,446
TOTAL LIABILITIES , DEFERRED INFLOWS	OF			
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,359,622	\$ 598,489	\$ 2,065,811	\$ 4,023,922



CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total
REVENUES				
Property and franchise taxes	\$	\$ 254,656	\$ 1,979	\$ 256,635
Special assessments		52,984		52,984
Intergovernmental revenues	390,267		85,591	475,858
Charges for services	590,243	13,215	85,520	688,978
Fines and forfeitures	740			740
Investment earnings	23,237	22,387	87,310	132,934
Other revenues	33,708		155,523	189,231
TOTAL REVENUES	1,038,195	343,242	415,923	1,797,360
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	15,768			15,768
Public safety	4,551			4,551
Public works	35,399		431,287	466,686
Recreation and parks	246,880		481,397	728,277
Development and other	209,342	206,579		415,921
Capital Outlay				
General government	0.5			05
Public safety	25		407.040	25
Public works			137,018	137,018
Recreation and parks	14 004		17,296	17,296
Development and other	11,634			11,634
Debt Service		712.006		710 006
Principal Interest and other		712,096		712,096
interest and other		29,716		29,716
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	523,599	948,391	1,066,998	2,538,988
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	514,596	(605,149)	(651,075)	(741,628)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers from other funds	77,157	49.040	996,614	1,122,811
Transfers to other funds	(69,000)	(25,451)	(122,414)	(216,865)
			<u> </u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,157	23,589	874,200	905,946
Net change in fund balances	522,753	(581,560)	223,125	164,318
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	599,198	1,101,782	1,841,148	3,542,128
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ 1,121,951	\$ 520,222	\$ 2,064,273	\$ 3,706,446

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

ASSETS	_R	ecycling	1	Street _ighting	_	Cable
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Prepaid expenditures	\$	82,717 84,201	\$	86,859 18,821	\$	16,281
Due from other funds		86	4	236		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	167,004	\$	105,916	\$	16,281
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and taxes Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	151 477	\$	30	\$	222 11,352
Total Liabilities	$\overline{}$	628		30		11,574
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Restricted						
Assigned		166,376		105,886		4,707
Total Fund Balance		166,376		105,886		4,707
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	OF \$	167,004	\$	105,916	Ф	16,281
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	Φ	107,004	Φ	100,916	\$	10,201

Police Forfeiture		Police Reserves		Re	Recreation		ver Days	
\$	17,948	\$	15,232	\$	326,578 6 1,870	\$	24,208	
\$	17,948	\$	15,232	\$	328,454	\$	24,208	
\$		\$		\$	22,684	\$		
					11,509 34,193			
					1,870			
	17,948		15,232		292,391		24,208	
	17,948		15,232		294,261		24,208	
\$	17,948	\$	15,232	\$	328,454	\$	24,208	(Continued)

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

		raffic ucation	ergency agement	Animal Control	
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Prepaid expenditures Due from other funds	\$	36,852	\$ 20,282	\$	7,143
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	36,852	\$ 20,282	\$	7,143
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and taxes Deposits and other liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities	\$		\$ 9	\$	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue: Leasing activity					
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable					
Restricted Assigned		36,852	 20,273		7,143
Total Fund Balance		36,852	20,273		7,143
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS (RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	OF 	36,852	\$ 20,282	\$	7,143

Comprehensive				Developer's		Pul	blic Safety			
Pla	n Update	F	orestry		Escrow		Aid		Total	
\$	10,517	\$	83,461	\$	191,237	\$	335,087	\$	1,254,402 103,028 1,870 322	
\$	10,517	\$	83,461	\$	191,237	\$	335,087	\$	1,359,622	
\$		\$		\$	191,237	\$		\$	22,874 699 191,237 11,352	
					191,237			_	11,509 237,671	
		_		_						
									1,870 76,292	
	10,517		83,461				335,087		1,043,789	
	10,517		83,461				335,087		1,121,951	
	,		53, 131						,,	
\$	10,517	\$	83,461	\$	191,237	\$	335,087	\$	1,359,622	

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	R	ecycling	Stre	et Lighting	Cable	
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services	\$	60,139 204,548	\$	48,293	\$	
Fines and forfeitures Investment earnings Other revenues		2,082		2,472		536
TOTAL REVENUES		266,769		50,765		536
EXPENDITURES Current General government Public safety Public works				35,399		14,890
Recreation and parks Development and other Capital Outlay Public safety Development and other		179,124 11,634		55,555		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		190,758		35,399		14,890
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		76,011		15,366		(14,354)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		(6,500)				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,500)				
Net change in fund balances		69,511		15,366		(14,354)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning		96,865		90,520		19,061
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$	166,376	\$	105,886	\$	4,707

Police Forfeitur	e Police Reserves	Recreation	Tower Days
\$	\$	\$ 337,402	\$
74 45 	9 430	8,523	720 29,237
5,67	0 430	345,925	29,957
79	2 1,910	232,480	30,218
2	5		
81	7 1,910	232,480	30,218
4,85	(1,480	113,445	(261)
	3,000	(62,500)	
	3,000	(62,500)	
4,85	3 1,520	50,945	(261)
13,09	5 13,712	243,316	24,469
\$ 17,94	3 \$ 15,232	\$ 294,261	\$ 24,208

(Continued)

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Traffic Education	Emergency Management	Animal Control	
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	\$	\$	\$	
Investment income Other revenues	1,075	573	207	
TOTAL REVENUES	1,075	573	207	
EXPENDITURES Current General government Public safety Public works Recreation and parks Development and other Capital Outlay Public safety		1,849	878	
Development and other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,849	878	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	1,075	(1,276)	(671)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		3,157	1,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,157	1,000	
Net change in fund balances	1,075	1,881	329	
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	35,777	18,392	6,814	
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ 36,852	\$ 20,273	\$ 7,143	

orehensive n Update	Forestry	Developer's Escrow	Puk	olic Safety Aid		Total
\$	\$	\$	\$	330,128	\$	390,267 590,243
307	894			4,959		740 23,237 33,708
 307	894		_	335,087	4	1,038,195
	14,400					15,768 4,551 35,399 246,880 209,342
						25 11,634
	14,400					523,599
 307	(13,506)			335,087		514,596
	70,000					77,157 (69,000)
	70,000					8,157
307	56,494			335,087		522,753
 10,210	26,967					599,198
\$ 10,517	\$ 83,461	\$	\$	335,087	\$	1,121,951

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	2013A Cap Improve Fire B	ital ement	2016A Metro commun	Tele-	2013B G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds
ASSETS			7		
Cash and investments	\$	508	\$	313	\$
Special assessments receivable					
Due from other governmental units					
TOTAL ACCETO	r.	F00	\$	242	c
TOTAL ASSETS	<u> </u>	508	\$	313	\$
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue:					
Special assessments	\$		\$		\$
FUND BALANCE		500		040	
Restricted		508		313	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	508	\$	313	\$
1017E EIRBIEH IEG AND I OND BALANCE	Ψ	000	Ψ	010	Ψ

Fi	Tax crement nancing - gends of SLP	Eq	I7A G.O. uipment rtificates	Fi	8A Blaine ire Debt Service	2018A G.O. Equipment Certificates	lm	21A G.O. provement defunding Bonds	Total
\$	103,441	\$	16,444	\$	18,585	\$	\$	379,225 78,267 1,706	\$518,516 78,267 1,706
\$	103,441	\$	16,444	\$	18,585	\$	\$	459,198	\$598,489
\$		\$		_\$_		\$	\$	78,267	\$ 78,267
	103,441		16,444		18,585			380,931	520,222
\$	103,441	\$	16,444	\$	18,585	\$	\$	459,198	\$598,489

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	2013A G.O. Capital Improvement Fire Bond	2016A North Metro Tele- communications	2013B G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds
REVENUES Property taxes	\$	\$	\$
Special assessments	ų.		•
Charges for services Investment earnings	328	13,215 10	
TOTAL REVENUES	328	13,225	
EXPENDITURES			
Current Development and other			
Debt Service			
Principal Interest and other charges	65,025 4,454	12,958 257	80,000 2,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	69,479	13,215	82,400
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(69,151)	10_	(82,400)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	47,995		1,045
Total other financing sources (uses)	47,995		1,045
Net change in fund balances	(21,156)	10	(81,355)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	21,664	303	81,355
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ 508	\$ 313	\$

	Increment				2021A G.O.	
	nancing -	2017A G.O.	2018A Blaine	2018A G.O.	Improvement	
Le	gends of	Equipment	Fire Debt	Equipment	Refunding	
	SLP	Certificates	Service	Certificates	Bonds	Total
\$	174,385	\$	\$	\$	\$ 80,271	\$ 254,656
Ψ	174,505	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	52,984	52,984
					02,001	13,215
	3,530	3,884	988		13,647	22,387
	177,915	3,884	988		146,902	343,242
	<u> </u>					
	206,579					206,579
	_00,0.0					_00,0.0
		230,000	29,113		295,000	712,096
		3,450	1,460		17,695	29,716
	206,579	233,450	30,573		312,695	948,391
	200,379	255,450	30,373		312,093	940,091
	(28,664)	(229,566)	(29,585)		(165,793)	(605,149)
						49,040
	(3,000)			(22,451)		(25,451)
	(3,000)			(22,451)		23,589
	(31,664)	(229,566)	(29,585)	(22,451)	(165,793)	(581,560)
	135,105	246,010	48,170	22,451	546,724	1,101,782
\$	103,441	\$ 16,444	\$ 18,585	\$	\$ 380,931	\$ 520,222
	,	- 10,111	7 10,000	7		+

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

	State Aid Street Fund		Street Sealcoating		Capital Replacement		Right of Way	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$ 183	3,099 \$	230,925	\$	429,698	\$	1,967	
Accounts receivable			20,703					
Due from other governmental units								
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 183</u>	3,099 \$	251,628	\$	429,698	\$	1,967	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	\$		\$		\$		
FUND BALANCE Restricted	183	3,099						
Assigned			251,628		429,698		1,967	
Total Fund Balance	183	3,099	251,628		429,698		1,967	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 183	3,099 \$	251,628	\$	429,698	\$	1,967	

Building intenance	Public Safety Replacement			
\$ 164,111	\$	103,459		
\$ 164,111	\$	103,459		
\$ 	\$			
164,111		103,459		
164,111		103,459		
\$ 164,111	\$	103,459		

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

	Park Special Projects		Park Acquisition and Improvement		Lio	akeside ons Park rovement
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	6,804	\$	201,706	\$	23,249
Accounts receivable						54
Due from other governmental units					_	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,804	\$	201,706	\$	23,303
LIADULITICO AND EUND DALANCE						
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	50	\$	500	\$	988
Accounts payable	Ψ		Ψ	300	Ψ	
FUND BALANCE						
Restricted		6,754		201,206		22,315
Assigned						
Total Fund Balance		6,754		201,206		22,315
			_		_	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	6,804	\$	201,706	\$	23,303

		_	Park				
	Small	E	quipment and	2018A G.O.		auinm ont	
	uipment	lmr	provement	Equipment Certificates		quipment Fund	Total
	шритоти.						- I otal
\$	20,366	\$	112,841	\$	\$	561,296	\$ 2,039,521
	5,426						26,183
						107	107
\$	25,792	\$	112,841	\$	\$	561,403	\$ 2,065,811
Ψ	25,192	Ψ	112,041	Φ	Φ	301,403	\$ 2,005,611
\$		\$		\$	\$		\$ 1,538
							412.274
	25,792		112,841			561,403	413,374 1,650,899
	25,792		112,841		_	561,403	2,064,273
						121,110	
\$	25,792	\$	112,841	\$	\$	561,403	\$ 2,065,811

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

DEVENUES		tate Aid eet Fund	Se	Street alcoating	Capital placement	Righ	t of Way
REVENUES Property taxes	\$		\$		\$	\$	
Intergovernmental revenues	•	85,591	·			,	
Charges for services Investment earnings		5,092		82,826	12,596		57
Other revenues		5,092		41,793	12,590		31
			\overline{A}				
TOTAL REVENUES		90,683	\subseteq	124,619	12,596		57
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Public works		68,501		95,988	4,275		
Recreation and parks Capital Outlay							
Public works							
Recreation and parks							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		68,501		95,988	 4,275		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		22,182		28,631	 8,321		57
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds				110,000			
Total other financing sources (uses)				110,000	 		
Net change in fund balances		22,182		138,631	8,321		57
FUND BALANCES, Beginning		160,917		112,997	 421,377		1,910
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$	183,099	\$	251,628	\$ 429,698	\$	1,967

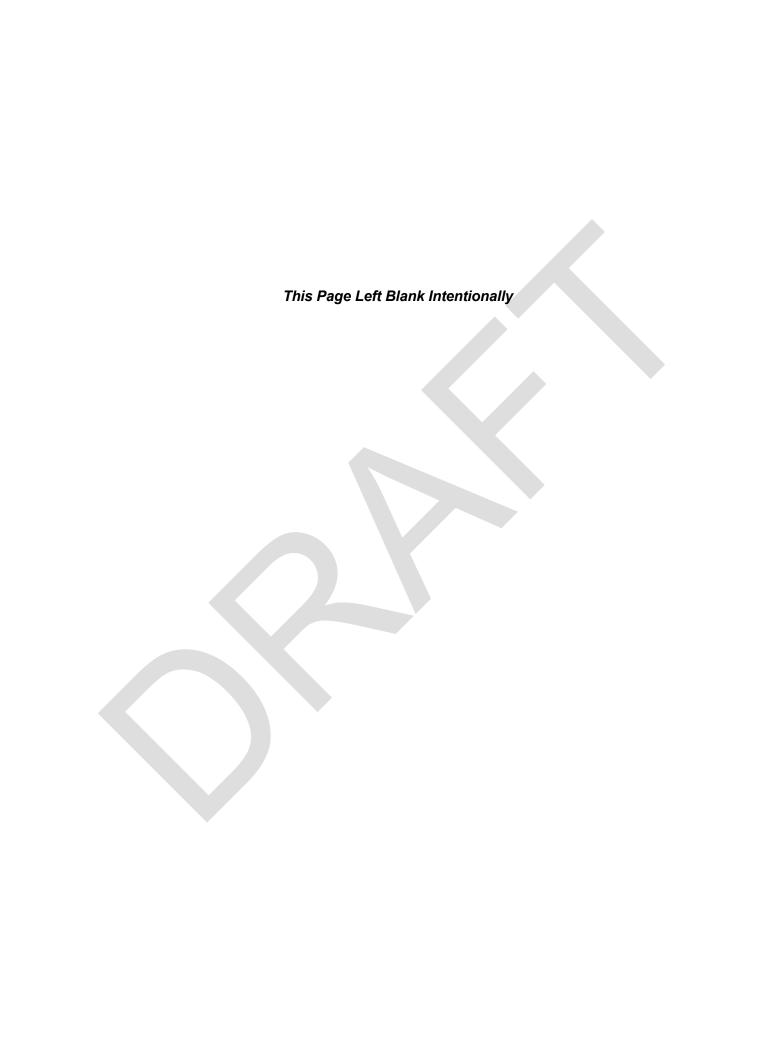
Building Maintenance	Public Safety Replacement
\$	\$
7,006	2,755
7,006	2,755
262,523	
61,457	
323,980	
(316,974)	2,755
171,748	18,000
171,748	18,000
(145,226)	20,755
309,337	82,704
\$ 164,111	\$ 103,459

(Continued)

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

DEVENUES	Park S Proje	•		Park equisition and provement	Lio	ikeside ns Park rovement		Small uipment
REVENUES Property taxes	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Intergovernmental revenues	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Charges for services		222		2,472				
Investment earnings		244		10,997		666		550
Other revenues	-	8,455	_	123,682				5,426
TOTAL REVENUES		8,921	<u> </u>	137,151		666		5,976
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Public works								
Recreation and parks		10,811		462,008		934		5,789
Capital Outlay								
Public works		050		45.045				
Recreation and parks		952		15,247				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		11,763		477,255		934		5,789
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(2,842)		(340,104)		(268)		187
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds								
Total other financing sources (uses)								
Net change in fund balances		(2,842)		(340,104)		(268)		187
FUND BALANCES, Beginning		9,596		541,310		22,583		25,605
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$	6,754	\$	201,206	\$	22,315	\$	25,792

Park Equipment and	2018A G.O. Equipment	Equipment	
Improvement	Certificates	Fund	Total
\$	\$	\$ 1,979	\$ 1,979 85,591
935 4,460		4,619 13,500	85,520 87,310 155,523
5,395		20,098	415,923
1,855			431,287 481,397
1,097		75,561	137,018 17,296
2,952		75,561	1,066,998
2,443		(55,463)	(651,075)
80,000	(122,414)	616,866	996,614 (122,414)
80,000	(122,414)	616,866	874,200
82,443	(122,414)	561,403	223,125
30,398	122,414		1,841,148
\$ 112,841	\$	\$ 561,403	\$ 2,064,273



OTHER REPORT SECTION December 31, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Spring Lake Park, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the City of Spring Lake Park (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Spring Lake Park's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2024.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Spring Lake Park's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Spring Lake Park's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Spring Lake Park

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City of Spring Lake Park failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting – bid laws, depositories of public funds and public investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above reference provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

City's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the internal control and legal compliance findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City of Spring Lake Park's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Minneapolis, Minnesota March 25, 2024

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

2013-002 2014-002 2015-002 2016-002 2017-002 2018-002 2019-002 2020-002 2021-002 2022-001 Material Audit Adjustments

Condition: The City's unaudited trial balance contained material misstatements.

Criteria: The City is required to report accurate financial information.

Effect: The material misstatements in the unaudited trial balance resulted in the need to record adjustments during the audit.

Cause: There is limited number of administrative staff and it would not be practical for the City to devote resources required to overcome this limitation.

Recommendation: We recommend management develop an accounting policy and procedures manual to assist with ensuring that all transactions are recorded consistently and that the information necessary to prepare an accurate unaudited trial balance is gathered in an organized and efficient manner and provided to the accountant.

CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

2023-001 Material Audit Adjustments

Condition: The City's unaudited trial balance contained material misstatements.

Criteria: The City is required to report accurate financial information.

Effect: The material misstatement in the unaudited trial balance resulted in the need to record adjustments during the audit.

Cause: There is a limited number of administrative staff and it would not be practical for the City to devote resources required to overcome this limitation.

Recommendation: We recommend management develop an accounting policy and procedures manual to assist with ensuring that all transactions are recorded consistently and that the information necessary to prepare an accurate unaudited trial balance is gathered in an organized and efficient manner and provided to the accountant.





CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (CAP):

The City respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended December 31, 2023.

The findings from the schedule of findings and responses are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the number assigned in the schedule.

RESPONSE: FINDING 2023-001

Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding:

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

Actions Planned in Response to Finding:

Management agrees with our recommendation and will continue to develop policies and procedures to assist with ensuring that all transactions are recorded consistently. City management and accounting personnel review the proposed audit adjustments. Management and accounting personnel will review the proposed adjustments for accuracy prior to issuance of the statements.

Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP:

Daniel Buchholtz, City Administrator/Clerk-Treasurer, is the official responsible for ensuring the planned response.

Planned Completion Date for CAP:

Not applicable as the City is willing to accept this risk and will continue to evaluate the recommendation.

Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP:

Not applicable as the City is willing to accept the risk and will continue to evaluate the recommendation.