

# *City of Spring Lake Park*



## Spring Lake Park

*History. Community. Home.*

### *Personnel Policy*

Approved by the City Council on July 18, 2016  
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# 1. INTRODUCTION

## Section 1.01 Purpose

The purpose of these policies is to establish a uniform and equitable system of personnel administration for the employees of the City of Spring Lake Park. Their provisions do not establish terms and shall not be construed as contractual provisions. They are not intended to be all-inclusive or to cover every situation that may arise. These policies may be amended at any time at the sole discretion of the City and they will supersede all previous personnel policies. Revisions and amendments shall become effective upon approval by the City Council.

The City of Spring Lake Park retains the full and unrestricted right to operate and manage all personnel facilities and equipment; to establish functions and programs; to set and amend budgets; to determine the utilization of technology; to establish and modify its organizational structure; to select, direct and determine the number of personnel; to establish work schedules and to perform any inherent managerial function not specifically limited by current collective bargaining agreements, this policy and City Council resolutions. The City further reserves the right to make reasonable variations from this policy where it is determined that a strict and literal application of the policy would cause an undue hardship on the City, its employees or an individual employee.

Except as otherwise prohibited by law, the City of Spring Lake Park has the right to terminate any employee at any time for any or no reason. Employees may similarly terminate employment at any time for any reason.

## Section 1.02 Scope

These policies apply to all employees of the City. Except where specifically noted, these policies do not apply to:

- Elected Officials
- Members of City Boards, Commissions and Committees
- Consultants and Contractors
- Volunteers

If any specific provisions of the personnel policies conflict with any current union agreement, the union agreement will prevail. Any policy, or portion thereof, that does not conflict with a labor agreement, will remain in full force and effect and will continue to govern the actions of all covered employees. Union employees are encouraged to consult their collective bargaining agreement first for information about their employment conditions. Nothing in these policies is intended to modify or supersede any applicable provision of state or federal law.

These policies serve as an information guide to help employees become better informed and to make their experience with the City more rewarding. Departments may have special work rules deemed necessary by the Department Head and approved by the City Administrator for the

achievement of objectives of that department. Each employee will be given a copy of such work rules by the department upon hiring and such rules will be further explained and enforcement discussed with the employee by the Department Head.

### Section 1.03 EEO Policy Statement

The City of Spring Lake Park is committed to providing equal opportunity in all areas of employment, including but not limited to recruitment, hiring, demotion, promotion, transfer, recruitment, selection, lay-off, disciplinary action, termination, compensation and selection for training. The City of Spring Lake Park will not discriminate against any employee or job applicant on the basis of race (including traits associated with race, including, but not limited to, hair texture and hair styles such as braids, locs and twists), color, creed, religion, national origin, ancestry, sex, sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, gender identity, gender expression, genetic information, status with regard to public assistance, veteran status, familial status, ~~or~~ membership on a local human rights commission or lawful participation in the Minnesota Medical Cannabis Patient Registry.

### Section 1.04 Data Practices Advisory

Employee records are maintained in a location designated by the City Administrator. Personnel data is retained in personnel files, finance files, and benefit/medical files. Information is used to administer employee salary and benefit programs, process payroll, complete state and federal reports, document employee performance, etc.

Employees have the right to know what data is retained, where it is kept, and how it is used. All employee data will be received, retained, and disseminated according to the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act.

### Section 1.05 Media Requests

All City employees have a responsibility to help communicate accurate and timely information to the public in a professional manner. Requests for private data or information outside of the scope of an individual's job duties should be routed to the appropriate department or to the data practices authority.

Any employee who identifies a mistake in reporting should bring the error to the City Administrator or other appropriate staff. Regardless of whether the communication is in the employee's official City role or in a personal capacity, employees must comply with all laws related to trademark, copyright, software use, etc.

With the exception of routine events and basic information that is readily available to the public, all requests for interviews or information from the media are to be routed through the City Administrator.

No City employee is authorized to speak on behalf of the City without prior authorization from the City Administrator or his/her designee. Media requests include anything intended to be

published or viewable to others in some form such as television, radio, newspapers, newsletters, social media postings, and websites. When responding to media requests, employees should follow these steps:

1. If the request is for routine or public information (such as a meeting time or agenda), provide the information and notify the City Administrator of the request.
2. If the request is regarding information about City personnel, potential litigation, controversial issues, an opinion on a City matter, or if an employee is unsure if the request is a “routine” question, forward the request to the City Administrator. An appropriate response would be, “I’m sorry, I don’t have the full information regarding that issue. Let me take some basic information and submit your request to the appropriate person, who will get back to you as soon as he/she can.” Then ask the media representative’s name, questions, deadline, and contact information.

All news releases concerning City personnel will be the responsibility of the City Administrator. When/if the City Administrator authorizes a staff person to communicate on behalf of the City in interviews, publications, news releases, on social media sites, and related communications, employees must:

- Identify themselves as representing the City. Account names on social media sites must be clearly connected to the City and approved by the City Administrator.
- Be respectful, professional, and truthful when providing information. In most cases, only factual information (not opinions or editorial comments) should be provided: “The City finished street cleaning on 5 streets in the northwest corner of the City this past week” instead of “The City is doing a great job with street cleaning this year!” Corrections must be issued when needed.
- Generally not include personal opinions in official City statements. One exception is communications related to promoting a City service. For example, an employee could post the following on the City’s Facebook page: “My family visited Lakeside Park this weekend and really enjoyed the new picnic shelter.” Employees who have been approved to use social media sites on behalf of the City should seek assistance from the City Administrator on this topic.
- Notify the City Administrator if they will be using their personal technology (cell phones, home computer, cameras, etc.) for City business. Employees should be aware that the data transmitted or stored may be subject to the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act.

## Section 1.06 Personal Communications and Use of Social Media

It is important for City employees to remember that the personal communications of employees may reflect on the City, especially if employees are commenting on City business or commenting on issues that implicate their city employment. As City representatives, employees share in the responsibility of earning and preserving the public’s trust in the city. An employee’s own personal communications, such as on social media, can have a significant impact on the public’s belief that all city staff will carry out city functions faithfully and impartially and without regard to factors such as race, sex/gender, religion, national origin, disability, sexual

orientation or other protected categories. Nonpersonal communications (performed within one's job duties) to members of the public must be professional at all times. The following guidelines apply to personal communications, including various forms such as social media (Facebook, Twitter, blogs, YouTube, etc.), letters to the editor of newspapers, and personal endorsements:

- Do not share any private or confidential information you have access to as a result of your city position.
- Any personal communications made on a matter of public concern must not disrupt the efficiency of the city's operation, including by negatively affecting morale. Put another way, such public comments must not undermine any city department's ability to effectively serve the public. Disruptive personal communications can include liking or republishing (e.g. sharing/retweeting) a social media post of another individual or entity. The City can act on a personal communication that violates this policy without waiting for the actual disruption.
- Remember that what you write or post is public, and will be so for a long time. It may also be spread to a larger audience than you intended. Use common sense when using email or social media sites. It is a good idea to refrain from sending or posting information or photos that you would not want your boss or other employees to read, or that you would be embarrassed to see in the newspaper. Keep in mind harassment, bullying, threats of violence, discrimination, or retaliation that would not be permissible in the workplace is not permissible between co-workers online, even if it is done after hours, from home and on home computers.
- The City of Spring Lake Park expects its employees to be fair, courteous, and respectful to Department Heads, co-workers, citizens, customers, and other persons associated with the City. Avoid using statements, photographs, video or audio that reasonably viewed as malicious, obscene, threatening or intimidating, disparaging, or might constitute harassment or bullying. Examples of such conduct might include offensive posts meant to intentionally harm someone's reputation or posts that could contribute to a hostile work environment on the basis of sex, race (including traits associated with race, including, but not limited to, hair texture and hair styles such as braids, locs and twists), national origin, age, color, creed, religion, disability, marital status, familial status, veteran status, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression, status with regard to public assistance or membership or activity in a local human rights commission.
- If you publish something related to City business and there is liable to be confusion whether you are speaking on behalf of the city, it would be best to identify yourself and use a disclaimer such as, "These are my own opinions and do not represent those of the City of Spring Lake Park."
- City resources, working time, or official City positions cannot be used for personal profit or business interests, or to participate in personal political activity. Some examples: a building inspector could not use the City's logo, email, or working time to promote his/her side business as a plumber; a parks employee should not access a park after hours even though he or she may have a key; a clerk, while working at City Hall, should not campaign for a friend who is running for City Council.
- Personal social media account name or email names should not be tied to the City (e.g., "SLPCop").



## 2. CITYWIDE WORK RULES AND CODE OF CONDUCT

### Section 2.01 Conduct as a City Employee

In accepting City employment, employees become representatives of the City and are responsible for assisting and serving the citizens for whom they work. An employee's primary responsibility is to serve the residents of Spring Lake Park. Employees should exhibit conduct that is ethical, professional, responsive, and of standards becoming of a City employee. To achieve this goal, employees must adhere to established policies, rules, and procedures and follow the instructions of their Department Head.

Honesty is an important organizational attribute to our city. Therefore, any intentional misrepresentation of facts or falsification of records, including without limitation personnel records, medical records, leaves of absence documentation or the like, will not be tolerated. Further, dishonesty in city positions may preclude workers from effectively performing their essential job duties. As just one example, a police officer with a credibility issue under a Brady/Giglio designation may be excluded from providing testimony for court cases, thereby creating an employment strain where an employee cannot effectively perform the essential functions of the job. Any violations will result in corrective action, up to and including termination.

The following are job requirements for every position at the City of Spring Lake Park. All employees are expected to:

- Perform assigned duties to the best of their ability at all times.
- Render prompt and courteous service to the public at all times.
- Read, understand, and comply with the rules and regulations as set forth in these personnel policies as well as those of their departments.
- Conduct themselves professionally toward both residents and staff and respond to inquiries and information requests with patience and every possible courtesy.
- Report any and all unsafe conditions to their Department Head.
- Maintain good attendance while meeting the goals set by your Department Head.

### Section 2.02 Attendance & Absence

The operations and standards of service in the City of Spring Lake Park require that employees be at work unless valid reasons warrant absence, or an employee has a position that has been approved to work remotely. In order for a team to function efficiently and effectively, employees must fully understand the goals that have been set for them and the time that is required to be on the job. Attendance is an essential function of every City position.

Employees who are going to be absent from work are required to notify their Department Head as soon as possible in advance of the absence. In case of an unexpected absence, employees should call their Department Head before the scheduled starting time and keep in mind the following procedures:

- If the Department Head is not available at the time, the employee should leave a message that includes a telephone number where he/she can be reached and/or contact any other individual who was designated by the Department Head.
- Failure to use the established reporting process will be grounds for disciplinary action.
- The employee must call the Department Head on each day of an absence extending beyond one (1) day unless arrangements otherwise have been made with the Department Head.
- Employees who are absent for three (3) days or more and who do not report the absence in accordance with this policy, will be considered to have voluntarily resigned not in good standing.
- The City may waive this rule if extenuating circumstances warranted such behavior.

This policy does not preclude the City from administering discipline for unexcused absences of less than three (3) days. Individual departments may establish more specific reporting procedures.

For budgetary and confidentiality reasons, non-exempt employees (eligible for overtime pay) are not authorized to take work home or work through lunch without prior approval from their Department Head.

### Section 2.03 Access to and Use of City Property

Any employee who has authorized possession of keys, tools, cell phones, pagers, or other City-owned equipment must register his/her name and the serial number (if applicable) or identifying information about the equipment with his/her Department Head.

All such equipment must be turned in and accounted for by any employee leaving employment with the City in order to resign in good standing.

Employees are responsible for the safekeeping and care of all such equipment. The duplication of keys owned by the City is prohibited unless authorized by the City Administrator. Any employee found having an unauthorized duplicate key will be subject to disciplinary action.

### Section 2.04 Appearance

Departments may establish dress codes for employees as part of departmental rules. Personal appearance should be appropriate to the nature of the work and contacts with other people and should present a positive image to the public. Clothing, jewelry, or other items that could present a safety hazard are not acceptable in the workplace. Dress needs vary by function. Employees who spend a portion of the day in the field need to dress in a professional manner appropriate to their jobs, as determined by their Department Head. Employees may dress in accordance with



their gender identity, within the constraints of the dress codes adopted by the City. City staff shall not enforce the City's dress code more strictly against transgender and gender diverse employees than other employees.

### Section 2.05 Conflicts of Interest

City employees are to remove themselves from situations in which they would have to take action or make a decision where that action or decision could be a perceived or actual conflict of interest or could result in a personal benefit for themselves or a family member. If an employee has any question about whether such a conflict exists, he/she should consult with the City Administrator.

### Section 2.06 Falsification of Records

Any employee who makes false statements or commits, or attempts to commit, fraud in an effort to prevent the impartial application of these policies will be subject to immediate disciplinary action up to and including termination and potential criminal prosecution.

### Section 2.07 Personal Telephone Calls

Personal telephone calls and texts are to be made or received only when truly necessary (e.g., family or medical emergency). They are not to interfere with City work and are to be completed as quickly as possible. Any personal long distance call costs will be paid for by the employee. Please refer to the cell phone policy for information on use of cellular phones.

### Section 2.08 Political Activity

City employees have the right to express their views and to pursue legitimate involvement in the political system. However, no City employee will directly or indirectly, during hours of employment, solicit or receive funds for political purposes. Further, any political activity in the workplace must be pre-approved by the City to avoid any conflict of interest or perception of bias such as using authority or political influence to compel another employee to apply for or become a member in a political organization.

### Section 2.09 Smoking

The City of Spring Lake Park observes and supports the Minnesota Clean Indoor Air Act. All City buildings and vehicles, in their entirety, shall be designated as tobacco free, meaning that smoking in any form (through the use of tobacco products such as pipes, cigars, and cigarettes) or "vaping" with e-cigarettes is prohibited while in a City facility or vehicle.

Smoking of any kind, including pipes, cigars, cigarettes, vaping with e-cigarettes, and the use of chewing tobacco, is prohibited for employees while on duty. Employees 21 and over are allowed to smoke only during their breaks and lunch, and only in areas designated for that purpose.



### 3. DEFINITIONS

For purposes of these policies, the following definitions will apply:

**Section 3.01 Appointing Authority.** The City Council.

**Section 3.02 Authorized Hours.** The number of hours an employee was hired to work. Actual hours worked during any given pay period may be different than authorized hours, depending on workload demands or other factors, and upon approval of the employee's Department Head.

**Section 3.03 Benefits.** Privileges granted to qualified employees in the form of paid leave and/or insurance coverage.

**Section 3.04 Benefit-Earning Employees.** Employees who work, year round, at least 40 hours per week on a regular basis.

**Section 3.05 Compensatory Time.** For exempt employees, the same amount of time off work as the employee has overtime hours worked. For non-exempt employees, time of work at one-and-one-half times the number of overtime hours worked.

**Section 3.06 Core Hours.** The hours that all employees (exempt and non-exempt) are expected to work are from 9:00am to 3:30pm, Monday through Friday. Police and public works employees do not have core hours and work the schedules established by their Department Head.

**Section 3.07 Demotion.** The movement of an employee from one job class to another within the City, where the maximum salary for the new position is lower than that of the employee's former position.

**Section 3.08 Department.** A branch of the City's operations with responsibility for one or several assigned functions.

**Section 3.09 Department Head.** The supervisor of a department.

**Section 3.10 Direct Deposit.** As permitted by State law, all City employees are required to participate in direct deposit.

**Section 3.11 Employee.** An individual who has successfully completed all stages of the selection process, including the training period.

**Section 3.12 Exempt Employee.** Employees who are not covered by the overtime provisions of the federal or state Fair Labor Standards Act.

**Section 3.13 FICA (Federal Insurance Contributions Act).** FICA is the federal requirement that a certain amount be automatically withheld from employees' earnings. Specifically, FICA requires an employee contribution of 6.2% for Social Security and 1.45% for Medicare. The City contributes a matching 7.65% on behalf of each employee. Certain employees are exempt or

partially exempt from these withholdings (e.g., police officers). These amounts may change if required by law.

**Section 3.14 Fiscal Year.** The period from January 1 through December 31.

**Section 3.15 Full-Time Employee.** Employees who are required to work forty (40) or more hours per week year-round in an ongoing position.

**Section 3.16 Hours of Operation.** The City's regular hours of operation are Monday through Friday, from 8:00am to 4:30pm.

**Section 3.17 Job Classification.** A group of positions sufficiently alike in duties, qualifications, authority and responsibility to warrant the same job title, grade and pay schedule for all positions in the group.

**Section 3.18 Job Description.** The written description of a job containing a title, a statement of duties, authority and responsibilities of the job, and the qualifications deemed necessary and/or desirable for the satisfactory performance of the duties of the job.

**Section 3.19 Non-exempt Employee.** Employees who are covered by the federal or state Fair Labor Standards Act. Such employees are normally eligible for overtime at one and one half times their regularly hourly wage for all hours worked over forty (40) in any given workweek.

**Section 3.20 Overtime.** Time worked in excess of forty (40) hours per week or in excess of the employee's normal work schedule as established by the employer.

**Section 3.21 Part-time Employee.** An employee whose position requires less than forty (40) hours per week or two thousand eighty (2,080) hours per year in an ongoing position.

**Section 3.22 Pay Period.** A fourteen (14) day period beginning at 12:00am (midnight) on Sunday through 11:59pm on Saturday, fourteen (14) days later.

**Section 3.23 PERA (Public Employees Retirement Association).** Statewide pension program in which all City employees meeting program requirements must participate in accordance with Minnesota law. The City and the employee each contribute to the employee's retirement account.

**Section 3.24 Promotion.** Movement of an employee from one job class to another within the City, where the classification/grade and maximum salary for the new position is higher than that of the employee's former position.

**Section 3.25 Reclassify.** Movement to a job from one classification to another classification because of a significant change in the position's duties and responsibilities.

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**Section 3.26 Seasonal Employee.** Employees who work only part of the year (100 days or less) to conduct seasonal work. Seasonal employees may be assigned to work a full-time or part-time schedule. Seasonal employees do not earn benefits or credit for seniority.

**Section 3.27 Service Credit.** Time worked for the City. An employee begins earning service credit on the first day worked for the City. Some forms of leave will create a break in service.

**Section 3.28 Temporary Employee.** Employees who work in temporary positions. Temporary jobs might have a defined start and end date or may be for the duration of a specific project. Temporary employees may be assigned to work a full-time or part-time schedule. Temporary employees do not earn benefits or credit for seniority.

**Section 3.29 Training/Probationary Period.** A twelve month period at the start of employment with the City (or at the beginning of a promotion, reassignment or transfer) that is designated as a period within which to learn the job, unless covered by a collective bargaining agreement stating a different time frame. The training period is an integral extension of the City's selection process and is used by supervisors for closely observing an employee's work.

An employee serving his/her initial probationary period may be disciplined at the sole discretion of the City, up to and including dismissal. An employee so disciplined, including dismissal, will not have any grievance rights.

Nothing in this policy handbook shall be construed to imply that after completion of the probationary period, an employee has any vested interest or property right to continued City employment.

Time served in temporary, seasonal, volunteer or interim positions are not considered part of the probationary period. If an emergency arises during an employee's probationary period which requires a leave of absence, such time off, if granted, will not be considered time worked, and the probationary period will be extended by the length of time taken.

**Section 3.30 Transfer.** Movement of an employee from one City position to another of equivalent pay.

**Section 3.31 Weapons.** Weapons are defined to include all legal or illegal firearms, switchblade knives, or any other object that has been modified to serve as a weapon or that has the primary purpose of serving as a weapon.

**Section 3.32 Workweek.** A workweek is seven consecutive 24-hour periods. For most employees the workweek will run from Sunday through the following Saturday. With the approval of the City Administrator, departments may establish a different workweek based on coverage and service delivery needs (e.g., police department recreation department).

## 4. EMPLOYEE RECRUITMENT AND SELECTION

### Section 4.01 Scope

The City Administrator or a designee will manage the hiring process for positions within the City. While the hiring process may be coordinated by staff, the City Council is responsible for the final hiring decision and must approve all hires to City employment. All hires will be made according to merit and fitness related to the position being filled.

### Section 4.02 Features of the Recruitment System

The City Administrator or designee will determine if a vacancy will be filled through an open recruitment or by promotion, transfer, or some other method. This determination will be made on a case-by-case basis. The majority of position vacancies will be filled through an open recruitment process.

Application for employment will generally be made on application forms provided by the City. Other materials in lieu of a formal application may be accepted in certain recruitment situations as determined by the City Administrator or designee. Supplemental questionnaires may be required in certain situations. All candidates must complete and submit the required application materials by the posted deadline, in order to be considered for the position.

The deadline for application may be extended by the City Administrator or designee. Unsolicited applications will not be kept on file.

Position vacancies may be filled on an “acting” basis as needed. The City Council will approve all acting appointments. Pay rate adjustments, if any, will be determined by the City Council.

### Section 4.03 Testing and Examination

Applicant qualifications will be evaluated in one or more of the following ways: training and experience rating; written test; oral test or interview; performance or demonstrative test; physical agility test; or other appropriate job-related exam. For example:

- Keyboarding exercises for data entry positions.
- Writing exercises for positions requiring writing as part of the job duties.
- “In-basket” exercise for an administrative support position (sets up real-life scenarios and items that would likely be given to the position for action and asks the candidate to list and prioritize the steps they would take to complete the tasks).
- Mock presentation to the City Council for a recreation director position, for example.
- Scenarios of situations police officers are likely to encounter on the job that test the candidate’s decision-making skills (can be role played or multiple-choice questions).

Internal recruitments will be open to any City employee who: (1) has successfully completed the initial training period; (2) meets the minimum qualifications for the vacant position; and (3) currently is and for the past year has been in good standing with the City.

The City Council or designee will establish minimum qualifications for each position with input from the appropriate Department Head. To be eligible to participate in the selection process, a candidate must meet the minimum qualifications. If you have any questions about whether your qualifications might meet the established minimums, contact the City Administrator to ask. In some cases the City will consider alternative experience if it is substantially equivalent to the qualification being required.

#### Section 4.04 Pre-Employment Drug Testing

Every job applicant offered employment with the City receives the offer contingent upon successful completion of a drug test, among other conditions. The drug testing will be conducted pursuant to the Minnesota Drug and Alcohol Testing and Drug Free Workplace Act for Non-Commercial Drivers.

#### Section 4.05 Pre-Employment Medical Exams

The City Administrator or designee may determine that a pre-employment medical examination, which may include a psychological evaluation, is necessary to determine fitness to perform the essential functions of any City position. Where a medical examination is required, an offer of employment is contingent upon successful completion of the medical exam.

When a pre-employment medical exam is required, it will be required of all candidates who are finalists and/or who are offered employment for a given job class. Information obtained from the medical exam will be treated as confidential medical records.

When required, the medical exam will be conducted by a licensed physician designated by the City with the cost of the exam paid by the City. (Psychological/psychiatric exams will be conducted by a licensed psychologist or psychiatrist). The physician will notify the City Administrator or designee that a candidate either is or isn't medically able to perform the essential functions of the job, with or without accommodations, and whether the candidate passed a drug test, if applicable. If the candidate requires accommodation to perform one or more of the essential functions of the job, the City Administrator or designee will confer with the physician and candidate regarding reasonable and acceptable accommodations. If a candidate is rejected for employment based on the results of the medical exam, he/she will be notified of this determination.

#### Section 4.06 Selection Process

The selection process will be a cooperative effort between the City Administrator or designee and the Department Head, subject to final hiring approval of the City Council. Any, all, or none of the candidates may be interviewed.

The process for hiring seasonal and temporary employees may be delegated to the appropriate Department Head with each hire subject to final City Council approval. Except where prohibited

by law, seasonal and temporary employees may be terminated by the Department Head at any time, subject to City Council approval.

The City has the right to make the final hiring decision based on qualifications, abilities, experience and the City of Spring Lake Park's needs.

#### Section 4.07 Background Checks

All finalists for employment with the City will be subject to a background check to confirm information submitted as part of application materials and to assist in determining the candidate's suitability for the position. Except where already defined by state law, the City Administrator will determine the level of background check to be conducted based on the position being filled.

#### Section 4.08 Training Period

The training period is an integral part of the selection process and will be used for the purpose of closely observing the employee's work and for training the employee in work expectations. Training periods apply to new hires, transfers, promotions and rehires. Unless otherwise specified in a union contract, training periods are twelve months in duration, but may be extended by, for example, an unpaid leave of absence.

## 5. ORGANIZATION

#### Section 5.01 Job Descriptions

The City will maintain job descriptions for each regular position. New positions will be developed as needed but must be approved by the City Council prior to the position being filled.

A job description is prepared for each position within the City. Each job description will include: position title, department, Department Head's title, FLSA status (exempt or non-exempt), primary objective of the position, essential functions of the position, examples of performance criteria, minimum requirements, desirable training and experience, supervisory responsibilities (if any), and extent of supervisory direction or guidance provided to position. In addition, job descriptions may also describe the benefits offered and potential career path opportunities as a means to entice a qualified pool of applicants. Good attendance and compliance with work rules and policies are essential functions of all City positions.

Assignment of job titles, establishment or minimum qualifications and the maintenance of job descriptions and related records is the responsibility of the City Administrator.

Prior to posting a vacant position, the existing job description will be reviewed by the City Administrator or designee and the Department Head to ensure the job description is an accurate



reflection of the position and that the stated job qualifications do not present artificial barriers to employment.

A current job description is provided to each new employee. Department Heads are responsible for revising job descriptions as necessary to ensure that the position's duties and responsibilities are accurately reflected. All revisions are reviewed and must be approved by the City Administrator.

### Section 5.02 Assigning and Scheduling Work

Assignment of work duties and scheduling work is the responsibility of the Department Head, subject to the approval of the City Administrator.

### Section 5.03 Layoff

In the event it becomes necessary to reduce personnel, temporary employees and those serving a probationary period in affected job classes will be terminated from employment with the City before other employees in those job classes. Within these groups, the selection of employees to be retained will be based on merit and ability as determined by the City Administrator, subject to approval of the City Council. When all other considerations are equal, the principle of seniority will apply in layoffs and recall from layoffs.

## 6. HOURS OF WORK

### Section 6.01 Work Hours

Works schedules will be established by Department Heads with the approval of the City Administrator. The regular workweek for employees is five eight-hour days in addition to a lunch period, Monday through Friday, except as otherwise approved by the City Administrator in accordance with the customs and needs of the individual departments.

### Section 6.02 Meal Breaks and Rest Periods

A paid fifteen (15) minute break is allowed within each four (4) consecutive hours of work. An unpaid thirty (30) minute lunch period is provided when an employee works eight (8) or more consecutive hours. Employees are expected to use these breaks as intended and will not be permitted to adjust work start time, end time, or lunch time by saving these breaks, unless previously authorized by the Department Head.

Employees working in City buildings will normally take their break at the place provided for that purpose in each building. Employees working out-of-doors will normally take their break at the location of their work. Employees whose duties involve traveling throughout the City may stop along the assigned route at a restaurant or other public accommodation for their fifteen (15)

minute break or thirty (30) minute lunch period. Exceptions must be approved by the Department Head or City Administrator.

Departments with unique job or coverage requirements may have additional rules, issued by the Department Head and subject to approval of the City Administrator, on the use of meal breaks and rest periods.

## Section 6.04 Adverse Weather Conditions

City facilities will generally be open during adverse weather. Due to individual circumstances, each employee will have to evaluate the weather and road conditions in deciding to report to work (or leave early). Employees not reporting to work for reasons of personal safety will not normally have their pay reduced as a result of this absence. Employees are required to use accrued vacation time or compensatory time, or with Department Head approval, may modify the work schedule or make other reasonable schedule adjustments.

Sworn police officers and public works maintenance employees will generally be required to report to work regardless of conditions.

Decisions to cancel departmental programs (special events, recreation programs, etc.) will be made by the respective Department Head or the City Administrator.

# 7. COMPENSATION

## Section 7.01 General Provisions

Full time employees of the City will be compensated every two weeks according to schedules adopted by the City Council. Unless approved by the City Council, employees will not receive any amount from the City in addition to the pay authorized for the positions to which they have been appointed. Expense reimbursement or travel expenses may be authorized in addition to regular pay.

A pay range for seasonal and temporary employees will be set by the City Council on an annual basis, through the budget approval process. Department Heads are allowed to determine compensation within that range for each season or temporary employee based on their experience and suitability for the position.

Under the Minnesota Wage Disclosure Protection Law, employees have the right to tell any person the amount of their own wages. While the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act (Minn. Stat. §13.43), specifically lists an employee's actual gross salary and salary range as public personnel data, Minnesota law also requires wage disclosure protection rights and remedies to be included in employer personnel handbooks. To that end, and in accordance with Minn. Stat. §181.172, employers may not:

- Require nondisclosure by an employee of his or her wages as a condition of employment.
- Require an employee to sign a waiver or other document which purports to deny an employee the right to disclose the employee's wages.
- Take any adverse employment action against an employee for disclosing the employee's own wages or discussing another employee's wages which have been disclosed voluntarily.
- Retaliate against an employee for asserting rights or remedies under Minn. Stat. §181.172, subd. 3.

The City cannot retaliate against an employee for disclosing his/her own wages. An employee's remedies under the Wage Disclosure Protection Law are to bring a civil action against the City and/or file a complaint with the Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry.

### Section 7.02 Direct Deposit

As provided for in Minnesota law, all employees are required to participate in direct deposit. Employees are responsible for notifying the City Administrator of any change in status, including in changes in address, phone number, names of beneficiaries, marital status, etc.

### Section 7.03 Improper Deduction and Overpayment Policy

If an employee believes that an improper deduction or overpayment, or another type of error, has been made, he/she should immediately contact his/her Department Head. If the City determines it has made an improper deduction from a paycheck, it will reimburse the employee for the improper amount deducted and take good faith measures to prevent improper deductions from being made in the future.

In cases of improper overpayments, employees are required to promptly repay the City in the amount of the overpayment. The employee can write a personal check or authorize a reduction in pay to cover the repayment. The city will not reduce an employee's pay without written authorization by the employee. Once the overpayment has been recovered in full, the employee's year to date earnings and taxes will be adjusted (so that the year's Form W-2 is correct) and the paying department will receive the corresponding credit. When an overpayment occurs, the repayment must be made within the same tax year.

In the exceptional situation where the overpayment occurs in one tax year and is not discovered until the next year, the overpayment must be repaid in the year it is discovered, but there will be additional steps and paperwork required. Any overpayments not repaid in full within the calendar year of the overpayment are considered "prior year overpayments" and the employee must repay not only for the net amount of the overpayment, but also the federal and state taxes the City has paid on their behalf. The city is able to recover the overpaid Social Security and Medicare taxes. Accordingly, the city will not require the employee to repay those taxes provided the employee provides a written statement that he/she will not request a refund of the taxes. The overpayment amount will remain taxable in the year of the overpayment since the employee had access to the funds. The employee is not entitled to file an amended tax return for the year of the overpayment which deducts the overpayment amount, but may be entitled to a deduction or credit with respect

to the repayment in the year of repayment. Employees should contact their tax advisors for additional information.

#### Section 7.04 Time Reporting

Full-time, non-exempt employees are expected to work the number of hours per week as established for their position. In most cases, this will be 40 hours per workweek. They will be paid according to the time reported on their time sheets. To comply with the provisions of the federal and state Fair Labor Standards Acts, hours worked, and any leave time used by non-exempt employees are to be recorded daily and submitted to payroll on a bi-weekly basis. Each time reporting form must include the signature of the employee and immediate supervisor. Reporting false information on a timecard may be cause for immediate termination.

#### Section 7.05 Overtime/Compensatory Time

The City of Spring Lake Park has established this overtime policy to comply with applicable state and federal laws governing accrual and use of overtime. The City Administrator will determine whether each employee is designated as “exempt” or “non-exempt” from earning overtime. In general, employees in executive, administrative and professional job classes are exempt; all others are non-exempt.

All employees, in all departments, are required to work overtime as requested by their Department Head as a condition of continued employment. Refusal to work overtime may result in disciplinary action. Department Heads will make reasonable efforts to balance the personal needs of their employees when assigning overtime work.

Seasonal and temporary employees shall be paid overtime after 40 hours worked in a workweek.

#### Section 7.06 Non-Exempt (Overtime Eligible) Employees

All overtime-eligible employees will be compensated at the rate of time-and-one-half for all hours worked over 40 in one workweek. Vacation, sick leave, and paid holidays do not count toward “hours worked.” Compensation will take the form of either time-and-one-half pay or compensatory time. Compensatory time is paid time off at the rate of one and one half hours off for each hour of overtime worked.

For most employees the workweek begins at midnight on Sunday and runs until the following Saturday night at 11:59 p.m. Department Heads may establish a different workweek based on the needs of the department, subject to the approval of the City Administrator.

The employee’s Department Head must approve overtime hours in advance. An employee who works overtime without prior approval may be subject to disciplinary action.

Overtime earned will be paid at the rate of time and one-half on the next regularly scheduled payroll date. However, the employee may indicate on his/her timesheet that the overtime earned is to be recorded as compensatory time in lieu of payment. In this case, all compensatory time

earned during a year will be paid to the employee by the end of the year at the hourly pay rate the employee is earning at that time.

Each Department Head will be responsible for establishing a policy relating to the maximum compensatory time accumulation for employees within his/her department based on the needs of his/her department. Once an employee has earned the maximum compensatory time allowed in a calendar year, no further compensatory time may accrue in that calendar year. All further overtime will be paid. Employees may request and use compensatory time off in the same manner as other leave requests.

All compensatory time will be marked as such on official time sheets, both when it is earned and when it is used. The Accountant will maintain compensatory time records. All compensatory time accrued will be paid when the employee leaves City employment at the hourly rate the employee is earning at that time.

### Section 7.07 Exempt (Non-Overtime Eligible) Employees

Exempt employees are expected to work the hours necessary to meet the performance expectations outlined by their Department Head or City Administrator. Generally, to meet these expectations, and for reasons of public accountancy, an exempt employee will need to work 40 or more hours per week. Exempt employees do not receive extra pay for the hours worked over 40 in one workweek.

Exempt employees are paid on a salary basis. This means they receive a predetermined amount of pay each pay period and are not paid by the hour. Their pay does not vary based on the quality or quantity of work performed, and they receive their full weekly salary for any week in which any work is performed.

The City of Spring Lake Park will only make deductions from the weekly salary of an exempt employee in the following situations:

- The employee is in a position that does not earn vacation or personal leave and is absent for a day or more for personal reasons other than sickness or accident.
- The employee is in a position that earns sick leave, receives a short-term disability benefit or workers' compensation wage loss benefits, and is absent for a full day due to sickness or disability, but he/she is either not yet qualified to use the paid leave or he/she has exhausted all of his/her paid leave.
- The employee is absent for a full workweek and, for whatever reason, the absence is not charged to paid leave (for example, a situation where the employee has exhausted all of his/her paid leave or a situation where the employee does not earn paid leave).
- The very first workweek or the very last workweek of employment with the City in which the employee does not work a full week. In this case, the City will prorate the employee's salary based on the time actually worked.
- The employee is in a position that earns paid leave and is absent for a partial day due to personal reasons, illness, or injury, but:

- Paid leave has not been requested or has been denied.
- Paid leave is exhausted.
- The employee has specifically requested unpaid leave.
- The employee is suspended without pay for a full day or more for disciplinary reasons for violations of any written policy that is applied to all employees.
- The employee takes unpaid leave under the FMLA.
- The City of Spring Lake Park may for budgetary reasons implement a voluntary or involuntary unpaid leave program and, under this program, make deductions from the weekly salary of an exempt employee. In this case, the employee will be treated as non-exempt for any workweek in which the budget-related deductions are made.

The City of Spring Lake Park will not make deductions from pay due to exempt employees being absent for jury duty or attendance as a witness but will require the employee to pay back to the City any amounts received by the employee as jury fees or witness fees.

If the City inadvertently makes an improper deduction to the weekly salary of an exempt employee, the City will reimburse the employee and make appropriate changes to comply in the future. If the employee thinks that a wage deduction was made in error, please contact the City Administrator promptly.

## Section 7.08 Leave Policy for Exempt Employees

Exempt employees are required to work the number of hours necessary to fulfill their responsibilities including evening meetings and/or on-call hours. The normal hours of business for exempt staff are Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., plus evening meetings as necessary.

Exempt employees are required to use paid leave or compensatory time when on personal business away from the office. Exempt employees must communicate their absence to the City Administrator or his/her designee.

If one of the above employees is regularly absent from work under this policy and it is found that there is excessive time away from work that is not justified, the situation will be handled as a performance issue.

If it appears that less than forty (40) hours per week is needed to fulfill the position's responsibilities, the position will be reviewed to determine whether a part-time position will meet the needs of the City. Additional notification and approval requirements may be adopted by the City Administrator for specific situations as determined necessary.

All exempt positions may require work beyond 40 hours per week, including evening and weekend hours. These employees are entitled to earn compensatory time at a rate of one hour for each hour worked over 40 hours per week. No payment of compensatory time will be made when an exempt employee leaves employment with the City.

## 8. PERFORMANCE REVIEWS

An objective performance review system will be established by the City Administrator or designee for the purpose of periodically evaluating the performance of City employees. The quality of an employee's past performance will be considered in personnel decisions such as promotions, transfers, demotions, terminations and, where applicable, salary adjustments.

Performance reviews will be discussed with the employee. While certain components of a performance evaluation, such as disputed facts reported to be incomplete or inaccurate are challengeable using the City's grievance process, other performance evaluation data, including subjective assessments, are not. For those parts of the performance evaluation system deemed not challengeable, an employee may submit a written response, which will be attached to the performance review. Performance reviews are to be scheduled on a regular basis, at least annually. The form, with all required signatures, will be retained as part of the employee's personnel file.

During the training period, informal performance meetings should occur frequently between the Department Head and the employee. Conducting these informal performance meetings provides both the Department Head and the employee the opportunity to discuss what is expected, what is going well and not so well.

Signing of the performance review document by the employee acknowledges the review has been discussed with the Department Head and does not necessarily constitute agreement. Failure to sign the document by the employee will not delay processing.

## 9. BENEFITS

### Section 9.01 Health, Dental, Life Insurance

The City will contribute a monthly amount toward group health, dental and life insurance benefits for each eligible employee and his/her dependents. The amount to be contributed and the type of coverage will be determined annually by the City Council.

For information about coverage and eligibility requirements, employees should refer to the summary plan description or contact the City Accountant.

### Section 9.02 Retirement/PERA

The City participates in the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) to provide pension benefits for its eligible employees to help plan for a successful and secure retirement. Participation in PERA is mandatory for most employees, and contributions into PERA begin immediately. The City and the employee contribute to PERA each pay period as determined by state law. Most employees are also required to contribute a portion of each pay check for Social Security and Medicare (the City matches the employee's Social Security and Medicare

withholding). For information about PERA eligibility and contribution requirements, contact the City Accountant.

### Section 9.03 Tuition Reimbursement

To be considered for tuition reimbursement, the employee must be a full-time employee in good standing and have been employed by the City for at least a year. All requests for tuition reimbursement will be considered on a case-by-case basis by the City Administrator, with final approval/disapproval provided by the City Council.

Courses taken for credit at an approved educational institution must meet the following criteria to be approved for reimbursement:

- Courses must be directly related to the employee’s present position (whether required for a degree program or not); OR
- Courses must be directly related to a reasonable promotional opportunity in the same field of work as present position (whether part of a degree program or not).

The City will pay the cost of tuition upon successful completion (C grade or better or “pass” in a pass/fail course). The City will not reimburse the employee for expenses reimbursed under some other education system or program, e.g. G.I. Bill. Employees must reimburse the City if they voluntarily leave employment within twelve months of receiving tuition reimbursement from the City.

Tuition reimbursement for an individual employee will not exceed Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) per year.

### Section 9.04 Holidays

The City observes the following holidays for all regular full-time and part-time employees:

New Year’s Day	Labor Day
Martin Luther King, Jr. Day	Veterans Day
Presidents Day	Thanksgiving Day
Memorial Day	Friday after Thanksgiving
<u>Juneteenth</u>	Christmas Day
Independence Day	Christmas Eve Day
Floating Holiday	

Official holidays commence at the beginning of the first shift of the day on which the holiday is observed and continues for 24 hours thereafter.

When a holiday falls on a Sunday, the following Monday will be the “observed” holiday and when a holiday falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday will be the “observed” holiday for City operations/facilities that are closed on holidays.



Full-time employees will receive pay for official holidays at their normal straight time rates, provided they are on paid status on the last scheduled day prior to the holiday and first scheduled day immediately after the holiday. Part-time employees will receive prorated holiday pay based on the number of hours normally scheduled. Any employee on a leave of absence without pay from the City is not eligible for holiday pay.

Premium pay of 1.5 times the regular hourly wage for employees required to work on a holiday will be for hours worked on the “actual” holiday as opposed to the “observed” holiday.

Employees wanting to observe holidays other than those officially observed by the City may request either vacation leave or unpaid leave for such time off.

## 10. LEAVES OF ABSENCE

### Section 10.01 Overview

Depending upon an employee’s situation, more than one form of leave may apply during the same period of time (e.g., the Family and Medical Leave Act is likely to apply during a workers’ compensation absence). An employee will need to meet the requirements of each form of leave separately. Leave requests will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.

Except as otherwise stated, all paid time off, taken under any of the City’s leave programs, must be taken consecutively, with no intervening unpaid leave. The City will provide employees with time away from work as required by state or federal statutes, if there are requirements for such time off that are not described in the personnel policies.

### Section 10.02 Earned Sick and Safe Leave

~~Sick leave is authorized absence from work with pay, granted to qualified full-time and part-time employees. Sick leave is a privilege, not a right. Employees are to use this paid leave only when they are unable to work for medical reasons and under the conditions explained below. Sick leave does not accrue during an unpaid leave of absence.~~

Earned Sick and Safe Leave is paid time-off earned at the following rates:

- Subject to the provisions of Section 10.04, fFull-time employees will accumulate earned sick and safe leave at a rate of one (1) day per month.
- Part-time employees regularly scheduled to work at least 20 hours per week will accrue earned sick and safe leave on a pro-rated basis of the full-time employee schedule.
- ~~Temporary, seasonal, and P~~part time employees regularly scheduled to work fewer than 20 hours per week will ~~not earn or~~ accrue earned sick and safe leave at a rate of one hour for every 30 hours worked, up to a maximum of 48 hours of sick and safe leave per year.
- ~~Temporary and seasonal employees will not earn or accrue sick leave.~~
- ~~Sick leave may be used only for days when the employee would otherwise have been at work. It cannot be used for scheduled days off.~~

**(a) Earned Sick and Safe Leave Use**

The leave may be used as it is accrued in the smallest increment of time tracked by the city's payroll system (minimum 1 hour) for the following circumstances:

- An employee's own:
  - Mental or physical illness, injury or other health condition
  - Need for medical diagnosis, care or treatment, of a mental or physical illness
  - Injury or health condition
  - Need for preventative care
  - Closure of the employee's place of business due to weather or other public emergency
  - The employee's inability to work or telework because employee is prohibited from working by the city due to health concerns related to the potential transmission of a communicable illness related to a public emergency, or seeking or awaiting the results of a diagnostic test for, or a medical diagnosis of, a communicable disease or the city has requested a test or diagnosis.
  - Absence due to domestic abuse , sexual assault, or stalking of the employee provided that the absence is to:
    - Seek medical attention related to physical or psychological injury or disability caused by domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking
    - Obtain services from a victim services organization
    - Obtain psychological or other counseling
    - Seek relocation or take steps to secure an existing home due to domestic abuse, sexual assault or stalking
    - Seek legal advice or take legal action, including preparing for or participating in any civil or criminal legal proceeding related to or resulting from domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking
  - Care of a family member:
    - With mental or physical illness, injury or other health condition
    - Who needs medical diagnosis, care or treatment of a mental or physical illness, injury or other health condition
    - Who needs preventative medical or health care
    - Whose school or place of care has been closed due to weather or other public emergency
    - When it has been determined by health authority or a health care professional that the presence of the family member of the employee in the community would jeopardize the health of others because of the exposure of the family member of the employee to a communicable disease, whether or not the family member has actually contracted the communicable disease
  - Absence due to domestic abuse, sexual assault of stalking of the employee's family member provided the absence is to:
    - Seek medical attention related to physical or psychological injury or disability caused by domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking
    - Obtain services from a victim services organization
    - Obtain psychological or other counseling

- Seek relocation or take steps to secure an existing home due to domestic abuse, sexual assault or stalking
- Seek legal advice or take legal action, including preparing for or participating in any civil or criminal legal proceeding related to or resulting from domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking

**(b) Family Member Defined**

For Earned Sick and Safe Leave purposes, family member includes an employee's:

- Spouse or registered domestic partner
- Child, foster child, adult child, legal ward, child for whom the employee is legal guardian, or child to whom the employee stands or stood in loco parentis
- Sibling, step sibling or foster sibling
- Biological, adoptive or foster parent, stepparent or a person who stood in loco parentis when the employee was a minor child
- Grandchild, foster grandchild or step grandchild
- Grandparent or step grandparent
- A child of a sibling of the employee
- A sibling of the parent of the employee or
- A child-in-law or sibling-in-law
- Any of the above family members of a spouse or registered domestic partner
- Any other individual related by blood or whose close association with the employee is the equivalent of a family relationship
- Up to one individual annually designated by the employee

**(c) Advance Notice for use of Earned Sick and Safe Leave**

If the need for sick and safe leave is foreseeable, the city requires seven days' advance notice. However, if the need is unforeseeable, employees must provide notice of the need for Earned Sick and Safe time as soon as practicable. When an employee uses Earned Sick and Safe time for more than three consecutive days, the city may require appropriate supporting documentation (such as medical documentation supporting medical leave, court records or related documentation to support safety leave). However, if the employee or employee's family member did not receive services from a health care professional, or if documentation cannot be obtained from a health care professional in a reasonable time or without added expense, then reasonable documentation may include a written statement from the employee indicating that the employee is using, or used, Earned Sick and Safe Leave for a qualifying purpose. The city will not require an employee to disclose details related to domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking or the details of the employee's or the employee's family member's medical condition. In accordance with state law, the city will not require an employee using Earned Sick and Safe leave to find a replacement worker to cover the hours the employee will be absent.

**(d) Carry Over of Earned Sick and Safe Leave**

Full time and part time employees regularly scheduled to work more than 20 hours per week are eligible to carry over accrued but unused Earned Sick and Safe time into the following year, but the total of Earned Sick and Safe Leave carry over hours shall not exceed 90 days (720 hours).

All other employees are eligible to carry over accrued but unused Earned Sick and Safe time into the following year, but the total of Earned Sick and Safe Leave carry over hours shall not exceed 80 hours.

**(e) Retaliation prohibited**

The city shall not discharge, discipline, penalize, interfere with, or otherwise retaliate or discriminate against an employee for asserting Earned Sick and Safe Leave rights, requesting an Earned Sick and Safe Leave absence, or pursuing remedies. Further, use of Earned Sick and Safe Leave will not be factored into any attendance point system the city may use. Additionally, it is unlawful to report or threaten to report a person or a family member's immigration status for exercising a right under Earned Sick and Safe Leave.

**(f) Benefits and return to work protections**

During an employee's use of Earned Sick and Safe Leave, an employee will continue to receive the city's employer insurance contribution as if they were working, and the employee will be responsible for any share of their insurance premiums.

An employee returning from time off using accrued Earned Sick and Safe Leave is entitled to return to their city employment at the same rate of pay received when their leave began, plus any automatic pay adjustments that may have occurred during the employee's time off. Seniority during Earned Sick and Safe Leave absences will continue to accrue as if the employee has been continually employed.

When there is a separation from employment with the city and the employee is rehired again within 180 days of separation, previously accrued Earned Sick and Safe Leave that had not been used will be reinstated. An employee is entitled to use and accrue Earned Sick and Safe Leave at the commencement of reemployment.

**Sick leave may be used as follows:**

- ~~• When an employee is unable to perform work duties due to illness or disability (including pregnancy).~~
- ~~• For medical, dental or other care provider appointments.~~
- ~~• When an employee has been exposed to a contagious disease of such a nature that his/her presence at the work place could endanger the health of others.~~
- ~~• To care for the employee's injured or ill children, including stepchildren or foster children, for such reasonable periods as the employee's attendance with the child may be necessary.~~
- ~~• To take children, or other family members to a medical, dental or other care provider appointment.~~
- ~~• To care for an ill spouse, father, father in law, mother, mother in law, stepparent, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother.~~

~~Pursuant to Minn. Stat. §181.9413, eligible employees may use up to 160 hours of sick leave in any 12-month period for absences due to an illness of or injury to the employee's adult child, spouse, sibling, parent, grandparent, stepparent, parent in law (mother in law and father in law), and grandchild (includes step grandchild, biological, adopted, or foster grandchild).~~

- ~~Safety leave. Employees are authorized to use sick leave for reasonable absences for themselves or relatives (employee's adult child, spouse, sibling, parent, mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or stepparent) who are providing or receiving assistance because they, or a relative, is a victim of sexual assault, domestic abuse, or stalking. Safety leave for those listed, other than the employee and the employee's child, is limited to 160 hours in any 12-month period. The 12-month period is calculated by measuring 12 months backward from the start date of the employee's last safety leave.~~

~~After accrued sick leave has been exhausted, vacation leave may be used upon approval of the City Administrator, to the extent the employee is entitled to such leave.~~

**~~To be eligible for sick leave pay, the employee will:~~**

- ~~Communicate with his/her Department Head, as soon as possible after the scheduled start of the work day, for each and every day absent;~~
- ~~Keep his/her Department Head informed of the status of the illness/injury or the condition of the ill family member;~~
- ~~Submit a physician's statement upon request.~~

~~After an absence, a physician's statement may be required on the employee's first day back to work, indicating the nature of the illness or medical condition and attesting to the employee's ability to return to work and safely perform the essential functions of the job with or without reasonable accommodation.~~

~~Any work restrictions must be stated clearly on the return to work form. Employees who have been asked to provide such a statement may not be allowed to return to work until they comply with this provision. Sick leave may be denied for any employee required to provide a doctor's statement until such a statement is provided.~~

~~The City has the right to obtain a second medical opinion to determine the validity of an employee's workers' compensation or sick leave claim, or to obtain information related to restrictions or an employee's ability to work. The City will arrange and pay for an appropriate medical evaluation when it is required by the City.~~

~~Any employee who makes a false claim for sick leave will be subject to discipline up to and including termination.~~

~~Employees must normally use sick leave prior to using paid vacation, or compensatory time and prior to an unpaid leave of absence during a medical leave.~~

~~Sick leave will normally not be approved after an employee gives notice that he or she will be terminating employment. Exceptions must be approved by the City Administrator.~~

~~Sick leave cannot be transferred from one employee to another. The maximum accrual allowed for sick leave is 90 days (equal to 720 hours).~~

## Section 10.03 Vacation Leave

The City believes that vacation is important to the health and well-being of our employees, and as such, provides paid vacation for eligible employees for rest and recuperation.

The vacation leave schedule for all full-time employees is as follows:

Years of Service	Annual Accrual
1 Year	10 Days
5 Years	15 Days
10 Years	20 Days
16 Years	21 Days
17 Years	22 Days
18 Years	23 Days
19 Years	24 Days
20 Years	26 Days

Full-time employees will earn vacation leave in accordance with the above schedule. Part-time employees who work at least 20 hours per week on a regular basis will accrue vacation leave on a prorated basis of the full-time employee schedule. Part-time employees who work less than 20 hours per week on a regular basis, temporary and seasonal employees will not earn or accrue vacation leave.

For the purpose of determining an employee's vacation accrual rate, years of service will include all continuous time that the employee has worked at the City (including authorized unpaid leave). Employees who are rehired after terminating City employment will not receive credit for their prior service unless specifically negotiated at the time of hire.

After six months of service, vacation leave may be used as it is earned, subject to approval by the employee's supervisor. Unless approved by the City Administrator, vacation leave will not be earned during an unpaid leave of absence.

Requests for vacation must be received at least 48 hours in advance of the requested time off. This notice may be waived at the discretion of the Department Head and City Administrator.

Vacation can be requested in increments as small as one hour up to the total amount of the accrued leave balance unless the Department Head has established a differing policy to ensure appropriate shift coverage.

Vacation leave is to be used only by the employee who accumulated it. It cannot be transferred to another employee.

If an employee does not use all of his/her earned vacation days during the current anniversary year, a maximum of 10 days of earned unused vacation may be carried from the current anniversary year into the next anniversary year. Vacation days may be carried from the current year to the next year only and cannot be carried into any future anniversary years, unless

approved by the City Administrator. Any unused vacation days not carried over pursuant to this policy shall be lost and the employee shall receive no compensation therefore.

Employees are allowed to take their vacation in accordance with their position on the seniority list according to classification. When a holiday falls during a vacation period, the employee shall be paid for the holiday.

On December 1 on every year, vacation leave may be converted into a cash payment up to a maximum of 40 hours. Exempt employees, with the approval of the City Administrator, may convert up to a maximum of 80 hours of vacation leave into a cash payment.

#### Section 10.04 Banked Sick and Vacation Leave and Leave Accrual Upon Reaching Carry-over Limit

Upon reaching the maximum earned sick and safe leave accrual of 90 days, full-time employees will continue to accumulate 1 day of leave per month. This leave will be designated and accounted for as follows:

- 4 hours per month as banked earned sick and safe leave
- 4 hours per month as banked vacation leave

Only full-time employees are eligible to receive banked leave. Upon reaching the maximum earned sick and safe leave accrual of 90 days, part-time employees regularly scheduled to work at least 20 hours per week will continue to accumulate leave at a rate of one hour for every 30 hours worked, up to a maximum of 48 hours of sick and safe leave per year, but no such leave may be carried over beyond the 90 day maximum.

Upon reaching the maximum earned sick and safe leave accrual of 80 hours, all other part-time employees, seasonal and temporary employees will continue to accumulate leave at a rate of one hour for every 30 hours worked, up to a maximum of 48 hours of sick and safe leave per year, but no such leave may be carried over beyond the 80 hour maximum.

Banked earned sick and safe leave cannot be used unless all regular earned sick and safe leave has been exhausted.

Banked earned sick and safe leave will not be used in calculating severance pay except as specified in the Post Retirement Health Care Savings Plan negotiated and/or established for each employee group.

Banked vacation leave will be used in calculating severance pay.

The City will convert into cash 6 days per year from the employee's banked earned sick and safe leave account and deposit it into their Post Retirement Health Care Savings Plan in December of each year on the condition that the employee has accrued 90 days of regular earned sick and safe leave.



On December 1<sup>st</sup> of every year, an employee, upon reaching the maximum earned sick and safe leave accumulation of 90 days, will have the option to cash in their banked vacation accumulation as pay once per year up to the maximum days accrued.

### Section 10.05 Severance Pay

Severance pay will be paid in accordance with each employee group's union contract and/or Post Retirement Health Care Savings Plan.

### Section 10.06 Bereavement (Funeral) Leave

Employees belonging to a union will be entitled to bereavement leave as outlined in their respective contracts.

Employees who do not belong to a union will be permitted to use up to 3 consecutive working days, with pay, as funeral leave upon the death of an immediate family member defined as: spouse, son, daughter, stepchild, and the brother, sister, mother, father, grandparents, grandchildren of the employee and his/her spouse. Bereavement leave of 5 days shall be granted due to the death of an employee's spouse, registered domestic partner, child or stepchild.

This paid leave will not be deducted from the employee's vacation or sick leave balance.

### Section 10.07 Military Leave

#### *Military Leave for Employees*

State and federal laws provide protections and benefits to City employees who are called to military service, whether in the reserves or on active duty. Such employees are entitled to a leave of absence without loss of pay, seniority status, efficiency rating, or benefits for the time the employee is engaged in training or active service not exceeding a total of 15 days in any calendar year. City compensation is in addition to the military's pay for these 15 days, as per MN Attorney General's Opinion (AG Opinion 310h-1(a)).

The leave of absence is only in the event the employee returns to employment with the City as required upon being relieved from service, or is prevented from returning by physical or mental disability or other cause not the fault of the employee, or is required by the proper authority to continue in military or naval service beyond the fifteen (15) day paid leave of absence. Employees on extended unpaid military leave will receive fifteen (15) days paid leave of absence in each calendar year, not to exceed five years.

Where possible, notice is to be provided to the City at least ten (10) working days in advance of the requested leave. A training notice, signed orders or battle assembly schedule are examples of typical written notification to share with the City. If an employee has not yet used his/her fifteen (15) days of paid leave when called to active duty, any unused paid time will be allowed for the active duty time, prior to the unpaid leave of absence.

Employees returning from military service will be reemployed in the job that they would have attained had they not been absent for military service and with the same seniority, status and pay, as well as other rights and benefits determined by seniority. Unpaid military leave will be considered hours worked for the purpose of vacation leave and sick leave accruals.

Eligibility for continuation of insurance coverage for employees on military leave beyond fifteen (15) days will follow the same procedures as for any employee on an unpaid leave of absence.

#### *Military Leave for Family Members*

The City will not discharge from employment or take adverse employment action against an employee because an immediate family member is in the military forces of the United States or Minnesota. Nor will the City discharge from employment or take adverse employment action against an employee because they attend departure or homecoming ceremonies for deploying or returning personnel, family training or readiness events or events held as part of official military reintegration programs. Employees may substitute paid leave if they choose to do so.

Unless the leave would unduly disrupt the operations of the City, employees whose immediate family member, as a member of the United States armed forces has been ordered into active service in support of a war or other national emergency, will be granted an unpaid leave of absence, not to exceed one day's duration in any calendar year, to attend a send-off or homecoming ceremony for the mobilized service member.

#### *Military Leave for Family Member Injured or Killed in Active Service*

Employees will be granted up to ten working days of unpaid leave whose immediate family member (defined as a person's parent, child, grandparent, siblings or spouse) is a member of the United States armed forces who has been injured or killed while engaged in active service. The 10 days may be reduced if an employee elects to use appropriate accrued paid leave.

#### *Civil Air Patrol*

The City will grant employees an unpaid leave of absence for time spent serving as a member of the Civil Air Patrol upon request and authority of the State or any of its political subdivisions, unless the absence would unduly disrupt the operations of the City. Employees may choose to use vacation or PTO leave while on Civil Air Patrol Leave, but are not required to do so.

### **Section 10.08 Jury Duty**

Regular full-time and part-time employees will be granted paid leaves of absence for required jury duty. Such employees will be required to turn over any compensation they receive for jury duty, minus mileage reimbursement, to the City in order to receive their regular wages for the period. Time spent on jury duty will not be counted as time worked in computing overtime.

Employees excused or released from jury duty during their regular working hours will report to their regular work duties as soon as reasonably possible or will take accrued vacation or compensatory time to make up the difference.

Employees are required to notify their Department Head as soon as possible after receiving notice to report for jury duty. The employee will be responsible for ensuring that a report of time spent on jury duty and pay form is completed by the clerk of court so the City will be able to determine the amount of compensation due for the period involved.

Temporary and seasonal employees are generally not eligible for compensation for absences due to jury duty, but can take a leave without pay subject to Department Head approval. However, if a temporary or seasonal employee is classified as exempt, he/she will receive compensation for the jury duty time.

### Section 10.09 Court Appearances

Unless otherwise specified in a union contract, employees will be paid their regular wage to testify in court for City-related business. Any compensation received for court appearances (e.g. subpoena fees) arising out of or in connection with City employment, minus mileage reimbursement, must be turned over to the City.

### Section 10.10 Victim or Witness Leave

An employer must allow a victim or witness, who is subpoenaed or requested by the prosecutor to attend court for the purpose of giving testimony, to attend criminal proceedings related to the victim's case. Additionally, a victim of a violent crime, as well as the victim's spouse or immediate family member (immediate family member includes parent, spouse, child or sibling of the employee) may have reasonable time off from work to attend criminal proceedings related to the victim's case. An employee must give 48 hours advance notice to the City of their need to be absent unless it is impracticable, or an emergency prevents them from doing so. The City may request verification that supports the employee's reason for being absent from the workplace.

### Section 10.11 Job Related Injury or Illness

All employees are required to report any job-related illnesses or injuries to their Department Head immediately (no matter how minor). If a Department Head is not available and the nature of injury or illness requires immediate treatment, the employee is to go to the nearest available medical facility for treatment and, as soon as possible, notify his/her Department Head of the action taken. In the case of a serious emergency, 911 should be called.

If the injury is not of an emergency nature, but requires medical attention, the employee will report it to the Department Head and make arrangements for a medical appointment.

Workers' compensation benefits and procedures to return to work will be applied according to applicable state and federal laws.

## Section 10.12 Pregnancy and Parenting Leave

~~Employees who work twenty (20) hours or more per week and have been employed more than one year~~ All employees are entitled to take an unpaid leave of absence under the Pregnancy and Parenting Leave Act of Minnesota. Female employees for prenatal care, or incapacity due to pregnancy, childbirth, or related health conditions as well as a biological or adoptive parent in conjunction with after the birth or adoption of a child as eligible for up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave and must begin within twelve (12) months of the birth or adoption of the child. In the case where the child must remain in the hospital longer than the mother, the leave must begin within 12 months after the child leaves the hospital. Employee should provide reasonable notice, which is at least 3 days. If the leave must be taken in less than three days, the employee should give as much notice as practicable.

Employees are required to use accrued leave (i.e., sick leave, vacation leave, etc.) during Parenting Leave If the employee has any FMLA eligibility remaining at the time this leave commences, this leave will also count as FMLA leave. The two leaves will run concurrently.

The employee is entitled to return to work in the same position and at the same rate of pay the employee was receiving prior to commencement of the leave. Group insurance coverage will remain available while the employee is on leave pursuant to the Pregnancy and Parenting Leave Act, but the employee will be responsible for the entire premium unless otherwise provided in this policy (i.e., where leave is also FMLA qualifying). For employees on an FMLA absence as well, the employer contributions toward insurance benefits will continue during the FMLA leave absence.

The City will inform employees of their parental leave rights at the time of hire and when an employee makes an inquiry about or requests parental leave.

The City shall not discharge, discipline, penalize, interfere with or otherwise retaliate or discriminate against an employee for asserting parental leave rights or remedies.

## Section 10.13 Administrative Leave

Under special circumstances, an employee may be placed on an administrative leave pending the outcome of an internal or external investigation. The leave may be paid or unpaid, depending on the circumstances, as determined by the City Administrator with the approval of the City Council.

## Section 10.14 Adoptive Parents

Adoptive parents will be given the same opportunities for leave as biological parents (see provisions for Parenting Leave). The leave must be for the purpose of arranging the child's placement or caring for the child after placement. Such leave must begin before or at the time of the child's placement in the adoptive home.

## Section 10.15 School Conference Leave

Any employee ~~who has worked half time or more for more~~ may take unpaid leave for up to a total of sixteen (16) hours during any 12-month period to attend school conferences or classroom activities related to the employee's child (under 18 or under 20 and still attending secondary school), provided the conference or classroom activities cannot be scheduled during non-work hours. When the leave cannot be scheduled during non-work hours and the need for the leave is foreseeable, the employee must provide reasonable prior notice of the leave and make a reasonable effort to schedule the leave so as not to unduly disrupt the operations of the City. Employees may choose to use vacation leave hours for this absence, but are not required to do so.

## Section 10.16 Bone Marrow/Organ Donation Leave

Employees working an average of 20 or more hours per week may take paid leave, not to exceed 40 hours, unless agreed to by the City, to undergo medical procedures to donate bone marrow or an organ. The 40 hours is over and above the amount of accrued time the employee has earned.

The City may require a physician's verification of the purpose and length of the leave requested to donate bone marrow. If there is a medical determination that the employee does not qualify as a bone marrow donor, the paid leave of absence granted to the employee prior to that medical determination is not forfeited.

The City shall not discharge, discipline, penalize, interfere with, or otherwise retaliate or discriminate against an employee for asserting bone marrow or organ donation leave rights or remedies.

## Section 10.17 Elections/Voting

An employee selected to serve as an election judge pursuant to Minnesota law, will be allowed time off with pay for purposes of serving as an election judge, provided that the employee gives the City at least twenty (20) days written notice, including a certification from the appointing authority stating the hourly compensation to be paid the employee for service as an election judge and the hours during which the employee will serve. The City may reduce the wages of an employee serving as an election judge by the amount paid to the election judge by the appointing authority during the time the employee was absent from the place of employment. Thus, employees will be paid the difference between their pay as an election judge and their regular rate of pay for their normal workday. The City reserves the right to restrict the number of employees absent from work for the purpose of serving as an election judge to no more than 20 percent of the total workforce at any single worksite.

All employees eligible to vote at a State general election, at an election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States Senator or Representative, or in a Presidential primary, will be allowed time off with pay to vote on the election day. Employees wanting to take advantage of such leave are required to work with their Department Heads to avoid coverage issues.

## Section 10.18 Delegates to Party Conventions

An employee may be absent from work to attend any meeting of the state central committee or executive committee of a major political party if the employee is a member of the committee. The employee may attend any convention of a major political party delegates, including meetings of official convention committees if the employee is a delegate or an alternate delegate to that convention.

Per the statutory requirement, the employee must give at least ten days written notice of their planned absence to attend committee meetings or conventions. Time away from work for this purpose will be considered unpaid unless the employee chooses to use vacation/~~PTO~~ leave during their absence.

## Section 10.19 Regular Leave without Pay

The City Administrator may authorize leave without pay for up to thirty (30) days. Leave without pay for greater periods may be granted by the City Council.

~~Normally~~ Typically, employee benefits will not be earned by an employee while on leave without pay. However, the City's contribution toward health, dental and life insurance may be continued, if approved by the City Council, for leaves of up to ninety (90) days when the leave is for medical reasons and FMLA has been exhausted.

If an employee is on a regular leave without pay and is not working any hours, the employee will not accrue (or be paid for) holidays, sick leave, or vacation leave. Employees who are working reduced hours while on this type of leave will receive holiday pay on a prorated basis and will accrue sick leave and vacation leave based on actual hours worked.

Leave without pay hours will not count toward seniority and all accrued vacation leave and compensatory time must normally be used before an unpaid leave of absence will be approved.

To qualify for leave without pay, an employee need not have used all sick leave earned unless the leave is for medical reasons. Leave without pay for purposes other than medical leave or work-related injuries will be at the convenience of the City.

Employees returning from a leave without pay for a reason other than a qualified Parenting Leave or FMLA, will be guaranteed return to the original position only for absences of thirty (30) calendar days or less.

Employees receiving leave without pay in excess of thirty (30) calendar days, for reasons other than qualified Parenting Leave or FMLA, are not guaranteed return to their original position. If their original position or a position of similar or lesser status is available, it may be offered at the discretion of the City Administrator subject to approval of the City Council.

The FMLA applies to the City. To be eligible for FMLA leave, an employee must work for a covered employer and:

- 
- have worked for that employer for at least 12 months; and
  - have worked at least 1,250 hours during the 12 months prior to the start of the FMLA leave; and
  - work at a location where at least 50 employees are employed at the location or within 75 miles of the location.

## Section 10.20 Reasonable ~~Unpaid~~ Work Time for Nursing Mothers

Nursing mothers will be provided reasonable ~~unpaid~~ break times (which may run concurrently with already provided break times) ~~for nursing mothers~~ to express milk. ~~for her infant child.~~ ~~during the twelve months following child's birth, unless it would cause undue business disruption. The paid break time times must, if possible, run concurrently with any break time times already provided.~~ The City will provide a room (other than a bathroom) as close as possible to the employee's work area, that is shielded from view and free from intrusion from coworkers and the public and includes access to an electrical outlet, where the nursing mother can express milk in private.

The City shall not discharge, discipline, penalize, interfere with, or otherwise retaliate or discriminate against an employee for asserting nursing rights or remedies.



## Section 10.21 Family and Medical Leave Act

### A. General

In accordance with the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), unpaid job protected leave will be granted to all eligible employees (male and female) for up to twelve (12) weeks per twelve (12) month period for any of the following reasons:

- Birth or placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care;
- To care for a spouse, child or parent who has a serious health condition;
- A serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the essential functions of the position.
- A covered military member's active duty or call to duty or to care for a covered military member.

In accordance with the law, the following definitions apply:

- "Caring" for someone includes psychological as well as physical care. It also includes acquiring care and sharing care duties.
- An eligible "child" is defined as a person under 18 years of age (or a person incapable of self-care because of a physical or mental disability) who is a biological, adopted, foster or stepchild, a ward of the employee, or a person with whom the employee is charged with a parent's rights, duties and responsibilities.
- An eligible "parent" includes a biological parent or a person who was charged with a parent's rights, duties and responsibilities over the employee when the employee was under the legal age, but doesn't include in-laws.
- "Serious health condition" means an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves one of the following:
  - Hospital Care: Any period of incapacity or treatment connected with inpatient care (i.e., an overnight stay) in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility;
  - Pregnancy: Any period of incapacity due to pregnancy, prenatal medical care or childbirth;
  - Absence Plus Treatment: A period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days that also involves continuing treatment by or under the supervision of a health care provider.
  - Chronic Conditions Requiring Treatments: An incapacity from a chronic condition which requires periodic visits for treatment by a health care provider, continues over an extended period of time, and may cause episodic rather than a continuing period of incapacity;
  - Permanent/Long-Term Conditions Requiring Supervision
  - Multiple Treatments: Any period of absence to receive multiple treatments (including any period of recovery therefrom) by a health care provider or by a provider of health care services under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider.

## B. Eligibility

An eligible employee is one who has worked for the City for a cumulative period of 12 months and at least 1,250 hours during the twelve month period prior to requesting the leave.

## C. Length of Leave

The length of FMLA leave is not to exceed 12 weeks in any 12 month period. The entitlement to FMLA leave for the birth or placement of a child expires 12 months after the birth or placement of that child.

## D. Leave Year

The 12 month period is calculated by measuring 12 months backward from the start date of the employee's last FMLA leave.

## E. Notice

The employee is to give verbal or written notice to his/her Department Head at last thirty (30) days prior to the date on which leave is to begin or, if thirty (30) days notice cannot be given, as much notice as practical.

If an employee fails to give thirty (30) days' notice for a foreseeable leave with no reasonable explanation for the delay, the leave may be denied until thirty (30) days after the employee provides notice. To the extent possible, planned medical treatment should be scheduled so that it will not unduly disrupt the City's operations.

## F. Medical Certification

The employee may be required to provide medical certification to support a request for leave because of the serious health condition of a child, spouse, parent or the employee. A "Certification of Physician or Practitioner" form can be obtained from the City Administrator. The form is to be completed by the attending physician or practitioner and submitted to the City Administrator within ten (10) days after requested, or as soon as is reasonably practicable. The City may request a second or third opinion at the City's expense. If required, the City will select a health care provider not regularly associated with the City.

## G. Recertification

Recertification may be required if the employee requests an extension of the original length approved by the City or if the employee's circumstances change. Recertification may also be required if there is a question as to the validity of the certification or if the employee is unable to return to work due to the serious health condition.

## H. Intermittent Leave

Leave requested because of a serious health condition of either a family member or the employee may be taken intermittently or on a reduced schedule if medically necessary. All requests for intermittent leave will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.

## I. Fitness for Duty Certification

The City may require a medical certificate attesting to the employee's fitness for duty prior to return to work. The fitness for duty report must be based on the particular health condition(s) for which the leave was approved and must address whether the employee can perform the essential functions of his/her regular job.

The City Administrator may consult with a physician or other expert to determine reasonable accommodations for any employee who is a "qualified disabled" employee under the ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act). If a fitness for duty certification is required, the City may deny reinstatement until it is provided.

## J. Job Protection

Employees returning from Family and Medical Leave will be reinstated in their former position or a position equivalent in pay, benefits and other terms and conditions of employment. An employee's reinstatement rights are the same as they would have been had the employee not been on leave. Thus, if an employee's position would have been eliminated or an employee would have been terminated but for the leave, the employee would not have the right to be reinstated upon return from leave.

## K. Effect on Benefits

An employee granted leave under this policy will continue to be covered under the City's group health and dental insurance plan under the same conditions and at the same level of City contribution as would have been provided had they been continuously employed during the leave period. If there are changes in the City's contribution levels while the employee is on leave, those changes will take place as if the employee were still on the job. The employee will be required to continue payment of the employee portion of group insurance coverage. Arrangements for payment of the employee's portion of premiums must be made by the employee with the City. If an employee's contribution is more than thirty (30) days late, the City may terminate the employee's insurance coverage (subject to COBRA requirements).

## L. Seniority

Seniority does not accrue during any period of unpaid FMLA except as allowed when the leave is covered by worker's compensation). However, seniority accrued prior to commencement of FMLA leave will not be lost.

## M. Use of Accrued Paid Leave or Compensatory Time During Family and Medical Leave

During the Family and Medical Leave, employees must use accrued sick leave, vacation leave and compensatory time prior to taking an unpaid leave unless their medical condition/injury is covered by worker's compensation or the absence qualifies under the state Parental Leave law (see Parental Leave Policy).

FMLA leave counts as continued service for purposes of retirement and/or pension plans.

## N. Failure to Return from FMLA Leave

Employees who cannot return from an approved FMLA leave at the end of the approved leave period may request an extension (up to a maximum of twelve (12) weeks allowed under FMLA). If the twelve (12) FMLA weeks have already been used, the employee can request to go on a regular unpaid leave of absence. If approved, before unpaid leave begins, the employee must use any accrued sick leave, vacation time or compensatory time that remains. If the leave is approved and unpaid, the employee will be required to pay the full cost of all group insurance, as provided under COBRA, in order to continue coverage.

If the unpaid leave of absence is not approved, or the employee fails to request additional leave, the employee will be considered to have voluntarily resigned. If circumstances beyond the employee's control prevented the employee from requesting additional leave, a retroactive leave request may be allowed, subject to the City Council's approval.

If an employee fails to return from an FMLA leave and is determined to have voluntarily quit as described above, the City may seek reimbursement from the employee for the portion of the insurance premiums paid by the City on behalf of that employee during the period of leave.

## O. FMLA – Qualified Exigency and Military Caregiver Leave

### *Qualified Exigency*

Eligible employees (described above) whose spouse, son, daughter, or parent either has been notified of an impending call or order to covered active military duty or who is already on covered active duty may take up to 12 weeks of leave for reasons related to or affected by the family member's call-up or service.

The qualifying exigency must be one of the following: (1) short-notice deployment; (2) military events and activities; (3) childcare and school activities; (3) financial and legal arrangements; (5) counseling; (6) rest and recuperation; (7) post-deployment activities; (8) parental care; or (9) additional activities that arise out of active duty, provided that the employer and employee agree, including agreement on timing and duration of the leave.

## *Military Caregiver Leave*

An employee eligible for FMLA leave (described above) who is the spouse, son, daughter, parent, or next of kin of a covered servicemember may take up to 26 weeks in a single 12-month period to care for that servicemember.

The family member must be a current member of the Armed Forces (including a member of the National Guard or Reserves), who has a serious injury or illness incurred in the line of duty on active duty for which he or she is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, or otherwise is on outpatient status or on the temporary disability retired list. Eligible employees may not take leave under this provision to care for former members of the Armed Forces, former members of the National Guard and Reserves, or members on the permanent disability retired list.

## *Definitions*

- A “son or daughter of a covered servicemember” means the covered servicemember’s biological, adopted, or foster child, stepchild, legal ward, or a child for whom the covered servicemember stood in loco parentis, and who is of any age.
- A “parent of a covered servicemember” means a covered servicemember’s biological, adoptive, step, or foster father or mother, or any other individual who stood in loco parentis to the covered servicemember. This term does not include parents “in law.”
- The “next of kin of a covered servicemember” is the nearest blood relative, other than the covered servicemember’s spouse, parent, son, or daughter, in the following order of priority: blood relatives who have been granted legal custody of the servicemember by court decree or statutory provisions, brothers and sisters, grandparents, aunts and uncles, and first cousins, unless the covered servicemember has specifically designated in writing another blood relative as his or her nearest blood relative for purposes of military caregiver leave under the FMLA. When no such designation is made, and there are multiple family members with the same level of relationship to the covered servicemember, all such family members shall be considered the covered servicemember’s next of kin and may take FMLA leave to provide care to the covered servicemember, either consecutively or simultaneously. When such designation has been made, the designated individual shall be deemed to be the covered servicemember’s only next of kin.
- “Covered active duty” means:
  - “Covered active duty” for members of a regular component of the Armed Forces means duty during deployment of the member with the Armed Forces to a foreign country.
  - “Covered active duty” for members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces (members of the U.S. National Guard and Reserves) means duty during deployment of the member with the Armed Forces to a foreign country under a call or order to active duty in a contingency operation as defined in section 101(a)(13)(B) of Title 10 of the United States Code.
- “Covered servicemember” means:

- An Armed Forces member (including the National Guard or Reserves) undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy or otherwise in outpatient status or on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness”; or
- A veteran who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, for a serious injury or illness and who was a member of the Armed Forces (including a member of the National Guard or Reserves) at any time during the period of 5 years preceding the date on which the veteran undergoes that medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy.
- “Serious injury or illness” means:
  - In the case of a member of the Armed Forces (including a member of the National Guard or Reserves), means an injury or illness that was incurred by the member in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces (or existed before the beginning of the member’s active duty and was aggravated by service in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces) and that may render the member medically unfit to perform the duties of the member’s office, grade, rank, or rating; and
  - In the case of a veteran who was a member of the Armed Forces (including a member of the National Guard or Reserves) at any time during a period when the person was a covered servicemember, means a qualifying (as defined by the Secretary of Labor) injury or illness incurred by a covered servicemember in the line of duty on active duty that may render the servicemember medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank or rating.

*Amount of Leave – Qualified Exigency*

An eligible employee can take up to twelve (12) weeks of leave for a qualified exigency.

*Amount of Leave – Military Caregiver*

An eligible employee taking military caregiver leave is entitled to 26 workweeks of leave during a “single 12-month period.” The “single 12-month period” begins on the first day the eligible employee takes FMLA leave to care for a covered ~~servi~~service member and ends 12 months after that date.

Leave taken for any FMLA reason counts towards the 26-week entitlement. If an employee does not take all 26 workweeks of leave to care for a covered service member during this “single 12-month period,” the remaining part of the 26 workweeks of leave entitlement to care for the covered service member is forfeited. 29 C.F.R. § 825.127(e)(1) (2017).

### *Certification of Qualifying Exigency for Military Family Leave*

The City will require certification of the qualifying exigency for military family leave. The employee must respond to such a request within 15 days of the request or provide a reasonable explanation for the delay. Failure to provide certification may result in a denial of continuation of leave. This certification will be provided using the DOL Certification of Qualifying Exigency for Military Family Leave.

### *Certification for Serious Injury or Illness of Covered Servicemember for Military Family Leave*

The City will require certification for the serious injury or illness of the covered servicemember. The employee must respond to such a request within 15 days of the request or provide a reasonable explanation for the delay. Failure to provide certification may result in a denial of continuation of leave. This certification will be provided using the DOL Certification for Serious Injury or Illness of Covered Servicemember.

All other provisions of the FMLA policy, including Use of Paid Leave, Employee Status and Benefits During Leave, Procedure for Requesting Leave, and Benefits During Leave and Reinstatement, are outlined above in the FMLA policy.

## **Section 10.22 Light Duty/Modified Duty Assignment**

This policy is to establish guidelines for temporary assignment of work to temporarily disabled employees who are medically unable to perform their regular work duties. Light duty is evaluated by the City Administrator on a case-by-case basis. This policy does not guarantee assignment to light duty.

Such assignments are for short-term, temporary disability-type purposes, assignment of light duty is at the discretion of the City Administrator. The City Administrator reserves the right to determine when and if light duty work will be assigned.

When an employee is unable to perform the essential requirements of his/her job due to a temporary disability, he/she will notify the Department Head in writing as to the nature and extent of the disability and the reason why he/she is unable to perform the essential functions, duties and requirements of the position. This notice must be accompanied by a physician's report containing a diagnosis, current treatment, and any work restrictions related to the temporary disability. The notice must include the expected time frame regarding return to work with no restrictions, meeting all essential requirements and functions of the City's job description along with a written request for light duty. Upon receipt of the written request, the Department Head is to forward a copy of the report to the City Administrator. The City may require a medical exam conducted by a physician selected by the city to verify the diagnosis, current treatment, expected length of temporary disability and work restrictions. It is at the discretion of the Department Head and City Administrator to determine whether or not light duty work is available and the duration of that assignment.

If the City offers a light duty assignment to an employee who is out on worker's compensation leave, the employee may be subject to penalties if he/she refuses such work. The City will not, however, require an employee who is otherwise qualified for protection under the Family and Medical Leave Act to accept a light duty assignment.

The circumstances of each disabled employee performing light duty work will be reviewed regularly. Any light duty/modified work assignment may be discontinued at any time.

### Section 10.23 Reasonable Accommodations to an Employee for Health Conditions Relating to Pregnancy

The City will attempt to provide a female employee who requests reasonable accommodation with the following for her health conditions related to her pregnancy or childbirth:

- More frequent restroom, food and water breaks;
- Seating; and/or
- Limits on lifting over 20 pounds; and/or
- ~~Temporary transfer to a less strenuous or hazardous position, should one be available.~~
- ~~Other reasonable accommodations for health conditions related to pregnancy or childbirth, upon request backed by a licensed health care provider or certified doula, unless the City demonstrates that the accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the business operations of the City.~~

Additionally, an employer must provide reasonable accommodations, including, but not limited to, temporary leaves of absence, modification in work schedule or job assignments, seating, more frequent or longer break periods and limits to heavy lifting to an employee for health conditions related to pregnancy or childbirth upon request, with the advice of a licensed health care provider or certified doula, unless the employer demonstrates the accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the operation of the employer's business. In accordance with state law, no employee is required to take a leave of absence for a pregnancy nor accept a pregnancy accommodation.

The City shall not discharge, discipline, penalize, interfere with, or otherwise retaliate or discriminate against an employee for asserting reasonable accommodations pregnancy rights or remedies.

### Section 10.24 Athletic Leave of Absence

An employee who qualifies as a member of the United State team for athletic competition on the world championship, Pan American, or Olympic team in a sport sanctioned by the International Olympic Committee, shall be granted a leave of absence without loss of pay or other benefits for the purpose of preparing for and engaging in the competition. In no event shall the paid leave exceed the period of official training camp and competition combined, or 90 calendar days a year, whichever is less. The employee shall provide documentation establishing their participation on said team and in said event.



## 11. RESPECTFUL WORKPLACE

### Section 11.01 Intent

The intent of this policy is to provide general guidelines about the conduct that is and is not appropriate in the workplace and other city-sponsored events. The City acknowledges that this policy cannot possibly predict all situations that might arise, and also recognizes that some employees can be exposed to disrespectful behavior, and even violence, by the very nature of their jobs.

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## Section 11.02 Applicability

Maintaining a respectful work environment is a shared responsibility. This policy is intended to express to all City employees, volunteers, members of boards and commissions, applicants, contractors/vendors, City Council members and members of the public the expectations by the City of Spring Lake Park for respectful workplace conduct both in the workplace and other city-sponsored social events.

## Section 11.03 Abusive Customer Behavior

While the City has a strong commitment to customer service, the City does not expect that employees accept verbal abuse from any customer. An employee may request that a Department Head intervene when a customer is abusive, or they may defuse the situation themselves, including professionally ending the contact.

If there is a concern over the possibility of violence, the employee should use his/her discretion to call 911, and, as soon as feasible, a Department Head. Employees should leave the area immediately when violence is imminent unless their duties require them to remain. Employees must notify their Department Head about the incident as soon as possible.

## Section 11.04 Types of Disrespectful Behavior

The following behaviors are unacceptable and therefore prohibited, even if not unlawful in and of themselves:

Violent behavior includes the use of physical force, harassment, bullying or intimidation

Discriminatory behavior includes inappropriate remarks about or conduct related to a person's race, color, creed, religion, national origin, disability, sex, gender, pregnancy, marital status, age, sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression, familial status, or status with regard to public assistance.

Offensive behavior may include such actions as: rudeness, angry outbursts, inappropriate humor, vulgar obscenities, name calling, disparaging language, or any other behavior regarded as offensive to a reasonable person based upon violent or discriminatory behavior as listed above. It is not possible to anticipate in this policy every example of offensive behavior. Accordingly, employees are encouraged to discuss with their fellow employees and Department Head what is regarded as offensive, taking into account the sensibilities of employees and the possibility of public reaction. Although the standard for how employees treat each other and the general public will be the same throughout the city, there may be differences between work groups about what is appropriate in other circumstances unique to a work group. If an employee is unsure whether a particular behavior is appropriate, the employee should request clarification from their Department Head or the City Administrator.

Sexual harassment can consist of a wide range of unwanted and unwelcome sexually directed behavior such as unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature when:

- Submitting to the conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment; or
- Submitting to or rejecting the conduct is used as the basis for an employment decision affecting an individual's employment; or
- Such conduct has the purpose or result of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive work environment.

Sexual harassment includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- Unwelcome or unwanted sexual advances. This means stalking, patting, pinching, brushing up against, hugging, cornering, kissing, fondling or any other similar physical contact considered unacceptable by another individual.
- Verbal or written abuse, kidding, or comments that are sexually-oriented and considered unacceptable by another individual. This includes comments about an individual's body or appearance where such comments go beyond mere courtesy, telling "dirty jokes" or any other tasteless, sexually oriented comments, innuendos or actions that offend others. The harassment policy applies to social media posts, tweets, etc., that are about or may be seen by employees, customers, etc.
- Requests or demands for sexual favors. This includes subtle or obvious expectations, pressures, or requests for any type of sexual favor, along with an implied or specific promise of favorable treatment (or negative consequence) concerning one's current or future job.

Names and pronouns. Every employee will be addressed by a name or by pronouns that correspond to the employee's gender identity. A court-ordered name or gender change is not required.

## Section 11.05 Employee Response to Disrespectful Workplace Behavior

All employees should feel comfortable calling their Department Head or another employee to request assistance should they not feel comfortable with a situation. If situations involve violent behavior, call the police, ask the individual to leave the area, and/or take other reasonable action.

If employees see or overhear what they believe is a violation of this policy, employees should advise a Department Head, the City Administrator or the City Attorney promptly.

Employees who believe that disrespectful behavior is occurring are encouraged to deal with the situation in one of the ways listed below. If there is a concern about the possibility of violence, the individual should use his/her discretion to call 911, and as soon as feasible, a Department Head. In the event the disrespectful behavior occurring involves the employee's Department Head, the employee should contact the City Administrator or the City Attorney.

Step 1(a). Politely, but firmly, tell whoever is engaging in the disrespectful behavior how you feel about their actions. Politely request the person to stop the behavior because you feel intimidated, offended, or uncomfortable. If practical, bring a witness with you for this discussion.

Step 1(b). If you fear adverse consequences could result from telling the offender or if the matter is not resolved by direct contact, go to your Department Head or City Administrator. The person to whom you speak is responsible for documenting the issues and for giving you a status report on the matter. In some situations, such as with an offender from the public, it is preferable to avoid one on one interactions. Talk to your Department Head about available options to ensure there are others available to help with transactions with the offender.

Step 1(c). The City urges conduct which is viewed as offensive be reported immediately to allow for corrective action to be taken through education and immediate counseling, if appropriate. It is vitally important you notify a Department Head, City Administrator, or City Attorney promptly of your concerns.. Any employee who observes sexual harassment or discriminatory behavior, or receives any reliable information about such conduct, must report it to a Department Head, the City Administrator, or the City Attorney.

Step 2. If, after what is considered to be a reasonable length of time (for example, 30 days), you believe inadequate action is being taken to resolve your complaint/concern, the next step is to report the incident to the City Administrator or the City Attorney.

## Section 11.06 Department Head's Response to Allegations of Disrespectful Workplace Behavior

Employees who have a complaint of disrespectful workplace behavior will be taken seriously. In the case of sexual harassment or discriminatory behavior, a Department Head must report the allegations promptly to the City Administrator, who will determine whether an investigation is warranted. A Department Head must act upon such a report even if requested otherwise by the victim. In situations other than sexual harassment and discriminatory behavior, Department Heads will use the following guidelines when an allegation is reported:

Step 1a. If the nature of the allegations and the wishes of the victim warrant a simple intervention, the Department Head may choose to handle the matter informally. The Department Head may conduct a coaching session with the offender, explaining the impact of his/her actions and requiring that the conduct not reoccur. This approach is particularly appropriate when there is some ambiguity about whether the conduct was disrespectful.

Step 1b. Department Heads, when talking with the reporting employee, will be encouraged to ask him/her what he/she wants to see happen next. When an employee comes forward with a disrespectful workplace complaint, it is important to note the City cannot promise complete confidentiality, due to the need to investigate the issue properly. However, any investigation process will be handled as confidentially as practical and

related information will only be shared on a need to know basis and in accordance with the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act and/or any other applicable laws.

Step 2. If a formal investigation is warranted, the individual alleging a violation of this policy will be interviewed to discuss the nature of the allegations. Formal investigations will be prompt, impartial and thorough. The person being interviewed may have someone of his/her own choosing present during the interview. The investigator will obtain the following description of the incident, including date, time and place:

- Corroborating evidence.
- A list of witnesses.
- Identification of the offender.

To facilitate fostering a respectful work environment, all employees are encouraged to respond to questions or to otherwise participate in investigations regarding alleged harassment.

Step 3. The Department Head must notify the City Administrator about the allegations (assuming the allegations do not involve the City Administrator). For more information about what to do when allegations involve the City Administrator, the Mayor or a Councilmember, see “Special Reporting Requirements” below.

Step 4. In most cases, as soon as practical after receiving the written or verbal complaint, the alleged policy violator will be informed of the allegations. The alleged violator will have the opportunity to answer questions and respond to the allegations. The City will follow any other applicable policies or laws in the investigatory process.

Step 5. After adequate investigation and consultation with the appropriate personnel, a decision will be made regarding whether or not disciplinary action will be taken.

Step 6. The alleged violator and complainant will be advised of the findings and conclusions as soon as practicable and to the extent permitted by the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act..

Step 7. The City will take reasonable and timely action, depending on the circumstances of the situation.

The city is not voluntarily engaging in a dispute resolution process within the meaning of Minn. Stat. § 363A.28, subd. 3(b) by adopting and enforcing this workplace policy. The filing of a complaint under this policy and any subsequent investigation does not suspend the one-year statute of limitations period under the Minnesota Human Rights Act for bringing a civil action or for filing a charge with the Commissioner of the Department of Human Rights.

## Section 11.07 Special Reporting Requirements

When the Department Head is perceived to be the cause of a disrespectful workplace behavior incident, a report will be made to the City Administrator who will determine how to proceed in addressing the complaint as well as appropriate discipline.

If the City Administrator is perceived to be the cause of a disrespectful workplace behavior incident, a report will be made to the City Attorney who will confer with the mayor and City Council regarding appropriate investigation and action.

If a Councilmember is perceived to be the cause of a disrespectful workplace behavior incident involving City personnel, the report will be made to the City Administrator and referred to the City Attorney.

In cases such as these, it is common for the City Council to authorize an investigation by an independent investigator (consultant). The independent investigator will report his/her findings to the City Council. The City will take reasonable and timely action, depending on the circumstances of the situation.

Pending completion of the investigation, the City Administrator may at his/her discretion take appropriate action to protect the alleged victim, other employees, or citizens.

If an elected or appointed city official (e.g. councilmember or commission member) is the victim of disrespectful workplace behavior, the City Attorney will be consulted as to the appropriate course of action.

### Section 11.08 Confidentiality

A person reporting or witnessing a violation of this policy cannot be guaranteed anonymity. The person's name and statements may have to be provided to the alleged offender. All complaints and investigative materials will be contained in a file separate from the involved employees' personnel files. If disciplinary action does result from the investigation, the results of the disciplinary action will then become a part of the employee(s) personnel file(s).

### Section 11.09 Retaliation

Retaliation is strictly prohibited. Retaliation includes, but is not limited to, any form of intimidation, reprisal, or harassment. Individuals who report harassing conduct, participate in investigations, or take any other actions protected under federal or state employment discrimination laws will not be subject to retaliation.

Retaliation is broader than discrimination and includes, but is not limited to, any form of intimidation, reprisal or harassment. While each situation is very fact dependent, generally speaking retaliation can include a denial of a promotion, job benefits, or refusal to hire, discipline, negative performance evaluations or transfers to less prestigious or desirable work or work locations because an employee has engaged or may engage in activity in furtherance of EEO laws.

It can also include threats of reassignment, removal of supervisory responsibilities, filing civil action, deportation or other action with immigration authorities, disparagement to others or the media and making false report to government authorities because an employee has engaged or

may engage in protected activities. Any individual who retaliates against a person who testifies, assists, or participates in an investigation may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination.

If you feel retaliation is occurring within the workplace, please report your concern immediately to any of the following:

1. Immediate supervisor;
2. Your supervisor's manager
3. City Administrator;
4. Mayor or City Councilmember
5. In the event an employee feels retaliation has occurred by the City Administrator or the City Council, then reporting may be made to the City Attorney.

Supervisors who have been approached by employees with claims of retaliation will take the complaint seriously and promptly report the allegations promptly to the city administrator, or if the complaint is against the city administrator to the city attorney, who will decide how to proceed in addressing the complaint.

Consistent with the terms of applicable statutes and city personnel policies, the city may discipline any individual who retaliates against any person who reports alleged violations of this policy. The city may also discipline any individual who retaliates against any participant in an investigation, proceeding or hearing relating to the report of alleged violations.

## 12. POSSESSION AND USE OF DANGEROUS WEAPONS

Possession or use of a dangerous weapon (see attached definitions) is prohibited on City property, in City vehicles, or in any personal vehicle, which is being used for City business. This includes employees with valid permits to carry firearms.

The following exceptions to the dangerous weapons prohibition are as follows:

- Employees legally in possession of a firearm for which the employee holds a valid permit, if required, and said firearm is secured within an attended personal vehicle or concealed from view within a locked unattended personal vehicle while that person is working on City property.
- A person who is showing or transferring the weapon or firearm to a police officer as part of an investigation.
- Police officers and employees who are in possession of a weapon or firearm in the scope of their official duties.



# 13. SEPARATION FROM SERVICE

## Section 13.01 Resignations

Employees wishing to leave the City service in good standing must provide a written resignation notice to their Department Head at least 10 working days before leaving. Exempt employees must give 30 calendar days' notice. The written resignation must state the effective date of the employee's resignation.

Unauthorized absences from work for a period of three consecutive workdays may be considered as resignation without proper notice.

Failure to comply with this procedure may be cause for denying any future employment with the City.

# 14. DISCIPLINE

## Section 14.01 General Policy

Department Heads are responsible for maintaining compliance with City standards of employee conduct. The objective of this policy is to establish a standard disciplinary process for employees of the City of Spring Lake Park. City employees will be subject to disciplinary action for failure to fulfill their duties and responsibilities at the level required, including observance of work rules and standards of conduct and applicable City policies.

Discipline will be administered in a non-discriminatory manner. An employee who believes that discipline applied was either unjust or disproportionate to the offense committed may pursue a remedy through the grievance procedures established in the City's personnel policies. The Department Head and/or the City Administrator will investigate any allegation on which disciplinary action might be based before any disciplinary action is taken.

## Section 14.02 No Contract Language Established

This policy is not to be construed as contractual terms is intended to serve only as a guide for employment discipline.

## Section 14.03 Process

The City may elect to use progressive discipline, a system of escalating responses intended to correct the negative behavior rather than to punish the employee. There may be circumstances that warrant deviation from the suggested order or where progressive discipline is not appropriate. Nothing in these personnel policies implies that any City employee has a contractual right or guarantee (also known as a property right) to the job he/she performs.

Documentation of disciplinary action taken will be placed in the employee's personnel file with a copy provided to the employee.

The following are descriptions of the types of disciplinary actions:

Oral Reprimand. This measure will be used where informal discussions with the employee's Department Head have not resolved the matter. All Department Heads have the ability to issue oral reprimands without prior approval.

Oral reprimands are normally given for first infractions on minor offenses to clarify expectations and put the employee on notice that the performance or behavior needs to change, and what the change must be. The Department Head will document the oral reprimand including date(s) and a summary of discussion and corrective action needed.

Written Reprimand. A written reprimand is more serious and may follow an oral reprimand when the problem is not corrected or the behavior has not consistently improved in a reasonable period of time. Serious infractions may require skipping either the oral or written reprimand, or both. Written reprimands are issued by the Department Head with prior approval from the City Administrator.

A written reprimand will: (1) state what did happen; (2) state what should have happened; (3) identify the policy, directive or performance expectation that was not followed; (4) provide history, if any, on the issue; (5) state goals, including timetables, and expectations for the future; and (6) indicate consequences of recurrence.

Employees will be given a copy of the reprimand to sign acknowledging its receipt. Employees' signatures do not mean the employee agrees with the reprimand. Written reprimands will be placed in the employee's personnel file.

Suspension With or Without Pay. The City Administrator may suspend an employee without pay for disciplinary reasons. Suspension without pay may be followed with immediate dismissal as deemed appropriate by the City Council, except in the case of veterans. Qualified veterans will not be suspended without pay in conjunction with a termination.

The employee will be notified in writing of the reason for the suspension either prior to the suspension or shortly thereafter. A copy of the letter of suspension will be placed in the employee's personnel file.

An employee may be suspended or placed on involuntary leave of absence pending an investigation of an allegation involving that employee. The leave may be with or without pay depending on a number of factors including the nature of the allegations. If the allegation is proven false after the investigation, the relevant written documents will be removed from the employee's personnel file and the employee will receive any compensation and benefits due had the suspension not taken place.

Demotion and/or Transfer. An employee may be demoted or transferred if attempts at resolving an issue have failed and the City Administrator determines a demotion or transfer to be the best solution to the problem. The employee must be qualified for the position to which they are being demoted or transferred. The City Council must approve this action.

Salary. An employee's salary increase may be withheld or the salary may be decreased due to performance deficiencies.

Dismissal. The City Administrator, with the approval of the City Council, may dismiss an employee for substandard work performance, serious misconduct, or behavior not in keeping with City standards.

If the disciplinary action involves the removal of a qualified veteran, the appropriate hearing notice will be provided and all rights will be afforded the veteran in accordance with Minnesota law.

## 15. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE

Any dispute between an employee and the City relative to the application, meaning or interpretation of these personnel policies will be settled in the following manner:

Step 1: The employee must present the grievance in writing, stating the nature of the grievance, the facts on which it is based, the provision or provisions of the personnel policies allegedly violated and the remedy requested, to the proper Department Head within twenty-one (21) days after the alleged violation or dispute has occurred. The Department Head will respond to the employee in writing within seven (7) calendar days.

Step 2: If the grievance has not been settled in accordance with Step 1, it must be presented in writing, stating the nature of the grievance, the facts on which it is based, the provision or provisions of the Personnel Policies allegedly violated, and the remedy requested, by the employee to the City Administrator within seven (7) days after the Department Head's response is due. The City Administrator or his/her designee will respond to the employee in writing within seven (7) calendar days. The decision of the City Administrator is final for all disputes with exception of those specific components in a performance evaluation subject to a challenge through the Minnesota Department of Administration.

If a grievance is not presented within the time limits set forth above, it will be considered "waived." If a grievance is not appealed to the next step in the specified time limit or any agreed extension thereof, it will be considered settled on the basis of the City's last answer. If the City does not answer a grievance or an appeal within the specified time limits, the employee may elect to treat the grievance as denied at that step and immediately appeal the grievance to the next step. The time limit in each step may be extended by mutual agreement of the City and the employee without prejudice to either party.

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The following actions are not grievable:

- While certain components of a performance evaluation, such as disputed facts reported to be incomplete or inaccurate are challengeable, other performance evaluation data, including subjective assessments, are not.
- Pay increases or lack thereof.

The above list is not meant to be all inclusive or exhaustive.

## 16. EMPLOYEE EDUCATION AND TRAINING

The City promotes staff development as an essential, ongoing function needed to maintain and improve cost effective quality service to residents. The purposes for staff development are to ensure that employees develop and maintain the knowledge and skills necessary for effective job performance and to provide employees with an opportunity for job enrichment and mobility.

### Section 16.01 Policy

The City will pay for the costs of an employee's participation in training and attendance at professional conferences, provided that attendance is approved in advance under the following criteria and procedures.

### Section 16.02 Job-Related Training and Conferences

The subject matter of the training session or conference is directly job-related and relevant to the performance of the employee's work responsibilities. Responsibilities outlined in the job description, annual work program requirements and training goals and objectives that have been developed for the employee will be considered in determining if the request is job-related. CLE or similar courses taken by an employee in order to maintain licensing or other professional accreditation will not be eligible for payment under this policy unless the subject matter relates directly to the employee's duties, even though the employee may be required to maintain such licensing or accreditation as a conditional of employment with the City.

The Department Head and the City Administrator are responsible for determining job-relatedness and approving or disapproving training and conference attendance.

### Section 16.03 Job-Related Meetings

Attendance at professional meeting directly related to the performance of the employee's work responsibilities do not require the approval of the City Administrator, up to a maximum of \$100.00. Advance Department Head approval is required to ensure adequate department coverage.

## Section 16.04 Request for Participation in Training and Conferences

The request for participation in a training session or conference must be submitted in writing to the employee's Department Head on the appropriate form. All requests must include an estimate of the total cost (training session, travel, meals, etc.) and a statement of how the education or training is related to the performance of the employee's work responsibilities with the City. Document approving conference or training attendance will be provided to the employee.

Payment information such as invoices, billing statements, etc., regarding the conference or training should be forwarded to accounting for prompt payment.

## Section 16.05 Out of State Travel

Attendance at training or conferences out of state is approved only if the training or conference is not available locally. All requests for out of state travel are reviewed for approval/disapproval by the City Administrator.

## Section 16.06 Compensation for Travel and Training Time

Time spent traveling to and from, as well as time spent attending a training session or conference, will be compensated in accordance with the federal Fair Labor Standards Act.

Travel and other related training expenses will be reimbursed subject to the employee providing necessary receipts and appropriate documentation.

## Section 16.07 Memberships and Dues

The purpose of memberships to various professional organizations must be directly related to the betterment of the services of the City. Normally, one city membership per agency, as determined by the City Administrator, is allowed, providing funds are available.

Upon separation of employment, individual memberships remain with the City and are transferred to another employee by the Department Head.

## Section 16.08 Travel and Meal Allowance

If employees are required to travel outside of the area in performance of their duties as a City employee, they will receive reimbursement of reasonable expenses for meals, lodging and necessary expenses incurred. In no case will city funds be used to pay for, or reimburse for, events sponsored by or affiliated with political parties. However, the City will not reimburse employees for meals connected with training or meetings within City limits, unless the training or meeting is held as a breakfast, lunch or dinner meeting. The City will also not reimburse employees for the costs of travel for family members.

Employees who find it necessary to use their private automobiles for City travel and who do not receive a car allowance will be reimbursed at the prevailing mileage rate as established by the City Council, not to exceed the allowable IRS rate.

Expenses for meals, including sales tax and gratuity, will be reimbursed according to this policy. No reimbursement will be made for alcoholic beverages.

## 17. OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT

The potential for conflicts of interest is lessened when individuals employed by the City of Spring Lake Park regard the City as their primary employment responsibility. All outside employment is to be reported to the employee's immediate Department Head. If a potential conflict exists based on this policy or any other consideration, the Department Head will consult with the City Administrator. Any City employee accepting employment in an outside position that is determined by the City Administrator to be in conflict with the employee's City job will be required to resign from the outside employment or may be subject to discipline up to and including termination.

For the purpose of this policy, outside employment refers to any non-City employment or consulting work for which an employee receives compensation, except for compensation received in conjunction with military service or holding a political office or an appointment to a government board or commission that is compatible with City employment. The following is to be considered when determining if outside employment is acceptable:

- Outside employment must not interfere with a full-time employee's availability during the City's regular hours of operation or with a part-time employee's regular work schedule.
- Outside employment must not interfere with the employee's ability to fulfill the essential requirements of his/her position.
- The employee must not use City equipment, resources or staff in the course of the outside employment.
- The employee must not violate any City personnel policies as a result of outside employment.
- The employee must not receive compensation from another individual or employer for services performed during hours for which he/she is also being compensated by the City. Work performed for others while on approved vacation or compensatory time is not a violation of policy unless that work creates the appearance of a conflict of interest.
- No employee will work for another employer, or for his/her own business, while using paid sick leave from the City for those same hours.
- Departments may establish more specific policies as appropriate, subject to the approval of the City Administrator.

City employees are not permitted to accept outside employment that creates either the appearance of or the potential for a conflict with the development, administration or implementation of policies, programs, services or any other operational aspect of the City.

## 18. DRUG FREE WORKPLACE

In accordance with federal law, the City of Spring Lake Park has adopted the following policy on drugs in the workplace:

- Employees are expected and required to report to work on time and in appropriate mental and physical condition. It is the City's intent and obligation to provide a drug-free, safe and secure work environment.
- The unlawful manufacture, distribution, possession, or use of a controlled substance on City property or while conducting City business is absolutely prohibited. Further, employees on City property or who are conducting City business are prohibited from manufacturing, distributing, possessing, using, or being under the influence of any cannabis product, including products using any part of the genus Cannabis plant, containing cannabis concentrate; infused with cannabinoids (including but not limited to tetrahydrocannabinol); extracted or derived from cannabis plants or cannabis flower; synthetically derived cannabinoids; and any lower potency hemp edibles. -Violations of this policy will result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination, and may have legal consequences.
- The City recognizes drug abuse as a potential health, safety, and security problem. Employees needing help in dealing with such problems are encouraged to use their health insurance plans, as appropriate.
- Employees must, as a condition of employment, abide by the terms of this policy and must report any conviction under a criminal drug statute for violations occurring on or off work premises while conducting City business. A report of the conviction must be made within five (5) days after the conviction as required by the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988.

## 19. CITY DRIVING POLICY

This policy applies to all employees who drive a vehicle on City business at least once per month, whether driving a City-owned vehicle or their own personal vehicle. It also applies to employees who drive less frequently but whose ability to drive is essential to their job due to the emergency nature of the job. The City expects all employees who are required to drive as part of their job to drive safely and legally while on City business and to maintain a good driving record.

The City will examine driving records once per year for all employees who are covered by this policy to determine compliance with this policy. Employees who lose their driver's license or receive restrictions on their license are required to notify their immediate Department Head on the first work day after any temporary, pending or permanent action is taken on their license and to keep their Department Head informed of any changes thereafter.



The City will determine appropriate action on a case-by-case basis.

## 20. CELLULAR PHONE USE

This policy is intended to define acceptable and unacceptable uses of City issued cellular telephones. Its application is to insure cellular phone usage is consistent with the best interests of the City without unnecessary restriction of employees in the conduct of their duties. This policy will be implemented to prevent the improper use or abuse of cellular phones and to ensure that City employees exercise the highest standards of propriety in their use.

### Section 20.01 General Policy

Cellular telephones are intended for the use of City employees in the conduct of their work for the City. Department Heads are responsible for the cellular telephones assigned to their employees and will exercise discretion in their use. Nothing in the policy will limit Department Head discretion to allow reasonable and prudent personal use of such telephone or equipment provided that:

- Its use in no way limits the conduct of work of the employee or other employees.
- No personal profit is gained or outside employment is served.
- All employees are expected to follow applicable local, state, and federal laws and regulations regarding the use of cellphones at all times. Employees whose job responsibilities include regular or occasional driving and who are issued a cellphone for business use are expected to refrain from using their phone while driving. Safety must come before all other concerns. Regardless of the circumstances and in accordance with Minnesota law, employees are required to use hands-free operations or pull off into a parking lot and safely stop the vehicle before placing or accepting a call. Employees are encouraged to refrain from discussion of complicated or emotional matters and to keep their eyes on the road while driving at all times. Special care should be taken in situations where there is traffic or inclement weather, or the employee is driving in an unfamiliar area. Hands-free equipment will be provided with City-issued phones to facilitate the provisions of this policy.
- Reading/sending text messages, making or receiving phone calls, emailing, video calling, scrolling/typing, accessing a webpage, or using non-navigation applications while driving is strictly prohibited.
  - In accordance with State law, there is an exception to hands free cell phone operations to obtain emergency assistance to report a traffic accident, medical emergency or serious traffic hazard or prevent a crime from being committed. There is also a State law exception for authorized emergency vehicles while in the performance of official duties.
- Employees who are charged with traffic violations resulting from the use of their phone while driving will be solely responsible for all liabilities that result from such actions. See above “City Driving Policy” for more information on reporting driver’s license restrictions”

A Department Head may authorize an employee to use his/her own personal phone for City business and be reimbursed by the City for those calls. An employee will not be reimbursed for business-related calls without prior authorization from his/her Department Head. Department Heads may also prohibit employees from carrying their own personal cell phones during working hours if it interferes with the performance of their job duties.

Use of public resources by City employees for personal gain and/or private use including, but not limited to, outside employment or political campaign purposes, is prohibited and subject to disciplinary action which may include termination and/or criminal prosecution, depending on the circumstances. Incidental and occasional personal use may be permitted with the consent of the Department Head.

All personal calls made by employees on a City-provided cellular phone which exceed the minimum monthly charge for that phone must be paid for by the employee through reimbursement to the City based on actual cost listed on the City's phone bill.

## Section 20.02 Procedures

It is the objective of the City of Spring Lake Park to prevent and correct any abuse or misuse of cellular telephones through the application of this policy. Employees who abuse or misuse such telephones may be subject to disciplinary action.

## Section 20.03 Responsibility

The City Administrator, or designee, will have primary responsibility for implementation and coordination of this policy. All Department Heads will be responsible for enforcement within their departments.

# 21. COMPUTER USE POLICY

## Section 21.01 Purpose

This policy serves to protect the security and integrity of the City's electronic communication and information systems by educating employees about appropriate and safe use of available technology resources.

Computers and related equipment used by City employees are property of the City. The City reserves the right to inspect, without notice, all data, emails, files, settings, or any other aspect of a City-owned computer or related system, including personal information created or maintained by an employee. The City may conduct inspections on an as-needed basis as determined by the City Administrator.

Beyond this policy, the City Administrator, or his/her designee, may distribute information regarding precautions and actions needed to protect City system; all employees are responsible for reading and following the guidance and directives in these communications.

## Section 21.02 Personal Use

The City recognizes that some personal use of City-owned computers and related equipment has and will continue to occur. Some controls are necessary, however, to protect the City's equipment and computer network and to prevent abuse of this privilege.

Reasonable, incidental personal use of City computers and software (e.g., word processing, spreadsheets, email, Internet, etc.) is allowed but should never preempt or interfere with work. All use of City computers and software, including personal use, must adhere to provisions in this policy, including the following:

- Employees shall not connect personal peripheral tools or equipment (such as printers, digital cameras, disks, USB drives, or flash cards) to City-owned systems, without prior approval from the City Administrator or his/her designee. If permission to connect these tools/peripherals is granted, the employee must follow provided directions for protecting the City's computer network.
- Personal files should not be stored on City computer equipment. This also applies to personal media files, including but not limited to mp3 files, wav files, movie files, iTunes files, or any other file created by copying a music CD, DVD, or files from the Internet. The City Administrator or his/her designee will delete these types of files if found on the network, computers, or other City-owned equipment. Exceptions would be recordings for which the City has created, owns, purchased, or has a license.
- City equipment or technology shall not be used for personal business interests, for-profit ventures, political activities, or other uses deemed by the City Administrator to be inconsistent with City activities. If there is any question about whether a use is appropriate, it should be forwarded to your Department Head or the City Administrator for a determination.

## Section 21.03 Hardware

In general, the City will provide the hardware required for an employee to perform his or her job duties. Requests for new or different equipment should be made to your Department Head, who will forward the request to the City Administrator.

The City will not supply laptop computers based solely on the desire of employees to work offsite. A laptop request form will be required for each laptop deployment, and must be signed off by the employee's Department Head. Laptops will only be issued to employees who: travel frequently and require the use of a full computer while traveling; regularly use their laptop offsite; require a laptop for access to special software or systems; and/or have a documented business need for a laptop.

Only City staff may use City computer equipment. Use of City equipment by family members, friends, or others is prohibited.

Employees are responsible for the proper use and care of City-owned computer equipment. City computer equipment must be secured while off City premises; do not leave computer equipment in an unlocked vehicle or unattended at any offsite facility. Computer equipment should not be exposed to extreme temperature or humidity. If a computer is exposed to extreme heat, cold, or humidity, it should be allowed to achieve normal room temperature and humidity before being turned on.

## Section 21.04 Software

In general, the City will provide the software required for an employee to perform his or her job duties. Requests for new or different software should be made to your Department Head, who will forward the request to the City Administrator.

Employees shall not download or install any software on their computer without the prior approval of the City Administrator. Exceptions to this include updates to software approved by Information Technology such as Microsoft updates, Adobe Reader, and Adobe Flash. The City Administrator or his/her designee may, without notice, remove any unauthorized programs or software, equipment, downloads, or other resources.

Electronic mail. The City provides employees with an email address for work-related use. Some personal use of the City email system by employees is allowed, provided it does not interfere with an employee's work and is consistent with all City policies.

Employee emails (including those that are personal in nature) may be considered public data for both e-discovery and information requests and may not be protected by privacy laws. Email may also be monitored as directed by the City authorized staff and without notice to the employee.

Employees must adhere to these email guidelines:

- Never transmit an email that you would not want your Department Head, other employees, members, City officials, or the media to read or publish (e.g., avoid gossip, personal information, swearing, etc.).
- Use caution or avoid corresponding by email on confidential communications (e.g., letters of reprimand, correspondence with attorneys, medical information).
- Do not open email attachments or links from an unknown sender. Delete junk or "spam" email without opening it if possible. Do not respond to unknown senders.
- Do not use harassing language (including sexually harassing language) or any other remarks, including insensitive language or derogatory, offensive, or insulting comments or jokes.

Electronic calendars. All employees are required to keep their electronic calendar up to date and, at a minimum, must grant all staff the ability to view their calendar.

Instant messaging. Due to data retention concerns, the City does not provide employees with resources or tools to communicate by instant messaging (IM) when conducting City business. Employees are not allowed to use IM as a mechanism for personal communication through the

City's computer network or when using City equipment, and are not allowed to download or install any IM software on their City computer.

Personal devices. Employees may choose to use their own equipment to read or compose email or other City data as governed in this policy. Employees understand that by connecting their personal equipment to the City's email server, their personal devices could be searched during an e-discovery or other court-ordered scenarios, and agree to grant access to their personal devices should such a situation arise.

## Section 21.05 Security

Passwords. Employees are responsible for maintaining computer/network passwords and must adhere to these guidelines:

- Passwords must be at least eight characters long and include at least three of the following: lowercase character; uppercase character; and a number or non-alpha-numeric character (e.g., \*, &, %, etc.). (Example: J0yful1y!) Password requirements may be changed as necessary, as determined by the City Administrator or his/her designee.
- Passwords should not be shared or told to other staff. If it is necessary to access an employee's computer when he or she is absent, contact your Department Head or the City Administrator; the City's IT consultant will not provide access to staff accounts without approval of the City Administrator.
- Passwords should not be stored in any location on or near the computer, or stored electronically such as in a cell phone or other mobile device.
- Employees must change passwords every 60 days when prompted, or on another schedule as determined by the City Administrator or his/her designee.

Network Access. Non-City-owned computer equipment used in the City's building should only use the wireless connection to the Internet. Under no circumstances should any non-City-owned equipment be connected to the City's computer network via a network cable. Exceptions may be granted by the City Administrator.

Personal computer equipment may not be connected to the City's network without prior approval of the City Administrator. Personal equipment may be subject to password requirements or other electronic security measures as determined by the City Administrator.

Remote Access to the Network. Examples of remote access include, but are not limited to: Outlook Web Access (web mail), virtual private network (VPN), Windows Remote Desktop, and Windows Terminal Server connections. While connected to City computer resources remotely, all aspects of the City's Computer Use Policy will apply, including the following:

- With the exception of Outlook Web Access, remote access to the City's network requires a request from a Department Head and approval from the City Administrator. Remote access privileges may be revoked at any time by your Department Head or City Administrator.
- If remote access is from a non-City-owned computer, updated anti-virus software must be installed and operational on the computer equipment, and all critical operating system

updates must be installed prior to connecting to the City network remotely. Failure to comply could result in the termination of remote access privileges.

- Recreational use of remote connections to the City's network is strictly forbidden. An example of this would be a family member utilizing the City's cellular connection to visit websites.
- Private or confidential data should not be transmitted over an unsecured wireless connection. Wireless connections are not secure and could pose a security risk if used to transmit City passwords or private data while connecting to City resources. Wireless connections include those over cellular networks and wireless access points, regardless of the technology used to connect.

## Section 21.06 Internet

The following considerations apply to all uses of the Internet:

- Information found on the Internet and used for City work must be verified to be accurate and factually correct.
- Reasonable personal use of the Internet is permitted. Employees may not at any time access inappropriate sites. Some examples of inappropriate sites include but are not limited to adult entertainment, sexually explicit material, or material advocating intolerance of other people, races, or religions. If you are unsure whether a site may include inappropriate information, you should not visit it.
- If an employee's use of the Internet is compromising the integrity of the City's network, the City's I.T. consultant may temporarily restrict that employee's access to the Internet. If the City's I.T. consultant does restrict access, they will notify the employee, Department Head, and the City Administrator as soon as possible, and work with the employee and Department Head to rectify the situation.
- The City may monitor or restrict any employee's use of the Internet without prior notice, as deemed appropriate by the employee's Department Head and/or the City Administrator.

## Section 21.07 Data Retention

Electronic data should be stored and retained in accordance with the City's records retention schedule.

Storing and transferring files. If you are unsure whether an email or other file is a government record for purposes of records retention laws or whether it is considered protected or private, check with your Department Head. If you are unsure how to create an appropriate file structure for saving and storing electronic information, contact the City Administrator or his/her designee.

Employees must adhere to these guidelines when transferring and storing electronic files:

- All electronic files must be stored on network drives. The City will not back up documents stored on local computer hard drives, and holds no responsibility for recovery of documents on local computer hard drives should they fail. Files may be temporarily stored on a laptop hard drive when an employee is traveling/offsite; however, the files should be copied to network as soon as possible.

- Electronic files, including emails and business-related materials created on an employee’s home or personal computer for City business, must be transferred to and stored on the City’s network. City-related files should not be stored on an employee’s personal computer, unless otherwise defined in this policy.
- All removable storage media (e.g., CD-ROM, flash or USB drive, or other storage media) must be verified to be virus-free before being connected to City equipment.
- Email that constitutes an official record of City business must be kept in accordance with all records retention requirements for the department and should be copied to the network for storage.
- Email that is simple correspondence and not an official record of City business should be deleted (from both the “Inbox” and the “Deleted” box) as soon as possible and should not be retained by employees for more than three months. The City will not retain emails longer than one year on the network or in network back-ups.
- Electronic files or emails that may be classified as protected or private information should be stored in a location on the City’s network that is properly secured.
- Any files considered private or confidential should not be stored anywhere other than the City’s network. If there is a need to take confidential information offsite, it must be stored on encrypted media.

## 22. LEGAL SERVICES

The City will defend an employee and/or his/her estate against any claim or demand, whether groundless or otherwise, arise out of an alleged act or omission occurring in the performance and scope of the employee’s duties. The City will review any judgment resulting from such claim or demand and make a determination as to the propriety of paying all or part of said judgment. In reviewing said judgment, the City will consider and make findings as follows:

- That the claim or action arose out of the performance of the employee’s duty and that there was no malfeasance in office or willful or wanton neglect of duty;
- Whether it is fitting and proper to pay the judgment; and
- The determination of whether it is fitting and proper to pay the judgment must be based on the best interest of the municipality and the public after considering all of the facts and circumstances.

## 23. SAFETY

### Section 23.01 Purpose

The health and safety of each employee of the City and the prevention of occupational injuries and illnesses are of primary importance to the City. To the greatest degree possible, management will maintain an environment free from unnecessary hazards and will establish safety policies and procedures for each department. Adherence to these policies is the responsibility of each employee. Overall administration of this policy is the responsibility of each Department Head.



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## Section 23.02 Reporting Accidents and Illnesses

Both Minnesota workers' compensation laws and the state and federal Occupational Safety and Health Acts require that all on the job injuries and illnesses be reported as soon as possible by the employee, or on behalf of the injured or ill employee, to his/her Department Head. The employee's Department Head is required to complete a First Report of Injury and any other forms that may be necessary related to an injury or illness on the job.

## Section 23.03 Safety Equipment/Gear

Where safety equipment is required by federal, state, or local rules and regulations, it is a condition of employment that such equipment be worn by the employee.

## Section 23.04 Unsafe Behavior

Department Heads are authorized to send an employee home immediately when the employee's behavior violates the City's personnel policies, department policies, or creates a potential health or safety issue for the employee or others.

## Section 23.05 Access to Gender-Segregated Activities and Areas

With respect to all restrooms, locker rooms or changing facilities, employees will have access to facilities that correspond to their affirmed gender identity, regardless of their sex at birth. The City maintains separate restroom and/or changing facilities for male and female employees and allows employees to access them based on their gender identity.

In any gender-segregated facility, any employee who is uncomfortable using a shared facility, regardless of the reason, will, upon the employee's request, be provided with an appropriate alternative. This may include, for example, addition of a privacy partition or curtain, provision to use a nearby private restroom or office, or a separate changing schedule. However, the city will not require a transgender or gender diverse employee to use a separate, nonintegrated space, unless requested by the transgender or gender diverse employee, because it may publicly identify or marginalize the employee as transgender.

Under no circumstances may employees be required to use sex-segregated facilities that are inconsistent with their gender identity.

EMPLOYEE RECEIPT OF CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK PERSONNEL POLICY

I hereby acknowledge receipt of the City of Spring Lake Park's Personnel Policy. I understand that I am responsible for being informed on the policies, procedures and information contained in the Personnel Policy. If I have any questions or problems related to the information received, it is my responsibility to bring it to the attention of my Department Head.

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Employee Name (please print)

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Signature

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Date