

1. A sufficient mix of housing types, sizes, costs and densities enables current and future citizens all economic levels, age groups and household make-ups to live within the City and provides housing to meet the needs of local employees.

- a. Create a supportive environment for innovative housing that promotes City goals for affordability and housing to meet diverse household sizes, types and age ranges by considering flexibility in density and design standards.
- b. Allow accessory dwelling units and small-lot housing with regulations that minimize procedural requirements and address neighborhood compatibility.
- c. In residential areas with alley access, incentivize and allow for small-lot and cottage housing subject to regulations to address issues of neighborhood compatibility.
- d. Support the siting and operating of emergency, transitional and permanent supportive housing, and ensure that sufficient land is zoned to allow their location near shops, services and transit, prioritizing locations near historically underserved populations.
- e. Allow and encourage a range of housing types for seniors, such as independent living, various degrees of assisted living, and skilled nursing care facilities to increase opportunities for seniors to live in accessible housing with nearby services.
- f. Consider incentives to allowing more senior housing in the City, where appropriate, ~~with existing incentives.~~
- g. Support the development of rental apartments in locations that encourage a healthy lifestyle and are appropriate for families with children, including the provision of services, recreation and other amenities.

2. Maintain a sufficient amount of quality affordable housing with healthy living environments.

- a. Work towards meeting the Countywide Planning Policies for moderate, low, very low, and extremely low-income housing and for emergency housing, emergency shelters, and permanent supportive housing.
- b. Work with the community to plan for, create, and retain affordable housing.
- c. Apply for housing funds available to assist in the development or improvement of affordable housing.
- d. To the ~~maximum~~-extent feasible, require affordable housing to be provided in new Mixed Use, Planned Residential and Innovative Development district projects that include a mix of rental and owner-occupied units, that are made available to people with low-, very low-, and extremely low incomes.
- e. Offer strategies and mechanisms such as density bonuses and, where allowed by law, tax waivers and relief from development fees, to encourage low, very low, and extremely low-income housing development.
- f. Consider utilizinge Community Land Trusts (CLTs) as a tool for addressing the community's affordable housing needs. Consider offering favorable ground lease terms on city-owned land to CLTs.
- g. Continue to support low-income housing with exempt impact fees for development types, for example:
 - i. ADU's,
 - ii. transitional housing facilities,
 - iii. shelters for temporary placement,
 - iv. community residential facilities,

- v. senior housing, and
- vi. tiny homes
- h. Consider recommendations from the Snoqualmie Valley Housing Taskforce and others to further promote affordable housing.
- i. Provide new affordable housing and social services meeting the needs of our future residential and business communities, especially our local workforce of local workforce (educational employees, first responders, retail clerks, and ease service industry employees) with housing.
- j. Cooperate with other government entities, non-profit housing organizations, and housing developers, to research and develop alternative means for keeping affordable housing affordable, so that units do not immediately appreciate beyond the reach of applicable income levels.

3. Support sustainable housing design through construction regulations, education, and partnerships.

- a. Support the use of high quality, durable, fire-resistant materials and low-maintenance building materials, high-efficiency energy systems, and environmentally responsible building principles in all new housing and renovation projects to reduce housing operation and balance the maintenance lifetime costs, energy use and impact on natural resources.
- b. Promote and raise public awareness of options for lower daily housing expenses, available tax incentives for green housing renovations and energy conservation practices.
- c. Consider keeping short subdivisions and small redevelopments more affordable by providing alternative streetscape improvements, open space, and recreation amenities requirements.
- d. Consider making affordable housing types exempt from Floor Area Ratio (FAR) regulations and adding minimum density to areas where affordable housing is allowed.
- e. Promote awareness of green housing renovation options and energy conservation practices that lower the cost of daily housing expenses.