Memorandum

To: Snoqualmie Planning Commission

From: Chris Green, Consultant Project Manager, Otak

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Copies: Mona Davis, City of Snoqualmie

Date: May 28, 2025

Subject: Workshop #4 - Continued Review of Draft Goals and Policies for the Climate Resilience

and Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Sub-Elements

Project No.: 32703.W

The June 2 workshop continues the Planning Commission's review of the draft goals and policies for the Climate Element, following discussion at the May 19 workshop. This meeting provides an opportunity to review and confirm redline revisions made in response to Planning Commission comments and follow-up coordination with City staff.

Attachments for this meeting include updated redline versions of the goals and policies for both the Climate Resilience Sub-Element and the Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Sub-Element. These edits reflect the Commission's recent feedback, with an emphasis on clarity, feasibility, and local implementation.

Strategic Guidance for Review

As you review the revised goals and policies, we encourage you to think critically about where the City should focus its time and resources. The state's five-year progress reporting requirement means that not everything can be implemented at once—prioritizing the most impactful and achievable actions will be essential. Your input on which goals deserve the City's attention and investment will help ensure the Climate Element leads to measurable progress and remains realistic to implement.

Attachments:

1. Redline: Draft Resilience Goals and Policies

2. Redline: Draft Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Goals and Policies

wildfire, flooding, -

Snoqualmie Climate Element DRAFT Resilience Goals and Policies

icy ID	Policies	This Might Look Like	
OAL 1	Enhance emergency preparedness, response, and recovery efforts to mitigate risks and impacts associated wi extreme weather and other hazards worsened by climate change.		
1.1	Analyze how the municipal water system maintains adequate pressure during a major wildfire event and how it will look under current and projected drought conditions.	Hire a consultant to perform specialized modeling (e.g., for the water system). Lead or participate in collaborative wildfire protection	
1.2	Support the development of community wildfire protection plans.	and/or smoke planning projects. This may overlap to some degree with the Jurisdictional Annex to the	
1.3	Develop and implement notification alerts within the community to the reduce risk exposure to wildfire smoke and particulate matter.	Regional Hazard Mitigation Plan. Provide an opt-in mass notification system, such as	
1.4	Partner with residents, emergency management officials, the Puget Sound Clean Air Agency, and other stakeholders to develop and implement a wildfire smoke resilience strategy.	Alertus. Dedicate funding to plan/strategy implementation	
1.5	Develop and distribute educational materials that empower individuals to be prepared for potential disasters.	actions. Tailor and adopt the Model Recovery Ordinance.	
1.6	Adopt a pre-event disaster recovery ordinance to facilitate recovery through planned outcomes and governance		
OAL 2	Ensure that public and private development, redevelopment climate cha		
2.1	Establish or maintain development regulations that incorporate best practices for reducing the risk of wildfire, extreme heat, flooding, and other climate-exacerbated hazards.	Adopt and/or maintain regulations for the following: floodplain management, Firewise practices or WUI management, green buildings, solar- or other alternative energy-readiness requirements, drought-tolerant	
2.2	Reduce residential development pressure in the wildland-urban interface.	landscaping, etc.	
2.3	Acquire properties or easements on properties that are vulnerable to climate-exacerbated hazards and are or will become unsuitable for development.	Improve transportation mode choice and connectivity to expand emergency response/evacuation options. Consider redundancy in the provision of infrastructure and services.	
2.4	Ensure that the local transportation system (infrastructure, routes, and travel modes) is able to withstand and recover quickly from the impacts of extreme weather events and other hazards exacerbated by climate change.	Reduce density in the wildland-urban interface and increase density in more urban areas to accommodate growth allocations while reducing risk.	
2.5	Improve street connectivity and multimodal transportation options, including sidewalks and street crossings, to serve as potential evacuation routes.	Purchase properties at extreme or significant risk of wildfire or flooding related property damage. Invest in more nonmotorized networks, prioritizing	
2.6	Ensure that all community members have equitable access to green space within a half-mile.	missing connections. Coordinate with transit agencies to expand service, and	
2.7	Develop and implement an urban heat resilience strategy that includes land use, urban design, urban greening, and waste heat reduction actions.	facilitate the expansion as needed with infrastructure improvements.	
K	Plan for stormwater management that relies on low-impact development techniques and elevates the functionality of ecosystem services.	Move to Goal 7	

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Snoqualmie Climate Element DRAFT Resilience Goals and Policies

without increasing pest insect populations, such as mosquitos.

GOAL 3	Ensure the protection and recovery of ecosystems, including streams, riparian zones, wetlands, and floodplains, t provide healthy habitats and watersheds in a changing climate.		
3.1	Implement actions identified in restoration and salmon recovery plans to improve the climate resilience of streams and watersheds and to protect and restore watershed-scale processes.	Proactively restore public lands by removing invasive species and replanting with drought-tolerant and pest-resistant native or naturalized species.	
3.2	Improve ecosystem health and climate resilience of aquatic and riparian habitats by reducing the threat of aquatic invasive species (e.g., fish, plants, invertebrates), protecting and restoring riparian vegetation and wetlands, and restoring the structure and function of streams and floodplains.	Require or incentivize redevelopment to reconnect stream, wetland, riparian, and/or floodplain habitat, where present. Require or incentivize redevelopment to restore habitats.	
3,3	Increase aquatic habitat resilience to low summer flows by increasing water residence time, storing water on the landscape, conserving water, protecting groundwater, keeping waters cool, and protecting water quality.	Prohibit new development from fragmenting streams, wetlands, riparian corridors, and/or floodplains. (NOTE: This is largely addressed in the CAO) Require stormwater plans to increase water residence	
3.4	Inventory climate refugia and habitat connectivity needs for species under stress from climate change, and identify opportunities to expand habitat protection and improve habitat quality and connectivity to foster climate resilience.	time (time spent on the ground/in the stream). Retrofit existing public spaces to retain water through landscape features and/or multiuse built features (flood storage in parking lots, for example).	
3.5	Review and update the Critical Areas Ordinance to address climate change, including: Ensuring setbacks for geologically hazardous (steep slopes and landslide hazard areas) are adequate so that improvements are not required to protect structures during their expected life.	Use staff or consultant resources to perform a desktop and/or field inventory of habitat conditions for stressed species. Use the inventory to identify additional areas for regulatory intervention.	
	Managing frequently flooded areas in the context of shifting streamflow patterns and extreme precipitation events.	Require Public Works projects to incorporate climate change considerations and fish passage improvements into water crossing (bridge and culvert) designs.	
	Consider climate stressors when determining allowed activities and uses within wetlands and Fish and Wildlife Habitat Conservation Areas (FWHCAs), and ensure regulations maintain habitat integrity and function.	Develop a preferred vegetation species list or other resource.	
	Incorporate post-wildfire debris flow and flooding hazard information into critical area delineations.		
	Ensure no net loss of ecosystem composition, structure, and functions, especially in Priority Habitats and Critical Areas, and strive for net ecological gain to enhance climate resilience.		
3.6	Incorporate hydrologic climate impacts into the design of water- crossing structures (i.e., climate-smart culverts and bridges) for fish passage and habitat quality.		
3.7	Prioritize the selection native or naturalized drought- and pest- resistant trees, shrubs, and grasses in public and private development projects and restoration efforts to support climate resilience.		



3.8: Manage stormwater to proactively treat persistent pollutants such as PFAS and 6PPDQ before they discharge into riparian areas, wetlands, and water bodies.

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Snoqualmie Climate Element DRAFT Resilience Goals and Policies Forest Management Plan

and the Green - Snoqualmie Partnership's

GOAL 4	Protect and enhance the climate resilience of urban forests	by implementing climate smart forest management.
4.1	Reduce loss of private forestland through forest stewardship education, and identify opportunities to expand incentives for forest landowners to retain forestland and increase climate resilience of forests and streams.	Encourage participation in Washington's small forest landowner assistance cost-share and stewardship programs. Update the Snoquelmie Urban Forest Strategic Plan,
4.2	Periodically review and update the Snoqualmie Urban Forest Strategic Plan to maintain and expand tree canopy cover, improve tree and watershed health, prioritize carbon sequestration,	
	consider the impacts of climate change, and build climate resilience.	Adopt City policies related to the use of Firewise or WUI standards in managing public urban forestry resources.
4.3	Manage tree canopy and forests to decrease elimate-exacerbated risks from severe wildfires, protest residents, and improve ecceyetem health and habitat.	Adopt City policies that prioritize the selection of drought tolerant and pest-resistant native or naturalized species for trees in public places.
4.4	Prioritize urban forestry planning resources and funding for frontline communities that are hart first and worst by climate change.	Develop a preferred vegetation species list or other resource.
4.5	Develop a program to analyze and address the climate impacts and risks of pests and disease on urban trees.	Educate City staff on the spread of invasive species, pests, and diseases in urban forest resources, including
species that take advantag	Take early action to eliminate of control non-native invasive insect species that take advantage of timate change, especially where invasives threaten native species or ecosystem function.	hiring a professional to provide a report on vulnerability and risk in Snoqualmie. Lead or participate in regional efforts to mitigate invasive
4.7	Use an integrated approach to prevent the spread and	insect species.
	establishment of invasive plant species and enhance the climate resilience of native plant communities:	Develop a natural resource management plan that includes specific recommendations and/or implementation actions that will support a resilient urban
4.8	Create and support natural resource management plans that address existing stressors, consider climate change impacts, emphasize taking a precautionary approach to reduce risk of environmental harm, and guide adaptive management.	Paydet.

in alignment with the Green Snoqualmie Partnership's Forest Management Plan.

Already in FMP/City practices

Provide resources for private property owners interested in lowering the risk of wildfire damage on their properties, such as Firewise guidelines.

Snoqualmie Climate Element DRAFT Resilience Goals and Policies

C	OAL 5	Ensure that cultural resources and practices – including significant historic sites and culturally important traditi foods and natural resources – are resilient to the impacts of extreme weather and other natural hazards worse by climate change.		
	5.1	Protect, enhance, and restore ecosystems in order to meet tribal treaty rights and conserve culturally important consumptive and non-consumptive resources including foods, medicinal plants, and materials that could be adversely impacted by climate change.	Identify culturally significant foods, medicinal plants, and materials and their typical range and/or habitat features, and develop a plan to ensure protection and enhancement of these areas for use by Tribes.	
	5.2	Work with partners to establish and sustain a native plant nursery and seed bank to support long-term restoration and carbon sequestration efforts.	Hire a consultant and/or work with Tribes to identify culturally significant ad historic sites at risk from climate impacts, and develop specific strategies to protect those sites.	
	5.3	Establish and maintain government-to-government relations with Native American tribes for the preservation of archaeological sites and traditional cultural properties that are vulnerable to climate impacts.	Lead or partner with Tribes to convert unused or underutilized public property into a native plant nursery. Coordinate with Tribes and local schools to steward the plants.	
	5.4	Protect significant historic sites prone to floods or other hazards worsened by climate change.	Partner with the local library to retain a seed bank and/or seed library that Tribes and community members can contribute to and learn from.	
C	GOAL 6	AL 6 Ensure that the local economy is resilient to climate disruptions and fosters business opportuniclimate mitigation and adaptation.		
	6.1	Support local businesses in planning for climate preparedness and continuity of operations.	Provide resources, such as training programs and education, for local business owners interested in planning for climate preparedness.	
10	GOAL 7	Advance environmental justice and community wellbeing by prioritizing equitable climate policies, inclusive decision-making, and access to healthy, resilient environments for all residents.		
$ \Gamma $	7.1	Create and implement culturally contextualized outreach and education initiatives and materials that will inform the community	Develop focused outreach materials for vulnerable and sensitive populations (such as children, older adults,	
		about near-term and longer-term climate change threats and build resilience.	Native Americans, people with medical conditions that can be exacerbated by smoke or particulate matter, people with disability, etc.), people with property at risk	
	7.2	resilience. Build and support partnerships with community-based organizations with the capacity and relationships to convene diverse coalitions of residents and to educate and empower them	can be exacerbated by smoke or particulate matter,	
	7.2	resilience. Build and support partnerships with community-based organizations with the capacity and relationships to convene	can be exacerbated by smoke or particulate matter, people with disability, etc.), people with property at risk from climate change, and others, and proactively distribute them.	

Retain Goal 6 as standalone. Expand policies to address disaster preparedness.

Present information about business opportunities related to climate mitigation and adaptation.

Snoqualmie Climate Element DRAFT Resilience Goals and Policies

GOAL 8	Build organizational capacity and integrate climate resilience	across City systems and decision-making processes.
8.1	Train city staff in skills related to climate change and environmental justice to improve implementation, equity, and resilience, such as evacuation planning and wildfire resilience and regulatory tools	impacts, resilience strategies, and emergency
8.2	Support enhanced data collection for hazard events of all magnitudes to provide a fuller understanding of the community's hazard characteristics — including those affected by climate change.	management/response. Proactively collect data after hazard events and regularly analyze the event and the community's performance. Participate in cooperative regional efforts, if available.
8.3	Factor climate impacts into the planning of operations and coordination of preparedness, response, and recovery activities among first-responders and partners, including public health, law enforcement, fire, school, and emergency medical services (EMS) personnel.	Review and update strategic plans for emergency response, hazard mitigation, and emergency management agencies to incorporate climate change considerations.
8.4	Consider future climate conditions during siting and design of capital facilities, including changes to temperature and rainfall, to help ensure they function as intended over their planned life cycle.	Perform a climate change analysis in the development of any new capital facilities to consider flood and wildfire risk and the potential impact of extreme heat or precipitation.
8.5	Identify and plan for climate impacts to valued community assets such as parks and recreation facilities, including relocation or replacement.	
8.6	Ensure that Snoqualmie's Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan responds to the impacts of climate change and identifies roles and responsibilities to support a sustainable economic recovery after a disaster.	

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Snoqualmie Climate Element DRAFT Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Goals and Policies

Policy ID	Policies	This Might Look Like
COAL 4	Improve the efficiency of Snoqualmie's transportation syste	ms and services to reduce greenhouse gas emissions
GOAL 1	and vehicle miles	s traveled.
1.1	Expand electric vehicle infrastructure in the public right-of-way and on public property.	Build EV charging stations on public property, and allow charging stations at service stations and other locations.
1.2	Prioritize and promote public transit expansion and use through coordination of land use and transportation planning.	Work with King County Metro or SnoValley Transit to provide more frequent and convenient transit service. Support this effort by planning for denser development that will increase ridership.
1.3	Increase multimodal capacity in coordination with the location of higher-density housing and commercial centers.	Require new developments of a certain size to improve multimodal connectivity by providing sidewalks and bike
1.4	Create a safe, well-connected, and attractive bicycle and pedestrian transportation network to encourage active transportation	lanes in frontage improvements, and coordinate with King County Metro to identify transit stops.
1.5	Integrate "Complete Streets" principles into the roadway designs of residential developments.	Ensure Public Works' standard road details integrate "Complete Streets" that make provision for cars, buses, bikes, pedestrians, and other transportation modes.
1.6	Facilitate the siting of complimentary destinations such as commercial-employment centers, schools or education centers, and residential developments.	Allow mixed-use development in a greater range of zoning districts. Adopt a multiodal Level of Service standard and require
1.7	Address active transportation and other multimodal types of transportation options in concurrency programs – both in assessment and mitigation.	new developments to demonstrate concurrency.
GOAL 2	Foster higher-intensity land uses in downtown Snoqualm	ie and other mixed-use areas and transit corridors.
2.1	Increase density to create more walkable, mixed-use built form that encourages the use of transit, biking, walking, and other modes and decreases single-occupancy vehicle travel and parking.	Adopt code amendments that reduce parking minimums and lowers parking ratios within 1/2 mile (a 10 minute walk) of transit-oriented development and transit stops with frequent transit service.
	OR	Expedite or simplify permitting requirements for infill development that meets certain criteria.
	Explore the feasibility of transit-oriented development to encourage use of transit and decrease single-occupancy vehicle travel and parking.	Expand the use of form-based codes to allow a greater range of land uses and development types that meet specific performance standards.
2.2	Prioritize infill development through zoning and permitting process.	
2.3	Expand form-based codes where appropriate to better integrate higher-density development.	
2.4	Reduce parking minimum requirements and establish parking maximums, especially where there are multimodal options available.	

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Snoqualmie Climate Element DRAFT Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Goals and Policies

	GOAL 3	Increase housing diversity and supply within urban growth ar environmental	
	3.1	and other services within the urban growth area.	Adopt code amendments to eliminate maximum density requirements, relying on dimensional standards to restrict the number of units or total nonresidential square
	3.2	Allow middle housing types, such as duplexes, triplexes, and ADUs, on all residential lots.	footage to be built. Require a certain amount of affordable housing to be
	3.3	Establish minimum residential densities within urban growth areas.	built, potentially adjustable based on the income level served by the housing (i.e., less affordable housing to be provided if it serves very low income people).
	3.4	Develop and implement inclusionary zoning to support greater income diversity in housing types.	Prepare for infill development by making necessary infrastructure upgrades, such as water, sewer, and
	3.5	Plan for and invest in capital facilities to accommodate infill development.	stormwater services. Consider increasing density before expanding the urban
	3.6	Maintain a stable urban growth area to reduce development pressure on rural and resource lands.	growth area.
	GOAL 4	Ensure that buildings use renewable energy, conservation, greenhouse gas e	
	4.1	Require additional net-zero greenhouse gas emission features of all new residential and commercial structures and incentivize green building certification to improve energy and environmental performance.	Adopt code amendments that require higher energy performance or that include on-site electricity generation.
	4.2	Prioritize the preservation, retrofit, and adaptive reuse of buildings, recognizing the emission-reduction benefits of retaining existing buildings.	Expedite permitting for buildings achieving a green building certification. Allow flexibility in development standards to retain and
	4.3	Require all publicly owned buildings to be powered completely by renewable energy by [TARGET DATE].	renovate existing structures, such as matching nonconforming setbacks.
	4.4	Maximize solar access where practicable, including planning for solar access when siting and designing buildings and considering a requirement for solar panels or solar-ready rooftops for new	Expedite or simplify permitting for adaptive reuse projects. Require structural design capable of supporting a rooftop
Enhanc	e —	residential and commercial buildings. and other ecosysten	solar array and conduit runs in place for solar-ready
1	GOAL 5	Increase tree canopy cover to boost carbon sequestration, re overburdened cor	duce heat islands, and improve air quality, prioritizing
	5.1	Require open space set-asides (such as parks) for new development.	Plant more street trees and trees on public property.
	5.2	Improve and expand urban forest management to maximize or conserve carbon storage.	Require a certain amount of tree canopy coverage in new private developments.
	5.3	Maximize tree canopy coverage in surface parking lots.	Require a certain amount of open space in new private developments that can be used as urban forest as well as community recreation, achieving a resilience co-benefit.
	5.4	Maintain and manage natural lands (forests, grasslands, wetlands) to maintain or increase their carbon concentrations and avoid conversion of carbon-rich ecosystems.	Minimize deforestation and encourage or require reforestation and restoration of wetlands and other vegetation or ecosystem types that store a lot of carbon.
	5.5	Maintain small forestland ownership and publicly owned forest properties with carbon sequestration as the goal.	Zone outlying forested areas (or coordinate with King County) with extremely low density to discourage the conversion to urban or suburban development.

— Focus the expansion of tree canopy coverage in riparian areas, especially along the Snoqualmie River.

Encourage private property owners to maintain healthy trees and vegetation on their properties and consider how to mitigate tree removal associated with development or redevelopment of private property. Page 2 of 2