



- HPS Introduction & Background
- Recent housing policy accomplishments
- Discuss and refine proposed strategies
- Next steps





- City adopted the Sandy Housing Capacity Analysis (HCA, 2024)
 - HCA identified 20-year housing needs = 2,424 dwellings (60% detached, 12% middle housing, 28% multifamily)
 - Market conditions are positive, but the current consent decree limits new development that impacts the sanitary sewer system
 - Addressing state regulations will take years and more funding
- To comply with Oregon planning regulations, a Housing Production Strategy (HPS) is required to identify local policies needed to address future housing needs for people and households at all income levels

The Sandy HPS will include the following topics:

- A. Introduction
- **B.** Discussion of Housing Policies
- C. Strategies to Meet Future Needs
- D. Discussion of How Strategies
 Address Fair and Equitable
 Housing Needs
- E. Appendix A: Contextualized Housing Need
- F. Appendix B: Stakeholder Engagement Summary



Recent Housing-Related Policy Actions & Accomplishments in Sandy

- ✓ Clear and Objective Code Audit
- ✓ Housing Capacity Analysis (HCA)
- ✓ Parks and Trails Master Plan
- ✓ Comprehensive Plan
- ✓ Equivalent Resident Unit (ERU) Allocations
- ✓ Coordination with AntFarm on homeless assistance
- ✓ Created the Community Service Officer position
- ✓ Designated homeless area for vehicles
- ✓ Invested \$33 million in Sanitary Sewer System
- ✓ Extended 362nd Drive and Bell Street

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Overview of Strategy Categories

Strategies to Meet Future Housing Need Category A Zoning and Code Changes Category B Reduce Regulatory Impediments **Financial Incentives** Category C Category D **Financial Resources** Category E Tax Exemption and Abatement Category F Land, Acquisition, Lease, and Partnerships Category Z **Custom Options**



Category B & Z: Regulations and Adequate Public Facilities

Current wastewater & sanitary sewer regulations and requirements restrict new housing development in Sandy.

- B1: Pursue accommodations from the State to make sciencebased improvements to NPDES Permit.
- **B2:** Adopt Wastewater System Facility Plan Amendment
- B3: Pursue non-local funding match for wastewater system
- B4: Construct necessary wastewater conveyance
- B5: Improve Wastewater Treatment Plant







Lifting ad hoc moratorium with adequate facilities will serve 2,400+ new dwellings Enhanced equity and inclusion for households at all income levels, as a mix of new housing types are added

million to fund
Local, State,
Federal grants
Value engineering
& regulation reform

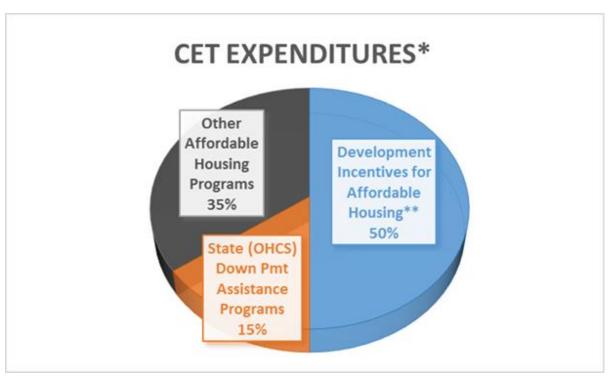
could reduce cost.

Requires \$200



Category C & D: Financial Resources

- C1: Affordable Housing Construction **Excise Tax (CET)**
- Assessed based on % of "permit value" or the value added to a structure during new construction
- CET limited to 1% of permit value for residential (no cap for non-res., if applicable)
- Revenues are restricted



* This distribution reflects the use of expenditures after 4% administration fee.** Developer incentives include ORS 197.309(7) voluntary incentives to: increase number of affordable housing units in a development; decrease the sale or rental price of housing units; build affordable housing units that are affordable to households with incomes equal to or less than 80% MFI.



Affordable Housing CET Discussion

 CET funds can be utilized to purchase land, leverage non-local grants and encourage private investment in mixed-income housing developments







on enhancing existing housing and creating new housing for low to moderate income households

Benefits
households at
80% or less of
median family
income

(80% MFI = \$93,600 in 2024)

Significant funding potential Example: 100 new dwelling units in Sandy would generate +/- \$300,000 in CET funds

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Category A: Zoning & Code Changes

- A1: Amend zoning code to allow cottage cluster housing
- A2: Provide pre-approved plans that meet accessibility goals (e.g. Universal Design)
- A3: Monitor and require registration for short term rentals
- A4: Preserve and enhance existing manufactured home parks







Focuses on 300+ units of naturally occurring affordable housing

Supports middleincome housing & long-term rentals Equity and inclusion for households at 80% or below MFI (2,000+ households) Addresses needs for people with disabilities Moderate Revenue enhancement from short term rental registrations



Category F: Partnerships

- F1: Utilize surplus public land for future housing development
- F2: Partner with service providers to sustain Community Services Officer (CSO)







Proactive local policy for leveraging private investment using surplus public land

Partnership with AntFarm; CSO assists very low-income households & individuals

Moderate fiscal impact
Could utilize
CET funds, grants, & land lease revenues

