

Financial Statements

Together with Independent Auditor's Report

For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

Prepared by:

Village of Roscoe Treasurer's office

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Village Board of Village of Roscoe, Illinois

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Roscoe, Illinois (the Village), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (GAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Village and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the Village adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, effective January 1, 2023. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 1, 2024 on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin November 1, 2024

Baker Tilly US, LLP

December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

The management of the Village of Roscoe, Illinois ("Village") presents this narrative overview and analysis to facilitate both short and long-term analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. This Management Discussion and Analysis (MDA) is based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions which existed as of the date of the independent auditor's report. Additional information outside the scope of this analysis can be found in the Letter of transmittal. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Village's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

-Net asset position and performance in total — With total assets and deferred outflows of \$32,980,558 and liabilities and deferred inflows of \$11,030,060 the Village's total Net Position at December 31, 2023 was \$21,950,498 an increase of \$2,421,431 during 2023. Of this amount \$16,389,112 represents net investment in capital assets, \$2,915,248 represents net position restricted for specific activities and \$2,646,138 represents unrestricted net position.

-Governmental activity summary – Program revenues of the government activities decreased by \$125,799 or 15% and general revenues increased by \$91,638 or 1% from the amount reported in 2022. During the same period expenses for governmental activities increased by \$235,582 or 4 percent.

-Governmental Funds - The Village's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$8,821,131 as of December 31, 2023, compared to \$8,819,719 as of December 31, 2022, which represents an increase of \$1,412 less than 1%. At year end \$2,671,996 of the ending fund balance is restricted for highway and streets, public safety, capital projects and debt service and \$361,211 is committed by board resolution for special purposes. The Village Board has adopted a fund balance policy to maintain one third of the general fund budget as assigned for the subsequent years budget, that amount is \$3,039,127 leaving \$2,567,426 as unassigned and available for spending at the Village's discretion.

-At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2,700,966 or approximately 23% of the 2024 general fund expenditures budget. This is in addition to the Village's fund balance policy of 33% of the next years adopted general fund expenditures budget.

-Long-Term Obligations – Long term liabilities (including alternate revenue bonds, leases and subscriptions, compensated absences, and police pension liability) totaled \$6,026,948 at the end of 2023 compared to \$6,417,563 at the end of 2022 which represents a decrease of \$390,615 or 6%.

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements which present different views of the Village: government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The basic financial statements also include notes to the financial statements other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide financial statements provide both short and long-term information about the Village's overall financial status.

Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the Village government, reporting Village operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by the required supplementary information section which further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

In addition to all of the required financial statement elements, the Village has provided sections for combining statements to provide detail on non-major funds and additional supplementary information.

The following table summarizes the major features of the Village's financial statements.

	GOVERNMENT-	FUNI	O STATEMENTS
	WIDE	Governmental	Fiduciary
	STATEMENTS	Funds	Fund
Scope	Entire Village government (except Fiduciary funds)	Activities of the Village that are not fiduciary such as public safety	Activities in which the Village is trustee or agent of another's resources such as pension plans
Required financial statements	-Statement of net position -Statement of activities	-Balance sheet -Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	-Statement of fiduciary net position -Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis	Accrual	Modified accrual	Accrual
Measurement focus	Economic resources	Current financial resources	Economic resources
Type of assets & liability information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources; both financial and capital, short and long-term	Assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year or shortly thereafter; no capital assets	All assets and liabilities. Does not contain capital assets or long-term liabilities.
Type of inflow & outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or shortly thereafter; expenditures for goods and services that have been received and payment is due during the year or shortly thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year regardless of when cash is received or paid. Does not include deferred inflows/outflows

December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental activities are consolidated into columns which add to a total for the Primary Government. The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to disclose bottom line results for the Village and its governmental activities.

This statement combines and consolidates the governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The Statement of Activities is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities, which are supported by the government's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services. The governmental activities reflect the Village's basic services including administration, financial services, police, and public works. Property taxes, telecommunication taxes, and shared state tax distributions finance the majority of these services.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus is on Major Funds, rather than fund types.

Governmental Funds are presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. This is the manner in which the budget is typically developed. Governmental Funds provide a current resources (short-term) view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer current financial resources available to spend for Village operations.

Fiduciary Funds are presented for certain activities when the Village's role is that of trustee (i.e. Police Pension) or agent. While Fiduciary Funds represent trust responsibilities of the government, these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the government. Therefore, these assets are not presented as part of the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

The Governmental Funds statements require reconciliation because of the different measurement focus (current financial resources/modified accrual versus total economic resources/full accrual) which is reflected on the page following each statement. The flow of current financial resources will reflect debt proceeds, proceeds from sales of capital asset disposals, and interfund transfers as other financial sources as well as capital outlay expenditures and debt principal payments as expenditures. The reconciliation will eliminate these transactions and incorporate the capital assets and long-term obligations into the Governmental Activities column in the Government-Wide Statements.

December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

Historically, a government's largest group of assets (infrastructure – streets, storm sewers, etc.) had not been reported nor depreciated in governmental financial statements. GASB-34 requires that these assets be valued and reported within the Governmental column of the Government-Wide Statements. Additionally, the government must elect to either (1) depreciate these assets over their estimated useful lives or (2) develop a system of asset management designed to maintain the service delivery potential to near perpetuity.

If the government develops the asset management system (the modified approach), which periodically (at least every third year), by category, measures and demonstrates its maintenance of locally established levels of service standards, the government may record its costs of maintenance in lieu of depreciation. The Village has elected to depreciate assets over their useful life. If a project is considered maintenance - a recurring cost that does not extend the asset's original useful life or expand its capacity - the cost of the project will be expensed. An "overlay" of a street will be considered maintenance whereas a "rebuild" of a street will be capitalized.

December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE AS A WHOLE

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, a comparative analysis of government-wide information is presented.

NET POSITION

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

Table 1
Statement of Net Position
As of December 31, 2023 and 2022

Governmental A	ctivities	
	2023	2022
Current and other assets	\$ 13,402,999	\$ 13,476,725
Capital assets	17,596,777	15,457,726
Right-of-use asset, net of accumulated amortization	627,120	642,754
Subscription asset, net of accumulated amortization	87,369	-
Deferred outflows - pension asset	1,266,293	1,694,732
Total assets and deferred outflows	32,980,558	31,271,937
Current liabilities	2,257,312	2,460,299
Noncurrent liabilities	6,026,948	6,417,563
Deferred inflows of resources	2,745,800	2,865,008
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	11,030,060	11,742,870
Net assets: Invested in capital assets		
net of related debt	16,389,112	13,895,645
Restricted	2,915,248	2,542,174
Unrestricted	2,646,138	3,091,248
Total net position	\$ 21,950,498	\$ 19,529,067

December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

NORMAL IMPACTS-NET POSITION

There are six common (basic) types of transactions that will generally affect the comparability of the Statements of Net Position summary presentation.

<u>Net Results Of Activities</u> – Impacts (increases/decreases) current assets and unrestricted net assets.

Borrowing For Capital – Increases current assets and long-term debt.

<u>Spending Borrowed Proceeds On New Capital</u> – Reduces current assets and increases capital assets. There is a second impact, an increase in invested in capital assets and an increase in related net debt will not change the invested in capital assets, net of debt.

<u>Spending Of Non-borrowed Current Assets On New Capital</u> – (a) Reduces current assets and increases capital assets; and (b) reduces unrestricted net assets and increases invested in capital assets, net of debt.

<u>Principal Payment On Debt</u> – (a) Reduces current assets and reduces long-term debt; and, (b) reduces unrestricted net assets and increases invested in capital assets, net of debt.

<u>Reduction Of Capital Assets Through Depreciation</u> – Reduces capital assets and invested in capital assets, net of debt.

CURRENT YEAR IMPACTS-NET POSITION

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Village's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$21,950,498 at the close of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

The Village's net position includes assets invested in capital net of related debt, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. At the end of 2023, \$16,389,112 or 75% was invested in capital assets net of related debt. These assets reflect the Village's investment in capital assets (land, buildings, equipment, improvements, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Assets restricted or committed for special purposes; capital projects, maintenance of roads and bridges, and debt service make up 13% or \$2,915,248 of the Village's net position and the remaining 12% or \$2,646,138 is available for any purpose.

December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

The Village's total net position at December 31, 2023 increased by \$2,421,431 from the 2022 ending amount of \$19,529,067. This change in net position was due to higher than anticipated general revenues of approximately \$800,000, long-term obligations decreased by almost \$400,000 and capital assets net of depreciation increased by over 2 million. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased from \$31,271,937 to \$32,980,558, an increase of \$1,708,621 or 5%. Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources decreased \$712,810 or 6%.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Activities:

Table 2									
Changes in Net Position									
For the Years Ended Dece	mber 31	, 2023 and 202	2						
Governmen	ntal Activ								
		2023	2022						
Revenues									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	328,044	\$ 272,25						
Operating grants & contributions		496,492	441,15						
Capital grants & contributions		-	236,92						
General revenues:									
Property taxes		1,648,176	1,575,8						
Other taxes		5,490,147	5,829,2						
Interest		514,182	165,07						
Miscellaneous		87,788	78,44						
Total revenues		8,564,829	8,598,99						
Evnongag									
Expenses Government activities:									
General government		1,364,558	1,217,45						
Public safety		2,883,234	3,060,56						
·		1,598,390	1,450,94						
Highway and streets Parks and recreation									
		269,084	143,28						
Interest on long-term debt		28,132	35,55						
Total expenses		6,143,398	5,907,8						
Change in net position		2,421,431	2,691,1						
Net position, beginning		19,529,067	16,837,89						
Net position, ending	\$	21,950,498	\$ 19,529,06						

December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

For more detailed information, see the Statement of Activities.

NORMAL IMPACT-CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Reflected below are eight common (basic) impacts on revenues and expense.

Revenues:

<u>Economic Condition</u> – Reflects a declining, stable or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on state income, sales, telecommunications and utility tax revenues as well as public spending habits for items such as building permits and user fees including volumes of usage.

<u>Increase/Decrease In Village Approval Rates</u> — While certain tax rates are set by statutes, the Village Board has authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (building permit fees, etc.). The Village's property taxes are subject to tax caps, which generally limit Village increases to the lesser of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the period December 2019 to December 2020 or 5.0%, whichever is lower.

<u>Changing Patterns In Intergovernmental And Grant Revenue (both recurring and non-recurring)</u> – Certain recurring revenues (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year-to-year comparisons.

<u>Market Impacts On Investment Income</u> – The Village's investment portfolio is managed with an approach utilizing competitive pricing, laddered maturities up to one year for term investments, and diversity of investments. Market conditions may cause investment income to fluctuate more than would occur with more short-term composition.

Expenses:

<u>Changes In Programs</u> – Within the functional expense categories (General Government, Public Safety, Public Works, etc.) individual programs may be added, deleted, or expanded to meet changing community needs

<u>Changes In Authorized Personnel</u> – Changes in service demand may cause the Village Board to increase/decrease authorized staffing.

<u>Salary Increases (annual adjustments and step increases)</u> – The Village strives to maintain a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

<u>Inflation</u> – Annual inflation rose at the highest rate since January 1982 (the CPI was 7.5% for the year ended January 31, 2022), the Village is a major consumer of certain commodities and services, which typically experience inflation at a rate that can be significantly different from the CPI. Examples of such items include health insurance, fuel, electricity and operating supplies.

December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

CURRENT YEAR IMPACTS-CHANGES IN NET POSITION

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Revenues:

Revenues from governmental activities totaled \$8,564,829 for 2023, a decrease of \$34,161 from 2022. Local taxes received from the State were the largest source of revenues for the year at \$5,490,147, a decrease of \$330,105 or 5.8%. The next highest source of revenue was property tax at \$1,648,176 up 4.6%. The revenues from these two sources represent 83% of the governmental activity revenues.

Expenses:

The Village's total governmental activity expenses were \$6,143,398. The four major functional areas were general government \$1,364,558 or 22% of the total; public safety \$2.883.234 or 47% of the total; public works \$1,598,390 or 26% of the total and parks and recreation \$269,084 or 4% of the total. These four functional areas account for 99% of the total expenses of the Village.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

As discussed earlier the Village's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$8,821,131 as of December 31, 2023, compared to \$8,819,719 as of December 31, 2022, which represents an increase of \$1,412 less than one tenth of a percent.

The General Fund balance decreased \$327,284, primarily the result of tax revenue shared with the State ending the year 6% less than the previous year. Total General Fund revenues were \$7,874,828 in fiscal year 2023 a decrease of \$288,099 or 4% from the prior year. Total General Fund expenditures were \$5,724,012 in fiscal year 2023, under budget by \$1,991,156 or 24%. This positive variance was due primarily to capital expenditures that were not made by the end of the fiscal year. Transfers to other funds increased from \$753,539 in 2022 to \$2,478,100 in 2023, an increase of \$1,724561. Transfers of \$2,215,000 were made for infrastructure projects and \$263,100 was transferred at the end of the current fiscal to the debt service fund for principal and interest payments to be made in 2024.

The fund balances in the Street & Bridge Fund and Motor Fuel Fund increased to \$298,500 and \$1,504,666 respectively. The Capital Project Fund balance increased to \$492.918 in 2023 up from \$418,811 in 2022. These balances have accumulated over the last few years and will be spent down over the next few years for planned capital infrastructure projects.

For more detailed information, see the Governmental Funds Statements.

December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights										
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual				
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	3,697,101	\$	3,697,101	\$	3,810,093				
Intergovernmental		2,723,000		2,723,000		3,034,840				
Licenses & permits		188,900		188,900		201,363				
Fines & fees		311,010		311,010		269,560				
Reimbursements		2,500		2,500		14,929				
Interest		80,000		80,000		450,645				
Miscellaneous		54,500		54,500		93,399				
Total		7,057,011		7,057,011		7,874,828				
Expenditures										
Expenditures and transfers out		10,193,268		10,193,268		8,202,112				
Change in Fund Balance	\$	(3,136,257)	\$	(3,136,257)	\$	(327,284)				

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

At December 31, 2023, the Village's Governmental Funds had invested \$17,596,777 net of depreciation (see Notes to Financial Statements # 7) in a variety of capital assets, as reflected in the following schedule.

Governmental Funds										
Change in Net Capital Assets										
Beginning Net Additions/ End										
		Balance		Deletions		Balance				
Non-depreciable assets	Н									
Land	\$	1,145,300	\$	391,950	\$	1,537,250				
Construction in progress		1,840,242		(363,941)		1,476,301				
Depreciable capital assets										
Land improvements		1,199,368		780,710		1,980,078				
Infrastructure		9,669,708		1,894,073		11,563,781				
Building & building improvements		4,757,941		139,042		4,896,983				
Equipment & vehicles		2,140,816		57,565		2,198,381				
		20,753,375		2,899,399		23,652,774				
Accumulated depreciation on										
capital assets		(5,295,649)		(760,348)		(6,055,997)				
Total	\$	15,457,726	\$	2,139,051	\$	17,596,777				

December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

As allowed by GASB-34, the Village has elected to capitalize its infrastructure assets prospectively. During the current year, the Village expended \$2,899,399 of Village funds on infrastructure projects, land and land improvements, buildings and building improvements and miscellaneous equipment for the public works department and parks.

Long-term Debt

At December 31, 2023 the Village owed \$6,026,948 in long-term debt. This debt consists of \$1,207,685 in general obligation alternate revenue bonds net of related premium, \$366,300 in compensated absences, \$3,738,494 for the Police Pension liability, and \$714,489 for leases and subscription liability. The current portion expected to come due in 2024 is \$752,652.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the Village may issue up to 8.625% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation based upon the 2023 assessed valuation is \$265,414,376 leaving a debt margin of \$22,891,990.

See Notes to Financial Statements for more details

CONTACTING THE VILLAGE'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Mark D. Olson CPA, Treasurer, Village of Roscoe, P.O. Box 283, Roscoe, Illinois, 61073-0283.

VILLAGE OF ROSCOE, ILLINOIS Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2023

ACCETEC		2023
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and investments	\$	10,217,841
Receivables net	*	,,
Taxes		1,694,163
Other		63,062
Due from other governments		1,003,311
Prepaid expenses Not remain asset IMPE		181,370
Net pension asset - IMRF Capital assets:		243,252
Right- of-use, net of accumulated amortization		627,120
Subscriptions, net of accumulated amortization		87,369
Non-depreciable		3,013,551
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		14,583,226
Total assets		31,714,265
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows - pension liability		1,266,293
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		32,980,558
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Accounts payable		661,517
Accrued payroll		105,882
Accrued interest		1,374
Deposits payable		58,290
Unearned revenue		1,430,249
Noncurrent liabilities:		752 (52
Due within one year Due in more than one year		752,652 5,274,296
Total liabilities		
Total natinues		8,284,260
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows - pension liability		905,962
Unearned taxes		1,694,163
Unearned license fees		145,675
Total deferred inflows		2,745,800
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		11,030,060
<u>NET POSITION</u>		
Invested in capital assets, net of		
related debt		16,389,112
Restricted for:		-
Capital projects		492,918
Net pension asset - IMRF		243,252
Debt service Minteres of and haid-service		375,912
Maintenance of road and bridges Unrestricted		1,803,166
Officsulcted		2,646,138
Total Net Position	\$	21,950,498

VILLAGE OF ROSCOE, ILLINOIS
Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

					Prog	ram Revenue	S		N	et (Expense)
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges fo Services		0	perating Grants & ntributions	Ca Gra	pital nts & ibutions	F	Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works Parks & recreation Interest and fiscal charges Total	\$	1,364,558 2,883,234 1,598,390 269,084 28,132 6,143,398	\$	202,118 92,337 14,929 18,660 - 328,044	\$	7,281 489,211 - 496,492	\$	- - - - -	\$	(1,162,440) (2,783,616) (1,094,250) (250,424) (28,132) (5,318,862)
	P S In L T P F V C In	eral revenues: roperty taxes ales tax acome tax ocal use tax elecommunicati ersonal property ranchise taxes rideo game tax annabis use tax annabis use tax fiscellaneous Total general rev	replac							1,648,176 2,203,863 1,765,910 427,514 113,700 288,118 157,807 516,604 16,631 514,182 87,788
		Change in net	positio	on						2,421,431
		Net position -	Begini	ning						19,529,067
		Net positi	on - en	nd of year					\$	21,950,498

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2023

Receivables			General Fund	N	Special Revenue Motor Fuel Tax Fund	 Capital Projects Fund	 Nonmajor Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Receivables	ASSETS								
Property taxes		\$	5,593,073	\$	1,682,487	\$ 2,260,486	\$ 681,795	\$	10,217,841
Other									
Due from other funds	* *				-	-	-		
Due from other governmental units					-	-	-		63,062
Prepara Prep					-	-	-		88,140
Liabilities	9	_			42,867	 	 <u>-</u>		1,003,311
Liabilities	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,580,252	\$	1,725,354	\$ 2,260,486	\$ 681,795	\$	13,247,887
Accounts payable									
Accrued wages									
Other payables 58,290 - - 58,290 Due to other funds - 88,140 - - 88,1 Total liabilities 355,822 220,688 1,767,568 - 2,344,0 Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes levied for next period 1,694,163 - - - 1,694,1 Unavailable revenue 242,840 - - - 242,8 Unearned revenue 145,675 - - - 145,6 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,082,678 - - - 2,082,6 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Prepaid insurance 2,438,500 220,688 1,767,568 - 4,426,7 Prepaid insurance 181,370 - - - 181,3 Restricted - - 492,918 - 492,918 - 492,918 - 492,918 - 492,918 - 492,918 - 3,429,318 - - <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td>. ,</td> <td>\$</td> <td>132,548</td> <td>\$ 337,319</td> <td>-</td> <td>\$</td> <td>661,517</td>		\$. ,	\$	132,548	\$ 337,319	-	\$	661,517
Due to other funds	<u> </u>				-	-	-		105,882
Deferred Inflows of Resources			58,290			-	-		58,290
Deferred Inflows of Resources	Due to other funds				88,140	 	 		88,140
Property taxes levied for next period	Total liabilities		355,822		220,688	 1,767,568	 <u> </u>		2,344,078
Unavailable revenue 242,840 - - 242,8 Unearned revenue 145,675 - - 145,6 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,082,678 - - - 2,082,6 FUND label and deferred inflows of resources 2,438,500 220,688 1,767,568 - 4,426,7 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Prepaid insurance 181,370 - - - 181,3 Restricted Highways, streets & bridges - 1,504,666 - 298,500 1,803,1 Capital projects - - 492,918 - 492,9 Debt service - - - 375,912 375,912 375,912 375,912 375,912 375,912 375,912 375,912 375,912 381,21 - - - 361,2 492,918 - - 361,2 361,2 - - - 37,383 2,177,2 Total fund balances 6,141,752 1,504,66			1 604 162						1 604 162
Unearned revenue 145,675 - - 145,6 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,082,678 - - 2,082,6 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 2,438,500 220,688 1,767,568 - 4,426,7 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Prepaid insurance 181,370 - - - 181,37 Restricted Highways, streets & bridges - 1,504,666 - 298,500 1,803,1 Capital projects - - 492,918 - - 492,9 Debt service - - 492,918 - - 375,912 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></t<>					-	-	-		
Total deferred inflows of resources 2,082,678 2,082,6 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 2,438,500 220,688 1,767,568 - 4,426,7 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Prepaid insurance 181,370 181,3 Restricted Highways, streets & bridges - 1,504,666 - 298,500 1,803,1 Capital projects 492,918 - 492,9 Debt service 492,918 - 492,9 Committed - Franchise and right of way agreemen 361,211 375,912 375,9 Committed - Franchise and right of way agreemen 34,29,318 361,2 Assigned - subsequent year budge 3,429,318 3,429,3 Unassigned (deficit) 2,169,853 7,383 2,177,2 Total fund balances 6,141,752 1,504,666 492,918 681,795 8,821,1					-	-	-		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 2,438,500 220,688 1,767,568 - 4,426,7 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Prepaid insurance 181,370 181,3 Restricted Highways, streets & bridges - 1,504,666 - 298,500 1,803,11 Capital projects 492,918 - 492,9 Debt service 492,918 - 492,9 Committed - Franchise and right of way agreemen 361,211 375,912 375,9 Committed - Franchise and right of way agreemen 34,29,318 34,29,31 Unassigned - subsequent year budge 3,429,318 7,383 2,177,2 Total fund balances 6,141,752 1,504,666 492,918 681,795 8,821,1							 		
Total Liabilities, Deferred instructs 2,438,500 220,688 1,767,568 - 4,426,7	Total deferred inflows of resources		2,082,678			 -	 -		2,082,678
Nonspendable Prepaid insurance 181,370 - - - - 181,370 Restricted Highways, streets & bridges - 1,504,666 - 298,500 1,803,11 Capital projects - - - 492,918 - 492,918 - 492,918 - 492,918 - 492,918 - 492,918 - 375,912 375,918 - - - 375,912 375,918 - - - 361,21 - - - 361,21 - - 361,22 Assigned - subsequent year budge 3,429,318 - - - 3,429,318 - - 3,429,318 - - 3,429,318 - - 3,429,318 - - 3,429,318 - - 3,429,318 - - 3,429,318 - - 3,429,318 - - 3,429,318 - - 3,429,318 - - 3,429,318 - -	Total liabilities and deferred								
Nonspendable Prepaid insurance Restricted Highways, streets & bridges Capital projects Debt service Committed - Franchise and right of way agreemen Assigned - subsequent year budge Total fund balances 181,370 181,3 1,504,666 298,500 1,803,1 1,804,1 1,904,1	inflows of resources		2,438,500		220,688	 1,767,568	 		4,426,756
Prepaid insurance 181,370 - - - 181,370 Restricted Highways, streets & bridges - 1,504,666 - 298,500 1,803,11 Capital projects - - 492,918 - 492,9 Debt service - - - - 375,912 375,912 375,9 Committed - Franchise and right of way agreemen 361,211 - - - - 361,2 Assigned - subsequent year budge 3,429,318 - - - - 3,429,3 Unassigned (deficit) 2,169,853 - - 7,383 2,177,2 Total fund balances 6,141,752 1,504,666 492,918 681,795 8,821,1 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	FUND BALANCES								
Restricted Highways, streets & bridges - 1,504,666 - 298,500 1,803,1 Capital projects - - 492,918 - 492,9 Debt service - - - - 375,912 375,9 Committed - Franchise and right of way agreemen 361,211 - - - 361,2 Assigned - subsequent year budge 3,429,318 - - - 3,429,3 Unassigned (deficit) 2,169,853 - - 7,383 2,177,2 Total fund balances 6,141,752 1,504,666 492,918 681,795 8,821,1 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF									
Highways, streets & bridges - 1,504,666 - 298,500 1,803,11 Capital projects - - 492,918 - 492,9 Debt service - - - 375,912 375,9 Committed - Franchise and right of way agreemen 361,211 - - - 361,2 Assigned - subsequent year budge 3,429,318 - - - 3,429,3 Unassigned (deficit) 2,169,853 - - 7,383 2,177,2 Total fund balances 6,141,752 1,504,666 492,918 681,795 8,821,1	•		181,370		-	-	-		181,370
Capital projects - - 492,918 - 492,9 Debt service - - - - 375,912 375,9 Committed - Franchise and right of way agreemen 361,211 - - - - 361,2 Assigned - subsequent year budge 3,429,318 - - - - 3,429,3 Unassigned (deficit) 2,169,853 - - - 7,383 2,177,2 Total fund balances 6,141,752 1,504,666 492,918 681,795 8,821,1 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					1.504.000		200 500		1 002 166
Debt service - - - - 375,912			-		1,504,666	402.019	298,500		
Committed - Franchise and right of way agreemen 361,211 - - - 361,2 Assigned - subsequent year budge 3,429,318 - - - - 3,429,3 Unassigned (deficit) 2,169,853 - - - 7,383 2,177,2 Total fund balances 6,141,752 1,504,666 492,918 681,795 8,821,1 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			-		-	492,918	275.012		
Assigned - subsequent year budge 3,429,318 3,429,3 18 Unassigned (deficit) 2,169,853 7,383 2,177,2 1 Total fund balances 6,141,752 1,504,666 492,918 681,795 8,821,1 1 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			361 211		-	-	3/3,912		
Unassigned (deficit) 2,169,853 - - 7,383 2,177,2 Total fund balances 6,141,752 1,504,666 492,918 681,795 8,821,1 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					-	-	-		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						 	 7,383		2,177,236
	Total fund balances		6,141,752		1,504,666	 492,918	 681,795		8,821,131
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES \$ 8,580,252 \$ 1,725,354 \$ 2,260,486 \$ 681,795 \$ 13,247,8	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
	RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	8,580,252	\$	1,725,354	\$ 2,260,486	\$ 681,795	\$	13,247,887

VILLAGE OF ROSCOE, ILLINOIS
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the
Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position
As of December 31, 2023

Fund Balance of Governmental Funds	\$ 8,821,131
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Net pension asset does not require current financial resources therefore not recorded in the governmental funds	243,252
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Capital assets, including net right of use and subscription assets \$ 24,367,263	
Accumulated depreciation (6,055,997)	18,311,266
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are deferred in the funds	242,840
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are	
reported on the Statement of Net Position.	(1,374)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Alternate revenue bonds, net of unamortized bond premium (1,207,665) Lease liability (627,120) Subscription liability (87,369)	
Compensated absences (366,300)	(2,288,454)
Net pension liability for the Police Pension Trust Fund is	(2,200,434)
shown as a noncurrent liability on the statement of	(2.720.404)
net position.	(3,738,494)
Net differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, between projected and actual earnings for the Police Pension Trust Fund are recognized as deferred	
outflows (inflows) of resources on the statement of net position.	199,392
Net differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, between projected and actual earnings	
for the IMRF Pension Fund are recognized as deferred outflows (inflows) of resources on the statement of net position.	 160,939
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 21,950,498

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	General Fund		Special <u>Revenue</u> Motor Fuel Tax Fund		Capital Projects Fund	`	onmajor) Other vernmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 3.810.	093 \$		\$		\$	165 447	¢	2 075 540
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,810, 3,034,		489,211	Э	-	Э	165,447	\$	3,975,540 3,524,051
Licenses and permits	201,		709,211		-		_		201,362
Fines & fees	269,		_		_		_		269,560
Reimbursements	14,		-		=		-		14,929
Investment income	450,	545	63,537		-		-		514,182
Miscellaneous	93,	399	-		-		-		93,399
Total revenues	7,874,	328	552,748		_		165,447		8,593,023
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government	1,355,		112.250		24.670		359		1,356,209
Public works	871,		112,258		34,679		-		1,018,546
Police/public safety Lease right-of-use asset	2,710, 229,		-		-		-		2,710,348 229,261
Subscription asset	97,		-		-		-		97,474
Capital outlay	561.		231,233		2,106,214		-		2,899,399
Debt service	301,	932	231,233		2,100,214		-		2,099,399
Principal		-	-		-		350,000		350,000
Interest and fiscal charges			-				32,856		32,856
Total expenditures	6,050,	747	343,491		2,140,893		383,215		8,918,346
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) Expenditures	1,824,	081	209,257		(2,140,893)		(217,768)	_	(325,323)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)									
Lease financing	229,		-		-		-		229,261
Subscription financing	97,	174	-		2 21 5 000		262 100		97,474
Transfers in and uses Transfers (out)	(2,478,	100)	-		2,215,000		263,100		2,478,100 (2,478,100)
Total other financing sources, net	(2,151,	365)	-		2,215,000		263,100		326,735
Net change in fund balance	(327,	284)	209,257		74,107		45,332		1,412
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year	6,469,	036	1,295,409		418,811		636,463		8,819,719
FUND BALANCES - end of year	\$ 6,141,	752 \$	1,504,666	\$	492,918	\$	681,795	\$	8,821,131

VILLAGE OF ROSCOE, ILLINOIS

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the
Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 1,412
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, only certain items according to policy are capitalized and depreciated in the Statement of Activities: Capital asset purchases capitalized Right of use asset Subscription asset Depreciation expense	2,899,397 229,261 97,474 (760,346)	2,465,786
Bond proceeds are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds and contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net assets, however, issuing debt increases increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities.		
The repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure when due in governmental funds but as a reduction of principal outstanding in the Statement of Activities.		350,000
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are deferred in the funds		(28,194)
The change in net pension asset for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is reported only in the statement of activities.		62,702
The change in deferred inflows and outflows of resources for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) is reported only in the statement of activities.		(9,872)
The change in net pension liability for the Police Pension Trust Fund is reported only in the statement of activities.		133,804
The change in deferred inflows and outflows of resources for the Police Pension Trust Fund is reported only in the statement of activities.		(206,326)
Leases issued Subscriptions issued		(229,261) (97,474)
Some expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Net change in interest expense Net change in bond premiums Net change in compensated absences	308 4,416 (25,870)	(21,146)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 2,421,431

VILLAGE OF ROSCOE, ILLINOIS
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Police Pension Fund As of December 31, 2023

	Pens Tri	
ASSETS Cash & equivalents		02,756
Investments - retirement plans Pooled/Common/Commingled Funds	6,5	82,019
Receivables Contributions receivable from Village		51,069
Total Assets	6,7.	35,844
<u>LIAB</u>	<u>ILITIES</u>	
Refund due to members	<u>:</u>	22,206
Total liabilities		22,206
NET P	<u>OSITION</u>	
Net position restricted		
for police pension benefits	\$ 6,7	13,638

VILLAGE OF ROSCOE, ILLINOIS
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Police Pension Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Additions:		Pension Trust
Contributions	Φ	122 510
Plan members	\$	123,510
Employer		443,611
Total contributions		567,121
Investment income		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		777,853
Interest and dividend income		4,331
Total investment income		782,184
Less investment expense		(14,906)
Net investment income		767,278
		<u> </u>
Total additions		1,334,399
Deductions: Pension benefits Refund of contributions		253,447 157,009
Total distributions		410,456
Administration expense		20,815
Total deductions		431,271
Change in fiduciary net position		903,128
Net Position:		
Beginning of year		5,810,510
End of year	\$	6,713,638

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Village of Roscoe, Illinois (Village) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Village's accounting policies are described below.

A. INCORPORATION

The Village was incorporated in 1965. The Village operates under a President-Trustee form of government and provides the following services as authorized by statute: public safety (police), streets, public improvements, planning and zoning, financial, and general administrative services.

B. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

GAAP requires that the financial reporting entity include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Village is a municipal corporation governed by a Board of Trustees, which is elected by the public and has the exclusive responsibility and accountability for the decisions it makes. The Village has the statutory authority to adopt its own budget, to levy taxes and to issue bonded debt without the approval of another government. It has the right to sue and be sued and has the right to buy, sell, lease or mortgage property in its own name. Based on these criteria, the Village is considered a primary government. The Village has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the basic financial statements in accordance with the standards established by GASB.

POLICE PENSION EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Village's sworn police employees participate in the Police Pension Fund ("PPF"). The PPF functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Funding for the PPF comes from the following sources: participant contributions as required by state statue, PPF investment returns, and contributions from the Village as determined by an independent actuarial study. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the Village's contribution levels. Although it is legally separate from the Village, the PPF is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide retirement benefits for the Village's sworn police employees. The PPF is reported as a pension trust fund considered a primary government. The Village has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the basic financial statements in accordance with the standards established by GASB.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. <u>Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

C. FUND ACCOUNTING

The Village uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain Village functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are classified into the following categories: governmental and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the Village's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of capital assets, the servicing of long-term debt and the management of funds held in trust that can be used for governmental services (permanent fund). The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the Village. The Village utilizes a pension trust fund which is generally used to account for assets that the Village holds in a fiduciary capacity or on behalf of others as their agent.

D. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the activities of the Village and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets/deferred outflows and receivables as well as long-term debt/deferred inflows and obligations.

The Village's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The effect of material inter-fund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment, or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include:

- 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and
- 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. <u>Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary fund. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

THE VILLAGE REPORTS THE FOLLOWING MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

The General Fund accounts for the resources devoted to finance the services traditionally associated with local government. Included in these services are general administration of the Village, financial management, police, inspection services, streets, public works, and building maintenance. Any other activity for which a special fund has not been created is accounted for in the General Fund.

The Motor Fuel Tax Special Revenue fund accounts for revenue allocations from the State for the Villages portion of tax collections on fuel sales. Funds are spent on various products, services, and capital projects in compliance with the Illinois Department of Transportation.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the major capital expenditures financed through transfers from the general fund, the issuance of bonds or the receipt of grants.

THE VILLAGE REPORTS THE FOLLOWING NON- MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

Special Revenue Funds – used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than major capital projects).

Street & Bridge
Tax Increment Financing

Debt Service Fund – Bond & Interest – used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

IN ADDITION, THE VILLAGE REPORTS THE FOLLOWING FUND TYPE:

Fiduciary Fund – used to account for assets held by the Village in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Police Pension

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. <u>Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

E. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

MEASUREMENT FOCUS

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants, contributions, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, generally considered to be within 60 days after year-end. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. The Village recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in the year intended to finance. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as expenditures when due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, income taxes, franchise taxes, utility taxes, licenses, interest revenue and charges for services. Sales tax and telecommunication tax owed to the state at year-end on behalf of the Village are also recognized as revenue. Fines and permits revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. In applying the susceptible-to-accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidelines.

Monies that are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure, and which are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible-to-accrual criteria are met.

The Village reports deferred revenue on its financial statements. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" or "earned" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the Village before it has a legal claim to them as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrences of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. <u>Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

F. GASB 96 IMPLEMENTATION PARAGRAPH

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. This standard was implemented January 1, 2023.

G. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Village considers all cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

The Illinois Funds, a money-market mutual fund created by the Illinois State Legislature and controlled by the Illinois State Treasurer, is reported at a \$1 per share value, which equals the Village's fair value in the pool.

H. INVESTMENTS

Investments with a maturity of one year or less and all non-negotiable certificates of deposits are recorded at cost or amortized cost, which approximates fair value. All other investments and all investments of the pension trust funds are recorded at fair value. Fair value is determined based primarily on the basis of quoted market prices or cost plus accumulated interest.

I. PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this year-end are recorded as prepaid items.

J. PROPERTY TAXES

The Village annually establishes a legal right to revenue from property tax assessments upon enactment of a tax levy ordinance by the Village Board. Property taxes are recognized as a receivable at the time they are levied. Revenue from property taxes is recognized as the taxes are collected in the year intended to finance operations or when they become available to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, generally considered to be within sixty days after year end. Revenue from those taxes which are not considered available is unearned.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The property tax calendar for the 2023 tax levy to finance 2023 operations was as follows:

Lien Date	January 1, 2023
Levy Date	December 15, 2022
First Installment Due	June 1, 2023
Second Installment Due	September 1, 2023

Tax bills were mailed at least 30 days prior to the first installment due date. Property taxes are billed and collected by the County Treasurer of Winnebago County, Illinois.

J. PROPERTY TAXES

The Village's 2023 tax rates per \$100 of assessed valuation together with the related maximum tax rates are as follows:

	Rates Per \$100 of Assessed Valuation		
Type of Levy	2023 Rate	Legal Maximum	
Village:			
Corporate	0.2214	0.4375	
Police Protection	0.1590	0.6000	
Police Pension	0.1592	None	
Social Security	0.0037	None	
Liability Insurance	0.0287	None	
Total Village	0.5720		

The 2023 tax levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2023, has been recorded as a receivable and as a deferred revenue as of December 31, 2023 as the tax had been levied by the Village but would not be extended or collected until calendar year 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. <u>Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

K. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, storm water), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. As a result, certain capital outlay disbursements may not be recorded as a capital asset on the Statement of Net Position (e.g., water mains and sewer mains are considered capital assets but are capitalized by the respective special district and not by the Village). Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated acquisition cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation and amortization of exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statements of activities, with accumulated depreciation and amortization reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation and amortization is provided over the assets estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Assets:	Years	
Buildings	50	
Improvements	10-45	
Equipment & Vehicles	3-15	
Infrastructure	4-40	
Right-of-use	5-7	
Subscriptions	3-6	

Infrastructure assets normally can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than other capital assets because they normally (a) can be maintained in a condition that will allow them to be used longer than most other capital assets and (b) are stationary in nature. The Village elected to capitalize its infrastructure assets prospectively as provided by GASB criteria.

L. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Village employees are allowed to accumulate earned but not used vacation, sick and compensatory time benefits, subject to cap limits. All unused vacation, sick and compensatory time leave is accrued when incurred in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if it has matured (for example, as a result of employee resignation or retirement).

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. <u>Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

M. SHORT-TERM INTER-FUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "Due from other funds" or "Due to other funds" on the Balance Sheet and are eliminated in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

N. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities financial statements. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and bond discounts as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Debt issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

O. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period (s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until that time.

P. LEASES

The Village is a lessee because it leases capital assets from other entities. As a lessee, the Village reports a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use capital assets (known as the lease assets) on the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, the Village recognizes lease proceeds and capital outlay at initiation of the lease and the outflow of resources for lease liability as a debt service payment. The Village does not have a policy in place for the recognition of leases as a lease liability and intangible capital asset.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Q. SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

The Village reports a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use capital asset (known as the subscription asset) on the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, the System recognizes subscription proceeds and capital outlay at initiation of the subscription, and the outflow of resources for the subscription liability as a debt service payment.

R. FUND EQUITY/NET POSITION

In the fund financial statements GASB Statement No. 54 defined and requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within one of the following fund balance categories:

- 1. **Non-spendable** amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. **Restricted** amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributions, or the laws or regulations of other governments. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.
- 3. Committed amounts that can be used only for specified purposes determined by a formal action of the Village Board. The Village Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Village. Commitments may be modified, or rescinded only through the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- 4. **Assigned** amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Village's adopted policy, the Village Board may assign amounts for specific purposes.
- 5. **Unassigned** all other spendable amounts.

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, restricted net assets are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt represents the book value of capital assets less any long-term debt issued to acquire or construct the capital assets. All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" are classified as unrestricted net assets.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

LEGAL COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted (at the fund level) for the General Fund and Special Revenue – Street & Bridge, Motor Fuel, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds on the modified accrual basis with a line items basis by fund. The annual appropriated budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- A. The Village Finance Committee submits to the Village Board a proposed operating budget for the calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- B. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- C. Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted by Village Board action. This is the amount reported as original budget.
- D. The Village Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total appropriation of any fund must be approved by the Village Board as a supplemental appropriation ordinance.
- E. Budgets are adopted and formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for General Fund, Special Revenue Funds Street & Bridge, Motor Fuel, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund.
- F. All budgets for these funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- G. Budgetary authority lapses at year-end.
- H. State law requires that "expenditures be made in conformity with appropriations/ budget". As under the budget act, transfers between line items, departments and funds may be made by administrative action. The final budget reflects all amendments made. The level of legal control is at the fund level.

3. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Permitted Deposits and Investments - Statutes authorize the Village to make deposits in commercial banks and savings and loan institutions and to invest in obligations of the U.S.

Treasury and U.S. agencies, obligations of states and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois Funds. Pension funds may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations, mortgages, veteran's loans and life insurance company contracts, and in certain instances mutual funds and equity securities.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

Illinois Funds is an investment pool, managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at Illinois Fund's share price, the price, which approximate 100% of deposits held. The Illinois Funds are rated AAA by Fitch Rating Inc.

The following is a summary of deposits and investments:

	Book		Bank	
Primary Government:				
Cash and cash Equivalents	\$	419,376	\$	624,731
Cash & demand deposits Illinois Funds		9,548,465		9,548,465
Total cash primary government	\$	9,967,841	\$	10,173,196
Investments:				
Time deposits	\$	250,000	\$	250,000
Fiduciary (Police Pension Fund):				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	102,756	\$	102,756
Cash & demand deposits Illinois Funds		_		_
Total cash fiduciary	\$	102,756	\$	102,756
Investments:				
Equity	\$	6,582,019	\$	6,582,019
Fixed incomes		_		_
Total investments fiduciary	\$	6,582,019	\$	6,582,019

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned. The Village's policy requires that funds on deposit in excess of FDIC insurance must be secured by 110% of the fair value of the net amount of funds secured.

The Village maintains collateral agreements with its banks. At December 31, 2023, the banks had pledged various government securities in the amount of \$735,810 to secure the village's deposits. The remaining balance is insured through the FDIC.

INTEREST RATE RISK

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy does not specifically address interest rate risks. At December 31, 2023 the Police Pension Fund had the following investments and maturities:

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

	Fair value	Less	2024 than 1 year	 -2029 years	2030- 6-10	-2034 years	Over yea	
Police Pension Investment in IPOPIF	\$ 6,582,019	\$	6,582,019	\$ 	\$		\$	
Total investments	\$ 6,582,019	\$	6,582,019	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Government's Police Pension Fund's investment policy was developed by the Illinois Police Officers' Investment Fund and does not specifically address concentration of credit risk.

CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. As of December 31, 2023, The Village's investments held in the Illinois Funds were not rated.

FAIR MARKET VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Village categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The valuation method for recurring fair value measurements of investments is the quoted market prices approach. The Village's Police Pension Fund Investments are categorized as follows:

		Fair Value Measurement Using					
	12/31/2023	Lev	vel 1	Le	vel 2		Level 3
Investments by fair value level							
Investment in IPOPIF	\$ 6,582,019	\$	_	\$	-	\$	6,582,019
Total securities	\$ 6,582,019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,582,019

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

4. **DEFERRED REVENUE**

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable	Ţ	Jnearned
Property taxes receivable — General Fund	\$ _	\$	1,694,163
Unearned revenue- Capital Projects Fund	_		1,430,249
Other governmental units- General Fund	242,840		145,675
General Fund	242,040		143,073
Total unearned/unavailable revenue	\$ 242,840	\$	3,270,087
Unearned rvenue included in liabilities		\$	1,430,249
Unearned revenue included in deferred ountflows			1,839,838
Total unearned revenue		\$	3,270,087

5. INTER-FUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Transfers between funds for the year ended December 31, 2023 are as follows:

		Transfers In		,	Transfers Out
General Fund	*	\$	-	\$	2,478,100
Special Revenue Funds:					
Debt Service Fund			263,100		_
Capital projects	*		2,215,000		_
		\$	2,478,100	\$	2,478,100

^{*} Denotes major fund

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statue or budget required to collect them to the fund that statue or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the fund collecting the receipts to the Debt Service Fund as debt service payments become due.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

5. <u>Inter-fund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers</u> (Continued)

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Payable		Purpose	Amount		
General	Motor Fuel Fund	Interfund cash advance	\$	88,140	

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,145,300	\$ 391,950	\$ -	\$ 1,537,250
Construction in progess	1,840,242	322,191	(686,132)	1,476,301
	2,985,542	714,141	(686,132)	3,013,551
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	1,199,368	780,710	-	1,980,078
Infrastructure	9,669,708	1,894,073	-	11,563,781
Building and improvements	4,757,941	139,042	-	4,896,983
Equipment and vehicles	2,140,816	57,565		2,198,381
Total capital assets being depreciated	17,767,833	2,871,390	-	20,639,223
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	(413,044)	(39,743)	-	(452,787)
Infrastructure	(2,408,910)	(468,326)	-	(2,877,236)
Building and improvements	(1,002,798)	(104,216)	-	(1,107,014)
Equipment and vehicles	(1,470,897)	(148,061)		(1,618,958)
Accumulated depreciation	(5,295,649)	(760,346)		(6,055,995)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	12,472,184	2,111,044	-	14,583,228
Total Governmental activities capital assets,				
net of depriciation	\$ 15,457,726	\$ 2,825,185	\$ (686,132)	\$ 17,596,779

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions/ programs of the primary government:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$	38,071
Public safety		76,599
Highway and streets		597,006
Parks & recreation		48,671
Total governmental activities, depreciation expense	\$	760,346
Total governmental activities, depreciation expense	Ψ	700,510

7. RIGHT-OF-USE-ASSETS

The Lease right-of-use asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions		Balance
Governmental Activities					
Lease assets being amortized					
Equipment	\$ 146,862	\$ -	\$ -	\$	146,862
Vehicles	676,105	229,261	-		905,366
	822,967	229,261	-		1,052,228
Accumulated amortization					
Equipment	28,445	28,738	-		57,183
Vehicles	151,768	216,157	-		367,925
	 180,213	244,895	\$ -	\$	425,108
Total governmental activities lease					
assets net of accumulated amortization	\$ 642,754	\$ (15,634)	\$ _	\$	627,120

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

8. Subscription Assets

The Subscription asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Subscription Asset being Amortized Equipment	\$ -	\$ 97,474	\$ -	\$97,474
Less: Accumulated amortizaiton for Equipment		(10,105)	-	(10,105)
Net book value of subscription asset	\$ -	\$ 87,369	\$ -	\$87,369

9. **LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The outstanding obligations as of December 31, 2023 consist of the following:

	Balance cember 31, 2023	Current Portion
\$1,100,000 General Obligation Alternative Revenue Bonds, Series 2017 (Sales Tax Alternate Revenue Source). Annual principal payments ranging from \$115,000 to \$135,000 due through 2026. Interest rate is 2.125% due June 15 and December 15.	\$ 395,000	\$ 130,000
\$2,095,000 General Obligation Alternative Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2018 (Telecommunication Tax Alternative Revenue Source). Annual principal payments ranging from \$205,000 to \$240,000 due through 2027. Interest rate is 2.15% due June 15 and December 15.	795,000	230,000
Bond premium, related to debt	17,665	4,416
Compensated absences Police pension liability	366,300 3,738,494	122,100
	\$ 5,312,459	\$ 486,516

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

9. <u>LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS</u> (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

Year ending December 31:	Principal	Interest	Total Payment
2024	\$ 360,000	\$ 25,486	\$ 385,486
2025	365,000	17,779	382,779
2026	375,000	9,964	384,964
2027	90,000	1,935	91,935
Total	\$ 1,190,000	\$ 55,164	\$ 1,245,164

LEASE LIABILITIES

The outstanding lease obligations as of December 31, 2023 consist of the following:

Lessee-Lease Liabilities Governmental Activities

	Date of	Final	Interest	Original	Balance December
Lease Liability Description	Issue	Maturity	Rate	Indebtedness	31, 2023
Vehicle	12/1/2020	1/1/2026	1.37%	\$ 90,816	\$ 35,716
Vehicle	12/1/2020	1/1/2026	1.37%	90,816	35,716
Vehicle	9/1/2021	1/1/2025	1.37%	41,587	10,321
Vehicle	3/1/2021	1/1/2025	1.37%	41,049	10,217
Vehicle	3/1/2020	1/1/2024	1.37%	27,852	-
Vehicle	6/1/2021	1/1/2025	1.37%	35,762	8,826
Vehicle	3/1/2020	1/1/2024	1.37%	28,952	-
Vehicle	12/1/2020	1/1/2026	1.37%	114,036	44,541
Vehicle	12/1/2020	1/1/2026	1.37%	114,036	44,541
Vehicle	12/1/2020	1/1/2026	1.37%	114,036	44,541
Vehicles	4/1/2022	4/1/2024	4.27%	31,413	1,650
Vehicles	11/1/2022	11/1/2026	4.27%	51,226	41,104
Vehicles	11/1/2022	11/1/2026	4.27%	43,890	35,282
Vehicles	11/1/2022	11/1/2026	4.27%	35,071	28,281
Body Cameras	2/1/2022	2/1/2027	1.63%	153,710	89,679
Vehicles	2/1/2023	2/1/2027	7.72%	19,395	15,595
Vehicles	4/1/2023	4/1/2028	7.72%	55,513	48,378
Vehicles	2/1/2023	2/1/2028	7.40%	130,183	111,127
Vehicles	7/1/2023	7/1/2027	7.82%	24,170	21,605

Total governmental activities lease liabilities

\$ 627,120

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

9. <u>LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS</u> (Continued)

The annual lease amortization requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

Year ending December 31:	Principal]	Interest	P	Total ayment
2024	\$	246,605	\$	27,580	\$	274,185
2025	,	217,647		18,958	_	236,605
2026		115,184		10,063		125,247
2027		47,684		4,101		51,785
Total	\$	627,120	\$	60,702	\$	687,822

The annual subscription amortization requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

Year ending December 31:						Total
-	P	rincipal	I	nterest	I	Payment
2024	•	10.701	•	0.=04	•	
2024	\$	19,531	\$	8,791	\$	28,322
2025		21,333		6,989		28,322
2026		13,492		4,618		18,110
2027		15,031		3,078		18,109
2028		17,982		128		18,110
	\$	87,369	\$	23,604	\$	110,973

The bonds payable, loan payable, unamortized loan payable discounts, compensated absences, and post-employment benefits are paid from General Fund revenues. Alternate revenue bonds are paid from the telecommunications taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

9. <u>LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS</u> (Continued)

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

Governmental	Beginning Balance	New Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	 nount due nin one year
General Fund:					
Alternative Revenue Bonds	\$ 1,540,000	\$ -	\$ 350,000	\$ 1,190,000	\$ 360,000
Bond premium, related to debt	22,081	-	4,416	17,665	4,416
Compensated absences	340,430	366,300	340,430	366,300	122,100
Police Pension liability	3,872,298		133,804	3,738,494	-
Lease liability	642,754	229,261	244,895	627,120	246,605
Subscription liability		97,474	10,105	87,369	19,531
Total	\$ 6,417,563	\$ 693,035	\$1,083,650	\$ 6,026,948	\$ 752,652

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

The Village's aggregate indebtedness is subject to a statutory limitation by the State of Illinois of 8.625% of its equalized assessed value. At December 31, 2022, the statutory limit of the Village was \$22,891,990.

10. Contingent Liabilities

A. LITIGATION

The Village is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Village's attorney the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Village.

B. GRANTS

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the state government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The Village contributes to two defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent-multiple-employer public employee retirement system and the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions for the two plans are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The Police Pension Plan does not issue a separate report on the pension plan. However, IMRF does issue a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report can be obtained at www.imrf.org.

A. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Village's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

BENEFITS PROVIDED

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

A. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

BENEFITS PROVIDED (CONTINUED)

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96.

Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

EMPLOYEES COVERED BY BENEFIT TERMS

As of December 31, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	IMRF
	Regular
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	11
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	7
Active plan members receiving benefits	13
Active plan member temporary disability	
Total	31

CONTRIBUTIONS

As set by statute, the Village's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Village's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2023 was 1.07%. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, the Village contributed \$7,925 to the plan. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

A. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

PENSION LIABILITY

The Village's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2023:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Aggregate Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets.
- The Inflation Rate was assumed to be 2.25%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 2.85% to 13.75%, including inflation.
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.25%.
- Projected Retirement Age was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2017-2019.

MORTALITY

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

LONG-TERM EXPECTED REAL RATE OF RETURN

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

A. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

Asset Class	Portfolio Target Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return one year
Domestic Equity	34.5%	6.35%
International Equity	18.0%	8.00
Fixed Income	24.5%	4.85
Real Estate	10.5%	7.20
Alternative Investments	11.5%	7.20 - 12.35
Cash Equivalents	1.0%	3.80
Total	100%	

DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent, same as the prior valuations. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that members contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Village contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rates. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net positions were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total pension liability.

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25 percent, the municipal bond rate is 3.77 percent and the single discount rate is 7.25 percent.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

A. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

	Total Pension Liability (A)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)		Net Pension ability (Asset) (A) - (B)
Net Pension Liability (Asset) at December 31, 2022	\$	1,686,182	\$	1,866,732	\$ (180,550)
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		60,678		-	60,678
Interest on the total pension liability		121,682		-	121,682
Differences between expected and actual experience of					
the total pension liability		58,546		-	58,546
Changes of assumptions		(14,279)		-	(14,279)
Contributions – employer		-		7,925	(7,925)
Contributions – employees		-		33,642	(33,642)
Net investment income		-		205,759	(205,759)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(76,289)		(76,289)	-
Other (net transfer)		-		42,003	(42,003)
Net changes		150,338		213,040	(62,702)
Net Pension Liability (Asset) at December 31, 2023	\$	1,836,520	\$	2,079,772	\$ (243,252)

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	Single Discount Rate Assumption					
	1%	6.25%		Current 7.25%	19	% Increase 8.25%
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	2,037,852 2,079,772	\$	1,836,520 2,079,772	\$	1,679,951 2,079,772
Net pension liability (Asset)	\$	(41,920)	\$	(243,252)	\$	(399,821)

Total Net Pension Asset for the IMRF plan is \$243,252 at December 31, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

PENSION EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

For the year ended December 31, 2023 the Village recognized pension income of \$44,905. At December 31, 2023, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred (Inflows)/ Resources			Total
\$	79,852	\$	11,129	\$	68,723
	-		10,677		(10,677)
	262,963		160,070		102,893
\$	342,815	\$	181,876	\$	160,939
_	Re	Resources \$ 79,852	Resources R. \$ 79,852 \$ - 262,963	Resources Resources \$ 79,852 \$ 11,129	Resources Resources \$ 79,852 \$ 11,129 \$

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Net Def	gular Plan Perred Outflows Resources
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$	33,699 59,373 81,900 (14,033)
	\$	160,939

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

11. <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS</u> (Continued)

Police Pension Plan

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 IILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the plan as a Pension Trust Fund. At January 1, 2023, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	6
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	6
Active plan members	14
Total	26

BENEFITS PROVIDED

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2012) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.00% of the original pension and 3.00% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2012) attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officers' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800 as of 2011, plus the lesser of 50% of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3.00% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., .5% of each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3.00% or 50% of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

CONTRIBUTIONS

Employees are required by ILCS to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. The Village made a contribution of \$443,611 for the year ended December 31, 2022, which was approximately 27.18% of covered payroll.

NET PENSION LIABILITY

The Village's net pension liability was measured at December 31, 2023. The measurement period for pension expense was January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023. The reporting period is January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023. The Sponsor's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2023. The Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined as of that date.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Service based
Discount Rate	6.50%
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%

Mortality Rate: PubS-2010 Active Lives, Inactive Lives, Beneficiaries, and Disabled Lives, projected five years pasty the valuation date with Scale MP-2021.

The mortality assumptions sufficiently accommodate anticipated future mortality improvements.

The Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Pension Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, Net of Pension Plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the Long-Term Expected Rate of Return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

11. <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS</u> (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS (Continued)

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Pension Plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Portfolio Target Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Growth	58%	65.00%
Income	16%	14.00%
Inflation protection	9%	11.00%
Risk mitigation	17%	10.00%
Total	100%	

Concentrations: The Plan does not provide information on individual holdings, so the Village is not aware of any one organization that represents 5 percent or more of the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

Discount Rate: The Discount Rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.50 percent.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the Discount Rate assumed that Plan Member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the Member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Pension Plan investments (6.50 percent) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

For purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.50 percent; the municipal bond rate is 4.00 percent (based on the daily rate closest to, but not later than the measurement date of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index). The resulting single discount rate is 6.50 percent.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

11. <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS</u> (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total				
	Pension	Pla	an Fiduciary	N	let Pension
	Liability	N	et Position		Liability
	 (A)		(B)		(A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$ 9,682,808	\$	5,810,410	\$	3,587,819
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	316,129		_		316,129
Interest on the total pension liability	636,591		_		636,591
Differences between expected and actual					
experience of the total pension liability	227,060		_		227,060
Changes of assumptions	-		_		_
Contributions – employer	-		443,611		(443,611)
Contributions – employees	-		123,510		(123,510)
Net investment income	-		767,378		(767, 378)
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions	(410,456)		(410,456)		_
Administrative expenses	 -		(20,815)		20,815
Net changes	769,324		903,228		(133,904)
Balances at December 31, 2023	\$ 10,452,132	\$	6,713,638	\$	3,738,494

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the plan's net pension liability calculated using the Single Discount Rate of 6.00% as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

		Single L)isco	ount Rate Assu	mpt	ion
	1%	Decrease 5.50%		Current 6.50%	1%	% Increase 7.50%
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability	\$	5,589,865	\$	3,738,494	\$	2,262,735

PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Village will recognize a Pension Expense of \$516,133. On December 31, 2023, the Sponsor reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	ferred tflows of esources	Inf	ferred lows of esources	Out	Deferred flows of sources
Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods:						
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	344,320	\$	215,056	\$	129,264
Changes of assumptions		271,013		509,030		(238,017)
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments		308,145		-		308,145
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in						
pension expense in future periods	\$	923,478	\$	724,086	\$	199,392

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions will be recognized in Pension Expense as follows:

	Regular Plan
Year Ending	Net Deferred Outflows
December 31	of Resources
2024	\$ 110,504
2025	149,477
2026	160,454
2027	(154,831)
2028	(98,649)
Thereafter	32,437
	\$ 199,392

12. PLEDGED TAXES

The Village pledged the revenue from its telecommunications tax for the payment of the bond principal and interest on the \$2,095,000 general obligation alternate revenue refunding bonds series 2018 that were issued to fund the expansion and renovation of Village Hall and various water and sewer projects. During 2023, the Village reported \$113,700 in revenue from the telecommunications tax and \$127,489 in transfers from other general fund sources. Funds for payment of the 2023 principal of \$230,000 and interest of \$17,091 have been deposited in the debt service fund prior to the end of the 2023 fiscal year. The expected payments from this revenue source are approximately \$247,000 per year or approximately 190% of the expected revenue from this source through 2026. The remaining amounts due will be covered by other general fund sources.

The Village pledged the revenue from its sales tax for the payment of the bond principal and interest on the \$1,100,000 general obligation alternate revenue bonds series 2017 that were issued to fund the expansion and renovation of Village Hall/Police Department. At the end of 2023, the Village Transferred \$138,394 of sales tax revenue for principal and interest payments due in fiscal year 2023. The expected payments from this source of revenue are approximately \$137,000 per year or approximately 6% of the expected revenue from sales tax.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

LIABILITY INSURANCE

The Village is exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee health and accident claims; and natural disasters. The Village has purchased commercial insurance to provide for any expenses that may result from claims related to the aforementioned risks of loss.

The amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in each of the past three years.

14. AGREEMENTS

The Village has approved an agreement for Trunk Sewer Extension Cost Sharing and Reimbursement of McCurry Road Trunk Sewer Phase 3. The agreement would provide that the Village would be obligated for 1/3 of the total project costs estimated not to exceed \$960,000. The Village contributed \$320,000 during 2009; however, this project is currently on hold with no scheduled construction commencement date. After completion of the project, the Village expects to recover its costs through future connection fees. The Rock River Water Reclamation District is expected to be the owner of the sewer system upon completion of the project.

The Village has entered into an agreement with another developer where the Village, in exchange for the developer completing improvements that would enhance future economic growth in the area, the Village would rebate 75% of the Municipal Retailer's Occupation Tax for a period of 7 years commencing with sales made in December of 2018 and thereafter. The Village has rebated \$233,760 to date under this agreement. Rebates are expected to be about \$80,000 per year for the remaining three years of the agreement.

15. <u>EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT-PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62
- Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences
- Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.



Required Supplementary Information
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Davannas		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Under/ Over
Revenues	¢.	2 (07 101	¢.	2 (07 101	¢.	2 010 002	Ф	112.002
Taxes	\$	3,697,101 2,723,000	\$	3,697,101 2,723,000	\$	3,810,093 3,034,840	\$	112,992 311,840
Intergovernmental Licenses & permits		188,900		188,900		201,362		12,462
Fines & fees		311,010		311,010		269,560		(41,450)
Reimbursements		2,500		2,500		14,929		12,429
Interest		80,000		80,000		450,645		370,645
Other		54,500		54,500		93,399		38,899
Total revenues		7,057,011		7,057,011		7,874,828		817,817
Total revenues		7,037,011		7,037,011		7,074,020		017,017
Expenditures Current:								
General government		1,559,163		1,559,163		1,355,850		203,313
Public works		984,562		984,562		871,609		112,953
Police/public safety		2,684,678		2,684,678		2,710,348		(25,670)
Lease right-of-use asset		_, ,		_,,,,,,,,		229,261		(229,261)
Subscription asset		_		_		97,474		(97,474)
Parks & recreation		254,059		254,059		224,253		29,806
Capital outlay		2,232,706		2,232,706		561,952		1,670,754
Total expenditures		7,715,168		7,715,168		6,050,747		1,664,421
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(658,157)		(658,157)		1,824,081		2,482,238
Other financing sources (uses):								
Lease financing		-		-		229,261		229,261
Subscription financing		-		-		97,474		97,474
Transfers out		(2,478,100)		(2,478,100)		(2,478,100)		
Total other financing sources		(2,478,100)		(2,478,100)		(2,151,365)		326,735
Net change in fund balance	\$	(3,136,257)	\$	(3,136,257)		(327,284)	\$	2,808,973
FUND BALANCE - beginning of Year						6,469,036		
FUND BALANCE - end of year					\$	6,141,752		

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Special Revenue - Motor Fuel Tax Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	 Variance Under/ Over
Revenues:				
Motor fuel allocations	\$ 426,000	\$ 426,000	\$ 489,211	\$ 63,211
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Interest	5,000	5,000	63,537	58,537
Total revenues	 431,000	 431,000	 552,748	 121,748
Expenditures:				
Public works				
Salt & sand	185,000	185,000	112,258	72,742
Total expenditures	185,000	185,000	112,258	72,742
Capital outlay				
Public works	 	 	 231,233	 (231,233)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 246,000	\$ 246,000	209,257	\$ (36,743)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year			1,295,409	
FUND BALANCE - End of Year			\$ 1,504,666	

Required Supplementary Information
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Capital Projects Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual		Variance Under/ Over
Revenues					
Intergovernmental - Grant	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ _	\$	-
Total revenues	 -		 		
Expenditures Current: General Government					
Public works	89,000	89,000	34,679		54,321
Police Department	89,000	89,000	34,079		34,321
Capital outlay	-	-	-		-
General Government	_	_	_		_
Police Department	_	_	_		_
Parks and recreation	_	_	_		_
Other infrastructure projects	3,876,000	3,876,000	2,106,214		1,769,786
Total expenditures	3,965,000	3,965,000	2,140,893		1,824,107
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 (3,965,000)	 (3,965,000)	 (2,140,893)	_	1,824,107
Other financing sources (uses) Sale of land	_	_	_		_
Transfers in	3,876,000	3,876,000	2,215,000		(1,661,000)
Total other financing sources	 3,876,000	 3,876,000	 2,215,000		(1,661,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (89,000)	\$ (89,000)	74,107	\$	163,107
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year			 418,811		
FUND BALANCES - end of year			\$ 492,918		

VILLAGE OF ROSCOE, ILLINOIS
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in Net Pensior
Liability and Related Ratio:
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Regular Pla
As of December 31, 2023
Last 10 Calendar Years

Calendar year ending December 31	_	2023	_	2022		2021	_	2020	2019	 2018	2017	2016	_	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liabilit Benefit changes	\$	60,678 121,682	\$	60,165 108,845	\$	59,032 103,532	\$	51,695 \$ 104,496	63,839 102,455	\$ 54,279 109,338	\$ 59,727 102,806	\$ 65,303 95,079	\$	60,724 87,364	\$ 50,580 75,226
Difference between expected and actual experience Assumption changes		58,546 (14,279)		82,425		(17,696)		(85,479) (4,828)	(33,064)	(165,195) 37,979	49,926 (52,939)	6,722		1,973	29,600 50,357
Benefit payments and refunds		(76,289)		(72,954)		(71,367)		(94,322)	(103,702)	 (67,981)	 (71,430)	(51,157)		(47,803)	 (50,190)
Net change in total pension liability		150,338		178,481		73,501		(28,438)	29,528	(31,580)	88,090	115,947		102,258	155,573
Total Pension Liability - Beginnin;	_	1,686,182	_	1,507,701	_	1,434,200	_	1,462,638	1,433,110	 1,464,690	 1,376,600	1,260,653		1,158,395	 1,002,822
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	1,836,520	\$	1,686,182	\$	1,507,701	\$	1,434,200 \$	1,462,638	\$ 1,433,110	\$ 1,464,690	\$ 1,376,600	\$	1,260,653	\$ 1,158,395
Plan Fiduciary Net Positior Employer contribution: Employee contribution: Pension plan net investment incom Benefit payments and refunds Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	7,925 33,642 205,759 (76,289) 42,003 213,040	\$	15,106 28,442 (281,539) (72,954) 2,298 (308,647)	\$	20,956 28,664 325,998 (71,367) (8,591) 295,660	\$	28,540 \$ 26,264 260,061 (94,322) (85,880) 134,663	17,545 25,306 274,917 (103,702) 22,701 236,767	\$ 28,299 26,203 (104,811) (67,981) (163,532) (281,822)	\$ 32,900 23,389 279,639 (71,430) (32,120) 232,378	\$ 31,695 24,762 93,262 (51,157) 92,815 191,377	\$	31,816 25,340 7,172 (47,803) (79,867) (63,342)	\$ 25,029 20,006 81,762 (50,190) 10,147 86,754
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginnin	_	1,866,732		2,175,379	_	1,879,719	_	1,745,056	1,508,289	 1,790,111	 1,557,733	1,366,356	_	1,429,698	 1,342,944
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	2,079,772	\$	1,866,732	\$	2,175,379	\$	1,879,719 \$	1,745,056	\$ 1,508,289	\$ 1,790,111	\$ 1,557,733	\$	1,366,356	\$ 1,429,698
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	(243,252)	\$	(180,550)	\$	(667,678)	\$	(445,519) \$	(282,418)	\$ (75,179)	\$ (325,421)	\$ (181,133)	\$	(105,703)	\$ (271,303)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liabilit		113.25%		110.70%		144.28%		131.06%	119.31%	105.25%	122.22%	113.16%		108.38%	123.42%
Covered valuation payrol	\$	747,597	\$	632,040	\$	636,970	\$	583,650 \$	562,347	\$ 582,282	\$ 519,753	\$ 550,266	\$	563,120	\$ 524,230
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered valuation payrol		32.54%		-28.57%		-104.82%		-73.33%	-50.22%	-12.91%	-62.61%	-32.92%		-18.77%	-51.75%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Regular Plan As of December 31, 2023 Last 10 Calendar Years*

Calendar Year Ended December 31,	De	ctuarially etermined ntribution	Actual atribution	De	atribution eficiency Excess)	V	Covered Valuation Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll
2014	\$	29,514	\$ 25,029	\$	4,485	\$	524,230	4.77 %
2015		31,816	31,816		-		563,120	5.65
2016		31,695	31,695		-		550,266	5.76
2017		32,900	32,900		-		519,753	6.33
2018		28,299	28,299		-		582,282	4.86
2019		17,545	17,545		-		562,347	3.12
2020		28,540	28,540		-		583,650	4.89
2021		20,956	20,956		-		636,970	3.29
2022		15,106	15,106		-		632,040	2.39
2023		7,925	7,925		-		747,597	1.06

Notes to Schedule:

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2023 Contribution Rate.

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated

as of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior

to the beginning of the fiscal year in which

contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2023 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate entry age normal
Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization

Period: 20-year closed period.

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 2.75% Price Inflation: 2.25%

Salary Increases: 2.75% to 13.75%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.25%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General,

Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General. Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Other Information:

Notes: There were no benefit changes during the year.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is not presented for those years for which information is available.

^{*} Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation.

VILLAGE OF ROSCOE, ILLINOIS
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension
Liability and Related Ratios
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - SLEP
As of December 31, 2023
Last 10 Calendar Years*

Calendar year ending December 31,	 2023	2022		2021	 2020	2	2019		2018	_	2017		2016	 2015		2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ - : -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,653	\$ 6,474	\$	6,291
Benefit changes Difference between expected and actual experience Assumption changes Benefit payments and refunds	-	-		-	- - -		-		-		-		(81,023)	(17,430)		(5,844) 1,995
Net change in total pension liability	-	-		-	 -		-		-		-		(75,370)	(10,956)		2,442
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 	 	_		 					_		_	75,370	 86,326	_	83,884
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ <u> </u>	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$ 75,370	\$	86,326
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Employee contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ - : -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- -	\$ -	\$	-
Pension plan net investment income Benefit payments and refunds Other	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		5,653	419		5,117
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 	 	_	-	 - -			_		_		_	(81,035) (75,382)	 (8,745) (8,326)		(5,293)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 		_		 					_		_	75,382	83,708		83,884
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ _	\$ -	\$		\$ 	\$		\$		\$	_	\$		\$ 75,382	\$	83,708
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_	\$ - :	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (12)	\$	2,618
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	100.02%		96.97%
Covered valuation payroll	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered valuation payroll	\$ 0.00%	\$ 0.00%	\$	0.00%	\$ 0.00%	\$	0.00%	\$	0.00%	\$	0.00%	\$	0.00%	\$ 0.00%	\$	0.00%

Note: Covered valuation payroll is zero because employee covered under SLEP is inactive.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - SLEP As of December 31, 2023 Last 10 Calendar Years*

Calendar Year Ended December 31,	Deter	arially mined ibution	tual ibution	Defi	ibution ciency cess)	Valu	ered ation roll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll
2014	\$	-	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	0.00 %
2015		-	-		-		-	0.00
2016		-	-		-		-	0.00
2017		-	-		-		-	0.00
2018		-	-		-		-	0.00
2019		-	-		-		-	0.00
2020		-	-		-		-	0.00
2021		-	-		-		-	0.00
2022		-	-		-		-	0.00
2023		-	_		_		_	0.00

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of GASB 68 implementation for the Village, however three years of data was available and have been included for additional analysis.

Notes to Schedule:

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2021 Contribution Rate*

Valuation Date:

Notes Employee covered under SLEP is not active,

therefore, there are no payroll costs.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2021 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate entry age normal
Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization

Period: 21-year closed period.

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 2.75%
Price Inflation: 2.25%

Salary Increases: 2.85% to 13.75%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.25%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General,

Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General. Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Other Information:

Notes: There were no benefit changes during the year.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

^{*} Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, actuarial valuation.

VILLAGE OF ROSCOE, ILLINOIS
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension
Liability and Related Ratios
Police Pension Fund As of December 31, 2023 Last 10 Calendar Years*

Calendar year ending December 31,		2023		2022		2021	_	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability																		
Service cost	\$	316,129	\$	349,403	\$	271,086	\$	278,474	\$	276,363	\$	231,759	\$	224,283	\$	224,625	\$	199,079
Interest on the total pension liability		636,591		609,001		566,093		527,111		479,724 48,627		420,832		411,129		372,564		347,949
Benefit changes Difference between expected and actual experience		227,060		(255,835)		9,657		54,547		187,874		24,213		(145,420)		196,092		-
Assumption changes		-		(712,645)		-		-		-		742,833		105,305		-		-
Contributions - Buy back		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,045
Benefit payments and refunds		(410,456)		(215,459)		(204,573)		(201,511)		(208,347)		(195,928)		(193,142)		(206,097)		(187,770)
Net change in total pension liability		769,324		(225,535)		642,263		658,621		784,241		1,223,709		402,155		587,184		362,303
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		9,682,808		9,908,343	_	9,266,080		8,607,459		7,823,218		6,599,509		6,197,354		5,610,170		5,247,867
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	10,452,132	\$	9,682,808	\$	9,908,343	\$	9,266,080	\$	8,607,459	\$	7,823,218	\$	6,599,509	\$	6,197,354	\$	5,610,170
Plan Fiduciary Net Position																		
Employer contributions	\$	443,611	\$	355,232	\$	493,334	\$	446,817	\$	374,117	\$	309,890	\$	260,286	\$	234,355	\$	233,182
Employee contributions		123,510		129,508		106,466		103,709		98,611		99,150		97,946		75,226		88,743
Contributions - Buy back Pension plan net investment income		767,378		(763,453)		377,654		591,535		548,751		(60,710)		349,835		183,154		3,045 62,882
Benefit payments and refunds		(410,456)		(215,459)		(204,573)		(201,511)		(208,347)		(195,928)		(193,142)		(206,097)		(187,770)
Other - administrative expense		(20,815)		(15,842)		(11,304)		(5,258)		(5,616)		(5,912)		(8,268)		(7,008)		(5,581)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		903,228		(510,014)	_	761,577		935,292		807,516		146,490		506,657	_	279,630		194,501
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		5,810,510		6,320,524		5,558,947		4,623,655		3,816,139		3,669,649		3,162,992		2,883,362		2,688,861
Adjustment to beginning of year		(100)																
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	6,713,638	\$	5,810,510	\$	6,320,524	\$	5,558,947	\$	4,623,655	\$	3,816,139	\$	3,669,649	\$	3,162,992	\$	2,883,362
					_		_								_		_	
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	=	3,738,494	_	3,872,298	_	3,587,819	_	3,707,133	_	3,983,804	_	4,007,079	_	2,929,860	_	3,034,362	\$	2,726,808
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage																		
of total pension liability		64.23%		60.01%		63.79%		59.99%		53.72%		48.78%		55.60%		51.04%		51.40%
Covered valuation payroll	\$	1,246,317	\$	1,306,842	\$	1,074,329	\$	1,046,509	\$	995,066	\$	100,505	\$	988,355	\$	759,092	\$	895,489
Net pension liability as a percentage																		
of covered valuation payroll		299.96%		296.31%		333.96%		354.24%		400.36%		400.51%		296.44%		399.74%		304.50%

Other Information:

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only nine years are shown.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions Police Pension Fund As of December 31, 2023 Last 10 Calendar Years*

Calendar Year Ended December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution		Actual Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Valuation Payroll		Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	
2015	\$	276,837	\$	233,182	\$	43,655	\$	895,489	26.04 %	
2016	*	276,837	•	234,355	*	42,482	*	759,092	30.87	
2017		312,450		260,286		52,164		988,355	26.34	
2018		377,230		309,890		67,340		1,000,505	30.97	
2019		412,688		374,117		38,571		995,066	37.60	
2020		452,415		446,817		5,598		1,046,509	42.70	
2021		354,963		493,334		(138,371)		1,074,329	45.92	
2022		444,734		355,232		89,502		1,306,842	27.18	
2023		404,288		443,611		(39,323)		1,246,317	35.59	

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only nine years are shown.

Notes to Schedule:

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2023 Contribution Rate.

Valuation Date: 1/1/2023

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, one year

prior to the end of the year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2023 Contribution Rates:

Funding Method: Projected Unit Credit

Amortization Method: Normal cost, plus an additional amount (determined as a level percentage of payroll)

to bring the plan's funded ratio to 90% by the end of fiscal year 2040.

Mortality Rate: Healthy Lives

RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant with Blue Collar Adjustment, males and females.

Disabled Lives:

115% of RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant with-Blue Collar Adjustment, males and females.

Interest Rate: 6.80%

Retirement Age:	Age	Age Rate		Rate	
-	<=49	0%	<=49	0%	
	50-51	15%	50-54	5%	
	52-54	20%	55	40%	
	55-64	25%	56-64	25%	
	65-69	40%	65-69	40%	
	70+	100%	70+	100%	

Termination Rate:	Age	Rate	
	20	14.00%	
	25	10.40%	
	30	5.60%	
	35	3.10%	
	40	1.90%	
	45	1.50%	
	50	1.50%	
	56+	0.00%	

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions Police Pension Fund As of December 31, 2023 Last 10 Calendar Years*

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2023 Contribution Rates: (Continued)

Disability Rate:

60% percent of disabilities are assumed to be in the line of duty.

Age	Rate
20	0.00%
25	0.03%
30	0.14%
35	0.26%
40	0.42%
45	0.59%
50	0.71%
55	0.90%
60	1.15%

Salary Increases:

Rates vary by service from 0 to 32 years.

Service	Rate
0	11.00%
1	10.75%
2	8.75%
3	8.50%
4	7.00%
5	6.25%
6	5.25%
7	4.25%
8-16	4.00%
17-32	3.75%
32+	3.50%

Payroll Growth:

Inflation:

4.50%

2.5% per year.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments:

Tier 1: 3.00% per year after age 55. Those that retire prior to age 55 receive and increase of 1/12 of 3.00% for each full month since benefit commencement upon

reaching age 55.

Tier 2: 1.25% per year after the later of attainment of age 60 or first anniversary of retirement.

Marital Status:

80% of officers are assumed to be married.

Spouse's Age:

Males are assumed to be three years older than females.

Actuarial Asset Method:

Investment gains and losses are smoothed over a 9-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Legal Compliance and Accountability

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted (at the fund level) for the General Fund and Special Revenue - Street & Bridge, Motor Fuel, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds on the modified accrual basis with a line items basis by fund. The annual appropriated budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- A. The Village Finance Committee submits to the Village Board a proposed operating budget for the calendar year commencing the following January 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- B. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- C. Prior to January 1st, the budget is legally enacted by Village Board action. This is the amount reported as original budget.
- D. The Village Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total appropriation of any fund must be approved by Village Board as a supplemental appropriation ordinance.
- E. Budgets are adopted and formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for General Fund, Special Revenue Funds Street & Bridge, Motor Fuel, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund.
- F. All budgets for these funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- G. Budgetary authority lapses at year-end.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Legal Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

H. State law requires that "expenditures be made in conformity with appropriations/budget". As under the budget act, transfers between line items, departments and funds may be made by administrative action. The final budget reflects all amendments made. The level of legal control is at the fund level.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2023

	Special Revenue					
	Street & Bridge Fund		Tax Increment Financing Fund		Total	
ASSETS Cash and investments	¢	200 500	¢.	7 292	¢	205 992
Total assets	\$	298,500 298,500	\$ \$	7,383 7,383	\$	305,883 305,883
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -
Total liabilities				<u> </u>		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Restricted:						
Highways, streets & bridges Debt service		298,500		-		298,500
Unrestricted (deficit)				7,383		7,383
Total fund balances (deficit)		298,500		7,383		305,883
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	298,500	\$	7,383	\$	305,883

Do	ebt Service	
	Bond & Interest	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	375,912	\$ 681,795
\$	375,912	\$ 681,795
\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -
	375,912	298,500 375,912 7,383
	375,912	 681,795

375,912

681,795

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Special Revenue								
	Tax Street & Increment Bridge Financing Fund Fund					Total			
Revenues									
Taxes									
Property taxes	\$	31,801	\$	18,683	\$	50,484			
Telecommunications				-					
Total revenues		31,801		18,683		50,484			
Expenditures									
Current									
General government		-		359		359			
Debt service									
Principal		-		-		-			
Interest		=							
Total expenditures				359		359			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		31,801		18,324		50,125			
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		-		-		-			
Total other financing sources (uses)									
Net change in fund balances		31,801		18,324		50,125			
FUND BALANCE (Deficit) - beginning of year		266,699		(10,941)		255,758			
FUND BALANCE (Deficit) - end of year	\$	298,500	\$	7,383	\$	305,883			

Debt Service

	ond & nterest		Total Jonmajor vernmental Funds
\$	_	\$	50,484
	114,963		114,963
	114,963		165,447
	_		359
			50,
	350,000		350,000
	32,856		32,856
	382,856		383,215
-	(267,893)		(217,768)
	263,100		263,100
	263,100		263,100
	(4,793)		45,332
·	380,705	-	636,463
\$	375,912	\$	681,795

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Street & Bridge Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Original Budget		Final Budget	 Actual	Variance Under/ Over		
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 31,801	\$	1,801	
Total revenues		30,000	 30,000	 31,801		1,801	
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay							
Public works		100,000	 100,000	 		100,000	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(70,000)	\$ (70,000)	31,801	\$	101,801	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year				 266,699			
FUND BALANCE - End of Year				\$ 298,500			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Debt Service Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Original Budget			Final Budget	 Actual	Variance Under/ Over			
Revenues:									
Telecommunications tax	\$	120,000	\$	120,000	\$ 114,963	\$	(5,037)		
Total revenues		120,000		120,000	 114,963		(5,037)		
Expenditures:									
Debt service:									
Principal		350,000		350,000	350,000		-		
Interest		33,100		33,100	32,856		244		
Total expenditures		383,100		383,100	 382,856		244		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(263,100)		(263,100)	 (267,893)		(4,793)		
Other financing sources:									
Transfers in		263,539		263,539	263,100		(439)		
Total other financing sources		263,539		263,539	263,100		(439)		
Net change in fund balance	\$	439	\$	439	(4,793)	\$	(5,232)		
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year					380,705				
FUND BALANCE - End of Year					\$ 375,912				

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Under/ Over
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 1,597,101	\$ 1,597,101	\$ 1,597,692	\$ 591
Sales	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,212,401	112,401
Total taxes	3,697,101	3,697,101	3,810,093	112,992
Intergovernmental:				
State income tax	1,592,000	1,592,000	1,765,910	173,910
Local use tax	415,000	415,000	440,296	25,296
Video game tax	420,000	420,000	516,604	96,604
Personal property replacement	270,000	270,000	288,118	18,118
Cannabis use tax	18,000	18,000	16,631	(1,369)
Grants	8,000	8,000	7,281	(719)
Total intergovernmental	2,723,000	2,723,000	3,034,840	311,840
Licenses & Permits:				
Liquor licenses	142,300	142,300	142,450	150
Employee registration liquor	7,000	7,000	6,600	(400)
Vending licenses	4,100	4,100	4,750	650
Permits	35,500	35,500	45,012	9,512
Other		´ -	2,550	2,550
Total licenses & permits	188,900	188,900	201,362	12,462
Fines & Fees:				
Cable franchise fees	50,000	50,000	41,641	(8,359)
Gas franchise fees	105,000	105,000	116,166	11,166
Design review fees	1,000	1,000	-	(1,000)
Traffic fines	80,000	80,000	57,284	(22,716)
DUI fines	5,000	5,000	2,336	(2,664)
Parking citations	2,000	2,000	710	(1,290)
Drug fines	100	100	277	177
Police agency vehicles	410	410	40	(370)
Notice of violations	6,500	6,500	2,080	(4,420)
Administrative tow fees	40,000	40,000	29,610	(10,390)
Credit card fees	1,000	1,000	756	(244)
Rent	20,000	20,000	18,660	(1,340)
Total fines & fees	311,010	311,010	269,560	(41,450)
Reimbursements:				
Shared sidewalk repairs	2,500	2,500	167	(2,333)
Other reimbursements	2,500	2,500	14,762	14,762
Total reimbursements	2,500	2,500	14,929	12,429
Interest	80,000	80,000	450,645	370,645
Other:				
Sale of assets	22,000	22,000		(22,000)
Miscellaneous		32,500	93,399	60,899
Total other	32,500 54,500	54,500	93,399	38,899
1 otal otilel	34,300	34,300	75,579	38,899

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Under/ Over
Expenditures				
Current General Government Village Hall administration Salaries and benefits	\$ 214,558	\$ 214,558	\$ 191,174	\$ 23,384
Supplies and contractual services	592,605	592,605	574,829	17,776
Total Village Hall administration	807,163	807,163	766,003	41,160
Village Clerk: Salaries and benefits Supplies and contractual services Total village clerk department	24,377 4,950 29,327	24,377 4,950 29,327	19,279 6,159 25,438	5,098 (1,209) 3,889
Total village cierk department	29,321	29,321	23,436	3,869
Code Enforcement Department Salaries and benefits Supplies and contractual services	100,744 13,000	100,744 13,000	97,643 22,961	3,101 (9,961)
Total code enforcement department	113,744	113,744	120,604	(6,860)
Village Treasurer: Supplies and contractual services	69,300	69,300	69,300	-
Total treasurer department	69,300	69,300	69,300	-
Liability Insurance Supplies and contractual services	222,603	222,603	222,603	
Total liability Insurance	222,603	222,603	222,603	
Planning/Zoning department: Supplies and contractual services	160,200	160,200	4,999	155,201
Total planning/zoning department	160,200	160,200	4,999	155,201
Human Resource Department: Salaries and benefits Supplies and contractual services	92,793 1,200	92,793 1,200	94,167 244	(1,374) 956
Total human resource department	93,993	93,993	94,411	(418)
Village Board Salaries and benefits Supplies and contractual services	60,333 2,500	60,333 2,500	49,692 2,800	10,641 (300)
Total village board	62,833	62,833	52,492	10,341
Total general government	1,559,163	1,559,163	1,355,850	203,313

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Under/ Over
Expenditures - Continued				
Current - Continued Highway & Streets Public Works department Salaries and benefits Supplies and contractual services	\$ 576,712 407,850	\$ 576,712 407,850	\$ 406,292 465,317	\$ 170,420 (57,467)
Total Highway & Streets	984,562	984,562	871,609	112,953
Public Safety Police Department: Salaries and benefits Lease right-of-use asset Subscription asset Supplies and contractual services	2,323,349 - - 361,329	2,323,349 - - 361,329	2,261,940 229,261 97,474 448,408	61,409 (229,261) (97,474) (87,079)
Total Public Safety	2,684,678	2,684,678	3,037,083	(352,405)
Parks & Recreation Parks Department Salaries and benefits Supplies and contractual services Total Parks and Recreation Total Current	172,959 81,100 254,059 5,482,462	172,959 81,100 254,059 5,482,462	146,731 77,522 224,253 5,488,795	26,228 3,578 29,806 (6,333)
Total Current	3,462,402	3,402,402	3,400,773	(0,333)
Capital Outlay General Government Village Hall Highway & Streets Public Works department	277,212 723,722	277,212 723,722	241,593 132,622	35,619 591,100
Public Safety Police Department	187,472	187,472	-	187,472
Culture & Recreation Parks Department	1,044,300	1,044,300	187,737	856,563
Total capital outlay	2,232,706	2,232,706	561,952	1,670,754
Total expenditures	7,715,168	7,715,168	6,050,747	1,664,421
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(658,157)	(658,157)	1,824,081	2,482,238
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to other funds Lease financing Subscription financing Total other financing uses	(2,478,100) - - - (2,478,100)	(2,478,100)	(2,478,100) 229,261 97,474 (2,151,365)	229,261 97,474
-			(2,131,303)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (3,136,257)	\$ (3,136,257)	(327,284)	\$ 2,808,973
			6,469,036	
			\$ 6,141,752	

VILLAGE OF ROSCOE, ILLINOIS Assessed Valuations and Property Tax Rates Extensions and Collections

Tax Years

					1 11 11	i cars	•									
		2022		2021	· ·	2020	0		2019			2018	3		201	7
Assessed Valuations		\$ 265,414,376	=	\$ 248,371,275	= :	\$ 2	237,000,304		\$ 2	226,409,586		\$:	212,979,894		\$ 2	203,793,782
Property tax rates (per \$100 of assessed valuation):	Maximum	Actual	Maximum	Actual	Maximum		Actual	Maximum		Actual	Maximum		Actual	Maximum		Actual
Corporate Police Pension Social Security	0.4375	0.2330 0.1673 0.0038	0.4375	0.2521 0.1430 0.0041	0.4375		0.2431 0.1909 0.0043	0.4375		0.2544 0.1823 0.0045	0.4375		0.2670 0.1772 0.0047	0.4375		0.2874 0.1534 0.0050
Police Protection Liability Insurance	0.6000	0.1673 0.0302	0.6000	0.1812 0.0323	0.6000	_	0.1710 0.0211	0.6000		0.1789 0.0221	0.6000		0.1879 0.0235	0.6000	_	0.1963 0.0246
Total Tax Rate		0.6016	=	0.6127	= :	_	0.6304			0.6422		_	0.6603		_	0.6667
Property tax extensions: Corporate Police Pension Social Security Police Protection Liability Insurance		\$ 618,867 445,159 10,093 444,362 80,214	_	\$ 626,086 354,963 10,000 450,000 80,000	-	\$	576,147 452,434 10,191 405,271 50,007		\$	575,986 412,745 10,188 405,047 50,028		\$	568,403 377,232 10,006 400,011 50,028		\$	585,884 312,716 10,193 400,171 50,148
Total Taxes Extended		\$ 1,598,695	_	\$ 1,521,049	=	\$	1,494,050		\$	1,453,994		\$	1,405,680		\$	1,359,112
Property tax collections: Corporate Police Pension Social Security Police Protection Liability Insurance		\$ 620,590 443,920 10,065 443,126 79,990	_	\$ 625,819 354,986 10,177 449,814 80,183	_	\$	575,947 452,277 10,187 405,129 49,990		\$	571,544 409,562 10,110 401,924 49,651		\$	564,432 374,598 9,936 397,218 49,679		\$	580,591 309,890 10,101 396,554 49,696
Total Levied Taxes Collected		\$ 1,597,691	=	\$ 1,520,979	=	\$	1,493,530		\$	1,442,789		\$	1,395,863		\$	1,346,832
Percentage of Extensions Collected:		99.94	=	100.00	=		99.97			99.23	%		99.30 %	5		99.10
Amounts Transferred From Other Taxing Districts		\$	=	\$	-	\$	44,278		s	41,431		\$	39,711		\$	36,845
Total Taxes Collected		\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,537,808		\$	1,484,220		\$	1,435,574		\$	1,383,677

VILLAGE of ROSCOE, ILLINOIS Schedule of Legal Debt Margin December 31, 2023

December 31.

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Assessed Valuations*	\$ 265,414,376	\$ 248,371,273	\$ 237,000,304	\$ 226,409,586	\$ 212,979,894	\$ 203,793,782
Statutory Debt Limitation (8 5/8 % of Assessed Valuation)	\$ 22,891,990	\$ 21,422,022	\$ 20,441,276	\$ 19,527,827	\$ 18,369,516	\$ 17,577,214
Bonds payable Loan payable (includes unamortized loan payable discount)	- 	<u> </u>	- 	- -	-	-
Total payable Legal Debt Margin	\$ 22,891,990	\$ 21,422,022	\$ 20,441,276	\$ 19,527,827	\$ 18,369,516	\$ 17,577,214

^{*} Assessed values are for the tax year one year earlier. For example, the assessed value for the year ended December 31, 2023 is the assessed value of tax year 2022.



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Trustees of Village of Roscoe

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Roscoe (the Village), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Baker Tilly US, LLP

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin November 1, 2024