ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024



CLIENT FOCUSED. RELATIONSHIP DRIVEN.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

September 30, 2024

	PAGE
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5-11
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Activities	16-17
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Position	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to Change in Statement of Activities	21
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position – Enterprise Funds	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Enterprise Funds	23
Statement of Cash Flows - Enterprise Funds	24-25
Notes to the Financial Statements	27-48
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund	51
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Texas Municipal Retirement System	52-53
Schedule of Contributions – Texas Municipal Retirement System - Pension	54-55

TABLE OF CONTENTS

September 30, 2024

	<u>PAGE</u>
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)	
Schedule of Changes in Other Postemployment Benefits Liability (OPEB) and Related Ratios Texas Municipal Retirement System	56-57
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	58
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	61
Combining Statement of Revenues and Expenditures	62
Component Unit:	
Balance Sheet	63
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position	64
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	67-68

FINANCIAL SECTION







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the City Council City of Rollingwood, Texas 403 Nixon Drive Rollingwood, Texas 78746

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rollingwood, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Rollingwood, Texas' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rollingwood, Texas, as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Rollingwood, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Rollingwood, Texas' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Rollingwood, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Rollingwood, Texas' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5-10 and page 49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Rollingwood, Texas' basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 15, 2025, on our consideration of the City of Rollingwood, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Rollingwood, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ABIP.PC

San Antonio, Texas January 15, 2025



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2024

As management of the City of Rollingwood, Texas (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2024 by \$7,879,320. Of this amount \$2,627,340 (unrestricted net position), may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total cost of all City activities was \$6,394,678 for the fiscal year. The net expense after charges for services and operating contributions was \$3,116,348.
- During the year, the City issued City of Rollingwood, Texas General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 in the amount of \$1,395,000 and entered into a loan agreement with Government Capital Corporation in the amount of \$649,290.
- At September 30, 2024 the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,828,327, a net increase of \$400,175. This increase is due mainly to an increase of property and sales taxes.
- At September 30, 2024 the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$2,891,431 or 107% of total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of four components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, (3) component unit financial statements, and (4) notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> – The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through their user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public works, sanitation, public safety, court, parks and recreation, streets, and development services. The business-type activities of the City include water and wastewater. The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government) but also the component unit of Rollingwood Community Development Corporation, Inc.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental and proprietary, and utilize different accounting approaches.

<u>Governmental funds</u> – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available for current spending, as well as on balances of resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintained eight (8) individual governmental funds during the 2024 fiscal year. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and debt service fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other six (6) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. Schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actual (GAAP basis) have been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the appropriated budget.

The City maintains only one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the enterprise fund to account for its water and wastewater utility services.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in a more detailed format. The City has two major proprietary funds. They are the water fund and the wastewater fund. Separate financial statements are presented for the major funds.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other information</u> – The combining statements referred to earlier as the City's nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$7,879,320 (net position). Of this amount, \$2,627,340 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The largest portion of the City's net position (59%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net position (7%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

	Government	tal Ac	tivities	Business-Type Activities			Total			
	 2024		2023		2024	-	2023	 2024		2023
Assets:										
Current and other assets	\$ 5,294,101	\$	4,882,969	\$	5,517,403	\$	5,505,889	\$ 10,811,504	\$	10,388,858
Capital assets	 2,930,907		2,674,853		13,169,072		11,402,443	 16,099,979		14,077,296
Total assets	 8,225,008		7,557,822		18,686,475		16,908,332	 26,911,483		24,466,154
Deferred outflows of										
resources	 231,831		297,619		90,158		97,100	 321,989		394,719
Liabilities:										
Current liabilities	694,916		655,475		1,152,730		955,708	1,847,646		1,611,183
Long-term liabilities	 2,177,569		2,655,654		15,302,246		13,855,304	 17,479,815		16,510,958
Total liabilities	 2,872,485		3,311,129		16,454,976		14,811,012	 19,327,461		18,122,141
Deferred inflows of										
resources	 19,217		25,716		7,474		8,390	 26,691		34,106
Net position:										
Net investment in										
capital assets	2,776,162		2,091,429		1,931,646		1,125,865	4,707,808		3,217,294
Restricted	566,450		495,981		-		-	566,450		495,981
Unrestricted	 2,222,525		1,931,186		382,537		1,060,165	 2,605,062		2,991,351
Total net position	\$ 5,565,137	\$	4,518,596	\$	2,314,183	\$	2,186,030	\$ 7,879,320	\$	6,704,626

NET POSITION

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, for the primary government as a whole.

Governmental activities – Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,046,541.

A key element is as follows:

• An increase in charges for services revenue.

<u>Business-type activities</u> – Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$128,153 primarily due to the increase in charges for services.

The following table indicates changes in net position for the governmental and business-type activities for the City as of September 30, 2024.

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-T y	pe Activities	Total			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Revenues:								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 592,817	\$ 430,731	\$ 2,617,397	\$ 2,616,668	\$ 3,210,214	\$ 3,047,399		
Operating contributions	68,116	65,299	-	-	68,116	65,299		
Capital contributions	-	34,548	-	-	-	34,548		
General revenues								
Property taxes	3,035,254	2,631,742	-	-	3,035,254	2,631,742		
Sales taxes	1,067,924	881,653	-	-	1,067,924	881,653		
Franchise taxes	138,221	135,295	-	-	138,221	135,295		
Unrestricted investment								
earnings	23,617	16,907	25,753	18,092	49,370	34,999		
Other income	273	28,328		-	273	28,328		
Total revenues	4,926,222	4,224,503	2,643,150	2,634,760	7,569,372	6,859,263		
Expenses:								
General government	711,835	601,775	-	-	711,835	601,775		
Public works	32,884	25,549	-	-	32,884	25,549		
Sanitation	189,111	187,349	-	-	189,111	187,349		
Public safety	1,297,835	1,407,957	-	-	1,297,835	1,407,957		
Court	101,976	105,786	-	-	101,976	105,786		
Parks and recreation	105,326	84,179	-	-	105,326	84,179		
Streets	149,639	119,224	-	-	149,639	119,224		
Development services	251,361	325,471	-	-	251,361	325,471		
Drainage	67,311	150,834	-	-	67,311	150,834		
Interest	56,282	68,004	-	-	56,282	68,004		
Water	-	-	1,844,773	1,862,409	1,844,773	1,862,409		
Wastewater	-	-	1,586,345	1,512,249	1,586,345	1,512,249		
Total expenses	2,963,560	3,076,128	3,431,118	3,374,658	6,394,678	6,450,786		
Increase (decrease) in net								
position before transfers	1,962,662	1,148,375	(787,968)	(739,898)	1,174,694	408,477		
T	(01 (101)		01(101	(55.015				
Transfers	(916,121)	(657,917)	916,121	657,917				
Change in net position	1,046,541	490,458	128,153	(81,981)	1,174,694	408,477		
NT / // 1 / /	4 510 505	2 004 450	2 10 (020	2 212 204				
Net position - beginning	4,518,596	3,994,478	2,186,030	2,313,206	6,704,626	6,307,684		
Restatement of net position		33,660		(45,195)		(11,535)		
Net position - ending	\$ 5,565,137	\$ 4,518,596	\$ 2,314,183	\$ 2,186,030	\$ 7,879,320	\$ 6,704,626		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds</u> – The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,828,327, an increase of \$400,175 from the prior year. This increase is due primarily to increased property and sales taxes.

Approximately 47% of this total amount, \$2,253,098 constitutes fund balance which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder fund balance of \$2,275,229 or 53% is restricted as to use.

The City's general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance was \$2,891,431. The unassigned fund balance represents 107% of total general fund expenditures. The fund balance of the City's general fund increased for the fiscal year by \$728,474, after the restatement.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> – The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmentwide financial statements, but in more detail.

Water Fund – A deficit unrestricted net position in the amount of (\$247,375) is recorded due to an increase in debt agreements entered into during the current year. This is a decrease of the unrestricted net position in the prior year by \$800,806.

Wastewater Fund – Unrestricted net position in the wastewater fund at the end of the current fiscal year amounted to \$629,912. This is an increase of the unrestricted net position in the prior year by \$123,178.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

<u>General fund</u> – Actual fiscal year expenditures in the general fund were \$546,862 less than the final budgeted amounts or appropriations. The fiscal year 2024 budget was amended from the original budget adopted by Council.

The major difference between the original and final budget was:

- \$200,000 budget increase in general government and sanitation expenditures and sales tax revenues
- \$224,100 budget decrease in public safety expenditures

<u>Debt Service fund</u> – Actual fiscal year expenditures in the debt service fund were \$1,014,622 less than the final budgeted amounts or appropriations. The difference is due to debt payments for the water and wastewater fund being budgeted in the debt service fund.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

<u>Capital assets</u> – The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2024 amounted to \$16,099,979 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The net increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 14% due mainly to construction in progress.

The following table shows capital asset activity for the 2024 fiscal year compared to 2023. If more detailed information is desired on the City's capital asset activity, please refer to note 4 as presented in the notes to the financial statements.

	Governme	ntal A	ctivities	Business-Type	Activities	Total			
	2024		2023	 2024	2023	2024	2023		
Capital assets-not depreciated									
Land	\$ 321,438	\$	321,438	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 321,438	\$ 321,438		
Construction in progress	719,901		308,752	 424,217		1,144,118	308,752		
Total capital assets -									
not depreciated	1,041,339		630,190	 424,217		1,465,556	630,190		
Capital assets-depreciated									
Buildings and improvements	721,038		721,038	43,000	43,000	764,038	764,038		
Equipment	1,155,493		1,155,493	994,975	345,685	2,150,468	1,501,178		
Infrastructure	2,215,866		2,215,866	 18,251,056	17,062,352	20,466,922	19,278,218		
Total capital assets -									
depreciated	4,092,397		4,092,397	 19,289,031	17,451,037	23,381,428	21,543,434		
Less: accumulated depreciation									
Buildings and improvements	(310,995)		(294,588)	(8,600)	(6,880)	(319,595)	(301,468)		
Equipment	(897,692)		(845,372)	(198,701)	(167,471)	(1,096,393)	(1,012,843)		
Infrastructure	(994,142)		(907,774)	 (6,336,875)	(5,874,243)	(7,331,017)	(6,782,017)		
Total accumulated									
depreciation	(2,202,829)		(2,047,734)	 (6,544,176)	(6,048,594)	(8,747,005)	(8,096,328)		
Total capital assets - net	\$ 2,930,907	\$	2,674,853	\$ 13,169,072	\$ 11,402,443	\$ 16,099,979	\$ 14,077,296		

CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF DEPRECIATION

<u>Long-term liabilities</u> – During the fiscal year, the City issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 in the amount of \$1,395,000 for waterwork improvements and entered into a loan contract with Government Capital Corporation in the amount of \$649,290 for water and wastewater projects. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$16,280,000. Additional information on liabilities may be found in note 10 of this report as presented in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Rollingwood has historically maintained a solid economy and continues to exhibit strong fundamentals. The City, with an estimated population of 1,500 is a 0.8-square mile landlocked community in Travis County, directly adjacent to southwest Austin. It is in the Austin-Round Rock MSA, which boasts a broad and diverse economy. The Austin-Round Rock MSA is one of the fastest growing among the top 50 metropolitan areas in the nation. The City of Rollingwood benefits from continuing positive trends in real estate and overall growth in the Austin region. Additionally, major tech companies continue their drive for operational expansion and the Austin market has emerged as an attractive destination for the tech industry. City leadership is developing plans to maximize the potential of its existing commercial corridor.

Rollingwood's tax base continues to grow year over year despite its landlocked nature. While growth within the City is limited, the increase in valuation can be in part attributed to renovation and redevelopment of existing lots resulting in higher home values. It is also attributed to supply and demand. Demand for housing in Rollingwood is high due to proximity to downtown Austin, the excellent school district, large sprawling lots, and the City's low tax rate. Supply of available housing is low due to being a small, landlocked community, which drives value. The average home value significantly increased from the previous year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Administrator, 403 Nixon Drive, Rollingwood, Texas 78746.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
 - Governmental Funds
 - Proprietary Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2024

	Governmental	Primary Government Business-Type		Component	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Unit	
Assets:	¢ 4047.((0 6 5 195 9/0	¢ 10.122.520	¢ (22.70)	
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable-net of allowances	\$ 4,947,66	0 \$ 5,185,869	\$ 10,133,529	\$ 622,706	
for uncollectibles:					
Property taxes	54.01	0	54,019		
Other	123,72		429,679	17,421	
Lease receivable	168,55	,	168,559	17,421	
Internal balances	13			-	
Prepaid items		- 25,718	25,718	-	
Capital assets:			,		
Land	321,43	8 -	321,438	-	
Construction in progress	719,90		1,144,118	-	
Buildings and improvements	410,04		410,043	-	
Water distribution system	,	- 3,564,479	3,564,479	-	
Wastewater system		- 8,276,336	8,276,336	-	
Wastewater system-connections		- 73,366	73,366	-	
Equipment	257,80		1,054,075	-	
Infrastructure	1,221,72		1,221,724	-	
Wastewater system-building improvements		- 34,400	34,400	-	
Total assets	8,225,00		26,911,483	640,127	
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	219,18	1 85,238	304,419	_	
Deferred outflows of resources - Dension	12,65		17,570	-	
Total deferred outflows of resources	231,83		321,989		
T interior.					
Liabilities:	143,17	(414 771	557,947		
Accounts payable Accrued interest payable	143,17		57,181	-	
Accrued expenses	83,76		97,181	-	
Unearned revenue	16,55		37,177	-	
Noncurrent liabilities:	10,55	20,018	57,177	-	
Payable from restricted assets -					
Customer deposits		- 174,320	174,320	_	
Net pension liability	344,57		478,575		
OPEB liability	54,74		76,039		
Due within one year	440,99		1,098,184	_	
Due in more than one year	1,778,24		16,750,881	_	
Total liabilities	2,872,48		19,327,461		
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	4,37	8 1,702	6,080	-	
*					
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	14,83		20,611		
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,21	7 7,474	26,691		
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	2,776,16	2 1,931,646	4,707,808	-	
Restricted for:					
Street maintenance	542,61		542,614	-	
Municipal court	22,92	- 1	22,921	-	
Debt service			-	-	
Police department	91		915	-	
Unrestricted net position	2,222,52		2,605,062	640,127	
Total net position	\$ 5,565,13	7 \$ 2,314,183	\$ 7,879,320	\$ 640,127	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended September 30, 2024

Functions and Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Contributions	Capital Contributions						
Primary governmental activities:										
General government	\$ (711,835)	\$ 330,942	\$ 62,826	\$ -						
Public works	(32,884)		-	-						
Sanitation	(189,111)	440	-	-						
Public safety	(1,297,835)	-	290	-						
Court	(101,976)	111,243	-	-						
Parks and recreation	(105,326)	76,257	5,000	-						
Streets	(149,639)	-	-	-						
Development services	(251,361)	-	-	-						
Drainage	(67,311)	56,156	-	-						
Interest and fees	(56,282)		<u> </u>							
Total primary governmental										
activities	(2,963,560)	592,817	68,116							
Business-type activities:										
Water	(1,844,773)		-	-						
Wastewater	(1,586,345)	1,052,264								
Total business-type activities	(3,431,118)	2,617,397								
Primary government	\$ (6,394,678)	\$ 3,210,214	\$ 68,116	<u> </u>						
Component unit:										
Rollingwood Community										
Development Corporation	\$ (81,800)	\$	\$	<u>\$</u>						
	General revenues:									
	Taxes:									
	Property taxes									
	Sales taxes									
	Franchise tax and telecom	munication fees								
	Interest									
	Miscellaneous revenue									
	Transfers									
	Total general revenue	es								
	Change in net positio	on								
	Net position at begin	ning of year								
	Net position at end o	of year								

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position											
G	overnmental	E	Business-Type	G	lovernment	Component						
	Activities		Activities		Total	Unit						
\$	(318,067)	\$	-	\$	(318,067)							
	(15,105)		-		(15,105)							
	(188,671)		-		(188,671)							
	(1,297,545)		-		(1,297,545)							
	9,267		-		9,267							
	(24,069)		-		(24,069)							
	(149,639)		-		(149,639)							
	(251,361)		-		(251,361)							
	(11,155)		-		(11,155)							
	(56,282)		-		(56,282)							
	(2,302,627)		<u> </u>		(2,302,627)							
	-		(279,640)		(279,640)							
	-		(534,081)		(534,081)							
			(813,721)		(813,721)							
	(2,302,627)		(813,721)		(3,116,348)							

Net (Expense)	Dovonuo and	Changes in	Not Position
	Revenue anu	Changes in	INCL F USILIOII

```
$
    (81,800)
```

-	4	3,035,254	-	3,035,254	
213,656	4	1,067,924	-	1,067,924	
-	1	138,221	-	138,221	
18,388	0	49,370	25,753	23,617	
-	3	273	-	273	
	-	-	 916,121	 (916,121)	
232,044	2	4,291,042	 941,874	 3,349,168	
150,244	4	1,174,694	128,153	1,046,541	
489,883	6	6,704,626	 2,186,030	 4,518,596	
\$ 640,127	0	7,879,320	\$ 2,314,183	\$ 5,565,137	\$

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2024

		General	De	bt Service		Other Jonmajor vernmental	G	Total
	Fund		Fund			Funds	Funds	
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,375,017	\$	23,536	\$	549,107	\$	4,947,660
Taxes receivables, net		28,111		25,908		-		54,019
Sales tax receivable		69,685		-		17,421		87,106
Other receivables		36,619		-		-		36,619
Lease receivable		168,559		-		-		168,559
Due from other funds		564,596				-		564,596
Total assets	\$	5,242,587	\$	49,444	\$	566,528	\$	5,858,559
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	86,571	\$	-	\$	56,605	\$	143,176
Accrued liabilities		42,881		-		40,884		83,765
Due to other funds		-		-		564,458		564,458
Unearned revenue		16,559		-		-		16,559
Total liabilities		146,011				661,947		807,958
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unearned revenue - property taxes		28,111		25,908		-		54,019
Unearned revenue - leases	_	168,255		-	_	-		168,255
Total deferred inflows of resources		196,366		25,908		-		222,274
Fund balances:								
Restricted for construction		2,008,779		-		-		2,008,779
Restricted for street maintenance		-		-		542,614		542,614
Restricted for municipal court		-		-		22,921		22,921
Restricted for police department		-		-		915		915
Unassigned		2,891,431		23,536		(661,869)		2,253,098
Total fund balances		4,900,210		23,536		(95,419)		4,828,327
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and fund balances	\$	5,242,587	\$	49,444	\$	566,528	\$	5,858,559

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 4,828,327
Amounts reported in governmental funds and in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	2,930,907
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay current expenses are deferred in the funds.	54,019
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, bond premiums, and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, not reported in the funds.	(2,219,241)
Lease receivable unavailable to pay current expenses are deferred in the funds.	168,255
Accrued interest payable on long-term bonds are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	(10,422)
Recognition of the City's net pension and OPEB liability, the deferred outflows, and deferred inflows related to TMRS.	 (186,708)
Total net position of governmental activities	\$ 5,565,137

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended September 30, 2024

	 General Debt Servi Fund Fund		ebt Service Fund			Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$ 1,534,343	\$	1,490,519	\$	-	\$	3,024,862
Sales taxes	854,268		-		213,656		1,067,924
Franchise and telecommunications fees	138,221		-		-		138,221
Licenses and fees	330,973		-		56,156		387,129
Fines and forfeitures	98,117		-		5,205		103,322
Contributions	5,000		-		-		5,000
Intergovernmental	62,826		-		-		62,826
Other income	128,723		-		-		128,723
Interest income	7,857		-		-		7,857
Investment earnings	 23,124		-		493		23,617
T otal revenues	 3,183,452		1,490,519		275,510		4,949,481
Expenditures:							
General government	665,331		-		-		665,331
Public works	29,687		-		-		29,687
Sanitation	178,727		-		-		178,727
Public safety	1,221,455		-		-		1,221,455
Court	90,035		-		5,858		95,893
Parks and recreation	99,250		-		-		99,250
Streets	141,438		-		67,311		208,749
Development	237,632		-		-		237,632
Capital outlay	-		-		411,149		411,149
Debt service:							
Principal	29,525		390,900		-		420,425
Interest and fees	3,106		60,661		-		63,767
Debt issuance costs	 -		1,120		-		1,120
T otal expenditures	 2,696,186		452,681		484,318		3,633,185
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	487,266		1,037,838		(208,808)		1,316,296
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	244,151		-		-		244,151
Transfers out	 (2,943)		(1,014,302)		(143,027)		(1,160,272)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 241,208		(1,014,302)		(143,027)		(916,121)
Net change in fund balances	728,474		23,536		(351,835)		400,175
Fund balance - beginning of year	 4,171,736				256,416		4,428,152
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 4,900,210	\$	23,536	\$	(95,419)	\$	4,828,327

RECONCILIATON OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO CHANGE IN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended September 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 400,175
Amounts reported in governmental funds and in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities the cost of those assets are capitalized.	411,149
Capital assets are not recorded in government funds and therefore are not depreciated. However, in the statement of activities these assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. This is the amount of 2024 depreciation.	(155,095)
Revenues for property taxes and leases that are deferred in governmental funds because they do not provide current financial resources are not deferred in the statement of activities. This is the change in deferred from the prior year.	(23,259)
The repayment of long-term debt (i.e., bonds, premiums) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while neither transaction has any effect on net position.	420,425
The change in net pension and OPEB liability and deferred outflows related to the City's TMRS pension asset.	(29,500)
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (compensated absences, accrued interest).	 22,646
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,046,541

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS

September 30, 2024

	Enterprise	Enterprise Fund		
	Water	Wastewater	Enterprise	
	Fund	Fund	Funds	
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,517,885	\$ 667,984	\$ 5,185,869	
Accounts receivable, net	218,351	87,603	305,954	
Prepaid items	12,859	12,859	25,718	
Total current assets	4,749,095	768,446	5,517,541	
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets, net:				
Water distribution system	3,564,479	-	3,564,479	
Wastewater system	-	8,276,336	8,276,336	
Wastewater system-connections	-	73,366	73,366	
Equipment	360,310	435,964	796,274	
Wastewater system-building improvements	-	34,400	34,400	
Total noncurrent assets	3,924,789	9,244,283	13,169,072	
		· · · · · · · · ·		
Total assets	8,673,884	10,012,729	18,686,613	
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	42,619	42,619	85,238	
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	2,460	2,460	4,920	
Total outflows of resources	45,079	45,079	90,158	
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	366,127	48,644	414,771	
Accrued interest payable	23,955	22,804	46,759	
Accrued liabilities	8,306	5,086	13,392	
Due to other funds	138	-	138	
Unearned revenue	5,993	14,625	20,618	
Current portion of long-term liabilities:				
Compensated absences	2,214	2,214	4,428	
Bond payable	135,675	440,000	575,675	
Loans payable	34,239	34,239	68,477	
Lease liability	8,610		8,610	
Total current liabilities	585,257	567,612	1,152,868	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences	8,857	8,857	17,714	
Bonds payable	5,599,076	8,060,000	13,659,075	
Loans payable	275,723	275,723	551,446	
Lease liability	8,901	-	8,901	
Bond premiums	323,454	412,044	735,498	
Net pension liability	67,001	67,001	134,002	
OPEB liability	10,645	10,645	21,290	
Customer deposits	174,320		174,320	
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,467,977	8,834,270	15,302,246	
Total liabilities	7,053,233	9,401,881	16,455,114	
Deferred inflow of resources:				
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	851	851	1,702	
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	2,886	2,886	5,772	
Total inflows of resources	3,737	3,737	7,474	
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	1,909,368	22,278	1,931,646	
Unrestricted net position	(247,375)	629,912	382,537	
Total net position	\$ 1,661,993	\$ 652,190	\$ 2,314,183	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION -ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2024

	Enterp	Total		
	Water	Wastewater	Enterprise	
	Fund	Fund	Funds	
Operating revenues:				
Charges for sales and services:				
Water sales	\$ 1,565,133	\$ -	\$ 1,565,133	
Wastewater revenues	\$ 1,505,155	۔ 941,257	941,257	
	-			
Wastewater surcharge	-	98,153	98,153	
Industrial waste surcharges		12,854	12,854	
Total operating revenues	1,565,133	1,052,264	2,617,397	
Operating expenses:				
Water purchased	734,275	-	734,275	
Wastewater fees	-	32,849	32,849	
Personnel services	322,312	318,644	640,956	
Repairs and maintenance	265,645	27,531	293,176	
System operations	77,121	409,794	486,915	
Contract services	8,106	211,716	219,822	
Depreciation	156,388	339,194	495,582	
Total operating expenses	1,563,847	1,339,728	2,903,575	
Operating income (loss)	1,286	(287,464)	(286,178)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Interest expense	(280,926)	(246,617)	(527,543)	
Investment earnings	8,181	17,572	25,753	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(272,745)	(229,045)	(501,790)	
Transfers:				
Transfers in	304,718	715,650	1,020,368	
Transfers out	(50,562)	(53,685)	(104,247)	
Net transfers	254,156	661,965	916,121	
Change in net position	(17,303)	145,456	128,153	
Net position at beginning of year	1,679,296	506,734	2,186,030	
Net position at end of year	\$ 1,661,993	\$ 652,190	\$ 2,314,183	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2024

				rprise Funds		
		Water	W	astewater		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Cash received from customers	\$	1,591,910	\$	1,073,315	\$	2,665,225
Cash paid to employees for services		(309,593)		(305,925)		(615,518)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(966,383)		(722,906)		(1,689,289)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		315,934		44,484		360,418
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,937,565)		(324,646)		(2,262,211)
Bonds Issued		1,821,370		324,645		2,146,015
Principal paid on bonded debt		(123,783)		(439,684)		(563,467)
Principal paid on capital leases		(8,328)		-		(8,328)
Interest paid on capital leases and debt		(298,189)		(301,686)		(599,875)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital						
and related financing activities		(546,495)		(741,371)		(1,287,866)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Transfers from other funds		304,718		715,650		1,020,368
Transfers to other funds		(50,562)		(53,685)		(104,247)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital						
financing activities		254,156		661,965		916,121
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest received		8,181		17,572		25,753
Net increase (decrease) in cash						
and cash equivalents		31,776		(17,350)		14,426
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		4,486,109		685,334		5,171,443
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	4,517,885	\$	667,984	\$	5,185,869

(continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2024

	Enterprise Funds						
	Water		W	astewater		Total	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash							
provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,286	\$	(287,464)	\$	(286,178)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating							
income to net cash provided by operating activities							
Depreciation		156,388		339,194		495,582	
Changes in assets and liabilities							
Decrease (increase) in assets							
Accounts receivable		22,066		6,426		28,492	
Prepaid expenses		(12,859)		(12,859)		(25,718)	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities							
Accounts payable		130,062		(29,521)		100,541	
Accrued expenses		1,423		1,364		2,787	
Due to other funds		138		-		138	
Compensated absences		2,060		2,060		4,120	
Unearned revenue		911		14,625		15,536	
Net pension liability		5,244		5,244		10,488	
OPEB liability		5,415		5,415		10,830	
Customer deposits		3,800				3,800	
Net cash provided by (used in)							
operating activities	\$	315,934	\$	44,484	\$	360,418	
	SCHEDULE OF NONCASH ACTIVITIES					ES	
Actuarilly determined change in:					-		
Net pension liability	\$	3,366	\$	3,366	\$	6,732	
Other postemployment benefit liability		353		353		706	

Premium on bonds

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

9,626

29,432

39,058



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements of the City of Rollingwood, Texas ("the City"), are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governmental units as set forth by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the City's significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are as follows:

Reporting entity

The City, for financial purposes, includes all of the activities and funds relevant to the operations of the City of Rollingwood. The City evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," include whether:

- The organization is legally separate
- The City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The City is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City
- The exclusion of the organization would result in misleading or incomplete financial statements

The City also evaluated each legally separate, tax-exempt organization whose resources are used principally to provide support to the City to determine if its omission from the reporting entity would result in financial statements which are misleading or incomplete. GASB Statement No. 14 requires inclusion of such an organization as a component unit when:

- The economic resources received or held by the organization are entirely for the direct benefit of the City, its component units or its constituents; and
- The City or its component units is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization; and
- Such economic resources are significant to the City.

Based on these criteria, the City has one component unit as described below. Additionally, the City is not a component unit of any other reporting entity as defined by the GASB statement.

Rollingwood Community Development Corporation ("RCDC") is a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Texas to provide economic development in and for the benefit of the City. The RCDC is presented discretely in the annual financial report as a governmental-type because the City appoints the board of directors and approves the annual budget.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Government-wide and fund financial statements

Government-wide financial statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund financial statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General fund: This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt service fund: This fund is used to account for ad valorem tax assessed for the purpose of servicing general obligation debt.

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds: These funds are used to separately account for funds related to grants and contracts.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water fund: This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's water operations.

Wastewater fund: This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's wastewater operations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

Government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within thirty days after year end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property and sales taxes. Property tax revenues and sales tax revenues are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term liabilities, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the City incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Other postemployment benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) Supplemental Death Plan (SDBF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to the other postemployment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about additions to/deductions from the TMRS OPEB's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Contributions are utilized to fund active member deaths on a pay-as-you go basis; any excess contributions and investment income over payments then become net position available for benefits.

Receivables and payables

The City believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of the year end.

Compensated absences

On termination, retirement, or death of certain employees, the City pays accrued vacation leave in a lump sum payment to such employee or his/her estate. Vacation accrues at various hours based on length of service.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

Fund balance

The City adopted GASB No. 54 Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 54 (GASB No. 54) *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The statement provides guidance for fund balance categories and classifications and governmental fund type definitions. GASB No. 54 changed the way we look at fund balances, specifically reporting what fund balances, by major governmental fund type, are or are not available for public purposes. Five categories of fund balances were created and defined by GASB No. 54. These five categories are as follows:

Non-spendable - These funds are not available for expenditures based on legal or contractual requirements. An example might be inventories and prepaid expenditures.

Restricted - These funds are governed by externally enforceable restrictions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Fund balance (continued)

Committed - Fund balances in this category are limited by the government's highest level of decision making (in this case the City Council). Any changes of this designation must be done in the same manner that it was implemented. For example, if funds are committed by resolution, the commitment could only be released with another resolution.

Assigned - For funds to be assigned, there must be an intended use which can be established by the City Council or an official delegated by the Council, such as a City Administrator or Finance Director. For example, during the budget process, the Council decided to use some existing fund balance to support activities in the upcoming year.

Unassigned - This classification is the default for all funds that do not fit into the other categories.

Restricted amounts are considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. The City's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year.

Discretely presented component unit

The component unit column on the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of the City's component unit, Rollingwood Community Development Corporation ("RCDC").

The component unit is presented in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government. Financial statements are presented in the supplementary information section of the statements.

(2) Deposits and investments

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day to day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(2) Deposits and investments (continued)

Cash deposits

At September 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interestbearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$9,374,996 and the bank balance was \$10,171,270. The City also had \$250 cash on hand.

The City's cash deposits at September 30, 2024 and during the year ended September 30, 2024, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

The component unit's cash carrying and bank balance was \$270,048 at September 30, 2024. These deposits at September 30, 2024 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the component unit's agent bank in the component unit's name. The amount in TexPool was \$352,658 at September 30, 2024.

Investments

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, the Public Funds Investment Act (the Act), to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must be written; primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity; address investment diversification, yield, and maturity and the quality and capability of investment management; and include a list of the types of authorized investments in which the investing entity's funds may be invested; and the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment owned by the entity.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions:

- Obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas
- Certificates of deposit
- Certain municipal securities
- Money market savings accounts
- Repurchase agreements
- Bankers acceptances
- Mutual funds
- Investment pools
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Common trust funds

The City's cash and investments are shown below:

	Reported at Weighted Average Returnty			Rating		
Investment Type	F	air Value	(Days)	Moody's	S&P	
TexPool	\$	758,283	31	AAA	AAAm	
Cash on hand		250	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Bank deposits		9,374,996	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,133,529				

TT7 · 1 / 1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(2) Deposits and investments (continued)

Investments (continued)

Analysis of specific deposit and investment risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the City was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end, and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

Credit risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. State law dictates that in order to maintain eligibility to receive funds and invest funds on behalf of the City, an investment pool must be continuously rated no lower than AAA or AAAm or at an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO). State law authorizes investments in obligations guaranteed by the U.S. government and does not require that these investments be rated. The City's policy is to comply with state law. At year end, all of the City's investments met the State's requirements.

TexPool is an investment pool in which the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director, and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (the Trust Company). The Trust Company is authorized to operate the pool. Federated Investors, Inc. manages the assets under an agreement with the Comptroller, acting on behalf of the Trust Company. TexPool is reported at amortized cost and it does not have any limitations or restrictions on participants' withdrawals.

At September 30, 2024 the City's investments are rated as to credit quality as shown in the preceding table.

Custodial credit risk - Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law requires settlement of all transactions, except investment pool funds and mutual funds, on a delivery versus payment basis. The City's investment policy requires that securities be registered in the name of the City. All safekeeping receipts for investment instruments are held in accounts in the City's name, and all securities are registered in the name of the City.

Concentration of credit risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

State law and the City's policy place no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer. The City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(2) Deposits and investments (continued)

Investments (continued)

Analysis of specific deposit and investment risks (continued)

Interest rate risk - This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City manages its investment time horizons by averaging investment maturities and chooses to present its exposure to interest rate changes using the weighted average maturity method. In accordance with its investment policy and state law, the City manages its interest rate risk by limiting the weighted average maturity of any investment owned by the City to the maximum of two years. The investment strategy for operating funds requires a dollar weighted average maturity of 365 days or less. Debt service funds cannot be invested in securities that have a stated final maturity date that exceeds the debt service payment date. Investment of debt service reserve funds and special project funds require high quality securities with short-term maturities. Eligible investment pools must have a weighted average maturity of no greater than 90 days. The City's exposure to interest rate risk at September 30, 2024 is summarized in the preceding table as the weighted average days to maturity.

Foreign currency risk - This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

(3) Property taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to the property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the general fund are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

(4) Capital assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of the donation. The cost of the normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used. Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Infrastructure	25
Buildings	40
Equipment	3-25
Sewer line connections	33

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(4) Capital assets (continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance September 30, 2023	Additions	Disposals	Balance September 30, 2024	
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 321,438	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 321,438	
Construction in progress	308,752	411,149		719,901	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	630,190	411,149		1,041,339	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	721,038	-	-	721,038	
Equipment	1,155,493	-	-	1,155,493	
Infrastructure	2,215,866			2,215,866	
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,092,397			4,092,397	
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	(294,588)	(16,407)	-	(310,995)	
Equipment	(845,372)	(52,320)	-	(897,692)	
Infrastructure	(907,774)	(86,368)		(994,142)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,047,734)	(155,095)		(2,202,829)	
Total capital assets being depreciated (net)	2,044,663	(155,095)		1,889,568	
Governmental activities capital assets (net)	\$ 2,674,853	\$ 256,054	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,930,907	

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 38,656
Public works	1,725
Sanitation	10,384
Public safety	70,967
Court	5,571
Parks and recreation	5,767
Streets	8,218
Development	 13,807
Total	\$ 155,095

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(4) Capital assets (continued)

	Balance September 30, 2023	Additions	Disposals	Balance September 30, 2024
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	<u>\$</u>	\$ 424,217	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 424,217
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Water distribution system	4,337,746	1,188,704	-	5,526,450
Wastewater system	12,551,679	-	-	12,551,679
Wastewater system - connections	172,927	-	-	172,927
Equipment - water	106,732	324,645	-	431,377
Equipment - wastewater	238,953	324,645	-	563,598
Wastewater system - building improvements	43,000			43,000
Total capital assets being depreciated	17,451,037	1,837,994	<u>-</u>	19,289,031
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Water distribution system	(2,242,587)	(143,600)	-	(2,386,187)
Wastewater system	(3,537,335)	(313,792)	-	(3,851,127)
Wastewater system - connections	(94,321)	(5,240)	-	(99,561)
Equipment - water	(58,279)	(12,788)	-	(71,067)
Equipment - wastewater	(109,192)	(18,442)	-	(127,634)
Wastewater system - building improvements	(6,880)	(1,720)		(8,600)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,048,594)	(495,582)		(6,544,176)
Total capital assets being depreciated (net)	11,402,443	1,342,412		12,744,855
Business-type activities capital assets (net)	\$ 11,402,443	\$ 1,766,629	<u>\$</u>	\$ 13,169,072

Depreciation charged was \$156,388 and \$339,194 to the water fund and wastewater fund, respectively.

(5) Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

Interfund balances at September 30, 2024 consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	/	Amount
General Fund	Drainage Fund	\$	564,458
General Fund	Water fund		138

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(5) Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers (continued)

Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2024 were the result of normal transactions between the funds and consisted of the following:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
General fund	¢ 244.151		¢	2 0 4 2
Debt service fund	\$	244,151	\$	2,943
		-		1,014,302
Nonmajor governmental funds		-		143,027
Water fund		304,718		50,562
Wastewater fund		715,650		53,685
Totals	\$	1,264,519	\$	1,264,519

(6) Lease receivable

On September 1, 2020, the City entered into a ten-year lease agreement for the lease of land and facilities at the City's municipal park. Based on this agreement, the annual lease payments were \$33,000 in the first year and increase 2% annually until the lease terminates on August 31, 2030. The interest rate on the lease is 4%. At September 30, 2024, the City reported lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources of \$168,559 and \$168,255, respectively. Future minimum lease payments to be received are as follows:

		General Fund							
Fiscal Year	Leas	Lease Receivable		se Revenue	Lease Interest				
2025	\$	29,693	\$	33,651	\$	6,742			
2026		31,608		33,651		5,555			
2027		33,617		33,651		4,290			
2028 2029		35,719 37,922		33,651 33,651		2,946 1,517			
Total	\$	168,559	\$	168,255	\$	21,050			

(7) Defined benefit pension plans

Texas Municipal Retirement System

Plan description

The City of Rollingwood participates as one of 934 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the system with a six-member, Governor appointed Board of Trustees; however, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.tmrs.com</u>.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(7) Defined benefit pension plans (continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the State statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the member's benefit is calculated based on the sum of the member's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest. The retiring members may select one of seven monthly benefit payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a partial lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the total member's contribution and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Members are eligible to retire at age sixty (60) and above with five (5) or more years of service or with twenty (20) years of service regardless of age. A member is vested after five (5) years. The contribution rate for the employees is 7%, and the City matching percent is currently 2 to 1.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2023 valuation and measurement dates, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries receiving benefits	16
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	29
Active employees	19
Total	64

Contributions

The contribution rates in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of the member's total compensation, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary using the entry age normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The City's contribution rate is based on the liabilities created from the benefit plan options selected by the City and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual compensation during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 12.49% and 11.91% in calendar years 2024 and 2023, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2024, were \$193,469, and were equal to the required contributions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(7) Defined benefit pension plans (continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

Net pension liability

The City's net pension liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date	December 31st
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	20 years (longest amortization ladder)
Asset valuation method	10 year smoothed market, 12% soft corridor
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.50% to 11.85% including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.75%
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that vary by age. Last updated for the 2023 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period ending 2022.
Mortality	Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Table. Male rates are multiplied by 103% and female rates are multiplied by 105%. The rates are projected a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence). Pre-retirement: PUb910) mortality tables, with the 110% of the Public Safety tables used for males and the 100% of the General Employee table used for females. The rate are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence).

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with 110% of the public safety table used for males and 100% of the general employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. Male rates are multiplied by 103% and female rates are multiplied by 105%. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(7) Defined benefit pension plans (continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

Actuarial assumptions (continued)

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2018 through December 31, 2022. They were adopted in 2023 and first used in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for annuity purchase rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Global Equity	35.0%	6.70%
Core Fixed Income	6.0%	4.70%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	8.00%
Other public and private markets	12.0%	8.00%
Real Estate	12.0%	7.60%
Hedge funds	5.0%	6.40%
Private Equity	10.0%	11.60%
Total	100.0%	

The target allocation and best estimate of real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2024 are summarized in the following tables:

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(7) Defined benefit pension plans (continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

Changes in net pension liability

The schedule below presents the changes in the net pension liability (asset) as of December 31, 2023:

	Increase (Decrease)Total Pension LiabilityPlan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)		
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	3,774,091	\$ 3,271,999	\$	502,092
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		269,919	-		269,919
Interest		258,610	-		258,610
Change of benefit terms		-	-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		120,630	-		120,630
Changes of assumptions		(4,450)	-		(4,450)
Contributions - employer		-	183,594		(183,594)
Contributions - employee		-	107,906		(107,906)
Net investment income		-	379,152		(379,152)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions		(155,576)	(155,576)		-
Administrative expense		-	(2,409)		2,409
Other changes		_	 (17)		17
Net changes		489,133	 512,650		(23,517)
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	4,263,224	\$ 3,784,649	\$	478,575

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% I	Decrease in			1% Increase in		
	Discount Rate		Discount Rate		Discount Rate		
	(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)		
City's net pension liability	\$	\$ 1,080,174		478,575	\$	(12,243)	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(7) Defined benefit pension plans (continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the schedule of changes in fiduciary net position, by participant city. The report may be obtained at <u>www.tmrs.com</u>.

Pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$238,554.

At September 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

3,291
2,789
-
<u>-</u> 5.080
2

The City reported \$147,380 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	Amortization		
September 30,]	Expense	
2024	\$	62,930	
2025		56,328	
2026		63,357	
2027		(31,656)	
2028		-	
Thereafter		_	
Total	\$	150,959	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(8) Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plan

Texas Municipal Retirement System

Plan description

The City participates in a single-employer defined benefit plan, which operates like a group-term life insurance plan, operated by TMRS known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired members. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

Benefits provided

The death benefit for active members provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the member's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired members are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit" or OPEB. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree members, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e., no assets are accumulated).

Contributions

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is based on the mortality and service experience of all employees covered by the SDBF and the demographics specific to the workforce of the City. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. As such, contributions fund the covered active member and retiree deaths on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The contribution rate for the City was 0.48% and 0.43% respectively for calendar years 2024 and 2023. The City's contributions to TMRS for the SDBF program for the year ended September 30, 2024 were \$7,328, and were equal to the required contributions.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2023 valuation and measurement dates, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries receiving benefits	11
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	8
Active employees	19
Total	<u>38</u>

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$76,039 was measured as of December 31, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(8) Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plan (continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

Actuarial assumptions:

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation Salary increases Discount rate * Retirees' share of benefit-related costs Administrative expenses	 2.5% 3.60% to 11.85% including inflation 3.77 \$0 All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality rates - service retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are multiplied by 103% and female rates are multiplied by 105%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence).
Mortality rates - disabled retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence) to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

* The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2023.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

Changes in the total OPEB liability:

Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 67,019
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	3,083
Interest on the total OPEB liability	2,739
Changes of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	1,213
Change of assumptions	3,835
Benefit payments	 (1,850)
Net changes	9,020
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 76,039

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(8) Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plan (continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.77%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.77%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.77%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in	1	Current	1% Increase in		
	Discount Rate (2.7	7%) Disco	unt Rate (3.77%)	Discount Rate	e (4.77%)	
City's OPEB liability	<u>\$ 90</u> ,	,728 \$	76,039	\$	64,636	

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB:

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$7,731.

At September 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	ed Outflows esources	red Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 8,596	\$ -
Changes in actuarial assumptions	7,440	20,611
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,534	 -
Total	\$ 17,570	\$ 20,611

The City reported \$1,534 as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year	Amo	Amortization		
September 30,	Ex	Expense		
2024	\$	1,317		
2025		(1,864)		
2026		(4,227)		
2027		199		
2028		-		
Thereafter		_		
Total	\$	(4,575)		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(9) Health care coverage

During the year ended September 30, 2024, employees of the City were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The City contributed \$816 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay contributions for dependents. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the City and the third party administrator is renewable October 1, 2024, and terms of coverage and contribution costs are included in the contractual provisions.

(10) Long-term liabilities

The City had a wastewater and transportation agreement with the Lower Colorado River Authority (LCRA) to provide wastewater treatment and disposal services in the Rollingwood services area. In July 2012 the City issued \$2,905,000 General Obligation Bonds Taxable Series 2012A. The proceeds from the bonds were used to purchase the wastewater system from LCRA. In 2014, the City issued \$2,835,000 General Obligations Bonds, Series 2014 for water and street improvements. In 2019, the City issued \$9,325,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds to refund General Obligations Bonds, Series 2012B. In 2020, the City issued \$2,065,000 Tax Notes, Series 2020 to improve City infrastructure and facilities. In 2023, the City issued \$3,885,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2023 to improve and expand the City's waterworks system. In 2024, the City issued \$1,395,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 to improve and expand the City's waterworks system.

The City's liabilities consist of the following:

The City's hadmines consist of the fond	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:						
Bonds and notes payable:						
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2014	\$ 1,226,150	\$ -	\$ (95,900)	\$ 1,130,250	\$ 99,325	
Tax notes - Series 2020	1,210,000	-	(295,000)	915,000	300,000	
Premium on bonds	62,434		(6,245)	56,189		
Total bonds and notes payable	2,498,584		(397,145)	2,101,439	399,325	
Other long-term liabilities:						
Compensated absences	69,758	13,952	(27,993)	55,717	11,143	
Lease liability	91,610		(29,525)	62,085	30,526	
Total governmental activities	\$ 161,368	\$ 13,952	\$ (57,518)	\$ 117,802	\$ 41,669	
Business-type activities: Bonds and notes payable:						
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2014	\$ 563,850	\$ -	\$ (44,100)	\$ 519,750	\$ 45,675	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2019	8,925,000	-	(425,000)	8,500,000	440,000	
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2023	3,885,000	-	(65,000)	3,820,000	55,000	
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2024	-	1,395,000	-	1,395,000	35,000	
Loan payable	-	649,290	(29,367)	619,923	68,477	
Premium on bonds	672,831	101,725	(39,058)	735,498	-	
Total bonds and notes payable	14,046,681	2,146,015	(602,525)	15,590,171	644,152	
Other long-term liabilities:						
Compensated absences	18,022	9,011	(4,891)	22,142	4,428	
Lease liability	25,839	-	(8,328)	17,511	8,610	
Total business-type activities	\$ 43,861	\$ 9,011	\$ (13,219)	\$ 39,653	\$ 13,038	

Interest rates on bonds range from 2% to 4%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(10) Long-term liabilities (continued)

Future maturities of the bonds are as follows:

Governmental Activities							Business-Type Activities									
Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest Total		Total		Total		Total		Principal		Interest		Total
2025	\$	99,325	\$	37,504	\$	136,829	\$	575,675	\$	540,942	\$	1,116,617				
2026		102,750		34,524		137,274		602,250		512,751		1,115,001				
2027		102,750		31,442		134,192		632,250		486,134		1,118,384				
2028		106,175		28,359		134,534		658,825		458,016		1,116,841				
2029		109,600		25,174		134,774		690,400		428,701		1,119,101				
2030-2034		609,650		65,572		675,222		3,855,350		1,733,978		5,589,328				
2035-2039		-		-		-		4,285,000		4,327,475		8,612,475				
2040-2044		-		-		-		1,205,000		501,825		1,706,825				
2045-2049		-		-		-		885,000		285,194		1,170,194				
2050-2053		-	_	-		-		845,000		88,894		933,894				
Total	\$	1,130,250	\$	222,575	\$	1,352,825	\$	14,234,750	\$	9,363,910	\$	23,598,660				

Future maturities of the tax notes are as follows:

		Governmental Activities							
Fiscal Year	Principal		ncipal Interest			Total			
2025	\$	300,000	\$	15,560	\$	315,560			
2026		305,000		10,610		315,610			
2027		310,000		2,713		312,713			
Total	\$	915,000	\$	28,883	\$	943,883			

(11) Lease liability

The City's leases equipment from outside vendors. The assets and related debt are recorded in the governmental activities and business-type activities. The amortization of the leased assets is included as a component of depreciation expense. As of September 30, 2024, the City had future minimum lease payments under capital leases as follows:

		G	overnme	ental Activit	ies		Business-Type Activities						
Fiscal Year	Р	rincipal	Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total		
2025	\$	30,526	\$	2,105	\$	32,631	\$	8,610	\$	594	\$	9,204	
2026		31,559		1,070		32,629		8,901		303		9,204	
Total	\$	62,085	\$	3,175	\$	65,260	\$	17,511	\$	897	\$	18,408	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2024

(12) Loans payable

In 2024 the City entered a loan contract with Government Capital Corporation in the amount of \$649,290 to fund Water and Wastewater Projects. The debt service is split between the Water and Wastewater funds. The loan requires annual payments of \$25,719 and bears interest at 5.76%.

Future maturities on loans are as follows:

		Bus	Type Activi	ities					
Fiscal Year	F	Principal]	Interest	Total				
2025	\$	68,477	\$	34,398	\$	102,875			
2026		72,525		30,350		102,875			
2027		76,813		26,062		102,875			
2028		81,355		21,520		102,875			
2029		86,165		16,710		102,875			
2030-2035		234,587		18,825		253,412			
Total	\$	619,922	\$	147,865	\$	767,787			

(13) Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2024, the City obtained general liability coverage at a cost that is considered to be economically justifiable by joining together with other governmental entities in the State as a member of the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool ("TML"). TML is a self-funded pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to TML for its above insurance coverage. The agreement for the formation of TML provides that TML will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of acceptable risk levels; however, each category of coverage has its own level of reinsurance. The City continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss. There were no significant reductions in commercial insurance coverage in the past fiscal year and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(14) Fund balance deficit

A nonmajor fund reported a deficit fund balance of (\$661,869) at September 30, 2024. This deficit is expected to be recovered through future drainage fees and budgeted transfers from the general fund.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

Year ended September 30, 2024

	Budget Am	nounts	2024	Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$ 1,498,016	\$ 1,524,016	\$ 1,534,343	\$ 10,327		
Sales taxes	805,000	1,065,000	854,268	(210,732)		
Franchise and telecommunications fees	120,000	120,000	138,221	18,221		
Licenses and fees	244,850	244,850	330,973	86,123		
Fines and forfeitures	42,750	78,750	98,117	19,367		
Contributions	200	200	5,000	4,800		
Intergovernmental	-	55,081	62,826	7,745		
Other income	467,332	467,332	128,723	(338,609)		
Interest income	-	-	7,857	7,857		
Investment earnings	11,500	11,500	23,124	11,624		
Total revenues	3,189,648	3,566,729	3,183,452	(383,277)		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	785,654	946,654	665,331	281,323		
Public works	66,550	83,550	29,687	53,863		
Sanitation	157,500	189,500	178,727	10,773		
Public safety	1,512,343	1,288,243	1,221,455	66,788		
Court	92,090	102,090	90,035	12,055		
Parks and recreation	114,195	115,695	99,250	16,445		
Streets	301,678	160,678	141,438	19,240		
Development	328,366	255,366	237,632	17,734		
Capital outlay	101,272	101,272	-	101,272		
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	29,525	(29,525)		
Interest and fees			3,106	(3,106)		
Total expenditures	3,459,648	3,243,048	2,696,186	546,862		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(270,000)	323,681	487,266	163,585		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	270,000	270,000	244,151	25,849		
Transfers out			(2,943)	(2,943)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	270,000	270,000	241,208	28,792		
Net change in fund balances		593,681	728,474	134,793		
Total fund balance-beginning of year	4,171,736	4,171,736	4,171,736			
Total fund balance-end of year	\$ 4,171,736	\$ 4,765,417	\$ 4,900,210	\$ 134,793		

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

*Last 10 fiscal years

	For the measurement year ended December 31,										
		2023		2022		2021					
Total pension liability (asset)											
Service cost	\$	269,919	\$	244,229	\$	239,448					
Interest on the total pension liability (asset)		258,610		235,715		212,082					
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-					
Difference between expected and actual experience		120,630		(9,445)		35,371					
Change of assumptions		(4,450)		-		-					
Benefit payments,											
including refunds of employee contributions		(155,576)		(132,732)		(145,623)					
Net change in total pension liability (asset)		489,133		337,767		341,278					
Total pension liability - beginning		3,774,091		3,436,324		3,095,046					
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	4,263,224	\$	3,774,091	\$	3,436,324					
Plan fiduciary net position											
Contributions - employer	\$	183,594	\$	169,026	\$	161,925					
Contributions - employee		107,906		101,040		100,307					
Net investment income		379,152		(246,863)		376,538					
Benefit payments,											
including refunds of employee contributions		(155,576)		(132,732)		(145,623)					
Administrative expense		(2,409)		(2,136)		(1,743)					
Other		(17)		2,549		12					
Net change in plan fiducidary net position		512,650		(109,116)		491,416					
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		3,271,999		3,381,115		2,889,699					
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		3,784,649		3,271,999		3,381,115					
Net pension liability (asset) (a) - (b)	\$	478,575	\$	502,092	\$	55,209					
Plan fiduciary net position											
as a percentage of total pension liability (asset)		88.77%		86.70%		98.39%					
Covered payroll	\$	1,541,512	\$	1,443,431	\$	1,432,962					
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage											
of total covered payroll		31.05%		34.78%		3.85%					

*GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. This is the ninth year of implementation of GASB 68. The City will develop the schedule prospectively.

	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015		
	2020		2017		2010		2017		2010		2010	
\$	203,655	\$	173,630	\$	159,062	\$	135,517	\$	135,678	\$	118,259	
	188,832		180,313		162,950		143,714		130,208		116,709	
	-		-		155,377		-		-		-	
	70,755		(115,538)		54,499		(55,034)		10,124		14,654	
	-		35		-		-		-		58,535	
	(127,749)		(126,750)		(126,393)		(86,326)		(65,367)		(44,882	
	335,493		111,690		405,495		137,871		210,643		263,275	
	2,759,553		2,647,863		2,242,368		2,104,497		1,893,854		1,630,579	
\$	3,095,046	\$	2,759,553	\$	2,647,863	\$	2,242,368	\$	2,104,497	\$	1,893,854	
\$	147,168	\$	120,561	\$	99,407	\$	89,151	\$	75,980	\$	55,591	
Ψ	86,715	ψ	75,351	Ψ	66,198	Ψ	59,699	Ψ	58,148	Ψ	51,158	
	196,730		337,930		(66,312)		261,917		115,339		2,425	
	(127,749)		(126,750)		(126,393)		(86,326)		(65,367)		(44,882	
	(1,272)		(1,907)		(1,280)		(1,356)		(1,302)		(1,477	
	(50)		(56)		(67)		(69)		(70)		(73	
	301,542		405,129		(28,447)		323,016		182,728		62,742	
	2,588,157		2,183,028		2,211,475		1,888,459		1,705,731		1,642,989	
	2,889,699		2,588,157		2,183,028		2,211,475		1,888,459		1,705,731	
\$	205,347	\$	171,396	\$	464,835	\$	30,893	\$	216,038	\$	188,123	
	93.37%		93.79%		82.44%		98.62%		89.73%		90.07%	
¢		¢		¢		¢		¢		¢		
\$	1,238,779	\$	1,076,440	<u>\$</u>	990,426	<u>\$</u>	994,985	\$	969,130	\$	852,625	

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM - PENSION

*Last 10 fiscal years

	 For	the f	ïscal year e	ndec	l Septembe	r 30,	
	2024		2023		2022		2021
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 193,469	\$	180,021	\$	165,986	\$	166,372
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	 193,469		180,021		165,986		166,372
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_
Covered payroll	\$ 1,566,960	\$	1,517,610	\$	1,430,636	\$	1,453,299
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.35%		11.86%		11.60%		11.45%

*GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. This is the ninth year of implementation of GASB 68. The City will develop the schedule prospectively.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 2010 2017 2017													
2020	2019	2018	2017	2016									
\$ 138,811	\$ 111,022	\$ 91,634	\$ 83,025	\$ 70,030									
138,811	111,022	91,634	83,025	70,030									
<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>									
\$ 1,186,676	\$ 1,047,982	<u>\$ 1,018,830</u>	<u>\$ 963,149</u>	<u>\$ 937,038</u>									
11.70%	10.59%	8.99%	8.62%	7.47%									

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY (OPEB) AND RELATED RATIOS -TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

*Last 10 fiscal years

]	For the measu	ement	t year ended D)ecen	nber 31,
		2023		2022		2021
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	3,083	\$	4,619	\$	5,445
Interest on the total OPEB liability		2,739		1,672		1,519
Changes of benefit terms		-				-
Difference between expected and actual						
experience		1,213		6,703		7,247
Change of assumptions		3,835		(33,793)		2,699
Benefit payments		(1,850)		(1,443)		(1,720)
Net change in total OPEB liability		9,020		(22,242)		15,190
Total OPEB liability - beginning		67,019		89,261		74,071
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	76,039	\$	67,019	\$	89,261
Covered payroll	\$	1,541,512	\$	1,443,431	\$	1,432,962
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		4.93%		4.64%		6.23%

*GASB 75 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provide in this schedule. This is the seventh year of implementation of GASB 75. The City will develop the schedule prospectively.

	For t	he measureme	nt yea	ar ended Dece	ember	· 31,
2020		2019		2018		2017
\$ 3,345	\$	2,583	\$	2,278	\$	2,089
1,654		1,647		1,375		1,332
-		-		-		-
1,170		2,179		2,258		
9,610		9,378		(2,968)		3,050
 (372)		(431)		(99)		(398
15,407		15,356		2,844		6,073
 58,664		43,308		40,464		34,392
\$ 74,071	\$	58,664	\$	43,308	\$	40,464
\$ 1,238,779	\$	1,076,440	\$	990,426	\$	994,985
5.98%		5.45%		4.37%		4.07%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

September 30, 2024

(1) Budget information

The budget for the general fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The original budget for the general fund is adopted by the City Council by September 30. Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the department level. Both the original and final budget is included.

(2) Schedule of contributions

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	20 years (longest amortization ladder)
Asset valuation method	10 year smoothed market, 12% soft corridor
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.50% to 11.85% including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.75%
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that vary by age. Last updated for the 2023 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period ending 2022.
Mortality	Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Table. Male rates are multiplied by 103% and female rates are multiplied by 105%. The rates are projected a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence). Pre-retirement: PUb910) mortality tables, with the 110% of the Public Safety tables used for males and the 100% of the General Employee table used for females. The rate are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence).

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2024

		Special Revenue Funds												Special		
		Street				Court	(Court	C	Court	Р	olice	Reve	enue Funds		
	Ma	aintenance	I	Drainage		Security		hnology	Eff	iciency	For	feiture		Total		
Assets:																
Cash and cash equivalents Sales tax receivable	\$	525,193 17,421	\$	-	\$	14,910 -	\$	7,975	\$	114	\$	915	\$	549,107 17,421		
Total assets	\$	542,614	\$	-	\$	14,910	\$	7,975	\$	114	\$	915	\$	566,528		
Liabilities:																
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	56,527		78	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	56,605		
Accrued liabilities		-		40,884		-		-		-		-		40,884		
Due to other funds		-		564,458		-		-		-		-		564,458		
Total liabilities	_			661,869		78		-		_		-		661,947		
Fund balances:																
Reserved for street maintenance		542,614		-		-		-		-		-		542,614		
Reserved for municipal court		-		-		14,832		7,975		114		-		22,921		
Reserved for police department		-		-		-		-		-		915		915		
Unassigned		-		(661,869)		-		-		-		-		(661,869)		
Total fund balances	_	542,614		(661,869)		14,832		7,975		114		915		(95,419)		
Total liabilities and																
fund balances	\$	542,614	\$		\$	14,910	\$	7,975	\$	114	\$	915	\$	566,528		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2024

					S	Special Reve	enue Fur	ıds					Special		
	:	Street				Court	C	ourt	Court		Po	olice	Rev	enue Funds	
	Ma	intenance		Drainage	S	ecurity	Tech	nology	Efficiency		For	feiture		Total	
Revenues:															
Sales tax	\$	213,656	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	213,656	
Licenses and fees		-		56,156		-		-		-		-		56,156	
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		2,859		2,346		-		-		5,205	
Interest income		493		-		-		-		-		-		493	
Total revenues	_	214,149		56,156		2,859		2,346		_		-	_	275,510	
Expenditures:															
Court		-		-		455		5,403		-		-		5,858	
Drainage		-		67,311		-		-		-		-		67,311	
Capital Outlay		-		411,149		-		-		-		-		411,149	
Total expenditures		-		478,460		455		5,403		-		-	_	484,318	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues															
over (under) expenditures		214,149		(422,304)		2,404		(3,057)		-		-		(208,808)	
Transfers:															
Transfers out		(143,027)		-		-		-		-		-		(143,027)	
Total transfers		(143,027)	_			-		_		_		-	_	(143,027)	
Net change in fund balance		71,122		(422,304)		2,404		(3,057)		-		-		(351,835)	
Total fund balance - beginning		471,492		(239,565)		12,428		11,032		114		915		256,416	

BALANCE SHEET COMPONENT UNIT

September 30, 2024

	Rollingwood Community Development Corporation	
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	622,706
Due from the City		17,421
Total assets	\$	640,127
Liabilities: Accounts payable to other governments Total liabilities	\$	<u>-</u>
Net position:		
Unrestricted net position		640,127
Total net position		640,127
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$</u>	640,127

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION COMPONENT UNIT

For the year ended September 30, 2024

Corporation
Revenues:
Sales taxes\$213,656
Intergovernmental -
Interest18,388
Total revenues 232,044
Expenditures: Current:
Administration81,800
Total expenditures 81,800
Change in net position 150,244
Net position - beginning of year489,883
Net position - end of year\$ 640,127

COMPLIANCE SECTION







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Members of the City Council City of Rollingwood, Texas 403 Nixon Drive Rollingwood, Texas 78746

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rollingwood, Texas, (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Rollingwood, Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 15, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ABIP, PL

San Antonio, Texas January 15, 2025