

**Request for the Town Council to Initiate**  
**An Amendment to the Randolph Zoning Ordinance –**  
**Chapter 200 of the General Code of the Town of Randolph –**  
**Concerning Mixed-Use and Mixed-Use Affordable Units -**  
**Pursuant to M.G.L. ch. 40A, sec. 5**

That the Town Council of the Town of Randolph hereby initiates an amendment to the Randolph Zoning Ordinance, Chapter 200 of the General Code of the Town of Randolph, concerning mixed-use zoning and mixed-use affordable units, pursuant to M.G.L. ch. 40A, Section 5, and hereby amends the Zoning Ordinance as follows:

**I. Amend section 200-3, concerning Word usage; definitions, as follows:**

**Delete the following language:**

**MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT, MULTIFAMILY UNITS**

A dwelling unit with not less than six hundred twenty-five (625) square feet of usable living area, not more than two (2) bedrooms, at least one (1) full bath and an individual laundry unit (no shared laundry facilities on the premises).

**MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT**

The combination of residential and business uses on a single lot

**Add the following definitions in the appropriate locations:**

**AMENITY USES**

Accessory communal areas, amenity areas, or services available to the building residents and their guests only.

**BACK-LOT STRUCTURE**

Any building that does not front a public way or public open space and which is not the most visually prominent building on a parcel when viewed from the primary public way or public open space adjacent to that parcel.

**DWELLING UNIT, AFFORDABLE**

A housing unit that is subject to a restriction in its chain of title limiting the sale price or rent, or limiting occupancy to an individual or household of a specified income, or both. Affordable Dwelling Units must satisfy Subsidized Housing Inventory (SHI) eligibility criteria, such that it satisfies the requirements for inclusion under 760 CMR 56.03(2) or any other regulation or guidance issued by Executive Office of Housing and Livable Communities (EOHLC).

**GROUND FLOOR**

The lowest story of a building with a finished floor at or above the finished ground level.

**MIXED-USE or MIXED USE**

The combination of residential and non-residential uses on a single parcel of land.

**MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT**

The combination of residential and non-residential uses on a single lot of land or on two (2) or more contiguous lots in joint ownership.

**MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT, MULTIFAMILY**

A mixed-use development that contains three or more dwelling units. The dwelling units contained in a multifamily mixed-use development shall be not less than six hundred twenty-five (625) square feet of usable living area, not more than two (2) bedrooms, at least one (1) full bath and an individual laundry unit (no shared laundry facilities on the premises).

**PRINCIPAL STRUCTURE**

The structure which fronts a public way or public open space and that is the most visually prominent building on a parcel when viewed from the primary public way or public open space adjacent to that parcel.

**II. Amend section 200-11.C as follows****Delete the following text in section 200-11.C.1.b:**

200-11.C.1.b Mixed-use development multiple units. The combination of residential and business uses on a single lot shall be permitted within the Crawford Square Business District in order to promote the general welfare of the community by assuring the economic vitality of its downtown business area while minimizing potential adverse impacts upon nearby neighborhoods and other premises. This purpose is to be achieved through the establishment of controls specifically for mixed business and residential uses at locations where either such uses already exist or they would be appropriate because of access and other geographical considerations.

[1] Mixed-use development multifamily units. Any dwelling unit located within a multifamily mixed-use development within the Crawford Square Business District must meet minimum requirements; such unit shall have:

- [a] Not less than six hundred twenty-five (625) square feet of usable living area;
- [b] Not more than two (2) bedrooms;
- [c] At least one (1) full bath; and
- [d] Its own laundry hook-ups. There shall be no shared laundry facilities on premises.

**Replace with the following text in section 200-11.C.1.b**

Mixed-Use is permitted subject to the requirements of section 200-11.2 Mixed-Use.

**III. Insert a new section 200-11.2, as follows:**

**§ 200-11.2 Mixed-use.**

In each district in which Mixed-Use is permitted, a development shall comply with the following minimum requirements. Unless otherwise stated, the requirements of this section shall apply to uses and structures permitted under the regulations of this section. In the event of a conflict, the regulations of this section shall apply.

**A. Exceptions**

- (1) This section, Mixed-Use, shall not apply to any overlay district.

**B. Applicability**

- (1) Only uses that are permitted by right or special permit in the zoning district may be included in the mixed-use development.
  - (a) Neither drive-through windows, accessory uses with a drive-up/drive through function nor 24-hour business operations are permitted in a Mixed-Use development.
- (2) Notwithstanding the other provisions contained in this Town of Randolph Zoning Ordinance, the Planning Board shall be the Special Permit Granting Authority (SPGA) for a Mixed-Use Development when there are fewer than twenty-five (25) dwelling units (existing or new) proposed.
- (3) Notwithstanding the other provisions contained in this Town of Randolph Zoning Ordinance, the Town Council shall be the Special Permit Granting Authority for any Mixed-Use development when there are twenty-five (25) or greater dwelling units (existing or new) proposed.
- (4) If a non-residential use in a Mixed-Use development requires a Special Permit, the SPGA issuing the special permit for the Mixed-Use development shall also be the SPGA for the non-residential use superseding any other section of this Town of Randolph Zoning Ordinance.
- (5) Site Plan Design Review shall be conducted by the applicable SPGA.

**C. Dimensions**

- (1) The dimensional standards generally applicable in the district as set forth in the Table of Dimensional Requirements shall apply.
- (2) The SPGA may waive dimensional requirements when a Mixed-Use development includes the redevelopment of an existing structure.
- (3) More than one structure on a parcel is permitted upon review and decision of the SPGA.
- (4) Any Back-Lot Structure(s) may not be taller than the principal structure.

#### D. Site Design Standards

- (1) All permitted non-residential uses shall be limited to the ground floor and basement of the principal structure. The SPGA may permit non-residential uses to occupy other floors of the principal structure only after determining that the location and design of such spaces, including access and egress, will not impact the privacy or security of residential occupants.
- (2) If the Mixed-Use Development includes multiple structures, any Back-Lot Structure(s) may contain either a mix of non-residential uses and dwelling units or only dwelling units.
- (3) The non-residential uses in a Mixed-Use development shall be developed prior to or concurrently with residential uses. Concurrency shall be established by approval of a Master Plan that provides a mix of uses that includes all proposed uses.
- (4) A minimum of 25% and a maximum of 75% of the total square footage of all structures contained in a Mixed-Use Development shall be devoted to dwelling units.
- (5) Minimum residential densities for a Mixed-Use development shall be 12 units per gross acre.
  - (a) Density shall be calculated as the total area of the parcel less any land which is part of a Wetland Resource Area as specified in 310 CMR 10.02 (1)(a) subject to protection under the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act, MGL, c. 131, Section 40, nor any land within 75 feet of such Wetland Resource Area.
  - (b) When a development site is composed of 2 or more phases, each phase shall also meet this standard.
- (6) Dwelling units must contain a minimum of 625 square feet of usable living area.
- (7) In any Principal Structure, entry to the dwelling units must be from the side or back of the structure; not on the street frontage or any open public space.
- (8) At least one designated entrance for non-residential uses shall be provided on each floor of a structure that contains a non-residential use.
- (9) Areas of a structure intended for non-residential use must be constructed such that there is no direct access to areas of the structure intended for dwelling units except as necessary in an emergency.
- (10) Ground level frontage of the Principal Structure shall be devoted to non-residential entrances, windows and public open space amenities.
- (11) In newly constructed Principal Structures in a Mixed-Use Development, ground floors shall be a minimum of eleven (11) feet from floor to ceiling to enhance the pedestrian streetscape regardless of the overall building height.
- (12) Clear pedestrian pathways shall be provided between structures on the same parcel and, to the extent practicable, between buildings on adjacent parcels to ensure continuous safe pedestrian access.
- (13) A Mixed-Use development must provide a sign plan to the SPGA at the time of application.

- (a) Wall signs for non-residential uses may be illuminated with exterior lighting or by reverse channel letters only.
- (14) Where any Mixed-Use development abuts a residentially zoned parcel(s), there shall be adequate transition between the Mixed-Use development and adjacent residentially zoned parcel(s). Fencing, landscaping and similar items may be used to accomplish this.

#### E. Parking

- (1) Parking areas, including below or at-grade structures, for a Mixed-Use development shall be located to the side and/or rear of the parcel; parking is prohibited in the front yard.
  - (a) Parking areas that abut any public right-of-way or any at-grade parking structure shall require screening.
  - (b) Where locating parking according to the terms of this zoning ordinance is not feasible due to existing structures, topography, alternative locations shall be considered by the SPGA.
- (2) There shall be a minimum of one and one-quarter (1.25) parking spaces for each dwelling unit (rounded up).
- (3) There shall be a minimum of one (1) space per 1,000 square feet of non-residential floor area.
- (4) In the event of a restaurant one (1) parking space shall be provided for every four (4) patron seats.
- (5) A lesser number of parking spaces may be permitted by the SPGA upon determination that the Special Permit applicant has demonstrated, through methods acceptable to the SPGA, that parking demand will not exceed what can be met by the minimum required parking.
- (6) Bicycle parking shall be provided as follows:
  - (a) A minimum of one (1) space per every ten (10) dwelling units (rounded up) located indoors near the primary entrance to the development's dwelling units.
  - (b) A minimum of one (1) space for every five thousand (5000) square feet of non-residential floor area (rounded down) located near the primary entrance to ground floor non-residential units.

#### F. Affordable Dwelling Units - Subsidized Housing Inventory

Any Mixed-Use development, whether through conversion or new construction, that includes greater than 10 dwelling units, must include dwelling units that comply with the requirements and regulations of the Executive Office of Housing and Livable Communities (EOHLC) as Local Action Units (LAU) through a Local Initiative Program (LIP) as specified below:

- (1) Ownership units. For all Mixed-Use developments where the Affordable Dwelling Units proposed are Homeownership Units, not less than twenty percent (20%) of the total dwelling units constructed in the mixed-use development shall be Affordable Dwelling Units.

- IV. Amend the Table of Allowable Activity, as follows:**

[illegible]