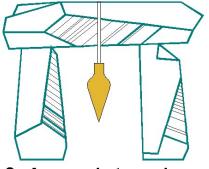


DeCelle-Burke-Sala



& Associates, Inc.

ENGINEERING REPORT

Definitive Subdivision 217 Mill Street Randolph, MA 02368 CLIENT: 217 Mill St, LLC 228 Park Avenue S, PMB35567 New York, NY 10003

PREPARED BY:

DeCelle-Burke-Sala & Associates, Inc. 1266 Furnace Brook Parkway, Suite 401 Quincy, MA 02169

FEBRUARY 6, 2023

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Section 1.0 Existing Conditions

1.1 Site Location

The subject property is located at 217 Mill Street in the Town of Randolph. The Town of Randolph Assessor's office currently identifies the as Assessors ID 51-H-8.01 with a total area of approximately 77,512± square feet (SF). The property is located within the Residential Single Family High Density (RSFHD) zoning district.



Figure 1 - Aerial Map (MassGIS)

1.2 Existing Site Conditions

The site is bounded by Mill Street to the northeast, and is abutted by single-family residential properties to the east, south, and west. The dead end of Prospect Avenue is close to the locus, however, the property does not have any frontage on Prospect Avenue. The lot contains a 675± S.F. residential single-family dwelling that was constructed around 1950 per the Town's online property record database. In addition to the dwelling, there are two sheds located on the property. Vehicular access to the site is provided off Mill Street by a single-lane asphalt driveway to the west of the dwelling. The dwelling improvements include a deck on the westerly side of the building adjacent to the driveway, a concrete patio in the backyard and a concrete walkway along the front of the house. The vegetation in the northerly portion of the lot closest to Mill Street is predominately lawn, with several hedges and trees. The majority of the lot is covered by trees and considered wooded. A vinyl and chain-link fence traverse the rear of the property near the abutters located on Hart Circle. Topography on the site varies throughout the property. Elevations along the frontage of the property on Mill Street range from approximately elevation 126 in the northeasterly corner, to elevation 132 in the northerly corner. Topography slopes up roughly 27% from the northeasterly corner at elevation 126 up to the house at elevation 136. The driveway

slopes approximately 13% up from Mill Street to the peak of the driveway. The high elevation onsite is located towards the center of the property within the woods. From the high point, the topography generally slopes down to the abutters to the east down to a low elevation of approximately 122. All elevations refer to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88).

The existing building is serviced by sewer, domestic water and gas services, which connect to the respective mains in Mill Street. Overhead wires connect from the dwelling to the existing overhead wires in Mill Street to provide power and communication services to the existing dwelling. A roof gutter system on the existing dwelling captures the majority of roof runoff and downspouts direct the water to flow overland. No other stormwater controls are located on-site, as flows from the asphalt driveway are not collected and runoff to Mill Street. The site is not located within a Special Flood Hazard Zone as delineated on FIRM 25021C0217E, effective 07/17/2012. There do not appear to be any jurisdictional wetlands within 100-feet of the project locus.

1.3 Existing Soil Conditions

The on-site soils were identified using the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Services (NRCS) Soil Survey.



Figure 2 - Soil's Map

The site and surrounding soil types have been identified along with the corresponding Hydrologic Soil Groups (HSG) to include:

- 245B Hinckley loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes HSG A
- 255B Windsor loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes HSG A

The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has mapped the local soils as predominately 245B Hinckley loamy sand 3-8% slopes, with a small portion of the lot adjacent to Mill Street as 255B Windsor loam sand 3-8% slopes.

Section 2.0 Proposed Conditions

2.1 Proposed Site Conditions

The proposed project is a subdivision, which will include the construction of four (4) new single-family houses and a proposed roadway. Access to the subdivision will be provided off Mill Street by a 40-ft. wide private way, which ends at a cul-de-sac with a 42-ft. pavement radius. The proposed street layout will have 24-ft. of pavement with vertical granite curbing on both sides. Each proposed single-family house will be provided vehicular access to the proposed road by a curb cut and asphalt driveway.

The street will be graded to have a 2.9% grade for the first approximately 19-ft. before transition to a 100-ft. Type IV Sag Vertical Curve. The roadway will have a slope of approximately 7% for approximately 10-ft. before transitioning to a 150-ft. Type I Crest Vertical Curve. The highpoint of the roadway will be located towards the front of the cul-de-sac and will slope down toward the end of the road. A retaining wall is proposed along the easterly side of the roadway from approximately station 0+55 to approximately station 1+75. The retaining wall is approximately 5-ft. tall at its highest point.

The proposed subdivision will be improved by public utilities for the use of the four (4) proposed dwellings. A proposed 8-in. PVC gravity sewer main is proposed to be installed for the length of the roadway. The proposed sewer main will tie into the existing 8-in. PVC sewer main in Mill Street by constructing a doghouse manhole in Mill Street. A sewer manhole is proposed at the end of the proposed sewer main in the cul-de-sac of the proposed roadway. Each house will tie into the proposed sewer main by gravity with proposed 4-in. PVC sewer services. An 8-in. CLDI (cement-lined ductile iron) water main will be installed for the length of the roadway. The proposed water main will tie into the existing water main in Mill Street. Each house will be provided water service by a 1-in. "type K" copper pipe. A fire hydrant is proposed at the end of the proposed 8-in. water main and will be located within the cul-de-sac of the proposed roadway. A proposed gas main shall be installed by the local utility purveyors standards to provide gas service to each dwelling. Power and communication services will be provided by underground wires. A transformer will be installed within the subdivision.

2.2 Proposed Stormwater

Proposed stormwater controls shall comply with local, state and federal regulations. Stormwater generated by the proposed street will be collected, detained, and infiltrated to protect the down gradient abutting properties. The stormwater generated by the proposed street will be captured by a series of deep sump catch basins and detained and infiltrated using three underground infiltration structures and two surface detention basins. Given the soil conditions on-site having an infiltration rate of 2.41 in./hr., three proprietary drainage structures are proposed to provided sufficient TSS (Total Suspended Solids) removal. The structures proposed are Contech CS-3 Cascade Separators. Flows captured from the proposed roadway will be collected by a series of catch basins. Two (2) catch basins are proposed near Mill Street to capture runoff flowing down the proposed road

towards Mill Street. These captured flows will be directed to CS-3 structure 1 and then conveyed to Underground Infiltration "System 1". System 1 is an underground infiltration system consisting of (11) Shea Concrete 4'x4'x4' concrete leaching structures. The concrete chambers will be surrounded by 18-in. of stone, and will have 18-in. of stone below to aid with infiltration. Outlet control for Underground Infiltration System 1 is provided by catch basin 1 during larger storm events. Underground Infiltration System 1 is located within a proposed drainage easement on Lot 4. A series of two (2) catch basins located to the north of the cul-de-sac will be installed to capture a portion of the flows graded toward Mill Street. These captured flows will be directed to CS-3 structure 2 and then conveyed to Underground Infiltration "System 2". System 2 is an underground infiltration system consisting of (24) Shea Concrete 4'x4'x4' concrete leaching structures. The concrete chambers will be surrounded by 24-in. of stone, and will have 24-in. of stone below to aid with infiltration. Outlet control for Underground Infiltration System 2 is provided by a 12-in. HDPE drain overflow during larger storm events that will be conveyed to Surface Detention Basin 2. Surface Detention basin 2 is located on Lot 1. Surface Detention basin 2 will collect runoff from stormwater overflows from underground infiltration "system 2" and portions of Lots 1 and 2. Outlet control for basin 2 is provided by a berm with an overflow elevation of 125.5 for larger storm events. This basin is proposed to collect stormwater runoff from two roofs and landscape areas. The last catch basin is located within the cul-de-sac and will be installed to capture runoff from the cul-de-sac and surrounding areas. These captured flows will be directed to CS-3 structure 3 and then conveyed to Underground Infiltration "System 3". System 3 is an underground infiltration system consisting of (54) Shea Concrete 4'x4'x4' concrete leaching structures. The concrete chambers will be surrounded by 24-in. of stone, and will have 24-in. of stone below to aid with infiltration. Outlet control for Underground Infiltration System 3 is provided by a 12-in. HDPE drain overflow during larger storm events that will be conveyed to Surface Detention Basin 1. Surface Detention basin 1 is located partially on Lots 2 and 3. Surface Detention basin 1 will collect runoff from portions of Lots 2,3, and 4. Outlet control for Surface Detention basin 1 is provided by a berm with an overflow elevation of 127.5 for larger storm events. This basin is proposed to collect stormwater runoff from three roofs and landscaping areas. It is DeCelle-Burke-Sala & Associates, Inc. belief that the project complies with the Stormwater Management Standards. The project as proposed will protect the abutter in the short term through proper construction and erosion protection techniques. It will also protect the environment from longterm impacts due to the improved stormwater controls.

Section 3.0 Stormwater Management

3.1 MassDEP Stormwater Performance Standards

It is the intent of this report to show compliance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Standards (the "Standards"). This office generated hydrographs for both existing and proposed conditions to compare overall storm water offsite for various storms. We calculated land coverage numbers (CN) using Hydrologic Group "A" soils and used minimums for Times of Concentration for proposed conditions for hydrograph generation. A Rawl's Rate of 2.41 in./hr. was used for exfiltration. Through the use of stormwater control BMP's, proposed peak stormwater discharge rates decrease in comparison to the peak existing discharge rates.

Stormwater Best Management Practices have been incorporated into the design of the project to mitigate the anticipated pollutant loading. An Operations and Maintenance Plan has been developed for the project, which addresses the long-term maintenance requirements of the proposed system.

Temporary erosion and sedimentation controls will be incorporated into the construction phase of the project. These temporary controls may include straw wattles and/or silt fence barriers, inlet sediment traps, slope stabilization, and stabilized construction entrances.

The Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection has established ten (10) Stormwater Management Standards. A project that meets or exceeds the standards is presumed to satisfy the regulatory requirements regarding stormwater management. The Standards are enumerated below as well as descriptions and supporting calculations as to how the Project will comply with the Standards:

Standard 1

No new stormwater conveyances (e.g. outfalls) may discharge untreated stormwater directly to or cause erosion in wetlands or waters of the Commonwealth.

All stormwater runoff with the potential for collecting suspended solids and pollutants is treated through the use of stormwater infiltration structures prior to its discharge to the surrounding environment.

Standard 2

Stormwater management systems shall be designed so that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development peak discharge rates. This Standard may be waived for discharges to land subject to coastal storm flowage as defined in 310 CMR 10.04.

Post-development discharge rates do not exceed pre-development through the use of underground infiltration. The proposed site has been graded to capture the majority of the stormwater runoff so that it can be treated and released to best match the existing site hydraulics. The design points analyzed when comparing the pre- and post-development peak discharge rates are the flows to Mill Street, flows to the northeasterly abutters and flows to the easterly abutter. Through grading and stormwater BMP's, this office was able to reduce the pre-development peak discharge rates to all three design points. A comparison chart for the pre- and post-development peak flows are included further in this report, and HydroCAD analyses included in Appendix A of this report.

Standard 3

Loss of annual recharge to groundwater shall be eliminated or minimized through the use of infiltration measures including environmentally sensitive site design, low impact development techniques, stormwater best management practices, and good operation and maintenance. At a minimum, the annual recharge from the post-development site shall approximate the annual recharge from pre-development conditions based on soil type. This Standard is met when the stormwater management system is designed to infiltrate the required recharge volume as determined in accordance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

The proposed site was designed to ensure that the annual recharge for the post-development site shall approximate or exceed the annual recharge from the pre-development conditions based on the soil type. Calculations showing that this development meets the criteria for Standard 3, which includes the required recharge volume and that the infiltration systems will drain fully within 72 hours have been included in Appendix D of this report.

Standard 4

Stormwater management systems shall be designed to remove 80% of the average annual post-construction load of Total Suspended Solids (TSS). This standard is met when:

- Suitable practices for source control and pollution prevention are identified in a longterm pollution prevention plan, and thereafter are implemented and maintained;
- Structural stormwater best management practices are sized to capture the required water quality volume determined in accordance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook; and
- Pretreatment is provided in accordance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

This site meets all aspects of Standard 4 by utilizing proprietary stormwater structures for TSS removal, sizing the infiltration system adequately to handle the required water quality volume, and providing a long-term pollution prevention plan.

Standard 5

For land uses with higher potential pollutant loads, source control and pollution prevention shall be implemented in accordance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook to eliminate or reduce the discharge of stormwater runoff from such land uses to the maximum extent practicable. If through source control and/or pollution prevention all land uses with higher potential pollutant loads cannot be completely protected from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt, and stormwater runoff, the proponent shall use the specific structural stormwater BMPs determined by the Department to be suitable for such uses as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. Stormwater discharges from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads shall also comply with the requirements of the Massachusetts Clean Waters Act, M.G.L. c. 21, §§ 26-53 and the regulations promulgated thereunder at 314 CMR 3.00, 314 CMR 4.00 and 314 CMR 5.00.

This project is not classified as a land with higher potential pollutant loads.

Standard 6

Stormwater discharges within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area of a public water supply, and stormwater discharges near or to any other critical area, require the use of the specific

source control and pollution prevention measures and the specific structural stormwater best management practices determined by the Department to be suitable for managing discharges to such areas, as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. A discharge is near a critical area if there is a strong likelihood of a significant impact occurring to said area, taking into account site-specific factors. Stormwater discharges to Outstanding Resource Waters and Special Resource Waters shall be removed and set back from the receiving water or wetland and receive the highest and best practical method of treatment. A "storm water discharge" as defined in 314 CMR 3.04(2)(a)1 or (b) to an Outstanding Resource Water or Special Resource Water shall comply with 314 CMR 3.00 and 314 CMR 4.00. Stormwater discharges to a Zone I or Zone A are prohibited unless essential to the operation of a public water supply.

This project is not located within a Zone II, IWPA, or any other critical area.

Standard 7

A redevelopment project is required to meet the following Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable: Standard 2, Standard 3, and the pretreatment and structural best management practice requirements of Standards 4, 5, and 6. Existing stormwater discharges shall comply with Standard 1 only to the maximum extent practicable. A redevelopment project shall also comply with all other requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards and improve existing conditions.

This project does not qualify as a redevelopment project due to the proposed increase in impervious area.

Standard 8

A plan to control construction-related impacts including erosion, sedimentation and other pollutant sources during construction and land disturbance activities (construction period erosion, sedimentation, and pollution prevention plan) shall be developed and implemented.

A plan to control construction related impacts including erosion, sedimentation and other pollutant sources during construction and land disturbance activities has been included in Appendix C.

Standard 9

A long-term operation and maintenance plan shall be developed and implemented to ensure that stormwater management systems function as designed.

A long term operation and maintenance plan has been developed for this property to ensure the stormwater management systems function as designed and is included in Appendix B.

Standard 10

All illicit discharges to the stormwater management system are prohibited.

It is DeCelle-Burke-Sala & Associates, Inc. (DBS) belief that the project complies with the Stormwater Management Standards. The project as proposed will protect the abutter in the short term through proper construction and erosion protection techniques. It will also protect the environment from long-term impacts due to the improved stormwater controls.

Stormwater Runoff Comparison Chart for Pre- and Post-Construction Flows to Mill Street

2 Year Storm (3.40")			
Existing Conditions Proposed Conditions			
Area Description	Flow (CFS)	Area Description	Flow (CFS)
Flow off-site	0.05	Flow off-site	0.00

10 Year Storm (5.20")			
Existing Co	nditions	Proposed Conditions	
Area Description	Flow (CFS)	Area Description	Flow (CFS)
Flow off-site	0.30	Flow off-site	0.00

25 Year Storm (6.33")			
Existing Conditions Proposed Conditions			
Area Description	Flow (CFS)	Area Description	Flow (CFS)
Flow off-site	0.50	Flow off-site	0.12

100 Year Storm (8.06")			
Existing Conditions Proposed Conditions			
Area Description	Flow (CFS)	Area Description	Flow (CFS)
Flow off-site	0.85	Flow off-site	0.71

Stormwater Runoff Comparison Chart for Pre- and Post-Construction Flows to Northeasterly Abutters

2 Year Storm (3.40")			
Existing Conditions Proposed Conditions			
Area Description	Flow (CFS)	Area Description	Flow (CFS)
Flow off-site	0.00	Flow off-site	0.00

10 Year Storm (5.20")			
Existing Conditions Proposed Conditions			
Area Description	Flow (CFS)	Area Description	Flow (CFS)
Flow off-site	0.00	Flow off-site	0.00

25 Year Storm (6.33")			
Existing Conditions Proposed Conditions			
Area Description	Flow (CFS)	Area Description	Flow (CFS)
Flow off-site	0.01	Flow off-site	0.00

100 Year Storm (8.06")				
Existing Conditions Proposed Conditions				
Area Description	Flow (CFS)	Area Description	Flow (CFS)	
Flow off-site	0.04	Flow off-site	0.02	

Stormwater Runoff Comparison Chart for Pre- and Post-Construction Flows to Easterly Abutters

2 Year Storm (3.40")			
Existing Conditions Proposed Conditions			onditions
Area Description	Flow (CFS)	Area Description	Flow (CFS)
Flow off-site	0.00	Flow off-site	0.00

10 Year Storm (5.20")			
Existing Co	nditions	Proposed Conditions	
Area Description	Flow (CFS)	Area Description	Flow (CFS)
Flow off-site	0.00	Flow off-site	0.00

25 Year Storm (6.33")			
Existing Conditions Proposed Conditions			
Area Description	Flow (CFS)	Area Description	Flow (CFS)
Flow off-site	0.02	Flow off-site	0.02

100 Year Storm (8.06")						
Existing Co	nditions	Proposed Conditions				
Area Description	Flow (CFS)	Area Description	Flow (CFS)			
Flow off-site	0.13	Flow off-site	0.09			

3.2 MassDEP Stormwater Checklist



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection

Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

A. Introduction

Important: When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return key.





A Stormwater Report must be submitted with the Notice of Intent permit application to document compliance with the Stormwater Management Standards. The following checklist is NOT a substitute for the Stormwater Report (which should provide more substantive and detailed information) but is offered here as a tool to help the applicant organize their Stormwater Management documentation for their Report and for the reviewer to assess this information in a consistent format. As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Report must contain the engineering computations and supporting information set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The Stormwater Report must be prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer (RPE) licensed in the Commonwealth.

The Stormwater Report must include:

- The Stormwater Checklist completed and stamped by a Registered Professional Engineer (see page 2) that certifies that the Stormwater Report contains all required submittals. This Checklist is to be used as the cover for the completed Stormwater Report.
- Applicant/Project Name
- Project Address
- Name of Firm and Registered Professional Engineer that prepared the Report
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan required by Standards 4-6
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan required by Standard 8²
- Operation and Maintenance Plan required by Standard 9

In addition to all plans and supporting information, the Stormwater Report must include a brief narrative describing stormwater management practices, including environmentally sensitive site design and LID techniques, along with a diagram depicting runoff through the proposed BMP treatment train. Plans are required to show existing and proposed conditions, identify all wetland resource areas, NRCS soil types, critical areas, Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPL), and any areas on the site where infiltration rate is greater than 2.4 inches per hour. The Plans shall identify the drainage areas for both existing and proposed conditions at a scale that enables verification of supporting calculations.

As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Management Report shall document compliance with each of the Stormwater Management Standards as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The soils evaluation and calculations shall be done using the methodologies set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

To ensure that the Stormwater Report is complete, applicants are required to fill in the Stormwater Report Checklist by checking the box to indicate that the specified information has been included in the Stormwater Report. If any of the information specified in the checklist has not been submitted, the applicant must provide an explanation. The completed Stormwater Report Checklist and Certification must be submitted with the Stormwater Report.

¹ The Stormwater Report may also include the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement required by Standard 10. If not included in the Stormwater Report, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement must be submitted prior to the discharge of stormwater runoff to the post-construction best management practices.

² For some complex projects, it may not be possible to include the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan in the Stormwater Report. In that event, the issuing authority has the discretion to issue an Order of Conditions that approves the project and includes a condition requiring the proponent to submit the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan before commencing any land disturbance activity on the site.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification

The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

Note: Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.

A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

Registered Professional Engineer's Certification

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Long-term Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.

Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature

COMMO	JAMES W. BURKE CIVIL NO. 39418 GISTERE	Signature and Date		1/24/2023	
		c	hecklist		
Project redevel	Type: Is the application opment?	on for new develop	ment, redevelopmer	nt, or a mix of new and	
Nev	v development				
☐ Red	levelopment				
☐ Mix	of New Development a	and Redevelopme	nt		



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection

Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

LID Measures: Stormwater Standards require LID measures to be considered. Document what environmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the planning and design of the project:

\boxtimes	No disturbance to any Wetland Resource Areas						
	Site Design Practices (e.g. clustered development, reduced frontage setbacks)						
	Reduced Impervious Area (Redevelopment Only)						
	Minimizing disturbance to existing trees and shrubs						
	LID Site Design Credit Requested:						
	Credit 1						
	☐ Credit 2						
	☐ Credit 3						
	Use of "country drainage" versus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe						
	Bioretention Cells (includes Rain Gardens)						
	Constructed Stormwater Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs)						
	Treebox Filter						
	Water Quality Swale						
	Grass Channel						
	Green Roof						
	Other (describe): Stormwater Infiltration						
Sta	ndard 1: No New Untreated Discharges						
\boxtimes	No new untreated discharges						
	Outlets have been designed so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and waters of the Commonwealth						
	Supporting calculations specified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook included.						



Checklist for Stormwater Report

CI	necklist (contin	ued)							
Sta	andard 2: Peak Rat	e Attenuation							
	Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding. Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm.								
	Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre- development rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24- hour storm.								
Sta	andard 3: Recharge								
	Soil Analysis provid	ded.							
\boxtimes	Required Recharge	e Volume calculation provided.							
	Required Recharge	e volume reduced through use of	the LID site Design Credits.						
\boxtimes	Sizing the infiltration	n, BMPs is based on the followin	g method: Check the method used.						
	Static	⊠ Simple Dynamic	☐ Dynamic Field¹						
\boxtimes	Runoff from all imp	ervious areas at the site discharç	ging to the infiltration BMP.						
	are provided showing		scharging to the infiltration BMP and calculations uting runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient to						
\boxtimes	Recharge BMPs ha	ave been sized to infiltrate the Re	quired Recharge Volume.						
		ave been sized to infiltrate the Re or the following reason:	equired Recharge Volume <i>only</i> to the maximum						
	☐ Site is comprise	ed solely of C and D soils and/or	bedrock at the land surface						
	☐ M.G.L. c. 21E s	sites pursuant to 310 CMR 40.00	00						
	☐ Solid Waste La	ndfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.00	00						
	Project is other practicable.	wise subject to Stormwater Man	agement Standards only to the maximum extent						
\boxtimes	Calculations showing	ng that the infiltration BMPs will o	Irain in 72 hours are provided.						
	Property includes a	M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid wa	ste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.						

¹ 80% TSS removal is required prior to discharge to infiltration BMP if Dynamic Field method is used.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Cr	necklist (continued)
Sta	ndard 3: Recharge (continued)
	The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the 10-year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a mounding analysis is provided.
	Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby wetland resource areas.
Sta	ndard 4: Water Quality
•	E Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan typically includes the following: Good housekeeping practices; Provisions for storing materials and waste products incide or under cover:
	Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover; Vehicle washing controls; Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs; Spill prevention and response plans; Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas; Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides; Pet waste management provisions; Provisions for operation and management of septic systems; Provisions for solid waste management; Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas; Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions; Street sweeping schedules; Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system; Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL; Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan; List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan.
	A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is included as an attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent. Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and the one inch rule for calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge:
	is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area
	is near or to other critical areas
	is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour)
	involves runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads.

☐ The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.

applicable, the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement, are provided.

☐ Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal requirement and, if



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Cł	necklist (continued)
Sta	andard 4: Water Quality (continued)
\boxtimes	The BMP is sized (and calculations provided) based on:
	☐ The ½" or 1" Water Quality Volume or
	☐ The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume.
	The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying performance of the proprietary BMPs.
	A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided.
Sta	ndard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs)
	The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report. The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted <i>prioto</i> to the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs.
\boxtimes	The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does <i>not</i> cover the land use.
	LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan.
	All exposure has been eliminated.
	All exposure has <i>not</i> been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list.
	The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent.
Sta	ndard 6: Critical Areas
	The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area.
	Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report.



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection

Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

Standard 7: Redevelopments and Other Projects Subject to the Standards only to the maximum extent practicable

\boxtimes	The project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent Practicable as a:
	☐ Limited Project
	 Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area. Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are protected from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff
	☐ Bike Path and/or Foot Path
	Redevelopment Project
	Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment.
	Certain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and an explanation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report. The project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to improve existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklist found in Volume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document that the proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretreatment and structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) improves existing conditions.

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must include the following information:

- Narrative;
- Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan;
- Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance;
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures;
- Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings;
- Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations;
- Vegetation Planning;
- Site Development Plan;
- Construction Sequencing Plan;
- Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Inspection Schedule;
- Maintenance Schedule;
- Inspection and Maintenance Log Form.
- A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan containing the information set forth above has been included in the Stormwater Report.



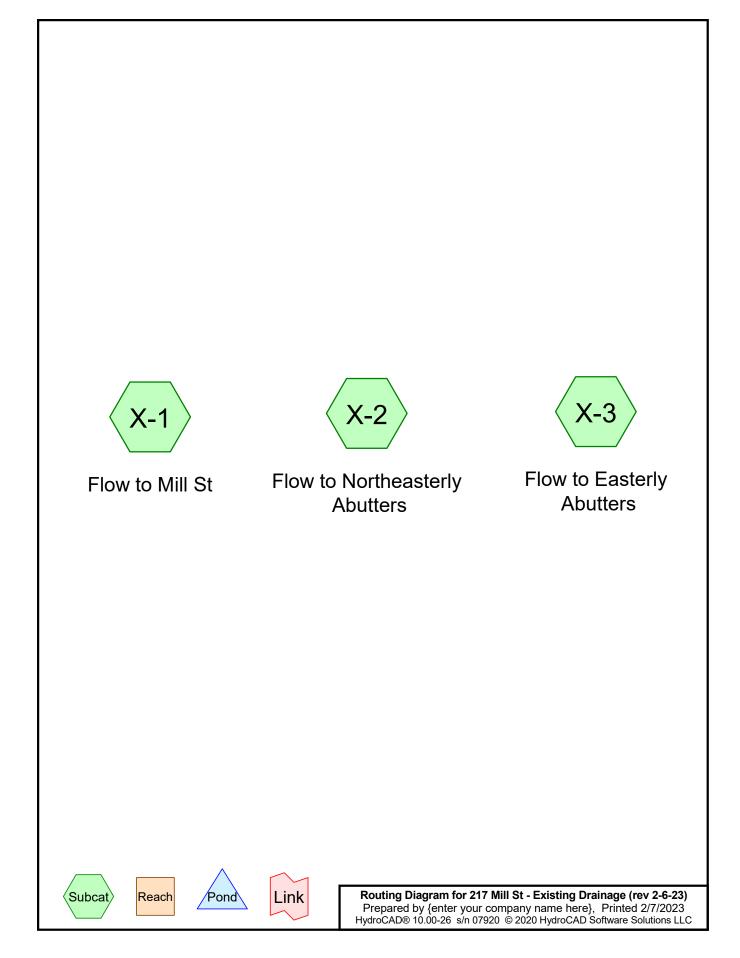
Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

	andard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control ntinued)
	The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control has <i>not</i> been included in the Stormwater Report but will be submitted <i>before</i> land disturbance begins.
	The project is <i>not</i> covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit.
	The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the Stormwater Report.
\boxtimes	The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted. The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins.
Sta	andard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan
	The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and includes the following information:
	Name of the stormwater management system owners;
	□ Party responsible for operation and maintenance;
	Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks;
	☐ Plan showing the location of all stormwater BMPs maintenance access areas;
	□ Description and delineation of public safety features;
	□ Operation and Maintenance Log Form.
	The responsible party is not the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions:
	A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs;
	A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions.
Sta	andard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges
	The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges;
\boxtimes	An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached;
	NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted <i>prior to</i> the discharge of any stormwater to post-construction BMPs.

Appendix A HydroCAD Reports

Existing HydroCAD Report



217 Mill St - Existing Drainage (rev 2-6-23)
Prepared by {enter your company name here}
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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description	
(sq-ft)		(subcatchment-numbers)	
9,090	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (X-1, X-2, X-3)	
3,190	98	Paved parking, HSG A (X-1)	
919	98	Roofs, HSG A (X-1)	
64,313	30	Woods, Good, HSG A (X-1, X-2, X-3)	
77,512	35	TOTAL AREA	

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Summary for Subcatchment X-1: Flow to Mill St

Runoff = 0.05 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume= 389 cf, Depth= 0.38"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YR Rainfall=3.40"

А	rea (sf)	CN E	Description				
	3,190	98 F	98 Paved parking, HSG A				
	919		Roofs, HSC				
	5,640		•		ood, HSG A		
	2,579			od, HSG A	•		
	12,328		Veighted A	,			
	8,219		•	vious Area			
	4,109	3	3.33% Imp	ervious Ar	ea		
	•		,				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
8.6	50	0.0460	0.10		Sheet Flow,		
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.40"		
8.0	53	0.0530	1.15		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
0.4	22	0.0040	1.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps		
0.4	114	0.0700	5.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps		
10.2	239	Total					

Summary for Subcatchment X-2: Flow to Northeasterly Abutters

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Depth= 0.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YR Rainfall=3.40"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN I	Description				
		0	98	Paved parking, HSG A				
		0	98 I	Roofs, HSG A				
		1,467	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A		
		9,958	30 '	Woods, Go	od, HSG A			
		11,425	31 Weighted Average					
		11,425		100.00% P	ervious Are	a		
(Tc min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description		
	8.9	50	0.0420	0.09		Sheet Flow,		
	0.9	109	0.1670	2.04		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.40" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
	98	159	Total					

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Summary for Subcatchment X-3: Flow to Easterly Abutters

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Depth= 0.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YR Rainfall=3.40"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription			
	0	98 P	Paved parking, HSG A			
	0	98 F	Roofs, HSC	βĀ		
	1,983	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A	
	51,776	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A		
	53,759	30 V	Veighted A	verage		
	53,759	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
7.0	50	0.0760	0.12		Sheet Flow,	
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.40"	
1.4	92	0.0500	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps	
3.7	61	0.0030	0.27		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps	
1.8	78	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
4 7	400	0.0400	4.00		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps	
1.7	102	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps	
15.6	383	Total				

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Summary for Subcatchment X-1: Flow to Mill St

Runoff = 0.30 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 1,246 cf, Depth= 1.21"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=5.20"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
	3,190	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG A	
	919	98 F	Roofs, HSC	βĀ	
	5,640	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
	2,579	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
	12,328	57 V	Veighted A	verage	
	8,219	6	6.67% Per	vious Area	
	4,109	3	3.33% lmp	ervious Ar	ea
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
8.6	50	0.0460	0.10		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.40"
0.8	53	0.0530	1.15		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.4	22	0.0040	1.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.4	114	0.0700	5.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
10.2	239	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment X-2: Flow to Northeasterly Abutters

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 21.31 hrs, Volume= 23 cf, Depth= 0.02"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=5.20"

Area (sf) CN	Description		
(98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	1
(98	Roofs, HSC	θĂ	
1,467	7 39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
9,958	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	
11,425	31	Weighted A	verage	
11,425	5	100.00% P	ervious Are	a
Tc Lengt	th Slop	oe Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min) (fee	t) (ft/	ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
8.9 5	0.042	20 0.09		Sheet Flow,
				Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.40"
0.9 10	9 0.167	70 2.04		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
				Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
9.8 15	9 Total			

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Summary for Subcatchment X-3: Flow to Easterly Abutters

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 22.76 hrs, Volume= 53 cf, Depth= 0.01"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=5.20"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
	0	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG A	1
	0	98 F	Roofs, HSC	S A	
	1,983	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
	51,776	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
	53,759	30 V	Veighted A	verage	
	53,759	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
7.0	50	0.0760	0.12		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.40"
1.4	92	0.0500	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
3.7	61	0.0030	0.27		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.8	78	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.7	102	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
15.6	383	Total			

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Summary for Subcatchment X-1: Flow to Mill St

Runoff = 0.50 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 1,931 cf, Depth= 1.88"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=6.33"

	Area (sf)	CN I	Description		
-	3,190	98 I	Paved park	ing, HSG A	
	919		Roofs, HSG	•	
	5,640	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
	2,579	30 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG A	
	12,328	57 \	Neighted A	verage	
	8,219	(66.67% Pei	vious Area	
	4,109	(33.33% Imp	ervious Ar	ea
Т	0	•	,	Capacity	Description
(mir	ı) (feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
8.	6 50	0.0460	0.10		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.40"
0.	8 53	0.0530	1.15		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.	4 22	0.0040	1.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.	4 114	0.0700	5.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
10.	2 239	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment X-2: Flow to Northeasterly Abutters

Runoff = 0.01 cfs @ 14.84 hrs, Volume= 139 cf, Depth= 0.15"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=6.33"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
		0	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG A	
		0	98 F	Roofs, HSG	S A	
		1,467	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
_		9,958	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
		11,425	31 V	Veighted A	verage	
		11,425	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
			•	,		
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	·
_	(min) 8.9	•	•	,	(cfs)	Sheet Flow,
_		(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.40"
_		(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	•
_	8.9	(feet) 50	(ft/ft) 0.0420	(ft/sec) 0.09	(cfs)	Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.40"

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Summary for Subcatchment X-3: Flow to Easterly Abutters

Runoff = 0.02 cfs @ 15.27 hrs, Volume= 496 cf, Depth= 0.11"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=6.33"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	0	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG A	1
	0 98 Roofs, HSG A				
	1,983				ood, HSG A
	51,776	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
	53,759	30 V	Veighted A	verage	
	53,759	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
7.0	50	0.0760	0.12		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.40"
1.4	92	0.0500	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
3.7	61	0.0030	0.27		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.8	78	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
4 7	400	0.0400	4.00		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.7	102	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
15.6	383	Total			

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Summary for Subcatchment X-1: Flow to Mill St

Runoff = 0.85 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 3,128 cf, Depth= 3.04"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.06"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
	3,190	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG A	
	919	98 F	Roofs, HSG	βA	
	5,640	39 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
	2,579	30 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG A	
	12,328	57 Weighted Average			
	8,219	6	6.67% Per	vious Area	
	4,109	3	33.33% Imp	ervious Ar	ea
Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
8.6	50	0.0460	0.10		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.40"
8.0	53	0.0530	1.15		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.4	22	0.0040	1.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.4	114	0.0700	5.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
10.2	239	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment X-2: Flow to Northeasterly Abutters

Runoff = 0.04 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 479 cf, Depth= 0.50"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.06"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
		0	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG A	
		0	98 F	Roofs, HSG	S A	
		1,467	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
_		9,958	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
		11,425	31 V	Veighted A	verage	
		11,425	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
			•	,		
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	·
_	(min) 8.9	•	•	,	(cfs)	Sheet Flow,
_		(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.40"
_		(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	•
_	8.9	(feet) 50	(ft/ft) 0.0420	(ft/sec) 0.09	(cfs)	Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.40"

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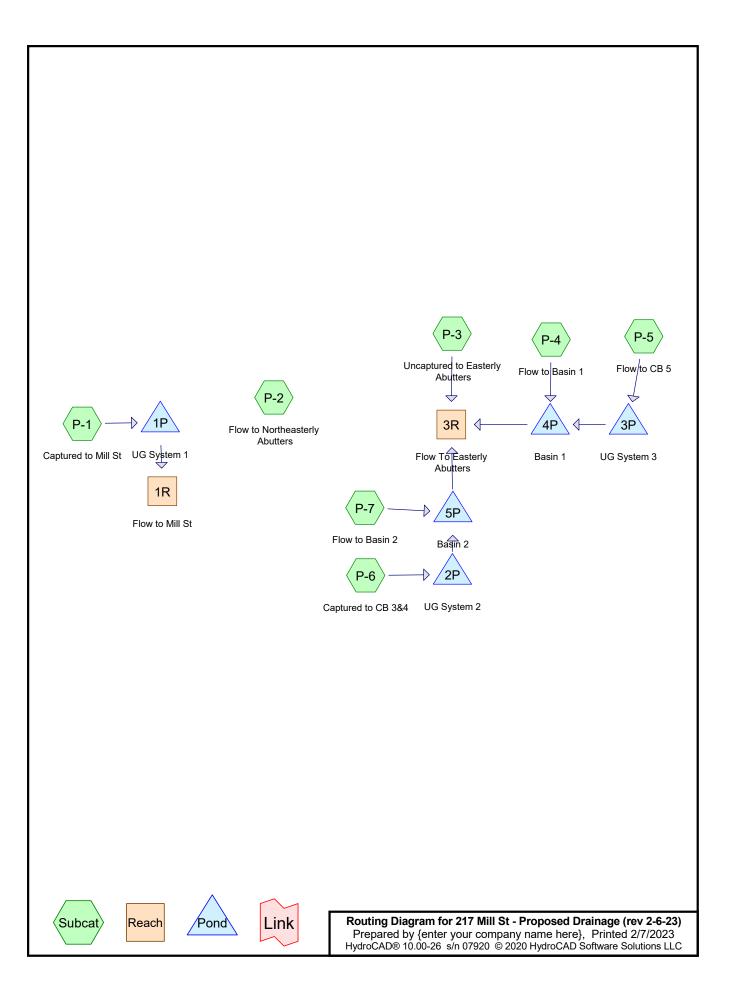
Summary for Subcatchment X-3: Flow to Easterly Abutters

Runoff 0.13 cfs @ 12.56 hrs, Volume= 1,930 cf, Depth= 0.43"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.06"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
	0	98 P	aved park	ing, HSG A	
	0	98 F	Roofs, HSG	βA	
	1,983				ood, HSG A
	51,776	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
	53,759		Veighted A		
	53,759	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
_				_	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
7.0	50	0.0760	0.12		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.40"
1.4	92	0.0500	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
3.7	61	0.0030	0.27		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.8	78	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
4 -	400	0.0400	4.00		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.7	102	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
15.6	383	Total			

Proposed HydroCAD Report



217 Mill St - Proposed Drainage (rev 2-6-23)
Prepared by {enter your company name here}
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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(sq-ft)		(subcatchment-numbers)
49,795	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (P-1, P-2, P-3, P-4, P-5, P-6, P-7)
17,760	98	Paved parking, HSG A (P-1, P-5, P-6)
7,520	98	Roofs, HSG A (P-4, P-7)
2,437	30	Woods, Good, HSG A (P-2, P-3, P-4)
77,512	58	TOTAL AREA

Type III 24-hr 2-YR Rainfall=3.40"

Prepared by {enter your company name here}

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Summary for Subcatchment P-1: Captured to Mill St

Runoff = 0.17 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 622 cf, Depth= 0.75"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YR Rainfall=3.40"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
	4,541	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A			
	5,457	39	>75% Ġras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A		
	9,998	66	Weighted Average				
	5,457		54.58% Pervious Area				
	4,541		45.42% Impervious Area				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
6.0					Direct Entry,		

Summary for Subcatchment P-2: Flow to Northeasterly Abutters

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Depth= 0.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YR Rainfall=3.40"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
	0	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	1		
	1,033	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A		
	0	98	Roofs, HSG	βA			
	1,031	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A			
	2,064	35	Weighted Average				
	2,064		100.00% Pervious Area				
_							
Tc	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description		
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)			
6.0					Direct Entry,		

Summary for Subcatchment P-3: Uncaptured to Easterly Abutters

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 24.01 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Depth= 0.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YR Rainfall=3.40"

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Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
	0	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	4		
	4,429	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A		
	0	98	Roofs, HSG	βA			
	434	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	1		
	4,863	38	Weighted Average				
	4,863		100.00% Pervious Area				
Тс	Length	Slop	,	Capacity	•		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
6.0					Direct Entry,		

Summary for Subcatchment P-4: Flow to Basin 1

Runoff = 0.01 cfs @ 12.49 hrs, Volume=

248 cf, Depth= 0.13"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YR Rainfall=3.40"

Area (s	sf) CN	Description				
3,76	60 98	Roofs, HSG A				
18,87	78 39	>75% Grass cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
	0 98	Paved parking, HSG A				
97	72 30	Woods, Good, HSG A				
23,6	10 48	48 Weighted Average				
19,8	50	84.07% Pervious Area				
3,76	30	15.93% Impervious Ar	ea			
Tc Len	gth Slo	, ,	Description			
(min) (fe	et) (ft/	ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)				
6.0			Direct Entry,			

Summary for Subcatchment P-5: Flow to CB 5

Runoff = 0.52 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=

1,673 cf, Depth= 1.17"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YR Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
10,071	98	Paved parking, HSG A
7,063	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
17,134	74	Weighted Average
7,063		41.22% Pervious Area
10,071		58.78% Impervious Area

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	•		,		Description
 (min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-6: Captured to CB 3&4

Runoff = 0.07 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 341 cf, Depth= 0.45"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YR Rainfall=3.40"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
	3,148	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A				
	5,922	39	>75% Gras	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A				
	9,070	59	Weighted Average					
	5,922		65.29% Pervious Area					
	3,148		34.71% Impervious Area					
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
6.0	· ,	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,	Direct Entry,			

Summary for Subcatchment P-7: Flow to Basin 2

Runoff = 0.09 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 439 cf, Depth= 0.49"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YR Rainfall=3.40"

Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
	3,760	98	Roofs, HSG	ΘA				
	7,013	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A					
	10,773	60	Weighted Average					
	7,013		65.10% Pervious Area					
	3,760		34.90% Impervious Area					
Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	,	(cfs)	Bookinpuoli			
6.0		•			Direct Entry,			

Summary for Reach 1R: Flow to Mill St

Inflow Area = 9,998 sf, 45.42% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 2-YR event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

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Summary for Reach 3R: Flow To Easterly Abutters

Inflow Area = 65,450 sf, 31.69% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 2-YR event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.01 hrs, Volume = 0 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 24.01 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Pond 1P: UG System 1

Inflow Area =	9,998 sf, 45.42% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.75" for 2-YR event
Inflow =	0.17 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	622 cf
Outflow =	0.02 cfs @ 11.94 hrs, Volume=	622 cf, Atten= 88%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.02 cfs @ 11.94 hrs, Volume=	622 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 122.93' @ 13.70 hrs Surf.Area= 353 sf Storage= 204 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 100.2 min calculated for 622 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 100.2 min (985.9 - 885.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	121.00'	455 cf	7.50'W x 47.00'L x 6.25'H Field A
			2,203 cf Overall - 686 cf Embedded = 1,517 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	123.00'	510 cf	Shea Leaching Chamber 4x4x4 x 11 Inside #1
			Inside= 42.2"W x 45.0"H => 13.25 sf x 3.50'L = 46.4 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 51.0"H => 15.58 sf x 4.00'L = 62.3 cf
#3	123.34'	5 cf	10.0" Round Pipe Storage -Impervious
			L= 9.3' S= 0.0050 '/'
#4	123.39'	11 cf	10.0" Round Pipe Storage -Impervious
			L= 20.1' S= 0.0050 '/'
#5	123.50'	38 cf	4.00'D x 3.00'H Vertical Cone/Cylinder -Impervious
#6	126.50'	22 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc) -Impervious

1,041 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
126.50	4	0	0
128.00	25	22	22

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1	Discarded	121.00'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area	
#2	Primary	126.50'	2.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)	
			0.5' Crest Height	

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Discarded OutFlow Max=0.02 cfs @ 11.94 hrs HW=121.07' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.02 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=121.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond 2P: UG System 2

Inflow Area =	9,070 sf, 34.71% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.45" for 2-YR event
Inflow =	0.07 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume=	341 cf
Outflow =	0.04 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume=	341 cf, Atten= 47%, Lag= 0.3 min
Discarded =	0.04 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume=	341 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 127.91' @ 12.47 hrs Surf.Area= 630 sf Storage= 31 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 7.1 min calculated for 341 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 7.1 min (924.9 - 917.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	127.75'	732 cf	17.50'W x 36.00'L x 6.25'H Field A
			3,938 cf Overall - 1,496 cf Embedded = 2,442 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	129.75'	1,113 cf	Shea Leaching Chamber 4x4x4 x 24 Inside #1
			Inside= 42.2"W x 45.0"H => 13.25 sf x 3.50'L = 46.4 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 51.0"H => 15.58 sf x 4.00'L = 62.3 cf
			24 Chambers in 3 Rows
		1 846 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Discarded	127.75'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area		
#2	Primary	132.00'	12.0" Round Culvert		
			L= 84.2' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900		
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 132.00' / 126.00' S= 0.0713 '/' Cc= 0.900		
			n= 0.010 PVC, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf		

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.04 cfs @ 12.13 hrs HW=127.82' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.04 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=127.75' (Free Discharge) 2=Culvert (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Summary for Pond 3P: UG System 3

Inflow Area =	17,134 sf, 58.78% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.17" for 2-YR event
Inflow =	0.52 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	1,673 cf
Outflow =	0.07 cfs @ 11.85 hrs, Volume=	1,673 cf, Atten= 86%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.07 cfs @ 11.85 hrs, Volume=	1,673 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 127.05' @ 12.81 hrs Surf.Area= 1,330 sf Storage= 517 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 55.8 min calculated for 1,672 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 55.7 min (914.1 - 858.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	125.75'	1,484 cf	17.50'W x 76.00'L x 6.25'H Field A
			8,313 cf Overall - 3,366 cf Embedded = 4,947 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	127.75'	2,505 cf	Shea Leaching Chamber 4x4x4 x 54 Inside #1
			Inside= 42.2"W x 45.0"H => 13.25 sf x 3.50'L = 46.4 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 51.0"H => 15.58 sf x 4.00'L = 62.3 cf
			54 Chambers in 3 Rows
		3,989 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	125.75'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	130.50'	12.0" Round Culvert
			L= 56.5' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 130.50' / 128.00' S= 0.0442 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.010 PVC, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.07 cfs @ 11.85 hrs HW=125.82' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.07 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=125.75' (Free Discharge) 2=Culvert (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond 4P: Basin 1

Inflow Area =	40,744 sf, 33.95% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.07" for 2-YR event
Inflow =	0.01 cfs @ 12.49 hrs, Volume=	248 cf
Outflow =	0.01 cfs @ 12.94 hrs, Volume=	248 cf, Atten= 10%, Lag= 26.9 min
Discarded =	0.01 cfs @ 12.94 hrs, Volume=	248 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 126.00' @ 12.94 hrs Surf.Area= 943 sf Storage= 3 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 5.9 min calculated for 248 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 5.9 min (1,022.9 - 1,017.0)

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description	
#1	126.00'	3,40	7 cf Custom	Stage Data (Prisi	natic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio	et)	rf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
126.0 128.0		940 2,467	0 3,407	0 3,407	
Device	Routing Discarded	Invert 126.00'	Outlet Devices	Siltration over Su	wfo.co. ovo.c
#1 #2	Primary	127.50'	10.0' long x 3 Head (feet) 0 2.50 3.00 3.5 Coef. (English	6.0' breadth Broad 20 0.40 0.60 0.8 50 4.00 4.50	d-Crested Rectangular Weir 80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.05 cfs @ 12.94 hrs HW=126.00' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.05 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=126.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond 5P: Basin 2

Inflow Area =	19,843 sf, 34.81% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.27" for 2-YR event
Inflow =	0.09 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume=	439 cf
Outflow =	0.02 cfs @ 12.82 hrs, Volume=	439 cf, Atten= 76%, Lag= 42.0 min
Discarded =	0.02 cfs @ 12.82 hrs, Volume=	439 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 123.87' @ 12.82 hrs Surf.Area= 402 sf Storage= 94 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 41.4 min calculated for 439 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 41.4 min (953.7 - 912.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description	
#1	123.50'	2,12	23 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pr	ismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio		ırf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
123.5	50	100	0	0	
124.0	0	506	152	152	
126.0	00	1,465	1,971	2,123	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	s	
#1	Discarded	123.50'	2.410 in/hr Ex	xfiltration over	Surface area
#2	Primary	125.50'		0.20 0.40 0.60	oad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00

Type III 24-hr 2-YR Rainfall=3.40" Printed 2/7/2023

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Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72 2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.02 cfs @ 12.82 hrs HW=123.87' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.02 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=123.50' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Summary for Subcatchment P-1: Captured to Mill St

Runoff = 0.48 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 1,554 cf, Depth= 1.87"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=5.20"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
	4,541	98	Paved parking, HSG A				
	5,457	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	Good, HSG A		
	9,998	66	Weighted A	verage			
	5,457		54.58% Pervious Area				
	4,541	,	45.42% Impervious Area				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	,	Capacity (cfs)	·		
6.0	, ,		, ,		Direct Entry,		

Summary for Subcatchment P-2: Flow to Northeasterly Abutters

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 14.86 hrs, Volume= 19 cf, Depth= 0.11"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=5.20"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
	0	98	Paved park	ng, HSG A			
	1,033	39	>75% Grass	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A		
	0	98	Roofs, HSG	iΑ			
	1,031	30	Woods, Good, HSG A				
	2,064	35	Weighted A	verage			
	2,064		100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a		
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slop (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
6.0					Direct Entry,		

Summary for Subcatchment P-3: Uncaptured to Easterly Abutters

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume= 83 cf, Depth= 0.21"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=5.20"

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A	rea (sf)	CN	Description			
	0	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	A	
	4,429	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	lood, HSG A	
	0	98	Roofs, HSG A			
	434	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	4	
	4,863	38	Weighted A	verage		
	4,863		100.00% Pe	ervious Are	ea	
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slop (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)	· ·	
6.0					Direct Entry,	

Summary for Subcatchment P-4: Flow to Basin 1

Runoff = 0.24 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 1,306 cf, Depth= 0.66"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=5.20"

Area	ı (sf) C	N [Description		
3	,760 9	98 F	Roofs, HSG	i A	
18	,878 3	39 >	75% Grass	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
	0 9	98 F	Paved parki	ing, HSG A	A
	972 3	30 \	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	1
23	,610 4	48 \	Veighted A	verage	
19	,850	3	34.07% Per	vious Area	a
3	,760	15.93% Impervious Area			
	U	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	· ·
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-5: Flow to CB 5

Runoff = 1.16 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 3,605 cf, Depth= 2.52"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=5.20"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
,	10,071	98	Paved parking, HSG A
	7,063	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
	17,134	74	Weighted Average
	7,063		41.22% Pervious Area
	10,071		58.78% Impervious Area

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	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
,	6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-6: Captured to CB 3&4

Runoff = 0.30 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 1,020 cf, Depth= 1.35"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=5.20"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description			
	3,148	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	A	
	5,922	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	lood, HSG A	
	9,070	59	Weighted A	verage		
	5,922	65.29% Pervious Area				
	3,148		34.71% lmp	ervious Ar	rea	
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)	·	
6.0					Direct Entry,	

Summary for Subcatchment P-7: Flow to Basin 2

Runoff = 0.37 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 1,274 cf, Depth= 1.42"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=5.20"

Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
	3,760	98	Roofs, HSG	ΘA			
	7,013	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A		
	10,773	60	Weighted A	verage			
	7,013		65.10% Pervious Area				
	3,760		34.90% Impervious Area				
Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	,	(cfs)	Bookinpuoli		
6.0		•			Direct Entry,		

Summary for Reach 1R: Flow to Mill St

Inflow Area = 9,998 sf, 45.42% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 10-YR event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

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Summary for Reach 3R: Flow To Easterly Abutters

Inflow Area = 65,450 sf, 31.69% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.02" for 10-YR event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume= 83 cf

Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume= 83 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Pond 1P: UG System 1

Inflow Area =	9,998 sf, 45.42% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.87" for 10-YR event
Inflow =	0.48 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	1,554 cf
Outflow =	0.02 cfs @ 11.56 hrs, Volume=	981 cf, Atten= 96%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.02 cfs @ 11.56 hrs, Volume=	981 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 126.15' @ 16.29 hrs Surf.Area= 353 sf Storage= 871 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 342.4 min calculated for 981 cf (63% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 228.4 min (1,084.2 - 855.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	121.00'	455 cf	7.50'W x 47.00'L x 6.25'H Field A
			2,203 cf Overall - 686 cf Embedded = 1,517 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	123.00'	510 cf	Shea Leaching Chamber 4x4x4 x 11 Inside #1
			Inside= 42.2"W x 45.0"H => 13.25 sf x 3.50'L = 46.4 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 51.0"H => 15.58 sf x 4.00'L = 62.3 cf
#3	123.34'	5 cf	10.0" Round Pipe Storage -Impervious
			L= 9.3' S= 0.0050 '/'
#4	123.39'	11 cf	10.0" Round Pipe Storage -Impervious
			L= 20.1' S= 0.0050 '/'
#5	123.50'	38 cf	4.00'D x 3.00'H Vertical Cone/Cylinder -Impervious
#6	126.50'	22 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc) -Impervious

1,041 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
126.50	4	0	0
128.00	25	22	22

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1	Discarded	121.00'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area	
#2	Primary	126.50'	2.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)	
			0.5' Crest Height	

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Discarded OutFlow Max=0.02 cfs @ 11.56 hrs HW=121.07' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.02 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=121.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond 2P: UG System 2

Inflow Area =	9,070 sf, 34.71% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.35" for 10-YR event
Inflow =	0.30 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	1,020 cf
Outflow =	0.04 cfs @ 11.88 hrs, Volume=	1,020 cf, Atten= 88%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.04 cfs @ 11.88 hrs, Volume=	1,020 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 129.51' @ 13.27 hrs Surf.Area= 630 sf Storage= 333 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 87.5 min calculated for 1,019 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 87.5 min (963.1 - 875.6)

<u>Volume</u>	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	127.75'	732 cf	17.50'W x 36.00'L x 6.25'H Field A
			3,938 cf Overall - 1,496 cf Embedded = 2,442 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	129.75'	1,113 cf	Shea Leaching Chamber 4x4x4 x 24 Inside #1
			Inside= 42.2"W x 45.0"H => 13.25 sf x 3.50'L = 46.4 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 51.0"H => 15.58 sf x 4.00'L = 62.3 cf
			24 Chambers in 3 Rows
		1 846 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	127.75'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	132.00'	12.0" Round Culvert
			L= 84.2' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 132.00' / 126.00' S= 0.0713 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.010 PVC, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.04 cfs @ 11.88 hrs HW=127.81' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.04 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=127.75' (Free Discharge) 2=Culvert (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Summary for Pond 3P: UG System 3

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 128.75' @ 14.19 hrs Surf.Area= 1,330 sf Storage= 1,632 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 216.9 min calculated for 3,604 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 216.8 min (1,052.3 - 835.5)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	125.75'	1,484 cf	17.50'W x 76.00'L x 6.25'H Field A
			8,313 cf Overall - 3,366 cf Embedded = 4,947 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	127.75'	2,505 cf	Shea Leaching Chamber 4x4x4 x 54 Inside #1
			Inside= 42.2"W x 45.0"H => 13.25 sf x 3.50'L = 46.4 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 51.0"H => 15.58 sf x 4.00'L = 62.3 cf
			54 Chambers in 3 Rows
		3,989 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	125.75'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	130.50'	12.0" Round Culvert
			L= 56.5' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 130.50' / 128.00' S= 0.0442 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.010 PVC, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.07 cfs @ 11.57 hrs HW=125.81' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.07 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=125.75' (Free Discharge) 2=Culvert (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond 4P: Basin 1

Inflow Area =	40,744 sf, 33.95% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.38" for 10-YR event
Inflow =	0.24 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume=	1,306 cf
Outflow =	0.06 cfs @ 12.92 hrs, Volume=	1,306 cf, Atten= 74%, Lag= 47.7 min
Discarded =	0.06 cfs @ 12.92 hrs, Volume=	1,306 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 126.24' @ 12.92 hrs Surf.Area= 1,121 sf Storage= 244 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 31.5 min calculated for 1,305 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 31.5 min (951.9 - 920.4)

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Storage Description	
#1	126.00'	3,40	07 cf Custom	cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio		rf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
126.0	00	940	0	0	
128.0	00	2,467	3,407	3,407	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	S	
#1	Discarded	126.00'	2.410 in/hr Ex	filtration over S	urface area
#2	Primary	127.50'	10.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir		
			Head (feet) 0	.20 0.40 0.60 0	0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.5	50 4.00 4.50	
			, ,	,	88 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68
			2.72 2.81 2.9	92 2.97 3.07 3.	32

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.06 cfs @ 12.92 hrs HW=126.24' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.06 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=126.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond 5P: Basin 2

Inflow Area =	19,843 sf, 34.81% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.77" for 10-YR event
Inflow =	0.37 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	1,274 cf
Outflow =	0.04 cfs @ 13.39 hrs, Volume=	1,274 cf, Atten= 89%, Lag= 77.4 min
Discarded =	0.04 cfs @ 13.39 hrs, Volume=	1,274 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 124.51' @ 13.39 hrs Surf.Area= 751 sf Storage= 473 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 130.8 min calculated for 1,274 cf (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 130.8 min (1,003.3 - 872.5)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description		
#1	123.50'	2,12	23 cf Custom	cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevatio		urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)		
123.5	50	100	0	0		
124.0	00	506	152	152		
126.0	00	1,465	1,971	2,123		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	3		
#1	Discarded	123.50'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area			
#2	Primary	125.50'		.20 0.40 0.60 0	ad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00	

2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50

Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=5.20" Printed 2/7/2023

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Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72 2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.04 cfs @ 13.39 hrs HW=124.51' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.04 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=123.50' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Summary for Subcatchment P-1: Captured to Mill St

Runoff = 0.71 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,239 cf, Depth= 2.69"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=6.33"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description			
	4,541	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	1	
	5,457	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A	
	9,998	66	Weighted Average			
	5,457		54.58% Pervious Area			
	4,541		45.42% Impervious Area			
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
6.0					Direct Entry,	

Summary for Subcatchment P-2: Flow to Northeasterly Abutters

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 56 cf, Depth= 0.32"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=6.33"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description			
	0	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A		
	1,033	39	>75% Grass	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A	
	0	98	Roofs, HSG	βA		
	1,031	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A		
	2,064	35	Weighted Average			
	2,064		100.00% Pervious Area			
	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description	
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)		
6.0					Direct Entry,	

Summary for Subcatchment P-3: Uncaptured to Easterly Abutters

Runoff = 0.02 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= 197 cf, Depth= 0.49"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=6.33"

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Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description			
	0	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	A	
	4,429	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A	
	0	98	Roofs, HSG	βA		
	434	30	Woods, Good, HSG A			
	4,863	38	Weighted Average			
	4,863		100.00% Pervious Area			
Tc	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description	
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
6.0					Direct Entry,	

Summary for Subcatchment P-4: Flow to Basin 1

Runoff = 0.56 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 2,274 cf, Depth= 1.16"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=6.33"

Area	ı (sf) C	N [Description				
3	,760 9	98 F	Roofs, HSG	i A			
18	,878 3	39 >	75% Grass	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A		
	0 9	98 F	Paved parki	ing, HSG A	A		
	972 3	30 \	Woods, Good, HSG A				
23	,610 4	48 Weighted Average					
19	,850	84.07% Pervious Area					
3	,760	15.93% Impervious Area					
	U	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	· ·		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
6.0					Direct Entry,		

Summary for Subcatchment P-5: Flow to CB 5

Runoff = 1.60 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 4,946 cf, Depth= 3.46"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=6.33"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
10,071	98	Paved parking, HSG A
7,063	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
17,134	74	Weighted Average
7,063		41.22% Pervious Area
10,071		58.78% Impervious Area

Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=6.33"

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	_		•		Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.0	·			·	Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-6: Captured to CB 3&4

Runoff = 0.47 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 1,552 cf, Depth= 2.05"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=6.33"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description			
	3,148	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A		
	5,922	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	od, HSG A	
	9,070	59	Weighted Average			
	5,922		65.29% Pervious Area			
	3,148		34.71% Imp	pervious Ar	ea	
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
6.0	· ,	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,	Direct Entry,	

Summary for Subcatchment P-7: Flow to Basin 2

Runoff = 0.59 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 1,922 cf, Depth= 2.14"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=6.33"

Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
	3,760	98	Roofs, HSG	ΘA			
	7,013	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A				
	10,773	60	Weighted Average				
	7,013		65.10% Pervious Area				
	3,760		34.90% Impervious Area				
Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	,	(cfs)	Bookinpuoli		
6.0		•			Direct Entry,		

Summary for Reach 1R: Flow to Mill St

Inflow Area = 9,998 sf, 45.42% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.58" for 25-YR event

Inflow = 0.12 cfs @ 12.56 hrs, Volume= 483 cf

Outflow = 0.12 cfs @ 12.56 hrs, Volume= 483 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

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Summary for Reach 3R: Flow To Easterly Abutters

Inflow Area = 65,450 sf, 31.69% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.04" for 25-YR event

Inflow = 0.02 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= 197 cf

Outflow = 0.02 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= 197 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Pond 1P: UG System 1

Inflow Area =	=	9,998 sf	, 45.42% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.6	69" for 25-YR event
Inflow =		0.71 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume=	2,239 cf	
Outflow =		0.14 cfs @	12.56 hrs, Volume=	1,505 cf, A	Atten= 80%, Lag= 27.8 min
Discarded =		0.02 cfs @	11.17 hrs, Volume=	1,023 cf	
Primary =		0.12 cfs @	12.56 hrs, Volume=	483 cf	

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 126.57' @ 12.56 hrs Surf.Area= 353 sf Storage= 955 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 250.3 min calculated for 1,505 cf (67% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 145.5 min (990.4 - 844.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	121.00'	455 cf	7.50'W x 47.00'L x 6.25'H Field A
			2,203 cf Overall - 686 cf Embedded = 1,517 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	123.00'	510 cf	
			Inside= 42.2"W x 45.0"H => 13.25 sf x 3.50'L = 46.4 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 51.0"H => 15.58 sf x 4.00'L = 62.3 cf
#3	123.34'	5 cf	10.0" Round Pipe Storage -Impervious
			L= 9.3' S= 0.0050 '/'
#4	123.39'	11 cf	10.0" Round Pipe Storage -Impervious
			L= 20.1' S= 0.0050 '/'
#5	123.50'	38 cf	4.00'D x 3.00'H Vertical Cone/Cylinder -Impervious
#6	126.50'	22 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc) -Impervious

1,041 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
126.50	4	0	0
128.00	25	22	22

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	121.00'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	126.50'	2.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
			0.5' Crest Height

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Discarded OutFlow Max=0.02 cfs @ 11.17 hrs HW=121.07' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.02 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.11 cfs @ 12.56 hrs HW=126.57' (Free Discharge) 2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.11 cfs @ 0.85 fps)

Summary for Pond 2P: UG System 2

Inflow Area =	9,070 sf, 34.71% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.05" for 25-YR event
Inflow =	0.47 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	1,552 cf
Outflow =	0.04 cfs @ 11.74 hrs, Volume=	1,552 cf, Atten= 93%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.04 cfs @ 11.74 hrs, Volume=	1,552 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 130.49' @ 14.43 hrs Surf.Area= 630 sf Storage= 662 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 194.6 min calculated for 1,552 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 194.6 min (1,056.7 - 862.1)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	127.75'	732 cf	17.50'W x 36.00'L x 6.25'H Field A
			3,938 cf Overall - 1,496 cf Embedded = 2,442 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	129.75'	1,113 cf	Shea Leaching Chamber 4x4x4 x 24 Inside #1
			Inside= 42.2"W x 45.0"H => 13.25 sf x 3.50'L = 46.4 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 51.0"H => 15.58 sf x 4.00'L = 62.3 cf
			24 Chambers in 3 Rows
		1,846 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	127.75'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	132.00'	12.0" Round Culvert
			L= 84.2' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 132.00' / 126.00' S= 0.0713 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.010 PVC, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.04 cfs @ 11.74 hrs HW=127.82' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.04 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=127.75' (Free Discharge) 2=Culvert (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Summary for Pond 3P: UG System 3

Inflow Area = 17,134 sf, 58.78% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.46" for 25-YR event Inflow = 1.60 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 4,946 cf
Outflow = 0.07 cfs @ 11.25 hrs, Volume= 3,943 cf, Atten= 95%, Lag= 0.0 min Discarded = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 129.85' @ 15.21 hrs Surf.Area= 1,330 sf Storage= 2,550 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 308.0 min calculated for 3,942 cf (80% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 229.6 min (1,056.0 - 826.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	125.75'	1,484 cf	17.50'W x 76.00'L x 6.25'H Field A
			8,313 cf Overall - 3,366 cf Embedded = 4,947 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	127.75'	2,505 cf	Shea Leaching Chamber 4x4x4 x 54 Inside #1
			Inside= 42.2"W x 45.0"H => 13.25 sf x 3.50'L = 46.4 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 51.0"H => 15.58 sf x 4.00'L = 62.3 cf
			54 Chambers in 3 Rows
		3,989 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	125.75'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	130.50'	12.0" Round Culvert
			L= 56.5' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 130.50' / 128.00' S= 0.0442 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.010 PVC, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.07 cfs @ 11.25 hrs HW=125.81' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.07 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=125.75' (Free Discharge) 2=Culvert (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond 4P: Basin 1

Inflow Area =	=	40,744 sf	33.95% Imperviou	s, Inflow Depth = 0.67"	for 25-YR event
Inflow =		0.56 cfs @	12.11 hrs, Volume	= 2,274 cf	
Outflow =		0.08 cfs @	13.60 hrs, Volume	= 2,274 cf, Atte	n= 86%, Lag= 89.2 min
Discarded =		0.08 cfs @	13.60 hrs, Volume	= 2,274 cf	
Primary =		0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume	= 0 cf	

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 126.59' @ 13.60 hrs Surf.Area= 1,390 sf Storage= 687 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 92.5 min calculated for 2,273 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 92.5 min (989.5 - 897.1)

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description	
#1	126.00'	3,40	07 cf Custom	7 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (
Elevatio		rf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
126.0	00	940	0	0	
128.0	00	2,467	3,407	3,407	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	S	
#1	Discarded	126.00'	2.410 in/hr Ex	filtration over S	urface area
#2	Primary	127.50'			ad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0	.20 0.40 0.60 0	0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.5	50 4.00 4.50	
			, ,	,	88 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68
			2.72 2.81 2.9	92 2.97 3.07 3.	32

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.08 cfs @ 13.60 hrs HW=126.59' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.08 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=126.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond 5P: Basin 2

Inflow Area =	19,843 sf, 34.81% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.16" for 25-YR event	
Inflow =	0.59 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 1,922 cf	
Outflow =	0.05 cfs @ 13.75 hrs, Volume= 1,899 cf, Atten= 91%, Lag= 99.4 min	
Discarded =	0.05 cfs @ 13.75 hrs, Volume= 1,899 cf	
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf	

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 124.92' @ 13.75 hrs Surf.Area= 947 sf Storage= 820 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 189.0 min calculated for 1,898 cf (99% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 182.1 min (1,041.6 - 859.5)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage [Description			
#1	123.50'	2,12	23 cf Custom \$	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)			
Elevatio	et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)			
123.5	50	100	0	0			
124.0	00	506	152	152			
126.0	00	1,465	1,971	2,123			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices				
#1	Discarded	123.50'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area				
#2	#2 Primary 125.50		10.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00				
			2.50 3.00 3.50	0 4.00 4.50			

Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=6.33"

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Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72 2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.05 cfs @ 13.75 hrs HW=124.92' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.05 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=123.50' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Summary for Subcatchment P-1: Captured to Mill St

Runoff = 1.09 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 3,380 cf, Depth= 4.06"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.06"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	4,541	98	Paved parking, HSG A						
	5,457	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
	9,998	66	Weighted Average						
	5,457		54.58% Pervious Area						
	4,541		45.42% Impervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	,	Capacity (cfs)	•				
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment P-2: Flow to Northeasterly Abutters

Runoff = 0.02 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 142 cf, Depth= 0.82"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.06"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
	0	98	Paved park	ng, HSG A				
	1,033	39	>75% Grass	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
	0	98	Roofs, HSG	iΑ				
	1,031	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A				
	2,064	35	Weighted Average					
	2,064		100.00% Pervious Area					
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slop (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
6.0					Direct Entry,			

Summary for Subcatchment P-3: Uncaptured to Easterly Abutters

Runoff = 0.09 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 442 cf, Depth= 1.09"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.06"

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Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
	0	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	4		
	4,429	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A		
	0	98	Roofs, HSG	βA			
	434	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	1		
	4,863	38	Weighted Average				
	4,863		100.00% Pe	ervious Are	ea		
Тс	Length	Slop	,	Capacity	•		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
6.0					Direct Entry,		

Summary for Subcatchment P-4: Flow to Basin 1

Runoff = 1.18 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 4,085 cf, Depth= 2.08"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.06"

Area	ı (sf) C	N [Description					
3	,760 9	98 F	Roofs, HSG	i A				
18	,878 3	39 >	75% Grass	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
	0 9	98 F	Paved parki	ing, HSG A	A			
	972 3	30 \	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	1			
23	,610 4	48 \	Weighted Average					
19	,850	3	34.07% Per	vious Area	a			
3	,760	•	5.93% Imp	ervious Are	rea			
	U	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	· ·			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
6.0					Direct Entry,			

Summary for Subcatchment P-5: Flow to CB 5

Runoff = 2.29 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 7,110 cf, Depth= 4.98"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.06"

Area (sf)	CN	Description			
10,071	98	Paved parking, HSG A			
7,063	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A			
17,134	74	Weighted Average			
7,063		41.22% Pervious Area			
10,071		58.78% Impervious Area			

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	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	·
,	6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-6: Captured to CB 3&4

Runoff = 0.78 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,469 cf, Depth= 3.27"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.06"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description			
	3,148	98	Paved parking, HSG A			
	5,922	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	od, HSG A	
	9,070	59	Weighted A	verage		
	5,922		65.29% Pervious Area			
	3,148		34.71% Imp	pervious Ar	ea	
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
6.0	· ,	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,	Direct Entry,	

Summary for Subcatchment P-7: Flow to Basin 2

Runoff = 0.97 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 3,033 cf, Depth= 3.38"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.06"

Are	ea (sf)	CN I	Description			
	3,760	98	Roofs, HSG A			
	7,013	39 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A	
1	0,773	60 '	Neighted A	verage		
	7,013		65.10% Pervious Area			
	3,760	;	34.90% Imp	pervious Ar	rea	
_		٥.			-	
	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	·	
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
6.0					Direct Entry,	

Summary for Reach 1R: Flow to Mill St

Inflow Area = 9,998 sf, 45.42% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.76" for 100-YR event

Inflow = 0.71 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 1,467 cf

Outflow = 0.71 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 1,467 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

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Summary for Reach 3R: Flow To Easterly Abutters

Inflow Area = 65,450 sf, 31.69% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.13" for 100-YR event

Inflow = 0.09 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 689 cf

Outflow = 0.09 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 689 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Pond 1P: UG System 1

Inflow Area =	9,998 sf, 45.42% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 4.06" for 100-YR event
Inflow =	1.09 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	3,380 cf
Outflow =	0.73 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume=	2,550 cf, Atten= 33%, Lag= 5.5 min
Discarded =	0.02 cfs @ 10.42 hrs, Volume=	1,083 cf
Primary =	0.71 cfs @ 12.18 hrs. Volume=	1.467 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 126.72' @ 12.18 hrs Surf.Area= 353 sf Storage= 986 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 159.5 min calculated for 2,549 cf (75% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 71.4 min (904.3 - 832.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	121.00'	455 cf	7.50'W x 47.00'L x 6.25'H Field A
			2,203 cf Overall - 686 cf Embedded = 1,517 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	123.00'	510 cf	Shea Leaching Chamber 4x4x4 x 11 Inside #1
			Inside= 42.2"W x 45.0"H => 13.25 sf x 3.50'L = 46.4 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 51.0"H => 15.58 sf x 4.00'L = 62.3 cf
#3	123.34'	5 cf	10.0" Round Pipe Storage -Impervious
			L= 9.3' S= 0.0050 '/'
#4	123.39'	11 cf	10.0" Round Pipe Storage -Impervious
			L= 20.1' S= 0.0050 '/'
#5	123.50'	38 cf	4.00'D x 3.00'H Vertical Cone/Cylinder -Impervious
#6	126.50'	22 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc) -Impervious

1,041 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
126.50	4	0	0
128.00	25	22	22

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	121.00'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	126.50'	2.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
			0.5' Crest Height

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Discarded OutFlow Max=0.02 cfs @ 10.42 hrs HW=121.07' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.02 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.70 cfs @ 12.18 hrs HW=126.72' (Free Discharge) 2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.70 cfs @ 1.62 fps)

Summary for Pond 2P: UG System 2

Inflow Area =	9,070 sf, 34.71% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 3.27" for 100-YR event
Inflow =	0.78 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	2,469 cf
Outflow =	0.05 cfs @ 14.60 hrs, Volume=	1,856 cf, Atten= 94%, Lag= 150.6 min
Discarded =	0.04 cfs @ 11.49 hrs, Volume=	1,779 cf
Primary =	0.01 cfs @ 14.60 hrs, Volume=	77 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 132.06' @ 14.60 hrs Surf.Area= 630 sf Storage= 1,262 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 313.6 min calculated for 1,856 cf (75% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 222.4 min (1,070.3 - 848.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	127.75'	732 cf	17.50'W x 36.00'L x 6.25'H Field A
			3,938 cf Overall - 1,496 cf Embedded = 2,442 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	129.75'	1,113 cf	Shea Leaching Chamber 4x4x4 x 24 Inside #1
			Inside= 42.2"W x 45.0"H => 13.25 sf x 3.50'L = 46.4 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 51.0"H => 15.58 sf x 4.00'L = 62.3 cf
			24 Chambers in 3 Rows
		1,846 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	127.75'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	132.00'	12.0" Round Culvert
			L= 84.2' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 132.00' / 126.00' S= 0.0713 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.010 PVC, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.04 cfs @ 11.49 hrs HW=127.81' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.04 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 14.60 hrs HW=132.06' (Free Discharge) 2=Culvert (Inlet Controls 0.01 cfs @ 0.68 fps)

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Summary for Pond 3P: UG System 3

Inflow Area = 17,134 sf, 58.78% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.98" for 100-YR event Inflow = 2.29 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 7,110 cf

Outflow = 0.27 cfs @ 12.79 hrs, Volume= 5,217 cf, Atten= 88%, Lag= 42.2 min Discarded = 0.07 cfs @ 10.60 hrs, Volume= 4,165 cf

Primary = 0.19 cfs @ 12.79 hrs, Volume= 1,051 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 130.74' @ 12.79 hrs Surf.Area= 1,330 sf Storage= 3,284 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 262.2 min calculated for 5,214 cf (73% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 172.8 min (988.8 - 816.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	125.75'	1,484 cf	17.50'W x 76.00'L x 6.25'H Field A
			8,313 cf Overall - 3,366 cf Embedded = 4,947 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	127.75'	2,505 cf	Shea Leaching Chamber 4x4x4 x 54 Inside #1
			Inside= 42.2"W x 45.0"H => 13.25 sf x 3.50'L = 46.4 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 51.0"H => 15.58 sf x 4.00'L = 62.3 cf
			54 Chambers in 3 Rows
		3,989 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	125.75'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	130.50'	12.0" Round Culvert
			L= 56.5' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 130.50' / 128.00' S= 0.0442 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.010 PVC, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.07 cfs @ 10.60 hrs HW=125.81' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.07 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.19 cfs @ 12.79 hrs HW=130.74' (Free Discharge)

—2=Culvert (Inlet Controls 0.19 cfs @ 1.32 fps)

Summary for Pond 4P: Basin 1

Inflow Area =	40,744 sf, 33.95% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.51" for 100-YR event
Inflow =	1.18 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	5,136 cf
Outflow =	0.18 cfs @ 14.09 hrs, Volume=	4,853 cf, Atten= 85%, Lag= 119.2 min
Discarded =	0.12 cfs @ 14.09 hrs, Volume=	4,638 cf
Primary =	0.06 cfs @ 14.09 hrs, Volume=	215 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 127.52' @ 14.09 hrs Surf.Area= 2,100 sf Storage= 2,308 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 229.0 min calculated for 4,853 cf (94% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 200.7 min (1,065.7 - 865.0)

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage l	Description	
#1	126.00'	3,40	07 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pris	smatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio		ırf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
126.0	00	940	0	0	
128.0	00	2,467	3,407	3,407	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	3	
#1	Discarded	126.00'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area		
#2	Primary	127.50'	10.0' long x 3	.0' breadth Broa	nd-Crested Rectangular Weir
	•		Head (feet) 0.	20 0.40 0.60 0	.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.5	0 4.00 4.50	
			Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.6	8 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68
			2.72 2.81 2.9	, 2 2.97 3.07 3.3	32

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.12 cfs @ 14.09 hrs HW=127.52' (Free Discharge) —1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.12 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.06 cfs @ 14.09 hrs HW=127.52' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.06 cfs @ 0.33 fps)

Summary for Pond 5P: Basin 2

Inflow Area =	19,843 sf, 34.81% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.88" for 100-YR event
Inflow =	0.97 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	3,110 cf
Outflow =	0.08 cfs @ 13.77 hrs, Volume=	2,802 cf, Atten= 92%, Lag= 100.8 min
Discarded =	0.07 cfs @ 13.77 hrs, Volume=	2,769 cf
Primary =	0.01 cfs @ 13.77 hrs, Volume=	33 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-25.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 125.50' @ 13.77 hrs Surf.Area= 1,226 sf Storage= 1,453 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 258.6 min calculated for 2,802 cf (90% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 210.9 min (1,057.8 - 846.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	orage Storage Description			
#1	123.50'	2,12	23 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pri	smatic) Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee 123.5 124.0	et) 50	rf.Area (sq-ft) 100 506	Inc.Store (cubic-feet) 0 152	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 152		
126.0	00	1,465	1,971	2,123		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	3		
#1	Discarded 123.50' 2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area		Surface area			
#2 Primary 125.50' 10.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Wei Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1. 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50						

Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.06"

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Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72 2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.07 cfs @ 13.77 hrs HW=125.50' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.07 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 13.77 hrs HW=125.50' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.00 cfs @ 0.12 fps)

Appendix B Stormwater Operation & Maintenance Plan

DeCelle-Burke-Sala



Stormwater Operation & Site Maintenance Plan for Proposed Definitive Subdivision at 217 Mill Street Randolph, Massachusetts

Prepared by: DeCelle-Burke-Sala & Associates, Inc. 1266 Furnace Brook Parkway Suite 401 Quincy, MA 02169

> Prepared for: 217 Mill St, LLC 228 Park Avenue S, PMB 35567 New York, NY 89135

Introduction

This Stormwater Operation & Maintenance Plan (SOMP) is for the definitive subdivision located at 217 Mill Street in Randolph, Massachusetts. The SOMP is outlined below to provide long term operation and maintenance procedures of the stormwater controls installed to manage the stormwater flow generated on the site. The landowners are required to implement the procedures and ensure the long term benefits of the stormwater controls approved and installed for this project. The SOMP provides simple operational and maintenance procedures for the stormwater control structures as well as perform various tasks to remove pollutants from areas that would have potential to be picked up on site and moved via stormwater offsite.

The landowners shall be responsible to implement this SOMP which requires them to inspect, maintain, and operate the stormwater management system as well as inspect the grounds for eroded areas and collected pollutants. The purpose of the SOMP is to maintain the long term benefits from the Stormwater Management features constructed that support groundwater recharge and pollution prevention.

Responsible Party -

217 Mill St, LLC 228 Park Avenue S, PMB 35567 New York, NY 89135

The responsible party listed above is responsible for inspecting, maintaining and keeping copies of maintenance records for the following plan and will be referred to as the Site Manager for the remainder of this report. The responsible party can expect a yearly budget of \$1,500 to \$2,000 per year to maintain this site.

All future property owners shall inherit the responsibility of implanting this SOMP. The current deed reference is found in the Norfolk County Registry of Deeds Book 14059 Page 498. This document shall be recorded at the Norfolk County Registry of Deeds with the deed reference. Upon any future transfer of ownership all future owners will be obligated to use, maintain, and continue to adhere to this Operation and Maintenance Plan in accordance with the manufacturers recommendations and all inspection records will be maintained and made available to the Town of Randolph upon request.

Illicit Discharge Statement

Per Standard No. 10 of the MassDEP Stormwater Management Standards, there shall be no illicit discharges to the stormwater management system. The Property Manager is responsible for implementing the Operation and Maintenance Plan and overseeing activities at the facility to prevent illicit discharges to the drainage system from occurring.

It is strictly prohibited to discharge any products or substances onto the ground surface or into any drainage structures, such as catch basin inlets, manholes, water quality units, forebays, basin or drainage outlets that would be a detriment to the environment.

Non-Structural Operations

Pavement Sweeping

Pavement sweeping will be performed by hand twice during the year, in April-May and in September-October. The Site Manager shall contract with a property management company that provides pavement sweeping services. The company shall be in good standing in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and experienced in performing these services. All sweepings shall be disposed of by the hired company off-site in a legal manner.

Snow Management

Proper snow management practices will be implemented to maximize access and egress into the property. Plowed or shoveled snow will be placed in pervious areas at the edges of driveways and the roadway where it can slowly infiltrate. Snow will be placed on to pervious areas that are not subject to excessive shade from buildings or vegetation. All accumulated sediment from snowmelt shall be removed each spring.

Structural Operations

Deep Sump Catch Basins

The catch basins are installed to capture stormwater runoff and provide pretreatment for TSS and oils. The catch basin is fitted with a proprietary water quality outlet control assembly called a SNOUT® to assist in the efficiency of capturing TSS and oils. To ensure maximum capacity and efficiency, the deep sump catch basin sump will be cleaned when half of the available capacity of the sump has been used or at a minimum of once per year. The Manager shall inspect the sump on a quarterly basis. The Site Manager shall hire a contractor in good standing in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts with experience in cleaning stormwater sumps with a vacuum truck. All sediment and water retrieved from the sumps shall be disposed of by the hired company off-site in a legal manner. The Manager shall provide a written inspection report of which an example form is attached.

SNOUT®

The SNOUT® is a locally manufactured stormwater treatment product that is a vented fiberglass water quality hood that is installed over the outlet pipe in a storm water structure with a sump that skims oils, floatables and trash off of the surface water while letting settleable solids sink to the bottom. The cleaner water exits from beneath the

SNOUT, which is lower than the bottom of the pipe, but above the bottom of the structure allowing both floatable material and solids that sink to stay in the structure. The catch basin structure is fitted with the SNOUT®. The Manager shall inspect the SNOUT® quarterly, the same time the sump is inspected. The Site Manager shall hire a contractor in good standing in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts with experience in inspecting the SNOUT® and make sure it is operating as intended. If damaged, the SNOUT® shall be repaired or replaced entirely. The Manager shall provide a written inspection report of each SNOUT® which an example form is attached.

Contech CS-3 Cascade Separator Water Quality Manhole

The Cascade Separator (CS-3) water quality manholes were installed to provide additional pretreatment for the stormwater prior to infiltration. To ensure maximum capacity and efficiency, the CS-3 units should be inspected and cleaned in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications which have been included in Appendix A.

Underground Concrete Leaching Galleys

The underground concrete leaching galleys were installed to recharge stormwater runoff from the roadway, the driveways, and portions of landscaping area runoff. The roof runoff does not generate sediment, and with at grade flows captured by a deep sump catch basin with outlet hood treating the driveway and landscape runoff, the infiltration chambers shall remain effective for a long period of time. Inspection manholes are brought to grade to allow the Site Manager to observe if the chambers are ponding or accumulating sediment and to clean if necessary. To ensure maximum capacity and efficiency, the concrete chambers should be inspected and cleaned in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

Surface Infiltration Basin

Two surface infiltration basins have been constructed within the subdivision to allow for the attenuation of stormwater. The berm shall be stabilized and protected from erosion through the use of vegetation. The berm shall be inspected quarterly and after large storm events and maintained as necessary. If erosion is identified in the basin, the affected area will be stabilized and reseeded as required to maintain vegetative cover. This will prevent further instability occurring on the berm. The Manager shall hire a contractor that provides basin cleaning services for the entire stormwater management infrastructure. The contractor shall be a company in good standing in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and experienced in performing the requested services. The debris and silt laden stormwater collected from the facilities shall be disposed of in a legal manner.

Site Management

The site shall be inspected on a quarterly basis for rutting, potholes, broken berms, depressions eroded areas and any other site damage caused by vehicular or human

activity. Landscaped areas shall be raked as necessary to maintain their grade. Grassed areas shall be raked out and seeded as needed to maintain an even vegetated surface. A slow release natural fertilizer and a minimal amount of insecticides and herbicides shall be used for landscaping maintenance. The homeowner shall hire a contractor, if necessary, in good standing in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts with experience in site management to repair any potholes, broken berms, or other damaged exterior area. The homeowner shall hire a contractor, if necessary, in good standing in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts with experience in re-vegetating eroded areas and repairing vehicular surfaces and edges.

Record Keeping

Records of the inspections and maintenance for the Non-Structural and Structural Operations performed or organized by the homeowner for the property shall be up to date, available for review and inspection on-site and submitted to the Town of Randolph Conservation Department for review and record. Records shall be backlogged for three years before they are disposed of. An example record keeping sheet is attached.

Definitive Subdivision

217 Mill Street, Randolph, Massachusetts

Stormwater Operation & Site Maintenance Plan INSPECTION SCHEDULE AND EVALUATION CHECKLIST

Inspection	Date	Contractor	Current Conditions and Minimum	Completed Maintenance / Repair (i.e. date,
Frequency	Inspected		Maintenance / Repairs, if necessary	contractor, tasks complete, etc)
Biannually				
Quarterly				
Quarterly				
Per manufacturer's specs.				
manufacturer's specs.				
Quarterly				
Quarterly				
	Frequency Biannually Quarterly Quarterly Per manufacturer's specs. Per manufacturer's specs.	Frequency Inspected Biannually Quarterly Quarterly Per manufacturer's specs. Per manufacturer's specs. Quarterly	Frequency Inspected Biannually Quarterly Quarterly Per manufacturer's specs. Per manufacturer's specs. Quarterly	Frequency Inspected Maintenance / Repairs, if necessary Biannually Quarterly Per manufacturer's specs. Per manufacturer's specs. Quarterly

Per Standard No. 10 of the MassDEP Stormwater Management Standards, there shall be no illicit discharges to the stormwater management system. The Property Manager is responsible for implementing the Operation and Maintenance Plan and overseeing activities at the facility to prevent illicit discharges to the drainage system from occurring. It is strictly prohibited to discharge any products or substances onto the ground surface or into any drainage structures, such as catch basin inlets, manholes, water quality units, forebays, basin or drainage outlets that would be a detriment to the environment.

Property Manager:	Date	
1 0	_	

Appendix A



Cascade Separator™ Inspection and Maintenance Guide





Maintenance

The Cascade Separator™ system should be inspected at regular intervals and maintained when necessary to ensure optimum performance. The rate at which the system collects sediment and debris will depend upon on-site activities and site pollutant characteristics. For example, unstable soils or heavy winter sanding will cause the sediment storage sump to fill more quickly but regular sweeping of paved surfaces will slow accumulation.

Inspection

Inspection is the key to effective maintenance and is easily performed. Pollutant transport and deposition may vary from year to year and regular inspections will help ensure that the system is cleaned out at the appropriate time. At a minimum, inspections should be performed twice per year (i.e. spring and fall). However, more frequent inspections may be necessary in climates where winter sanding operations may lead to rapid accumulations, or in equipment wash-down areas. Installations should also be inspected more frequently where excessive amounts of trash are expected.

A visual inspection should ascertain that the system components are in working order and that there are no blockages or obstructions in the inlet chamber, flumes or outlet channel. The inspection should also quantify the accumulation of hydrocarbons, trash and sediment in the system. Measuring pollutant accumulation can be done with a calibrated dipstick, tape measure or other measuring instrument. If absorbent material is used for enhanced removal of hydrocarbons, the level of discoloration of the sorbent material should also be identified during inspection. It is useful and often required as part of an operating permit to keep a record of each inspection. A simple form for doing so is provided in this Inspection and Maintenance Guide.

Access to the Cascade Separator unit is typically achieved through one manhole access cover. The opening allows for inspection and cleanout of the center chamber (cylinder) and sediment storage sump, as well as inspection of the inlet chamber and slanted skirt. For large units, multiple manhole covers allow access to the chambers and sump.

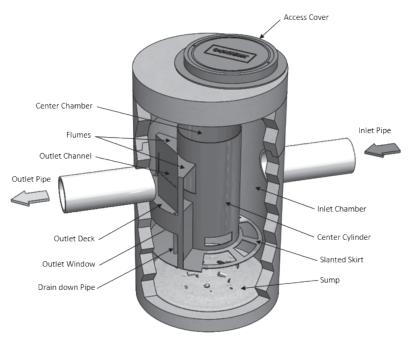
The Cascade Separator system should be cleaned before the level of sediment in the sump reaches the maximum sediment depth and/or when an appreciable level of hydrocarbons and trash has accumulated. If sorbent material is used, it must be replaced when significant discoloration has occurred. Performance may be impacted when maximum sediment storage capacity is exceeded. Contech recommends maintaining the system when sediment level reaches the 50% storage volume. The level of sediment is easily determined by measuring from finished grade down to the top of the sediment pile. To avoid underestimating the level of sediment in the chamber, the measuring device must be lowered to the top of the sediment pile carefully. Finer, silty particles at the top of the pile typically offer less resistance to the end of the rod than larger particles toward the bottom of the pile. Once this measurement is recorded, it should be compared to the as-built drawing for the unit to determine if the height of the sediment pile off the bottom of the sump floor exceeds 50% of the total height of sediment storage sump.

Cleaning

Cleaning of a Cascade Separator system should be done during dry weather conditions when no flow is entering the system. The use of a vacuum truck is generally the most effective and convenient method of removing pollutants from the system. Simply remove the manhole cover and insert the vacuum hose down through the center chamber and into the sump. The system should be completely drained down and the sump fully evacuated of sediment. The areas outside the center chamber and the slanted skirt should also be washed off if pollutant build-up exists in these areas.

In installations where the risk of petroleum spills is small, liquid contaminants may not accumulate as quickly as sediment. However, the system should be cleaned out immediately in the event of an oil or gasoline spill. Motor oil and other hydrocarbons that accumulate on a more routine basis should be removed when an appreciable layer has been captured. To remove these pollutants, it may be preferable to use absorbent pads since they are usually less expensive to dispose than the oil/water emulsion that may be created by vacuuming the oily layer. Trash and debris can be netted out to separate it from the other pollutants. Then the system should be power washed to ensure it is free of trash and debris.

Manhole covers should be securely seated following cleaning activities to prevent leakage of runoff into the system from above and to ensure proper safety precautions. Confined space entry procedures need to be followed if physical access is required. Disposal of all material removed from the Cascade Separator system must be done is accordance with local regulations. In many locations, disposal of evacuated sediments may be handled in the same manner as disposal of sediments removed from catch basins or deep sump manholes. Check your local regulations for specific requirements on disposal. If any components are damaged, replacement parts can be ordered from the manufacturer.



	Cascade S	eparator Inspe	ction & Mainte	nance Log	
Cascade Model:			Location:		
Date	Water Depth to Sediment ¹	Floatable Layer Thickness²	Describe Maintenance Performed	Maintenance Personnel	Comments
		1	L	l	ł.

^{1.} The depth to sediment is determined by taking a measurement from the manhole opening to the top of the sediment pile. Once this measurement is recorded, it should be compared to the as-built drawing for the unit to determine if the height of the sediment pile off the bottom of the sump floor exceeds 50% of the total height of sediment storage sump. Note: to avoid underestimating the volume of sediment in the chamber, the measuring device must be carefully lowered to the top of the sediment pile.

^{2.} For optimum performance, the system should be cleaned out when the floating hydrocarbon layer accumulates to an appreciable thickness. In the event of an oil spill, the system should be cleaned immediately.



A Cascade Separator unit can be easily cleaned in less than 30 minutes.



A vacuum truck excavates pollutants from the systems.

SUPPORT

- Drawings and specifications are available at www.ContechES.com.
- $\bullet \;$ Site-specific design support is available from our engineers.

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Appendix C Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

DeCelle-Burke-Sala



Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

for

217 Mill Street

a Definitive Subdivision in Randolph, Massachusetts

Prepared by: DeCelle-Burke-Sala & Associates, Inc. 1266 Furnace Brook Parkway Suite 401 Quincy, MA 02169

> Prepared for: McDermott Builders, Inc. 7 Whitelawn Avenue Milton, MA 02186

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1.0 - Plan Objectives

- To protect abutting properties, public ways and drainage infrastructure from construction related pollutant impacts generated from land disturbance and construction activities;
- Control existing, and potential erosion, sediment transport and pollutant impact events by installing and maintaining construction related Best Management Practices (BMP's) to reduce and/or prevent the discharge of stormwater pollutants into wetland resources of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts;
- To protect surface stormwater quality, ground water quality, and minimize off-site sediment transport offsite during construction;
- To prevent local and off-site flooding by controlling peak rates and volumes of stormwater runoff during construction; and
- To eliminate illicit discharges to stormwater drainage systems that causes pollution during construction.

2.0 - Introduction

This Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (The "Plan") has been devised for the construction of a new rehabilitation building located at 217 Mill Street in Randolph, Massachusetts. The purpose of the Plan is to protect the surrounding environment from contaminated stormwater during construction of the development. The stormwater will be treated before release and surfaces stabilized to minimize erosive events by implementing, installing and maintaining construction related Best Management Practices (BMP's) to reduce and/or prevent the discharge of stormwater pollutants into wetland resources of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The BMP's are described in the Stormwater Management Standards developed by the Massachusetts Department for Environmental Protection and it is our belief that short term construction related pollution prevention generated from this site can be achieved.

3.0 - Current Site Conditions

The subject property is located at 217 Mill Street in the Town of Randolph. The Town of Randolph Assessor's office currently identifies the as Assessors ID 51-H-8.01 with a

DeCelle-Burke-Sala & Associates, Inc. 1266 Furnace Brook Pkwy., #401 Quincy, MA 02169 PH: 617-405-5100 FX: 617-405-5101 total area of approximately 77,512± square feet (SF). The property is located within the Residential Single Family High Density (RSFHD) zoning district.

The site is bounded by Mill Street to the northeast, and is abutted by single-family residential properties to the east, south, and west. The dead end of Prospect Avenue is close to the locus, however, the property does not have any frontage on Prospect Avenue. The lot contains a 675± S.F. residential single-family dwelling that was constructed around 1950 per the Town's online property record database. In addition to the dwelling, there are two sheds located on the property. Vehicular access to the site is provided off Mill Street by a single-lane asphalt driveway to the west of the dwelling. The dwelling improvements include a deck on the westerly side of the building adjacent to the driveway, a concrete patio in the backyard and a concrete walkway along the front of the house. The vegetation in the northerly portion of the lot closest to Mill Street is predominately lawn, with several hedges and trees. The majority of the lot is covered by trees and considered wooded. A vinyl and chain-link fence traverse the rear of the property near the abutters located on Hart Circle. Topography on the site varies throughout the property. Elevations along the frontage of the property on Mill Street range from approximately elevation 126 in the northeasterly corner, to elevation 132 in the northerly corner. Topography slopes up roughly 27% from the northeasterly corner at elevation 126 up to the house at elevation 136. The driveway slopes approximately 13% up from Mill Street to the peak of the driveway. The high elevation on-site is located towards the center of the property within the woods. From the high point, the topography generally slopes down to the abutters to the east down to a low elevation of approximately 122. All elevations refer to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88).

The existing building is serviced by sewer, domestic water, and gas services that connect to the respective mains in Mill Street. Overhead wires connect from the dwelling to the existing overhead wires in Mill Street to provide power and communication services to the existing dwelling. A roof gutter system on the existing dwelling captures the majority of roof runoff and downspouts direct the water to flow overland. No other stormwater controls are located on-site, as flows from the asphalt driveway are not collected and runoff to Mill Street. The site is not located within a Special Flood Hazard Zone as delineated on FIRM 25021C0217E, effective 07/17/2012. There do not appear to be any jurisdictional wetlands within 100-feet of the project locus.

4.0 - Project Description

The proposed project is a subdivision, which will include the construction of four (4) new single-family houses and a proposed roadway. Access to the subdivision will be provided off Mill Street by a 40-ft. wide private way, which ends at a cul-de-sac with a 42-ft. pavement radius. The proposed street layout will have 24-ft. of pavement with vertical granite curbing on both sides. Each proposed single-family house will be provided vehicular access to the proposed road by a curb cut and asphalt driveway.

The street will be graded to have a 2.9% grade for the first approximately 19-ft. before transition to a 100-ft. Type IV Sag Vertical Curve. The roadway will have a slope of approximately 7% for approximately 10-ft. before transitioning to a 150-ft. Type I Crest Vertical Curve. The highpoint of the roadway will be located towards the front of the culde-sac and will slope down toward the end of the road. A retaining wall is proposed along the easterly side of the roadway from approximately station 0+55 to approximately station 1+75. The retaining wall is approximately 5-ft. tall at its highest point.

The proposed subdivision will be improved by public utilities for the use of the four (4) proposed dwellings. A proposed 8-in. PVC gravity sewer main is proposed to be installed for the length of the roadway. The proposed sewer main will tie into the existing 8-in. PVC sewer main in Mill Street by constructing a doghouse manhole in Mill Street. A sewer manhole is proposed at the end of the proposed sewer main in the cul-de-sac of the proposed roadway. Each house will tie into the proposed sewer main by gravity with proposed 4-in. PVC sewer services. An 8-in. CLDI (cement-lined ductile iron) water main will be installed for the length of the roadway. The proposed water main will tie into the existing water main in Mill Street. Each house will be provided water service by a 1-in. "type K" copper pipe. A fire hydrant is proposed at the end of the proposed 8-in. water main and will be located within the cul-de-sac of the proposed roadway. A proposed gas main shall be installed by the local utility purveyors standards to provide gas service to each dwelling. Power and communication services will be provided by underground wires. A transformer will be installed within the subdivision.

Proposed stormwater controls shall comply with local, state and federal regulations. Stormwater generated by the proposed street will be collected, detained, and infiltrated to protect the down gradient abutting properties. The stormwater generated by the proposed street will be captured by a series of deep sump catch basins and detained and infiltrated using three underground infiltration structures and two surface detention basins. Given the soil conditions on-site having an infiltration rate of 2.41 in./hr., three proprietary drainage structures are proposed to provided sufficient TSS (Total Suspended Solids)

removal. The structures proposed are Contech CS-3 Cascade Separators. Flows captured from the proposed roadway will be collected by a series of catch basins. Two (2) catch basins are proposed near Mill Street to capture runoff flowing down the proposed road towards Mill Street. These captured flows will be directed to CS-3 structure 1 and then conveyed to Underground Infiltration "System 1". System 1 is an underground infiltration system consisting of (11) Shea Concrete 4'x4'x4' concrete leaching structures. The concrete chambers will be surrounded by 18-in. of stone, and will have 18-in. of stone below to aid with infiltration. Outlet control for Underground Infiltration System 1 is provided by catch basin 1 during larger storm events. Underground Infiltration System 1 is located on a proposed drainage easement on Lot 4. A series of two (2) catch basins located to the north of the cul-de-sac will be installed to capture a portion of the flows graded toward Mill Street. These captured flows will be directed to CS-3 structure 2 and then conveyed to Underground Infiltration "System 2". System 2 is an underground infiltration system consisting of (24) Shea Concrete 4'x4'x4' concrete leaching structures. The concrete chambers will be surrounded by 24-in. of stone, and will have 24-in. of stone below to aid with infiltration. Outlet control for Underground Infiltration System 2 is provided by a 12-in. HDPE drain overflow during larger storm events that will be conveyed to Surface Detention Basin 2. Surface Detention basin 2 is located on Lot 1. Surface Detention basin 2 will collect runoff from stormwater overflows from underground infiltration "system 2" and portions of Lots 1 and 2. Outlet control for basin 2 is provided by a berm with an overflow elevation of 125.5 for larger storm events. This basin is proposed to collect stormwater runoff from two roofs and landscape areas. The last catch basin is located within the cul-de-sac and will be installed to capture runoff from the cul-de-sac and surrounding areas. These captured flows will be directed to CS-3 structure 3 and then conveyed to Underground Infiltration "System 3". System 3 is an underground infiltration system consisting of (54) Shea Concrete 4'x4'x4' concrete leaching structures. The concrete chambers will be surrounded by 24-in. of stone, and will have 24-in. of stone below to aid with infiltration. Outlet control for Underground Infiltration System 3 is provided by a 12-in. HDPE drain overflow during larger storm events that will be conveyed to Surface Detention Basin 1. Surface Detention basin 1 is located partially on Lots 2 and 3. Surface Detention basin 1 will collect runoff from portions of Lots 2,3, and 4. Outlet control for Surface Detention basin 1 is provided by a berm with an overflow elevation of 127.5 for larger storm events. This basin is proposed to collect stormwater runoff from three roofs and landscaping areas. It is DeCelle-Burke-Sala & Associates, Inc. belief that the project complies with the Stormwater Management Standards. The project as proposed will protect the abutter in the short term through proper construction and erosion protection techniques. It will also protect the environment from long-term impacts due to the improved stormwater controls.

5.0 - Erosion & Sedimentation Control Plan

The contractor shall implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan that protects the surrounding environment from sediment laden stormwater runoff generated during construction activities and from other pollutants generated from construction activities such as litter and dust. Construction sequencing is part of managing a site as is implementing many BMP's that assist in controlling construction related pollutants.

5.1 - Major Construction Sequence for Site

The sequence is developed to contain all potential sedimentation and erosion incidents that could occur during the construction of the project. The contractor however is responsible to manage the site effectively to control offsite sediment transport which may not be included in this plan. The sequence will coordinate the work within the erosion barrier and coordinate other sedimentation control features to reduce the stress upon a silt fence as well as limit off-site sediment transport. The sequencing is as follows:

- Place safety fence around property to limit access and protect the public.
- Place erosion control barrier at limit of work where possible. The barrier shall be 12" diameter mulch wattles.
- Provide inlet protection for existing drainage structures on and off-site to minimize sediment buildup in the catch basins.
- Install crushed stone construction entrance to reduce soil tracking off-site by construction vehicles.
- Cut and cap/disconnect all existing utilities as shown on the plans.
- Raze existing buildings.
- Grub site, stockpile loam on site, and surround in erosion control barrier and cover to minimize sediment transport from stormwater runoff.
- Rough grade the site.
- Rough grade surface detention basins. Limit construction activities around the surface detention basins to minimize compaction of existing soils.
- Install proposed roadway utilities. Install silt sacks in catch basins as soon as they have been installed.
- Install concrete Infiltration Systems 1 & 2.
- Final grade the proposed roadway.
- Install asphalt binder course for roadway.
- Install vertical granite curbing.
- Connect roadway drainage to the underground infiltration structures.
- Excavate for proposed foundations.

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- Construct proposed foundations.
- Extend utility services to the proposed foundations.
- Begin vertical construction.
- Install roof drain infiltration systems
- Final grade the site.
- Install asphalt binder course for driveways.
- Install final landscaping, including hydroseed, plantings, light poles, walkways, handicap ramps and stairs.
- Place final asphalt top coat on roadway and driveways.
- Clean up site.

The contractor has several procedures to perform to maintain the site. They include but are not limited to:

- Clean pavement of sediment as needed.
- Replace erosion control barrier at limit of work as needed. Barrier to be inspected on a weekly basis.
- Empty silt sacks after each rain event. Catch basins and manholes to be cleaned once sediment occupies 1/2 the sump available. Structures to be inspected on a weekly basis.
- Any stockpiled soils to be covered to minimize fugitive dust.
- Maintain a covered dumpster on site to minimize wind blown debris from littering neighborhood and resource areas.
- Have a water truck onsite during the excavation for the project and during rough grading to minimize fugitive dust.

5.2 - <u>Best Management Practices</u>

The contractor shall use various types of structural and non-structural methodologies to minimize offsite polluting from construction activities. The following is a list of some BMP's that can be utilized; however, it is the contractor's responsibility to implement his strategies to minimize offsite sediment transport and fugitive dust and trash.

5.2.1 - **Dumpster**

The contractor shall have a dumpster on-site for the disposal of construction debris. The contractor shall cover the dumpster as needed to prevent wind blown debris from becoming litter in the environment.

5.2.2 - Silt Collection and Filter Bags

DeCelle-Burke-Sala & Associates, Inc. 1266 Furnace Brook Pkwy., #401 Quincy, MA 02169 PH: 617-405-5100 FX: 617-405-5101 The contractor shall install filter sacks in all catch basins which may collect construction site stormwater runoff. The filter sacks will be inspected periodically for effectiveness and serviceability.

5.2.3 - Mechanical or Hand Sweeper

The contractor shall sweep the site by mechanical means or by hand to reduce the sediment build-up on-site. This will reduce the surrounding area becoming impacted from construction related offsite sediment pollution.

5.2.4 - Crushed Stone Construction Apron

A crushed stone apron shall be installed at the entrance to the site to assist in removing caked soil on construction vehicle tires. The apron shall be twenty five by twenty five foot wide. The contractor shall inspect the apron on a daily basis and supplement new stone as needed.

5.2.5 - Erosion Control Barrier

An erosion control barrier shall be installed at the downgradient Limit of Work and used around the site as needed. A barrier shall also be used around soil stockpiles and localized excavations on site. The barrier needs to be effective in controlling sediment transport and not becoming strained as the project moves forward. The contractor shall inspect the barrier weekly or after a large storm event to identify any stressed areas and replace the barrier as needed. The barrier can be one or many of several types. Staked haybales, a geotextile fabric or a geotextile erosion control sock are typical types of barriers. The contractor shall inspect the barriers on a daily basis and repair the barriers as needed.

5.2.6 - Dust Control

The use of a water truck or other method to spray water over the site during the dry season to minimize blown dust shall be implemented. The water shall not be excessively spread so erosive forces occur. The contractor shall sweep the pavement once installed and cover stockpiled soils as needed to minimize dust.

5.2.7 - Disturbed Surface Maintenance

The contractor shall stabilize the ground surface as needed to prevent erosion. Stabilization of surfaces includes the placement of pavement, rip rap, wood bark mulch and the establishment of vegetated surfaces. Upon the completion of construction of a particular phase, all surfaces should be stabilized even though it is apparent that future construction efforts will cause their disturbance. Vegetated cover should be established during the proper growing season and should be enhanced by soil adjustment for proper pH, nutrients and moisture content.

Surfaces that are disturbed by erosion processes or vandalism should be stabilized as soon as possible. Areas where construction activities have permanently or temporarily ceased should be stabilized within 14 days from the date of last construction activity, except when construction activity will resume within 21 days (e.g., the total time period that construction activity is temporarily ceased is less than 21 days). Hydro-mulching of grass surfaces is recommended, especially if seeding of the surfaces is required outside the normal growing season. Mulching may be used for temporary stabilization. Haybale dikes or silt fences should be set where required to trap products of erosion and should be maintained on a continuing basis during the construction process. Wheel ruts should be filled in and graded to prevent concentration of stormwater runoff. Vehicle tracks leading downhill should be blocked during periods of intense precipitation by hay bales, dikes or silt fences which should be constructed to entrap the sediment.

5.2.8 - Temporary Stormwater Controls

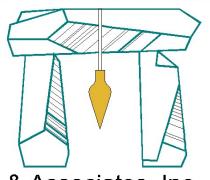
The contractor shall rough grade the site as to not concentrate the stormwater runoff and cause erosive forces. The contractor shall use a level spreader or other temporary stormwater control device to treat construction site runoff for suspended solids. The catch basins and manholes can be installed to assist in capturing the construction site runoff once installed but the tanks will need to be cleaned out of all sediment before connecting the tanks to the recharge system and final paving. The use of silt sacks on the catch basin will help minimize the cleaning of the sumps. The contractor shall sweep the pavement once installed as needed to minimize suspended solids in the stormwater.

Appendix D Supporting Information

Standard 3 & 4-Groundwater Recharge & Water Quality Volume Calculations

Project: Proposed Definitive Subdivision 217 Mill Street Randolph, MA 02368 Client: 217 Mill Street, LLC 228 Park Avenue S, PMB 35567 Date: 2/6/23

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			Jnc	lergr	ou	n	d Sy	sten	า 1					
Step	1.													
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		Col	lecte	d Impe	rvio	us /	Area=	25,2	80	s.f.	Тс	otal Co	ollect	ed
		Ad	justm	nent Fa	ctor	=		1.00						
			Adju	sted R	/=		37	78.42		c.f.				
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	Rainfa	ll Depth	Gene	erating	Rv		378.42	c.f	•	is	,	2.08	in.	
	3													
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Step						=	4/		X					

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Project: Proposed Definitive Subdivision

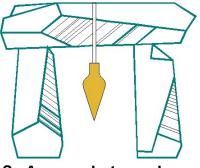
217 Mill Street

Randolph, MA 02368

Client: 217 Mill Street, LLC

228 Park Avenue S, PMB 35567

Date: 2/6/23



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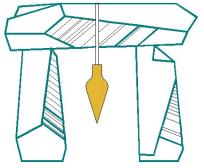
Step 4.																	
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Project: Proposed Definitive Subdivision 217 Mill Street Randolph, MA 02368 Client: 217 Mill Street, LLC

228 Park Avenue S, PMB 35567

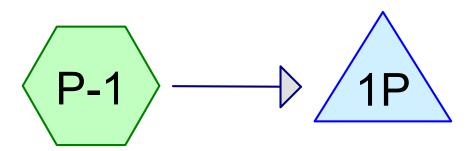
Date: 2/6/23

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Step 6.												
Draw I	Down	Time										Ī
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	3	78.42 c	.f./((i	n/hr/1	2 in	/ft) x :	352.5	5 s.f.				
	=	5.3	hr	s <	7	2 hrs	5	CH	IECKS	ОК		
		Recha				5						
K (Hyd	Iraulic	Condu	ctivity	–use R	awis	Rate)						
												-
												-
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												+



Captured to Mill St UG System 1









STD 3 - sys 1 (2-6-23)
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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
 (sq-ft)		(subcatchment-numbers)
4,541	98	Paved parking, HSG A (P-1)
4,541	98	TOTAL AREA

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Summary for Subcatchment P-1: Captured to Mill St

Runoff = 0.21 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 379 cf, Depth> 1.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 11.00-13.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr Custom Rainfall=2.08"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description								
	4,541	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	1						
	0	39	>75% Gras	75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A							
	4,541	98	Weighted A	verage							
	4,541		100.00% Im	npervious A	Area						
				_							
Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description						
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)							
6.0	-	-		-	Direct Entry,						

Summary for Pond 1P: UG System 1

Inflow Area =	4,541 sf,100.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 1.00" for Custom event
Inflow =	0.21 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	379 cf
Outflow =	0.02 cfs @ 11.47 hrs, Volume=	131 cf, Atten= 91%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.02 cfs @ 11.47 hrs, Volume=	131 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 11.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 11.00-13.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 123.19' @ 12.89 hrs Surf.Area= 353 sf Storage= 249 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 23.7 min calculated for 130 cf (34% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 0.1 min (724.5 - 724.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	121.00'	455 cf	7.50'W x 47.00'L x 6.25'H Field A
			2,203 cf Overall - 686 cf Embedded = 1,517 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	123.00'	510 cf	Shea Leaching Chamber 4x4x4 x 11 Inside #1
			Inside= 42.2"W x 45.0"H => 13.25 sf x 3.50'L = 46.4 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 51.0"H => 15.58 sf x 4.00'L = 62.3 cf
#3	123.34'	5 cf	10.0" Round Pipe Storage -Impervious
			L= 9.3' S= 0.0050 '/'
#4	123.39'	11 cf	10.0" Round Pipe Storage -Impervious
			L= 20.1' S= 0.0050 '/'
#5	123.50'	38 cf	4.00'D x 3.00'H Vertical Cone/Cylinder -Impervious
#6	126.50'	22 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc) -Impervious

1,041 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
126.50	4	0	0
128.00	25	22	22

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Type III 24-hr Custom Rainfall=2.08" Printed 2/7/2023

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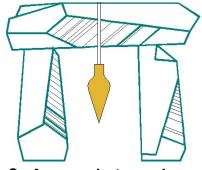
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1	Discarded	121.00'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area	
#2	Primary	126.50'	2.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir	2 End Contraction(s)
			0.5' Crest Height	

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.02 cfs @ 11.47 hrs HW=121.07' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.02 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 11.00 hrs HW=121.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Standard 3 & 4 Compliance **Underground System 2** Step 1. Recharge Volume Requirement Find: Given: $Rv = (F \times impervious \text{ area})$ F= 1 " for A-soils 3,148 s.f. impervious area A =Solve: Rv =3,148 s.f. x 1 "/12'= 262.33 c.f. 25,280 Total Impervious Area= s.f. Total Site Impervious Collected Impervious Area 25,280 s.f. Total Collected Adjustment Factor= 1.00 Adjusted Rv= 262.33 c.f. Step 2. Select a 24-hour rainfall event that generates the Rv during the peak 2 hours. Use only the Site's impervious drainage area and the default NRCS Initial Abstraction of 0.2S and Type III storm. Set storm duration for 24 hours, but use a start time of 11 hours and an end time of 13 hours. Rainfall Depth Generating Rv 2.08 262.33 c.f. in. Step 3. Bottom area of infiltration system = length x width 36 ft x 17.50 630.00 s.f.

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Project: Proposed Definitive Subdivision

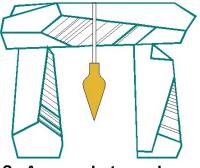
217 Mill Street

Randolph, MA 02368

Client: 217 Mill Street, LLC

228 Park Avenue S, PMB 35567

Date: 2/6/23

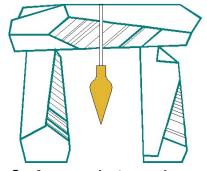


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Step 4.																			
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Step 5.																			
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Solve	: See A	ttacl	ned	Hyc	dro	CAI	D												
Deptl	n of In	filtra	tion	Sys	ster	n b	elo	w o	utle	et=			1.25	f	t.				
Find:	Depth	of R	V W	ithir	า In	filt	rati	on	Sys	tem									
Peak	Elevati	ion –	Bot	tom	า of	Fie	eld	= (Corr	espo	ond	ing	, Fie	ld E	ep	th			
12	8.30	ft.	-	1	27	.75		ft.	=		0	.55	5	f	t.				
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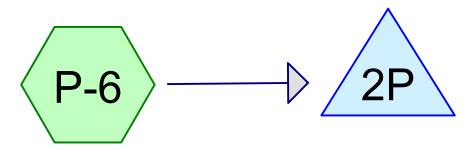
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Step 6.									
Draw [Down Tin	ne							
Find:	T_ Dv	/ (KyPot	tom Aroa	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \					
FING.	I = KV	/ (KXDOL	tom Area	.)					
Given:	Bottom	Area =	630.0	00	s.f.	K= 2	2.41	in/hr	
	Rv=	262.3							
	262		((in/hr/1						
	=	2.1 h	nrs <	72	hrs	CHE	CKS C	OK	
D /D									
	quired Re			wle Da	+0)				
к (пуи	Iraulic Co	riductivii	ly-use Ra	lWIS Ra	te)				



Captured to CB 3&4 UG System 2









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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area (sq-ft)	CN	Description (subcatchment-numbers)
3,148	98	Paved parking, HSG A (P-6)
3,148	98	TOTAL AREA

STD 3 - UG sys 2 (2-6-23)

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Summary for Subcatchment P-6: Captured to CB 3&4

0.14 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 263 cf, Depth> 1.00" Runoff

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 11.00-13.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr Custom Rainfall=2.08"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description							
	3,148	98	Paved parking, HSG A							
	0	39	>75% Gras	75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
	3,148	98	Weighted Average							
	3,148		100.00% Impervious Area							
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description					
6.0			//		Direct Entry,					

Direct Entry,

Summary for Pond 2P: UG System 2

Inflow Area	=	3,148 sf	,100.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 1.0	00" for Custom event
Inflow	=	0.14 cfs @	12.08 hrs, Volume=	263 cf	
Outflow	=	0.04 cfs @	11.83 hrs, Volume=	192 cf, A	Atten= 76%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded	=	0.04 cfs @	11.83 hrs, Volume=	192 cf	
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	11.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf	

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 11.00-13.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 128.30' @ 12.46 hrs Surf.Area= 630 sf Storage= 105 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 18.6 min calculated for 191 cf (73% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 8.8 min (733.1 - 724.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	127.75'	732 cf	17.50'W x 36.00'L x 6.25'H Field A
			3,938 cf Overall - 1,496 cf Embedded = 2,442 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	129.75'	1,113 cf	Shea Leaching Chamber 4x4x4 x 24 Inside #1
			Inside= 42.2"W x 45.0"H => 13.25 sf x 3.50'L = 46.4 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 51.0"H => 15.58 sf x 4.00'L = 62.3 cf
			24 Chambers in 3 Rows
		1 0 1 C of	Total Assilable Ctarage

1,846 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	127.75'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	132.00'	12.0" Round Culvert
	-		L= 84.2' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 132.00' / 126.00' S= 0.0713 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.010 PVC, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

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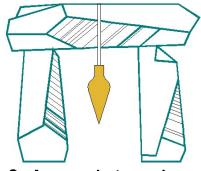
Discarded OutFlow Max=0.04 cfs @ 11.83 hrs HW=127.81' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.04 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 11.00 hrs HW=127.75' (Free Discharge)

—2=Culvert (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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					npliar			
	Uı	ndergr	ound	d Sys	tem 3	3		
Step 1.								
Find:	Recharge	Volume R	equiren	nent				
Given:	$R_V = 0$	F x imper\	ious ar	ea)				
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	A =	10,071	s.f. im	perviou	s area	F=	1 " for .	A-soils
Solve	Rv =	10,071	s.f. x	1 "	/12'=	839	.25 c.f.	
	Total	Impervio	us Area	= 25,	<mark>,280</mark> s	.f. To	tal Site In	npervious
	Collec	cted Impe	rvious A	rea=	25,280	s.f.	Total Co	llected
	Adju	stment Fa	ctor=	1.	.00			
	A	djusted R	/=	839	9.25	c.f.		
Step 2.								
hou Init	ect a 24-hers. Use only ial Abstrac ours, but us	y the Site's tion of 0.2	s imper 2S and ⁻	/ious dr Γype III	rainage a storm. S	irea an et stor	d the defa m duratio	ault NRCS on for 24
Rainf	all Depth G	enerating	Rv 8	339.25	c.f.	is	2.08	in.
Step 3.						ما + ام ن،		
	tom area c	of infiltrati	on syst	em = le	ft x	viatn		

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Project: Proposed Definitive Subdivision

217 Mill Street

Randolph, MA 02368

Client: 217 Mill Street, LLC

228 Park Avenue S, PMB 35567

Date: 2/6/23

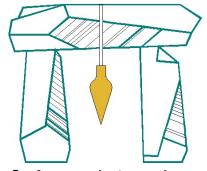


Step	4.																		
	Se	t exfi	ltrat	ion	in F	lyd	roC/	AD to	exf	iltra	ite t	thro	ougl	n th	ne b	ott	om	on	ly.
	E	Exfiltr	atio	n ra	te t	o b	e the	e Rav	vls F	ate	bas	sed	on	the	so	il a	nal	ysis	
Step																			
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		levation.85	on – ft.				Fie .75		Cori	esp		ding		eld	Dep	oth			
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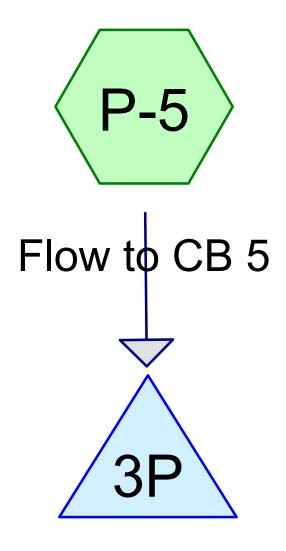
Date: 2/6/23

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							1000		
Step 6.									
Draw I	Down Tim	е							
Find:	T= Rv	/ (KxBott	om Area	a)					
Given:	Bottom A	\rea =	1,330	0.00	s.f.	K=	2 41	in/hr	
GIVCII.	Rv=	839.25			J.11.			1117111	
	839.	25 c.f./(in/hr/1	2 in/f	t) x 13	30 s.f.			
		3.1 h	rs <	72	hrs	CH	IECKS	ОК	
	quired Re								
K (Hyd	Iraulic Co	nductivit	y-use R	awls R	ate)				



UG System 3









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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(sq-ft)		(subcatchment-numbers)
10,071	98	Paved parking, HSG A (P-5)
10,071	98	TOTAL AREA

STD 3 - UG sys 3 (2-6-23)

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Summary for Subcatchment P-5: Flow to CB 5

Runoff = 0.46 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 841 cf, Depth> 1.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 11.00-13.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr Custom Rainfall=2.08"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	10,071	98	Paved parking, HSG A						
	0	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
	10,071	98	Weighted Average						
	10,071		100.00% Im	npervious A	Area				
Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)					
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Pond 3P: UG System 3

Inflow Area	=	10,071 sf	,100.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 1.0	00" for Custom event
Inflow =	=	0.46 cfs @	12.08 hrs, Volume=	841 cf	
Outflow =	=	0.07 cfs @	11.71 hrs, Volume=	443 cf, A	Atten= 84%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	=	0.07 cfs @	11.71 hrs, Volume=	443 cf	_
Primary =	=	0.00 cfs @	11.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf	

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 11.00-13.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 126.85' @ 12.55 hrs Surf.Area= 1,330 sf Storage= 437 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 20.7 min calculated for 441 cf (52% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 4.9 min (729.3 - 724.4)

<u>Volume</u>	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	125.75'	1,484 cf	17.50'W x 76.00'L x 6.25'H Field A
			8,313 cf Overall - 3,366 cf Embedded = 4,947 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	127.75'	2,505 cf	Shea Leaching Chamber 4x4x4 x 54 Inside #1
			Inside= 42.2"W x 45.0"H => 13.25 sf x 3.50'L = 46.4 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 51.0"H => 15.58 sf x 4.00'L = 62.3 cf
			54 Chambers in 3 Rows
		3,989 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	125.75'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	130.50'	12.0" Round Culvert
	•		L= 56.5' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 130.50' / 128.00' S= 0.0442 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.010 PVC, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

STD 3 - UG sys 3 (2-6-23)

Type III 24-hr Custom Rainfall=2.08" Printed 2/7/2023

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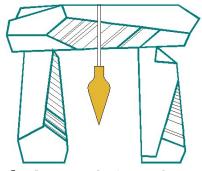
Page 4

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.07 cfs @ 11.71 hrs HW=125.81' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.07 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 11.00 hrs HW=125.75' (Free Discharge) 2=Culvert (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Project: Proposed Definitive Subdivision

217 Mill Street

Randolph, MA 02368

Client: 217 Mill Street, LLC

228 Park Avenue S, PMB 35567

Date: 2/6/23

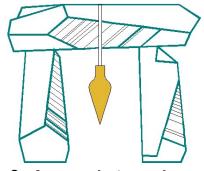


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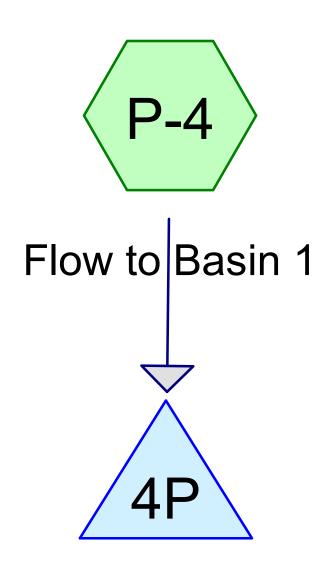
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Step 6.									
Draw [Down Tim	e							
Find:	T= Rv	/ (KxBot	tom A	rea)					
Given:	Bottom A	Area =	94	0.00	s.f.	K=	2.41	in/	hr
	Rv=	313.3	3 c.f.						
	313	.33 c.f.	/((in/h	r/12 in	/ft) x 94	40 s.f.			
	=	1.7	nrs	< 72	hrs	CH	IECKS	OK	
		_							
	quired Re								
К (Нуа	raulic Co	nductivi	ty-use	Rawis	Rate)				



Basin 1









STD 3 start

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Area Listing (all nodes)

3.760	98	(subcatchment-numbers) Roofs, HSG A (P-4)
3,760	98	TOTAL AREA

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Page 3

Summary for Subcatchment P-4: Flow to Basin 1

Runoff = 0.17 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 314 cf, Depth> 1.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 11.00-13.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr Custom Rainfall=2.08"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	3,760	98	Roofs, HSG	i A	
	0	39	>75% Grass	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
	0	98	Paved park	ng, HSG A	Ą
	0	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	A
	3,760	98	Weighted A	verage	
	3,760		100.00% Im	pervious A	Area
Тс	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	•
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Pond 4P: Basin 1

Inflow Area =	3,760 sf,100.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 1.00" for Custom event
Inflow =	0.17 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	314 cf
Outflow =	0.06 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume=	284 cf, Atten= 67%, Lag= 16.9 min
Discarded =	0.06 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume=	284 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 11.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 11.00-13.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 126.10' @ 12.37 hrs Surf.Area= 1,018 sf Storage= 100 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 15.9 min calculated for 282 cf (90% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 11.4 min (735.8 - 724.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description	
#1	126.00'	3,40	07 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pris	smatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio		ırf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
126.0	00	940	0	0	
128.0	00	2,467	3,407	3,407	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	S	
#1	Discarded	126.00'	2.410 in/hr Ex	filtration over S	urface area
#2	Primary	127.50'	10.0' long x 3	3.0' breadth Broa	ad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0	.20 0.40 0.60 0	0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.5	0 4.00 4.50	
			Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.6	8 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68
			2.72 2.81 2.9	ý2 2.97 3.07 3.0 3.07 3.07 3.07 3.07 3.07 3.07 3.07 3.07	32

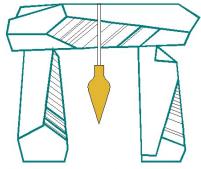
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Discarded OutFlow Max=0.06 cfs @ 12.37 hrs HW=126.10' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.06 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 11.00 hrs HW=126.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Project: Proposed Definitive Subdivision 217 Mill Street Randolph, MA 02368 Client: 217 Mill Street, LLC 228 Park Avenue S, PMB 35567 Date: 2/6/23

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Step 1. Find: Recharge Volume Requirement Given: Rv = (F x impervious area) A = 3,760 s.f. impervious area F= 1 "for A-soils Solve: Rv = 3,760 s.f. x 1 "/12'= 313.33 c.f. Total Impervious Area= 25,280 s.f. Total Site Imperviou Collected Impervious Area= 25,280 s.f. Total Collected Adjustment Factor= 1.00 Adjusted Rv= 313.33 c.f. Step 2. Select a 24-hour rainfall event that generates the Rv during the peak 2 hours. Use only the Site's impervious drainage area and the default NRC. Initial Abstraction of 0.2S and Type III storm. Set storm duration for 24 hours, but use a start time of 11 hours and an end time of 13 hours. Rainfall Depth Generating Rv 313.33 c.f. is 2.11 in. Step 3. Bottom area of infiltration system = length x width = See HydroCAD (Appendix A) = 100.00 s.f.				Sta	and	da	rd :	3 8	4	C	OI	mp	olia	an	CE	9						
Find: Recharge Volume Requirement Given: Rv = (F x impervious area) A = 3,760 s.f. impervious area F = 1 " for A-soils Solve: Rv = 3,760 s.f. x 1 "/12'= 313.33 c.f. Total Impervious Area						(Sur	fac	e l	3a	sir	า 2)									
Given: Rv = (F x impervious area) A = 3,760 s.f. impervious area F= 1 " for A-soils Solve: Rv = 3,760 s.f. x 1 "/12'= 313.33 c.f. Total Impervious Area= 25,280 s.f. Total Site Imperviou Collected Impervious Area= 25,280 s.f. Total Collected Adjustment Factor= 1.00 Adjusted Rv= 313.33 c.f. Step 2. Select a 24-hour rainfall event that generates the Rv during the peak 2 hours. Use only the Site's impervious drainage area and the default NRC. Initial Abstraction of 0.2S and Type III storm. Set storm duration for 24 hours, but use a start time of 11 hours and an end time of 13 hours. Rainfall Depth Generating Rv 313.33 c.f. is 2.11 in. Step 3. Bottom area of infiltration system = length x width = See HydroCAD (Appendix A)	Step	1.																				
Solve: Rv = 3,760 s.f. impervious area F= 1 "for A-soils Solve: Rv = 3,760 s.f. x 1 "/12'= 313.33 c.f. Total Impervious Area= 25,280 s.f. Total Site Imperviou Collected Impervious Area= 25,280 s.f. Total Collected Adjustment Factor= 1.00 Adjusted Rv= 313.33 c.f. Step 2. Select a 24-hour rainfall event that generates the Rv during the peak 2 hours. Use only the Site's impervious drainage area and the default NRC Initial Abstraction of 0.2S and Type III storm. Set storm duration for 24 hours, but use a start time of 11 hours and an end time of 13 hours. Rainfall Depth Generating Rv 313.33 c.f. is 2.11 in. Step 3. Bottom area of infiltration system = length x width = See HydroCAD (Appendix A)	I	Find:	Red	har	ge	Vol	ume	Requ	irei	nen	t											
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Solve: Rv = 3,760 s.f. x 1 "/12'= 313.33 c.f. Total Impervious Area= 25,280 s.f. Total Site Imperviou Collected Impervious Area= 25,280 s.f. Total Collected Adjustment Factor= 1.00 Adjusted Rv= 313.33 c.f. Step 2. Select a 24-hour rainfall event that generates the Rv during the peak 2 hours. Use only the Site's impervious drainage area and the default NRC Initial Abstraction of 0.2S and Type III storm. Set storm duration for 24 hours, but use a start time of 11 hours and an end time of 13 hours. Rainfall Depth Generating Rv 313.33 c.f. is 2.11 in. Step 3. Bottom area of infiltration system = length x width = See HydroCAD (Appendix A)																						
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Total Impervious Area																						
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Adjustment Factor = 1.00 Adjusted Rv = 313.33 c.f. Step 2. Select a 24-hour rainfall event that generates the Rv during the peak 2 hours. Use only the Site's impervious drainage area and the default NRC Initial Abstraction of 0.2S and Type III storm. Set storm duration for 24 hours, but use a start time of 11 hours and an end time of 13 hours. Rainfall Depth Generating Rv 313.33 c.f. is 2.11 in. Step 3. Bottom area of infiltration system = length x width = See HydroCAD (Appendix A)				Т	otal	lm	pervi	ous A	٩rea	a =	2	5,28	30	s.	f.	То	tal :	Site	lm	per	vio	us
Adjusted Rv= 313.33 c.f. Step 2. Select a 24-hour rainfall event that generates the Rv during the peak 2 hours. Use only the Site's impervious drainage area and the default NRC Initial Abstraction of 0.2S and Type III storm. Set storm duration for 24 hours, but use a start time of 11 hours and an end time of 13 hours. Rainfall Depth Generating Rv 313.33 c.f. is 2.11 in. Step 3. Bottom area of infiltration system = length x width = See HydroCAD (Appendix A)				Cc	olled	ctec	l Imp	ervio	us	Area	a=	25	, <mark>28</mark>	0	s.	f.	То	tal	Coll	lect	ed	
Step 2. Select a 24-hour rainfall event that generates the Rv during the peak 2 hours. Use only the Site's impervious drainage area and the default NRC Initial Abstraction of 0.2S and Type III storm. Set storm duration for 24 hours, but use a start time of 11 hours and an end time of 13 hours. Rainfall Depth Generating Rv 313.33 c.f. is 2.11 in. Step 3. Bottom area of infiltration system = length x width = See HydroCAD (Appendix A)												1.00)									
Select a 24-hour rainfall event that generates the Rv during the peak 2 hours. Use only the Site's impervious drainage area and the default NRC Initial Abstraction of 0.2S and Type III storm. Set storm duration for 24 hours, but use a start time of 11 hours and an end time of 13 hours. Rainfall Depth Generating Rv 313.33 c.f. is 2.11 in. Step 3. Bottom area of infiltration system = length x width = See HydroCAD (Appendix A)					A	djus	sted I	Rv=			3	13.3	3		c.f.							
hours. Use only the Site's impervious drainage area and the default NRC Initial Abstraction of 0.2S and Type III storm. Set storm duration for 24 hours, but use a start time of 11 hours and an end time of 13 hours. Rainfall Depth Generating Rv 313.33 c.f. is 2.11 in. Step 3. Bottom area of infiltration system = length x width = See HydroCAD (Appendix A)	Step	2.	Ш.																			
Step 3. Bottom area of infiltration system = length x width = See HydroCAD (Appendix A)		hoເ Ini	ırs. U itial <i>A</i>	Jse (Abst	only trac	/ th tior	e Site	's im .2S a	ipei ind	vio Typ	us o e II	draii I sto	nag orm	e ai . Se	rea et si	an tori	d th m d	ie d lura	efa tior	ult า fo	NR0	CS
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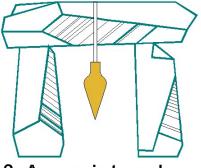
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Date: 2/6/23



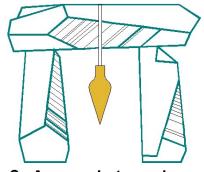
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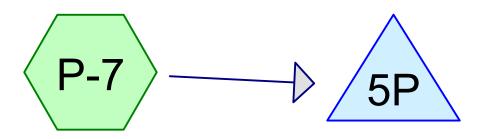
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Flow to Basin 2

Basin 2









Routing Diagram for STD 3 - Surface Basin 2 (2-6-23)

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STD 3 - Surface Basin 2 (2-6-23)
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Area Listing (all nodes)

3,760	98	TOTAL AREA
3,760	98	Roofs, HSG A (P-7)
(sq-ft)		(subcatchment-numbers)
Area	CN	Description

STD 3 - Surface Basin 2 (2-6-23)

Prepared by {enter your company name here}
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Printed 2/7/2023

Page 3

Summary for Subcatchment P-7: Flow to Basin 2

Runoff = 0.17 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 314 cf, Depth> 1.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 11.00-13.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr Custom Rainfall=2.08"

Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	3,760	98	Roofs, HSG	A A	
	0	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
	3,760	98	Weighted A	verage	
	3,760		100.00% Im	pervious A	Area
Тс	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.0					Direct Entry,
	Tc min)	3,760 3,760 Tc Length min) (feet)	3,760 98 0 39 3,760 98 3,760 Tc Length Slope min) (feet) (ft/ft	3,760 98 Roofs, HSG 0 39 >75% Grass 3,760 98 Weighted A 3,760 100.00% Im To Length Slope Velocity min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec)	3,760 98 Roofs, HSG A 0 39 >75% Grass cover, Go 3,760 98 Weighted Average 3,760 100.00% Impervious A Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)

Summary for Pond 5P: Basin 2

Inflow Area =	3,760 sf,100.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 1.00" for Custom event
Inflow =	0.17 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	314 cf
Outflow =	0.03 cfs @ 12.54 hrs, Volume=	142 cf, Atten= 82%, Lag= 27.1 min
Discarded =	0.03 cfs @ 12.54 hrs, Volume=	142 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 11.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 11.00-13.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 124.07' @ 12.54 hrs Surf.Area= 541 sf Storage= 190 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 30.6 min calculated for 141 cf (45% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 12.0 min (736.4 - 724.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage D	escription	
#1	123.50'	2,12	23 cf Custom S	stage Data (Pr	ismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio		ırf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
123.5	50	100	0	0	
124.0	00	506	152	152	
126.0	00	1,465	1,971	2,123	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Discarded	123.50'	2.410 in/hr Exfi	Itration over	Surface area
#2	Primary	125.50'	10.0' long x 3.0	0' breadth Bro	pad-Crested Rectangular Weir
	·		2.50 3.00 3.50	4.00 4.50	0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68

2.72 2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

STD 3 - Surface Basin 2 (2-6-23)

Type III 24-hr Custom Rainfall=2.08" Printed 2/7/2023

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Page 4

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.03 cfs @ 12.54 hrs HW=124.07' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.03 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 11.00 hrs HW=123.50' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Standard 4 – TSS Removal Calculations

DeCelle-Burke-Sala



Project: **Proposed Definitive Subdivision**Location: **217 Mill Street, Randolph, MA**

Date: 1/24/2023

Pretreatment Tss Removal Calculation

ВМР	TSS	Start	Amount	Remaining		
	Removal	Load	Removed	Load		
Contech CS3	50%	100%	50%	50%		
Infiltration Systems	80%	50%	40%	10%		
Remaining Load		10%	0%	10%		

Equivalent Flow Rate Calculations

Project:	Definitive Subdivision Plan
	217 Mill Street
	Randolph, MA
Client:	217 Mill Street, LLC
	228 Park Avenue S, New York, NY
Date:	2/6/2023



& Associates, Inc.

Propo	sed CS-3	(1)	Ma	ıxim	ium [*]	Trea	tm	ent	Flo	w R	ate	(M	TFR)=	1	.02	cf	S
Time of C	oncentra	tion	(Tc)=	6.0	min	s.=	0.1	hrs	5								
Unit Peak	Discharg	je (q	u)=	7	74	CS	sm/	in									
Water Qu	ality Volu	me ((WQV)=	=	1		in.										
Imperviou	ıs Surface	e Dra	ainage	Are	a (A)	=	4	,54	1	sf	=	0.	00016	mi²			
$Q_{0.5} = (qu)$	(A)(WQV)	=	0.13	(cfs												
CHECKS	S OK																
Propo	sed CS-3	(2)	Ma	ıxim	num ⁻	Trea	ıtm	ent	Flo	w R	ate	(M	TFR)=	1	.02	cf	S
Time of C	Concentra	tion	(Tc)=	6.0	min	s.=	0.1	hrs	<u> </u>								
Unit Peak	Discharg	je (q	u)=	7	74	CS	sm/	in									
Water Qu	ality Volu	me ((WQV)=	=	1		in.										
Imperviou			ainage	Are	a (A)	=	3	,14	8	sf	=	0.	00011	mi²			
$Q_{0.5} = (qu)$	(A)(WQV)	=	0.09	(cfs												
CHECKS	S OK																

Project:	Definitive Subdivision Plan
	217 Mill Street
	Randolph, MA
Client:	217 Mill Street, LLC
	228 Park Avenue S, New York, NY
Date:	2/6/2023



& Associates, Inc.

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	Pro	opo	sed	CS	5–3	<u>(3)</u>		Ma	xin	num ⁻	Γrea	atme	ent	Flo	w R	ate	(M7	ΓFR))=		1.	02	cf	S
Tin	ne c	of C	ond	cen	trat	ion	(Tc)=	6.0) min	s.=	0.1	hrs	5										
Un	it Pe	eak	Dis	cha	arg	e (q	u)=		7	774	C.	sm/	in											
							WQ			1		in.												
						_				a (A)	_	10	0,07	71	sf	=	0.0	000	36	m	j²			
$Q_{0.}$	₅ =(qu)((A)(WQ	(V)	=	0.7	28		cfs														
(CHE	CKS	O ł	(
																							_	—

Proprietary BMP Data



State of New Jersey

PHILIP D. MURPHY Governor

SHEILA Y. OLIVER
Lt. Governor

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Bureau of Nonpoint Pollution Control
Division of Water Quality
401-02B
Post Office Box 420

Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0420 609-633-7021 Fax: 609-777-0432 http://www.state.nj.us/dep/dwq/bnpc home.htm CATHERINE R. McCABE

Commissioner

May 18, 2020

Derek M. Berg Director – Stormwater Regulatory Management - East Contech Engineered Solutions LLC 71 US Route 1, Suite F Scarborough, ME 04074

Re: MTD Lab Certification Cascade SeparatorTM On-line Installation

TSS Removal Rate 50%

Dear Mr. Berg:

This revised certification letter supersedes the Department's prior certification dated October 1, 2019. This revision was completed to reflect Contech's enhanced fabrication capability to manufacture a smaller-size unit of its the Cascade SeparatorTM Manufactured Treatment Device (MTD), while still meeting the scaling methodology as agreed upon by the manufacturers' working group on September 19, 2016. Based on this modification, Table A-1 of the New Jersey Corporation for Advanced Technology (NJCAT) Verification report located at http://www.njcat.org/uploads/newDocs/NJCATTechnologyVerificationFinal.pdf has been revised to specify this smaller unit and associated maximum treatment flow rate. Table 1 below has been revised to reflect this same updated model size and flow rate.

The Stormwater Management rules under N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.5(b) and 5.7(c) allow the use of manufactured treatment devices (MTDs) for compliance with the design and performance standards at N.J.A.C. 7:8-5 if the pollutant removal rates have been verified by the New Jersey Corporation for Advanced Technology (NJCAT) and have been certified by the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP). Contech Engineered Solutions, LLC (Contech) has requested an MTD Laboratory Certification for the Cascade SeparatorTM stormwater treatment system.

The project falls under the "Procedure for Obtaining Verification of a Stormwater Manufactured Treatment Device from New Jersey Corporation for Advance Technology" dated January 25,

2013. The applicable protocol is the "New Jersey Laboratory Testing Protocol to Assess Total Suspended Solids Removal by a Hydrodynamic Sedimentation Manufactured Treatment Device" dated January 25, 2013.

NJCAT verification documents submitted to the NJDEP indicate that the requirements of the aforementioned protocol have been met or exceeded. The NJCAT letter also included a recommended certification TSS removal rate and the required maintenance plan. The NJCAT Verification Report with the Verification Appendix (dated September 2019) for this device is http://www.njcat.org/verification-process/technology-verificationpublished online database.html.

The NJDEP certifies the use of the Cascade SeparatorTM stormwater treatment system at a TSS removal rate of 50% when designed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the information provided in the Verification Appendix and the following conditions:

- 1. The maximum treatment flow rate (MTFR) for the manufactured treatment device (MTD) is calculated using the New Jersey Water Quality Design Storm (1.25 inches in 2 hrs) in N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.5.
- 2. The Cascade SeparatorTM shall be installed using the same configuration reviewed by NJCAT and shall be sized in accordance with the criteria specified in item 6 below.
- 3. This Cascade SeparatorTM cannot be used in series with another MTD or a media filter (such as a sand filter) to achieve an enhanced removal rate for total suspended solids (TSS) removal under N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.5.
- 4. Additional design criteria for MTDs can be found in Chapter 9.6 of the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices (NJ Stormwater BMP) Manual, which can be found online at www.njstormwater.org.
- 5. The maintenance plan for a site using this device shall incorporate, at a minimum, the maintenance requirements for the Cascade SeparatorTM. A copy of the maintenance plan is attached to this certification. However, it is recommended to review the maintenance https://www.conteches.com/Portals/0/Documents/Maintenance%20Guides/Cascade-Maintenance%20Guide.pdf?ver=2018-11-05-093254-300. for any changes to the maintenance requirements.

6. Sizing Requirement:

The example below demonstrates the sizing procedure for the Cascade SeparatorTM:

A 0.25-acre impervious site is to be treated to 50% TSS removal using a Example:

Cascade SeparatorTM. The impervious site runoff (Q) based on the New

Jersey Water Quality Design Storm was determined to be 0.79 cfs.

Maximum Treatment Flow Rate (MTFR) Evaluation:

The site runoff (Q) was based on the following:

time of concentration = 10 minutes i = 3.2 in/hr (page 5-8, Fig. 5-3 of the NJ Stormwater BMP Manual) c = 0.99 (runoff coefficient for impervious) $Q = ciA = 0.99 \times 3.2 \times 0.25 = 0.79$ cfs

Given the site runoff is 0.79 cfs and based on Table A-1 below, the Cascade SeparatorTM Model CS-3 with an MTFR of 1.02 cfs would be the smallest model approved that could be used for this site to remove 50% of the TSS from the impervious area without exceeding the MTFR.

The sizing table corresponding to the available system models is noted below. Additional specifications regarding each model can be found in the Verification Appendix under Table A-1.

Table A-1 Cascade SeparatorTM Models and Associated MTFRs

Model	Manhole Diameter (ft)	MTFR (cfs)	50% Maximum Sediment Storage Area Volume (ft ³)
CS-3	3	1.02	5.3
CS-4	4	1.80	9.4
CS-5	5	2.81	14.7
CS-6	6	4.05	21.2
CS-8	8	7.20	37.7
CS-10	10	11.3	58.9
CS-12	12	16.2	84.8

A detailed maintenance plan is mandatory for any project with a stormwater BMP subject to the Stormwater Management rules under N.J.A.C. 7:8. The plan must include all of the items identified in the Maintenance requirements section of the Stormwater Management rules under N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.8. Such items include, but are not limited to, the list of inspection and maintenance equipment and tools, specific corrective and preventative maintenance tasks, indication of problems in the system, and training of maintenance personnel. Additional information can be found in Chapter 8: Maintenance and Retrofit of Stormwater Management Measures.

If you have any questions regarding the above information, please contact Brian Salvo of my office at (609) 633-7021.

Sincerely,

Gabriel Mahon, Chief

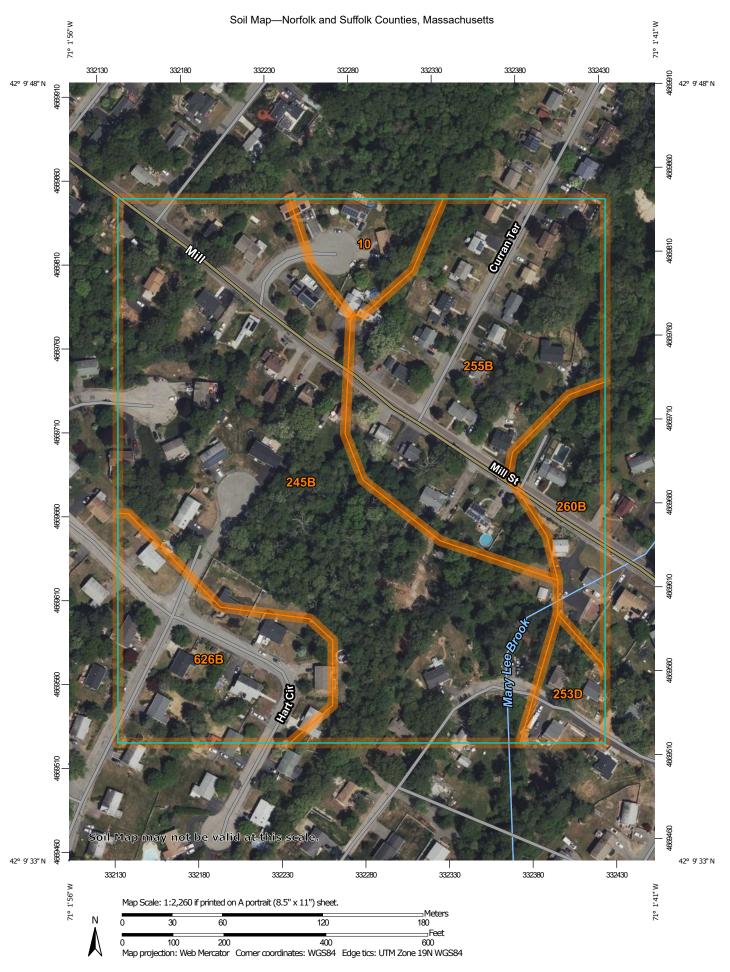
Bureau of Nonpoint Pollution Control

Attachment: Maintenance Plan

cc: Chron File

Richard Magee, NJCAT Jim Murphy, NJDEP-BNPC Vince Mazzei, NJDEP-DLUR Brian Salvo, NJDEP-BNPC

Soil Information



MAP LEGEND

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Water Features

Transportation

Background

Spoil Area

Stony Spot

Wet Spot

Other

Rails

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads

Very Stony Spot

Special Line Features

Streams and Canals

Interstate Highways

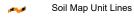
Aerial Photography

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

- Walsii oi swali

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:25.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Norfolk and Suffolk Counties, Massachusetts Survey Area Data: Version 18, Sep 9, 2022

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: May 22, 2022—Jun 5, 2022

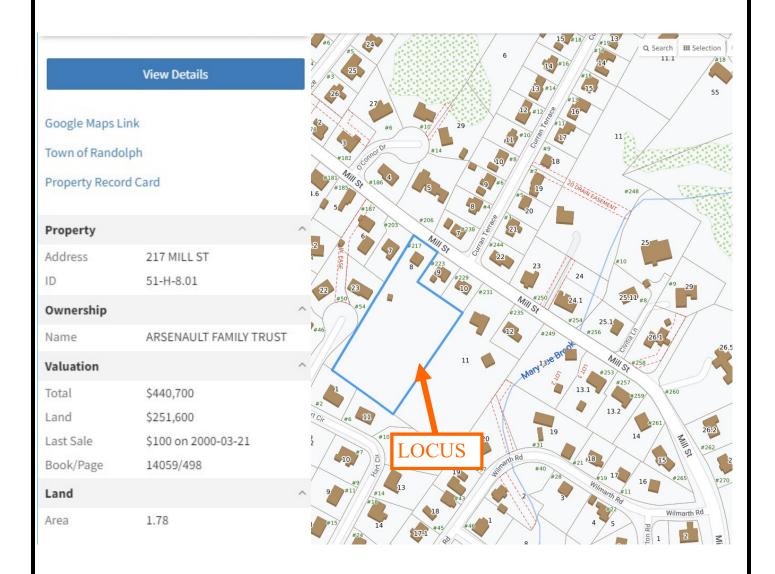
The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
10	Scarboro and Birdsall soils, 0 to 3 percent slopes	1.0	4.4%
245B	Hinckley loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	11.5	48.9%
253D	Hinckley loamy sand, 15 to 35 percent slopes	0.6	2.7%
255B	Windsor loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	6.0	25.6%
260B	Sudbury fine sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes	1.4	6.0%
626B	Merrimac-Urban land complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes	2.9	12.3%
Totals for Area of Interest		23.4	100.0%

Supporting Maps

Assessors Map USGS Map Soils Map FEMA Map



TITLE: Assessors Map February 6, 2023 NOT TO SCALE

PREPARED FOR:

217 Mill St, LLC 228 Park Ávenue S, PMB 35567 *New York, NY 89135*

DeCelle-Burke-Sala

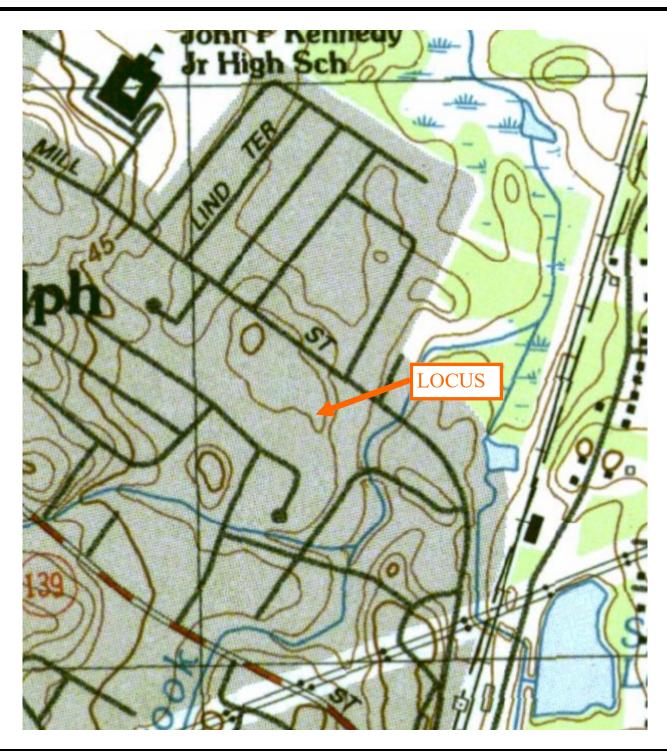


& Associates, Inc.

1266 Furnace Brook Parkway, Suite 401 Quincy, MA 02169 (617) 405-5100 (O) (617) 405-5101 (F)

PROJECT TITLE:

Proposed Definitive Subdivision 217 Mill Street Randolph, Mass.



February 6, 2023

TITLE:

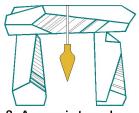
USGS Map

SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

PREPARED FOR:

217 Mill St, LLC 228 Park Avenue S, PMB 35567 New York, NY 89135

DeCelle-Burke-Sala



Proposed Definitive Subdivision 217 Mill Street Randolph, Mass.

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1266 Furnace Brook Parkway, Suite 401 Quincy, MA 02169 (617) 405-5100 (O) (617) 405-5101 (F)

Hinckley loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes (245B) Map Unit Composition 85% - Hinckley Geomorphic Position: kame terraces 8% - Windsor Geomorphic Position: kame terraces

5% - <u>Sudbury</u> Geomorphic Position: kame terraces

2% - <u>Agawam</u> Geomorphic Position: kame terraces

▲ Map Unit Data

Map Unit Key: 791714 [Graphical Summary]

National Map Unit Symbol: 2svm8

Map Unit Type: Consociation [?]

Farmland Class: Farmland of statewide importance

Available Water Storage (0-100cm): 6.61 cm

Flood Frequency (Dominant Condition): None

Flood Frequency (Maximum): None

Ponding Frequency: 0

Drainage Class (Dominant Condition): Excessively drained

Drainage Class (Wettest Component): Excessively drained

Proportion of Hydric Soils: 0%

Min. Water Table Depth (Annual): n/a

Min. Water Table Depth (April-June): n/a

Min. Bedrock Depth: n/a

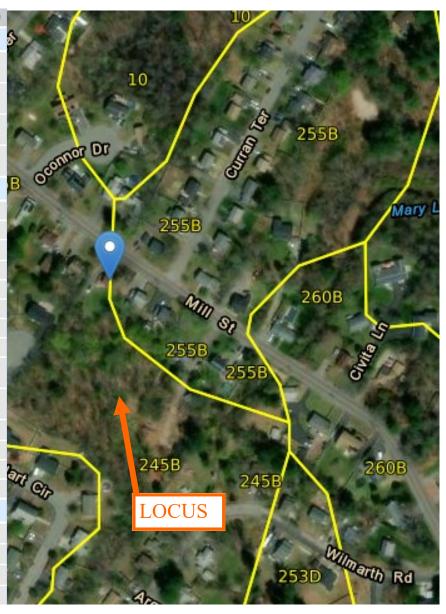
▲ Survey Metadata

Soil Survey Area: MA616 ?

Scale: 1:25,000 [2]

Published: 1985 [2]

Last Export: Sep 9 2022 💽



February 6, 2023

TITLE:

Soils Map

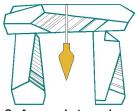
SCALE:

Proposed Definitive Subdivision

NOT TO SCALE

PREPARED FOR:

217 Mill St, LLC 228 Park Avenue S, PMB 35567 New York, NY 89135 DeCelle-Burke-Sala



& Associates, Inc.

Randolph, Mass.

217 Mill Street

PROJECT TITLE:

1266 Furnace Brook Parkway, Suite 401 Quincy, MA 02169 (617) 405-5100 (O) (617) 405-5101 (F)



DATE: **February 6, 2023**

TITLE:

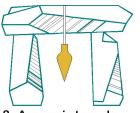
FEMA Flood Map

SCALE:

NTS

PREPARED FOR:

217 Mill St, LLC 228 Park Avenue S, PMB 35567 New York, NY 89135 DeCelle-Burke-Sala



PROJECT TITLE:

Proposed Definitive Subdivision 217 Mill Street Randolph, Mass.

& Associates, Inc.

1266 Furnace Brook Parkway, Suite 401 Quincy, MA 02169 (617) 405-5100 (O) (617) 405-5101 (F)

Appendix E Watershed Delineation Plans



DeCelle-Burke-Sala



& Associates, Inc. 1266 Furnace Brook Parkway #401 Quincy, MA 02169 617-405-5100 (o) 617-405-5101 (f)

www.decelle-burke-sala.com



JAMES W. BURKE, P.E.

GENERAL NO

ESSORS ID: 51-H-8.01

DRD OWNER: ARSENAULT FAMILY TRU

2. THIS PLAN IS THE RESULT OF AN ON THE GROUND SURVEY PERFORMED BY THIS OFFICE DURING JUNE 2022. ELEVATIONS SHOWN REFER TO NAVID—RR

3. EUSTING UTILITIES WHERE SHOWN IN THE DRAWINGS ARE FROM SUPFACE OBSERVATION AND RECORD INFORMATION AND SHOULD BE CONSIDERED APPROXIMATE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROPERTY LOCATING AND COGNIDATION THE PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY WITH DIG-SAFE AND THE APPLICABLE UTILITY COMPANIES AND MANTANING THE EXISTING UTILITY SYSTEM IN SERVICE.

DIG-SAFE SHALL BE NOTIFIED PER THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS STATUTE CHAPTER 82, SECTION 409 AT TELL 1-888-347-2733. THE NORTHER DOES NOT GURARITEE THEIR ACCURACY OR THAT ALL UTILITIES AND SUBSURFACE STRUCTURES ARE SHOWN. LOCATIONS AND ELEVATIONS OF UNDERFORMED UTILITIES WERE TAKEN FROM RECORD PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY SIZE LOCATION, AND INSERTS OF UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES AS REQUIRED PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION.

4. LOCUS IS LOCATED WITHIN A ZONE X, AS DELINEATED ON FIRM 25021C0217E, EFFECTIVE 07/17/2012.

5. PARCEL IS ZONED RSFHD.

PROJECT TITLE & LOCATION:

MILL COURT DEVELOPMENT DEFINITIVE SUBDIVISION 217 MILL STREET RANDOLPH, MA

PLAN TITLE:

TOTAL

3,190 S.F.

919 S.F.

9,090 S.F.

64,313 S.F.

77,512 S.F.

0 S.F.

0 S.F.

1,983 S.F.

51,776 S.F.

53,759 S.F.

X-1

3,190 S.F.

919 S.F.

5,640 S.F.

12.328 S.F.

X-2

0 S.F.

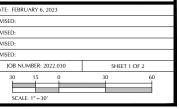
1,467 S.F.

11.425 S.F.

EXISTING WATERSHED DELINEATION PLAN

PARED FOR:

217 MILL ST, LLC 228 PARK AVENUE S, PMB 35567 NEW YORK, NY 89135



LEGEND:

EXISTING:

- LOCUS PROPERTY LINE

- TREE LINE

- SEWER MANHOLE (SMH)

© - DRAIN MANHOLE (DMH)

⊞ - CATCH BASIN (CB)

STOREWALL

V - GAS VALVE

V - WATER VALVE

D - WATER SERVICE

D - HYDRANT

— UTILITY POLE

N/F — NOW OR FORMERLY

— D — — DRAIN PIPE

S — SEWER MAIN

LSA — LANDSCAPED AREA

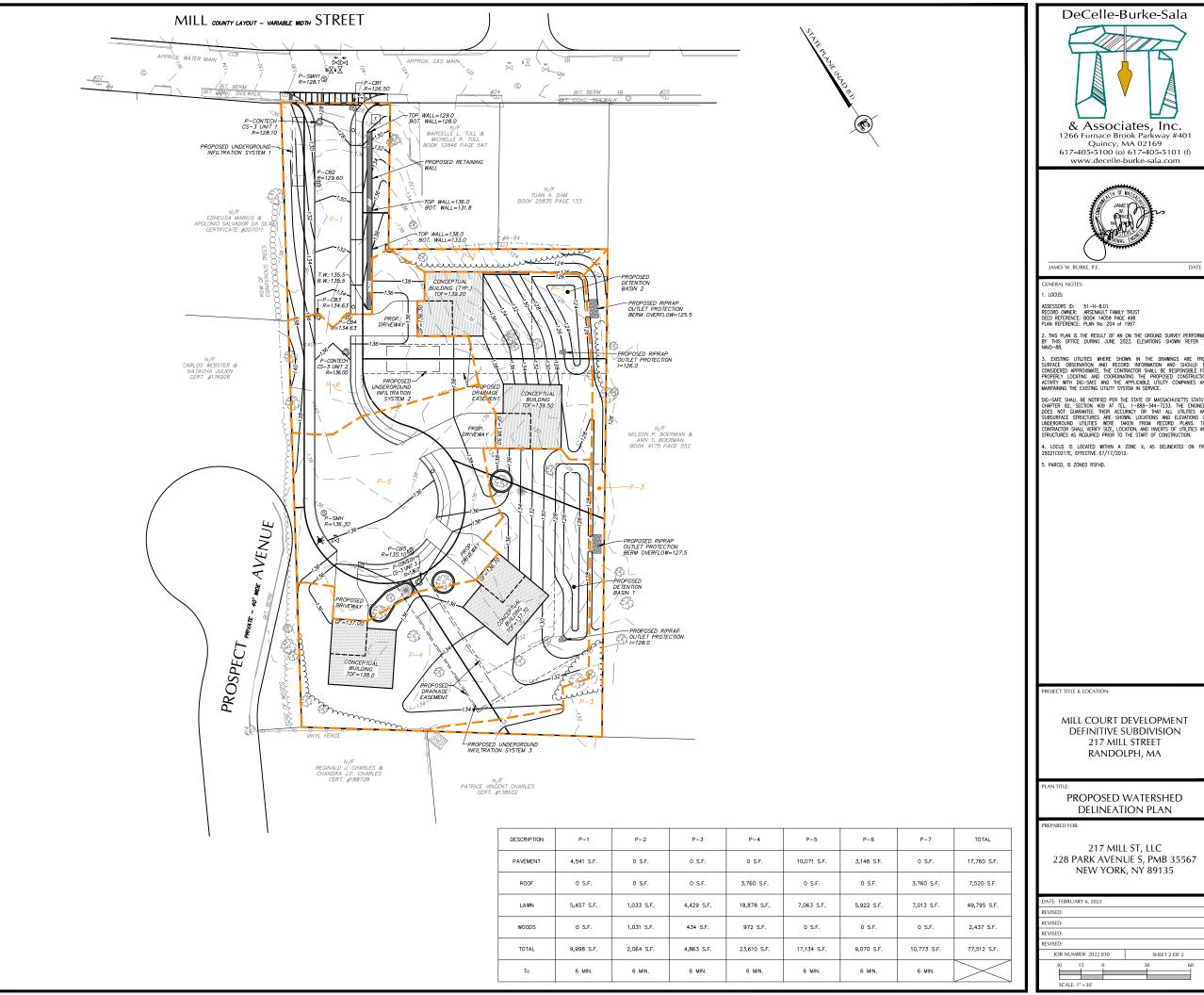
— — 25 — — ELEVATION CONTOUR

#25.7 — SPOT GRADE

__ x __ x __ x __ x __ - CHAIN LINK FENCE

- TEST PIT
- HAND HOLES FOR UTILITIES

- CONIFEROUS TREE



LEGEND:

- LOCUS PROPERTY LINE - TREE LINE - SEWER MANHOLE (SMH) - DRAIN MANHOLE (DMH)

- CATCH BASIN (CB)

- GAS VALVE - WATER VALVE - WATER SERVICE

- HYDRANT

- UTILITY POLE - NOW OR FORMERLY

- DRAIN PIPE

- WATER MAIN

- GAS SERVICE

- SEWER MAIN - LANDSCAPED AREA

- SPOT GRADE

- LIGHT POLE

- FIRST FLOOR - BASEMENT FLOOR

- GARAGE FLOOR

- DECIDUOUS TREE

- CONIFEROUS TREE

- CAPE COD BERM

- STOCKADE FENCE

- HAND HOLES FOR UTILITIES

- VERTICAL GRANITE CURB

- SLOPED GRANITE CURB

— UGF — UNDERGROUND POWER - OVERHEAD WIRES

- × - × - × - - CHAIN LINK FENCE

EXISTING:

 \blacksquare

 \mathcal{Z}

---25---

x25.7

- x --- x --- x --- x --

CCB

VGC

EXISTING:

 \blacksquare

D.

CCB

VGC

- STONEWALL

DeCelle-Burke-Sala

& Associates, Inc.

www.decelle-burke-sala.com

DEFINITIVE SUBDIVISION

217 MILL STREET

RANDOLPH, MA

PROPOSED WATERSHED

DELINEATION PLAN

217 MILL ST, LLC

NEW YORK, NY 89135

SHEET 2 OF 2