1 2	New Castle, Colorado Planning and Zoning Commission
2 3 4	Wednesday, January 10, 2024, 7:00 PM
5 6	<b>Call to Order</b> Commission Chair Apostolik called the meeting to order at 7:01 p.m.
7 8	Roll Call
9 10 11	Present Chair Apostolik Commissioner Cotey Commissioner Martinez
12 13 14	Commissioner Carey Commission Alternate Rittner Commissioner Westerlind
15 16 17	Commissioner Alternate Parks (coin toss) Commissioner Sass Absent Commissioner McDonald
18 19 20 21 22	Also present at the meeting was Town Administrator David Reynolds, Town Planner Paul Smith, Assistant Town Attorney Haley Carmer, Deputy Town Clerk Remi Bordelon, and members of the public.
23 24 25	<b>Meeting Notice</b> Deputy Town Clerk Bordelon verified that her office gave notice of the meeting in accordance with Resolution TC 2024-1.
26 27 28 29	Conflicts of Interest There were no conflicts of interest.
30 31 32	<b>Citizen Comments on Items NOT on the Agenda</b> There were no citizen comments.
33 34	Public Hearing
35 36 37 38 39	Consider Resolution PZ 2024-1, A Resolution of the New Castle Planning and Zoning Commission Recommending the Amendment of Sections 17.04.050 and 17.36.040 of the Town Municipal Code to add Microbrewery as a Permitted Use in the C-1 Zone District
40 41 42	Chair Apostolik opened the public hearing at 7:03 p.m.
42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	Town Administrator Dave Reynolds discussed the intent of the resolution and clarified the difference between permitted use by right and a Conditional Use Permit (C.U.P.). He said staff recommended, for Planning & Zoning's consideration, a code change to allow microbreweries to be a permitted use by right as that business type was not mentioned in either category – permitted use or conditional use. He shared the Town code for the C-1 Commercial District. He said Town Council, acting as the Board of Zoning Adjustments, was interested in zoning microbreweries in the C-1 District but
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- 50 wanted the Planning & Zoning Commission to review and consider microbreweries to
- 51 be a permitted use. Administrator Reynolds read the proposed definition of
- 52 'microbrewery' as:

53	<i>Microbrewery means a facility or establishment that</i>
54	manufactures no more than five thousand (5,000) barrels
55	per year of fermented malt beverages or malt liquors on
56	site. For purposes of this definition, fermented malt
57	beverage and malt liquors have the meaning assigned to
58	them in the Colorado Liquor Code, as amended from time
59	to time, and a barrel shall equal 31 US gallons.

60 Administrator Reynolds identified the 5,000 barrels (155,000 gallons) as an 61 arbitrary number and said other municipalities listed 15,000 to 20,000 barrels. He said staff reduced that number for New Castle, realizing both the commission and 62 Council would not appreciate a large corporate manufacturer on Main Street. He 63 clarified that the production number of 5,000 barrels was completely negotiable for 64 65 the commission's consideration. He said the intent was to be friendly to businesses with the potential of not having a microbrewery go through the C.U.P. process but 66 67 simultaneously mindful of the need for Main Street. He clarified that the cap on production in barrels would allow the commission to review any business wanting 68 to produce more than the allotted amount with the C.U.P. process to make an 69 70 appropriate determination.

71

72 Administrator Reynolds introduced Joe Hemelt as the new owner of the Texaco

Building (645 W Main Street) who desired to open a microbrewery at that location.
He said Mr. Hemelt did not intend to produce even half the amount of the capped

75 limit of 5,000 barrels with his proposed business plan.

76

77 Joe Hemelt, a New Castle resident, shared his desire and intent to open a

78 microbrewery on Main Street. He introduced his business partner Brad Williams.

79 Mr. Hemelt described his plan for manufacturing and shared some of his design

80 elements for his planned infrastructure. Chair Apostolik expressed serious concerns 81 regarding the wastewater discharge in relation to a brewery. Mr. Hemelt clarified

82 that his brewing process would be proprietary as a 'smart brew system' that

82 separated the 'hot' and 'cold' brewing process, making for a cleaner operation. He

said the hot brewing process that involved speck grains and wastewater would be

85 manufactured off location and shipped in. Mr. Hemelt explained that they would

only be brewing the second half of the beer process, the cold brew, on location

87 eliminating the majority of the yeast process. He said their design incorporated a

- 88 self-cleaning system that involved little wastewater.
- 89

90 Chair Apostolik asked if Mr. Hemelt planned to have a primary containment system

for hauling the remaining solids produced. Mr. Hemelt said the brewing process
 included a proprietary self-cleaning system that would rinse out the solid remains.

93 He said the current piping under the Texico was large enough for the planned

94 microbrewery. Chair Apostolik expressed concern regarding Public Works ability to

95 handle the discharge to the wastewater treatment plant and water availability for

96 brewery production. He said a 5,000-barrel production would equate to 7.5 million

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97 gallons of water; however, he acknowledged that Mr. Hemelt's smart system 98 production would be less than half of that since he would not be managing the hot 99 brew process in New Castle. Chair Apostolik explained that from beginning of production to end, including the cleaning system, an estimated 1,500 gallons of 100 101 water was required for every barrel of brew produced, or 5 to 6 gallons of water for 102 every gallon of produced beer. Mr. Hemelt said his maximum capacity production 103 would be below 1,500 barrels a year and would use significantly less water than 104 Chair Apostolik's estimation. Business Partner Brad Williams added that the initial 105 smart system they would start with, and planned to install, had a maximum 106 capacity of 960 barrels per year. He said the initial projections of manufacturing 107 reported half that amount at beginning production. Mr. Williams confirmed that 108 5,000 barrels per year was a big operation and not a number he or Mr. Hemelt was 109 looking to produce. He said their microbrewery intended to serve the local 110 community and planned to produce only 10% of the arbitrary cap of 5,000 barrels 111 a year.

112

113 Commissioner Cotey said that the consideration of the code change not only involved

114 upcoming prospective businesses but that of all future microbreweries to establish 115 themselves in New Castle.

116

117 Chair Apostolik expanded on the wastewater discharge concerns he had and said for an 118 average brewery production, even with the separation of solids, there would still be 119 solids present in the wastewater. He said that can cause pH issues in the discharge 120 and the alkaline can rot the pipes that lead to the sewer system, and he added that 121 surface solids can change the filtration of the wastewater treatment system. He 122 commented that EPA regulations would be a concern as brewery biproducts would not 123 be considered a domestic sanitary waste product. Chair Apostolik explained he opened 124 a brewpub in Eagle County and gained a lot of experience from it. He noted that the 125 commission needed to ensure the town was prepared for breweries and not just Mr. 126 Hemelt's business proposal and reiterated Commissioner Cotey's previous statement

- 127 regarding changing the town code.
- 128

129 Chair Apostolik stated his intention was protecting the town's best interest and ensuring 130 preparedness for such businesses. He stated that breweries are one of the highest 131 demanding water uses and asked what the town's water capacity was measured to be. 132 Administrator Reynolds explained that the Town of New Castle had water rights for the 133 entire buildout of the town in addition to reserve water rights of the Colorado River. He 134 said adding a couple EQRs (equivalent residential unit of water) for a business is 135 currently not an issue, however he stated in the case of a drought, that situation could 136 change. Chair Apostolik stressed his concern of water demand from a common brewery 137 that could potentially establish themselves in town, not including the wastewater 138 discharge issue. Commissioner Cotey agreed with Chair Apostolik and shared the 139 hypothetical example of the Mattivi Building (298 W Main St.) becoming a large 140 microbrewery location with a high water use demand. Administrator Reynolds asked 141 Assistant Attorney Carmer how the amount of EQRs could be determined/distributed in 142 the case of a business operating at a specific location. Administrator Reynolds said 143 there was potential to create a limiting factor for a larger brewery with limiting the 144 availability in purchasing additional EQRs. Assistant Attorney Carmer said the expansion

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- 145 of a use would have to match the EQRs needed, and the selling/availability of such EQR
- 146 demand would be related to the physical capacity to serve that water need. She said
- 147 this could be a potential performance standard established for microbreweries,
- 148 confirming the town's capacity to serve that need.
- 149

152

153

150 Commissioner Carey summarized the primary concerns expressed in the public hearing as: 151

- Water usage and availability
  - Impacts to wastewater treatment (reviewed by Public Works staff)
- Complying with regulations (reviewed by State before brew license issued)
- 154 Commissioner Carey said the only highlighted concern without a review team was the 155 concern of water usage and availability. She asked if the arbitrary number of 5,000 156 barrels could be revisited and proposed to reduce the barrel production cap even
- 157 further to prevent larger brewery operations in New Castle.
- 158
- 159 Commissioner Westerlind asked what the review process was for a general permitted 160 use. Administrator Revnolds said the review covers the health department guidelines and if needed, a building inspection. He explained the permitted use review would not 161 162 come before the Planning and Zoning Commission, however input from professional 163 experts such as the Building Department, Public Works, and the Health Department 164 would remain. Commissioner Westerlind asked the commission if they wanted to have all microbreweries be solely reviewed by staff and not reviewed by Planning & Zoning. 165 166 Assistant Attorney Carmer noted that performance standards specific to 167 microbreweries could be included in the code for permitted use, that would otherwise 168 be found in a conditional use permit. Commissioner Cotey clarified that instead of a
- 169 condition use permit for microbreweries, the commission could consider code changes
- 170 that required specific criteria for microbreweries that would not undergo a C.U.P.
- 171 process and could be completed administratively.
- 172
- 173 Alternate Commissioner Bronwyn asked if the consideration was solely for
- 174 microbreweries on Main Street, if a C.U.P. process was necessary. She asked how
- 175 many microbreweries would be allowed on Main Street. Commissioner Carey explained
- 176 that the zoning proposed for microbreweries was categorized in the C-1 District, which
- 177 included Main Street, but had the potential to expand with future annexations. She
- 178 said if the consideration was to categorize microbreweries as a permitted use by right,
- 179 it would mean there would be less subjectivity moving forward. Commissioner Carey
- 180 reiterated her request to reduce the number of barrels produced.
- 181
- 182 Commissioner Cotey noted the depth of discussion around microbreweries and the 183 production process and said it was important for the commission to consider where to 184 categorize microbreweries: permitted use (community retail) or conditional use (more 185 industrial). Commissioner Cotey suggested adding a forward-facing commercial 186 component to the definition of a microbrewery in an effort to better serve the 187 community and design of downtown. She noted her excitement for Mr. Hemelt's 188 prospective business but stressed that the commission had to consider the bigger 189 picture of all future microbreweries looking to establish in town. She said categorizing 190 a microbrewery as a permitted use was beneficial from an economic development
- 191 standpoint, however she stressed the importance of staff having the ability to address
- 192 the concerns the commission outlined. Commissioner Westerlind suggested Public
- 193 Works develop criteria standards for microbreweries that could be reviewed

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- administratively. Chair Apostolik stated the list of review items to serve as a checklist
- 195 for a permitted use, to be reviewed administratively, would be extensive and difficult 196 to build.
- 197
- 198 Chair Apostolik closed the public hearing at 7:47 p.m.
- 199

200 Commissioner Sass said she would support microbreweries as a permitted use if all the 201 criteria the commission discussed was included in an administrative review.

- 202 Commissioner Sass asked how the situation of a future drought would impact
- 203 microbreweries who had been previously approved for extra EQRs that the town could
- 204 no longer support. Assistant Attorney Carmer suggested continuing the consideration of
- Resolution PZ 2024-1, in order to gain quantitative data from Public Works for the
- 206 commission to better understand the Town's water capacity, creating specific
   207 performance criteria around that water capacity, and formulating other topics for
- 207 performance criteria around that water capacity, and formulatin208 performance standards.
  - 209
  - 210 Chair Apostolik asked Mr. Hemelt what his projected timeframe was in opening a
  - 211 microbrewery. Mr. Hemelt said he hoped to open the microbrewery in June of 2024. Mr.
  - Hemelt stressed how critical it was for his operation to be running in the coming
  - summer season. Commissioner Sass asked if Mr. Hemelt should apply for a condition
  - 214 use permit, while the commission and staff work out the details of what a microbrewery
  - 215 review would look like administratively, in an effort to save Mr. Hemelt time with his 216 application review. Assistant Attorney Carmer stated that microbreweries were
  - 217 currently not a listed use in any category, so a C.U.P. was an option for Mr. Hemelt.
  - 217 Currently not a listed use in any category, so a C.O.F. was an option for Mr. Hernett. 218 She clarified a C.U.P. was currently an option for anyone who wanted to open a
  - 219 microbrewery.
  - 220
  - Chair Apostolik requested staff coordinate with Public Works regarding the discussion
    and concerns addressed by the commission and share that data at the next Planning &
    Zoning Commission meeting. Commissioner Cotey requested the definition of a
    microbrewery be updated as well.
  - 225

MOTION: Chair Apostolik made a motion to continue to January 24, 2024
 Resolution PZ 2024-1, A Resolution of the New Castle Planning and Zoning
 Commission Recommending the Amendment of Sections 17.04.050 and
 17.36.040 of the Town Municipal Code to add Microbrewery as a Permitted
 Use in the C-1 Zone District. Commissioner Cotey seconded the motion, and it

- 231 passed unanimously.
- 232
- 233

## 234 Staff Reports

Planner Smith reported an upcoming Castle Valley multifamily sketch plan rereview for
R2 Group. He said the continuation of the microbreweries and the sketch plan would be
on the same agenda. Commissioner Carey requested that the continuation be listed
first in the items for consideration. He shared there was a second sketch plan involving
TC Fuels for the commission to review, tentatively on February 14<sup>th</sup>. Commissioner
Martinez asked for the status of Coal Seam, LLC who planned to build a hotel with
retail and a brewpub south of the Colorado River, next to River Park Condos. Planner

242 Smith confirmed Coal Seam, LLC was still finalizing their design as the commission

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243	approved a combined land use application. He said they conducted a successful
244 245	community open house and reached out to the River Park Condo residents.
246	Commission Comments and Reports
247	There were no commission comments.
248	
249	Review Minutes from Previous Meeting
250	MOTION: Commissioner Cotey made a motion to approve the November 29,
251	2023 meeting minutes. Commissioner Westerlind seconded the motion and it
252	passed unanimously.
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254	MOTION: Chair Apostolik made a motion to adjourn the meeting.
255	Commissioner Carey seconded the motion and it passed unanimously.
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257	The meeting adjourned at 8:09 p.m.
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259	Respectfully Submitted,
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263	Chuck Apostolik, Chair
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266	Demi Perdelen Denuty Teur Clark
267 268	Remi Bordelon, Deputy Town Clerk
269	
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2/1	