DRAFT - Housing Policy Framework Review

City of Medina

Prepared by: Blueline

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WRITTEN BY:

MICHELLE BLANKAS, PLANNER II
CYRUS OSWALD, PLANNER I

EDITED BY:

ANDY MCANDREWS, DIRECTOR OF PLANNING
CAITLIN HEPWORTH, ASSOCIATE PLANNER

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INTRODUCTION

Background and Purpose

The Housing Action Plan (HAP) was developed by the City of Medina with support from the Washington State Department of Commerce's House Bill 1923, which enacted grant funding for cities to complete actions to support development of more affordable housing. Medina received grant funding in 2021 to complete the HAP¹, Housing Needs Assessment (HNA), Public Engagement Summary, and Housing Policy Framework Review to understand existing housing conditions and strains, local concerns and needs, and prepare targeted strategies to address Medina's unique needs.

The purpose of this policy framework review is to evaluate the current City of Medina Comprehensive Plan Housing Element to determine the City's progress and success in attaining planned housing types and units, achievement of goals and polices, and implementation of the schedule of programs and actions. This review will inform potential strategies in the future Housing Action Plan. This document also reviews Comprehensive Plan Elements that are related to housing, as well as regulatory incentives and barriers.

Relationship Between the Comprehensive Plan and the HAP

The Growth Management Act (GMA) requires each city in Washington to develop a Comprehensive Plan to prepare for anticipated growth in population, jobs, and housing. The Comprehensive Plan is required to have a Housing Element that addresses the GMA's housing goal of "encourage[ing] the availability of affordable housing to all economic segments of the population of this state, promote a variety of residential densities and housing types, and encourage the preservation of existing housing stock". The GMA has other specific requirements (RCW 36.70A.030) to plan for housing, including:

- (1)Encourage development in urban areas where adequate public facilities and services exist, or can be provided in an efficient manner.
- (2) Reduce the inappropriate conversion of undeveloped land into sprawling, low-density development.
- (12) Ensure that those public facilities and services necessary to support development shall be adequate to serve the development at the time the development is available for occupancy and use without decreasing current service levels below locally established minimum standards

Each city's Comprehensive Plan must align their elemental policies with the regional policies developed by Puget Sound Regional Council and King County. While regional policies inform

¹ Data presented in the HAP was informed by the HNA. The HNA uses ACS 5-Year Estimates, 2020 OFM Estimates, PSRC, King County, and HUD CHAS data.

how the city develops their housing element policies, local needs and gaps are also incorporated into goals and policies to specify the actional strategies and considerations reflective of the city.

Methodology

The report was prepared by conducting a review of the city's Comprehensive Plan Housing Element policies against the revised policies from Puget Sound Regional Council and King County Countywide Planning Policies to determine where existing gaps or partial gaps in policy are. The report also examines whether existing housing regulations and their effectiveness on developing new housing units by evaluating the number of relative units developed from 2015 to 2022.

Organization of Report

This report is organized by and comprised of three different sections:

- Growth Target Evaluation: Is the city on track to meet the 2044 housing projections? A
 summary of how the HAP and Comprehensive Plan are interrelated and how Medina is
 performing.
- Housing Policy Consistency Review: Do the city's housing element policies align with the current PSRC and King County policies? This section conducts a Comprehensive Plan housing policy consistency analysis to identify existing gaps and how current policies should be revised to align with recommended HAP strategies and actions.
- Implementation Analysis: Are there regulatory opportunities or barriers to achieving goals and policies of the Comprehensive Plan? An overview of the City's housing development performance between 2015 through 2022 and implementation considerations that will determine the feasibility of recommended actions.

GROWTH TARGET EVALUATION

Housing Targets and Growth

King County has distributed housing targets in consultation with cities for their overall projections for housing. The City of Medina's 2044 housing target is 19 housing units² in addition to the 2021 housing total of 1,132 units³. A cumulative total of 1,151 housing units are needed by 2044 to accommodate anticipated growth. Between 2010 and 2021, the City has lost 33 units with an annual average decrease of 2.75 units per year. To achieve its growth target, the City will need to add one to two units per year through 2044. The average household size in Medina is 2.73 persons.⁴ Applying this household size to the remaining housing target, the population would increase by about 52 people if the 2044 growth targets are met.

Exhibit 1. Housing Change 2010 - 2044

INSERT FIGURE

Source: OFM, 2022; King County Urban Growth Capacity Report, 2022.

Housing Permits

Between 2010 and 2021, Medina has produced XX new housing units. All permits issued for residential projects were only for single-family housing. There are no records of any other forms of housing being developed between 2010 through 2021.

Exhibit 2. Housing Permits 2010-2021

INSERT FIGURE

Source: XXXXXXXXXXXX

Existing Housing Gaps

New GMA requirements for housing were adopted in late 2021 under House Bill 1220 (HB1220) requiring the housing element to accommodate and plan for housing needs in each income band. Household income is used to analyze a city's income distribution and its relationship to housing affordability through Area Median Family Income (AMI). The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) defines AMI by the following income bands:

Extremely Low Income: <30% AMI

² King County Urban Growth Capacity Report, 2021.

³ OFM, 2021.

⁴ OFM, 2020.

Very Low Income: 30-50 % AMI

Low Income: 50-80% AMI

Moderate Income: 80-100 % AMI

Above Median Income: >100% AMI

The AMI is used to measure the relative affordability of housing units based on the above income bands. Income limits to qualify for housing are often set relative to AMI. The HUD determines housing affordability by measuring if households are spending less than 30 percent of their income on housing. If households are spending more than 30 percent of income on housing, they are determined to be "cost burdened". Households need remaining income to afford other essentials, such as food, transportation, utilities, childcare, healthcare, and clothing. If households are spending more 50 percent of income on housing, the HUD metric labels the household as "severely cost burdened". Exhibit 3 describes the different income bands that currently exist within Medina and whether these income bands are cost burdened or severely cost burdened. Exhibit 4 is a breakdown of Medina's AMI between owners and renters. Both exhibits indicate that there is an overproduction of housing suitable for above median income households and a lack of housing affordable to every income band. Exhibit 5 describes the gaps in housing affordable to each income level. The mismatches display how the affordability of housing units is inconsistent with what households can afford. If households are unable to find housing that is affordable to them, they are likely to be experiencing cost-burdens.

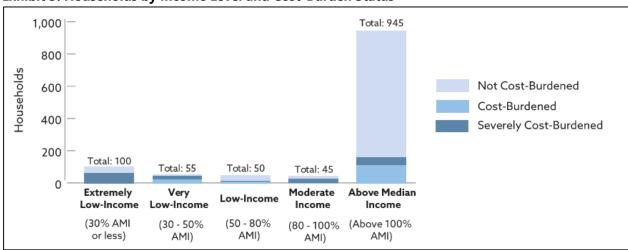


Exhibit 3. Households by Income Level and Cost-Burden Status

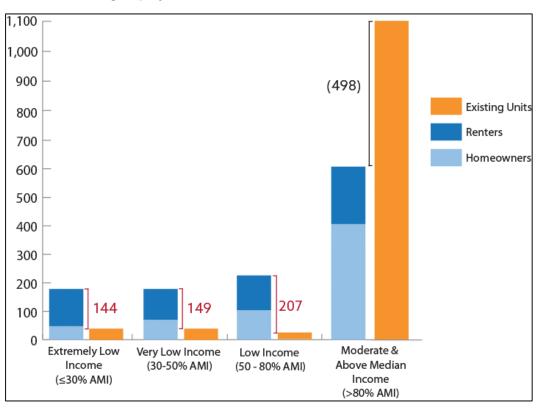
Source: HUD CHAS, 2014-2018 ACS 5-year Estimate.

Exhibit 4 Cost Burdens for Owners and Renters



Source: HUD CHAS, 2014-2018 ACS 5-year Estimate.

Exhibit 5. Housing Gap by Income



Source: HUD CHAS, 2014-2018 ACS 5-year Estimate.

Future Housing Gaps

Exhibit 6 evaluates how the existing supply gap is projected to change by 2044 for each income levels and for which types of units production should be prioritized to meet the countywide needs based on the city's future population. More units are needed across the low-income ranges, and the sizable surplus in the moderate income and above range is not expected to get

much smaller. By 2044, more rental units will be necessary for all economic segments of the population. Special attention will be needed to fill the gap in rental units for extremely low- and very low-income households through the provision of income-restricted units.

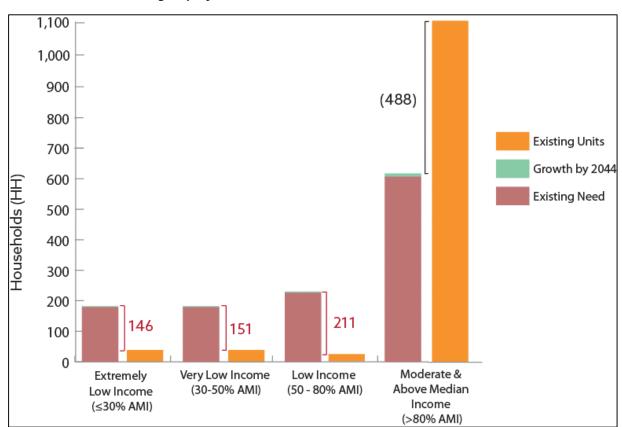


Exhibit 6. Future Housing Gap by Income

Source: OFM, 2020; 2014-2018 ACS 5-year estimates; 2016-2020 ACS 5-year estimates; PSRC, 2019; HUD CHASE; King County Buildable Lands Report, 2021.

POLICY EVALUATION

The Medina Comprehensive Plan Housing element evaluation is an assessment of the City's housing policies from the 2015 Comprehensive Plan update. The policy evaluation demonstrates how the Housing Action Plan's objectives align with current policies and where there are policy gaps supporting recommended action. Additionally, the review identifies how Puget Sound Regional County and King County Countywide Policies align with Medina's housing policies and if there are any consistency policy gaps or partial gaps.

Vision 2050 Housing Policy and Chapter	Implementing King Countywide Planning Policy	City Comprehensive Plan Policy implementing the new or revised policy?	Suggested Actions	Aligning HAP Action or Suggested Actions
MPP-H-1	DP-12 GMPC shall allocate housing	Policy Gap H-P3 The City shall seek to	It is recommended that this policy should be	Action A.1.2 Upzoning
Plan for housing supply, forms, and densities to meet the region's current	and employment growth to each city and urban unincorporated area in the	maintain the informal single family character of its neighborhoods, including	relocated to the <i>Land Use</i> chapter since it describes regulating residential	Action A.1.5 Reduce Minimum Lot Sizes
and projected needs consistent with the Regional Growth Strategy	county. This allocation is predicated on: a) Accommodating the most	precenting the intrusion of non-residential activities	neighborhood character and non-residential activities.	Action A.2.6 Live/Work Units
and to make significant progress towards jobs/housing balance.	recent 20-year population projection from the state Office of Financial Management and the most recent 20- year regional employment forecast from the Puget Sound Regional Council, informed by the 20-year projection of housing units from the state Department of Commerce;			Action B.2.5 Short-term Rentals
	b) Planning for a pattern of growth that is consistent with the Regional Growth	H-P8 The City shall explore additional affordable housing	It is recommended this policy is revised into a goal. Subsequent policies	Action A.1.1 Infill Development
	Strategy including focused growth within cities and	options that are compatible with the City's	should have specific, actionable elements that	Action A.1.2 Upzoning
	Potential Annexation Areas with designated centers and	high-quality residential setting.	address how the city will attain more affordable	Action A.1.3 Density Bonu
	within high-capacity transit station areas, limited development in the Rural		housing forms. A recommended policy would be developing	Action A.1.5 Reduce Minimum Lot Sizes

Area, and protection of designated Natural Resource	housing for each income band. Equitable housing
Lands;	development by income
c) Efficiently using existing	band is required and will be difficult to achieve
zoned and future planned	through SFR development
development capacity as	only.
well as the capacity of	Only.
existing and planned	
infrastructure, including	
sewer, water, and	
stormwater systems;	
d) Promoting a land use	
pattern that can be served	
by a connected network of	
public transportation	
services and facilities and	
pedestrian and bicycle	
infrastructure and amenities;	
e) Improving jobs/housing	
balance consistent with the	
Regional Growth Strategy,	
both between counties in	
the region and within	
subareas in the county;	
f) Promoting opportunities	
for housing and employment	
throughout the Urban	
Growth Area and within all	
jurisdictions in a manner	
that ensures racial and social	
equity;	

g) Allocating growth to	
Potential Annexation Areas	
within the urban	
unincorporated area	
proportionate to their share	
of unincorporated capacity	
for housing and employment	
growth; and	
h) Allocating growth based	
on the amount of net new	
housing needed to plan for	
and accommodate an	
equitable distribution of	
housing choices across all	
jurisdictions that is	
affordable to all economic	
segments of the population	
of the county, as provided by	
the Department of	
Commerce.	
DP-13	
The Growth Management	
Planning Council shall:	
a) Update housing and	
employment growth targets	
and housing needs	
periodically to provide	
jurisdictions with up-to-date	
growth allocations to be	
used as the land use	
assumption in state-	
mandated comprehensive	
plan updates;	
	I .

b) Adopt housing and		
employment growth targets		
and housing needs in the		
Countywide Planning Policies		
pursuant to the procedure		
described in policy FW-1;		
, , ,		
c) Create a coordinated		
countywide process to		
reconcile and set growth		
targets that implements the		
Regional Growth Strategy		
through countywide shares		
of regional housing and job		
growth, countywide shares		
of statewide housing needs,		
allocations to Regional		
Geographies, and individual		
jurisdictional growth targets;		
, and an entire grown and entire grown		
d) Ensure that each		
jurisdiction's growth targets		
and housing need are		
commensurate with their		
role in the Regional Growth		
Strategy by establishing a set		
of objective criteria and		
principles to guide how		
jurisdictional targets and		
housing needs are		
determined;		
2000,		
e) Ensure that each		
jurisdiction's growth targets		
allow it to meet the need for		
housing affordable to		
masing arroradole to		

households with <u>management</u>	oderate-,	
low-, very low-, and		
extremely low-inco	mes;	
f) Adjust targets an	d housing	
needs administrativ	rely upon	
annexation of		
unincorporated Pot	ential	
Annexation Areas b		
Growth targets for	·	
planning period are		
Table DP-1. Net nev		
needs for the plann		
period are shown in		
H-1 and total project		
housing needs are s		
Table H-2.	MOWITHI	
Table 11 2.		
DP- 14 All jurisdiction	ons shall	
accommodate house		
employment by:	and	
a) Using the adopte	d growth	
targets as the land		
assumption for the		
comprehensive pla	1;	
17.5 . 18.1.		
b) Establishing loca		
targets for regional	=	
centers and regiona		
manufacturing/indu		
centers, where app	licable;	
c) Ensuring adopted		
comprehensive plan		
zoning regulations		
sufficient capacity a	<u>t</u>	

	appropriate densities for			
	residential, commercial, and			
	industrial uses that is			
	sufficient to meet 20-year			
	growth targets, allocated			
	housing needs, and is			
	consistent with the desired			
	growth pattern described in			
	VISION 2050;			
	d) Ensuring adopted local			
	water, sewer,			
	transportation, utility, and			
	other infrastructure plans			
	and investments, including			
	special purpose district			
	plans, are consistent in			
	location and timing with			
	adopted targets as well as			
	regional and countywide			
	plans; and			
	e) Transferring and			
	accommodating			
	unincorporated area housing			
	and employment targets and			
	housing need as annexations			
	occur.			
MPP-H-2	<u>H-1</u>	Policy Gap		
	Plan for and accommodate			
Provide a range of	the jurisdiction's allocated		There are elements of the	Action A.2.1 Duplex
housing types and choices	share of countywide future		existing policies that	
to meet the housing	housing needs for moderate-	H-P10 The City shall	partially fulfill providing a	Action A.2.2 Townhome
needs of all income levels	, low-, very low- and	assure that zoning does	range of housing types	Astion A 2.2 Triples
and demographic groups	extremely low-income	not unduly restrict group	and choices for different	Action A.2.3 Triplex
within the region.	households as well as	homes or other housing	demographic groups in	

	emergency housing, emergency shelters, and permanent supportive housing. Projected countywide and jurisdictional net new housing needed to reach projected future need for the planning period is shown	options for persons with special needs by making reasonable accommodations in its rules, policies, practices, and services, when such accommodations may be necessary, to afford persons with disabilities	the city. Policy H-P9, H-P10, and H-P11 all grant regulatory flexibility in accommodating households including persons with disability. It is recommended that the city consider increasing the diversity of allowable	Action A.2.4 Fourplex Action A.2.5 Cottages Action A.2.6 Live/Work Units Action C.1.2 Inclusionary Zoning
	in Table H-1.	equal opportunity to use or enjoy a dwelling H-P11 The City shall permit group living situations that meet the	housing typologies to fulfill a wider pool of housing needs A full gap exists in terms	
		definition of "family status", including receive such supportive services as counseling, foster care, or medical supervision, within a single family house	of planning housing at every income band in the city. A new set of goals and policies are recommended to address housing allocation needs for each income band.	
MPP-H-5 Promote homeownership opportunities for low-income, moderate-income, and middle-income families and individuals while recognizing historic inequities in access to homeownership opportunities for communities of color.	H-6 Document the local history of racially exclusive and discriminatory land use and housing practices, consistent with local and regional fair housing reports and other resources. Explain the extent to which that history is still reflected in current development patterns, housing conditions, tenure, and access to opportunity. Identify local policies and	nouse	There is no language in the Comprehensive Plan or the housing element's goals and policies regarding historic racial inequities. There is no recognition of discriminatory practices or racial exclusivity of the community. It is recommended that a significant budget in the 2024 Comp Plan is	No Aligning Actions

regulations that result in	dedicated to a racial	
racially disparate impacts,	equity study to	
displacement, and exclusion	understand the impacts	
in housing, including zoning	that historic regulations	
that may have a	have had on communities	
discriminatory effect,	of color abilities to live in	
disinvestment, and	Medina.	
infrastructure availability.		
Demonstrate how current	It is recommended a goal	
strategies are addressing	is developed around	
impacts of those racially	addressing racial equity	
exclusive and discriminatory	and housing in the City.	
policies and practices. The		
County will support		
jurisdictions in identifying		
and compiling resources to		
support this analysis.		
H-19	There is also no language	Action B.1.1 Direct
Lower barriers to and	on promoting	Household Assistance
promote access to	opportunities for	
affordable homeownership	homeownership at below	Action B.1.3 Preservation
for extremely low-, very low-	median (80-100%) AMI	and Rehabilitation
, and low—income,	levels. However, Medina	Incentives
households. Emphasize:	is part of the ARCH	
a) Supporting long-term	program and contributes	Action C.1.1 Affordability
affordable homeownership	resources to affordable	Covenants
opportunities for households	housing development, as	
at or below 80 percent AMI	described in Policy H-P5,	Action C.1.2 Inclusionary
(which may require up-front	H-P6, and H-P7. However,	Zoning
initial public subsidy and	Medina's participation in	
policies that support diverse	ARCH does not preclude	Action C.1.3 Down Payment
housing types); and	the city's ability to	Assistance
b) Remedying historical	encourage more low-	
inequities in and expanding	income housing	Action C.2.1 Credit
access to homeownership	developments that grant	Enhancement
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-

	opportunities for Black, Indigenous and People of Color communities. H-20 Adopt and implement policies that address gaps in partnerships, policies, and dedicated resources to eliminate racial and other disparities in access to housing and neighborhoods of choice.		more homeownership opportunities to residents earning less than 60% AMI (low, very low, extremely low income). It is recommended that policies are adopted that address gaps in homeownership affordability.	Action C.2.3 Alternative Homeownership Models Action C.2.5 Permit Fee Waivers for Affordable Housing
MPP-H-6 Develop and provide a range of housing choices for workers at all income levels throughout the region that is accessible to job centers and attainable to workers at anticipated wages.	H-15 Increase housing choices for everyone, particularly those earning lower wages, that is co-located with, accessible to, or within a reasonable commute to major employment centers and affordable to all income levels. Ensure there are zoning ordinances and development regulations in place that allow and encourage housing production at levels that improve jobs housing balance throughout the county across all income levels	H-P8 The City shall explore additional affordable housing options that are compatible with the City's high-quality residential setting.	Policy H-P8 implies that more affordable housing options compatible with single family housing are explored. It is recommended this policy is revised into a goal. Subsequent policies should have specific, actionable elements that address how the city will attain more affordable housing forms. A recommended policy would be developing housing for each income band. Equitable housing development by income band is required and will	Action A.1.2 Upzoning Action A.1.3 Density Bonus Action A.1.5 Reduce Minimum Lot Sizes Action A.2.1 Duplex Action A.2.2 Townhome Action A.2.3 Triplex Action A.2.4 Fourplex Action A.2.5 Cottages Action A.2.6 Live/Work Units
			be difficult to achieve through SFR development only.	Action C.1.2 Inclusionary Zoning

			It should be noted that Medina's job/housing balance will not be feasible because the city is built out. However, Medina is located along transit routes that connect to Seattle and Bellevue, which are major employment centers.	Action C.2.2 Local Programs to Help Build Missing Middle Housing
Expand the supply and range of housing at densities to maximize the benefits of transit investments, including affordable units, in growth centers and station areas throughout the region.	H-16 Expand the supply and range of housing types, including affordable units, at densities sufficient to maximize the benefits of transit investments throughout the county. H-17 Support the development and preservation of incomerestricted affordable housing that is within walking distance to planned or existing high-capacity and frequent transit.	Policy Gap	Washington State defines "major transit stop" as: 1. A stop on a high capacity transportation system funded 2. Commuter rail stops 3. Stops on rail or fixed guideway systems, including transitways 4. Stops on bus rapid transit routes or routes that run on high occupancy vehicle lanes; 5. Stops for a bus or other transit mode providing actual fixed route service at intervals of at least fifteen minutes for at least five hours during the peak hours of operation on weekdays.	Action A.1.2 Upzoning Action A.1.3 Density Bonus Action A.1.5 Reduce Minimum Lot Sizes Action A.2.1 Duplex Action A.2.2 Townhome Action A.2.3 Triplex Action A.2.4 Fourplex Action A.2.5 Cottages Action A.2.6 Live/Work Units Action C.1.2 Inclusionary Zoning

			Portions of the city fall into the quarter mile parking exemption due to proximity of the Evergreen Point Station. It is recommended that policies are implemented that encourage higher density development near transit centers.	Action B.1.3 Preservation and Rehabilitation Incentives Action C.1.1 Affordability Covenants
Promote the development and preservation of long-term affordable housing options in walking distance to transit by implementing zoning, regulations, and incentives.	H-17 Support the development and preservation of income- restricted affordable housing that is within walking distance to planned or existing high-capacity and frequent transit.	Policy Gap	Washington State defines "major transit stop" as: 1. A stop on a high capacity transportation system funded 2. Commuter rail stops 3. Stops on rail or fixed guideway systems, including transitways 4. Stops on bus rapid transit routes or routes that run on high occupancy vehicle lanes; 5. Stops for a bus or other transit mode providing actual fixed route service at intervals of at least fifteen minutes for at least five hours during the peak hours of operation on weekdays.	Action A.1.2 Upzoning Action A.1.3 Density Bonus Action B.1.1 Direct Household Assistance Action B.1.3 Preservation and Rehabilitation Incentives Action C.1.1 Affordability Covenants

			Portions of the city fall into the quarter mile parking exemption due to proximity of the Evergreen Point Station. It is recommended that policies are implemented that encourage higher density development near transit centers. Specifically, parking reductions should be offered for units affordable and within a quarter mile of Evergreen Point.	
МРР-Н-9	H-18	Partial Gap		Action A.1.2 Upzoning
Expand housing capacity for moderate density housing to bridge the gap between single-family and more intensive multifamily development and provide opportunities for more affordable ownership and rental housing that allows more people to live in neighborhoods across the region.	Adopt inclusive planning tools and policies whose purpose is to increase the ability of all residents in jurisdictions throughout the county to live in the neighborhood of their choice, reduce disparities in access to opportunity areas, and meet the needs of the region's current and future residents by: a) Providing access to	H-P2 The City shall consider ways to restrict the size of homes in order to retain the character of the community	Policy H-P2 somewhat addresses the need for moderate density housing by limiting the size of homes. Similarly, Policy H-P12 discourages lot aggregation to reduce the loss of households on smaller lots. However, there is no language to provide more options within the city, owned or rented. It is	Action A.1.3 Density Bonus Action A.1.5 Reduce Minimum Lot Sizes Action A.2.1 Duplex Action A.2.2 Townhome Action A.2.3 Triplex Action A.2.4 Fourplex
	affordable housing to rent and own throughout the jurisdiction, with a focus on areas of high opportunity; b) Expanding capacity for		recommended target policies to encourage or incentivize middle housing or moderate density	Action A.2.5 Cottages Action A.2.6 Live/Work Units

	moderate-density housing throughout the jurisdiction, especially in areas currently zoned for lower density single-family detached housing in the Urban Growth Area, and capacity for high-density housing, where appropriate, consistent with the Regional Growth Strategy; c) Evaluating the feasibility of, and implementing, where appropriate, inclusionary and incentive zoning to provide affordable housing; and d) Providing access to housing types that serve a range of household sizes, types, and incomes, including 2+ bedroom homes for families with children and/or adult roommates and accessory dwelling units, efficiency studios, and/or congregate residences for		housing within the city's limits.	Action B.2.4 Multifamily Tax Exemption Action C.1.2 Inclusionary Zoning Action C.2.2 Local Programs to Help Build Missing Middle Housing
	efficiency studios, and/or congregate residences for single adults.			
MPP-H-10	H-13 Implement strategies to	Policy Gap	It is recommended	A.1.4 Fee Waivers or Reductions
Encourage jurisdictions to review and streamline development standards and regulations to advance their public benefit, provide	overcome cost barriers to housing affordability. Strategies to do this vary but can include updating development standards and		policies are crafted identifying incentives, development standards, and permitting flexibilities to projects that support	

flexibility, and minimize	permit timelines,		affordable housing	
additional costs to housing.	implementing online		development.	
	permitting, optimizing			
	residential densities,			
	reducing parking			
	requirements, and			
	developing programs,			
	policies, partnerships, and			
	incentives to decrease costs			
	to build and preserve			
	affordable housing.			
MPP-H-12	H-6	Policy Gap		
			There is no language in	No Aligning Actions
Identify potential physical,	Document the local history		the Comprehensive Plan	
economic, and cultural	of racially exclusive and		or the housing element's	
displacement of low-income	discriminatory land use and		goals and policies	
households and marginalized	housing practices, consistent		regarding historic racial	
populations that may result	with local and regional fair		inequities.	
from planning, public	housing reports and other		There is no recognition of	
investments, private	resources. Explain the extent		discriminatory practices	
redevelopment and market	to which that history is still		or racial exclusivity of the	
pressure. Use a range of	reflected in current		community. It is	
strategies to mitigate	development patterns,		recommended that a	
displacement impacts to the	housing conditions, tenure,		significant budget in the	
extent feasible.	and access to opportunity.		2024 Comp Plan is	
	Identify local policies and		dedicated to a racial	
	regulations that result in		equity study to	
	racially disparate impacts,		understand the impacts	
	displacement, and exclusion		that historic regulations	
	in housing, including zoning		have had on communities	
	that may have a		of color abilities to live in	
	discriminatory effect,		Medina. The report would	
	disinvestment, and		inform the best policies,	
	infrastructure availability.		resources, and regulations	
	Demonstrate how current		that should be considered	
	strategies are addressing			

	impacts of those racially exclusive and discriminatory policies and practices. The County will support jurisdictions in identifying and compiling resources to support this analysis. H-20 Adopt and implement policies that address gaps in partnerships, policies, and		to encourage equity in housing in Medina. It is recommended a goal is developed around addressing racial equity and housing in the City	
	dedicated resources to eliminate racial and other			
	disparities in access to			
	housing and neighborhoods			
	of choice.			
H-Action-4(Local)	H-4	Partial Gap		No Aligning Actions
Local Housing Needs:	Conduct an inventory and		The City conducted a	
Counties and cities will	analysis in each jurisdiction		Housing Needs	
conduct a housing needs	of existing and projected		Assessment in 2021 as	
analysis and evaluate the	housing needs of all		part of the Housing Action	
effectiveness of local housing	segments of the population		Plan efforts. A Housing	
policies and strategies to	and summarize the findings		Needs Assessment will be	
achieve housing targets and	in the housing element. The		updated to reflect 2021	
affordability goals to support	inventory and analysis shall		census data and current	
<u>updates to local</u>	include:		projections for income	
comprehensive plans.			bands, which were not	
Analysis of housing	A. The number of existing		available at the time of	
opportunities with access to	and projected housing units		this report (January,	
jobs and transportation	necessary to plan for and		2023).	
options will aid review of	accommodate projected			
total household costs.	growth and meet the		It is recommended a	
	projected housing needs		policy is added to the	

			
articulated in Tables H-	<u>1 and</u>	report to monitor and	
H-2, including:		track how the city	
		performs over the next 10	
1. Permanent housing		years in meeting it's	
needs, which includes		housing targets for	
for moderate-, low-, ve	<u>ry</u>	consistency.	
low-, and extremely low	<u>N-</u>		
income households and	<u>d</u>		
permanent supportive			
housing			
2. Emergency housing i	needs,		
which includes emerge	ncy		
housing and emergence	<u>y</u>		
shelters;			
B. Number of existing			
housing units by housing	ng		
type, age, number of			
bedrooms, condition,			
tenure, and area media	an		
income limit (for incom			
restricted units);			
C. Number of existing			
emergency housing,			
emergency shelters, an	d		
permanent supportive			
housing facilities and u			
beds, as applicable;			
beas, as applicable,			
D. Percentage and			
geographic distribution	,		
of residential land zone	='		
for moderate- and high			
density housing and			
accessory dwelling unit	rc		
accessory dwelling unit	.3		

in the jurisdiction;		
E. Number of income-		
restricted units and,		
where feasible, total		
number of units, within		
a half-mile walkshed of		
high-capacity or		
frequent transit service		
where applicable and		
regional and		
countywide centers;		
F. Household characteristics,		
by race/ethnicity:		
1.Income (median and by		
<u>area median income</u> bracket)		
2.Tenure (renter or		
homeowner)		
3. Size		
4.Housing cost burden and		
severe housing cost burden;		
G.Current population		
characteristics:		
1. Age by race/ethnicity;2.Disability;		
Z.Disability,		
H. Projected population		
growth;		
8.544.1)		
H. Housing		
development		
capacity within a		
half-mile walkshed		
of high-capacity or		

frequent transit		
service, if applicable;		
J. Ratio of housing to jobs in		
the jurisdiction;		
_		
K. Summary of existing and		
proposed partnerships and strategies, including		
dedicated resources, for		
meeting-housing needs,		
particularly for populations		
disparately impacted;		
L. The housing needs of		
people who need supportive		
services or accessible units,		
including but not limited to		
people experiencing homelessness, persons with		
disabilities, people with		
medical conditions, and		
older adults;		
M. The bousing peeds of		
M. The housing needs of communities experiencing		
disproportionate harm of		
housing inequities including		
Black, Indigenous, and		
People of Color; and to advance		
auvance		
N. Areas in the		
jurisdiction that may be		
at higher risk of		
displacement from		

	market forces that occur with changes to zoning development regulations and public capital investments. H-5- Evaluate the effectiveness of existing housing policies and strategies to meet the jurisdiction's housing needs. Identify gaps in existing partnerships, policies, and dedicated resources for meeting housing needs and eliminating racial and other disparities in access to housing and neighborhoods of choice.			No Aligning Action
H-Action-5(Local)	H-18	Policy Gap		
	Adopt inclusive planning		It is recommended	Action A.1.3 Density Bonus
Affordable Housing	tools and policies whose		policies are developed to	Astion A 4 Foo Wainers or
Incentives: As counties	purpose is to increase the ability of all residents in		encourage a better distribution of housing	Action A.1.4 Fee Waivers or Reductions
and cities plan for and create additional housing	jurisdictions throughout the		forms and affordability's,	Reductions
capacity consistent with	county to live in the		with an emphasis on	Action B.2.4 Multifamily Tax
the Regional Growth	neighborhood of their		rental housing.	Exemption
Strategy, evaluate	choice, reduce disparities in			
techniques such as	access to opportunity areas,			Action C.1.2 Inclusionary
inclusionary and incentive	and meet the needs of the			Zoning
zoning to provide	region's current and future			
affordability.	residents by:			

a) Providing access to	Action C.2.4 Strategic
affordable housing to rent	Marketing of Housing
and own throughout the	Incentives
jurisdiction, with a focus on	
areas of high opportunity;	
b) Expanding capacity for	
moderate-density housing	
throughout the jurisdiction,	
especially in areas currently	
zoned for lower density	
single-family detached	
housing in the Urban Growth	
Area, and capacity for high-	
density housing, where	
appropriate, consistent with	
the Regional Growth	
Strategy;	
c) Evaluating the feasibility	
of, and implementing, where	
appropriate, inclusionary	
and incentive zoning to	
provide affordable housing;	
and	
d) Providing access to	
housing types that serve a	
range of household sizes,	
types, and incomes,	
including 2+ bedroom homes	
for families with children	
and/or adult roommates and	
accessory dwelling units,	
efficiency studios, and/or	
congregate residences for	
single adults.	

Implementation Evaluation

The purpose of the evaluation is to analyze the effectiveness of Medina's current housing policies by understanding the impact the 2015 policy had on housing development between 2015 to 2022. The following table lists the polices in the Housing Element, implementation status, success indicators and measurable outcomes, and recommendations to enhance success or realign with the Housing Action Plan.

Goals/Policies	Implementation	Success Indicators	Outcomes	Recommendations
H-G1 The City shall pro	eserve and foster housing	development cons	istent with Medina's	s high-quality residential setting.
H-G2 The City shall ex	plore affordable housing	opportunities.	Ordinance No. 1017	Zoning changes were made to accommodate goals
The City shall minimize changes to existing zoning designations	Minimal zoning changes except to meet Housing Goals H-G1 and H-G2	The number of zone changes that occurred between	Relating to Land Use and Zoning	deemed necessary by citizens or required by State. To better align with the goals and strategies laid out in the Housing Action Plan, PSRC. and King County
except as to meet above goals when deemed	Godis II GT dha II GZ	2015 and 2022.	Ordinance No. 1008	County-wide Policies, it is recommended that H-P1 is modified to become a land use policy.
necessary by citizens.			Ordinance No. 1002	
			Ordinance No. 1001	
			Ordinance No. 997	
			Ordinance No. 979	
			Ordinance No. 969	
			Ordinance No. 932	

H-P2 The City shall consider ways to restrict the size of homes in order to retain the character of the community.	Adoption of code that restricts the size of residential structures	An adopted code change and number of permits	MMC 16.23 Bulk Development Standards	MMC 16.23 establishes the development standards applicable to the mass of buildings and structures including height, structural coverage, and impervious surfaces. To better align with the goals and strategies laid out in the Housing Action Plan, PSRC. and King County County-wide Policies, it is recommended that H-P2 is modified to better accommodate development for more affordable and diverse housing units. Missing-middle housing can be developed to conform with current bulk standards and be measured through the number of permits.
H-P3 The City shall seek to maintain the informal single-family character of its neighborhoods, including preventing the intrusion of non-residential activities.	Adoption of code to allow the maintenance of the single-family character of neighborhoods and prevent the intrusion of non-residential activities	An adopted code change or number of non-residential units	No code change was adopted	To better align with the goals and strategies of the Housing Action Plan, PSRC, and King County Countywide Policies, it is recommended that H-P3 is modified to better accommodate development for more affordable and diverse housing units. Considering mixed-use zoning, live/work units, or other residential/non-residential mixed development concepts could be a solution that does not conflict with retaining residential character. This can be measured by the number of residential and non-residential permits.
H-P4 When a home is constructed such that, it may potentially have no feasible resale market as a single-family residence, the owners should be aware that this would not set the stage for a future conversion to a nonresidential use.	Adoption of code or marketing campaign that informs single-family residential owners of future conversion of their parcel from single-family residential to non-residential use.	An adopted code change or evidence of marketing campaign	No code change was adopted	This language does not necessarily serve the purpose of policies in general. It is written as a rule or regulation. To better align with the goals and strategies of the Housing Action Plan, PSRC, and King County County-wide Policies, consider amending the language for clarity and applicability.

H-P5 The City should work with cities and community representatives on countywide or	An inventory of parcels that have no feasible resale market as a single-family residence Any programs, policies, or partnerships dedicated to allocating funding for housing development, preservation, and related	Programs, policies, or partnerships	Partnership with ARCH	Although the City is a member of <u>A Regional Coalition</u> for <u>Housing</u> (ARCH), there is no method of distributing funding for housing or preservation within the city. To better align with the goals and strategies of the Housing Action Plan, PSRC, and King County Countywide Policies, this policy could be improved to
subregional funding sources for housing development, preservation, and related services.	services.			facilitate continued ARCH support for affordable housing development within the City of Medina.
H-P6 The City should continue participation in interjurisdictional organizations to assist in the provision of affordable housing on the Eastside.	Any programs, policies, or partnerships that have resulted in the provision of affordable housing on the Eastside.	Programs, policies, or partnerships	Partnership with ARCH	To better align with the goals and strategies of the Housing Action Plan, PSRC, and King County Countywide Policies, it is recommended that the City further develop H-P6 to assist in the provision of affordable housing in the City of Medina.
H-P7 The City shall continue to make contributions to agencies that support affordable housing.	Contributions to agencies that support affordable housing.	Number of contributions made by the City	Annual contributions to ARCH 2015: \$16,125 2016: \$16,239 2017: \$16,417 2018: \$16,476 2019: \$16,561 2020: \$18, 376 2021: \$18,476	To better align with the goals and strategies of the Housing Action Plan, PSRC, and King County Countywide Policies, it is recommended that the City continue contributing to agencies that support affordable housing, including agencies and programs within the City of Medina. Policies H-P7 and H-P6 can be combined for clarity.

			2022: \$32,109	
			2023: \$27,476	
H-P8 The City shall explore additional affordable housing options that are compatible with the City's high-quality residential setting.	An inventory of housing options that are compatible with the City's high-quality residential setting.	Viable affordable housing options that are considered compatible with the City's residential setting	XX	To better align with the goals and strategies of the Housing Action Plan, PSRC, and King County Countywide Policies, it is recommended that H-P8 be updated and reflected in the duties of the Planning Commission or City create and implement policies based on the affordable housing options that were deemed compatible with the City's high-quality residential setting.
H-P9 The City shall not discriminate between a residential structure occupied by persons with handicaps and a similar residential structure occupied by a family or other unrelated individuals.	Adoption of code that prohibits discrimination between a residential structure occupied by persons with handicaps and a residential structure occupied by a family or other unrelated individuals.	An adopted code change and permits	No code change was adopted	To better align with the goals and strategies of the Housing Action Plan, PSRC, and King County Countywide Policies, it is recommended that Title 16.31.020 should be updated to expand the scope of permitted uses beyond adult family homes and family day care homes to more fully encapsulate the scope of H-P9 and complies with RCW 35.63.220.
H-P10 The City shall assure that zoning does not unduly restrict group homes or other housing options for persons with special needs by making reasonable accommodations in its rules, policies, practices, and services, when such accommodations may be	Adoption of code that assures zoning does not restrict group homes or other housing options for persons with special needs by making reasonable accommodations in its rules to afford persons with disabilities equal opportunity to use or enjoy a dwelling.	An adopted code change	MMC 16.60.210 MMC 16.31.020	This policy has been met. No recommendations.

necessary, to afford				
persons with disabilities				
equal opportunity to use				
or enjoy a dwelling.				
H-P11			No code change	To better align with the goals and strategies of the
The City shall permit	Adoption of code that	An adopted code	was adopted	Housing Action Plan, PSRC, and King County County-
group living situations	permits group living	change		wide Policies, consider amending zoning code to
that meet the definition	situations that mee the			reduce the barrier to development of group living
of "family status",	definition of "family status"			situations to the equivalent of single-family residences
including where residents	within a single-family			that meet the definition of "family status". Define
receive such supportive	house.			"family status."
services as counseling,				lanning status.
foster care, or medical				
supervision, within a				
single-family house.				
H-P12			There is no code	This policy has been mot No recommendations
	Adamtian of and about			This policy has been met. No recommendations.
To reduce the loss of	Adoption of code that		language regarding	
households, the City	discourages lot	An adopted code	lot aggregation	
should discourage lot	aggregation to reduce the	change		
aggregation that impacts	loss of households or			
the scale and character of	deletion of existing code			
the neighborhood.	language pertaining to lot			
	aggregation.			