# 5. TRANSPORTATION & CIRCULATION ELEMENT

# INTRODUCTION

The Growth Management Act (GMA) requires jurisdictions to demonstrate the availability of transportation facilities needed to accommodate the growth in traffic over the next twenty years. King County countywide planning policies (CPP) related to transportation intend to address three overarching goals: supporting growth by focusing on serving the region with a transportation system that furthers the Regional Growth Strategy; focusing on mobility by addressing the full range of travel modes necessary to move people and goods efficiently within the region and beyond, and; maintaining system operations by encompassing the design, maintenance, and operation of the transportation system to provide for safety, efficiency, and sustainability\_direct jurisdictions to develop a balanced transportation system as well as coordinated financing strategies and a land use plan to implement regional mobility in support of the Vision 2040 regional growth strategy. Since Medina is landlocked and expects minimal population growth in the foreseeable future, transportation issues are largely concerned with the maintenance and function of the existing street system and the impacts to this system from decisions made by larger land uses within as well as outside of the City.

# EXISTING CONDITIONS

Medina's street pattern has developed as an extension of the original City plat, which was laid out as a basic grid. The exception to this pattern is the Medina Heights neighborhood, which has been subdivided such that the streets are more curvilinear and tend to follow the prevailing topography. Nearly all streets in Medina are two lanes with one lane in each direction, with one exception. Provisions for cyclists and pedestrians are made on some collector streets. Regionally oriented transportation facilities consist of a state highway (SR 520), a <u>Washington State Department of</u> <u>Transportation (WSDOT)</u> bridge maintenance facility, and a Park & Ride lot. SR 520 passes through Medina and connects the eastside communities with Seattle via the Evergreen Point Floating Bridge. There is an east-bound off--ramp exiting SR 520 at the north end of 84<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE along with a west-bound on-ramp. A Park & Ride lot is located on the Evergreen Point Road lid, and provides pedestrian access to two public transit stops located in the median of SR 520.

Issues relevant to transportation in Medina primarily concern road surface maintenance, storm drainage, and sidewalks. Traffic volumes are expected to remain relatively constant considering Medina is fully developed and no substantive population increases are expected. There are no current plans or needs for new road construction.

## **Regional Transportation Facilities**

The SR 520 corridor has recently been reconstructed to address increased traffic and transit demand. The updated corridor includes a number of design features intended to minimize the significant adverse impacts on the surrounding residential uses, public facilities (e.g., Fairweather Nature Preserve and the Bellevue Christian Elementary School), and the environment. The SR 520 also now provides improved traffic conditions between Seattle and the east side of the County, and provides pedestrian and bicycle regional connectivity that runs through Medina and along the SR 520 bridge. These impacts include excessive noise, water and air

**Commented [KM1]:** Unopen right of ways are shown as active streets in current maps - those need to be reclassified during map revision to unopened ROWs. Dane or Ciara.

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**Commented [JF3]:** The existing conditions sections goes over all requirements for (6)(a)(iii) A-F "Facilities and services needs" pollution, and the unsightly appearance of the SR 520 corridor and the Park & Ride lot, whichwas unscreened. During periods of heavy rain, unfiltered drainage from the roadway producedan oil sheen on Fairweather Bay.

In hearings and meetings before the City Council and Planning Commission, the public has-	-	Fo
frequently asked that efforts be made to reduce the many impacts of the SR 520 corridor on the		
adjacent single-family residential neighborhoods and public facilities.		
After extensive public process, the SR 520 corridor project included the following modifications	÷	
<ul> <li>Landscaped lid, including green space, park and ride, and viewpoints across SR 520 on</li> </ul>	-	Fo
Evergreen Point Road to reconnect neighborhoods originally separated by construction;		Sp
<ul> <li>Sound walls with a stamped finish and vegetation screening to minimize transfer of noise-</li> </ul>		or
and light from the roadways to the adjacent neighborhoods, parks, and school; and		
<ul> <li>New stormwater facilities to collect and treat polluted road runoff.</li> </ul>		
Operation of and modifications to SR 520 could have very significant impacts on the adjacent		 Fo
-FFF	1	-

residential and public uses within Medina. Unless effectively mitigated, activity along the corridor will increase air, noise and water pollution; increase light and glare; remove significantvegetation; increase the separation of neighborhoods within the City; adversely impact the shoreline, sensitive areas and wildlife habitat; and reduce the City's recreation resources.

# Street Classification

Streets in Medina are classified on a three-tiered hierarchy developed by the Federal Highway Administration. The hierarchy reflects their functional characteristics (See Figure 7). They are described below in descending order.

## **Minor Arterial**

- Interconnects and augments the Urban Principal Arterial system providing service to trips of moderate length at a somewhat lower level of travel mobility than a Principal Arterial.
- Distributes travel to geographic areas smaller than those identified with the higher system(s).
- Contains facilities which place more emphasis on land access than the higher systems(s) and offer a lower level of traffic mobility. Such facilities may carry local bus routes and provide intra-community continuity, but ideally should not penetrate identifiable neighborhoods.
- Provides urban connections to rural collector roads.

The spacing of Minor Arterial streets may vary from 1/8 to 1/2 mile in the central business district and 2 to 3 miles in the suburban fringes. The only street in this category is 84<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE between NE 12<sup>th</sup> Street and NE 28<sup>th</sup> Street. This street is utilized by Clyde Hill, Medina, and Bellevue residents to access SR 520 and as a route into downtown Bellevue.

## Collector

• Provides both land access service and traffic circulation within residential neighborhoods, commercial and industrial areas.

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- Differs from the arterial system in that facilities on the collector system may penetrate residential neighborhoods, distributing trips from the arterials through the area to the ultimate destination.
- Collects traffic from local streets in residential neighborhoods and channels it into the arterial system.

This category includes the following streets:

- Evergreen Point Road between Overlake Drive West and 78th Place NE,
- Overlake Drive between Evergreen Point Road and Lake Washington Boulevard.
- NE 12<sup>th</sup> Street between Evergreen Point Road and Lake Washington Boulevard,
- NE 24th Street between Evergreen Point Road and 84th Avenue NE, and
- Lake Washington Boulevard between NE 12<sup>th</sup> Street and the Medina city limit near 851 Lake Washington Boulevard.

## Local Access

- Provides direct access to abutting land and access to higher order systems.
- Offers the lowest level of mobility and usually contains no bus routes.
- Service to through traffic movement usually is deliberately discouraged.

This category includes all those City of Medina streets that do not fall into the previous two categories.

# Level of Service

Level of service (LOS) is generally defined as the ability of a roadway or intersection to carry the volume of traffic. LOS is typically measured using a six-tiered rating system that can be found in the *Highway Capacity Manual*. This system is used in the 2011-2022 King County Regional Transportation Plan, and its use provides a level of consistency between adjacent communities and the County.

At the high end of the scale is an LOS of 'A,' where motorists experience a high level of freedom of operation and there is seldom more than one vehicle waiting at an intersection. The low end of the scale is an LOS of 'F,' which represents a forced flow of traffic and indicates a failure of the roadway or intersection to accommodate traffic volumes. The LOS ratings between 'A' and 'F' represent increasing degrees of traffic volumes relative to roadway configuration and waiting times at intersections. LOS ratings of 'D' and above indicate that there is reserve capacity on a roadway or at an intersection. For purposes of this Plan, the City adopts an LOS rating of 'C' for its arterials and an LOS rating of 'D' for intersections.

Adjacent cities employ criteria nearly identical to Medina's for LOS standards.

Medina residents currently enjoy relatively little traffic on internal streets due to the City's location, configuration, and land use mix. There are no east-west streets that offer through-routes for regional traffic except for SR 520. Since there is direct connection off of SR 520 to the internal street grid, there are no substantive<u>few</u> impacts on neighborhood streets from motorists seeking alternative routes, though Medina residents have experienced increased traffic associated with motorists from other neighboring communities navigating through Medina's internal street grid to access SR 520 and avoid more congested areas to access the highway elsewhere.

**Commented [KM5]:** People come up 12th out of Bellevue, turn right on 84<sup>th</sup> to get onto 520. driving through Medina to get to 520 from Bellevue (4/18 PC feedback). Context has been added here to this effect. The average weekday traffic volumes for the four most traveled streets in Medina are estimated based on the *Institute of Traffic Engineers Trip Generation Tables* since there are no traffic counts on record for internal City streets. They are as follows (Table 3):

Table 3.Average	Weekday Traffic Vo	lumes		 <b>Commented [KM6]:</b> Being updated by LDC Planning in batch revisions to all Medina Comp Plan maps, tables,
	Average Weekday	PM Peak Hour		exhibits, etc.
	(vehicles/day)	(vehicles/hour)		
Evergreen Point Road	2000	210		
NE 24 <sup>th</sup> Street	3500	365		
NE 12 <sup>th</sup> Street	2400	250		
84 <sup>th</sup> Avenue NE	6000	630		
School, Bellevue Christi related to personal servic weddings, and church fu Street and 84 <sup>th</sup> Avenue N during the regular work impacts the functioning intersection as they acce <u>Thomas School</u> and the intersection. This contril	an School, St. Thoma ces or special events for nctions at the St. Thor NE),-affect the area w week and on weekend of the adjacent interse ss the parking/pick-up n make left turns out of putes to congestion at	s School, the Wells-M or, and at, individual 1 mas Church (,-located ithin a radius of about s. Traffic associated v ction as motorists tend area at St. Thomas C of this area to once ag his intersection durin	on the corner of NE 12 <sup>th</sup> three blocks. These occur ith St. Thomas School to queue up just past the nurch (which serves the St. in pass through the peak travel hours. To	Commented [KM7]: 4/18 PC feedback
mitigate this congestion,	recent efforts have be	en made to queue vel	cles accessing St. Thomas	
on the shoulder of the ro	ad along 84 <sup>th</sup> Ave NE			 Formatted: Superscript
Bellevue Christian Scho	ol have expressed con access the school. <u>The</u>	cern over the number City has installed new	ghborhood just south of of vehicles that are using sidewalks and a load/unload using grant funding.	Commented [JF8]: Demand management strategy
weekdays and weekends	ng outside of the City , and with Club-spons 16 <sup>th</sup> Street off of Even for 12% to 16% of the	Traffic volumes fluc ored special events. T green Point Road. It h	uate seasonally, between he entrance to the Country as been estimated that the	
Because the City is fully on internal city streets do			substantial increase in traffic	
peak hours, special even route as a connection bet at the intersections at NE study conducted by the (	ts, or bad weather due tween SR 520 and dow E 12 <sup>th</sup> Street, NE 24 <sup>th</sup> S City of Medina in <b><ye< b=""></ye<></b>	to increases in some ontown Bellevue. This Street, and Points Driv CAR> that looked at e	) is likely to increase during egional traffic using this may cause increased delays e (SR 520 access). A traffic fects of the SR 520 on-ramp	<b>Commented [KM9]:</b> Add the date of this study and
at 84 <sup>th</sup> Avenue NE show study to understand how				mention that the city may wish to conduct another study if congestion persists. 4/18 PC feedback. Ryan O has 2016/2017 traffic data that could go toward an update here.

There have been several "mega-homes" built in Medina over the last <del>25-35</del> years. These have increased traffic during construction and upon completion. There has been a tendency for these

homes to require increased personnel for the daily operations of the residences, and security requires numerous personnel to access the property. Parties, outdoor art displays, and other functions are regular occurrences. This creates temporary increases in traffic flow on Medina's neighborhood and arterial streets.

# Public Transit

There is one King County Metro Transit bus route that provides direct service to City residents via 84<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE (route 271). Figure 7 shows the location of the transit stops. Route 271 runs north-south along 84<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE from SR 520 to NE 12<sup>th</sup> Street, and provides direct access to downtown SeattleIssaquah, the University District, and downtown Bellevue. Recognizing the value that its only regional bus route provides to the community, Medina should work to protect its limited public transportation offering from being removed or reduced in service.

The Evergreen Point Freeway Station at Evergreen Point Road and SR 520 provides direct access to 15-12 bus routes, including five-three Sound Transit routes and one Snohomish County Community Transit Route. The Park & Ride, located on the Evergreen Point lid above SR 520, includes parking for approximately 50 vehicles. Both the east-bound and west-bound stops are accessible from the Evergreen Point Road lid by pedestrian pathways.

As part of its Strategic Plan for Public Transportation 2011-20212021-2031, King County Metro developed revised its service guidelines for the regional transit system. These guidelines are based on the density of jobs and households, the relative percentages of low income or minority residents, and the number of employment and activity centers along a given transit corridorprioritize the need for transit investments based on crowding, reliability, and growth (in that order). Transit levels of service are then defined in terms of "Service Families," which describe the desired frequency of service during peak, off peak, and night times. Route 271, which serves Medina along 84<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE, and the SR 520 corridor both support the highest level of all-day service. All but the southwestern portions of Medina are located within one-half mile of a transit stop on one of these two corridors, and all residences in the City are within five miles of the Evergreen Point Park & Ride.

## Pedestrians and Bicycles

A pedestrian walkway system should be designed to provide residents with safe and convenient access to public facilities, services, and recreational amenities. This includes getting children safely to and from schools and parks and providing good pedestrian access to transit uses at the Evergreen Point Station and along the 84<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE/NE 12<sup>th</sup> Street/Lake Washington Boulevard corridor, supporting the potential for a Walkable Medina.

Since Medina was platted with large lots and developed at a slow, incremental pace, most streets were constructed without curb, gutter or sidewalks. Although residents have embraced the informal, natural setting that these streets provide, key streets have been retrofitted with sidewalks and pathways as more homes have been built and school enrollments have increased.

Sidewalks have been installed along portions of Evergreen Point Road, 77<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE, 79<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE, 81<sup>st</sup> Avenue NE, Overlake Drive West, NE 10<sup>th</sup> Street, NE 12<sup>th</sup> Street, NE 16<sup>th</sup> Street, NE 21<sup>st</sup> Street, NE 24<sup>th</sup> Street, <u>NE 32<sup>nd</sup> Street</u>, Lake Washington Boulevard, <u>NE 8<sup>th</sup></u> <u>Street</u>, 82<sup>nd</sup> Ave NE, 80<sup>th</sup> Ave NE, and 84<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE (see Figure 8). On all other streets, pedestrians must walk in the street or on the street shoulder.

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**Commented [KM10]:** 4/18 PC asked staff to consider whether this language is necessary or could be trimmed. The content here reads relevant to the discussion at hand, as it provides local context as to experienced increased traffic in Medina. Recommend keeping this language.

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**Commented [KM12]:** Added to incorporate feedback from 4/8 Council

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**Commented [KM13]:** Make mention here of a "walkable Medina" - think about in the goals/policies. 4/18 PC feedback

Formatted: Superscript Formatted: Superscript Formatted: Superscript Medina, Clyde Hill, Hunts Point, and Yarrow Point have created a walking path, referred to as the Points Loop Trail. It utilizes the asphalt-paved path that is adjacent to the SR 520 roadway, and

\_meanders through Medina and Clyde Hill (see Figure 8 for route through Medina). This trail has scenic and recreational attributes that, it is hoped, will be enhanced as time goes by. A key link in this route is the "Indian Trail" that occupies the unopened portions of 77<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE. Future efforts to enhance connectivity between the Points Loop Trail and other regional trails should be encouraged.

Popular City cycling routes include Lake Washington Boulevard, 84<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE, Overlake Drives East and West, NE 12<sup>th</sup> Street, Evergreen Point Road, NE 24<sup>th</sup> Street, and the SR 520 pathway due to their regional connectivity and scenic qualities. Of these streets, only 84<sup>th</sup> Avenue NE features bike lanes. NE 24<sup>th</sup> Street features striped wide curb lanes that function somewhat as bicycle lanes, but are not officially designated as such since they are less than the standard bicycle lane width of 5 feet. Cyclists share the road with vehicles (and sometimes pedestrians) on Lake Washington Boulevard, Overlake Drives East and West, NE 12<sup>th</sup> Street, and Evergreen Point Road. Lake Washington Boulevard and portions of Evergreen Point Road contain relatively wide shoulders and little or no on-street parking, making these roads safer for cycling. The SR 520 floating bridge replacement features a separated bicycle path. The path connects to the Points Loop Trail and facilitates bicycle travel from Medina to Seattle and other regional trails across Lake Washington.

Cyclists share the roadway with vehicles on all other streets. Most of these streets have minimal traffic and low travel speeds, making them relatively safeproviding ideal conditions for cyclists who choose to ride their bicycles on the street. A noticeable increase in the number of cyclists on the Medina street system is further congesting the use of these streets. The City should encourage the use of human-powered bicycles on designated biking paths. The City should encourage the use of electric-powered bikes ("e-bikes") on its streets.

# **Nearby Air Facilities**

Nearby Seattle-Tacoma International Airport and Seattle Paine Field International Airport provides air transportation for Medina residents.

# Puget Sound Air Quality Attainment Zone

The City of Medina is located within the Puget Sound Air Quality Attainment Zone specified in the Washington State Clean Air Conformity Act. This Act is intended to implement the goals and requirements of the Federal Clean Air Act Amendments. Medina is committed to participating in the regional efforts to attain reduction in the criteria pollutants specified in the Act.

# TRANSPORTATION AND CIRCULATION PLAN

Consistent with the Growth Management Act (GMA) and the King County CPPs, Medina's transportation plan strives for a balanced transportation system coordinated with the land use plan. Since Medina is landlocked and expects minimal population growth in the foreseeable future, the transportation plan largely concerns maintenance and function of the existing street system. The current Six-Year Capital Improvement Plan (see Appendix B) includes the Transportation Improvement Plan and identifies a list of projects the City will undertake to improve selected roadways. The improvements involve a combination of surface improvements, sidewalks, and storm drainage improvements. Subsequent improvements to Medina's streets should continue to focus on maintenance, storm drainage improvements (see Figure 11), and

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**Commented [KM15]:** Is this still a statement we want to make, given Commissioner Shawn Schubring's comments about unsafe circumstances for bicvclists in some areas?

**Commented [KM16]:** Add paine field. 4/18 PC

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pedestrian improvements (see Non-Motorized Facilities below and Figure 8 for proposed improvements). All proposed improvements should incorporate recommendations in the City's-Landscape Plan and the Community Design Inventory. New transportation projects, or improvements or maintenance to existing projects, undertaken by regional transportation agencies should consider and mitigate for all potential impacts to neighboring communities, including air quality, noise, odor, and glare impacts.

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**Commented [KM20]:** Either find this and appendix it or delete references throughout the CP to this document. 4/18 PC feedback.

**Commented [KM21R20]:** Searching through the MMC and publicly-available resources, I can only find that this was a plan that is/was referred to in the Comp Plan's Community Design Element. Cannot find the actual plan, or any indication in the MMC of a requirement to design against it. Recommend deleting all instances of the term throughout the Comp Plan before finalization.

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### Public Transit

The continuation of public transportation by King County Metro Transit is essential to a balanced circulation system for the City. The Evergreen Point Park & Ride is an important transit resource and should be maintained and enhanced, when possible. The City will continue to encourage transit use by prioritizing those improvements that enhance multimodal access to transit facilities. The bus routes should continue to utilize arterial streets. The location of transit stops should be periodically reviewed by the City Engineer and Planner to assure consistency with street design standards.

## **Non-Motorized** Facilities

The City's Six-Year Transportation Improvement Program includes five non-motorized transportation improvements, including sidewalk repairs on four separate sidewalks, and a new pathway on the south side of NE  $32^{nd}$  Street from Evergreen Point Road on  $80^{th}$  Avenue NE.

Several other sidewalk/trail improvements may be considered to enhance pedestrian access to schools, parks, transit, recreation and fitness, community facilities, and services, creating a more <u>"Walkable Medina."</u>

Where sidewalks or trails are installed, they should be designed and landscaped in accordance with the <u>City's</u> Landscape Plan, and public input.

Signage for the Points Loop Trail will be maintained and, where appropriate, enhanced to educate the public and encourage use of the trail.

## Financing

The Growth Management ActGMA requires that transportation related provisions of the comprehensive plan address the financing of local transportation systems. Since incorporation, the City's built–out nature and stable land uses means only minimal fluctuations in population have occurred, requiring only minor modifications to the City's transportation system. The result is that financing needs for transportation are principally for maintenance of the existing system and adding improvements when new funding opportunities arise.

The City uses Real Estate Excise Tax, Motor Fuel Tax, general revenue taxes and grants to fund maintenance activity. In 20142023, the City collected \$1,279,832 1,213,962 in Real Estate Excise Tax and

\$<u>57,760</u>.61,882-in Motor Fuel Tax to fund \$<u>1,270,113</u>.695,163<sup>1</sup> worth of transportation system maintenance and improvement projects. The City does not anticipate a revenue shortfall in the next 20 years to fund maintenance of its road network. In the event revenues in any given year are short, the City has the options of adding new sources of revenue, increasing the amount of revenue from existing sources, or reducing or deferring proposed projects.

The City may explore a requirement for payment of traffic impact fees by new development projects, and may engage a traffic consultant or otherwise participate in a traffic study to inform the applicability and extent of imposing these fees.

<sup>1</sup> Transportation system maintenance and improvement projects summed here include: street fund labor, operating supplies, professional services (street), storm drain maintenance, street irrigation utilities, replacement of plow truck, street overlays, storm sewer improvements, and sidewalk improvements.

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# GOALS

 T-G1
 To maintain existing roadway surfaces.

 T-G2
 To enhance equitable pedestrian and bicycle access throughout the City to promote dispersed availability of pedestrian and bicycle access to all members of the community.

T-G3 To minimize transportation-related impacts of public facilities and uses on adjacent residential uses.

T-G4	To minimize impacts of regional transportation facilities on adjacent residential uses and the City as a whole.	Formatted: Left: 0.92", Right: 0.86", Top: 0.85", Bottom: 0.7", Footer distance from edge: 0.53"
T-G5	To maintain and enhance <u>equitable</u> access to public transportation, <u>addressing the</u> <u>needs of and promoting access to all members of the community regardless of</u> <u>socioeconomic status, mobility, or ethnicity</u> .	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.08", Hanging: 0.87" Commented [KM25]: Added to implement CPP T-8 and
T-G6	To maintain and enhance the informal landscaped character of the City's public streets.	T-9 (see p. 103 of the gap analysis)
T-G7	To maintain and/or improve local and regional air quality.	
<u>T-G8</u> transporta	To enhance the safety and minimize the impacts of school pickups and drop-offs on the tion network.	<b>Commented [KM26]:</b> Feedback from mayor at 4/16 DSC meeting.
T-G9	To increase pedestrian safety and explore traffic calming techniques to improve safety	
	munity members using the transportation network	Commented [KM27]: 4/16 DSC feedback
POLICII	2S	
T-P1	The City should provide street repairs as necessary to maintain safe driving and biking surfaces, and should encourage the use of bikes on bike-specific infrastructure rather than on public streets.	Commented [KM28]: Added to incorporate feedback
T-P2	The City should prioritize equitable pedestrian improvements that provide safe	from 4/8 Council
	and convenient network of pedestrian access throughout the City, including access to and from schools, parks, transit, and community facilities.	<b>Commented [KM29]:</b> Added to implement CPP T-31 (see p. 102 of the gap analysis)
T-P2.5	Pedestrian and nonmotorized improvements should be designed and prioritized to improve pedestrian and nonmotorized safety, <u>contributing to the state's goal of</u> zero deaths and serious injuries, and overall encouraging physical activity.	Commented [KM30]: Added to implement CPP T-29 (see
T-P3	The City shall-should seek to provide pedestrian improvements in conjunction with stormwater drainage improvements, when desirable.	p. 48 of the gap analysis)
T-P4	Where sidewalks, trails or pathways are installed, they shall should be designed and landscaped in accordance with the Landscape PlanCommunity Design Element, and public input in order to maintain the City's natural and informal character.	<b>Commented [KM31]:</b> What is the Landscape Plan? Based on findings of 4/19 research effort, there is no Landscape Plan and design of public spaces should instead reflect the Community Design Element of the Comp Plan.
T-P5 City.	The City shall should seek to maintain and enhance the Points Loop Trail within the	
T-P6	The City <u>shall should</u> implement transportation improvements as needed to maintain adopted levels of service for local streets, <u>and to implement the priorities</u> <u>and policies of VISION 2050 and Medina's Comprehensive Plan</u> , through the implementation of a Six-Year Transportation Improvement Plan <u>(TIP)</u> . The <u>Transportation Improvement PlanTIP shall should</u> be periodically updated to reflect the current needs of the community these needs should reflect those of the	Commented [KM32]: Added to implement CPP T-14 (see p. 105 of the gap analysis) Commented [KM33]: Implements CPP T-22
	entire community, regardless of a person's socioeconomic status or those members of the community who may have been disproportionately affected by past transportation-related decisions. Prior to implementing major roadway capacity expansion projects that may be recommended in the TIP, the City should	<b>Commented [KM34]:</b> Added to implement CPP T-30 (see p. 64 of the gap analysis)
	determine if capacity needs can be met from investments in transportation system operations and management, pricing programs, transportation demand	
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management, public transportation, and system management activities that improve the efficiency of the current transportation system.-

T-P7 The City <u>shall\_should</u> encourage the <u>development-maintenance</u> of a bicycle/pedestrian path <u>in conjunction with theto connect</u> <u>improvement/</u> <u>expansion of</u> SR 520 and the Evergreen Point Bridge<u>, enhancing</u> to connect toand enhance key non-motorized routes.

T-P8 The City <u>shall\_should</u> work with WSDOT, city residents and other groups, stakeholders and agencies to develop mitigation measures that may be implemented as part of any SR 520 improvement/expansion project. The City <u>shall-should</u> seek an overall reduction of impacts, including measures such as:

- Noise reduction measures,
- Landscaped lids and open space,
- Landscaped buffers,
- Protection of Fairweather Nature Preserve and Park,
- · Enhanced motorized and non-motorized local connectivity,
- Water and air quality improvements, and
- Overall environmental protection.

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T-P9	The City shall should continue to be involved in regional transportation
	discussions and coordination to increase the share of trips made countywide by
	modes other than driving along through a coordinated approach to regional land
	use planning, and should focus its improvement or siting of transit stations along
	major corridors to support regional connection. Collaboration with the region
	should include consideration of freight mobility strategies that strengthen King
	County's role as a major regional freight distribution hub and an international
	trade gateway.

- T-P10 The overall efficiency of the SR 520 corridor should be increased by emphasizing its use for public transportation and by providing incentives for multiple occupancy in private vehicles, use of electric or alternative fuel vehicles, and, at a minimum, retaining the current number of transit stops. To maintain or improve the SR 520 corridor, the City should pursue and advocate for new, innovative, sustainable funding methods, which could include: user fees, tolls, or other pricing mechanisms.
- T-P11 The City shall-should seek to maintain and enhance access to the Park & Ride lot.
- T-P12 The City <u>shall should</u> continue to work with <u>Puget Sound Partnership</u>, <u>tribal</u> <u>governments</u>, state, regional, and local agencies and jurisdictions, <u>and other</u> <u>related entities</u> to prioritize regional transit services and pedestrian safety in areas where existing densities support transit ridership, which is an inherent component to addressing and mitigating for those transportation issues affecting air quality attainment and light and noise pollution.
- T-P13 The City <u>shall should</u> promote public education efforts aimed at reducing transportation related activities that increase air pollution, to include educating the community on transportation alternatives to single-occupancy vehicle travel and transportation options that use alternative fuel sources.
- T-P14 The City shall-should consider the air quality implications of new growth and development when making comprehensive plan and regulatory changes. When planning highway, street, and utility line extensions or revisions, the City should consider current state and federal air quality standards and possible increases in emissions as a result of such extensions or revisions, and should also consider the need for such improvements to be accessible to all residents of the region regardless of race, social, or economic status. Particularly where they have contributed to racialized health or environmental disparities, harmful environmental pollutants and hazards that can result from new growth and development should be prevented, mitigated, or remediated, including light, air, noise, soil, and structural hazards.

T-P15 The City should integrate transit facilities, services, and active transportation infrastructure with public spaces and private developments to create safe and inviting waiting and transfer environments to encourage transit ridership countywide. The City adopts the FHWA system of street classification.

<u>T-P16</u> The City should prioritize funding transportation investments that enhance multimodal mobility and safety, equity, and climate change goals.

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Commented [KM36]: Added to implement CPP T-3 (see p. 105 of the gap analysis)Commented [KM37]: Added to implement CPP T-20 (see p. 99 of the gap analysis)

**Commented [KM38]:** Added to implement CPP T-18 (see p. 105 of the gap analysis)

**Commented [KM39]:** Added to implement CPP EN-30 (see p. 49 of the gap analysis)

**Commented [KM40]:** Added to implement CPP T-13 (see p. 100 of the gap analysis)

**Commented [KM41]:** Added to implement CPP EN-16 (see p. 6 of the gap analysis)

**Commented** [KM42]: Added to implement CPP DP-23 (see p. 1 of the gap analysis)

**Commented [KM43]:** Added to implement CPP T-7 (see p. 103 of the gap analysis)

**Commented [KM44]:** In connection with other policies supporting investment toward non-vehicle transportation options, this language has been added to fully implement CPP T-5 (see p. 105 of the gap analysis)

**Commented [KM45]:** Added to implement CPP EN-5 and EN-28 (see p. 32 of the gap analysis)

**Commented [KM46]:** Added to implement CPP T-10 (see p. 103 of the gap analysis)

**Commented [KM47]:** Added to implement CPP T-12 (see p. 103 of the gap analysis)

<u>T-P17</u>	The City should develop station area plans for mobility hubs based on community	<b>Commented [KM48]:</b> What are station area plans?
	engagement. Plans should reflect the unique characteristics, local vision for each	Respond to Mark 4/16 question
	station area including transit-supportive land uses, transit rights-of-way, stations and related facilities, multimodal linkages, safety improvements, place-making elements and minimize displacement.	<b>Commented [KM49R48]:</b> Plans that leverage their proximity to public transportation systems to encourage compelling opportunities, like business, multifamily, or services.
<u>T-P18</u>	The City should promote the expanded use of alternative fuel and zero emission vehicles by the general public with measures such as converting transit, public, and private fleets; applying incentive programs; and providing for electric vehicle	<b>Commented [KM50]:</b> Added to implement CPP T-6 (see p. 62 of the gap analysis)
<u>T-P19</u>	<u>charging stations</u> . <u>The City should plan and develop a countywide transportation system that supports</u> <u>the connection between land use and transportation, and essential travel that</u> <u>reduces greenhouse gas emissions by advancing strategies that shorten trip length</u> <u>or replace vehicle trips to reduce vehicle miles traveled. Apply technologies,</u> <u>programs, and other strategies (e.g., intelligent transportation systems (ITS), first</u> <u>and last mile connections) to optimize the use of existing infrastructure and support</u>	<b>Commented [KM51]:</b> Added to implement CPP T-34 (see p. 49 of the gap analysis).
<u>T-P20</u>	equity; improve mobility; and reduce congestion, vehicle miles traveled, and greenhouse gas emissions. The City should seek traffic consultation to explore the application of appropriate traffic calming techniques that would improve the safety of Medina residents and visitors using its transportation network, and should prioritize implementing	<b>Commented [KM52]:</b> Added to implement CPP T-32 and T-33 (see p. 49 of the gap analysis)
	recommended techniques.	<b>Commented [KM53]:</b> Policy added to implement T-G9 (comment from Commissioner Pao ahead on 4/18 meeting)

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