



Memorandum

Meeting Details: August 3rd, 2026— Planning Commission Meeting
Prepared For: Planning Commission
Staff Contact: Community Development Department – Joseph Petraglia, Planner II
Subject: Ordinance 2026-09, Nonconformances and rebuilding regulations

Background:

The City's nonconformity regulations generally allow legally established structures and uses that do not comply with current zoning regulations to continue, but discourage their expansion and encourage eventual conformity over time. The stated intent of Chapter 110, Article III is to allow lawful nonconformities to continue while restricting further investment that would make those nonconformities more permanent. The Code recognizes that lawful nonconforming uses, structures, and densities may continue until removed through economic forces, redevelopment, or other circumstances.

Sections 110-95 (Reestablishment of Uses After an Involuntary Loss) and 110-96 (Rebuilding After a Catastrophic Loss) provide exceptions that allow certain legally nonconforming uses, structures, and densities to be rebuilt following damage or destruction caused by hurricanes, similar involuntary events. Under the existing code, these provisions are only available if the property owner maintained a required Business Tax Receipt (BTR) at the time of the disaster.

Following the 2024 hurricane season, staff encountered properties that were legally nonconforming but were not operating with a current BTR at the time of the storm. In these situations, the absence of a BTR resulted in the loss of otherwise lawful nonconforming rights, even when the properties could have been permitted to retain those rights had the structures been repaired at grade under the 50% rule. At the April 29, 2026 Board of Commissioners Workshop, the Board directed staff to explore amendments that would preserve the intent of the BTR requirement while avoiding unintended consequences that could permanently eliminate lawful nonconforming rights in the absence of one.

With this update, staff is also providing the option for the commission to consider some other changes within the article highlighted in the discussion below. **This ordinance has remained unchanged since the last Planning Commission Meeting.**

Discussion:

There are different types of nonconformities. The stated intent of the city code is to eliminate nonconformities over time as they are incompatible with the provisions of the city's comprehensive plan and code. There are different types of nonconformities discussed in the code:

- Nonconforming uses: uses not permitted in that zoning district;
- Nonconforming density: the use is allowed, but there are more units than the land area would currently allow;
- Nonconforming structures: Do not meet the current setback, height, floodplain or other dimensional regulations;
- Nonconforming lots: do not meet the current lot area, lot width or lot depth dimensions required.

Staff plan to re-evaluate the entire nonconforming article of the code in the coming months, but that rewrite will require additional research, feedback, and discussion. The changes currently shown are highlighted below:

- As mentioned in the background above, Sections 110-95 and 110-96 have been amended to allow properties that were operating without a required BTR similar privileges to those that maintained a valid BTR. The proposed amendment includes a stipulation that such properties must either apply for the applicable permit or obtain a Zoning Verification Letter from the City on or before September 25, 2027. Staff recommends this requirement because, without either a reasonable deadline or a BTR to help document the legally established nonconforming use and/or density, it may become increasingly difficult to accurately verify pre-existing conditions in the future. The proposed deadline is consistent with the date by which hurricane repair permits associated with Hurricanes Helene and Milton must be completed and generally aligns with the anticipated expiration of temporary state-authorized RV occupancy provisions. Staff is also exploring additional methods to improve awareness of and compliance with the City's BTR requirements, including potential review triggers associated with multifamily and commercial building permits.
- Another change included in this ordinance would allow properties in the R-1 zoning district to apply through the redevelopment planning process to rebuild and retain legally nonconforming uses in a manner similar to the provisions available following a catastrophic or involuntary loss. Currently, nonconforming uses located within the R-1 zoning district may only be rebuilt following a declared disaster or substantial damage event, while properties in other zoning districts may seek approval to retain nonconformities through the redevelopment planning process.
- The amendments to Sections 110-96(b)(5) and 110-97(b)(5) clarify that commercial properties may retain their existing nonconforming floor area ratio (FAR) when rebuilt under the conditions specified in

those sections. FAR is generally more likely to be a limiting redevelopment factor for commercial properties than for residential properties. The proposed language also removes a reference to FEMA regulations that is unnecessary because compliance with applicable floodplain and building regulations is already required elsewhere in the Code. The amendment is intended as a clarification of the original intent of the section and does not reduce the City's ability to enforce applicable floodplain requirements.

- Finally, this ordinance proposes an amendment to extend the September 24th deadline an additional year to make repairs to nonconforming structures damaged less than 50% through the 2024 hurricanes. This recommendation is being proposed based on the responses received from the city's initial mailing that was sent to 452 pre-FIRM properties that have not yet obtained the required permits that the city is expected to produce to FEMA. A list of properties suspected of having received damage but not obtaining any related permits is being regularly updated and is publicly available at:

<https://madeirabeachfl.withforerunner.com/view/518ced28-2a44-46ce-8566-a918b9ad3820>

As of July 23rd, of the 452 letters sent, 60 (13%) are no longer on the no permit status, and 14 resident conversations have been logged on properties still on the "no permit" status.

The remaining proposed changes are intended solely for clarification purposes and would not result in any substantive change to the Code's current or historical interpretation and application. For example, the amendment to Section 110-97 expressly recognizes the City's longstanding practice of allowing legally nonconforming density to be consolidated or reconfigured through the redevelopment planning process, which requires publicly noticed hearings before both the Planning Commission and Board of Commissioners. This clarification does not create new redevelopment rights but rather codifies an existing administrative interpretation. At the same time, the Code does not currently provide similar flexibility for properties rebuilding after a catastrophic or involuntary loss, as those provisions are generally administrative approvals that do not require public hearings.

All proposed changes have been discussed at the June 24th board of commissioners regular workshop meeting.

Fiscal Impact:

None anticipated. The proposed amendments are administrative in nature and are not expected to result in any direct fiscal impact to the City.

Recommendation(s):

Staff recommends the Planning Commission provide a recommendation of approval to allow the ordinance to proceed to first reading at the next regularly scheduled Board of Commissioners meeting.

Attachments/Corresponding Documents:

- ORD 2026-09, Nonconformances and rebuilding regulations
- ORD 2026-09, Business Impact Estimate

City of Madeira Beach, 300 Municipal Drive, FL, 33708, USA

ORDINANCE 2026-09

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF MADEIRA BEACH, FLORIDA, AMENDING CHAPTER 110 (ZONING), ARTICLE III (NONCONFORMANCES), OF THE CITY'S LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS TO CLARIFY REGULATIONS GOVERNING NONCONFORMING LOTS, USES, STRUCTURES, AND DENSITY; TO REVISE REBUILDING AND REDEVELOPMENT STANDARDS FOLLOWING A CATASTROPHIC LOSS; EXTENDING THE DEADLINE FOR CERTAIN REPAIRS RELATED TO THE 2024 HURRICANES; TO WAIVE THE BUSINESS TAX RECEIPT REQUIREMENT FOR STRUCTURES THAT WERE DAMAGED DURING THE 2024 HURRICANES PROVIDED THAT CERTAIN CONDITIONS ARE MET; PROVIDING FOR CONFLICTS, SEVERABILITY, CODIFICATION, AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, Chapter 110, Article III of the Land Development Regulations establishes regulations governing nonconforming lots, uses, structures, density, and rebuilding following a catastrophic loss; and

WHEREAS, City staff has identified provisions within the nonconforming regulations that would benefit from clarification to improve readability, eliminate inconsistencies, and better reflect the City's longstanding interpretation and administration of the code; and

WHEREAS, following the 2024 hurricane season, the City adopted temporary provisions allowing additional time for owners of structures sustaining less than 50 percent damage to obtain permits for repairs, and many affected property owners have advised the City that they continue to await insurance proceeds, grant funding, or other financial assistance needed to complete repairs; and

WHEREAS, some sections allow nonconformities to be rebuilt following storm or other damage events, however, such sections do not apply to properties that were operating without a required business tax receipt; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Commissioners directed staff to review this business tax receipt requirement; and

WHEREAS, the City's redevelopment planning process has historically been used to allow alternative configurations of legally established nonconforming lots, uses, structures, and density that would not otherwise be permitted by right under the rebuilding after a catastrophic loss regulations; and

WHEREAS, because the redevelopment planning process does not currently apply to properties within the R-1 Single-Family Residential zoning district, legally established multifamily buildings and other nonconforming uses located within the R-1 district do not have the same opportunities for redevelopment as similarly situated properties in other zoning districts outside of catastrophic loss events or substantial damage; and

WHEREAS, the proposed amendments also clarify the treatment of nonconforming uses, structures, density, and lots; revise provisions related to rebuilding after catastrophic loss and redevelopment; and make other revisions necessary for consistency throughout the Land Development Regulations; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE CITY OF MADEIRA BEACH, FLORIDA, AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. That Article III (Nonconformances) of Chapter 110 (Zoning) of the Land Development Regulations of the City of Madeira Beach is hereby amended to read as follows:

ARTICLE III. NONCONFORMANCES

Sec. 110-91. Purpose and intent.

- (a) It is the intent of this article to provide for the continuance of lawful nonconformities, without unduly restricting the owners ability to maintain or improve their property, but to restrict further investment which would make the nonconformity more permanent. This article is intended to permit lawful nonconforming uses and structures created by the adoption of this Code to continue, until removed by economic or other forces. This article is intended to discourage the continuation of nonconformities as they are incompatible with the provisions of the city comprehensive plan and this Code.

- (b) All rights and obligations associated with a nonconforming status run with the property, are not personal to the present ownership or tenant, and are not effected by a change of ownership or tenancy, unless abandoned.

Sec. 110-92. Classification.

- (a) Nonconformities are classified as follows:
 - (1) Lots.
 - (2) Uses of land and structures.
 - (3) Structures.
 - (4) Characteristics of use.
- (b) A nonconformity may also be created where lawful public taking or actions pursuant to a court order create violations of the land development regulations.

Sec. 110-93. Intent concerning nonconforming property, structures and uses.

It is the intent of the land development regulations that these nonconformities shall be considered to be incompatible with the permitted uses within the city districts. Such nonconformities shall not be enlarged or extended in any respect.

- (1) *Nonconforming lots.*
 - a. *Use of single, nonconforming lots for residential districts.* Notwithstanding the maximum density requirements of the comprehensive plan, in residential districts, the single-family and customary accessory structures may be erected, reconstructed, occupied and used on separate nonconforming lots of record which are not in continuous frontage with other lots in the same ownership in accord with other requirements applying in the separate districts.
 - b. *Use of single, nonconforming lots for nonresidential uses.* In other than residential districts, a nonconforming lot of record which is not in continuous frontage with other lots in the same ownership, may accommodate uses permitted within that district in accordance with other requirements applying in that district.
 - c. *Rules concerning combination of contiguous nonconforming lots in same ownership and with continuous frontage.*
 - 1. *Where nonconforming status was created at enactment or amendment of this Code or of the comprehensive plan.* Where more than one nonconforming lot of record in single ownership and with continuous frontage exists, they shall be combined and considered a single zoning lot. The zoning administrator shall authorize their use only when the lot area and lot width

requirements for the district in which the lots are located are satisfied. Full setback requirements shall apply to all of the newly created lots.

2. *Combination not required where nonconformity created by public taking or court order.* Where the nonconforming lots were created by public taking action or as a result of a court order, a combining of the individual lots shall not be required.

(2) *Nonconforming uses.* Nonconforming uses of land shall be brought into conformance as soon as reasonably possible, but may continue provided they meet the criteria listed below or if the loss is involuntary as provided for in Sec. 110-95.

- a. There shall be no replacement, enlargement, increase in activity or alterations to any nonconforming use, permanent structure or both.
- b. No such nonconforming use shall be relocated or moved to any portion of the lot other than that occupied at the time that the nonconforming status was created.
- c. When a nonconforming use is changed, modified or diversified to meet requirements of a conforming use, the building or structure in which the use is located shall conform to the development standards and regulations as set forth in this Code.
- d. If any nonconforming use, or any portion thereof, ceases for any reason for more than one year (365 days), the status of the nonconforming use shall terminate and all subsequent uses shall conform to the regulations of the district in which such use is located. In cases of involuntary loss as described in Sec. 110-95 there is no time limitation.

(3) *Nonconforming structures.* Where a lawful structure exists at the time of the passage or amendment of the land development regulations which could no longer be built under the terms of the land development regulations by reason of restrictions on area, lot coverage, height, or other characteristics of the structure or location on lot, such structure may be continued so long as it remains otherwise lawful, subject to the following provisions:

- a. That any addition, alteration or renovation to the structure shall not increase the degree of nonconformity or result in the conversion of a nonconforming carport, garage, screen enclosure, patio roof, storage area or other non-habitable area into a habitable area unless specifically approved by the special magistrate. Structural changes which decrease the degree of nonconformity shall be permitted. Structures that are nonconforming due solely to their flood elevation may be altered in accordance with the provisions of chapter 94.
- b. A nonconforming structure or portion thereof, if damaged by fire, natural elements or force to an amount equal to or greater than 50

percent of its current fair market value as of the day immediately preceding such damage, may only be reconstructed in accordance with the provisions of article V of this chapter regarding district regulations for the district in which it is located and the floodplain management regulations established in chapter 94 of this Code or as otherwise provided in this article.

- c. Should the damage be less than 50 percent of its current fair market value, the structure may remain and repairs may be made under the zoning district regulations in effect at the time of original construction, provided that a permit is issued and notice of commencement recorded in the Official Records of Pinellas County, Florida within 18 months after such damage. All repairs must be made to comply with current building codes and not be in violation of the provisions of the floodplain management regulations and other applicable codes of the city. In the event that the permit has not been issued within 18 months, and work not completed and the permit closed within 36 months from the date the damage occurred, the structure shall not be further repaired or rebuilt, except in conformity with the entire requirements of this Code. For structures damaged due to the 2024 hurricanes, this the 18-month deadline shall be extended until September 24⁵, 2027⁶, and the 36-month deadline extended until September 25, 2028.
- d. Routine repairs and maintenance of nonconforming structures, fixtures, wiring and plumbing, or the repair or replacement of non-load bearing walls shall be permitted.
- e. Owners of nonconforming residential structures in an R-1, R-2 or R-3 zoning district that wish to elevate or replace their existing structures with the lowest habitable floor at or above base design flood elevation shall be exempt from the setback provisions of article V of this chapter regarding district regulations, so long as the structure remains within the existing footprint.
- f. In recognition of the narrow lot dimensions and the preexisting development patterns in some older neighborhoods, the following exceptions can be considered by the planning commission for approval for lots of 50 feet in width or less:
 - 1. Legal nonconforming residential structures in an R-2 or R-3 zoning district with side yard encroachments may extend along the line of the existing encroachment without increasing the depth of the encroachment into the setback as long as a minimum of three feet of setback from the structural wall is retained on one side of the house and a minimum of five feet of clearance remains on the other side of the house (no permanent improvement of any kind, including mechanical equipment or storage units may exist or be placed or installed in the five feet clearance along the entire side of the structure nor can the area be obstructed by landscaping that prevents access across/through the clear area, although the area

may be fenced as long as it is accessible by way of a gate). Additionally, the property that is the subject of reduced setbacks must be improved with drainage systems including but not limited to roof gutter systems adequate to carry all runoff and direct it away from the neighboring property in a manner that ensures no impact upon the neighboring property. The required clearance area is not a reduction of setback but a minimum clear path of access between the front and rear yard. Furthermore, extensions along an existing encroachment line can be approved only if the neighbor on the extending encroached side indicates support for the extension by notarized statement. Nothing in this provision can be used to approve the creation of a new nonconformity.

2. Legal nonconforming uses and structures in an R-1, R-2 or R-3 zoning districts with a front or rear yard setback encroachment may extend the encroachment to an average of that encroachment on lots adjoining and facing it.
 3. Additions of a second floor to legal nonconforming structures in the R-1, R-2 and R-3 districts is permitted as long as the extension/addition does not create any new encroachment, does not violate the height restrictions, provides a minimum of 18" clearance between any building element and the property line, and does not increase the depth into any existing encroachment. Approval of such additions require the neighbor on the side or facing property where the encroachment is proposed to be heightened to indicate by notarized statement their support for the addition.
 4. Approval of such additions require pre-hearing notice to adjoining property owners who may indicate their support for the addition by notarized statement or submittal of written or oral objections prior to or during the planning commission hearing.
 5. Appeals of planning commission approvals may be brought to the city commission by filing a notice of appeal within 30 days of the signed planning commission decision.
- (4) *Nonconforming characteristics of use.* Nonconforming characteristics of use which may include, but not limited to inadequate parking and loading facilities, inappropriate landscaping, lighting, emissions, etc., may continue to operate but shall not be expanded, altered, changed or relocated in such a manner as to increase the degree of nonconformity. Any such nonconforming characteristic use shall be made compliant with this code when the principal structure is required to comply with current code requirements.

Sec. 110-94. Nonconforming structures unsafe for reasons other than lack of maintenance.

Nonconforming structures or portions thereof which are declared unsafe by the building and zoning official or other competent authority, but not because of lack of maintenance, may be repaired and restored except as provided in subsection 110-94(3).

Sec. 110-95. Reestablishment of uses after an involuntary loss.

- (a) In the event that any residential or hotel/motel structure is damaged greater than 50 percent or destroyed by a hurricane, tornado, fire, flood, wind, storm, natural disaster, or other unintended, involuntary action; it can be repaired or reconstructed in a manner which guarantees that each dwelling unit, tourist unit and all permitted accessory uses can be restored to the same square footage which existed the day immediately preceding such damage.
- (b) Nothing contained herein shall be construed to permit more dwelling units or an increase in square footage of the structure than existed prior to the day immediately preceding such damage. The burden of proof as to what existed prior to the disaster shall rest with the property owner. Each property owner shall provide the city with a site plan, as-built surveys, or architecturally-sealed floor plans. The plans or surveys shall provide enough information to determine the existing legally permitted development on the site prior to the day immediately preceding such damage.
- (c) Local business tax receipt required. Failure to have a current required local business tax receipt, where applicable, in force at the time of declared disaster will prevent this section from applying to that property. The business tax receipt requirement shall be waived for structures containing nonconforming uses that were damaged during the September and October 2024 hurricanes, provided that a Zoning Verification Letter is obtained from the Community Development Department, or a complete permit application or Site Plan application is submitted, on or before September 25, 2027.
- (d) There is no time limitation to apply for a permit for reestablishment of uses after an involuntary loss as long as the above criteria of this section are met.

Sec. 110-96. Rebuilding after a catastrophic loss.

- (a) *Declaration of disaster area.* A disaster area is any area of major multiple property loss in which the board of commissioners, county board of county commissioners, the governor of the state or the federal government declares the loss a disaster area.

(b) *Rebuilding regulations.* Rebuilding regulations shall be as follows:

- (1) *Single-family.* May be rebuilt within the same footprint if it complies with all other existing regulatory codes and provisions of the land development regulations.
- (2) *Duplexes and triplexes on a nonconforming lot.* Duplexes [and triplexes] on a nonconforming lot may be rebuilt to existing nonconformity if the new structure complies with required front setback, height, parking requirements and floodplain regulations effective at the time of building permit application.
- (3) *Multifamily in R-1 and R-2 on a nonconforming lot.* Multifamily in R-1 and R-2 on a nonconforming lot shall be the same as duplexes and triplexes, except they must comply with the parking regulations as contained in their pre-damage certificate of occupancy.
- (4) *Multifamily, hotel, motel, motor lodges.* Multifamily, hotel, motel and motor lodges may be rebuilt to same density, height and side setbacks, but must comply with the front setback, the county coastal construction control line, floodplain regulations, fire codes, and parking regulations as contained in their certificate of occupancy and any other requirements effective at the time of building permit application.
- (5) *Commercial.* Commercial may be rebuilt within the same footprint and having the same floor area ratio and parking spaces available at the time of disaster, but shall meet all other current regulatory codes and provisions of the land development regulations. ~~minimum FEMA regulations for elevated structures and/or flood proofing to the required height per the National Flood Rate Insurance Map for its commercial location.~~
- (6) ~~Occupational license required~~Local business tax receipt required. Failure to have a current required ~~occupational license~~local business tax receipt, where applicable, in force at the time of declared disaster will prevent this section from applying to that property. The business tax receipt requirement shall be waived for structures that were damaged during the September and October 2024 hurricanes, provided that a Zoning Verification Letter is obtained from the Community Development Department, or a complete permit application or Site Plan application is submitted, on or before September 25, 2027.
- (7) There is no time limitation to apply for a permit for rebuilding after a catastrophic loss as defined in the section.

Sec. 110-97. Redevelopment planning process.

- (a) *Purpose and intent.* It is the intent of this section to provide for the reconstruction of nonconforming residential and transient properties,

~~except for those in an R-1 zoning district,~~ for the purposes of redevelopment provided that the following steps shall be taken prior to the demolition of any units or buildings:

- (1) *Existing or pre-existing dwelling unit verification.* The verification of the number of existing legal dwelling units and their type shall be through the city manager or designee.
 - (2) *Preliminary site plan review of redevelopment plan.* Preparation by the applicant of a redevelopment site plan for preliminary redevelopment site plan review by the city manager or designee. It must be demonstrated that the site can adequately accommodate the requested number of units by meeting the rebuilding regulations outlined in the process of this section of the Code. The applicant will meet the existing code to the maximum extent possible. This redevelopment site plan shall comply with the site plan requirements of chapter 110, article II, Site plans, of this Code. In addition to the standard site plan review requirements, all redevelopment site plans shall include the dimensions and floor area in square feet of all rooms and units.
 - (3) *Fee.* The application fee shall be the same as the regular site plan review fee found in article III, Community development, section ~~E D~~, Site plan, numbers 2 and 3, as adopted in the most recent edition of the city's fees and collection procedure manual.
 - (4) *Plan review.* The review of the redevelopment Plan shall be through the quasi-judicial public hearing process outlined in chapter 2, Administration, article I, In general, division 2, Quasi-judicial proceedings before the board of commissioners. The notification procedure shall follow subsection 2-503(c), Notification, found in chapter 2, article VIII, Special magistrate, of this Code.
 - (5) *Changes in the redevelopment plan.* The redevelopment plan may be amended by mutual consent of the city and applicant, provided the notification and public hearing process of this article are followed.
- (b) *Rebuilding regulations for the redevelopment of existing dwelling units.* The rebuilding regulations for the redevelopment of existing dwelling units ~~except for those in an R-1 zoning district,~~ through the redevelopment planning process shall be as follows:
- (1) *Single-family.* May be rebuilt within the same footprint if it complies with all other existing regulatory codes and provisions of the land development regulations.
 - (2) *Duplexes and triplexes on a nonconforming lot.* Duplexes (and triplexes) on a nonconforming lot may be rebuilt to existing nonconformity if the new structure complies with required front setback, height, parking requirements and floodplain regulations effective at the time of building permit application.

- (3) *Multifamily on a nonconforming lot.* Multifamily, ~~except for those in an R-1 zoning district,~~ on a nonconforming lot shall be the same as duplexes and triplexes, except they must comply with the parking regulations as contained in their pre-demolition certificate of occupancy.
- (4) *Multifamily, hotel, motel, motor lodges.* Multifamily, hotel, motel and motor lodges may be rebuilt to same density, height and side setbacks, but must comply with the front setback, the county coastal construction control line, floodplain regulations, fire codes, and parking regulations as contained in their certificate of occupancy and any other requirements effective at the time of building permit application.
- (5) *Commercial.* Commercial may be rebuilt within the same footprint and having the same floor area ratio and parking spaces available at the time of disaster, but shall meet all other current regulatory codes and provisions of the land development regulations. ~~minimum FEMA regulations for elevated structures and/or flood proofing to the required height per the National Flood Rate Insurance Map for its commercial location.~~
- (6) *Business tax receipt required.* Failure to be current with respect to full payment of the required annual business tax at the time a redevelopment plan is sought will prevent this section from applying to that property.
- (c) *Planning commission and board of commissioners review.* The planning commission shall conduct one public hearing to consider any application to review or change a redevelopment plan. The board of commissioners shall conduct a second public hearing to consider any application to review or change a redevelopment plan. Upon conclusion of the second public hearing, the board of commissioners shall review the proposed redevelopment plan, the recommendations of the city manager or his/her designee, the recommendations of the planning commission and the testimony at the public hearings. The board of commissioners shall thereafter approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application approve or change a redevelopment plan.
- (d) *Aggregation of nonconforming density.* The Community Development Director may approve alternative site and building configurations as it relates to the number of dwelling units as part of a redevelopment plan, such as the reconfiguration or consolidation of dwelling units from multiple existing buildings into one or more buildings, so long as the alternative design does not further perpetuate or increase the degree of nonconformity or density.

Secs. 110-98—110-120. Reserved.

Section 2. For purposes of codification of any existing section of the Madeira Beach Code herein amended, words **underlined** represent additions to original text, words **~~stricken~~** are deletions from the original text, and words neither underlined nor stricken remain unchanged.

Section 3. Ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith to the extent that such conflict exists are hereby repealed.

Section 4. In the event a court of competent jurisdiction finds any part or provision of the Ordinance unconstitutional or unenforceable as a matter of law, the same shall be stricken and the remainder of the Ordinance shall continue in full force and effect.

Section 5. The Codifier shall codify the substantive amendments to the Code of Ordinances of the City of Madeira Beach contained in Section 1 of this Ordinance as provided for therein and shall not codify the exordial clauses nor any other sections not designated for codification.

Section 6. Pursuant to Florida Statutes §166.041(4), this Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon adoption.

**PASSED AND ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE CITY
OF MADEIRA BEACH, FLORIDA, THIS _____ day of _____, 2026.**

Anne-Marie Brooks, Mayor

ATTEST:

Clara VanBlargan, MMC, MSM, City Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Thomas J. Trask, City Attorney

PASSED ON FIRST READING:

PUBLISHED:

PASSED ON SECOND READING:

Business Impact Estimate

Proposed ordinance's title/reference:

ORDINANCE 2026-09

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF MADEIRA BEACH, FLORIDA, AMENDING CHAPTER 110 (ZONING), ARTICLE III (NONCONFORMANCES), OF THE CITY'S LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS TO CLARIFY REGULATIONS GOVERNING NONCONFORMING LOTS, USES, STRUCTURES, AND DENSITY; TO REVISE REBUILDING AND REDEVELOPMENT STANDARDS FOLLOWING A CATASTROPHIC LOSS; EXTENDING THE DEADLINE FOR CERTAIN REPAIRS RELATED TO THE 2024 HURRICANES; TO WAIVE THE BUSINESS TAX RECEIPT REQUIREMENT FOR STRUCTURES THAT WERE DAMAGED DURING THE 2024 HURRICANES PROVIDED THAT CERTAIN CONDITIONS ARE MET; PROVIDING FOR CONFLICTS, SEVERABILITY, CODIFICATION, AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Business Impact Estimate is provided in accordance with section 166.041(4), Florida Statutes. If one or more boxes are checked below, this means the City of Madeira Beach is of the view that a business impact estimate is not required by state law¹ for the proposed ordinance, but the City of Madeira Beach is, nevertheless, providing this Business Impact Estimate as a courtesy and to avoid any procedural issues that could impact the enactment of the proposed ordinance. This Business Impact Estimate may be revised following its initial posting.

- ☐ The proposed ordinance is required for compliance with Federal or State law or regulation;
- ☐ The proposed ordinance relates to the issuance or refinancing of debt;
- ☐ The proposed ordinance relates to the adoption of budgets or budget amendments, including revenue sources necessary to fund the budget;
- ☐ The proposed ordinance is required to implement a contract or an agreement, including, but not limited to, any Federal, State, local, or private grant or other financial assistance accepted by the municipal government;
- ☐ The proposed ordinance is an emergency ordinance;
- ☐ The ordinance relates to procurement; or
- ☒ The proposed ordinance is enacted to implement the following:
 - a. Development orders and development permits as those terms are defined in Section 163.3164, Florida Statutes, and development agreements as authorized by the Florida Local Government Development Agreement Act under Sections 163.3220-163.3243, Florida Statutes;
 - b. Comprehensive plan amendments and land development regulation amendments initiated by an application by a private party;

¹ See Section 166.041(4)(c), Florida Statutes.

- c. Sections 190.005 and 190.046, Florida Statutes, regarding community development districts;
- d. Section 553.73, Florida Statutes, relating to the Florida Building Code; or
- e. Section 633.202, Florida Statutes, relating to the Florida Fire Prevention Code.

In accordance with the provisions of controlling law, even notwithstanding the fact that an exemption noted above may apply, the City of Madeira Beach hereby publishes the following information:

1. Summary of the proposed ordinance (must include a statement of the public purpose, such as serving the public health, safety, morals and welfare):

The purpose of the ordinance is to clarify existing rebuilding regulations and provide additional flexibility to certain nonconforming properties.

2. An estimate of the direct economic impact of the proposed ordinance on private, for-profit businesses in the City of Madeira Beach, if any:

- (a) An estimate of direct compliance costs that businesses may reasonably incur;
- (b) Any new charge or fee imposed by the proposed ordinance or for which businesses will be financially responsible; and
- (c) An estimate of the City of Madeira Beach's regulatory costs, including estimated revenues from any new charges or fees to cover such costs.

It is estimated that there will be no additional costs for businesses. The regulatory costs to the city will not change.

3. Good faith estimate of the number of businesses likely to be impacted by the proposed ordinance:

Any business that plans to rebuild may have slightly more flexibility in keeping existing conditions.

4. Additional information the governing body deems useful (if any):

N/A