

NEIGHBORHOOD MIXED-USE

Neighborhood Mixed-Use allows a combination of dense residential and nonresidential uses in a compact, neighborhood-scale design to create a walkable environment.

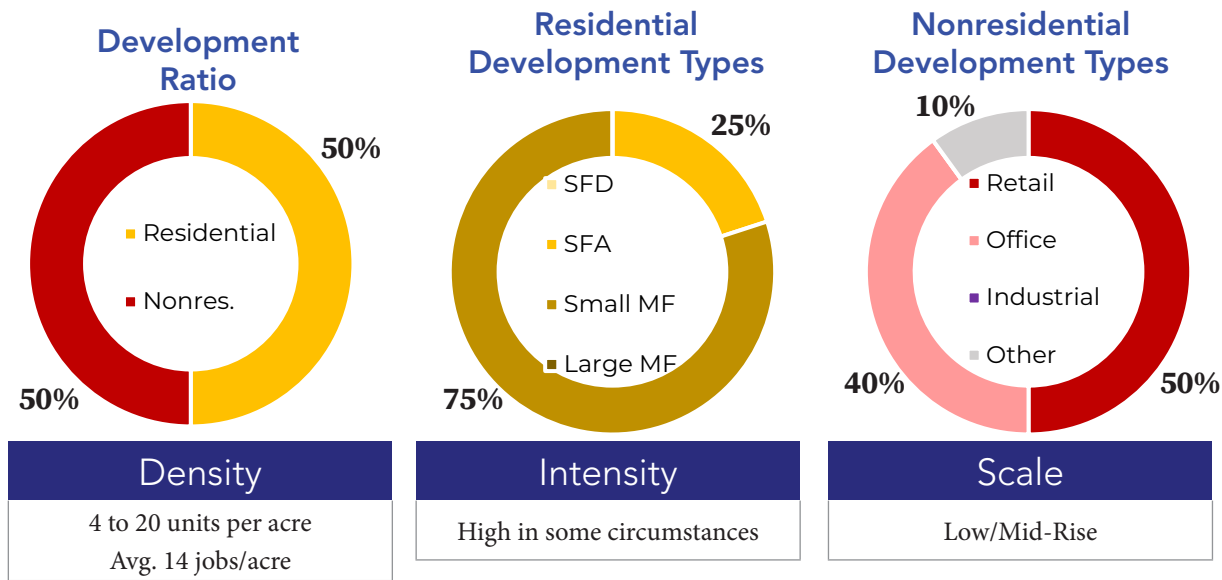
Neighborhood mixed-use areas allow residential units in close proximity to goods, services and civic activities, thus reducing dependence on the car and promoting community interaction, belonging, identity, and pride.

These places emphasize urban design and the experience created through density, intensity and scale; the mix of housing; walkability; streetscapes and a high quality public realm; parking management; and access to amenities such as parks, civic spaces and neighborhood services.

Often situated around an activity-generating element or an active public gathering spot, mixing of uses can take shape as either or both vertical (stacked on top of each other) and horizontal (next to each other). In vertical mixed-use, the ground floor is encouraged to be food and beverage or pedestrian-oriented retail and services, to promote foot traffic and activity.

Adaptive reuse of residential structures to commercial purposes and infill commercial buildings with residential design characteristics are common and appropriate in these areas.

Figure 3.8. Neighborhood Mixed-Use Land Use Mix Dashboard



DEVELOPMENT TYPE	APPROPRIATENESS	CONDITIONS
Single-Family Detached (SFD)	●○○○○	Not considered appropriate since the intent of mixed-use is to provide retail/services, activity centers and diversified housing in more dense and compact forms; these uses will provide opportunities and amenities to surrounding lower density neighborhoods.
SFD + ADU	●○○○○	
SFA, Duplex	●○○○○	
SFA, Townhomes and Detached Missing Middle	●●●○○	This can be appropriate provided that the overall Neighborhood Mixed-Use area also contains mixed-use buildings and/or shopping centers with which this product integrates in a manner to promote walkability and access. Can be utilized as a transition between Neighborhood Mixed-Use and other uses.
Apartment House (3-4 units)	●●●○○	
Small Multifamily (8-12 units)	●●●○○	
Large Multifamily (12+ units)	●○○○○	Not considered appropriate due to incompatible scale with neighborhoods
Mixed-Use Urban, Neighborhood Scale	●●●●●	This is the ideal form of development within the Neighborhood Mixed Use category; provides for activity centers, retail, services and diverse housing options at a scale compatible with and supportive of surrounding neighborhoods. Promotes walkability and 10-minute neighborhoods.
Mixed-Use Urban, Community Scale	●●○○○	Not generally considered appropriate due to incompatible scale with neighborhoods; may be appropriate if adjacent to green space or more intensive uses.
Shopping Center, Neighborhood Scale	●●●●○	While less preferred, this use can provide retail and services at a scale compatible with and supportive of surrounding neighborhoods, promoting walkability and 10-minute neighborhoods. Becomes more appropriate if a horizontal approach to mixed-use is deployed.
Shopping Center, Community Scale	●●○○○	Not generally considered appropriate due to incompatible scale with neighborhoods; may be appropriate if adjacent to green space or more intensive uses.
Light Industrial Flex Space	●●○○○	Not generally considered appropriate due to incompatible scale with neighborhoods, but can be if particularly small-scale and included alongside more appropriate development types; examples might include artisan-scale manufacturing, maker spaces, and similar businesses.
Manufacturing	●○○○○	Not considered appropriate.
Civic	●●●●●	Considered supportive to the function and livability of this future land use category, government buildings, schools and community facilities can serve as activity hubs.
Parks and Open Space	●●●●●	Generally considered appropriate or compatible within all Land Use Categories.