

Map 3.1.Future Land Use Map



## **COMMERCIAL CORRIDOR**

Commercial Corridors consist of nonresidential land uses that meet the needs of both local and regional residents. This includes big box stores and multi-tenant commercial or retail uses.

They are typically located along high volume roadways or at high volume intersections and generate large amounts of sales tax revenue.

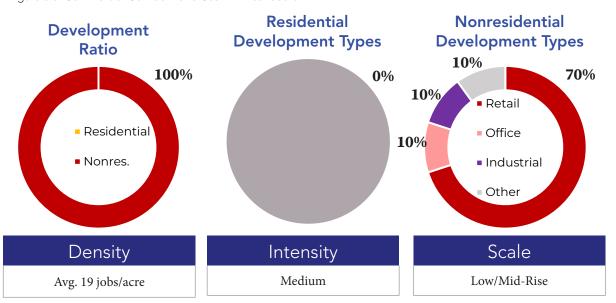
Commercial corridors often consist of traditional and suburban commercial development with large surface parking lots that front a major roadway or highway.

While it is recognized these corridors rely upon automobile accessibility and exposure, development should seek opportunities to leverage different forms with elements of mixed-use within the non-residential use framework. This introduces walkability for people once they arrive, reducing the number of trips and increasing the area's appeal as a destination.

This district is especially appropriate for several needs that residents of Manor currently look elsewhere to provide, including:

- Healthcare services, including hospitals.
- Retail and entertainment.
- Specialized facilities that support workforce and skills development, such as information technology, skilled trades and advanced manufacturing.

Figure 3.6. Commercial Corridor Land Use Mix Dashboard









DEVELOPMENT TYPE	APPROPRIATENESS	CONDITIONS
Single-Family Detached (SFD)	•0000	Not considered appropriate, as the Commercial Corridors are generally oriented towards uses that rely on access and visibility to major roadways and highways and residential is not encouraged along the major roadways and highways for environmental justice and quality of life reasons. The activity and traffic generated by Commercial Corridor uses is not compatible with residential housing.
SFD + ADU	●0000	
SFA, Duplex	00000	
SFA, Townhomes and De- tached Missing Middle	•0000	
Apartment House (3-4 units)	•0000	
Small Multifamily (8-12 units)	•0000	
Large Multifamily (12+ units)	00000	
Mixed-Use Urban, Neigh- borhood Scale	•••00	May be nonresidential mixed-use, such as office over retail or some residential can be appropriate if deeper within a site and less proximate to the major roadways. Residential mixed-use can also be appropriate to support transition to adjacent, lower density or residential areas. To note, mixed-use buildings are typically considered the highest fiscally performing development type on a per-acre basis.
Mixed-Use Urban, Com- munity Scale	•••00	
Shopping Center, Neigh- borhood Scale	••••	Appropriate overall.
Shopping Center, Commu- nity Scale	••••	
Light Industrial Flex Space	●●○○○	Not considered appropriate due to limited potential for sales tax revenue generation and lower dependence on direct exposure to major roadways; can be appropriate if deeper within a site and less proximate to the major roadways, but should not be predominant use.
Manufacturing	0000	Not considered appropriate.
Civic	••••	Considered supportive to the function of this future land use category; likely more functional facilities, such as utilities, rather than people-centered or community serving facilities.
Parks and Open Space	$\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$	Generally considered appropriate or compatible within all Land Use Categories.