

STAFF REPORT

Board Meeting of April 21, 2021

AGENDA ITEM: 4-C

PREPARED BY: Dylan Stone, Principal Regional Planner

SUBJECT:

CalSTA DRAFT Climate Action Plan for Transportation Infrastructure

Enclosure: No

Action: Approval for staff to draft and submit a comment letter

SUMMARY:

MCTC has been engaged on the California State Transportation Agency's (CalSTA) development of a Climate Action Plan for Transportation Infrastructure (CAPTI). The DRAFT CAPTI report is currently available for public review. The document will be open for comment until May 19, 2021. MCTC staff is currently reviewing the DRAFT CAPTI and plan on submitting comments to CalSTA.

The CAPTI is a result of Governor Newsom's Executive Orders on Climate Change (EO N-19-19 and EO N-79-20). The plan seeks to update the existing transportation investment framework using the principal foundations of these two executive orders as guides.

Executive Order N-79-20 directs invest towards new clean transportation options in urban, suburban, and rural settings for all Californians as well as for goods movement by:

- Building towards an integrated, statewide rail and transit network, centered around the existing California State Rail Plan that leverages the California Integrated Travel Program to provide seamless, affordable, multimodal travel options in all contexts, including suburban and rural settings, to all users.
- Investing in networks of safe and accessible bicycle and pedestrian
 infrastructure, particularly by closing gaps on portions of the State Highway
 System that intersect local active transportation and transit networks or serve as
 small town or rural main streets, with a focus on investments in low income and
 disadvantaged communities across the state.
- Including investments in light, medium, and heavy-duty zero-emission-vehicle
 (ZEV) infrastructure or supportive infrastructure as part of larger transportation
 projects. Support the innovation in and development of the ZEV market and help
 ensure ZEVs are accessible to all, particularly to those in more rural or remote
 communities.

Executive Order N-19-19 directs investment towards further adoption and use of these clean modes of transportation mentioned above by:

- Reducing public health harms and maximizing benefits to disproportionately impacted disadvantaged communities, low-income communities, and communities of color, in urbanized and rural regions, and involve these communities early in decision-making. Investments should also avoid placing new or exacerbating existing substantial burdens on communities, even if unintentional.
- Making safety improvements to reduce fatalities and severe injuries of all users towards zero on our roadways and transit systems by focusing on contextappropriate speeds, prioritizing vulnerable user safety to support mode shift, designing roadways to accommodate for potential human error and injury tolerances, and ultimately implementing a safe systems approach.
- Assessing physical climate risk as standard practice for transportation infrastructure projects to enable informed decision making, especially in communities that are most vulnerable to climate risks.
- Promoting projects that do not increase passenger vehicle travel, particularly in
 congested urbanized settings where other mobility options can be provided and
 where projects are shown to induce significant auto travel. These projects should
 generally aim to reduce vehicle miles traveled (VMT) and not induce significant
 VMT growth. When addressing congestion, consider alternatives to highway
 capacity expansion, such as providing multimodal options in the corridor,
 employing pricing strategies, and using technology to optimize operations.
- Promoting compact infill development while protecting residents and businesses
 from displacement by supporting transportation projects that support housing for
 low-income residents near job centers, provide walkable communities, and
 address affordability to reduce the housing-transportation cost burden and
 reduce auto trips.
- Developing a zero-emission freight transportation system that avoids and mitigates environmental justice impacts, reduces criteria and toxic air pollutants, improves freight's economic competitiveness and efficiency, and integrates multimodal design and planning into infrastructure development on freight corridors.
- Protecting natural and working lands from conversion to more intensified uses
 and enhance biodiversity by supporting local and regional conservation planning
 that focuses development where it already exists and align transportation
 investments with conservation priorities to reduce transportation's impact on the
 natural environment.

California State Agencies play a role in either scoping, recommending, or selecting projects in over \$5 billion of transportation infrastructure annually. The CAPTI seeks to update these program guidelines to strengthen their alignment with state climate goals. The following programs are key amongst these:

- Active Transportation Program (ATP)
- Interregional Transportation Improvement Program (ITIP)

- Local Partnership Program (LPP)
- Solutions for Congested Corridors (SCCP)
- State Highway Operation and Protection Program (SHOPP)
- Trade Corridor Enhancement Program (TCEP)
- Transit and Intercity Rail Capitol Program (TIRCP)

FISCAL IMPACT:

No fiscal impact to the approved 2020-21 Overall Work Program and Budget.