1	<u>A P P E</u>	ARANCES:
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3	Los Gatos Planning Commissioners:	Melanie Hanssen, Chair Kathryn Janoff, Vice Chair
4		Mary Badame Jeffrey Barnett
5		Kendra Burch Matthew Hudes
6		Reza Tavana
7	Town Manager:	Laurel Prevetti
9	Community Development Director:	Joel Paulson
10	Town Attorney:	Robert Schultz
11		
12	Transcribed by:	Vicki L. Blandin (619) 541-3405
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24		ATTACHMENT 2
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PROCEEDINGS:

CHAIR HANSSEN: We have three public hearing items on the agenda, all items related to the Town of Los Gatos, and the first one is Item 2, which is to recommend a preferred land use alternative framework for the General Plan Update to Town Council.

This is a defined item in the process of updating the General Plan through 2040. We are to consider the recommendation of the GPAC from January 30th and determine what recommendation we will make to the Town Council regarding the preferred land use alternative framework and the Town Council will consider this matter in March.

Ms. Armer, I understand you will be giving the Staff Report this evening, and I would also like to say for the audience that because this is a Town special project over a two-year period we won't be using the five-minute applicant time for speaking; the consultants will be speaking a little longer.

JENNIFER ARMER: Good evening, Chair, Vice Chair, Commissioners. The item in front of you is the preferred land use alternative recommendation to you from the General

Plan Update Advisory Committee, and provided to you for your review, consideration, and recommendation to Town Council.

Tonight we have the Town's consultant, Rick Rust of Mintier Harnish with a presentation for you before you start your discussion of this item. Mintier Harnish is the consultant that has worked with the Town and supports us through this process. Their presentation will include a discussion and summary of the General Plan Update process, the land use alternatives process, and the GPAC preferred alternative.

This concludes Staff's portion of the presentation, but I will now hand it off to Rick Rust for the consultant's presentation.

RICK RUST: Thank you. Good evening, Madam Chair and Planning Commissioners and to the public. Tonight we'd like to give you a brief overview of the land use alternatives process and where we're at, and a little bit about the General Plan too for the audience that is watching this evening.

As we go through this we want to talk a little bit about what is the General Plan for our audience members. This is required by state law. Every jurisdiction,

city, or county in the state must have a General Plan to represent its blueprint for the future, and it really represents the community's vision for where they want to be in the year 2040.

The Town Council at the beginning of this process laid out five key issues they would like to have addressed: land use, transportation and mobility, environmental sustainability, evaluation and modification of objective standards—that's relative to housing—and fiscal stability and responsibility.

In addition to that we're also looking at the entire General Plan and we'll be working with the GPAC over the next few months to look at the individual elements that make up that plan and talk about the policy components.

Tonight we're just talking about the actual land use alternative.

As far as the state element, you now have to have nine of them included in your document. You don't have to have them specifically called out with these names, many jurisdictions combine them, and we also talk about having some optional elements that reflect the needs of the locality.

As we do this one of the big changes that we'll be going through is addressing new state laws. One of the biggest guides to this is the new State Guidelines for General Plans which was published in 2017. You can download a copy by going to the project website for this project, which is losgatos2040.com and you can obtain a copy of the General Plan Guidelines, which gives you a great look at what the state expects out of the different elements of General Plans.

protection from wildfire.

over time, and there's a wide range of items that we're going to have addressed: environmental justice, enhancing the Complete Street components that are already in the Town's planning, looking at vehicle miles travelled as far as how we might change for transportation impacts going forward, wildfire and how to better protect. This project is partly supported by a grant from CAL FIRE and CAL FIRE has been an active participant in providing us some

Part of this is looking at what laws have changed

So, these are all things that we're going to have to look at going forward in the overall planning process.

Now, that planning process, these aren't equivalent little

quidance on how to enhance the Town's policies regarding

blocks so we're at least past the halfway point, but we're starting to get into the important and exciting components that make the plan move forward.

As I said, we're looking at the land use alternatives. This is an opportunity, as we have throughout the process, to update the Planning Commission and to provide your guidance to the Town Council at key steps in the process. The land use alternatives will guide a lot of the combinations of what we have to do. Some of the things that we do in policy though will affect the outcomes of the land use alternatives, so this will be something you're not one and done tonight. You're giving us your guidance for where you'd like the land use alternatives to go.

This will get further refined as we do the policy document and we'll come back for your approval again when we have a public draft document for hearings and review at that point. So, not a final decision, but we'd certainly like to make sure we're in the right place. The next steps are developing the policy, and as I mentioned, we'll be doing that with the GPAC over the next couple of months.

Developing the document we have had a number of public input events. There's a complete list starting at the bottom of page 13 of your Staff Report. Spring into

Green was a great event we had last April 14th, which brought a lot of people that don't normally get involved in workshops and normal Planning Commission events, or Town Council's for that matter, to be involved in the General Plan and understand what we're doing and give their input.

We're expecting to be part of your Spring into

Green again this year, which is on April 19th this year, and
engage people in the discussion about the future and
alternatives and where we're going for these next steps.

Now let's look at our land use alternatives, which is what we're here to for tonight. As everything, we started off earlier looking at a Vision and Guiding Principles. The Vision Statement provides what you envision. What would the Town be like 20 years from now if you were to report back and how would you describe the community? What is it you're trying to achieve?

The Planning Commission reviewed this Vision

Statement as well as the Guiding Principles on July 10th and moved them forward to Town Council who accepted them as being in the right direction with their modifications on August 20th. Again, all this is subject to change until the final gavel comes down at the final document later in the year, but they did give our blessing from the Planning

Commission and Town Council on direction. Won't read that all for you tonight. It is available on the website if anybody would like to look at the details.

There are nine Guiding Principles. The Guiding Principles, as you look at this we start to get more refined in what we look at. The vision is the broad picture, the principles are some key directions that we'd like to take, and then each of the elements has a set of goals, policies, and implementations that get more and more refined about how we achieve the vision that's stated on that last slide.

But our principles cover things such as transportation, sustainability, protecting natural resources, fiscal sustainability and responsibility, government transparency, community vitality, diverse neighborhoods, inclusivity, and the promotion of public safety. So, this provides a guide for where we're going with our policies and these will be important as we look at the policy documents in the next few months.

The land use alternatives we looked at, we created four. The names aren't that important because whether one is medium-high or low it's all relative to what

they actually say about your future rather than what it might be named.

But we looked at developing some alternatives with the GPAC. We talked originally about looking at the 2,000 unit as being a key factor for our future. Why is that number there? Well, the state gives us a regional housing needs allocation which states how much housing we need to develop over given time periods. The Town does not have the numbers that will be coming up in another year for where the Town needs to go in its next cycle, but we're looking at having about three cycles and the last cycle was about 600 housing units, so for a 20-year period the 2,000 number kind of was in the right place.

And the alternatives report also talks about some other projections from the Department of Finance as well as our own economist looking at different growth rates, and that 2,000 number is approximately correct in that context as well.

When we looked at the land use alternatives we were really looking at modifications to residential density and infill potential that might occur in the Town. As you're well aware, there's not a whole lot of vacant land lying around to be developed. The North Forty was one of

your last big pieces and that's already been plotted out for its use, so we're looking at more of a redevelopment construct.

To do this we identified a number of opportunity areas. These opportunity areas are areas that provide us either through their location, their existing infrastructure or access, roadway capacity, and compatibility with adjacent uses, typically your intersections or corridors. These are areas that might be able to sustain a little higher development potential than other parts of the community, and these are the seven areas that were identified as part of that.

I want to note that in all of this we're looking more at the residential, although we have looked at a lot of mixed-use development as part of the community's future. We have a zero loss assumed as far as commercial space within our current commercial corridors. That is, if we're going to build it we're going to replace the commercial that's there with at least as much as is there today or perhaps more as we add residential on top of those types of units in a mixed-use construct.

The scope of what we looked at is the five land use designations on the side. We looked at areas that are

designated low-density residential, medium-density residential, and high-density residential. We also looked at neighborhood commercial and mixed-use commercial, both of which can provide residential components within those designations. We looked at both inside the opportunity areas, and again they had a higher amount of density potential in the opportunity area, but we also looked at some potential for redevelopment that might occur throughout the rest of the Town only for these five designations.

You will notice there are a number of designations that aren't in this discussion, for instance, hillside residential is kind of off the table, if you will. We weren't looking at this as an opportunity to provide future housing opportunities because of the wildfire risk on the community's edge. I will note on our slide the central business district downtown; we'll asterisk that because the GPAC at this last meeting did request that we add an opportunity area for the downtown as part of their recommendation.

As I mentioned, we look at several factors. We look at redevelopment percentage, that is how much do we assume will change over the next 20 years? What percentage

of an area in this land area would change? And then we look at density ranges, and we did look at how these might be increased and that's how we achieved the 2,000 units, by increasing some of the densities and looking at what the redevelopment potential would be.

On a lot of the tables you'll also see something called typical density. When we talked to the state about housing production they don't allow us to look at maximum density, we have to look at what would be typical within that designation, and so you'll see on the tables a range of typical densities in these columns here, and those are, if you look at the simple math you look at the number of acres times the percent redevelopment times the typical densities, these get you towards the units that we're going to be developing going forward. So, we've got lots of tables in your Staff Report as well as available in the alternatives reports that's online.

One of the things with density, to hit a certain density you have to start going up in height, and so these are the different height limits that would be associated with some of the alternatives. For Alternative C in the opportunity areas that's a four-story maximum in those areas. Then in the alternatives report you had a series of

these maps. Now, the alternatives report does not include the net Accessory Dwelling Units. The GPAC did ask us to include that as a look for what might be in these future options. Again, we're trying to look at what would be the new land uses.

number, the net new dwelling units that came from doing

Accessory Dwelling Units. This is basically 20 Accessory

Dwelling Units that would be considered Junior unit, and

gives us our total new, and this is the number that we're

Four hundred and seventy five is a number that's consistent

throughout all the alternatives, and that's the number that

instance, some of the part one of the North Forty are in

that number there, in fact 75-percent of those units come

from the North Forty first phase. So, these maps give you

that is a unit that's inside of an existing home. This

really looking at as we compare different alternatives.

the Town currently has as pending or approved. For

Dwelling Units per year, which is pretty in line with what

the Town has been seeing, plus an additional five Accessory

that math that I talked about. This is the net new

As you look at these tables in here, this is the

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that kind of look.

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I do want to point out because we have this map up here, when we talk about areas outside the opportunity areas that would be the areas that are colored on this map. Again, those are the designations we're looking at for potential infills or redevelopments for the future but at a much lower density and expectation for redevelopment percentage. So again, we have 1,181 here. We have 1,916 here, so we're very close on B. We have 2,328 for Alternative C. And 3,201.

We got some questions as to why did you perhaps include even A, and we wanted to make sure that we provided a look at what kind of staying the same and not doing a whole lot would turn up, and it didn't turn up a whole lot as you saw in meeting that 2,000 unit number, so again, that's why we wanted to give the GPAC a good range to look at in their considerations, and the GPAC did take time and do a lot of consideration of this.

We had four meetings with the GPAC that addressed different aspects of the alternatives development process, whether it was looking at the opportunity areas and identification of those, whether it was looking at the different alternatives and the different assumptions that would be used.

The last meeting the GPAC held concerning this was on January 30th, at that time to discuss community feedback. We did have a community workshop in mid-January where we had some individuals come and have a look at the different alternatives and provide some feedback that the GPAC used in their final consideration on this. The majority of the GPAC members agreed that Alternatives A and D did not meet the direction, that is, Alternative A was too low, it didn't hit that 2,000, and Alternative D was, in a term, being too intense for what the Town needed.

So, the GPAC narrowed down on Alternative C as a basis for looking forward. Alternative C does exceed the 2,000 net dwelling units that were required or part of their original goal for the development of the alternatives. It allows a maximum height of 50' or four stories.

I will caveat this will be something we'll look at this. These could be some of the pieces that could change as we look at policies. For instance, we didn't have a chance with the GPAC to talk about downtown, which has a 45' height right now and that may be considered to be staying the same as we go to those areas. So, those are the

kinds of things where policy starts to come in and make some tweaks as we move forward.

The big thing in the GPAC alternatives, as in all the alternatives, is providing for a wider range of housing types. A lot of the infill was seen as doing things like a duplex where you might replace an older single-family home with a duplex that reflects the same look and feel of the neighborhood. You've got something in your document that talks about the "missing middle" as far as housing. It explains in good detail about how you can put infill where you're using a duplex or a triplex to keep within the character of the neighborhoods while at the same time providing better affordability and better access to housing for your entire population.

Now, in recommending the Alternative C as a framework for the downtown, that was the one change they made to Alternative C was to add the downtown area. The downtown was defined as the area that's currently in your General Plan as the central business district, also which is the C-2 zoning designation, and the idea there was that there was more opportunity for housing so the density in the downtown area would be allowed to go up a little bit in keeping with Alternative C. So, you might go up to about a

26 as a typical as opposed to a 20 dwelling units per acre being typical in the downtown today. And again, the idea with the higher densities and intensities was that would encourage economic investment into these areas and thus provide the incentive to do these redevelopment type projects.

So, here are your final numbers then for the GPAC. The 1,964, the 500, those all came from the original Alternative C. The 136 is the potential that would come out of doing the same kind of calculations in the downtown if we have that as an opportunity area.

In your Staff Report and other materials one thing the GPAC did ask in their considerations is they wanted to see all the different breakdowns in case there was an idea to do a hybrid type alternative, and so we broke things down by looking at the different alternatives, what were the different land use designations, etc., within those item? And these tables kind of give you a breakdown of some of that. I just wanted to point out here is the 26 we used for the central business district moving forward with that item.

So, that was a quick overview of what took the GPAC to go through eight hours and much studying on their

part to get through, but they've done a great job in getting us to this stage of the effort and providing some guidance for the Planning Commission's consideration. What we're looking for is for you to make a recommendation to the Town Council for their consideration and the Staff Report lays out your considerations, which could be to accept what the GPAC and forward that on, it could be to modify that or to continue this all for some further discussion as you feel appropriate.

And with that, any questions I'd be glad to help.

CHAIR HANSSEN: I will take questions from the Commission in a second. Could you please explain to the Commission what is going to happen after this meeting?

RICK RUST: As I was mentioning, this is just to give us a nod we're going in the right direction. We will take your recommendation up to the Town Council and convey to them all this background: the alternatives report, the GPAC actions, the public input, the Planning Commission's recommendations, and take that to Town Council and get their direction on what would be a preferred land use alternative.

From that point we'll be working with the GPAC over the next few months on looking at each of the elements

that are being proposed and look at the changes that are being proposed and the actual elements, that is the goals, the policies, and the implementations that make this happen.

That document, once it comes back from the GPAC then will be brought to the Planning Commission and you'll have a chance to look at that document, and also to Town Council to try to get a sense of we have a public draft and then we can go off and do the environmental analysis on that document, and then you'll have another set of hearings to do the final approvals.

CHAIR HANSSEN: The reason I asked the question is because a number of the GPAC members had questions about what we had agreed to when we recommended Alternative C, and as I was understanding it, and I'm asking you the question, that we recommended a framework but we hadn't voted on recommending specific policy changes at this time because that will come later in the process.

RICK RUST: Right. We're just doing this idea about the densities, the opportunity areas and locations, and again, that all may have an effect by looking at the policies that may make some tweaks. As I mentioned, you may say the downtown will have a 45' height to stay consistent

with the CBD, other opportunity areas may be the 50' height, and those are discussions of policy that the GPAC has not weighed in on yet.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Okay, thank you. Now I'd like to ask if any of the Commissioners have questions for the consultants or Staff? Commissioner Hudes.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: I had a lot of questions but one is related to overall questions about the process and everything. I was a participant in the last round and so some of this is familiar and some of this is different, and so I wanted to make sure I understood.

First of all, the timeframe for this. Our last General Plan was adopted with ten years left on the clock. This one appears to have like 19 years or something like that, is that correct?

RICK RUST: Well, the timeframe will start from when the Town Council adopts it, and right now we're looking towards the early part of 2021 for that adoption, and then you'll have... Yeah, I guess we call it a 2040 plan, so yeah, you'll have a little less than 20 years, but that's the idea.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: Are there any implications of dealing with a longer time horizon in a General Plan?

RICK RUST: The state actually encourages that you do a long-term horizon, and typical in California is 20 to 25 years.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: Okay. I had a couple other overall questions.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Go ahead.

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COMMISSIONER HUDES: One of the other things I'm not that familiar with is the detail that we're getting on housing at this point. Some of that last time was in the Housing Element that followed the General Plan here and we're now down to tables and numbers and things like that. I'm also just a little bit off kilter on how do you look at and evaluate alternatives if you haven't developed goals? And so it seems like we're trying to select between alternatives, yet the goals are not there yet. For instance, in the 2020 plan there was a goal, LU-4, to provide for "well planned, careful growth that reflects the Town's existing character and infrastructure," and while we have some high-level goals we don't have anything that specific in land use at this time, so the selection to me is a little more challenging without goals.

RICK RUST: From that standpoint in some of the land use pieces it could be a chicken and egg conversation

of which comes first, but for a lot of what goes into a document anymore as far as environmental implications, as far as traffic implications, you can't run \$70,000 traffic models on multiple choice options and come back with the right answers. We have to kind of get in a ballpark of where we're going to look at before we turn loose all that analysis that needs to go to support that.

Now, we did look at the different alternatives in a broad sense from traffic impacts, and that was included in the alternatives report. We had a small piece on fiscal, which will be enhanced as we go forward in the next steps. We did look at environmental protections, but because of the designations used that was not a major issue. So, we have incorporated some of those concepts in, and based upon your old General Plan as far as looking at what it was guiding as well as the new Vision and the new Guiding Principles, so we didn't start from a plain sheet of paper, but there are important things that we need to get in the right ballpark.

Now, as I said, the GPAC, the Planning

Commission, and the Town Council will still have time to

modify and make corrections even before we start the

environmental document once we've gone to the next step of

preparing the policy refinements. In doing this, this activity of doing the land use alternative and getting some buy-in on direction has been typical in every plan I've been involved in. Not to mean you couldn't do it the other way, but that's not a typical.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: Thank you.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Commissioner Burch.

COMMISSIONER BURCH: So, this may not necessarily be a question. I kind of wanted to address the question from Commissioner Hudes from the GPAC side.

While we may not have technically written a land use policy that was guiding this, it came from a careful discussion of state housing requirements, where they stand today and where we feel they are going to be moving into the future and taking into account that number, then taking a look at the Town as an overall and where we felt these areas of designation where we could increase some density without actually impacting the general character of our town, or whereby increasing the density it created actually a better impact on that area, such as perhaps loss in the downtown. So while it wasn't like a written like what we already had, I felt that the GPAC did a very good job of saying these are characteristics that we like, this is

where we know the state needs us to be, so let's carefully go through the Town and see where we may be able to add another floor over a retail or something along those lines to create those opportunity zones, so while it maybe wasn't a written policy or goal yet, it actually was taken from some very defined parameters. Does that help?

COMMISSIONER HUDES: Yes, thanks.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Thank you, Commissioner Burch. I would add onto that for the benefit of the audience the composition of the GPAC includes all of the members of the General Plan Committee, which is comprised of two members of Town Council as well as three Planning Commissioners, Vice Chair Janoff, myself, and Commissioner Burch at the present, and then we have a number of at-large members to the General Plan Committee as well as there are additionally three residents that were appointed by Town Council to sit on the General Plan Advisory Committee specifically.

So, there was a lot of discussion, as

Commissioner Burch mentioned, kind of going into this and
based on input from Staff and the knowledge of all of the
people on GPAC we felt like 2,000 was a good target number
because the numbers that we're hearing from some of the

jurisdictions that are on a different cycle than us are going to have much, much bigger numbers than they've ever had in the past, and they haven't gotten to Santa Clara County yet where the housing crisis is about as bad as it can be.

So, that being the case we're also relying very closely on the process that's been set by our consultants who work with many, many jurisdictions to do this. There were a few questions from GPAC members about do you put the cart before the horse, but you have to follow a process, and so this is the process that we're following the direction of our consultants to kind of move forward, and I think as was mentioned it's an iterative process in that any recommendation we make now, once we have more data and what the implications are of that, we might go back and make revisions.

So, having said that, are there other questions for the consultants or Staff from the Commissioners before I take public comment? Okay, so that being the case now we will invite comments from members of the public. If you have not already turned in a speaker card to Staff, please do so at this time, and when you're called to speak remember to state your name and address for the record and

adjust the microphone so that you speak directly into it, and you'll have three minutes. Do we have any members of the public that would like to make comments on this agenda item? You could fill out your card later, so you could go to the microphone, state your name and address for the record, and then please fill out a speaker card when you're completed.

KIMBERYLY BRYAN: Okay. I'm Kim Bryan and I live at 268 Marchmont Drive in Los Gatos.

I appreciate all the time and effort that many people have put into this process and I admit freely that I just saw the first of the information when this agenda came out, and the reason I came to speak is because I was quite alarmed at the delta that I see between the current town and the buildings that were put forth as potentials with Plan C in particular, which is the one that was going to be recommended.

There was a lot of information in the Planning

Commission agenda tonight about the missing middle and the

housing choices that can make that possible like duplexes

and fourplexes and tiny houses, and all of those things

felt to me like a much better fit for Los Gatos to find

some areas in our town where we could maybe allow more buildings on a lot or think of ways to incorporate that.

Even in the documentation provided one of the things that they said is that conventional zoning doesn't work and that a lot of the numbers we're using don't help you to be able to add those buildings in, so I just wanted to put that forth.

The other thing that I had in my head was that when we got to the North Forty we had approved heights that we thought were the maximum we wanted, but then based on all the laws from California they were able to get bonuses and make them taller and bigger and get more units, and it seems to me like we are doing our best to go for a worst case scenario of how many houses we need would be 2,000 and to overcompensate for that, and then when it actually gets to the developers they might come in and they might add another floor and another number of units.

In particular the empty car lot, the drawing that you had that was the options, the five- and six-story buildings that are allowed in Option C seemed to me to be much larger than anything anywhere near there, and certainly if you anticipated a Los Gatos Boulevard where there were many of those in a row, so I just wanted to

encourage you to maybe take a slightly more conservative approach and take... Or not conservative but take the Option B which was not quite to the 2,000 but was close and assume that at least let's see what happens with people being able to have secondary units on their property and maybe it will be more than the 500 that you were anticipating and that gets us to 1,800 and it keeps some of that height that to me was the biggest problem.

I mean, when I looked at those drawings provided of what high-density housing looks like, this is allowed in Option C, so for me that was something that I was surprised by and I did not expect to see, and I think that you will get some of the same late-to-the-game anger that was there for the North Forty when people start realizing that things like that could be put on Los Gatos Boulevard. Thank you.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Thank you for your comments. Does anyone have questions for the speaker? Commissioner Badame.

COMMISSIONER BADAME: All right, so you referenced this missing middle housing study.

KIMBERYLY BRYAN: Yes.

COMMISSIONER BADAME: When I read through it, it talks about a number of housing styles that could fit into what's called the missing middle study and one of those is

high-density housing, but you're opposed to that. Did you say the duplexes or the ADUs, or you're not fond of the high-density housing with the height, is that how I understand?

KIMBERYLY BRYAN: It's mostly the fact that right now nothing in town is higher than 35' and the minimum for these multi-densities is five-stories, which is clearly at least 50'.

COMMISSIONER BADAME: If you did see that we had to increase the stories, what would be the maximum that you could see anywhere in town?

KIMBERYLY BRYAN: Well, someone just mentioned like putting a third floor on top of two floors of retail. I mean, that seems to me like a much better fit than five stories, so I would say three.

COMMISSIONER BADAME: And your thought process on four stories?

KIMBERYLY BRYAN: I mean, if we have to go to four stories, we can, it's just I felt like when I was taking part as much as I could in the North Forty process that there are these bonuses that the developers were getting based on following these rules that so even though we had said the max was going to be 35' I think there are

places they go higher than that, so I just imagine that if we are accepting that all along...

Like one of the opportunity areas is quite long, so I think it's along Los Gatos Boulevard, so if they can come in and tear down a one-story retail and put in five-story high-density housing I can just imagine there would be a lot of people that would think that would be worthwhile and that would definitely change the Town, and the traffic at that intersection is the one that we're most worried about with the North Forty, so to me it was not a good tradeoff.

COMMISSIONER BADAME: Thank you for your comments.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Commissioner Burch.

COMMISSIONER BURCH: Yeah, thank you for your comments. You're right, I feel like sometimes we get pretty far in the process before people start reading up and asking questions.

KIMBERYLY BRYAN: And I apologize for that.

COMMISSIONER BURCH: No, I'm thanking you. I want to point out a couple of things and then I'm going to ask a couple of questions.

I do want to confirm for you that in Option C that was the recommended it is limited to four-stories, and during our discussions that we had in the General Plan meeting was a confirmation I guess to those of us that sit up here and the see the applications, that these applications would still be coming to us to make sure that while that may be like you're allowed four stories that doesn't mean cart blanche along a whole long corridor. We all have the same questions and comments that you had in hoping we could anticipate state needs but also be very sensitive to the Town.

So then my question for you is because it's a little, I think, newer on the plate is I heard what you said about the boulevard but I'm curious about what you feel about the downtown option of taking some of our one-or two-story retail and adding lofts on that? I don't know if you saw that much.

KIMBERYLY BRYAN: I mean, to me that's great because I do support walking and biking and then there are people that can live and eat and drink and get a more vibrant downtown, so for me that is a much better fit for what I would see for Los Gatos.

COMMISSIONER BURCH: Perfect. Thank you.

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CHAIR HANSSEN: Again, thank you for your

comments. There are cards in the back. Thank you very much.

If you could hand your speaker...

LEE FAGOT: Lee Fagot, 845 Lilac Way in Los

Gatos.

I just want to say that I agree absolutely with the previous speaker. She articulated very well, I think, the sentiment of a lot of folks in town and I endorse what she said.

The question of the height limit, downtown on the plaza the height limit, I believe, is 45' only in that area on the plaza. The rest of it is 40', and then in the neighborhood it drops down. So, going to 45' downtown, retail at the bottom, using the post office as an example because that tenant may be leaving, the post office may be moving out, if that is redeveloped, again with retail on the bottom level and then housing above, it makes sense going to that 45' height.

Los Gatos Boulevard, I think we saw the argument on both sides on the Shannon Road interchange with Los Gatos Boulevard and the developer there in trying to find the right height and the right setbacks from the sidewalks and so forth. I think using that discussion to help with

some guidance will be very instructive for the developers coming in and helpful to keep the same look and feel, the famous look and feel of Los Gatos so that it is not obstructing the hillsides and the views and it is a more inviting pathway going up and down Los Gatos Boulevard.

Again, I really endorse the previous speaker because she articulated very well those points.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Thank you for your comments. Do any Commissioners have questions? Thank you very much.

Would anyone else like to speak on this topic? If you could give your speaker card to Staff.

JAN MURRAY: Hi, I'm Jan Murray. I live on Lasuen Court and public speaking is not my thing, so I'll give this a try.

I live near the development at 15975 Union

Avenue, Blossom Hill and Union. The Planning Commission

recommended against this development and the Town of Los

Gatos Council overrode the Planning Commission's

recommendation. Those homes do not meet the mass, bulk, and

height character of the Town. In addition, they are

elevated, so I agree with the previous speaker's commentary

that good intentions get modified when the developers come

in and talk and offer street redevelopment, stoplight

redevelopment, and things like this to incent the Town Council to deviate.

I would highly recommend that when we talk about height and stories we talk about not having 11' first floors with the environmental impact of material use, long-term power for heating and cooling these buildings so that four people live in a 4,000 square foot home with 12' ceilings on the first floor and 10' ceilings in the little kids' bedrooms. They've changed the bulk of these spaces, they're perpetuating the lifetime of the residents of that home to waste electricity and heat. It's just environmentally unfriendly.

Then, in addition the impermeable surface deviations that they've gotten to impact the environment, the ability to have carbon neutrals may be awfully strong but they're the opposite and they don't have green space around these homes, and for three homes they've put in 14 or 15 parking places. So, if you look at adding 2,300 dwelling units to this town it sounds like it's four cars per dwelling unit and you are truly changing the traffic just here.

Then when you expand that to the context of the 85 corridor you're negatively compounding life for the

local residents if you do not include parks, libraries, restaurants, and all the retail into your lifestyle planning that you have. You can't just increase density of homes on Union Avenue and not increase lifestyle businesses and environment, because then you've got everyone commuting to the downtown and creating this incredible congestion in the beautiful downtown. You've got to create neighborhood pockets.

I'll just finish with I hope they're using baselines for planned communities that have been done in other parts of the country when creating this kind of a lifestyle, and that's the character of Los Gatos.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Thank you for your comments. Do any Commissioners have questions? Commissioner Burch.

COMMISSIONER BURCH: Sorry, I hope I'm not commentating too much based on the GPAC meetings, but I feel like it's important to share when people are bringing up points that we discussed, is that okay?

CHAIR HANSSEN: I think that is very well said and I think that there's really nowhere to characterize the many, many, many hours of discussion on exactly these points that the GPAC has had.

COMMISSIONER BURCH: Okay, a couple comments. I hope that you will please pay attention then to the GPAC meetings, because part of the requirements and the points that we will be moving into have a lot to do with the environment and sustainability. It's actually something the GPAC has identified as something we care a lot about. We have another GPAC member here in the audience that has felt very passionately about creating the services that serve the neighborhood to get people out of their cars and walking to their local coffee and everything, so those are points that whatever use we choose are aspects that we have discussed pretty thoroughly and want to make sure that, like you said, this isn't just a plan for housing, this is a more robust plan on community. I liked your comments a lot and they're very accurate on how the domino effect can happen with decisions, so I hope you'll pay attention and come back because I think as we get into those particular aspects I think you'll have a lot to add to that. Thank you.

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CHAIR HANSSEN: Any other questions for the speaker? Seeing none, is there anyone else... Oh, Commissioner Barnett had a question. Commissioner Barnett had a question for you; I apologize.

COMMISSIONER BARNETT: Good evening. In your last comment in your presentation you mentioned common interest developments or similar multi-family housing that is included in the missing middle presentation. Did you have a concept about the size of those types of residential improvements.

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JAN MURRAY: My mom retired to Texas with my brother instead of Los Gatos after we looked at senior living facilities in Los Gatos, just to be clear. So there's an area in Texas called The Woodlands, which was a planned community and they've made it so that people with small children and 80-year-old little old ladies could walk to the grocery and the park and the library along beautiful corridors, but in addition they have these home areas with beautiful kind of Monte Sereno homes, but sort of like Baltimore where it's a bunch of townhouses. When I lived in Maryland there were so many more-it's kind of like what you think of a brownstone in New York-a series of townhouses so that like the property at 15975 Union could have had five townhouses and still had smaller bulk than what they've done, and some green space around it. So it's that use of other neighborhoods that have appealing planning I think as a benchmark outside of Los Gatos to kind of compare what it

could be. Anyway, I think the use of townhouses is much cleverer sometimes than even duplexes and triplexes.

COMMISSIONER BARNETT: Okay, thank you.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Any other questions? Okay, so the next speaker. If there is anyone else that plans to speak on this item, if you could bring your cards up to Staff now that would be helpful.

EMERALD HATHAWAY: Good evening, my name is

Emerald Hathaway and I own 208 Carlester Drive in Los

Gatos. I've been here for over 50 years and I have watched

many, many changes in this beautiful town. One of the

reasons why so many people want to come here is because of

the ambiance, the beauty, the safety, and the beautiful

schools that we have that are top rated in the nation, and

the friendliness. In all the years that I've lived here, it

doesn't matter who you are or what you do, or your walk in

life, your business, whatever you're doing, people love you

here.

It's a beautiful town and I really feel badly when I read that we're going to try to change the town into four-story buildings all along Los Gatos Boulevard. It doesn't make any sense. It should be easy to add 2,000 homes or dwellings without putting in four-story buildings.

Our town is not designed for it and never was, and people want to come and live here.

I have watched the prices on our homes go up, and up, and up. The reason why is because of the desirability of wanting to live in this kind of a town, which is rare. If you look at the national average, Los Gatos is one of the safest places to live in the nation, and it's because we have worked hard to have a good police force, to have correct kinds of housing that works well for everyone. We want to have a multi-use, multi-ethnic diversity in our community of course, that's what our nation is built on, but we don't want to destroy our town while we're trying to be so diverse. We don't need to have that many stories.

Now, in the downtown area, when everyone was talking I was thinking about how we have beautiful buildings downtown that are at least three stories, but on the boulevard, no. We don't want to turn into Campbell or downtown San Jose, so I just ask you to please consider the height and the amount of traffic that it would cause and the change in the beauty of the Town; it just wouldn't look the same. So, do you have any questions?

CHAIR HANSSEN: Thank you very much for your comments. Do any Commissioners have questions for the

1 speaker? Again, thank you very much for your comments; it's very helpful. Is there anyone else that would like to speak 3 on this item? Okay, yes. 4 MARK GRIMES: Hi, I'm Mark Grimes; I live at 5 15561 Corinne Drive, which is over near to Lark. 6 My question is I read some of this before I came 7 here and there was an assumption made on how many 8 additional cars would be added based on they thought more folks would start using public transportation, and I'd like 10 to know the factors they used to come up with this 11 assumption that most people would start using public 12 transportation. 13 CHAIR HANSSEN: When we have comments from the 14 public we're not able to answer your questions in a 15 16 discussion format, so you can pose your questions and then 17 perhaps Staff could follow up with you later and when we're 18 having our discussion we might be able to answer your 19 question indirectly. 20 MARK GRIMES: Okay, right. Thanks. 21 CHAIR HANSSEN: Did you have anything else you 22 wanted to say? Okay. 23

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MARK GRIMES: (Inaudible).

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Framework for the General Plan Update

CHAIR HANSSEN: Thank you, it's a good question.

Thank you. Is there anyone else that would like to speak on this topic? Seeing none, I'm going to close the public portion of the hearing and we will ask if Commissioners have questions of Staff, wish to comment on the item, or introduce a motion for consideration by the Commission?

Before we do that I did want to suggest to my fellow commissioners that... And this is a process that was similar that GPAC took, and this was probably the biggest point of discussion when we made the recommendation and people were concerned. Am I agreeing to have 12 dwelling units per acre in low-density residential? Am I agreeing to force four-story buildings anywhere there's an opportunity area? And so we gave the direction to the GPAC and I'm giving you all the same direction, and I think as our consultants mentioned, the policy part of this is going to happen later. It's a general framework and so any vote to support Alternative C doesn't imply that we're going to allow four-story buildings anywhere in town.

But the other side of this is also that to get to a certain number they have to put in more density somewhere or more height somewhere, so if we take one thing away it will have to come from somewhere else.

So, that being the case, we'll go into the questions. I'm hoping that what we can do as a commission is make a vote on the preferred land use alternative framework, be it C or something else if that's the will of the Commission, and then we can also vote to provide additional recommendations to the Council on things that we need to be wary of. For instance, we have to be really careful about four stories and where we're going to put it and how we would allow it and so on and so forth. So, that being the case I want to put it to the Commission to ask any questions, make any comments, or if you feel that you're ready to make a motion, which you're probably not. Commissioner Badame.

COMMISSIONER BADAME: I was hoping we'd get more public testimony with the amount of people in the audience. That being said, I see a member in the audience that was part of the GPAC, so my question is two of those members, one being here in the audience and one not unless I don't recognize that person, they opposed Alternative C, so if I could get some feedback possibly as to why they opposed Alternative C and which alternative did they prefer?

CHAIR HANSSEN: You want to take that one, Staff?

DOEL PAULSON: Well, I will start off with I can barely read my own mind, so I think obviously there are concerns and this type of process is always difficult, because as Commissioner Hudes mentioned before it's kind of what comes first, and maybe you were comfortable with some portions of the alternative but not all of them and since that's how the motion was framed you're not comfortable supporting it. I don't know if Jennifer or the consultant remember anything specific from Mr. Rosenberg or Ms.

Quintana as far as what their concerns were. There were an awful lot of questions and I'll let Ms. Armer provide any additional information.

JENNIFER ARMER: In thinking back to the meeting where the preferred alternative recommendation was made by the GPAC, the concerns that kind of came to the forefront there were some concerns about additional density within the low-density residential areas. There were also concerns about exactly how this would then be implemented as has been discussed this evening and kind of what this framework meant in term of how much flexibility there might be in the future.

COMMISSIONER BADAME: The reason why I ask is we have limited information, so unless we were actually on

this committee, the rest of us, we don't have any minutes to read from, so unless we were part of the committee or present during the hearing. I just wanted to know what some of the thought process was, especially from the public.

CHAIR HANSSEN: I can comment. We had two dissenting votes on the recommendation, and one of them was Ms. Quintana who is here in the audience, and the other one was Mr. Rosenberg. I personally spoke to Mr. Rosenberg after the meeting and he stated his concern during the meeting. It was actually the opposite of what some of the public comments were. It was more about, as Ms. Armer said, having any of the growth happen in low-density residential, and I think it's simply because it's hard to visualize, so he had this idea that in any typical single-family neighborhood there might be 12 houses, or 16 or 20 houses, in an acre and the reality of this thing is that if you say 12 dwelling units per acre and you have an 8,000 square foot lot you may only be able to have one house on that lot. So that's one thing.

And so he was actually preferring to have the density go into, say, a mixed-use, and this is a discussion that many of the GPAC members had is that mixed-use was a great way to go because we would have neighborhood-serving

commercial and then we would have some housing above, but there's still the concern about transition into the neighborhoods that are nearby, so I'm going to go back to what was said earlier that while we're agreeing to a generalized framework we are not agreeing to any specific changes in the General Plan use designations at this time, and in addition there is another process that will take place even after the General Plan is done.

One element that is not done with the current

General Plan Update is the Housing Element, and in the

Housing Element is where we get more into the zoning

implications of what we're doing, so when we're doing the

General Plan Update it's going to be followed by the

Housing Element, which when we start the Housing Element we

will actually have our regional housing needs allocation

from the state to help plan for specifically for that. So,

I hear that people are alarmed about this, but again, it's

sort of like the process is we aren't going to have all the

pieces of information that we need to go forward so we have

to kind of put a stake in the ground and there are no

decisions being made on exactly how Alternative C would be

implemented at this point. Commissioner Badame.

COMMISSIONER BADAME: Okay, thank you for that. Going forward, would it be possible for us to get minutes of the GPAC meetings?

JOEL PAULSON: We can give you GPAC minutes.

They're just action minutes, they are not verbatim minutes, so I'm not sure they would be much more helpful. I know we have at least one commissioner, if not more, that raised those concerns that hasn't been modified, but they're not typical minutes like verbatim minutes that would give you the whole story.

COMMISSIONER BADAME: Thank you.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Commissioner Hudes.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: To follow up on a comment from the public, or question from the public, the heights that are indicated in Alternative C, will bonuses increase the height over the maximums that are listed in the alternatives now?

JOEL PAULSON: If someone proposes a bonus, then yes, they could request that, as they can currently. I think the speaker is completely accurate and I know the Commission is well aware of we have at least two projects that have used those types of exceptions in the past. The state continues to take away local control and provide more

opportunities for developers. I don't see that slowing down any time soon, so that will continue to be an option. I think the challenge is once we get to our Housing Element preparation we're not going to be able to put a comment in there that says we're only going to plan for this many units because we're going to plan that everyone is going to do an exception or this many people are going to do an exception. What we'll really ultimately do is when we get down into the nuts and bolts of... There's really the areas, the density, and the height.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: What are the numbers?

Currently what's the maximum and what's the maximum of the bonus? And under Alternative C what would the maximum be with a bonus?

JOEL PAULSON: I don't know that there is technically a maximum, but ultimately that's going to be a developer's decision and generally they don't go very much higher. I think the North Forty it was in the 15-20' range. Obviously, you hear a lot of conversations about developments near transit being able to go up to four to five stories automatically and if you do X, Y, and Z you can go another story. We're not going to be able to accommodate or plan for that.

What we're willing to do is ultimately once we get through this discussion the GPAC goes through the Land Use Element and the draft plan comes through with some proposed densities and heights. That's going to be the time we can have those conversations.

I know the general concern was specifically with the low-density residential, so your R-1:Ds, your R-1:8s, those properties. The numbers in and of themselves are scary. It's not that this Alternative C is going to say you can have 50' in R-1:8; it's not. Ultimately, you can have a density. I think the low-density residential proposed now in C is up to 16 units per acre. So, if you have an 8,000 square foot lot with a 16 unit max per acre you can only have two units.

Now again, there are a lot of other caveats to that because we're not talking about ADUs and those have their own implications, but ultimately, regardless of the density we can still control the urban form, as Chair Hanssen was speaking about, through the zoning regulations. I mean, there is technically a scenario where we change the density for these designations but we don't change any of our zoning regulations. Now, some may think that's too restrictive, but ultimately that will maintain the urban

1 form of at least those single-family neighborhoods, but you potentially will have more units in those areas. 3 COMMISSIONER HUDES: So, if I may, that raises a 4 question for the Town Attorney. Is it possible to 5 essentially describe and select an alternative that is 6 inconsistent with the zoning of the Town, or does the zoning have to change to meet what's in the General Plan 8 and what's in the Housing Element? JOEL PAULSON: Ultimately, when the General Plan 10 gets adopted, then there will be necessary modifications to 11 the Zoning Code that will have to take place. Those will be 12 implementation measures that will be done following the 13 General Plan. 14 COMMISSIONER HUDES: That's what I recall. 15 16 JOEL PAULSON: Yup. 17 COMMISSIONER HUDES: When we did the North Forty 18 Specific Plan a number of changes were made because we 19 couldn't be in a situation where the zoning didn't permit 20 what was permitted in the plan. 21 JOEL PAULSON: Correct. 22 COMMISSIONER HUDES: So I was a little confused 23

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by your comment that the urban form might not allow what's

actually described in the General Plan.

JOEL PAULSON: Maybe you misunderstood me. It would still allow it, but you don't have to change setbacks, height, coverage, those types of things. You can still accommodate an increased density in those same parameters. You basically have what would otherwise look like a single-family house but it has two, or three, or four units which is that missing middle housing document that you have. So there are ways to try to maintain some of that, but again, some folks may say well if we're going to allow increased density maybe we should allow, as we do currently, I think the ADUs a 10-percent increase in FAR because we're getting increased units. But ultimately, whatever gets adopted in the General Plan, if there is anything inconsistent in the zoning regulations they will have to be modified.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: Okay, thank you.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Vice Chair Janoff.

VICE CHAIR JANOFF: Thank you. I wanted to step back a little bit because the comments from the public and the question from Commissioners not on the GPAC all speak to a concern about how what we're talking about recommending to Council fundamentally changes the Town.

What we are essentially doing is enabling the consultant by

giving them a framework of density and height specifically targeting areas of town where it may be reasonable to have higher density, higher height, in order for us to carefully analyze how the Town can get from the number of units it has today to responding to the increase in units over time we anticipate the state will bring down to the Town.

So, we're not saying we're going to build... Well, the Town can't build. The Town enables builders and developers to build, so the Town isn't building, the Town is saying if we have these requirements from the state and we have to accommodate a number of units, how can the Town absorb that increase without fundamentally changing the look and character that we all cherish?

So, we understood that if we didn't give the consultants a little bit larger number than we might feel comfortable with, knowing that you may plan for 2,000 units but you may only wind up seeing 800 built, usually, at least from discussions with Staff, we're seeing an underperformance against our target, so the fact that we are shooting for a goal of 2,000, we could expect something less typically in terms of an actual build.

This gives the Town the ultimate ability to carefully analyze where those increases might occur. It

doesn't say they will occur and they don't say specifically how high or how not high, it just gives the consultants the framework to talk to us about can we get close to those targets we think are going to be mandated, and if so, how? That's all this framework does. It doesn't say it's going to happen, it just gives us the details, the data, to be able to make an informed decision for the Town.

If we adopt a framework that's less aggressive on the number of units we're going to fall short of whatever the state is mandating, and then we may see other problems in terms of developers coming in and asking for exemptions because the state is allowing it and we haven't provided that, so we're trying to do just what I said, trying to accommodate what we think the growth requirements are going to be but also do it in a reflective, thoughtful, careful way that is respectful of the Town and what we want to see happen in it.

We recommended Alternative C generally understanding that that was sort of the outer limits of the framework. What we don't know is whether the consultants will come back and say that framework gives you the opportunity to create 6,000 units, in which case we might say let's lower the height and change some of the areas of

opportunity. We just don't know what's possible yet and we're looking forward to the consultant's input so that we can make informed decisions going forward, so that's kind of the overarching reason why we recommended Alternative C.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Commissioner Hudes.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: Thank you, that's very helpful, and I really appreciate the work and the involvement of my fellow commissioners and of everyone who is on the GPAC, because it's not possible to dive in and understand that in the snapshot that we're in now, so I have a lot of respect for the recommendations and the direction that's coming from fellow commissioners.

I had a question for the consultant though, who is probably more up to speed on the housing numbers that are going to be coming down from the state, and really the question is does Alternative B meet the state mandated housing requirements over the next 20 years? I want to hear the consultant.

RICK RUST: Well, we're looking at doing the 2,000 as the basis for that, and that was based off past performance. That doesn't even account for what the state might do to you. What has happened in the state has been all over the board and some areas have actually doubled or

tripled the RHNA numbers, some areas have only had a small percentage increase. We were looking at just keeping yours fairly similar to what has happened in the past with future adjustments might as needed by Housing and Community

Development on the state side, so it was felt that this

2,000 number would get you through to this 20-year period.

If your RHNA does expand significantly you have time to make readjustments as we go forward in the planning cycle, because while your General Plan is supposed to have a 20-year vision it's also supposed to be adjusted, and many of our plans actually relook at themselves every five years to see if there are any notable changes.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: My question was about Alternative B.

number as far as the totals that would be allowed; it's 1,916 as far as this number, so it's in the ballpark. I think what had been explained is the GPAC wanted to make sure we had a little wiggle room, for instance, some of the public mentioned what if we go down a floor? Or what if we don't let the downtown go as big? So, as we make those changes, if we have no wiggle room to start with we've

already underperformed and we don't have the ability to make those changes.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: Thank you.

CHAIR HANSSEN: I just want to make one more comment and then Commissioner Badame. I think there's something really important that wasn't said at this point either that the GPAC discussed at great length. When we started talking about the land use needs of our town certainly the state requirements are part of it. We have to address that, but probably more important than that is if we have to grow we want to grow in a way that benefits our residents and our future residents, and every member of the GPAC felt that it was really important that we address the housing needs of moving-down seniors as well as our young Millennials that are unable to buy into town right now because of the cost of single-family housing.

While we don't have the policies in place to make this happen I think for all of us, our thinking was if we're going to add 2,000 units we're not going to be adding 2,000 3,500 square foot housing, we're going to be adding smaller townhouses, maybe taking a single-family home and it becomes a duplex or a threeplex, but if we're going to have mixed-use what we really would like to see is that

those units are going to be 500-1,000 square feet on top of retail and it's something that a 25-year-old could afford to live in, or there will places that would be appropriate for move-down seniors that want to move out of those 3,500 square foot homes.

So, again, it kind of gets down to the policies that make this happen. Where we are right now is really just talking about an overall number and then we have to go through that process and figure out how we can do it to preserve what makes our town great as well as take care of the people that are in our town right now.

I don't know if people in the audience are aware, but we heard this when we did the Housing Element the last time and we've continued to hear it through the process, but something like 35- or 40-percent of our residents are going to be over the age of 65 in this decade, so again, I think it's really important to think in terms of growth that we're not looking at adding the same kind of growth that we had in the past, we're looking at much, much smaller units and then we need to figure out how can we make that happen.

Commissioner Badame, you had a question or comment?

1	COMMISSIONER BADAME: My question was quick and
2	actually it's a continuation of questions for the
3	consultant pertaining to Commissioner Hudes' question, so
4	that was back to Alternative B versus C. So, B still meets
5	the criteria for the number of housing units, but the
6	primary difference, the major difference, between B and C
7	would be the difference between allowable height and number
8	of stories, is that correct?
10	RICK RUST: Alternative B only produces 1,916
11	units. The 475, if you look at 2,391 number, those are
12	existing approved and pending projects, so they do not go
13	towards the state's requirements for housing, because it's
14	expected they'll be built or permitted prior to your next
15	housing cycle.
16	COMMISSIONER BADAME: But what about the ADU
17	units that add to that? Five hundred?
18	RICK RUST: Yeah, that was in the 1,916.
19	COMMISSIONER BADAME: Okay. Thank you.
20	CHAIR HANSSEN: Commissioner Hudes.
21	COMMISSIONER HUDES: Question about the ADU
22	units. Does that assume the change that we'll be looking at
23	tonight on adding Junior ADII units to the inventory? And

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you've got that as a constant across all the alternatives, correct?

RICK RUST: Yes, it does, the short answer. We looked at 20 units per year as a regular detached ADU and we looked at five units per year as a Junior ADU over the 20-year period. That's what gives you the 500.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: Okay, thank you.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Are there other questions or comments? Commissioner Burch.

COMMISSIONER BURCH: Would it be appropriate then to direct towards the consultant the question concerning the vehicle trips? It is one of the items that gets looked at with the different alternatives. Or would that be something that would maybe be more appropriate once an alternative is selected? I'm asking the Chair that.

CHAIR HANSSEN: I think you can ask your question.

COMMISSIONER BURCH: Okay. So, you've heard the audience; I don't need to repeat their question. In our GPAC packet, page 29, you go through the vehicle trip estimates per alternative, and I know there were some assumptions made with public transit, so I was wondering

if... We can't really have dialogue with the audience but maybe you could assist in answering that question.

RICK RUST: In the phrasing of it at times it was said most would go transit. That's certainly not the case. The traffic estimates were done using the ITE estimations for household sizes; that's the standard used across the United States for generation as far as what would happen in different kinds of land uses. Now, in the conversation there's certainly discussion about the fact that if you have a more walkable area, like your downtown; your downtown has mixed-use components. It's not as much residential as you might see in other places in the future but it's a mixed-use area. You have a lot of people on foot. You obviously have tourist traffic that parks there, but the idea is that the people could live in that area, walk around the shops and neighborhood shopping, and they would have lesser need for automobiles.

Long-term how much parking is required is going to be something that will change in the community. There's not a requirement for four. I think that was mentioned at one point and that wouldn't be the case in the future. Most communities are actually looking to go down towards one parking per unit, especially on smaller units because the

occupancies are typically single individuals in a lot of cases, or they don't have a car so it balances out to that one, and so a lot of places are finding that to be a sweet spot moving forward. So parking numbers actually would go down in the future.

We expect some transit to be enhanced over this 20-year period. It's not going to happen next year after we approve this, but it will happen over the long term and as we have some enhancements to density you'll be able to better support transit, but we did consider the automobile still as being a dominant player in the environment.

COMMISSIONER BURCH: Thank you.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Commissioner Hudes.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: I have some questions about the chart on page 70, I think. It's the first large table. So I had some questions. I'm trying to understand how the numbers were developed. It talks about population first and then it says, "total new population," and "total population," and then "total projected 2040 population." What does total population mean? That's a tenth of the size of the Town.

RICK RUST: Total net new goes along with those net units we've talked about before. The total population

is taking that net new and adding to it the population that would come with the 475 pending and approved projects to give you a total.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: Okay. The other question I had is on the descriptions on the traffic congestion increase levels. We're just beginning to use VMT and those kinds of numbers. There's a description here that says, minimal, minimal, moderate, and moderate. How confident are you that that's what residents are going to experience with this alternative, that it will be what they would characterize as a moderate traffic increase or congestion increase?

RICK RUST: The traffic engineers ran this based on a preliminary model. Now, there's a difference in the traffic engineering for what will be done now versus what will be done for the Environmental Impact Report. These were meant to be comparative analyses. As we go forward with this we will do full traffic analyses to finding out the actual impacts.

The VMT numbers, the big one to look at there is the VMT per capita, because you'll see at the higher alternatives the VMT per capita decreases and that's one of the key indicators that your better performing

transportation system, you're traveling less per person overall, and some of that again is that enhanced walkability long term. But it is not a full scale traffic model at this point, again going back to that is a significant undertaking and not something you do for each alternative.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: But my concern is about standing behind the terminology "moderate" or "minimal" that's in the report. I understand the differences and I believe I understand the numbers, but I don't believe that we have the experience to know whether that's the way we'll perceive it and I am concerned about approving the General Plan that causes unacceptable traffic and then somebody pointing to this report that says it was only going to be moderate.

approval of a plan you'll have a detailed traffic analysis that you can point to and know exactly numerically what that means. This was done by Fehr & Peers, which is the leader in transportation analysis in the State of California and they've done traffic analyses all over the state, and so they're characterizing this based on their experience in looking to the future.

Now, traffic, I've worked in more than 200 communities. I could probably say 199 of them said traffic was the biggest thing. Just finished a plan in South Dakota and their idea of bad traffic was because they had to sit behind a pickup at the light, so people's perception of that. You obviously have a lot of traffic in town. You have issues with your school system putting out on the streets and what happens to the street during that half-hour pick time. You've got issues with cut-through traffic on weekends and other problems of overloading the highways, so it's not that you don't have problems and not that it won't make it more people will add more cars.

We likely do not have the ability to enhance your transportation system significantly in town. We're not adding lanes, in other words. So, we will get more people into biking circumstances, more people into walking, more on transit, but you're still going to have increases in the overall traffic on your roadway systems and peoples' perceptions of any increase in traffic will likely be not happy, but they're all part of the tradeoff that you need to make if you're going to meet the housing requirement.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: I'm just reacting to approving a report that says things are going to be minimal

or moderate when we have no experience with VMT in reality in town, and even less experience with these alternatives and how that translates through to peoples' actual experience, so I'm more reacting to that.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Vice Chair Janoff.

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VICE CHAIR JANOFF: Thank you. In response to Commissioner Hudes' concerns about traffic, there isn't a person in this room, there isn't a person in town, there isn't a person on GPAC who didn't start the conversation with, "But what about traffic?" I guess that's not starting the conversation, but we didn't view thinking of traffic as our highest priority, although maybe it is the higher priority for a lot of us today. The GPAC felt that in itself couldn't be the reason to not call an increased number of residential units. Don't like the traffic situation we have. There need to be some changes. We hope that there are changes in the works. We know that an increase in the number of units will likely exacerbate the problem, but we didn't feel it was our purview to say sorry, we can't go to higher units because it's going to make traffic worse.

So, I hope that reflects what the GPAC members were thinking and discussing, but I just want to emphasize

that traffic is a concern and we all realize that and these particular areas of opportunity are going to have a negative impact potentially, but that's an outcome of the increase in units, and again, what we are asking the Planning Commission for today is a recommendation that the alternative that the GPAC is recommending, recommended to Town Council so that there can be approval for the full analysis upon which we'll have much more information to determine what the traffic impact might be and how many units, where density, where height.

I think it's important to get all of these concerns out and I would hope that tonight with whatever the Planning Commission puts forward to Town Council, whether it forwards the recommendation of GPAC, that if you have concerns about the recommendation of Alternative C we also provide a list of those bullets so that the Council can see—well, they'll hear those concerns of course if they listen to these transcripts—but they can see perhaps Alternative C is the one of have a more complete analysis of, but we're concerned about these things and that can still be part of the recommendation going forward.

CHAIR HANSSEN: I would also add that we're not approving anything, we're only making a recommendation to

Council, and if the Council goes forward with this recommendation as Vice Chair Janoff stated, that will initiate a process of more thorough analysis of the preferred land use alternative, and there will be a full Environmental Impact Report done for our General Plan Update and that has to include transportation and all kinds of issues.

We had some of this same discussion when we had the GPAC meeting a few weeks ago about what are we approving? We're not approving the General Plan yet, we're approving a framework to move forward for doing more analysis on the Land Use Element so that we can come up with the right policies that would go with it. Commissioner Hudes.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: I had a few questions. I crunched some numbers and sometimes I get more comfortable when I see numbers, so I wanted to just maybe make a statement and then ask a question about it.

First I looked at the different alternatives in terms of population increase, and then I compared it to the historical population that was in the previous information that was provided in the previous General Plan, and it looked to me like from sort of modern times, 2008 to 2020,

overall there's been an annual population growth of 1.4percent in town, given the numbers in your chart and in
here, and that what is being suggested to accommodate for
in Alternative C is 0.9-percent increase. And I did see
that these percentages varied as I went back to 1963 and I
looked at each year, so I'm not uncomfortable with planning
for a population increase of 0.9-percent in Alternative C
given that we've experienced a 1.4-percent increase in sort
of recent history, so I don't find that C is out line.
Could you tell me if I'm right on my general understanding
of the population increases?

RICK RUST: Yeah, that's about right. Our numbers originally started also with looking at what the California Department of Finance projects using historic trends going into the future as well as what our economics professional looked at, and they were also in the sub-1-percent range.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: Now, to the question that I had, I also looked at the number of new units per person added under the four different alternatives, and I included the ones that had been approved, all of them basically. I think the population lives in all those places.

Then I also turned it around and looked at the average number of people per unit added and I was

1 interested that between Alternative A we started at 1.7 per unit and when we got to Alternative D we were at 2.09 per 3 person. Why would that be? Maybe you could explain why 4 there are more people per unit as we move up in the 5 options? 6 RICK RUST: I'm not sure of the math offhand, but 7 our factor we used was 2.4 persons per dwelling unit, which 8 is what the Town currently uses for projections. COMMISSIONER HUDES: Okay, well, you may have 10 been using a different number. You may have been excluding 11 in the process and the ADUs maybe? What I found interesting 12 was that it changed from alternative to alternative. In 13 your analysis you kept it constant? 14 RICK RUST: Yes. 15 16 COMMISSIONER HUDES: Okay. So, those are the 17 questions that I had on the numbers. Like I said, one of 18 them gave me some sort of comfort that we're in the general 19 ballpark with Alternative C. 20 CHAIR HANSSEN: Commissioner Burch. 21 COMMISSIONER BURCH: I'm curious if it might be 22 appropriate for me to go ahead and venture a motion?

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1 COMMISSIONER BADAME: I was about to suggest that 2 to the Commission, that we should attempt a motion to see 3 where we stand. 4 COMMISSIONER HUDES: If I could just ask one 5 question of Staff real quick on process. 6 CHAIR HANSSEN: Sure. COMMISSIONER HUDES: This has been billed as the 8

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land use alternatives but we haven't talked about anything other than housing. Will we be talking about other land uses at the Planning Commission?

JOEL PAULSON: Ultimately, when the GPAC discusses land uses we probably will have some conversation. I'm sure you noticed throughout the commercial was kept constant; there wasn't an increase shown. This really was to explore housing from a land use perspective, and we will have to have some factors that go into the Environmental Impact Report as far as what we think future growth in office, commercial, various commercial sectors will be over the next 20 years so that that can also be plugged into the Environmental Impact Report.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: Okay, because as I pointed out before, I think we're ignoring some of the

opportunities to be more oriented toward the innovation economy in town and I think that this discussion about the middle points out something that's missing. I think in the commercial and in hotels as well as office space that there's something missing there that's pretty fundamental and pretty important for the Town. I've written up something on this topic I can provide to Staff and to the GPAC, but I just feel like if we are going to do a motion and we're not going to address that I want to have some comfort that there will be some opportunity to address something that I think is important and missing.

that's been brought up in GPAC multiple times, so once we get to goals and policies from the Environmental Impact Report it's really a square footage, and so then that equates to employee population and greenhouse gas and traffic, so it would be some kind of cap from an individual commercial standpoint, but those types of items we definitely welcome; definitely send those to us. We will get those to the GPAC and the consultant and make sure that those are addressed prior to the Land Use Element coming back before Planning Commission.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: Thank you.

CHAIR HANSSEN: And I'd like to add a comment to that. Way back in the process when we talked about the focus of the GPAC discussions it was decided that we needed to focus most on the housing, but that doesn't mean as we process through the Land Use Element that we can't add goals and policies for commercial as well. I don't think anyone on the GPAC wants to add 2,300 housing units and then not have more commercial to support the neighbors, and of course we want the people to have the jobs close to them, so I'm sure that all that will be factored in later. It's just it wasn't the focus of the land use alternatives report, so I just want to make it clear that by making this motion and recommendation to Council we're not saying we're excluding commercial. So, Commissioner Burch, if you are ready to make a motion.

COMMISSIONER BURCH: Yes, I am comfortable making a motion that based on the recommendation of the GPAC we will recommend approval... Or, I'm sorry, moving forward with the study for land use Alternative C and the framework as included in Exhibit 11.

I think I kind of butchered their recommendation, but I'm comfortable making that although I've heard all the discussion about the numbers, because truly this is really

just authorizing our consultant to start something. We have to give him a line in the sand somewhere on how to start with this. There will be many more discussions about what this looks like. We've got Los Gatos Boulevard everywhere. Will it be in pocket areas? And then as our Chair mentioned, we will be having discussions about now what does this impact as far as our retail or local services? It's all one big package. We just need to move forward with this to get to that point, so I'm very comfortable doing that.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Do we have a second? Vice Chair Janoff.

VICE CHAIR JANOFF: I'll second the motion.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Would any Commissioners like to add comments for questions before we take a vote?

Commissioner Barnett.

COMMISSIONER BARNETT: We've discussed the fact that there's going to be further time for analysis and review and modification. I wonder if it would be overreaching to say it would be appropriate to footnote in the motion that we anticipate there will be that kind of further input?

COMMISSIONER BURCH: Yeah, I would be very comfortable with that.

VICE CHAIR JANOFF: As would I.

CHAIR HANSSEN: I think I would also add that I think even subsequent to taking a vote on moving forward with the framework it's perfectly appropriate since we're making a recommendation to Council to take suggestions from Commissioners as to things that should be considered when the Council considers this as well. But your motion is amended to include Commissioner Barnett's comments? Okay. And does the seconder agree?

VICE CHAIR JANOFF: Yes.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Okay, now is there anyone else that wants to make comments before we take a vote.

COMMISSIONER HUDES: I've been wrestling with this for some time, and better understanding the process and better understanding the involvement of the public and the members of the GPAC allows me to get more comfortable with something I was not initially comfortable with, and relative to having more input I believe that this really should be done after we have developed goals. To me this is the cart before the horse. It's very difficult to select alternatives when you don't know what you're trying to

achieve, and so I would just sort of reserve the right to come back, and when this does come back and when there are goals, to really look to see does this alternative meet the goals with the risk that maybe we do another round at that point.

I will be supporting the motion and let me just give you some of the reasons for my discomfort that maybe we could think about as we start to develop this.

One is that this is a longer timeframe than we've done before. Longer timeframe to me means we're dealing with more uncertainty. There's also more uncertainty in the environment that we're in today. We've just seen SB50 all over the place and we have a lot of uncertainty in other aspects of retail as well. So, given the longer timeframe and the more uncertainty I would tend to more conservative numbers rather than put down numbers that might allow more development than would be normal.

I also didn't hear yet that Alternative C really is necessary to meet state requirements and could we manage with a fewer number, and I'd be looking for that as the process goes on.

As well, I felt that the middle is still missing, and the missing middle is missing from Alternative C. It

pushes us more toward the more dense and taller buildings when perhaps it could be achieved more if we worked harder at a smaller alternative focusing on that particular item. Frankly, to me, I read the very interesting article on the missing middle but then I didn't see the missing middle that much in the actual proposals that were developed.

But like I said, I will be supporting the motion because I think we need to move this forward and it is an iterative process and this will give us the opportunity to do that.

CHAIR HANSSEN: Commissioner Badame.

motion, but I just wanted to add the comment that I work in the downtown area, so adding that as an eighth opportunity area I think was great and I fully support that. I experience it downtown. I think the more mixed-use that we can have adds to the vibrancy and the walkability, so I'll be supporting the motion as well.

COMMISSIONER BADAME: Commissioner Tavana.

COMMISSIONER TAVANA: I would add that I'll be supporting the motion as well, however, I did notice that the GPAC preferred alternative is the only one that includes the downtown district for the opportunity area, so

1	I would wonder if we could add that to the other
2	alternatives to see what the total number would be if we
3	can include that in future studies as well.
4	CHAIR HANSSEN: Okay. Any other comments?
5	Commissioner Hudes.
6	COMMISSIONER HUDES: One minor thing is I would
7	recommend taking out words that characterize traffic as
8	minimal or moderate before forwarding this recommendation.
10	I just don't think it's a great idea to do that.
11	CHAIR HANSSEN: Question for Staff. Will you be
12	taking the comments of the Commissioners and adding that to
13	the recommendation, or do we need to do that post the vote?
14	JENNIFER ARMER: The Town Council will have
15	verbatim minutes from this meeting as well as we will
16	provide a summary of what Staff has heard in the Staff
17	Report to Town Council.
18	CHAIR HANSSEN: Okay. That being the case, I will
19	call the question. All in favor? Opposed? No abstentions.
20	It passes unanimously. All right, thank you.
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