



FIRE DEPARTMENT SANTA CLARA COUNTY

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STANDARD DETAILS & SPECIFICATIONS

SUBJECT: Fire Department Apparatus Access

Spec No	<u>A-1</u>
Rev. Date	<u>06/01/09</u>
Eff. Date	<u>01/23/97</u>
Approved By	_____
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SCOPE

Applicable to Fire Department apparatus access roadways serving commercial buildings and three or more single-family dwellings. Note that the specifications contained in this Standard apply only to properties located within the service area of the Santa Clara County Fire Department.

DEFINITIONS

Roadway: A vehicular access roadway greater than or equal to 20 feet in width.

Driveway: A vehicular access roadway less than 20 feet in width and serving no more than two, single-family dwellings.

Temporary Access Roadway: A temporary vehicular access road or driveway that is provided until such time that the permanent road or driveway is installed.

REQUIREMENTS

ROAD DESIGN

1. **Minimum clear width:** The minimum clear width of fire department access roads shall be 20 feet. Modifications to the design or width of a fire access road, or additional access road(s) may be required when the fire code official determines that access to the site or a portion thereof may become compromised due to emergency operations or nearby natural or manmade hazards (flood prone areas, railway crossings, bridge failures, hazardous material-related incidents, etc.)

The width of secondary access roads may be reduced to less than 20 feet provided turnouts are installed adjacent to the roadway every 500 feet with a minimum dimension of 10 feet wide and 40 feet long or as otherwise determined by the fire code official.

2. **Access and loading:** Facilities, buildings or portions of buildings hereafter constructed shall be accessible to fire department apparatus by way of an approved fire apparatus access road (including bridges and culverts) with an asphalt, concrete or other approved driving surface capable of supporting the imposed load of fire apparatus weighing at least 75,000 pounds (34050 kg) or as otherwise determined by the fire code official.

Organized as the Santa Clara County Central Fire Protection District

*Serving Santa Clara County and the communities of Campbell, Cupertino, Los Altos,
Los Altos Hills, Los Gatos, Monte Sereno, Morgan Hill, and Saratoga*

3. **Minimum clear height:** Vertical clearance over required vehicular access roads and driveways shall be 13'6".
4. **Grade:** Maximum grade shall not exceed 15% (6.75 degrees).
5. **Turn Radius (circulating):** The minimum outside turning radius is 42 feet for required access roadways. Greater radius up to 60 feet may be required where the Fire Department determines that Ladder Truck access is required. Circulating refers to travel along a roadway without dead ends.
6. **Turning Radius (Cul-de-sacs):** The minimum outside turning radius is 36 feet. Use of cul-de-sacs is not acceptable where it is determined by the Fire Department that Ladder Truck access is required, unless greater turning radius is provided.
7. **Turnarounds:** Turnarounds are required for all dead end roadways with a length in excess of 150 feet. The turnaround details shown in this document are intended to provide a general design concept only. Modifications or variations of these designs may be approved by the Fire Department on a case-by-case basis. All turnaround designs submitted for Fire Department review shall meet all previously stated requirements. These details are applicable when a 36-foot minimum turning radius for dead ends is specified. These details are not applicable where turning radius greater than 36 feet is specified or when a circulating radius is specified.
8. **Dead ends:** Dead-end fire apparatus access roads in excess of 150 feet (45720 mm) shall be provided with width and turnaround provisions as determined by the fire code official.
9. **Parking:** When parking is permitted on streets, in both residential / commercial applications, it shall conform to the following:
 - parking is permitted both sides of the street with street widths of 36 feet or more
 - parking is permitted on one side of the street with street widths of 28 – 35 feet
 - no parking is permitted when street widths are less than 28 feet

NOTE: Rolled curbs can be part of the curb / sidewalk and used to increase the roadway width with approval from the fire code official. Additional requirements may apply for buildings 30 feet in height or greater. See requirements under **AERIAL FIRE APPARTUS ACCESS ROADS**.
10. **Access to a hydrant:** Fire hydrants located on a public or private street, or on-site, shall have an unobstructed clearance of not less than 30 feet (15 feet either side of hydrant), in accordance with California vehicle code 22514. Marking shall be per California vehicle code 22500.1
11. **Traffic calming:** Traffic calming devices and the design thereof shall be approved by the fire code official prior to installation.

12. **Alternate paving material:** Alternative paving materials such as 'Grass Crete', turf block or similar type material may be used for emergency vehicle access (EVA) under certain conditions. The submittal shall include the design criteria based upon the imposed load of fire apparatus as identified in item 2, Access and Loading. The EVA shall:
- Be marked. The lane at the curb delineated with lights, bollards, paint, contrasting material, etc.
 - Be structurally sound to preclude movement or disbanding with soil movement.
 - Be field tested by the contractor in the presence of the fire code official. Testing may include driving the EVA by a weight verified vehicle. Prior to final approval, the engineer of record (civil or soils engineer) shall certify the installation.

FIRE APPARATUS ROADWAY SIGNS

Where required by the Fire Code Official, fire apparatus access roads shall be designated and marked as a fire lane as set forth in Section 22500.1 of the California Vehicle Code. The designation shall be indicated (1) by a sign posted immediately adjacent to, and visible from, the designated place clearly stating in letters not less than one inch in height that the place is a fire lane, (2) by outlining or painting the place in red and, in contrasting color, marking the place with the words "FIRE LANE", which are clearly visible from a vehicle, or (3) by a red curb or red paint on the edge of the roadway upon which is clearly marked the words "FIRE LANE".

NUMBER OF ACCESS ROADS REQUIRED

Commercial and Industrial Developments

1. **Buildings exceeding three stories or 30 feet in height.** Buildings or facilities exceeding 30 feet (9144 mm) or three stories in height shall have a least two means of fire apparatus access for each structure.
2. **Buildings exceeding 62,000 square feet in area.** Buildings or facilities having a gross building area of more than 62,000 square feet (5760 mm) shall be provided with two separate and approved fire apparatus access roads.

Exception: Projects having a gross building area of up to 124,000 square feet (11520 mm) that have a single approved fire apparatus access road when all buildings are equipped throughout with approved automatic sprinkler systems.

Multi-Family Residential Developments (R-1 & R-2 occupancies)

1. Multi-family residential projects having more than 100 dwelling units shall be equipped throughout with two separate and approved fire apparatus access roads.

One-or-Two Family Residential Developments

1. Developments of one or two family dwellings where the number of dwelling units exceeds 30 shall be provided with two separate and approved fire apparatus access roads and shall meet the requirements listed under; separation of access roads.

Exception: When approved by the fire code official, where there are more than 30 dwellings units on a single public or private fire apparatus road and all dwellings units are equipped throughout with an approved automatic sprinkler system in accordance with California Fire Code Section 903.3.1.1, 903.3.1.2 or 903.3.1.3, access from two directions shall not be required.

The number of dwelling units on a single fire apparatus access road shall not be increased unless fire apparatus access roads will connect with future development, as determined by the fire code official.

REQUIREMENTS FOR SECONDARY ACCESS ROADS

1. **Separation of access roads.** Where two access roads are required, they shall be placed a distance apart equal to not less than one half of the length of the maximum overall diagonal dimension of the property or area to be served, measured in a straight line between accesses (from centerline to centerline).
2. **Connection to other roads:** Where a secondary access roadway connects to a public or private street there shall be either; no curb, a rolled curb or a driveway cut as approved by the fire code official.
3. **Easements:** Only lands owned or in control of the property owner, held in common with adjacent properties or publicly owned may be used for secondary access. Secondary access roadways shall not be located in easements through private property unless specifically approved by the fire code official. When easements are required for secondary access roadways, they shall be recorded as Emergency Vehicle Ingress Egress Easements (E.V.I.E.E) granted to the Fire Department.
4. **Marking and Identification:** When necessary, signs or other approved notices shall be posted at secondary access roadways to prevent obstruction by parked vehicles. Such signs or notices shall be in accordance with Fire Department Standards.
5. **Maintenance:** Secondary access roadways shall be maintained at all times by the property owner. The roadway surface gates/locks and vertical and horizontal clearances shall be maintained in serviceable condition. Maintenance of secondary access roadways on commonly held lands shall be clearly stated in the Covenant, Conditions, and Restrictions (CC&R) or Landscape Maintenance

agreements of the development project. The CC&Rs shall mandate that the owners association shall retain professional management to oversee maintenance responsibilities.

AERIAL FIRE APPARATUS ACCESS ROADS

1. **Where required:** Buildings or portions of buildings or facilities exceeding 30 feet (9144 mm) in height above the lowest level of fire department vehicle access shall be provided with approved fire apparatus access roads capable of accommodating fire department aerial apparatus. Overhead utility and power lines shall not be located within the aerial fire apparatus access roadway.
2. **Width:** Fire apparatus access roads shall have a minimum unobstructed width of 26 feet (7925) in the immediate vicinity of any building or portion of building more than 30 feet (9144 mm) in height.
3. **Proximity to building:** At least one of the required access routes meeting this condition shall be located within a minimum of 15 feet (4572) and a maximum of 30 feet (9144mm) from the building, and shall be positioned parallel to one entire side of the building, as approved by the fire code official.

TEMPORARY ACCESS ROADS

1. When approved by the Chief, a temporary access road may be installed for fire department access to buildings under construction until such time that the permanent road or driveway is in place. A written request along with detailed plans for the temporary access road shall be submitted to the fire department for review and approval prior to installation. The plan submittal shall also include timelines for use of the temporary roadway and acknowledgment that the integrity of the roadway will be maintained at all times.
2. The width and turn radius dimensions of a temporary access road shall be the same as for the required permanent roadway. As a minimum, the roadway shall consist of a compacted sub base and six (6) inches of road base material (Class 2 aggregate base rock) both compacted to a minimum 95%. The perimeter edges of the roadway shall be contained and delineated by curb and gutter or other approved method. The use of geotextile reinforcing fabric underlayment or soils lime-treatment may be required if so determined by the project civil engineer. Provisions for surface drainage shall also be provided where necessary.
3. Engineering certification of the temporary roadway construction shall be documented and submitted to the Fire Department prior to or at the time of the acceptance inspection of the roadway.

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