

DATE: June 15, 2022

AGENDA ITEM #3

TO: Design Review Commission

FROM: Nazaneen Healy, Associate Planner

SUBJECT: SC22-0009 – 629 Benvenue Ave

RECOMMENDATION:

Approve design review application SC22-0009 subject to the listed findings and conditions

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This item was continued from the June 1, 2022 Design Review Commission meeting.

This is a design review application for a new 3,564 square-foot two-story single-family residence. Additional project information can be found in the June 1, 2022 Agenda Report (Attachment A).

BACKGROUND

First Public Meeting

On June 1, 2022 the Design Review Commission held a public meeting to consider the proposed project. Following a presentation by staff and public comments by the applicant/architect, the Commission discussed the proposed project and voted unanimously (5-0) to continue the project with direction to the applicant as follows:

- Demonstrate the garage door height at the sides complies with the building code required minimum.
- Provide written statements from the side neighbors confirming whether obscure glass is requested for the side-facing second story windows or regular glass would be acceptable given the limited views and tall sill heights.
- Study the front entry design to provide better balance.
- Provide additional information on the exterior materials (window trim, corbels, rafters, etc.).
- Remove Tree No. 22.
- Replace the proposed monochromatic roof tile with a product consisting of earthtone colors and variation.

DISCUSSION

Design Revisions

In response to the Commission's direction, the applicant provided revised design plans addressing the items above as well as written statements from the neighbors and a response from the arborist regarding the existing tree as part of the response letter (Attachments B and C).

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

This project should be considered categorically exempt from environmental review under Section 15303 of the California Environmental Quality Act because it involves the construction of one single-family residence on an existing lot in an area zoned for residential uses.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION AND CORRESPONDENCE

Noticing and outreach was performed as required for the previous June 1, 2022 meeting (Attachment A). No additional noticing was required as the project was continued from the June 1, 2022 meeting to a date certain.

Cc: Kyle Chan, Applicant Anhua Yu, Property Owner

Attachments:

- A. June 1, 2022 Agenda Report
- B. Applicant Response Letter
- C. Revised Design Plans

FINDINGS

SC22-0009 – 629 Benvenue Ave

With regard to the new two-story single-family residence, the Design Review Commission finds the following in accordance with Section 14.76.060 of the Municipal Code:

- a. The proposed residence complies with all provisions of this chapter;
- b. The height, elevations, and placement on the site of the new residence, when considered with reference to the nature and location of residential structures on adjacent lots, will avoid unreasonable interference with views and privacy and will consider the topographic and geologic constraints imposed by particular building site conditions;
- c. The natural landscape will be preserved insofar as practicable by minimizing tree and soil removal; grade changes shall be minimized and will be in keeping with the general appearance of neighboring developed areas;
- d. The orientation of the proposed new residence in relation to the immediate neighborhood will minimize the perception of excessive bulk and mass;
- e. General architectural considerations, including the character, size, scale, and quality of the design, the architectural relationship with the site and other buildings, building materials, and similar elements have been incorporated in order to insure the compatibility of the development with its design concept and the character of adjacent buildings; and
- f. The proposed residence has been designed to follow the natural contours of the site with minimal grading, minimum impervious cover, and maximum erosion protection.

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

SC22-0009 – 629 Benvenue Ave

GENERAL

1. Expiration

The Design Review Approval will expire on June 15, 2024 unless prior to the date of expiration, a building permit is issued, or an extension is granted pursuant to Section 14.76.090 of the Zoning Code.

2. Approved Plans

The approval is based on the plans and materials received on June 6, 2022, except as may be modified by these conditions.

3. Protected Trees

- a. Tree Nos. 3, 6-21, 23-26, and 28-33, new replacement trees, and new screening trees shall be protected under this application and cannot be removed without a tree removal permit from the Community Development Director. The City standard tree protection measures and additional measures recommended by the arborist shall be implemented during construction for all trees to remain.
- b. Tree Nos. 1, 2, 4, and 5 are located within the public right-of-way cannot be removed without a tree removal permit from the Public Works Department. The City standard tree protection measures and additional measures recommended by the arborist shall be implemented during construction.

4. Tree Removal Approved

- a. Tree Nos. 22 and 27 are hereby approved for removal. Tree removal shall not occur until a building permit is submitted and shall only occur after issuance of a demolition permit or building permit. Exceptions to this condition may be granted by the Community Development Director upon submitting written justification.
- b. One new Valley Oak tree (minimum 15 gallon size) shall be planted in the location of the rear yard pine tree removed pursuant to TREE21-0194 which shall be reflected in the landscape plans.

5. Encroachment Permit

An encroachment permit shall be obtained from the Engineering Division prior to doing any work within the public right-of-way including the street shoulder. All work within the public street right-of-way shall be in compliance with the City's Shoulder Paving Policy.

6. New Fireplaces

Only gas fireplaces, pellet fueled wood heaters or EPA certified wood-burning appliances may be installed in all new construction pursuant to Chapter 12.64 of the Municipal Code.

7. Landscaping

The project shall be subject to the City's Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (WELO) pursuant to Chapter 12.36 of the Municipal Code if over 500 square feet or more of new landscape area, including irrigated planting areas, turf areas, and water features is proposed. Existing landscape

areas shall be maintained before and during construction or shall be replaced in compliance with the WELO and to the satisfaction of the Planning Division.

8. Underground Utility and Fire Sprinkler Requirements

Additions exceeding fifty (50) percent of the existing living area (existing square footage calculations shall not include existing basements) and/or additions of 750 square feet or more shall trigger the undergrounding of utilities and new fire sprinklers. Additional square footage calculations shall include existing removed exterior footings and foundations being replaced and rebuilt. Any new utility service drops are pursuant to Chapter 12.68 of the Municipal Code.

9. Indemnity and Hold Harmless

The applicant/owner agrees to indemnify, defend, protect, and hold the City harmless from all costs and expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred by the City or held to be the liability of the City in connection with the City's defense of its actions in any proceedings brought in any State or Federal Court, challenging any of the City's action with respect to the applicant's project. The City may withhold final maps and/or permits, including temporary or final occupancy permits, for failure to pay all costs and expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred by the City in connection with the City's defense of its actions.

INCLUDED WITH THE BUILDING PERMIT SUBMITTAL

10. Conditions of Approval

Incorporate the conditions of approval into the title page of the plans.

11. Water Efficient Landscape Plan

Provide a landscape documentation package prepared by a licensed landscape professional showing how the project complies with the City's Water Efficient Landscape Regulations and include signed statements from the project's landscape professional and property owner.

12. Tree Protection Note

On the grading plan and the site plan, show all tree/landscape protection fencing consistent with City standards and add the following note: "All tree protection fencing shall be chain link and a minimum of five feet in height with posts driven into the ground." Depict the additional tree protection measures indicated in the arborist report.

13. Reach Codes

Building Permit Applications submitted on or after January 14, 2021 shall comply with specific amendments to the 2019 California Green Building Standards for Electric Vehicle Infrastructure and the 2019 California Energy Code as provided in Ordinances Nos. 2020-470A, 2020-470B, 2020-470C, and 2020-471 which amended Chapter 12.22 Energy Code and Chapter 12.26 California Green Building Standards Code of the Los Altos Municipal Code. The building design plans shall comply with the standards and the applicant shall submit supplemental application materials as required by the Building Division to demonstrate compliance.

14. Green Building Standards

Provide verification that the house will comply with the California Green Building Standards pursuant to Chapter 12.26 of the Municipal Code and provide a signature from the project's Qualified Green Building Professional Designer/Architect and property owner.

15. Air Conditioner Sound Rating

The plans shall show the location of any air conditioning unit(s) on the site plan including the model number of the unit(s) and nominal size of the unit. The Applicant shall provide the manufacturer's specifications showing the sound rating for each unit. The air conditioning units must be located to comply with the City's Noise Control Ordinance (Chapter 6.16) and in compliance with the Planning Division setback provisions. The units shall be screened from view of the street.

16. Storm Water Management

The Plans shall show how the project is in compliance with the New Development and Construction Best Management Practices and Urban Runoff Pollution Prevention program, as adopted by the City for the purposes of preventing storm water pollution (i.e. downspouts directed to landscaped areas, minimize directly connected impervious areas, etc.).

17. California Water Service Upgrades

The Applicant is responsible for contacting and coordinating with the California Water Service Company any water service improvements including but not limited to relocation of water meters, increasing water meter sizing or the installation of fire hydrants. The City recommends consulting with California Water Service Company as early as possible to avoid construction or inspection delays.

18. Underground Utility Location

The Plans shall show the location of underground utilities pursuant to Chapter 12.68 of the Municipal Code. Underground utility trenches shall avoid the drip-lines of all protected trees unless approved by the project arborist and the Planning Division.

PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF BUILDING OR DEMOLITION PERMIT

19. Tree Protection

Tree protection shall be installed around the dripline(s) of the trees to remain as shown on the site plan approved with the building permit plans. Fencing shall be chain link and a minimum of five feet in height with posts driven into the ground and shall not be removed until all building construction has been completed unless approved by the Planning Division.

20. School Fee Payment

In accordance with Section 65995 of the California Government Code, and as authorized under Section 17620 of the Education Code, the property owner shall pay the established school fee for each school district the property is located in and provide receipts to the Building Division. The City of Los Altos shall provide the property owner the resulting increase in assessable space on a form approved by the school district. Payments shall be made directly to the school districts.

PRIOR TO FINAL INSPECTION

21. Landscaping Installation and Verification

Provide a landscape Certificate of Completion, signed by the project's landscape professional and property owner, verifying that the trees, landscaping and irrigation were installed per the approved landscape documentation package.

22. Landscape Privacy Screening

The landscape intended to provide privacy screening shall be inspected by the Planning Division and shall be supplemented by additional screening material as required to adequately mitigate potential privacy impacts to surrounding properties.

23. Green Building Verification

Submit verification that the house was built in compliance with the City's Green Building Ordinance (Chapter 12.26 of the Municipal Code).

ATTACHMENT A

DATE: June 1, 2022

AGENDA ITEM #2

TO: Design Review Commission

FROM: Nazaneen Healy, Associate Planner

SUBJECT: SC22-0009 – 629 Benvenue Ave

RECOMMENDATION:

Consider design review application SC22-0009 subject to the listed findings and conditions

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This is a design review application for a new 3,564 square-foot two-story single-family residence. The project includes 2,477 square feet on the first story and 1,087 square feet on the second story. This project is recommended to be considered categorically exempt from further environmental review under Section 15303 of the California Environmental Quality Act since it involves the construction of one single-family residence in an area zoned for residential uses. The following table summarizes the project's technical details:

GENERAL PLAN DESIGNATION: Single-Family, Small Lot

ZONING: R1-10

PARCEL SIZE: 10,195 square feet

MATERIALS: Tile roof; smooth cement plaster and stone veneer

exterior; stained wood entry door, garage door, and

window shutters; and fiberglass windows

	Existing	Proposed	Allowed/Required		
COVERAGE:	2,006 square feet	2,833 square feet	3,058 square feet		
FLOOR AREA:	2,006 square feet	3,564 square feet	3,568 square feet		
SETBACKS:					
Front	22 feet	25.1 feet	25 feet		
Rear	63 feet	47.8 feet	25 feet		
Right side(1 st /2 nd)	10 feet	10 feet/16.4 feet	7.4 feet/14.9 feet		
Left side $(1^{st}/2^{nd})$	9.6 feet	10.2 feet/20.2 feet	7.4 feet/14.9 feet		
Неіснт:	14.4 feet	24.2 feet	27 feet		

BACKGROUND

Neighborhood Context

The subject property is a narrow interior lot on the northern portion of Benvenue Avenue east of S. Clark Avenue. The surrounding neighborhood is considered a Transitional Character Neighborhood as defined in the City's Residential Design Guidelines with a mix of upgraded and/or larger one- and two-story homes and older, smaller homes.

Like much of the surrounding neighborhood, the subject property (74 feet wide) is a narrow lot, which is defined as an interior or corner lot less than 80 or 90 feet wide respectively. As a narrow lot, it is subject to a reduced interior side setback of ten percent of the lot width pursuant to Los Altos Municipal Code (LAMC) Section 14.06.080(E). The landscape along the street is varied with no street tree pattern but most properties include at least one medium to large tree in the front yard.

DISCUSSION

Design Review

According to the Design Guidelines, in Transitional Character Neighborhoods, good neighbor design reduces abrupt changes to the designs or sizes of structures.

As depicted in the design plans (Attachment F), the applicant proposes to demolish the existing 2,006

square foot one-story residence and replace it with a two-story residence (proposed front elevation to the right). The proposed setbacks meet or exceed the required setbacks for the R1-10 zoning district. Please refer to the table above for more specific setbacks proposed and as required pursuant to the R1-10 Zoning District Standards found in Los Altos Municipal Code (LAMC) Chapter 14.06.



The proposed residence is similar to homes in the area with its use of hipped and gabled roof forms and articulated massing. The proposed design includes first floor plate heights of 9 feet with the entry at 10.5 feet, and second floor plate heights of 8 feet, and an overall height of 24.2 feet which respects the scale of the surrounding homes. In addition, the second story is set back from the first story on all sides which helps minimize the appearance of bulk consistent with the Design Guidelines. The proposed building materials include smooth cement plaster and stone veneer walls, tile roofing, and a stained wood entry door, garage door, and window shutters which are found within the neighborhood. A materials board is provided as Attachment E.

Privacy

With regards to privacy, Section 5.3 of the Design Guidelines calls for careful design to prevent unreasonable privacy impacts on adjacent properties, in particular from second story sightlines. To minimize potential impacts, second story egress windows are located on the front and rear facades and the sill heights of the second story side-facing windows are 4'-8" above the finished floor with the

exception of a window at the stairs located 8'-10" above the landing and two bathroom windows with a 4'-0" plate height. In addition, as depicted on the landscape plans, existing evergreen screening plants along the side property lines and existing trees in the rear yard are proposed to remain to prevent direct views into the adjacent properties.

Staff finds the proposed residence to be in compliance with the R1-10 zoning district development standards, the Single-Family Residential Design Guidelines, and the design review findings pursuant to LAMC Section 14.76.060.

Landscaping and Trees

As described in the arborist report (Attachment D) and depicted on the site plan, there are 33 existing trees on the subject property:

- Tree Nos. 1, 2, 4, and 5 are located within the public right-of-way and indicated to remain. Future removal would require a tree removal permit from the Public Works Department.
- Tree No. 23 (31" Oak tree) in the rear yard is protected based on its size (over 48" in circumference/15" in diameter) and is proposed to remain.
- Tree No. 25 (8" Victorian Box tree) is not protected and proposed for removal due to poor health.
- The remaining trees are not protected based on their size but are proposed to remain.
- The survey depicts a 36" pine tree in the rear yard; however, the tree was previously removed pursuant to an approved tree removal permit (TREE21-0194). The approval included a condition to plant minimum 15 gallon size Valley Oak tree in the same location per the arborist report. Currently the landscape plans propose a lemon tree.

The recommended conditions of approval pertaining to trees include planting one Valley Oak tree as required by the previously approved tree removal permit, implementation of the City standard tree protection measures during construction for all trees to remain, and implementation of the tree protection measures recommended by the arborist (Conditions of Approval No. 3, 4, 12, and 19).

The landscaping plan proposes to maintain areas of existing landscaping supplemented with new small trees, shrubs, and turf areas. The existing landscaping will be required to be maintained or replaced and new/replacement landscaping, and it will need to satisfy the Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance requirements due to exceeding the 500 square-foot landscaping threshold for new residences (Conditions of Approval No. 7, 11, 21, and 22).

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

This project should be considered categorically exempt from environmental review under Section 15303 of the California Environmental Quality Act because it involves the construction of one single-family residence on an existing lot in an area zoned for residential uses.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION AND CORRESPONDENCE

A public meeting notice was posted on the property and mailed to 12 property owners in the immediate vicinity (Attachment A). The applicant's outreach efforts to neighbors is provided in Attachment B. The applicant also posted the public notice sign (24" x 36") in conformance with the Planning Division posting requirements, as shown in Attachment C.

Cc: Kyle Chan, Applicant Anhua Yu, Property Owner

Attachments:

- A. Public Notification Map
- B. Applicant Outreach
- C. Public Notice Poster
- D. Arborist Report
- E. Materials Board
- F. Design Plans

FINDINGS

SC22-0009 – 629 Benvenue Ave

With regard to the new two-story single-family residence, the Design Review Commission finds the following in accordance with Section 14.76.060 of the Municipal Code:

- a. The proposed residence complies with all provisions of this chapter;
- b. The height, elevations, and placement on the site of the new residence, when considered with reference to the nature and location of residential structures on adjacent lots, will avoid unreasonable interference with views and privacy and will consider the topographic and geologic constraints imposed by particular building site conditions;
- c. The natural landscape will be preserved insofar as practicable by minimizing tree and soil removal; grade changes shall be minimized and will be in keeping with the general appearance of neighboring developed areas;
- d. The orientation of the proposed new residence in relation to the immediate neighborhood will minimize the perception of excessive bulk and mass;
- e. General architectural considerations, including the character, size, scale, and quality of the design, the architectural relationship with the site and other buildings, building materials, and similar elements have been incorporated in order to insure the compatibility of the development with its design concept and the character of adjacent buildings; and
- f. The proposed residence has been designed to follow the natural contours of the site with minimal grading, minimum impervious cover, and maximum erosion protection.

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

SC22-0009 – 629 Benvenue Ave

GENERAL

1. Expiration

The Design Review Approval will expire on June 1, 2024 unless prior to the date of expiration, a building permit is issued, or an extension is granted pursuant to Section 14.76.090 of the Zoning Code.

2. Approved Plans

The approval is based on the plans and materials received on April 22, 2022, except as may be modified by these conditions.

3. Protected Trees

- a. Tree Nos. 3, 6-26, and 28-33, new replacement trees, and new screening trees shall be protected under this application and cannot be removed without a tree removal permit from the Community Development Director. The City standard tree protection measures and additional measures recommended by the arborist shall be implemented during construction for all trees to remain.
- b. Tree Nos. 1, 2, 4, and 5 are located within the public right-of-way cannot be removed without a tree removal permit from the Public Works Department. The City standard tree protection measures and additional measures recommended by the arborist shall be implemented during construction.

4. Tree Removal Approved

- a. Tree No. 27 is hereby approved for removal. Tree removal shall not occur until a building permit is submitted and shall only occur after issuance of a demolition permit or building permit. Exceptions to this condition may be granted by the Community Development Director upon submitting written justification.
- b. One new Valley Oak tree (minimum 15 gallon size) shall be planted in the location of the rear yard pine tree removed pursuant to TREE21-0194 which shall be reflected in the landscape plans.

5. Encroachment Permit

An encroachment permit shall be obtained from the Engineering Division prior to doing any work within the public right-of-way including the street shoulder. All work within the public street right-of-way shall be in compliance with the City's Shoulder Paving Policy.

6. New Fireplaces

Only gas fireplaces, pellet fueled wood heaters or EPA certified wood-burning appliances may be installed in all new construction pursuant to Chapter 12.64 of the Municipal Code.

7. Landscaping

The project shall be subject to the City's Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (WELO) pursuant to Chapter 12.36 of the Municipal Code if over 500 square feet or more of new landscape area, including irrigated planting areas, turf areas, and water features is proposed. Existing landscape

areas shall be maintained before and during construction or shall be replaced in compliance with the WELO and to the satisfaction of the Planning Division.

8. Underground Utility and Fire Sprinkler Requirements

Additions exceeding fifty (50) percent of the existing living area (existing square footage calculations shall not include existing basements) and/or additions of 750 square feet or more shall trigger the undergrounding of utilities and new fire sprinklers. Additional square footage calculations shall include existing removed exterior footings and foundations being replaced and rebuilt. Any new utility service drops are pursuant to Chapter 12.68 of the Municipal Code.

9. Indemnity and Hold Harmless

The applicant/owner agrees to indemnify, defend, protect, and hold the City harmless from all costs and expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred by the City or held to be the liability of the City in connection with the City's defense of its actions in any proceedings brought in any State or Federal Court, challenging any of the City's action with respect to the applicant's project. The City may withhold final maps and/or permits, including temporary or final occupancy permits, for failure to pay all costs and expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred by the City in connection with the City's defense of its actions.

INCLUDED WITH THE BUILDING PERMIT SUBMITTAL

10. Conditions of Approval

Incorporate the conditions of approval into the title page of the plans.

11. Water Efficient Landscape Plan

Provide a landscape documentation package prepared by a licensed landscape professional showing how the project complies with the City's Water Efficient Landscape Regulations and include signed statements from the project's landscape professional and property owner.

12. Tree Protection Note

On the grading plan and the site plan, show all tree/landscape protection fencing consistent with City standards and add the following note: "All tree protection fencing shall be chain link and a minimum of five feet in height with posts driven into the ground." Depict the additional tree protection measures indicated in the arborist report.

13. Reach Codes

Building Permit Applications submitted on or after January 14, 2021 shall comply with specific amendments to the 2019 California Green Building Standards for Electric Vehicle Infrastructure and the 2019 California Energy Code as provided in Ordinances Nos. 2020-470A, 2020-470B, 2020-470C, and 2020-471 which amended Chapter 12.22 Energy Code and Chapter 12.26 California Green Building Standards Code of the Los Altos Municipal Code. The building design plans shall comply with the standards and the applicant shall submit supplemental application materials as required by the Building Division to demonstrate compliance.

14. Green Building Standards

Provide verification that the house will comply with the California Green Building Standards pursuant to Chapter 12.26 of the Municipal Code and provide a signature from the project's Qualified Green Building Professional Designer/Architect and property owner.

15. Air Conditioner Sound Rating

The plans shall show the location of any air conditioning unit(s) on the site plan including the model number of the unit(s) and nominal size of the unit. The Applicant shall provide the manufacturer's specifications showing the sound rating for each unit. The air conditioning units must be located to comply with the City's Noise Control Ordinance (Chapter 6.16) and in compliance with the Planning Division setback provisions. The units shall be screened from view of the street.

16. Storm Water Management

The Plans shall show how the project is in compliance with the New Development and Construction Best Management Practices and Urban Runoff Pollution Prevention program, as adopted by the City for the purposes of preventing storm water pollution (i.e. downspouts directed to landscaped areas, minimize directly connected impervious areas, etc.).

17. California Water Service Upgrades

The Applicant is responsible for contacting and coordinating with the California Water Service Company any water service improvements including but not limited to relocation of water meters, increasing water meter sizing or the installation of fire hydrants. The City recommends consulting with California Water Service Company as early as possible to avoid construction or inspection delays.

18. Underground Utility Location

The Plans shall show the location of underground utilities pursuant to Chapter 12.68 of the Municipal Code. Underground utility trenches shall avoid the drip-lines of all protected trees unless approved by the project arborist and the Planning Division.

PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF BUILDING OR DEMOLITION PERMIT

19. Tree Protection

Tree protection shall be installed around the dripline(s) of the trees to remain as shown on the site plan approved with the building permit plans. Fencing shall be chain link and a minimum of five feet in height with posts driven into the ground and shall not be removed until all building construction has been completed unless approved by the Planning Division.

20. School Fee Payment

In accordance with Section 65995 of the California Government Code, and as authorized under Section 17620 of the Education Code, the property owner shall pay the established school fee for each school district the property is located in and provide receipts to the Building Division. The City of Los Altos shall provide the property owner the resulting increase in assessable space on a form approved by the school district. Payments shall be made directly to the school districts.

PRIOR TO FINAL INSPECTION

21. Landscaping Installation and Verification

Provide a landscape Certificate of Completion, signed by the project's landscape professional and property owner, verifying that the trees, landscaping and irrigation were installed per the approved landscape documentation package.

22. Landscape Privacy Screening

The landscape intended to provide privacy screening shall be inspected by the Planning Division and shall be supplemented by additional screening material as required to adequately mitigate potential privacy impacts to surrounding properties.

23. Green Building Verification

Submit verification that the house was built in compliance with the City's Green Building Ordinance (Chapter 12.26 of the Municipal Code).

ATTACHMENT A Notification Map



618 BENVENUE



New text message from Anhua Ann Yu

Anhua Ann Yu (SMS) <1

.fzrZc38R6W@txt.voice.google.com>

Tue, Apr 5, 2022 at 3:54 PM

Hi Anhua - thanks for your patience and for reaching out and sending the documents. It appears that the house fits all the guidelines and that you aren't asking for any variances. Thank you so much for that. Really appreciate it. However, I'm going to stay neutral on this one. I won't write a letter opposing nor will I write a letter endorsing your proposal. While we're glad to see your house will meet the city guidelines, my husband and I are just not big fans of having so many 2-story houses on the street. Good luck with your project. Hope it goes smoothly!

YOUR HELP HELP ACCOUNT CENTER FORUM

This email was sent to you because you indicated that you'd like to receive email notifications for text messages. If you don't want to receive such emails in the future, please update your email notification settings.

Google

Google LLC 1600 Amphitheatre Pkwy Mountain View CA 94043 USA

Kyle Chan

Fw: question about #629 floor plan

Anhua Yu < > To: Kyle Chan >

Sat, Apr 2, 2022 at 6:29 PM

From my #622 neighbor

----- Forwarded Message ----From: Anita Kapadia <
To: Anhua Yu <
Sent: Saturday, April 2, 2022, 11:56:10 AM PDT
Subject: Re: question about #629 floor plan

Hi Anhua,

Thanks for reaching out. We don't have any questions at this time. Also we don't see any reason to object to your plan.

Thanks,

Anita (pronounced Anaita)

On Fri, Apr 1, 2022 at 11:55 PM Anhua Yu < > wrote: > wrote:

This is Anhua, your neighbor of #629. I would like to ask you that have you read our structure/floor plan? Do you have any question of it?

Thank you very much!

Anhua

Shelli Ching and Rowland Cheng 637 Benvenue Ave, Los Altos, CA 94024

March 6, 2022

To:

Los Altos Design Review Commission

Re: Tung Residence

629 Benvenue Ave Los Altos, CA 94024

Request for 2-story Design Review

Dear sir/madam,

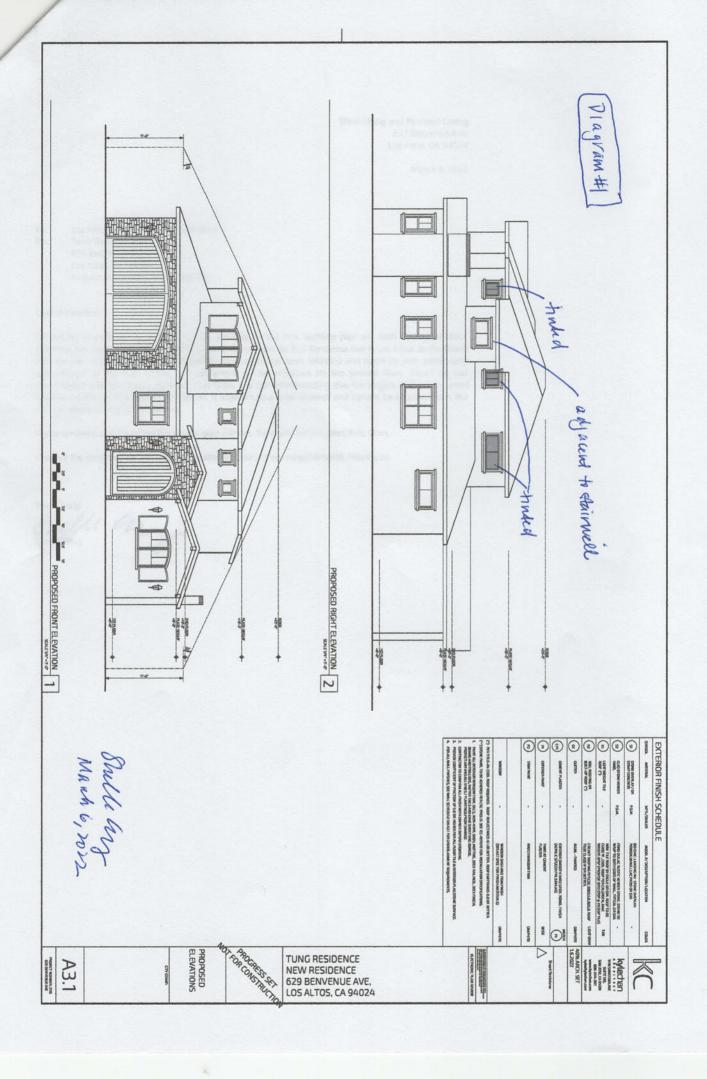
I'm writing to indicate my support for the approval of the new building plan set forth by my nextdoor neighbor, Mr. Chien-Chih Tung, to build a new 2-story home on 629 Benvenue Ave in Los Altos, to the extent that the plan is consistent with the attached plan (which has been initialled and dated by me), particularly with respect to the size, tinting and placement of the windows on the second floor. Based on our conversation with Mr. Tung's architect, Kyle Chan, it is our understanding that the largest, white, non-tinted window on the second floor in Diagram #1 is adjacent to a large stairwell and cannot be accessed from the interior within 10 feet of the window.

I have reviewed and discussed the design plan with Mr. Tung and his architect, Kyle Chan.

I believe the proposed design plan is a positive addition to our neighborhood. Thank you,

Yours Truly

Shelli Ching



628 Paco Ave, Los Altos, CA 94024

January 23rd, 2021

To: Los Altos Design Review Commission

Re: Tung Residence 629 Benvenue Ave Los Altos, CA 94024

Request for 2-story Design Review

Dear sir/madam,

I'm writing to show my support for the approval of the new building plan set forth by my next door neighbor, Mr. Chien-Chih Tung, to build a new 2-story home on 629 Benvenue Ave in Los Altos.

I have reviewed and discussed the design plan with Mr. Tung and his architect, Kyle Chan.

I believe the proposed design plan is a positive addition to our neighborhood. Thank you.

Yours Truly,

644 Benvenue Ave, Los Altos, CA 94024

January 23rd, 2021

To:

Los Altos Design Review Commission

Re:

Tung Residence 629 Benvenue Ave Los Altos, CA 94024

Request for 2-story Design Review

Dear sir/madam,

I'm writing to show my support for the approval of the new building plan set forth by my next door neighbor, Mr. Chien-Chih Tung, to build a new 2-story home on 629 Benvenue Ave in Los Altos.

I have reviewed and discussed the design plan with Mr. Tung and his architect, Kyle Chan.

I believe the proposed design plan is a positive addition to our neighborhood. Thank you.

Yours Truly,

WLA GHOSHEH (644 Benvenue)

3/21/22

623 Benvenue Ave, Los Altos, CA 94024

January 23rd, 2021

To:

Los Altos Design Review Commission

Re:

Tung Residence 629 Benvenue Ave

Los Altos, CA 94024

Request for 2-story Design Review

Dear sir/madam,

I'm writing to show my support for the approval of the new building plan set forth by my next door neighbor, Mr. Chien-Chih Tung, to build a new 2-story home on 629 Benvenue Ave in Los Altos.

I have reviewed and discussed the design plan with Mr. Tung and his architect, Kyle Chan.

I believe the proposed design plan is a positive addition to our neighborhood. Thank you.

Yours Truly,

L. J.6

Yu Chien Yuan 630 Benvenue Ave,

Los Altos, CA 94024

January 23rd, 2021

To:

Los Altos Design Review Commission

Re:

Tung Residence 629 Benvenue Ave Los Altos, CA 94024

Juchien Yuan gulinguan

Request for 2-story Design Review

Dear sir/madam,

I'm writing to show my support for the approval of the new building plan set forth by my next door neighbor, Mr. Chien-Chih Tung, to build a new 2-story home on 629 Benvenue Ave in Los Altos.

I have reviewed and discussed the design plan with Mr. Tung and his architect, Kyle Chan.

I believe the proposed design plan is a positive addition to our neighborhood. Thank you.

Yours Truly,

RICHARY QUAN
638 Benvenue Ave,
Los Altos, CA 94024

January 23rd, 2021

To: Los Altos Design Review Commission

Re: Tung Residence 629 Benvenue Ave Los Altos, CA 94024

Request for 2-story Design Review

Rober 3/20/22

Dear sir/madam,

I'm writing to show my support for the approval of the new building plan set forth by my next door neighbor, Mr. Chien-Chih Tung, to build a new 2-story home on 629 Benvenue Ave in Los Altos.

I have reviewed and discussed the design plan with Mr. Tung and his architect, Kyle Chan.

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Vours Truly

ATTACHMENT C



ATTACHMENT D



545 Meridian Ave # 26231 San Jose, CA 95126 408-646-9790

Arborist Report

Prepared For: Anhua Yu 629 Benvenue Ave Los Altos, CA 94024

Prepared By: Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A

February 23rd 2022

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Introduction

NewVista Tree Service was contracted to provide a Certified Arborist Report for Anhua Yu, in conjunction with a development application for 629 Benvenue Ave Los Altos, CA 94024. All inspections were performed by a Certified Arborist accredited by the International Society of Arboriculture. The scope of our work was to evaluate the trees on the referenced property and to provide a professional recommendation on the necessary measures to complete the construction project and protect existing trees.

The proposed plans submitted to the City of Los Altos include the demolition of an existing single family home and the new construction of a 2-story 3,564 single family home. The report will express the Project Arborist Thomas Lamas' recommendations.

Methodology

Site tree assessments were carried out using a systematic and consistent method using the following rubric:

- 1. Species Identification and Classification
- 2. Measuring Tree Diameter at 4.5 ft in height (in accordance with ISA methods). Multi-trunk trees were measured by adding half the diameter of each additional stem to the largest stem.
- 3. Height Estimation
- 4. Classification of overall tree health using a rating system with the following metrics:
 - a. **5** Tree is in excellent health. Excellent vigor with no signs of disease or dieback. Canopy is symmetrical and balanced with > 75% of original canopy intact. No evident structural defects.
 - b. 4- Tree is in good health. Good vigor with minor imperfections and signs of stress. Small branch dieback. Relatively free of pests and disease. Between 50-75% of the original canopy is intact. No major structural defects that could not be corrected with appropriate methods.
 - c. 3. Tree is in moderate health. Moderate vigor with branch dieback on small twigs and branches. Presence of pests or infection visible. The canopy is thinning and
 - < 50% of the original canopy is intact. Some structural defects may be present that need to be corrected.
 - d. **2-** Tree is in poor declining condition. Has major dieback, cankers and or pockets on branches. Tree has < 25% of the original canopy intact. Major structural defects may be present that cannot be corrected.
 - e. 1- Tree is in a severe declining condition. Major dieback and dead significant branches and or trunk. Mostly epicormic growth.
 - f. **0** Tree is deceased.
- 5. Mapping and Labeling: Location of trees were identified on site plans in reference to existing structures

Summary

In total, **33** trees were assessed on the premises of 629 Benvenue Ave Los Altos, CA. Out of **33** trees **1** tree was found to be "protected" based on size. The **1** protected tree is a mature Coast Live Oak tree. On a health scale from 0-5, the majority of trees on the property scored 4 and 5's. Most trees are located along the perimeter of the property and will not be affected by construction. In this report, the retention and protection of **1** Large Oak Tree, **1** Birch Tree(non-protected), **1** Maple Tree (non-protected) is recommended. The removal of **1** non-protected Victorian Box Tree is recommended for future landscaping design.

Tree Inventory

Tree Inventory: 629 Benvenue Ave, Los Altos, CA 94024

NewVista Tree Service

Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist

Tree Number	Species	DBH (Inches)	Height (Ft)	Remain or Remove	Health Rating (0-5)	Protected (Y/N)	Comments
1	Birch (Betula)	5.3	20	Remain	5	N	Client Wishes To Protect
2	Mayten (Maytenus boaria)	4.9	10	Remain	5	N	Client Wishes To Protect
3	Japanese Maple (Acer palmatum)	9.8	15	Remain	5	N	
4	Privet (Ligustrum vulgare)	11	25	Remain	5	N	
5	Privet (Ligustrum vulgare)	9.2	25	Remain	5	N	Multi-Trunk
6	Pear (Pyrus)	3	7	Remain	5	N	
7	Privet (Ligustrum vulgare)	4.2	20	Remain	3	N	Previously topped
8	Privet (Ligustrum vulgare)	3.8	20	Remain	5	N	
9	Fig Tree (Ficus)	3	15	Remain	4	N	Growth into fence
10	Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora)	5	25	Remain	5	N	
11	Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora)	6.9	25	Remain	5	N	
12	Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora)	6.9	25	Remain	5	N	
13	Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora)	6.1	25	Remain	5	N	
14	Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora)	7.3	30	Remain	5	N	
15	Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora)	3.8	15	Remain	5	N	
16	Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora)	6.9	25	Remain	5	N	
17	Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora)	6.9	25	Remain	5	N	
18	Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora)	6.5	20	Remain	5	N	
19	Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora)	6.1	15	Remain	5	N	
20	Magnolia (Magnolia sieboldii)	12	30	Remain	5	N	

21	Redwood (Sequoia sempervirens)	8	30	Remain	5	N	
22	Shingle Oak (Quercus imbricaria)	13	25	Remain	5	N	
23	Coast Live Oak (Quercus agrifolia)	30.9	40	Remain	5	Yes	Protection Is Required
24	Japanese Photinia (Photinia glabra)	4.1	20	Remain	5	N	Multi-Trunk
25	Japanese Pittosporum (Pittosporum tobira)	12.6	20	Remain	5	N	Multi-Trunk
26	Victorian Box (Pittosporum undulatum)	5.3	25	Remain	4	N	
27	Victorian Box (Pittosporum undulatum)	6.8	25	Remove	4	N	Non-protected Tree
28	Japanese Photinia (Photinia glabra)	8.9	15	Remain	5	N	
29	Black Matipo (Pittosporum tenuifolium)	3.8	15	Remain	3	N	
30	Privet (Ligustrum vulgare)	3.8	8	Remain	3	N	Topped
31	Black Matipo (Pittosporum tenuifolium)	10.6	8	Remain	3	N	Topped
32	Black Matipo (Pittosporum tenuifolium)	11.8	8	Remain	3	N	Topped
33	Black Matipo (Pittosporum tenuifolium)	6.9	8	Remain	3	N	Topped

Protected Tree Evaluation & Recommendation

- 1. Species: Coast Live Oak Tree (Quercus agrifolia) DBH: 26inches Height~40ft Tree# 23
 - a. Health Rating: 5
 - b. Observations: Mature Coast Live Oak tree is healthy. Foliage is green and lush. There are no signs of pests or diseases. The tree has a small bark lesion on the lower trunk. Tree is located on the rear of the property and construction should not encroach under the drip line of the canopy.
 - c. Recommendation: The large Oak tree should be protected during construction. A chain link fence should be erected around the perimeter of the tree's canopy.

Tree Protection Plan

If trees are identified to be preserved in this report or city officials make the recommendation. The trees shall be protected using the following methods.

Before Construction:

Before any construction is to commence, the following measures should be taken:

Tree Protection Zone

Trees which are located near the proposed construction, are to be protected from possible mechanical damage by the following protection methods in accordance with the City of Los Altos Municipal Code **11.08.120**:

- 1. Protective fencing shall be installed no closer to the trunk than the dripline, and far enough from the trunk to protect the integrity of the tree.
- 2. The fence shall be chain link and a minimum of five feet in height. Fence shall be supported by vertical posts driven 2 feet (min) into the ground.
- 3. The existing grade level around a tree shall normally be maintained out to the dripline of the tree. No signs, wires, or any other object shall be attached to the tree.
- 4. Trees that have been damaged by construction shall be repaired in accordance with accepted arboriculture methods

During Construction:

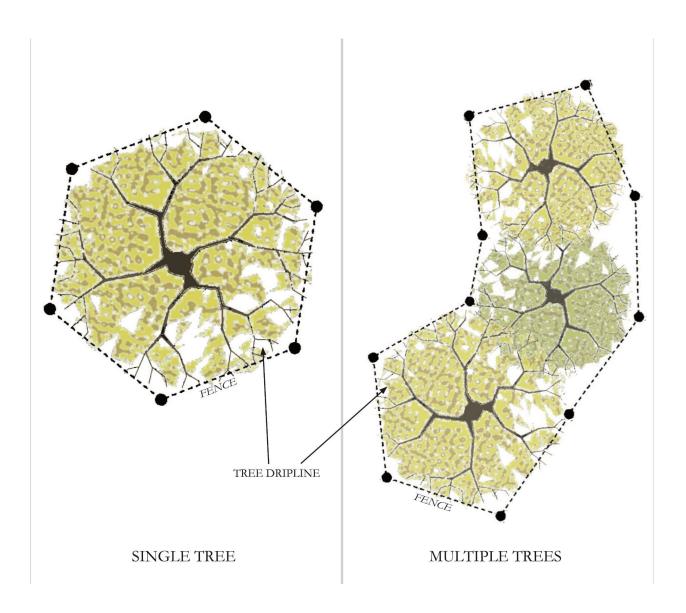
- 1. Project Arborist shall observe any excavation/drilling encroaching the protected tree(s) canopy. And direct any mitigation or required root pruning.
- 2. Any pruning done during construction must be in accordance with ANSI 300 standards.
- 3. All contractors & subcontractors must be informed not to encroach on protected tree(s) without the permission of the Project Arborist.
- 4. Unnecessary soil compaction must be avoided. No storage of heavy machinery or supplies should be stored under the canopy of protected trees.

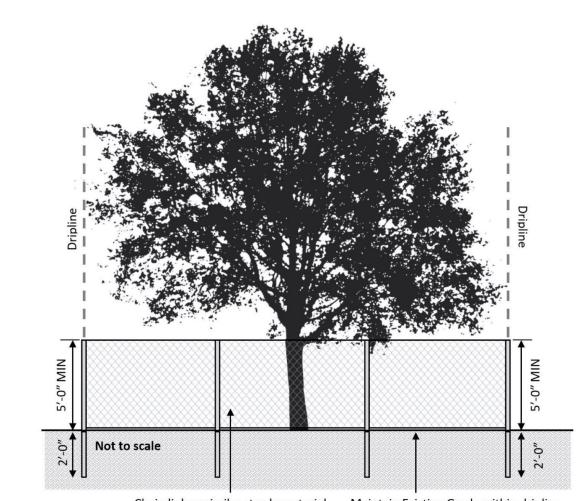
After Construction:

1. After Construction is complete, all protective material will be removed from trees and disposed of properly

- 2. Over the next few months, property owners shall observe trees for any signs of distress. If any tree shows signs of stress, an arborist should be contacted.
- 3. Routine pruning should be performed to keep trees healthy. Removal of dead, diseased or damaged limbs is recommended.
- 4. Mulching is encouraged to help retain moisture in soil and prevent unwanted vegetation from growing around trees.
- 5. If needed, soil should be fertilized using slow release fertilizer. Soil testing can help determine if there is a mineral deficiency.

Example of Tree Protection





Chain link or similar sturdy material

Maintain Existing Grade within dripline

TREE PROTECTION FENCE DETAIL

ELEVATION VIEW



Disclosure Statement

The information presented in this report is accurate to the best of my knowledge. It is the responsibility of the property owner, contractor & architect to review the report as well as fully understand and adhere to its content for this development.

Sketches and diagrams in this report are intended to aid and are not intended to be taken as engineering or architectural reports.

NewVista Inc does not guarantee the survival or protection of the trees mentioned in this report. The recommendations made in this report are to aid and minimize the potential damage to such trees. Ultimately the trees on the property are the owners responsibility.

This report solely contains the opinion and recommendation of an ISA Certified Arborist; it does not provide approval or give the right to commence any development.

Thomas Lamas

ISA Certified Arborist

Johanne Lour

WE-13399A

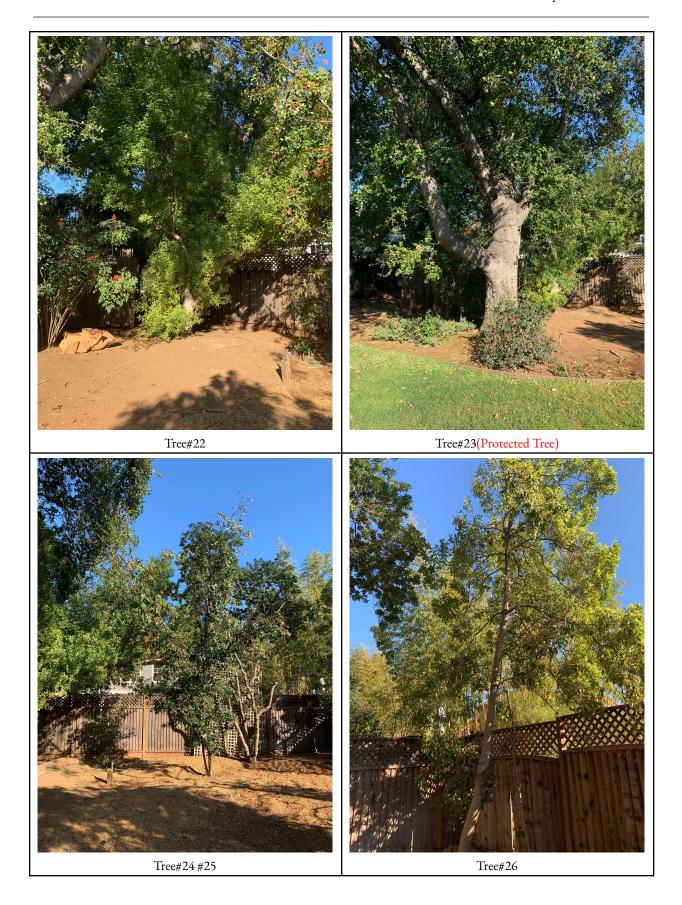
Tree Photos

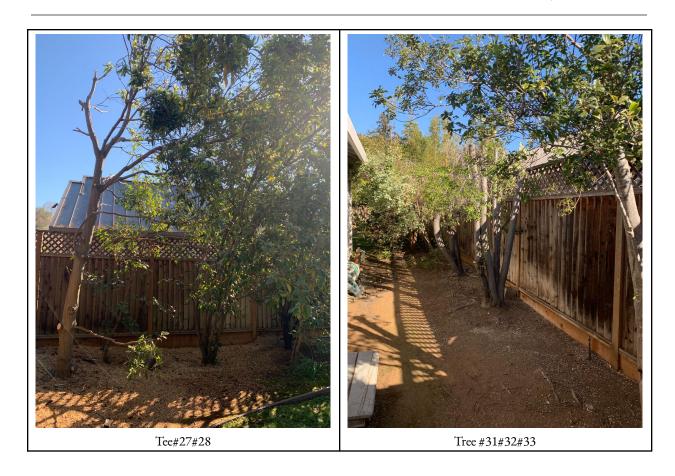


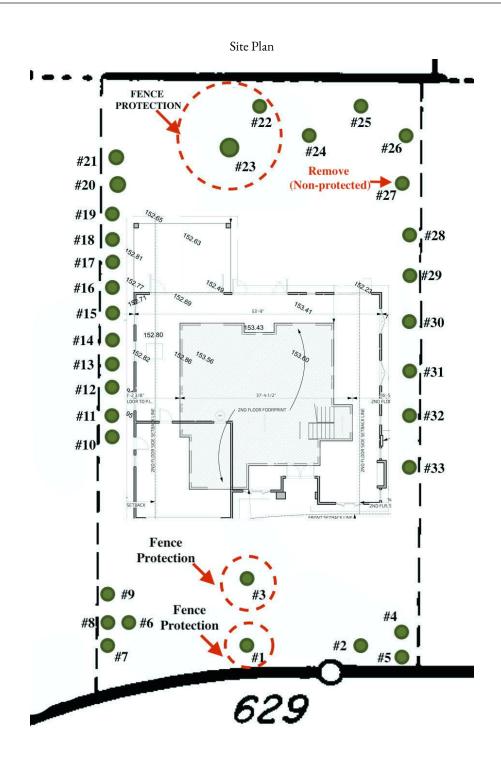


Tree # 2 #4 #5







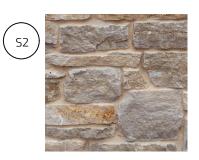


Benvenue Ave

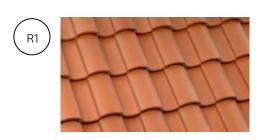
ATTACHMENT E

EXT	ERIOR FINISH SCH	EDULE
SYMBOL	MATERIAL	COLOR
R1	TILE ROOF	TAN
S2	FOND DU LAC RUSTIC VENEER STONE OR SIM.	BEIGE
S3	COTTONWOOD LIMESTONE VENEER STONE OR SIM.	BEIGE
(CP1)	SMOOTH CEMENT PLASTER	
P1	BENJAMIN MOORE	BEIGE
P2	BENJAMIN MOORE GRAPHITE 1603	GRAPHITE
	WINDOW W/ GRAPHITE TRIM BY MILGARD MONTECELLO OR SIM.	
	GARAGE: FIBERGLASS PANEL GRAPHITE FINISH W/ LIGHT BY OVERHEAD DOOR COMPANY OR SI	M.











GARAGE

629 BENVENUE AVE TWO-STORY RESIDENTIAL DESIGN 3/1/2022 MATERIAL BOARD



629 BENVENUE AVE

LOS ALTOS CA 94024 NEW 2-STORY SINGLE FAMILY HOUSE

PERMIT SUBMISSION SET:

PV SYSTEM REQUIRED UNDER 2019 CODE: PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING FOR THE INSPECTOR'S REVIEW: 1) LOCATION OF THE PV ARRAY SYSTEM ON ROOF PLANS. 2) STATE THE KW PROPOSED IN TITLE-24 ON ROOF PLAN 3) SOLAR PANELS MUST BE A ROOFTOP INSTALLATION 4) TOTAL PANEL WEIGHT INCLUDING FRAME CANNOT EXCEED 5 POUNDS PER SQ FT.

5) MAX CONCENTRATED LOAD AT EACH POINT OF SUPPORT SHALL NOT EXCEED 40 POUNDS 6) MAX HEIGHT ABOVE THE ROOF SURFACE IS LESS THAN 18 INCHES 7) PV PANELS MUST NOT BE BALLASTED

3.9.2022 8) SOLAR INSTALLATION DRAWINGS SHALL BE PROVIDED TO CITY INSPECTOR AT THE JOB SITE.

DRAWING INDEX

A0.2 STREETSCAPE DIAGRAM

A0.3 ARBORIST REPORT AND TPZ PLAN

A0.1 PROJECT INFO

kylechan 3561 HOMESTEAD ROAD SUITE 222,

669-244-3111 www.kylechan.com kyle@kylechan.com PLANNING SET

SANTA CLARA, CA 95051

↑ PLAN CHECK COMMENTS 1 \ 4.22.2022

ELECTRONIC PLAN REVIEW

TUNG RESIDE NEW RESIDE 629 BENVEN LOS ALTOS, C

COVER SHEET

CITY STAMP:

PROJECT NUMBER: 2110 629 BENVENUE AVE



ZONING INFORMATION

ZONING COMPLIANCE

PROJECT TEAM VICINITY MAP CHIEN-CHIH TUNG KYLE CHAN, ARCHITECT 3561 HOMESTEAD ROAD #222 629 BENVENUE AVE LOS ALTOS, CA 94024 SANTA CLARA, CA 95051 650-380-9332 PH: 408-780-8030 chienchih.tung@gmail.com CELL: 669-244-3111 kyle@kylechan.com BAY LAND CONSULTING 2315 SOUTH BASCOM AVE #200 CAMPBELL, CA 95008 KENNETH ANDERSON 408-786-6700 AGOODSURVEYOR@GMAIL.COM SURVEYOR@BAYLANDCONSULTING.COM HTTP://BAYLANDCONSULTING.COM/ TITLE-24 ENERGY CONSULTANT CARSTAIRS ENERGY CALCULATIONS BAY LAND CONSULTING 2315 SOUTH BASCOM AVE #200 PO BOX 4736 CAMPBELL, CA 95008 SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA 93403 408-786-6700 PH:805-904-9048 SCOTT HOFFMAN title24@yahoo.com scott@blceng.com HTTP://BAYLANDCONSULTING.COM/ GENERAL CONTRACTOR ARBORIST NEWVISTA INC. THOMAS LAMAS 545 MERIDIAN AVE # 26231 SAN JOSE, CA 95126 (408) 646-9790 TLAMAS@NEWVISTAINC.COM LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT YILIANG KAO

510-423-3626

yiliang.kao@gmail.com

S	View		ZONING COMPLIANCE		
Imond Ave	3		Existing	Proposed	
	Carry	LOT COVERAGE: Land area covered by all structures that are over 6 feet in height	square feet (square feet	<u>2,833</u> sq (<u>27.8</u> %)	
Clark Ave		FLOOR AREA: Measured to the outside surfaces of exterior walls	2,006 square feet (19.6 %)	3,564 sq (34.9%)	
Cuesta Dr	Cuesta Dr.	SETBACKS: Front Rear Right side (1st/2nd) Left side (1st/2nd)	22'4 feet 63'4 feet 10'3 feet/NA feet 9'7 feet/NA feet	25' feet 47'9 feet 10' feet/1 10' feet/2	
Covington Rd	ste Ave	HEIGHT:	1 <u>4'5"</u> feet	<u>24'2"</u> feet	
Berry Ave		SQ	J ARE FOOTAGE I	BREAKDO'	
	Portland Ave		Existing	Change in	
		HABITABLE LIVING AREA: Includes habitable basement areas	1,574 square feet	1,531sq	
	SITE	Non- Habitable Area: Does not include covered porches or ope structures	432 square feet	sq	
	NORTH		LOT CALCULA	ATIONS	
		NET LOT AREA:		<u>10,195</u> sc	
	N.T.S.	FRONT YARD HARDSCAPE A Hardscape area in the front yard setba			
		LANDSCAPING BREAKDOWN	Total hardscape area (Existing softscape (un New softscape area: Sum of all three should ex	ndisturbed) area	

Mountain

	ű	-			RESIDENCE	710.5	AUDOMST NEI ONT AUD IT ZT CAN
T COVERAGE: ad area covered by all structures that over 6 feet in height	2,006 square feet (19.6 %)	square feet (s)	3,058 square feet (30 %)	APN: CONSTRUCTION TYPE:	189-38-079 V-B	CIVIL 1 OF 1	BOUNDARY & TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY
OOR AREA: usured to the outside surfaces of rior walls	2,006 square feet (19.6 %)	3,564 square feet (34.9%)	3,568 square feet (35 %)	OCCUPANCY:	R-3 / U	C-1 C-2 C-3 C-4	GRADING AND DRAINAGE NOTES & DETAILS GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN EROSION CONTROL PLAN EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
TBACKS: ont ear ght side $(1^{st}/2^{nd})$ ft side $(1^{st}/2^{nd})$		25' feet 47'9 feet 10' feet/16'5 feet 10' feet/20'2 feet 24'2" feet	25'_feet 25'_feet 7'4.7 feet/4'10.7 feet 7'4.7 feet/4'10.7 feet (10% LOT WIDTH 74') 27_feet	BUILDING CODES:	2019 CBC (BASED ON 2018 IBC) 2019 CRC (BASED ON 2018 IRC) 2019 CEC (BASED ON 2017 NEC) 2019 CMC (BASED ON 2018 UMC) 2019 CPC (BASED ON 2018 UPC) 2019 CALIFORNIA ENERGY CODE 2019 CFC (BASED ON 2018 IFC) 2019 CALIFORNIA GREEN BUILDING STANDARDS CODE (CALGREEN) CITY MUNICIPAL CODE	C-5 ARCHIT A0.5 A1.1 A2.1 A2.2 A3.1	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS BLUEPRINT FOR A CLEAN BAY FECTURAL SITE PLAN / FLOOR AREA STUDY EXISTING FLOOR PLAN / ELEVATIONS FIRST / SECOND FLOOR PROPOSED PLAN ROOF PROPOSED PLAN PROPOSED ELEVATIONS PROPOSED ELEVATIONS
SQUARE FOOTAGE BREAKDOWN				ALL APPLICABLE LOCAL, COUNTY, STATE AND FEDERAL CODES, LAWS & REGULATIONS	A3.2 A8.0	EXTERIOR SECTIONS SCAPE	
ABITABLE LIVING AREA: udes habitable hasement areas	Existing 1,574 square feet	Change in 1,531 square feet	Total Proposed 3,105 square feet	NO GAS POLICY:	FOR THE NEW SINGLEFAMILY HOME, NO GAS IS ALLOWED PER CITY REACH CODES.	L-1	PLANTING PLAN
ON- HABITABLE AREA: ss not include covered porches or open ctures	432 square feet	square feet	459 square feet	FIRE SPRINKLER:	A RESIDENTIAL FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEM IS REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NFPA 13D AND STATE AND LOCAL REQUIREMENTS		
	LOT CALCULA	TIONS		SOLAR PANEL:	FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEM TO BE APPROVED UNDER A SEPARATE PERMIT.		
T LOT AREA: 10,195 square feet		SULAR PAINEL:	SOLAR PANEL REQUIRED PER TITLE-24 UNDER A SEPARATE PERMIT.				
ONT YARD HARDSCAPE AREA: rdscape area in the front yard setback shall not exceed 50% 760 square feet (36 %)							
Total hardscape area (existing and proposed): 4,553 sq ft Existing softscape (undisturbed) area: 3,386 sq ft New softscape area: 2,256 sq ft Sum of all three should equal the site's net lot area							

Allowed/Required

PROJECT INFORMATION

1. DEMOLISH EXISTING RESIDENCE

2. PROPOSE NEW 2-STORY SINGLE FAMILY





638 PACO DR 2-STORY HOUSE

645 BENVENUE AVE 1-STORY HOUSE



644 BENVENUE AVE 2-STORY HOUSE



638 BENVENUE AVE (IN CONSTRUCTION)
1-STORY HOUSE



Kylechan

A R C H I T E C T

3561 HOMESTEAD ROAD

SUITE 222,

SANTA CLARA, CA 95051 669-244-3111 www.kylechan.com kyle@kylechan.com

PLANNING SET

3.9.2022

Sheet Revisions:

PLAN CHECK COMMENTS
4.22.2022

IL DRAWINGS AND WRITTEN MATERIALS CONTAINED HEREIN
NO THE SAME MAY NOT BE DUPLICATED, USED ON DISCLOSED
WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF THE ARCHITECT
KYLE CHAN ARCHITECT, INC.

ELECTRONIC PLAN REVIEW

TUNG RESIDENCE NEW RESIDENCE 629 BENVENUE AVE, I OS AI TOS, CA 94074

TAMINUS RUC FOR CONSTRUCT

STREETSCAPE DIAGRAM

CITY STAMP:

PROJECT NUMBER: 2110 629 BENVENUE AVE

Date: 4/22/22/22

Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 February 23rd 2022 February 23rd 2022 Introduction Tree Inventory Table of Contents NewVista Tree Service was contracted to provide a Certified Arborist Report for Anhua Yu, in conjunction with 545 Meridian Ave # 26231 Tree Inventory: 629 Benvenue Ave, Los Altos, CA 94024 New Vista Inc a development application for 629 Benvenue Ave Los Altos, CA 94024. All inspections were performed by a Certified San Jose, CA 95126 Table of Contents Arborist accredited by the International Society of Arboriculture. The scope of our work was to evaluate the trees on the 408-646-9790 NewVista Tree Service 23 Coast Live Oak (Quercus agrifolia) 30.9 40 Remain 5 Yes referenced property and to provide a professional recommendation on the necessary measures to complete the construction project and protect existing trees. Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist The proposed plans submitted to the City of Los Altos include the demolition of an existing single family home Tree Inventory Multi-Trunk and the new construction of a 2-story 3,564 single family home. The report will express the Project Arborist Thomas Japanese Pittosporum (Pittosporum tobira) 12.6 20 Remain 5 Protected Tree Evaluation & Recommendation Lamas' recommendations. 26 Victorian Box (Pittosporum undulatum) 5.3 25 Remain 4 N Tree Protection Plan Example of Tree Protection 7 Victorian Box (Pittosporum undulatum) 6.8 25 Remove 4 N Birch (Betula) Disclosure Statement Site tree assessments were carried out using a systematic and consistent method using the following rubric: Mayten (Maytenus boaria) Tree Photos Species Identification and Classification Site Plan 2. Measuring Tree Diameter at 4.5 ft in height (in accordance with ISA methods). Multi-trunk trees were measured Japanese Maple (Acer palmatum) by adding half the diameter of each additional stem to the largest stem. 3.8 8 Remain 3 N Height Estimation 32 Black Matipo (Pittosporum tenuifolium) 11.8 8 Remain 3 N
33 Black Matipo (Pittosporum tenuifolium) 6.9 8 Remain 3 N Arborist Report 4. Classification of overall tree health using a rating system with the following metrics: 9.2 25 Remain 5 N Multi-Trunk a. 5- Tree is in excellent health. Excellent vigor with no signs of disease or dieback. Canopy is symmetrical Privet (Ligustrum vulgare) and balanced with > 75% of original canopy intact. No evident structural defects. b. 4 Tree is in good health. Good vigor with minor imperfections and signs of stress. Small branch dieback. Prepared For: Anhua Yu Relatively free of pests and disease. Between 50-75% of the original canopy is intact. No major structural Privet (Ligustrum vulgare) 629 Benvenue Ave defects that could not be corrected with appropriate methods. Los Altos, CA 94024 3.8 20 Remain 5 8 Privet (Ligustrum vulgare) c. 3. Tree is in moderate health. Moderate vigor with branch dieback on small twigs and branches. Presence of pests or infection visible. The canopy is thinning and 3 | 15 | Remain | 4 | N | Growth into fence 9 Fig Tree (Ficus) $<50\%\ of\ the\ original\ canopy\ is\ intact.\ Some\ structural\ defects\ may\ be\ present\ that\ need\ to\ be\ corrected.$ d. 2- Tree is in poor declining condition. Has major dieback, cankers and or pockets on branches. Tree has 10 Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) < 25% of the original canopy intact. Major structural defects may be present that cannot be corrected. Prepared By: Thomas Lamas 1 Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) e. 1- Tree is in a severe declining condition. Major dieback and dead significant branches and or trunk. ISA Certified Arborist Mostly epicormic growth. WE-13399A 2 Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) f. 0- Tree is deceased. 5. Mapping and Labeling: Location of trees were identified on site plans in reference to existing structures 13 Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) February 23rd 2022 Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) In total, 33 trees were assessed on the premises of 629 Benvenue Ave Los Altos, CA. Out of 33 trees 1 tree was found to be Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) "protected" based on size. The 1 protected tree is a mature Coast Live Oak tree. On a health scale from 0-5, the majority of Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) trees on the property scored 4 and 5's. Most trees are located along the perimeter of the property and will not be affected by construction. In this report, the retention and protection of 1 Large Oak Tree, 1 Birch Tree(non-protected), 1 Maple Tree 7 Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) (non-protected) is recommended. The removal of 1 non-protected Victorian Box Tree is recommended for future landscaping design. 18 Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) 6.5 20 Remain 5 N Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) 20 Magnolia (Magnolia sieboldii) 12 | 30 | Remain | 5 | N Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Protected Tree Evaluation & Recommendation 2. Over the next few months, property owners shall observe trees for any signs of distress. If any tree shows signs of Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A 1. Species: Coast Live Oak Tree (Quercus agrifolia) DBH: 26inches Height~40ft Tree# 23 stress, an arborist should be contacted. Disclosure Statement 3. Routine pruning should be performed to keep trees healthy. Removal of dead, diseased or damaged limbs is The information presented in this report is accurate to the best of my knowledge. It is the responsibility of the Health Rating: 5 b. Observations: Mature Coast Live Oak tree is healthy. Foliage is green and lush. There are no signs of property owner, contractor & architect to review the report as well as fully understand and adhere to its content for this pests or diseases. The tree has a small bark lesion on the lower trunk. Tree is located on the rear of the 4. Mulching is encouraged to help retain moisture in soil and prevent unwanted vegetation from growing around development. property and construction should not encroach under the drip line of the canopy. Sketches and diagrams in this report are intended to aid and are not intended to be taken as engineering or c. Recommendation: The large Oak tree should be protected during construction. A chain link fence 5. If needed, soil should be fertilized using slow release fertilizer. Soil testing can help determine if there is a mineral should be erected around the perimeter of the tree's canopy. NewVista Inc does not guarantee the survival or protection of the trees mentioned in this report. The Site Plan recommendations made in this report are to aid and minimize the potential damage to such trees. Ultimately the trees on Tree Protection Plan the property are the owners responsibility. Example of Tree Protection If trees are identified to be preserved in this report or city officials make the recommendation. The trees shall be This report solely contains the opinion and recommendation of an ISA Certified Arborist; it does not provide protected using the following methods. approval or give the right to commence any development. Before Construction: PROTECTION / Before any construction is to commence, the following measures should be taken: Tree Protection Zone Trees which are located near the proposed construction, are to be protected from possible mechanical damage by the following protection methods in accordance with the City of Los Altos Municipal Code 11.08.120: ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A 1. Protective fencing shall be installed no closer to the trunk than the dripline, and far enough from the trunk to protect the Not to scale 2. The fence shall be chain link and a minimum of five feet in height. Fence shall be supported by vertical posts driven 2 feet (min) into the ground. Chain link or similar sturdy material Maintain Existing Grade within dripline 3. The existing grade level around a tree shall normally be maintained out to the dripline of the tree. No signs, wires, or any other object shall be attached to the tree. 4. Trees that have been damaged by construction shall be repaired in accordance with accepted arboriculture methods 1. Project Arborist shall observe any excavation/drilling encroaching the protected tree(s) canopy. And direct any mitigation or required root pruning. 2. Any pruning done during construction must be in accordance with ANSI 300 standards. TREE PROTECTION FENCE DETAIL 3. All contractors & subcontractors must be informed not to encroach on protected tree(s) without the permission ELEVATION VIEW of the Project Arborist. SINGLE TREE MULTIPLE TREES 4. Unnecessary soil compaction must be avoided. No storage of heavy machinery or supplies should be stored under the canopy of protected trees. 1. After Construction is complete, all protective material will be removed from trees and disposed of properly Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Benvenue Ave

Tree#20 #21

kylechan AŘCHITECT 3561 HOMESTEAD ROAD SUITE 222, SANTA CLARA, CA 95051 669-244-3111 www.kylechan.com kyle@kylechan.com

PLANNING SET 3.9.2022

Sheet Revisions: PLAN CHECK COMMENTS 1 \ 4.22.2022

ELECTRONIC PLAN REVIEW

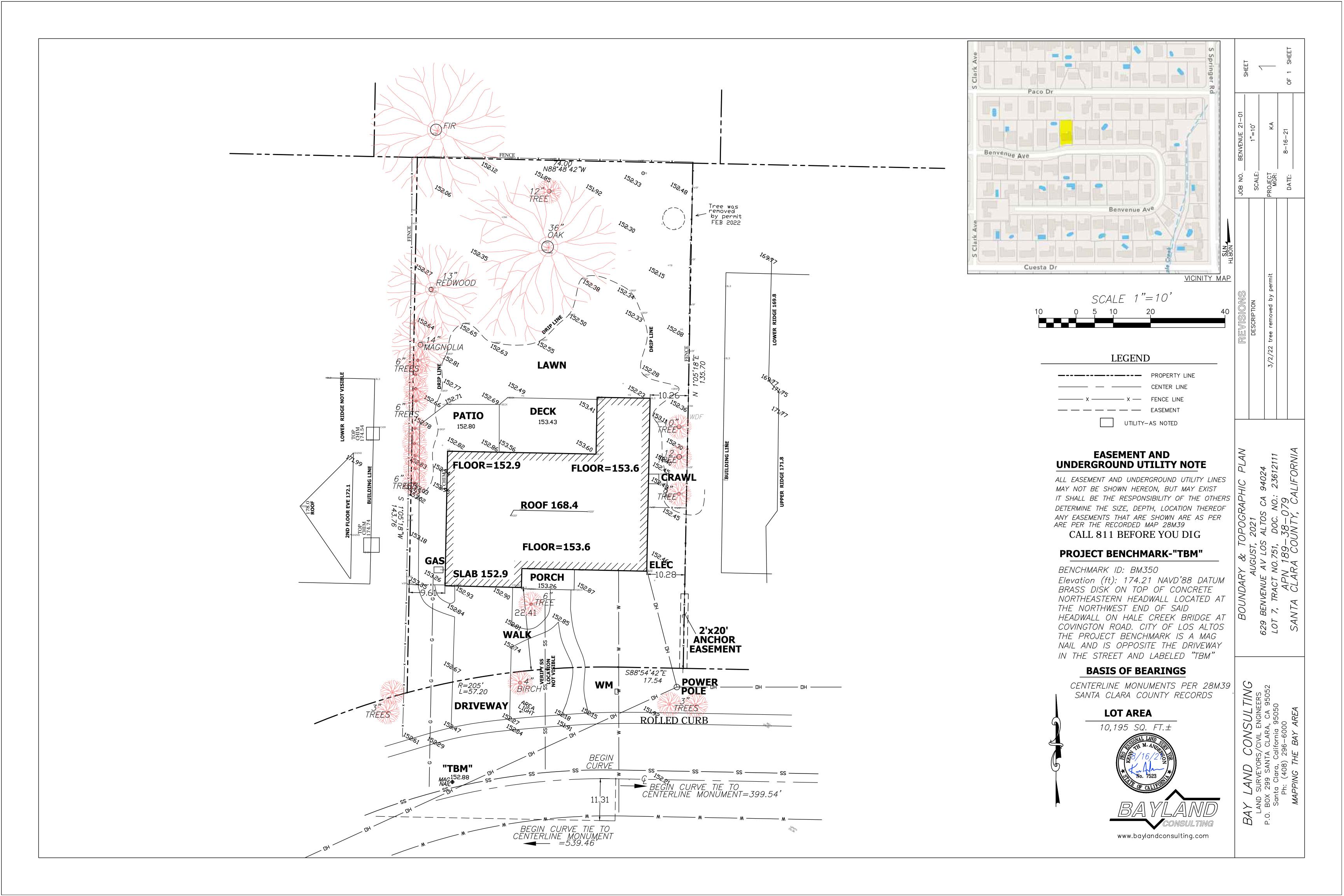
February 23rd 2022

ARBORIST REPORT / TPZ PLAN

CITY STAMP:

629 BENVENUE AVE

PROJECT NUMBER: 2110



GENERAL NOTES

- ALL MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP SHALL CONFORM TO THE GENERAL AND SPECIFIC PROVISIONS. STANDARD DRAWINGS, AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE CITY OF LOS ALTOS.
- IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY THE LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES WITH THE APPROPRIATE UTILITY AGENCIES PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY ALL PUBLIC AND PRIVATE UTILITY OWNERS 48 HOURS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK ADJACENT TO THE UTILITY CONTACT UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT (USA) AT 800/642-2444.
- EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN ARE BASED UPON RECORD INFORMATION AND ARE APPROXIMATE IN LOCATION AND DEPTH. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL POTHOLE ALL EXISTING UTILITIES THAT MAY BE AFFECTED BY NEW FACILITIES IN THIS CONTRACT. VERIFY ACTUAL LOCATION AND DEPTH, AND REPORT POTENTIAL CONFLICTS TO THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO EXCAVATION FOR NEW FACILITIES.

IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO REPLACE ALL STREET MONUMENTS, LOT CORNER PIPES, AND GRADE STAKES DISTURBED DURING THE PROCESS OF CONSTRUCTION AT THE REGULAR ENGINEER'S FEE.

PROVIDE CONCRETE PROTECTION BETWEEN UNDERGROUND PIPE CROSSINGS WITH 12" OR LESS VERTICAL CLEARANCE.

ALL SURPLUS AND UNSUITABLE MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM PROJECT SITE AND FROM PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY.

CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ADEQUATE DUST CONTROL AND KEEP MUD AND DEBRIS OFF THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY AT ALL

ALL TRENCHES AND EXCAVATIONS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN STRICT COMPLIANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF CALIFORNIA AND FEDERAL O.S.H.A. REQUIREMENTS AND OTHER APPLICABLE SAFETY ORDINANCES. CONTRACTOR SHALL BEAR FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR TRENCH SHORING DESIGN AND INSTALLATION.

GRADE BREAKS ON CURBS AND SIDEWALKS ARE TO BE ROUNDED OFF ON FORM WORK AND FINISHED SURFACING.

- CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM HIS CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION IN MANNER WHICH WILL NOT ALLOW HARMFUL POLLUTANTS TO ENTER THE STORM DRAIN SYSTEM. TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMPLEMENT THE APPROPRIATE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) AS OUTLINED IN THE BROCHURES ENTITLED BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY" ISSUED BY THE SAN MATEO COUNTYWIDE STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PROGRAM, TO SUIT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE AND JOB CONDITION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PRESENT HIS PROPOSED BMP AT THE PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING FOR DISCUSSION AND APPROVAL.
- OVERNIGHT PARKING OF CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT IN THE STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED, EXCEPT AT LOCATION(S) APPROVED BY THE CITY TRAFFIC ENGINEER.

CITY REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTIFICATES OF SURVEY

BY A LICENSED CIVIL SURVEYOR OR CIVIL FNGINFFR

AT THE TIME OF FOUNDATION AND / OR FOOTING PRE-POUR INSPECTION

AT ROOF NAIL TO VERIFY COMPLIANCE WITH THE DAYLIGHT PLANE, AVERAGE

3. AT FINAL INSPECTION TO VERIFY COMPLIANCE WITH GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN.

UNDERGROUND UTILITY NOTES

1. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT U.S.A. AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR

TO EXCAVATING IN ANY AREA WHERE UNDERGROUND FACILITIES

THE EXISTENCE, LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF ANY UNDERGROUND

UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN A GENERAL WAY ONLY. IT WILL BE THE

RESPONSIBILITY AND DUTY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO MAKE FINAL DETERMINATIONS AS TO THE EXISTENCE, LOCATION AND ELEVATION

TO VERIFY BUILDING SETBACKS FROM PROPERTY LINES, BUILDING

HEIGHT AND TOTAL HEIGHT BASED ON THE JOB SITE PLANS AND

ARE LOCATED. PHONE (800)642-2444.

DIMENSIONS AND FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATION.

SPECIFICATIONS.

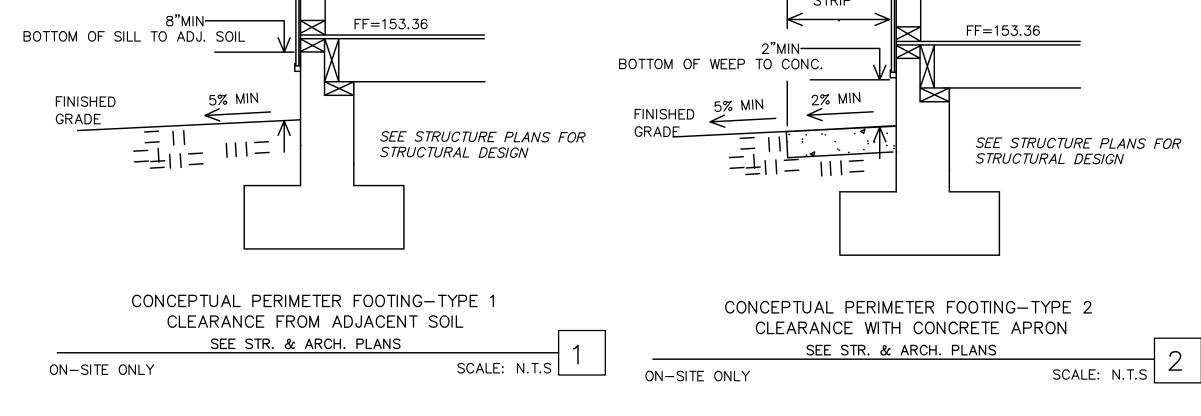
GRADING NOTES

PERFORATED PIPE W/_

10'MIN FROM

ANY STRUCTURES

- 1. DATE OF SURVEY: AUGUST, 2021
- 2. FINISHED GRADES ALONG THE PERIMETER OF THE FOUNDATION TO BE SLOPED AT A MINIMUM OF 5% FOR FIRST 10 FEET.
- 3. ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS "A" CONFORMING TO SECTION 90 OF CALTRANS SPECIFICATIONS AND SHALL DEVELOP A COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 3,000 PSI AT 28 DAYS PER CALIFORNIA TEST METHOD
- 4. ON-SITE UTILITY TRENCHES SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH COMPACTED ENGINEERED FILL. THE FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN LIFTS NOT TO EXCEED EIGHT (8) INCHES IN UNCOMPACTED THICKNESS AND SHALL BE MECHANICALLY COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 90% RELATIVE COMPACTION.
- 5. LOCATION OF TREES SHOWN HEREON ARE TAKEN AT A POINT THAT THE TREE ENTERS THE GROUND. SIZES OF TREES SHOWN HEREON ARE TAKEN AT DBH (DIAMETER AT BREAST HEIGHT)
- 6. LOCATION OF METERS ARE AS NOTED. COORDINATE ALL SUCH WORK WITH THE UTILITY COMPANY HAVING JURISDICTION.
- 7. CONTRACTOR SHALL BARRICADE AND PROTECT ALL EXISTING SITE FEATURES INCLUDING TREES, FENCES, GATES, UTILITIES, ETC.
- 8. ALL ON-SITE STORM DRAINAGE AND SANITARY SEWER PIPE TO BE PVC SCHEDULE 40.



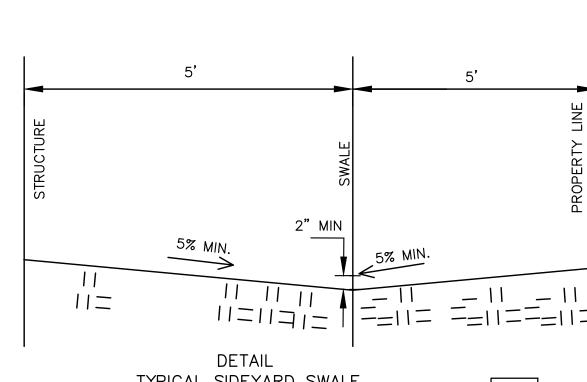
18" WIDE CONCRETE |

RIM 152.40 DRAIN BOX W/ 18" X 19.5" GRATE 2" MIN BOTTOM OF BOX 4" PVC SCH. 40 TOP OF ROCK EL=150.00 1 1/2" DRAIN ROCK HOLES FACING DOWN 3.0' - GEO-TEXTILE FABRIC TO ENCLOSE ALL 11 =DRAIN ROCK 11=11=1= BOTTOM OF ROCK EL=147.00VOLUME OF GRAVEL BED 9' LENGTH X 9'WIDE X 3'DEEP DETAIL PVC CROSS— └2" CLR TYPICAL SIDEYARD SWALE RETENTION VOLUME=243CF X .40=97.2CF OF VOIDS SCALE: N.T.S ON-SITE ONLY NOTES: 1. WATER RETENTION CAPACITY OF BED IS

MINIMUM FROM ALL PROPERTY LINE. ON-SITE ONLY SCALE: NTS

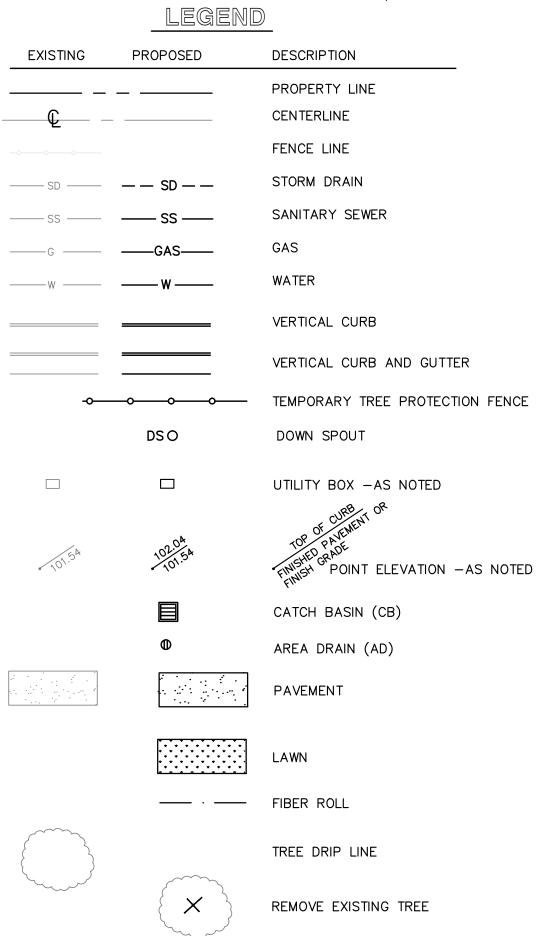
LIMITED TO 40% OF TOTAL BED VOLUME.

2.THE EDGE OF BASIN SHALL BE 10'



629 Benvenue Ave. os Altos, CA 94024 Benvenue Ave

VICINITY MAP



MAN HOLE MONUMENT NEW OVERHEAD WIRE PROPERTY LINE PARCEL MAP PUBLIC UTILITY EASEMENT PAVEMENT ROOF DRAIN TOP OF GRATE STORM DRAIN STORM DRAIN MANHOLE SANITARY SEWER

SANITARY SEWER CLEANOUT SIDEWALK TEMPORARTY BENCH MARK VALLEY GUTTER WATER WOOD FENCE WATER METER



SHEET

OF 5 SHEETS

ABBREVIATIONS

AGGREGATE BASE ASPHALT CONCRETE MON ASSESSORS PARCEL NUMBER BUILDING CATCH BASIN CLEAN OUT CONCRETE CONTROL POINT DOWN SPOUT DRIVEWAY SD **EXISTING** ELECTRICAL METER FACE OF CURB FINISH FLOOR FINISH GRADE FIRE HYDRANT FINISH SURFACE GAS/GROUND GAS METER PIPE INVERT WATER VALVE JOINT POLE

BASIS OF BEARINGS

OF ALL UTILITIES.

CENTERLINE MONUMENTS PER 28M39 SANTA CLARA COUNTY RECORDS

LOT AREA

10,195 SQ. FT.±

BENCHMARK "TBM"

BENCHMARK ID: BM350 Elevation (ft): 174.21 NAVD'88 DATUM BRASS DISK ON TOP OF CONCRETE NORTHEASTERN HEADWALL LOCATED AT THE NORTHWEST END OF SAID HEADWALL ON HALE CREEK BRIDGE AT COVINGTON ROAD. CITY OF LOS ALTOS THE PROJECT BENCHMARK IS A MAG NAIL AND IS OPPOSITE THE DRIVEWAY IN THE STREET AND LABELED "TBM"



ALL WORK TO BE COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT PREPARED BY______

SITE GRADING QUANTITIES

CUT 10± CY |FILL 10± CY

CUT/ FILL QUANTITIES ARE ESTIMATES ONLY. CONTRACTOR TO MAKE OWN ESTIMATES AS TO REQUIRED CUT AND FILL QUANTITIES.

SHEET INDEX

SHEET C1 GRADING AND DRAINAGE NOTES & DETAILS SHEET C2 GRADING & DRAINAGE

SHEET C3 EROSION CONTROL PLAN

SHEET C4 EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS

SHEET C5 BLUE PRINT FOR A CLEAN BAY

BAY LAND CONSULTING CIVIL ENGINEERS P.O BOX 299

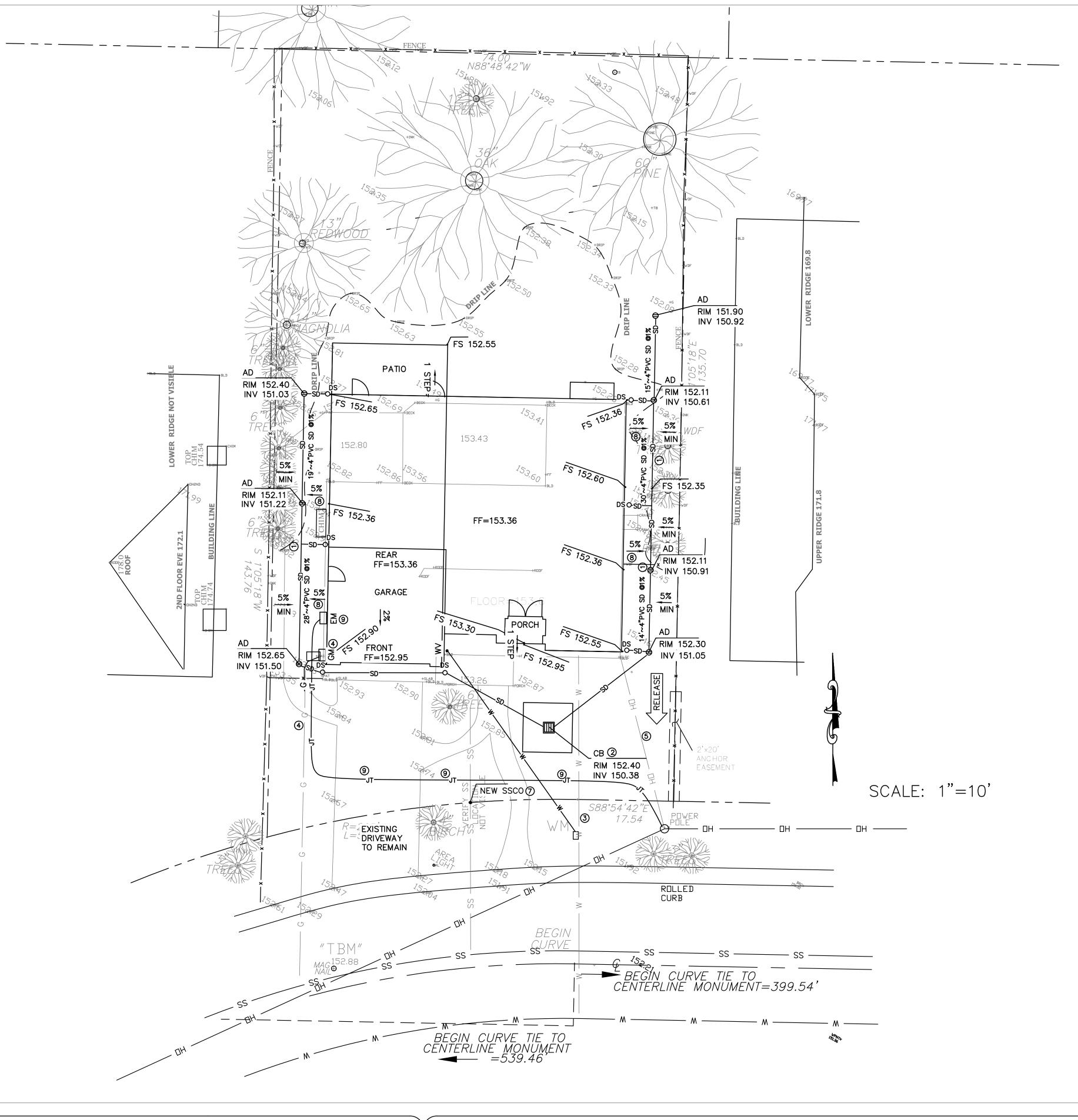
Santa Clara, California 95050 Ph: (408) 296-6000

SERVING THE BAY AREA

GRADING AND DRAINAGE NOTES AND DETAILS 629 BENVENUE AVE, LOS ALTOS CA 94024 APN 189-38-079 SANTA CLARA COUNTY

Y		REVISIONS	JOB NO.	21079
DATE		DESCRIPTION		
	\triangle		SCALE:_	N.T.S.
	\triangle		DWN:	YC/SH
	\triangle		DATE:	02/15/22
\wedge	\triangle			







- (1)STORM DRAINAGE PIPING SHOWN TO BE 4" PVC SCH.40 OR GREATER
- 2)SEE DETAIL 3), SHEET C1 FOR SHALLOW GRAVEL BASIN
- 3EXISTING WATER METER TO REMAIN. INSTALL NEW $1\frac{1}{2}$ " COPPER SERVICE TO RESIDENCE WITH SHUT OFF VALVE AT BUILDING FACE.
- 4 EXISTING GAS LINE TO REMAIN. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION AND DEPTH PRIOR CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE NEW GAS METER INSTALLATION WITH PG&E
- 5 ALL UTILITIES TO BE UNDERGROUNDED
- 6 INSTALL TREE PROTECTION PER CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL.
 ALL TREE PROTECTION FENCING SHALL BE CHAIN LINE AND A MINIMUM OF FIVE FEET IN HEIGHT WITH POSTS DRIVEN INTO THE GROUND.
- 7 EXISTING SANITARY SEWER TO REMAIN. SEWER LATERAL AS SHOWN WAS NOT FIELD SURVEYED BY SURVEYOR. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY LOCATION AS CONSTRUCTED. INSTALL NEW REQUIREMENT.
- (8) SLOPE GROUND AWAY FROM FOUNDATION

 @ 5% MIN ON SOIL AND @ 2% MIN ON
 CONCRETE FOR FIRST 10 FEET.
- 9 COORDINATE INSTALLATION OF NEW ELECTRIC METER AND JOINT TRENCH UTILITY SERVICES UNDERGROUNDING WITH CABLE, ELECT. AND TELEPHONE COMPANIES.

WORK IN RIGHT-OF-WAY NOTES

- a. ANY DAMAGED RIGHT-OF WAY INFRASTRUCTURES AND OTHERWISE DISPLACED CURB AND GUTTER SHALL BE REMOVED AND REPLACED AS DIRECTED BY THE CITY ENGINEER OR HIS DESIGNEE. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT AT (650)947-2680.
- b. PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK DONE IN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY, A PERMIT TO OPEN STREET AND/OR AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT WILL BE REQUIRED.



SHEET

OF 5 SHEETS



BAY LAND CONSULTING

CIVIL ENGINEERS
P.O BOX 299

Santa Clara, California 95050
Ph: (408) 296-6000

SERVING THE BAY AREA

GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN

629 BENVENUE AVE, LOS ALTOS CA 94024

APN 189-38-079

SANTA CLARA COUNTY

		REVISIONS	JOB NO.	21079	Y
ATE	\triangle	DESCRIPTION	SCALE:	N.T.S.	
	$\overline{\triangle}$		DWN:	YC/SH	
	\triangle			02/15/22	
	\wedge		DATE:		—— <u> </u>





BAY LAND CONSULTING

CIVIL ENGINEERS
P.O BOX 299

Santa Clara, California 95050
Ph: (408) 296-6000

SERVING THE BAY AREA

EROSION CONTROL PLAN

629 BENVENUE AVE, LOS ALTOS CA 94024

APN 189-38-079

SANTA CLARA COUNTY

	REVISIONS	JOB NO.
	DATE DESCRIPTION	SCALE:
	\triangle	DWN:
J		DATE:

D. 21079 SHEET

E: N.T.S.

N: YC/SH

E: 02/15/22 OF 5 SHEETS

GENERAL FROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES:

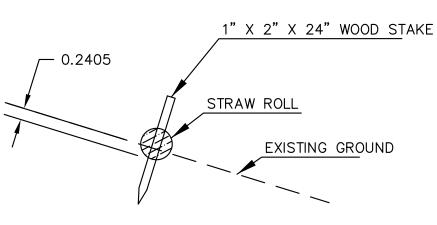
- 1. Contractor/Owner:___
 - It shall be the owner's responsibility to maintain control of the entire construction operation and to keep the entire site in compliance with the soil erosion control measures.
- 2. Civil Engineer: Bay Land Consulting, 2005 De La Cruz Blvd. Ste 230, Santa Clara, CA Ph: 408-296-6000.
- 3. Construction Superintendent:
- 6. Owner/contractor shall be responsible for monitoring erosion and sediment control measures prior, during, and after storm events.
- 7. Reasonable care shall be taken when hauling any earth, sand, gravel, stone, debris, paper or any other substance over any public street, alley or other public place. Should any blow, spill, or track over and upon said public or adjacent private property, immediate remedy shall occur.
- 8. Sanitary facilities shall be maintained on the site.
- 9. During the rainy season, all paved areas shall be kept clear of earth material and debris. The site shall be maintained so as to minimize sediment laden runoff to any storm drainage system, including existing drainage swales and water courses.
- 10. Construction operations shall be carried out in such a manner that erosion and water pollution will be minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement shall be complied with.
- 11. Contractor shall provide dust control as required by the appropriate federal, state and local agency requirements.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES

- 1. The facilities shown on this plan are designed to control erosion and sediment during the rainy season, October 15 to April 15. Facilities are to be operable prior to October 1 of any year. Grading operations during the rainy season which leave denuded slopes shall be protected with <u>erosion control</u> measures immediately following grading on the slopes. During the non-rainy season Best Management Practices (BMPs) must be implemented during construction which includes, but is not limited to: stabilized construction entrance, tire wash area and inlet protection.
- 3. Construction entrances shall be installed prior to commencement of grading. All construction traffic entering onto the paved roads must cross the stabilized construction entrance ways. (Also include this note on grading plans.)
- 4. Contractor shall maintain stabilized entrance at each vehicle access point to existing paved streets. Any mud or debris tracked onto public streets shall be removed daily and as required by the City.
- 5. If hydroseeding is not used or is not effective by 10/10, then other immediate methods shall be implemented, such as Erosion control Blankets, or a three—step application of 1) seed, mulch, fertilizer 2) blown straw 3) tackifier and mulch.
- 6. Inlet protection shall be installed at open inlets to prevent sediment from entering the storm drain system. Inlets not used in conjunction with erosion control are to be blocked to prevent entry of sediment.
- 7. Lots with houses under construction will not be hydroseeded. Erosion protection for each lot with a house under construction shall conform to the Typical Lot Erosion Control Detail shown on this sheet.
- 8. This erosion and sediment control plan may not cover all the situations that may arise during construction due to unanticipated field conditions. Variations and additions may be made to this plan in the field. Notify the City Representative of any field changes.

Maintenance Notes

- 1. Maintenance is to be performed as follows:
 - A. Repair damages caused by soil erosion or construction at the end of each working
 - Swales shall be inspected periodically and maintained as needed.
 - C. Sediment traps, berms, and swales are to be inspected after each storm and
 - D. Sediment shall be removed and sediment trap restored to its original dimensions when sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1 foot.
 - E. Sediment removed from trap shall be deposited in a suitable area and in such a manner that it will not erode.
 - F. Rills and gullies must be repaired.
- 2. Sand bag inlet protection shall be cleaned out whenever sediment depth is one half the height of one sand bag.



STRAW ROLL

EXISTING GROUND

ON SLOPES

ON LEVEL GROUND

1. PLACE STRAW ROLL IN TRENCH EXCAVATED 3" (0.024') INTO GROUND ALONG CONTOUR. RUNOFF MUST NOT BE

2. ON SLOPES PLACE ROLL TO FOLLOW THE CONTOUR AS

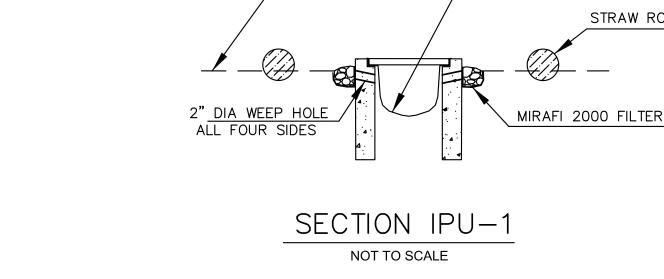
CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE. CURVE ENDS UPHILL AT THE

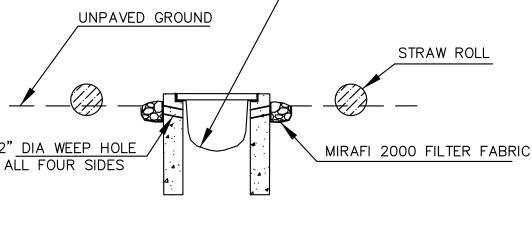
STRAW ROLL OR FIBER ROLL

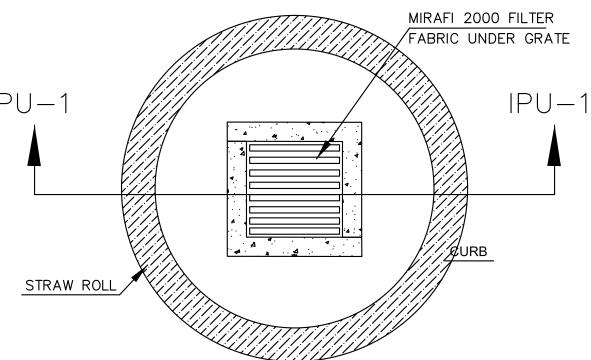
ALLOWED TO RUN UNDER OR AROUND ROLL..

3. ABUT ADJACENT ROLLS TIGHTLY.

SCALE: NTS

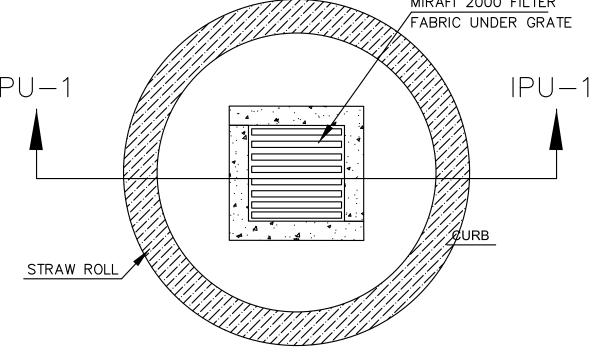




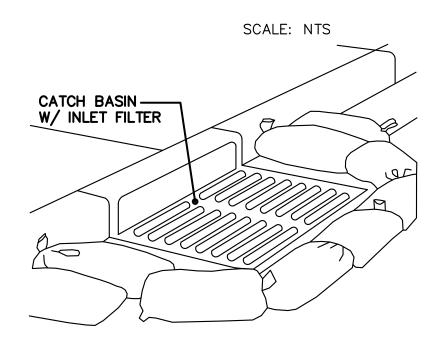


NOTE: MAX. DEPTH OF BED IS LIMITED TO 2FT & BED MUST BE LOCATED AT LEAST 10FT AWAY FROM NEAREST PROPERTY LINE & TREE. EST. DIMENSIONS OF GRAVEL BED:

WIDTH = 4FTPER DETAIL BELOW LENGTH = 4FT — DEPTH = 2 FT



INLET PROTECTION IN UNPAVED AREAS SCALE: NTS

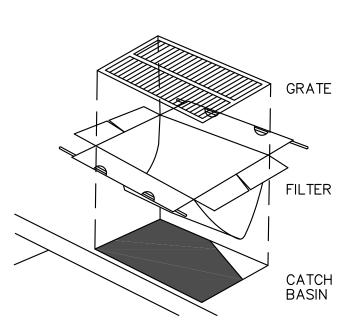


NOTES:
BRING THE DISTURBED AREA TO THE GRADE OF THE DROP INLET AND SMOOTH AND COMPACT IT. APPROXIMATELY STABILIZE ALL BARE AREAS AROUND THE INLET.

PROPERLY DISPOSE OF ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT

INSPECT ALL INLET PROTECTION DEVICES BEFORE AND AFTER RAINFALL EVENTS, AND WEEKLY THROUGHOUT THE RAIN SEASON. DURING EXTENDED RAINFALL EVENTS, INSPECT INLET PROTECTION DEVICES AT LEAST ONCE EVERY 24 HOURS.

REMOVE ALL INLET PROTECTIOIN DEVICES WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE SITE IS STABILIZED, OR WHEN INLET PROTECTIONS IS NO LONGER



CATCH BASIN INLET FILTER

INSTALLATION REMOVE DRAIN GRATE

INSERT CATCH BASIN FILTER INTO BASIN LEAVING 3" FLAP EXPOSED

REPLACE GRATE TO BASIN THEREBY PINCHING FABRIC BETWEEN GRATE AND CATCH BASIN AND HOLDING FILTER IN PLACE

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

INSPECT CATCH BASIN FILTERS WEEKLY AND AFTER EVERY RAIN

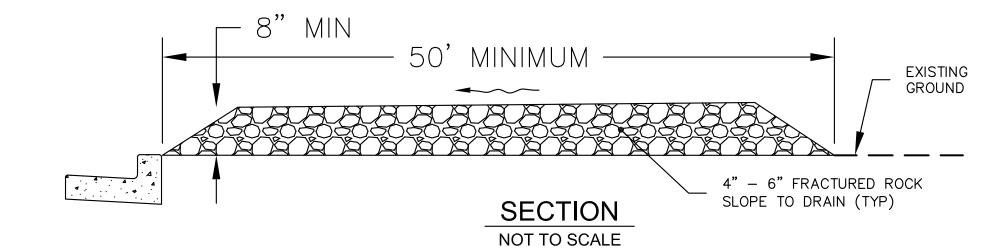
EMPTY CATCH BASIN FILTERS WHEN FILTERS APPEAR TO BE HALF FULL DISPOSE OF TRAPPED SEDIMENT IN

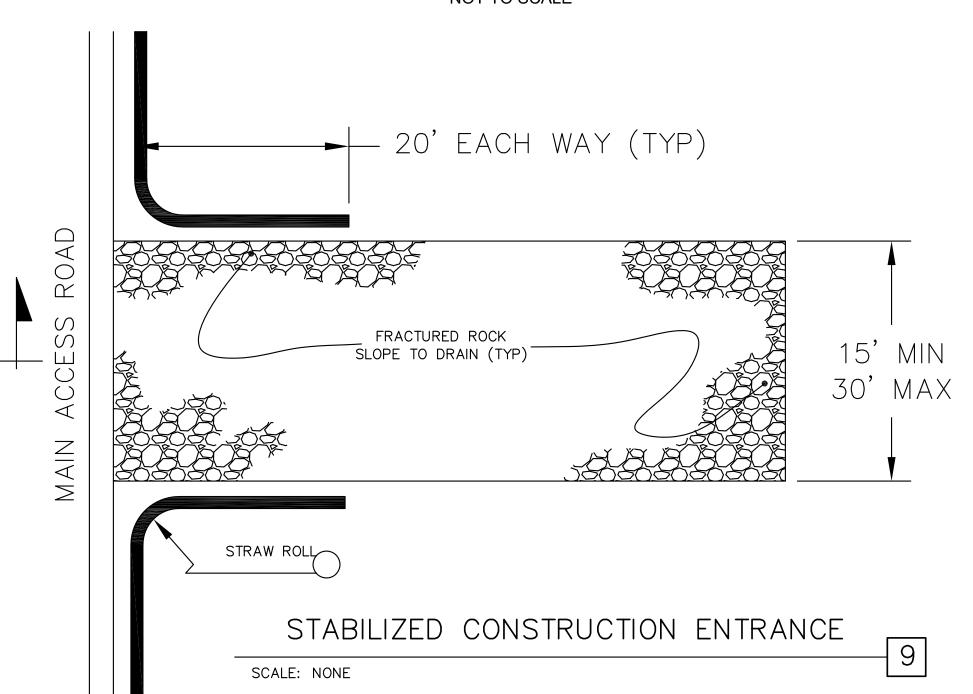
ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL

REQUIREMENTS CLEAN AND REUSE INLET FILTERS OR DISCARD AND REPLACE AS

STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION PUBLIC STREET

SCALE: NONE









BAY LAND CONSULTING

CIVIL ENGINEERS P.O BOX 299 Santa Clara, California 95050 Ph: (408) 296-6000

SERVING THE BAY AREA

EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

629 BENVENUE AVE, LOS ALTOS CA 94024 APN 189-38-079 SANTA CLARA COUNTY

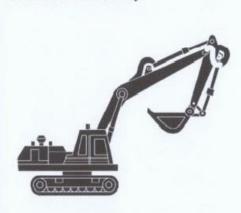
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JOB NO. 21079 N.T.S. SCALE: YC/SH 12/10/21 DATE:

SHEET OF 5 SHEETS

Heavy Equipment Operation

Best Management Practices for the Construction Industry



Best Management Practices for the

- Vehicle and equipment operators
- Site supervisors General contractors

Landscaping,

Construction Industry

Gardening, and

Pool Maintenance

Best Management Practices for the

Best Management Practices for the

Swimming pool/spa service and repair

Gardeners

General contractors

Home builders

Developers

Homeowners

 Home builders Developers

Storm water Pollution from Heavy Equipment on Construction Sites

Poorly maintained vehicles and heavy equipment that leak fuel, oil, antifreeze or other fluids on the construction site are common sources of storm drain pollution. Prevent spills and leaks by isolating equipment from runof channels, and by watching for leaks and othe equipment from the site as soon as possible

Doing the Job Right

Site Planning and Preventive Vehicle

- Maintain all vehicles and heavy equipment. Inspect frequently for and repair leaks
- Perform major maintenance, repair jobs, and vehicle and equipment washing off site where cleanup is easier.
- If you must drain and replace motor oil, radiator coolant, or other fluids on site, use drip pans o drop cloths to catch drips and spills. Collect all spent fluids, store in separate containers, and properly dispose as hazardous waste (recycle
- Do not use diesel oil to lubricate equipment parts, or clean equipment. Use only water for
- Cover exposed fifth wheel hitches and other oily

Roadwork

and Paving

Best Management Practices for the Construction Industry



Best Management Practices for the

Driveway/sidewalk/parking lot construction

- Seal coat contractors Operators of grading equipment, paving
- machines, dump trucks, concrete mixers Construction inspectors
- General contractors

Painting and

Application of

Solvents and

Best Management Practices for the

Adhesives

Construction Industry

 Home builders Developers

Doing The Job Right

dry weather.

General Business Practices

Develop and implement erosion/sediment

Check for and repair leaking equipment.

repairs at construction sites.

parts or clean equipment.

During Construction

or similar materials.

and filter runoff.

storm drains, creeks, and the Bay.

areas in your maintenance yard, where

■ When refueling or when vehicle/equipment

Do not use diesel oil to lubricate equipment

control plans for roadway embankments.

Schedule excavation and grading work during

Perform major equipment repairs at designated

cleanup is easier. Avoid performing equipment

maintenance must be done on site, designate

a location away from storm drains and creeks.

Recycle used oil, concrete, broken asphalt, etc.

whenever possible, or dispose of properly.

Avoid paving and seal coating in wet weather,

materials from contacting stormwater runoff

when applying seal coat, slurry seal, fog seal,

Protect drainage ways by using earth dikes

sand bags, or other controls to divert or trap

Storm Drain Pollution

from Roadwork

Road paving, surfacing, and pavement removal

happen right in the street, where there are

numerous opportunities for asphalt, saw-cut slurry,

or excavated material to illegally enter storm drains.

materials properly and guard against pollution of

or when rain is forecast, to prevent fresh

Cover and seal catch basins and manholes

Doing The Job Right Handling Paint Products Keep all liquid paint products and wastes away from the gutter, street, and storm drains. Liquid residues from paints, thinners, solvents, glues, and cleaning fluids are hazardous wastes and must be disposed of at a hazardous waste collection facility (contact

your local stormwater program listed on the back of this brochure). When thoroughly dry, empty paint cans, used brushes, rags, and drop cloths may be disposed of as garbage in a sanitary landfill. Empty, dry paint cans also may be recycled as

- Wash water from painted buildings constructed before 1978 can contain high amounts of lead, even if paint chips are not present. Before you begin stripping paint or cleaning pre-1978 building exteriors with water under high pressure, test paint for lead by taking pain scrapings to a local laboratory. See Yellow Pages for a state-certified laboratory.
- If there is loose paint on the building, or if the paint tests positive for lead, block storm drains Check with the wastewater treatment plant to determine whether you may discharge water to the sanitary sewer, or if you must send it offsite for disposal as hazardous waste

Storm Drain Pollution from Paints, Solvents, and Adhesives

chemicals that are harmful to wildlife in local creeks, San Francisco Bay, and the Pacific Ocean oxic chemicals may come from liquid or solid products or from cleaning residues or rags. Paint material and wastes, adhesives and cleaning fluids properly to prevent these materials from flowing

Painting Cleanup Never clean brushes or rinse paint containers into a street, gutter, storm

Never wash excess material from

exposed- aggregate concrete or similar

treatments into a street or storm drain

Collect and recycle, or dispose to dir

Cover stockpiles (asphalt, sand, etc.)

plastic sheets and berms.

catch drips when not in use.

and other construction materials wit

plastic tarps. Protect from rainfall and

prevent runoff with temporary roofs or

Park paving machines over drip pans or

absorbent material (cloth, rags, etc.) to

Clean up all spills and leaks using "dry"

and/or rags), or dig up, remove, and

properly dispose of contaminated soil

dispose of excess abrasive gravel or

☐ Avoid over-application by water trucks

for dust control.

Asphalt/Concrete Removal

Avoid creating excess dust when

After breaking up old pavement, be sure

to remove all chunks and pieces. Make

sure broken pavement does not come in

breaking asphalt or concrete.

contact with rainfall or runoff.

☐ When making saw cuts, use as little

Cover or protect storm drain inlets

during saw-cutting. Sweep up, and

Sweep, never hose down streets to

sweeper or vacuum truck. Do not dump

properly dispose of, all residues.

clean up tracked dirt. Use a street

vacuumed liquor in storm drains.

water as possible. Shovel or vacuum

saw-cut slurry and remove from the site

methods (with absorbent materials

Collect and recycle or appropriately

- drain, French drain, or stream. ☐ For water-based paints, paint out brushes to the extent possible, and rinse into a drain that goes to the sanitary sewer. Never pour paint down a storm
- For oil-based paints, paint out brushes to the extent possible and clean with thinner or solvent in a proper container. Filter and reuse thinners and solvents. Dispose of excess liquids and residue as hazardous Paint Removal
- Paint chips and dust from non-hazardous dry stripping and sand blasting may be swept up or collected in plastic drop cloths and disposed of as trash. Chemical paint stripping residue and chips
- and dust from marine paints or paints containing lead, mercury or tributyl tir must be disposed of as hazardous wastes. Lead based paint removal requires a state-certified contractor ☐ When stripping or cleaning building
- exteriors with high-pressure water, block storm drains. Direct wash water onto a dirt area and spade into soil. Or, check with the local wastewater treatment authority to find out if you can collect (mop or vacuum) building cleaning water and dispose to the sanitary sewer. Sampling of the water may be required to assist the wastewater treatment authority in making its decision.
- Recycle/Reuse Leftover Paints Whenever Possible Recycle or donate excess water-based (latex) paint, or return to supplier.
- Reuse leftover oil-based paint. Dispose of non-recyclable thinners, sludge and unwanted paint, as hazardous waste. Unopened cans of paint may be able to be eturned to the paint vendor. Check with

Doing The Job Right

General Business Practices

- ☐ Wash out concrete mixers only in designated wash-out areas in your yard, away from storn drains and waterways, where the water will flow into a temporary waste pit in a dirt area Let water percolate through soil and dispose of settled, hardened concrete as garbage. Whenever possible, recycle washout by pumping back into mixers for reuse.
- Wash out chutes onto dirt areas at site that do not flow to streets or drains
- Always store both dry and wet materials under cover, protected from rainfall and runoff and away from storm drains or waterways. Protect dry materials from wind.
- Secure bags of cement after they are open. Be from streets, gutters, storm drains, rainfall, and
- Do not use diesel fuel as a lubricant on concrete forms, tools, or trailers,

Storm Drain Pollution from Fresh Concrete and Mortar Applications

Fresh concrete and cement-related mortars that wash into lakes, streams, or estuaries are toxic to fish and the aquatic environment. Disposing of these materials to the storm drains or creeks can block storm drains, causes serious problems, and is prohibited by law.

During Construction

- Don't mix up more fresh concrete or cement than you will use in a two-hour
- Set up and operate small mixers on tarps or heavy plastic drop cloths.

sidewalk construction, wash fines onto

When cleaning up after driveway or

- dirt areas, not down the driveway or into the street or storm drain. Protect applications of fresh concrete and mortar from rainfall and runoff until
- the material has dried. Wash down exposed aggregate concrete only when the wash water can (1) flow onto a dirt area: (2) drain onto a bermed surface from which it can be pumped and disposed of properly; or (3 be vacuumed from a catchment created

by blocking a storm drain inlet. If

necessary, divert runoff with temporary

berms. Make sure runoff does not reach

- ☐ When breaking up pavement, be sure to pick up all the pieces and dispose of properly. Recycle large chunks of roken concrete at a landfill
- Never bury waste material. Dispose of small amounts of excess dry concrete, grout, and mortar in the trash.

gutters or storm drains.

Never dispose of washout into the street, storm drains, drainage ditches, or streams.

Preventing Pollution:

It's Up to Us

In the Santa Clara Valley, storm drains transport water directly to local creeks and San Francisco Bay without treatment. Storm water pollution is a serious problem for wildlife dependent on our waterways and for the people who live near polluted streams or bay lands. Some common sources of this pollution include spilled oil, fuel, and fluids from vehicles and heavy equipment; construction debris; sediment created by erosion; landscaping runoff containing pesticides or weed killers; and materials such as used motor oil, antifreeze, and paint products that people pour or spill into a street or storm drain.

Thirteen valley municipalities have joined together with Santa Clara County and the Santa Clara Valley Water District to educate local residents and businesses and fight storm water pollution. TO comply with this program, contractors most comply with the practices described this drawing sheet.

Spill Response Agencies

DIAL 9-1-1 State Office of Emergency Services Warning Center (24 hours): 800-852-7550

Santa Clara County Environmental Health Services: (408) 299-6930

Local Pollution Control Agencies

County of Santa Clara Pollution Prevention (408) 441-1195

County of Santa Clara Integrated Waste Management Program: (408) 441-1198 County of Santa Clara District Attorney

Environmental Crimes Hotline: (408) 299-TIPS

Santa Clara County Recycling Hotline: 1-800-533-8414

District: (408) 265-2600 Santa Clara Valley Water District Pollution Hotline: 1-888-510-5151

Palo Alto Regional Water Quality (650) 329-2598

Altos Hills, Mountain View, Palo Alto, Stanford

Engineering Department: (650) 947-2780

General **And Site** Supervision

Best Management Practices



- General contractors Site supervisors
- Home builders
- Developers
- Construction sites are common sources of storm water pollution. Materials and wastes that blow or wash into a storm drain, gutter, or street have a direct impact on local creeks and the Bay. As a contractor, or site supervisor, owner o operator of a site, you may be responsible for any environmental damage caused by your subcontractors or employees.

General Business Practices Protect stockpiles and landscaping materials from wind and rain by storing them under tarps ☐ Store pesticides, fertilizers, and other

Doing The Right Job

- chemicals indoors or in a shed or storage ☐ Schedule grading and excavation projects during dry weather.
- Use temporary check dams or ditches to divert runoff away from storm drains. ☐ Protect storm drains with sandbags or other sediment controls.
- Re-vegetation is an excellent form of erosion control for any site andscaping/Garden Maintenance Use pesticides sparingly, according to instructions on the label. Rinse empty containers, and use rinse water as produc
- Dispose of rinsed, empty containers in the trash. Dispose of unused pesticides as hazardous waste. Collect lawn and garden clippings, pruning
- and compost. ☐ In communities with curbside pick-up of yard waste, place clippings and pruning waste at the curb in approved bags or containers. Or, take to a landfill that composts yard waste. No curbside pickup of vard waste is available for

Storm Drain Pollution From Landscaping and

Swimming Pool Maintenance Many landscaping activities expose soils and increase the likelihood that earth and garden chemicals will run off into the storm drains during irrigation or when it rains, Swimming pool water containing chlorine and copper-based algaecides should never be discharged to storm drains. These chemicals are toxic to aquatic life.

street, or place yard waste in gutters or o dirt shoulders, unless you are piling them for recycling (allowed by San Jose and unincorporated County only). Sweep up any leaves, litter or residue in gutters or or In San Jose, leave yard waste for curbside recycling pickup in piles in the street, 18

Do not blow or rake leaves, etc. into the

nches from the curb and completely out of the flow line to any storm drain. Pool/Fountain/Spa Maintenance

Draining Pools Or Spas When it's time to drain a pool, spa, or fountain, please be sure to call your local wastewater reatment plant before you start for furthe guidance on flow rate restrictions, backflow prevention, and handling special cleaning waste (such as acid wash). Discharge flow shall not exceed 100 gallon per minute.

- ☐ Never discharge pool or spa water to a street or storm drain; discharge to a sanitary sewer cleanout. If possible, when emptying a pool or spa let chlorine dissipate for a few days and
- then recycle/reuse water by draining it gradually onto a landscaped area. Control algae with chlorine or othe

Spill Cleanup

☐ Clean up spills immediately when they

☐ Never hose down "dirty" pavement or

spilled. Use dry cleanup methods

dispose of absorbent materials.

Sweep up spilled dry materials

impermeable surfaces where fluids have

diately. Never attempt to "was

them away" with water, or bury them.

Use as little water as possible for dust

control. Ensure water used doesn't

Clean up spills on dirt areas by digging

up and properly disposing of

☐ Report significant spills to the

agencies immediately.

appropriate local spill response

If the spill poses a significant hazard to

to the State Office of Emergency

human health and safety, property or

the environment, you must also report it

leave silt or discharge to storm drains.

(absorbent materials, cat litter, and/or

rags) whenever possible and properly

Filter Cleaning

Do not use copper-based algaecides alternatives, such as sodium bromide

Never clean a filter in the street or near a storm drain. Rinse cartridge and diatomaceous earth filters onto a dirt area and spade filter residue into soil. Dispose

of spent diatomaceous earth in the If there is no suitable dirt area, call your local wastewater treatment plant for instructions on discharging filter backwash or rinse water to the sanitary sewer.

Homeowners

Paperhangers

Graphic artists Dry wall crews Floor covering installer

Best Management Practices for the

 General contractors Home builders

All paints, solvents, and adhesives contain should be recycled when possible, or disposed of into storm drains and watercourses.

the vendor regarding its "buy-back" policy.

- Schedule excavation and grading work during 1. Check for Toxic Pollutants dry weather. Perform major equipment repairs away from the Check for odors, discoloration, or an oily sheen on groundwater.
- ☐ Do not use diesel oil to lubricate equipment **Practices During Construction**
- where construction is not immediately planned. Protect down slope drainage courses, streams, and storm drains with wattles, or temporary o divert runoff around excavations. Refer to Erosion and Sediment Control Field Manual for

from Earth-Moving Activities and Dewatering

amounts of soil that can flow or blow into storm can clog storm drains, smother aquatic life, and destroy habitats in creeks and the Bay. Effective erosion control practices reduce the amount of runoff crossing a site and slow the flow with check dams or roughened ground surfaces Contaminated groundwater is a common problem in

the Santa Clara Valley. Depending on soil types and sites may be contaminated with toxics (such as oil or solvents) or laden with sediments. Any of these pollutants can harm wildlife in creeks or the Bay, or interfere with wastewater treatment plant operation. Discharging sediment-laden water from a dewatering site into any water of the state without treatment is prohibited.

Cover stockpiles and excavated soil with secured tarps or plastic sheeting. **Dewatering Operations**

- agency and ask whether the groundwater must be tested. If contamination is suspected, have the water tested by a certified laboratory. Depending on the test results, you may be
- disposal at an appropriate treatment Check for Sediment Levels If the water is clear, the pumping time i less than 24 hours, and the flow rate is less than 20 gallons per minute, you may
- If the water is not clear, solids must be filtered or settled out by pumping to a settling tank prior to discharge. Options
- Pumping from a bucket placed below water level using a submersible pump; such as a swimming pool filter or filter fabric wrapped around end of suction

Fresh Concrete

Best Management Practices for the

Best Management Practices for the

Masons and bricklayers

Sidewalk construction crews

Concrete delivery/pumping workers

Patio construction workers

Construction inspectors

General contractors

Home builders

Developers

and Mortar

Application

Construction Industry

Los Altos Municipal Code Requirements

- Los Altos Municipal Code Chapter 10.08.390 Non-storm water discharges Unlawful discharges. It shall be unlawful to discharge any domestic waste or industrial waste into storm drains, gutters, creeks, or San Francisco Bay. Unlawful discharges to storm drains shall include, but not be limited to, discharge from toilets; sinks; industrial processes; cooling systems; boilers; fabric cleaning; equipment cleaning; vehicle cleaning; construction activities, including, but no
- limited to, painting, paving, concrete placement, saw cutting and grading; swimming pools; spas; and fountains, unless specifically permitted by a discharge permit or unless exempted pursuant to guidelines published by the superintendent. Threatened discharges. It shall be unlawful to cause hazardous materials, domestic waste, or industrial waste to be deposited in such a manner or location as to constitute a threatened discharge into storm drains, gutters, creeks or San Francisco Bay. A "threatened discharge" is a condition creating a substantial probability of harm, when the probability and potential extent of harm make it reasonably necessary to take immediate action to prevent, reduce or mitigate damages to persons, property or natural resources. Domestic or industrial wastes that are no longer contained in a pipe, tank or other container are considered to be

Los Altos Municipal Code Section 10.08.430 Requirements for construction operations.

threatened discharges unless they are actively being cleaned up.

- A. A spill response plan for hazardous waste, hazardous materials and uncontained construction materials shall be prepared and available at the construction sites for all projects where the proposed construction site is equal to or greater than one acre of disturbed soil and for any other projects for which the city engineer determines is necessary to protect surface waters. Preparation of the plan shall be in accordance with guidelines published by the city engineer. ntion plan shall be prepared and available at the construction sites for all projects greater than one
- necessary to protect surface waters. Preparation of the plan shall be in accordance with guidelines published by the city engineer. Prior approval shall be obtained from the city engineer or designee to discharge water pumped from construction sites to the storm drain. The city engineer or designee may require gravity settling and filtration upon a determination that either or both would improve the water quality of the discharge. Contaminated groundwater or water that exceeds state or federal requirements for
- that the requirements of Section 10.08.240 are met and the approval of the superintendent is obtained prior to discharge. No cleanup of construction debris from the streets shall result in the discharge of water to the storm drain system; nor shall any construction debris be deposited or allowed to be deposited in the storm drain system. (Prior code § 5-5.643)

Criminal and judicial penalties can be assessed for non-compliance.

- Santa Clara Valley Water
- Regional Water Quality Control Board San Francisco Bay Region: (510) 622-2300
- Serving East Palo Alto Sanitary District, Los Altos, Los

City of Los Altos

Building Department: (650) 947-2752

Construction

For Construction

- Storm Drain Pollution from Construction Activities

- Cover materials when they are not in use.
- plant temporary vegetation or place other erosion controls before rain begins. Use the Erosion and Sediment Control Manual, available from the Regional Water Quality Control Board, as a reference.
- divert water flow around the site. Reduce storm water runoff velocities by constructing temporary check dams or berms where appropriate. Train your employees and subcontractors. available to everyone who works on the construction site. Inform subcontractors about
- Good Housekeeping Practices Designate one area of the site for auto parking. vehicle refueling, and routine equipment well away from streams or storm drain inlets bermed if necessary. Make major repairs off

Doing The Job Right

☐ Maintain equipment properly.

- ☐ Control the amount of runoff crossing your site (especially during excavation!) by using berms
- the storm water requirements and their own
- Keep materials out of the rain prevent runoff contamination at the source. Cover exposed piles of soil or construction materials with plastic sheeting or temporary roofs. Before it rains, sweep and remove materials from surfaces that

Keep pollutants off exposed surfaces.

around the site to minimize litter.

Place trashcans and recycling receptacles

Keep an orderly site and ensure goo

housekeeping practices are used.

Keep materials away from streets, storm drains Ensure dust control water doesn't leave site or discharge to storm drains. Advance Planning To Prevent Pollution

☐ Schedule excavation and grading activities for

- In addition to local building permits, you will need to obtain coverage under the State's General Construction Activity Storm water Permit if your construction site disturbs one acre or more. Obtain drain to storm drains, creeks, or channels. Quality Control Board.

Clean up leaks, drips and other spills immediately so they do not contaminate soil or groundwater or leave residue on paved surfaces. Use dry cleanup methods

whenever possible. If you must use water, use just enough to keep the dust down. Cover and maintain dumpsters. Check requently for leaks. Place dumpsters under roofs or cover with tarps or plastic sheeting secured around the outside of the dumpster. Never clean out a dumpster b nosing it down on the construction site.

□ Practice Source Reduction - minimize waste when you order materials. Orde only the amount you need to finish the job Use recyclable materials whenever possible. Arrange for pick-up of recyclable materials such as concrete, asphalt, scrap metal, solvents, degreasers, cleared

Set portable toilets away from storm drains.

working order. Check frequently for leaks.

Make sure portable toilets are in good

Materials/Waste Handling

vegetation, paper, rock, and vehicle maintenance materials such as used oil, antifreeze, batteries, and tires. Dispose of all wastes properly. Many construction materials and wastes, noluding solvents, water-besed paints vehicle fluids, broken asphalt and concrete wood, and cleared vegetation can be recycled. Materials that cannot be recycled must be taken to an appropriate landfill or disposed of as hazardous waste. Never

bury waste materials or leave them in the

street or near a creek or stream bed.

Earth-Moving

Dewatering

Activities Best Management Practices for the Construction Industry



Best Management Practices for the Bulldozer, back hoe, and grading machine · Dump truck drivers

Site supervisors

Home builders

Developers

General contractors

Doing The Job Right General Business Practices

- ☐ When refueling or vehicle/equipment Call your local wastewater treatment maintenance must be done on site, designate a location away from storm drains.
- Remove existing vegetation only when absolutely necessary. Plant temporary vegetation for erosion control on slopes or

proper erosion and sediment control Storm Drain Pollution

- Soil excavation and grading operations loosen large
- pump water to the street or storm drain.
 - Pumping through a perforated pipe sunk part way into a small pit filled with gravel;

allowed to discharge pumped groundwate to the storm drain (if no sediments present) or sanitary sewer. OR, you may roundwater offsite for treatment and

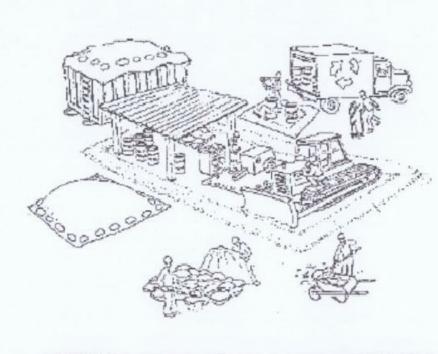
- If the pumping time is more than 24 hours and the flow rate greater than 20 gpm.
- When discharging to a storm drain, protect the inlet using a barrier of burlap bags filled with drain rock, or cover inlet with filter fabric anchored under the grate. Of pump water through a grassy swale prior

acre of disturbed soil and for any other projects for which the city engineer determines that a storm water management plan is discharge to navigable waters may not be discharged to the storm drain. Such water may be discharged to the sewer, provided

Blueprint for a Clean Bay Remember: The property owner and the contractor share ultimate responsibility for the activities that occur on a construction site. You may be held responsible for any environmental damage caused by your subcontractors or employees.

Best Management Practices for the Construction Industry

Santa Clara **Urban Runoff Pollution Prevention Program**



APPROVED BY:

LARRY LIND

DRAWN BY:

VICTOR CHEN

CHECKED BY:

CITY OF LOS ALTOS

SHEETS

OCTOBER, 200

DRAWING NO:

SCALE:



BAY LAND CONSULTING CIVIL ENGINEERS P.O BOX 299 Santa Clara, California 95050 Ph: (408) 296-6000

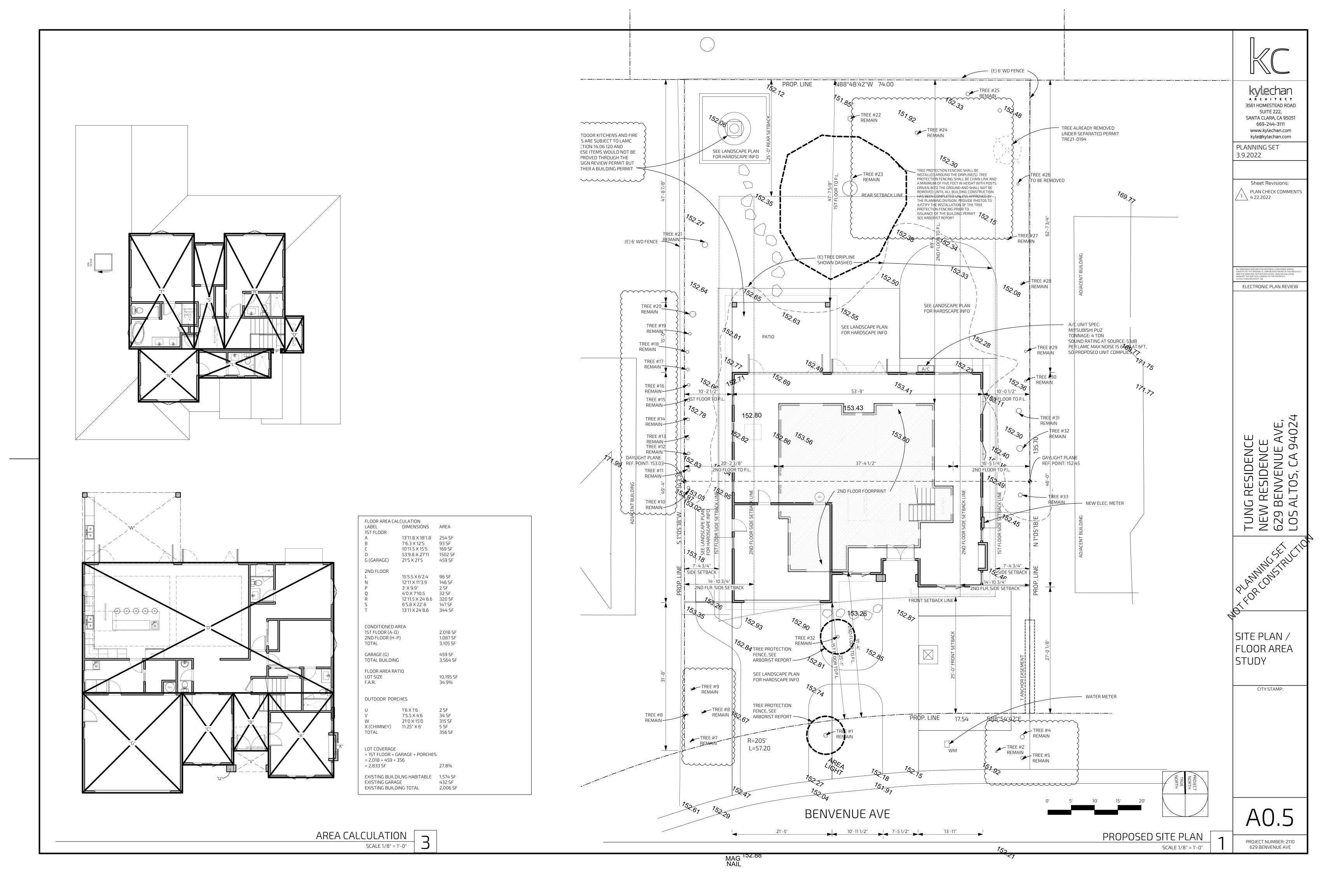
SERVING THE BAY AREA

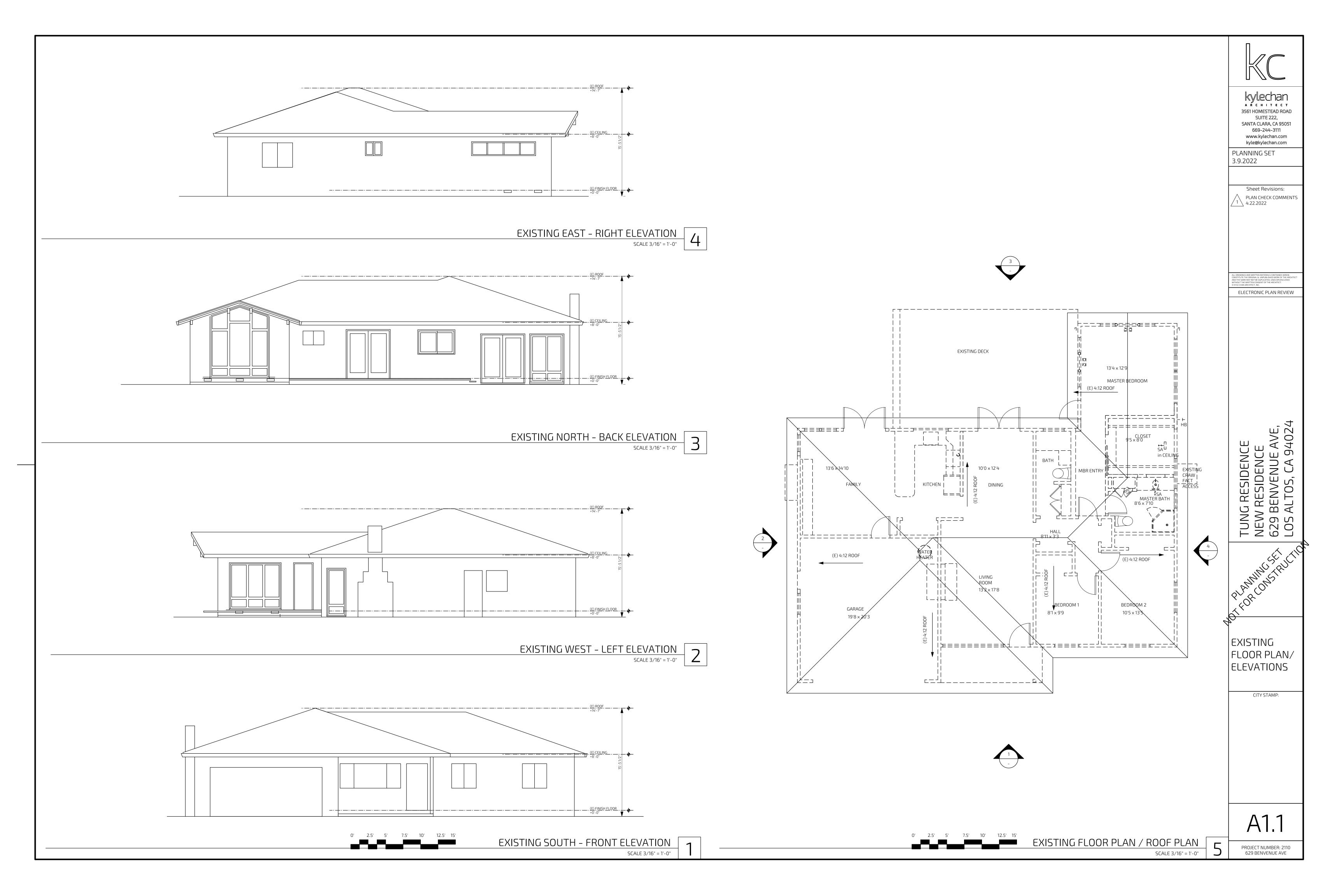
BLUEPRINT FOR A CLEAN BAY 629 BENVENUE AVE, LOS ALTOS CA 94024 APN 189-38-079 SANTA CLARA COUNTY

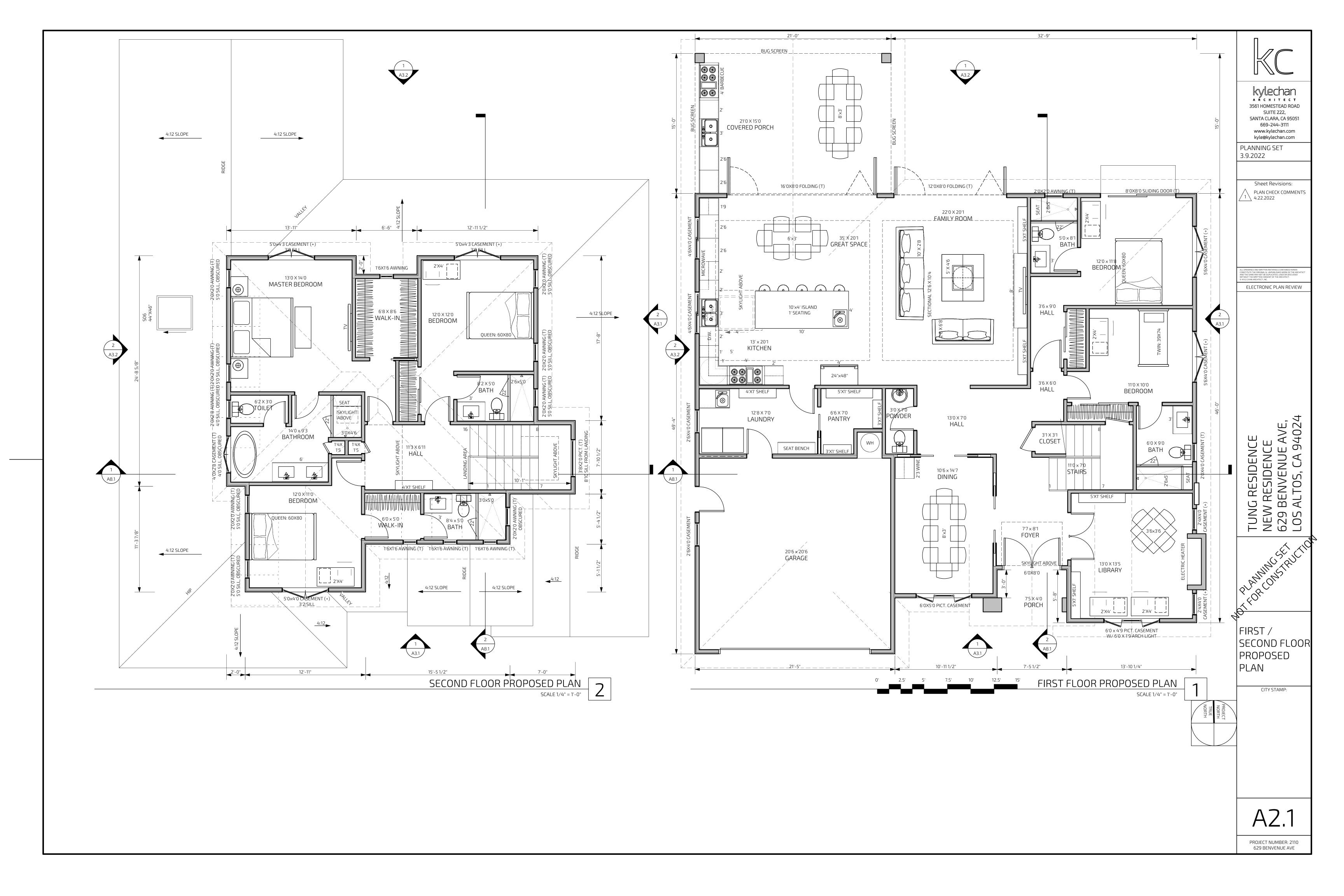
REVISIONS JOB NO. 21079 DESCRIPTION N.T.S. SCALE: YC/SH 12/10/21 DATE:

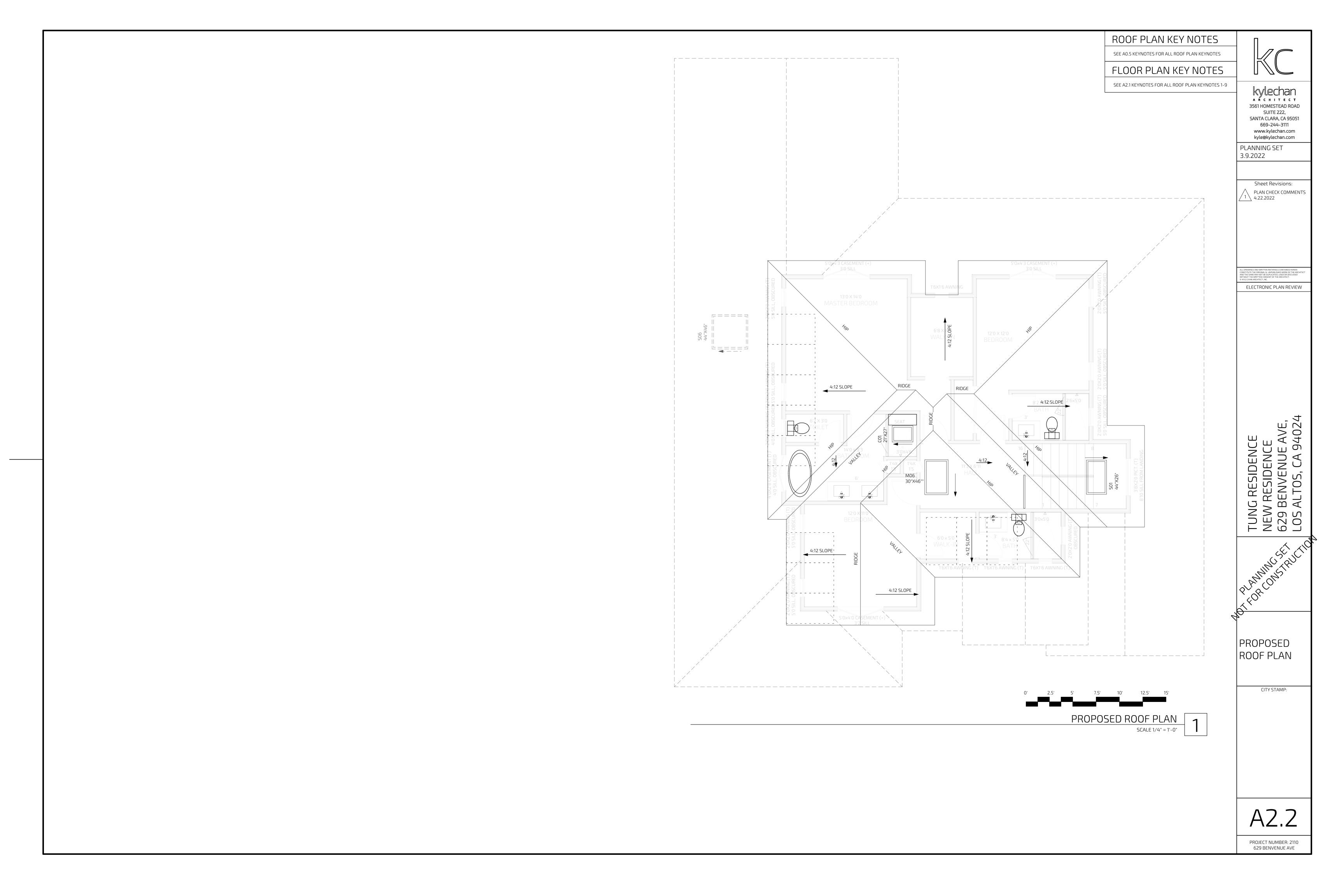
OF 5 SHEETS

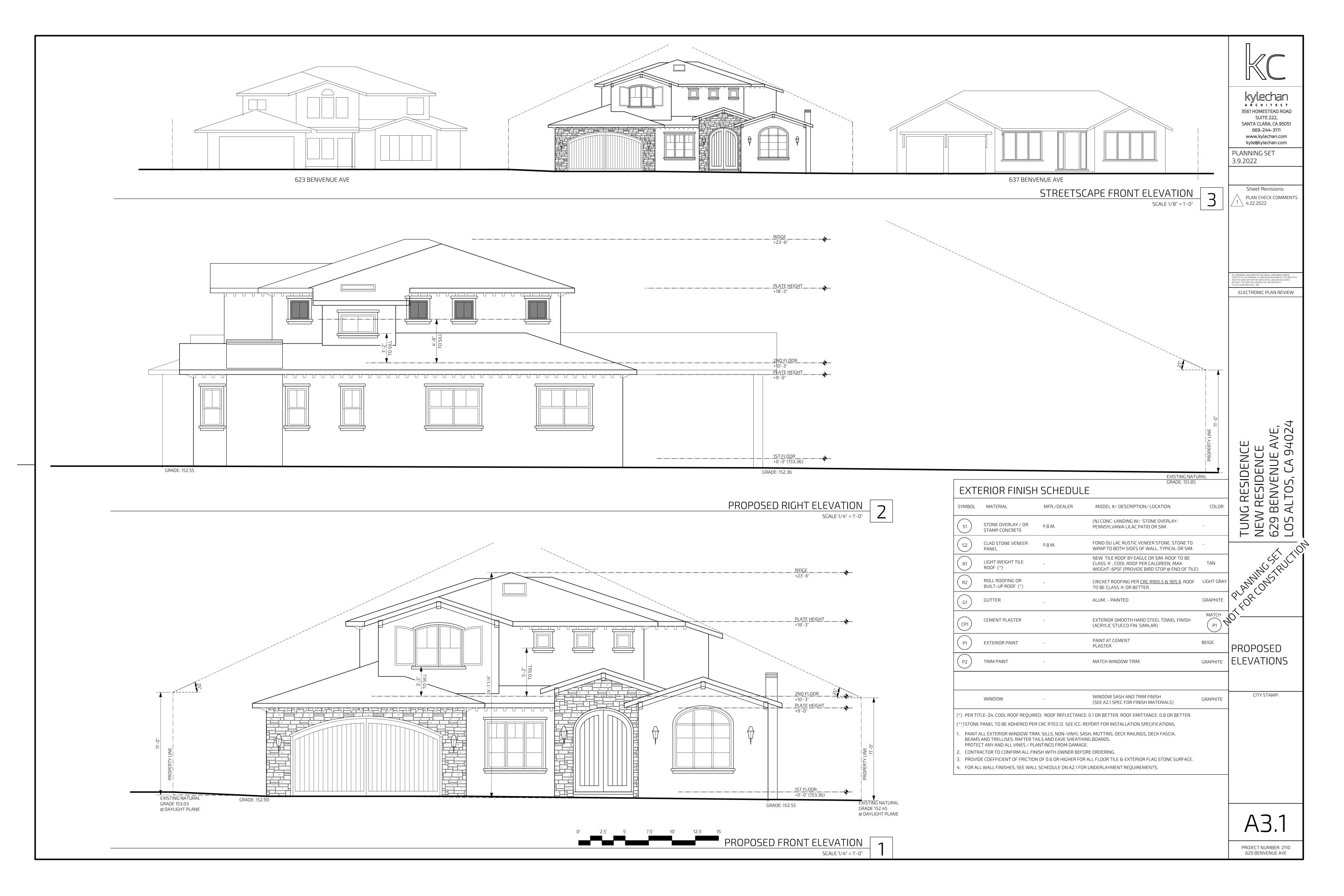
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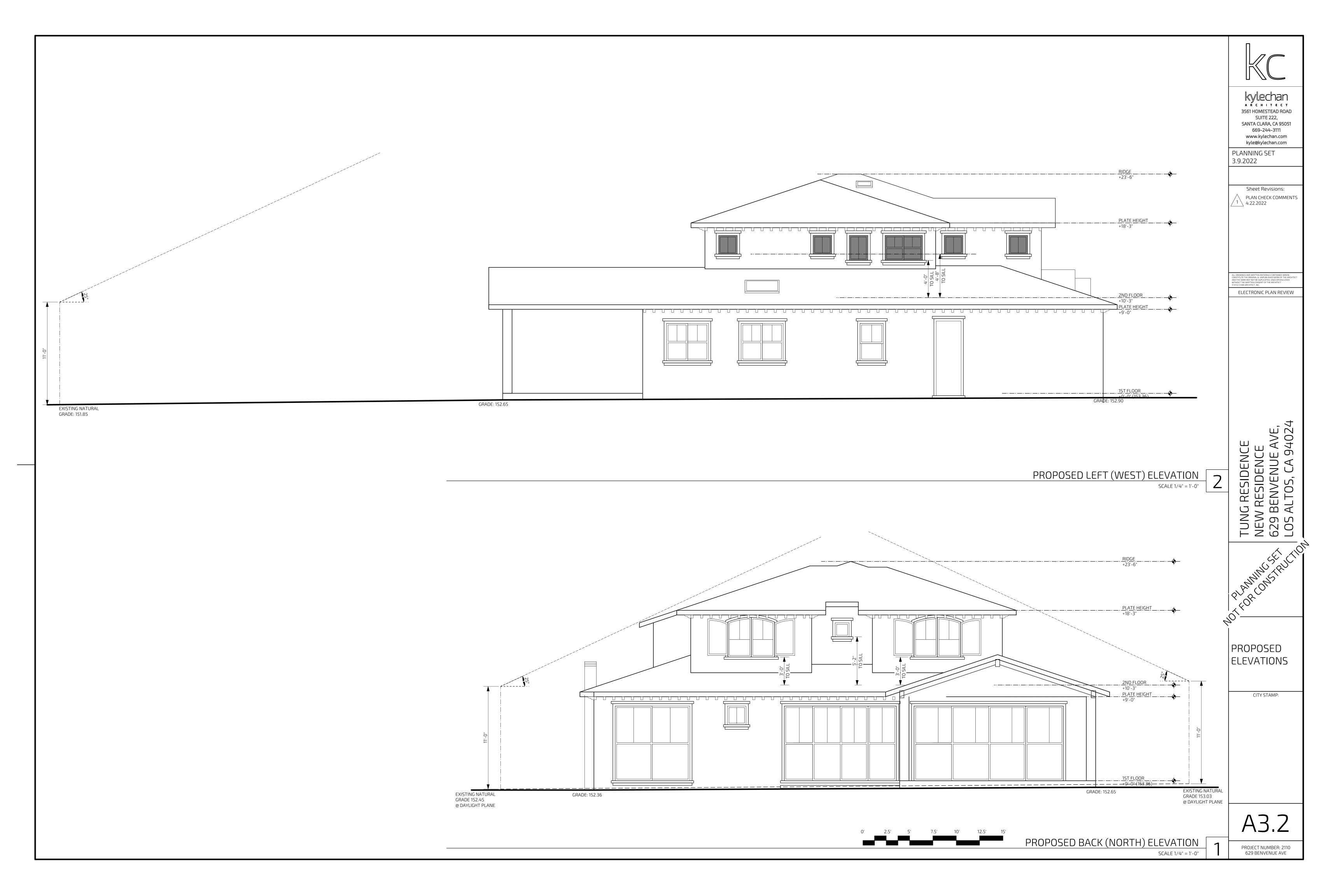


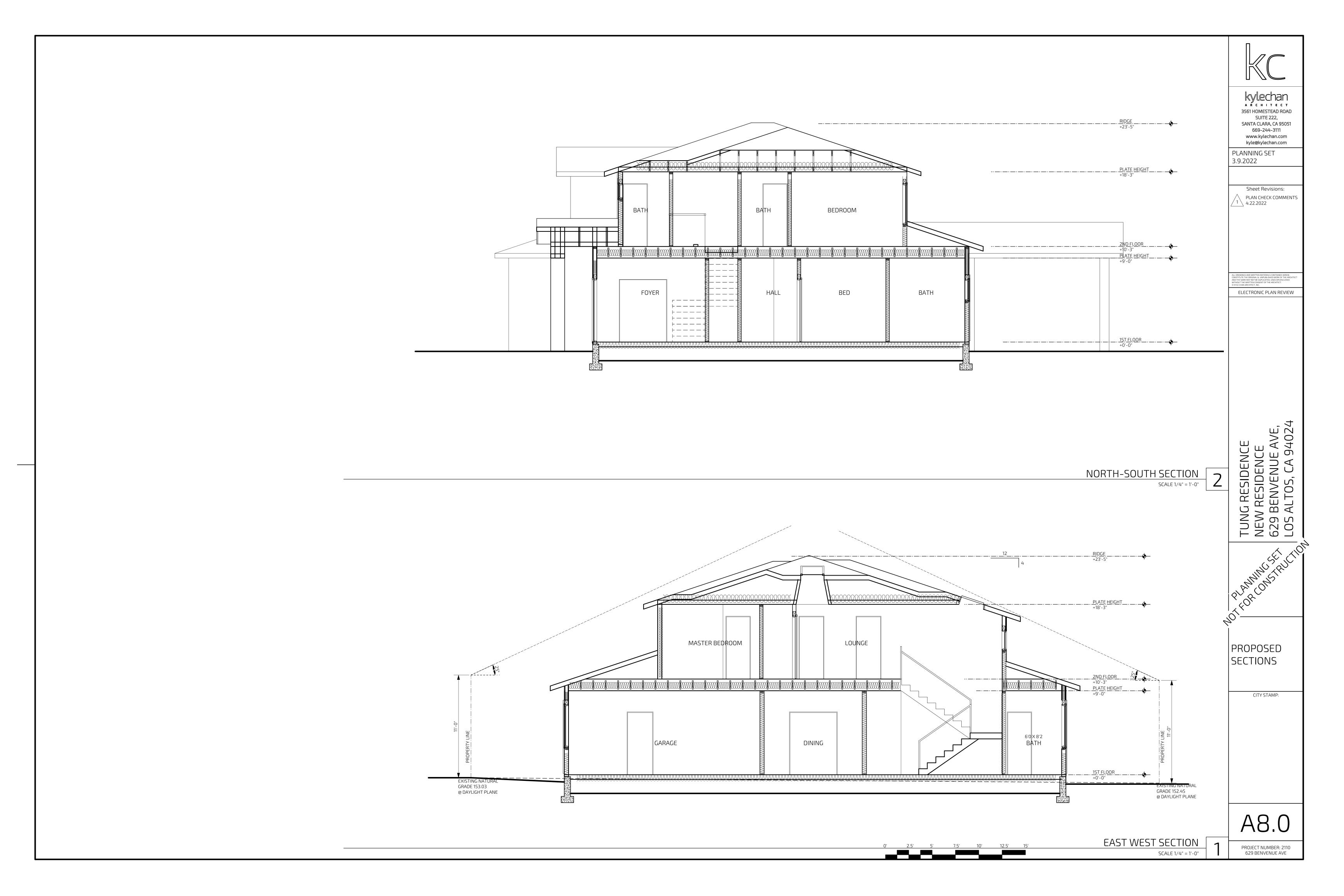


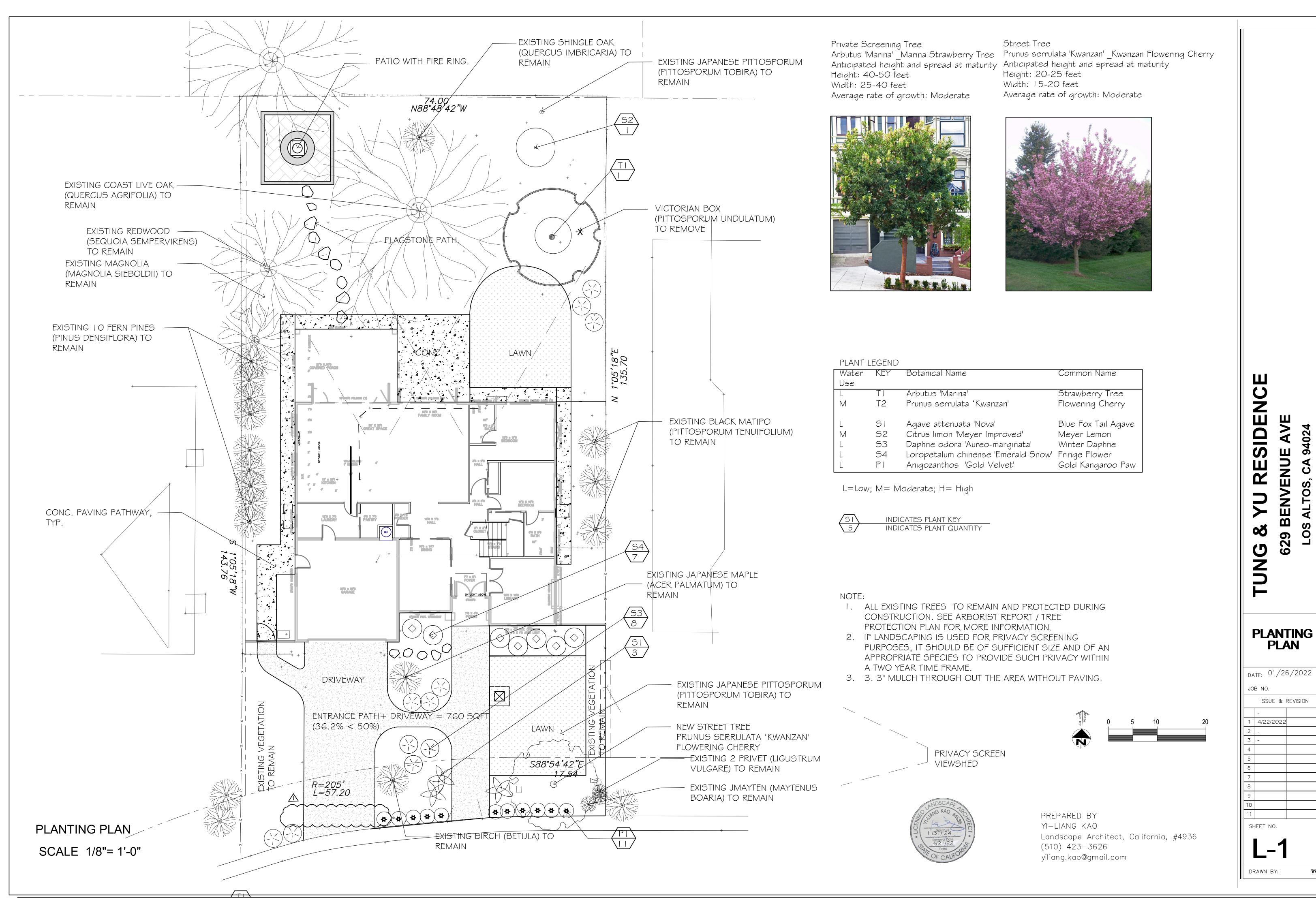












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PLAN

ISSUE & REVISION

4/22/2022

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Licensed Architect
1416 Saratoga Ave #120
San Jose, CA 95129
669-244-3111
kyle@kylechan.com
www.kylechan.com



June 6, 2022

Nazaneen Healy, planner Community Development Department One North San Antonio Road Los Altos, California 94022

Re: 629 Benvenue Avenue Design Review Commission response

Application number SC22-0009

Dear Nazaneen,

The following list is in response to the Design Review Commission public hearing on 6/1/2022. All drawing responses are clouded.

DRC REQUESTS:

- Plan Revisions
 - o Clarify the garage door height at the sides will be sufficient (add dimensions showing compliance with code minimum) RESPONSE: Dimension added to elevation A3.1 clouded. Minimum height is 7FT.
 - Provide additional information on the exterior materials (window trim, corbels, rafters) RESPONSE: See new details on sheet A8.0 showing the window trim, corbels and rafter details. Also material board updates.
 - o Remove Tree No. 22 RESPONSE: See arborist's explanation next page. Since tree no.22 has no adverse effect to the protected tree no.23, our decision is to keep the tree.
 - Utilize a roof tile product with more earthtone colors and variation versus monochromatic RESPONSE: See updated material board next page, showing a new darker tile selection. The homeowner does not like the variation of the tile, but a different finish is selected to avoid the monochromatic look. An example is on the board.
- Study front entry modifications to provide better balance/light/focal point (and make any plan revisions). If no
 changes are made maybe a rendering of the Commissioner's suggestions would help to explain why the
 design should stay the way it is. RESPONSE: New front design proposed, see A3.1 elevation. Skylight is added
 to the foyer for daylighting. Lot coverage slightly increased, and is updated on A0.1 cover sheet and A0.5 area
 calculations, clouded. No change to interior floor area.
- Statement in writing from the side neighbors confirming whether obscure glass is specifically being requested or regular glass would be acceptable given the limited views and sill height (which the DRC prefers) RESPONSE: We discussed with our neighbors. The left neighbor (623) agreed to change to clear glass, but the right neighbor (629) insists to support the project with obscured windows except the stairs window. Their support letters are attached on the next page.

Shall you have any questions, please do not hesitate to give me a call.

Sincerely,

Kyle Chan, AIA, LEED AP Licensed Architect License #: C-31616

Kyle Chan <kyle@kylechan.com>

629 Benvenue Ave: public hearing comment 6/1/22

Thomas Lamas <tlamas@newvistainc.com>
To: Kyle Chan <kyle@kylechan.com>

Thu, Jun 2, 2022 at 7:56 PM

Hi Kyle,

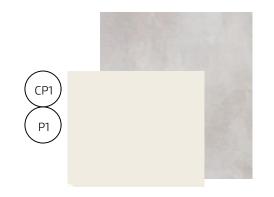
Ideally trees should be spaced appropriately to allow full and proper growth. However, the Protected Live Oak tree is much larger in size, with respect to the Shingle Oak, to be affected by the close proximity. When trees are planted too close, phototropism (leaning of tree, searching for light) can occur, but in this case the Oak is much bigger and is the one overshadowing the Shingle Oak. Therefore, the structural integrity won't be affected. The presence of the Shingle tree should have no adverse effect on the Live Oak's health.

Let me know if you have any other questions or concerns.

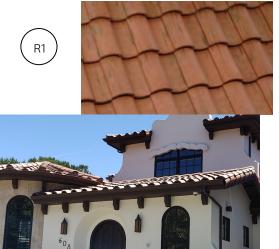
Best.

Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A NewVista Inc

EXTERIOR FINISH SCHEDULE SYMBOL MATERIAL COLOR R1 TILE ROOF DARK TAN FOND DU LAC RUSTIC VENEER BEIGE 52 STONE OR SIM. COTTONWOOD LIMESTONE VENEER BEIGE **S**3 STONE OR SIM. **SMOOTH CEMENT** CP1 **PLASTER** BEIGE P1 **BENJAMIN MOORE** P2 GRAPHITE **BENJAMIN MOORE GRAPHITE 1603** WINDOW W/ GRAPHITE TRIM BY MILGARD MONTECELLO OR SIM. GARAGE: FIBERGLASS PANEL GRAPHITE FINISH W/LIGHT BY OVERHEAD DOOR COMPANY OR SIM.















629 BENVENUE AVE TWO-STORY RESIDENTIAL DESIGN 6/15/2022 MATERIAL BOARD

CORBEL & RAFTER **EAVE**





Dear Sir/Madam:

This is Jing. The owner of 623 Benvenue Ave Los Altos. According to the window design of our neighbor (629 Benvenue Ave), we don't care about the material of their window design. We are fine with whatever they want to have (windows).

Thanks!

Jing

0020100100100100

THIS TWO MENTION

n be presented either on white and triank As page, ack and white), or on a bile or tablet, it is valid for

ne person over the penod indicated.

his ticket is subject to the general anditions of sale, accepted at the time of succepted as the time of succepted. These are avaitable.

http://ticket.monumentsnaflonaux.htApp_Themos/CMN/Uploads/C MN_CGV.pdf

CENTRE BESTITITIONS

THELIO BOWERS

Pour toute question relative à votre e-biliet ou à votre achet, vous pouvez écrire un courriet à :

mos mantenegum

Shelli Ching and Rowland Cheng 637 Benvenue Ave, Los Altos, CA 94024

March 6, 2022

To:

Los Altos Design Review Commission

Re: Tung Residence

629 Benvenue Ave Los Altos, CA 94024

Request for 2-story Design Review

Dear sir/madam,

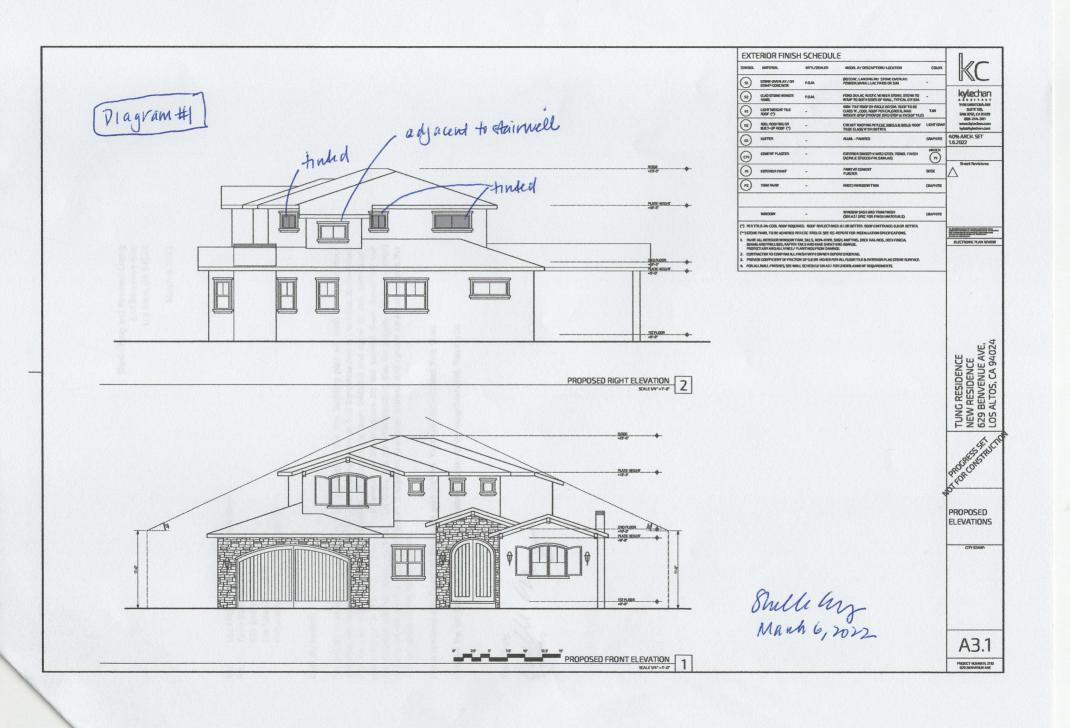
I'm writing to indicate my support for the approval of the new building plan set forth by my nextdoor neighbor, Mr. Chien-Chih Tung, to build a new 2-story home on 629 Benvenue Ave in Los Altos, to the extent that the plan is consistent with the attached plan (which has been initialled and dated by me), particularly with respect to the size, tinting and placement of the windows on the second floor. Based on our conversation with Mr. Tung's architect, Kyle Chan, it is our understanding that the largest, white, non-tinted window on the second floor in Diagram #1 is adjacent to a large stairwell and cannot be accessed from the interior within 10 feet of the window.

I have reviewed and discussed the design plan with Mr. Tung and his architect, Kyle Chan.

I believe the proposed design plan is a positive addition to our neighborhood. Thank you.

Yours Truly

Shelli Ching



629 BENVENUE AVE

LOS ALTOS CA 94024 NEW 2-STORY SINGLE FAMILY HOUSE

PERMIT SUBMISSION SET:

PV SYSTEM REQUIRED UNDER 2019 CODE:
PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING FOR THE INSPECTOR'S REVIEW:
1) LOCATION OF THE PV ARRAY SYSTEM ON ROOF PLANS.
2) STATE THE KW PROPOSED IN TITLE-24 ON ROOF PLAN
3) SOLAR PANELS MUST BE A ROOFTOP INSTALLATION

4) TOTAL PANEL WEIGHT INCLUDING FRAME CANNOT EXCEED 5 POUNDS PER SQ FT.
5) MAX CONCENTRATED LOAD AT EACH POINT OF SUPPORT SHALL NOT EXCEED 40 POUNDS
6) MAX HEIGHT ABOVE THE ROOF SURFACE IS LESS THAN 18 INCHES

7) PV PANELS MUST NOT BE BALLASTED 8) SOLAR INSTALLATION DRAWINGS SHALL BE PROVIDED TO CITY INSPECTOR AT THE JOB SITE.

Kylechan
ARCHITECT
3561 HOMESTEAD ROAD
SUITE 222,

SANTA CLARA, CA 95051 669-244-3111 www.kylechan.com kyle@kylechan.com

PLANNING SET 3.9.2022

Sheet Revisions:

DRC COMMENTS
6.6.2022

\ELECTRONIC PLAN REVIEW

TUNG RESIDE NEW RESIDE 629 BENVENI LOS ALTOS, C







					······	}				- AMINGS
PROJECT TEAM	VICINI	ITY MAP	ZONING INFORM	ATION	>	}	PROJECT INFO	ORMATION	DRAWING INDEX	O'SE COL
OWNER CHIEN-CHIH TUNG 629 BENVENUE AVE	ARCHITECT KYLE CHAN, ARCHITECT 3561 HOMESTEAD ROAD #222	Imond Ave View		ZONING COM	APLIANCE Proposed	Allowed/Required	PROJECT DESCRIPTION:	1. DEMOLISH EXISTING RESIDENCE 2. PROPOSE NEW 2-STORY SINGLE FAMILY	A0.1 PROJECT INFO A0.2 STREETSCAPE DIAGRAM	- PURC
LOS ALTOS, CA 94024 650-380-9332 chienchih.tung@gmail.com	SANTA CLARA, CA 95051 PH: 408-780-8030 CELL: 669-244-3111 kyle@kylechan.com	Phydlis Ave	LOT COVERAGE: Land area covered by all structures that are over 6 feet in height	2,006 square fe	2,850 square feet (27.9%)	3,058 square feet (30 %)	APN: CONSTRUCTION TYPE:	RESIDENCE 189-38-079 V-B	A0.3 ARBORIST REPORT AND TPZ PLAN CIVIL 1 OF 1 BOUNDARY & TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY C-1 GRADING AND DRAINAGE NOTES & DETAILS	
SURVEYOR BAY LAND CONSULTING 2315 SOUTH BASCOM AVE #200 CAMPBELL, CA 95008 KENNETH ANDERSON		Cuesta Dr.	FLOOR AREA: Measured to the outside surfaces of exterior walls SETBACKS:	2,006 square for (19.6 %)	(<u>34.9</u> %)	(35_%)	OCCUPANCY: BUILDING CODES:	R-3 / U 2019 CBC (BASED ON 2018 IBC) 2019 CRC (BASED ON 2018 IRC)	C-2 GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN C-3 EROSION CONTROL PLAN C-4 EROSION CONTROL DETAILS C-5 BLUEPRINT FOR A CLEAN BAY	COVER SH
LS7523 408-786-6700 AGOODSURVEYOR@GMAIL.COM SURVEYOR@BAYLANDCONSULTING.COM HTTP://BAYLANDCONSULTING.COM/		Springer Rd Miramonte Aw	Front Rear Right side (1 st /2 nd) Left side (1 st /2 nd) HEIGHT:	22'4 feet 63'4 feet 10'3 feet/NA fee 9'7 feet/NA fee		25'_feet 25'_feet 7'4.7 feet/4'10.7 feet 7'4.7 feet/4'10.7 feet (10% LOT WIDTH 74') 27_feet		2019 CEC (BASED ON 2017 NEC) 2019 CMC (BASED ON 2018 UMC) 2019 CPC (BASED ON 2018 UPC) 2019 CALIFORNIA ENERGY CODE 2019 CFC (BASED ON 2018 IFC) 2019 CALIFORNIA GREEN BUILDING STANDARDS CODE (CALGREEN)	ARCHITECTURAL A0.5 SITE PLAN / FLOOR AREA STUDY A1.1 EXISTING FLOOR PLAN / ELEVATIONS A2.1 FIRST / SECOND FLOOR PROPOSED PLAN A2.2 ROOF PROPOSED PLAN	CITY STAM
CIVIL ENGINEER BAY LAND CONSULTING 2315 SOUTH BASCOM AVE #200	TITLE-24 ENERGY CONSULTANT CARSTAIRS ENERGY CALCULATIONS PO BOX 4736	Talling Ave			E BREAKDOWN	<u> </u>		CITY MUNICIPAL CODE ALL APPLICABLE LOCAL, COUNTY, STATE AND FEDERAL CODES, LAWS	A3.1 PROPOSED ELEVATIONS A3.2 PROPOSED ELEVATIONS A8.0 EXTERIOR SECTIONS	
CAMPBELL, CA 95008 408-786-6700 SCOTT HOFFMAN scott@blceng.com HTTP://BAYLANDCONSULTING.COM/	SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA 93403 PH:805-904-9048 title24@yahoo.com	Portland Ave	HABITABLE LIVING AREA: Includes habitable basement areas	Existing 1,574 square for	Change in et 1,531 square feet	Total Proposed 3,105 square feet	NO GAS POLICY:	& REGULATIONS FOR THE NEW SINGLEFAMILY HOME, NO GAS IS ALLOWED PER CITY REACH CODES.	LANDSCAPE L-1 PLANTING PLAN	
ARBORIST NEWVISTA INC.	GENERAL CONTRACTOR T.B.D.	SITE	NON- HABITABLE AREA: Does not include covered porches or open structures	432 square fo	et 27 square feet	459 square feet	FIRE SPRINKLER:	A RESIDENTIAL FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEM IS REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NFPA 13D AND STATE AND LOCAL REQUIREMENTS FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEM TO BE APPROVED UNDER A		
THOMAS LAMAS 545 MERIDIAN AVE # 26231 SAN JOSE, CA 95126 (408) 646-9790		HILLON DE CONTRACTOR DE CONTRA	NET LOT AREA:	LOT CALCU	LATIONS 10,195 square feet		SOLAR PANEL:	SEPARATE PERMIT. SOLAR PANEL REQUIRED PER TITLE-24 UNDER A SEPARATE PERMIT.		
THOMAS LAMAS (510)574-5950 TLAMAS@NEWVISTAINC.COM		N.T.S.	FRONT YARD HARDSCAPE ARE Hardscape area in the front yard setback.	shall not exceed 50% Total hardscape as	square feet ea (existing and proposed): (undisturbed) area:	(36 %) 4,553 sq ft 3,386 sq ft				AO
LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT YILIANG KAO 510-423-3626 yiliang.kao@gmail.com			LANDSCAPING BREAKDOWN:	New softscape are	,	sq ft sq ft				PROJECT NUMBE 629 BENVENUI





638 PACO DR 2-STORY HOUSE

645 BENVENUE AVE 1-STORY HOUSE



644 BENVENUE AVE 2-STORY HOUSE



638 BENVENUE AVE (IN CONSTRUCTION)



kylechan ARCHITECT 3561 HOMESTEAD ROAD

SUITE 222, SANTA CLARA, CA 95051 669-244-3111 www.kylechan.com kyle@kylechan.com

PLANNING SET 3.9.2022

Sheet Revisions: DRC COMMENTS 6.6.2022

ELECTRONIC PLAN REVIEW

STREETSCAPE DIAGRAM

CITY STAMP:

PROJECT NUMBER: 2110 629 BENVENUE AVE

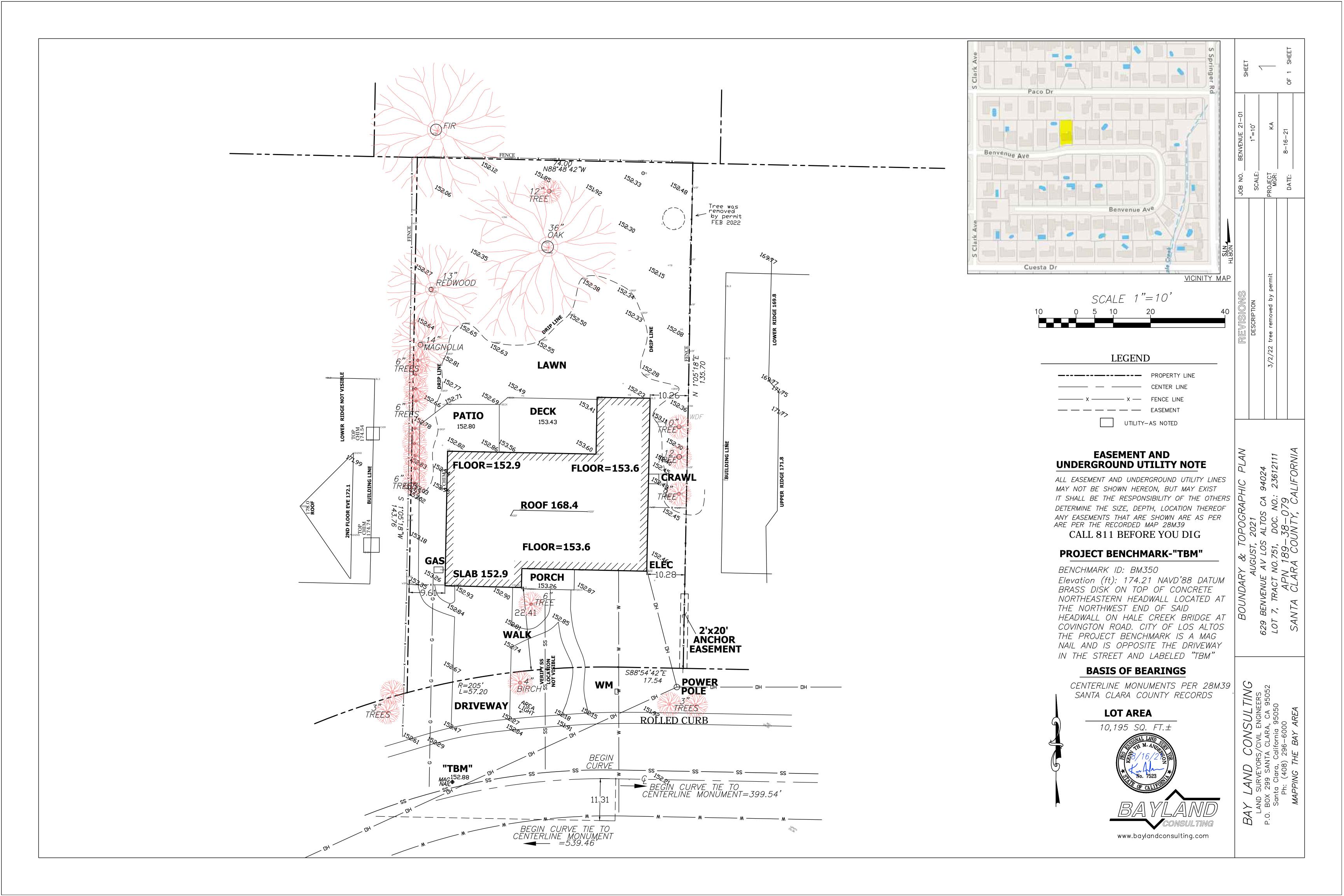
Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 February 23rd 2022 February 23rd 2022 Introduction Tree Inventory Table of Contents NewVista Tree Service was contracted to provide a Certified Arborist Report for Anhua Yu, in conjunction with 545 Meridian Ave # 26231 Tree Inventory: 629 Benvenue Ave, Los Altos, CA 94024 New Vista Inc a development application for 629 Benvenue Ave Los Altos, CA 94024. All inspections were performed by a Certified San Jose, CA 95126 Table of Contents Arborist accredited by the International Society of Arboriculture. The scope of our work was to evaluate the trees on the 408-646-9790 NewVista Tree Service 23 Coast Live Oak (Quercus agrifolia) 30.9 40 Remain 5 Yes referenced property and to provide a professional recommendation on the necessary measures to complete the construction project and protect existing trees. Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist The proposed plans submitted to the City of Los Altos include the demolition of an existing single family home Tree Inventory Multi-Trunk and the new construction of a 2-story 3,564 single family home. The report will express the Project Arborist Thomas Japanese Pittosporum (Pittosporum tobira) 12.6 20 Remain 5 Protected Tree Evaluation & Recommendation Lamas' recommendations. 26 Victorian Box (Pittosporum undulatum) 5.3 25 Remain 4 N Tree Protection Plan Example of Tree Protection 7 Victorian Box (Pittosporum undulatum) 6.8 25 Remove 4 N Birch (Betula) Disclosure Statement Site tree assessments were carried out using a systematic and consistent method using the following rubric: Mayten (Maytenus boaria) Tree Photos Species Identification and Classification Site Plan 2. Measuring Tree Diameter at 4.5 ft in height (in accordance with ISA methods). Multi-trunk trees were measured Japanese Maple (Acer palmatum) by adding half the diameter of each additional stem to the largest stem. 3.8 8 Remain 3 N Height Estimation 32 Black Matipo (Pittosporum tenuifolium) 11.8 8 Remain 3 N
33 Black Matipo (Pittosporum tenuifolium) 6.9 8 Remain 3 N Arborist Report 4. Classification of overall tree health using a rating system with the following metrics: 9.2 25 Remain 5 N Multi-Trunk a. 5- Tree is in excellent health. Excellent vigor with no signs of disease or dieback. Canopy is symmetrical Privet (Ligustrum vulgare) and balanced with > 75% of original canopy intact. No evident structural defects. b. 4 Tree is in good health. Good vigor with minor imperfections and signs of stress. Small branch dieback. Prepared For: Anhua Yu Relatively free of pests and disease. Between 50-75% of the original canopy is intact. No major structural Privet (Ligustrum vulgare) 629 Benvenue Ave defects that could not be corrected with appropriate methods. Los Altos, CA 94024 3.8 20 Remain 5 8 Privet (Ligustrum vulgare) c. 3. Tree is in moderate health. Moderate vigor with branch dieback on small twigs and branches. Presence of pests or infection visible. The canopy is thinning and 3 | 15 | Remain | 4 | N | Growth into fence 9 Fig Tree (Ficus) $<50\%\ of\ the\ original\ canopy\ is\ intact.\ Some\ structural\ defects\ may\ be\ present\ that\ need\ to\ be\ corrected.$ d. 2- Tree is in poor declining condition. Has major dieback, cankers and or pockets on branches. Tree has 10 Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) < 25% of the original canopy intact. Major structural defects may be present that cannot be corrected. Prepared By: Thomas Lamas 1 Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) e. 1- Tree is in a severe declining condition. Major dieback and dead significant branches and or trunk. ISA Certified Arborist Mostly epicormic growth. WE-13399A 2 Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) f. 0- Tree is deceased. 5. Mapping and Labeling: Location of trees were identified on site plans in reference to existing structures 13 Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) February 23rd 2022 Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) In total, 33 trees were assessed on the premises of 629 Benvenue Ave Los Altos, CA. Out of 33 trees 1 tree was found to be Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) "protected" based on size. The 1 protected tree is a mature Coast Live Oak tree. On a health scale from 0-5, the majority of Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) trees on the property scored 4 and 5's. Most trees are located along the perimeter of the property and will not be affected by construction. In this report, the retention and protection of 1 Large Oak Tree, 1 Birch Tree(non-protected), 1 Maple Tree 7 Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) (non-protected) is recommended. The removal of 1 non-protected Victorian Box Tree is recommended for future landscaping design. 18 Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) 6.5 20 Remain 5 N Fern Pine (Pinus densiflora) 20 Magnolia (Magnolia sieboldii) 12 | 30 | Remain | 5 | N Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Protected Tree Evaluation & Recommendation 2. Over the next few months, property owners shall observe trees for any signs of distress. If any tree shows signs of Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A 1. Species: Coast Live Oak Tree (Quercus agrifolia) DBH: 26inches Height~40ft Tree# 23 stress, an arborist should be contacted. Disclosure Statement 3. Routine pruning should be performed to keep trees healthy. Removal of dead, diseased or damaged limbs is The information presented in this report is accurate to the best of my knowledge. It is the responsibility of the Health Rating: 5 b. Observations: Mature Coast Live Oak tree is healthy. Foliage is green and lush. There are no signs of property owner, contractor & architect to review the report as well as fully understand and adhere to its content for this pests or diseases. The tree has a small bark lesion on the lower trunk. Tree is located on the rear of the 4. Mulching is encouraged to help retain moisture in soil and prevent unwanted vegetation from growing around development. property and construction should not encroach under the drip line of the canopy. Sketches and diagrams in this report are intended to aid and are not intended to be taken as engineering or c. Recommendation: The large Oak tree should be protected during construction. A chain link fence 5. If needed, soil should be fertilized using slow release fertilizer. Soil testing can help determine if there is a mineral should be erected around the perimeter of the tree's canopy. NewVista Inc does not guarantee the survival or protection of the trees mentioned in this report. The Site Plan recommendations made in this report are to aid and minimize the potential damage to such trees. Ultimately the trees on Tree Protection Plan the property are the owners responsibility. Example of Tree Protection If trees are identified to be preserved in this report or city officials make the recommendation. The trees shall be This report solely contains the opinion and recommendation of an ISA Certified Arborist; it does not provide protected using the following methods. approval or give the right to commence any development. Before Construction: PROTECTION / Before any construction is to commence, the following measures should be taken: Tree Protection Zone Trees which are located near the proposed construction, are to be protected from possible mechanical damage by the following protection methods in accordance with the City of Los Altos Municipal Code 11.08.120: ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A 1. Protective fencing shall be installed no closer to the trunk than the dripline, and far enough from the trunk to protect the Not to scale 2. The fence shall be chain link and a minimum of five feet in height. Fence shall be supported by vertical posts driven 2 feet (min) into the ground. Chain link or similar sturdy material Maintain Existing Grade within dripline 3. The existing grade level around a tree shall normally be maintained out to the dripline of the tree. No signs, wires, or any other object shall be attached to the tree. 4. Trees that have been damaged by construction shall be repaired in accordance with accepted arboriculture methods 1. Project Arborist shall observe any excavation/drilling encroaching the protected tree(s) canopy. And direct any mitigation or required root pruning. 2. Any pruning done during construction must be in accordance with ANSI 300 standards. TREE PROTECTION FENCE DETAIL 3. All contractors & subcontractors must be informed not to encroach on protected tree(s) without the permission ELEVATION VIEW of the Project Arborist. SINGLE TREE MULTIPLE TREES 4. Unnecessary soil compaction must be avoided. No storage of heavy machinery or supplies should be stored under the canopy of protected trees. 1. After Construction is complete, all protective material will be removed from trees and disposed of properly Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Thomas Lamas ISA Certified Arborist WE-13399A February 23rd 2022 Benvenue Ave

Tree#20 #21

kylechan AŘCHITECT 3561 HOMESTEAD ROAD SUITE 222, SANTA CLARA, CA 95051 669-244-3111 www.kylechan.com kyle@kylechan.com PLANNING SET 3.9.2022 Sheet Revisions: DRC COMMENTS <u>I \</u> 6.6.2022 ELECTRONIC PLAN REVIEW ARBORIST REPORT / TPZ PLAN CITY STAMP:

February 23rd 2022

PROJECT NUMBER: 2110 **629 BENVENUE AVE**



GENERAL NOTES

- ALL MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP SHALL CONFORM TO THE GENERAL AND SPECIFIC PROVISIONS. STANDARD DRAWINGS, AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE CITY OF LOS ALTOS.
- IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY THE LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES WITH THE APPROPRIATE UTILITY AGENCIES PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY ALL PUBLIC AND PRIVATE UTILITY OWNERS 48 HOURS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK ADJACENT TO THE UTILITY CONTACT UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT (USA) AT 800/642-2444.
- EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN ARE BASED UPON RECORD INFORMATION AND ARE APPROXIMATE IN LOCATION AND DEPTH. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL POTHOLE ALL EXISTING UTILITIES THAT MAY BE AFFECTED BY NEW FACILITIES IN THIS CONTRACT. VERIFY ACTUAL LOCATION AND DEPTH, AND REPORT POTENTIAL CONFLICTS TO THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO EXCAVATION FOR NEW FACILITIES.

IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO REPLACE ALL STREET MONUMENTS, LOT CORNER PIPES, AND GRADE STAKES DISTURBED DURING THE PROCESS OF CONSTRUCTION AT THE REGULAR ENGINEER'S FEE.

PROVIDE CONCRETE PROTECTION BETWEEN UNDERGROUND PIPE CROSSINGS WITH 12" OR LESS VERTICAL CLEARANCE.

ALL SURPLUS AND UNSUITABLE MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM PROJECT SITE AND FROM PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY.

CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ADEQUATE DUST CONTROL AND KEEP MUD AND DEBRIS OFF THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY AT ALL

ALL TRENCHES AND EXCAVATIONS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN STRICT COMPLIANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF CALIFORNIA AND FEDERAL O.S.H.A. REQUIREMENTS AND OTHER APPLICABLE SAFETY ORDINANCES. CONTRACTOR SHALL BEAR FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR TRENCH SHORING DESIGN AND INSTALLATION.

GRADE BREAKS ON CURBS AND SIDEWALKS ARE TO BE ROUNDED OFF ON FORM WORK AND FINISHED SURFACING.

- CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM HIS CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION IN MANNER WHICH WILL NOT ALLOW HARMFUL POLLUTANTS TO ENTER THE STORM DRAIN SYSTEM. TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMPLEMENT THE APPROPRIATE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) AS OUTLINED IN THE BROCHURES ENTITLED BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY" ISSUED BY THE SAN MATEO COUNTYWIDE STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PROGRAM, TO SUIT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE AND JOB CONDITION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PRESENT HIS PROPOSED BMP AT THE PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING FOR DISCUSSION AND APPROVAL.
- OVERNIGHT PARKING OF CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT IN THE STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED, EXCEPT AT LOCATION(S) APPROVED BY THE CITY TRAFFIC ENGINEER.

CITY REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTIFICATES OF SURVEY

BY A LICENSED CIVIL SURVEYOR OR CIVIL FNGINFFR

AT THE TIME OF FOUNDATION AND / OR FOOTING PRE-POUR INSPECTION

AT ROOF NAIL TO VERIFY COMPLIANCE WITH THE DAYLIGHT PLANE, AVERAGE

3. AT FINAL INSPECTION TO VERIFY COMPLIANCE WITH GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN.

UNDERGROUND UTILITY NOTES

1. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT U.S.A. AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR

TO EXCAVATING IN ANY AREA WHERE UNDERGROUND FACILITIES

THE EXISTENCE, LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF ANY UNDERGROUND

UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN A GENERAL WAY ONLY. IT WILL BE THE

RESPONSIBILITY AND DUTY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO MAKE FINAL DETERMINATIONS AS TO THE EXISTENCE, LOCATION AND ELEVATION

TO VERIFY BUILDING SETBACKS FROM PROPERTY LINES. BUILDING

HEIGHT AND TOTAL HEIGHT BASED ON THE JOB SITE PLANS AND

ARE LOCATED. PHONE (800)642-2444.

DIMENSIONS AND FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATION.

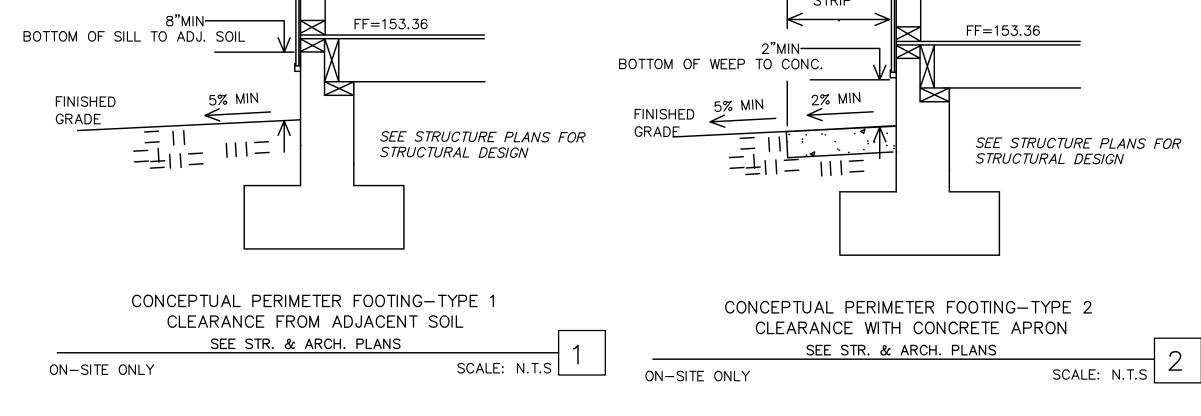
GRADING NOTES

PERFORATED PIPE W/_

10'MIN FROM

ANY STRUCTURES

- 1. DATE OF SURVEY: AUGUST, 2021
- 2. FINISHED GRADES ALONG THE PERIMETER OF THE FOUNDATION TO BE SLOPED AT A MINIMUM OF 5% FOR FIRST 10 FEET.
- 3. ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS "A" CONFORMING TO SECTION 90 OF CALTRANS SPECIFICATIONS AND SHALL DEVELOP A COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 3,000 PSI AT 28 DAYS PER CALIFORNIA TEST METHOD
- 4. ON-SITE UTILITY TRENCHES SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH COMPACTED ENGINEERED FILL. THE FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN LIFTS NOT TO EXCEED EIGHT (8) INCHES IN UNCOMPACTED THICKNESS AND SHALL BE MECHANICALLY COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 90% RELATIVE COMPACTION.
- 5. LOCATION OF TREES SHOWN HEREON ARE TAKEN AT A POINT THAT THE TREE ENTERS THE GROUND. SIZES OF TREES SHOWN HEREON ARE TAKEN AT DBH (DIAMETER AT BREAST HEIGHT)
- 6. LOCATION OF METERS ARE AS NOTED. COORDINATE ALL SUCH WORK WITH THE UTILITY COMPANY HAVING JURISDICTION.
- 7. CONTRACTOR SHALL BARRICADE AND PROTECT ALL EXISTING SITE FEATURES INCLUDING TREES, FENCES, GATES, UTILITIES, ETC.
- 8. ALL ON-SITE STORM DRAINAGE AND SANITARY SEWER PIPE TO BE PVC SCHEDULE 40.



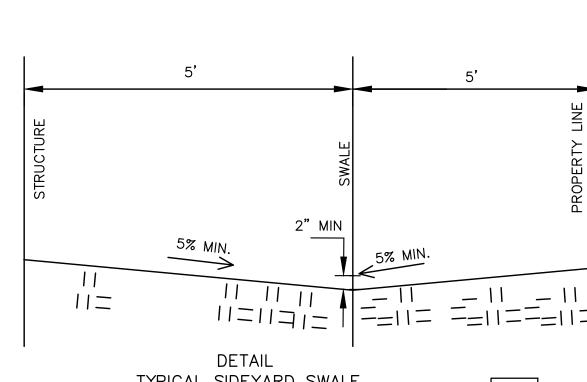
18" WIDE CONCRETE |

RIM 152.40 DRAIN BOX W/ 18" X 19.5" GRATE 2" MIN BOTTOM OF BOX 4" PVC SCH. 40 TOP OF ROCK EL=150.00 1 1/2" DRAIN ROCK HOLES FACING DOWN 3.0' - GEO-TEXTILE FABRIC TO ENCLOSE ALL 11 =DRAIN ROCK 11=11=1= BOTTOM OF ROCK EL=147.00VOLUME OF GRAVEL BED 9' LENGTH X 9'WIDE X 3'DEEP DETAIL PVC CROSS— └2" CLR TYPICAL SIDEYARD SWALE RETENTION VOLUME=243CF X .40=97.2CF OF VOIDS SCALE: N.T.S ON-SITE ONLY NOTES: 1. WATER RETENTION CAPACITY OF BED IS

MINIMUM FROM ALL PROPERTY LINE. ON-SITE ONLY SCALE: NTS

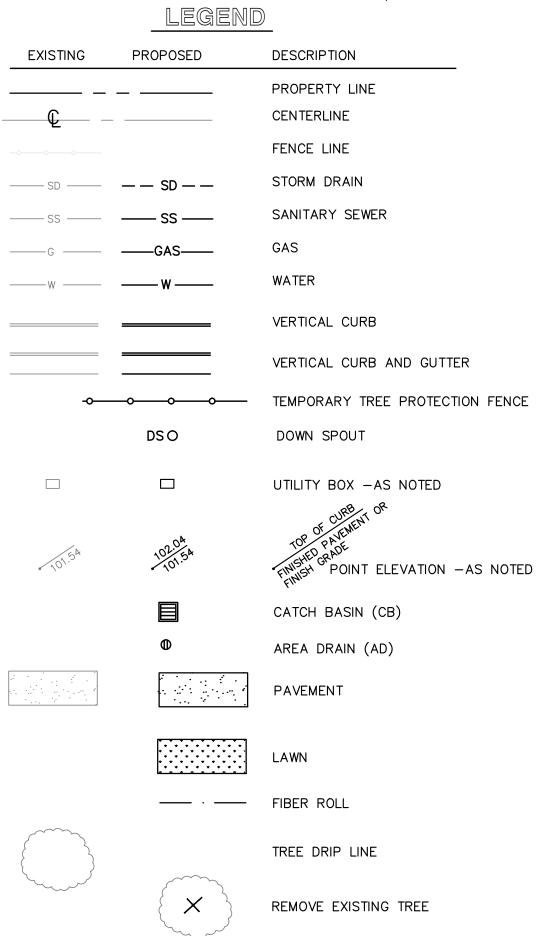
LIMITED TO 40% OF TOTAL BED VOLUME.

2.THE EDGE OF BASIN SHALL BE 10'



629 Benvenue Ave. os Altos, CA 94024 Benvenue Ave

VICINITY MAP



MAN HOLE MONUMENT NEW OVERHEAD WIRE PROPERTY LINE PARCEL MAP PUBLIC UTILITY EASEMENT PAVEMENT ROOF DRAIN TOP OF GRATE STORM DRAIN STORM DRAIN MANHOLE SANITARY SEWER

SANITARY SEWER CLEANOUT SIDEWALK TEMPORARTY BENCH MARK VALLEY GUTTER WATER WOOD FENCE WATER METER WATER VALVE



SHEET

OF 5 SHEETS

ABBREVIATIONS

AGGREGATE BASE ASPHALT CONCRETE MON ASSESSORS PARCEL NUMBER BUILDING CATCH BASIN CLEAN OUT CONCRETE CONTROL POINT DOWN SPOUT DRIVEWAY SD **EXISTING** ELECTRICAL METER FACE OF CURB FINISH FLOOR FINISH GRADE FIRE HYDRANT FINISH SURFACE GAS/GROUND GAS METER PIPE INVERT JOINT POLE

BASIS OF BEARINGS

SPECIFICATIONS.

CENTERLINE MONUMENTS PER 28M39 SANTA CLARA COUNTY RECORDS

OF ALL UTILITIES.

LOT AREA

10,195 SQ. FT.±

BENCHMARK "TBM"

BENCHMARK ID: BM350 Elevation (ft): 174.21 NAVD'88 DATUM BRASS DISK ON TOP OF CONCRETE NORTHEASTERN HEADWALL LOCATED AT THE NORTHWEST END OF SAID HEADWALL ON HALE CREEK BRIDGE AT COVINGTON ROAD. CITY OF LOS ALTOS THE PROJECT BENCHMARK IS A MAG NAIL AND IS OPPOSITE THE DRIVEWAY IN THE STREET AND LABELED "TBM"

GEOTECHNICAL REPORT

ALL WORK TO BE COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT PREPARED BY______

SITE GRADING QUANTITIES |CUT 10± CY

|FILL 10± CY

CUT/ FILL QUANTITIES ARE ESTIMATES ONLY. CONTRACTOR TO MAKE OWN ESTIMATES AS TO REQUIRED CUT AND FILL QUANTITIES.

SHEET INDEX

SHEET C1 GRADING AND DRAINAGE NOTES & DETAILS SHEET C2 GRADING & DRAINAGE

SHEET C3 EROSION CONTROL PLAN

SHEET C4 EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS

SHEET C5 BLUE PRINT FOR A CLEAN BAY

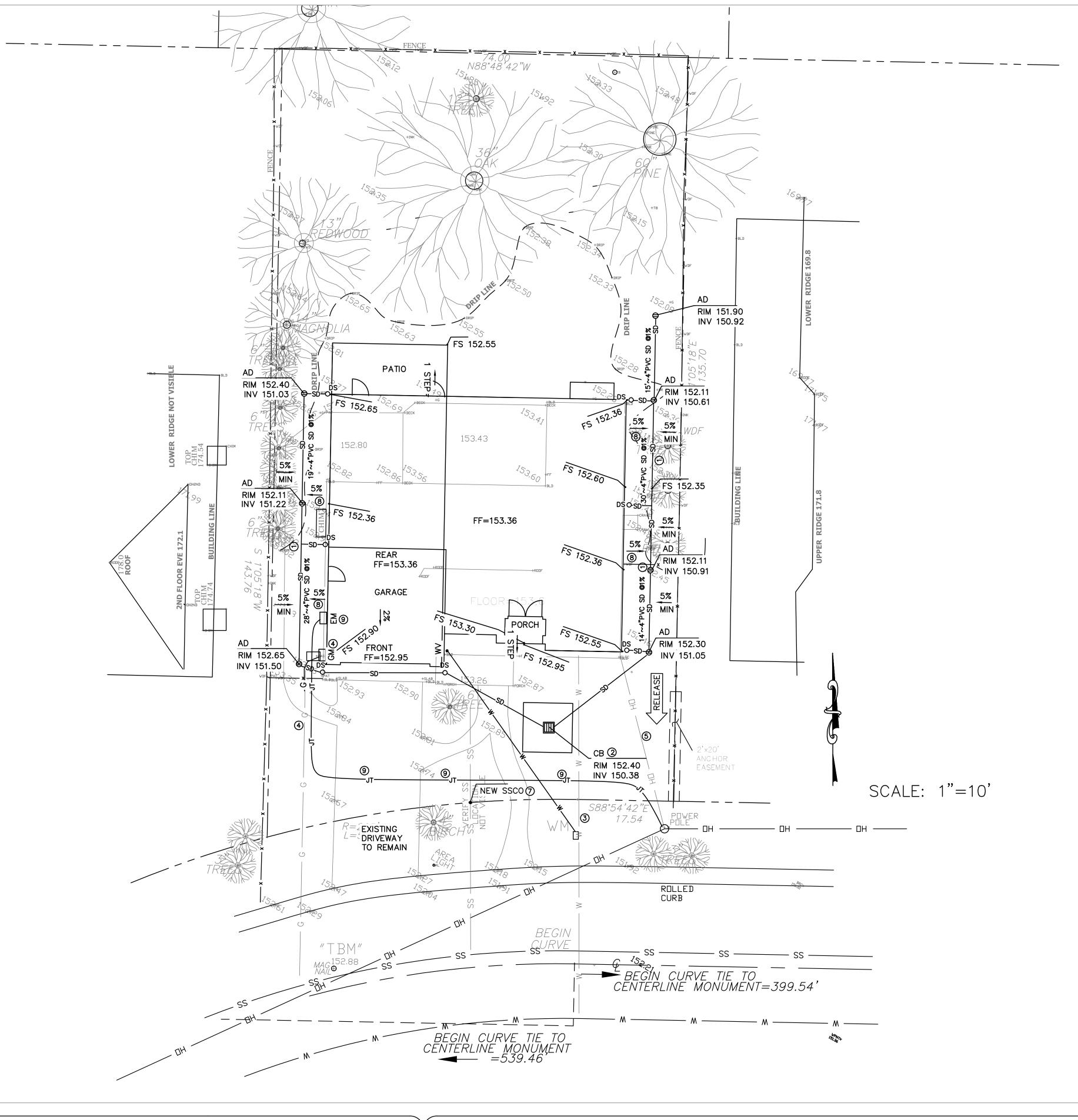
www.baylandconsulting.com

BAY LAND CONSULTING CIVIL ENGINEERS P.O BOX 299 Santa Clara, California 95050

> Ph: (408) 296-6000 SERVING THE BAY AREA

GRADING AND DRAINAGE NOTES AND DETAILS 629 BENVENUE AVE, LOS ALTOS CA 94024 APN 189-38-079 SANTA CLARA COUNTY

Ĭ		REVISIONS	JOB NO.	21079	
DATE	^	DESCRIPTION			
	\triangle		SCALE:	N.T.S.	
	\triangle		DWN:	YC/SH	
	\triangle		DATE:	02/15/22	
\setminus	\triangle		人 5 ///		$\overline{}$





- (1)STORM DRAINAGE PIPING SHOWN TO BE 4" PVC SCH.40 OR GREATER
- 2)SEE DETAIL 3), SHEET C1 FOR SHALLOW GRAVEL BASIN
- 3EXISTING WATER METER TO REMAIN. INSTALL NEW $1\frac{1}{2}$ " COPPER SERVICE TO RESIDENCE WITH SHUT OFF VALVE AT BUILDING FACE.
- 4 EXISTING GAS LINE TO REMAIN. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION AND DEPTH PRIOR CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE NEW GAS METER INSTALLATION WITH PG&E
- 5 ALL UTILITIES TO BE UNDERGROUNDED
- 6 INSTALL TREE PROTECTION PER CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL.
 ALL TREE PROTECTION FENCING SHALL BE CHAIN LINE AND A MINIMUM OF FIVE FEET IN HEIGHT WITH POSTS DRIVEN INTO THE GROUND.
- 7 EXISTING SANITARY SEWER TO REMAIN. SEWER LATERAL AS SHOWN WAS NOT FIELD SURVEYED BY SURVEYOR. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY LOCATION AS CONSTRUCTED. INSTALL NEW REQUIREMENT.
- (8) SLOPE GROUND AWAY FROM FOUNDATION

 @ 5% MIN ON SOIL AND @ 2% MIN ON
 CONCRETE FOR FIRST 10 FEET.
- 9 COORDINATE INSTALLATION OF NEW ELECTRIC METER AND JOINT TRENCH UTILITY SERVICES UNDERGROUNDING WITH CABLE, ELECT. AND TELEPHONE COMPANIES.

WORK IN RIGHT-OF-WAY NOTES

- a. ANY DAMAGED RIGHT-OF WAY INFRASTRUCTURES AND OTHERWISE DISPLACED CURB AND GUTTER SHALL BE REMOVED AND REPLACED AS DIRECTED BY THE CITY ENGINEER OR HIS DESIGNEE. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT AT (650)947-2680.
- b. PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK DONE IN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY, A PERMIT TO OPEN STREET AND/OR AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT WILL BE REQUIRED.



SHEET

OF 5 SHEETS



BAY LAND CONSULTING

CIVIL ENGINEERS
P.O BOX 299

Santa Clara, California 95050
Ph: (408) 296-6000

SERVING THE BAY AREA

GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN

629 BENVENUE AVE, LOS ALTOS CA 94024

APN 189-38-079

SANTA CLARA COUNTY

		REVISIONS	JOB NO.	21079	Y
ATE	\triangle	DESCRIPTION	SCALE:	N.T.S.	
	$\overline{\triangle}$		DWN:	YC/SH	
	\triangle			02/15/22	
	\wedge		DATE:		—— <u> </u>





BAY LAND CONSULTING

CIVIL ENGINEERS
P.O BOX 299

Santa Clara, California 95050
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SERVING THE BAY AREA

EROSION CONTROL PLAN

629 BENVENUE AVE, LOS ALTOS CA 94024

APN 189-38-079

SANTA CLARA COUNTY

	REVISIONS	JOB NO.
	DATE DESCRIPTION	SCALE:
	\triangle	DWN:
J		DATE:

D. 21079 SHEET

E: N.T.S.

N: YC/SH

E: 02/15/22 OF 5 SHEETS

GENERAL FROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES:

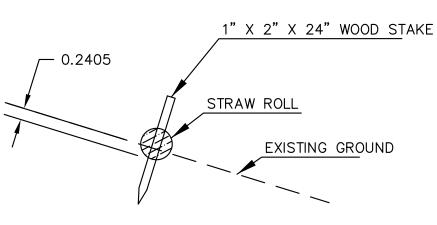
- 1. Contractor/Owner:___
 - It shall be the owner's responsibility to maintain control of the entire construction operation and to keep the entire site in compliance with the soil erosion control measures.
- 2. Civil Engineer: Bay Land Consulting, 2005 De La Cruz Blvd. Ste 230, Santa Clara, CA Ph: 408-296-6000.
- 3. Construction Superintendent:
- 6. Owner/contractor shall be responsible for monitoring erosion and sediment control measures prior, during, and after storm events.
- 7. Reasonable care shall be taken when hauling any earth, sand, gravel, stone, debris, paper or any other substance over any public street, alley or other public place. Should any blow, spill, or track over and upon said public or adjacent private property, immediate remedy shall occur.
- 8. Sanitary facilities shall be maintained on the site.
- 9. During the rainy season, all paved areas shall be kept clear of earth material and debris. The site shall be maintained so as to minimize sediment laden runoff to any storm drainage system, including existing drainage swales and water courses.
- 10. Construction operations shall be carried out in such a manner that erosion and water pollution will be minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement shall be complied with.
- 11. Contractor shall provide dust control as required by the appropriate federal, state and local agency requirements.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES

- 1. The facilities shown on this plan are designed to control erosion and sediment during the rainy season, October 15 to April 15. Facilities are to be operable prior to October 1 of any year. Grading operations during the rainy season which leave denuded slopes shall be protected with <u>erosion control</u> measures immediately following grading on the slopes. During the non-rainy season Best Management Practices (BMPs) must be implemented during construction which includes, but is not limited to: stabilized construction entrance, tire wash area and inlet protection.
- 3. Construction entrances shall be installed prior to commencement of grading. All construction traffic entering onto the paved roads must cross the stabilized construction entrance ways. (Also include this note on grading plans.)
- 4. Contractor shall maintain stabilized entrance at each vehicle access point to existing paved streets. Any mud or debris tracked onto public streets shall be removed daily and as required by the City.
- 5. If hydroseeding is not used or is not effective by 10/10, then other immediate methods shall be implemented, such as Erosion control Blankets, or a three—step application of 1) seed, mulch, fertilizer 2) blown straw 3) tackifier and mulch.
- 6. Inlet protection shall be installed at open inlets to prevent sediment from entering the storm drain system. Inlets not used in conjunction with erosion control are to be blocked to prevent entry of sediment.
- 7. Lots with houses under construction will not be hydroseeded. Erosion protection for each lot with a house under construction shall conform to the Typical Lot Erosion Control Detail shown on this sheet.
- 8. This erosion and sediment control plan may not cover all the situations that may arise during construction due to unanticipated field conditions. Variations and additions may be made to this plan in the field. Notify the City Representative of any field changes.

Maintenance Notes

- 1. Maintenance is to be performed as follows:
 - A. Repair damages caused by soil erosion or construction at the end of each working
 - Swales shall be inspected periodically and maintained as needed.
 - C. Sediment traps, berms, and swales are to be inspected after each storm and
 - D. Sediment shall be removed and sediment trap restored to its original dimensions when sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1 foot.
 - E. Sediment removed from trap shall be deposited in a suitable area and in such a manner that it will not erode.
 - F. Rills and gullies must be repaired.
- 2. Sand bag inlet protection shall be cleaned out whenever sediment depth is one half the height of one sand bag.



STRAW ROLL

EXISTING GROUND

ON SLOPES

ON LEVEL GROUND

1. PLACE STRAW ROLL IN TRENCH EXCAVATED 3" (0.024') INTO GROUND ALONG CONTOUR. RUNOFF MUST NOT BE

2. ON SLOPES PLACE ROLL TO FOLLOW THE CONTOUR AS

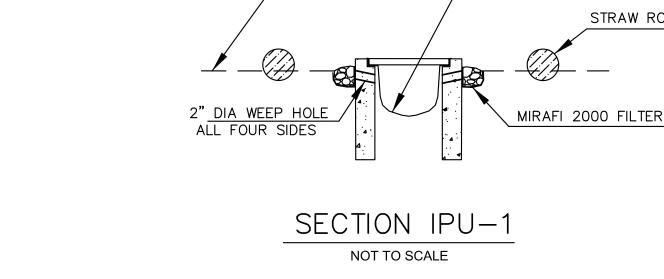
CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE. CURVE ENDS UPHILL AT THE

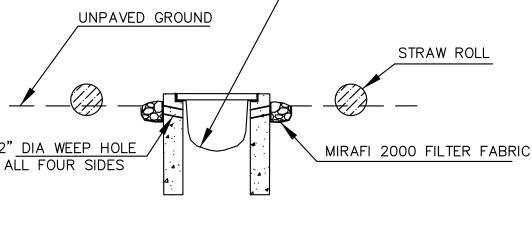
STRAW ROLL OR FIBER ROLL

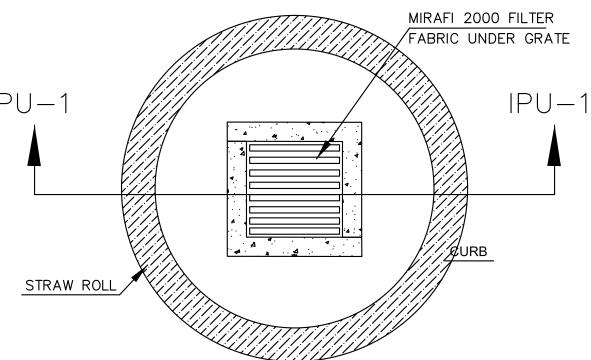
ALLOWED TO RUN UNDER OR AROUND ROLL..

3. ABUT ADJACENT ROLLS TIGHTLY.

SCALE: NTS

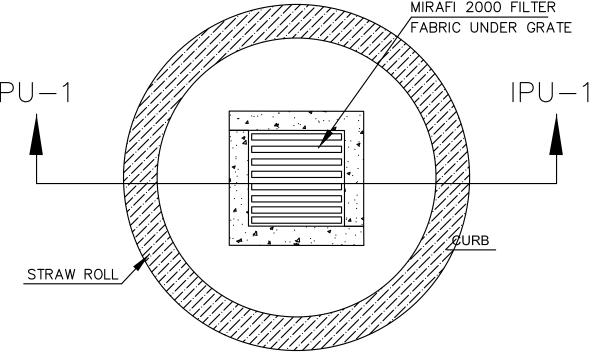




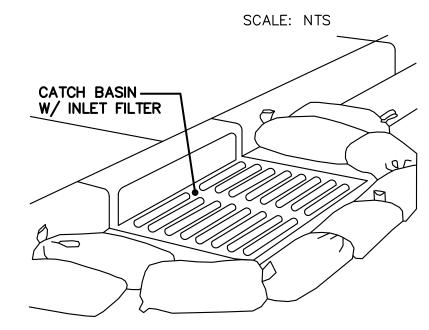


NOTE: MAX. DEPTH OF BED IS LIMITED TO 2FT & BED MUST BE LOCATED AT LEAST 10FT AWAY FROM NEAREST PROPERTY LINE & TREE. EST. DIMENSIONS OF GRAVEL BED:

WIDTH = 4FTPER DETAIL BELOW LENGTH = 4FT — DEPTH = 2 FT



INLET PROTECTION IN UNPAVED AREAS SCALE: NTS

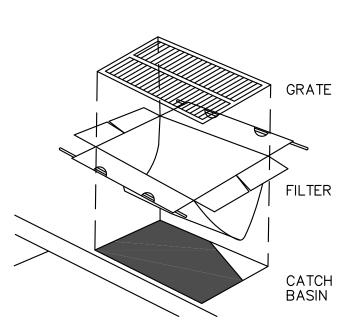


NOTES:
BRING THE DISTURBED AREA TO THE GRADE OF THE DROP INLET AND SMOOTH AND COMPACT IT. APPROXIMATELY STABILIZE ALL BARE AREAS AROUND THE INLET.

PROPERLY DISPOSE OF ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT

INSPECT ALL INLET PROTECTION DEVICES BEFORE AND AFTER RAINFALL EVENTS, AND WEEKLY THROUGHOUT THE RAIN SEASON. DURING EXTENDED RAINFALL EVENTS, INSPECT INLET PROTECTION DEVICES AT LEAST ONCE EVERY 24 HOURS.

REMOVE ALL INLET PROTECTIOIN DEVICES WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE SITE IS STABILIZED, OR WHEN INLET PROTECTIONS IS NO LONGER



CATCH BASIN INLET FILTER

INSTALLATION REMOVE DRAIN GRATE

INSERT CATCH BASIN FILTER INTO BASIN LEAVING 3" FLAP EXPOSED

REPLACE GRATE TO BASIN THEREBY PINCHING FABRIC BETWEEN GRATE AND CATCH BASIN AND HOLDING FILTER IN PLACE

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

INSPECT CATCH BASIN FILTERS WEEKLY AND AFTER EVERY RAIN

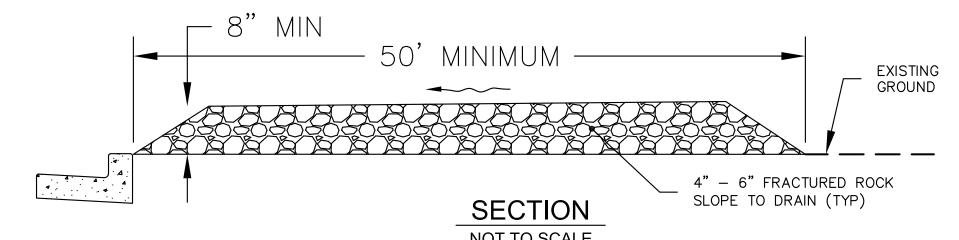
EMPTY CATCH BASIN FILTERS WHEN FILTERS APPEAR TO BE HALF FULL DISPOSE OF TRAPPED SEDIMENT IN

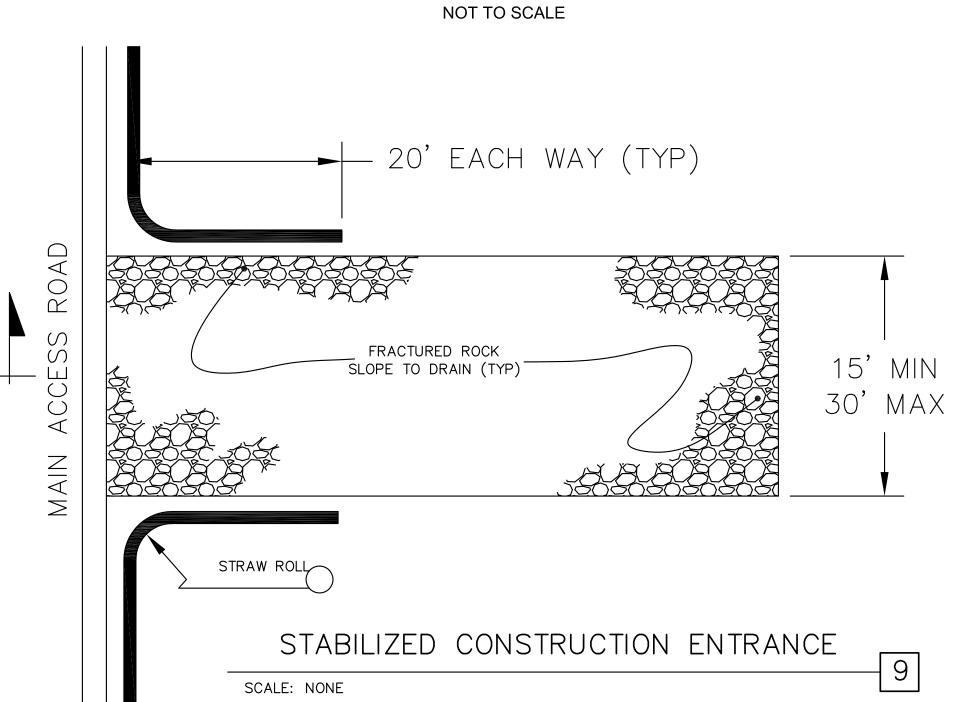
ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL

REQUIREMENTS CLEAN AND REUSE INLET FILTERS OR DISCARD AND REPLACE AS

STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION PUBLIC STREET

SCALE: NONE







21079

N.T.S.

YC/SH

12/10/21



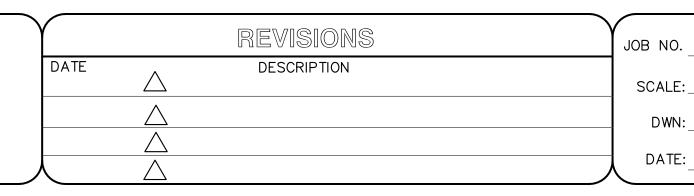
BAY LAND CONSULTING CIVIL ENGINEERS

P.O BOX 299 Santa Clara, California 95050 Ph: (408) 296-6000

SERVING THE BAY AREA

EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

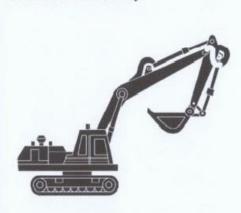
629 BENVENUE AVE, LOS ALTOS CA 94024 APN 189-38-079 SANTA CLARA COUNTY





Heavy Equipment Operation

Best Management Practices for the Construction Industry



Best Management Practices for the

- Vehicle and equipment operators
- Site supervisors General contractors

Landscaping,

Construction Industry

Gardening, and

Pool Maintenance

Best Management Practices for the

Best Management Practices for the

Swimming pool/spa service and repair

Gardeners

General contractors

Home builders

Developers

Homeowners

 Home builders Developers

Storm water Pollution from Heavy Equipment on Construction Sites

Poorly maintained vehicles and heavy equipment that leak fuel, oil, antifreeze or other fluids on the construction site are common sources of storm drain pollution. Prevent spills and leaks by isolating equipment from runof channels, and by watching for leaks and othe equipment from the site as soon as possible

Protect stockpiles and landscaping materials

chemicals indoors or in a shed or storage

Use temporary check dams or ditches to divert

☐ Protect storm drains with sandbags or other

Re-vegetation is an excellent form of erosion

andscaping/Garden Maintenance

Use pesticides sparingly, according to

instructions on the label. Rinse empty

containers, and use rinse water as produc

Collect lawn and garden clippings, pruning

☐ In communities with curbside pick-up of yard

to a landfill that composts yard waste. No

waste, place clippings and pruning waste at the

curb in approved bags or containers. Or, take

curbside pickup of vard waste is available for

Storm Drain Pollution

From Landscaping and

Swimming Pool Maintenance

Many landscaping activities expose soils and

increase the likelihood that earth and garden

chemicals will run off into the storm drains during

irrigation or when it rains, Swimming pool water

containing chlorine and copper-based algaecides

should never be discharged to storm drains. These

Dispose of rinsed, empty containers in the trash. Dispose of unused pesticides as

☐ Schedule grading and excavation projects

runoff away from storm drains.

☐ Store pesticides, fertilizers, and other

from wind and rain by storing them under tarps

Doing The Right Job

during dry weather.

sediment controls.

control for any site

hazardous waste.

and compost.

General Business Practices

Doing the Job Right

Site Planning and Preventive Vehicle

- Maintain all vehicles and heavy equipment. Inspect frequently for and repair leaks
- Perform major maintenance, repair jobs, and vehicle and equipment washing off site where cleanup is easier.

Spill Cleanup

☐ Clean up spills immediately when they

☐ Never hose down "dirty" pavement or

spilled. Use dry cleanup methods

dispose of absorbent materials.

Sweep up spilled dry materials

impermeable surfaces where fluids have

diately. Never attempt to "was

them away" with water, or bury them.

Use as little water as possible for dust

control. Ensure water used doesn't

Clean up spills on dirt areas by digging

up and properly disposing of

☐ Report significant spills to the

agencies immediately.

appropriate local spill response

If the spill poses a significant hazard to

to the State Office of Emergency

Do not blow or rake leaves, etc. into the

street, or place yard waste in gutters or o

dirt shoulders, unless you are piling them

for recycling (allowed by San Jose and

In San Jose, leave yard waste for curbside

When it's time to drain a pool, spa, or fountain,

please be sure to call your local wastewater

reatment plant before you start for furthe

guidance on flow rate restrictions, backflow

waste (such as acid wash). Discharge flow

☐ Never discharge pool or spa water to a

street or storm drain; discharge to a

If possible, when emptying a pool or spa

gradually onto a landscaped area.

Control algae with chlorine or othe

Do not use copper-based algaecides

alternatives, such as sodium bromide

Never clean a filter in the street or near a

diatomaceous earth filters onto a dirt area

and spade filter residue into soil. Dispose

storm drain. Rinse cartridge and

of spent diatomaceous earth in the

If there is no suitable dirt area, call your

instructions on discharging filter backwash

local wastewater treatment plant for

or rinse water to the sanitary sewer.

let chlorine dissipate for a few days and

then recycle/reuse water by draining it

shall not exceed 100 gallon per minute.

sanitary sewer cleanout.

Filter Cleaning

prevention, and handling special cleaning

the flow line to any storm drain.

Pool/Fountain/Spa Maintenance

Draining Pools Or Spas

unincorporated County only). Sweep up

any leaves, litter or residue in gutters or or

recycling pickup in piles in the street, 18

nches from the curb and completely out of

human health and safety, property or

the environment, you must also report it

leave silt or discharge to storm drains.

(absorbent materials, cat litter, and/or

rags) whenever possible and properly

- If you must drain and replace motor oil, radiator coolant, or other fluids on site, use drip pans o drop cloths to catch drips and spills. Collect all spent fluids, store in separate containers, and properly dispose as hazardous waste (recycle
- Do not use diesel oil to lubricate equipment parts, or clean equipment. Use only water for
- Cover exposed fifth wheel hitches and other oily

Roadwork

and Paving

Best Management Practices for the Construction Industry



Best Management Practices for the

Driveway/sidewalk/parking lot construction

- Seal coat contractors Operators of grading equipment, paving
- machines, dump trucks, concrete mixers Construction inspectors
- General contractors

Painting and

Application of

Solvents and

Best Management Practices for the

Best Management Practices for the

Homeowners

Paperhangers

Graphic artists

Dry wall crews

Home builders

General contractors

Dewatering

Floor covering installer

Adhesives

Construction Industry

 Home builders Developers

Doing The Job Right

Handling Paint Products Keep all liquid paint products and wastes away from the gutter, street, and storm drains. Liquid residues from paints, thinners, solvents, glues, and cleaning fluids are hazardous wastes and must be disposed of at a hazardous waste collection facility (contact your local stormwater program listed on the

Doing The Job Right

dry weather.

General Business Practices

Develop and implement erosion/sediment

Check for and repair leaking equipment.

repairs at construction sites.

parts or clean equipment.

During Construction

or similar materials.

and filter runoff.

storm drains, creeks, and the Bay.

areas in your maintenance yard, where

■ When refueling or when vehicle/equipment

Do not use diesel oil to lubricate equipment

control plans for roadway embankments.

Schedule excavation and grading work during

Perform major equipment repairs at designated

cleanup is easier. Avoid performing equipment

maintenance must be done on site, designate

a location away from storm drains and creeks.

Recycle used oil, concrete, broken asphalt, etc.

whenever possible, or dispose of properly.

Avoid paving and seal coating in wet weather,

materials from contacting stormwater runoff

when applying seal coat, slurry seal, fog seal,

Protect drainage ways by using earth dikes

sand bags, or other controls to divert or trap

Storm Drain Pollution

from Roadwork

Road paving, surfacing, and pavement removal

happen right in the street, where there are

numerous opportunities for asphalt, saw-cut slurry,

or excavated material to illegally enter storm drains.

materials properly and guard against pollution of

or when rain is forecast, to prevent fresh

Cover and seal catch basins and manholes

back of this brochure). When thoroughly dry, empty paint cans, used brushes, rags, and drop cloths may be disposed of as garbage in a sanitary landfill. Empty, dry paint cans also may be recycled as

■ Wash water from painted buildings constructed before 1978 can contain high amounts of lead, even if paint chips are not present. Before you begin stripping paint or cleaning pre-1978 building exteriors with water under high pressure, test paint for lead by taking pain scrapings to a local laboratory. See Yellow Pages for a state-certified laboratory.

If there is loose paint on the building, or if the paint tests positive for lead, block storm drains Check with the wastewater treatment plant to determine whether you may discharge water to the sanitary sewer, or if you must send it offsite for disposal as hazardous waste

Storm Drain Pollution from Paints, Solvents, and Adhesives All paints, solvents, and adhesives contain

chemicals that are harmful to wildlife in local

creeks, San Francisco Bay, and the Pacific Ocean oxic chemicals may come from liquid or solid products or from cleaning residues or rags. Paint material and wastes, adhesives and cleaning fluids should be recycled when possible, or disposed of properly to prevent these materials from flowing into storm drains and watercourses.

Painting Cleanup Never clean brushes or rinse paint containers into a street, gutter, storm

Never wash excess material from

exposed- aggregate concrete or similar

treatments into a street or storm drain

Collect and recycle, or dispose to dir

Cover stockpiles (asphalt, sand, etc.)

plastic sheets and berms.

catch drips when not in use.

and other construction materials wit

plastic tarps. Protect from rainfall and

prevent runoff with temporary roofs or

Park paving machines over drip pans or

absorbent material (cloth, rags, etc.) to

Clean up all spills and leaks using "dry"

and/or rags), or dig up, remove, and

properly dispose of contaminated soil

dispose of excess abrasive gravel or

☐ Avoid over-application by water trucks

for dust control.

Asphalt/Concrete Removal

Avoid creating excess dust when

After breaking up old pavement, be sure

to remove all chunks and pieces. Make

sure broken pavement does not come in

breaking asphalt or concrete.

contact with rainfall or runoff.

☐ When making saw cuts, use as little

Cover or protect storm drain inlets

during saw-cutting. Sweep up, and

Sweep, never hose down streets to

sweeper or vacuum truck. Do not dump

properly dispose of, all residues.

clean up tracked dirt. Use a street

vacuumed liquor in storm drains.

water as possible. Shovel or vacuum

saw-cut slurry and remove from the site

methods (with absorbent materials

Collect and recycle or appropriately

- drain, French drain, or stream. ☐ For water-based paints, paint out into a drain that goes to the sanitary sewer. Never pour paint down a storm
- For oil-based paints, paint out brushes to reuse thinners and solvents. Dispose of excess liquids and residue as hazardous Paint Removal
- dry stripping and sand blasting may be swept up or collected in plastic drop cloths and disposed of as trash.
- Chemical paint stripping residue and chips and dust from marine paints or paints containing lead, mercury or tributyl tir must be disposed of as hazardous wastes. Lead based paint removal requires a state-certified contractor
- ☐ When stripping or cleaning building exteriors with high-pressure water, block storm drains. Direct wash water onto a dirt area and spade into soil. Or, check with the local wastewater treatment authority to building cleaning water and dispose to the sanitary sewer. Sampling of the water may be required to assist the wastewater treatment authority in making its decision.
- Recycle/Reuse Leftover Paints Whenever Possible
- Reuse leftover oil-based paint. Dispose of non-recyclable thinners, sludge and unwanted paint, as hazardous waste. eturned to the paint vendor. Check with

Doing The Job Right

General Business Practices

- ☐ Wash out concrete mixers only in designated wash-out areas in your yard, away from storn drains and waterways, where the water will flow into a temporary waste pit in a dirt area Let water percolate through soil and dispose of settled, hardened concrete as garbage. Whenever possible, recycle washout by pumping back into mixers for reuse.
- Wash out chutes onto dirt areas at site that do not flow to streets or drains Always store both dry and wet materials under
- cover, protected from rainfall and runoff and away from storm drains or waterways. Protect dry materials from wind.
- Secure bags of cement after they are open. Be from streets, gutters, storm drains, rainfall, and
- Do not use diesel fuel as a lubricant on concrete forms, tools, or trailers,

Storm Drain Pollution from Fresh Concrete and Mortar Applications

Fresh concrete and cement-related mortars that wash into lakes, streams, or estuaries are toxic to fish and the aquatic environment. Disposing of these materials to the storm drains or creeks can block storm drains, causes serious problems, and is prohibited by law.

During Construction

- Don't mix up more fresh concrete or cement than you will use in a two-hour
- Set up and operate small mixers on tarps or heavy plastic drop cloths.

When cleaning up after driveway or

- sidewalk construction, wash fines onto dirt areas, not down the driveway or into the street or storm drain. Protect applications of fresh concrete and mortar from rainfall and runoff until
- the material has dried. Wash down exposed aggregate concrete only when the wash water can (1) flow onto a dirt area: (2) drain onto a bermed surface from which it can be pumped and disposed of properly; or (3 be vacuumed from a catchment created by blocking a storm drain inlet. If necessary, divert runoff with temporary berms. Make sure runoff does not reach gutters or storm drains.
- ☐ When breaking up pavement, be sure to pick up all the pieces and dispose of properly. Recycle large chunks of roken concrete at a landfill
- Never bury waste material. Dispose of small amounts of excess dry concrete, grout, and mortar in the trash.
- Never dispose of washout into the street, storm drains, drainage ditches, or streams.

In the Santa Clara Valley, storm drains transport water directly to local creeks and San Francisco Bay without treatment. Storm water pollution is a serious problem for wildlife dependent on our waterways and for the people who live near polluted streams or bay lands. Some common sources of this pollution include spilled oil, fuel, and fluids from vehicles and heavy equipment; construction debris; sediment created by erosion; landscaping runoff containing pesticides or weed killers; and materials such as used motor oil, antifreeze, and paint products that people pour or spill into a street or storm drain.

Preventing Pollution:

It's Up to Us

Thirteen valley municipalities have joined together with Santa Clara County and the Santa Clara Valley Water District to educate local residents and businesses and fight storm water pollution. TO comply with this program, contractors most comply with the practices described this drawing sheet.

Spill Response Agencies

DIAL 9-1-1 State Office of Emergency Services Warning Center (24 hours): 800-852-7550

Santa Clara County Environmental Health Services: (408) 299-6930

Local Pollution Control

Agencies County of Santa Clara Pollution Prevention (408) 441-1195

County of Santa Clara Integrated Waste Management Program: (408) 441-1198

County of Santa Clara District Attorney Environmental Crimes Hotline: (408) 299-TIPS

Santa Clara County Recycling Hotline: 1-800-533-8414

Santa Clara Valley Water District: (408) 265-2600 Santa Clara Valley Water District Pollution

Hotline: 1-888-510-5151 Regional Water Quality Control Board San Francisco Bay Region: (510) 622-2300

Palo Alto Regional Water Quality (650) 329-2598 Serving East Palo Alto Sanitary District, Los Altos, Los Altos Hills, Mountain View, Palo Alto, Stanford

City of Los Altos

Building Department: (650) 947-2752 Engineering Department: (650) 947-2780

General Construction **And Site** Supervision

Best Management Practices



- General contractors Site supervisors
- Home builders
- Developers Storm Drain Pollution from

Construction Activities Construction sites are common sources of storm water pollution. Materials and wastes that blow or wash into a storm drain, gutter, or street have a direct impact on local creeks and the Bay. As a contractor, or site supervisor, owner o operator of a site, you may be responsible for any environmental damage caused by your subcontractors or employees.

chemicals are toxic to aquatic life.

- Doing The Job Right Keep an orderly site and ensure goo housekeeping practices are used.
- Ensure dust control water doesn't leave site or discharge to storm drains. Advance Planning To Prevent Pollution ☐ Schedule excavation and grading activities for plant temporary vegetation or place other erosion controls before rain begins. Use the
- as a reference. ☐ Control the amount of runoff crossing your site (especially during excavation!) by using berms divert water flow around the site. Reduce storm water runoff velocities by constructing temporary
- Train your employees and subcontractors. available to everyone who works on the construction site. Inform subcontractors about the storm water requirements and their own Good Housekeeping Practices
- sweep and remove materials from surfaces that drain to storm drains, creeks, or channels. Keep pollutants off exposed surfaces. Place trashcans and recycling receptacles around the site to minimize litter.

- Cover materials when they are not in use.
- Designate one area of the site for auto parking. vehicle refueling, and routine equipment well away from streams or storm drain inlets bermed if necessary. Make major repairs off
- sheeting or temporary roofs. Before it rains,

- ☐ Maintain equipment properly. Keep materials away from streets, storm drains
- from the Regional Water Quality Control Board,

Erosion and Sediment Control Manual, available

- check dams or berms where appropriate.
- Keep materials out of the rain prevent runoff contamination at the source. Cover exposed
- In addition to local building permits, you will need to obtain coverage under the State's General Construction Activity piles of soil or construction materials with plastic Storm water Permit if your construction site disturbs one acre or more. Obtain

Clean up leaks, drips and other spills Earth-Moving immediately so they do not contaminate

soil or groundwater or leave residue on paved surfaces. Use dry cleanup methods whenever possible. If you must use water, use just enough to keep the dust down. Cover and maintain dumpsters. Check requently for leaks. Place dumpsters under roofs or cover with tarps or plastic sheeting secured around the outside of the

Set portable toilets away from storm drains. Make sure portable toilets are in good working order. Check frequently for leaks. Materials/Waste Handling

dumpster. Never clean out a dumpster b

nosing it down on the construction site.

 Use recyclable materials whenever possible. Arrange for pick-up of recyclable materials such as concrete, asphalt, scrap metal, solvents, degreasers, cleared vegetation, paper, rock, and vehicle maintenance materials such as used oil, antifreeze, batteries, and tires. Dispose of all wastes properly. Many

□ Practice Source Reduction - minimize

waste when you order materials. Orde

only the amount you need to finish the job

construction materials and wastes, noluding solvents, water-besed paints vehicle fluids, broken asphalt and concrete wood, and cleared vegetation can be recycled. Materials that cannot be recycled must be taken to an appropriate landfill or disposed of as hazardous waste. Never bury waste materials or leave them in the street or near a creek or stream bed.

Quality Control Board.

Best Management Practices for the

- · Dump truck drivers
- General contractors Home builders Developers

Activities Best Management Practices for the Construction Industry vegetation for erosion control on slopes or



- Bulldozer, back hoe, and grading machine
- Site supervisors

Schedule excavation and grading work during dry weather. Perform major equipment repairs away from the ☐ When refueling or vehicle/equipment

☐ Do not use diesel oil to lubricate equipment **Practices During Construction** Remove existing vegetation only when absolutely necessary. Plant temporary

location away from storm drains.

Doing The Job Right

General Business Practices

where construction is not immediately planned. Protect down slope drainage courses, streams, and storm drains with wattles, or temporary o divert runoff around excavations. Refer to Erosion and Sediment Control Field Manual for proper erosion and sediment control

maintenance must be done on site, designate a

Storm Drain Pollution from Earth-Moving Activities and Dewatering

Soil excavation and grading operations loosen large amounts of soil that can flow or blow into storm can clog storm drains, smother aquatic life, and destroy habitats in creeks and the Bay. Effective erosion control practices reduce the amount of runoff crossing a site and slow the flow with check dams or roughened ground surfaces

Contaminated groundwater is a common problem in the Santa Clara Valley. Depending on soil types and sites may be contaminated with toxics (such as oil or solvents) or laden with sediments. Any of these pollutants can harm wildlife in creeks or the Bay, or interfere with wastewater treatment plant operation. Discharging sediment-laden water from a dewatering site into any water of the state without treatment is prohibited.

- brushes to the extent possible, and rinse
- the extent possible and clean with thinner or solvent in a proper container. Filter and
- Paint chips and dust from non-hazardous
- find out if you can collect (mop or vacuum)
- Recycle or donate excess water-based (latex) paint, or return to supplier.
- Unopened cans of paint may be able to be the vendor regarding its "buy-back" policy.

Cover stockpiles and excavated soil with secured tarps or plastic sheeting. **Dewatering Operations**

1. Check for Toxic Pollutants

sheen on groundwater. Call your local wastewater treatment agency and ask whether the groundwater must be tested. If contamination is suspected, have the water tested by a certified laboratory.

Depending on the test results, you may be

to the storm drain (if no sediments

allowed to discharge pumped groundwate

Check for odors, discoloration, or an oily

present) or sanitary sewer. OR, you may roundwater offsite for treatment and disposal at an appropriate treatment Check for Sediment Levels If the water is clear, the pumping time i less than 24 hours, and the flow rate is less than 20 gallons per minute, you may

pump water to the street or storm drain.

and the flow rate greater than 20 gpm.

If the pumping time is more than 24 hours

- If the water is not clear, solids must be filtered or settled out by pumping to a settling tank prior to discharge. Options Pumping through a perforated pipe
- sunk part way into a small pit filled with gravel; Pumping from a bucket placed below water level using a submersible pump; such as a swimming pool filter or filter fabric wrapped around end of suction
- When discharging to a storm drain, protect the inlet using a barrier of burlap bags filled with drain rock, or cover inlet with filter fabric anchored under the grate. Of pump water through a grassy swale prior

Fresh Concrete

Best Management Practices for the

Best Management Practices for the

Masons and bricklayers

Sidewalk construction crews

Concrete delivery/pumping workers

Patio construction workers

Construction inspectors

General contractors

Home builders

Developers

and Mortar

Application

Construction Industry

Los Altos Municipal Code Chapter 10.08.390 Non-storm water discharges Unlawful discharges. It shall be unlawful to discharge any domestic waste or industrial waste into storm drains, gutters, creeks, or San Francisco Bay. Unlawful discharges to storm drains shall include, but not be limited to, discharge from toilets; sinks; industrial processes; cooling systems; boilers; fabric cleaning; equipment cleaning; vehicle cleaning; construction activities, including, but no

Los Altos Municipal Code Requirements

limited to, painting, paving, concrete placement, saw cutting and grading; swimming pools; spas; and fountains, unless specifically permitted by a discharge permit or unless exempted pursuant to guidelines published by the superintendent. Threatened discharges. It shall be unlawful to cause hazardous materials, domestic waste, or industrial waste to be deposited in such a manner or location as to constitute a threatened discharge into storm drains, gutters, creeks or San Francisco Bay. A "threatened discharge" is a condition creating a substantial probability of harm, when the probability and potential extent of harm make it reasonably necessary to take immediate action to prevent, reduce or mitigate damages to persons, property or natural resources. Domestic or industrial wastes that are no longer contained in a pipe, tank or other container are considered to be threatened discharges unless they are actively being cleaned up.

Los Altos Municipal Code Section 10.08.430 Requirements for construction operations.

- A. A spill response plan for hazardous waste, hazardous materials and uncontained construction materials shall be prepared and available at the construction sites for all projects where the proposed construction site is equal to or greater than one acre of disturbed soil and for any other projects for which the city engineer determines is necessary to protect surface waters. Preparation of the plan shall be in accordance with guidelines published by the city engineer.
- ntion plan shall be prepared and available at the construction sites for all projects greater than one acre of disturbed soil and for any other projects for which the city engineer determines that a storm water management plan is necessary to protect surface waters. Preparation of the plan shall be in accordance with guidelines published by the city engineer. Prior approval shall be obtained from the city engineer or designee to discharge water pumped from construction sites to the storm drain. The city engineer or designee may require gravity settling and filtration upon a determination that either or both would improve the water quality of the discharge. Contaminated groundwater or water that exceeds state or federal requirements for
- discharge to navigable waters may not be discharged to the storm drain. Such water may be discharged to the sewer, provided that the requirements of Section 10.08.240 are met and the approval of the superintendent is obtained prior to discharge. No cleanup of construction debris from the streets shall result in the discharge of water to the storm drain system; nor shall any construction debris be deposited or allowed to be deposited in the storm drain system. (Prior code § 5-5.643)

You may be held responsible for any environmental damage

Criminal and judicial penalties can be assessed for non-compliance.

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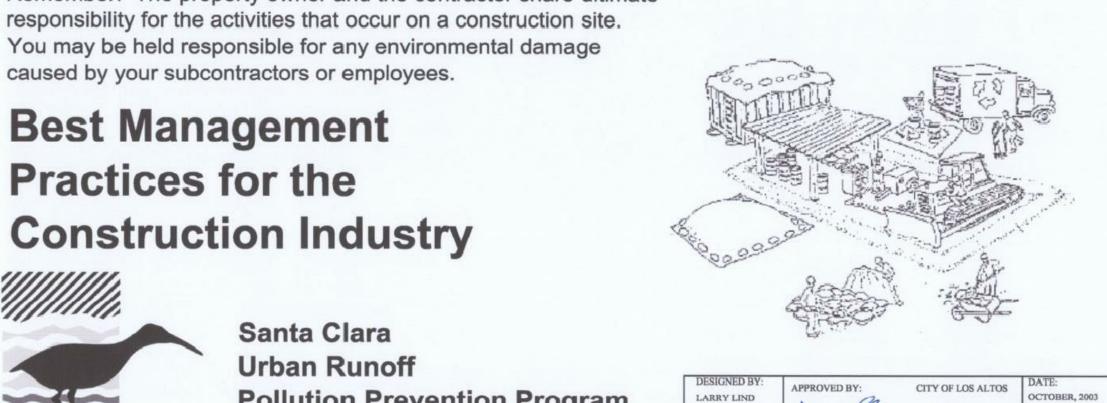
Blueprint for a Clean Bay Remember: The property owner and the contractor share ultimate

Best Management Practices for the Construction Industry

caused by your subcontractors or employees.



Santa Clara **Urban Runoff Pollution Prevention Program**





BAY LAND CONSULTING CIVIL ENGINEERS P.O BOX 299 Santa Clara, California 95050

SERVING THE BAY AREA

Ph: (408) 296-6000

629 BENVENUE AVE, LOS ALTOS CA 94024 APN 189-38-079 SANTA CLARA COUNTY

BLUEPRINT FOR A CLEAN BAY

REVISIONS JOB NO. DESCRIPTION SCALE: DATE:

SHEET OF 5 SHEETS

SCALE:

21079

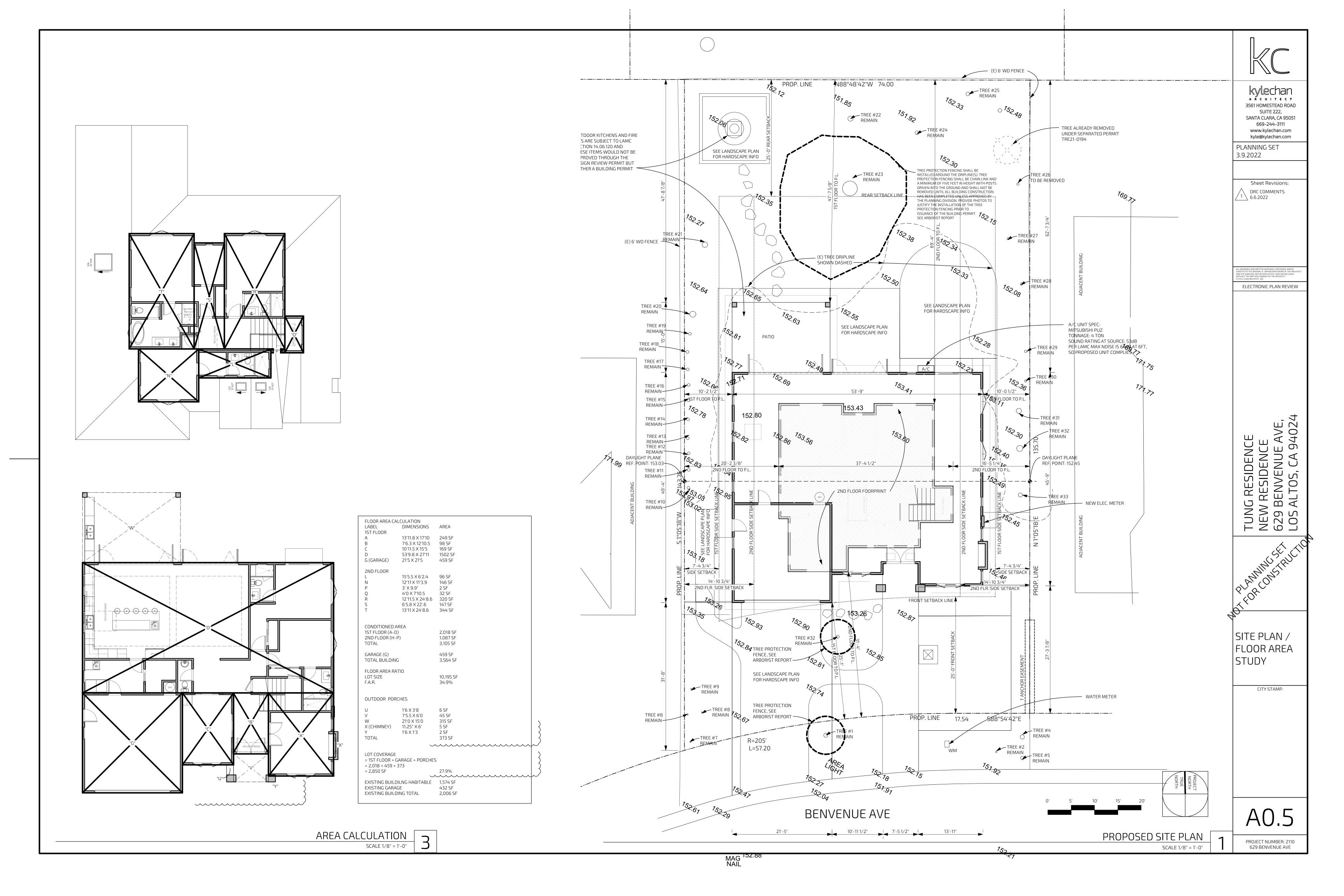
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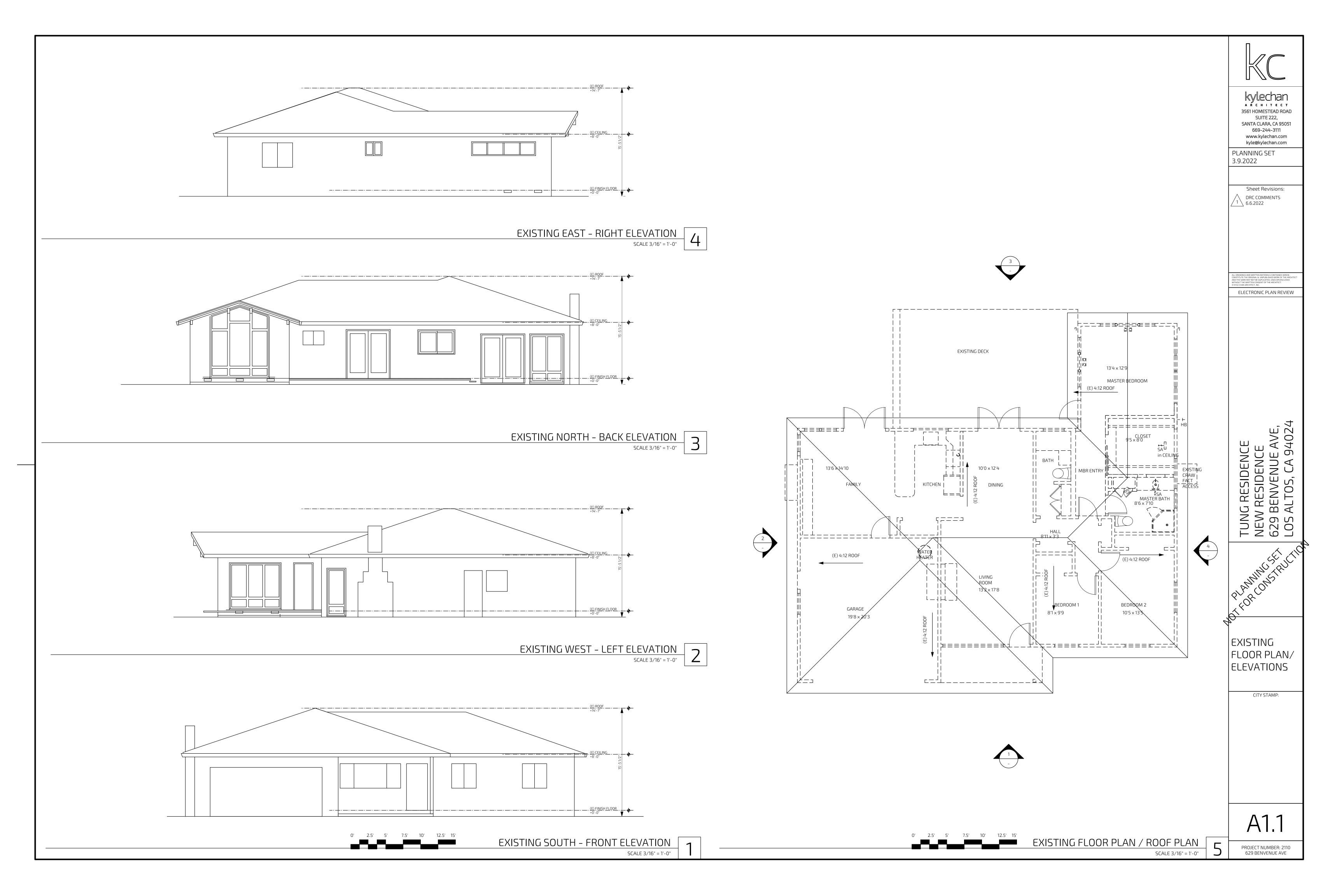
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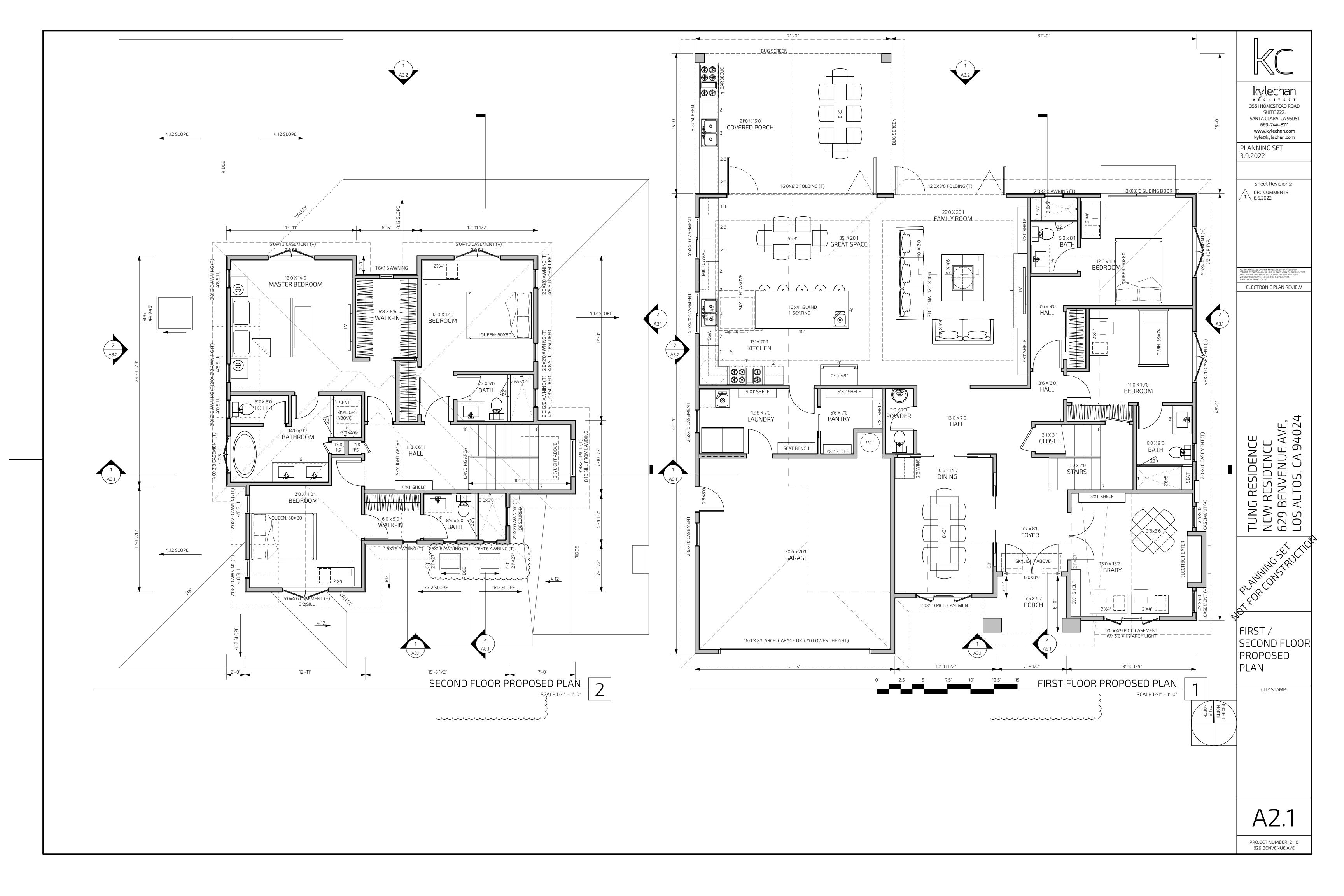
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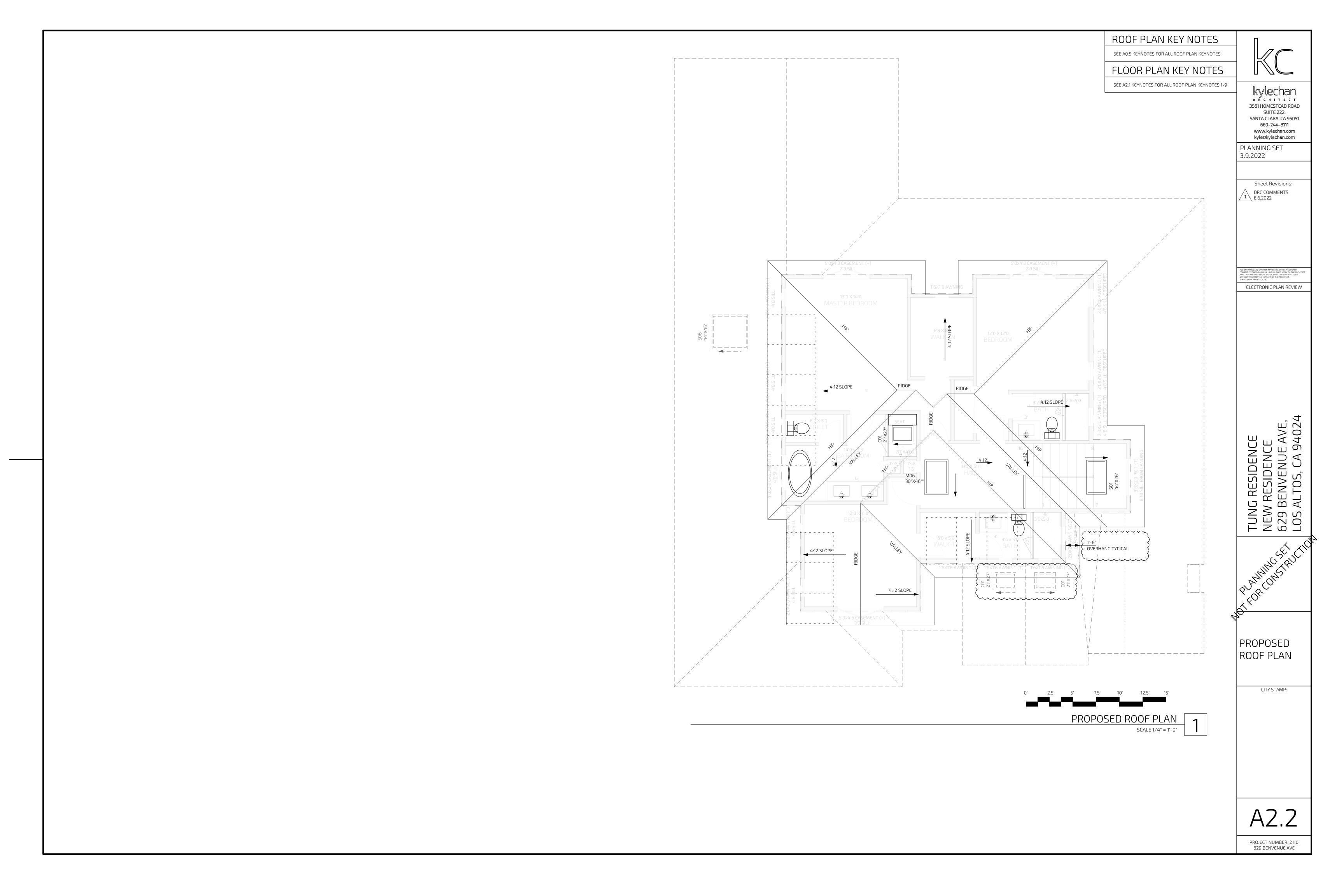
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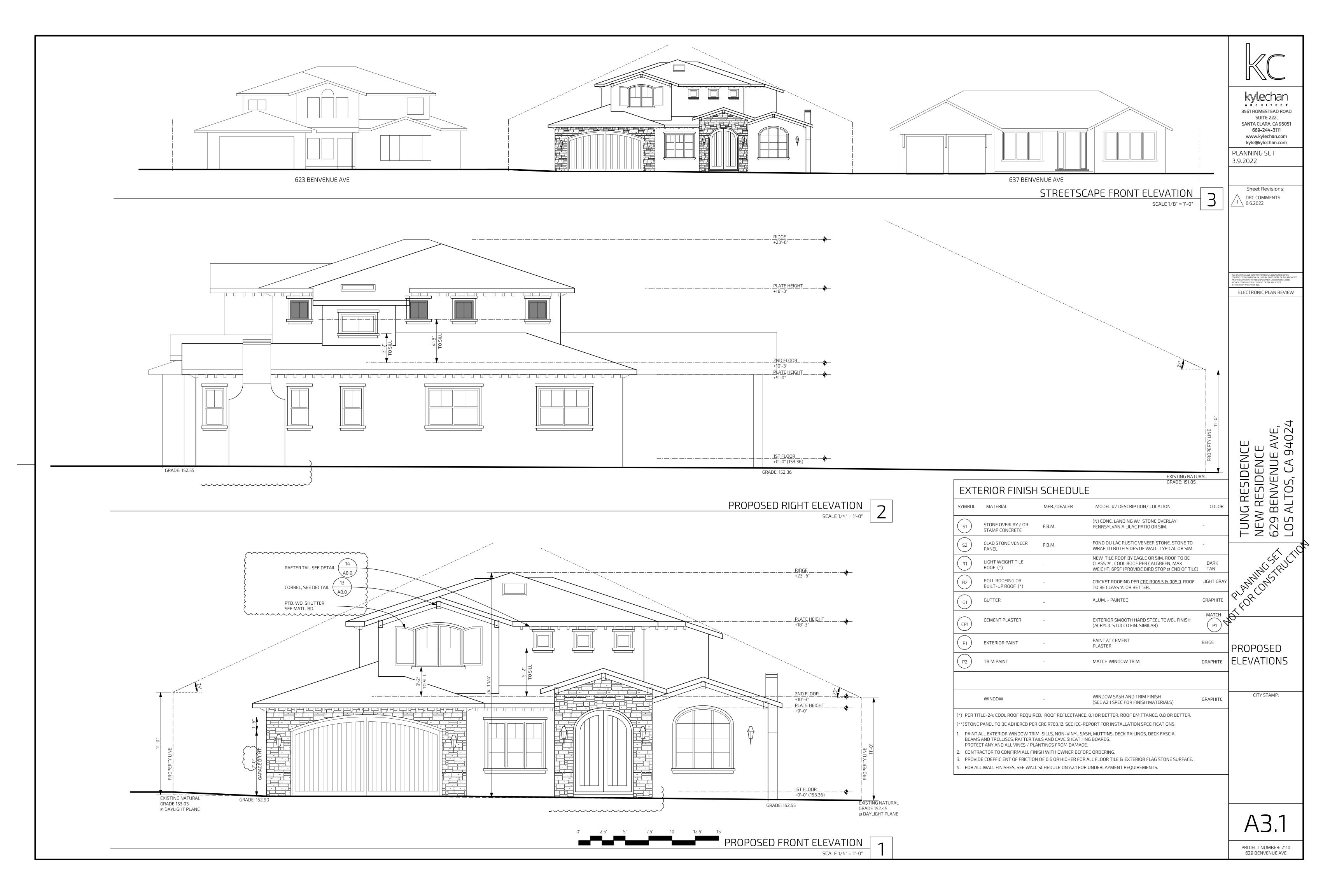
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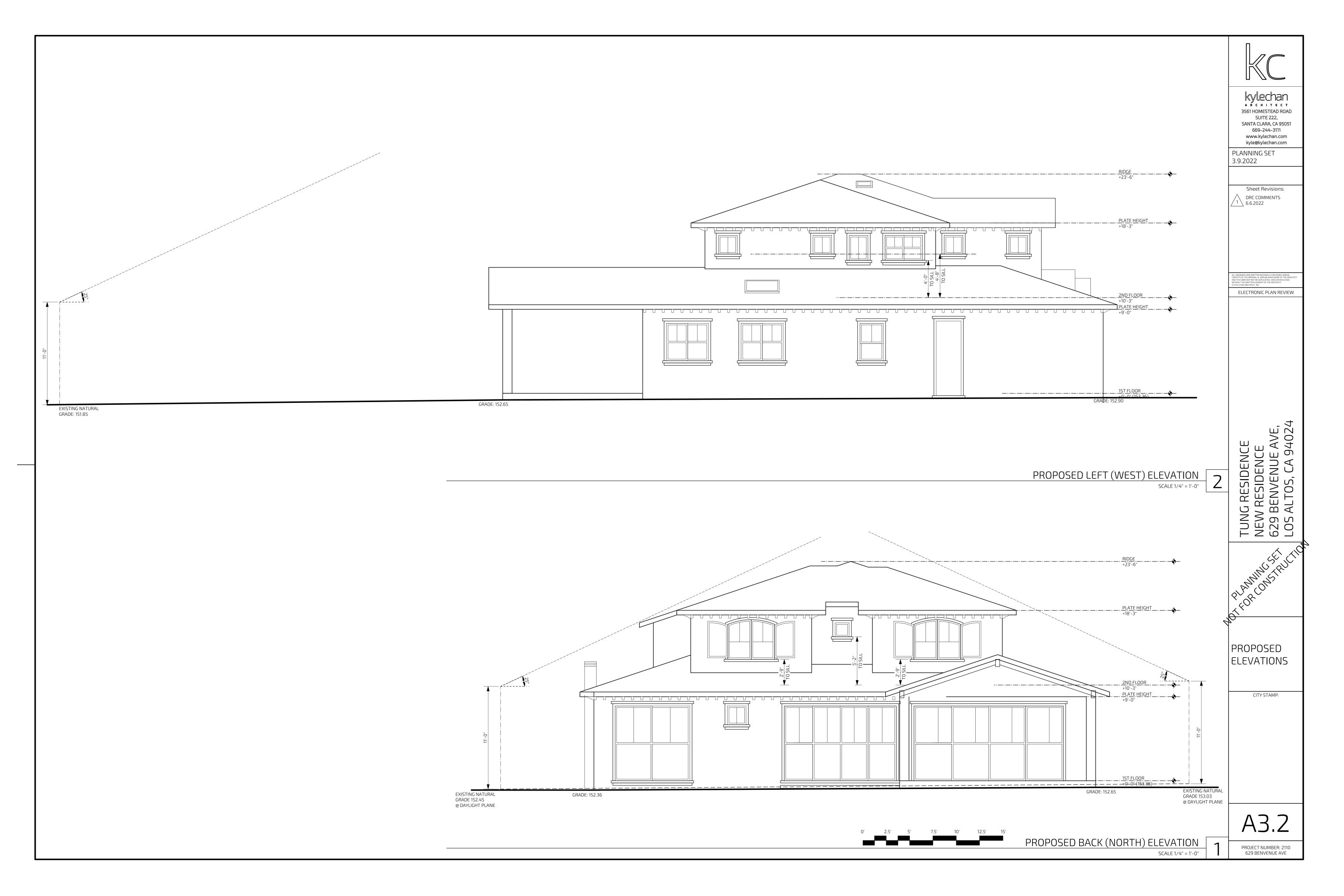


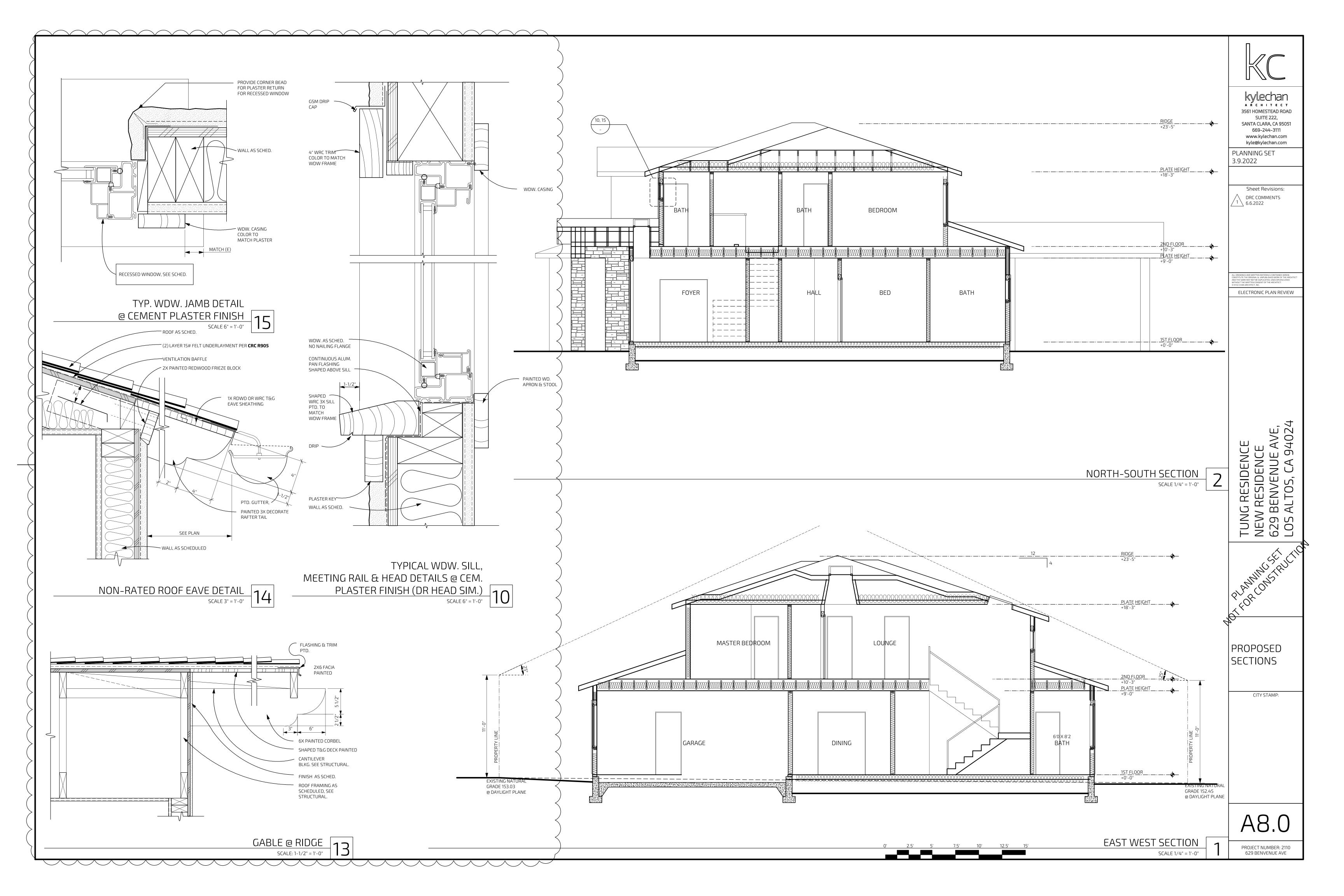


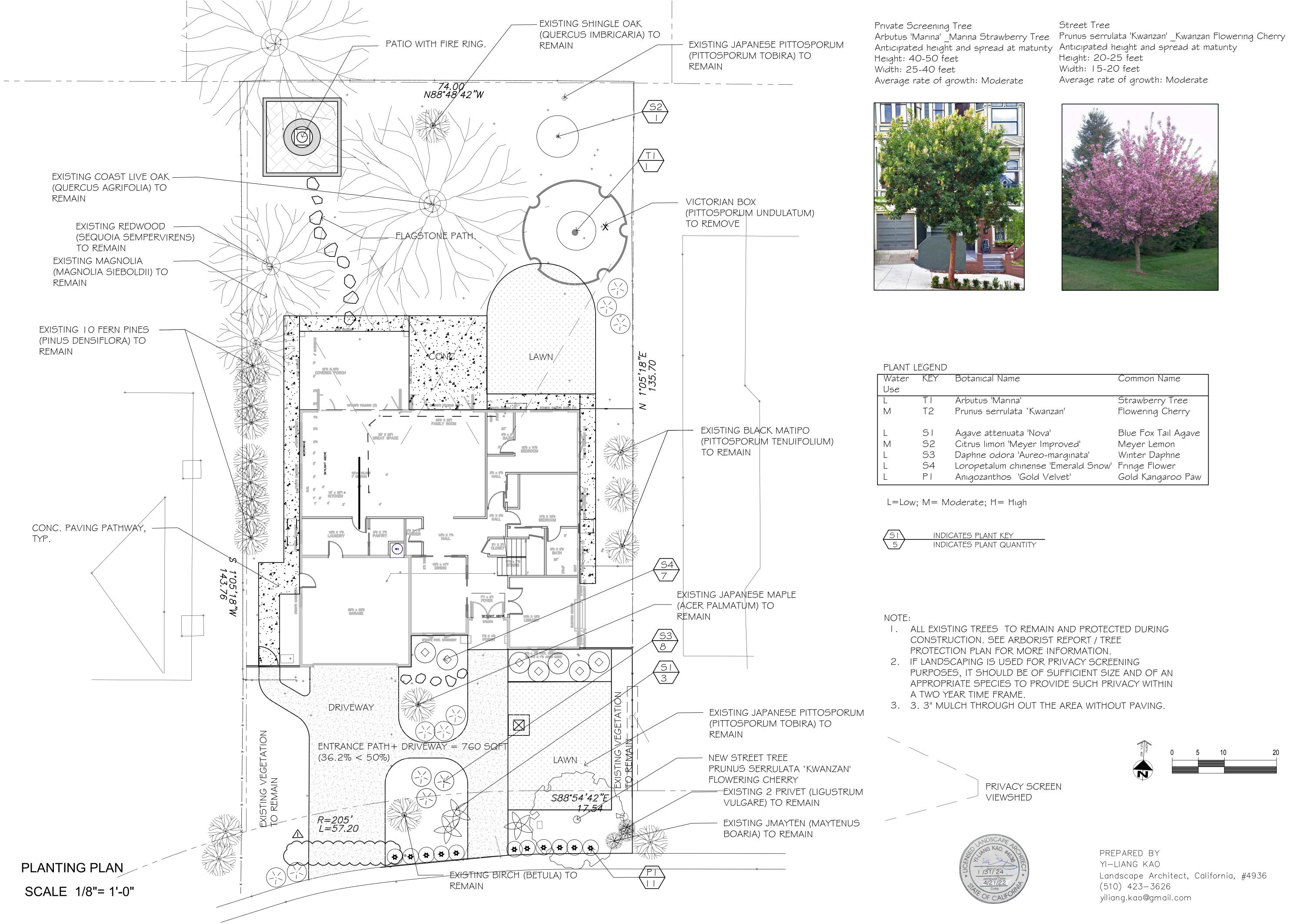












TUNG & YU RESIDENCE 629 BENVENUE AVE

PLANTING PLAN

DATE: 01/26/2022

JOB NO.

ISSUE & REVISION

1 4/22/2022
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