CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN UPDATE

(Part 2)

2023 Pavement Plan

07.13.23

CIP PAVING OVERVIEW

Lake Forest Park's Pavement Statistics:

55 – Number of miles of City pavement

20 years – Expected time between resurfacing cycles

\$1M - Actual (2023) cost to **resurface** 1 mile of pavement

\$5M to \$7M – Estimated cost to **reconstruct** 1 mile of roadway

+/- \$500,000 – Current annual budget for pavement resurfacing

CIP PAVING OVERVIEW

King County - Administrator

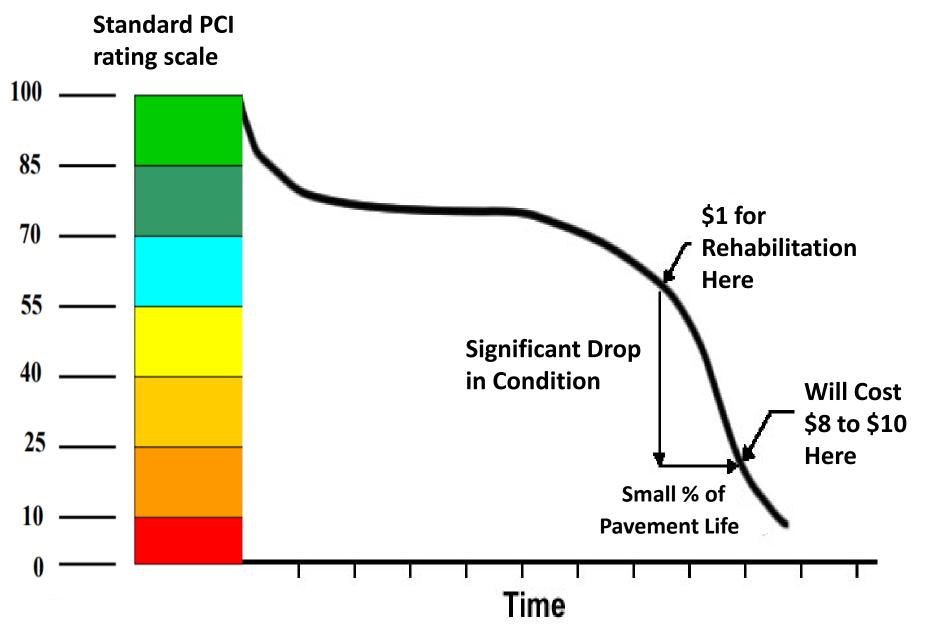
Engineering Project Bidding Contract Execution Project Management

Lakeside Industries \$3,461,949

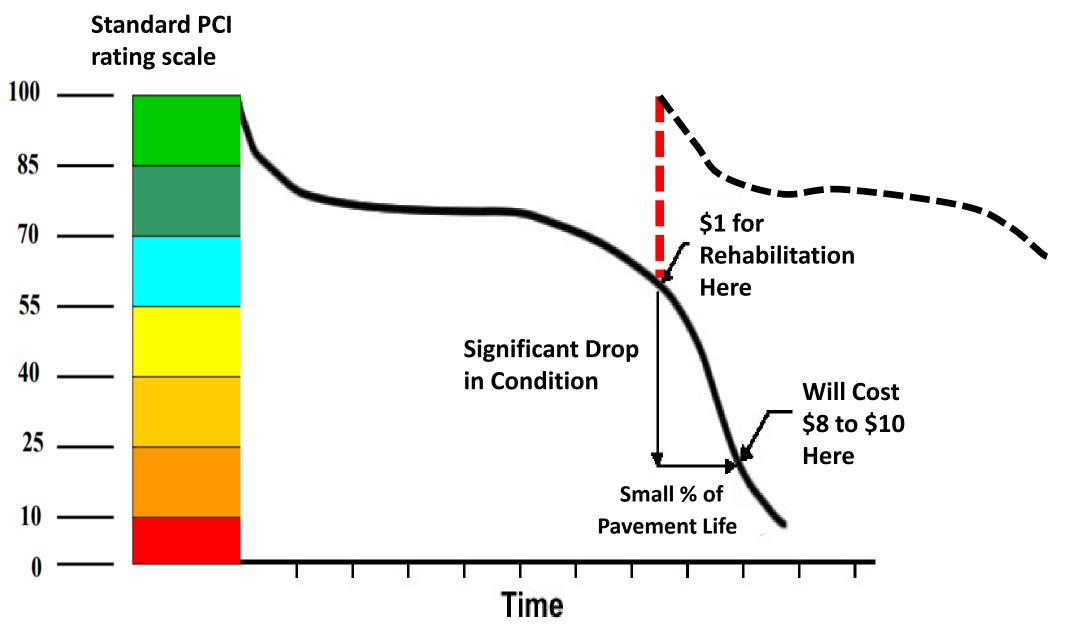
Lake Forest Park \$459,449

- Carnation
- Hunts Point
- Lake Forest Park
- Normandy Park
- Maple Valley
- Medina
- North Bend
- Yarrow Point

PAVEMENT DEGRADATION CURVE



PAVEMENT DEGRADATION CURVE



PAVEMENT CONDITION INDEX SCORES

РСІ		Rating	CONDITION	rating Index	DEFINITION
100		Event	Excellent	86-100	Stable, no cracking, no patching, and no deformation. Very good riding qualities.
85 —		Excellent	Very Good	71-85	Stable, minor cracking, generally hairline and hard to detect. Minor patching and possibly some minor deformation evident. Dry or light-colored appearance. Good riding qualities. Rutting less than ½".
70 —		Very Good Good Fair	Good	56-70	Generally stable, minor areas of structural weakness evident. Cracking is easier to detect, patches evident, patched but not excessively. Deformation more pronounced and easily noticed. Ride qualities are good to acceptable.
55			Fair	41-55	Areas of instability marked evidence of structural deficiency, large crack patterns (alligatoring) heavy and numerous patches, deformation very noticeable. Riding qualities range from acceptable to poor.
40 <u> </u>		Poor	Poor	26-40	Pavement in extremely deteriorated condition. Numerous areas of instability. Majority of section showing structural deficiency. Ride quality is poor.
10 ——		Very Poor Failed	Very Poor	11-25	Pavement in extremely deteriorated condition. Extensive potholes. Numerous areas of instability. All of section showing structural deficiency. Ride quality is very poor.
0		i uncu	Failed	0-10	Pavement structure failed. All of section showing severe structural deficiency.

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70 —	Very Good	uuu	Good	56-70	Generally stable, minor areas of structural weakness evident. Cracking is easier to detect, patches evident, patched but not excessively. Deformation more pronounced and easily noticed. Ride qualities are good to acceptable.
55 — 40 —	Fair		Fair	41-55	Areas of instability marked evidence of structural deficiency, large crack patterns (alligatoring) heavy and numerous patches, deformation very noticeable. Riding qualities range from acceptable to poor.
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PAVEMENT CONDITION INDEX EXAMPLES

PCI

Pavement Condition 86 – 100 (Excellent)



PAVEMENT CONDITION INDEX EXAMPLES



Pavement Condition 56 – 70 (Good)



PAVEMENT CONDITION INDEX EXAMPLES

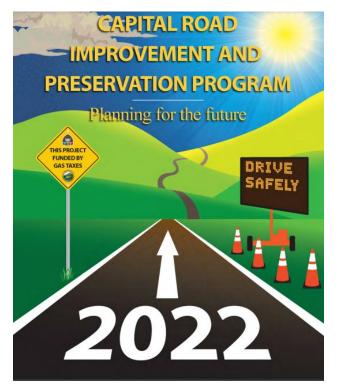
PCI

Pavement Condition 11 – 40 (Poor/Very Poor)



CIP PAVING OVERVIEW

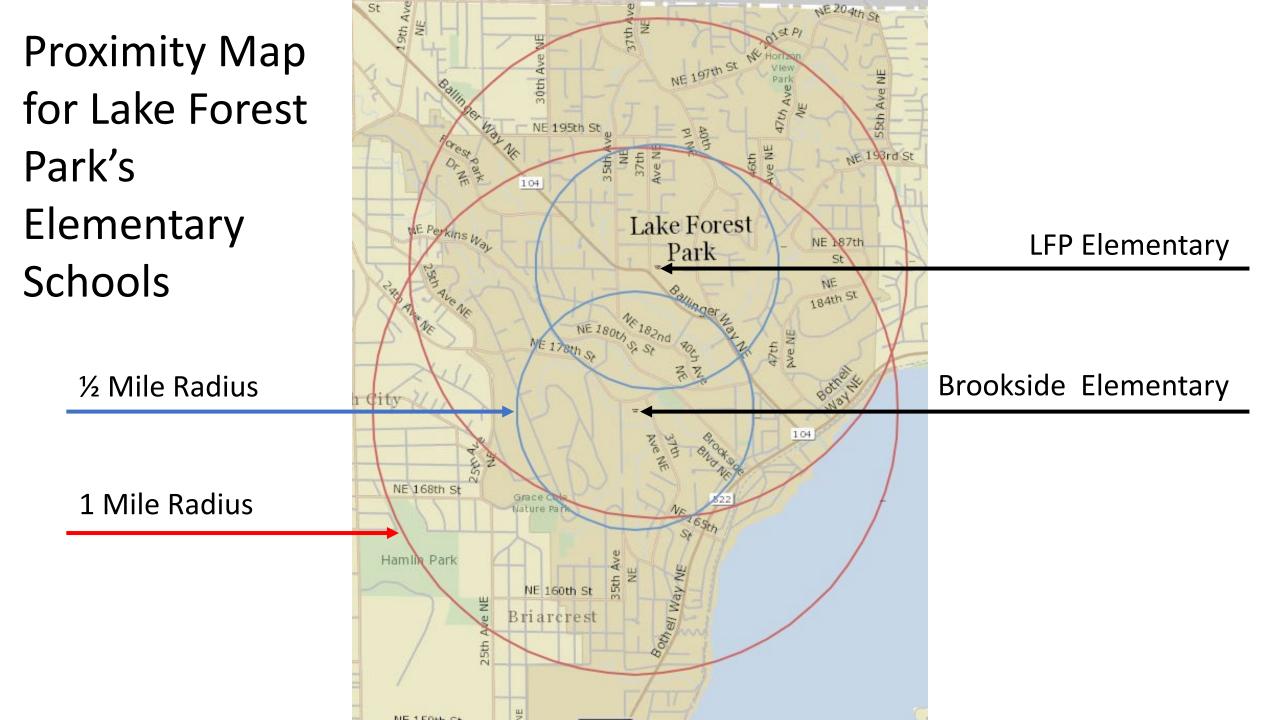
Contra Costa County Public Works D e p a r t m e n t



Recently, the pavement management goal is to schedule areas for paving based on geographic areas to focus in on entire communities to minimize future construction impacts and to minimize transportation costs by the contractor. This will increase the efficiency and cost effectiveness of the program.

ROAD PROGRAM AT WORK

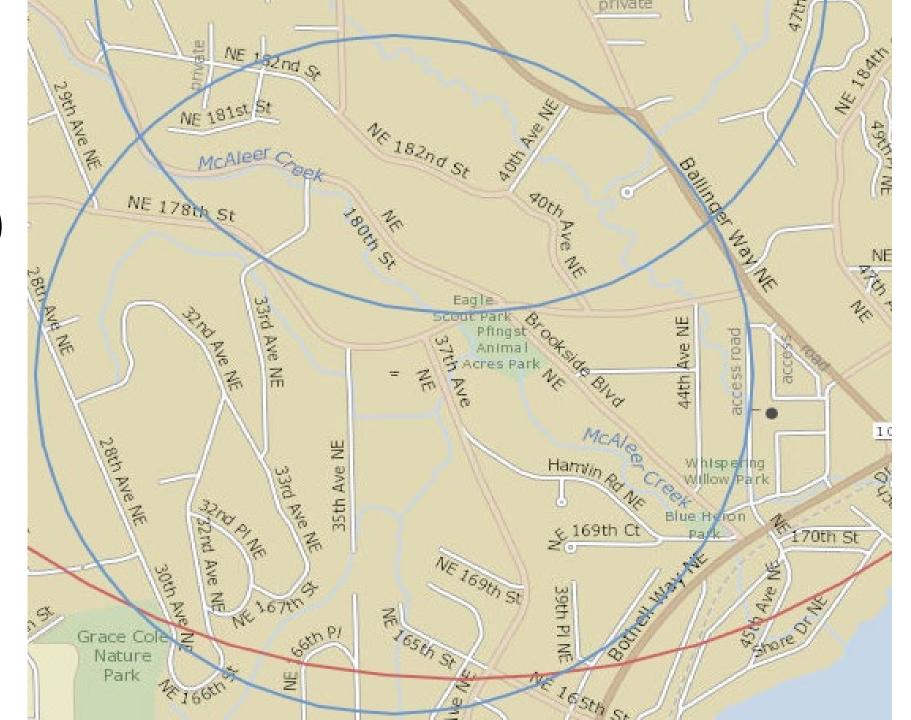
An annual paving program has multiple benefits for all street users. Maintained roadways are safer, with fewer potholes, updated striping, and often provide an opportunity for pedestrians and bicyclists improvements, as exemplified by new curb ramp installation and pavement striping for new bikeways. Every time a roadway receives a new surface, staff evaluates opportunities to install bicycle lanes or identify a street as a bike route. In addition, preventative maintenance of streets is similar to regular oil changes for a vehicle. Studies show that taken over the life cycle of the pavement, it is over twice as expensive to completely rebuild a street than to properly maintain them with a surface treatment program.



Proximity Map for Lake Forest Park Elementary School (1/2 mile)



Proximity Map for Brookside Elementary School (1/2 mile)



DRIVEWAYS, SIDEWALKS, CURBS, RAMPS, BIKEWAYS, TRAILS

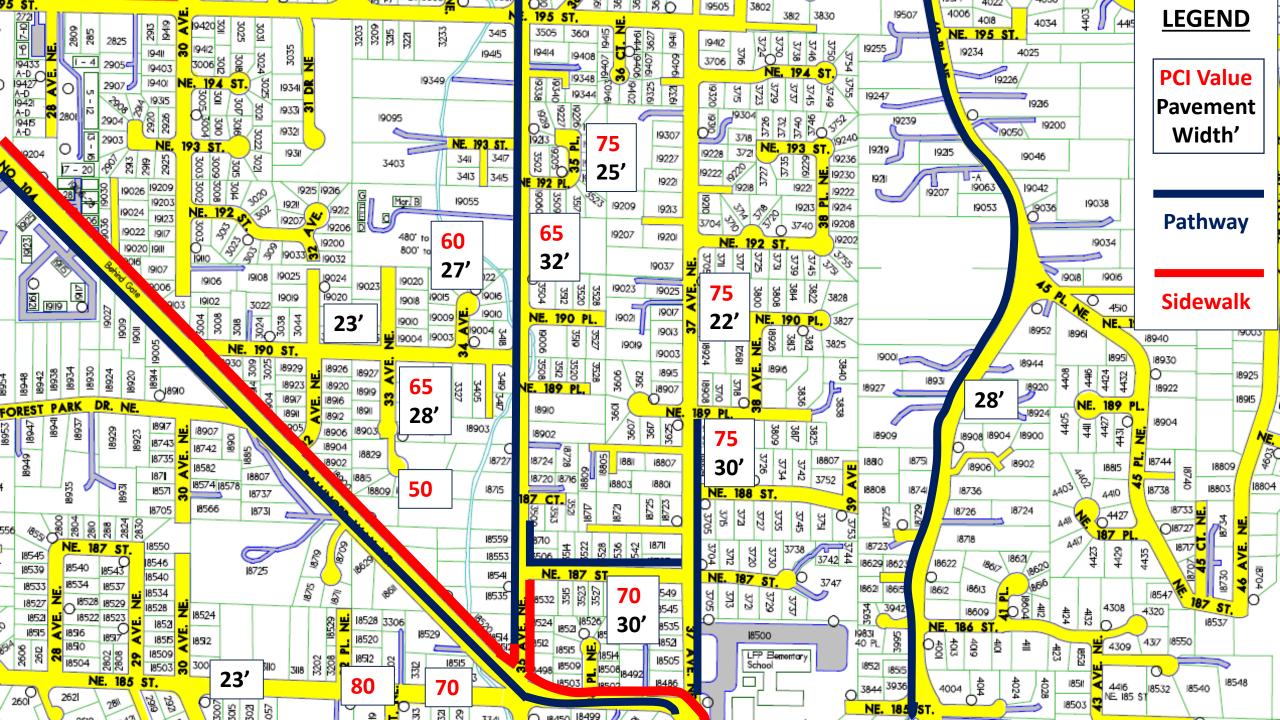
2.03(B) Urban Local Access Streets - (Curb Roadway Section)

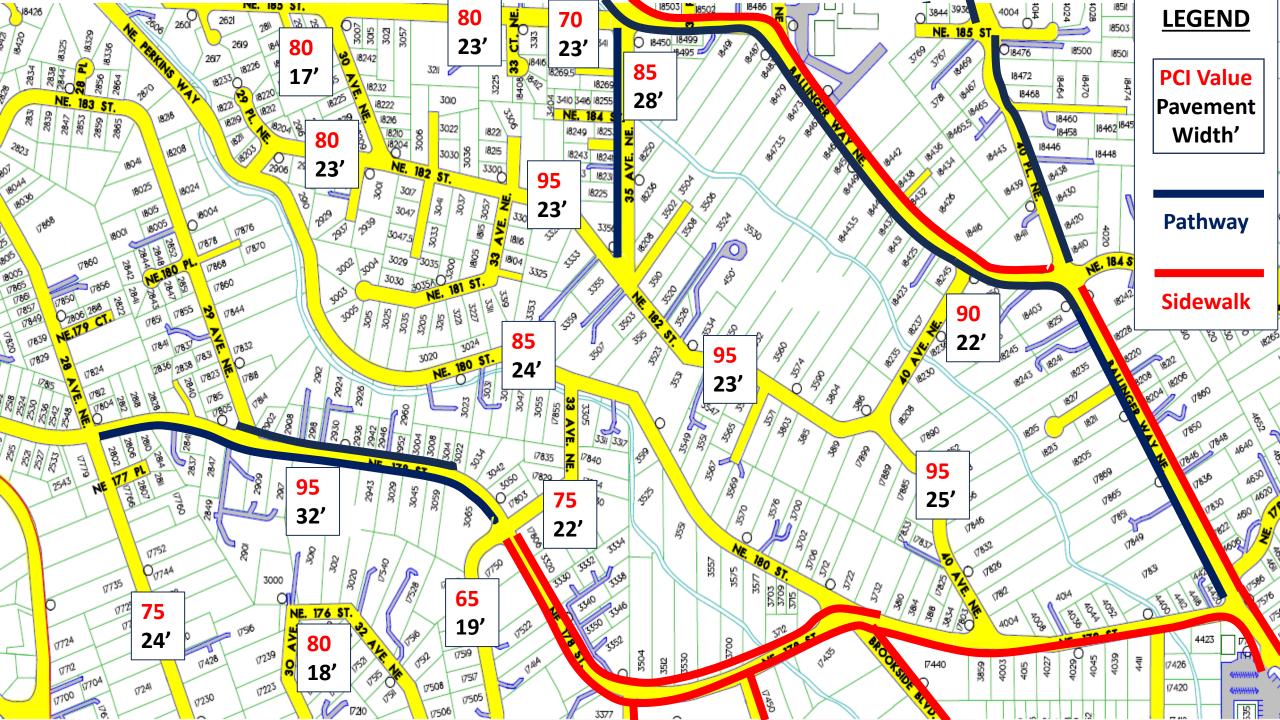
Classification	Neighborhood Collectors	Subcollectors	Subaccese	Minor Access
Access	Restricted, Lots front on local access street where feasible.	As needed with some restrictions. ¹	Subaccess streets are not supportive of through traffic. Generally permanent cul-de-sacs or short loop ² streets that connect to subcollectors.	Permanent cul-de-sacs or short loops with low traffic volumes that provide circulation and access to off-street parking within residential development limits.
Public or Private	Public	Public	Public or Private	Public or Private (See Section 2.06)
Serving Potential Number of Lots or Dwelling Units	Over 100 ³	100 Maximum ⁴	50 Maximum	16 Maximum
Design Speed ^s	35 mph	30 mph	Low Speed Curve (See Section 2.10)	Low Speed Curve (See Section 2.10)
Max Superelevation	See Section 2.048	See Section 2.048	See Section 2.048	See Section 2.04B
Horizontal Curvature	See Table 2.2	See Table 2.2	Low Speed Curve (See Section 2.10)	Low Speed Curve (See Section 2.10)
Maximum Grade ^s	11%	12%	12%	12%
Minimum Stopping Sight Distance	See Table 2.2	See Table 2.2	150 feet	150feet
Minimum Entering Sight Distance	See Table 2.2	-		-
Typical Traveled Way ⁸	22 feet ¹⁷	22 feet	22 feet	22 feet
Typical Roadway Width ⁸	32 feet [#]	28 feet	24 feet	22 feet
Minimum Right-of-Way Width ⁸	56 feet	48 feet	40 feet	40 feet
Minimum Half Street Width	20 feet	20 feet	20 feet	20 feet
Minimum One Way Paved Width	20 feet	20 feet	20 feet	20 feet
Minimum Sidewalk Width	See Section 3.02	See Section 3.02	See Section 3.02	See Section 3.02
Curb Type	Vertical	Vertical ¹ /Rolled	Vertical/Rolled	Vertical/Rolled

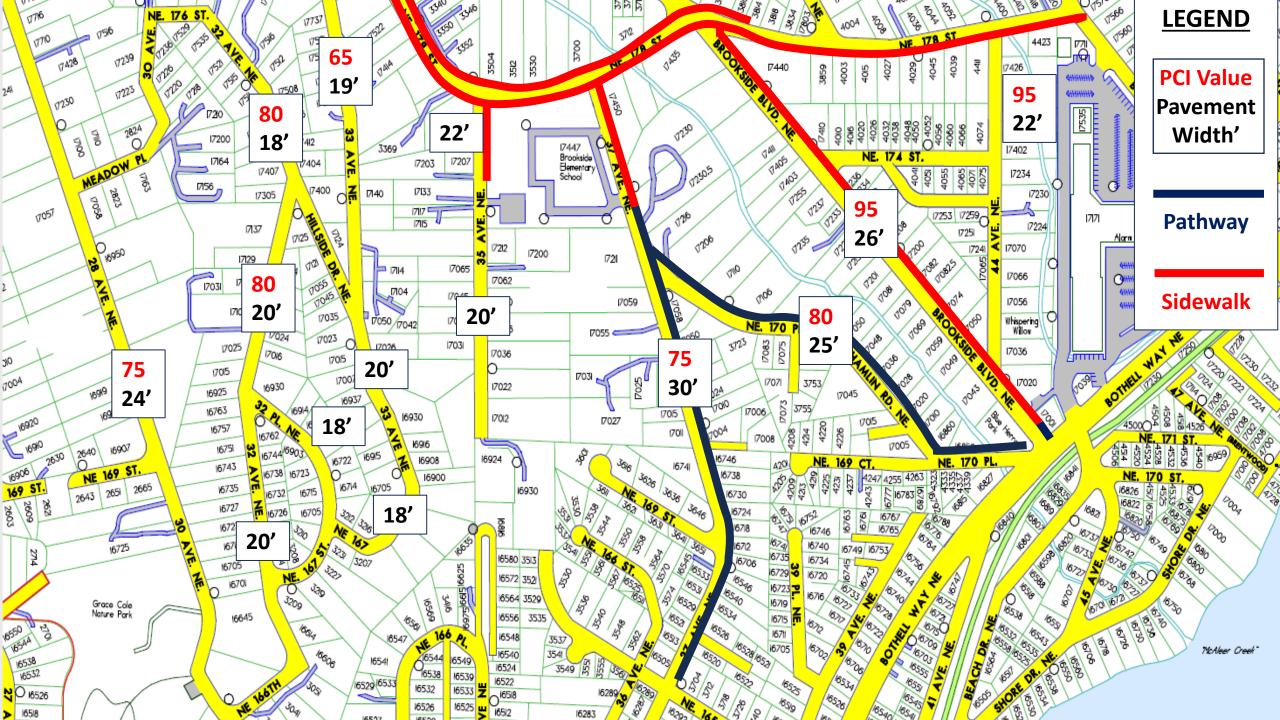
- Sidewalks shall be constructed next to the curb except in those situations where the County Road Engineer approves the construction of a planting strip adjacent to the curb.
- Sidewalks shall be a minimum width of five feet on residential access streets and arterials. Minimum sidewalk width shall be six and one-half feet on arterials if curb is next to traveled lane. Sidewalks shall be a minimum width of eight feet on commercial access streets.
- 8. At least eight feet wide:

CHAPTER 3

- a. Where the street frontage has the characteristics of a business/commercial district and where the building frontage is within 80 feet of the street right-of-way.
- b. Within the curb radius returns of all arterial intersections where curb ramps are required.
- c. Within designated bus zones to provide a landing area for wheelchair access to transit services.
- With specified width greater than eight feet where the County Road Engineer or Development Engineer determines this is warranted by expected pedestrian traffic volume.
- With Portland cement concrete surfacing as provided in Sections 3.03 and 4.01. See specifications for joints in Section 3.04 and figure 3-001.
- A minimum of one foot of gravel or native material shall be provided back of and immediately adjacent to the sidewalk. The material shall be flushed with the top of sidewalk.











Alligator Cracking

Numerous Patches

Utility structures misaligned leading to poor ride quality

Fair - PCI = 50

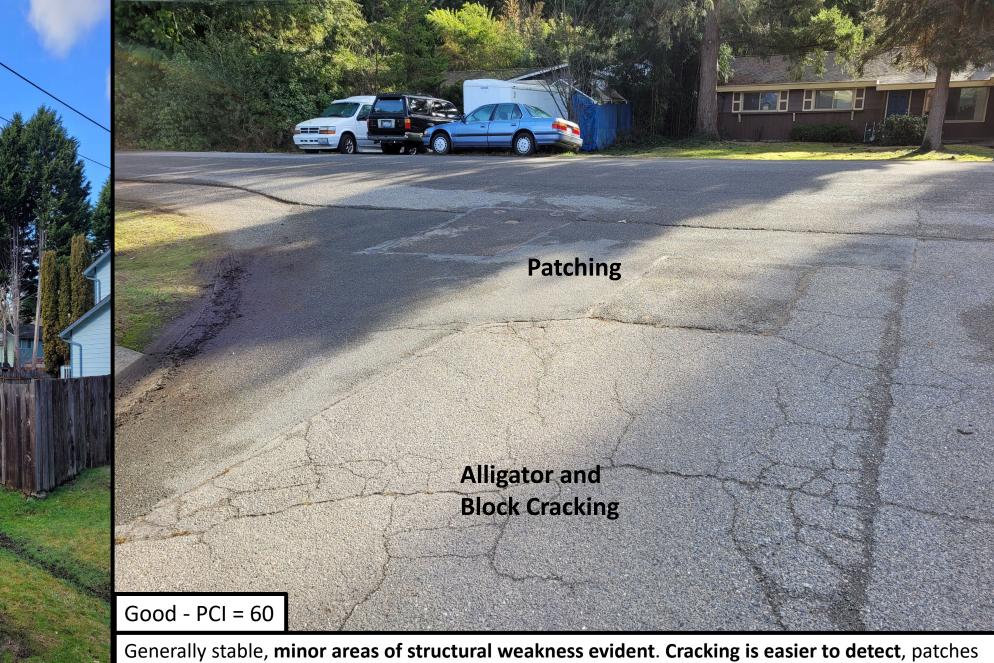
Areas of instability marked evidence of structural deficiency, large crack patterns (alligatoring) heavy and numerous patches, deformation very noticeable. Riding qualities range from acceptable to poor.



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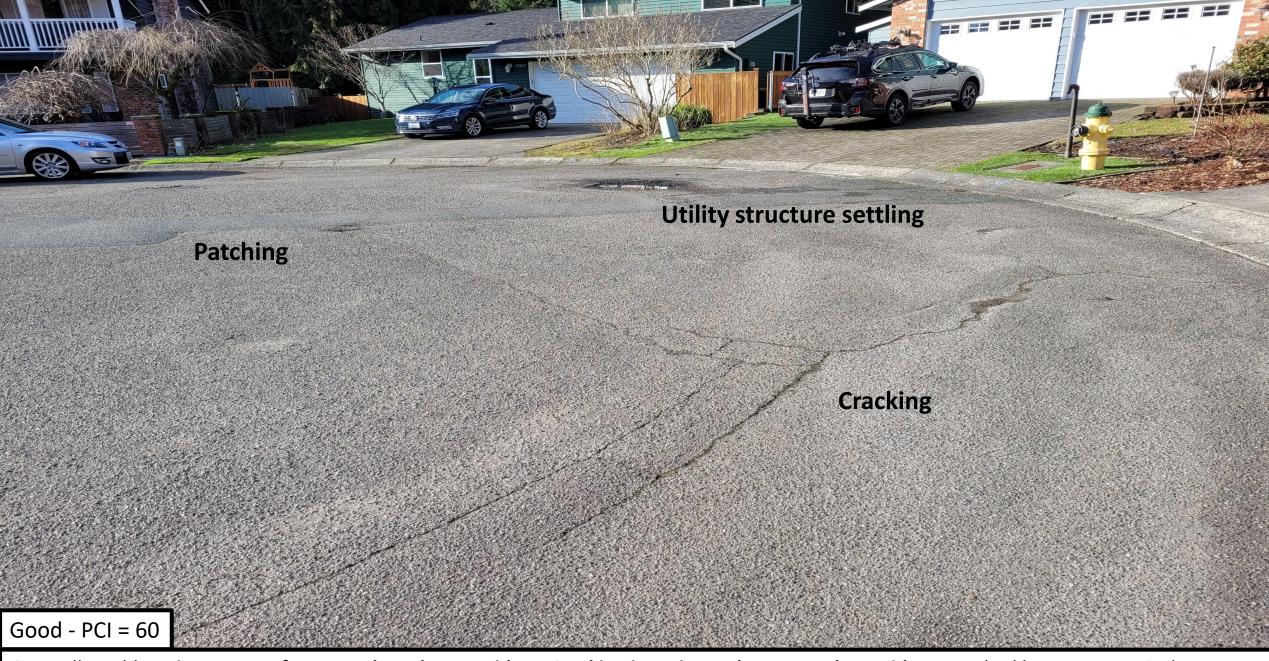


Areas of instability marked evidence of structural deficiency, large crack patterns (alligatoring) heavy and numerous patches, deformation very noticeable. Riding qualities range from acceptable to poor.



evident, patched but not excessively. Deformation more pronounced and easily noticed. Ride qualities are good to acceptable.





Base under the pavement settled around utility structure leading to poor ride quality 300

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Good - PCI = 60





Patching Cracking Very Good - PCI = 75



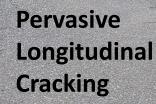






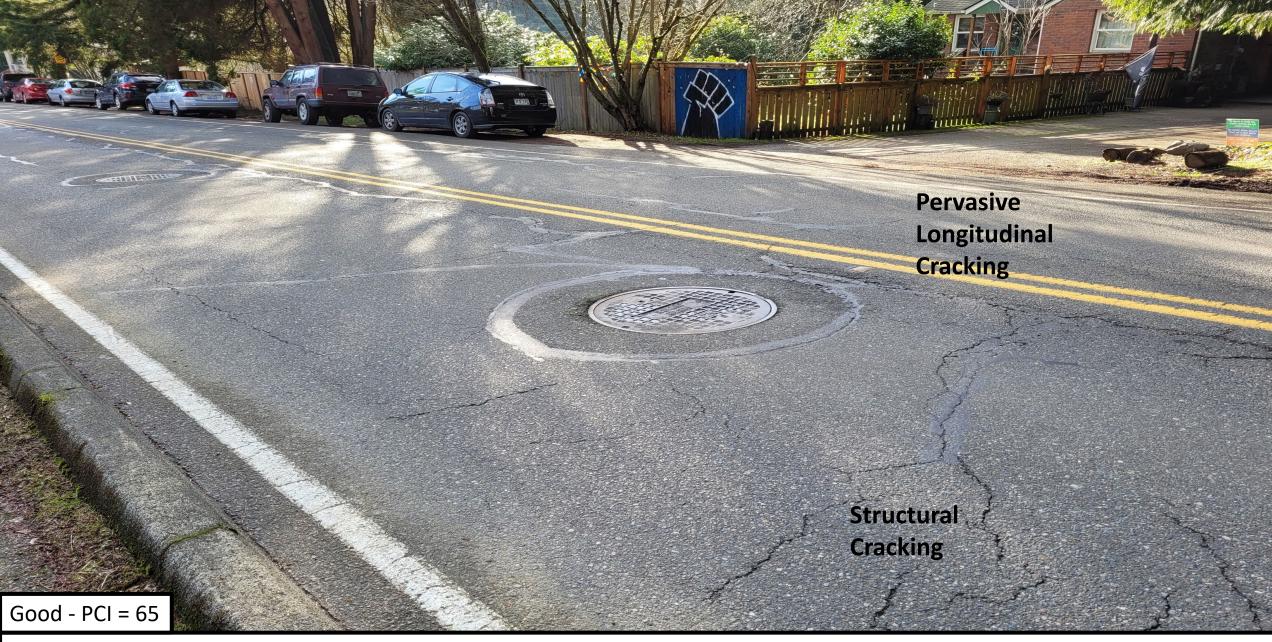
Large-Scale Cracking

Very Good - PCI = 75



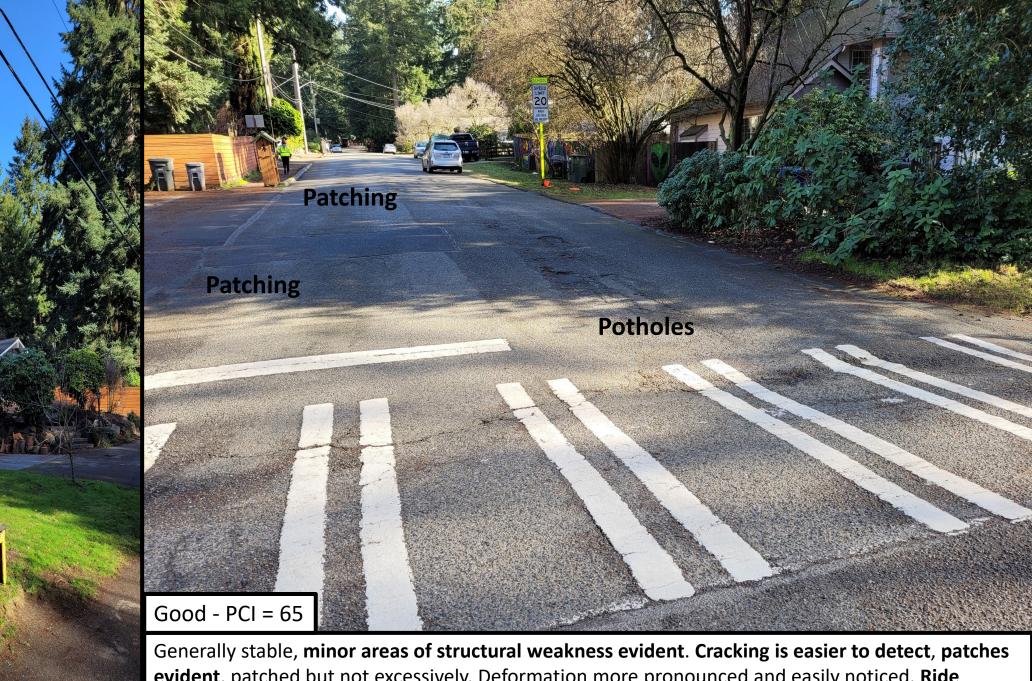
Good - PCI = 65









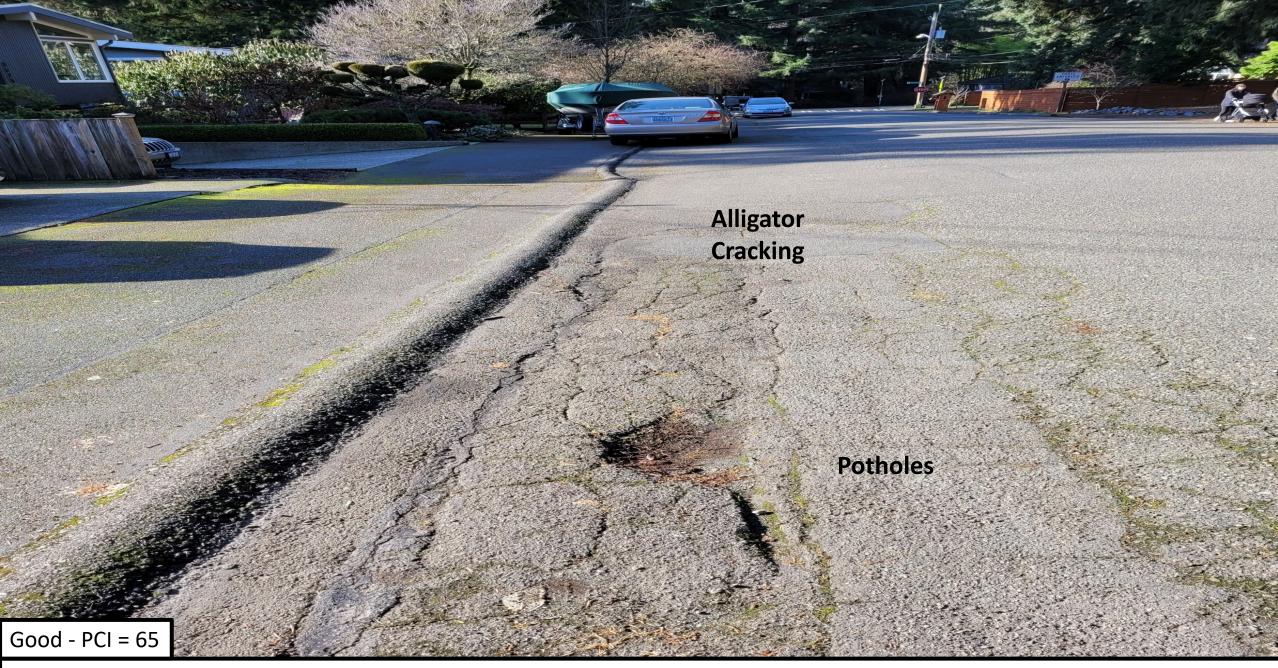


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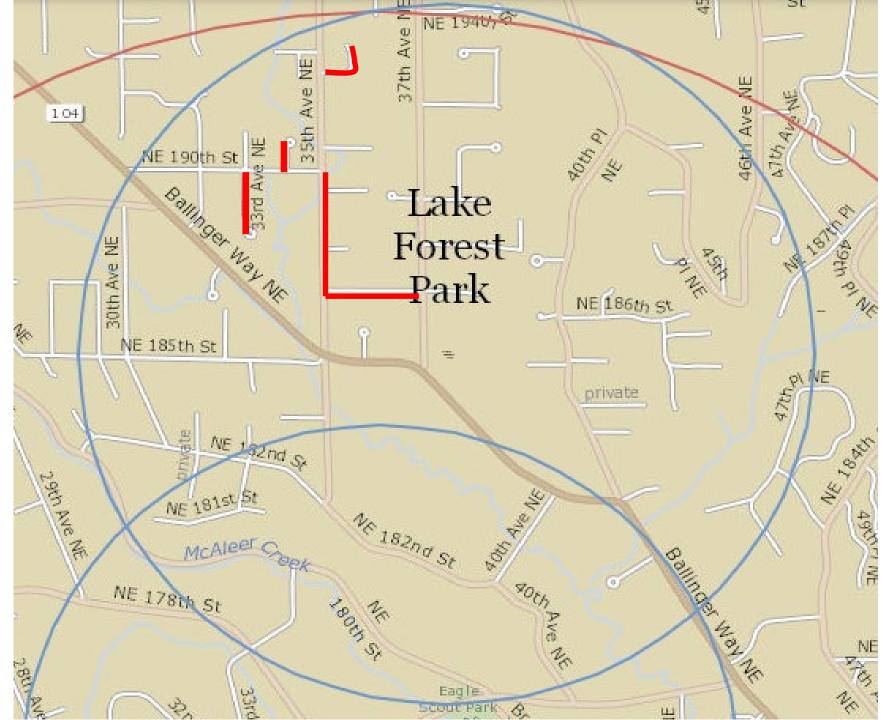








Proximity Map for Lake Forest Park Elementary School (1/2 mile)



Location	Estimated Cost/Location	
33rd Ave Ne: NE 190th St to End of Road	\$74,092	
34rd Ave Ne: NE 190th St to End of Road	\$50,233	
NE 192nd St: NE 192nd St to End of Road	\$66,938	
35th Ave Ne: NE 190th St to NE 187th St	\$137,340	
NE 187th St: 35th Ave NE to 37th Ave NE	\$130,846	
Estimated Total Cost:	\$459,449	