

Community Land Trust

Affordable Homeownership for our Communities

The Community Land Trust Approach



NWCLTC DEFINITION OF A COMMUNITY LAND TRUST

A community land trust (CLT) is a private, non-profit, communitygoverned and/or membership corporation

whose mission is to acquire, hold, develop, lease, and steward land for making homes, farmland, gardens, businesses, and other community assets permanently affordable for current and future generations.

A CLT's bylaws prescribe that the governing board is comprised of individuals who reside in the CLT's service area, one-third of whom are currently, or could be CLT leaseholders.

NWCLTC The Northwest Community Land Trust Coalition is a membership organization of community land trusts in Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, and Alaska.



Distinctive Features

- Accountability and local control
- One-time investments stewarded for permanent affordability
- Equitable governance
- Prevents displacement

Civil Rights Era Roots



Community land trusts were created in the late 1960s by Civil Rights leaders when Black sharecroppers were evicted from their homes and farms for registering to vote. The original model combined: Collective ownership of land with Individual ownership of homes, farms and businesses to prevent displacement and to allow people to build wealth.



Buying a home in King County

The reality is King County is <u>expensive</u>. Housing prices are out of reach for most of us.

When the median home price requires \$169,000 income (150% median income) and 65% in King County make less than \$100,000, the math just doesn't add up.

When you earn less than median income, homeownership is out of reach.

*HUD Income Limits, 2021



Reminder: What does Median mean? It means the middle-point between higher and lower.



Solution: We put homeownership within reach

Homestead makes and keeps homes affordable to modest income families.

By building homes ourselves and acquiring them through partnerships, we are able to reduce the price of homes to 30% to 50% of market rate prices).

We keep homes affordable permanently through partnerships with our homeowners





Tools for affordable homeownership



DOWNPAYMENT ASSISTANCE = Fill the gap

(Also known as Shared Appreciation, Subsidy Recapture)

- Deferred no payments
- Repaid at resale with interest
- Examples: Homesight, House
 Key Finance



PERMANENTLY AFFORDABLE = Reduce price/control price increase

(Also known as Shared Equity or Resale Restricted or Subsidy Retention)

- Resale formula
- Ensures on-going affordability
- CLTS, Some Habitat affiliates



Different tools for different market conditions





What We Do





We Subsidize the Price to What is Affordable





Home Purchased with Fixed-Rate Bank Mortgage



Owners Lease the Land for a Small Monthly Fee



Owners Resell at a Formula Price, Still Affordable



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How it Works

Community Land Trust homeownership subsidizes the initial price of the home and controls the future cost increase through agreements with the buyers

Ground leases are used when the home sits on land. When land is shared, such as in a condominium building, we use a covenant. Buyers purchase the structure (home) but not the land. Removing the value of the land from the purchase makes it more affordable.

> Land is owned collectively through Homestead, a nonprofit member organization.

A 99-year ground lease between Homestead and the owner spells out the responsibilities of the owner and the amount of the ground lease fee.

A resale formula built into the ground lease keeps homes _____ affordable for subsequent buyers.

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Who Qualifies

Qualified applicants to our program are:

- First-time homebuyers Have never owned a home or have not owned within the last three years
- Income lower than 80% AMI (Area Median Income)
- Make more than \$50,000 per year (with exceptions)
- Qualify for a conventional 30-year mortgage from a participating lender (ITIN or Halal financing)
- Contribute 1% of the home price as down payment
- Minimum income qualifications are determined for each home as well



Income Qualifications

Area median income as defined by the United States' Housing and Urban Development (HUD). In real dollars, 80% AMI means:

Individuals in your household	Yearly Gross Household Income (before taxes) cannot be more than:	Monthly Gross Household Income (before taxes) cannot be more than:
1	\$66,720	\$5,560
2	\$76,250	\$6,354
3	\$85,800	\$7,150
4	\$95,300	\$7,942
5	\$102,950	\$8,579
6	\$110,550	\$9,213
7	\$118,200	\$9,850
8	\$125,800	\$10,483



Source: HUD 2022; income limits are adjusted each year in April

How do our homeowners build wealth?

Let's say you buy your home for \$200,000 and in the tenth year you decide to sell it. Your maximum formula resale price would be \$221,968 (\$200,000 + 1.5% compounding annually).

Your equity at the time of sale would be roughly **\$67,026**. This is made up of both the 1.5% formula increase (\$32,108) and the amount of your loan that you have paid off (\$34,918) over those ten years. The equity amount does not account for your share of closing costs at the time of sale.





Our model works with many home types



Renton: Net-Zero Energy townhomes, 3- and 4-bedrooms, 12 homes in Phase I.



Tukwila: Net-Zero Energy cottage homes, 11 affordable; five market rate.

Scattered Site Single Family







Seattle: Condominiums









Community and homeowner governance

Centering the voices of those we serve in decisions that affect hem

Homestead Community Land Trust Governance



New Developments Have Homeowners Associations





Stewardship preserves affordability

Informed homebuyers

- **Education & Purchase Support**
- Is homeownership right for me?
- Purchase support
- Being part of an HOA

Supported homeowners and neighborhoods

- Household support (financial distress, maintenance resources)
- Re-selling to an income-qualified buyer
- HOA support









What cities can do to advance affordable homeownership

Policy

- Homeownership in the continuum of housing (three legs of the stool: shelter, subsidized rental, affordable homeownership)
- Access to homeownership as a racial equity issue

Public Subsidies

- Protect the State Housing Trust Fund and advocate for homeownership
- County funding source, in the form of grants not interest bearing loans
- City funding mechanism (\$30K to \$50K per home)
- Contributing land at no or low cost
- Advocacy with State and County on behalf of specific projects

Zoning and Incentives

- Permit townhomes, duplexes, triplexes
- Property tax exemptions
- Reduced or waived permit fees
- Reduced or waived impact fees

Continued.....



What cities can do to advance affordable homeownership

Land Use

- Streamlined subdivision process; no requirement for advance infrastructure improvements
- No requirement for off-site infrastructure upgrades
- Streamlined permitting process
- Permit the whole subdivision not individual homes
- Internal ombudsperson to assist with system obstacles

Inclusionary-Density Bonus

- Increase density in exchange for 3 or more homes (up to 10%)
 - Require resale-restricted model for homeownership
 - Award stewardship to nonprofit organization

Corporate Partnerships

- Advocate for bank grants, community foundation support
- Major employers, corporations direct investments, philanthropic support

<u>Advocacy</u>

Advocate for condominium law reforms





Thank you for your interest!

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