CITY OF LEON VALLEY, TEXAS ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024



OFFICIALS ISSUING REPORT

Dr. Crystal Caldera City Manager

Carol Goering
Director of Finance



CITY OF LEON VALLEY, TEXAS TABLE OF CONTENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
TITLE PAGE	j
TABLE OF CONTENTS	ii
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
INTRODUCTORT SECTION	
LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL	vi
GFOA CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT	
PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS	X
ORGANIZATIONAL CHART	X
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	2
MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	14
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	17
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	19
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET TO THE	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES –	
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO	
THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND	25
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION -	25
PROPRIETARY FUNDSTATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND	
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	50
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	56
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES –	
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND	57
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES –	
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - RED LIGHT CAMERA FUND	61
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES –	
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STREET MAINTENANCE TAX FUND	
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES,	
EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS	
SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS	
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS	
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – TOTAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY	60

CITY OF LEON VALLEY, TEXAS TABLE OF CONTENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)

	PAGE
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	70
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	71
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND	70
BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COMMUNITY CENTER FUND	75
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -	13
BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GRANTS FUND	76
SCHEDIII E OF REVENIIFS EXPENDITIIRES AND CHANGES IN FUND RAI ANCE -	
BUDGET TO ACTUAL - CRIME CONTROL PREVENTION FUND	77
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -	
BUDGET TO ACTUAL - CHILD SAFETY FUND	78
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -	
BUDGET TO ACTUAL - STATE POLICE FORFEITURE FUND	79
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -	
BUDGET TO ACTUAL - FEDERAL POLICE FORFEITURE FUND	80
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -	
BUDGET TO ACTUAL - BUILDING SECURITY FUND	81
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -	
BUDGET TO ACTUAL - COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND	82
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –	
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE	83
STATISTICAL SECTION	
NET POSITION, BY COMPONENT	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	
FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTYDIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES	
PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERSPRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS	
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS	
WATER SOLD BY TYPE OF CUSTOMER	
WATER SOLD BY TITE OF COSTOWERWATER AND SEWER RATES	
TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE	
RATIOS OF DEBT OUTSTANDING BY TYPE	
RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING	
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT	
DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION	
PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE	

CITY OF LEON VALLEY, TEXAS TABLE OF CONTENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

STATISTICAL SECTION (CONTINUED)

	<u>PAGE</u>
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS	108
TOP TEN PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS	107
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION	108
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM	109
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM	111



INTRODUCTORY SECTION



January 28, 2025

The Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and Citizens of the City of Leon Valley:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The City of Leon Valley financial statements have been audited by Armstrong, Vaughan and Associates, P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. They have issued an unmodified "clean" opinion on the City of Leon Valley's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2024. The independent report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City, incorporated in 1952, is a residential community located in south central Texas in the northwest portion of the San Antonio Metropolitan Statistical Area. The City is located in Bexar County, Texas. Bexar County's economy is based on military, tourism, agriculture, limestone mining, medical facilities, and manufacturing. The City has a land area of 3.5 square miles and is surrounded on all sides by the City of San Antonio. Most City residents are employed within the greater San Antonio Metropolitan Statistical Area. A full range of services is provided to residents and businesses, including police and fire protection, construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure, recreational activities, and water and sewer utilities. The City population based upon the 2020 census is 11,542. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. The City's property tax rate is average compared to the rest of Bexar County.



The city is operated under the council-manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which consists of a Mayor and a five-member Council. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis at large. Council members are elected to two-year staggered terms. The Mayor is elected at large to a two-year term. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and the hiring of a City Manager. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing Council, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and appointing the heads of the City's departments.

The City maintains extensive budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure the proper safeguarding of City assets, compliance with State budgetary statutes and compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the City Council. Activities of the General Fund, Red Light Camera Fund, ARP Fund, Debt Service Fund, Water and Sewer (Enterprise) Fund, Community Center Fund, Building Security Fund, Child Safety Fund, Municipal Court Technology Fund, Street Maintenance Tax Fund, Police Forfeiture Fund, Grant Fund, and Crime Control and Prevention District are included in the City's annual budget.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Leon Valley's financial planning and control. Generally, the City has a policy of funding the current year's operating expenditures with current operating revenues. Capital purchases are funded from the Unassigned Fund Balance. All agencies of the City of Leon Valley are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager on or before the first week in May each year. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the Council for review in August. The Council is required to a hold public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than September 30, the close of Leon Valley's fiscal year.

The City has adopted financial policies for budgetary control that are stricter than is required by law. The appropriated budget is prepared by funds, department (e.g. police), and function (e.g. patrol). Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the special approval of the Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Leon Valley operates.

The City of Leon Valley's property values have demonstrated an increase over the last few years. The region's leading industries, in terms of gross sales for the City, are auto dealers/gasoline service stations and food stores. A significant portion of sales for these businesses is not subject to local sales taxes.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

In FY 2011 the City implemented GASB 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions and formally adopted a Fund Balance Policy. The Fund Balance Policy adopted by the City is the framework upon which consistent operations may be built and sustained. For manmade or natural disaster emergencies the City aims to maintain a Committed Fund Balance equivalent to three months operating expenses based on the current operating budget. For the fiscal year that ended September 30, 2024, the Committed Fund Balance was \$1,000,000.

The City also maintains a ten-year Capital Acquisition Plan (CAP) to provide for capital outlay expenditures. Each fiscal year, the CAP is reviewed and analyzed by the City Manager and City staff to determine needs for office and other machinery and equipment, vehicles, buildings and building improvements, land, and other improvements. The ten-year CAP is authorized by the City Council during the City's annual budget adoption process. As items are funded only when deemed necessary, capital outlay details and amounts vary between budget years. The plan is funded from the Unassigned Fund Balance.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Leon Valley for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, with the highest standards for the preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. The ACFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA.

We would like to extend our sincere thanks and appreciation to the Finance Department, and all City staff and department heads who helped in the preparation of this report. A special thanks goes to our Mayor and City Council for their strong leadership and support, their sense of civic duty and responsibility, and their diligence in conducting the operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Dr. Crystal Caldera City Manager Carol Goering
Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Leon Valley Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF LEON VALLEY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

ELECTED OFFICIALS

MAYOR CHRIS RILEY

CITY COUNCIL, PLACE 1 BENNY MARTINEZ

CITY COUNCIL, PLACE 2 BETTY HEYL

CITY COUNCIL, PLACE 3, MAYOR PRO-TEM PHILIP CAMPOS, CPA

CITY COUNCIL, PLACE 4 REY OROZCO

CITY COUNCIL, PLACE 5 WILL BRADSHAW

CITY OFFICIALS

CITY MANAGER DR. CRYSTAL CALDERA

DIRECTOR OF FINANCE CAROL GOERING

CITY SECRETARY SAUNDRA PASSAILAIGUE

PLANNING AND ZONING DIRECTOR SUSANA HUERTA

POLICE CHIEF DAVID GONZALEZ

FIRE CHIEF MICHAEL NAUGHTON

LIBRARIAN REGINA REED

PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR MELINDA MORITZ

HUMAN RESOURCES DIRECTOR LISA HERNANDEZ

CITY ATTORNEY ARTURO D. RODRIGUEZ

MESSER FORT

CITY OF LEON VALLEY **ORGANIZATIONAL CHART**

Organizational Chart FY 2024 City of Leon Valley Organizational Chart Citizens of Leon Valley Advisory Boards & City Auditor Mayor and City Council Commissions City Manager City Attorney City Engineer Crystal Caldera, PhD Executive Assistant to **Business Relations** man Resources Municipal Court Commm/Special Events Library Director Director Director City Manager Tiffany Gutierrez Crystal Miranda Regina Reed Roque Salinas Lisa Hernandez Angela Trejo Leon Valley Library - Facility Rentals & -Economic Development -Personnel Management -Safety-Risk Management -Mayor's Liaison -Administers Jury and -E&C Development Board of Trustees Support -Council Liaison Bench Trials Management Advisory Committee -Liaison EDCD - Manage LV Library -Benefit Administrator - Payroll Administrator - City issued citations - Special Events and Programs - Warrant roundups - Manages daily city - Communications revenues IT Manager Public Works Finance Director Fire/EMS Planning & Zoning Police Chief City Secretary Daniel Blystone Melinda Moritz Michael Naughton Mindy Teague **David Gonzales** Carol Goering Saundra Passailaigue -Street Maintenance -Accounting/Budgeting -Agenda Minutes -Fire Protection -Fire Suppression - Planning/Zoning -Law Enforcement Patrol -Help Desk Ticket -Server Management -Drainage Maintenance - Procurement Services -Accounts Payable -Records Management -Traffic Control -Public Information

- IT Security -IT Plan Management
- -Parks and Recreation
- -Facilities Maintenance -Fleet Services
- -Traffic Engineering -Water and Wastewater
- -Solid Waste -Utility Billing
- -Farthwise Living -Tree Advisory Committee
- -Park Commission
- -CAP Facilities

- - -Contract Compliance -Liaison to Boards and Commissions
 - -Elections -TABC Licensing
- -Emergency Management
- -Fire Inspections -Fire Marshal
- Permit/Licenses Building & Health
- Inspections -Board of Adjustment
- -P & Z Commission Bandera Road Advisory Committee
- -Criminal Investigation
- -Code Compliance -Animal Care -Narcotics Task Force
- -Red Light Cameras -Citizen Police Advisory Committee



FINANCIAL SECTION



Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Leon Valley, Texas

Report on Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Leon Valley as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Leon Valley's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Leon Valley, as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of City of Leon Valley and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City of Leon Valley's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Leon Valley's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Leon Valley's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about City of Leon Valley's ability to continue as a going concern for a
 reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to the City's net pension and total other postemployment benefit liabilities – TMRS, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Leon Valley' basic financial statements as a whole. The comparative statements, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements.

The comparative financial statements, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining, individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

Armstrong, Vauspin of Associates, P.C.

January 28, 2025

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Leon Valley, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Leon Valley for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Leon Valley exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$40.3 million (net position) at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Of this amount, \$7.1 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's operational needs.
- The City's total net position increased by \$3.3 million mainly due to decreased governmental revenues and decreased utility expenses.
- The City's OPEB and pension related deferred outflows totaled \$2.5 million at year end, a decrease of \$2.0 million in comparison with the prior year due to decreases in the contribution rates and experience rates.
- The City's OPEB and pension related deferred inflows totaled \$359 thousand at year end, an increase of \$264 thousand in comparison with the prior year due to a sharp increase in the investment earnings. The Pension Liability decreased by \$2.5 million primarily as a result of increased net investment income.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15.1 million, an increase of \$1.9 million in comparison with the prior year. In the General Fund, the City budgeted a deficiency of revenues under expenditures of \$3.0 million. However, revenues were \$616 thousand lower than budget mainly due to decrease in grant revenue by \$2.0 million. The expenses were less than budgeted overall, mainly due to law enforcement administration budget exceeded total expenses by \$395 thousand, fire and protection department budget exceeded by \$404 thousand, public works department budget exceeded total expenses by \$2.6 million, and economic development department budget exceeded total expenses by \$225 thousand.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the General Fund unassigned fund balances was \$6.8 million which is 52.8% or 6.3 months of the general fund expenditures not including capital outlay.
- During the fiscal year, the City made payments on bonds, decreasing outstanding debt by \$495 thousand, as of the end of the current year, the City had \$6.2 million in bonds outstanding.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as the introduction of the City of Leon Valley, Texas' basic financial statements which are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business financial presentation.

The statement of net position is a presentation of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital and infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities. This statement reports the difference between assets and liabilities as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information regarding increases and decreases to the government's net position for the fiscal year. Changes in net position are recorded when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs regardless of the timing of cash flows.

Therefore, revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused personal leave). Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees or charges (business-type activities). Governmental activities include general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, library, and community development. The business-type activities of the City are water and sewer.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements are used to present financial information detailing resources that have been identified for specific activities. The focus of the fund financial statements is on the City's major funds, although non-major funds are also presented in aggregate and further detailed in the supplementary statements. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with requirements placed on resources. Funds are divided into three types: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. However, the City does not have any fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used for essentially the same functions reported in the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available for current spending, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

As the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary Funds – The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the functions presented in business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the enterprise fund to account for the provision of water and sewer services to residents.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide separate and more detailed information for the water and sewer fund. The water and sewer fund is considered a major fund of the City.

<u>Notes to the Basic Financial Statements</u> – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other Information</u> – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information on the City's general fund budget, red light camera fund, and the street maintenance fund budget, which are adopted on an annual basis. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for these funds in order to demonstrate budgetary compliance with this budget.

In addition, this report also contains certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Leon Valley's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other post-employment benefits.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connections with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Below is a comparative summary of the governmental activities and business-type activities as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

TABLE A-1
NET POSITION

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Assets								
Current Assets	\$ 16,760,785	\$ 15,590,790	\$ 5,849,127	\$ 5,185,023	\$ 22,609,912	\$ 20,775,813		
Capital and Other Assets	20,850,137	21,524,429	10,841,003	10,299,777	31,691,140	31,824,206		
Total Assets	37,610,922	37,115,219	16,690,130	15,484,800	54,301,052	52,600,019		
Deferred Outflows								
of Resources	2,416,138	4,592,195	100,122	37,827	2,516,260	4,630,022		
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities	2,234,657	2,980,855	439,501	514,133	2,674,158	3,494,988		
Noncurrent Liabilities	11,215,846	14,175,676	2,257,046	2,410,346	13,472,892	16,586,022		
Total Liabilities	13,450,503	17,156,531	2,696,547	2,924,479	16,147,050	20,081,010		
Deferred Inflows								
of Resources	358,210	105,286	14,374	4,312	372,584	109,598		
Net Position								
Net Investment in								
Capital Assets	16,338,530	16,514,310	9,114,507	8,519,400	25,453,037	25,033,710		
Restricted	5,956,937	5,151,887	1,776,950	2,011,865	7,733,887	7,163,752		
Unrestricted	3,922,880	2,779,400	3,187,874	2,062,571	7,110,754	4,841,971		
Total Net Position	\$ 26,218,347	\$ 24,445,597	\$ 14,079,331	\$ 12,593,836	\$ 40,297,678	\$ 37,039,433		

Deferred outflows of resources are related pensions and other post-employment benefits and represent a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and will not be recognized as an expenditure until then. Deferred inflows of resources are related to other post-employment benefits and represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as revenue until that time. Additional information regarding the City's deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources can be found in Notes 7 and 8 of this report.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$25.5 million, represents its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings, machinery, and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City of Leon Valley, Texas uses these assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Of the other net position, \$7.7 million represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. \$7.1 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's operational needs.

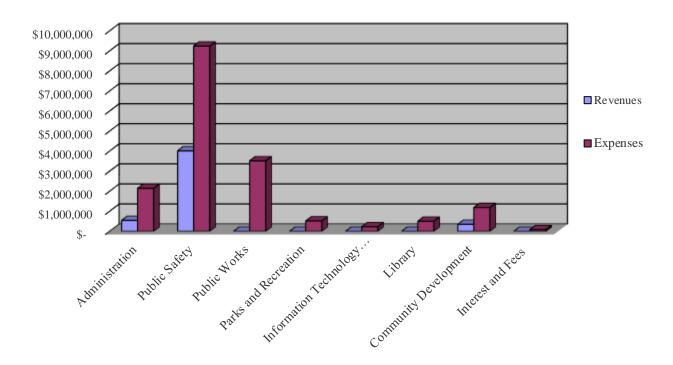
Governmental activities increased net position by \$1.8 million, which is attributable to fluctuations in program revenues and expenses. The City's total governmental revenues were \$18.1 million, of which 67.4% of the City's revenue come from taxes compared to 55.6% in the prior year. A total of 25.1% of the revenues are from those who directly received the services. The overall revenue decreased from prior year by \$4.1 million mainly due to decrease in grant revenue by \$4.5 million. The total cost of all governmental programs and services was \$17.4 million and charges for those services were \$4.5 million. The overall expenses increased from prior year by \$558 thousand mainly due to an increase of \$921, \$168, and \$162 thousand in the Public Works Department, Parks and Recreation Department, and Community Development Department, respectively. Table A-2 reports the summarized changes in net position.

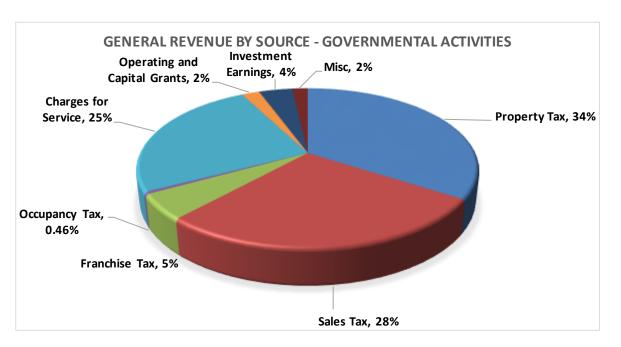
TABLE A-2
CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR GOVERNMENTAL AND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
Revenues:	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$ 4,541,199	\$ 3,853,515	\$ 5,362,842	\$ 5,231,485	\$ 9,904,041	\$ 9,085,000		
Operating Grants and								
Contributions	77,902	53,503	-	-	77,902	53,503		
Capital Grants and								
Contributions	286,172	4,764,275	245,726	-	531,898	4,764,275		
General Revenues								
Property Taxes	6,189,180	6,038,893	-	-	6,189,180	6,038,893		
Sales Taxes	5,010,542	5,061,764	-	-	5,010,542	5,061,764		
Franchise Taxes	927,879	1,172,251	-	-	927,879	1,172,251		
Occupancy Taxes	84,144	67,842	-	-	84,144	67,842		
Investment Earnings	692,726	579,759	207,415	145,607	900,141	725,366		
Miscellaneous	317,621	599,325	117,693	70,816	435,314	670,141		
Total Revenues	18,127,365	22,191,127	5,933,676	5,447,908	24,061,041	27,639,035		
Expenses:								
Administration	2,146,911	2,361,242	-	-	2,146,911	2,361,242		
Public Safety	9,239,567	9,760,863	-	-	9,239,567	9,760,863		
Public Works	3,514,599	2,593,652	-	-	3,514,599	2,593,652		
Parks and Recreation	517,986	349,505	-	-	517,986	349,505		
Library	501,876	460,126	-	-	501,876	460,126		
Information Technology Office	229,970	211,958	-	-	229,970	211,958		
Community Development	1,187,852	1,024,951	-	-	1,187,852	1,024,951		
Utility	-	-	3,384,397	3,148,657	3,384,397	3,148,657		
Interest	79,638	98,366			79,638	98,366		
Total Expenses	17,418,399	16,860,663	3,384,397	3,148,657	20,802,796	20,009,320		
INCREASE IN NET POSITION								
BEFORE TRANSFERS	708,966	5,330,464	2,549,279	2,299,251	3,258,245	7,629,715		
Transfers In (Out)	1,063,784	(189,866)	(1,063,784)	189,866				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,772,750	5,140,598	1,485,495	2,489,117	3,258,245	7,629,715		
CILLIONIUM I COMON	1,772,730	3,170,390	1,705,795	2,707,117	3,230,243	1,022,713		
BEGINNING NET POSITION	24,445,597	19,304,999	12,593,836	10,104,719	37,039,433	29,409,718		
ENDING NET POSITION	\$ 26,218,347	\$ 24,445,597	\$ 14,079,331	\$ 12,593,836	\$ 40,297,678	\$ 37,039,433		

EXPENSES AND PROGRAM REVENUES –GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TOTAL EXPENSES 2024-GOVERNMENT-WIDE

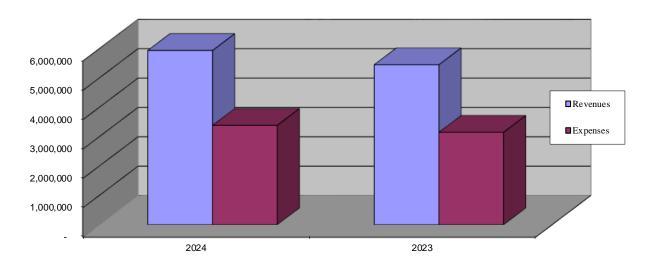
Revenues-Governmental Activities





Business-Type Activities

Business-Type activities increased net position by \$1.5 million. For the most part, increases in overall revenue by \$486 thousand mainly due to charges for services by \$131 thousand, and capital grants increased by \$245 thousand. In the current year, expenditures overall increased by \$236 thousand mainly due to increase in repair and maintenance for a wastewater system and sewer mains located under an intersection. In prior year, we saw less expenses on maintenance of a water and sewer mains compared to current year.



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Leon Valley uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Activities of the primary government's general fund, capital projects fund, special revenue funds and debt service funds are considered general government functions. The general fund is the City's general operating fund. The capital projects fund is used to account for financial activity related to the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Special revenue funds are used to account for proceeds of specific sources that are legally restricted as to expenditures. The debt service funds are used to account for financial activity related to the City's general bonded indebtedness, as well as long-term obligations.

As September 30, 2024, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15.1 million, an increase of \$1.9 million in comparison with fiscal year 2023. The general fund which is the chief operating fund of the City, at the end of the current fiscal year, had a committed fund balance of \$1 million for man-made or natural disaster emergencies.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$1.3 million. Key factors in the increase are as follows:

- The City's tax rate remained same for the 2023-2024 budget year toy 0.0484739 per hundred, but increased tax revenue by \$14 thousand from the prior year due to increase in property value.
- In the current year, investment earnings increased by \$63 thousand due to higher interest rates and other miscellaneous revenue increased by \$78 thousand compared to prior year.
- Contracted services (legal) in the Council and Manager expenditures decreased to \$315 thousand
 from the prior year, primarily due to decrease in attorney expenses. This decrease is largely
 attributed to fewer legal matters requiring external counsel and more efficient management of
 legal resources.
- Contracted services in fire protection operations expenditures increased to \$118 thousand from the prior year, although they are still within budget. Overall public safety department expenditures increased to \$137 thousand from prior year due to increase in personnel costs.
- Supplies in information technology expenditures decreased to \$172 thousand from the prior year, is primarily attributed to the postponement of certain planned technology upgrades. Despite this reduction, the expenditures remain within the allocated budget for the period.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the fund balance of the City's Street Maintenance Tax Fund decreased by \$69 thousand. The key factors in the decrease are as follows:

- Public works repairs and maintenance expenditures were only \$1.1 million compared to the \$2.1 million expected to spend. Projects were delayed due to contracting and other miscellaneous issues.
- Investment earnings were \$79 thousand, \$49 thousand more than budgeted due to higher interest rates.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the fund balance of the City's Red-Light Camera Fund decreased by \$132 thousands. The key factor in the decrease is due to overall law enforcement expenditures increased by \$432 thousand compared to prior year particularly in personnel cost.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$577 thousand, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net increase in the fund balance during the current year in the debt service fund was \$149 thousand. The key factor in the increase is due to property tax revenue increased by \$134 thousand due to increase in property values.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The City's proprietary fund provided the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the water and sewer fund at the end of the year amounted to \$3.2 million. The total increase in net position for the water and sewer fund was \$1.5 million. Most of this increase is due to a decrease in Water System and Sewer System repairs, maintenance and administrative expenses.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the City revised its budget for a total increase in expenditures of \$944 thousand. The following are the main components of the increase:

- \$675 thousand for the continued work on the Hike & Bike Trail project.
- \$84 thousand for the repairs to Kinman House foundation and roof project.
- \$35 thousand for purchase of crack seal trailer.
- \$50 thousand for completion of the police impound lot project.
- \$40 thousand for purpose of increasing the city manager and council department budget to pay for the city's portion of a street outreach person through Haven for Hope fund.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

<u>Capital Assets</u> - The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business- type activities as of September 30, 2024 amounted to \$31.7 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and roads. The City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year decreased by \$133 thousands from fiscal year 2023, mainly due to partially depreciated fire truck sold in the current year.

TABLE A-3
CAPITAL ASSETS
(Net of Depreciation)

	Gover	nmental					
	Act	ivities	Activ	vities	Total		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Land	\$ 1,497,118	\$ 1,497,118	\$ 203,227	\$ 203,227	\$ 1,700,345	\$ 1,700,345	
Water Rights	-	-	2,276,080	2,276,080	2,276,080	2,276,080	
Buildings	10,981,760	10,981,760	25,403	25,403	11,007,163	11,007,163	
Water/Wastewater							
System - Plant	-	-	11,011,786	11,011,786	11,011,786	11,011,786	
Transportation							
and Equipment	8,522,336	9,327,677	-	-	8,522,336	9,327,677	
Infrastructure	17,961,835	17,758,301	1,686,521	1,673,639	19,648,356	19,431,940	
Construction in Progress	146,403	-	3,081,355	2,157,225	3,227,758	2,157,225	
Accumulated Depreciation	(18,259,315)	(18,040,427)	(7,443,369)	(7,047,585)	(25,702,684)	(25,088,012)	
TOTALS	\$ 20,850,137	\$ 21,524,429	\$ 10,841,003	\$ 10,299,775	\$ 31,691,140	\$ 31,824,204	

Additional information of the City of Leon Valley's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> - For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the City had a total bonded debt outstanding of \$6.2 million.

TABLE A-4 LONG-TERM DEBT

Governmental				Business-Type							
Activities			Activities			Total					
	2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
\$	4,511,607	\$	5,010,119		-	-	-	\$	4,511,607	\$	5,010,119
	-		-		1,726,496		1,780,377		1,726,496		1,780,377
\$	4,511,607	\$	5,010,119	\$	1,726,496	\$	1,780,377	\$	6,238,103	\$	6,790,496
	\$	Active 2024 \$ 4,511,607	Activities 2024 \$ 4,511,607 \$	Activities 2024 2023 \$ 4,511,607 \$ 5,010,119	Activities 2024 2023 \$ 4,511,607 \$ 5,010,119	Activities Activities 2024 2023 2024 \$ 4,511,607 \$ 5,010,119 -	Activities Activities 2024 2023 2024 \$ 4,511,607 \$ 5,010,119 1,726,496	Activities Activities 2024 2023 2024 2023 \$ 4,511,607 \$ 5,010,119 - - - - - 1,726,496 1,780,377	Activities Activities 2024 2023 2024 2023 \$ 4,511,607 \$ 5,010,119 - - - \$ - - - 1,726,496 1,780,377 -	Activities Activities To 2024 2023 2024 2023 2024 \$ 4,511,607 \$ 5,010,119 - - - \$ 4,511,607 - - - 1,726,496 1,780,377 1,726,496	Activities Activities Total 2024 2023 2024 2023 2024 \$ 4,511,607 \$ 5,010,119 - - - \$ 4,511,607 \$ - - 1,726,496 1,780,377 1,726,496

Additional information of the City of Leon Valley's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

For fiscal year end 2025, the City took a very conservative approach to budgeting as they believe it best serves the citizens of the City during times of inflation and rising interest rates. An increase of \$291 thousand in property tax was budgeted, which is due to an increase in property value. Sales tax was budgeted with a decrease of \$37 thousand and licenses, permits, fees and fines with an increase of \$362 thousand. Overall revenues were budgeted with an increase of \$610 thousand with the tempering of inflation and the stagnation of interest rates. The city adopted a tax rate of \$0.484739 which is the same as the fiscal year 2024 tax rate. The tax components are as follows: \$0.440021 for Maintenance and Operations and \$0.044718 for the Interest and Sinking.

Expenditures for the general fund are budgeted at \$18 million which includes, capital outlay of \$2.9 million. The funding for the capital expenditures will come from the capital reserve funds and not the current year operating revenue.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 6400 El Verde Road, Leon Valley, Texas 78238.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF LEON VALLEY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Primary Government						
	Go	vernmental	Bus	siness-Type			
		Activities		Activities		Total	
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents:							
Unrestricted	\$	2,809,147	\$	1,109,702	\$	3,918,849	
Restricted for Customer Deposits		-		115,587		115,587	
Investments							
Unrestricted		12,565,328		2,244,610		14,809,938	
Restricted Investments - Water/Wastewater		-		1,776,950		1,776,950	
Receivables (net of allowances):							
Property Taxes		214,854		-		214,854	
Special Assessment		13,278		-		13,278	
Other		267,278		602,278		869,556	
Due from Other Governments		886,017		-		886,017	
Inventories		4,883		-		4,883	
Total Current Assets		16,760,785		5,849,127		22,609,912	
Noncurrent Assets:							
Capital Assets:							
Land		1,497,118		203,227		1,700,345	
Water Rights		-		2,276,080		2,276,080	
Buildings		10,981,760		25,403		11,007,163	
Water/Wastewater System-Plant		-		11,011,786		11,011,786	
Other Machinery and Equipment		2,645,547		-		2,645,547	
Office Equipment		69,118		-		69,118	
Infrastructure		17,961,835		-		17,961,835	
Transportation and Equipment		5,807,671		1,686,521		7,494,192	
Construction in Progress		146,403		3,081,355		3,227,758	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(18,259,315)		(7,443,369)		(25,702,684)	
Total Noncurrent Assets:		20,850,137		10,841,003		31,691,140	
TOTAL ASSETS		37,610,922		16,690,130		54,301,052	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Pension Related Outflows		2,402,295		99,545		2,501,840	
Deferred OPEB Related Outflows		13,843		577		14,420	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES	\$	2,416,138	\$	100,122	\$	2,516,260	

CITY OF LEON VALLEY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Primary Government							
	Governmental	Business-Type	_					
	Activities	Activities	Total					
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$ 830,855	\$ 225,058	\$ 1,055,913					
Accrued Expenses	339,053	20,310	359,363					
Accrued Interest Payable	20,150	8,810	28,960					
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	271,313	10,855	282,168					
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	508,161	58,881	567,042					
Unearned Revenue	265,125	-	265,125					
Payable from Restricted Assets:								
Customer Deposits Payable		115,587	115,587					
Total Current Liabilities	2,234,657	439,501	2,674,158					
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Compensated Absences	542,627	21,710	564,337					
Net Pension Liability	6,187,350	548,617	6,735,967					
Total OPEB Liability	482,423	19,104	501,527					
Long-Term Debt	4,003,446	1,667,615	5,671,061					
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	11,215,846	2,257,046	13,472,892					
TOTAL LIABILITIES	13,450,503	2,696,547	16,147,050					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Pension Related Inflows	285,240	11,334	296,574					
Deferred OPEB Related Inflows	72,970	3,040	76,010					
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES	358,210	14,374	372,584					
NET POSITION								
Net Investment In Capital Assets	16,338,530	9,114,507	25,453,037					
Restricted For:	10,550,550	J,111,507	25, 155,057					
Public, Educational and Governmental	332,800	_	332,800					
Red Light Camera Traffic Safety	944,822	_	944,822					
Debt Service	590,159	_	590,159					
Street Maintenance	1,751,192	_	1,751,192					
Crime Control and Prevention District	738,579	_	738,579					
Public Safety	1,046,275	_	1,046,275					
Community Center/Parks	553,110	-	553,110					
Water Supply	-	775,053	775,053					
Storm Water Fee	-	1,001,897	1,001,897					
Unrestricted	3,922,880	3,187,874	7,110,754					
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 26,218,347	\$ 14,079,331	\$ 40,297,678					

CITY OF LEON VALLEY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

			Program Revenues Program Revenues								
				ı c	•	perating	Capital				
				harges for		ants and	Grants and				
Functions and Programs		Expenses		Services	Contributions		Con	tributions			
Primary Government:											
Governmental Activities:											
Administration	\$	2,146,911	\$	539,725	\$	3,610	\$	-			
Public Safety		9,239,567		3,938,969		74,292		-			
Public Works		3,514,599		-		-		-			
Information Technology Office		229,970		-		-		-			
Parks and Recreation		517,986		-		-		-			
Library		501,876		-		-		-			
Community Development		1,187,852		62,505		-		286,172			
Interest		79,638		-		-		-			
Total Governmental Activities		17,418,399		4,541,199		77,902		286,172			
Business-Type Activities											
Water/Wastewater Utilities		3,384,397		5,362,842		-		245,726			
Total Business-Type Activities		3,384,397		5,362,842		-		245,726			
Total Primary Government	\$	20,802,796	\$	9,904,041	\$	77,902	\$	531,898			

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes

Sales Taxes

Franchise Taxes

Occupancy Taxes

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Transfers In (Out)

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Net Position at End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		ry Gover						
Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities To								
\$ (1,603,576)	\$		_	\$	(1,603,576)			
(5,226,306)			_		(5,226,306)			
(3,514,599)			-		(3,514,599)			
(229,970)			_		(229,970)			
(517,986)			-		(517,986)			
(501,876)			-		(501,876)			
(839,175)			-		(839,175)			
(79,638)			-		(79,638)			
(12,513,126)			-		(12,513,126)			
-		2,224	,171		2,224,171			
_		2,224			2,224,171			
(12,513,126)		2,224	,171		(10,288,955)			
6,189,180			-		6,189,180			
5,010,542			-		5,010,542			
927,879			-		927,879			
84,144			-		84,144			
692,726		207	,415		900,141			
317,621		117	,693		435,314			
13,222,092		325	,108		13,547,200			
1,063,784		(1,063	,784)		_			
1,772,750		1,485	,495		3,258,245			
24,445,597		12,593	,836		37,039,433			
\$ 26,218,347	\$	14,079	,331_	\$	40,297,678			

CITY OF LEON VALLEY BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

AGGNING		General Fund	R	Red Light Camera Fund	Capital Projects Fund		
ASSETS Cook and Cook Environments	\$	716 602	\$	522 002	\$		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	ф	716,692 8,683,810	Ф	532,093	Ф	-	
Investments		0,000,010		906,782		-	
Accounts Receivables (net of allowances): Taxes		195,034					
Special Assessment		193,034		_		_	
Other		242,030		_		_	
Due from Other Governments		666,327		_		_	
Inventories		4,883		_		_	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	10,508,776	\$	1,438,875	\$	_	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	260,349	\$	490,856	\$	-	
Accrued Expenditures		287,533		3,197		-	
Deposits Payable		7,066		-		-	
Unearned Revenues		265,125		-			
Total Liabilities		820,073		494,053			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Unavailable Revenues - Taxes		195,034		-			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		195,034					
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Inventory		4,883		-		_	
Restricted for:							
Public, Educational and Governmental		332,800		-		-	
Red Light Camera Traffic Safety		-		944,822		-	
Debt Service		-		-		-	
Street Maintenance		-		-		-	
Crime Control and Prevention District		-		-		-	
Federal Police Forfeitures		-		-		=	
Other		7,237		-		-	
Committed for Disaster Emergencies		1,000,000		-		-	
Assigned for:							
Tree Mitigation and Replacement		391,475		-		-	
Economic Development		925,274		-		-	
Unassigned		6,832,000		- 044.022			
Total Fund Balances		9,493,669		944,822			
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED							
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	10,508,776	\$	1,438,875	\$	-	
		-,,		,,			

Debt Service		Street Maintenance Tax Fund		Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
\$	256,434 320,146	\$	103,889 1,575,905	\$	1,200,040 1,078,685	\$	2,809,148 12,565,328
\$	19,821 13,278 630 - - 610,309	\$	146,989 - 1,826,783	\$	24,618 72,700 - 2,376,043	\$	214,855 13,278 267,278 886,016 4,883 16,760,786
¢		¢	75 501	\$	4.050	\$	920 955
\$	-	\$	75,591	Ф	4,059	Ф	830,855
	-		-		1,042		291,772
	-		-		40,215		47,281
			75 501		45 216	_	265,125
			75,591		45,316		1,435,033
	33,099				<u>-</u>		228,133 228,133
	-		-		-		4,883
	-		-		-		332,800
	-		-		-		944,822
	577,210		-		-		577,210
	-		1,751,192		-		1,751,192
	-		-		738,579		738,579
	-		-		1,046,275		1,046,275
	-		-		545,873		553,110
	-		-		-		1,000,000
							391,475
	-		_		<u>-</u>		925,274
	_		_		_		6,832,000
	577,210		1,751,192		2,330,727		15,097,620
	277,210		1,.01,172		2,000,121		10,007,020
\$	610,309	\$	1,826,783	\$	2,376,043	\$	16,760,786
				_		_	



CITY OF LEON VALLEY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 15,097,620
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	20,850,137
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recognized as revenue in the funds.	228,133
Accrued vacation leave payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	(813,941)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and related premiums, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, not reported in the funds:	
Bonds Payable (4,511,607)	
Accrued Interest Payable (20,150)	(4,531,757)
Net Pension Liabilities (and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources) do not consume current financial resources are not reported in governmental funds:	
Net Pension Liability (6,187,350)	
Pension Related Deferred Inflows (285,240)	
Pension Related Deferred Outflows 2,402,295	(4,070,295)
OPEB Liabilities (and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources) do not consume current financial resources are not reported in governmental funds:	
OPEB Liability (482,423)	
OPEB Related Deferred Inflows (72,970)	
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows (72,976) 13,843	(541,550)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 26,218,347

CITY OF LEON VALLEY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	General Fund			ed Light Camera Fund	Capital Projects Fund		
REVENUES	Ф	5 464 427	ď		¢.		
Property Taxes Sales Taxes	\$	5,464,437	\$	-	\$	-	
Franchise Taxes		3,767,901		-		-	
Occupancy Taxes		927,879		-		-	
Licenses and Permits		409.202		-		-	
EMS		408,393		-		-	
Fines and Forfeitures		362,826		2 204 256		-	
		543,032		2,304,356		-	
Grants		360,713		-		-	
Lease Income		19,033		40,892		-	
Investment Earnings		499,597		40,892		-	
Miscellaneous		618,852		2 245 249			
TOTAL REVENUES		12,972,663		2,345,248			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Administration		1,850,903		-		-	
Public Safety		6,741,505		1,701,390		-	
Public Works		2,142,331		-		-	
Parks and Recreation		400,604		-		-	
Library		481,803		-		-	
Information Technology Office		315,819		-		-	
Community Development		961,408		-		-	
Capital Outlay		369,126		433,625		-	
Debt Service:							
Principal		-		-		-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		13,263,499		2,135,015			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(290,836)		210,233			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In		1,942,084		-		_	
Transfers Out		(393,466)		(342,558)		(138,228)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		(,,		(= ,===/		(/ - /	
SOURCES (USES)	_	1,548,618		(342,558)		(138,228)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,257,782		(132,325)		(138,228)	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		8,235,887		1,077,147		138,228	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	9,493,669	\$	944,822	\$		

Debt Service	Street Maintenance Tax	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
712,663	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,177,100
-	830,759	411,883	5,010,543
-	-	-	927,879
-	-	84,144	84,144
-	-	-	408,393
-	-	-	362,826
-	-	729,459	3,576,847
-	-	5,413	366,126
-	-	60,454	79,487
16,588	78,877	55,334	691,288
720.251		65,950	684,802
729,251	909,636	1,412,637	18,369,435
-	-	-	1,850,903
-	-	250,275	8,693,170
-	1,055,435	-	3,197,766
-	-	-	400,604
-	-	-	481,803 315,819
_	_	134,944	1,096,352
_	_	126,807	929,558
		120,007	727,330
445,000	-	-	445,000
135,375	_	-	135,375
580,375	1,055,435	512,026	17,546,350
148,876	(145,799)	900,611	823,085
_	76,603	_	2,018,687
_		(80,651)	(954,903)
-	76,603	(80,651)	1,063,784
148,876	(69,196)	819,960	1,886,869
428,334	1,820,388	1,510,767	13,210,751
\$ 577,210	\$ 1,751,192	\$ 2,330,727	\$ 15,097,620



CITY OF LEON VALLEY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 1,886,869
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay 726,075	
Depreciation Expense (1,146,217)	(420,142)
Proceeds from capital assets dispositions produce current financial resources	
in the fund statements, while the net gain (loss) is recognized in the Statement	
of Activities. This is the net book value of capital assets disposed.	(254,151)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources	
are not reported as revenues in the funds.	12,083
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, which the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any affect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Principal Repayments 445,000	
Amortization of Premiums, Discounts, Losses 53,512	498,512
Amortization of Fichiatins, Discounts, Losses	470,512
Governmental funds report required contributions to employee pensions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of the pension is recorded based on the actuarially determined cost of the	
plan. This is the amount that actuarially determined pension	(19.107)
expense exceeded contributions.	(18,107)
Governmental funds report required contributions to OPEB as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of the expense is recorded based on the actuarially determined cost of the plan. This is the amount that actuarially determined OPEB expense exceeded contributions.	(8,539)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Compensated Absences 74,002	
Accrued Interest 2,223	 76,225
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,772,750

CITY OF LEON VALLEY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activity	
	Water and	
	Sewer	
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Unrestricted	\$ 1,109,702	
Restricted for Customer Deposits	115,587	
Restricted Investments - Water/Sewer	1,776,950	
Unrestricted Investments - Water/Sewer	2,244,610	
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance:		
Customer Accounts	602,278	
Total Current Assets	5,849,127	
Nonurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets:		
Land	203,227	
Water Rights	2,276,080	
Buildings and Improvements	25,403	
Water/Wastewater System-Plant	11,011,786	
Transportation and Equipment	1,686,521	
Construction in Progress	3,081,355	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(7,443,369)	
Total Noncurrent Assets	10,841,003	
TOTAL ASSETS	16,690,130	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Pension Related Outflows	99,545	
Deferred OPEB Related Outflows	577	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 100,122	

CITY OF LEON VALLEY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activity
	Water and
	Sewer
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 225,058
Accrued Expenses	20,310
Accrued Interest Payable	8,810
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	10,855
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	58,881
Payable from Restricted Assets:	
Customer Deposits Payable	115,587
Total Current Liabilities	439,501
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Compensated Absences	21,710
Net Pension Liability	548,617
Total OPEB Liability	19,104
Long-Term Debt	1,667,615
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,257,046
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,696,547
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Pension Related Inflows	11,334
Deferred OPEB Related Inflows	3,040
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	
OF RESOURCES	14,374
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,114,507
Restricted for:	, ,
Water Supply Fee	775,053
Storm Water Fee	1,001,897
Unrestricted	3,187,874
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 14,079,331

CITY OF LEON VALLEY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Business-Type		
Activitie			
	V	Vater and	
		Sewer	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Metered Water Sales	\$	1,692,773	
Wastewater Sales Charges		8,838	
Storm Water Fees		3,177,848	
Connection and Platting		311,320	
Customer Penalties		55,998	
Customer Disconnect Fees		7,350	
Tap Fees		36,833	
Impact Fees		71,882	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		5,362,842	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Water System		828,557	
Wastewater System		1,896,997	
Stormwater System		211,993	
Depreciation		395,785	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		3,333,332	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		2,029,510	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Grants and Contributions		245,726	
Investment Earnings		207,415	
Interest Expense		(51,065)	
Miscellaneous		117,693	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		519,769	
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		2,549,279	
TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS			
Transfers In		316,863	
Transfers Out		(1,380,647)	
TOTAL TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		(1,063,784)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,485,495	
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		12,593,836	
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$	14,079,331	

CITY OF LEON VALLEY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Business-Type
	Activities
	Water and
	Sewer
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	ф 5.219.752
Cash Received From Customers	\$ 5,318,752
Cash Paid to Supplier for Goods & Services	(2,598,464)
Cash Paid for Employee Salaries and Benefits	(563,393)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	2.156.005
Operating Activities	2,156,895
Cash Flows From Non Capital and Related	
Financing Activities:	
Miscellaneous Non Capital	117,695
Grants and Contributions	245,726
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non Capital	
Financing Activities	363,421
Cook Floury Evens Conited and Deleted	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related	
Financing Activities:	(027.012)
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(937,013)
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt	(51,482)
Transfers from Other Funds for Projects Transfers to Other Funds for Projects	316,863
Transfers to Other Funds for Projects	(1,380,647)
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt	(53,881)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and	(2.106.160)
Related Financing Activities	(2,106,160)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:	
Purchase of Investments	(307,415)
Interest and Investment Earnings	207,415
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	
Investing Activities	(100,000)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	
and Cash Equivalents	314,156
und Cush Zapa duchus	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	793,989
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	117,144
Cook and Cook Engineering A.E. J. CV	911,133
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year:	1 100 702
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,109,702
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	115,587
	\$ 1,225,289

CITY OF LEON VALLEY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activity Water and Sewer	
Reconciliation of Operating Income		
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by		
Operating Activities:		
Operating Income	\$ 2,029,510	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating		
Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided		
(Used) by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	395,785	
Decrease (Increase) in Assets:		
Accounts Receivable (net)	(42,533)	
Deferred Pension Related Outflows	(62,372)	
Deferred OPEB Related Outflows	77	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	(93,856)	
Accrued Expenses	15,503	
Customer Deposits	(1,557)	
Compensated Absences	2,086	
Net Pension Liability	(96,671)	
OPEB Liability	861	
Deferred Pension Related Inflows	11,334	
Deferred OPEB Related Inflows	(1,272)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by		
Operating Activities	\$ 2,156,895	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Leon Valley, Texas, was incorporated in 1952. The City operates under a council-manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: police and fire protection, maintenance of streets, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, general administrative services, water, and sewer services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Proprietary type funds apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations and APB Opinions. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial purposes, management has considered all potential component units and associated component units. The decision to include a potential component unit or associated component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity and* GASB Statement 39 *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based upon the application of these criteria, the City has no component units.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the City. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. The values of interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the government-wide financial statements, as elimination of those charges would distort the direct costs reported for the various functions. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services. The City has no fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The general fund and capital projects fund meet the criteria as major governmental funds. The combined amounts for all nonmajor funds are reflected in a single column in the fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Detailed statements for nonmajor funds are presented within combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus is also used for the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash revenue types, which have been accrued, revenue from the investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as program revenues and general revenues. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants not restricted to specific programs and investment earnings.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred inflow of resources. Property taxes which are levied prior to September 30, 2023, and became due October 1, 2023 have been assessed to finance the budget of the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2023 and, accordingly, have been reflected as deferred inflow of resources and taxes receivable in the fund financial statement at September 30, 2024.

Sales taxes, franchise taxes, hotel/motel taxes, and fees associated with the current fiscal year are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. All other revenue items received by the government are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received by the City.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for general administration, public safety, public service and capital acquisition.

<u>Red Light Camera Fund</u> accounts for financial resources garnered through red light camera traffic enforcement.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> accounts for financial resources used and expended for the procurement and construction of long lived assets.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> accounts for financial resources to be used for the payment of long term debt.

<u>Street Maintenance Tax Fund</u> accounts for sales tax collection for street maintenance. This special tax was approved by voters starting in November 2007.

Nonmajor funds include special revenue funds.

<u>Proprietary fund</u> level financial statements are used to account for activities, which are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. The City's proprietary fund is the water/sewer fund (used to account for the provisions of water and sewer services to residents).

The proprietary fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting as follows:

- Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when liabilities are incurred.
- Current-year contributions, administrative expenses and benefit payments, which are not received or paid until the subsequent year, are accrued.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the enterprise fund (water and sewer fund) considers all highly liquid investments including cash in banks, cash on hand, and money market accounts to be cash equivalents.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Investments

State statutes authorize the City to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (d). Statutes allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations.

Investments are stated at fair value (plus accrued interest) except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts (U.S. Treasuries) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are stated at amortized cost. Likewise, certificates of deposit are stated at amortized cost.

The City's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts as amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

Public funds investment pools in Texas are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investments Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires pools to: (1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; (2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and (3) maintain the net asset value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

Fair Value Measurement is measured by the City using the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in the active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Receivables

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 prior to September 30 and become due October 1, 2023 and past due after January 31, 2024. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the City. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by the court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

G. Short-Term Inter-fund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on fund statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

H. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The City accounts for inventories using the consumption method. Inventories consist primarily of supplies and are valued at cost determined by the average cost method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid Items of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Budget

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for all City governmental funds. The budget is adopted on the GAAP basis of accounting.

J. Restricted Assets

Certain proprietary fund revenues are collected for a specific purpose by state law and city ordinances such as impact fees for infrastructure improvements and the purchase of future water rights. These funds are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position and balance sheet because their use is limited by law.

Deposits of water/sewer customers and performance bond deposits pending refund to the customer are considered restricted assets.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. Infrastructure assets include city-owned streets, sidewalks, curbs and bridges. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property plant and equipment.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Useful Lives
Asset	(Years)
Buildings	60
Water/Wastewater System - Plant	15 - 60
Other Machinery & Equipment	3 - 60
Office Equipment	6 - 12
Vehicles	3 - 24
Infrastructure	12 - 60

L. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave and compensatory time that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources is reported as an expenditure and fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay for it. The City is responsible for payment of vested or accumulated vacation leave and compensatory time. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave and compensatory time that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the government wide statements. Vested or accumulated vacation leave and compensatory time of the enterprise fund is recorded as an expense and liability of that fund as the benefits accrue to employees. Accumulated vacation pay and compensatory time at September 30, 2024 of \$813,940 and \$32,675 have been recorded in accrued liabilities of the government-wide statements and proprietary fund, respectively. Compensated absences are reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured (i.e., unused reimbursable leave outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement). The general fund is the governmental fund that has typically been used in prior years to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. <u>Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City currently has pension and OPEB related deferred outflows of resources.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until that time. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet under a modified basis of accounting. Unavailable revenues from property tax are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The City also has OPEB related deferred inflows.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deduction from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The general fund has typically been used in prior years to liquidate pension liabilities.

O. OPEB Liability

For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and OPEB expense, information about the Total OPEB Liability of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deduction from TMRS's Total OPEB Liability have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The general fund has typically been used in the prior year to liquidate OPEB liabilities.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

P. Long-Term Obligations

Debt is defined as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. For this purpose, debt does not include leases, except for contracts reported as a financed purchase of the underlying asset, or accounts payable. In the current year, the City adopted a new GASB standard that establishes new note disclosure requirements for long-term debt, including direct borrowings and placement. See additional detail in Note 6.

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. On new bond issues, bond premium and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Q. Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The City has elected to appropriate net position of its business type activity. Such appropriations reflect the intended use of the net position.

R. Fund Balance Classification Policies

The City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 54 (GASB 54) *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The statement provides guidance for fund balance categories and classifications and governmental fund type definitions. GASB 54 changed the way we look at fund balances, specifically reporting what fund balances, by major governmental fund type, are or are not available for public purposes.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

R. Fund Balance Classification Policies (Continued)

Five categories of fund balances were created and defined by GASB 54. These five categories are as follows:

- Restricted These funds are governed by externally enforceable restrictions.
- <u>Non-spendable</u> These funds are not available for expenditures based on legal or contractual requirements. An example might be inventories and prepaid expenditures.
- <u>Committed</u> Fund balances in this category are limited by the government's highest level of decision making (in this case the City Council). Any changes of this designation must be done in the same manner that it was implemented. For example, if funds are committed by resolution, the commitment could only be released with another resolution.
- <u>Assigned</u> For funds to be assigned, there must be an intended use which can be established by the City Council or an official delegated by the Council, such as a City Manager or Finance Director. Assigned fund balance is delegated by the City Council to the City Manager.
- <u>Unassigned</u> This classification is the default for all funds that do not fit into the other categories. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for a specific purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that particular fund.

Restricted amounts are considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. The City's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year.

S. Inter-fund Transactions

Legally authorized transfers are treated as inter-fund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both governmental and proprietary funds.

T. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise. For the City, those revenues are charges for water and sewer services. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity. Revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating.

U. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 -- CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Cash

At September 30, 2024, the City's cash was fully collateralized.

B. Investments

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date of the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposits.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) securities lending program, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investments pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) commercial paper.

The City's investments at September 30, 2024 are as shown below:

		Weighted			
		Average			
	Net Asset	Maturity	Ratings		
Investment Type	Value	in Days	MOODY'S	S&P	
TexPool	\$ 16,586,888	31	Aaa	AAAM	

NOTE 2 -- CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the City was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. City investment policy follows state guidelines. The City policy allows investments in certificates of deposit with banks in Texas, investments in U.S. Treasuries and Agencies, and investment pools that invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities to name a few.

At September 30, 2024, the City's investments were in TexPool, a public funds investment pool where all securities held maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAAm or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service.

Custodial Credit Risk. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

At year end and per City policy all funds were in the City's name and collateralized with securities that maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. The City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. All City funds are in the external investment pool as allowed by the City's investment policy, and the investment pool invests in hundreds of authorized securities that minimize concentrations of credit risk. At year end, the City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk. This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk due to investment in an external investment pool as authorized by the City's investment policy.

Foreign Currency Risk. This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's policy does not allow investment in foreign currency. At year end the City was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 3 -- RECEIVABLES

A. Special Assessments

The City levied special assessments in 1986 against various property owners benefiting from public improvements completed in 1987. In accordance with the provisions of the assessment certificates issued for the property owners, assessments are due and payable at the time of completion. All assessments receivable as of September 30, 2012, are considered delinquent. These public improvements were funded through a note payable at the City's depository bank. Collections from assessment accounts were insufficient to cover the required note payments and therefore, the City's general fund paid the note in full through a transfer. Accordingly, current and future principal and interest collections on these delinquent accounts will be used to reimburse the City's general fund. The related assessments receivable, revenues, deferred revenue, and debt payments are reported in the debt service fund.

B. Receivables

Receivables consist of the following as of September 30, 2024:

								Pro	prietary
			Governmen	ntal F	unds				Fund
					Street				
			Debt	Ma	intenance	No	onmajor	W	ater and
	 General	S	ervice		Tax]	Funds	Sev	wer Fund
Receivables:									
Property Taxes	\$ 229,451	\$	23,318	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Special Assessment	-		13,278		-		-		-
EMS	671,189		-		-		-		-
Sales Taxes	666,327		-		146,989		72,700		-
Franchise Taxes	190,201		-		-		-		-
Occupancy Taxes	-		-		-		24,618		-
Customers	-		-		-		-		611,393
Other	 51,830		630		-		-		-
Gross Receivables	1,808,998		37,226		146,989		97,318		611,393
Less: Allowance for									
Uncollectibles	(705,607)		(3,497)						(9,115)
Net Total Receivables	\$ 1,103,391	\$	33,729	\$	146,989	\$	97,318	\$	602,278

NOTE 4 -- PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

The City's property tax is levied and becomes collectible each October 1 based on the assessed values listed as of prior January 1, which is the date a lien attaches to all taxable property in the City. Assessed values are established by the Bexar County Appraisal District at 100% of estimated market value. Assessed values are reduced by lawful exemptions to arrive at taxable values. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed every four (4) years. The total taxable value as of January 1, 2023, upon which the fiscal 2024 levy was based, was \$1,173,831,267 (market value less exemptions).

The City is permitted by the Constitution of the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for all governmental purposes. Pursuant to a decision of the Attorney General of the State of Texas, up to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation may be used for the payment of long-term debt. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services, including the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt, for the year ended September 30, 2024 was \$0.484739 per \$100 of assessed value, which means that the City has a tax margin of \$0.006338 for each \$100 value.

Property taxes are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the taxes are assessed. In governmental funds, revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected. Additional amounts estimated to be collectible in the time to be a resource for payment of obligations incurred during the fiscal year and therefore susceptible to accrual in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been recognized as revenue. In the government wide financial statements, the entire levy is recognized as revenue, net of estimated uncollectible amounts (if any), at the levy date.

NOTE 5 -- CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental and Business-type capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions & Transfers			Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,497,118	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,497,118
Construction in Progress		=_		349,937		(203,534)		146,403
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		1,497,118		349,937		(203,534)		1,643,521
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings		10,981,760		_		-		10,981,760
Other Machinery and Equipment		2,468,523		177,024		-		2,645,547
Office Equipment		69,118		-		-		69,118
Vehicles		6,790,036		199,114		(1,181,479)		5,807,671
Infrastructure		17,758,301		· <u>-</u>		203,534		17,961,835
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		38,067,738		376,138		(977,945)		37,465,931
Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings		(3,238,061)		(198,054)		_		(3,436,115)
Other Machinery and Equipment		(2,132,809)		(175,302)		-		(2,308,111)
Office Equipment		(31,309)		(2,572)		-		(33,881)
Vehicles		(3,427,771)		(388,803)		927,329		(2,889,245)
Infrastructure		(9,210,477)		(381,486)		, -		(9,591,963)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(18,040,427)		(1,146,217)		927,329		(18,259,315)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		20,027,311		(770,079)		(50,616)		19,206,616
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	21,524,429	\$	(420,142)	\$	(254,150)	\$	20,850,137
Business-Type Activities:		Beginning Balance		Additions		eletions & Fransfers		Ending Balance
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$	202 227	\$		\$		\$	202 227
	Э	203,227	ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	203,227
Water Rights		2,276,080		- 024 120		-		2,276,080
Construction in Progress		2,157,225		924,130				3,081,355
Total Assets Not Being Depreciated	-	4,636,532		924,130		-		5,560,662
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings and Improvements		25,403		-		-		25,403
Water/Wastewater System - Plant		11,011,786		-		-		11,011,786
Transportation and Equipment		1,673,639		12,883				1,686,522
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		12,710,828		12,883				12,723,711
Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings and Improvements		(22,805)		(410)		-		(23,215)
Water/Wastewater System - Plant		(5,806,460)		(211,482)		-		(6,017,942)
Transportation and Equipment		(1,218,320)		(183,893)		-		(1,402,213)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(7,047,585)		(395,785)		-		(7,443,370)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		5,663,243		(382,902)				5,280,341
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	10,299,775	\$	541,228	\$		\$	10,841,003

NOTE 5 -- CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Administration	\$ 185,766
Public Safety	446,532
Public Works	297,894
Parks and Recreation	116,881
Community Development	79,071
Library	20,073
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,146,217
Business-Type Activities:	
Water and Sewer System	\$ 395,785
Total Depreciation Expense - Business Type Activities	\$ 395,785

NOTE 6 -- LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt and obligations payable at September 30, 2024 were comprised of the following individual issues:

	Issi	ue Amount	Maturity	Rate	Balance
Primary Government					
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Refunding Bonds					
2021 Series	\$	4,475,000	2032	1.25-3.25%	\$ 4,030,000
Total Governmental Long-Term Obli	gations	S			\$ 4,030,000
	Issi	ue Amount	Maturity	Rate	Balance
Business Type:					
Certificates of Obligation					
2016 Series	\$	1,695,000	2046	4.01%	\$ 1,645,000
Total Business-Type Long-Term Obl	igation	ıs			\$ 1,645,000

NOTE 6 -- LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

	Balance						Balance	Du	e Within
	 9/30/2023	A	Additions		Reductions		9/30/2024		ne Year
Governmental Activities:									
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 4,475,000	\$	-	\$	(445,000)	\$	4,030,000	\$	460,000
Unamortized Premium	535,119		-		(53,512)		481,607		48,161
Net Pension Liability	8,628,478		-		(2,441,128)		6,187,350		-
Net OPEB Liability	443,630		38,793		-		482,423		-
Compensated Absences	887,942		251,575		(325,577)		813,940		271,313
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 14,970,169	\$	290,368	\$	(3,265,217)	\$	11,995,320	\$	779,474
Business-Type Activities:									
Certificates of Obligation	\$ 1,695,000	\$	-	\$	(50,000)	\$	1,645,000	\$	55,000
Unamortized Premium	85,377		-		(3,881)		81,496		3,881
Net Pension Liability	645,288		-		(96,671)		548,617		-
Net OPEB Liability	18,243		861		-		19,104		-
Compensated Absences	30,479		32,565		(30,479)		32,565		10,855
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 2,474,387	\$	33,426	\$	(181,031)	\$	2,326,782	\$	69,736

Compensated absences, net pension liability and other postemployment benefit obligations for governmental activities are generally liquidated by the general fund.

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term debt and obligations outstanding, excluding compensated absences and bond premium, as of September 30, 2024, including interest payments, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
	Во	nds						
P	Principal I		Interest		Total			
\$	460,000	\$	120,900	\$	580,900			
	470,000		107,100		577,100			
	485,000		93,000		578,000			
	500,000		78,450		578,450			
	515,000		63,450		578,450			
	1,600,000		96,750		1,696,750			
\$	4,030,000	\$	559,650	\$	4,589,650			
		Bo Principal \$ 460,000 470,000 485,000 500,000 515,000 1,600,000	Bonds Principal I	Bonds Principal Interest \$ 460,000 \$ 120,900 470,000 107,100 485,000 93,000 500,000 78,450 515,000 63,450 1,600,000 96,750	Bonds Principal Interest \$ 460,000 \$ 120,900 470,000 107,100 485,000 93,000 500,000 78,450 515,000 63,450 1,600,000 96,750			

		Business-Type Activities							
Year Ending		Certificates	of Oblig	gation					
September 30,	P	rincipal	I	Interest		Total			
2025	\$	55,000	\$	52,862	\$	107,862			
2026		55,000		51,075		106,075			
2027		55,000		49,288		104,288			
2028		60,000		47,500		107,500			
2029		60,000		45,550		105,550			
230-2034		330,000		197,363		527,363			
2035-2039		380,000		140,488		520,488			
2040-2044		450,000		74,694		524,694			
2045-2046		200,000		9,375		209,375			
Total	\$	1,645,000	\$	668,195	\$	2,313,195			

NOTE 7 -- PENSION PLAN

Texas Municipal Retirement System

A. Plan Description

The City participates as one of 928 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

B. Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

At the December 31, 2023 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	132
Inactive Employees Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	93
Active Employees	104
	329

NOTE 7 -- PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (Continued)

C. Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6 %, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during calendar year 2023. The contribution rates for the City were 18.98% and 19.86% for calendar years 2023 and 2024 respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2024 were \$1,489,311 and were equal to the required contributions.

D. Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year

Overall Payroll Growth 3.6% to 11.85%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return* 6.75%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019. Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale MP-2021 to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale MP-2021 to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

^{*} Presented net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTE 7 -- PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (Continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four year period ending December 31, 2022. They were adopted in 2023 and first used in the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
		Rate of Return
Asset Class	Target Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Global Equity	35.00%	6.70%
Core Fixed Income	6.00%	4.70%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	8.00%
Other Public and Private Markets	12.00%	8.00%
Real Estate	12.00%	7.60%
Hedge Funds	5.00%	6.40%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.60%
	100.00%	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

NOTE 7 -- PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (Continued)

G. Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension	
			N	et Position	Liability	
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	54,119,696	\$	44,845,930	\$	9,273,766
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost		1,455,528		-		1,455,528
Interest		3,611,316		-		3,611,316
Change of Benefit Terms		-		-		-
Difference Between Expected and						
Actual Experience		(19,939)		-		(19,939)
Changes of Assumptions		(427,181)		-		(427,181)
Contributions - Employer		-		1,459,012		(1,459,012)
Contributions - Employee		-		550,740		(550,740)
Net Investment Income		-		5,181,021		(5,181,021)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds						
of Employee Contributions		(2,692,964)		(2,692,964)		-
Administrative Expense		-		(33,020)		33,020
Other Changes		<u>-</u>		(230)		230
Net Changes		1,926,760		4,464,559		(2,537,799)
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	56,046,456	\$	49,310,489	\$	6,735,967

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Di	Discount Rate 5.75%		Discount Rate 6.75%		count Rate
						7.75%
Net Pension Liability	\$	13,901,076	\$	6,735,967	\$	817,105

NOTE 7 -- PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (Continued)

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

I. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,359,804.

At September 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	I	Deferred		Deferred
	O	utflows of	In	flows of
	R	desources	R	esources
Differences between Expected and		_		_
Actual Economic Experience	\$	162,518	\$	(13,225)
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		-		(283,349)
Differences Between Projected and				
Actual Investment Earnings		1,253,391		-
Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		1,085,931		-
	\$	2,501,840	\$	(296,574)

The City reported \$1,085,931 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date (December 31, 2023) will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ended December 31,	
2024	\$ 334,773
2025	254,928
2026	960,415
2027	(430,781)
Thereafter	
	\$ 1,119,335

NOTE 8 -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group- term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The plan is part of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) issued by TMRS and available at www.tmrs.com.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other post-employment benefit," or OPEB. Membership in the plan at December 31, 2023, the valuation and measurement date, consisted of:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	96
Inactive Employees Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	14
Active Employees	104
	214

The SDBF required contribution rates, based on these assumptions, are as follows:

	Total SDBF	Retiree Portion to SDBF
For the Calendar Year Ended December 31,	Contribution Rate	Contribution Rate
2023	0.44%	0.21%
2024	0.43%	0.21%

NOTE 8 -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) (Continued)

These contribution rates are based on actuarial assumptions developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2018 to December 31, 2022. They were adopted in 2023 and first used in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy annuitants and Annuity Purchase Rate (APRs) are based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2014 through 2018 and dated December 31, 2019. In conjunction with these changes first used in the December 31, 2019 valuation, the System adopted the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method. These assumptions are summarized below:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.60% to 11.85% Including Inflation
Discount Rate	3.77%
Administrative Expenses	All administrative expenses are paid throe the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality Rates - Service Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. Male rates are multiplied by 103% and female rates are multiplied by 105%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence).
Mortality Rates - Disabled Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In additional, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence) to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The City's Total OPEB Liability (TOL), based on the above actuarial factors, as of December 31, 2023 was calculated as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability	
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	461,873
Changes for the year:		
Service Cost		15,735
Interest		18,690
Change of Benefit Terms		-
Difference Between Expected and		
Actual Experience		(3,609)
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		25,360
Benefit Payments		(16,522)
Net Changes		39,654
	·	
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	501,527

There is no separate trust maintained to fund this Total OPEB Liability. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

NOTE 8 -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) (Continued)

The following presents the TOL of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.77% as well as what the City's TOL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.77%) and 1-percentage point higher (4.77%) than the current rate:

	Disc	Discount Rate Discount Rate 2.77% 3.77%		Discount Rate		Discount Rate	
	2			3.77%	4.77%		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	591,759	\$	501,527	\$	430,287	

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$33,606. Also as of September 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Difference Between Expected and	\$	-	\$	1,096
Actual Experience				
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		-		74,914
Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		14,420		-
	\$	14,420	\$	76,010

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$14,420 is related to OPEB benefits resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the subsequent plan year ended December 31, 2024 (fiscal year ended September 30, 2024). Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Future Years Pension Expense:

For the Year Ended December 31,	
2024	\$ (19,760)
2025	(30,930)
2026	(27,651)
2027	2,331
2028	-
	\$ (76,010)

NOTE 9 -- INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfer are as follows:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose
Capital Projects	General Fund	\$ 138,228	To Close out Fund
General Fund	Water Fund	316,863	To Fund Capital Assets
General Fund	Street Maintenance	76,603	To reimburse for Sales tax revenue
Water Fund	General Fund	1,380,647	Payment in Lieu of Taxes
Red Light Camera Fund	General Fund	342,558	Payment in Lieu of Taxes
Non-Major Funds	General Fund	80,651	To reimburse for payments in lieu of taxes
		\$ 2,335,550	

NOTE 10 -- CONTINGENCIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 11 -- RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various natures. The City contracts with the Texas Municipal League (TML) to provide insurance coverage for property and casualty, and workers compensation. TML is a multi-employer group that provides for a combination of modified self-insurance and stop-loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by TML. Liability by the City is generally limited to the contributed amounts. Annual contributions for the year ended September 30, 2024 were \$430,691.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Red Light Cameras Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Street Maintenance Tax Fund
- Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Plan Years
- Schedule of Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years
- Schedule of Changes in Total Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability and Related Ratios



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES –

BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amou			ounts	20: Act		Fina	ance With al Budget - Positive		2023
		Original		Final	Amo	unts	(N	(egative)		Actual
REVENUES										
Property Taxes	\$	5,488,447	\$	5,488,447	\$ 5,46		\$	(24,010)	\$	5,450,281
Sales Taxes		3,771,946		3,771,946		7,901		(4,045)		3,883,503
Franchise Taxes		989,200		989,200	92	7,879		(61,321)		1,172,251
Licenses and Permits		330,900		330,900	40	8,393		77,493		349,265
Charges for Service		362,800		362,800	36	2,826		26		340,305
Fines and Forfeitures		538,700		538,700	54	3,032		4,332		660,240
Lease Income		-		-	1	9,033		19,033		-
Grants		1,415,312		1,418,922	36	0,713	((1,058,209)		2,381,035
Investment Earnings		316,000		316,000	49	9,597		183,597		436,562
Miscellaneous		598,602		371,602	61	8,852		247,250		540,410
TOTAL REVENUES		13,811,907		13,588,517	12,97	2,663		(615,854)		15,213,852
EXPENDITURES Administration: Business Office:										
Personnel Services		297,734		297,734	27	4,317		23,417		273,891
Supplies		11,340		11,340		9,956		1,384		6,518
Contracted Services		117,215		117,215		5,718		11,497		104,340
Total Business Office		426,289		426,289		9,991		36,298		384,749
Finance and Accounting:								_		
Personnel Services		385,821		385,821	37	0,307		15,514		367,270
Supplies		6,800		6,800		5,394		1,406		3,416
Contracted Services		68,065		68,065		7,777		288		54,626
Total Finance and Accounting		460,686		460,686	44	3,478		17,208	_	425,312
Council and Manager:										
Personnel Services		656,924		656,924		2,648		4,276		607,316
Supplies		29,950		29,950		0,687		9,263		30,942
Contracted Services		408,560		492,320	34	4,099		148,221		659,314
Capital Outlay		15,000		15,000	1	2,799		2,201		_
Total Council and Manager		1,110,434		1,194,194	1,03	0,233		163,961		1,297,572
Total Administration	\$	1,997,409	\$	2,081,169	\$ 1,86	3,702	\$	217,467	\$	2,107,633

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

						Variance With					
						2024	Fina	ıl Budget -			
		Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual		F	Positive		2023	
	О	riginal		Final		nounts	(N	legative)		Actual	
Public Safety											
Law Enforcement Administration:											
Personnel Services	\$.	3,266,311	\$	3,266,311	\$ 2,	822,931	\$	443,380	\$	2,828,551	
Supplies		144,200		144,200		147,981		(3,781)		171,098	
Contracted Services		135,178		135,178		179,378		(44,200)		204,742	
Total Law Enforcement Administration		3,545,689		3,545,689	3,	150,290		395,399		3,204,391	
Impound Lot:											
Personnel Services		124,252		124,252		121,325		2,927		110,924	
Supplies		1,900		1,900		1,677		223		2,590	
Contracted Services		10,000		10,000		12,119		(2,119)		9,817	
Capital Outlay		-		67,103		49,205		17,898		-	
Total Impound Lot		136,152		203,255		184,326		18,929		123,331	
Fire Protection Operations:											
Personnel Services	2	2,991,820		2,991,820	2,	945,519		46,301		3,054,732	
Supplies		236,400		236,400		189,220		47,180		158,562	
Contracted Services		310,188		310,188		272,150		38,038		153,662	
Capital Outlay		362,000		362,000		89,731		272,269		-	
Total Fire Protection Operations		3,900,408		3,900,408	3,	496,620		403,788		3,366,956	
Total Public Safety	\$ '	7,582,249	\$	7,649,352	\$ 6,	831,236	\$	818,116	\$	6,694,678	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

	Budgeted	Amounts	2024 Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive	2023
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Actual
Public Works:					
Personnel Services	\$ 1,801,083	\$ 1,801,082	\$ 1,524,092	\$ 276,990	\$ 1,472,772
	192,635	192,635		40,221	131,036
Supplies Contracted Services	409,502	493,734	152,414 465,825	27,909	335,135
	*	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	104,106	· ·	333,133
Capital Outlay	115,000	280,800		176,694	1,020,042
Total Public Works	2,518,220	2,768,251	2,246,437	521,814	1,938,943
Parks and Recreation:					
Personnel Services	4,000	4,000	4,000	-	3,749
Supplies	122,000	122,000	49,854	72,146	43,342
Contracted Services	448,600	448,600	346,750	101,850	186,720
Capital Outlay	2,197,390	2,584,243	162,490	2,421,753	-
Total Parks and Recreation	2,771,990	3,158,843	563,094	2,595,749	233,811
Library:					
Personnel Services	457,088	457,088	378,927	78,161	375,825
Supplies	48,320	51,930	60,865	(8,935)	40,135
Contracted Services	52,454	52,454	42,011	10,443	26,542
Capital Outlay	, -	29,000	· -	29,000	12,984
Total Library	557,862	590,472	481,803	108,669	455,486
Information Technology Office					
Personnel Services	119,596	119,596	117,439	2,157	54,458
Supplies	16,000	16,000	12,836	3,164	184,924
Contracted Services	180,122	180,122	185,544	(5,422)	12,574
Total Information Technology Office	315,718	315,718	315,819	(101)	251,956
Community Development Activities:					
Community Development Activities: Community Development/ Events:					
Personnel Services	285,310	285,311	263,768	21,543	247,099
Supplies	7,000	7,000	4,515	2,485	3,092
Contracted Services	357,479	357,479	260,505	96,974	134,151
Total Community Development/ Events	\$ 649,789	\$ 649,790	\$ 528,788	\$ 121,002	\$ 384,342
Brown	+ 0.5,705	- 0.5,750	+ 225,.00	- 121,002	- 20.,512

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

	Budgeted Amounts				2024 Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive		2023	
		Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)			Actual
Special Events:									
Personnel Services	\$	29,356	\$	29,356	\$ 35,068	\$	(5,712)	\$	38,584
Supplies		115,250		117,750	108,238		9,512		95,478
Total Special Events		144,606		147,106	143,306		3,800		134,062
Economic Development:									
Personnel Services		204,140		204,139	180,338		23,801		149,919
Supplies		11,475		11,475	10,946		529		9,888
Contracted Services		177,485		292,656	98,030		194,626		128,832
Capital Outlay		-		6,335			6,335		
Total Economic Development		393,100		514,605	289,314		225,291		288,639
Total Community Development Activities		1,187,495		1,311,501	961,408		350,093		807,043
Total Expenditures		16,930,943		17,875,306	13,263,499		4,611,807		12,489,550
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,119,036)		(4,286,789)	(290,836)		3,995,953		2,724,302
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In		2,133,856		2,133,856	1,942,084		(191,772)		1,595,561
Transfers Out		(554,382)		(880,105)	(393,466)		486,639		(3,420,102)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)		1,579,474		1,253,751	1,548,618		294,867		(1,824,541)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,539,562)		(3,033,038)	1,257,782		4,290,820		899,761
Fund Balances, Beginning		8,235,887		8,235,887	8,235,887				7,336,126
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	6,696,325	\$	5,202,849	\$ 9,493,669	\$	4,290,820	\$	8,235,887

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

RED LIGHT CAMERA FUND

	Budgeted Amounts		2024	Variance With Final Budget -	2023	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	Actual	
REVENUES			Timounus	(reguire)	1101001	
Fines & Forfeitures	2,095,872	\$ 2,095,872	\$ 2,304,356	\$ 208,484	\$ 2,263,827	
Interest Income	25,000	25,000	40,892	15,892	44,695	
Miscellaneous Income	25,000				4,288	
TOTAL REVENUES	2,145,872	2,120,872	2,345,248	224,376	2,312,810	
EXPENDITURES						
Law Enforcement Traffic Safety:						
Personnel Services	298,227	298,227	192,964	105,263	214,645	
Supplies	9,800	9,800	7,417	2,383	5,805	
Contracted Services	53,997	53,997	57,046	(3,049)	1,462	
Total Law Enforcement Traffic Safety	362,024	362,024	257,427	104,597	221,912	
Law Enforcement Red Light Camera:						
Personnel Services	642,259	642,258	595,027	47,231	601,327	
Supplies	3,150	3,150	1,782	1,368	3,471	
Contracted Services	887,000	887,000	847,154	39,846	876,138	
Capital Outlay	505,738	592,568	433,625	158,943	-	
Total Law Enforcement Red						
Light Cameras	2,038,147	2,124,976	1,877,588	247,388	1,480,936	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,400,171	2,487,000	2,135,015	351,985	1,702,848	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(254,299)	(366,128)	210,233	576,361	609,962	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	_	-	-	_	919,759	
Transfers Out	(342,558)	(342,558)	(342,558)	_	(452,574)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	(-)/	(- , /	(=)===/		(= ,= , ,	
SOURCES (USES)	(342,558)	(342,558)	(342,558)	-	467,185	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(596,857)	(708,686)	(132,325)	576,361	1,077,147	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	1,077,147	1,077,147	1,077,147			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 480,290	\$ 368,461	\$ 944,822	\$ 576,361	\$ 1,077,147	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

STREET MAINTENANCE TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 WITH COMPARATIVE 2023

						2024	Fin	iance With al Budget -		
		Budgeted	Amo			Actual	Positive		2023	
	Original			Final	Amounts		(Negative)			Actual
REVENUES										
Sales Taxes	\$	798,000	\$	798,000	\$	830,759	\$	32,759	\$	762,347
Investment Earnings		30,000		30,000		78,877		48,877		44,160
TOTAL REVENUES		828,000		828,000		909,636		81,636		806,507
EXPENDITURES Current:										
Public Works		720,000		2,069,498		1,055,435		1,014,063		231,641
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		720,000		2,069,498		1,055,435		1,014,063		231,641
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		108,000		(1,241,498)		(145,799)		1,095,699		574,866
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In		-		-		76,603		76,603		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						76,603		76,603		_
Net Change in Fund Balance		108,000		(1,241,498)		(69,196)		1,172,302		574,866
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		1,820,388		1,820,388		1,820,388				1,245,522
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	1,928,388	\$	578,890	\$	1,751,192	\$	1,172,302	\$	1,820,388



CITY OF LEON VALLEY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Budgetary Information – The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriation budget approved by the City Council and as such is a good management control device. Annual budgets are adopted for the general fund, red light camera fund, water and sewer fund, grant fund, building security fund, child safety fund, municipal court technology fund, debt service fund, police forfeiture fund, crime control and prevention district fund, community center fund and street maintenance tax fund. Project-length financial plans are adopted for capital project funds. Of these budgets, the general fund, red light camera fund, street maintenance tax fund, community center fund, grants fund, crime control preventions fund, child safety fund, state forfeiture fund, federal forfeiture fund, building security fund, court technology fund, and debt service fund are legally adopted.

Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the fund level. The city manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts between accounts within a department. These transfers cannot increase the overall budgeted expenditures.

CITY OF LEON VALLEY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN PLAN YEARS

	Total Pension Liability								
		2014		2015		2016		2017	
Service Cost	\$	645,011	\$	761,483	\$	747,641	\$	842,875	
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		2,491,971		2,548,566		2,513,302		2,599,775	
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-		-	
Difference between Expected									
and Actual Experience		(806,336)		(863,803)		109,583		194,960	
Change of Assumptions		-		149,794		-		-	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of									
Employee Contributions		(1,734,074)		(1,426,682)		(2,099,537)		(2,174,580)	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		596,572		1,169,358		1,270,989		1,463,030	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		36,144,116		36,740,688		37,910,046		39,181,035	
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	36,740,688	\$	37,910,046	\$	39,181,035	\$	40,644,065	
				Plan Fiduciary	Net	Position			
		2014		2015		2016		2017	
							-		
Contributions - Employer	\$	769,208	\$	813,946	\$	702,892	\$	735,312	
Contributions - Employee		282,279		311,658		301,671		341,475	
Net Investment Income		1,903,667		50,874		2,310,877		4,903,405	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of									
Employee Contributions		(1,734,074)		(1,426,682)		(2,099,537)		(2,174,580)	
Administrative Expense		(19,877)		(30,989)		(26,101)		(25,416)	
Other		(1,634)		(1,531)		(1,406)		(1,286)	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,199,569		(282,724)		1,188,396		3,778,910	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		33,279,600		34,479,169		34,196,445		35,384,841	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	34,479,169	\$	34,196,445	\$	35,384,841	\$	39,163,751	
	_			0.710.404		. =		4 400 044	
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	2,261,519	\$	3,713,601	\$	3,796,194	\$	1,480,314	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a									
Percentage of Total Pension Liability		93.84%		90.20%		90.31%		96.36%	
refeelitage of Total refision Lability		75.0470		70.2070		70.5170		70.5070	
Covered Payroll	\$	4,704,649	\$	5,194,294	\$	5,027,846	\$	5,691,256	
•		, ,							
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage									
of Covered Payroll		48.07%		71.49%		75.50%		26.01%	

- 97,929 (427,181) (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) 3,872,839 2,870,180 2,242,409 2,487,070 2,003,133 1,926,760 40,644,065 44,516,904 47,387,084 49,629,493 52,116,563 54,119,696 \$ 44,516,904 \$ 47,387,084 \$ 49,629,493 \$ 52,116,563 \$ 54,119,696 \$ 56,046,456 Plan Fiduciary Net Position 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 \$ 821,094 \$ 1,193,707 \$ 1,254,515 \$ 1,320,007 \$ 1,235,379 \$ 1,459,012 372,609 494,728 512,944 523,515 490,473 550,740 (1,172,483) 5,749,089 3,220,466 5,843,029 (3,611,872) 5,181,021 (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) (22,673) (32,509) (20,854) (27,055) (31,295) (33,020) (1,185) (977) (813) 185 37,344 (230) (1,949,470) 5,243,968 2,394,967 4,689,607 (4,696,893) 4,464,559 39,163,751 37,214,281 42,458,249 44,853,216 49,542,823 44,845,930 \$ 49,310,489 \$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,776,277 \$ 2,573,740 \$ 9,273,766 \$ 6,735,967						Total Pensi	on L	iability				
2,833,754 2,974,542 3,156,487 3,295,336 3,466,522 3,611,316 1,757,255 - - - - - - 121,392 696,928 334,550 811,140 57,983 (19,939) - 97,929 - - - (427,181) (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) 3,872,839 2,870,180 2,242,409 2,487,070 2,003,133 1,926,760 40,644,065 44,516,904 47,387,084 49,629,493 52,116,563 54,119,696 \$56,046,456 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 \$ 821,094 \$1,193,707 \$1,254,515 \$1,320,007 \$1,235,379 \$1,459,012 372,609 494,728 512,944 523,515 490,473 550,740 (1,172,483) 5,749,089 3,220,466 5,843,029 (3,611,872) 5,181,021 (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) <td< th=""><th></th><th>2018</th><th></th><th>2019</th><th></th><th>2020</th><th></th><th>2021</th><th></th><th>2022</th><th></th><th>2023</th></td<>		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
1,757,255	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
- 97,929 - - - (427,181) (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) 3,872,839 2,870,180 2,242,409 2,487,070 2,003,133 1,926,760 40,644,065 44,516,904 47,387,084 49,629,493 52,116,563 54,119,696 \$ 44,516,904 \$ 47,387,084 \$ 49,629,493 \$ 52,116,563 \$ 54,119,696 \$ 56,046,456 Plan Fiduciary Net Position 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 \$ 821,094 \$ 1,193,707 \$ 1,254,515 \$ 1,320,007 \$ 1,235,379 \$ 1,459,012 372,609 494,728 512,944 523,515 490,473 550,740 (1,172,483) 5,749,089 3,220,466 5,843,029 (3,611,872) 5,181,021 (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) (22,673) (32,509) (20,854) (27,055) (31,295) (33,020) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>				-		-		-		-		-
(1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964,387,070) 3,872,839 2,870,180 2,242,409 2,487,070 2,003,133 1,926,760 40,644,065 44,516,904 47,387,084 49,629,493 52,116,563 54,119,696 \$ 44,516,904 \$ 47,387,084 \$ 49,629,493 \$ 52,116,563 \$ 54,119,696 \$ 56,046,456 Plan Fiduciary Net Position 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 \$ 821,094 \$ 1,193,707 \$ 1,254,515 \$ 1,320,007 \$ 1,235,379 \$ 1,459,012 372,609 494,728 512,944 523,515 490,473 550,740 (1,172,483) 5,749,089 3,220,466 5,843,029 (3,611,872) 5,181,021 (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) (22,673) (32,509) (20,854) (27,055) (31,295) (33,020) (1,185) (977) (813) 185 37,344 <td< td=""><td></td><td>121,392</td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><td>334,550</td><td></td><td>811,140</td><td></td><td>57,983</td><td></td><td>(19,939)</td></td<>		121,392		,		334,550		811,140		57,983		(19,939)
3,872,839 2,870,180 2,242,409 2,487,070 2,003,133 1,926,760 40,644,065 44,516,904 47,387,084 49,629,493 52,116,563 54,119,696 Plan Fiduciary Net Position 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 \$ 821,094 \$ 1,193,707 \$ 1,254,515 \$ 1,320,007 \$ 1,235,379 \$ 1,459,012 372,609 494,728 512,944 523,515 490,473 550,740 (1,172,483) 5,749,089 3,220,466 5,843,029 (3,611,872) 5,181,021 (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) (22,673) (32,509) (20,854) (27,055) (31,295) (33,020) (1,1485) (977) (813) 185 37,344 (230) (1,949,470) 5,243,968 2,394,967 4,689,607 (4,696,893) 4,464,559 39,163,751 37,214,281 42,458,249 44,853,216 49,542,823 44,845,930		-		97,929		-		-		-		(427,181)
40,644,065 44,516,904 47,387,084 49,629,493 52,116,563 54,119,696 Plan Fiduciary Net Position 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 \$ 821,094 \$ 1,193,707 \$ 1,254,515 \$ 1,320,007 \$ 1,235,379 \$ 1,459,012 372,609 494,728 512,944 523,515 490,473 550,740 (1,172,483) 5,749,089 3,220,466 5,843,029 (3,611,872) 5,181,021 (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) (22,673) (32,509) (20,854) (27,055) (31,295) (33,020) (1,1485) (977) (813) 185 37,344 (230) (1,949,470) 5,243,968 2,394,967 4,689,607 (4,696,893) 4,464,559 39,163,751 37,214,281 42,458,249 44,853,216 49,542,823 44,845,930 \$ 49,310,489 \$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,7		(1,946,832)		(2,160,070)		(2,571,291)		(2,970,074)		(2,816,922)		(2,692,964)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 \$ 821,094 \$ 1,193,707 \$ 1,254,515 \$ 1,320,007 \$ 1,235,379 \$ 1,459,012 372,609 494,728 512,944 523,515 490,473 550,740 (1,172,483) 5,749,089 3,220,466 5,843,029 (3,611,872) 5,181,021 (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) (22,673) (32,509) (20,854) (27,055) (31,295) (33,020) (1,185) (977) (813) 185 37,344 (230) (1,949,470) 5,243,968 2,394,967 4,689,607 (4,696,893) 4,464,559 39,163,751 37,214,281 42,458,249 44,853,216 49,542,823 44,845,930 \$ 49,310,489 \$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,776,277 \$ 2,573,740 \$ 9,273,766 \$ 6,735,967 83,60% 89.60% 90.38% 95.06% 82.86% 87,98% <td></td> <td>3,872,839</td> <td></td> <td>2,870,180</td> <td></td> <td>2,242,409</td> <td></td> <td>2,487,070</td> <td></td> <td>2,003,133</td> <td></td> <td>1,926,760</td>		3,872,839		2,870,180		2,242,409		2,487,070		2,003,133		1,926,760
Plan Fiduciary Net Position 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 \$ 821,094 \$ 1,193,707 \$ 1,254,515 \$ 1,320,007 \$ 1,235,379 \$ 1,459,012 372,609 494,728 512,944 523,515 490,473 550,740 (1,172,483) 5,749,089 3,220,466 5,843,029 (3,611,872) 5,181,021 (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) (22,673) (32,509) (20,854) (27,055) (31,295) (33,020) (1,185) (977) (813) 185 37,344 (230) (1,949,470) 5,243,968 2,394,967 4,689,607 (4,696,893) 4,464,559 39,163,751 37,214,281 42,458,249 44,853,216 49,542,823 44,845,930 \$ 49,310,489 \$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,776,277 \$ 2,573,740 \$ 9,273,766 \$ 6,735,967 83,60% 89,60% 90.38% 95.06% 82.86% 87,98% <td></td> <td>40,644,065</td> <td></td> <td>44,516,904</td> <td></td> <td>47,387,084</td> <td></td> <td>49,629,493</td> <td></td> <td>52,116,563</td> <td></td> <td>54,119,696</td>		40,644,065		44,516,904		47,387,084		49,629,493		52,116,563		54,119,696
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 \$ 821,094 \$ 1,193,707 \$ 1,254,515 \$ 1,320,007 \$ 1,235,379 \$ 1,459,012 372,609 494,728 512,944 523,515 490,473 550,740 (1,172,483) 5,749,089 3,220,466 5,843,029 (3,611,872) 5,181,021 (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) (22,673) (32,509) (20,854) (27,055) (31,295) (33,020) (1,185) (977) (813) 185 37,344 (230) (1,949,470) 5,243,968 2,394,967 4,689,607 (4,696,893) 4,464,559 39,163,751 37,214,281 42,458,249 44,853,216 49,542,823 44,845,930 \$ 49,310,489 \$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,776,277 \$ 2,573,740 \$ 9,273,766 \$ 6,735,967 83,60% 89,60% 90,38% 95,06% 82,86% 87,98%	\$	44,516,904	\$	47,387,084	\$	49,629,493	\$	52,116,563	\$	54,119,696	\$	56,046,456
\$ 821,094 \$ 1,193,707 \$ 1,254,515 \$ 1,320,007 \$ 1,235,379 \$ 1,459,012 372,609 494,728 512,944 523,515 490,473 550,740 (1,172,483) 5,749,089 3,220,466 5,843,029 (3,611,872) 5,181,021 (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) (22,673) (32,509) (20,854) (27,055) (31,295) (33,020) (1,185) (977) (813) 185 37,344 (230) (1,949,470) 5,243,968 2,394,967 4,689,607 (4,696,893) 4,464,559 39,163,751 37,214,281 42,458,249 44,853,216 49,542,823 44,845,930 \$ 37,214,281 \$ 42,458,249 \$ 44,853,216 \$ 49,542,823 \$ 44,845,930 \$ 37,214,281 \$ 42,458,249 \$ 44,853,216 \$ 49,542,823 \$ 44,845,930 \$ 49,310,489 \$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,776,277 \$ 2,573,740 \$ 9,273,766 \$ 6,735,967						Plan Fiduciary	/ Net	Position				
372,609 494,728 512,944 523,515 490,473 550,740 (1,172,483) 5,749,089 3,220,466 5,843,029 (3,611,872) 5,181,021 (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) (22,673) (32,509) (20,854) (27,055) (31,295) (33,020) (1,185) (977) (813) 185 37,344 (230) (1,949,470) 5,243,968 2,394,967 4,689,607 (4,696,893) 4,464,559 39,163,751 37,214,281 42,458,249 44,853,216 49,542,823 44,845,930 \$ 37,214,281 \$ 42,458,249 \$ 44,853,216 \$ 49,542,823 \$ 44,845,930 \$ 49,310,489 \$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,776,277 \$ 2,573,740 \$ 9,273,766 \$ 6,735,967 83,60% 89,60% 90,38% 95,06% 82,86% 87,98%		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
372,609 494,728 512,944 523,515 490,473 550,740 (1,172,483) 5,749,089 3,220,466 5,843,029 (3,611,872) 5,181,021 (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) (22,673) (32,509) (20,854) (27,055) (31,295) (33,020) (1,185) (977) (813) 185 37,344 (230) (1,949,470) 5,243,968 2,394,967 4,689,607 (4,696,893) 4,464,559 39,163,751 37,214,281 42,458,249 44,853,216 49,542,823 44,845,930 \$ 37,214,281 \$ 42,458,249 \$ 44,853,216 \$ 49,542,823 \$ 44,845,930 \$ 49,310,489 \$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,776,277 \$ 2,573,740 \$ 9,273,766 \$ 6,735,967 83,60% 89,60% 90,38% 95,06% 82,86% 87,98%	ф	021.004	ф	1 102 707	ф	1054515	ф	1 220 007	ф	1 225 270	ф	1 450 010
(1,172,483) 5,749,089 3,220,466 5,843,029 (3,611,872) 5,181,021 (1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) (22,673) (32,509) (20,854) (27,055) (31,295) (33,020) (1,185) (977) (813) 185 37,344 (230) (1,949,470) 5,243,968 2,394,967 4,689,607 (4,696,893) 4,464,559 39,163,751 37,214,281 42,458,249 44,853,216 49,542,823 44,845,930 \$ 37,214,281 \$ 42,458,249 \$ 44,853,216 \$ 49,542,823 \$ 44,845,930 \$ 49,310,489 \$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,776,277 \$ 2,573,740 \$ 9,273,766 \$ 6,735,967 83,60% 89.60% 90.38% 95.06% 82.86% 87.98%	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$, ,
(1,946,832) (2,160,070) (2,571,291) (2,970,074) (2,816,922) (2,692,964) (22,673) (32,509) (20,854) (27,055) (31,295) (33,020) (1,185) (977) (813) 185 37,344 (230) (1,949,470) 5,243,968 2,394,967 4,689,607 (4,696,893) 4,464,559 39,163,751 37,214,281 42,458,249 44,853,216 49,542,823 44,845,930 \$ 37,214,281 \$ 42,458,249 \$ 44,853,216 \$ 49,542,823 \$ 44,845,930 \$ 49,310,489 \$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,776,277 \$ 2,573,740 \$ 9,273,766 \$ 6,735,967 83,60% 89,60% 90,38% 95,06% 82,86% 87,98%		ŕ				,		,		ŕ		
(22,673) (32,509) (20,854) (27,055) (31,295) (33,020) (1,185) (977) (813) 185 37,344 (230) (1,949,470) 5,243,968 2,394,967 4,689,607 (4,696,893) 4,464,559 39,163,751 37,214,281 42,458,249 44,853,216 49,542,823 44,845,930 \$ 37,214,281 \$ 42,458,249 \$ 44,853,216 \$ 49,542,823 \$ 44,845,930 \$ 49,310,489 \$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,776,277 \$ 2,573,740 \$ 9,273,766 \$ 6,735,967 83.60% 89.60% 90.38% 95.06% 82.86% 87.98%		(1,172,483)		5,749,089		3,220,466		5,843,029		(3,611,872)		5,181,021
(1,185) (977) (813) 185 37,344 (230) (1,949,470) 5,243,968 2,394,967 4,689,607 (4,696,893) 4,464,559 39,163,751 37,214,281 42,458,249 44,853,216 49,542,823 44,845,930 \$ 37,214,281 \$ 42,458,249 \$ 44,853,216 \$ 49,542,823 \$ 44,845,930 \$ 49,310,489 \$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,776,277 \$ 2,573,740 \$ 9,273,766 \$ 6,735,967 83.60% 89.60% 90.38% 95.06% 82.86% 87.98%		(1,946,832)		(2,160,070)		(2,571,291)		(2,970,074)		(2,816,922)		(2,692,964)
(1,949,470) 5,243,968 2,394,967 4,689,607 (4,696,893) 4,464,559 39,163,751 37,214,281 42,458,249 44,853,216 49,542,823 44,845,930 \$ 37,214,281 \$ 42,458,249 \$ 44,853,216 \$ 49,542,823 \$ 44,845,930 \$ 49,310,489 \$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,776,277 \$ 2,573,740 \$ 9,273,766 \$ 6,735,967 83.60% 89.60% 90.38% 95.06% 82.86% 87.98%		(22,673)		(32,509)		(20,854)		(27,055)		(31,295)		(33,020)
39,163,751 37,214,281 42,458,249 44,853,216 49,542,823 44,845,930 \$ 37,214,281 \$ 42,458,249 \$ 44,853,216 \$ 49,542,823 \$ 44,845,930 \$ 49,310,489 \$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,776,277 \$ 2,573,740 \$ 9,273,766 \$ 6,735,967 83.60% 89.60% 90.38% 95.06% 82.86% 87.98%												(230)
\$ 37,214,281 \$ 42,458,249 \$ 44,853,216 \$ 49,542,823 \$ 44,845,930 \$ 49,310,489 \$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,776,277 \$ 2,573,740 \$ 9,273,766 \$ 6,735,967 83.60% 89.60% 90.38% 95.06% 82.86% 87.98%												
\$ 7,302,623 \$ 4,928,835 \$ 4,776,277 \$ 2,573,740 \$ 9,273,766 \$ 6,735,967 83.60% 89.60% 90.38% 95.06% 82.86% 87.98%			_		_						_	
83.60% 89.60% 90.38% 95.06% 82.86% 87.98%	\$	37,214,281	\$	42,458,249	\$	44,853,216	\$	49,542,823	\$	44,845,930	\$	49,310,489
	\$	7,302,623	\$	4,928,835	\$	4,776,277	\$	2,573,740	\$	9,273,766	\$	6,735,967
\$ 6,210,153 \$ 7,067,549 \$ 7,327,773 \$ 7,478,782 \$ 7,006,761 \$ 7,867,720		83.60%		89.60%		90.38%		95.06%		82.86%		87.98%
	\$	6,210,153	\$	7,067,549	\$	7,327,773	\$	7,478,782	\$	7,006,761	\$	7,867,720

65.18%

117.59%

69.74%

34.41% 132.35%

85.62%

CITY OF LEON VALLEY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

F' 17	Actuarially Determined	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined	Contribution Deficiency	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered	
Fiscal Year	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2024	\$ 1,489,311	\$ 1,489,311	-	\$7,753,823	19.21%
2023	1,412,576	1,412,576	-	7,718,509	18.30%
2022	1,246,582	1,246,582	_	7,075,062	17.62%
2021	1,298,721	1,298,721	-	7,291,513	17.81%
2020	1,243,211	1,243,211	-	7,285,644	17.06%
2019	1,108,962	1,108,962	-	6,920,380	16.02%
2018	830,183	830,183	-	6,231,160	13.32%
2017	735,472	735,472	-	5,492,470	13.39%
2016	738,640	738,640	-	5,036,278	14.67%
2015	779,557	779,557	-	4,923,162	15.83%

CITY OF LEON VALLEY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBTION

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, thirteen (13) months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 22 Years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year Smoothed Fair Value; 12% Soft Corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.60% to 11.85% Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that vary by age. Last updated

for the 2023 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the

period ending 2022.

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality

Tables. Male rates are multiplied by 103% and female rates are

multiplied by 105%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale MP-2021 (with immediate

convergence).

Pre-retirement: PUB (10) mortality tables, with the 110% of the public Safety table used for males and the 100% of the General Employee table used for females. The rates are

projected on a fully generational basis with scale MP-2021 (with

immediate convergence).

Changes in Benefit Terms: None

Cahnges in Acturial Assumptios:

New mortality assumptions

New retirement and mortality assumtions

2015 Investment rate of return lowered from 7% to 6.75%

CITY OF LEON VALLEY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – TOTAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SEVEN CALENDARYEARS*

					Total	OPEB	Lia	bility			
		2017			2018			2019		2020	_
Service Cost Interest on Total OPEB Liability	\$		383 335	\$	14,2 13,5		\$	15,549 14,951		19,052 13,963	
Changes of Benefit Terms Difference between Expected			-			-		-		(7 .01	-
and Actual Experience Change of Assumptions or Other Inputs		32	- 701		(1,2)	286) 202)		(2,759 79,233		(5,014 78,822	
Benefit Payments			701 846)		, ,	726)		(3,534		(4,39)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability			573	(6,114)				103,440		102,420	_
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		348,			403,0			396,977		500,41	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	403,	091	\$	396,9	<u> </u>	\$	500,417	\$	602,843	3
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	5,691,	256	\$	6,210,1	153	\$ '	7,067,549	\$	7,327,773	3
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage											
of Covered Employee Payroll		7.0	08%		6.3	89%		7.08%	ò	8.239	%
					Total	OPEB	Lia	bility			
		_	2	021		2022			2023		
Service Cost		9	S	23,93			,823		15,7		
Interest on Total OPEB Liability Changes of Benefit Terms				12,18	- -	12	,180	-	18,69	9 0 -	
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience				8,16	66	((706	5)	(3,6	09)	
Change of Assumptions or Other Input	S			19,74		(217			25,3		
Benefit Payments		_		(11,21		(11			(16,5)		
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability				52,81		(193			39,6		
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning Total OPEB Liability - Ending		\$		602,84 655,65		655 461			461,8° 501,5°		
Covered Employee Payroll		\$	5 7,	478,78	\$2	7,006	,761	1 \$ 7	,867,72	20	
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage											

^{*}GASB Statement No. 75 requires 10 years of data to be provided in this schedule. This is the seventh year of implementation of GASB75. The City will develop the schedule prospectively as data becomes available.

8.77%

6.59%

6.37%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CHANGES

of Covered Employee Payroll

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes combining nonmajor individual fund statements which are not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements.

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues and expenditures that are legally restricted for a specific purpose.

- <u>Community Center</u> Accounts for hotel occupancy tax revenues and expenditures, funding mainly the community and conference centers.
- <u>Grants Fund</u> Accounts for grant revenues received from other governments and the related expenditures.
- <u>Crime Control and Prevention District</u> Accounts for sales tax collection for public safety operations. This special district tax was approved by voters in May 2014.
- <u>Child Safety Fund</u> Accounts for the drug awareness and prevention program, school crossing guards, and other child safety programs.
- <u>State Police Forfeiture Fund</u> Accounts for revenues from seized assets and the allowed expenditure of that revenue.
- <u>Federal Police Forfeiture Fund</u> Accounts for revenues from seized assets in federal cases and the allowed expenditure of that revenue.
- <u>Building Security Fund</u> Accounts for a portion of municipal fines that are allocated to building security and the allowed expenditures.
- <u>Court Technology</u> Accounts for a portion of municipal fines that are allocated to court technology and the allowed expenditures.

OTHER MAJOR FUNDS

• <u>Debt Service Fund</u> – Accounts for the accumulation of resources and the related disbursement for the retirement of long term debt.

CITY OF LEON VALLEY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds										
					Crir	ne Control					
	Co	mmunity			and	Prevention		Child			
	Center		Grants]	District		Safety			
ASSETS											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	69,594	\$	9,838	\$	186,947	\$	26,610			
Investments		244,476		-		480,646		50,915			
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance:											
Other		23,517		-		-		1,101			
Due from Other Governments						72,700					
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	337,587	\$	9,838	\$	740,293	\$	78,626			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE											
Liabilities:											
Accounts Payable	\$	2,991	\$	-	\$	1,068	\$	-			
Accrued Expenditures		373		-		646		23			
Deposits Payable		40,215		-		-		-			
Total Liabilities		43,579				1,714		23			
Fund Balance:											
Restricted		294,008		9,838		738,579		78,603			
Total Fund Balances		294,008		9,838		738,579		78,603			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND											
FUND BALANCES	\$	337,587	\$	9,838	\$	740,293	\$	78,626			

			Special Rev	enue F	Funds				
	State		Federal					Tota	al Nonmajor
	Police		Police	В	uilding		Court	Gov	ernmental
Fo	orefiture	Fo	orfeitures	S	ecurity	Tec	hnology		Funds
\$	-	\$	841,240	\$	41,005	\$	24,806	\$	1,200,040
	11,757		205,035		48,696		37,160		1,078,685
	_		_		_		_		24,618
	-		-						72,700
\$	11,757	\$	1,046,275	\$	89,701	\$	61,966	\$	2,376,043
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4,059
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,042
	_		_		-		-		40,215
	_		_		-		_		45,316
	11,757		1,046,275		89,701		61,966		2,330,727
	11,757		1,046,275		89,701		61,966		2,330,727

<u>\$ 11,757</u> <u>\$ 1,046,275</u> <u>\$ 89,701</u> <u>\$ 61,966</u> **\$ 2,376,043**

CITY OF LEON VALLEY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds									
		mmunity Center	G	irants	and ?	ne Control Prevention District		Child Safety		
REVENUES										
Sales Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	411,883	\$	-		
Occupancy Taxes		84,144		-		-		-		
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-		-		16,340		
Grants		-		5,413		-		-		
Lease Income		60,454		-		-		-		
Investment Earnings		12,667		-		24,348		2,638		
Miscellaneous		40,405				845				
TOTAL REVENUES		197,670		5,413		437,076		18,978		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Public Safety		-		2,019		242,467		5,789		
Community Development		134,944		-		-		-		
Capital Outlay		59,657		-		-				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		194,601		2,019		242,467		5,789		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue	S									
Over (Under) Expenditures		3,069		3,394		194,609		13,189		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers Out						(80,651)				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)						(80,651)				
Net Change in Fund Balance		3,069		3,394		113,958		13,189		
Fund Balances, Beginning		290,939		6,444		624,621		65,414		
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	294,008	\$	9,838	\$	738,579	\$	78,603		

Special Revenue Funds

		enue Funds	Special Revo	
Total Nonmajor			Federal	State
Governmental	Court	Building	Police	Police
Funds	Technology	Security	Forfeiture	Forfeiture
\$ 411,883	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
84,144	-	-	-	-
729,459	11,914	12,741	688,464	-
5,413	-	-	-	-
60,454	-	-	-	-
55,334	1,926	2,523	10,623	609
65,950	-	-	24,700	-
1,412,637	13,840	15,264	723,787	609
250,275	_	-	-	-
134,944	_	_	_	_
126,807	_	_	67,150	_
512,026			67,150	
900,611	13,840	15,264	656,637	609
700,011	13,010	13,201	050,057	
(80,651)	_	_	_	_
(00,031)				
(80,651)	_	_	_	_
(00,031)				
819,960	13,840	15,264	656,637	609
017,700	13,040	13,204	0.50,057	009
1 510 767	10 126	74 427	290.629	11 140
1,510,767	48,126	74,437	389,638	11,148
\$ 2,330,727	\$ 61,966	\$ 89,701	\$ 1,046,275	\$ 11,757

COMMUNITY CENTER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2023)

					Variance with					
						2024	Final	Budget-		2023
		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Po	sitive	A	Actual
	C	riginal		Final	Amounts		(Negative)		A	mounts
REVENUES										
Occupancy Taxes	\$	84,000	\$	84,000	\$	84,144	\$	144	\$	67,842
Lease Income		64,254		64,254		60,454		(3,800)		63,766
Investment Earnings		7,200		7,200		12,667		5,467		10,268
Miscellaneous		-		-		40,405		40,405		36,275
TOTAL REVENUES		155,454		155,454		197,670		42,216		178,151
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Community Development		156,688		156,688		134,944		21,744		115,822
Capital Outlay		60,000		72,000		59,657		12,343		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		216,688		228,688		194,601		34,087	'	115,822
Net Change in Fund Balance		(61,234)		(73,234)		3,069		76,303		62,329
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		290,939		290,939		290,939				228,610
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	229,705	\$	217,705	\$	294,008	\$	76,303	\$	290,939

GRANTS FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2023)

					Variance with						
						2024	Final	Budget-	2	2023	
		Budgeted	Amou	ints	A	Actual	Positive		A	ctual	
	O	riginal		Final	A	mounts	(Negative)		Amounts		
REVENUES											
Grants	\$	2,856	\$	2,856	\$	5,413	\$	2,557	\$	2,462	
TOTAL REVENUES		2,856		2,856		5,413		2,557		2,462	
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Public Safety		5,000		5,000		2,019		2,981		3,160	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,000		5,000		2,019		2,981		3,160	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,144)		(2,144)		3,394		5,538		(698)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		6,444		6,444		6,444				7,142	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	4,300	\$	4,300	\$	9,838	\$	5,538	\$	6,444	

CRIME CONTROL PREVENTION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2023)

					2024		ance with l Budget-		2023
	 Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Positive			Actual
	 Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)		A	mounts
REVENUES									
Sales Tax	\$ 403,800	\$	403,800	\$	411,883	\$	8,083	\$	415,913
Investment Earnings	5,000		5,000		24,348		19,348		15,781
Miscellaneous	 -		-		845		845		3,200
TOTAL REVENUES	408,800		408,800		437,076		28,276		434,894
EXPENDITURES Current:									
Public Safety	272,060		272,060		242,467		29,593		245,354
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 272,060		272,060		242,467		29,593		245,354
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	136,740		136,740		194,609		57,869		189,540
OTHER FINANCING USES									
Transfers Out	_		_		(80,651)		(80,651)		(73,147)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					(= =)== =)		(00,000)		(10,011)
SOURCES (USES)	 				(80,651)		(80,651)		(73,147)
Net Change in Fund Balance	136,740		136,740		113,958		(22,782)		116,393
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	 624,621		624,621		624,621				508,228
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 761,361	\$	761,361	\$	738,579	\$	(22,782)	\$	624,621

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2023)

					Variance with						
						2024	Final	Budget-	,	2023	
		Budgeted Amous				Actual	Po	sitive	A	ctual	
	C	riginal		Final	A	mounts	(Ne	gative)	Ar	nounts	
REVENUES			'	_	'						
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	13,700	\$	13,700	\$	16,340	\$	2,640	\$	17,780	
Investment Earnings		500		500		2,638		2,138		2,137	
TOTAL REVENUES		14,200		14,200		18,978		4,778		19,917	
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Public Safety		5,953		5,953		5,789		164		5,343	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,953		5,953		5,789		164		5,343	
Net Change in Fund Balance		8,247		8,247		13,189		4,942		14,574	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		65,414		65,414		65,414		-		50,840	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	73,661	\$	73,661	\$	78,603	\$	4,942	\$	65,414	

STATE POLICE FORFEITURE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2023)

					Variance with						
			2024				Final	Budget-	2023		
		Budgeted	Amo	unts	1	Actual Positive			Actual		
	Oı	riginal		Final	A	mounts	(Neg	(Negative)		mounts	
REVENUES											
Investment Earnings	\$	2,000	\$	-	\$	609	\$	609	\$	494	
TOTAL REVENUES		2,000		-		609		609		494	
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,000		-		609		609		494	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		11,148		11,148		11,148				10,654	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	13,148	\$	11,148	\$	11,757	\$	609	\$	11,148	

FEDERAL POLICE FORFEITURE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2023)

			2024	Variance with Final Budget-	2023
	Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts
REVENUES	Original	Filiai	Amounts	(Negative)	Alloulits
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 688,464	\$ 688,464	\$ 215,159
Interest	Ψ -	Ψ _	10,623	10,623	8,611
Miscellaneous	_	2,000	24,700	22,700	6,456
TOTAL REVENUES		2,000	723,787	721,787	230,226
	-	2,000	123,707	721,707	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Capital Outlay	-	253,350	67,150	186,200	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	253,350	67,150	186,200	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(251,350)	656,637	907,987	230,226
		- ,			
OTHER SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In (Out)					(120,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)					(120,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(251,350)	656,637	907,987	110,226
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	389,638	389,638	389,638		279,412
			.		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 389,638	\$ 138,288	\$ 1,046,275	\$ 907,987	\$ 389,638

BUILDING SECURITY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2023)

				Variance with						
			2024			Final Budget-			2023	
	Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Positive		A	Actual	
C	riginal		Final	Amounts		(Negative)		Aı	mounts	
\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	12,741	\$	(5,259)	\$	22,495	
	-		-		2,523		2,523	\$	2,045	
	18,000		18,000		15,264		(2,736)		24,540	
	10,000		10,000		-		10,000		-	
	10,000		10,000		-		10,000		-	
	8,000		8,000		15,264		7,264		24,540	
	74,437		74,437		74,437		-		49,897	
\$	82,437	\$	82,437	\$	89,701	\$	7,264	\$	74,437	
	-	Original \$ 18,000	Original \$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 10,000 10,000 8,000 74,437	\$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 	Original Final A \$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 18,000 \$ 10,000 10,000 \$ 10,000 10,000 \$ 8,000 8,000 \$ 74,437 74,437	Budgeted Amounts Actual Amounts Original Final Amounts \$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ 12,741 - - 2,523 18,000 18,000 15,264 10,000 10,000 - 8,000 8,000 15,264 74,437 74,437 74,437	Budgeted Amounts 2024 Final Budgeted Amounts Actual Amounts Property Property \$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ 12,741 \$ 2,523 \$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ 15,264 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 2,523 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 2,523 \$ 10,000 \$ 15,264 \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ 15,264 \$ 74,437 \$ 74,437 \$ 74,437	Budgeted Amounts 2024 Final Budget-Positive (Negative) Original Final Actual Amounts Positive (Negative) \$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ 12,741 \$ (5,259) - - - 2,523 2,523 18,000 18,000 15,264 (2,736) 10,000 - 10,000 10,000 - 10,000 8,000 8,000 15,264 7,264 74,437 74,437 74,437 -	Budgeted Amounts 2024 Final Budget-Positive (Negative) Original Final Amounts (Negative) Amounts \$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ 12,741 \$ (5,259) \$ (5,259) \$ (2,736) \$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ 15,264 \$ (2,736) \$ (2,736) \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ (2,736) \$ (2,736) \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ 15,264 \$ (2,736) \$ (2,736)	

COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2023)

					Variance with					
						2024	Fina	l Budget-		2023
		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Pe	ositive	Actual	
	0	riginal		Final	A	mounts	(Negative)		Ar	nounts
REVENUES										
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	15,000	\$	19,000	\$	11,914	\$	(7,086)	\$	23,357
Investment Earnings		500		500		1,926		1,426		1,561
TOTAL REVENUES		15,500		19,500		13,840		(5,660)	'	24,918
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Administration		37,000		15,000		-		15,000		15,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		37,000		15,000		-		15,000		15,000
										<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		(21,500)		4,500		13,840		9,340		9,918
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		48,126		48,126		48,126		-		38,208
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	26,626	\$	52,626	\$	61,966	\$	9,340	\$	48,126

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2023)

							Variance With				
						2024	Final Budget -				
		Budgeted	Amo		Actual		Positive			2023	
	Original			Final		Amounts	(N	legative)	Actual		
REVENUES											
Property Taxes	\$	582,250	\$	582,250	\$	712,663	\$	130,413	\$	578,989	
Investment Earnings		-		_		16,588				13,445	
TOTAL REVENUES		582,250		582,250		729,251		130,413		592,434	
EXPENDITURES											
Debt Service:											
Principal		445,000		445,000		445,000		-		430,000	
Interest		192,613		242,613		135,375		107,238		148,200	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		637,613		687,613		580,375		107,238		578,200	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over (Under) Expenditures		(55,363)		(105,363)		148,876		254,239		14,234	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers In		105,363		105,363		-		(105,363)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING											
SOURCES (USES)		105,363		105,363		-		(105,363)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		50,000		-		148,876		148,876		14,234	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		428,334		428,334		428,334				414,100	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	478,334	\$	428,334	\$	577,210	\$	148,876	\$	428,334	

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Leon Valley's annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends (Tables 1 through 4)

Net Position by Component Change in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

These schedules contain trend information to help reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity (Tables 5 through 12)

Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
Principal Property Taxpayers
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Total Water Sold by Type of Customer
Water and Sewer Rates
Taxable Assessed Value

These schedules contain information to help readers assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales tax.

Debt Capacity (Tables 13 through 17)

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Debt Margin Information Pledged Revenue Coverage

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information (Tables 18 through 19)

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Principal Employers

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand how the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

Operating Information (Tables 20 through 22)

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Operating Indicators by Function/Program Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

CITY OF LEON VALLEY NET POSITION, BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year 2015* 2016* 2017* 2018 Governmental Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 12,241,969 7,696,092 8,324,593 9,534,380 Restricted 1,657,517 2,186,825 2,999,981 4,027,347 Unrestricted 2,656,933 2,696,144 2,342,091 2,432,332 Total Governmental Activities Net Position 12,010,542 13,207,562 14,876,452 18,701,648 Business-Type Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets 4,113,942 4,367,353 4,049,170 4,162,165 Restricted 908,705 1,042,946 1,279,204 1,225,716 Unrestricted 1,533,589 2,179,050 1,205,378 2,562,095 Total Business-Type Activities Net Position 6,556,236 7,507,424 6,615,677 7,949,976 Primary Government Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 11,810,034 12,691,946 13,583,550 16,404,134 Restricted 3,229,771 4,279,185 2,566,222 5,253,063 Unrestricted 4,190,522 3,901,522 4,521,141 4,994,427 Total Primary Government Net Position \$ 18,566,778 \$ 19,823,239 \$ 22,383,876 \$ 26,651,624

^{*}Years 2017 and prior included the Leon Valley Economic Development Corporation as a blended component unit.

These years have not been restated for the adoption of GASB 75.

TABLE 1

T. 1	T 7
Fiscal	Vaar
riscai	icai

2019		2020		2021		2022	2023	2024	
\$	12,752,432 2,704,990 2,048,407	\$	13,667,111 2,950,408 559,242	\$ 13,953,956 2,891,629 753,703	\$	13,497,385 3,144,548 2,663,066	\$ 16,514,310 5,151,887 2,779,400	\$ 16,338,530 5,956,937 3,922,880	
\$	17,505,829	\$	17,176,761	\$ 17,599,288	\$	19,304,999	\$ 24,445,597	\$ 26,218,347	
\$	4,872,274 1,595,199 2,118,143	\$	5,392,876 1,784,772 2,276,563	\$ 5,862,213 1,888,685 2,404,894	\$	6,332,409 1,888,685 1,883,625	\$ 8,519,400 2,011,865 2,062,571	\$ 9,114,507 1,776,950 3,187,874	
\$	8,585,616	\$	9,454,211	\$ 10,155,792		10,104,719	\$ 12,593,836	\$ 14,079,331	
\$	17,624,706 4,300,189 4,166,550	\$	19,059,987 4,735,180 2,835,805	\$ 19,816,169 4,780,314 3,158,597	\$	19,829,794 5,033,233 4,546,691	\$ 25,033,710 7,163,752 4,841,971	\$ 25,453,037 7,733,887 7,110,754	
\$	26,091,445	\$	26,630,972	\$ 27,755,080	\$	29,409,718	\$ 37,039,433	\$ 40,297,678	

CITY OF LEON VALLEY CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year							
		2015		2016		2017		2018
Expenses		_						
Governmental Activities								
Administration	\$	983,952	\$	1,125,550	\$	1,052,772	\$	1,163,357
Public Safety		4,701,582		4,598,579		5,731,890		6,825,574
Public Works		2,363,083		1,492,449		1,960,573		1,366,183
Information Technology Office		-		-		-		-
Parks and Recreation		169,947		228,169		357,055		372,372
Library		320,572		367,252		375,764		421,642
Communications		-		355,508		322,727		-
Community Development		676,880		880,111		753,029		828,978
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees		239,237		205,890		228,101		201,460
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		9,455,253		9,253,508		10,781,911		11,179,566
Business-Type Activities								
Water/Wastewater Utilities		3,481,521		3,752,522		3,901,345		4,720,880
Total Business-Type Activities		3,481,521		3,752,522		3,901,345		4,720,880
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	12,936,774	\$	13,006,030	\$	14,683,256	\$	15,900,446
Program Revenues								
Governmental Activities								
Charges for Service:								
Administration	\$	258,388	\$	537,825	\$	319,498	\$	319,498
Public Safety		694,303		724,018		1,620,197		1,620,197
Parks and Recreation		13,850		15,632		-		-
Library		3,521		4,249		-		-
Community Development		166,775		167,074		76,357		76,357
Operating Grants and Contributions		240,763		160,001		476,415		476,415
Capital Grants and Contributions		170,747		37,766		_		-
Total Governmental Aactivities								
Program Revenues	_	1,548,347		1,646,565		2,492,467		2,492,467
Business-Type Activities								
Charges for Service:								
Water/Wastewater Utilities		3,481,570		3,683,776		4,589,550		4,623,442
Operating Grants and Contributions		-		-		120,165		-
Capital Grants and Contributions								485,976
Total Business-Type Activities								
Program Revenues		3,481,570		3,683,776		4,709,715		5,109,418
Total Primary Government								
Program Revenues	\$	5,029,917	\$	5,330,341	\$	7,202,182	\$	7,601,885

Note – Years 2014 – 2017 have not been restated for adoption of GASB Statement No. 75.

Fisca	al Year

Fiscal Year											
2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024	
\$ 1,134,888	\$	1,668,621	\$	1,272,072	\$	1,490,181	\$	2,361,242	\$	2,146,911	
10,029,264		9,182,852		8,427,384		8,192,664		9,760,863		9,239,567	
3,110,746		2,128,939		2,464,829		2,908,030		2,593,652		3,514,599	
-		-		-		-		211,958		229,970	
306,749		328,675		326,685		327,054		349,505		517,986	
413,677		413,953		438,436		514,467		460,126		501,876	
932,724		939,644		919,311		1,054,053		1,024,951		1,187,852	
186,603		177,398		216,131		100,420		98,366		79,638	
16,114,651		14,840,082		14,064,848		14,586,869		16,860,663		17,418,399	
4,978,650		4,476,212		4,447,693		5,613,181		3,148,657		3,384,397	
4,978,650		4,476,212		4,447,693	-	5,613,181		3,148,657		3,384,397	
\$ 21,093,301	\$	19,316,294	\$	18,512,541	\$	20,200,050	\$	20,009,320	\$	20,802,796	
\$ 661,149	\$	409,905	\$	276,482	\$	330,496	\$	330,494	\$	539,725	
3,441,827		3,296,536		3,062,361		3,058,806		3,455,638		3,938,969	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
77,660		11,290		20,253		64,586		67,383		62,505	
130,103		604,876		67,282		57,184		53,503		77,902	
 105,767						159,946		4,764,275		286,172	
 4,416,506		4,322,607		3,426,378		3,671,018		8,671,293		4,905,273	
5,218,441		4,995,934		5,095,369		5,381,349		5,231,485		5,362,842	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
302,632		-				365,395		-		245,726	
 5,521,073		4,995,934		5,095,369		5,746,744		5,231,485		5,608,568	
\$ 9,937,579	\$	9,318,541	\$	8,521,747	\$	9,417,762	\$	13,902,778	\$	10,513,841	

CITY OF LEON VALLEY CHANGE IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year							
	2015			2016		2017		2018
Net (Expenses)/Revenue								
Governmental Activities	\$	(7,906,906)	\$	(7,606,943)	\$	(8,289,444)	\$	(8,687,099)
Business-Type Activities		49		(68,746)		808,370		388,538
Total Primary Government Net Expenses	\$	(7,906,857)	\$	(7,675,689)	\$	(7,481,074)	\$	(8,298,561)
Governmental Revenues and Other								
Changes in Net Position								
Governmental Activities								
Taxes:								
Property Taxes	\$	4,122,721	\$	4,440,697	\$	4,752,901	\$	4,944,531
Sales Taxes		3,058,953		3,177,019		3,517,289		3,687,415
Franchise Taxes		974,361		1,072,898		1,104,166		961,149
Occupancy Taxes		86,661		67,691		80,600		94,639
Interest and Investment Earnings		4,678		17,663		55,460		134,411
Miscellaneous		21,896		27,995		447,168		371,832
Transfers		70,000				750		(47,650)
Total Governmental Activities		8,339,270		8,803,963		9,958,334		10,146,327
Business-Type Activities								
Interest and Investment Earnings		889		1,270		11,987		60,337
Miscellaneous		144,390		84,682		116,200		_
Transfers		(20,000)		(70,000)		-		47,650
Total Business-Type Activities		125,279		15,952		128,187		107,987
Total Primary Government		8,464,549	\$	8,819,915	\$	10,086,521	\$	10,254,314
Changes In Net Position								
Government Activities	\$	432,364	\$	1,197,020	\$	1,668,890	\$	1,459,228
Business-Type Activities		125,328		(52,794)		936,557		496,525
Total Primary Government	\$	557,692	\$	1,144,226	\$	2,605,447	\$	1,955,753

TABLE 2 (Continued)

					Fiscal	Year	•				`
	2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024
\$	(11,698,145) 542,423	\$	(10,517,475) 519,722	\$	(10,638,470) 647,676	\$	(10,915,851) 133,563	\$	(8,189,370) 2,082,828	\$	(12,513,126) 2,224,171
\$	(11,155,722)	\$	(9,997,753)	\$	(9,990,794)	\$	(10,782,288)	\$	(6,106,542)	\$	(10,288,955)
\$	5,113,648	\$	5,447,139	\$	5,558,254	\$	5,863,936	\$	6,038,893	\$	6,189,180
Ψ	3,746,775	Ψ	3,738,177	Ψ	4,270,709	Ψ	4,922,322	Ψ	5,061,764	Ψ	5,010,542
	919,205		809,636		876,389		928,847		1,172,251		927,879
	89,936		50,523		89,993		84,186		67,842		84,144
	233,900		94,530		3,074		76,035		579,759		692,726
	399,343		361,884		262,578		351,727		599,325		317,621
	(481)		(313,482)		_		394,509		(189,866)		1,063,784
	10,502,326		10,188,407		11,060,997		12,621,562		13,329,968		14,285,876
	92,436		35,341		2,131		28,490		145,607		207,415
	300		50		51,774		181,383		70,816		117,693
	481		313,482				(394,509)		189,866		(1,063,784)
	93,217		348,873		53,905		(184,636)		406,289		(738,676)
\$	10,595,543	\$	10,537,280	\$	11,114,902	\$	12,436,926	\$	13,736,257	\$	13,547,200
\$	(1,195,819)	\$	(329,068)	\$	422,527	\$	1,705,711	\$	5,140,598	\$	1,772,750
	635,640		868,595		701,581		(51,073)		2,489,117		1,485,495
\$	(560,179)	\$	539,527	\$	1,124,108	\$	1,654,638	\$	7,629,715	\$	3,258,245

CITY OF LEON VALLEY FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fisca	l Year		
	 2015	2016	2017		2018
General Fund:	 	 			
Nonspendable	\$ 56,442	\$ 14,201	\$	52,650	\$ 11,163
Restricted	114,962	154,393		497,329	23,868
Committed	900,000	900,000		1,000,000	1,000,000
Assigned	25,275	25,275		80,700	459,127
Unassigned	2,779,498	3,567,496		3,508,662	3,359,401
Total General Fund	\$ 3,876,177	\$ 4,661,365	\$	5,139,341	\$ 4,853,559
All Other Governmental Funds:					
Nonspendable	\$ 1,990	\$ -	\$	2,095	\$ -
Restricted	2,874,942	2,032,432		2,502,591	3,499,337
Committed	664,842	-		-	-
Assigned	111,139	93,679		-	-
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 3,652,913	\$ 2,126,111	\$	2,504,686	\$ 3,499,337

TABLE 3

 Fiscal Year												
2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024		
\$ 5,824	\$	4,434	\$	4,854	\$	4,568	\$	5,472	\$	4,883		
235,416		261,124		283,940		304,190		304,923		340,037		
1,000,000		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,000,000		
1,154,763		749,556		1,068,942		1,501,435		1,006,394		1,316,749		
4,370,549		3,784,196		3,361,144		4,525,932		5,919,097		6,832,000		
\$ 6,766,552	\$	5,799,310	\$	5,718,880	\$	7,336,125	\$	8,235,886	\$	9,493,669		
_								_				
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
2,463,234		2,680,737		2,596,713		2,832,611		4,974,864		5,603,951		
-		-		-		-		=		-		
						-		-		-		
\$ 2,463,234	\$	2,680,737	\$	2,596,713	\$	2,832,611	\$	4,974,864	\$	5,603,951		

CITY OF LEON VALLEY CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

REVENUES		Fiscal Year							
Property Taxes		201	5		2016		2017		2018
Nonproperty Taxes 3,145,614 3,333,880 4,702,056 4,743,203 Grants/Intergovernmental 8,852 7,394 233,473 2,184,103 Charges for Services 2,123,884 2,132,647 1,939,695 3,014,022 Other 416,576 535,910 821,919 457,535 TOTAL REVENUES 9,837,964 10,442,238 12,452,605 15,339,614 EXPENDITURES Current: Administrative 951,121 1,035,474 878,060 937,870 Public Safety 4,699,076 4,320,120 5,179,406 6,663,001 Public Safety 4,699,076 4,320,120 3,43,379 322,379 322,379 222,272 6,663,001 Library 317,049 34,678,20 <	REVENUES								
Grants/Intergovernmental 8,852 7,394 233,473 2,184,03 Charges for Services 2,123,884 2,132,647 1,939,695 3,014,022 Other 416,576 535,910 821,919 457,535 TOTAL REVENUS 9,837,964 10,442,238 12,452,605 15,339,614 EXPENDITURES Curent: Administrative 951,121 1,035,474 878,060 937,870 Public Safety 4,609,076 4,320,120 5,179,406 6,663,001 Public Works 2,238,664 1,319,658 1,899,169 1,135,18 Parks and Recreation 142,794 198,429 324,379 358,460 Information Technology Office -	Property Taxes	\$ 4,14	13,068	\$	4,432,407	\$	4,755,462	\$	4,940,751
Charges for Services Other 2,123,854 416,576 535,910 821,919 457,535 3,014,022 457,535 TOTAL REVENUES 9,837,964 10,442,238 12,452,605 15,339,614 EXPENDITURES Current: Administrative 951,121 1,035,474 878,060 937,870 Public Safety 4,669,076 4,320,120 5,179,406 6,663,001 6,663,001 Public Works 2,238,664 1,319,658 1,809,169 1,135,180 1,879,406 1,351,180 Parks and Recreation 142,794 198,429 324,379 358,460 1,319,608 1,809,169 1,135,180 Parks and Recreation 142,794 198,429 324,379 358,460 1,319,608 1,809,169 1,135,180 Parks and Recreation 142,794 198,429 324,379 322,777 - 0 1,200,002 1,000,002	Nonproperty Taxes	3,14	45,614		3,333,880		4,702,056		4,743,203
Other 416,576 535,910 821,919 457,535 TOTAL REVENUS 9,837,964 10,442,238 12,452,605 15,339,614 EXPENDITURES Current: Administrative 951,121 1,035,474 878,060 937,870 Public Safety 4,609,076 4,320,120 5,179,406 6,663,001 Public Works 2,238,664 1,319,658 1,809,169 1,135,180 Parks and Recreation 142,794 198,429 324,379 358,460 Information Technology Office 1 346,782 360,023 402,110 Communications 62,724 823,889 699,342 768,403 Community Development 62,724 823,889 699,342 768,403 Copital Quitaly 3408,801 2,110,337 1341,443 3,137,262 Debt Service: Principal 430,000 445,000 460,000 475,000 Interest 2,250 2,000 2 20,500 Fiscal Age	Grants/Intergovernmental		8,852		7,394		233,473		2,184,103
TOTAL REVENUES	Charges for Services	2,12	23,854		2,132,647		1,939,695		3,014,022
EXPENDITURES Current: Curre	Other	4	16,576		535,910		821,919		457,535
Current: Administrative	TOTAL REVENUES	9,83	37,964		10,442,238		12,452,605		15,339,614
Administrative 951,121 1,035,474 878,060 937,870 Public Safety 4,609,076 4,320,120 5,179,406 6,663,001 Public Works 2,238,664 1,319,658 1,809,169 1,135,180 Parks and Recreation 142,794 198,429 324,379 358,460 Information Technology Office -<	EXPENDITURES								
Public Safety 4,609,076 4,320,120 5,179,406 6,663,001 Public Works 2,238,664 1,319,658 1,809,169 1,135,180 Parks and Recreation 142,794 198,429 324,379 358,460 Information Technology Office - </td <td>Current:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current:								
Public Works 2,238,664 1,319,658 1,809,169 1,135,180 Parks and Recreation 142,794 198,429 324,379 358,460 Information Technology Office - - - - Library 317,049 346,782 360,023 402,110 Community Development 624,724 823,889 699,342 768,403 Capital Outlay 3,408,801 2,110,337 1,341,443 3,137,262 Debt Service: 2 245,946 233,370 222,255 205,809 Principal 430,000 445,000 460,000 475,000 Interest 245,946 233,370 222,255 205,809 Fiscal Agent Fees and Bond Issue Costs 2,250 2,000 2 2,058,09 Fiscal Agent Fees and Bond Issue Costs 2,250 2,000 2 2,058,09 Fiscal Agent Fees and Bond Issue Costs 32,374,25 11,183,852 11,596,804 14,083,095 Debt Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	Administrative	9:	51,121		1,035,474		878,060		937,870
Public Works 2,238,664 1,319,658 1,809,169 1,135,180 Parks and Recreation 142,794 198,429 324,379 358,460 Information Technology Office - - - - Library 317,049 346,782 360,023 402,110 Community Development 624,724 823,889 699,342 768,403 Capital Outlay 3,408,801 2,110,337 1,341,443 3,137,262 Debt Service: 2 245,946 233,370 222,255 205,809 Principal 430,000 445,000 460,000 475,000 Interest 245,946 233,370 222,255 205,809 Fiscal Agent Fees and Bond Issue Costs 2,250 2,000 2 2,058,09 Fiscal Agent Fees and Bond Issue Costs 2,250 2,000 2 2,058,09 Fiscal Agent Fees and Bond Issue Costs 32,374,25 11,183,852 11,596,804 14,083,095 Debt Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	Public Safety	4,60	09,076		4,320,120		5,179,406		6,663,001
Information Technology Office	•	2,2	38,664		1,319,658		1,809,169		
Library 317,049 346,782 360,023 402,110 Communications - 348,793 322,727 - Community Development 624,724 823,889 699,342 768,403 Capital Outlay 3,408,801 2,110,337 1,341,443 3,137,262 Debt Service: Principal 430,000 445,000 460,000 475,000 Interest 245,946 233,370 222,255 205,809 Fiscal Agent Fees and Bond Issue Costs 2,250 2,000 - - - TOTAL EXPENDITURES 12,970,425 11,183,852 11,596,804 14,083,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver (Under) Expenditures (3,132,461) (741,614) 855,801 1,256,519 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers In 590,803 707,203 75 750 Transfers Out (520,803) (707,203) - - - Bound Premium <t< td=""><td>Parks and Recreation</td><td>14</td><td>12,794</td><td></td><td>198,429</td><td></td><td>324,379</td><td></td><td>358,460</td></t<>	Parks and Recreation	14	12,794		198,429		324,379		358,460
Library 317,049 346,782 360,023 402,110 Communications - 348,793 322,727 - Community Development 624,724 823,889 699,342 768,403 Capital Outlay 3,408,801 2,110,337 1,341,443 3,137,262 Debt Service: Principal 430,000 445,000 460,000 475,000 Interest 245,946 233,370 222,255 205,809 Fiscal Agent Fees and Bond Issue Costs 2,250 2,000 - - - TOTAL EXPENDITURES 12,970,425 11,183,852 11,596,804 14,083,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver (Under) Expenditures (3,132,461) (741,614) 855,801 1,256,519 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers In 590,803 707,203 75 750 Transfers Out (520,803) (707,203) - - - Bound Premium <t< td=""><td>Information Technology Office</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>	Information Technology Office		-		_		-		-
Community Development 624,724 823,889 699,342 768,403 Capital Outlay 3,408,801 2,110,337 1,341,443 3,137,262 Debt Service: Principal 430,000 445,000 460,000 475,000 Interest 245,946 233,370 222,255 205,809 Fiscal Agent Fees and Bond Issue Costs 2,250 2,000 - - - TOTAL EXPENDITURES 12,970,425 11,183,852 11,596,804 14,083,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (3,132,461) (741,614) 855,801 1,256,519 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers Out (520,803) (707,203) - (48,400) Bond Premium - - - - Issuance of Debt - - - - Payments to Refunding Agent - - - - TOTA		3	17,049		346,782		360,023		402,110
Capital Outlay 3,408,801 2,110,337 1,341,443 3,137,262 Debt Service: Principal 430,000 445,000 460,000 475,000 Interest 245,946 233,370 222,255 205,809 Fiscal Agent Fees and Bond Issue Costs 2,250 2,000 - - - TOTAL EXPENDITURES 12,970,425 11,183,852 11,596,804 14,083,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver (Under) Expenditures (3,132,461) (741,614) 855,801 1,256,519 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers Out (520,803) (707,203) - (48,400) Bond Premium - - - - - Issuance of Debt - - - - - - Payments to Refunding Agent - - - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 70,000 - 750	Communications		-		348,793		322,727		-
Debt Service: Principal 430,000 445,000 460,000 475,000 Interest 245,946 233,370 222,255 205,809 Fiscal Agent Fees and Bond Issue Costs 2,250 2,000 - - - TOTAL EXPENDITURES 12,970,425 11,183,852 11,596,804 14,083,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (3,132,461) (741,614) 855,801 1,256,519 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers In 590,803 707,203 750 (48,400) Bond Premium - - - - - Issuance of Debt - - - - - Payments to Refunding Agent - - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 70,000 - 750 (47,650) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (3,062,461) \$ (741,614) \$ 856,551 \$ 1,208,869	Community Development	62	24,724		823,889		699,342		768,403
Principal 430,000 445,000 460,000 475,000 Interest 245,946 233,370 222,255 205,809 Fiscal Agent Fees and Bond Issue Costs 2,250 2,000 - - - TOTAL EXPENDITURES 12,970,425 11,183,852 11,596,804 14,083,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (3,132,461) (741,614) 855,801 1,256,519 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers Out (520,803) (707,203) - (48,400) Bond Premium - - - - Issuance of Debt - - - - Payments to Refunding Agent - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 70,000 - 750 (47,650) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (3,062,461) \$ (741,614) \$ 856,551 \$ 1,208,869	Capital Outlay	3,40	08,801		2,110,337		1,341,443		3,137,262
Interest 245,946 233,370 222,255 205,809 Fiscal Agent Fees and Bond Issue Costs 2,250 2,000 - - - - TOTAL EXPENDITURES 12,970,425 11,183,852 11,596,804 14,083,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (3,132,461) (741,614) 855,801 1,256,519 OTHER FINANCING 50URCES (USES) 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers In 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers Out (520,803) (707,203) - (48,400) Bond Premium - - - - - Issuance of Debt - - - - - Payments to Refunding Agent - - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 70,000 - 750 (47,650) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (3,062,461) \$ (741,614) \$ 856,551 \$ 1,208,869	Debt Service:								
Fiscal Agent Fees and Bond Issue Costs 2,250 2,000 -<	Principal	4.	30,000		445,000		460,000		475,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 12,970,425 11,183,852 11,596,804 14,083,095 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (3,132,461) (741,614) 855,801 1,256,519 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers Out (520,803) (707,203) - (48,400) Bond Premium - - - - - Issuance of Debt - - - - - - Payments to Refunding Agent - <t< td=""><td>Interest</td><td>24</td><td>15,946</td><td></td><td>233,370</td><td></td><td>222,255</td><td></td><td>205,809</td></t<>	Interest	24	15,946		233,370		222,255		205,809
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (3,132,461) (741,614) 855,801 1,256,519 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers Out (520,803) (707,203) - (48,400) Bond Premium - Issuance of Debt Payments to Refunding Agent TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 70,000 70,000 750 (47,650) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (3,062,461) \$ (741,614) \$ 856,551 \$ 1,208,869	Fiscal Agent Fees and Bond Issue Costs		2,250		2,000		-		-
Over (Under) Expenditures (3,132,461) (741,614) 855,801 1,256,519 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers Out (520,803) (707,203) - (48,400) Bond Premium - - - - Issuance of Debt - - - - Payments to Refunding Agent - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING - 70,000 - 750 (47,650) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (3,062,461) \$ (741,614) \$ 856,551 \$ 1,208,869 Debt Service as a Percentage of	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	12,9	70,425		11,183,852		11,596,804		14,083,095
Over (Under) Expenditures (3,132,461) (741,614) 855,801 1,256,519 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers Out (520,803) (707,203) - (48,400) Bond Premium - - - - Issuance of Debt - - - - Payments to Refunding Agent - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING - 70,000 - 750 (47,650) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (3,062,461) \$ (741,614) \$ 856,551 \$ 1,208,869 Debt Service as a Percentage of									
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers Out (520,803) (707,203) - (48,400) Bond Premium - - - - Issuance of Debt - - - - Payments to Refunding Agent - - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 50URCES (USES) 70,000 - 750 (47,650) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (3,062,461) \$ (741,614) \$ 856,551 \$ 1,208,869 Debt Service as a Percentage of	•								
SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers Out (520,803) (707,203) - (48,400) Bond Premium - - - - - Issuance of Debt -	Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,1)	32,461)		(741,614)		855,801		1,256,519
SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers Out (520,803) (707,203) - (48,400) Bond Premium - - - - - Issuance of Debt -	OTHER FINANCING								
Transfers In 590,803 707,203 750 750 Transfers Out (520,803) (707,203) - (48,400) Bond Premium - - - - - Issuance of Debt - - - - - - Payments to Refunding Agent -									
Transfers Out (520,803) (707,203) - (48,400) Bond Premium - - - - - Issuance of Debt - - - - - - Payments to Refunding Agent - <t< td=""><td></td><td>59</td><td>90.803</td><td></td><td>707.203</td><td></td><td>750</td><td></td><td>750</td></t<>		59	90.803		707.203		750		750
Bond Premium							-		
Issuance of Debt -		(-		-		_		-
Payments to Refunding Agent -<			-		_		_		_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 70,000 - 750 (47,650) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (3,062,461) \$ (741,614) \$ 856,551 \$ 1,208,869 Debt Service as a Percentage of			-		_		_		_
SOURCES (USES) 70,000 - 750 (47,650) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (3,062,461) \$ (741,614) \$ 856,551 \$ 1,208,869 Debt Service as a Percentage of	•			-					
Debt Service as a Percentage of		,	70,000		-		750		(47,650)
Debt Service as a Percentage of	NIETE CHANGE IN EVIND DAY ANGE	Ф (2.2	(2.461)	Φ.	(741 (14)	Φ.	056.551	Φ.	1.200.000
	NEI CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (3,0)	02,461)	<u>\$</u>	(/41,614)	\$	856,551		1,208,869
	Debt Service as a Percentage of								
			7.1%		7.5%		6.7%		6.2%

TABLE 4

Fiscal	l Year

 2019	2020	2021	I Year	2022	2023	2024
\$ 5,104,964	\$ 5,441,159	\$ 5,556,003	\$	5,848,954	\$ 6,029,270	\$ 6,177,100
4,755,916	4,598,336	5,237,092		5,935,354	6,301,856	6,022,566
235,870	604,876	67,282		217,424	4,821,395	366,126
4,177,392	3,788,092	3,424,315		3,456,614	3,892,428	4,348,066
636,484	386,056	200,433		497,897	1,234,157	1,455,577
 14,910,626	 14,818,519	 14,485,125		15,956,243	 22,279,106	 18,369,435
933,682	1,440,302	1,090,696		1,196,736	2,122,633	1,850,903
7,886,368	8,370,905	8,170,836		8,268,204	8,651,384	8,693,170
2,562,290	1,693,018	2,160,982		2,612,024	2,170,584	3,197,766
281,387	288,235	299,170		280,047	233,811	400,604
-	-	-		-	251,956	315,819
407,886	397,869	401,639		497,457	442,502	481,803
-	-	-		-	-	-
857,365	859,448	839,794		908,258	922,865	1,096,352
968,781	1,568,953	1,056,582		154,083	3,673,293	929,558
440,000	450,000	449,934		420,000	430,000	445,000
195,495	186,043	179,948		160,800	148,200	135,375
-	-	121,016		-		-
14,533,254	15,254,773	14,770,597		14,497,609	19,047,228	17,546,350
 377,372	 (436,254)	 (285,472)		1,458,634	 3,231,878	823,085
-	179,240	-		423,189	6,188,202	2,018,687
(481)	(492,722)	-		(28,680)	(6,378,067)	(954,903)
-	-	641,083		-	-	-
-	-	5,775,000		-	-	-
 -	 	 (6,295,066)			 	 -
(481)	 (313,482)	121,017		394,509	 (189,865)	 1,063,784
\$ 376,891	\$ (749,736)	\$ (164,455)	\$	1,853,143	\$ 3,042,013	\$ 1,886,869
				_		
4.7%	4.6%	4.6%		4.0%	3.8%	3.4%

CITY OF LEON VALLEY TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 5

Fiscal					Total	
Year	Property	Sales & Use	Occupancy	Franchise	Revenue	
2015	4,143,068	3,145,614	86,661	974,361	\$ 8,349,704	
2016	4,432,407	3,333,880	67,691	983,728	8,817,706	
2017	4,755,462	3,517,290	80,600	1,104,166	9,457,518	
2018	4,940,751	3,687,415	94,639	961,149	9,683,954	
2019	5,104,964	3,746,775	89,936	919,205	9,860,880	
2020	5,441,159	3,738,177	50,523	809,636	10,039,495	
2021	5,556,003	4,270,710	89,993	876,389	10,793,095	
2022	5,848,954	4,922,321	84,186	928,847	11,784,308	
2023	6,029,270	5,061,763	67,842	1,172,251	12,331,126	
2024	6,177,100	5,010,543	84,144	927,879	12,199,666	

CITY OF LEON VALLEY ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 6

	Total Taxable	Total		
Fiscal	Assessed	Direct		
Year	Value	Tax Rate		
2015	\$ 681,878,582	0.582915		
2016	707,418,512	0.575507		
2017	740,061,497	0.561615		
2018	817,913,902	0.556599		
2019	887,140,474	0.556599		
2020	997,287,526	0.545877		
2021	1,116,994,425	0.535904		
2022	1,184,330,358	0.534099		
2023	1,334,257,065	0.484739		
2024	1,345,942,663	0.484739		

Source: Bexar County Appraisal Districts

NOTES: Property in the City of Leon Valley is reassessed every year at estimated actual value. For this reason, assessed value is equal to estimated actual value. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value. Total taxable assessed value is before any applicable freeze adjustments.

CITY OF LEON VALLEY DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 7

	(City Direct Rates		Overlapping Rates				
Fiscal	General	Debt	Total	School	Bexar			
Year	Fund	Service	Direct	District	County			
2015	0.4768	0.0988	0.5755	1.3755	0.3145			
2016	0.4712	0.0904	0.5616	1.3755	0.3145			
2017	0.4746	0.0820	0.5566	1.3755	0.3090			
2018	0.4788	0.0778	0.5566	1.3755	0.3041			
2019	0.4783	0.0676	0.5459	1.3755	0.3011			
2020	0.4754	0.0682	0.5436	1.3055	0.3011			
2021	0.4722	0.0637	0.5359	1.2857	0.3011			
2022	0.4816	0.0525	0.5341	1.2631	0.3000			
2023	0.4383	0.0464	0.4847	1.1901	0.2763			
2024	0.4400	0.0447	0.4847	1.0117	0.2763			

		Overlapping Rates	
	University	San Antonio	Alamo
	Health	River	Community
	System	Authority	College
2015	0.2762	0.0175	0.1492
2016	0.2762	0.0173	0.1492
2017	0.2762	0.0173	0.1492
2018	0.2762	0.0173	0.1492
2019	0.2762	0.0186	0.1492
2020	0.2762	0.0186	0.1492
2021	0.2762	0.0186	0.1492
2022	0.2763	0.0184	0.1492
2023	0.2762	0.0184	0.1492
2024	0.2762	0.0180	0.0149

Source: Bexar County Tax Offices

NOTE: Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply within the City of Leon Valley. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City of Leon Valley property owners.

CITY OF LEON VALLEY PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

TABLE 8

		2024			2015	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
PF Bandera LLC	49,000,000	1	3.64%	_		-
Timberhill Commons LTD	49,000,000	2	3.64%	-		_
Ancira-winton Chevrolet	46,360,150	3	3.44%	22,771,680	1	3.34%
5622 Equity de LLC	41,000,000	4	3.05%	-		-
5650 Grissmo Owner LP	22,000,100	5	1.63%	-		_
Valencia Lofts	21,600,000	6	1.60%	-		-
Leors Holdings	16,807,750	7	1.25%	11,308,206	6	1.66%
Barcelona Lofts LLC	16,000,000	8	1.19%	11,100,000	7	1.63%
Vaquero Bandera Partners LP	12,000,000	9	0.89%	-		-
6300 Rue Marielyne Property	10,750,000	10	0.00%	-		-
H.E.B. Grocery	-		-	20,050,000	2	2.94%
Vista del Rey	-		-	16,600,000	3	2.43%
Shadow Valley Apartments	-		-	12,850,100	4	1.88%
Omninet Towers LP	-		-	11,308,206	5	1.66%
Leon SA Income Partners	-		-	6,500,000	8	0.95%
Forest Green Association	-		-	6,410,000	9	0.94%
SA West Loop II Investors	-		-	5,645,000	10	0.83%
TOTALS	\$ 284,518,000		20.34%	\$ 124,543,192		0

TOTAL TAXABLE

Source: Bexar County Appraisal District

CITY OF LEON VALLEY PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 9

		Collected W		Total Collections					
Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Fiscal Year of	Fiscal Year of Levy				To Date		
Ended	for the		% of	Sul	Subsequent			% of	
September 30,	Fiscal Year	Amount	Levy		Years		Amount	Levy	
2015	4,130,740	4,050,446	98.06%	\$	70,751	\$	4,121,197	99.77%	
2016	4,432,631	4,369,996	98.59%		51,237		4,421,233	99.74%	
2017	4,738,086	4,685,787	98.90%		42,404		4,728,191	99.79%	
2018	5,019,786	4,966,303	98.93%		41,274		5,007,577	99.76%	
2019	5,137,625	5,080,976	98.90%		45,082		5,126,058	99.77%	
2020	5,446,779	5,388,962	98.94%		41,805		5,430,767	99.71%	
2021	5,599,495	5,545,111	99.03%		34,616		5,579,727	99.65%	
2022	5,805,577	5,741,734	98.90%		37,491		5,704,243	98.25%	
2023	5,925,028	5,856,964	98.85%		31,066		5,856,964	98.85%	
2024	6,090,540	6,129,144	100.63%		-		6,129,144	100.63%	

Source: Bexar County Appraisal District

CITY OF LEON VALLEY WATER SOLD BY TYPE OF CUSTOMER LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 10

Type of Customer Residential Commerical Total	2015 \$ 176,710,000 131,218,294 \$ 307,928,294	2016 \$ 177,355,000 142,359,865 \$ 319,714,865	Fiscal Year 2017 \$ 160,769,000 132,729,922 \$ 293,498,922	2018 \$ 155,524,000 128,377,775 \$ 283,901,775	2019 \$ 142,601,000 128,044,700 \$ 270,645,700
Total Direct Rate per 1,000 Gallons	\$ 1.08	\$ 1.08	\$ 1.08	\$ 3.18	\$ 3.37
Type of Customer	2020	2021	Fiscal Year	2023	2024
Residential Commerical Total	\$ 160,304,400 129,810,102 \$ 290,114,502	\$ 146,792,100 128,201,713 \$ 274,993,813	\$ 155,678,000 135,567,000 \$ 291,245,000	\$ 154,718,000 155,661,000 \$ 310,379,000	\$ 141,929,000 123,931,700 \$ 265,860,700
Total Direct Rate per 1,000 Gallons	\$ 3.56	\$ 3.56	\$ 3.56	\$ 3.56	\$ 3.56

Source: Leon Valley Water Department.

CITY OF LEON VALLEY WATER AND SEWER RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 11

		Wa	ater			Sev	wer	
Fiscal	Mo	onthly	Ra	te per	M	onthly	Ra	te per
Year	Bas	e Rate	1,000	Gallons	Bas	se Rate	1,000	Gallons
2015	\$	9.36	\$	1.08	\$	14.36	\$	5.59
2016		9.36		1.08		15.08		5.83
2017		11.20		3.18		15.08		5.83
2018		11.48		3.37		15.08		5.92
2019		11.76		3.56		15.08		6.24
2020		11.76		3.56		15.08		6.24
2021		11.76		3.56		15.08		6.24
2022		11.76		3.56		15.08		6.24
2023		11.76		3.56		15.08		6.24
2024		11.76		3.56		15.08		6.24

NOTES: Rates are based on 5/8" meter, which is the standard household meter size.

CITY OF LEON VALLEY TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 12

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2015	460,768,403	265,776,360	5,426,124	50,092,305	\$ 681,878,582	0.582915
2016	473,221,531	278,323,833	6,158,319	50,285,171	707,418,512	0.575507
2017	504,499,829	288,913,043	5,574,551	58,925,926	740,061,497	0.561615
2018	558,785,477	324,533,883	5,961,942	71,367,400	817,913,902	0.556599
2019	597,606,183	361,183,881	6,527,631	78,177,221	887,140,474	0.556599
2020	677,156,407	378,811,873	8,057,007	66,737,761	997,287,526	0.545877
2021	636,307,764	574,292,157	9,034,492	102,639,988	1,116,994,425	0.535904
2022	689,389,560	599,369,775	9,071,223	113,500,200	1,184,330,358	0.534099
2023	818,724,389	674,604,836	9,494,623	168,566,783	1,334,257,065	0.484739
2024	1,116,665,422	480,890,121	10,456,421	262,069,301	1,345,942,663	0.484739

CITY OF LEON VALLEY RATIOS OF DEBT OUTSTANDING BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 13

	Genera	al Bonded Debt Outs	standing	Available		Percentage of
	General	Private Property	Certificates	in Debt		Actual Taxable
Fiscal	Obligation	Finance	of	Service		Value of
Year	Bonds	Contracts	Obligation	Fund	 Total	Property
2015	\$ 7,857,138	\$ 725,000	\$ -	(286,735)	\$ 8,295,403	1.17%
2016	7,450,179	780,000	2,086,424	(320,527)	9,996,076	1.35%
2017	7,028,220	735,000	2,062,543	(339,874)	9,485,889	1.16%
2018	6,596,261	685,000	2,023,662	(350,176)	8,954,747	1.01%
2019	6,199,302	635,000	1,975,901	(341,448)	8,468,755	0.85%
2020	5,792,343	585,000	1,932,020	(387,927)	7,921,436	0.71%
2021	5,966,083	-	1,883,139	(419,426)	7,429,796	0.63%
2022	5,487,803	-	1,834,258	(414,099)	6,907,962	0.52%
2023	5,010,116	-	1,780,377	(428,334)	6,362,159	0.48%
2024	4,511,607	-	1,726,496	(577,210)	5,660,893	0.42%

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements. See Table 6 for the City's property tax value data. City population data can be found in Table 18.

CITY OF LEON VALLEY RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING CURRENT YEAR

TABLE 14

		G	overnr	nental Activi	ties		В	usiness-Typ	pe Activities	_			
		General	Priva	te Property	Certifi	icates			Certificates		Total	Percent	
Fiscal	(Obligation	I	Finance	O	of	Re	evenue	of		Primary	of Gross	Per
Year		Bonds	C	ontracts	Oblig	gation	I	Bonds	Obligation	G	overnment	Income	Capita
2015	\$	7,857,138	\$	725,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	8,582,138	3.17%	763
2016		7,450,179		780,000		-		-	2,086,424		10,316,603	3.81%	920
2017		7,028,220		735,000		-		-	2,062,543		9,825,763	3.63%	873
2018		6,596,261		685,000		-		-	2,023,662		9,304,923	3.43%	824
2019		6,199,302		635,000		-		-	1,975,901		8,810,203	3.25%	779
2020		5,792,343		585,000		-		-	1,932,020		8,309,363	3.07%	729
2021		5,966,083		-		-		-	1,883,139		7,849,222	2.27%	644
2022		5,487,803		-		-		-	1,834,258		7,322,061	2.22%	601
2023		5,010,116		-		-		-	1,780,377		6,790,493	1.74%	557
2024		4,511,607		-		-		-	1,726,496		6,238,103	1.60%	493

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements. See Table 6 for the City's property tax value data. City population data can be found in Table 18.

CITY OF LEON VALLEY DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT CURRENT YEAR

TABLE 15

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable*	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes:			
Alamo CCD	\$ 707,460,000	0.42%	\$ 2,971,332
Bexar County	2,222,135,000	0.42%	9,332,967
Bexar County Hospital District	1,280,820,000	0.42%	5,379,444
Northside Independent School District	2,539,102,021	1.72%	43,672,555
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			61,356,298
City Governmental Activities Direct Debt			4,511,607
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$ 65,867,905

NOTES: The overlapping debt was received from the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

^{*}Overlapping debt is the proportionate share of the debts of local jurisdictions located wholly or in part within the limits of the City of Leon Valley. This schedule is intended to demonstrate the total debt that the City of Leon Valley property tax payers will be expected to repay. The amount of debt applicable to the City of Leon Valley is computed by (a) determining what portion of total assessed value of the overlapping jurisdiction lies within the limits of the City and (b) applying this percentage to the total governmental activities debt of the overlapping jurisdiction.

CITY OF LEON VALLEY DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 16

Assessed Value, 2023 Tax Roll			\$ 1,345,942,663
Debt Limit - Texas statues do not provide a legal debt limit for cities; however, through accepted practice a practical "economic" debt limit is considered to be 10% of the assessed value.			\$ 134,594,266
Amount of Applicable Debt:			
General Bonded Debt		\$ 4,511,607	
Less Debt Service Net Position		 (590,159)	 3,921,448
DEBT MARGIN			\$ 130,672,818
Total Net Debt as a Percentage of Debt Margin			3.00%
		Fiscal Year	
	2021	2022	2023
Assessed Value	\$ 1,116,994,425	\$ 1,184,330,358	\$ 1,334,257,065
Debt Limit	\$ 111,699,443	\$ 118,433,036	\$ 133,425,707
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	5,535,681	5,065,956	4,571,454
Total Debt Margin	\$ 106,163,762	\$ 113,367,080	\$ 128,854,253
	2018	2019	2020
Assessed Value	\$ 949,714,257	\$ 997,287,526	\$ 1,075,859,763
Debt Limit	\$ 94,971,426	\$ 99,728,753	\$ 107,585,976
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	8,950,605	8,462,414	5,980,870
Total Debt Margin	\$ 86,020,821	\$ 91,266,339	\$ 101,605,106
	2015	2016	2017
Assessed Value	\$ 740,061,500	\$ 817,913,900	\$ 887,140,474
Debt Limit	\$ 74,006,150	\$ 81,791,390	\$ 88,714,047
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	 8,774,392	 10,376,736	 8,098,078
Total Debt Margin	\$ 65,231,758	\$ 71,414,654	\$ 80,615,969

CITY OF LEON VALLEY PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 17

				V	Vater Revenu	e Bond	ds			
	Utility		Less:		Net		Debt S	ervice	:	
Fiscal	Service	C	Operating	A	Available					
Year	 Charges	I	Expenses]	Revenue	P	rincipal	I	nterest	Coverage
2024	\$ 5,362,842	\$	3,333,332	\$	2,029,510	\$	50,000	\$	51,065	20.08
2023	5,231,485		3,094,675		2,136,810		50,000		53,982	20.55
2022	5,381,349		5,557,366		(176,017)		45,000		55,815	(1.75)
2021	5,095,369		4,389,210		706,159		45,000		58,483	6.82
2020	4,987,020		4,416,064		570,956		40,000		60,148	5.70
2019	4,990,678		4,920,092		70,586		40,000		66,363	0.66
2018	4,586,249		4,657,233		(70,984)		35,000		68,113	(0.69)
2017	4,456,994		3,833,400		623,594		20,000		82,510	6.08
2016	3,683,776		3,752,522		(68,746)		-		-	100.00
2015	3,481,570		3,481,521		49		-		-	100.00

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements. Operating expenses do not include depreciation, interest, amortization or joint venture expenses.

CITY OF LEON VALLEY DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 18

F! 137	D 1.1	Personal	Pe	r Capita ersonal	Median	School	Unemployment
Fiscal Year	Population	Income	1	ncome	Age	Enrollment	Rate
2015	10,866	270,954,576	\$	24,936	40.00	4,130	5.1%
2016	10,866	270,954,576		24,936	40.00	4,198	5.0%
2017	10,866	270,954,576		24,936	40.00	3,809	4.2%
2018	10,866	270,954,576		24,936	40.00	3,809	3.7%
2019	10,866	270,954,576		24,936	40.00	4,050	3.2%
2020	10,866	270,954,576		24,936	40.00	4,050	3.2%
2021	11,542	345,486,686		29,933	39.20	3,514	6.7%
2022	11,503	329,756,501		28,667	38.50	3,414	3.2%
2023	11,429	390,791,797		34,193	38.20	3,623	3.8%
2024	11,485	392,706,605		34,193	39.20	3,623	4.1%

Sources: Population, personal income, median age and education level information are provided by the United States Census Bureau. School enrollment information is provided by the Northside Independent School District. Unemployment data is provided by the Texas Workforce Commission.

CITY OF LEON VALLEY TOP TEN PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

TABLE 19

		2024			2015	
			PERCENTAGE			PERCENTA GE
			OF TOTAL CITY			OF TOTAL CITY
SAN ANTONIO EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEES	<u>RANK</u>	EMPLOYMENT	EMPLOYEES	RANK	EMPLOYMENT
Joint Base San Antonio	82,639	1	7.09%			
H.E.B.	20,000	2	1.72%	20,000	3	1.96%
USAA	18,100	3	1.55%	17,000	4	1.67%
City of San Antonio	14,500	4	1.24%	9,145	8	0.90%
Northside ISD	12,900	5	1.11%	12,751	5	1.25%
Methodist Healthcare System	12,000	6	1.03%	8,118	9	0.80%
North East I.S.D	8,208	7	0.70%	10,052	7	0.99%
UT Health San Antonio	7,930	8	0.68%			
San Antonio ISD	7,500	9	0.64%			
Baptist Health System	7,291	10	0.63%	6,498	10	0.64%
Lackland Air Force				37,097	1	3.64%
Fort Sam Houston- U.S. Army				32,000	2	3.14%
Randolph Air Force Base				11,068	6	1.09%
Total	191,068		16.39%	163,729		16.08%

The City of Leon Valley is surrounded by the City of San Antonio and no data is available for the employers in Leon Valley. The above data is for San Antonio.

Source: San Antonio Economic Development Foundation.

CITY OF LEON VALLEY FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 20

			Full-Ti	me Equiva	lent Empl	oyees as o	of Septeml	ber 30,		
Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General Government										
Business Office	1.6	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Finance	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.1	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.9
Manager and Council	3.0	3.9	2.5	3.3	2.8	2.1	3.6	3.6	1.8	1.8
Information Technology	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.3
Public Safety										
Police										
Officers	24.0	25.0	28.5	37.0	41.0	41.0	41.0	41.0	41.0	41.0
Civilians	3.9	1.0	1.0	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	3.2	3.2
Fire										
Firefighters and Officers	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-
Civilians	26.0	26.0	27.0	27.0	27.0	27.0	28.0	28.0	27.0	27.0
Public Works	12.6	13.3	13.3	13.3	11.8	11.8	11.8	11.8	13.8	13.8
Development Activities	1.6	1.6	2.6	3.3	4.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	2.5	2.5
Economic Development	2.0	2.0	1.0	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.5	1.5
<u>Parks</u>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	-	-
<u>Library</u>	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	6.0	6.0
<u>Comunications</u>	6.0	2.0	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Center	1.6	1.6	1.1	1.6	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.8
Water and Sewer	18.2	17.6	17.4	17.4	17.4	17.4	17.4	17.4	17.7	17.7
TOTAL	110.0	105.1	107.5	118.2	119.8	117.8	119.1	119.1	117.0	117.0

Source: City Adopted Budgets

Note Full-time equivalent is based on the schedule hours of positions to a 40 hour work week.

CITY OF LEON VALLEY OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Function 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 **Police** 722.0 Arrests 915.0 535.0 789.0 1221.0 Traffic Violations 3915.0 4963.0 3643.0 7616.0 10156.0 <u>Fire</u> Fire Calls 1183.0 942.0 505.0 598.0 441.0 **EMS Calls** 1136.0 1472.0 2081.0 1704.0 1561.0 Number of Inspections 480.0 310.0 730.0 724.0 392.0 Public Works Streets resufacing (Miles) 5.0 1.0 2.3 4.1 1.2 Sidewalk Construction (Feet) 1304.0 2060.0 1957.0 350.0 1020.0 Library Reference Questions 6,485.0 7,681.0 7,149.0 7,384.0 10,393.0 Internet Sessions 6,497.0 8,055.0 8,346.0 17,456.0 17,857.0 Library Acquisitions 1,823.0 2,011.0 2,352.0 2,269.0 1,760.0 Water Daily Average Consumption (thousands of gallons) 843,639.0 869,649.0 804,105.0 777,813.0 741,495.0 Total Customers 2,561.00 2,574.00 2,583.00 2,601.00 2,613.00 Average Use Per Connection 329.42 337.86 311.31 299.04 283.77 Sewer Total Customers 2456.0 2479.0 2489.0 2505.0 2613.0 Daily Average

681,173.0

703,502.0

697,762.0

679,844.0

Source: Various City Departments.

703,607.0

Treatment (Gallons)

TABLE 21

		Fiscal Year		
2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
473.0	333.0	673.0	1074.0	1126.0
4277.0	2601.0	5050.0	6003.0	4163.0
680.0	795.0	729.0	627.0	623.0
1521.0	1922.0	1758.0	1777.0	2100.0
614.0	679.0	734.0	675.0	728.0
4.1	2.0	1.0	2.0	2.1
1020.0	679.0	1187.0	926.0	1251.0
5,123.0	4,572.0	6,646.0	12,952.0	20,076.0
4,061.0	8,834.0	3,801.0	8,087.0	6,875.0
1,519.0	1,618.0	2,660.0	2,044.0	2,734.0
T (0.200.0	552 405 0	072.521.0	0.62.1.62.0	732 102 0
769,308.0	753,407.0	973,521.0	862,163.0	733,102.0
2,634.00	2,637.00	2,646.00	2,631.00	2,635.00
292.07	285.71	367.92	327.69	278.22
2546.0	2549.0	2560.0	2547.0	2548.0
635,655.0	648,440.0	797,932.0	655,080.0	663,991.0

CITY OF LEON VALLEY CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 **Function Police** Stations 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 Patrol Units 24.0 25.0 28.5 37.0 37.0 **Fire** Stations 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 Fire Fighters 26.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 26.0 **Streets** Streets, paved (miles) 39.5 39.5 43.0 43.0 43.0 Parks and Recreation Parks - Developed 1.0 1.0 1.0 5.0 5.0 Parks - Acreage 24.0 24.0 69.5 69.5 69.5 **Swimming Pools** 1.0 1.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 Tennis Courts 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 Community Centers 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 Library Facility 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 Water Number of Hydrants 208.0 208.0 208.0 208.0 208.0 Water Mains (Miles) 39.5 39.5 39.5 39.5 39.5 Sewer Sanitary Sewers (Miles) 47.5 47.5 47.5 47.5 47.5 Storm Sewers (Feet) 4,000.0 4,000.0 4,000.0 4,000.0 4,000.0

Source: Various City Departments

Fiscal Year				
2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
37.0	37.0	37.0	37.0	39.0
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
27.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	27.0
43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0
5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	7.0
69.5	69.5	69.5	84.6	84.6
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	-
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
208.0	208.0	208.0	208.0	208.0
39.5	39.5	39.05	39.05	39.05
47.5	47.5	47.5	47.5	47.5
4,000.0	4,000.0	5,000.0	5,000.0	5,000.0

