

DRAFT CITY OF LAKE CITY MOBILITY FEE

LAND USE CATEGORIES (DARK GREY), USE CLASSIFICATIONS, & REPRESENTATIVE USES (IN PARENTHESES)	UNIT OF MEASURE (UOM)	Mobility Fee
Residential Uses		
Affordable Residential ^{1,2}	per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	\$888
Residential (Single-Family, Multi-Family, Mobile Home) ^{2,3,4}	per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	\$1,776
Institutional Uses		
Community Serving (Civic / Fraternal Club, Gallery, Museum, Performance Venues, Place of Assembly or Worship)	per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	\$1,003
Long Term Care (Assisted Living, Adult Care Center, Congregate Living Facility, Nursing Home)	per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	\$866
Private Education (Afterschool, Child Care Center, Day Care Center, K-12, Pre-K, Trade School, Tutor)	per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	\$1,179
Recreational Uses		
Golf Course (Open to Public or Non-Resident Membership)	per hole	\$4,977
Outdoor Commercial Recreation (Amusement, Driving Range, Multi-Purpose, Recreation, Sports, Tennis) ⁵	per Acre	\$6,510
Indoor Commercial Recreation (Amusement Arcade, Exercise Studio, Fitness, Gym, Health, Indoor Sports, Recreation) ⁵	per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	\$5,848
Recreational Vehicle or Travel Trailer Park	per Space / Lot	\$170
Industrial Uses		
Industrial (Heavy, Flex-Unit, Light, Microbrewery, Self or Outdoor Storage, Utilities) ⁶	per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	\$550
Office Uses		
Office (Administrative, Business, Hospital, Post Secondary Education, Professional, Real Estate)	per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	\$1,638
Medical or Dental Office (Clinic, Dental, Health Service, Laboratory, Professional Care, Emergency Care, Rehab, Veterinary)	per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	\$3,786
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Multi-Tenant Retail (Goods, Merchandise, Personal Services, Restaurant, Retail, Street Level Mixed-Use) ⁷	per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	\$2,631
Free-Standing Retail (Auto, Discount, Home Improvement, Superstore, Wholesale) ⁸	per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	\$3,903
High Impact Retail (Alcoholic Beverages, Banks, Grocery Store, Pharmacy & Drug Store, Sit-Down Restaurant) ⁹	per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	\$8,232
Convenience Retail (Convenience Store, Fast Food Restaurant, Drive-In Restaurant, Gasoline Station) ⁹	per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	\$13,311
Non-Residential Additive Uses (All uses are additive except overnight lodging)¹⁰		
Bank or Financial Drive-Thru Lane or Free-Standing ATM ¹¹	per Lane / ATM	\$10,217
Hotel & Overnight Accommodations (B&B, Condo Hotel, Hotel, Motel, Motor Lodge, Tourist Court, Short-term Rental, Transient)	per Room	\$1,599
Fast Food or Quick Service Restaurant Drive Thru ¹²	per Lane	\$20,868
Retail Drive-Thru (Dry Cleaner, Dollar Store, Grocery Store, Pharmacy & Drug Store, Retail) ¹³	per Lane	\$7,241
Automobile Cleaning (Automated, Cleaning, Dry, Detailing, Polishing, Self-Serve, Vacuum, Wash, Wax) ¹⁴	per Lane or Stall plus per five (5) Stations	\$9,050
Automobile Charging (Commercial Facility which requires Membership or Payment) ¹⁵	per Position	\$8,301
Automobile Fueling ¹⁵	per Position	\$10,009
Automobile Repair Service (Brakes, Install, Maintenance, Major, Minor, Quick Lube, Repair, Tint, Tires) ¹⁶	per Bay or Stall	\$4,890

¹ The City of Lake City defines affordable housing as housing available for those making TBD% of the Area Medium Income. The mobility fee is calculated at a reduced rate as permitted per Florida Statute (Fla. Sta.) 163.3180 (5) (f) 6. The mobility fee could be waived completely by the City per Fla. Sta. 163.31801 (11) per affordable definition in Fla. Sta. 420.9071. The City shall establish that the housing meets the TBD criteria prior to utilization of the lower mobility fee rates.

² Residential square feet is the sum of enclosed liveable areas (doors, windows, walls) under roof (in square feet) of each dwelling unit measured from the exterior surface of exterior walls, excluding unconditioned garages.

³ Any space that is leased to a third-party use to provides drinks, entertainment, food, goods, or other services available to the public shall be required to pay the applicable mobility fee per the individual uses identified in the mobility fee schedule.

⁴ Mobile residence includes individual lots or parcels or more than one mobile residence in a development, park or resort. The storage of an RV or travel trailer on a residential parcel of land, where the land development code allows for on-site storage, is not considered to be a separate residence. Any space in a development, park, or resort that is leased to a third-party use to provides drinks, entertainment, food, goods, or other services available to the public shall be required to pay the applicable mobility fee per the individual uses identified in the mobility fee schedule.

⁵ For Recreational Uses that feature both indoor and outdoor entertainment or recreation, the indoor shall be based on the indoor mobility fee rate, the outdoor shall be made on the outdoor rate, any other uses, such as hotel and overnight accommodations or commercial and retail uses, shall pay the applicable mobility fee for the land use.

⁶ Acreage for any unenclosed material and vehicle storage, including but not limited to boats, commercial vehicles, recreational vehicles (RV), and trailers, sales and display shall be converted to square footage.

⁷ Multi-tenant Retail means a single building, with two or more separate uses under lease or ownership where no single use exceeds 75% of the total square footage of the building. Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Land Use Codes under the 800 and 900 series, excluding grocery stores and supermarkets.

⁸ Free-Standing Retail shall mean retail and personal services in a single building where any use under common ownership exceeds 75% of the total square footage of the building. Free-Standing Retail uses are typically located on their own parcel, have designated off-street parking areas and one or more access to an external road. Free-Standing Retail may also be outparcels within a larger overall development and may share an access to an external street with one or more uses. ITE Trip Generation Manual Land Use Codes under the 800 and 900 series. Stand alone dollar stores and wholesale clubs are examples of free-standing retail uses. Excludes high-impact retail and convenience retail uses.

⁹ High Impact Retail includes banks, pharmacies, sit down restaurants (non fast food), grocery stores, supermarkets, beer, liquor, package, wine and spirits stores, bars, nightclubs, lounges. These uses generate between 75 and 250 daily trips per 1,000 sq. ft. per the latest ITE Generation Manual or alternative study. Convenience Retail includes car washes, convenience stores, gas stations, service stations, coffee, donut, sandwich, food and beverage that would be considered fast food or quick service restaurants. These uses generate more than 250 daily trips per 1,000 sq. ft. per the latest ITE Generation Manual or alternative study.

¹⁰ Additive mobility fees are assessed in addition to the mobility fee assessed with the square footage of the building.

¹¹ Bank shall pay the multi-use or freestanding retail rate for the square footage of the building. Drive-thru lanes, Free Standing ATM's and Drive-thru lanes with ATM's are assessed a separate fee per lane or per ATM and are added to any mobility fee associated with a bank building. The free-standing ATM is for an ATM only and not an ATM within or part of another non-financial building, such as an ATM within a grocery store.

¹² Any drive-thru associated with a quick service restaurant will be an additive fee in addition to the applicable retail mobility fee per square foot of the building. The number of drive-thru lanes will be based on the number of lanes present when an individual places an order or picks up an order, whichever is greater. Quick service restaurants include those in convenience stores or multi-tenant buildings.

¹³ Any drive-thru associated with a retail use will be assessed an additive mobility fee in addition to the applicable retail mobility fee per square foot of the building. The number of drive-thru lanes will be based on the number of lanes present when an individual places an order or picks up an order, whichever is greater. Drive-thru lanes may be located in multi-use or free-standing buildings. Banks and Quick Service Restaurants have their own mobility fee rates per drive-thru lane.

¹⁴ Automobile Cleaning shall mean any car wash, wax, or detail where a third party or automatic system performs the cleaning service. Mobility Fee are assessed per bay, lane, stall, or tunnel, plus per (5) finishing stations. Applicable retail rates would be assessed for any additional building square footage.

¹⁵ Rates per Automobile Charging or Fueling position apply to a convenience store, gas station, general store, grocery store, supermarket, superstore, variety store, wholesale club or service stations with fuel pumps. In addition, there shall be a separate mobility fee for the square footage of any retail building per the applicable mobility fee rate under commercial and retail uses. The number of charging or fueling positions is based on the maximum number of vehicles that could be charged or fueled at one time. Non-commercial vehicle charging stations associated with residential or non-residential uses that are required by the City or are provided by the owner as an amenity and not a commercial purpose shall not be assessed a mobility fee.

¹⁶ Automobile Repair Service includes maintenance, repair, and servicing of motor vehicles. Mobility Fee are assessed per bay or stall, plus a retail rate associated with any additional building square footage under retail uses for waiting areas, parts, supplies, and transactions.

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