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691 N Spruce Avenue Residence) KETCHUM PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION
Lot Consolidation & Waiver Request) FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND
File Number: P22-042A) DECISION
)
Date: March 14, 2023)
)

PROJECT: 691 N Spruce Avenue Residence

APPLICATION TYPE: Lot Consolidation Preliminary Plat & Waiver Request

FILE NUMBER: P22-042A

ASSOCIATED APPLICATIONS: Mountain Overlay Design Review (Application File No. P22-042B)

PROPERTY OWNER: Spruce and 6th LLC

REPRESENTATIVE: Jake Watkins, Roger Ferris + Partners (Architect)

LOCATION: 691 N Spruce Avenue (Ketchum Townsite: Block 91: Lots 7 & 8)

ZONING: Limited Residential (LR) & Mountain Overlay (MO)

OVERLAY: None

RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

The Planning and Zoning Commission considered the 691 N Spruce Avenue Lot Consolidation Preliminary Plat and Waiver Application File No. P22-042A during their meeting on February 28, 2023. The application was considered concurrently with Mountain Overlay Design Review (Application File No. P22-042B) and the public hearings were combined in accordance with Idaho Code §67-6522.

Public Hearing Notice & Public Comment

A public hearing notice for the project was mailed to all owners of property within 300 feet of the project site and all political subdivisions on February 8, 2023. The public hearing notice was published in the Idaho Mountain Express on February 8, 2023. A notice was posted on the project site and the city's website on February 13, 2023. The story pole was installed on the project site on February 21, 2023.

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Planning and Zoning Commission having reviewed the entire project record, provided notice, and conducted the required public hearing does hereby make and set forth these Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision as follows:

The applicant is proposing to develop a new one-family dwelling (the "project") located at 691 N Spruce Avenue (the "subject property") within the Limited Residential Zoning District (the "LR Zone") and Mountain Overlay. The proposed residence is 4,534 gross square feet and contains five bedrooms and a two-car garage with storage space. The project proposes site improvements, including re-grading the existing driveway to comply with Fire Department requirements. The rearand side-yard setback areas will be restored and revegetated with native grasses and sage brush. New aspen trees will be installed to enhance the existing grove on the property and new native chokecherries will be installed to screen utilities.

Pursuant to Ketchum Municipal Code (KMC) §17.104.050.A, design review is required for the "construction or placement of new buildings or structures, including additions to any such structures or buildings existing at the effective date hereof, upon real property within the Mountain Overlay Zoning District." The project is subject to all Mountain Overlay design review criteria and standards specified in KMC §17.104.070 as well as all applicable design review standards specified in KMC §17.96.060.

The subject property is comprised of two separate lots located on Knob Hill. These lots are part of the original Ketchum Townsite that was created in 1948. Topography was not considered when the townsite was established, and Knob Hill contains platted blocks with multiple unimproved lots and unimproved public rights-of-way located high on the hillside.

The subject property is developed with an existing single-family residence that was constructed in 1977 and is proposed to be demolished. While the existing home is more than 50 years old, the building is not designated on the city's adopted Historic Building/Site List. Review by the Historic Preservation Commission is not required; however, a demolition permit cannot be issued for the existing residence until a 60-day waiting period has concluded (KMC §15.16.040.B3) and a complete building permit application for a replacement project on the property has been accepted by the city and required fees have been paid (KMC §17.20.010.B).

The existing home was developed prior to the city's establishment of the Mountain Overlay in 1989 and does not comply with current hillside development standards. Current code requires new buildings to be constructed in areas with less than 25% slope (KMC §16.04.020). The contours of the site and the adjacent undisturbed hillside show that the natural slope of the development parcel exceeded 25% prior to the construction of the existing nonconforming home in 1977.

Additionally, the existing home and structures, including retaining walls, encroach within the front, rear, and side yard setback areas and are nonconforming with the dimensional standards required in

the LR Zone. The existing nonconforming home is proposed to be demolished. Since the existing nonconforming home is proposed to be demolished, the new development, including all existing and proposed site improvements, must comply with all current code standards.

The applicant has proposed consolidating the two lots so that the new single-family residence will comply with the setbacks required in the LR Zone. The lot consolidation preliminary plat must comply with all subdivision design and development standards specified in KMC §16.04.040. Building envelopes are required to be established on lots that contain areas of 25% or greater slope based on natural contours. These building envelopes must be established outside of hillsides with 25% and greater slopes (KMC §16.04.040.F2) unless the request qualifies for one of two waivers outlined in the subdivision code. The application qualifies for the first waiver outlined, which states a waiver may be considered, "for lot line shifts of parcels that are entirely within slopes of 25% or greater to create a reasonable building envelope, and mountain overlay design review standards and all other City requirements are met." The applicant has requested a waiver to create a reasonable building envelope on the consolidated development parcel.

Zoning Code Interpretation 22-001

The City of Ketchum Planning and Zoning Commission (the "Commission") considered the question of whether nonconforming properties on hillsides of 25% and greater slope would be permitted to be redeveloped if the existing non-conforming home were to be demolished during their special meeting on February 15, 2022. Zoning Code Interpretation 22-001.

The Commission determined that existing nonconforming properties may be redeveloped under the following conditions:

- A. If the property configuration is proposed to be modified (lot line adjustment, lot consolidation etc.), then the new property configuration must establish a building envelope on the lowest portion of the property. Existing non-conforming building footprints are not permitted to be redeveloped outright. If a more compliant alternative at a lower elevation on the hillside property exists, then the new home must be sited in the more suitable area for redevelopment.
- B. If the property configuration is not being altered or changed, then a new home may be constructed at the Commission's discretion through Mountain Overlay Design Review provided that the project does not exceed the height or limits of disturbance of the existing nonconforming home. The building footprint shall conform as close as possible to the existing building.

As mentioned above, the property configuration is proposed to be modified by combining lots 7 and 8, therefore the evaluation of the redevelopment falls under scenario A. The proposed building envelope has been established at the lower elevation of the consolidated parcel and complies with the minimum setbacks required in the LR Zone. KMC §17.104.070.A10 directs the Commission to

consider if there are other sites on the property more suitable for the proposed development in order to carry out the purposes of the Mountain Overlay. The new home is sited within the most suitable area for redevelopment at the lower elevation of the parcel.

The project also conforms to the requirements outlined for scenario B as well. The maximum height of the proposed home is 33 feet, which is 1.22 feet less than the maximum height of the existing home. The proposed residence's building footprint conforms to the building footprint of the existing home as shown on Sheet C1.1 of the project plans. The existing development's total building coverage is 4,084 square feet. The proposed redevelopment's building coverage is 2,478 square feet, which is 1,606 square feet less than existing.

The site survey on Sheet C1.0 of the project plans shows the existing development's limits of disturbance. The total area of existing site disturbance is 8,469 square feet. The site photos on Sheets EX003 and EX004 of the project plans show the existing disturbed areas on the subject property. Existing disturbance within the front-yard setback area includes the driveway and retaining walls. Existing disturbance within the rear-yard setback area includes drystack retaining walls, landscape steps, a paver patio, and a drainage swale.

Existing disturbance within the south-side-yard setback area includes railroad tie retainage and a tall concrete retaining wall. Sheet C1.1 shows that the new single-family residence and all associated site improvements are contained within the existing limits of disturbance on the subject property.

The project complies with Interpretation 22-001, zoning code requirements, design review standards, and subdivision regulations.

The Planning and Building Department received the Pre-Application Design Review for the project on July 1, 2022 and received the Lot Consolidation Preliminary Plat application and waiver request on September 1, 2022. The preliminary plat was reviewed by planning staff and city departments concurrently with the Pre-Application, and the applications were deemed complete on October 13, 2022. The Commission reviewed the Pre-Application on November 8, 2022 and unanimously advanced the project to final Mountain Overlay Design Review. During their review of the Pre-Application, the Commission commented that the proposed home was thoughtfully designed and met the requirements outlined in Zoning Code Interpretation 22-001.

The Planning and Building Department received the final Mountain Overlay Design Review application on November 22, 2022. The application was reviewed by planning staff and city departments, and review comments were provided to the applicant on January 6, 2023. The application was deemed complete on February 3, 2023.

FINDINGS REGARDING COMPLIANCE PRELIMINARY PLAT REQUIREMENTS

	Preliminary Plat Requirements (Ketchum Municipal Code §16.04.030)					
C	omplia	nt	Tremminary ris	at requirements (retenant manicipal code 310.04.050)		
Yes	No	N/A	City Code	City Standards		
\boxtimes			16.04.030.C.1	The subdivider shall file with the administrator copies of the completed subdivision application form and preliminary plat data as required by this chapter.		
			Findings	The City of Ketchum Planning and Building Department received the subdivision application and all applicable application materials on September 1, 2022.		
			16.04.030.J	Contents Of Preliminary Plat: The preliminary plat, together with all application forms, title insurance report, deeds, maps, and other documents reasonably required, shall constitute a complete subdivision application.		
			Findings	The subdivision application was deemed complete on October 13, 2022.		
			16.04.030.J.1	The preliminary plat shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one inch equals one hundred feet (1" = 100') and shall show the following: The scale, north point and date.		
			Findings	This standard is met as shown on Sheet 1 of the preliminary plat.		
\boxtimes			16.04.030.J.2	The name of the proposed subdivision, which shall not be the same or confused with the name of any other subdivision in Blaine County, Idaho.		
			Findings	As shown on Sheet 1 of the preliminary plat, the plat is titled "Lot 7A, Block 91, Ketchum Townsite" which is not the same as any other subdivision in Blaine County, Idaho.		
\boxtimes			16.04.030.J.3	The name and address of the owner of record, the subdivider, and the engineer, surveyor, or other person preparing the plat.		
			Findings	The name of the owner and surveyor is shown on Sheet 1 of the plat. The plat was prepared by Mark E. Phillips of Galena Engineering.		
\boxtimes			16.04.030.J.4	Legal description of the area platted.		
			Findings	The legal description of the area platted is shown on page 1 of the preliminary plat.		
\boxtimes			16.04.030.J.5	The names and the intersecting boundary lines of adjoining subdivisions and parcels of property.		
			Findings	The preliminary plat shows adjacent lots 1A, 3, 4, 5A, and 6A located within block 91 of the original Ketchum Townsite.		
			16.04.030.J.6	A contour map of the subdivision with contour lines and a maximum interval of five feet (5') to show the configuration of the land based upon the United States geodetic survey data, or other data approved by the city engineer.		

		Findings	Existing site conditions, including topography, are included on the project plans submitted with Mountain Overlay Design Review Application File No. P22-042B.
		16.04.030.J.7	The scaled location of existing buildings, water bodies and courses and location of the adjoining or immediately adjacent dedicated streets, roadways and easements, public and private.
		Findings	Sheet 1 of the preliminary plat shows the location of Walnut Avenue, Spruce Avenue, 6 th Street, unimproved 7 th Street, and the unimproved block 91 alleyway. The property does not contain any public or private easements. The property is currently vacant.
\boxtimes		16.04.030.J.8	Boundary description and the area of the tract.
		Findings	Sheet 1 provides the boundary description of the area. The total area of Lot 1A is 10,989 as noted on the preliminary plat map.
\boxtimes		16.04.030.J.9	Existing zoning of the tract.
		Findings	Plat note #5 on Sheet 1 of the preliminary plat specifies that the subject property is located within the City's Limited Residential Zoning District.
\boxtimes		16.04.030.J.10	The proposed location of street rights of way, lots, and lot lines,
			easements, including all approximate dimensions, and including all
			proposed lot and block numbering and proposed street names.
		Findings	The preliminary plat shows the location and property lines for consolidated
			Lot 7A. No new streets or blocks are being proposed with this application.
	\boxtimes	16.04.030.J.11	The location, approximate size and proposed use of all land intended to
			be dedicated for public use or for common use of all future property
			owners within the proposed subdivision.
		Findings	This standard is not applicable as there is no requirement or proposal for
		46.04.020.142	land dedicated to public use.
	\boxtimes	16.04.030.J.12	The location, size and type of sanitary and storm sewers, water mains,
			culverts and other surface or subsurface structures existing within or
			immediately adjacent to the proposed sanitary or storm sewers, water mains, and storage facilities, street improvements, street lighting, curbs,
			and gutters and all proposed utilities.
		Findings	This standard does not apply as this preliminary plat proposes to
			consolidate two existing lots within the original Ketchum Townsite. No
			utility, drainage, or right-of-way improvements are proposed or required
			for the lot consolidation preliminary plat application. Sheets C1.1 and C1.2
			of the project plans submitted with Mountain Overlay Design Review
			Application File No. P22-042B show the utility, drainage, and right-of-way
			improvements proposed for the project.
	\boxtimes	16.04.030.J.13	The direction of drainage, flow and approximate grade of all streets.
		Findings	This standard does not apply as no new streets are proposed.

	\boxtimes	16.04.030.J.14	The location of all drainage canals and structures, the proposed method of disposing of runoff water, and the location and size of all drainage easements, whether they are located within or outside of the proposed plat.
		Findings	This standard does not apply as no new drainage canals or structures are proposed.
	\boxtimes	16.04.030.J.15	All percolation tests and/or exploratory pit excavations required by state health authorities.
		Findings	This standard does not apply as no additional tests are required.
	\boxtimes	16.04.030.J.16	A copy of the provisions of the articles of incorporation and bylaws of homeowners' association and/or condominium declarations to be filed with the final plat of the subdivision.
		Findings	This standard does not apply to the subdivision application for the lot consolidation.
		16.04.030.J.17	Vicinity map drawn to approximate scale showing the location of the proposed subdivision in reference to existing and/or proposed arterials and collector streets.
		Findings	Sheet 1 of the preliminary plat includes a vicinity map.
		16.04.030.J.18	The boundaries of the floodplain, floodway and avalanche zoning district shall also be clearly delineated and marked on the preliminary plat.
		Findings	The subject property is not within a floodplain, floodway, or avalanche zone district.
		16.04.030.J.19	Building envelopes shall be shown on each lot, all or part of which is within a floodway, floodplain, or avalanche zone; or any lot that is adjacent to the Big Wood River, Trail Creek, or Warm Springs Creek; or any lot, a portion of which has a slope of twenty five percent (25%) or greater; or upon any lot which will be created adjacent to the intersection of two (2) or more streets.
		Findings	The subject property is comprised of two separate lots located within the block 91 of the original Ketchum Townsite. The subject property is developed with an existing, nonconforming single-family residence that was constructed in 1977 prior to the city's adoption of the Mountain Overlay in 1989. The contours of the subject property and the adjacent undisturbed hillside show that the natural slope of the development parcel exceeded 25% prior to the construction of the existing home in 1977. The applicant has proposed consolidating the two lots so that the new single-family residence will comply with the setbacks required in the LR Zone. The lot consolidation preliminary plat must comply with all subdivision design and development standards specified in KMC §16.04.040. Building envelopes are required to be established on lots that contain areas of 25% or greater slope based on natural contours. These building envelopes must

			be established outside of hillsides with 25% and greater slopes (KMC §16.04.040.F2) unless the request qualifies for one of two waivers outlined in the subdivision code. The application qualifies for the first waiver outlined, which states a waiver may be considered, "for lot line shifts of parcels that are entirely within slopes of 25% or greater to create a reasonable building envelope, and mountain overlay design review standards and all other City requirements are met." The applicant has requested a waiver to create a reasonable building envelope on the consolidated development parcel.
\boxtimes		16.04.030.J.20	Lot area of each lot.
		Findings	Sheet 1 of the preliminary plat shows that the area of consolidated Lot 7A
			is 16,681 square feet.
\boxtimes		16.04.030.J.21	Existing mature trees and established shrub masses.
		Findings	Sheet 1 of the preliminary plat shows existing conifer and deciduous trees.
		16.04.030.J.22	A current title report shall be provided at the time that the preliminary plat is filed with the administrator, together with a copy of the owner's recorded deed to such property.
		Findings	The applicant submitted a title commitment issued by Sun Valley Title Company, and a quitclaim deed recorded at Instrument Number 675673 with the preliminary plat application.
\boxtimes		16.04.030.J.23	Three (3) copies of the preliminary plat shall be filed with the administrator.
		Findings	The City of Ketchum received digital copies of the preliminary plat at the time of application.

FINDINGS REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH SUBDIVISION DEVELOPMENT & DESIGN STANDARDS

Subdivision Development & Design Standards (Ketchum Municipal Code §16.04.040)					
Co	Compliant				
Yes	No	N/A	City Code	City Standards	
			16.04.040.A	Required Improvements: The improvements set forth in this section shall be shown on the preliminary plat and installed prior to approval of the final plat. Construction design plans shall be submitted and approved by the city engineer. All such improvements shall be in accordance with the comprehensive plan and constructed in compliance with construction standard specifications adopted by the city. Existing natural features which enhance the attractiveness of the subdivision and community, such as mature trees, watercourses, rock outcroppings, established shrub masses and historic areas, shall be preserved through design of the subdivision.	

	Findings	This standard is not applicable as this project combines two lots within the original Ketchum Townsite. No improvements are proposed or required for the lot consolidation.
	16.04.040.B	Improvement Plans: Prior to approval of final plat by the commission, the subdivider shall file two (2) copies with the city engineer, and the city engineer shall approve construction plans for all improvements required in the proposed subdivision. Such plans shall be prepared by a civil engineer licensed in the state.
	Findings	This standard is not applicable as this project combines two lots within the original Ketchum Townsite. No additional improvements are proposed or required for the lot consolidation.
	16.04.040.C	Prior to final plat approval, the subdivider shall have previously constructed all required improvements and secured a certificate of completion from the city engineer. However, in cases where the required improvements cannot be constructed due to weather conditions or other factors beyond the control of the subdivider, the city council may accept, in lieu of any or all of the required improvements, a performance bond filed with the city clerk to ensure actual construction of the required improvements as submitted and approved. Such performance bond shall be issued in an amount not less than one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the estimated costs of improvements as determined by the city engineer. In the event the improvements are not constructed within the time allowed by the city council (which shall be one year or less, depending upon the individual circumstances), the council may order the improvements installed at the expense of the subdivider and the surety. In the event the cost of installing the required improvements exceeds the amount of the bond, the subdivider shall be liable to the city for additional costs. The amount that the cost of installing the required improvements exceeds the amount of the performance bond shall automatically become a lien upon any and all property within the subdivision owned by the owner and/or subdivider.
	Findings	This standard is not applicable as this project combines two lots within the original Ketchum Townsite. No additional improvements are proposed or required for the lot consolidation.
	16.04.040.D	As Built Drawing: Prior to acceptance by the city council of any improvements installed by the subdivider, two (2) sets of as built plans and specifications, certified by the subdivider's engineer, shall be filed with the city engineer. Within ten (10) days after completion of improvements and submission of as built drawings, the city engineer shall certify the completion of the improvements and the acceptance of the improvements, and shall submit a copy of such certification to the

		administrator and the subdivider. If a performance bond has been filed, the administrator shall forward a copy of the certification to the city clerk. Thereafter, the city clerk shall release the performance bond upon application by the subdivider.
	Findings	This standard is not applicable as this project combines two lots within the original Ketchum Townsite. No additional improvements are proposed
	16.04.040.E	or required for the lot consolidation. Monumentation: Following completion of construction of the required improvements and prior to certification of completion by the city engineer, certain land survey monuments shall be reset or verified by the subdivider's engineer or surveyor to still be in place. These monuments shall have the size, shape, and type of material as shown on the subdivision plat. The monuments shall be located as follows: 1. All angle points in the exterior boundary of the plat. 2. All street intersections, points within and adjacent to the final plat. 3. All street corner lines ending at boundary line of final plat. 4. All angle points and points of curves on all streets. 5. The point of beginning of the subdivision plat description.
	Findings	The applicant shall meet the required monumentation standards prior to recordation of the final plat.
	16.04.040.F	Lot Requirements: 1. Lot size, width, depth, shape and orientation and minimum building setback lines shall be in compliance with the zoning district in which the property is located and compatible with the location of the subdivision and the type of development, and preserve solar access to adjacent properties and buildings. 2. Whenever a proposed subdivision contains lot(s), in whole or in part, within the floodplain, or which contains land with a slope in excess of twenty five percent (25%), based upon natural contours, or creates corner lots at the intersection of two (2) or more streets, building envelopes shall be shown for the lot(s) so affected on the preliminary and final plats. The building envelopes shall be located in a manner designed to promote harmonious development of structures, minimize congestion of structures, and provide open space and solar access for each lot and structure. Also, building envelopes shall be located to promote access to the lots and maintenance of public utilities, to minimize cut and fill for roads and building foundations, and minimize adverse impact upon environment, watercourses and topographical features. Structures may only be built on buildable lots. Lots shall only be created that meet the definition of "lot, buildable" in section 16.04.020 of this chapter. Building

envelopes shall be established outside of hillsides of twenty five percent (25%) and greater and outside of the floodway. A waiver to this standard may only be considered for the following:

- a. For lot line shifts of parcels that are entirely within slopes of twenty five percent (25%) or greater to create a reasonable building envelope, and mountain overlay design review standards and all other city requirements are met.
- b. For small, isolated pockets of twenty five percent (25%) or greater that are found to be in compliance with the purposes and standards of the mountain overlay district and this section.
- 3. Corner lots shall have a property line curve or corner of a minimum radius of twenty five feet (25') unless a longer radius is required to serve an existing or future use.
- 4. Side lot lines shall be within twenty degrees (20°) to a right angle or radial line to the street line.
- 5. Double frontage lots shall not be created. A planting strip shall be provided along the boundary line of lots adjacent to arterial streets or incompatible zoning districts.
- 6. Every lot in a subdivision shall have a minimum of twenty feet (20') of frontage on a dedicated public street or legal access via an easement of twenty feet (20') or greater in width. Easement shall be recorded in the office of the Blaine County recorder prior to or in conjunction with recordation of the final plat.

Findings

Standard #3 through #6 are not applicable as the preliminary plat consolidates two existing lots and no new lots will be created.

The lot consolidation preliminary plat complies with standard #1. The applicant has proposed consolidating the two lots so that the new single-family residence will comply with the dimensional standards and setbacks required in the LR Zone.

The contours of the site and the adjacent undisturbed hillside show that the natural slope of the development parcel exceeded 25% prior to the construction of the existing nonconforming home in 1977. The applicant has requested a waiver to create a reasonable building envelope on the consolidated development parcel. The application qualifies for the first waiver outlined, which states a waiver may be considered, "for lot line shifts of parcels that are entirely within slopes of 25% or greater to create a reasonable building envelope, and mountain overlay design review standards and all other City requirements are met." The proposed building envelope has been established at the lower elevation of the consolidated parcel. The proposed home is sited at the lower elevation of the parcel

		preserving the natural topography of the hillside above. The project protects the natural hillside by: (1) conforming to the existing home's
		building footprint and (2) containing all construction activity within the existing limits of disturbance on the subject property.
	16.04.040.G	 G. Block Requirements: The length, width and shape of blocks within a proposed subdivision shall conform to the following requirements: No block shall be longer than one thousand two hundred feet (1,200'), nor less than four hundred feet (400') between the street intersections, and shall have sufficient depth to provide for two (2) tiers of lots. Blocks shall be laid out in such a manner as to comply with the lot requirements. The layout of blocks shall take into consideration the natural topography of the land to promote access within the subdivision and minimize cuts and fills for roads and minimize adverse impact on environment, watercourses and topographical features. Corner lots shall contain a building envelope outside of a seventy five foot (75') radius from the intersection of the streets.
	Findings	N/A. This standard is not applicable as this project proposes to combine two existing lots within the original Ketchum Townsite. This application
		does not create a new block.
	16.04.040.H	Street Improvement Requirements: 1. The arrangement, character, extent, width, grade and location of all streets put in the proposed subdivision shall conform to the comprehensive plan and shall be considered in their relation to existing and planned streets, topography, public convenience and safety, and the proposed uses of the land; 2. All streets shall be constructed to meet or exceed the criteria and standards set forth in chapter 12.04 of this code, and all other applicable ordinances, resolutions or regulations of the city or any other governmental entity having jurisdiction, now existing or adopted, amended or codified; 3. Where a subdivision abuts or contains an existing or proposed arterial street, railroad or limited access highway right of way, the council may require a frontage street, planting strip, or similar design features; 4. Streets may be required to provide access to adjoining lands and provide proper traffic circulation through existing or future neighborhoods;

- 5. Street grades shall not be less than three-tenths percent (0.3%) and not more than seven percent (7%) so as to provide safe movement of traffic and emergency vehicles in all weather and to provide for adequate drainage and snow plowing;
- 6. In general, partial dedications shall not be permitted, however, the council may accept a partial street dedication when such a street forms a boundary of the proposed subdivision and is deemed necessary for the orderly development of the neighborhood, and provided the council finds it practical to require the dedication of the remainder of the right of way when the adjoining property is subdivided. When a partial street exists adjoining the proposed subdivision, the remainder of the right of way shall be dedicated;
- 7. Dead end streets may be permitted only when such street terminates at the boundary of a subdivision and is necessary for the development of the subdivision or the future development of the adjacent property. When such a dead end street serves more than two (2) lots, a temporary turnaround easement shall be provided, which easement shall revert to the adjacent lots when the street is extended;
- 8. A cul-de-sac, court or similar type street shall be permitted only when necessary to the development of the subdivision, and provided, that no such street shall have a maximum length greater than four hundred feet (400') from entrance to center of turnaround, and all cul-de-sacs shall have a minimum turnaround radius of sixty feet (60') at the property line and not less than forty five feet (45') at the curb line;
- 9. Streets shall be planned to intersect as nearly as possible at right angles, but in no event at less than seventy degrees (70°);
- 10. Where any street deflects an angle of ten degrees (10°) or more, a connecting curve shall be required having a minimum centerline radius of three hundred feet (300') for arterial and collector streets, and one hundred twenty five feet (125') for minor streets;
- 11. Streets with centerline offsets of less than one hundred twenty five feet (125') shall be prohibited;
- 12. A tangent of at least one hundred feet (100') long shall be introduced between reverse curves on arterial and collector streets;
- 13. Proposed streets which are a continuation of an existing street shall be given the same names as the existing street. All new street names shall not duplicate or be confused with the names of existing streets within Blaine County, Idaho. The subdivider shall obtain approval of all street names within the proposed subdivision from the commission before submitting same to council for preliminary plat approval;
- 14. Street alignment design shall follow natural terrain contours to result in safe streets, usable lots, and minimum cuts and fills;

			15. Street patterns of residential areas shall be designed to create areas free of through traffic, but readily accessible to adjacent collector and arterial streets; 16. Reserve planting strips controlling access to public streets shall be permitted under conditions specified and shown on the final plat, and all landscaping and irrigation systems shall be installed as required improvements by the subdivider; 17. In general, the centerline of a street shall coincide with the centerline of the street right of way, and all crosswalk markings shall be installed by the subdivider as a required improvement; 18. Street lighting may be required by the commission or council where appropriate and shall be installed by the subdivider as a requirement improvement; 19. Private streets may be allowed upon recommendation by the commission and approval by the council. Private streets shall be constructed to meet the design standards specified in subsection H2 of this section; 20. Street signs shall be installed by the subdivider as a required improvement of a type and design approved by the administrator and shall be consistent with the type and design of existing street signs elsewhere in the city; 21. Whenever a proposed subdivision requires construction of a new bridge, or will create substantial additional traffic which will require construction of a new bridge or improvement of an existing bridge, such construction or improvement shall be a required improvement by the subdivider. Such construction or improvement shall be a required improvement installed by the subdivider; and 23. Gates are prohibited on private roads and parking access/entranceways, private driveways accessing more than one single-family dwelling unit and one accessory dwelling unit, and public rights of
			family dwelling unit and one accessory dwelling unit, and public rights of
		"	way unless approved by the city council.
		Findings	This standard is not applicable as this application proposes to combine
			two existing lots within the Ketchum Townsite. This proposal does not
		16.04.040.1	create a new street, private road, or bridge.
	\boxtimes	16.04.040.1	Alley Improvement Requirements: Alleys shall be provided in business, commercial and light industrial zoning districts. The width of an alley shall
			be not less than twenty feet (20'). Alley intersections and sharp changes
			in alignment shall be avoided, but where necessary, corners shall be
			provided to permit safe vehicular movement. Dead end alleys shall be
			provided to permit safe verificatal intovernent. Dead end alleys shall be

		prohibited. Improvement of alleys shall be done by the subdivider as required improvement and in conformance with design standards specified in subsection H2 of this section.
	Findings	This standard is not applicable as this project combines two lots within the Ketchum Townsite and no alley improvements are proposed.
	16.04.040.J	Required Easements: Easements, as set forth in this subsection, shall be required for location of utilities and other public services, to provide adequate pedestrian circulation and access to public waterways and lands. 1. A public utility easement at least ten feet (10') in width shall be required within the street right of way boundaries of all private streets. A public utility easement at least five feet (5') in width shall be required within property boundaries adjacent to Warm Springs Road and within any other property boundary as determined by the city engineer to be necessary for the provision of adequate public utilities. 2. Where a subdivision contains or borders on a watercourse, drainageway, channel or stream, an easement shall be required of sufficient width to contain such watercourse and provide access for private maintenance and/or reconstruction of such watercourse. 3. All subdivisions which border the Big Wood River, Trail Creek and Warm Springs Creek shall dedicate a ten foot (10') fish and nature study easement along the riverbank. Furthermore, the council shall require, in appropriate areas, an easement providing access through the subdivision to the bank as a sportsman's access. These easement requirements are minimum standards, and in appropriate cases where a subdivision abuts a portion of the river adjacent to an existing pedestrian easement, the council may require an extension of that easement along the portion of the riverbank which runs through the proposed subdivision. 4. All subdivisions which border on the Big Wood River, Trail Creek and Warm Springs Creek shall dedicate a twenty five foot (25') scenic easement upon which no permanent structure shall be built in order to protect the natural vegetation and wildlife along the riverbank and to protect the natural vegetation and wildlife along the riverbank and to protect the natural vegetation and wildlife along the riverbank and to protect the natural vegetation and wildlife along the riverbank and to protect the natural vegetat
		filed as part of required improvement construction plans. 6. Nonvehicular transportation system easements including pedestrian walkways, bike paths, equestrian paths, and similar easements shall be

		dedicated by the subdivider to provide an adequate nonvehicular transportation system throughout the city.
	Findings	This standard is not applicable as no easements are proposed or required for this project. The project does not create a new private street. This property is not adjacent to Warm Springs Road. The property does not border a watercourse, drainageway, channel, or stream.
	16.04.040.K	Sanitary Sewage Disposal Improvements: Central sanitary sewer systems shall be installed in all subdivisions and connected to the Ketchum sewage treatment system as a required improvement by the subdivider. Construction plans and specifications for central sanitary sewer extension shall be prepared by the subdivider and approved by the city engineer, council and Idaho health department prior to final plat approval. In the event that the sanitary sewage system of a subdivision cannot connect to the existing public sewage system, alternative provisions for sewage disposal in accordance with the requirements of the Idaho department of health and the council may be constructed on a temporary basis until such time as connection to the public sewage system is possible. In considering such alternative provisions, the council may require an increase in the minimum lot size and may impose any other reasonable requirements which it deems necessary to protect public health, safety and welfare.
	Findings	This standard is not applicable as this project proposes to combine two existing lots within the original Ketchum Townsite. Sewer system improvements are not required for this lot consolidation.
	16.04.040.L	Water System Improvements: A central domestic water distribution system shall be installed in all subdivisions by the subdivider as a required improvement. The subdivider shall also be required to locate and install an adequate number of fire hydrants within the proposed subdivision according to specifications and requirements of the city under the supervision of the Ketchum fire department and other regulatory agencies having jurisdiction. Furthermore, the central water system shall have sufficient flow for domestic use and adequate fire flow. All such water systems installed shall be looped extensions, and no dead end systems shall be permitted. All water systems shall be connected to the municipal water system and shall meet the standards of the following agencies: Idaho department of public health, Idaho survey and rating bureau, district sanitarian, Idaho state public utilities commission, Idaho department of reclamation, and all requirements of the city.
	Findings	This standard is not applicable as this project proposes to combine two existing lots within the original Ketchum Townsite. Water system improvements are not required for this lot consolidation.

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16.04.040.M Findings	Planting Strip Improvements: Planting strips shall be required improvements. When a predominantly residential subdivision is proposed for land adjoining incompatible uses or features such as highways, railroads, commercial or light industrial districts or off street parking areas, the subdivider shall provide planting strips to screen the view of such incompatible features. The subdivider shall submit a landscaping plan for such planting strip with the preliminary plat application, and the landscaping shall be a required improvement. This standard is not applicable as this project proposes to combine two
	existing lots within the Ketchum Townsite. Planting strip improvements are not required for this project.
16.04.040.N	Cuts, Fills, And Grading Improvements: Proposed subdivisions shall be carefully planned to be compatible with natural topography, soil conditions, geology and hydrology of the site, as well as to minimize cuts, fills, alterations of topography, streams, drainage channels, and disruption of soils and vegetation. The design criteria shall include the following: 1. A preliminary soil report prepared by a qualified engineer may be required by the commission and/or council as part of the preliminary plat application. 2. Preliminary grading plan prepared by a civil engineer shall be submitted as part of all preliminary plat applications. Such plan shall contain the following information: a. Proposed contours at a maximum of five foot (5') contour intervals. b. Cut and fill banks in pad elevations. c. Drainage patterns. d. Areas where trees and/or natural vegetation will be preserved. e. Location of all street and utility improvements including driveways to building envelopes. f. Any other information which may reasonably be required by the administrator, commission or council to adequately review the affect of the proposed improvements. 3. Grading shall be designed to blend with natural landforms and to minimize the necessity of padding or terracing of building sites, excavation for foundations, and minimize the necessity of cuts and fills for streets and driveways. 4. Areas within a subdivision which are not well suited for development because of existing soil conditions, steepness of slope, geology or hydrology shall be allocated for open space for the benefit of future property owners within the subdivision.

	Findings	5. Where existing soils and vegetation are disrupted by subdivision development, provision shall be made by the subdivider for revegetation of disturbed areas with perennial vegetation sufficient to stabilize the soil upon completion of the construction. Until such times as such revegetation has been installed and established, the subdivider shall maintain and protect all disturbed surfaces from erosion. 6. Where cuts, fills, or other excavations are necessary, the following development standards shall apply: a. Fill areas shall be prepared by removing all organic material detrimental to proper compaction for soil stability. b. Fills shall be compacted to at least ninety five percent (95%) of maximum density as determined by AASHO T99 (American Association of State Highway Officials) and ASTM D698 (American standard testing methods). c. Cut slopes shall be no steeper than two horizontal to one vertical (2:1). Subsurface drainage shall be provided as necessary for stability. d. Fill slopes shall be no steeper than three horizontal to one vertical (3:1). Neither cut nor fill slopes shall be located on natural slopes of three to one (3:1) or steeper, or where fill slope toes out within twelve feet (12') horizontally of the top and existing or planned cut slope. e. Toes of cut and fill slopes shall be set back from property boundaries a distance of three feet (3'), plus one-fifth (1/5) of the height of the cut or the fill, but may not exceed a horizontal distance of ten feet (10'); tops and toes of cut and fill slopes shall be set back from structures at a distance of at least six feet (6'), plus one-fifth (1/5) of the height of the cut or the fill. Additional setback distances shall be provided as necessary to accommodate drainage features and drainage structures. This standard is not applicable as this project proposes to combine two existing lots within the original Ketchum Townsite. No grading improvements are proposed or required for the lot consolidation. The grading improvements are shown the project
		Mountain Overlay Design Review Application File No. P22-042B.
	16.04.040.0	Drainage Improvements: The subdivider shall submit with the preliminary plat application such maps, profiles, and other data prepared by an engineer to indicate the proper drainage of the surface water to natural drainage courses or storm drains, existing or proposed. The location and width of the natural drainage courses shall be shown as an easement common to all owners within the subdivision and the city on the preliminary and final plat. All natural drainage courses shall be left

		Findings	undisturbed or be improved in a manner that will increase the operating efficiency of the channel without overloading its capacity. An adequate storm and surface drainage system shall be a required improvement in all subdivisions and shall be installed by the subdivider. Culverts shall be required where all water or drainage courses intersect with streets, driveways or improved public easements and shall extend across and under the entire improved width including shoulders. This standard is not applicable as this project proposes to combine two existing lots within the original Ketchum Townsite. No drainage improvements are proposed or required for the lot consolidation. The drainage improvements are shown on the project plans approved with Mountain Overlay Design Review Application File No. P22-042B.
		16.04.040.P	Utilities: In addition to the terms mentioned in this section, all utilities including, but not limited to, electricity, natural gas, telephone and cable services shall be installed underground as a required improvement by the subdivider. Adequate provision for expansion of such services within the subdivision or to adjacent lands including installation of conduit pipe across and underneath streets shall be installed by the subdivider prior to construction of street improvements.
		Findings	This standard is not applicable as this project proposes to combine two existing lots within the original Ketchum Townsite. No utility improvements are proposed or required for the lot consolidation. The drainage improvements are shown on the project plans approved with Mountain Overlay Design Review Application File No. P22-042B.
		16.04.040.Q Findings	Off Site Improvements: Where the offsite impact of a proposed subdivision is found by the commission or council to create substantial additional traffic, improvements to alleviate that impact may be required of the subdivider prior to final plat approval, including, but not limited to, bridges, intersections, roads, traffic control devices, water mains and facilities, and sewer mains and facilities. This standard is not applicable as this project proposes to combine two
		Tinumgs	existing lots within the original Ketchum Townsite. Off-site improvements are not required or proposed with this project.
\boxtimes		16.04.040.R	Avalanche And Mountain Overlay: All improvements and plats (land, planned unit development, townhouse, condominium) created pursuant to this chapter shall comply with City of Ketchum Avalanche Zone District and Mountain Overlay Zoning District requirements as set forth in Title 17 of this Code.
		Findings	The project complies with all Mountain Overlay Zoning District requirements and the Mountain Overlay design review criteria and standards specified in KMC §17.104.070.A.

	16.04.040.S	Existing natural features which enhance the attractiveness of the subdivision and community, such as mature trees, watercourses, rock outcroppings, established shrub masses and historic areas, shall be preserved through design of the subdivision.
	Findings	This standard is not applicable as this project proposes to combine two existing lots within the original Ketchum Townsite. The project plans submitted with Mountain Overlay Design Review Application File No. P22-042B specify the existing mature vegetation that is proposed to remain on the subject property.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The City of Ketchum is a municipal corporation established in accordance with Article XII of the Constitution of the State of Idaho and Title 50 Idaho Code and is required and has exercised its authority pursuant to the Local Land Use Planning Act codified at Chapter 65 of Title 67 Idaho Code and pursuant to Chapters 3, 9 and 13 of Title 50 Idaho Code to enact the ordinances and regulations, which ordinances are codified in the Ketchum Municipal Code ("KMC") and are identified in the Findings of Fact and which are herein restated as Conclusions of Law by this reference and which City Ordinances govern the applicant's Lot Consolidation Preliminary Plat & Waiver Application for the development and use of the project site.
- 2. The Commission has authority to hear the applicant's Lot Consolidation Preliminary Plat & Waiver Application pursuant to Chapter 16.04 of Ketchum Code Title 16.
- 3. The City of Ketchum Planning Department provided notice for the review of this application in accordance with Ketchum Municipal Code §16.04.030.
- 4. The Lot Consolidation Subdivision Preliminary Plat application is governed under Chapter 16.04 of Ketchum Municipal Code.
- 5. The 691 N Spruce Avenue Residence Lot Consolidation Preliminary Plat & Waiver Application File No. P22-042B meets all applicable standards specified in Title 16 of Ketchum Municipal Code.

DECISION

THEREFORE, the Ketchum Planning and Zoning Commission **approves** this Lot Consolidation Preliminary Plat & Waiver Application File No. P22-042A this Tuesday, February 28, 2023 subject to the following conditions of approval.

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

- 1. The lot consolidation preliminary plat is subject to all conditions of approval associated with Mountain Overlay Design Review Application File No. P22-042B.
- 2. A certificate of occupancy shall not be issued until the final plat is review and approved by the City Council and recorded with the office of the Blaine County Clerk and Recorder.
- 3. Failure to record a final plat within two (2) years of Council's approval of a preliminary plat shall cause the Preliminary Plat to be null and void.

Findings of Fact **adopted** this 14th day of March 2023.

Neil Morrow, Chair City of Ketchum Planning and Zoning Commission