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Ketchum Townsite: Block 91: Lot 3A Preliminary Plat	:) KETCHUM PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION
Lot Consolidation Preliminary Plat) FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND
File Number: P23-052A) DECISION
)
Date: October 24, 2023)
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PROJECT: Ketchum Townsite: Block 91: Lot 3A Preliminary Plat

APPLICATION TYPE: Lot Consolidation Preliminary Plat

FILE NUMBER: P23-052A

ASSOCIATED APPLICATIONS: Mountain Overlay Design Review (File No. P23-052)

PROPERTY OWNER: Breyman Properties LLC

REPRESENTATIVE: Lucas Winter, Jarvis Group Architects (Architect)

LOCATION: Ketchum Townsite: Block 91, Lot 3 & 4

ZONING: Limited Residential (GR-L) & Mountain Overlay (MO)

RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

The Planning and Zoning Commission considered the Ketchum Townsite: Block 91: Lot 3A Preliminary Plat Application File No. P23-052A during their meeting on September 26, 2023. The application was considered concurrently with a Mountain Overlay Design Review Application File No. P23-052 and the public hearings were combined in accordance with Idaho Code §67-6522.

Public Hearing Notice & Public Comment

A public hearing notice for the project was mailed to all owners of property within 300 feet of the project site and all political subdivisions on September 6, 2023. The public hearing notice was published in the Idaho Mountain Express on September 6, 2023. A notice was posted on the project site and the city's website on September 11, 2023. The story poles were installed on the project site on upon submitting of the application.

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Planning and Zoning Commission having reviewed the entire project record, provided notice, and conducted the required public hearing does hereby make and set forth these Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision as follows:

the project proposes to consolidate Lots 3 & 4, requiring a preliminary plat following procedures outlined in KMC 16.04.030 as per section 5.C of Ordinance 1234. Preliminary plats require a public hearing in front of the Planning & Zoning Commission where the Commission will approve with conditions, or deny the preliminary plat.

The planning and Building Department received the MOD and Preliminary Plat applications for the project on June 5th, 2023. Following receipt of the applications, staff routed the application materials to all city departments for review. The applications were reviewed concurrently and behaving on August 18th, 2023, after 3 rounds of department review.

Pursuant to KMC 16.04.080.C.2, the applicant submitted this lot consolidation preliminary plat with the Design Review application. If approved by the Commission, the lot consolidation preliminary plat application will be reviewed and acted upon by the City Council. This must occur prior to a building permit submittal for the project.

The Commission reviewed the lot consolidation preliminary plat application for conformance with KMC 16.04.030 – Procedures for subdivision approval, KMC 16.04.040 – Development and Design, as well as three additional criteria and a waiver as required by Interim Ordinance 1234.

Per Interim Ordinance 1234, lot consolidations are now required to undergo a preliminary plat procedure and must meet three additional criteria and submit a waiver. The additional criteria include:

- 1. preliminary plat application is in conformance with all applicable building permit and land use development approvals.
- 2. The preliminary plat application is in conformance with all applicable Zoning Regulations contained within Title 17 Zoning Regulations.
- 3. The preliminary plat application is found to be in general conformance with the comprehensive plan in effect at the time the application was deemed complete.

Criteria 3: General conformance with Comprehensive Plan

The 2014 Comprehensive Plan contains the community's vision for Ketchum and sets goals and policies to guide future development. The vision is shaped by 10 core values identified by Ketchum residents as important to consider for all future land uses decisions. The community's core values include protecting the community character of Ketchum and preserving its environmental quality and scenic beauty. Ketchum's undeveloped hillsides are visual assets that define the character of our community. Protecting and preserving Ketchum's natural resources is critical to maintaining our economy, quality of life, and community identity. The comprehensive plan states:

Community Character: You know when you have entered Ketchum; this is a place centered on the "town" and identifiable from the "country" by distinct edges. Residents and visitors desire this clear division that has been lost in so many American cities through strip commercial development and sprawling residential subdivisions. Protecting and enhancing the visual

character of our community gateways, the undeveloped hillsides, and night skies is a priority (page 9).

Environmental Quality and Scenic Beauty: Ketchum's citizens place great value on the exceptional natural setting and resources of the Wood River Valley. The community is surrounded by rugged alpine peaks, forested and sage-covered open spaces, pristine wildlife habitat, and beautiful rivers and riparian areas. Key open spaces create visual buffers between the built and natural environment. Unobstructed views exist in every direction in large part due to Ketchum's wide streets and lack of hillside development. These environmental features and resources sustain our economy and are why many people choose to live in Ketchum. We will be excellent stewards of these resources in order to preserve them for the future (page 10).

The comprehensive plan sets policies to guide land-use decisions and identifies the following goals regarding hillside development:

- Policy OS-3.2: Establish and maintain open space buffers in important scenic areas to maintain the community's separate identity from surrounding communities and to protect views and open space.
- Goal CD-2: Protect and enhance views of the surrounding mountains and natural features.
- Policy CD-2.2: Continue to protect hillsides within the City and the Area of City Impact from further development. Enforce and encourage strengthening of the Mountain Overlay standards of the City and County, by using a variety of techniques; such as clustering at lower elevations, creating conservation easements, or purchasing private property on hillsides.
- Policy CD-2.4: Protect and incorporate natural features into newly developing areas.
 Conserve the natural patterns of streams, ridgelines, topography, riparian areas, and wildlife habitat areas.

The MOD ensures the preservation of Ketchum's surrounding hillsides and ridgelines and minimizes impacts on natural topography, geology, soils, drainage, wildlife, and native vegetation. The MOD review standards reduce visual impact by directing building sites away from higher elevations and keeping hillsides open and unobstructed. Additionally, Mountain Overlay standards protect public health, safety, and welfare by ensuring the adequate provision of emergency services, fire protection, and utilities.

The comprehensive plan's future land use map identifies the subject property as low-density residential. Desired primary uses within this future land use category include single-family and duplex residences as well as accessory units. The single-family residence falls within the primary uses of the low-density residential land use category.

Relationship between Comprehensive Plan & Interim Ordinance 1234

As seen in the policies and goals listed above, the comprehensive plan emphasizes mountain overlay, preserving hillsides, and neighborhood character. As stated above, Interim Ordinance 1234 requires lot consolidation request to now go through a different process and meet additional criteria as compared to lot consolidation requests prior to the effect of the ordinance. The intent behind this change was due to seeing an increase in consolidation of lots occurring over the past few years. In most areas, this resulted in larger lots with larger single-family homes, reducing the ability to construct a larger number of smaller homes, more reflective of the originally platted subdivisions.

Policy CD-2.2 of the 2014 Comprehensive Plan speaks to the Mountain Overlays purpose in protecting and enhancing the surrounding mountains and natural features. The Commission finds the proposed lot consolidation helps to meet this policy as can be seen in the two-lot development diagram as part of the project plans. This diagram helps to compare the estimated amount of disturbance and lot coverage of potential developments on single lots as compared to the proposed residence. The amount of disturbance for two developments would be significantly greater (1,432 sq ft more disturbed area) and the lot coverage would also be greater. With the other Comprehensive Plan policies listed above also speaking on reducing the amount of hillside development, the Commission believes the proposed lot consolidation and residence helps to meet the policies as it reduces the potential disturbance and curb cuts made along Walnut Ave.

The Commission supported the proposed lot consolidation as they believed the preservation of hillsides and maintaining neighborhood character outweighs the opportunity for one additional dwelling unit if the lots remained as is. Speaking to neighborhood character, many of the lots along Walnut Avenue have consolidated two Ketchum townsite lots so the current proposal would not be out of scale or context when discussing lot size. Lot consolidations in the Mountain Overlay District also provide opportunity to better meet the MOD criteria with driveway approaches and tucking of structures into the hillside.

Various public vantage points including Town Square, Bike path from 6th St & 3rd Ave, and the intersection of East Ave & E 1st St were visited by planning staff during review of the project. From all the vantage points listed, planning staff was not able to view the story poles for the project. The proposed residence sits towards the rear of the property line, allowing the residence to be sited within the hillside allowing for minimal visual impact. The residence also follows the cross slope seen on the subject property by stepping up the hillside, again working with the topography of the site. to the design of the residence and siting of the building on the hillside the Commission believed that the goals and policies of the comprehensive plan related to hillside development are met.

Waiver for building envelope sited within 25% slope

The Commission deliberated regarding criteria described in KMC 16.04.040.F.2 pertaining to building envelope requirements on lots with 25% or greater slopes. This criteria states:

"Whenever a proposed subdivision contains lot(s), in whole or in part, within the floodplain, or which contains land with a slope in excess of 25 percent, based upon natural contours, or creates corner lots at the intersection of two or more streets, building envelopes shall be shown for the lot(s) so affected on the preliminary and final plats. The building envelopes shall be located in a manner designed to promote harmonious development of structures, minimize congestion of structures, and provide open space and solar access for each lot and structure. Also, building envelopes shall be located to promote access to the lots and maintenance of public utilities, to minimize cut and fill for roads and building foundations, and minimize adverse impact upon environment, watercourses and topographical features. Structures may only be built on buildable lots. Lots shall only be created that meet the definition of "lot, buildable" in section 16.04.020 of this chapter. Building envelopes shall be established outside of hillsides of 25 percent and greater and outside of the floodway. A waiver to this standard may only be considered for the following:

a. For lot line shifts of parcels that are entirely within slopes of 25 percent or greater to create a reasonable building envelope, and mountain overlay design review standards and all other City requirements are met.

b. For small, isolated pockets of 25 percent or greater that are found to be in compliance with the purposes and standards of the mountain overlay district and this section."

Almost the entirety of the subject property contains 25% slope or greater, leading the Commission to determine the project meets the waiver criteria pertaining to lots entirely within 25% or greater slope. While the Commission was supportive of this waiver, they were not supportive of the proposed building envelope configuration (see preliminary plat condition of approval #3). In previous subdivision applications associated with Mountain Overlay applications, the Planning Zoning Commission has determined appropriate building envelopes follow the proposed building footprints to protect the remaining hillside on those lots. The applicant is proposing a building envelope which is determined based off minimum setbacks in the Limited Residential Zoning District, leaving space between the proposed building and the building envelope. This leaves future additional development on the subject property to have potentially fewer obstacles to go through which has not been what the Commission has been supportive of. The Commission found that the building envelope does not have to match the exact footprint of the building but does need to closely follow the outline of the proposed residence.

Waiver required by Interim Ordinance 1234

Per Interim Ordinance 1234, consolidation of lots are permitted subject to a waiver. As stated in KMC 16.04.130, waivers, "must show that there are special physical characteristics or conditions affecting the property in question where literal enforcement of this chapter would result in undue hardship not the result of actions by the subdivider, and that the waiver would not be detrimental to the public welfare, health and safety, nor injurious to property owners in the immediate area."

The Commissions review of how the proposed lot consolidation interacts with the public welfare, health and safety has been discussed in the Preliminary Plats general conformance with the comprehensive plan above. As seen in that section, the Commission believed the project would not be detrimental to the public welfare, health and safety.

FINDINGS REGARDING PRELIMINARY PLAT SUBDIVISION REQUIREMENTS

	Preliminary Plat Requirements				
С	omplia	ant			
Yes	No	N/A	City Code	City Standards	
\boxtimes			16.04.030.C.1	The subdivider shall file with the administrator copies of the completed subdivision application form and preliminary plat data as required by this chapter.	
			Commission Findings	The City of Ketchum Planning and Building Department received the subdivision application and all applicable application materials on June 5, 2023.	
\boxtimes			16.04.030.1	Contents Of Preliminary Plat: The preliminary plat, together with all application forms, title insurance report, deeds, maps, and other documents reasonably required, shall constitute a complete subdivision application.	
			Commission Findings	The subdivision application was deemed complete on August 18, 2023.	

			16.04.030.I .1	
			10.04.030.1.1	The preliminary plat shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one inch equals one hundred feet (1" = 100 ') and shall show the following:
				The scale, north point and date.
			Commission Findings	This standard is met as shown on Sheet 1 of the preliminary plat.
			16.04.030.I .2	The name of the proposed subdivision, which shall not be the same or confused with the name of any other subdivision in Blaine County, Idaho.
			Commission Findings	As shown on Sheet 1 of the preliminary plat, the subdivision is named "Ketchum Townsite: Block 91, Lot 3A" which is not the same as any other subdivision in Blaine County, Idaho.
X			16.04.030.I .3	The name and address of the owner of record, the subdivider, and the engineer, surveyor, or other person preparing the plat.
			Commission Findings	As shown on Sheet 1, the owner and subdivider is Breyman Properties LLC. The plat was prepared by Robert Breier of Galena-Benchmark Engineering.
\boxtimes			16.04.030.I .4	Legal description of the area platted.
			Commission Findings	The legal description of the area platted is shown on the preliminary plat.
\boxtimes			16.04.030.I .5	The names and the intersecting boundary lines of adjoining subdivisions and parcels of property.
			Commission Findings	The preliminary plat indicates the boundary lines of the adjoining lots.
\boxtimes			16.04.030.I .6	A contour map of the subdivision with contour lines and a maximum interval of five feet (5') to show the configuration of the land based upon the United States geodetic survey data, or other data approved by the city engineer.
			Commission Findings	The preliminary plat shows the contour lines for the subject property.
×			16.04.030.I 7	The scaled location of existing buildings, water bodies and courses and location of
				the adjoining or immediately adjacent dedicated streets, roadways and
				easements, public and private.
			Commission	No existing buildings are present on the subject property. Easements and streets
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Findings	are shown on the plat.
\boxtimes			16.04.030.I .8	Boundary description and the area of the tract.
			Commission Findings	The preliminary plat provides the boundary description of the area and includes square footage and acreage of the lot.
	 		16.04.030.I .9	Existing zoning of the tract.
\boxtimes			Commission	Plat note #7 of the preliminary plat lists the existing zoning of the subject
			Findings	property.
\boxtimes			16.04.030.I	The proposed location of street rights of way, lots, and lot lines, easements,
د ا			.10	including all approximate dimensions, and including all proposed lot and block
				numbering and proposed street names.
			Commission	The preliminary plat shows the locations and lot lines for the proposed lot. No
			Findings	new streets or blocks are being proposed with this application.
		\boxtimes	16.04.030.I	The location, approximate size and proposed use of all land intended to be
			.11	dedicated for public use or for common use of all future property owners within
				the proposed subdivision.
			Commission	This standard is not applicable as there is no requirement or proposal for land
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Findings	dedicated for public or common use.
\boxtimes			16.04.030.I .12	The location, size and type of sanitary and storm sewers, water mains, culverts and other surface or subsurface structures existing within or immediately

				adjacent to the proposed sanitary or storm sewers, water mains, and storage facilities, street improvements, street lighting, curbs, and gutters and all proposed utilities.		
			Commission Findings	Location, size and type of water/sewer service is shown on project plans.		
		\boxtimes	16.04.030.I .13	The direction of drainage, flow and approximate grade of all streets.		
			Commission Findings	This standard does not apply as no new streets are proposed.		
		×	16.04.030.I .14	The location of all drainage canals and structures, the proposed method of disposing of runoff water, and the location and size of all drainage easements, whether they are located within or outside of the proposed plat.		
			Commission Findings	This standard does not apply as no new drainage canals or structures are proposed.		
		X	16.04.030.I .15	All percolation tests and/or exploratory pit excavations required by state health authorities.		
			Commission Findings	This standard does not apply as no addition tests are required.		
		\boxtimes	16.04.030.I .16	A copy of the provisions of the articles of incorporation and bylaws of homeowners' association and/or condominium declarations to be filed with the final plat of the subdivision.		
			Commission Findings	This standard does not apply as there will not be a homeowner's association for the property.		
\boxtimes			16.04.030.I .17	Vicinity map drawn to approximate scale showing the location of the proposed subdivision in reference to existing and/or proposed arterials and collector streets.		
			Commission Findings	The project plans includes a vicinity map that satisfies this requirement.		
		\boxtimes	16.04.030.I .18	The boundaries of the floodplain, floodway and avalanche zoning district shall also be clearly delineated and marked on the preliminary plat.		
			Commission Findings	The subject property is not within a floodplain, floodway, or avalanche district.		
					16.04.030.I .19	Building envelopes shall be shown on each lot, all or part of which is within a floodway, floodplain, or avalanche zone; or any lot that is adjacent to the Big Wood River, Trail Creek, or Warm Springs Creek; or any lot, a portion of which has a slope of twenty five percent (25%) or greater; or upon any lot which will be created adjacent to the intersection of two (2) or more streets.
			Commission Findings	Building envelope is shown on preliminary plat as the lot contains 25% and greater slopes.		
\boxtimes			16.04.030.I .20	Lot area of each lot.		
			Commission Findings	As shown on Sheet 1 of the preliminary plat, the lot area for Lot #A is 16,523 square feet.		
\boxtimes			16.04.030.I .21	Existing mature trees and established shrub masses.		
			Commission Findings	As shown on the preliminary plat, there are a variety of trees and shrubs existing on the property.		

\boxtimes		16.04.030.I .22	A current title report shall be provided at the time that the preliminary plat is filed with the administrator, together with a copy of the owner's recorded deed to such property.
		Commission	The applicant provided a title commitment issued by Pioneer Title Co. dated June
		Findings	2, 2022 and a warranty deed recorded at Instrument Number 663129 with the
		Filialitgs	initial application.
		16.04.030.I .23	Three (3) copies of the preliminary plat shall be filed with the administrator.
		Commission Findings	The City of Ketchum received hard and digital copies of the preliminary plat at the time of application.
		16.04.040.A	Required Improvements: The improvements set forth in this section shall be shown on the preliminary plat and installed prior to approval of the final plat. Construction design plans shall be submitted and approved by the city engineer. All such improvements shall be in accordance with the comprehensive plan and constructed in compliance with construction standard specifications adopted by the city. Existing natural features which enhance the attractiveness of the subdivision and community, such as mature trees, watercourses, rock outcroppings, established shrub masses and historic areas, shall be preserved through design of the subdivision.
		Commission Findings	All proposed improvements to the public right-of-way are shown in the project plans. The applicant also submitted a set of preliminary construction design plans for review by the City Engineer. Final review and approval of the right-of-way improvements will be conducted during building permit review per the conditions of approval. The subject property does not include any watercourses, rock outcroppings, shrub masses or historic areas.
		16.04.040.B	Improvement Plans: Prior to approval of final plat by the commission, the subdivider shall file two (2) copies with the city engineer, and the city engineer shall approve construction plans for all improvements required in the proposed subdivision. Such plans shall be prepared by a civil engineer licensed in the state.
		Commission	This standard does not apply as this is a preliminary plat application, not a final plat application.
		<i>Findings</i> 16.04.040.C	Prior to final plat approval, the subdivider shall have previously constructed all
			required improvements and secured a certificate of completion from the city engineer. However, in cases where the required improvements cannot be constructed due to weather conditions or other factors beyond the control of the subdivider, the city council may accept, in lieu of any or all of the required improvements, a performance bond filed with the city clerk to ensure actual construction of the required improvements as submitted and approved. Such performance bond shall be issued in an amount not less than one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the estimated costs of improvements as determined by the city engineer. In the event the improvements are not constructed within the time allowed by the city council (which shall be one year or less, depending upon the individual circumstances), the council may order the improvements installed at the expense of the subdivider and the surety. In the event the cost of installing the required improvements exceeds the amount of the bond, the subdivider shall be liable to the city for additional costs. The amount that the cost of installing the required improvements exceeds the amount of the performance bond shall automatically become a lien upon any and all property within the subdivision owned by the owner and/or subdivider.
		Commission	This standard does not apply as this is a preliminary plat application, not a final
		Findings	plat application.

	16.04.040.D	As Built Drawing: Prior to acceptance by the city council of any improvements installed by the subdivider, two (2) sets of as built plans and specifications, certified by the subdivider's engineer, shall be filed with the city engineer. Within ten (10) days after completion of improvements and submission of as built drawings, the city engineer shall certify the completion of the improvements and the acceptance of the improvements, and shall submit a copy of such certification to the administrator and the subdivider. If a performance bond has been filed, the administrator shall forward a copy of the certification to the city clerk. Thereafter, the city clerk shall release the performance bond upon application by the subdivider.
	Commission Findings	This standard does not apply as this is a preliminary plat application, not a final plat application.
	16.04.040.E Commission	Monumentation: Following completion of construction of the required improvements and prior to certification of completion by the city engineer, certain land survey monuments shall be reset or verified by the subdivider's engineer or surveyor to still be in place. These monuments shall have the size, shape, and type of material as shown on the subdivision plat. The monuments shall be located as follows: 1. All angle points in the exterior boundary of the plat. 2. All street intersections, points within and adjacent to the final plat. 3. All street corner lines ending at boundary line of final plat. 4. All angle points and points of curves on all streets. 5. The point of beginning of the subdivision plat description. This standard does not apply as this is a preliminary plat application, not a final
	Findings	plat application.
	16.04.040.F	Lot Requirements: 1. Lot size, width, depth, shape and orientation and minimum building setback lines shall be in compliance with the zoning district in which the property is located and compatible with the location of the subdivision and the type of development, and preserve solar access to adjacent properties and buildings. 2. Whenever a proposed subdivision contains lot(s), in whole or in part, within the floodplain, or which contains land with a slope in excess of twenty five percent (25%), based upon natural contours, or creates corner lots at the intersection of two (2) or more streets, building envelopes shall be shown for the lot(s) so affected on the preliminary and final plats. The building envelopes shall be located in a manner designed to promote harmonious development of structures, minimize congestion of structures, and provide open space and solar access for each lot and structure. Also, building envelopes shall be located to promote access to the lots and maintenance of public utilities, to minimize cut and fill for roads and building foundations, and minimize adverse impact upon environment, watercourses and topographical features. Structures may only be built on buildable lots. Lots shall only be created that meet the definition of "lot, buildable" in section 16.04.020 of this chapter. Building envelopes shall be established outside of hillsides of twenty five percent (25%) and greater and outside of the floodway. A waiver to this standard may only be considered for the following: a. For lot line shifts of parcels that are entirely within slopes of twenty five percent (25%) or greater to create a reasonable building envelope, and mountain overlay design review standards and all other city requirements are met.

		Commission Findings	 b. For small, isolated pockets of twenty five percent (25%) or greater that are found to be in compliance with the purposes and standards of the mountain overlay district and this section. 3. Corner lots shall have a property line curve or corner of a minimum radius of twenty five feet (25') unless a longer radius is required to serve an existing or future use. 4. Side lot lines shall be within twenty degrees (20°) to a right angle or radial line to the street line. 5. Double frontage lots shall not be created. A planting strip shall be provided along the boundary line of lots adjacent to arterial streets or incompatible zoning districts. 6. Every lot in a subdivision shall have a minimum of twenty feet (20') of frontage on a dedicated public street or legal access via an easement of twenty feet (20') or greater in width. Easement shall be recorded in the office of the Blaine County recorder prior to or in conjunction with recordation of the final plat. 1. The proposed lot consolidation meets all dimensional standards as outlined in the LR zone district. The minimum lot size is 9,000 square feet and the lot is 16,523 square feet. The new single family residence meets minimum setback requirements in the LR district for the front, side, and rear. 2. A building envelope is required as the lot contains areas greater than 25%. A waiver has been granted for the building envelope to encroach into the 25% slope area as almost the entirety is at or above that slope. The Commission found the siting of the structure to meet the Mountain Overlay standards and therefor were willing to allow the development to encroach further into the 25% slope. 3. The subject property is not a corner lot. 4. The parent lot of the townhouse subdivision and the newly created sublot lot line is within 20 degrees to a right angle to the street lot line along
			Walnut Avenue. 5. The subject property is not a double frontage lot.
			6. The lot has 110 feet of frontage on Walnut Avenue.
		16.04.040.G Commission Findings	 G. Block Requirements: The length, width and shape of blocks within a proposed subdivision shall conform to the following requirements: No block shall be longer than one thousand two hundred feet (1,200'), nor less than four hundred feet (400') between the street intersections, and shall have sufficient depth to provide for two (2) tiers of lots. Blocks shall be laid out in such a manner as to comply with the lot requirements. The layout of blocks shall take into consideration the natural topography of the land to promote access within the subdivision and minimize cuts and fills for roads and minimize adverse impact on environment, watercourses and topographical features. Corner lots shall contain a building envelope outside of a seventy five foot (75') radius from the intersection of the streets. This standard does not apply as no new blocks are being created.
	\boxtimes	16.04.040.H	Street Improvement Requirements: 1. The arrangement, character, extent, width, grade and location of all streets put in the proposed subdivision shall conform to the comprehensive plan and shall be
 1	1	1	in the proposed subdivision shall comothic to the completionsive plan and shall be

- considered in their relation to existing and planned streets, topography, public convenience and safety, and the proposed uses of the land;
- 2. All streets shall be constructed to meet or exceed the criteria and standards set forth in chapter 12.04 of this code, and all other applicable ordinances, resolutions or regulations of the city or any other governmental entity having jurisdiction, now existing or adopted, amended or codified;
- 3. Where a subdivision abuts or contains an existing or proposed arterial street, railroad or limited access highway right of way, the council may require a frontage street, planting strip, or similar design features;
- 4. Streets may be required to provide access to adjoining lands and provide proper traffic circulation through existing or future neighborhoods;
- 5. Street grades shall not be less than three-tenths percent (0.3%) and not more than seven percent (7%) so as to provide safe movement of traffic and emergency vehicles in all weather and to provide for adequate drainage and snow plowing;
- 6. In general, partial dedications shall not be permitted, however, the council may accept a partial street dedication when such a street forms a boundary of the proposed subdivision and is deemed necessary for the orderly development of the neighborhood, and provided the council finds it practical to require the dedication of the remainder of the right of way when the adjoining property is subdivided. When a partial street exists adjoining the proposed subdivision, the remainder of the right of way shall be dedicated;
- 7. Dead end streets may be permitted only when such street terminates at the boundary of a subdivision and is necessary for the development of the subdivision or the future development of the adjacent property. When such a dead end street serves more than two (2) lots, a temporary turnaround easement shall be provided, which easement shall revert to the adjacent lots when the street is extended;
- 8. A cul-de-sac, court or similar type street shall be permitted only when necessary to the development of the subdivision, and provided, that no such street shall have a maximum length greater than four hundred feet (400') from entrance to center of turnaround, and all cul-de-sacs shall have a minimum turnaround radius of sixty feet (60') at the property line and not less than forty five feet (45') at the curb line;
- 9. Streets shall be planned to intersect as nearly as possible at right angles, but in no event at less than seventy degrees (70°);
- 10. Where any street deflects an angle of ten degrees (10°) or more, a connecting curve shall be required having a minimum centerline radius of three hundred feet (300') for arterial and collector streets, and one hundred twenty five feet (125') for minor streets;
- 11. Streets with centerline offsets of less than one hundred twenty five feet (125') shall be prohibited;
- 12. A tangent of at least one hundred feet (100') long shall be introduced between reverse curves on arterial and collector streets;
- 13. Proposed streets which are a continuation of an existing street shall be given the same names as the existing street. All new street names shall not duplicate or be confused with the names of existing streets within Blaine County, Idaho. The subdivider shall obtain approval of all street names within the proposed subdivision from the commission before submitting same to council for preliminary plat approval;

		14. Street alignment design shall follow natural terrain contours to result in safe streets, usable lots, and minimum cuts and fills; 15. Street patterns of residential areas shall be designed to create areas free of through traffic, but readily accessible to adjacent collector and arterial streets; 16. Reserve planting strips controlling access to public streets shall be permitted under conditions specified and shown on the final plat, and all landscaping and irrigation systems shall be installed as required improvements by the subdivider; 17. In general, the centerline of a street shall coincide with the centerline of the street right of way, and all crosswalk markings shall be installed by the subdivider as a required improvement; 18. Street lighting may be required by the commission or council where appropriate and shall be installed by the subdivider as a requirement improvement; 19. Private streets may be allowed upon recommendation by the commission and approval by the council. Private streets shall be constructed to meet the design
		standards specified in subsection H2 of this section; 20. Street signs shall be installed by the subdivider as a required improvement of a type and design approved by the administrator and shall be consistent with the type and design of existing street signs elsewhere in the city; 21. Whenever a proposed subdivision requires construction of a new bridge, or will create substantial additional traffic which will require construction of a new bridge or improvement of an existing bridge, such construction or improvement
		shall be a required improvement by the subdivider. Such construction or improvement shall be in accordance with adopted standard specifications; 22. Sidewalks, curbs and gutters may be a required improvement installed by the subdivider; and 23. Gates are prohibited on private roads and parking access/entranceways, private driveways accessing more than one single-family dwelling unit and one
		accessory dwelling unit, and public rights of way unless approved by the city council.
		This standard does not apply as no new streets are proposed.
	16.04.040.1	Alley Improvement Requirements: Alleys shall be provided in business, commercial and light industrial zoning districts. The width of an alley shall be not less than twenty feet (20'). Alley intersections and sharp changes in alignment shall be avoided, but where necessary, corners shall be provided to permit safe vehicular movement. Dead end alleys shall be prohibited. Improvement of alleys shall be done by the subdivider as required improvement and in conformance with design standards specified in subsection H2 of this section.
	Commission	This standard does not apply as the alley adjacent to the subject property is
	Findings	closed to vehicular travel.
	16.04.040.J	Required Easements: Easements, as set forth in this subsection, shall be required for location of utilities and other public services, to provide adequate pedestrian circulation and access to public waterways and lands. 1. A public utility easement at least ten feet (10') in width shall be required within the street right of way boundaries of all private streets. A public utility easement at least five feet (5') in width shall be required within property boundaries adjacent to Warm Springs Road and within any other property boundary as determined by the city engineer to be necessary for the provision of adequate public utilities. 2. Where a subdivision contains or borders on a watercourse, drainageway, channel or stream, an easement shall be required of sufficient width to contain

			subdivider shall also be required to locate and install an adequate number of fire hydrants within the proposed subdivision according to specifications and requirements of the city under the supervision of the Ketchum fire department and other regulatory agencies having jurisdiction. Furthermore, the central water
	×	16.04.040.L	main found in Walnut Ave. Water System Improvements: A central domestic water distribution system shall be installed in all subdivisions by the subdivider as a required improvement. The
		Commission Findings	This standard does not apply as this application does not create a new subdivision. The lot will directly connect to the City of Ketchum sewer system
			increase in the minimum lot size and may impose any other reasonable requirements which it deems necessary to protect public health, safety and welfare.
			possible. In considering such alternative provisions, the council may require an
			temporary basis until such time as connection to the public sewage system is
			alternative provisions for sewage disposal in accordance with the requirements of the Idaho department of health and the council may be constructed on a
			system of a subdivision cannot connect to the existing public sewage system,
			department prior to final plat approval. In the event that the sanitary sewage
			subdivider and approved by the city engineer, council and Idaho health
			system as a required improvement by the subdivider. Construction plans and specifications for central sanitary sewer extension shall be prepared by the
			installed in all subdivisions and connected to the Ketchum sewage treatment
	\boxtimes	16.04.040.K	Sanitary Sewage Disposal Improvements: Central sanitary sewer systems shall be
		Findings	are shown on the subject preliminary plat.
		Commission	throughout the city. No new easements are required. However private landscaping & view easements
			subdivider to provide an adequate nonvehicular transportation system
			bike paths, equestrian paths, and similar easements shall be dedicated by the
			6. Nonvehicular transportation system easements including pedestrian walkways,
			improvement construction plans.
			approved in writing by the ditch company or property owner holding the water rights. A written copy of such approval shall be filed as part of required
			required improvements within a proposed subdivision unless same has first been
			constructed, rerouted or changed in the course of planning for or constructing
			5. No ditch, pipe or structure for irrigation water or irrigation wastewater shall be
			and wildlife along the riverbank and to protect structures from damage or loss due to riverbank erosion.
			no permanent structure shall be built in order to protect the natural vegetation
			Springs Creek shall dedicate a twenty five foot (25') scenic easement upon which
			4. All subdivisions which border on the Big Wood River, Trail Creek and Warm
			subdivision.
			existing pedestrian easement, the council may require an extension of that easement along the portion of the riverbank which runs through the proposed
			appropriate cases where a subdivision abuts a portion of the river adjacent to an
			access. These easement requirements are minimum standards, and in
			easement providing access through the subdivision to the bank as a sportsman's
			riverbank. Furthermore, the council shall require, in appropriate areas, an
			3. All subdivisions which border the Big Wood River, Trail Creek and Warm Springs Creek shall dedicate a ten foot (10') fish and nature study easement along the
			reconstruction of such watercourse.
	ī		

	Commission Findings	system shall have sufficient flow for domestic use and adequate fire flow. All such water systems installed shall be looped extensions, and no dead end systems shall be permitted. All water systems shall be connected to the municipal water system and shall meet the standards of the following agencies: Idaho department of public health, Idaho survey and rating bureau, district sanitarian, Idaho state public utilities commission, Idaho department of reclamation, and all requirements of the city. This standard does not apply as this application does not create a new subdivision. The lot will directly connect to the City of Ketchum water main found
	_	in Walnut Ave.
	16.04.040.M	Planting Strip Improvements: Planting strips shall be required improvements. When a predominantly residential subdivision is proposed for land adjoining incompatible uses or features such as highways, railroads, commercial or light industrial districts or off street parking areas, the subdivider shall provide planting strips to screen the view of such incompatible features. The subdivider shall submit a landscaping plan for such planting strip with the preliminary plat application, and the landscaping shall be a required improvement.
	Commission Findings	This standard does not apply as this application does not create a new subdivision. There are no incompatible uses adjacent to the proposed townhouse
 	 1001010	sublots.
	16.04.040.N	Cuts, Fills, And Grading Improvements: Proposed subdivisions shall be carefully planned to be compatible with natural topography, soil conditions, geology and hydrology of the site, as well as to minimize cuts, fills, alterations of topography, streams, drainage channels, and disruption of soils and vegetation. The design criteria shall include the following: 1. A preliminary soil report prepared by a qualified engineer may be required by the commission and/or council as part of the preliminary plat application. 2. Preliminary grading plan prepared by a civil engineer shall be submitted as part of all preliminary plat applications. Such plan shall contain the following information: a. Proposed contours at a maximum of five foot (5') contour intervals. b. Cut and fill banks in pad elevations. c. Drainage patterns. d. Areas where trees and/or natural vegetation will be preserved. e. Location of all street and utility improvements including driveways to building envelopes. f. Any other information which may reasonably be required by the administrator, commission or council to adequately review the affect of the proposed improvements. 3. Grading shall be designed to blend with natural landforms and to minimize the necessity of padding or terracing of building sites, excavation for foundations, and minimize the necessity of cuts and fills for streets and driveways. 4. Areas within a subdivision which are not well suited for development because of existing soil conditions, steepness of slope, geology or hydrology shall be allocated for open space for the benefit of future property owners within the subdivision. 5. Where existing soils and vegetation are disrupted by subdivision development, provision shall be made by the subdivider for revegetation of disturbed areas with perennial vegetation sufficient to stabilize the soil upon completion of the construction. Until such times as such revegetation has been installed and

	Commission Findings	established, the subdivider shall maintain and protect all disturbed surfaces from erosion. 6. Where cuts, fills, or other excavations are necessary, the following development standards shall apply: a. Fill areas shall be prepared by removing all organic material detrimental to proper compaction for soil stability. b. Fills shall be compacted to at least ninety five percent (95%) of maximum density as determined by AASHO T99 (American Association of State Highway Officials) and ASTM D698 (American standard testing methods). c. Cut slopes shall be no steeper than two horizontal to one vertical (2:1). Subsurface drainage shall be provided as necessary for stability. d. Fill slopes shall be no steeper than three horizontal to one vertical (3:1). Neither cut nor fill slopes shall be located on natural slopes of three to one (3:1) or steeper, or where fill slope toes out within twelve feet (12') horizontally of the top and existing or planned cut slope. e. Toes of cut and fill slopes shall be set back from property boundaries a distance of three feet (3'), plus one-fifth (1/5) of the height of the cut or the fill, but may not exceed a horizontal distance of ten feet (10'); tops and toes of cut and fill slopes shall be set back from structures at a distance of at least six feet (6'), plus one-fifth (1/5) of the height of the cut or the fill. Additional setback distances shall be provided as necessary to accommodate drainage features and drainage structures. This standard does not apply as this application is the subdivision of an existing lot. On-site grading for the new single family residence meets all grading requirements and all disturbance will be revegetated per the landscape plan
	16.04.040.0 Commission Findings	Drainage Improvements: The subdivider shall submit with the preliminary plat application such maps, profiles, and other data prepared by an engineer to indicate the proper drainage of the surface water to natural drainage courses or storm drains, existing or proposed. The location and width of the natural drainage courses shall be shown as an easement common to all owners within the subdivision and the city on the preliminary and final plat. All natural drainage courses shall be left undisturbed or be improved in a manner that will increase the operating efficiency of the channel without overloading its capacity. An adequate storm and surface drainage system shall be a required improvement in all subdivisions and shall be installed by the subdivider. Culverts shall be required where all water or drainage courses intersect with streets, driveways or improved public easements and shall extend across and under the entire improved width including shoulders. The applicant submitted a site grading and drainage plan with the project plans for the proposed lot. No common drainage courses are utilized or disturbed. The grading and drainage plan meets all requirements and each sublot is managing
	16.04.040.P	stormwater runoff independently, not impacting adjacent properties. Utilities: In addition to the terms mentioned in this section, all utilities including, but not limited to, electricity, natural gas, telephone and cable services shall be installed underground as a required improvement by the subdivider. Adequate provision for expansion of such services within the subdivision or to adjacent lands including installation of conduit pipe across and underneath streets shall be installed by the subdivider prior to construction of street improvements.

		Commission	All utilities are proposed underground per the KMC requirements.
		Findings	
	\boxtimes	16.04.040 <i>.Q</i>	Off Site Improvements: Where the offsite impact of a proposed subdivision is
			found by the commission or council to create substantial additional traffic,
			improvements to alleviate that impact may be required of the subdivider prior to
			final plat approval, including, but not limited to, bridges, intersections, roads,
			traffic control devices, water mains and facilities, and sewer mains and facilities.
		Commission	The proposed lot consolidation does not create substantial additional traffic,
		Findings	therefore, no improvements are required.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The City of Ketchum is a municipal corporation established in accordance with Article XII of the Constitution of the State of Idaho and Title 50 Idaho Code and is required and has exercised its authority pursuant to the Local Land Use Planning Act codified at Chapter 65 of Title 67 Idaho Code and pursuant to Chapters 3, 9 and 13 of Title 50 Idaho Code to enact the ordinances and regulations, which ordinances are codified in the Ketchum Municipal Code ("KMC") and are identified in the Findings of Fact and which are herein restated as Conclusions of Law by this reference and which City Ordinances govern the applicant's Townhouse Preliminary Plat application for the development and use of the project site.
- 2. The Commission has authority to review and recommend approval of the applicant's Lot Consolidation Preliminary Plat Application pursuant to Chapter 16.04 of Ketchum Code Title 16.
- 3. The City of Ketchum Planning Department provided notice for the review of this application in accordance with Ketchum Municipal Code §16.04.030.
- 4. The Lot Consolidation Subdivision Preliminary Plat application is governed under Chapter 16.04 of Ketchum Municipal Code.
- 5. The Ketchum Townsite: Block 91: Lot 3A Preliminary Plat application meets all applicable standards specified in Title 16 of Ketchum Municipal Code.

DECISION

THEREFORE, the Commission **recommends approval** of this Lot Consolidation Preliminary Plat Application File No. P22-052A to City Council this Tuesday, October 24, 2023 subject to the following conditions of approval.

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

- 1. The preliminary plat is subject to all conditions of approval associated with Mountain Overlay Design Review Approval P23-052.
- 2. Failure to record a Final Plat within two (2) years of Council's approval of a Preliminary Plat shall cause the Preliminary Plat to be null and void.
- 3. The building envelope shall be revised to closely follow the building footprint prior to staff advancing the preliminary plat application to City Council.

Findings of Fact **adopted** this 24th day of October 2023.

Neil Morrow, Chair City of Ketchum Planning and Zoning Commission