## CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT GENERAL CONDITIONS

## 25296- TOWN OF JOHNSTOWN STATE HIGHWAY 60 AND CARLSON BLVD INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS

SCOPE: Since the General Conditions are general, some conditions may not apply to a particular Project.

## ARTICLE 1- DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

1.1 Definitions: Whenever used in the Bidding Documents and Contract Documents, the following terms shall have the following meanings, applicable to both the singular and plural:
1.1.1 ADDENDA: Written changes to the Bidding Documents issued at least two days before the Opening of Bids which modify or interpret the Contract or changes the date set for the Opening of Bids.
1.1.2 ALTERNATE BID: An Alternate Bid is an amount stated in the Bid added to or deducted from the base amount of the Bid when the Town accepts a corresponding change in project scope, materials or method of construction described in the Contract.
1.1.3 BID: The proposal the Bidder submits on the prescribed Bid Forms stating the prices for the Work to be performed.
1.1.4 BID FORMS: Bid Form, Bid Bond, Bid Schedule, Bid Proposal including Qualifications, Subcontractors and Related Data and Non-Collusion Affidavit of Prime Bidder.
1.1.5 BIDDER: The person, partnership, or corporation submitting a Proposal for the performance of the Work covered by the Contract.
1.1.6 BIDDING DOCUMENTS: The Advertisement to Bid, Bid Forms, Information and Instructions to Bidders, General Conditions, Contract, Sample Forms, Special Conditions, Technical Specifications, Drawings, and Addenda (if any).
1.1.7 BONDS: Bid Bonds, Performance, and Payment Bonds or other instruments of security, furnished by the Contractor and its Surety according to the Contract.
1.1.8 CALENDAR DAYS: Includes all days in a month including weekends and holidays.
1.1.9 CHANGE ORDER: A written modification of the Contract, issued after award to the Contractor, authorizing an addition, deletion or revision in the Work within the general scope of the Contract or authorizing an adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Time, mutually agreed upon between the Town and the Contractor.
1.1.10 COMPLETION DATE: The date the Contract specifies the Work is to be completed.
1.1.11 CONTRACT: The Construction Contract consisting of the Agreement for a Construction Contract and the incorporated Contract Documents.
1.1.12 CONTRACT COORDINATOR: The authorized representative of the Town designated to act for the Town in processing the Award of Contracts, maintaining centralized official Contract documentation, providing administrative liaison/coordination, legal liaison/coordination via Town Attorney, and processing of Contract Payment authorizations as approved by the Project Manager.
1.1.13 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS: All the documents expressly incorporated into the Contract by the Agreement for Construction Contract, including but not limited to Addenda, Bid Forms, Change Orders, Final Acceptance, Drawings, General Conditions, Information and Instruction to Bidders, Insurance Certificates, Advertisement for Bid, Notice of Award, Notice of Construction Acceptance, Notice to Proceed, Notice of Substantial Completion, Performance and Payment Bonds, Special Conditions, Supplemental Drawings and Schedules, and Technical Specifications.
1.1.14 CONTRACT PRICE: The total monies payable to the Contractor under the terms and conditions of the Contract.
1.1.15 CONTRACT TIME: The number of days stated in the Contract for the completion of the Project.
1.1.16 CONTRACTOR: The person, company, firm or corporation contracting with the Town to construct, erect, alter, install or repair any work or construction project
1.1.17 DRAWINGS: The part of the Contract prepared or approved by the Project Manager showing the characteristics and scope of the Work to be performed.
1.1.18 DATE OF CONTRACT: The execution date in the Agreement for a Construction Contract.
1.1.19 DAY: A calendar day of twenty-four hourseach.
1.1.20 FIELD ORDER: A written order directing a change in the Project issued by the Project Manager to the Contractor during construction.
1.1.21 INSPECTOR: The Town's authorized representative assigned to make detailed inspection of the Work performed by the Contractor.
1.1.22 NOTICE OF AWARD: The written notice of the acceptance of the Bid from the Town to the successful Bidder.
1.1.23 NOTICE OF CONSTRUCTION ACCEPTANCE: The written acknowledgment that construction is complete which starts the warranty period.
1.1.24 NOTICE OF FINAL ACCEPTANCE: The written acceptance of Work performed under the Contract, following satisfactory conclusion of the warranty period.
1.1.25 NOTICE TO PROCEED: The written notice by the Town to the Contractor authorizing it to proceed with the Work which establishes the Contract commencement and Contract Coordinators.
1.1.26 NOTICE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION: The written notice of the date, as certified by the Project Manager, when the Project or a specified part is sufficiently completed, according to the Contract, so the Project or specified part can be used for the intended purposes.
1.1.27 OWNER: The Town; see 1.1.36.
1.1.28 PROJECT: The undertaking to be performed as provided in the Contract.
1.1.29 PROJECT MANAGER: The authorized representative of the Town, known as the Project Manager, assigned to the Project to ensure that all Work is performed according to the terms and conditions of the Contract. Also see Article 10, "Project Manager's Responsibilities."
1.1.30 SHOP DRAWINGS: All drawings, diagrams, illustrations, brochures, schedules, and other data prepared by the Contractor, a Subcontractor, manufacturer, Supplier or distributor which illustrate how specific portions of the Work will be fabricated or installed.
1.1.31 SPECIAL CONDITIONS: Additions to the General Conditions containing instructions and conditions peculiar to an individual Project.
1.1.32 SPECIFICATIONS: A part of the Contract Documents consisting of written technical description of materials, equipment, construction systems, standards, and workmanship.
1.1.33 SUBCONTRACTOR: Any person, company, firm or corporation, having a subcontract with the Contractor to furnish and perform on-site labor, with or without furnishing materials for the project.
1.1.34 SUPPLIER: Any person or organization who supplies materials or equipment for the Work, including that fabricated to a special design, but who does not perform labor at the site.
1.1.35 SURETY: The entity which is bound with and for the Contractor for the Performance and Payment Bonds.
1.1.36 TOWN: The Town of Johnstown, in the State of Colorado, acting by and through its Mayor, Town Council, Town Manager, or other authorized representative.
1.1.37 UNIT PRICE: An amount stated in the Bid as a price per unit of measurement for materials or services as described in the Contract.
1.1.38 WORK: The construction and services required by the Contract, whether completed or partially completed, including all other labor, materials, equipment and services provided or to be provided by the Contractor to fulfill the Contractor's obligations. The Work may be the whole or a part of the Project.
1.1.39 WORK DAYS: Includes all days in the month the Contractor is permitted to work; excludes weekends and holidays.

## ARTICLE 2- PRELIMINARY MATTERS

### 2.1 Notice to Proceed

2.1.1 Following the execution of the Contract by the Parties, the Project Manager will give the Contractor written Notice to Proceed with the Work. The Contractor shall begin and continue the Work regularly and without interruption (unless otherwise directed in writing by the Project Manager) with the force necessary to complete the Work within the time stated in the Contract

### 2.2 Contractor's Understanding

2.2.1 The Contractor agrees that, by careful examination, it is satisfied as to the nature and location of the Work, the conformation of the ground, the character, quality, and quantity of the materials to be encountered, the character of equipment and facilities needed before beginning and for the Project, the general and local conditions, and all other matters, which can in any way affect the Work under the Contract. No oral agreement with any officer, agent or employee of the Town either before or after the execution of the Contract shall affect or change any of the terms or obligations contained in the Contract.
2.3 Contractor's Warranty
2.3.1 The Contractor warrants that it has the knowledge, ability, experience, and expertise to perform the Work competently. The Contractor warrants the capacity of the Contractor's construction personnel, and its ability to complete the Project within the allotted time.
2.4 Contractor's License and Permits
2.4.1 The Contractor will obtain all licenses and permits required to do the Work. Whenever necessary, the Contractor will have a Contractor's License with the Town by the time of Notice of Award. It will have all permits required by the Town, as well as those required by County, State and Federal agencies. The Town will not charge for Town permits, although a charge may apply for Contractor's License or for use fees. Subcontractors shall also have a Town of Johnstown Contractor's License and the proper permits. The Town will not charge for the Subcontractor's permits.
2.5 Schedules, Reports, and Records
2.5.1 Before beginning construction, the Contractor shall submit to the Project Manager a Construction Progress Schedule, on a form approved by the Project Manager, showing all Work the Contractor and all Subcontractors will perform. The Project Manager may require the Contractor to substitute
2.5.2 The schedule shall be in enough detail for the Project Manager to readily determine the Work to be performed each day. When requested by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall update the schedule.
2.5.3 Before beginning construction, the Contractor shall give the Project Manager the dates it expects to submit Shop Drawings, manufacturers' details, catalog cuts or other required special detail Drawings
and also the dates of beginning manufacture, testing, delivery and installation of special equipment and materials.

### 2.6 Contractor's Address

2.6.1 The address in the Bid Proposal is designated as the place to which all communications to the Contractor will be delivered or mailed. The delivery at the listed address, in person or by certified mail, of any notice, letter or other communication to the Contractor, is adequate service upon the Contractor, and the date of the service is the date of delivery. In addition, notice may be provided by electronic mail (e-mail) on the condition that the intended recipient of the e-mail acknowledges, expressly or impliedly, receipt of such email.

### 2.7 Notification of Utility Owners

2.7.1 The Contractor shall cooperate with Utility Owners to mitigate damage whenever the Contractor's work affects their utilities.
2.7.2 The Contractor shall not excavate without first notifying the owners, operators or association of owners and operators having underground facilities in the area of such excavation. Notice may be given in person, by telephone or in writing. Notice to an association is notice to each member of the association.
2.7.3 Contractor shall give notice of the commencement, extent, and duration of the excavation work at least two business days before beginning Work.
2.7.4 If the Project affects fences, landscaping, mailboxes, driveways and other improvements, the Contractor shall notify the affected property owners or occupants IN WRITING at least two business days before beginning Work. The Contractor shall cooperate with the owners or occupants to reduce inconvenience where reasonably possible.
2.8 Department of Revenue Forms
2.8.1 It is the responsibility of the Contractor to apply for a Colorado State Sales and Use Tax Exemption Certificate from the State Dept. of Revenue and to use it when purchasing materials or supplies in connection with the Project.
2.8.2 The Town's Tax Exemption Numbers are to be used only when obtaining the Contractor's own Tax Exemption Certificate for each specific Town project

## ARTICLE 3 - DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS

### 3.1 Intent of Drawings and Specifications

3.1.1 In the Drawings and Specifications, the Town intends that the Contractor furnish all superintendence, labor, materials, tools, equipment, supplies, machinery and transportation necessary for the proper execution of the Work unless specifically noted otherwise. The Contractor shall do all the Work shown on the Drawings and described in the Specifications and all incidental Work reasonably necessary to complete the Project in a substantial and acceptable manner, and to complete fully the Work, ready for use, by the Town.
3.1.2 The Contractor shall complete all Work according to the Specifications and Drawings, and in compliance with applicable laws of Colorado and ordinances of the Town.
3.1.3 In interpreting the Contract, words describing materials or work having a well-known technical or trade meaning, unless otherwise specifically defined, will be construed according to well-known meanings as recognized by engineers, architects, and the trades.
3.1.4 When the Contract refers to a provision of the General Conditions or another Contract Document, the Contract means the provision as amended or supplemented by other provisions of the Contract.
3.1.5 When the Specifications state the words "as directed," or "as required," or "as permitted," or words of like meaning, it is understood that the direction, requirement or permission of the Project Manager is intended. Similarly, the words approved, acceptable or satisfactory shall refer to approval by the Project Manager.
3.1.6 The Contract Documents are intended to be complementary, and Work called for on any Drawing and not mentioned in the Specifications, or Work described in the Specifications and not shown on any Drawing, is included under the Contract as if set forth in both the Specifications and Drawings.

### 3.2 Copies of Drawings and SpecificationsFurnished

3.2.1 The Project Manager will furnish to the Contractor, free of charge, two copies of Drawings and Specifications of the Work. All additional copies will be furnished at reproduction costs.
3.3 Discrepancies in Drawings
3.3.1 Contractor shall immediately report any discrepancies found between the Drawings and Specifications and site conditions or any errors or omissions in the Drawings or Specifications to the Project Manager, who shall promptly correct such error or omission IN WRITING. Any affected Work done by the Contractor after discovery of such discrepancies, errors or omissions and affected by those is done at the Contractor's risk. In all cases, the Project Manager shall decide the intent of the Drawings and Specifications. The decision is final.

### 3.4 Dimensions

3.4.1 Figured dimensions shall govern over scaled dimensions.
3.5 Drawings and Specifications at JobSite
3.5.1 The Contractor shall keep one complete set of all Drawings and Specifications at the job- site, available to the Project Manager at all times.

### 3.6 Shop Drawings

3.6.1 The Contractor shall provide Shop Drawings, settings, schedules, and such other Drawings as may be necessary for the prosecution of the Work in the shop and in the field as required by the Drawings, Specifications or Project Manager's instructions.
3.6.2 The Contractor shall submit for approval two reproducible copies of all Shop Drawings and descriptive data as applicable showing all features not fully detailed on the Drawings but essential for a completely coordinated installation.
3.6.3 The Town's approval of Shop Drawings indicates only that the type and kind of equipment, general method of construction or detailing are satisfactory, but the Contractor may not construe the approval as a complete check. The Contractor has the responsibility for incorporating into the Work satisfactory materials and equipment meeting the requirements of the Drawings and Specifications, the proper dimensions, and the detailing of connections.
3.6.4 The review of Shop Drawings is only to check for compliance with the design concept of the Project and general compliance with the Contract Documents. Approval does not indicate the waiver of any contract requirement. Changes in the Work are authorized only by separate written Change Order.

### 3.7 Record Documents

3.7.1 The Contractor shall keep one record copy of all Addenda, Change Orders, Drawings, Field Orders, Modifications, and Shop Drawings and Specifications in good order. The Contractor shall record any changes made during construction on the record copies. The Contractor shall make a set of "Record Drawings" by marking this set of prints with all changes from the original Drawings as bid, including all Change Orders, alignment changes, depth changes of underground pipes and utilities, and all other
items that are not the same as originally drawn. The Contractor shall keep the Record Drawings up to date as the Project progresses. The Project Manager may require, as a condition of the approval of the monthly progress payment, periodic inspection of the Record Drawings. The Contractor will deliver the Record Drawings to the Project Manager upon completion of the Project before Final Payment.
3.8 Differing Site Conditions
3.8.1 The Contractor shall promptly, before such conditions are further disturbed, notify the Project Manager in writing of:
3.8.1.A Subsurface or latent physical conditions at the job-site differing materially from those indicated in the Contract; or
3.8.1.B Unknown physical conditions at the job-site, of an unusual nature, differing materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in Work of the character provided for in the Contract.
3.8.2 Upon receipt of written notification from the Contractor of alleged differing site conditions, the Project Manager shall promptly investigate the conditions and if it finds the conditions materially differ, and so cause an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost of or the time required for performance of any part of the Work under the Contract, an equitable adjustment will be made and the Contract modified in writing as provided for in Article 10 of these General Conditions. No claim will be allowed under this Article unless the Contractor has given the written notice required in Article 3.8.1.
3.8.3 No claim will be allowed under this Article if Final Payment has been made.

### 3.9 Surveys

3.9.1 The Project Manager has the option to develop and arrange for detail surveys through a separate contract if deemed desirable or necessary and if specifically noted as such in the Special Conditions, otherwise the Contractor shall provide all survey required to construct the Project according to the Contract Documents. The Contractor assumes full responsibility for construction according to the proposed lines and grades.
3.9.2 The Contractor shall carefully protect all monuments and property markers from disturbance ordamage.

## ARTICLE 4 - AVAILABILITY OF RIGHT-OF-WAY

4.1 Acquisition of Right-of-Way
4.1.1 Before issuance of Notice to Proceed, the Town shall obtain all land and right-of-way necessary for carrying out and completion of the Work to be performed pursuant to the Contract, unless otherwise mutually agreed.
4.1.2 The Town shall provide to the Contractor information which delineates and describes the lands owned and rights-of-way acquired, when necessary. The Contractor shall confine its operations within the areas designated by the Project Manager.

### 4.2 Access to Right-of-Way

4.2.1 The Town will provide right of access to all places necessary for the performance of the Work. Nothing contained in the Contract shall give the Contractor exclusive occupancy of the area provided by the Town. The Town, other contractors of the Town and utility companies may enter upon or occupy portions of the land furnished by the Town for any purpose, but without unreasonably interfering with the completion of the Project. Joint occupancy or use of the territory shall not be the basis of any claim for delay or damages.
4.3 State Highway Right-of-Way
4.3.1 If any part of the Project is within the right-of-way of a roadway under the jurisdiction of the Colorado Division of Transportation (CDOT), the Contractor shall obtain the necessary permits from CDOT and conform to all the requirements and restrictions indicated on the permit. The Contractor shall restore the area to its original condition, including reseeding if necessary, at the completion of the Project.

### 4.4 Temporary Storage Facilities

4.4.1 The Contractor may secure at its own expense, and without liability to the Town, use of any additional land that the Contractor may desire for temporary construction activities, and facilities, or storage of materials.

## ARTICLE 5 - BONDS AND INSURANCE

5.1 Performance Bond and Payment Bond
5.1.1 The Contractor shall, within ten (10) days after receipt of the Notice of Award, and before the commencement of any operations hereunder execute the Contract and furnish the Town with separate Performance, and Payment Bonds each in a penal sum equal to the amount of the Contract Price, conditioned upon the Contractor's performance of all undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of the Contract, and upon the Contractor's prompt payment to all persons supplying labor and materials in the prosecution of the Work provided by the Contract. The Contractor and a corporate Bonding company, licensed to transact such business in the State of Colorado and acceptable to the Town, shall execute the Bonds. The Contractor bears the expense of these Bonds. If at any time the Surety on such Bonds becomes irresponsible or loses its right to do business in the State of Colorado, the Town may require another Surety, which the Contractor shall furnish within ten (10) days after receipt of written notice to do so. Evidence of authority of an attorney-in-fact acting for the corporate Surety shall be provided in the form of a certificate as to its power of attorney and to the effect that it is not terminated and remains in full force and effect on the date of the Bonds. The form of the Bonds is subject to the Town's approval.

### 5.2 Insurance

5.2.1 The insurance requirements contained in the Contract shall not limit or redefine the obligations of the Contractor as provided elsewhere in the Contract.
5.2.2 Only insurance companies with authority to issue policies in Colorado may provide insurance coverage under the Contract.

### 5.3 Insurance Requirements

5.3.1 The Contractor shall purchase and maintain, for the full period of the Contract, including any warranty period, at the Contractor's or Subcontractor's sole expense, insurance policies providing coverage as follows:
5.3.1.A General liability. The selected Contractor shall maintain including contractual liability, of at least $\$ 1,000,000$ per each occurrence plus an additional amount adequate to pay related attorney's fees and defense cost. Coverage shall include bodily injury including accidental death, property damage, personal injury, and contractual liability.
5.3.1.B Comprehensive Automobile Liability. The selected Contractor shall maintain comprehensive automobile liability insurance with minimum limits for bodily injury and property damage coverage of at least $\$ 1,000,000$ per each occurrence plus an additional amount adequate to pay related attorneys' fees and defense costs, for each of awarded Contractors owned, hired or nonowned vehicles assigned to or used in performance of the Agreement.
5.3.1.C Professional Liability/Errors and Omissions. The selected Contractor shall maintain errors and omissions insurance in the amount of $\$ 1,000,000$.
5.3.1.D Workers' Compensation \& Employer's Liability. The selected Contractor shall maintain the following during the life of the Agreement for all employees engages in services performed under the agreement

- Workers' Compensation insurance with statutory limits as required by the Workers' Compensation Act of the State of Colorado.
- Employer's Liability insurance with limits of $\$ 100,000$ per accident, $\$ 500,000$ disease aggregate, and $\$ 100,000$ disease each employee.
5.3.2 In the event any work is performed by a Subcontractor, the selected Contractor shall be responsible for any liability directly or indirectly arising out of the services performed under an Agreement by a subcontractor, which liability is not covered by the subcontractor's insurance.
5.3.3 Additional Insured Clause: The insurance coverage required for the performance of the Contract must be endorsed to name the Town of Johnstown, Colorado, a municipal corporation, its council members, officers, agents, employees and volunteers, as additional insured with respect to the activities performed under the Contract.
5.3.4 Certificate of Insurance: As evidence of the insurance coverage required by the Contract, the Contractor shall furnish a certificate of insurance to:

Public Works Department<br>450 S. Parish Ave<br>Johnstown, CO 80534

5.3.5 The certificate will specify parties who are additional insureds. Only insurance written by insurance companies authorized to do business in Colorado complies. If awarded Contractor is self-insured under the laws of the State of Colorado, awarded Contractor shall provide appropriate declarations and evidence of coverage.
5.3.6 As evidence of the insurance coverages required by the Contract, before beginning work under the Contract, the awarded Contractor shall furnish certificates of insurance certifying that at least the minimum coverages required here are in effect and specifying the liability coverages. The certificates of insurance shall show the type, amount, class of operations covered, effective dates and date of expiration of policies, and containing substantially the following statement: "The insurance evidenced by this Certificate will not reduce coverage or limits and will not be cancelled, except after thirty (30) days written notice has been received by the Town of Johnstown."
5.3.7 Continuance of Insurance: For the term of the Contract, which includes any warranty periods, the Contractor shall not cancel, materially change or fail to renew the insurance coverage, and agrees to notify the Town of Johnstown's Project Manager of any material reduction or exhaustion of aggregate policy limits. If the Contractor fails to purchase or maintain the insurance coverage set forth in these General Conditions, the Town shall have the right, but not the obligation, to procure such insurance coverage at the Contractor's expense.

## ARTICLE 6- INDEMNIFICATION

6.1 Responsibility for Damage Claims:
6.1.1 The Contractor shall indemnify, save harmless, and defend the Town, its officers and employees, from and in all suits, actions or claims of any character brought because of: any injuries or damage received or sustained by any person, persons or property because of operations for the Town under the Contract; the Contractor's failure to comply with the provisions of the Contract; the Contractor's neglect of materials while constructing the Work; because of any act or omission, neglect or misconduct of the Contractor; because of any claims or amounts recovered from any infringements of patent, trademark, or copyright, unless the design, device, materials or process involved are specifically required by Contract; from any claims or amount arising or recovered under the "Workers' Compensation Act," by reason of the Contractor's failure to comply with the act; pollution or environmental liability; or any failure of the Contractor to comply with any other law, ordinance, order or decree. The Town may retain so much of the money due the Contractor under the Contract as the Town considers necessary for such purpose, for the Town's use. If no money is due, the Contractor's Surety may be held until such suits, actions, claims for injuries or damages have been settled. Money due the Contractor will not be withheld when the Contractor produces satisfactory evidence that it and the Town are adequately protected by commercial general liability and property damage insurance.
6.1.2 The Contractor also agrees to pay the Town all expenses incurred to enforce this "Responsibility for Damage Claim" agreement and if the insurer of the Contractor fails to provide or pay for the defense of the Town of Johnstown, its officers and employees, as additional insured, the Contractor agrees to pay for the cost of that defense.
6.1.3 Nothing in the INSURANCE PROVISIONS shall limit the Contractor's responsibility for payment of claims, liabilities, damages, fines, penalties, and costs resulting from its performance or nonperformance under the Contract.

## ARTICLE 7 - CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

### 7.1 Control of the Work

7.1.1 When the Contractor is not present on the Project it shall have a Superintendent or other representative acceptable to the Town present who shall, during the absence of the Contractor, be its representative and have immediate charge of the Project. The Superintendent or representative shall have the Contractor's authority to act in its absence.
7.1.2 Any person employed on the Project who fails, refuses or neglects to obey the Superintendent or Contractor's other designated representative, shall, upon the order of the Project Manager, be at once removed from the Project and not again employed on any part of the Project.

### 7.2 General Use of Subcontractors

7.2.1 The Contractor may utilize the services of specialty Subcontractors on those parts of the Work which, under normal contracting practices, are performed by specialty Subcontractors.
7.2.2 The Contractor shall not sublet or subcontract any portion of the Work to be done under the Contract until approval of such action has been obtained from the Town in writing.
7.2.3 The Contractor is fully responsible to the Town for the acts and omissions of its Subcontractors, and of persons either directly or indirectly employed by them.
7.2.4 Nothing contained in the Contract creates any contractual relationship between any Subcontractor and the Town.
7.2.5 The Contractor shall put appropriate provisions in all Subcontracts relative to the Work to bind Subcontractors to the terms of the Contract insofar as applicable to the Work of Subcontractors, and to give the Contractor the same power to terminate any Subcontractor that the Town may exercise over the Contractor.
7.2.6 The Contractor shall make available to each proposed Subcontractor, before the execution of the subcontract agreement, copies of the Contract Documents to which the Subcontractor will be bound, and, upon written request of the Subcontractor, identify to the Subcontractor terms and conditions of the proposed subcontract agreement which may be at variance with the Contract Documents. Subcontractors shall similarly make copies of applicable portions of such documents available to their respective proposed Sub-Subcontractors.
7.3 Materials and Equipment Furnished by the Contractor
7.3.1 The Contractor shall furnish and pay the cost of all of the necessary materials not furnished by the Town, all the superintendence, labor, tools, equipment, installation, maintenance, dismantling and removal of materials, supplies, temporary facilities, machinery and transportation. The Contractor shall perform all the work required for the construction of all structures listed and itemized under the Bid Schedule of the Bid in strict accordance with the plans, Specifications and requirements and any amendments thereto and supplemental plans and Specifications hereafterapproved.
7.3.2 Unless otherwise provided for in the Specifications, all workmanship, equipment, materials, and articles incorporated in the Project are to be the best of their respective kinds, new and undamaged.
7.3.3 Materials, supplies or equipment to be incorporated into the Project shall not be purchased by the Contractor or any Subcontractor subject to chattel mortgage or under a conditional sales contract or other agreement by which an interest is retained by the seller.
7.3.4 The Contractor shall furnish the Project Manager, for approval, the name of the manufacturer of machinery and other equipment for materials the Contractor contemplates incorporating in the Project. The Contractor shall also furnish information on capacities, efficiencies, sizes, etc., and other information as may be required by the Project Manager. The Contractor shall submit samples for approval when requested. Machinery, equipment, materials, and articles installed or used without the Project Manager's approval are at the risk of subsequentrejection.
7.3.5 The Contractor shall give the Project Manager two copies of all shop manuals, operating manuals, parts lists, classifications, catalog cuts, Specifications, warranties and guarantees for all equipment and machinery installed.
7.3.6 Consideration of a product as an "equal" by the Project Manager may require that the manufacturer of such product furnish guarantees that extend beyond the usual product warranty time. The refusal of a manufacturer to provide such guarantees is sufficient reason for rejecting the product.

### 7.4 Existing Utilities

7.4.1 The Town has collected and shown on the Drawings available information on the location of existing underground, surface and overhead structures and utilities. However, the Town does not guarantee the results of the investigations are accurate or complete. It is the Contractor's responsibility to verify all locations of existing structures and utilities shown on the Drawings and to ascertain whether any other structures and utilities exist.
7.4.2 The Contractor shall support, and protect from injury, existing power lines, telephone lines, water mains, gas mains, sewers, cables, conduits, ditches, curbs, walks, pavements, driveways, and other structures in the vicinity of the Project which are not authorized to be removed until completion of the Project.
7.5 Coordination with Public WorksDepartments
7.5.1 The Contractor shall always coordinate its Work with the Town of Johnstown Public Works Department. If it becomes necessary to close portions of any water or sewer system due to construction operations, a minimum of 48 hours notification shall be given to the Utilities Department and whenever possible one week's notice should be given. It is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure continuity of the utilities.
7.6.1 The Contractor shall perform all obligations under the Contract in strict compliance with all federal, state, and municipal laws, rules, statues, charter provisions, ordinances, and regulations, applicable to the performance of the Contractor under the Contract.
7.6.2 The Contractor shall obtain all permits and licenses required in the prosecution of the Work.
7.6.3 It is unlawful and unethical for any person to offer, give or agree to give any Town employee, Town official or former Town employee, or for any Town employee, Town official or former Town employee to solicit, demand, accept or agree to accept from another person, a gratuity or an offer of employment in connection with any decision, approval, disapproval, recommendation or preparation of any part of a program requirement or a purchase request, influencing the content of any specification or procurement standard, rendering of advice, investigation, auditing or in any other advisory capacity in any proceeding or application, request for ruling, determination, claim or controversy, or other particular matter, pertaining to any program requirement or a contract or subcontract, or to any solicitation or proposal therefor.
7.6.4 It is unlawful and unethical for any payment, gratuity or offer of employment to be made by or on behalf of a subcontractor under a contract to the prime contractor or higher tier subcontractor of any person associated therewith, as an inducement for the award of a subcontract or order.

### 7.7 Protection of Persons

7.7.1 It is a condition of the Contract, and the Contractor shall make a condition of each Subcontract entered into pursuant to the Contract, that the Contractor and any Subcontractor shall not require any laborer, mechanic or other person employed in performance of the Contract to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to health or safety. The Contractor shall comply with all applicable safety rules and regulations adopted by the United States Department of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), the Industrial Commission of the State of Colorado or the Town of Johnstown, whichever is most restrictive. The Town assumes no duty to ensure that the Contractor follows the safety regulations issued by OSHA or the State of Colorado.
7.7.2 For operations involving trenching, excavation or any other underground construction, the Contractor's attention is specially directed to and its Work shall conform to the Construction Safety and Health Regulations, Part P Subparagraph 1926.650-653 by OSHA, latest revision.
7.7.3 The Contractor shall always, whether or not so specifically directed by the Project Manager, take necessary precautions to ensure the protection of the public. The Contractor shall furnish, erect, and maintain at its own expense all necessary precautions for the protection of the Work and safety of the public through and around its construction operations.

### 7.8 Protection of Property

7.8.1 The Contractor shall continuously and adequately protect the Work from damage, injury or loss arising in connection with the Contract. It shall repair or replace at its expense any such damage, injury or loss, except such as may be directly due to error in the Contract that could not have with reasonable diligence been discovered by Contractor or caused solely by agents or employees of the Town. It shall provide and maintain at its expense all passageways, barricades, guard fences, lights, and other protection facilities required by public authority or local conditions.
7.8.2 The Contractor is responsible for protection of all public and private property on and adjacent to the site of the Work. It shall use every precaution necessary to prevent damage to curbs, sidewalks, driveways, trees, shrubs, sod, mailboxes, fences, and other private and public improvements. It shall protect carefully from disturbance or damage all land monuments and property markers until an authorized agent has witnessed or otherwise referenced their locations, and shall not remove them until directed.
7.9.1 Should any property be damaged, the Contractor shall immediately notify the owner of such property. Unless authorized in writing by the owner of the property or directed by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall not attempt to make repairs. Written authorization from the owner to make repairs must be so worded as to save the Town harmless from any responsibility whatsoever relative to the sufficiency of the repairs. The Contractor shall give the Project Manager a copy of the written authorization to make repairs.
7.9.2 When any direct or indirect damage or injury is done to any public or private property or utility by or on account of any act, omission, neglect or misconduct in the execution of the Work, the Contractor shall restore the damaged property at its own expense to a condition equal to or better than that existing before such damage or injury.
7.9.3 The Contractor shall replace any materials and equipment lost, stolen, damaged or otherwise rendered useless during the performance of Work on the Project.

### 7.10 Traffic Control

7.10.1 The Contractor shall arrange Work to disrupt traffic as little as possible. All traffic Control Devices used shall conform to the latest edition of the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices, (MUTCD). Except as otherwise permitted, two way traffic shall be maintained at all times in public roadways. At least 72 hours before starting any Work in Town right-of-way, the Contractor shall submit a detailed traffic control plan with a Right-of-Way permit for review from the Town's Public Works Department. The approval shall establish the requirements for closures related to the number of lanes and time of day lanes or streets may be closed. The Traffic Control Plan (TC Plan) shall include the name of the contractor, the name and phone number of the person responsible for the traffic control, the date for beginning and ending construction activity and hours of operation expected. The TC Plan should show the widths of streets involved, traffic lanes, the size and location of the Work area with distances from the curb, distance to the nearest intersection and the type and location of traffic control devices. No changes to the TC Plan shall be permitted without prior approval by the Town's Public Works Department.
7.10.2 The Contractor shall furnish and maintain all necessary signs, barricades, lights, and flaggers necessary to control traffic and provide for safety of the public, all in compliance with the MUTCD with subsequent revisions and additions, and to the satisfaction of the Town's Public Works Department.

### 7.11 Sanitary Regulations

7.11.1 The Contractor is responsible for providing proper health and sanitation facilities for its employees, in compliance with any rules and regulations of the State Board of Health or any other bodies having jurisdiction.
7.11.2 The Contractor shall always provide an abundant supply of safe drinking water for its employees and shall give orders against the drinking of any water known to be unsafe in the vicinity of the Project.
7.11.3 At convenient places, the Contractor shall provide outside toilets which are to be maintained in a sanitary condition. Toilets shall not be permitted where they may pollute a water supply.
7.12 Pollution Control
7.12.1 The Contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal and State laws, orders, and regulations concerning the control, prevention, and abatement of water pollution and air pollution in all operations pertaining to the Contract.
7.12.2 The Contractor shall use construction methods that prevent release, entrance or accidental spillage of solid matter, contaminants, debris, and other objectionable pollutants and wastes including, but not
restricted to refuse, garbage, cement, concrete, sewage effluent, industrial waste, radioactive substances, oil and other petroleum products, aggregate processing tailings, mineral salts, and thermal pollution.
7.12.3 The Contractor shall not emit dust into the atmosphere during any operations, including but not limited to: grading; excavating; manufacturing, handling or storing of aggregates; trenching; or cement or pozzolans. The Contractor shall use the necessary methods and equipment to collect, deposit, and prevent dust from its operations from damaging crops, orchards, fields or dwellings or causing a nuisance to persons. The Contractor is liable for any damage resulting from dust.
7.12.4 De-watering for structure foundations or earthwork operations adjacent to or encroaching on lakes, streams or water courses shall obtain required State permits and be done in a manner which prevents muddy water and eroded materials from entering the lakes, streams or water courses, by construction of intercepting ditches, bypass channels, barriers, settling ponds or by other approved means.

### 7.13 Stormwater Quality

7.13.1 The Contractor shall be responsible for the preservation and protection of storm water collection systems and other natural and developed drainage ways, which may be affected by Work done under the Contract. Any construction activity that disturbs one or more acres of land must obtain a Stormwater Discharge Permit Associated with Construction Activity from the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE).
7.13.2 The Contractor is responsible for obtaining and complying with the requirements of the Stormwater Discharges Permit Associated with Construction Activity Permit from CDPHE until the permit has been formally inactivated.
7.13.3 Construction sites that discharge un-permitted stormwater are in violation of the Clean Water Act and local regulations, and may be subject to fines of up to $\$ 25,000$ a day per violation, or as otherwise set forth in the Clean Water Act, and subject to additional civil penalties.
7.13.4 All permit requirements must be met throughout the warranty period and until Final Stabilization is reached.
7.13.5 The Contractor shall satisfy all environmental quality standards imposed by law and take reasonable steps to minimize the environmental impact of the work. In compliance with applicable Town, state and federal law:
7.13.6 All erosion control shall be performed in accordance with Sections 208 of the Colorado Department of Transportation's Standard Specifications or Construction Best Management Practices of UDFCD Volume 3 Urban Storm Drainage CriteriaManual.
7.13.7 The Contractor shall coordinate the construction of temporary erosion control measures with the construction of permanent erosion control measures to assure economical, effective and continuous erosion control throughout the construction and warranty period.
7.13.8 Unless listed in the Bid Document, all erosion control features, including the Erosion Control Supervisor, will not be measured, but will be paid for on a lump sum basis. The lump sum price bid will be full compensationfor all work required to complete the item.

### 7.14 Cleaning Up and Restoration

7.14.1 The Contractor shall clean up all refuse or scrap materials so the site presents a neat, orderly, and workmanlike appearance at alltimes.
7.14.2 Upon completion of the Project, and before final Inspection, the Contractor shall remove from the construction site and any occupied adjoining property all plants, buildings, refuse, unused materials, forming lumber, sanitary facilities, and any other materials and equipment that belong to the Contractor or its Subcontractors.
7.14.3 The Town may clean up and restore the construction site satisfactorily when the Contractor fails to do so. Any costs the Town incurs will be deducted from the Final Payment due the Contractor.

## ARTICLE 8 - TOWN'S RESPONSIBILITIES

8.1.1 The Town will furnish the data required by the Contract and will make payments to the Contractor as provided by these General Conditions.

## ARTICLE 9 - PROJECT MANAGER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

### 9.1 Project Manager

9.1.1 The Project Manager shall maintain the Town's authority over the Contractor relating to field direction and project administration, but does not assume liability for the Contractor's work nor control the Contractor's scheduling. The Project Manager will furnish or coordinate all explanations from consultants, field directions, horizontal and vertical control and inspections necessary to assure compliance with the Project documents, except as otherwise stated in the Project documents.
9.2 Inspection
9.2.1 The Project Manager shall appoint Inspectors to inspect the Project. Inspection may extend to all or any part of the Project. The Inspectors are not authorized to alter the provisions of the Drawings or Specifications, or to delay the fulfillment of the Contract by failure to inspect materials and Work with reasonable promptness.
9.2.2 An Inspector has authority to reject defective materials and to suspend any Work that is being done improperly subject to the final decision of the Project Manager.
9.2.3 The Contractor shall give the Project Manager due and timely notice of readiness when the Project is to be inspected, tested or approved by the Inspector. The Contractor shall give the Project Manager required certificates of inspection, testing or approval. Inspection, tests or approvals by the Project Manager or others do not relieve the Contractor from its obligations to perform the Work according to the requirements of the Contract.
9.2.4 If the Project Manager considers it necessary or advisable that previously completed or covered Work be inspected or tested, the Contractor shall uncover, expose or otherwise make the Work available to the Project Manager for inspection and testing. The Contractor shall furnish all tools, labor, material, and equipment necessary to make the Work available. If the Project Manager finds the Work defective, the Contractor shall pay for the cost of satisfactory reconstruction and making the Work available. However, if the Work is not found defective, the Contractor will be allowed an increase in the Contract Price and/or an extension of the Contract Time for costs and time directly attributable to making the Work available and for reconstruction.
9.2.5 If the Contractor's operations require inspecting, testing or surveying to be done outside normal working hours or on Town holidays, it shall be at the Contractor's expense.

### 9.3 Stop Work Order

9.3.1 The Project Manager has the authority to suspend Work on the Project either in whole or in part, for as long as the Project Manager deems necessary due to:

- Unsuitable weather;
- Faulty workmanship;
- Improper superintendence;
- Contractor's failure to carry out orders or to perform any provision of the Contract;
- Conditions which may be considered unfavorable for the prosecution of Work on the Project; or
- Work being carried on in an unsafe manner.
9.3.2 If it is necessary to stop work for an indefinite period, the Contractor shall, if directed by the Project Manager, store all materials in such a manner that they will not become an obstruction or become damaged in any way. The Contractor shall take every precaution to prevent damage to or deterioration of the Work, providing suitable drainage and erecting temporary structures where necessary.
9.3.3 The Project Manager will put the Stop Work order in writing and the Contractor may not proceed with Work on the suspended portion of the Project until notified in writing by the Project Manager.


### 9.4 Disputes

9.4.1 If the Contractor considers any Work directed by the Town to be outside the scope of the Contract Documents, or if it considers any ruling of the Project Manager to be unfair, it shall immediately provide a written request to the Project Manager asking for a written instruction or decision and shall perform the Work in conformance with the Project Manager's ruling. If the Contractor considers such instructions unsatisfactory, it shall file a written protest with the Project Manager within ten (10) days after receipt.
9.4.2 All claims, disputes and other matters in question arising out of or relating to the Contract shall be submitted to the Project Manager in writing, providing the Town with at least thirty (30) days to attempt to resolve the claim, dispute or other matter, before the Contractor may seek mediation and thereafter, if unsuccessful, commence litigation.

## ARTICLE 10-CHANGES

10.1 General
10.1.1 The Town may make alterations to the Project without the consent of the Surety at any time during the Work. The Contractor shall perform the Work as changed, as if originally specified. The alterations do not invalidate the Contract in any way.
10.1.2 The Project Manager may, at any time, without notice to the Surety, by written notice to the Contractor, make any change in the Work to be performed within the general scope of the Contract, including but not limited to changes:

- In the Specifications (including Drawings and designs);
- In the method or manner of the performance of the Work;
- In facilities, equipment, materials, services or site furnished by the Town; or
- Directing acceleration in the performance of the Work.
10.1.3 Any written order from the Project Manager, which may warrant a time extension or increased or decreased costs, will be treated as a Change Order under this Article provided that the Contractor gives the Project Manager written notice within seven (7) calendar days of that condition, stating the date, circumstances, and source of the order and that the Contractor regards the order as a Change Order. However, the Town will not authorize a change in the Contract Price for work done before approving a Change Order authorizing the additional work. If the Town and the Contractor do not agree to the terms of a Change Order, including the amount of additional compensation, the Contractor shall proceed with the work under the terms of the Contract and shall maintain accurate records of the costs as described in the General Conditions, Article 10.
10.1.4 The Contractor may not treat any order, statement or conduct of the Project Manager as a change under the Contract nor become entitled to an equitable adjustment in the Contract Price or Performance Time, except as provided in this Article.
10.1.5 If any change under this clause causes an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost or the time required for the performance of any part of the Work under the Contract, whether or not changed by any order, an equitable adjustment will be made and the Contract modified in writing accordingly.
10.1.6 In no case will the price adjustment change the original Contract Price to an amount not appropriated and approved by Town Council
10.1.7 Claims for changes in the Contract Price or Contract Time of Performance will not be considered after the Final Payment has been made.


### 10.2 Compliance

10.2.1 The Town has appropriated the funds necessary to fund this Project. Notwithstanding any other language in this Contract, the issuance of any Change Order or other form of order or directive by the Town requiring additional compensable work to be performed which will cause the Contract Price to exceed the amount appropriated for the Work is prohibited unless the Contractor is given written assurance by the Town that lawful appropriations to cover the costs of the additional work have been made or unless the Contract contains a remedy granting provision.

### 10.3 Field Orders

10.3.1 The Project Manager may make changes in the details of the Project at any time, by issuing a Field Order. The Contractor shall proceed with the performance of any changes in the Project ordered by the Project Manager. If the Contractor believes that such Field Order entitles it to a change in Contract Price or Time, or both, it shall give the Project Manager written notice within ten (10) days after the receipt of the Field Order. Thereafter, the Contractor shall document the basis for the change in Contract Price or Time within thirty days.

### 10.4 Change Orders

10.4.1 Changes in the Contract Price are authorized only by Change Orders. Changes in Contract Time may be made by a Change Order or by other appropriate written authorization. Any requests for extension of time due to conditions outside of the Contractor's control shall be made in writing within seven (7) calendar days of that condition.
10.4.2 Any difference in cost from Change Orders shall be added to or deducted from the amount of the Contract, as the case may be. Adjustments in the amounts to be paid to the Contractor on account of changed Work will be determined by one of the following methods in the order listed:

- Unit Prices submitted in the Bid Schedule;
- Negotiated Unit Prices; and
- Negotiated lump sum.


### 10.5 Extras and Force Account Work

10.5.1 The Contractor shall perform any Work and furnish materials and equipment necessary or desirable for proper completion of the Contract if the Project Manager believes it necessary to order Work or materials or equipment which, in the Project Manager's opinion, are not susceptible to classification under the Unit Price items named in the Bid Schedule, and are not included in any lump sum bid item. The Project Manager will order such labor, material and equipment in writing before the extra Work is started. The labor, material and equipment will be classed as extra Work. The Town will not pay for extra Work unless the Town orders in extra work in writing. All claims for extra Work shall be submitted to the Project Manager, supplemented by any data the Project Manager requires.
10.5.2 Extra Work and Work involving a combination of increases and decreases in the Work will ordinarily be paid for at a lump sum or Unit Price agreed upon in writing by the Project Manager and Contractor before the extra Work Order is issued. In the negotiation of lump sum or Unit Prices, the agreed estimated cost of the Work plus an allowance for overhead and profit, not to exceed the allowances stated in Section 10.5.3, shall be used.
10.5.3 The allowance for overhead and profit will include full compensation for superintendence, bonds and insurance premiums, taxes (other than sales or use taxes included in the cost of materials), office
expense, and all other items of expense or cost not included in the cost of labor, materials, or equipment provided under Sections $10.5 .4,10.5 .5$ and 10.5.6. The allowance for overhead and profit will be according to the following schedule:
ACTUAL NECESSARY COST ALLOWANCE:

| Labor | 20 percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Materials | 15 percent |
| Equipment | 10 percent |

The actual necessary cost for labor, materials, or equipment will be computed according to Sections 10.5.4, 10.5.5 and 10.5.6.

Superintendence, bond and insurance premiums, taxes (other than sales or use taxes inclusive in the cost of materials), and other general expense will not be included in the computation of actual necessary cost. When all or any part of the extra Work is performed by a Subcontractor or specialty firm, the prime Contractor may add five percent of the Subcontractor's total cost for the extra Work. The Contractor shall give the Project Manager daily report sheets covering the direct cost of labor and materials and charges for equipment. The daily report sheets shall provide names or identifications and classifications of workers and hours worked, as well as size, type and identification number of equipment and hours operated. Material charges shall be substantiated by valid copies of vendors' invoices. The Project Manager will make any necessary adjustments and compile the costs of cost-plus Work. When these reports are agreed upon and signed by both parties, they become the basis of payment for the Work performed.
10.5.4 Labor: The cost of labor used in performing the extra Work by the Contractor, a Subcontractor, or other forces will be the sum of the actual wages paid plus any employer payments to, or on behalf of, workers for fringe benefits including health and welfare, pension, vacation, and similar purposes; all payments imposed by State and Federal laws including, but not limited to, compensation insurance, and social security payments; and the amount paid for subsistence and travel required in accordance with the regular practice of the employer.

At the beginning of the contract or as later requested by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall furnish the Project Manager proof of labor compensation rates being paid or already paid.
10.5.5 Materials: The cost of materials used in performing the extra Work, including transportation charges for delivery (exclusive of machinery rentals), will be the cost to the purchaser, whether Contractor, Subcontractor or other forces, from the Supplier thereof, inclusive of sales or use taxes, except if, in the opinion of the Project Manager, the cost of materials is excessive, or the Contractor does not furnish satisfactory evidence of the cost of such material. If the Project Manager finds the cost excessive or the Contractor has not furnished evidence of the cost, then the cost will be deemed to be the lowest current wholesale price for the quantity concerned delivered to the job-site less cash or trade discounts.
The Town reserves the right to furnish materials for the Work and the Contractor may not claim costs and profit on materials furnished by the Town.

The Town reserves the right to purchase from the Contractor any materials previously purchased for a project and not used. Payment for the materials will be based on the actual material cost as shown on the Supplier's invoice, any transportation charges incurred, plus a fifteen percent handling fee.
10.5.6 Equipment: The Contractor will be paid according to the rental rates agreed upon in writing before extra or force account Work is begun, for any machinery or special equipment (other than small tools) authorized by the Project Manager. The Contractor may furnish cost data to assist the Project Manager in the establishment of the rental rate.

The rental rates paid, as provided above, shall include the cost of fuel, oil, lubrication supplies, small tools, necessary attachments, repairs and maintenance of all kinds, depreciation, storage, insurance, and all incidentals. Operator wages will be paid separately, as provided in Section 11.6.4. Individual pieces of equipment or tools having a replacement value of $\$ 100.00$ or less, whether or not consumed by use, are considered small tools and no payment will be made for them.

Rental time will not be allowed while equipment is inoperative due to breakdowns or storage on-site.
10.5.7 Equipment on the Work: The rental time to be paid for equipment on the extra Work is the time the equipment is in productive operation on the extra Work being performed.
10.5.8 Eliminating Items: The Project Manager shall notify the Contractor in writing to eliminate any items contained in the proposal unnecessary for the proper completion of the extra Work. Such action will not invalidate the Contract. The Contractor, by Change Order, will be reimbursed for actual work done and all cost incurred, including mobilization of materials and equipment before the elimination of such items.

## ARTICLE 11-CONTRACT TIME

### 11.1 General

11.1.1 Time is of the essence in the performance of all Work contemplated in the Contract. Therefore, the Work shall be commenced no later than ten (10) days from and including the date of Notice to Proceed and shall be fully completed in a satisfactory and acceptable manner within the time stated in the Contract.
11.1.2 The capacity of the Contractor's construction force shall be sufficient as to insure completion of the Project within the allotted time. The Contractor shall use multiple crews if necessary to complete the Project within the allottedtime.

### 11.2 Delays

11.2.1 Delay claims fall into three categories: non-excusable, excusable, or compensable. Any payment for delays or the granting of time extensions require a properly executed Change Order per Article 11.
11.2.1.A Non-excusable delay is one caused by factors within the Contractor's reasonable control. The delay is the Contractor's fault; no additional time or additional compensation is allowed. Typical types of non-excusable delays are:

- Late submittal of Shop Drawings;
- Late procurement of materials or equipment;
- Insufficient personnel;
- Unqualified personnel;
- Inadequate coordination of Subcontractors or other contractors;
- Subcontractor delays;
- Late response to Town and Project Manager inquiries; or

Construction not conforming to contract requirements making repeated re- working necessary.
11.2.1.B Excusable delay is caused by factors beyond the Contractor's reasonable control, but is not the result of the Town's actions or failure to act. An excusable delay entitles the Contractor to an extension of time but no additional compensation for the cost of the delay.
11.2.1.C Compensable delay is one where the Town has failed to meet an obligation stated or implied in the Contract. If the Project Manager considers a delay as compensable, the Town will grant a time extension and reimburse the Contractor for the increased cost caused by the delay. Typical types of Town- caused delays are:

- Late approval of Shop Drawings and samples;
- Delays in answers to field inquiries by the Contractor;
- Interference with the Contractor during construction;
- Town-caused schedule changes;
- Design changes; or
- Interference by other contractor's or the Town's forces.
11.3 Failure to Complete Work on Time--Liquidated Damages
11.3.1 The Town may permit the Contractor to proceed if the Contractor fails to substantially complete the Work on or before the original date set forth for Substantial Completion in the Contract, or on or before the corrected date of Substantial Completion. In such case, the Town will deduct the sum specified in the Contract for each day that the Work remains uncompleted. This sum shall not be a penalty but is liquidated damages.
11.3.2 Liquidated Damages will be set forth in the Construction Contract.
11.3.3 The parties agree that, under all of the circumstances, the daily basis and the amount set forth as liquidated damages is reasonable and equitable. The Town expends additional personnel effort in administrating the Contract or portions of it that are not completed on time, and such efforts and the costs thereof are impossible to accurately compute. In addition, some, if not all, citizens of the Town incur personal inconvenience and lose confidence in their government as a result of public projects or parts of them not being completed on time, and the impact and damages, certainly serious in monetary as well as other terms, are impossible to measure.
11.3.4 The Contractor shall perform the Contract with due diligence, regardless of meeting the various scheduled deadlines. If, in the opinion of the Town's Project Manager, or other authorized agent of the Town, the Contractor is not prosecuting the Work under the Contract, written notice will be given and the Contractor shall have seven days to resume the Work with due diligence. Failing a cure, liquidated damages will be charged untilthere is resumption of prosecution with due diligence.
11.3.5 Permitting the Contractor to continue and finish the Work, or any part of it, after the time fixed for its completion, or after the date to which the time of completion may have been extended, shall not operate as a waiver on the part of the Town of liquidated damages or any of its rights under the Contract.


## ARTICLE 12 - WARRANTY AND GUARANTEE;

12.1 Warranty and Guarantees
12.1.1 The Contractor and its Surety are jointly and severally responsible for the condition of all completed Work, maintenance and satisfactory operation of Work performed under the Contract for a period of two years following the Notice of Construction Acceptance or for two years after warranty work is fully satisfied. A notice of warranty work that requires repair or replacement under the warranty will be submitted to the Contractor on a Notice of Warranty Work. The Contractor and Surety are jointly and severally responsible for the satisfactory repair or replacement of any Work, materials or equipment which are found defective during this period, provided any failure results directly or indirectly from faulty workmanship or negligence by the Contractor, from faulty manufacturing or from faulty erection or improper handling of materials or equipment furnished or installed by the Contractor. Neither the Contractor nor Surety is liable for any failure resulting from the Town's neglect or improper operation of facilities or the acts of third parties.

## ARTICLE 13 - SAMPLES AND TESTING; DEFECTIVE WORK AND MATERIALS

### 13.1 Samples and Testing

13.1.1 All materials and equipment used in the Project will be subject to sampling and testing according to generally accepted standards and as required in the Contract Documents. In the absence of direct references, the sampling and testing of materials will be done according to current specifications of the

American Society for Testing and Materials or the American Water Works Association. The Contractor shall cooperate with the Project Manager in collecting and forwarding required samples.
13.1.2 The Contractor shall not incorporate any materials into the Project or cover any part of the Work until it has been inspected and approved according to the Contract Documents.
13.1.3 The Contractor shall furnish all samples without charge. The Contractor will cooperate with the Project Manager in collecting, handling, storing, and forwarding required samples including the furnishing of manpower and equipment when necessary.
13.1.4 The Town will pay the cost of the initial test except when the Contract states otherwise. The Town will charge the Contractor for repeated tests due to failure of the initial test.

## ARTICLE 14-ACCESS TO WORK

### 14.1 Access to Work

14.1.1 The Project Manager and authorized representatives shall have access to the Project at any time for purposes of inspection, sampling, and testing. Access shall extend to authorized representatives of participating federal or state agencies and to other public authorities having jurisdiction established by law. The Contractor shall provide proper facilities for access to the Project.
14.1.2 Access to the Project shall mean wherever and whenever it is in manufacture, preparation or progress. It shall include access to payrolls, records of personnel, invoices of materials, terms and conditions of sale of materials and equipment to be incorporated in the Project, files, records, books, correspondence, instructions, Drawings, receipts, subcontracts, purchase orders, vouchers, memoranda and any other relevant data and records relating to the Contract.
14.1.3 The Town may, at reasonable times, inspect the place of business or worksite of the Contractor or Subcontractor at any tier which is pertinent to the performance of the Contract.

## ARTICLE 15- DEFECTIVE WORK AND MATERIALS

### 15.1 Defective Work and Materials

15.1.1 Material and workmanship not conforming to the requirements of the Contract are deemed defective. Defective Work or material shall be removed immediately from the Project site and replaced with acceptable Work and material at the Contractor's expense.
15.1.2 If the Contractor fails to replace rejected materials or Work within ten (10) days after receipt of written notice, the Town may replace or correct them and charge the cost to the Contractor and may terminate the right of the Contractor to proceed. Failure to detect previously installed defective materials or workmanship shall not impair the Town's right to receive a completed project which is free of defects and meets all of the requirements of the Contract Documents.

## ARTICLE 16 - PAYMENTS TO CONTRACTOR AND COMPLETION

### 16.1 General

16.1.1 Unless expressly provided otherwise, the prices shown in the Bid Schedule include the cost of all labor, materials, equipment, tools, forms, services, utilities, royalties, fees, and any other thing or expense necessary to complete the Project. Items not shown on the Drawings, Specifications or Special Conditions but which are necessary to construct the Project will be considered a part of the Project whether specified or not and no separate payment will be made for these items.
16.1.2 Unless expressly provided otherwise in the Contract, the amount to be paid for the Work includes all labor, materials, forms, tools, scaffolding, plants, equipment, service, utilities, royalties, fees, and everything, whether temporary or permanent, necessary to complete the Project.
16.2 Determination of Amounts and Quantities
16.2.1 The Project Manager shall verify determinations of amounts and quantities of Work performed. The Project Manager shall have access to the records as stated in Article 14.

### 16.3 Variations in Estimated Quantities

16.3.1 Where the quantity of a pay item in the Contract is an estimated quantity and where the actual quantity of such pay item varies more than twenty-five percent below the estimated quantity stated in the Contract, the Contractor shall make an equitable adjustment in the Contract Price, upon demand of the Town. The Contract Price adjustment will be based upon any decrease in costs due solely to the variation below seventy-five percent of the estimated quantity.

Where the quantity of a pay item in the Contract is an estimated quantity and the actual quantity of such pay item is more than twenty-five percent above the estimated quantity in the Contract, the Town may elect to terminate the Contract or issue a Change Order to adjust the Contract Price.

In no case will the price adjustment change the original Contract Price to an amount not appropriated and approved by Town Council.
16.4 Monthly Pay Request
16.4.1 The Contractor shall prepare monthly pay requests for all Work completed up to that time. The Project Manager shall review and, if appropriate, approve the monthly pay requests before progress payments will be made. Once approved, the Town shall pay the progress payments within thirty (30) days.
16.4.2 In making such progress payments, the Town will retain five percent of the calculated value of completed Work. The withheld percentage of the Contract Price will be retained until the Contract is completed satisfactorily and finally accepted by the Town
16.4.3 Monthly pay requests may include the value of acceptable materials required in the construction which have been delivered on the site of the Work or to adjacent railway siding and for which acceptable provisions have been made for preservation and storage, providing the Contractor submits with its monthly pay requests, paid invoices in duplicate for the material for which payment is being requested. Material paid for by the Town becomes the property of the Town and, in the event of the default on the part of the Contractor, the Town may use or cause to be used such materials in construction of the Work provided for in the Contract.
16.4.4 The Town may withhold, in addition to retained percentages from Contractor payments, such an amount or amounts as may be necessary to cover:
16.4.4.A Claims for labor or materials furnished the Contractor or Subcontractor(s) or reasonable evidence indicating probable filing of suchclaims;
16.4.4.B Failure of the Contractor to make proper payment to Subcontractors or for material or labor furnished by others;
16.4.4.C A reasonable doubt that the Contract can be completed for the balance then unpaid;

- Evidence of damage to another Contractor or private property;
- Uncorrected defective Work or guarantees that have not been met;
- Failure of the Contractor to submit cost breakdowns, schedules, reports and other information required under the Contract;
- Persistent failure to carry out the Work according to the Contract; or
- Reasonable evidence that the Work will not be completed within the Contract Time, and that the unpaid balance would not be adequate to cover actual or liquidated damages for the anticipated delay.
16.4.5 The Town may disburse and has the right to act as agent for the Contractor in disbursing funds, withheld pursuant to this paragraph, to the party or parties who are entitled to payment therefrom, but the Town
assumes no obligation to make such disbursement. The Town will render to the Contractor a proper accounting of all funds disbursed under this paragraph.


### 16.5 Town's Right to Accept Portion of the Project

16.5.1 The Town reserves the right to accept and make use of any completed section of the Project without invalidating the Contract or obligating the Town to accept the remainder of the Project.
16.6 Substantial Completion
16.6.1 When the Contractor considers the entire work ready for its intended use, the Contractor shall notify the Project Manager in writing that the entire Work is substantially complete (except for items specifically listed by Contractor as incomplete) and request that the Project Manager issue a Notice of Substantial Completion. Within a reasonable time, the Contractor, Project Manager and any other appropriate Town representatives shall make an inspection of the Work to determine the status of completion. If the Project Manager does not consider the Work substantially complete, the Project Manager will notify the Contractor in writing giving the reasons for denial of the Notice of Substantial Completion. If the Project Manager considers the Work substantially complete, the Project Manager will prepare and deliver to the contractor a Notice of Substantial Completion which shall fix the date of Substantial Completion. The Project Manager shall attach to the certificate a tentative list ("punch list") of items to be completed or corrected before Final Payment. Warranties required by the Contract shall commence on the date set in the Notice of Construction Acceptance for the Project, or the date set in the Notice of Construction Acceptance for a designated portion of the Project, unless otherwise provided in the notice of Substantial Completion.

### 16.7 Construction Acceptance

16.7.1 When the Work specified in the Contract is completed and the final cleanup has been performed, the Contractor shall notify the Project Manager that all Work under the Contract has been completed and the Project Manager shall, within fourteen calendar days of receipt of such notice, make the final inspection. If the Project Manager finds that the Project has been completed according to the requirements set forth in the Contract, the Town, upon the recommendation of the Project Manager, shall issue a Notice of Construction Acceptance. Notices of Construction Acceptance issued orally or without proper Town authorization are void. Town will not make the final payment under the Contract before it issues a Notice of Construction Acceptance.

### 16.8 Claims Against the Contractor

16.8.1 As provided by Colorado law, persons or businesses, including Subcontractors, who have not been promptly paid by the Contractor and who have provided materials, services and labor of any kind, or labor and material incidental to the completion of the Project, may file claims and the Town may withhold from the Contractor an amount sufficient to cover such claims.
16.9 Final Payment
16.9.1 The Town shall make a Final Settlement within sixty days after the Notice of Construction Acceptance is issued by the Town.
16.9.2 After the Notice of Construction Acceptance is issued by the Town, a Notice of Final Settlement shall be advertised at least twice, not less than ten (10) days before the date of Final Settlement, in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the Work was done. If no claims are filed before the expiration of ten (10) days from the date of the last publication of the Notice of Final Settlement, the Final Payment, including retainages, may be made.
16.9.3 If any Subcontractor or Supplier files a claim before the expiration of ten (10) days from the date of the last publication of the Notice of Final Settlement, for Work done or material furnished that has not been paid for by the Contractor, the Town shall withhold from Final Payment to the Contractor sufficient
funds to insure the payment of the claims. The funds shall not be withheld longer than ninety days from the date of Final Settlement unless a legal action is started within that time to enforce payment of the claims.
16.9.4 At the end of ninety days, or any time before, if the person filing the claim acknowledges receipt of payment for the claim, or otherwise releases the claim in writing, the Town shall pay the Contractor the monies not subject to suit or lis pendens notices.
16.9.5 Monies that are the subject of a suit will be withheld until a judgment is rendered in the suit.
16.9.6 Notwithstanding any other provision of the Contract, the Town shall comply with the Colorado Public Works Act, § 38-26-101, et seq., C.R.S. and, if any such statutory requirements differ from the terms of the Contract, the statutory requirements shall control.

## ARTICLE 17-CONTRACT TERMINATION

### 17.1 Town's Right to Terminate Contract forConvenience

17.1.1 The Town shall, at any time, have the right to terminate the Contract, for convenience, upon giving written notice to the Contractor. The Contractor shall be entitled to the full amount of the approved estimate for the Work satisfactorily completed under the Contract up to the time of such termination, including the retained percentage. The Town shall reimburse the Contractor for such expenditures as, in the judgment of the Project Manager, are not otherwise compensated for, together with the cost of moving to and from the Project, in order that an equitable settlement is made with the Contractor.

### 17.2 Town's Right to Terminate Contract forDefault

17.2.1 The Project Manager, acting on behalf of the Town, may serve notice upon the Contractor and its Surety of the intention to terminate the Contract if the performance of the Work set forth under the Contract is unnecessarily or unreasonably delayed by the Contractor, or if any of the provisions of the Contract are being violated by the Contractor or its Subcontractors. The Contract shall thereafter be terminated unless, in the opinion of the Project Manager, the Contractor corrects the violation within five days after the notice is served. In the event of such termination, the Project Manager, acting on behalf of the Town, shall immediately serve notice of the termination and the Surety's right to complete the Contract upon the Surety and the Contractor. The Surety shall have the right to take over and perform the Work called for in the Contract. The Surety is then bound by all the provisions of the Contract. If the Surety does not commence performance of the Work within ten (10) days from the date of the notice, the Town may take over the Project and, without prejudice to any other remedies, complete the Project and the Contractor and its Surety shall be liable to the Town for any excess costs incurred by the Town and any other damages permitted by law.

### 17.3 Contractor's Right to TerminateContract

17.3.1 The Contractor may terminate the Contract if the Work is stopped for a period of three months under any order of any court or other public authority through no act or fault of the Contractor or of anyone employed by it.
17.3.2 The Contractor may suspend Work if Town fails to make payments at the times provided in the Contract and the Contractor has given the Town written notice seven days before suspending Work. The Contractor may terminate the Contract, at its option, if the Town continues to be in default thirty days after the date of the written notice. Failure by the Town to make payments at the times provided is a bar to any claim by the Town against the Contractor for delay in completion of the Project if the Contractor suspended Work for that reason.
17.3.3 If the Contractor terminates the Contract, it may recover the price of all Work done and materials provided and all damages sustained.

## ARTICLE 18 - EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

18.1 General: During the performance of the Contract, the Contractor agrees as follows:
18.1.1 The Contractor shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, age, disability, religion, sex, national origin, or as otherwise prohibited by law.
18.1.2 The Contractor shall ensure that all Subcontractors shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, age, disability, religion, sex, national origin, or as otherwise prohibited by law.

## ARTICLE 19- MISCELLANEOUS

19.1 Reservation of Right to Bar Persons from the Work and Site:
19.1.1 The Town reserves the right to bar any person, including employees of the Contractor and Subcontractors, from the Project site. This shall not be treated as a request for the employee's termination but a request that the employee not be assigned to work on the Town Work site. No increase in contract time or price is authorized.
19.2 Financial Obligations of Town:
19.2.1 All financial obligations of the Town under the Contract are contingent upon appropriation, budgeting, and availability of specific funds to discharge such obligations. Nothing in the Contract shall be deemed a pledge of the Town's credit, or a payment guarantee by the Town to the Contractor.
19.3 Assignment/transference:
19.3.1 The Contractor may not assign or transfer any interest in the Contract, including any money due or to become due, without the prior written consent of the Town.

### 19.4 Amendments:

19.4.1 The parties shall only amend the Contract in writing with the proper official signatures and, if required elsewhere in this Contract, on the proper forms.
19.5 Waiver:
19.5.1 No waiver of a breach or default under the Contract is a waiver of any other or subsequent breach or default. Neither the acceptance of the Work by the Town nor the payment of all or part of the sum due the Contractor hereunder shall constitute a waiver by the Town of any claim the Town may have against the Contractor.
19.6 Governing Law:
19.6.1 The Contract is governed and to be construed according to the laws of the State of Colorado. Venue and jurisdiction for any court action filed regarding the Contract shall be in Weld County, Colorado.

### 19.7 Binding Contract:

19.7.1 The Contract is binding upon the parties hereto and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successorsand assigns.

## 25296- TOWN OF JOHNSTOWN STATE HIGHWAY 60 AND CARLSON BLVD INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS

THIS CONTRACT is made at the Town of Johnstown, Colorado, by and between the Town of Johnstown, Colorado (Town), a municipal corporation, Morton Electric, Inc. (Contractor), a Colorado corporation, whose address is 1049 Meadow Lane, Pueblo, Colorado 81006.
In consideration of these mutual covenants and conditions, the Town and Contractor agree as follows:
SCOPE OF WORK. The Contractor shall execute the entire Work described in the Contract.
CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. The Contract represents the entire and integrated agreement between the parties hereto and supersedes prior negotiations, written or oral representations and agreements. The Contract incorporates the following Contract Documents. In resolving inconsistencies among two or more of the Contract Documents, precedence will be given in the same order as enumerated.

## LIST OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

The Contract Documents, except for Modifications issued after execution of this Agreement, are:

1. Change Orders;
2. Construction Contract;
3. The following addenda, if any:

No 1 - Date: 1/25/23 and No 2 - Date: 1/25/23
4. Special Conditions posted in the Project Manual dated 1/10/23
5. Construction Contract General Conditions ("General Conditions");
6. Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contracts;
7. Technical Specifications: Part of Bid Set Project Manual dated 1/10/23
8. The following Drawings: 25296 SH60-Carlson $100 \%$ plans.pdf - Posted 1/10/23
9. Notice to Proceed;
10. Notice of Award;
11. Invitation to Bid; 1/10/23
12. Bid Bond;
13. Proposal; February 2, 2023
14. Information and Instructions to Bidders: Part of Project Manual posted - 1/10/23
15. Performance Bond and Payment Bond;
16. Insurance Certificates; and
17. Progress Schedule.

CONTRACT PRICE. The Town shall pay the Contractor on a per unit price basis for the total quantity of Work performed and the completion of the Project according to the Contract, subject to change orders as approved in writing by the Town, under the guidelines in the General Conditions. The Town will pay the Contractor, in accordance with the unit prices of the Bid Schedule, a total amount not to exceed seven hundred and fourteen thousand six hundred seventy dollars and 70 cents [ $\$ 714,670.70$ ] (Contract Price), to the Contractor, subject to full and satisfactory performance of the terms and conditions of the Contract. The Town has appropriated sufficient funds for this work.

COMPLETION OF WORK. The Contractor must begin work covered by June 1,2023 and must be substantially complete by August 20, 2023.

LIQUIDATED DAMAGES. If the Contractor fails to substantially complete the Work by the date set for substantial completion in the Contract, or if the completion date is extended by a change order, by the date set in the change order, the Town may permit the Contractor to proceed, and in such case, may deduct the sum of $\$ 250.00$ for each calendar day that the Work shall remain uncompleted from monies due or that may become due the Contractor. This sum is not a penalty but is the cost of field and office engineering, inspecting, interest on financing and liquidated damages.

The parties agree that, under all of the circumstances, the daily basis and the amount set for liquidated damages is a reasonable and equitable estimate of all the Town's actual damages for delay. The Town expends additional personnel effort in administrating the Contract or portions of it that are not completed on time, and such efforts and the costs thereof are impossible to accurately compute. In addition, some, if not all, citizens of the Town of Johnstown incur personal inconvenience and lose confidence in their government as a result of public projects or parts of them not being completed on time, and the impact and damages, certainly serious in monetary as well as other terms are impossible to measure.

SERVICE OF NOTICES. Notices to the Town are given if sent by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, to the following address:

TOWN OF JOHNSTOWN<br>ATTN: Matt LeCerf<br>450 S. Parish Ave<br>JOHNSTOWN, CO 80534

Notice may also be provided by electronic mail (e-mail) to MLeCerf@ JohnstownCO.gov on the condition that Matt LeCerf acknowledges receipt of such email.

INSURANCE PROVISIONS. The Contractor must not begin any work until the Contractor obtains, at the Contractor's own expense, all required insurance as specified in the General Conditions. Such insurance must have the approval of the Town of Johnstown as to limits, form and amount.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR DAMAGE CLAIMS. The Contractor shall indemnify, save harmless, and defend the Town, its officers and employees, from and in all suits, actions or claims of any character brought because of: any injuries or damage received or sustained by any person, persons or property because of operations for the Town under the Contract; the Contractor's failure to comply with the provisions of the Contract; the Contractor's neglect of materials while constructing the Work; because of any act or omission, neglect or misconduct of the Contractor; because of any claims or amounts recovered from any infringements of patent, trademark, or copyright, unless the design, device, materials or process involved are specifically required by Contract; from any claims or amount arising or recovered under the "Workers' Compensation Act," by reason of the Contractor's failure to comply with the act; pollution or environmental liability; or any failure of the Contractor to comply with any other law, ordinance, order or decree. The Town may retain so much of the money due the Contractor under the Contract, as the Town considers necessary for such purpose, for the Town's use. If no money is due, the Contractor's Surety may be held until such suits, actions, claims for injuries or damages have been settled. Money due the Contractor will not be withheld when the Contractor produces satisfactory evidence that the Contractor and the Town are adequately protected by public liability and property damage insurance.
The Contractor also agrees to pay the Town all expenses incurred to enforce this "Responsibility for Damage Claim" agreement and if the Contractor's insurer fails to provide or pay for the defense of the Town of Johnstown, its officers and employees, as additional insureds, the Contractor agrees to pay for the cost of that defense.

Nothing in the INSURANCE PROVISIONS of the General Conditions shall limit the Contractor's responsibility for payment of claims, liabilities, damages, fines, penalties, and costs resulting from its performance or nonperformance under the Contract.

STATUS OF CONTRACTOR. The Contractor is performing all work under the Contract as an independent contractor and not as an agent or employee of the Town. No employee or official of the Town will supervise the Contractor nor will the Contractor exercise supervision over any employee or official of the Town. The Contractor shall not represent that it is an employee or agent of the Town in any capacity. The Contractor and its employees are not entitled to Town Workers' Compensation benefits and are obligated to pay federal and state income tax on money earned pursuant to the Contract. This is not an exclusivecontract.

THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARIES. None of the terms or conditions in the Contract shall give or allow any claim, benefit, or right of action by any third person not a party to the Contract. Any person except the Town or the Contractor receiving services or benefits under the Contract shall be only an incidental beneficiary.

GOVERNMENTAL IMMUNITY. The parties understand and agree that the Town is relying on, and does not waive or intend to waive by any provision of the Contract, the maximum monetary limitations on recovery of judgments or damages, or any other rights, immunities, limitations, and protections provided by the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, § 24-10-101, et seq., C.R.S., as from time to time amended, or otherwise available to the Town, its officers, employees or agents.

MEDIATION. Claims, disputes, or other matters in controversy arising out of or related to the Contract shall be subject to mediation as a condition precedent to litigation. A request for mediation shall be made in writing and delivered to the other party to the Contract. In the event that mediation is not concluded within sixty (60) days from the date of filing, unless the parties agree to a longer period, the moving party may commence litigation. The parties shall share the mediator's fee and any filing fees equally. If the parties are unable to agree to a mediator, the parties shall utilize the Judicial Arbiter Group, Inc. in Denver, Colorado. Agreements reached in mediation shall be enforceable as settlement agreements in any court having jurisdiction thereof.

INTEGRATION. The Contract is an integration of the entire understanding of the parties with respect to the matters set forth in it.

DEFINITIONS. The Definitions in the General Conditions apply to the entire Contract unless modified within a Contract Document.
$\qquad$ day of $\qquad$ , [Type year, then press f11 to proceed].

## TOWN OF JOHNSTOWN

By:
Gary Lebsack, Mayor

## NOTARY BLOCK

State of $\qquad$ _)
) ss:
County of $\qquad$ )

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me by Gary Lebsack as Mayor of the Town of Johnstown, a Colorado municipal corporation, on behalf of the corporation, this $\qquad$ day of $\qquad$ , 2023.

Witness my hand and official Seal.

My Commission expires $\qquad$ .

## Notary Public

CONTRACTOR

By:

Title:


NOTARY BLOCK
State of (cOlorado )
County of Puelolo ss:
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me by $\qquad$ Joe Morton
(Name of party signing)

(Title of party signing)

a Colorado corporation, on behalf of the corporation, this (State of incorporation)
$\qquad$
22 nd day of $\qquad$ February , 2022.

Witness my hand and official Seal.
My Commission expires


BROOKE ELENGA NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF COLORADO
NOTARY ID 20164011883
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES MAY 20, 2024

## REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS

## FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

1. General
II. Nondiscrimination
III. Non-segregated Facilities
IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
X. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
XII. Use of United States-Flag Vessels:

## ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access
Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

## I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under title 23, United States Code, as required in 23 CFR 633.102(b) (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). 23 CFR 633.102(e).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider. 23 CFR 633.102(e)

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid designbuild contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services) in accordance with 23 CFR 633.102. The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract). 23 CFR 633.102(b).
2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work
performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract. 23 CFR 633.102(d).
3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).
II. NONDISCRIMINATION (23 CFR 230.107(a); 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A; EO 11246)

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of $\$ 10,000$ or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 601.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR Part 60, and 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (see 28 CFR Part 35, 29 CFR Part 1630, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 41 CFR Part 60 and 49 CFR Part 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140, shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract. 23 CFR 230.409 (g)(4) \& (5).
b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:
"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."
2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.
3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of and will implement the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.
b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.
d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
4. Recruitment: When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
5. Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to ensure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action
within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

## 6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.
b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs (i.e., apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance). In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. 23 CFR 230.409. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability.
c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide
sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

## 8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants /

Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established thereunder. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

## 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials

 and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors, suppliers, and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

## 10. Assurances Required:

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.
b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:
(1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
(2) Assessing sanctions;
(3) Liquidated damages; and/or
(4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as nonresponsible.
c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.
11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:
(1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women.
b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project indicating the number of minority, women, and nonminority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

## III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of more than \$10,000. 41 CFR 60-1.5.

As prescribed by 41 CFR 60-1.8, the contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location under the contractor's control where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

## IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding $\$ 2,000$ and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway

Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

## 1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.
b. (1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:
(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
(ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
(2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
(3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
(4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

## 2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federallyassisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics,
including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

## 3. Payrolls and basic records (29 CFR 5.5)

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the DavisBacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.
b.(1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency.
(2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or
subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
(i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(ii), the appropriate information is being maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), and that such information is correct and complete;
(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR part 3;
(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
(3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.
(4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 231.
c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

## 4. Apprentices and trainees (29 CFR 5.5)

## a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State

Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

## b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16 , trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the
corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shal be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.
c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.
d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

## 5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The

 contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3 , which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.6. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.
7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

## 8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act

 requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the DavisBacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.9. Disputes concerning labor standards. As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor
set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

## 10. Certification of eligibility (29 CFR 5.5)

a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

## V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of $\$ 100,000$ and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5.

## 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated

 damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1 of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1 of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1 of this section. 29 CFR 5.5.* $\$ 27$ as of January 23, 2019 (See 84 FR 213-01, 218) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor; pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990).

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph 2 of this section. 29 CFR 5.5.
4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1 through 4 of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1 through 4 of this section. 29 CFR 5.5.

## VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
a. The term "perform work with its own organization" in paragraph 1 of Section VI refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)
(1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
(2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
(3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
(4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or
equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.
2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on longstanding interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).
5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

## VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.
2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.
3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance
with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

## VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federalaid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

## 18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

## IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of $\$ 150,000$ and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.326.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders
or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.326.

## X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost $\$ 25,000$ or more - as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220 .

## 1. Instructions for Certification - First Tier Participants:

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.
c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.
d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.
e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant
who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.
g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the $\$ 25,000$ threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.
h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/). 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, and 180.325.
i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

## 2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion - First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;
(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;
(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800; and
(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).
(5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
(6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).
b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340 .

## 3. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost $\$ 25,000$ or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.
a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365 .
d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is
submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.
f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the $\$ 25,000$ threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220
g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.
h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

## Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:
(a) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;
(b) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
(c) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)
2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

## XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than $\$ 10,000$ and not more than $\$ 100,000$ for each such failure.
3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier
subcontracts, which exceed $\$ 100,000$ and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

## XII. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.
2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

## ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS

PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS
ROAD CONTRACTS (23 CFR 633, Subpart B, Appendix B)
This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:
a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.
b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.
c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.
2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.
3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.
4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.
5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.
6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

Town of Johnstown
450 South Parish Ave.
Johnstown, CO 80534

RE: Morton Electric, Inc.
Bond No.: 8050830
Project: 25296 - Town of Johnstown State Highway 60 and Carlson Blvd Intersection Improvements

To Whom It May Concern:
As the contract for this project has not yet been dated, this letter is to inform you that you have the authority to insert the Contract Date on the above mentioned bond and Power of Attorney. Please remember the signed and sealed date indicated on the bonds cannot be prior to the contract date. The date must be on or after the contract date. The date on the Power of Attorney must also match the signed and sealed date of the bond. Feel free to contact me directly should you have any questions.

Respectfully,


О нив

## Christina L. Townsend

AVP, Surety Account Executive
HUB International Colorado
Office: 719-884-0723
Mobile: 719-258-0421
Toll-free: 800-748-2400
Fax: 866-290-9290
christina.townsend@hubinternational.com

ENGINEERS JOINT CONTRACT
DOCUMENTS COMMITTEE

## PERFORMANCE BOND

CONTRACTOR (name and address):
Morton Electric, Inc.
1049 Meadow Lane
Pueblo, CO 81006

SURETY (name and address of principal place of business):
Amerisure Mutual Insurance Company
P.O. Box 9098

Farmington Hills, MI 48333-9098

OWNER (name and address):
Town of Johnstown
450 South Parish Ave., Johnstown, CO 80534
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT
Effective Date of the Agreement:
Amount: \$714,670.70 Seven Hundred Fourteen Thousand Six Hundred Seventy And 70/100
Description (name and location): 25296 - Town of Johnstown State Highway 60 and Carlson Blvd Intersection Improvements State Hwy 60 and Carlson Blvd.

## BOND

Bond Number: 8050830
Date (not earlier than the Effective Date of the Agreement of the Construction Contract):
Amount: $\$ 714,670.70$ Seven Hundred Fourteen Thousand Six Hundred Seventy And 70/100
Modifications to this Bond Form: $\quad \mathbf{X}$ None $\square$ See Paragraph 16

Surety and Contractor, intending to be legally bound hereby, subject to the terms set forth below, do each cause this Performance Bond to be duly executed by an authorized officer, agent, or representative.

## CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL



## SURETY

Amerisure Mutual Insurance Company
Surety's Name and Corporate Seal


Christina L. Townsend
Print Name

Attorney-in-Fact
Title


K'Anne E. Vogel, Witness to Surety Title

Notes: (1) Provide supplemental execution by any additional parties, such as joint venturers. (2) Any singular reference to Contractor, Surety, Owner, or other party shall be considered plural where applicable.

## Performance Bond

1. The Contractor and Surety, jointly and severally, bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns to the Owner for the performance of the Construction Contract, which is incorporated herein by reference.
2. If the Contractor performs the Construction Contract, the Surety and the Contractor shall have no obligation under this Bond, except when applicable to participate in a conference as provided in Paragraph 3.
3. If there is no Owner Default under the Construction Contract, the Surety's obligation under this Bond shall arise after:
3.1 The Owner first provides notice to the Contractor and the Surety that the Owner is considering declaring a Contractor Default. Such notice shall indicate whether the Owner is requesting a conference among the Owner, Contractor, and Surety to discuss the Contractor's performance. If the Owner does not request a conference, the Surety may, within five (5) business days after receipt of the Owner's notice, request such a conference. If the Surety timely requests a conference, the Owner shall attend. Unless the Owner agrees otherwise, any conference requested under this Paragraph 3.1 shall be held within ten (10) business days of the Surety's receipt of the Owner's notice. If the Owner, the Contractor, and the Surety agree, the Contractor shall be allowed a reasonable time to perform the Construction Contract, but such an agreement shall not waive the Owner's right, if any, subsequently to declare a Contractor Default;

### 3.2 The Owner declares a Contractor Default, terminates

 the Construction Contract and notifies the Surety; and3.3 The Owner has agreed to pay the Balance of the Contract Price in accordance with the terms of the Construction Contract to the Surety or to a contractor selected to perform the Construction Contract.
4. Failure on the part of the Owner to comply with the notice requirement in Paragraph 3.1 shall not constitute a failure to comply with a condition precedent to the Surety's obligations, or release the Surety from its obligations, except to the extent the Surety demonstrates actual prejudice.
5. When the Owner has satisfied the conditions of Paragraph 3, the Surety shall promptly and at the Surety's expense take one of the following actions:
5.1 Arrange for the Contractor, with the consent of the Owner, to perform and complete the Construction Contract;
5.2 Undertake to perform and complete the Construction Contract itself, through its agents or independent contractors;
5.3 Obtain bids or negotiated proposals from qualified contractors acceptable to the Owner for a contract for performance and completion of the Construction Contract, arrange for a contract to be prepared for execution by the Owner and a contractor selected with the Owners concurrence,
to be secured with performance and payment bonds executed by a qualified surety equivalent to the bonds issued on the Construction Contract, and pay to the Owner the amount of damages as described in Paragraph 7 in excess of the Balance of the Contract Price incurred by the Owner as a result of the Contractor Default; or
5.4 Waive its right to perform and complete, arrange for completion, or obtain a new contractor, and with reasonable promptness under the circumstances:
5.4.1 After investigation, determine the amount for which it may be liable to the Owner and, as soon as practicable after the amount is determined, make payment to the Owner; or
5.4.2 Deny liability in whole or in part and notify the Owner, citing the reasons for denial.
6. If the Surety does not proceed as provided in Paragraph 5 with reasonable promptness, the Surety shall be deemed to be in default on this Bond seven days after receipt of an additional written notice from the Owner to the Surety demanding that the Surety perform its obligations under this Bond, and the Owner shall be entitled to enforce any remedy available to the Owner. If the Surety proceeds as provided in Paragraph 5.4, and the Owner refuses the payment or the Surety has denied liability, in whole or in part, without further notice the Owner shall be entitled to enforce any remedy available to the Owner.
7. If the Surety elects to act under Paragraph 5.1,5.2, or 5.3, then the responsibilities of the Surety to the Owner shall not be greater than those of the Contractor under the Construction Contract, and the responsibilities of the Owner to the Surety shall not be greater than those of the Owner under the Construction Contract. Subject to the commitment by the Owner to pay the Balance of the Contract Price, the Surety is obligated, without duplication for:
7.1 the responsibilities of the Contractor for correction of defective work and completion of the Construction Contract;
7.2 additional legal, design professional, and delay costs resulting from the Contractor's Default, and resulting from the actions or failure to act of the Surety under Paragraph 5; and
7.3 liquidated damages, or if no liquidated damages are specified in the Construction Contract, actual damages caused by delayed performance or non-performance of the Contractor.
8. If the Surety elects to act under Paragraph 5.1, 5.3, or 5.4, the Surety's liability is limited to the amount of this Bond.
9. The Surety shall not be liable to the Owner or others for obligations of the Contractor that are unrelated to the Construction Contract, and the Balance of the Contract Price shall not be reduced or set off on account of any such unrelated obligations. No right of action shall accrue on this Bond to any person or entity other than the Owner or its heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns.

## Performance Bond

10. The Surety hereby waives notice of any change, including changes of time, to the Construction Contract or to related subcontracts, purchase orders, and other obligations.
11. Any proceeding, legal or equitable, under this Bond may be instituted in any court of competent jurisdiction in the location in which the work or part of the work is located and shall be instituted within two years after a declaration of Contractor Default or within two years after the Contractor ceased working or within two years after the Surety refuses or fails to perform its obligations under this Bond, whichever occurs first. If the provisions of this paragraph are void or prohibited by law, the minimum periods of limitations available to sureties as a defense in the jurisdiction of the suit shall be applicable.
12. Notice to the Surety, the Owner, or the Contractor shall be mailed or delivered to the address shown on the page on which their signature appears.
13. When this Bond has been furnished to comply with a statutory or other legal requirement in the location where the construction was to be performed, any provision in this Bond conflicting with said statutory or legal requirement shall be deemed deleted herefrom and provisions conforming to such statutory or other legal requirement shall be deemed incorporated herein. When so furnished, the intent is that this Bond shall be construed as a statutory bond and not as a common law bond.

## 14. Definitions

14.1 Balance of the Contract Price: The total amount payable by the Owner to the Contractor under the Construction Contract after all proper adjustments have been made including allowance for the Contractor for any amounts received or to be received by the Owner in settlement of insurance or other claims
for damages to which the Contractor is entitled, reduced by all valid and proper payments made to or on behalf of the Contractor under the Construction Contract.
14.2 Construction Contract: The agreement between the Owner and Contractor identified on the cover page, including all Contract Documents and changes made to the agreement and the Contract Documents.
14.3 Contractor Default: Failure of the Contractor, which has not been remedied or waived, to perform or otherwise to comply with a material term of the Construction Contract.
14.4 Owner Default: Failure of the Owner, which has not been remedied or waived, to pay the Contractor as required under the Construction Contract or to perform and complete or comply with the other material terms of the Construction Contract.
14.5 Contract Documents: All the documents that comprise the agreement between the Owner and Contractor.
15. If this Bond is issued for an agreement between a contractor and subcontractor, the term Contractor in this Bond shall be deemed to be Subcontractor and the term Owner shall be deemed to be Contractor.
16. Modifications to this Bond are as follows: None

## PAYMENT BOND

CONTRACTOR (name and address):
Morton Electric, Inc.
1049 Meadow Lane
Pueblo, CO 81006

SURETY (name and address of principal place of business):
Amerisure Mutual Insurance Company
P.O. Box 9098

Farmington Hills, MI 48333-9098

OWNER (name and address):
Town of Johnstown
450 South Parish Ave.
Johnstown, CO 80534

## CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT

Effective Date of the Agreement:
Amount: \$714,670.70 Seven Hundred Fourteen Thousand Six Hundred Seventy And 70/100
Description (name and location): 25296 - Town of Johnstown State Highway 60 and Carlson Blvd Intersection Improvements State Hwy 60 and Carlson Blvd.
BOND
Bond Number: 8050830
Date (not earlier than the Effective Date of the Agreement of the Construction Contract):
Amount: $\$ 714,670.70$ Seven Hundred Fourteen Thousand Six Hundred Seventy And 70/100
Modifications to this Bond Form: $\quad \mathbf{X}$ None $\quad \square$ See Paragraph 18

Surety and Contractor, intending to be legally bound hereby, subject to the terms set forth below, do each cause this Payment Bond to be duly executed by an authorized officer, agent, or representative.

## CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL



Print Name


Title

## Attest: Hawnot Morton

Signature


Title

## SURETY



Print Name

Attorney-in-Fact
Title
Attest:


K'Anne E. Vogel, Witness to Surety
Title

## Notes: (1) Provide supplemental execution by any additional parties, such as joint venturers. (2) Any singular reference to Contractor, Surety, Owner, or any other party shall be considered plural where applicable.

1. The Contractor and Surety, jointly and severally, bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns to the Owner to pay for labor, materials, and equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract, which is incorporated herein by reference, subject to the following terms.
2. If the Contractor promptly makes payment of all sums due to Claimants, and defends, indemnifies, and holds harmless the Owner from claims, demands, liens, or suits by any person or entity seeking payment for labor, materials, or equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract, then the Surety and the Contractor shall have no obligation under this Bond.
3. If there is no Owner Default under the Construction Contract, the Surety's obligation to the Owner under this Bond shall arise after the Owner has promptly notified the Contractor and the Surety (at the address described in Paragraph 13) of claims, demands, liens, or suits against the Owner or the Owner's property by any person or entity seeking payment for labor, materials, or equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract, and tendered defense of such claims, demands, liens, or suits to the Contractor and the Surety.
4. When the Owner has satisfied the conditions in Paragraph 3, the Surety shall promptly and at the Surety's expense defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the Owner against a duly tendered claim, demand, lien, or suit.
5. The Surety's obligations to a Claimant under this Bond shall arise after the following:
5.1 Claimants who do not have a direct contract with the Contractor,
5.1.1 have furnished a written notice of nonpayment to the Contractor, stating with substantial accuracy the amount claimed and the name of the party to whom the materials were, or equipment was, furnished or supplied or for whom the labor was done or performed, within ninety (90) days after having last performed labor or last furnished materials or equipment included in the Claim; and
5.1.2 have sent a Claim to the Surety (at the address described in Paragraph 13).
5.2 Claimants who are employed by or have a direct contract with the Contractor have sent a Claim to the Surety (at the address described in Paragraph 13).
6. If a notice of non-payment required by Paragraph 5.1.1 is given by the Owner to the Contractor, that is sufficient to satisfy a Claimant's obligation to furnish a written notice of non-payment under Paragraph 5.1.1.
7. When a Claimant has satisfied the conditions of Paragraph 5.1 or 5.2 , whichever is applicable, the Surety shall promptly and at the Surety's expense take the following actions:
7.1 Send an answer to the Claimant, with a copy to the Owner, within sixty (60) days after receipt of the Claim, stating the amounts that are undisputed and the basis for challenging any amounts that are disputed; and
7.2 Pay or arrange for payment of any undisputed amounts.
7.3 The Surety's failure to discharge its obligations under Paragraph 7.1 or 7.2 shall not be deemed to constitute a waiver of defenses the Surety or Contractor may have or acquire as to a Claim, except as to undisputed amounts for which the Surety and Claimant have reached agreement. If, however, the Surety fails to discharge its obligations under Paragraph 7.1 or 7.2 , the Surety shall indemnify the Claimant for the reasonable attorney's fees the Claimant incurs thereafter to recover any sums found to be due and owing to the Claimant.
8. The Surety's total obligation shall not exceed the amount of this Bond, plus the amount of reasonable attorney's fees provided under Paragraph 7.3, and the amount of this Bond shall be credited for any payments made in good faith by the Surety.
9. Amounts owed by the Owner to the Contractor under the Construction Contract shall be used for the performance of the Construction Contract and to satisfy claims, if any, under any construction performance bond. By the Contractor furnishing and the Owner accepting this Bond, they agree that all funds earned by the Contractor in the performance of the Construction Contract are dedicated to satisfy obligations of the Contractor and Surety under this Bond, subject to the Owner's priority to use the funds for the completion of the work.
10. The Surety shall not be liable to the Owner, Claimants, or others for obligations of the Contractor that are unrelated to the Construction Contract. The Owner shall not be liable for the payment of any costs or expenses of any Claimant under this Bond, and shall have under this Bond no obligation to make payments to or give notice on behalf of Claimants, or otherwise have any obligations to Claimants under this Bond.
11. The Surety hereby waives notice of any change, including changes of time, to the Construction Contract or to related subcontracts, purchase orders, and other obligations.

## Payment Bond

12. No suit or action shall be commenced by a Claimant under this Bond other than in a court of competent jurisdiction in the state in which the project that is the subject of the Construction Contract is located or after the expiration of one year from the date (1) on which the Claimant sent a Claim to the Surety pursuant to Paragraph 5.1.2 or 5.2, or (2) on which the last labor or service was performed by anyone or the last materials or equipment were furnished by anyone under the Construction Contract, whichever of (1) or (2) first occurs. If the provisions of this paragraph are void or prohibited by law, the minimum period of limitation available to sureties as a defense in the jurisdiction of the suit shall be applicable.
13. Notice and Claims to the Surety, the Owner, or the Contractor shall be mailed or delivered to the address shown on the page on which their signature appears. Actual receipt of notice or Claims, however accomplished, shall be sufficient compliance as of the date received.
14. When this Bond has been furnished to comply with a statutory or other legal requirement in the location where the construction was to be performed, any provision in this Bond conflicting with said statutory or legal requirement shall be deemed deleted herefrom and provisions conforming to such statutory or other legal requirement shall be deemed incorporated herein. When so furnished, the intent is that this Bond shall be construed as a statutory bond and not as a common law bond.
15. Upon requests by any person or entity appearing to be a potential beneficiary of this Bond, the Contractor and Owner shall promptly furnish a copy of this Bond or shall permit a copy to be made.
16. Definitions
16.1 Claim: A written statement by the Claimant including at a minimum:
17. The name of the Claimant;
18. The name of the person for whom the labor was done, or materials or equipment furnished;
19. A copy of the agreement or purchase order pursuant to which labor, materials, or equipment was furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract;
20. A brief description of the labor, materials, or equipment furnished;
21. The date on which the Claimant last performed labor or last furnished materials or equipment for use in the performance of the Construction Contract;
22. The total amount earned by the Claimant for labor, materials, or equipment furnished as of the date of the Claim;
23. The total amount of previous payments received by the Claimant; and
24. The total amount due and unpaid to the Claimant for labor, materials, or equipment furnished as of the date of the Claim.
16.2 Claimant: An individual or entity having a direct contract with the Contractor or with a subcontractor of the Contractor to furnish labor, materials, or equipment for use in the performance of the Construction Contract. The term Claimant also includes any individual or entity that has rightfully asserted a claim under an applicable mechanic's lien or similar statute against the real property upon which the Project is located. The intent of this Bond shall be to include without limitation in the terms of "labor, materials, or equipment" that part of the water, gas, power, light, heat, oil, gasoline, telephone service, or rental equipment used in the Construction Contract, architectural and engineering services required for performance of the work of the Contractor and the Contractor's subcontractors, and all other items for which a mechanic's lien may be asserted in the jurisdiction where the labor, materials, or equipment were furnished.
16.3 Construction Contract: The agreement between the Owner and Contractor identified on the cover page, including all Contract Documents and all changes made to the agreement and the Contract Documents.
16.4 Owner Default: Failure of the Owner, which has not been remedied or waived, to pay the Contractor as required under the Construction Contract or to perform and complete or comply with the other material terms of the Construction Contract.
16.5 Contract Documents: All the documents that comprise the agreement between the Owner and Contractor.
25. If this Bond is issued for an agreement between a contractor and subcontractor, the term Contractor in this Bond shall be deemed to be Subcontractor and the term Owner shall be deemed to be Contractor.
26. Modifications to this Bond are as follows: None

## AMERISURE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY AMERISURE INSURANCE COMPANY AMERISURE PARTNERS INSURANCE COMPANY

## POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That Amerisure Mutual Insurance Company, Amerisure Insurance Company and Amerisure Partners Insurance Company are corporations duly organized under the laws of the State of Michigan (herein collectively the "Companies"), and that the Companies do hereby make, constitute and appoint:

TIMOTHY J. BLANCHARD, ANDREW P. WALTERS, CHRISTINA L. TOWNSEND, K'ANNE E. VOGEL,
ASHLEY K. ANDERSON, NIKKI M. MOSBRUCKER, JENNIFER J. WALKER, NICOLE LEE McGUIRE,

## ROBERT CHARLES TORREZ and TERRI L. REESE

its true and lawful Attorney(s)-in Fact, each in their separate capacity if more than one is named above, to sign, execute, seal and acknowledge, for and on its behalf and as its act and deed, bonds or others writings obligatory in the nature of a bond on behalf of each of said Companies, as surety, on contracts or suretyship as are or may be required or permitted by law, regulation, contract or otherwise, provided that no bond or undertaking or contract or suretyship executed under this authority shall exceed the amount of:

ONE HUNDRED MILLION (\$100,000,000.00) DOLLARS
This Power of Attorney is granted and signed by facsimile under and by the authority of the following Resolutions adopted by the Boards of Directors of Amerisure Mutual Insurance Company, Amerisure Insurance Company and Amerisure Partners Insurance Company at meetings duly called and held on February 17, 2022.
"RESOLVED, that any two of the President \& Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer \& Treasurer, the Senior Vice President Surety, the Vice President Surety, or the General Counsel \& Corporate Secretary be, and each or any of them hereby is authorized to execute, a Power of Attorney qualifying the attorney-in-fact named in the given Power of Attorney to execute on behalf of the Company bonds, undertakings and all contracts of surety, and that President \& Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer \& Treasurer or General Counsel \& Corporate Secretary each or any of them hereby is authorized to attest to the execution of any such Power of Attorney and to attach therein the seal of the Company;

FURTHER RESOLVED, that the signature of such officers and the seal of the Company may be affixed to any such Power of Attorney or to any certificate relating thereto electronically/digitally or by facsimile, and any such Power of Attorney or certificate bearing such electronic/digital or facsimile signatures or electronic/digital or facsimile seal shall be binding upon the Company when so affixed and in the future with regard to any bond, undertaking or contract of surety to which it is attached;

FGRTHER RESOLVED, that any work carried out by the attorney-in-fact pursuant to this resolution shall be valid and binding upon the Company."



IA WITNESS WHEREOF, Amerisure Mutual Insurance Company, Amerisure Insurance Company and Amerisure Partners Insurance Company
' have caused their official seals to be hereunto affixed, and these presents to be signed by their authorized officers this 12 $\qquad$ day of April , 2022.

State of Illinois
County of Kane
On this 12 th day of April, 2022 , before me, a Notary Public personally appeared Michael A. Ito, of Amerisure Mutual Insurance Company, Amerisure Insurance Company and Amerisure Partners Insurance Company and Aaron Green of Amerisure Mutual Insurance Company, Amerisure Insurance Company and Amerisure Partners Insurance Company, personally known to me, who being by me duly sworn, acknowledged that they signed the above Power of Attorney as officers of and acknowledged said instrument to be the voluntary act and deed of their respective companies.


I, Shannon K. Anderson, the duly elected Vice President, General Counsel \& Corporate Secretary of Amerisure Mutual Insurance Company, Amerisure Insurance Company and Amerisure Partners Insurance Company, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of a Power of Attorney executed by said Companies, which remains in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have set my hand and affixed the seals of the Companies this $\qquad$ day of $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ .


MORTO-1
OPID:SV
CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE
02/17/2023
THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED AS A MATTER OF INFORMATION ONLY AND CONFERS NO RIGHTS UPON THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER. THIS CERTIFICATE DOES NOT AFFIRMATIVELY OR NEGATIVELY AMEND, EXTEND OR ALTER THE COVERAGE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES BELOW. THIS CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A CONTRACT BETWEEN THE ISSUING INSURER(S), AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OR PRODUCER, AND THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER.
IMPORTANT: If the certificate holder is an ADDITIONAL INSURED, the policy(les) must have ADDITIONAL INSURED provisions or be endorsed. If SUBROGATION IS WAIVED, subject to the terms and conditions of the policy, certain policies may require an endorsement. A statement on this certificate does not confer rights to the certificate holder in lieu of such endorsement(s).

| PRopucER |
| :--- |
| Western |
| 551 W 10th |
| P.O. Box 1 |
| Pueblo, CO |
| John Lane |

COVERAGES

CERTIFICATE NUMBER:


THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE POLICIES OF INSURANCE LISTED BELOW HAVE BEEN ISSUED TO THE INSURED NAMED ABOVE FOR THE POLICY PERIOD INDICATED. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY REQUIREMENT, TERM OR CONDITION OF ANY CONTRACT OR OTHER DOCUMENT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THIS CERTIFICATE MAY BE ISSUED OR MAY PERTAIN, THE INSURANCE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES DESCRIBED HEREIN IS SUBJECT TO ALL. THE TERMS, EXCLUSIONS AND CONDITIONS OF SUCH POLICIES. LIMITS SHOWN MAY HAVE BEEN REDUCED BY PAID CLAIMS.


DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS / LOCATIONS IVEHICLES (ACORD 101, Addilitonal Remarks Schedule, may be attached if more space is required)
Project Name: State Highway 60 and Carlson Blvd. Intersection Improvements.
CERTIFICATE HOLDER HAS BEEN NAMED AS AN ADDITIONAL INSURED ON THE GENERAL LIABILITY.

CERTIFICATE HOLDER
CERTIFICATE HOLDER

Town of Johnstown
Public Works Department
450 S. Parish Ave.
Johnstown, CO 80534

ACORD 25 (2016/03)

CANCELLATION

## TOWNO-5

SHOULD ANY OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED POLICIES BE CANCELLED BEFORE THE EXPIRATION DATE THEREOF, NOTICE WILJ BE DELIVERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICY PROVISIONS.
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THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED AS A MATTER OF INFORMATION ONLY AND CONFERS NO RIGHTS UPON THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER. THIS CERTIFICATE DOES NOT AFFIRMATIVELY OR NEGATIVELY AMEND, EXTEND OR ALTER THE COVERAGE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES BELOW. THIS CERTIFICATE OF INSURANGE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A CONTRACT BETWEEN THE ISSUING INSURER(S), AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OR PRODUCER, AND THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER,
IMPORTANT: If the certificate holder is an ADDITIONAL INSURED, the policy(ies) must have ADDITIONAL INSURED provisions or be endorsed. If SUBROGATION IS WAIVED, subject to the terms and conditions of the policy, certain policies may require an endorsement. A statement on this certificate does not confer rights to the certificate holder in lieu of such endorsement(s).

## PRODUCER

Pinnacol Assurance
7501 E. Lowry Blvd.
Denver, CO 80230-7006
INSURED
Morton Electric , Inc
1049 Meadow Lane

Pueblo, CO 81006

COVERAGES
CERTIFICATE NUMBER:

| CONTACTNAME: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| INSURER(S) AFFORDING COVERAGE |  |  |
|  |  | NAIC \# |
| Insurera: Pinnacol Assurance |  | 41190 |
| InSURER B: |  |  |
| INSURER C |  |  |
| INSURERD: |  |  |
| INSURERE: |  |  |
| INSURERF: |  |  |

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE POLICIES OF INSURANCE LISTED BELOW HAVE BEEN ISSUED TO THE INSURED NAMED ABOVE FOR THE POLICY PERIOD INDICATED. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY REQUIREMENT, TERM OR CONDITION OF ANY CONTRACT OR OTHER DOCUMENT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THIS CERTIFICATE MAY BE ISSUED OR MAY PERTAIN, THE INSURANCE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES DESCRIBED HEREIN IS SUBJECT TO ALL THE TERMS, EXCLUSIONS AND CONDITIONS OF SUCH POLICIES. LIMITS SHOWN MAY HAVE BEEN REDUCED BY PAID CLAIMS.


DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS / LOCATIONS / VEHICLES (ACORD 101, Additional Remarks Schedule, may be attached if more space is required)
Unless otherwise stated in the policy provisions, coverage in Colorado only. Project Name: State Highway 60 and Carison Blvd. Intersection Improvements Refer to Acord 101 Additional Remarks Schedule for supplemental cancellation notification information.

## CERTIFICATE HOLDER

## 2311956

Town of Johnstown
Public Works Department
450 S. Parish Ave.
Johnstown, CO 80534

## CANCELLATION


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## CERTIFICATE HOLDER COPY

## IMPORTANT

If the certificate holder is an ADDITIONAL INSURED, the policy(ies) must be endorsed. A statement on this certificate does not confer rights to the certificate holder in lieu of such endorsement(s).

If SUBROGATION IS WAIVED, subject to the terms and conditions of the policy, certain policies may require an endorsement. A statement on this certificate does not confer rights to the certificate holder in lieu of such endorsement(s).

## DISCLAIMER

The Certificate of Insurance on the reverse side of this form does not constitute a contract between the issuing insurer(s), authorized representative or producer, and the certificate holder, nor does it affirmatively or negatively amend, extend or alter the coverage afforded by the policies listed thereon.


