Government in the Sunshine Public Records Ethics Gifts

Howey-in-the-Hills Town Council December 10, 2024

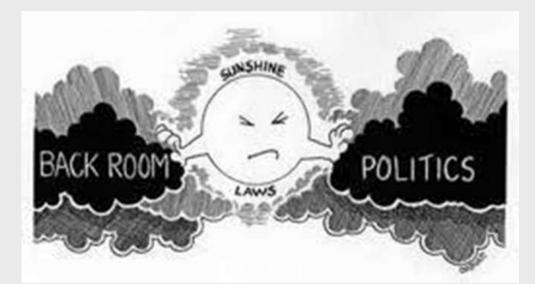




1. Government in the Sunshine Law –

Chapter 286, Fla. Stat.

- 2. Public Records Law Chapter 119, Fla. Stat
- 3. Ethics, Gifts Part III of Chapter 112, Fla. Stat.





Applicable to: >Advisory boards >Committees

When such boards or committees have been delegated "decision-making authority" as opposed to mere "information gathering or fact-finding authority".

Basic requirements:

- Meetings must be <u>open</u> and <u>accessible</u> to the public.
- 2. Meetings must be <u>noticed</u>.
- 3. Written <u>minutes</u> must be taken.

§286.011 Florida Statutes

Things to remember:

- If 2 or more council/committee members need to discuss council/committee related business, a meeting must be officially noticed.
- Do not call, text or e-mail each other on town related business -- all discussions must be in an open, noticed meeting.
- You cannot have a person act as a "go-between".
- Whispering and passing notes at a noticed meeting could be considered an unnoticed meeting if discussing town business.
- Once a meeting is adjourned, don't talk about town business on your way out of the room.
- Members of the public must be provided an opportunity to address the council/committee during the decision-making process, and before a decision is made.

PERMISSIBLE CLOSED SESSIONS:

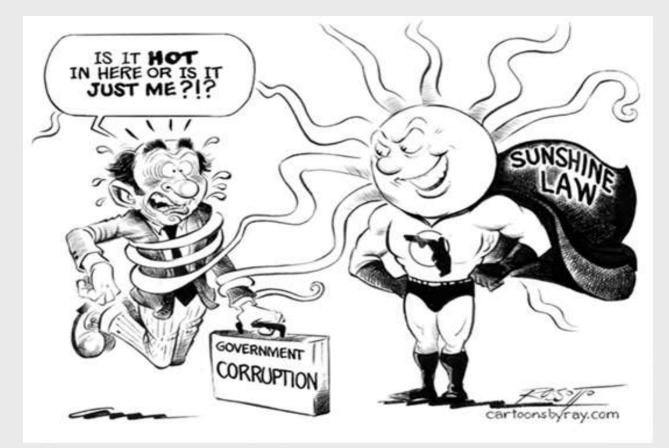
Pending litigation [direction only 286.011(8)]



City of Belle Isle "Roundtable":

- Group of citizens and Belle Isle City Commissioners met to discuss strategy for campaigning and recruiting people to run for the Belle Isle City Commission.
- Meetings held in a commission member's home.
- State Attorney's office found a violation, but unclear whether charges will be brought.

Questions?



PUBLIC RECORDS



Applicable to records of:

- ≻Town employees
- ≻Town Council
- Advisory Boards
- Committees
- >All town records







Important things to know:

- Every record made or received in connection with town business.
- All elected and appointed officials and town employees must permit inspection and copying of public records.
- NOT limited to traditional written documents.
- Includes texts and emails made or received in connection with official business.
- Includes YouTube videos, Facebook posts, tapes, photographs, videos and sound recordings.







Important things to know:

- Public records can only be destroyed in accordance with a specific process under state law.
- Public records must be retained for certain periods of time.
- The law applies to communications with residents, members of the public, employees, consultants, contractors and legal counsel and others involving town business, even if it is on your private computer, laptop or phone. It is the nature of the record – not the location.
- Purely personal e-mails are not public records, but there is no "expectation of privacy" for communications on a town owned computer.

Important things to know:

- Public records include metadata.
- There is no "unfinished business" exemption drafts and notes can be a public record.
- A public records request may be verbal, written, e-mailed, by any person at any time for any or no reason.
- You cannot require the requester to provide his or her name, and he or she does not have to say why the records are requested.
- <u>If you receive a public records request, let the Town Clerk know</u> <u>immediately.</u>

Orange County "textgate":

- Public-records scandal -- Orange County Mayor and Commissioners each fined \$500.00.
- 2012 political fight over a referendum for paid sick-time.
- Mayor and Commissioners exchanged texts with lobbyists and citizens opposed to the measure during a public hearing on the issue.
- Public records request was made for the texts.
- They lost or deleted the texts.
- State Attorney Jeff Ashton concluded the mayor and four commissioners had violated public records laws but <u>unintentionally</u>.

Statutory exemptions:

The entire record is a public record unless there is an express statutory exemption.

- Exemptions must be explicitly provided by statute.
- Exemptions must be narrowly applied.
- All exemptions must be stated in writing to a requestor.

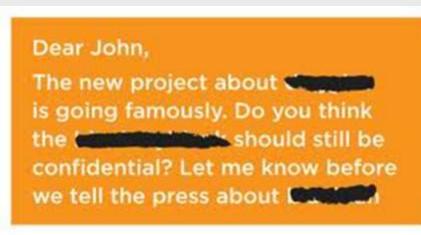


Statutory exemptions:

- Sealed bids and proposals (for a certain period of time). [119.071(1)(b), Fla. Stat.]
- Information relating to a facility's security system plans. [119.071(3)(a), Fla. Stat.]
- Building plans and drawings depicting the internal layout and structural elements of a building owned or operated by an

agency. [119.071(3)(b), Fla. Stat.]

Many more....



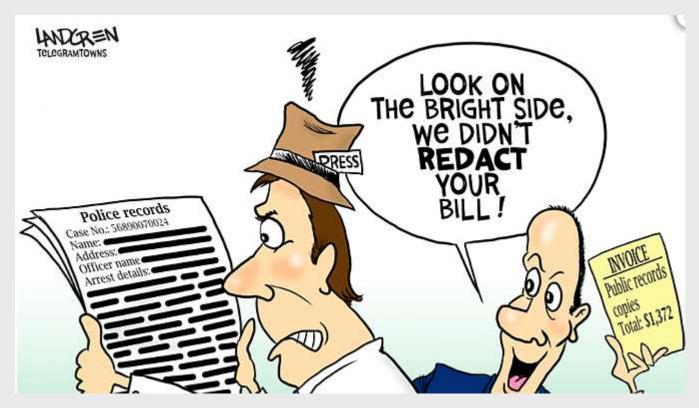
SUNSHINE AND PUBLIC RECORDS LAW

For violations of the law -

- The State Attorney or a Grand Jury can be involved
- Private parties can sue
- Penalties can include:
 - ➢ Jail time − 1 year in jail for a knowing violation
 - Fines -- \$500 for an unintentional violation
 - Attorney's fees
 - > Trial
 - Nasty press coverage



Questions?





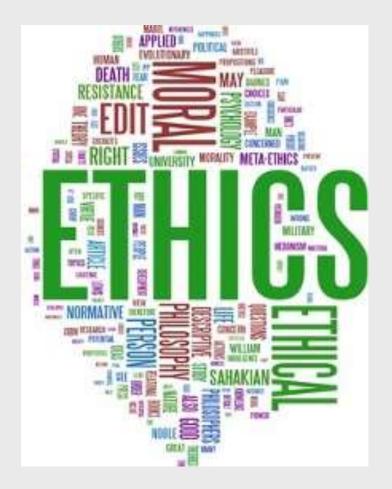
Basic principle of Ethics in Florida

Legislative Intent – Part III of Chapter 112:

"It is declared to be the policy of the state that public officers and employees, state and local, are agents of the people and hold their positions for the benefit of the public. . . . promoting the public interest and maintaining the respect of the people in their government must be of foremost concern."

Applies to:

- Town Council members
- Committee members
- Advisory-board members
- Town employees



The following is a **brief summary** of the Ethics Code. If you are in a situation where something may apply to you, please ask!







What to remember:

Do not use your position at the town to secure anything special for yourself, your family, friends, or anyone else.







Caution areas:

- Doing business with the town you or your family should not do business with the town. [Sec. 112.313(3), Fla. Stat.]
- Secondary employment there cannot be any conflict with your town position. You cannot take a job with a company doing business with the town. [Sec. 112.313(7), Fla. Stat.]
- Using information -- Don't use information (now or in the future) which you learned from your town position to gain a special advantage for you or your family or anyone else. [Sec. 112.313(8), Fla. Stat.]

Caution areas:

- Honoraria you cannot accept a payment to speak or write for an organization. Reasonable expenses can be paid. [Sec. 112.3149, Fla. Stat.]
- Nepotism you cannot hire, promote, or advocate for your relatives to get a job with the town. [Sec. 112.3135, Fla. Stat.]



GENERAL RULE ABOUT VOTING:

- You must vote on all Council items.
- Unless you have "conflict of interest" or there appears to be a "possible conflict of interest".
 [Sec. 286.012, Fla. Stat.]
- "Abstentions" are not allowed.



VOTING CONFLICTS:

- Must disclose if, on any issue, the Council's vote would benefit ... or hurt ...
 - You
 - Your relative
 - Your business partner
 - Your employer
 - Your client/customer
 - The parent company, subsidiary company, or sister company of ...
 - > Your employer
 - Your client

VOTING CONFLICTS:

- Must not vote
- Must file Form 8B (with the Town Clerk) within 15 days after the vote
- May participate in the discussion if the conflict is first disclosed (but why would you?)



VOTING CONFLICTS

- MUST abstain:
 - conflict of interest
- MAY abstain:
 - appearance of a conflict of interest
- If you abstain for either reason, file Form 8B

FORM 8B MEMORANDU	M OF VOTING CONFLICT FOR
COUNTY, MUNICIPAL, AND O	THER LOCAL PUBLIC OFFICERS
LAST BARE _ FIRET BARE _ MOTO E MARE	NAME OF INCASO, COUNCIL, COMMERCIA, AUTOCRUTY, OR COMMITTEE

LAST RAME-FIRST RAME-WEDLEN	MPE	NAME OF BOARD, COUNCIL, COMINEERON, AUTHORITY, OR COMMITTEE	
MALING ADDREES		THE BOARD, COLVER, COMMISSION, NUTVERTY DRICOMMUTTEE ON WHICH I SERVE IS A UNIT OF	
Offe	COUNTY	TAVANE OF POLITICAL SUBSVIDION.	
DATE ON MHICH VOTE OCCURRED		WINCERTONIE ELECTIVE ANTONITIVE	

WHO MUST FILE FORM 8B

This form is for use by any person serving at the county, day, or other local level of government on an appointed or elected based, sound, commission, sufform, or committee it spaties equally to members of advisory and non-selvacry todies who are presented with a voting umbit of inferent under Section 112.21142. These Sandars

Your responsibilities under the law when faced with voting on a measure in which you have a conflict of Hawnet will vary greatly depending, on whether you hold an elective or appointive position. For this reason, please pay close ettention to the instructions on this form before completing the reasons side and filing the form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 112.3143, FLORIDA STATUTES

A person hotbing elective or appointer source, municipal, or other local public office MUST ABSTANT hom voting an a measure which inverse to the or the special provides gave or loca. Each election or appointed local officer also is prohibited from knowledge vetteg on a measure which inverse to the special prime or local gave and the second second or the special prime or local gave and the second s

For purposes of this law, a "reliative" includes only the officer's fatter, mother, son, daughter, husband, wife, bother, solar, father in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, and discipitive-in-law. A "business associatif" means any person or writin vergaged in or carrying on a business anterprise with the officer as a partner, joint vertializer, coviner of property, or corporate shareholder (where the shares of the cooperation are not baland on any rational or regional stock exchange).

ELECTED OFFICERS:

In addition to abataining from voting in the situations described above, you must disclose the conflict

PRIOR TO THE VOTE BEING TAK	EN by publicly stating to the assembly the nati	ure of your interest in the measure on which you
are abstairing from voling, and		

WITHIN 15 DAYS AFTER THE VOTE OCCUPS by completing and living this form with the person responsible for recording the minutes of the meeting, who should incorporate the form in the minutes.

. . .

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APPOINTED OFFICERS:

Although you must ablation from voting in the situations, theoretical above, you otherwise may participate in these matters. However, you must disclose the nature of the conflict before making any attempt to influence the decision, whether onally or in writing and whether made by you'or at your decision.

IF YOU INTEND TO MAKE ANY ATTEMPT TO INFLUENCE THE DECISION PROOF TO THE MEETING AT WHICH THE VOTE WILL BE TAKEN.

You must complete and file this form (before making any attempt to influence the docasion) with the person responsible for recording the
minutes of the meeting, who will incorporate the form in the minutes. (Continued on other side)

Penalties (employees, officers, candidates):

Impeachment, removal from office or employment, suspension, public censure, reprimand, demotion, reduction in salary level, forfeiture of one-third salary per month for twelve months, a civil penalty up to \$10,000, restitution of any pecuniary benefits received, and triple the value of a gift from a political committee.

Questions?





What is a "gift"?

- money
- real estate
- use of real estate
- tangible personal property
- intangible personal property
- use of personal property
- food or beverages
- membership dues
- transportation

- plants & flowers
- admission tickets (sports, concerts, cruises, theme parks, etc.)
- forgiveness of debt
- a preferential rate or price on a debt, loan, goods or services
- any other thing having value
- any other service having value

Caution areas:

Taking gifts – taking anything of value for you or your family over \$100 can be an ethics violation. [Sec. 112.3148. Fla. Stat.]

Asking for gifts – don't ask people working with or associated with town business for anything -lobbyist, vendor, customer, or anyone doing business with the town. [Sec. 112.313(2), Fla. Stat.]

DISCLOSURE OF GIFTS BY YOU:

- Any gift which is accepted AND worth over \$100
- Exceptions:

37

- Gifts from relatives
- Prohibited gifts (*i.e.*, from lobbyists and vendors)



GIFTS DISCLOSED ... BY LOBBYISTS AND VENDORS:

- All gifts to you worth over \$25
- Disclosed quarterly ... by the lobbyist or vendor, not you



FLORIDA COMMISSION ON ETHICS

- Available for advice: ethics / gifts / financial disclosure
- Phone: 850-488-7864
- Website: www.ethics.state.fl.us

Questions?

