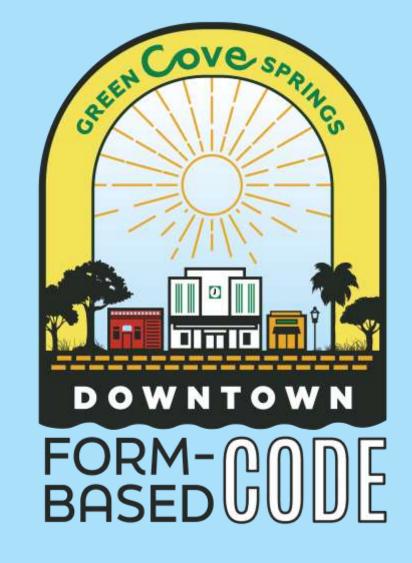
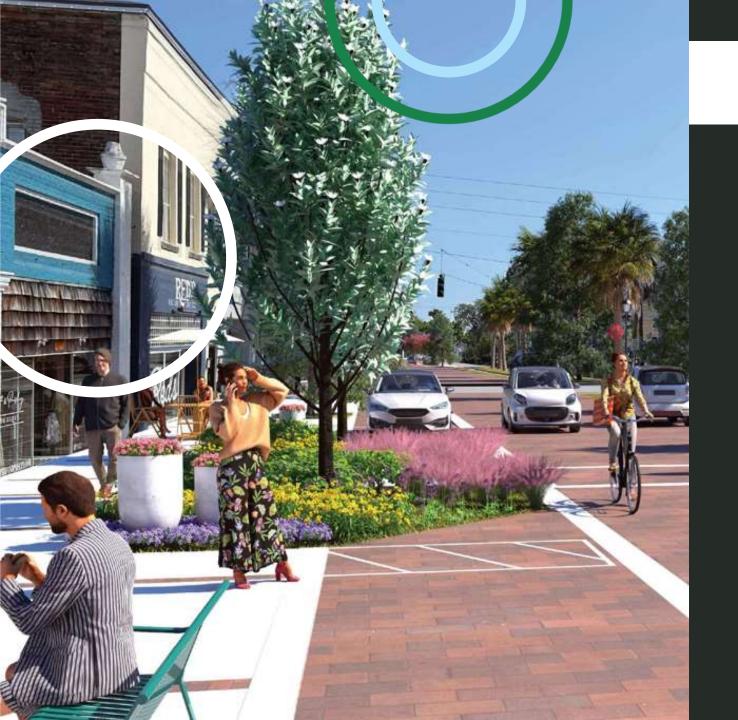
GREEN COVE SPRINGS FORM-BASED CODE

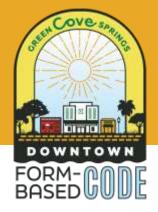
Planning & Zoning Board
03.26.2024





AGENDA

- 1 background
- public engagement
- **3** form-based code overview
- 1 next steps



background

BACKGROUND

2022

FUTURE LAND USE ELEMENT



TO DEVELOP AND MAINTAIN TO PROVIDE FOR THE MOST DIRECT GROWTH TO SUITAB HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFA OBJECTIVE 1.3. Character & Compatibility.

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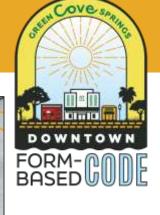
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Green Cove Springs, Florida

DOWNTOWN

DOWNTOWN



4. Establish & Adopt Form-Based Code

The Land Development Code and Zoning Map are the most important tools for implementing the vision for Downtown. Most allos in the Downtown are zoned Central Business District (JGD), the north and south gateways two downtown (US-17) are zoned Gateway Confider Commercial (GCC), and the south side of the Fernis Street comfort and the vest side of Palmeth Juvenue are zoned Gateway Confider Neighborhood (GCN). There are a few sites on Magnotia Avenue zoned R-I. Public sites are zoned finalizational (MS), While the current zoning standards have hield to address infill, redevelopment, and quality of design, transitioning to a Form-Based Code for the Downtown area and the US-17 and SR-IS commercial contidors as they enter the downtown would be the best option to address refuse the vision.

The Intent of the Form-Based Code (FBC) will be to preserve the existing character of the Downtown, while promoting quarity Infill and redevelopment in a walkable and misced-use urban environment. The envir EfC will contribute to streamling the current zoning and development review process and provide development, builders and residents with a more predictable and transparent process for development and redevelopment, implementation of a form-based code would also lead to greater interest in the city for new investment and economic growth that would be turiled by the creation of a citcher and more vibrant urban elveronment in the heart of Green Cover Springs.

Recommendations for implementing a Form-Based Code within the City are detailed within Supplemental Document B.



Block Layout / Connectivity

Block size is key to achieving good urban form and transportation connectivity. Shorter blocks improve the pedestitan experience as well as foster a street network that supports the efficient distribution of traffic. The urban core gridded network shall be marriamed and improved.



Building Placement / Orientation

The placement of a building on a site is critical to creating a wital and coherent public realm. Buildings must be oriented to the street, parking areas must be placed helmof the buildings. Building orientation can also be defined by locating prominent entrances along the principal street.

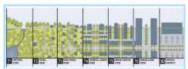


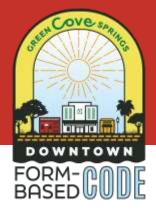
lic Realm

Sidewalks in commercial areas must be wide enough to accommodate pedestrian activity, landscaping and street scape furniture. Due to the lack of right-of-way along certain corridors, some sizes may need to dedicate an easement to the city to accommodate such elements.

Regulating Plan

The organizing principle of a FBC is the regulating plan, a two-dimensional graphic that depicts the geographic distribution of the transect zones. Generally, the T-Zones range from T-1 to T-E, depending on the local context but not all FBCs include all 6.







PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT

PROJECT WEBSITE





Document Library

View project documents and meeting summaries below.



Public Workshop #1 Summary (08.08.2023)

PDF (7.50 MB)

A summary of the presentation and input recieved during Public Workshop 1



Public Workshop #1 Presentation (08.08.2023)

PDF (2.16 MB)

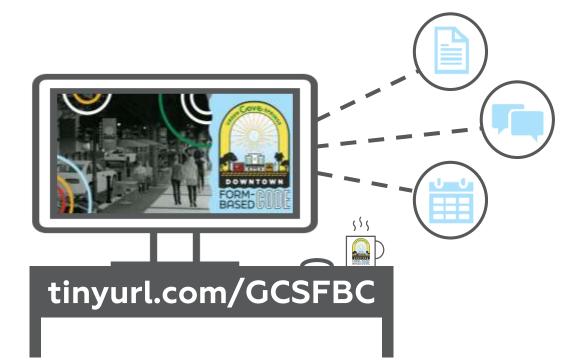
Summary of the presentation from Public Workshop 1



Existing Conditions Analysis

PDF (4.58 MB)

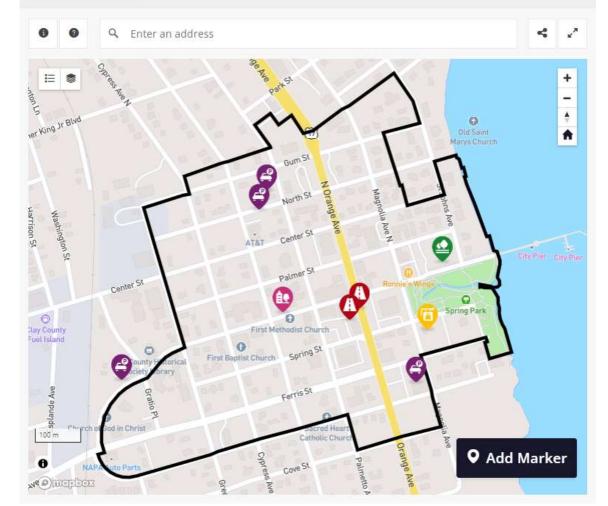
A summary of the existing conditions within the Study Area.



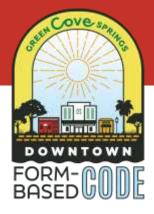
Share your Ideas on the Interactive Map

What should future development look like within the Downtown? Where could additional building heights be located? Where can setbacks be minimized? Do the current sign regulations seem to be working? Where should onsite parking be located in relation to the building and the street? Please use the icon to share your thoughts and ideas to help the Project Team develop a new form-based code for the Downtown.

9 contributions so far



LISTENING SESSIONS (7/12-17/23)



Areas of agreement:

- 1. Preserve the **small-town character** of downtown.
- 2. It is very difficult for new development and infill to meet current **parking** requirements.
- 3. Don't need to require a particular architectural style, but need standards to ensure the Walnut Street commercial core preserves its character and new development in other areas feature quality design.
- 4. A coordinated and prominent **wayfinding** program is needed.

Diverse opinions:

- 1. Some would rather keep the entire downtown at a **maximum building height** of two stories, while others were more inclined to allow 3 or 4 stories in specific areas.
- 2. There was no unified opinion on the desired character for development along **Orange Avenue** or **Ferris Street**. Some have given up on these roadways as being highways that carry fast moving traffic and desire a greenbelt feel, with landscaping and trees lining up the road. Others would like to see development taking a more prominent role, slowing down traffic, and letting passers-by know they are going through Green Cove Springs.

PUBLIC WORKSHOPS (8/8/23 - 1/18/24)

- 1 Urban Form Preference
- 2 Preferences by Corridor
 - Maximum of 2 stories; possibly 3 in some areas.
 - Future development to be sensitive to historic fabric.
 - Pedestrian and bicycle safety.
 - Central public parking facilities.
 - Diverse architecture with form standards.

- 1 Transect/Zoning Comparison
- 2 Development Review Process
- **3** Site Design Standards
- 4 Building Design Standards
 - Community Idea Wall













purpose / framework

zones

applicability

site design

building design

parking design

landscaping / buffers

signs

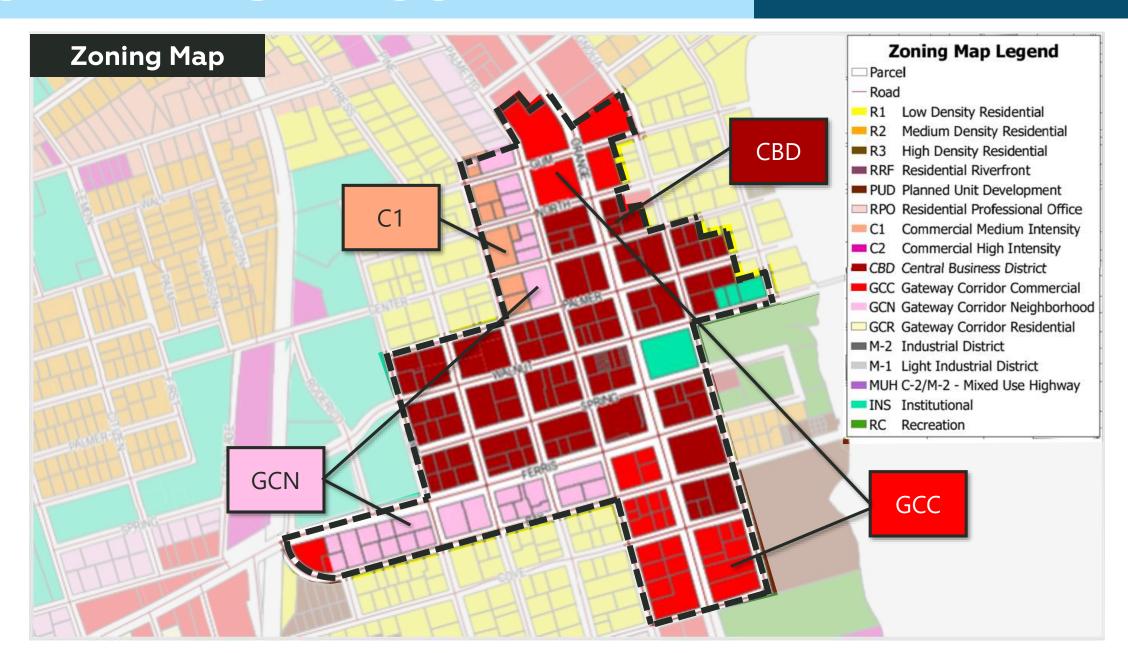




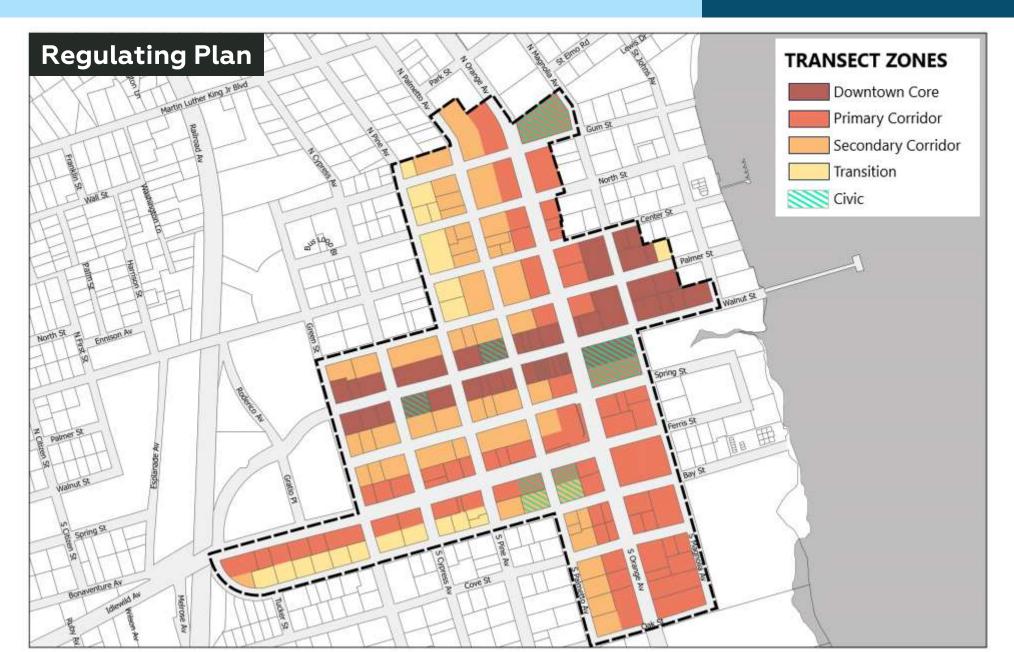
Form-Based Codes

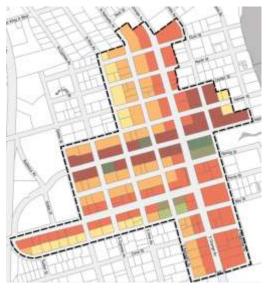
- an alternative to conventional zoning
- regulations, not guidelines
- focused on the appearance and design of buildings, less on use
- concerned with how the site is accessed by a range of transportation options
- create walkable, vibrant places
- cultivate economic development / redevelopment
- retain community character

zones



zones







DOWNTOWN CORE









Walnut Street and Magnolia (Walnut to Center Street)





PRIMARY CORRIDOR











Orange Avenue and Ferris Street

zones





SECONDARY CORRIDOR











Palmetto Avenue, Palmer Street, and Spring Street

zones















Bay Street and Pine Avenue

applicability



SITE ONE

minor addition/modification











applicability



SITE ONE

major addition/modification











applicability



SITE ONE

redevelopment











applicability

Site Plan Approval

- Admin. approval
- Council approval
 - >1 acre
 - >5,000 sq. ft.
 - SE required
 - Variance requested
 - complex/controversial

Flexibility

- Admin: up to 10% of dimensional requirement
- Planning & Zoning Board:
 - >10% up to 30%*
 - Non-dimensional provisions

Review Criteria for modifications

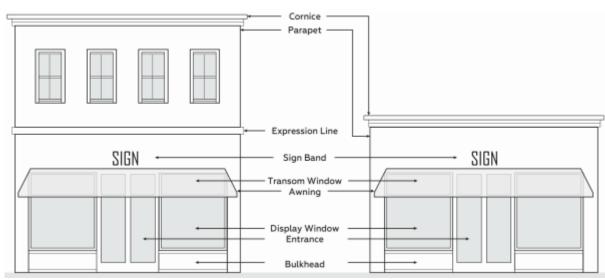
- Consistency with code and comprehensive plan
- No impact (or adequate mitigation) on adjacent uses
- Allows superior design
- Necessary to enhance natural or cultural resources
- Code compliance not feasible or results in inferior design
- No impact on public facilities, land use, traffic, or environment

^{* &}gt;30% deemed a variance

site design



building design







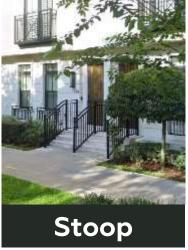


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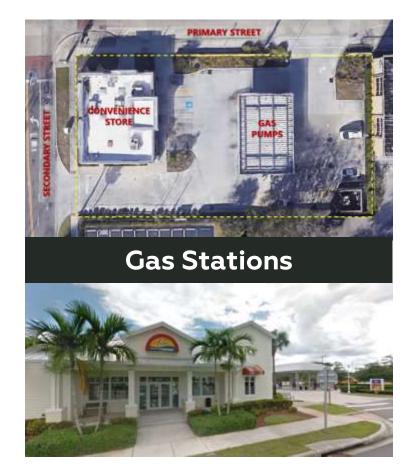




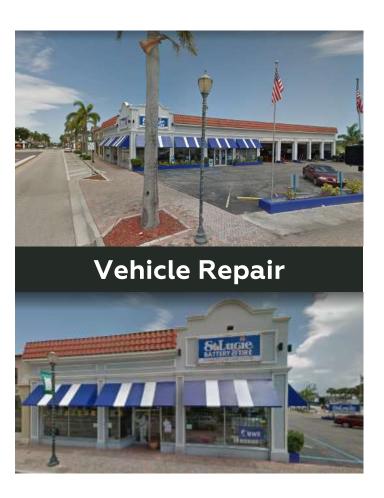


building design

FORM-BASED CODE







building design

Accent Lighting









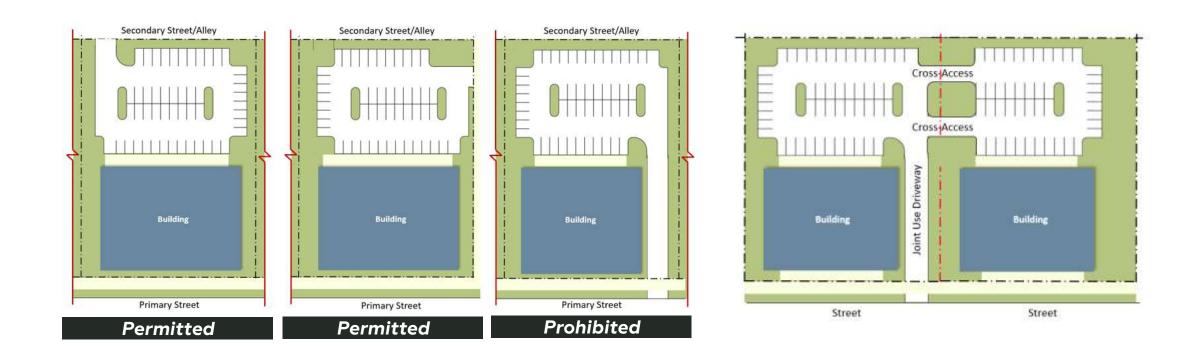
ALLOW:

- 1. String or LED rope lights outlining the roof edge (limited on Walnut/Magnolia).
- 2. Lights that automatically change colors (<once/hour).
- 3. Spotlights illuminating downward are allowed.
- 4. Security lighting.

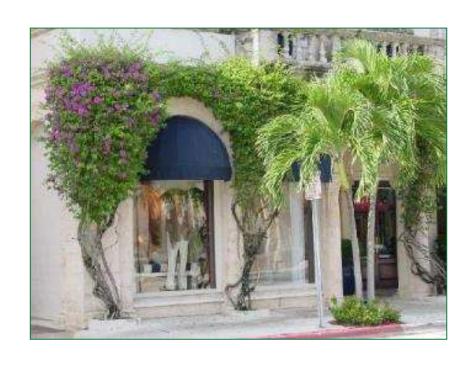
PROHIBIT:

- 1. Lights outlining windows, doors, or other features.
- 2. Flashing or moving accent lights.
- 3. Lights shining up.
- 4. Lights that exceed 3.0 footcandles (measured at edge of lot, 5' high). Incandescent lights limited to 75 watts; fluorescent 20 watts; LED 15 watts.

parking design



on-site parking | shared parking | on-street parking | satellite parking | pay-in-lieu









2.5 feet to 5 feet. The portion above 2.5 feet shall be transparent (e.g., wrought iron or similar material). Street walls shall have columns/posts (one foot by one foot minimum) spaced every 24 feet.

signs







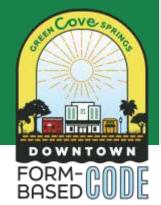






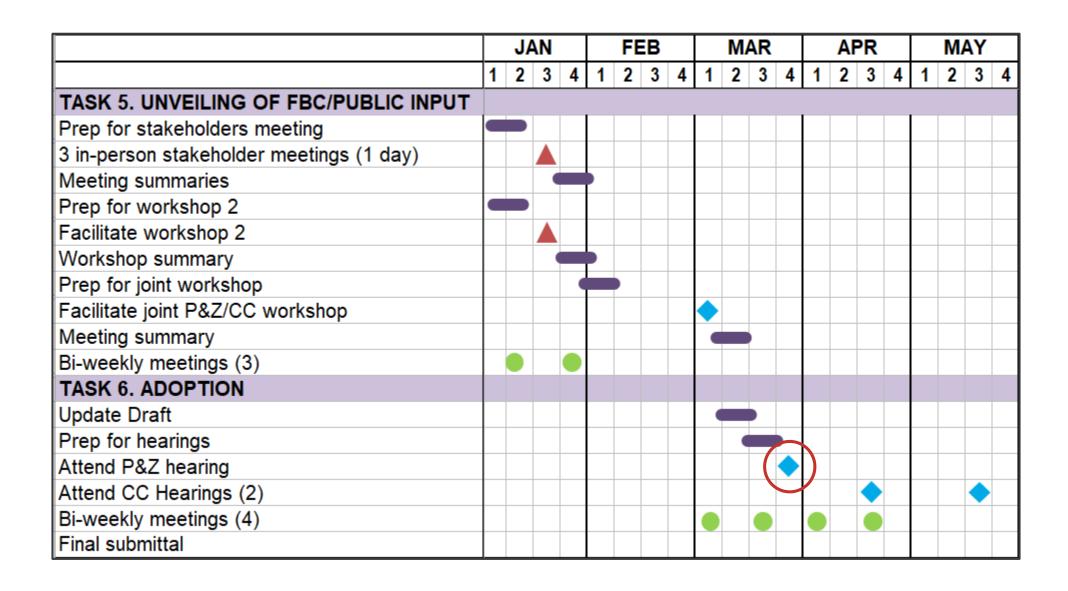




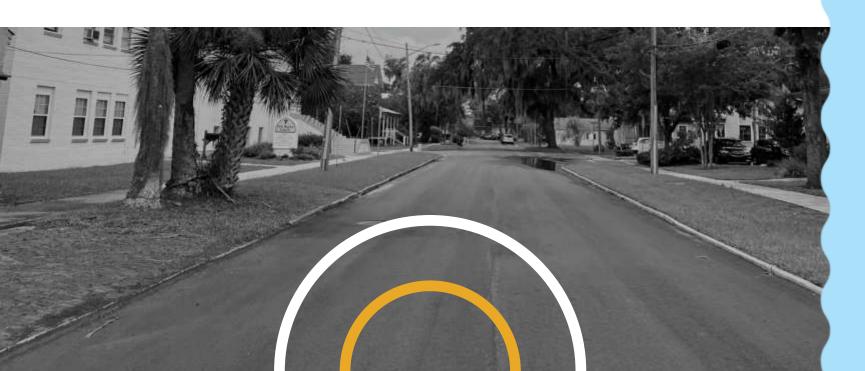


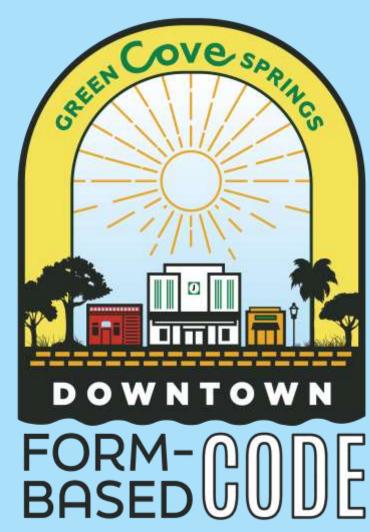
NEXT STEPS

NEXT STEPS

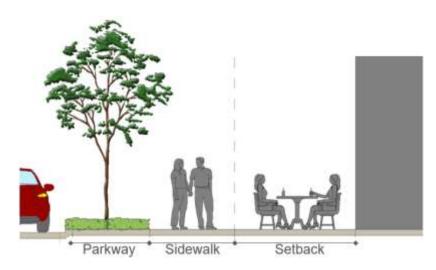


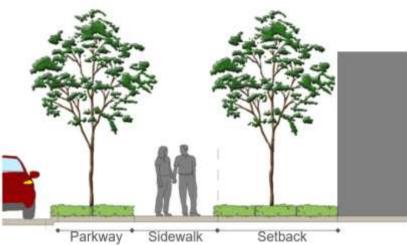






site design





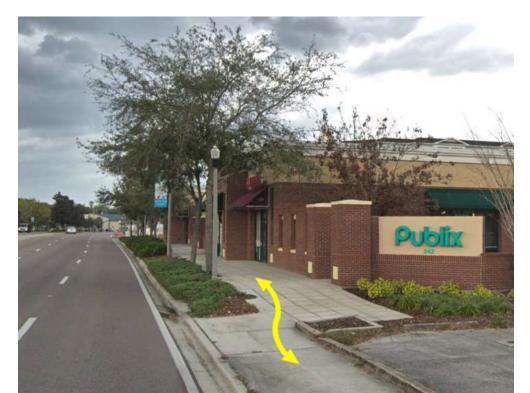
Building Setbacks

_	DOWNTOWN	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	
STANDARD	CORE	CORRIDOR	CORRIDOR	TRANSITION
Front Setback 🕰				15′ min.
	0' min.	6' min.	10' min.	No max.
Street Side Setbacks 📵	6' max.	10' max.	No max.	10 min.
				No max.
Side Setback	0'/6' min. ¹	0'/6' min. ¹	6' min.	6 min.
Rear Setback (lot or			10'	
alley) ①				

¹ Zero-foot side yard setback permitted only if the adjacent building is also placed at the property line. Otherwise, 6' are required.

Public Realm

Street Segment	Sidewalk Width (min.)	Parkway Width (min.)
Orange Av. and Ferris St.	8 ft.	6 ft.
All other streets	6 ft.	8 ft.





building design

BUILDING TYPOLOGY	DOWNTOWN CORE	PRIMARY CORRIDOR	SECONDARY CORRIDOR	TRANSITION
Mixed Use	Υ	Υ	Υ	N
Non-Residential Single Use	Υ	Υ	Υ	N
Non-Residential Multiple Use	Υ	Υ	Υ	N
Multi-Family	Υ	Υ	Υ	N
House	N	N	Υ	Υ







building design

Building and Floor Height

PROPOSED	DOWNTOWN CORE	PRIMARY CORRIDOR	SECONDARY CORRIDOR	TRANSITION
Building Height	20' min.	20' min.	16' min.	16' min
Building Height	2 stories max.	3 stories max.	2 stories max.	2 stories max.
Height with Bonus	NA	4 stories	3 stories	NA
Ground Floor Elevation (above sidewalk or finished grade)	24" min. residential	24" min. residential	24" min. residential	24" min. residential
Ground Floor Ceiling Height	12' min./20' max.	12' min./20' max.	9' min./14' max.	9' min./14' max.

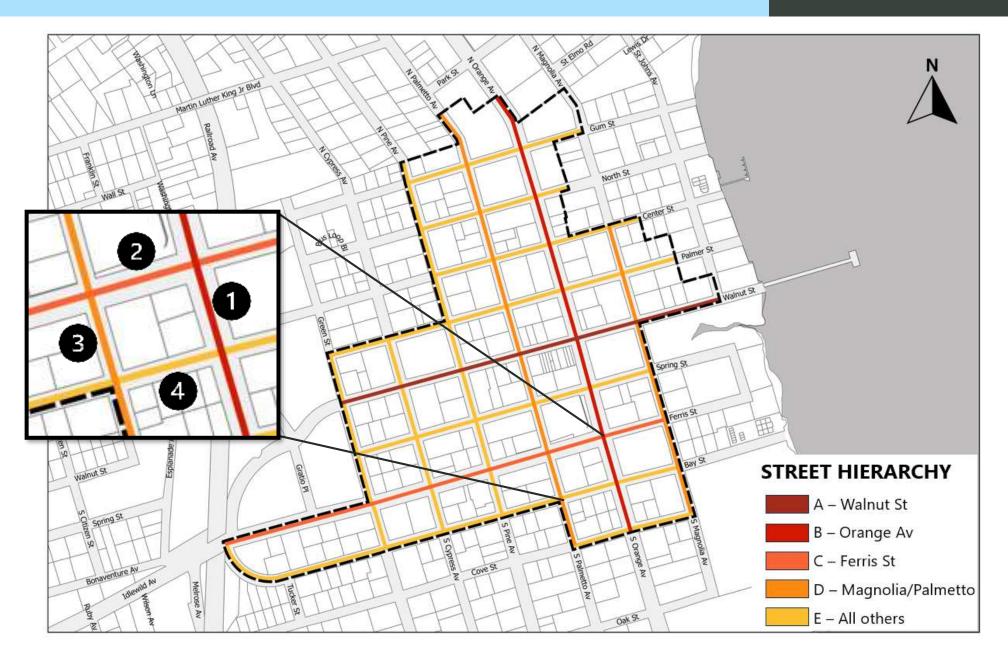
Height Bonuses

- Vertical Mixed-Use
- Affordable Housing
- Parking Garages
- Public Open Space & Amenities

CURRENT	CBD	GCC	GCN	C1	INS	DOWNTOWN CORE	PRIMARY CORRIDOR	SECONDARY CORRIDOR	TRANSITION
ISR									
Comm/Off:		80%	70%						
MF:	NA*	80%	NA	NA	NA	100	80%	70%	50%
Detached:		NA	60%						
Attached:		NA	70%						
Building Height									
Comm/Off:		54' (up to 70')/	35' (up to 50')/						
		4 stories	3 stories				2	2 -1	
MF:	NA*	54' (up to 70')/	NA	35'	85'	2 stories	3 stories (4 with bonus)	2 stories (3 with bonus)	2 stories
		4 stories					(4 with bonus)	(3 With bollus)	
Detached:		NA	35'/3 stories						
Attached:		NA	35'/3 stories						

^{*} Per current development

building design





Building Frontage

	DOWNTOWN	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	
STANDARD	CORE	CORRIDOR	CORRIDOR	TRANSITION
Required Frontage	80% min.	60% min.	40% min.	40% min.







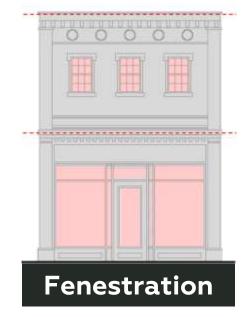




building design







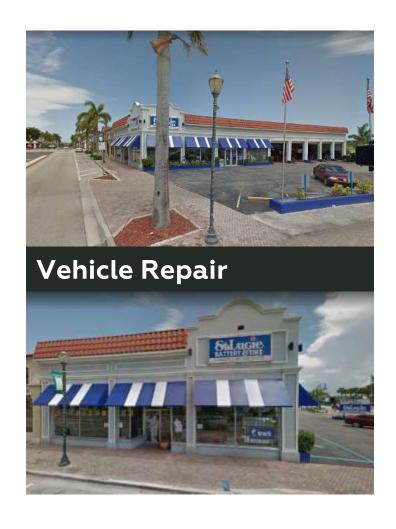


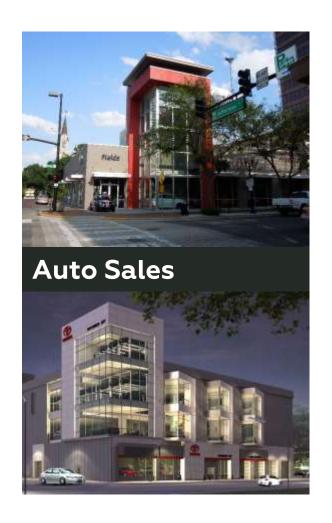
- 1. Awning or canopy.
- 2. Gallery, arcade, forecourt, stoop, or porch.
- 3. Vertical or horizontal offset, column, band, cornice, or similar element 6" deep.
- 4. Expression line between floors (not color bands).
- 5. Balcony.
- 6. Window.
- 7. Door.
- 8. Other treatment

	Ground Floor	Upper Stories
Buildings with storefront	40% min.; 90% max.	15% min.; 50% max.
Other buildings	25% min.; 90% max.	15%; 50% max.

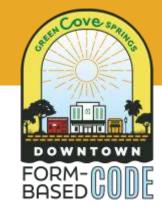
building design

FORM-BASED CODE





BACKGROUND



FUTURE LAND



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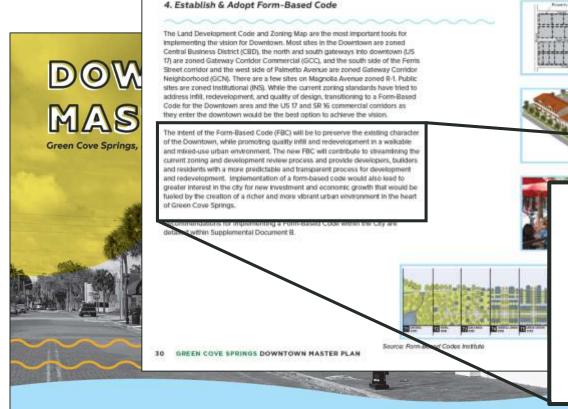
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February 2022

BACKGROUND





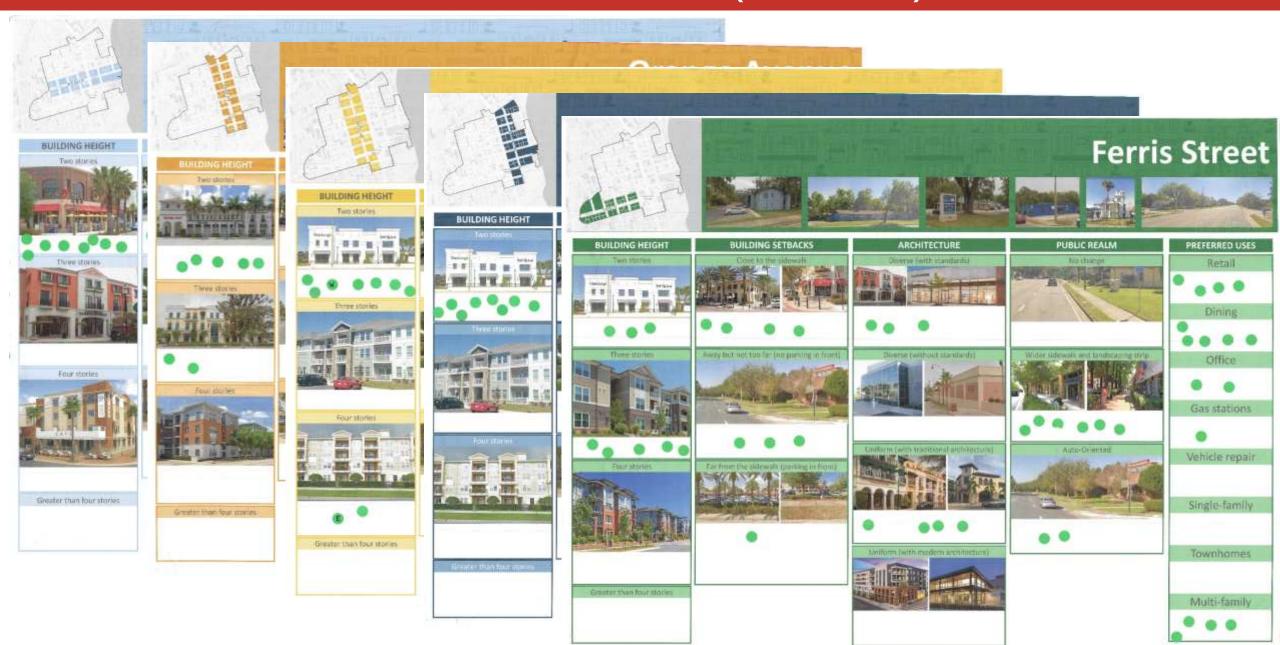
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PUBLIC WORKSHOP #1 (8/8/23)



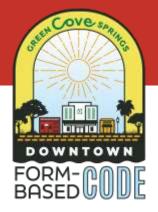
PUBLIC WORKSHOP #2 (1/18/24)

- 1 Transect / Zoning Comparison
- 2 Development Review Process
- **3** Site Design Standards
- 4 Building Design Standards
 - Community Idea Wall









PUBLIC WORKSHOP #2 (1/18/24)





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Existing developments shall not be a are proposed

Minor modifications only require the standards.

Major modifications*require the enti-

Any repair, reconstruction, rehabilit of the "Just Market Value" of the pro

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- Writing Mond litter
- Rafely Caregos
- Public Open Space & American

STANDARD	DOWNTO
Front Setback	-
Street Side Setbacks O	0' min. 6' max.
Side Setback	0'/6' min.
Rear Setback (lot or alley) 😉	7

Zero-foot side yard setback permitted Otherwise, 6' are required.

LIGHTIN

rendering models 17 mm OF war 12 month

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- 3. Spotistics thanksting shormant are
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Vehicle Repair













Streetwal





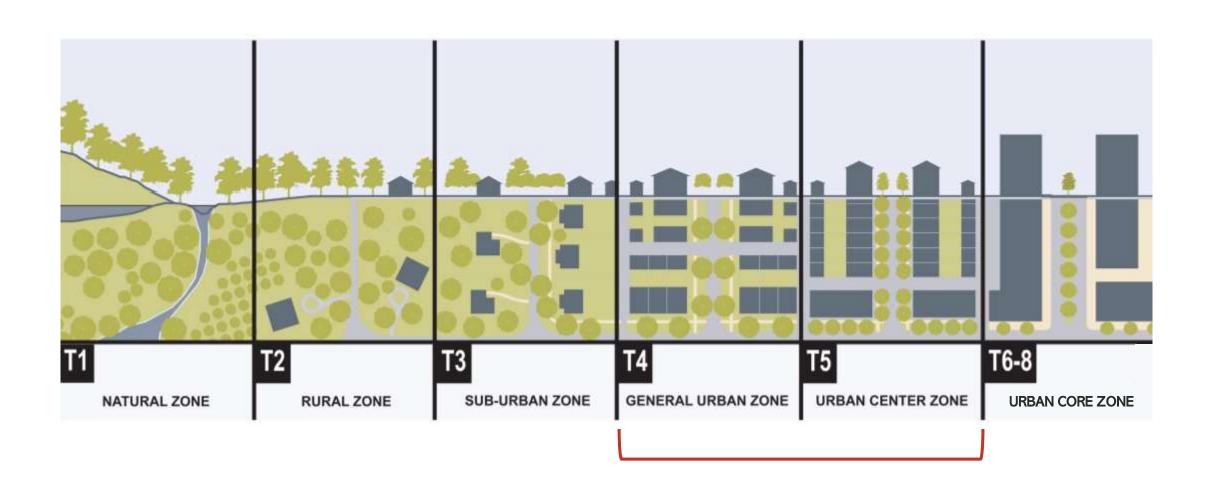








color for J for ea



site design

