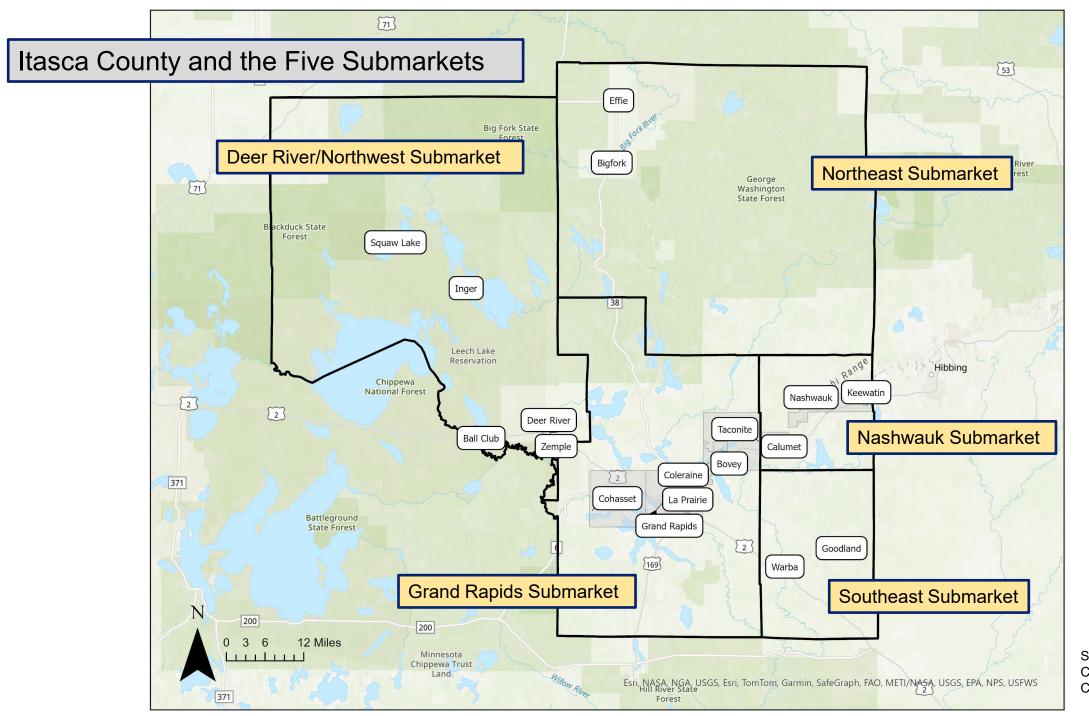


COMPREHENSIVE HOUSING STUDY

HOUSING NEEDS & LAND USE / ZONING ANALYIS FOR ITASCA COUNTY, MN September 2024







Source: ESRI; Itasca County HRA; LOCi Consulting LLC



The median sale price of an existing home is \$249,000 in 2024





^{*} Median sale price is for Jan. - July 2024.

Most workforce occupations do not have incomes high enough to support homeownership





The average market-rate rent in Itasca County is \$1,080 per month



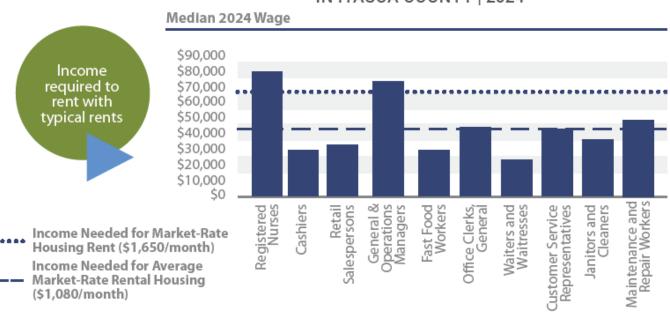


Rents have increased 3% per year across northeastern Minnesota since 2020

Compared to 2.2% for the state as a whole

Most workforce occupations struggle to afford typical rents in the county.

RENTAL HOUSING AFFORDABILITY FOR SELECT OCCUPATIONS IN ITASCA COUNTY | 2024

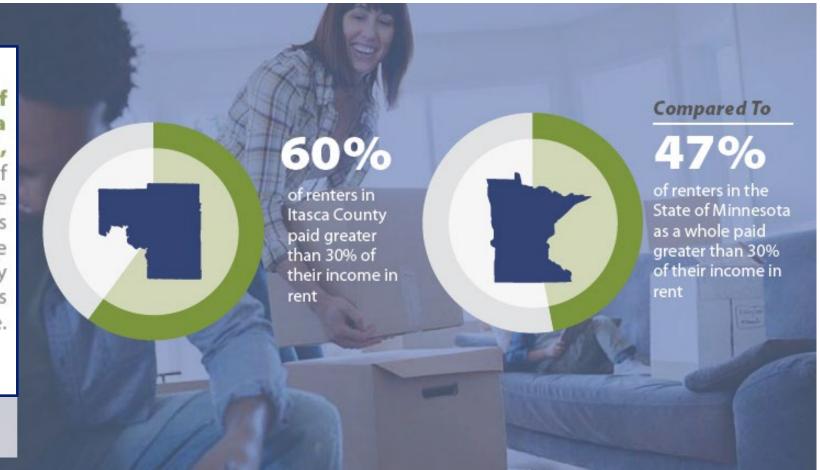




Itasca County has a higher percentage of "cost burdened" renters and homeowners



"Cost-burdened" means at risk of being forced to choose between a home and other basic needs like food, clothing, and medicine. In 2022, 60% of renters paid greater than 30% of their income in rent, compared to 47% for the state as whole. It is estimated that 28% of renters are "severely cost burdened," meaning they pay more than 50% of their income in rent (versus 20% for the state as a whole.





The vacancy rate for market-rate rental housing is below 1%



In general, a healthy market should have a vacancy rate of 5%. That amount of vacancy allows for a healthy turnover of units. Below 5% means that it is very difficult for renters to find units that meet their needs. These low vacancy rates also tend to drive up rents.









Vacancy rates for senior housing are below the national average





6.5% Affordable Senior Housing
0.0% Active Adult For Sale
3.0% Active Adult Rental
3.8% Independent Living
8.3% Assisted Living
8.4% Memory Care

For the second quarter of 2024, the estimated national vacancy rate for independent living senior housing was 12.4%, according to the National Investment Center for Seniors Housing & Care (NIC). Over the same period, the national vacancy rate for assisted living was 15.7%.

ITASCA COUNTY

ESTIMATED HOUSING DEMAND | (2024-2029)

► For Sale Housing Units



95-105 Market-Rate Single-Family



35-45

Market-Rate Townhomes

Total For-Sale Housing Demand



► Rental Housing Units



Affordable Rentals



Workforce Rentals



50-60



Total Rental Housing Demand



Senior Housing Units



75-80 Affordable Senior

Housing

25-30

Market-Rate

Independent Living



Market-Rate

20-25

Market-Rate

Assisted Livina



Market-Rate Active Adult Rentals

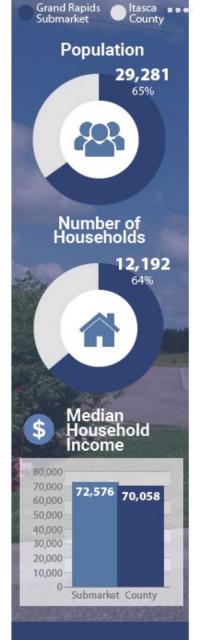
30-35

Memory Care





GRAND RAPIDS SUBMARKET



ESTIMATED HOUSING DEMAND (2024-2029)

▶ For Sale Housing Units



Market-Rate Single-Family

8 11 8 35-40

###

Affordable Single and Multi-Family



Market-Rate Townhomes

Total For-Sale Housing Demand



Rental Housing Units



135-145 Affordable Rentals



65-70 Workforce Rentals



40-50 Market-Rate Rentals



► Senior Housing Units



Affordable Senior Housing



Market-Rate Active Adult







Unit

100-130



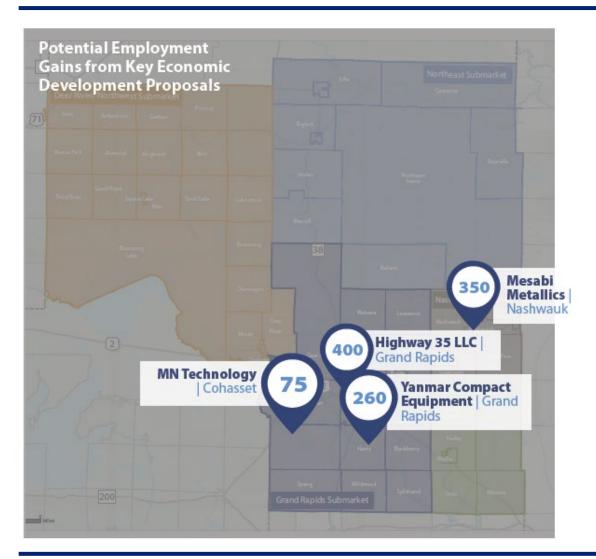
Market-Rate Independent Living





A lack of housing could be a drag on high-quality job growth in the county





Based on identified economic development projects proposed in Itasca County, there could be an additional 1,500 jobs added to the workforce.

Assuming all of these jobs are added, these employees would create <u>demand for an</u> <u>additional 1,300 housing</u> units above the demand estimated in the analysis.



Zoning codes' districts and allowed uses present barriers to housing development



- Housing uses too simplified:
 - ✓ one-family, two-family, multi-family
- Missing Middle Housing
- More focus on form and scale of housing than number of units
- Need to have definitions of each housing type



OVERALL, ZONING AND LAND USE REGULATIONS DO NOT ALLOW FOR THE RANGE OF HOUSING OPTIONS TO MEET FUTURE DEMAND





Zoning codes' districts and allowed uses present barriers to housing development



Urban residential districts:

- ➢ Grand Rapids 5
- Nashwauk 5
- Cohasset 2
- ➤ Coleraine 2
- Deer River 1
- Keewatin 1

Cities with just one or two residential districts should add a new district that is oriented toward allowing middle- and high-density housing options.

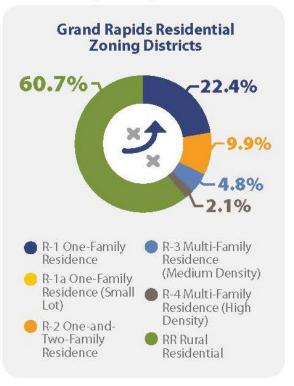
Cities with zoning districts oriented to middle- and high-density housing should apply the districts to more land on the zoning map.

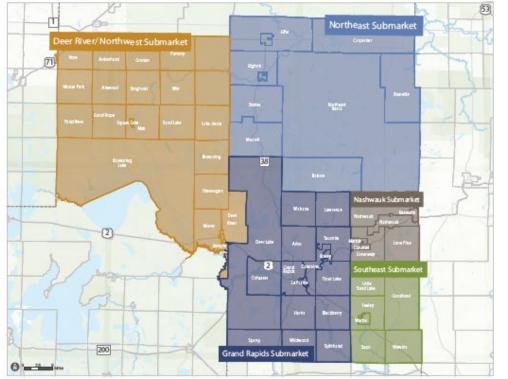
NEED MORE ZONING DISTRICTS THAT ALLOW MIDDLE AND HIGHER DENSITY HOUSING OPTIONS

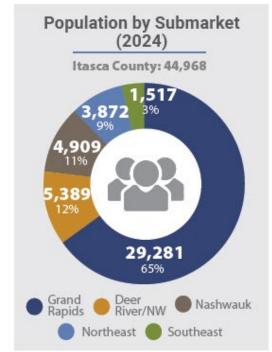
Current zoning codes typically have just one district that allows more than twounit dwellings



Current zoning maps do not zone enough land for districts allowing middle and higher density housing







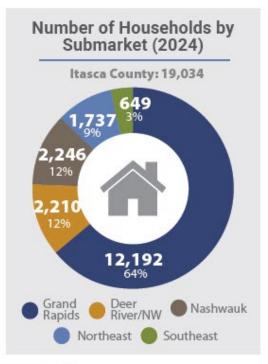


Figure 1.1 Boundaries of 5 Housing Submarkets

