6/20/24, 4:58 PM Chapter 109 - MN Laws

(4) evidence that at least ten percent of the organization's operating revenue comes from sources other than the United States Department of Agriculture child nutrition program and that the organization has additional funds or a performance bond available to cover at least one month of reimbursement claims.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 2. [134.51] ACCESS TO LIBRARY MATERIALS AND RIGHTS PROTECTED.

Subdivision 1. **Book banning prohibited.** A public library must not ban, remove, or otherwise restrict access to a book or other material based solely on its viewpoint or the messages, ideas, or opinions it conveys.

- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given.
 - (b) "Public library" means:
- (1) a library that provides free access to all residents of a city or county, receives at least half of its financial support from public funds, and is organized under the provisions of this chapter, except that a library under this clause does not include libraries such as law, medical, or other libraries organized to serve a special group of persons and not the general public;
 - (2) a library jointly operated by a city and a school district under section 134.195;
- (3) a school district or charter school library or media center under section 124D.991, including libraries operated by an intermediate school district or cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2; or
 - (4) a public higher education institution library.
- (c) "Governing body" means a group of persons that oversee the operations, budget, policies, and other administrative responsibilities of a regional public library system under section 134.20, subdivision 2; a multicounty, multitype library system under section 134.351, subdivision 4; a combination library under section 134.195, subdivision 7; a school library under section 124D.991, including libraries operated by an intermediate school district or cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2; or any other public library under section 134.001, subdivision 2.
- Subd. 3. Limitations. (a) Nothing in this section limits a public library's authority to decline to purchase, lend, or shelve or to remove or restrict access to books or other materials legitimately based upon:
 - (1) practical reasons, including but not limited to shelf space limitations, rare or antiquarian status, damage, or obsolescence;
- (2) legitimate pedagogical concerns, including but not limited to the appropriateness of potentially sensitive topics for the library's intended audience, the selection of books and materials for a curated collection, or the likelihood of causing a material and substantial disruption of the work and discipline of the school; or
 - (3) compliance with state or federal law.
 - (b) Nothing in this section impairs or limits the rights of a parent, guardian, or an adult student under section 120B.20.
- Subd. 4. Collection management. A governing body of a public library or any other public body with personnel authority for a public library may not discriminate against or discipline an employee for complying with this section.
- Subd. 5. Library materials policy. (a) A governing body of a public library must adopt a policy that establishes procedures for selection of, challenges to, and reconsideration of library materials in accordance with this section.
 - (b) The policy must not impair or limit the rights of a parent, guardian, or adult student under section 120B.20.
 - (c) The policy must establish that the procedures for selection and reconsideration will be administered by:
 - (1) a licensed library media specialist under Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4550;
 - (2) an individual with a master's degree in library science or library and information science; or
 - (3) a professional librarian or a person trained in library collection management.
- (d) Upon the completion of a content challenge or reconsideration process in accordance with the governing body's adopted policy, the governing body must submit a report of the challenge to the commissioner of education that includes:
 - (1) the title, author, and other relevant identifying information about the material being challenged;
 - (2) the date, time, and location of any public hearing held on the challenge in question, including minutes or transcripts;
 - (3) the result of the challenge or reconsideration request; and
- (4) accurate and timely information on who from the governing body the Department of Education may contact with questions or follow-up.

Sec. 3. METROPOLITAN LIBRARY SERVICE AGENCY.

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 3530.1000, item A, between April 1, 2024, and June 30, 2027, the Metropolitan Library Service Agency may employ an executive director who has not received a master's degree in library science if the job posting for the position listed a master's degree in library science as a preferred qualification.
- (b) The Metropolitan Library Service Agency may not terminate an executive director who begins employment between April 1, 2024, and June 30, 2027, on the sole basis that the executive director has not received a master's degree in library science.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 8

HEALTH AND SAFETY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120A.22, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

- Subd. 12. **Legitimate exemptions.** (a) A parent, guardian, or other person having control of a child may apply to a school district to have the child excused from attendance for the whole or any part of the time school is in session during any school year. Application may be made to any member of the board, a truant officer, a principal, or the superintendent. The school district may state in its school attendance policy that it may ask the student's parent or legal guardian to verify in writing the reason for the child's absence from school. A note from a physician or a licensed mental health professional stating that the child cannot attend school is a valid excuse. The board of the district in which the child resides may approve the application upon the following being demonstrated to the satisfaction of that board:
- (1) that the child's physical or mental health is such as to prevent attendance at school or application to study for the period required, which includes:
- (i) child illness, medical, dental, orthodontic, or counseling appointments, <u>including appointments conducted through telehealth</u>;
 - (ii) family emergencies;
 - (iii) the death or serious illness or funeral of an immediate family member;
 - (iv) active duty in any military branch of the United States;
 - (v) the child has a condition that requires ongoing treatment for a mental health diagnosis; or
 - (vi) other exemptions included in the district's school attendance policy;
 - (2) that the child has already completed state and district standards required for graduation from high school; or
- (3) that it is the wish of the parent, guardian, or other person having control of the child; that the child attend, for a period or periods not exceeding in the aggregate three hours in any week, instruction conducted by a Tribal spiritual or cultural advisor, or a school for religious instruction conducted and maintained by some a church, or association of churches, or any Sunday school association incorporated under the laws of this state, or any auxiliary thereof. This school for religious instruction must be conducted and maintained in a place other than a public school building, and it must not, in whole or in part, be conducted and maintained at public expense. However, A child may be absent from school on such days as that the child attends upon instruction according to the ordinances of some church this clause.
- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision 6, paragraph (a), a parent may withdraw a child from an all-day, every day kindergarten program and put their child in a half-day program, if offered, or an alternate-day program without being truant. A school board must excuse a kindergarten child from a part of a school day at the request of the child's parent.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2024-2025 school year and later.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120B.21, is amended to read:

120B.21 MENTAL HEALTH EDUCATION.

- (a)_School districts and charter schools are encouraged to provide mental health instruction for students in grades 4 through 12 aligned with local health standards and integrated into existing programs, curriculum, or the general school environment of a district or charter school. The commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of human services, commissioner of health, and mental health organizations, must, by July 1, 2020, and July 1 of each even-numbered year thereafter, provide districts and charter schools with resources gathered by Minnesota mental health advocates, including:
- (1) age-appropriate model learning activities for grades 4 through 12 that encompass the mental health components of the National Health Education Standards and the benchmarks developed by the department's quality teaching network in health and best practices in mental health education; and
- (2) a directory of resources for planning and implementing age-appropriate mental health curriculum and instruction in grades 4 through 12 that includes resources on suicide and self-harm prevention. A district or charter school providing instruction or presentations on preventing suicide or self-harm must use either the resources provided by the commissioner or other evidence-based