7. Facility Contact

The "Facility Contact" was specified in the application. The permittee may replace the facility contact at any time, and shall notify the Department in writing **within 10 days** after replacement (including the name, address and telephone number of the new facility contact).

- a. The facility contact shall be (or a duly authorized representative of this person):
 - for a corporation, a principal executive officer of at least the level of vice president; or a designated representative if the representative is responsible for the overall operation of the facility from which the discharge originates, as described in the permit application or other NPDES form,
 - for a partnership, a general partner,
 - for a sole proprietorship, the proprietor, or
 - for a municipal, state, or other public facility, either a principal executive officer, the mayor, village president, city or village manager or other duly authorized employee.
- b. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:
 - the authorization is made in writing to the Department by a person described in paragraph a. of this section; and
 - the authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall
 operation of the regulated facility or activity such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well
 or a well field, superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility, or an individual or position
 having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the facility (a duly authorized
 representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position).

Nothing in this section releases the permittee from properly submitting reports and forms as required by law.

8. Monthly Operating Reports

Part 41 of Act 451 of 1994 as amended, specifically Section 324.4106 and associated R 299.2953, requires that the permittee file with the Department, on forms prescribed by the Department, operating reports showing the effectiveness of the treatment facility operation and the quantity and quality of liquid wastes discharged into waters of the state. Applicable forms and guidance are available on the Department's web site at https://www.michigan.gov/egle/about/Organization/Water-Resources/wastewater-construction. The permittee may use alternate forms if they are consistent with the approved treatment facility monitoring program. Unless the Department provides written notification to the permittee that monthly submittal of operating reports is required, operating reports that result from implementation of the approved treatment facility monitoring program shall be maintained on site for a minimum of three (3) years and shall be made available to the Department for review upon request.

Within 30 days of the effective date of this permit, the permittee shall submit to the Department either a revised treatment facility monitoring program to address monitoring requirement changes reflected in this permit, or justification explaining why monitoring requirement changes reflected in this permit do not necessitate revisions to the treatment facility monitoring program. Upon receipt of approval from the Department and consistent with such approval, the permittee shall implement the approved revised treatment facility monitoring program.

9. Asset Management

The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities (i.e., the sewer system and treatment works as defined in Part 41 of the NREPA), and control systems installed or used by the permittee to operate the sewer system and treatment works and achieve and maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit (also see Part II.D.3 of this permit). The requirements of an Asset Management Program function to achieve the goals of effective performance, adequate funding, and adequate operator staffing and training. Asset management is a planning process for ensuring that optimum value is gained for each asset and that financial resources are available to rehabilitate and replace those assets when necessary. Asset management is centered on a framework of five (5) core elements: the current state of the assets; the required sustainable level of service; the assets critical to sustained performance; the minimum life-cycle costs; and the best long-term funding strategy.

their Asset Management Program).

- a. Asset Management Program Requirements
 On or before **June 1, 2025**, the permittee shall submit to the Department an Asset Management Plan for review and approval. An approvable Asset Management Plan shall contain a schedule for the development and implementation of an Asset Management Program that meets the requirements outlined below in 1) 4). A copy of any Asset Management Program requirements already completed by the permittee should be submitted as part of the Asset Management Plan. Upon approval by the Department the permittee shall implement the Asset Management Plan. (The permittee may choose to include the Operation and Maintenance Manual required under Part II.C.14. of this permit as part of
 - 1) Maintenance Staff. The permittee shall provide an adequate staff to carry out the operation, maintenance, repair, and testing functions required to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. The level of staffing needed shall be determined by taking into account the work involved in operating the sewer system and treatment works, planning for and conducting maintenance, and complying with this permit.
 - 2) Collection System Map. The permittee shall complete a map of the sewer collection system it owns and operates. The map shall be of sufficient detail and at a scale to allow easy interpretation. The collection system information shown on the map shall be based on current conditions and shall be kept up-to-date and available for review by the Department. Note: Items below referencing combined sewer systems are not applicable to separate sewer systems. Such map(s) shall include but not be limited to the following:
 - a) all sanitary sewer lines and related manholes;
 - b) all combined sewer lines, related manholes, catch basins and CSO regulators;
 - c) all known or suspected connections between the sanitary sewer or combined sewer and storm drain systems;
 - d) all outfalls, including the treatment plant outfall(s), combined sewer treatment facility outfalls, untreated CSOs, and any known SSOs;
 - e) all pump stations and force mains;
 - f) the wastewater treatment facility(ies), including all treatment processes;
 - g) all surface waters (labeled);
 - h) other major appurtenances such as inverted siphons and air release valves;
 - i) a numbering system which uniquely identifies manholes, catch basins, overflow points, regulators and outfalls;
 - j) the scale and a north arrow;
 - k) the pipe diameter, date of installation, type of material, distance between manholes, and the direction of flow; and
 - I) the manhole interior material, rim elevation (optional), and invert elevations.
 - 3) Inventory and assessment of fixed assets. The permittee shall complete an inventory and assessment of operations-related fixed assets including portions of the collection system owned and operated by the permittee. Fixed assets are assets that are normally stationary (e.g., pumps, blowers, buildings, manholes, and sewer lines). The inventory and assessment shall be based on current conditions and shall be kept up-to-date and available for review by the Department.

- a) The fixed asset inventory shall include the following:
 - (1) a brief description of the fixed asset, its design capacity (e.g., pump: 120 gallons per minute), its level of redundancy, and its tag number if applicable;
 - (2) the location of the fixed asset;
 - (3) the year the fixed asset was installed;
 - (4) the present condition of the fixed asset (e.g., excellent, good, fair, poor); and
 - (5) the current fixed asset (replacement) cost in dollars for year specified in accordance with approved schedules;
- b) The fixed asset assessment shall include a "Business Risk Evaluation" that combines the probability of failure of the fixed asset and the criticality of the fixed asset, as follows:
 - (1) Rate the probability of failure of the fixed asset on a scale of 1-5 (low to high) using criteria such as maintenance history, failure history, and remaining percentage of useful life (or years remaining);
 - (2) Rate the criticality of the fixed asset on a scale of 1-5 (low to high) based on the consequence of failure versus the desired level of service for the facility; and
 - (3) Compute the Business Risk Factor of the fixed asset by multiplying the failure rating from (1) by the criticality rating from (2).
- 4) Operation, Maintenance & Replacement (OM&R) Budget and Rate Sufficiency for the Sewer System and Treatment Works. The permittee shall complete an assessment of its user rates and replacement fund, including the following:
 - a) beginning and end dates of fiscal year;
 - b) name of the department, committee, board, or other organization that sets rates for the operation of the sewer system and treatment works;
 - c) amount in the permittee's replacement fund in dollars for year specified in accordance with approved schedules;
 - d) replacement fund strategy of all assets with a useful life of 20 years or less;
 - e) expenditures for maintenance, corrective action and capital improvement taken during the fiscal year;
 - f) OM&R budget for the fiscal year; and
 - g) rate calculation demonstrating sufficient revenues to cover OM&R expenses. If the rate calculation shows there are insufficient revenues to cover OM&R expenses, the permittee shall document, within three (3) fiscal years after submittal of the Asset Management Plan, that there is at least one rate adjustment that reduces the revenue gap by at least 10 percent. The permittee may prepare and submit an alternate plan, subject to Department approval, for addressing the revenue gap. The ultimate goal of the Asset Management Program is to ensure sufficient revenues to cover OM&R expenses.

b. Annual Reporting

The permittee shall develop a written report that summarizes asset management activities completed during the previous year and planned for the upcoming year. The written report shall be submitted to the Department on or before **May 1 of each year**. The written report shall include:

- 1) a description of the staffing levels maintained during the year;
- 2) a description of inspections and maintenance activities conducted and corrective actions taken during the previous year;
- 3) expenditures for collection system maintenance activities, treatment works maintenance activities, corrective actions, and capital improvement during the previous year;
- a summary of assets/areas identified for inspection/action (including capital improvement) in the upcoming year based on the five (5) core elements and the Business Risk Factors computed in accordance with condition a.3)b)(3) above;
- 5) a maintenance budget and capital improvement budget for the upcoming year that take into account implementation of an effective Asset Management Program that meets the five (5) core elements:
- 6) an updated asset inventory based on the original submission; and
- 7) an updated OM&R budget with an updated rate schedule that includes the amount of insufficient revenues, if any.

10. Discharge Monitoring Report – Quality Assurance Study Program

The permittee shall participate in the Discharge Monitoring Report – Quality Assurance (DMR-QA) Study Program. The purpose of the DMR-QA Study Program is to annually evaluate the proficiency of all in-house and/or contract laboratory(ies) that perform, on behalf of the facility authorized to discharge under this permit, the analytical testing required under this permit. In accordance with Section 308 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1318); and R 323.2138 and R 323.2154 of Part 21, Wastewater Discharge Permits, promulgated under Part 31 of the NREPA, participation in the DMR-QA Study Program is required for all major facilities, and for minor facilities selected for participation by the Department.

Annually and in accordance with DMR-QA Study Program requirements and submittal due dates, the permittee shall submit to the Michigan DMR-QA Study Program state coordinator all documentation required by the DMR-QA Study. DMR-QA Study Program participation is required only for the analytes required under this permit and only when those analytes are also identified in the DMR-QA Study.

If the permitted facility's status as a major facility should change, participation in the DMR-QA Study Program may be reevaluated. Questions concerning participation in the DMR-QA Study Program should be directed to the Michigan DMR-QA Study Program state coordinator.

All forms and instructions required for participation in the DMR-QA Study Program, including submittal due dates and state coordinator contact information, can be found at https://www.epa.gov/compliance/discharge-monitoring-report-quality-assurance-study-program.