

## Development Review, Licensing, Permitting and Inspection Strategy and Roadmap Workshop Report

## **City of Fort Collins**

July 21, 2023

Disclaimer: This is a typical report expected from an engagement. Final results may vary depending on the statement of work (SOW) between Info-tech & the client.

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### Contents

<b>O</b> Executive Summary	Alignment and Scope	Development review, licensing, permitting and inspection definition	<b>3</b> Project Plan	Appendix
<ul> <li>Engagement overview</li> <li>System description</li> <li>Business model</li> <li>Challenges</li> <li>Future state</li> <li>Strategy roadmap</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Vision &amp; guiding principles</li> <li>City goals &amp; benefits</li> <li>Scope</li> <li>Competing Priorities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Operating model</li> <li>Capability maturity description</li> <li>Process inventory</li> <li>Process prioritization</li> <li>Application portfolio</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Stakeholder analysis</li> <li>Risks and mitigation strategies</li> <li>Critical Success Factors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Level 1 Decomposition: <ul> <li>Land Management</li> <li>Permits and Licensing</li> <li>Code Enforcement</li> <li>Customer Service and Shred Functions</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use Cases <ul> <li>Key Success Indicators</li> <li>Current Pain Points</li> <li>Future State Requirements</li> </ul> </li> <li>Vendor landscape</li> <li>Related Info-Tech research</li> </ul>

## **Engagement Overview**

Info-Tech Research Group (ITRG) conducted a three-day Development Review, Licensing, Permitting and Inspections Digital Strategy workshop with the City of Fort Collins during the period of 10<sup>st</sup> July – 12<sup>th</sup> July 2023. The stakeholders who participated in the three-day engagement provided valuable organizational knowledge and subject matter expertise. These stakeholders came from the following departments within the City of Fort Collins.

- Environmental Services
- Community Development and Neighborhood Services
- Poudre Fire Authority
- Engineering
- Utilities
- Customer Support

- Planning Services
- Meter Division
- City Clerks Office
- City Mangers Office
- Information Technology

Participating stakeholders contributed towards furthering the following objectives during the workshop:

- Holistic view of Development Review, Licensing, Permitting and Inspections concepts and set expectations
- Understanding of departmental capabilities and processes
- Understand current state, gaps and opportunities
- Validate and high-level Development Review, Licensing, Permitting and Inspections requirements
- Identify desired target state and develop Development Review, Licensing, Permitting and Inspections Operating Model
- Determine Development Review, Licensing, Permitting and Inspections guiding principles and critical success factors
- Understand stakeholders and identify risk mitigation strategies
- Discuss and agree upon future state options
- Align the Development Review, Licensing, Permitting and Inspections roadmap with organizational needs and capabilities

- Development review, licensing, permitting and inspection systems facilitate the flow of information across business units. It allows for seamless integration of systems and creates a holistic view of the enterprise to support decision making
- In many organizations, these systems are considered the lifeblood of the organization. Lack of functionality around these functions will have a dramatic impact on the ability of the city to provide services to their customers.
- A licensing, permitting and inspection system:
  - Supports these processes through technology
  - Automates workflows
  - Streamlines processes

**USE CASES** 

• Allows for digital enablement

 A development review, licensing, permitting and inspection system does NOT include CRM (Customer Service Management) capabilities

## Development review, licensing, permitting and inspection system use cases:

#### PERMITS & INSPECTIONS

Streamline and automate permit approval and inspections process.

#### COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT & PLANNING

Keep track of planning applications and milestones and adhere to comprehensive development plans.

#### CODE/ BYLAW ENFORCEMENT

Track and manage enforcement incidents from citizen complaint to case resolution.

#### LICENSING

Automate business licensing from application and approvals to payments and renewals.

#### SERVICE REQUESTS

Uphold community standards by providing easily accessible mechanisms for constituents to make requests, complaints, and inquiries.

### Development review, licensing, permitting and inspections are about much more than just technology

#### **Business Model and Aligned Strategy**

#### **Business Needs**

- •Holistic customer experience and approach
- •Support internal and external communications
- Modern robust platform integrated across city
- Transparency for external and internal users
- Dashboarding operational excellence, measure service delivery, volumes, metrics and KPIs

#### **Environmental Factors**

- Increasing populations
- Housing attainability, affordability
- Workforce Issues lack of resources, turnover
- Need for hybrid/remote capabilities
- Changing customer service models
- Funding
- Regulations
- Elections
- Change Fatigue

- Compliance and security of system and data
- Robust platform integrated across a broad areas
- Configurable and able to handle special requests
- Innovation and employee enablement
- Ability to see beginning to end and historical data

#### Barriers

Participation across depts
Training & documentation

Customization requests

• Code / council approval

• Ancillary funding – ongoing

Regular check-ins with staff

Resourcing Requirements

Build Trust / Move ahead
Project timeline to plan to

- No product or process owners
- Competing priorities
- Decision Making
- Cultural shift
   Customer resistance
- Resourcing ,skill set

### rcing ,skill set • service delivery model Development review, licensing,

#### permitting and inspections Strategy

#### Enablers

- OCM champion
- Owner and decision maker
- City Mangers Office support
- Partnership across org
- Cross functional team

- Prioritization of tasks
- Responsive vendor
- Support staff with up-to-date tools
- Fee Management understanding actual costs and setting these effectively to recoup costs
- Automation and workflows

#### **Organizational Goals**

- Exceptional service for an exceptional community.
  Systems that promote a thriving and engaged community through the lens of operational excellence and culture of innovation
- Themes:
- Digital Transformation
- Recovery to Resilience
- Complexity to Simplicity Customer Focus
- Talent

Technology Drivers

- Document and Record management
- Standardize the data model
- Holistic integrated application portfolio
- Analytics & metrics

- Improved IT Service Delivery
- Freeing up time for value work
- Work within short and long-term goals and constraints
- Empower our internal users

- Drive efficiencies
- Employee and end user-self service
- Standard APIs for integration with other systems
- Credit Card processing

## The City of Fort Collins discussed and identified their development review, licensing, permitting and inspection related challenges

#### **Current State Challenges**

- Manual processes many processes are manual and not being facilitated by the current tool.
- Gaps in technology some processes are not able to be supported within current tools and software.
- Lack of centralized customer information (CRM) Lack of CRM system hinders visibility and communication channels for supporting departments.
- Lack of product ownership product ownership lack centralization creating lack of knowledge and enablement with current tools.
- Minimal transparency and visibility across and within business capabilities lack of visibility across city functions and within capability areas (for example status and requirements across different departments difficult to see)
- Lack of process ownership and governance gap in overarching strategic process ownership, design, and metrics. Process design is often reactive and approached with guard rails rather than from a proactive customer-centric perspective.
- No single source of truth data residing in multiple systems and formats across city departments

- Varying customer service delivery models customer service requirements currently vary across the organization from high-touch to desiring self-service. Alignment across departments and services would be beneficial.
- Disjointed digital experience for consumers of city services varying methods and levels of customer engagement create a confusing and difficult to navigate experience for customers of these processes.
- Voice of the customer not understood (unified vision in progress)
- Lack of digital enablement gaps in technology for those who cannot make it into the office in person
- Confusing website navigation and content
- Disjointed Metrics lack of operational "metrics that matter"
- **Reporting and Analytics** reporting and analytics is cumbersome and difficult.
- No common data model efforts are in motion to correct this.
- Lack of integrations enterprise architecture has been identified as playing a critical role in this initiative.

### The City of Fort Collins explored options and decided to replace their current system to achieve their ideal future state

Development review, licensing, permitting and inspection Option Selection (Future State)

egy ntain	<b>Potential future state description</b> The existing application satisfies both functionality and integration requirements. The processes surrounding it		Replace current system	-	stem to address gaps in the ses and various pain points
rent :em	likely need attention, but the system should be considered for retention.		Inc	dicators	Potential solution
ment ent em	The existing application is, for the most part, functionally rich, but may need some tweaking. Spend time and effort building and enhancing additional	·····	version lacks fu	nentation and software	<ul> <li>pain points</li> <li>Evaluate the development review, licensing, permitting and inspection technology landscape.</li> </ul>
ze: date nt	functionalities or consolidating and integrating interfaces. The development review, licensing, permitting and inspection application portfolio consists of multiple apps serving the same functions. Consolidating applications with duplicate functionality is more cost		applications.	n technology direction or	<ul> <li>Determine if you need to replace the current system with a point solution an all-in-one solution.</li> <li>Align development review, licensing, permitting and inspection technolog with enterprise architecture.</li> </ul>
	efficient and makes integration and data sharing			Data pa	in points
	Simpler The current configuration does not meet the long term needs of the organization. It would likely be more cost and time efficient to replace the application and its		• Limited capabili data.	ity to store, retrieve	• Understand the data requirements.
	surrounding processes altogether.			Process p	pain points
			Insufficient tool	s to manage workflow.	<ul> <li>Review end-to-end processes.</li> <li> Assess user-satisfaction.</li> </ul>

## Info-Tech recommends that the City of Fort Collins undertake the following steps to improve its development review, licensing, permitting and inspection effectiveness

#### **Key Recommendations**

- Develop a cross-functional team with strong governance. This will include a steering team, a selection committee and implementation resources. Leadership and key positions are imperative to push vison and coordinate change from the top down.
- Establish product and process governance. Include the city roadmap and overarching goals and objectives.
- Build out a resourcing plan. This is a significant effort that will require input from stakeholders and subject matter experts (SMEs) in many areas of the city departments. Develop an approach to handle the additional workload to avoid employee turnover and burnout. Look to ensuring success by including the following roles:
  - Team leads and decision makers
  - Subject matter experts
  - External resources including organizational change management champion, project manager, process engineer, and training resources
  - Backfilling and cross training for key internal positions.
  - Bring in external resources to move the initiative forward including the roadmap and Encourage process and system integration across the city. project plan selection and implementation phases.
- Allow adequate time for selection and implementation. This will be a multi-year implementation. Given the high number of affected users and participants, participation, training and change management will be essential for the success of the future state.
- Take a broad approach to business process reengineering. View processes across the city as they interact with each other and refrain from siloed thinking. Encourage senior leadership to push changes down from the top. Be proactive in process design and avoid reactive changes

- Start with the end in mind and take an agile approach to this initiative. Include the customer journey, customer service delivery models, departmental and technical needs to inform the project, and forge ahead with implementing systems that offer exceptional service and operational excellence.
- Clarify Metrics that Matter. Clearly define and understand metrics around customer service, efficiencies, resourcing that will deliver on excellence.
- **Embrace Organizational Change Management.** This is a large effort that is going to affect many parts of city processes. Develop an OCM strategy to ensure that employees support rather than resist the changes to systems and processes.
- Consider the needs around CRM and customer information. Customer Relationship Management has been identified as a gap in scope and will need to be addressed.
- Find the best fit solution for city processes and embrace native best in class functionality with minimal customization.
- Document Use Cases attached to Mega Processes and departmental functions.
- Continue to build out requirements and identify high-priority requirements.
- **Develop an integration strategy** including the data model and enterprise architecture.
- Include Master Data Management Strategy: Continue to develop and enforce a master data management and data strategy to improve data availability and retention schedules.

As per the chosen option, the City of Fort Collins developed a future state roadmap to operationalize development review, licensing, permitting and inspection Strategy

Initiative	Owner	Others	Start Date	Duration	Target Completion Date
Complete Homework slides	SMEs	Dept. Teams	July 11, 2023	3 days	July 14, 2023
Create final workshop deliverable	Lisa	Jerry	July 12, 2023	1 week	July 21, 2023
Establish Governance	Alyssa	Malinda, Paul, Denzel others as needed/project team	July 19,2023	2 weeks	July 28, 2023
Engage with third party resources to define scope of work and preliminary costs for the project facilitation. (Determine PM Role and requirements)	Alyssa	Malinda	July 19, 2023	2 weeks	July 28, 2023
Refine the project team	Alyssa	Malinda, Paul, others as needed	July 17, 2023	1.5 weeks	July 21, 2023
Put together initial Communication Plan	Alyssa	Malinda, Paul, Denzel	July 17, 2023	2 weeks	July 28 <sup>th</sup> , 2023
Draft of the Project Charter	Alyssa	Malinda, Paul, Denzel others as needed/project team	July 17,2023	1 weeks	July 28, 2023
Review Workshop Deliverable with ITRG	Lisa	Alyssa Malinda	July 24, 2023	1 week	July 28 <sup>th</sup> , 2023
Meet with executive sponsors and CMO office to debrief on the initiative.	Alyssa (to coordinate)	Malinda, Paul, (utilize existing team for this)	~Mid-August		

#### Strategy Roadmap

### Contents

Executive Summary	Alignment and Scope	Development review, licensing, permitting and inspection definition	<b>3</b> Project Plan	Appendix
<ul> <li>Engagement overview</li> <li>System description</li> <li>Business model</li> <li>Challenges</li> <li>Future state</li> <li>Strategy roadmap</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Vision &amp; guiding principles</li> <li>City goals &amp; benefits</li> <li>Scope</li> <li>Competing Priorities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Operating model</li> <li>Capability maturity description</li> <li>Process inventory</li> <li>Process prioritization</li> <li>Application portfolio</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Stakeholder analysis</li> <li>Risks and mitigation strategies</li> <li>Critical Success Factors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Level 1 Decomposition: <ul> <li>Land Management</li> <li>Permits and Licensing</li> <li>Code Enforcement</li> <li>Customer Service and Shred Functions</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use Cases <ul> <li>Key Success Indicators</li> <li>Current Pain Points</li> <li>Future State Requirements</li> </ul> </li> <li>Vendor landscape <ul> <li>Related Info-Tech research</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

## The City of Fort Collins's development review, licensing, permitting and inspection Vision & Guiding Principles

"The City of Fort Collins, will select and implement an integrated software suite moving toward an efficient, userfriendly system that meets our standards for excellence and allows staff to focus time on the most valuable activities."

Operational Excellence and Agility Support our team with process and tools that enable innovation and excellence. Take and agile approach adopting standard practice wile allowing room for unique needs.	<b>Transpa</b> Uphold transpar value through th of process and s that support inte external stakeho their access to c	ency as a e design systems ernal and olders and	Future Proc Engine Take a proactiv to process conf focusing on a h customer journe	e approach iguration olistic	Cha	throughout	Equity & Diversity & Diversity of the communities we serve and strive to meet people where they are at.
Self Support p systems t users and	or effective	Committee the organiz strategical this initiati includes st clear roles	ly align around ve. This rong leadership, and lities, through	Adequately project thro ensure succ includes an looking app	cess. This agile forward- roach. Be staff capacity	and In Work collab across city leverage op	initiatives and portunities to y implement

INFO-TECH RESEARCH GROUP | 11

## The City of Fort Collins's development review, licensing, permitting and inspection benefits directly support its corporate goals

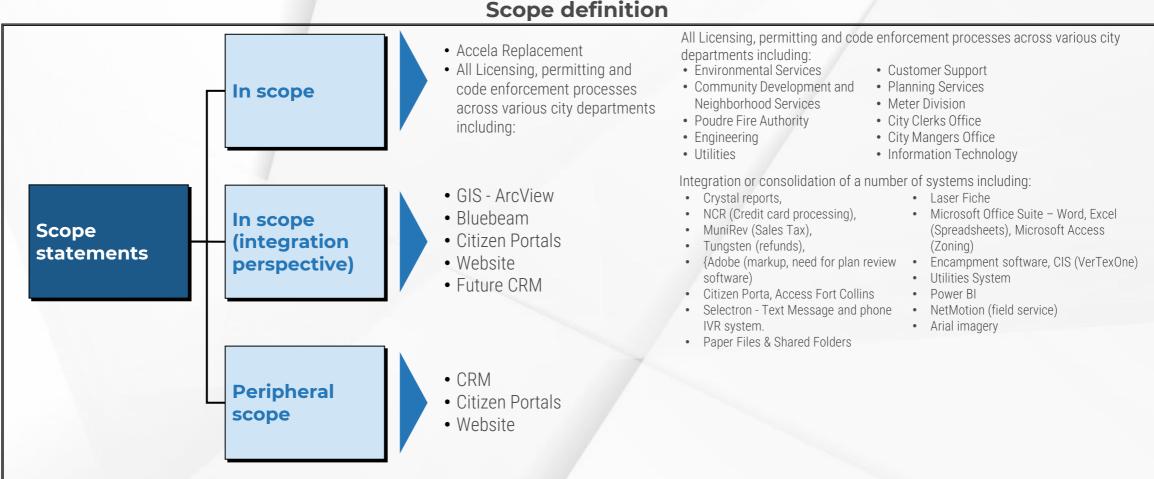
#### Benefits

Goals

Benefits

	Mission: Exceptional service fo	r an exceptional community					
Vision: Systems that promote a thriving and engaged community through the lens of operational excellence and culture of innovation							
Digital Transformation	Recovery to Resilience	Complexity to Simplicity – Customer Focus	Talent				
<ul> <li>Meet the need of a diverse customer population a diverse community through digital services</li> <li>Transparency and visibility – ease of use, integ clear understanding of who to go to, what the p</li> <li>Automate and create efficiencies - create band services</li> <li>Embrace best in class technology and industry process engineering and adoption of technolog</li> <li>Ease of use – support our staff and customers</li> </ul>	rated operations across city departments, • process is and status lwidth for staff to focus on high-value • standards – commitment to business • gy with minimal customization	<ul> <li>Compliance – ensure compliance and checkpoints are built in processes. Test automation and learn what will work best.</li> <li>Efficient and Timely Service – create automated efficiencies to staff to deliver on tight targets. Allow the system to handle ag Data and Reporting – pull reports easily and efficiently. Allow fraccess to data.</li> <li>Established Data Model and Architecture including retention pull usability - Consistent and streamlined service experience</li> <li>Documentation and Training - support city wide system and streamlined service experience</li> </ul>	o help ease the burden on ile processes. or more self-service and policy.				
<ul> <li>systems</li> <li>Standardize service delivery – offer our custon</li> <li>Access to information – allow our internal and information around processes</li> </ul>		training System Access – across departments and enabling field empl Customer Information and History – (CRM needs) one source including historical records and case management.	•				
Integration across departments and systems – integrate systems across the city	reduce handoffs between departments and •	<b>Operational Support</b> – consistent SAAS systems and support s	services across the city.				

The City of Fort Collins formulated scope statements to decide which people, processes, and functions the development review, licensing, permitting and inspection strategy will address



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INFO-TECH RESEARCH GROUP | 13

### The City of Fort Collins identified competing priorities to ascertain appropriate resources and attention from business and the IT organization

#### **Competing projects**

Project	Timeline	Implications
Departmental Specific Projects	Ongoing	Resourcing bandwidth
CX, Website and Content management, Etc.	Ongoing	There are some dependencies, but we cannot wait. -Resourcing Requirements -Purchasing Department / Legal bandwidth will be important
Land Development Code (CDNS team)	Ongoing	Process design engineering, resourcing impacts
Rental Registration Program	Ongoing	Process design engineering, resourcing impacts
Utilities Billing	Ongoing	Integrations impacted
Building Code Adoption	Bi-Annual	Process design engineering, resourcing impacts
GIS Modernization Project	Ongoing	Integrations impacted
Other enterprise with system replacements and integrations (example ERP upgrade, credit card/finance processes)	Future State	Process design engineering, resourcing impacts Integrations impacted

### Contents

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Development review, licensing, permitting and inspection operating model reflects the complete list of mega-processes and their prioritization at the City of Fort Collins





### **Capability maturity description**

<b>Capability Level</b>	Process	Technology
Weak	<ul> <li>The process is undocumented</li> <li>Exceptions to the process result in fire fighting</li> <li>There is no process consistency</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The process is not handled by software</li> <li>The process is manual using ad hoc tools such as Excel</li> </ul>
Moderate	<ul> <li>The process has some documentation</li> <li>Exception handling not documented</li> <li>Process somewhat consistently executed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The process is partially executed in software</li> <li>Certain steps happen outside the software, e.g., Approvals via email</li> </ul>
Strong	<ul> <li>Process full documented</li> <li>Exception handling is documented</li> <li>Process executed consistently</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The process executes completely within the software</li> <li>All steps, approvals, and documentation are captured and accessible in the software</li> </ul>

### The City of Fort Collins discussed business capabilities, value streams, and business processes to generate an organization wide development review, licensing, permitting and inspection process inventory

#### Development Review, Licensing, Permitting and Inspection Process inventory

Planning and Development		Permits and Licensing		Code Enforcement		Customer Service and Shared Functionality	
Process	Technology	Process	Technology	Process	Technology	Process	Technology
<ul> <li>Land Developme</li> <li>Lot/Land Manage</li> <li>Schedule / Condu Inspections</li> <li>Manage applicati</li> <li>New Lot/Land Cree</li> <li>Subdivision Plan</li> <li>Maintain Fee Sch</li> <li>Accept Payments</li> <li>Land Use Inquiries w/ a charge)</li> <li>Zoning Violations</li> </ul>	ement - Attributes uct Planning ion details eation Management nedule s es (Also land use app's	<ul> <li>Manage Permit/Lie</li> <li>Receive/validate</li> <li>Process applicatio</li> <li>Issue Permits/ Lice</li> <li>Renew Permits/ Lie</li> <li>Maintain Fee Sche</li> <li>Calculate/Manage</li> <li>Manage Parking P</li> <li>Track Permits</li> <li>Receive Payment</li> <li>Manage Inspection</li> <li>Schedule Inspection</li> <li>Perform Inspection</li> </ul>	ns ense cense dule Application Fees asses	<ul> <li>Manage Compl</li> <li>Identify Infracti</li> <li>Issue Tickets</li> <li>Perform Adjudi</li> <li>Conduct Inspect</li> <li>Maintain Fee Set</li> <li>Accept Payment</li> </ul>	ions ication / Provincial Court ctions chedule	external users, tr • Maintain Fee Sch • Accept Payment	hedule l) e Request Tracking – (internal and ansparency) hedule s e (example walk-ins) ement



The City of Fort Collins prioritized development review, licensing, permitting and inspection processes which can potentially impact vendor selection and implementation roadmap

#### **Process and Requirement Prioritization**

Best Practice	<u>Parity</u>	Strateg	<u>c</u> Priori	ty 1
Process Rigour	You need to do these processes well. Lagging behind in this category can harm the ability to manage City resources effectively.	Processes of utmo importance to the support the Strat Cost effectivenes	City. These egic Goals.	
Proces	<u>Operational</u> Business processes that are not frequently done and of low value. It is not necessary to invest capital into.	<b>Compe</b> These processes of meet objectives not the gold	allow the City to even if they are	<ul> <li>processes.</li> <li>Senior leadership input will be required to prioritize functional requirements.</li> </ul>
Get the Job				
Done				
Oper	ational Organizationa	l Importance	Strate	egic

The City of Fort Collins developed an inventory of their applications that support the development review, licensing, permitting and inspection business processes

#### **Application Portfolio**

(Applications currently being used to support in-scope processes)

- Accela
- ArcView
- JDE
- Microsoft Office
- Utilities System
- Customer Portals, Access Fort Collins
- Accela, Accela Mobile (inspectors code compliance)
- crystal reports,
- NCR (Credit card processing),
- MuniRev (Sales Tax),
- Tungsten (refunds),
- Accela electronic document review software {Building)
- BlueBeam (Dev Review)
- Adobe (markup, need for plan review software)
- Scheduling (current) Citizen Portal, Text Message and

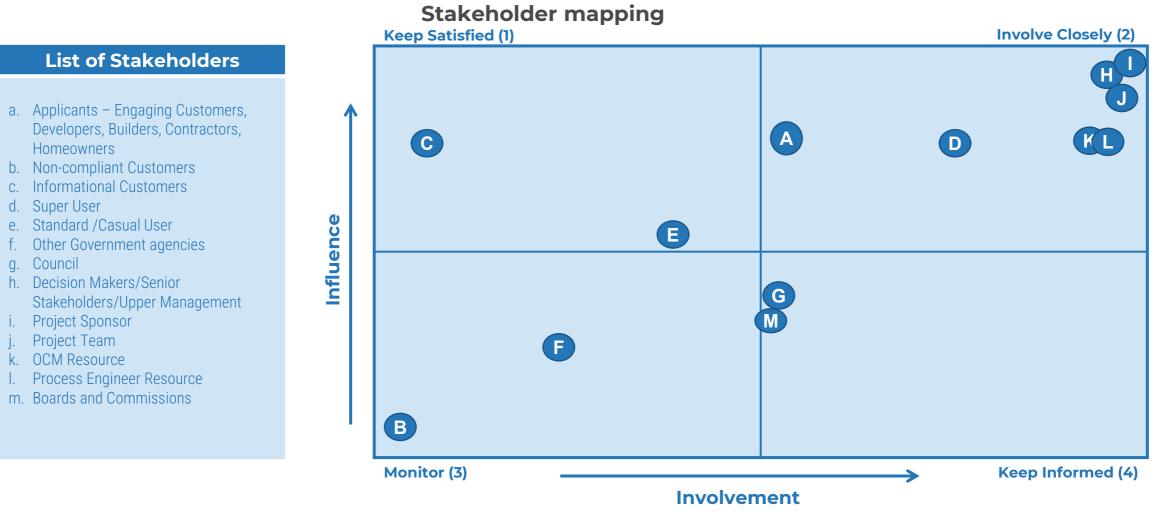
phone IVR system. (vendor Selectron)

- Paper Files
- Shared Folders S Drive.
- Laser Fiche)
- Microsoft Access (Zoning)
- IVR (Scheduling) / Cisco IVR (Integration will be important in the future)
- Encampment tool and software (ties into GIS), used for field locations
- CIS (VerTexOne) (will be an integration)
- Power Bl
- Login credentials for external users Google etc.
- NetMotion (field service)
- Arial imagery
- Other

### Contents

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The City of Fort Collins mapped the stakeholders based on their expected Influence and involvement in the development review, licensing, permitting and inspection project



The City of Fort Collins identified potential risks that may impede the successful completion of project and for each risk, planned mitigation tactics

Potential Risk	Impact	Likelihood	Mitigation Effort
Resourcing and staff bandwidth	1	1	Look at backfilling, cross training, any opportunities to free up bandwidth from critical team members. Decrease regular duty obligations. Look for consultants and external resources.
Full Time Project Manager	1	2	Look for support for this early. Look for external resourcing. Ask for resourcing early along with OCM and Process Engineer Consultant.
Budget	1	2	Work to be aware of costs early. Ask for additional budget and resourcing.
Governance	1	2	Past failures have helped us learn that this is critical to our success. Build in governance model as soon as possible. Work with core team and executive sponsors to get this in place.
Vendor Management	1	1	Lack of product owner has led to issues on other projects. A product owner should be identified. Vendor management should be coordinated between IT and the business. (Coordinate release plans, test plans (internal and external), etc.) Measure vendor performance, SLAs, PSAs. Escalate support. Use concepts such as MVP, iterate over time.

#### Potential risks and mitigation strategies

**Rating Scale:** 

1- High Risk Impact: Likelihood: 1- High/Needs Focus 2- Can Be Mitigated

2- Moderate Risk

**3- Minimal Risk 3- Remote Likelihood**  The City of Fort Collins identified potential risks that may impede the successful completion of project and for each risk, planned mitigation tactics

Potential Risk	Impact	Likelihood	Mitigation Effort
Internal and External Organization Change Management (Including: Messaging/Communications/Training )	1	1	Look for an external resource to manage OCM.
Involving appropriate resources throughout the project and initiative		2	Ongoing resourcing plan. Requesting form vendor and SI what the internal resource requirements will be.
CRM Functionality	2	1	Full functionality around these capability areas may not be realized without CRM functionality. Communicate this to the team. Include CRM in future project plans and budgeting.
User Resistance	2	2	This may vary across user groups (for example developers). User resistance will require additional effort to mitigate. Make sure we have strong training tools and OCM for all user groups. (user believability that this will move forward also a risk)
	a Soolor		

#### Potential risks and mitigation strategies

#### **Rating Scale:**

1- High Risk Impact: Likelihood: 1- High/Needs Focus 2- Can Be Mitigated

2- Moderate Risk

**3- Minimal Risk 3- Remote Likelihood**  The City of Fort Collins identified potential risks that may impede the successful completion of project and for each risk, planned mitigation tactics

Potential Risk	Impact	Likelihood	Mitigation Effort
Loss of a key stakeholder/knowledge	2	3	Identifying key stakeholders, regular pulse checks on the team, measuring the health of the team, cross training, knowledge transfer, documentation.
Council and electoral changes	2	3	Be aware of risk. Communicate with new members the importance of this project in relation to other projects.
CMO Philosophy	1	3	Communication, include in the governance of the project.

Potential risks and mitigation strategies

**Rating Scale:** 

Impact:

1- High Risk

2- Moderate Risk Likelihood: 1- High/Needs Focus 2- Can Be Mitigated **3- Minimal Risk 3- Remote Likelihood** 

## The City of Fort Collins explored the success factors related to the development review, licensing, permitting and inspection initiative

#### **Critical success factors**

#### **Critical Success Factors for Large Enterprise Initiatives**

- 1. Top Management Support
- 2. Inter-division communication and cooperation
- 3. Commitment to business process reengineering
- 4. Implementation project management from initiation to post go live
- 5. Change management program
- 6. Project team competence
- 7. Education and training for stakeholders
- 8. Project champion to lead implementation and resources
- 9. Project vision and mission
- 10. Consultants and expertise
- 11. Minimum level of customization
- 12. System selection (professional requirements-based selection)
- 13. Consideration of culture in the process (norms, values, beliefs)
- 14. User involvement and participation throughout the project
- 15. Vendor support and Partnership

### Fort Collins Critical Success Factors

- Better linkages between the permitting and Land Development processes. Ability to see history and background information on a property.
- Coordination of permits that might be happening under a project umbrella. Keep these processes consolidated and centrally visible.
- Leadership and key positions helping push that coordination and change from the top down.
- Integrated processes and solutions.
- Autonomous coordination of processes
- Centralizing application process
- Create resourcing bandwidth to address process and subprocess reengineering
- Letting go of the history and stay focused on the future
- Support from above
- Approval to not to be reactionary when there is an issue and pressure to change process
- Maintain the ability to communicate and build relationships between the formal processes
- Hearing from the customer to understand what they need, what information they need to find, the customer experience feedback
- Build our internal support infrastructure ensure we have people in the right positions to help support this initiative and ensure its success



### Contents

<b>O</b> Executive Summary	Alignment and Scope	Development review, licensing, permitting and inspection definition	<b>3</b> Project Plan	4 Appendix
<ul> <li>Engagement overview</li> <li>System description</li> <li>Business model</li> <li>Challenges</li> <li>Future state</li> <li>Strategy roadmap</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Vision &amp; guiding principles</li> <li>City goals &amp; benefits</li> <li>Scope</li> <li>Competing Priorities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Operating model</li> <li>Capability maturity description</li> <li>Process inventory</li> <li>Process prioritization</li> <li>Application portfolio</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Stakeholder analysis</li> <li>Risks and mitigation strategies</li> <li>Critical Success Factors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Level 1 Decomposition: <ul> <li>Land Management</li> <li>Permits and Licensing</li> <li>Code Enforcement</li> <li>Customer Service and Shred Functions</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use Cases <ul> <li>Key Success Indicators</li> <li>Current Pain Points</li> <li>Future State Requirements</li> </ul> </li> <li>Vendor landscape</li> <li>Related Info-Tech research</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name:

- Brandy
- Department:

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#### LEGEND

		Rank the Process Maturity for current processes. (highlight appropriate		
Description/Use Case	All activities linked to land and building development and management. Development review, planning, long range planning. USE CASE: DEVELOPMENT REVIEW	<ul> <li>choice)</li> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides</li> </ul>		
Key Success Indicators	<ul> <li>Status and understanding of where a process is at (with the City or with the applicant), how to size the projects – match scale of the project to requirements,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>		
Current Pain Points	• Some use of Accela but not all of the process is handled there (Bluebeam), development review not able to accept payments online automatically currently, communications very manual/email etc., Bluebeam collaboration not fully available, Process contacts not searchable or visible, information access limited and cumbersome, Access to records and ability to approve documents cumbersome (Laserfiche is a monster of its own), behind the times in technology, generating comment letters manual (validate this), coordination difficult, shared folders, lots of extra work and effort trying to understand status and move a process along, Task assignment difficult, GIS integration, searching difficult,	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>		
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Having one system be able to handle process from beginning to end, Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, task assignment, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing, integration with GIS, online submittals for internal staff (?(access for applicants) (intake process, upload documents, view status)), handle rounds of review, be able to identify bad players, automated reminders, customer centered design, compliance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Note conceptual review and minor amendment may be different</li> </ul>		

Stakeholder Name:

- Brandy
- Department:

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LEGEND

Process Step		Information		Scheduled	Letters Generated to applicant team	Applicant resubmits	Hearing Decision Making /Recording		Close Application	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	Includes: (Post conceptual review) Application received via email with supporting files Receive application and enter information Email, S Drive Fees required at this stage	entered in to Accela and	s Team works within Accela and Bluebeam There are set timeframes for the work process At these milestones, the status is reviewed, (Workflow tracked through excel (manual)	a and scheduling of meetings	word used for			1 2	180 days (extension request or expired)	<ul> <li>Intake applications</li> <li>Intake inquiries</li> <li>Correspond to citizens</li> <li>Offer information</li> <li>Update on Status</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Record Keeping and document management</li> <li>Letter and correspondence</li> </ul>	

Stakeholder Name:

- Brandy
- Department:

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Conceptual Design Developing a conceptual plan is the best way to see how your ideas it to it the property. See the information below for ways the design a plan that meets your needs and <u>City Flan</u> .	Pre-Hearing Review & Public Hearing This phase is fir all proposite that recain a public hearing PIPs, CI2Pe, Re-anings and Areacations, and Major Areandments	Final Plan Review This phone is for all emposeds that require a petitic hearing PDPs, COPs, Resonings and Annexations, and Major Anneximents. This formal molecular process starts here for BDRs and MAs; Saepi S-4 do not apply.	Final Documents Certified & Recorded This depasture your rights and oblightom to develop the propedproperty is accordance with the scoreved pirm	Full Building Permit Review Steps 1 - 5 must be compared prior to full beiding permit submittal and review.	Building Inspections & Completion Impedies length any losses with construction as it mans completion. Other impediants ordinus after completion and COL
Step 1. Research site constraints, requirements Manual Stream Step Step 2000 Step 200	Project affecting Notice resources are presented to the Lordmate Theoretical prior to Date 3 to nonice publications focomication (PC) prior to Date 3 to nonice publications focomication (PC) focomication (PC) fo	Make Revisions         Deministion (JPC) in the review heating between reviews in the review heating between reviews in the review heating between the overlapment (State 1).           Make Revisions         Deministion (JPC) in the review heating between reviews interview interv	Stopp 9, Signing and Recording     Signing by the Owner(Developer:     Agreement to your stoff Engines.     Submittal interacted and signed Development     Agreement to your stoff Engines.     Submittal requirements and signing     Instructions     Water submittal requirements and signing     Instructions     Pred Document is stoff and the field     tore set of the site memory.     One set of the site memory.     Define the site memory.     Define the set of the second the field set memory.     Define the set of the second the field set memory.     Define the set of the second the field set memory.     Define the set of the second the field set memory.     Define the set of the second the field set memory.     Define the set set set of the second the field set of the second the field set of the second the	Step 11. Establish Land Records     The step prepares you project for Mi Suiding permit     work by providing all necessary information should     your pirms to accept all Myans and lind     decomments for signatures and ling     . The City must accept all Myans and lind     decomments for signatures and ling     . The City must accept all Myans and lind     decomments for signatures and ling     . The City must accept all Myans and lind     decomments     must be nelewed and accepted:         Git steps pair and essenter information ensured         into City doubters using AutoCAD strong of the tool         the City must accepted:         Myans and the courds cital into City dotatese:         Lata is invitered for accuracy and made         assailable to all tool City dotatese:         The Decomposer Review Contro rolling poor         when this into accepted all too City dotateses:         The Decomposer Review Contro rolling poor         when this into accepted and the project is         when the interp is complete and the builting         Step 12. Full Building Permit Review         Building Services Children Resources:         Building Services Children Resources:         Building Services Children Resources:         Building Services Children Resources:         Building Decrite Forces         Constants and Forces         Step 1.0. Light of Power to constinue the design         actions Children Resources:         Building Decrite Forces         Constants and Forces         Step 2.0. Light of Power to constinue the design         actions Children Resources         Constants and Forces         Step 2. Using Theorem         Step 2. Decides         Step 2. Decides         Step 2. Decides         Step 2. Decides         Step 3. Decides         Step 4. Decides         Step 4	Step 13. Schedule and Complete Building and Site Inspections Complete program of two al inspector "nut prioring marked at building inspection at the state phases is a nut building inspection Index to show frait product agree with the state instruction inspection of Index to be for a governed to be allong inspection Index to show frait product agree with the state instruction inspections Site and Landscape Inspections Site and Complete protect to the dense of the state of t
subcommotive conclude the kelled dep if it applies to your preject. Consider contact Helder's Preservation staff al 979-221-6206 for questions and soft adving Schedule Building Code Presubmittal Meeting: All projects (schedule and softward meeting: All projects (schedule adving) and somet finate in someties a con-adving code project	to Days? a day you more a policitismy approval. <u>Extra Endocation</u> In Daws at Access! Docume and how close 1, work?	respiner after to full building southrains Engineerate territorialing persit invive Engineerate territorialing te	Engineers. Not can begin the work once you'r permit lexaed and encision contal is inspected wille your build on parmit www.prozecs is completed (see Steps 11 and 12). Install Encision and Sectiment Controls An othil inspection is single other accepting encion and sectiment control inseases/secontly payments and before let of during activities begin.	Visu mast pay all required fees prior to issuence of full building permit. Datability permit. This is to imploy prior to issuence of a full subdring permit. FAR permits may be approved prior. Water meter Service line <u>instruction and speca</u> .	City does requires this year wear your development, property mail aliand. Fargurements and top
meeting with Building Services. For operations and to schedule that meeting Call 910–116-2141 or 970- 416-2640 for quarkers and to schedule meeting. • Step 3. Present your plan at a <b>Neighborhood Meeting</b> A neighborhood meeting may be regulated before pos	"Suff review of Steps S and 8 can be contrived prior to scheduling your hearing by providing on initial schemidal that includes all field plan intermetion. Contributing these steps is not recommanded for most projects.	and of the	Non-Information and means an important Begin Site Work and Complete Public Improvement Inspections Engineering Conductor Inspection with the owningenesis and construction community is insue completene with City access standards, and specifications, important weakness, and specifications, important weakness, and construction completeness, such direct revelopment, and construction commit	Building Service laws <u>Terret Front Persits</u> Building Permit Issuance Creat the status of your Building Permit review	Development Review Flowchart

Stakeholder Name: Justin Moore/ Rob Bianchetto Department:

• Zoning

Description/Use Case	Land Use Review Commission variances	Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)
Key Success Indicators	Ensuring applicant is requesting the correct variances, checking application for completeness	<ul> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	Getting applicants to follow instructions	Rank the Technology Maturity for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)         • Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology
Future State Requirements	• One program to do it all (create/upload packet in same program)	<ul> <li>stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate - Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak - manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name: Justin Moore/ Rob Bianchetto Department:

Zoning

LEGEND

Process Sten	Development Applications		Management				Determination	Accept Payments		Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	Variance applications received via email or in- person They are usually submitted after an initial conversation about one being required. Generally do not receive variances wit hout expecting them	Confirm receipt of electronic submissions via email		confirm with applicant date of hearing Schedule on- site visit for	Review application for completeness Is variance required? Are the correct variances being requested? Are additional variances required based on scope of request? Can the request even be made via a variance?		Enter application information into Accela Create folder in cloud drive to house all documents that are submitted Assign fees	provided in email, for online payment Can pay over the phone with a credit card	combines all documents into a presentation. Sends out postcards with hearing information to neighboring properties. Uploads documents for public	<ul> <li>Intake applications</li> <li>Explains variance process</li> <li>Determines if variance would be required, if the request can be considered as part of a variance</li> <li>Offer information</li> <li>Update on Status</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Policies and Procedures</li> <li>Record Keeping and document management</li> <li>Letter and correspondence templates</li> <li>Status Tracking</li> <li>Assign/Route/</li> <li>Schedule (Internal/External)</li> <li>Perform Service</li> <li>Complete Service Request</li> <li>Service Request Tracking</li> <li>Maintain Fee Schedule</li> <li>Walk in Requests</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Application reviewed and processed</li> <li>Applicant attends hearing at assigned date/time</li> <li>City presents, applicant discusses proposal with the commission</li> <li>Commission makes decision</li> <li>Zoning Inspector needs to follow up in case a building permit or minor amendment was on hold pending approval of a variance</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name:

Historic Preservation Services (Jim Bertolini) •

**Department:** 

**Community Development & Neighborhood Services** ٠

LEGEND

Strong Capability Moderate Capability Weak Capability

Description/Use Case	Historic Preservation is an input in the Development Review process. Our role is to ensure compliance with LUC 3.4.7 protecting cultural resources on development sites. Typically, this includes a Resubmittal requirement for historic survey (an evaluation of whether a property is an historic resource; usually handled at the Conceptual/Preliminary Development Review stage of a process (or earlier informal inquiry), and then the HP staffer reviewing the project against the historic preservation standards (if they apply) like a normal reviewer in Accela. Depending on the scale/scope of the project, the review may be referred to the Historic Preservation Commission (HPC - an all-volunteer quasi-judicial commission with certain land use duties). While there are some cases where HP staff/the HPC are decision-makers, in most cases of development review, HP staff/the HPC provide a recommendation to the decision-maker during the development review process.	<ul> <li>Rank the Process Maturity for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>
Key Success Indicators	<ul> <li>Completion of historic survey prior to a PDP or similar submittal (i.e., avoiding an "Incomplete" when a development project submission comes in)</li> <li>Preservation of Eligible resources on the development site/compatibility of new construction as required.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current</li> <li>processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	<ul> <li>2 key points in our process are not counted in Accela and are processed manually: Historic survey (which includes an application and a fee payment; the fee is paid through Accela but it's a "miscellaneous" charge that requires coordination with the BDRT); and HPC documentation</li> <li>Related to above – ancillary documents such as an historic survey form, or minutes from the HPC meeting, are not included in the Accela/development review record, unless they're manually added to a decision-maker packet for an admin hearing or P&amp;Z hearing.</li> <li>Connection between development review/development agreements is only manually connected to reviewing associated building permits.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper- based</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Get currently external project components (historic survey, HPC review) connected to development review process</li> <li>More seamless link between development entitlement process and confirming construction documents during building permit review</li> </ul>	

Stakeholder Name:

• Historic Preservation Services (Jim Bertolini)

Department:

Community Development & Neighborhood Services

LEGEND

Process Step	Identification of Historic Survey Need	Accept Payments	Historic Survey Completed	Project Review	HPC Review	Make Recommendat ion	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?	<ul><li>Development Review</li><li>Application,</li><li>Planning process</li></ul>
Details	Determine if historic survey is needed	Processed in Accela but not tracked (i.e., no formal category for fee payment; just marked as a MISC payment)	Completed with 3rd party contractor.	survey result, if further project review is needed, Preservation staff begin working as an input to development	For select projects, HP staff refer to HPC for decision. This may include a conceptual review with the HPC prior to securing a recommendation, and a formal recommendation from the HPC. HPC meets once a month so entire HPC review can take 3 months or more.	Typically just tracked by HP staff entering requirements/r ecommendatio ns in Accela during PDP/FDP process.	matter expertise at development review meetings	are not included in Accela or	Largely, the Historic Preservation process itself is not separate from the larger development review process. Our section provides a recommendation to the decision-maker so it's a matter of getting the right info inputted at the right moment to be effective. The key drawbacks at present are 2 critical pathways that exist entirely outside of our development review tracking system.	<ul> <li>Review</li> <li>Infrastructure review process,</li> <li>Construction phase, acceptance,</li> <li>Building permit</li> <li>-&gt; building/ zoning etc.</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name: Marc Virata

**Department: Engineering** 

LEGEND

Strong Capability
 Moderate Capability
 Weak Capability

		Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate			
Description/Use Case	Makes comments in occasion on development applications with respect to whether there is eligibility for reimbursement to developers on infrastructure being installed from the Transportation Capital Expansion Fee (TCEF) Program.	<ul> <li>choice)</li> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>			
Key Success Indicators	<ul> <li>Sufficient level of information on the plans to make the determination on eligibility for reimbursement.</li> <li>Coordination with Development Review Engineering on verification that the infrastructure is designed to meet standards and is considered "ultimate" and not "interim" improvements, which would not be eligible for reimbursement.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate</li> </ul>			
Current Pain Points	• Ability to better link and find the Planning and Development case history through to the Permitting. They're treated as separate modules and linkages between the two are sometimes difficult to make connections.	<ul> <li>choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> </ul>			
Future State Requirements	Having one system be able to handle process from beginning to end	Weak – manual execution and often paper-based			

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Process		Management	Conduct	application	Lot/Land	Determination	Close Application	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	Includes providing comments on PDP level review, final plan review					Review drawings for determination of eligibility	Close review			<ul> <li>Review of public infrastructure plans (utility plans)</li> <li>Review of Traffic Study</li> </ul>

being met

Stakeholder Name:

Tyler Siegmund

Department

Light and Power Engineering

Desc	cription/Use (	Case	Coordinate with applicants to layout an electrical design for the proposed development Ensure electric service standards are being met									<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>					
-	Success cators		• Design	electric infrast	tructure for all p	projects so app	licant can add t	o the developme	nt plans		•	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>					
Curr	ent Pain Poin	ts	Bluebea cumber behind t	im collaboratio some, Access t the times in tec	n not fully avail to records and chnology, coord	lable, Process c ability to approv lination difficult	contacts not sea ve documents c t, shared folders	beam), , commur irchable or visible umbersome (Las , lots of extra wo egration, searchi	e, information serfiche is a m rk and effort t	access limited onster of its ow	and (n), and	pice) Strong – The process exec stack with no manual proc Moderate – Some technolo	ogy support with little automation				
Futu	ıre State Requ	uirements	approva process docume	<ul> <li>status and move a process along, Task assignment difficult, GIS integration, searching difficult,</li> <li>Having one system be able to handle process from beginning to end, Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, task assignment, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing, integration with GIS, online submittals for internal staff (?(access for applicants) (intake process, upload documents, view status)), handle rounds of review, be able to identify bad players, automated reminders, customer centered design, compliance</li> </ul>													
			centere	a aesign, comp	liance												
Process Step	Development Applications	Communicati ons and Inquiry Management	Lot/Land Management	Schedule / Conduct	Manage application details	New Lot/Land Creation	Subdivision Plan Management	Make Determination	Accept Payments	Close Application	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?				
Details Process Step		ons and Inquiry Management	Lot/Land Management	Schedule / Conduct	Manage application	Lot/Land	Plan	Determination	Payments			Supporting Services	process. How is it similar/where does it				

Stakeholder Name:

Noah Beals, Development Review Manager

Department:

CNDS (Planning and Zoning)

LEGEND

Description/Use Case	All activities linked to land and building development and management. Development review, planning, long range planning.	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>
Key Success Indicators	<ul> <li>Status and understanding of where a process is at (with the City or with the applicant), how to size the projects – match scale of the project to requirements,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	• Some use of Accela but not all of the process is handled there (Bluebeam), development review not able to accept payments online automatically currently, communications very manual/email etc., Bluebeam collaboration not fully available, Process contacts not searchable or visible, information access limited and cumbersome, Access to records and ability to approve documents cumbersome (Laserfiche is a monster of its own), behind the times in technology, generating comment letters manual (validate this), coordination difficult, shared folders, lots of extra work and effort trying to understand status and move a process along, Task assignment difficult, GIS integration, searching difficult,	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Having one system be able to handle process from beginning to end, Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, task assignment, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing, integration with GIS, online submittals for internal staff (?(access for applicants) (intake process, upload documents, view status)), handle rounds of review, be able to identify bad players, automated reminders, customer centered design, compliance</li> </ul>	

Stakeholder Name:

• Noah Beals, Development Review Manager

Department:

• CNDS (Planning and Zoning)

LEGEND

- Strong Capability
  Moderate Capability
- Weak Capability

			Neighborhood Meeting			Public Hearing and/or decision			Final Approval /Recording	DCP Meeting and issusance	Application sub	Deparment Review of	Issuanc	Inspecti ons	Certifica te of Occupan cy
1	Details	identifies the review process	Meeting for TYPE 2 Reviews, Annexation, SPAR	Applicant submits formal application. A Completeness Check. Starts the first round of review	3 rounds, but may end up be more rounds		TYPE 1 and TYPE 2 require a FDP submittal	Hopefully 2 or 3 rounds, but may end up be more rounds	Route Plans for signatures and then take it County Recorders office for recording.	Meeting to discuss who is completing Public infrastructure, Possible phasing of infrastructure, and eventual issuance of Development Construction Permit	Building Permit Application Submitted	Zoning and Historic Preservation have required	plans. Building	As applicant completes work they can schedule inspections	All inspections are conducted and have passed. All fees have been paid. A certificate
		All Departments and Outside Agencies				Planning, Engineering, Traffic and others as needed		All Departments and Outside Agencies		Engineering, Water Utilities, Forestry		All Departments and Outside Agencies		All Department s and Outside	

Stakeholder Name:

Noah Beals, Development Review Manager

Department:

• CNDS (Planning and Zoning)

LEGEND

Strong Capability

Moderate Capability

Weak Capability

	-	Neighborhood Meeting			Public Hearing and/or decision			Rounds of Revie <del>w</del>	Final Approval /Recording		Application sub	Review of	Issuanc	Inspecti ons	Certifica te of Occupan cy
D	Applicants submits a free submittal of proposed. Staff identifies the review process (TYPE 1, TYPE 2, BDR) and meets with the applicant	Reviews,	Applicant submits formal application. A Completeness Check. Starts the first round of review	3 rounds, but may end up be more		Waiting	TYPE 1 and TYPE 2 require a FDP submittal	3 rounds, but	Route Plans for signatures and then take it County Recorders office for recording.	Meeting to discuss who is completing Public infrastructure, Possible phasing of infrastructure, and eventual issuance of Development Construction Permit	Building Permit Application		plans. Building permit	As	All inspections are conducted and have passed. All fees have been paid
	All Departments and Outside Agencies				Planning, Engineering, Traffic and others as needed			All Departments and Outside Agencies		Engineering, Water Utilities, Forestry		All Departments and Outside Agencies		All Department s and Outside	

# Process and technology maturity

#### **Planning and Development**

#### Process Maturity for current processes - Moderate

• Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.

Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone

• Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent

#### Rank the *Technology Maturity* for current processes. - Moderate

• Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes

Moderate – Some technology support with little automation

• Weak – manual execution and often paper-based

Stakeholder Name:

- Jason Komes
- Department:
- Environmental Services

		Rank the Process Maturity for current processes. (highlight appropriate
Description/Use Case	All activities linked to the receiving and actioning code enforcement / Outdoor burning/air pollution	<ul> <li>choice)</li> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides</li> </ul>
Key Success Indicators	• Initial Response, Number of violations, communication with the fire authority, ratio of calls between complaints and fire response, measuring if community is getting the information on who to call	<ul> <li>with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	• Manual Processes, lack of access and lack of skill to navigate existing systems to find property information, multiple channels (emails, phone, access fort colins), communications not centralized, alignment with the rest of the city departments on similar.	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name:

- Jason Komes
- Department:
- Environmental Services

LEGEND

Process	Intake Complaint or Violation notice	Communicate with Complainant or Violator	Manage Complaints Violations	Conduct Inspections	Make Determination of Violation	Written Response	Issue Fine or Ticket	Adjudication /Court Proceedings	Accept Payments	Close Violation	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	enter information Phone or	e with complainant or violator	Add information, keep notes, refer to historical information	Schedule and conduct inspections (email/chat, non- automated) Elements of evidence gathering (violation assessment guide and information gathering is a gap)	violation against implementat ion and enforcement plan. First time complaint will be an educational letter. Review of evidence, relevance, enforceabilit y. –if yes a notice of violation is issued	Educational Letter Stern warning letter (Home owner primary violator contact) Using Word doc templates Names, Addresses information are all gathered manually. (Complainant provides address)	Issue a determinatio n including penalty and action item Certified letter/citation sent to owner/residen t	process	Accept and process payment. Reconcile with issue.	Mark violation as closed Use ArcView to indicate status of a complaint Note: Response times and resolution time guidelines are set. (initial response)	<ul> <li>Intake complaints</li> <li>Correspond to complainan t or violator</li> <li>Offer information</li> <li>Update on Status</li> </ul>		• • Systems: • ArcView Online, series of files in OneDrive, Word (Templates for letters), Access Fort Collins, Nuisance Hotline

Stakeholder Name:

• Justin Moore/ Rob Bianchetto

Department:

Zoning

Description/Use Case	All activities linked to the receiving and actioning code enforcement / Land Use Code Violations	Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice) <ul> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>
Key Success Indicators	Example: Complaint to close time	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	<ul> <li>Manual complaint tracking</li> <li>Re-inspection/follow-up workflow</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	Track violations, send violation letters, make notes all in one system	<ul> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>

Process	Step	Intake Complaint or Violation notice	Communicate with Complainant or Violator	Manage Complaints Violations	Conduct Inspections	Make Determination of Violation	Issue Fine or Ticket	Adjudication /Court Proceedings	Accept Payments	Close Violation	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	P M A U W	imail Phone Valk-in Access FC JSPS Mail Vord of nouth from ther lepartment		Microsoft	Inspections done in- person by Zoning Inspector	violation against Land Use Code	No Zoning citations. Can issue court summons with a violation fee	Work with City Attorney prior to issuing court summons		violation has been resolved	information	Access tracks older violations Excel tracks newer violations Photos stored on cloud server- accessible to all Zoning inspectors	

Stakeholder Name:

Damien Wilson

Department:

• .Building Services

Description/Use Case	Building code and municipal code violations	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>
Key Success Indicators	<ul> <li>Issuing building permits for unpermitted work or removing unpermitted work</li> <li>Correcting municipal code violation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	Using manual spreadsheets for all violations tracking	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name:

Damien Wilson

Department:

.Building Services

LEGEND

Process Step	Intake Complaint or Violation notice	Communicate with Complainant or Violator	Manage Complaints Violations	Conduct Inspections	Make Determination of Violation	Issue Fine or Ticket	Adjudication /Court Proceedings	Accept Payments	Close Violation	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	complaints via phone call, email, comcate/acc ess fort Collins, SARS,	violator, each letter	through excel spreadsheet which must be checked	from public right of way is performed to	inspection from right of way determines the violation is legitimate we move forward with violation letters. If the inspection	If no building permit or corrective action is taken after two violation letters (each letter provides 30 days for compliance) a citation will be served	Once citation is served the city prosecutor takes over from there and we wait to hear the results of the court proceedings	We do not accept any payments, all fines are paid to the court	Mark violation as closed in the spreadsheet and send communicati on to violator	<ul> <li>Intake complaints</li> <li>Correspond to complainant and/or violator</li> <li>Offer information</li> <li>Update on Status</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Policies and Procedures</li> <li>Record Keeping and document management</li> <li>Letter and correspondence templates</li> <li>Status Tracking</li> <li>Assign/Route/</li> <li>Schedule (Internal/External)</li> <li>Perform Inspection Service</li> <li>Walk in Requests</li> </ul>	

Stakeholder Name:

• Kory T. Katsimpalis

Department:

Neighborhood Services/Code Compliance

		Rank the Process Maturity for current processes. (highlight appropriate
Description/Use Case	All activities linked to the receiving and actioning code enforcement / Abatement Invoicing, Inc. Collections/Liens	<ul> <li>choice)</li> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>
Key Success Indicators	<ul> <li>Invoices paid by property owner one-time and/or successfully matriculated to collections process</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	<ul> <li>Manual Processes</li> <li>Reliant on manual entry of notes and case inf</li> <li>Process can be stalled by bad owner information and/or bad mailing address</li> <li>Multiple hard copies created and stored in various locations, creates risk of error, misplacement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name:

• Kory T. Katsimpalis

Department:

Neighborhood Services/Code Compliance

LEGEND

Process Step	Intake Complaint or Violation notice	Communicate with Complainant or Violator	e Manage Complaints Violations	Conduct Inspections	Make Determination of Violation		Adjudication /Court Proceedings	Accept Payments	Close Violation	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	photographs and contractor	communicate directly with complainant or violator.	uploaded to Laserfiche; case workflow is processed to produce invoice and any relevant case notes, parcel notations, or status	begins post- inspection, once an	happened prior to my invoicing processing.	have been processed internally and cases updated, paper invoices are sent to the property owner of record and additional contracts	If payments are not paid within the 45 days set forth in Code, cases are turned over to a private collections agency. Each year, unpaid invoices over \$150 may be turned over the complainant County for Liens.	Services Customer Service staff accept payments via	payment has been made on a case in invoiced status, the	NS Cust Svc staff answer questions primarily via phone, and must effectively communicat e code requirement s. Some case require extra investigation and residents may request a formal Admin Review within 10 days.	<ul> <li>Policies and Procedures</li> <li>Record Keeping and document management</li> <li>Letter and correspondence templates</li> <li>Status Tracking</li> <li>Assign/Route/</li> <li>Schedule (Internal/External)</li> <li>Perform Service</li> <li>Complete Service Request</li> <li>Service Request Tracking</li> <li>Maintain Fee Schedule</li> <li>Walk in Requests</li> </ul>	

Stakeholder Name:

- Damien Wilson
- Department:
- .Building Services

Description Key Succes Indicators Current Pai	ss in Points		<ul> <li>Notificatio</li> <li>Notificatio</li> <li>Dangerous</li> <li>Rental inspour platfor</li> </ul>	n/posting of dar n of rental inspe building cases pections are also m.	erous buildings a ngerous building ction to correcti are tracked manua o tracked manua	to corrective me ve measures by ually via excel s Ily via excel spre	<ul> <li>choice)</li> <li>Strong Process- Forma</li> <li>Moderate Process - Prwith individuals. Ineffice</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad how</li> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Matuchoice</i>)</li> <li>Strong – The process e stack with no manual p</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology</li> </ul>	c, not formalized, inconsistent urity for current processes.(highlight appropriate executed entirely within the technology			
	olaint and no nunicatio da rental bu	otification for	tracking, Manage Dangerous Buildings	Conduct Rental Inspections	Make Determination of rental inspection	Citations for dangerous buildings and rental properties	Follow up inspections for dangerous buildings and rental properties	Violation close out	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Tenant reach o telepho email t reques rental inspect A brief conver with th tenant regardi issues,	ts will No out via ph one or or to err st a seu ction for cit f air rsation ne : is had ling the s, tenant ut rental	none, email text from mergency ervices, PD rug task rce or tizen compl nt	posted	minimum	a 30 day notice to the property management /owner regarding corrections needed to meet rental minimums. If corrections	If corrective measures for dangerous buildings have not been done by the deadline set	Once corrections have been made to dangerous buildings and rental properties an inspection would be necessary to confirm compliance. This can be scheduled under the building permit (if one was required) or by reaching out directly to the	Once all corrections for dangerous buildings and rental properties have been confirmed via an inspection, permits will be closed out (if required) and a final letter is sent to the property owner confirming the closure of the violation case.	<ul> <li>Intake complaints or communicat ion from other city services</li> <li>Correspond to complainant and violator</li> <li>Offer information to both complainant and violator</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Policies and Procedures</li> <li>Record Keeping and document management</li> <li>Letter and correspondence templates</li> <li>Status Tracking</li> <li>Assign/Route/</li> <li>Schedule (Internal/External)</li> <li>Perform Service</li> <li>Complete Service Request</li> <li>Service Request Tracking</li> <li>Walk in Requests</li> </ul>	

Stakeholder Name:

- .Damien Wilson
- Department:
- .Building Services

LEGEND

Process Step	Intake Complaint and communicatio n for rental inspections	Intake notification for dangerous buildings	Manage Dangerous Buildings	Conduct Rental Inspecti ons	Make Determination of rental inspection	Citations for dangerous buildings and rental properties	Follow up inspections for dangerous buildings and rental properties	Violation close out	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	reach out via telephone or email to request a rental inspection	phone, email or text from emergency services, PD drug task force or citizen compl aint	building has been inspected and posted communicati on to the	tenant and landlord to conduct rental inspection for minimum rental compliance	results and proceed with a 30 day notice to the property management /owner regarding corrections needed to meet rental minimums. If corrections are not made after the initial 30 day notice a final 30 day notice will be sent. Building permits may	If corrective measures for dangerous buildings have not been done by the deadline set in the notice a citation will be issued to the property owner. If rental property corrections have not been made within the allotted time a citation will be served to the property owner.	Once corrections have been made to dangerous buildings and rental properties an inspection would be necessary to confirm compliance. This can be scheduled under the building permit (if one was required) or by reaching out directly to the inspector that performed the initial inspection (this is if corrections did not require a permit)	Once all corrections for dangerous buildings and rental properties have been confirmed via an inspection, permits will be closed out (if required) and a final letter is sent to the property owner confirming the closure of the violation case.	<ul> <li>Intake complaints or communicat ion from other city services</li> <li>Correspond to complainant and violator</li> <li>Offer information to both complainant and violator</li> <li>Update on Status</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Policies and Procedures</li> <li>Record Keeping and document management</li> <li>Letter and correspondence templates</li> <li>Status Tracking</li> <li>Assign/Route/</li> <li>Schedule (Internal/External)</li> <li>Perform Service</li> <li>Complete Service Request</li> <li>Service Request Tracking</li> <li>Walk in Requests</li> </ul>	

# Process and technology maturity

#### Code Enforcement

#### Process Maturity for current processes - Weak

• Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.

• Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone

• Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent

#### Rank the Technology Maturity for current processes. - Moderate

• Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes

Moderate – Some technology support with little automation

• Weak – manual execution and often paper-based

Stakeholder Name: Marc

Department: Engineering

LEGEND

Description/Use Case	Building permit review for calculation/collection of capital expansion fee for Engineering.	Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice) <ul> <li>Strong Process-</li> <li>Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>		
Key Success Indicators	<ul> <li>Currently manually review and sometimes override fee calculation for the Transportation Capital Expansion Fee, would be ideal if the permit intake can take into account the information I need to auto calculate the fee for more passive review.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes. (highlight appropriate</li> </ul>		
Current Pain Points	<ul> <li>Manual Processes, TCEF's calculation methodology is different than the other CEF's which are auto calc'd and collected</li> <li>Sometimes overriding the standard fee calculation too early under building permit review results in two fees being leveraged when the permit has to be "kicked back" and fees are auto-calc'd all over again. The system doesn't know that an override was created and adds the auto-calc'd fee back in along with override fee.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Different point in which fee is leveraged compared to other CEF's (tenant finish vs. Core and shell)</li> </ul>	Questions or comments: Would love to see more cradle to grave coordination between the "Land Management" and "Permits and Licensing" which are		
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Would like for the system to take into account the different methodology TCEF uses (finished basement square footage, finished square footage of each dwelling in a multi-family development)</li> <li>Would like to easily see historic instances of TCEF being paid with previous changes on the property</li> </ul>	currently in different modules in Accela and don't appear to be as closely integrated as they could be. An ability to find all case history in both "spheres" that are geospatially databased would be ideal.		

Stakeholder Name: Marc

**Department: Engineering** 

LEGEND

Process	Intake Application for a Permit or License		Determinatio n of Permit		Enter Information in Accella	Calculation of Fees and Payments	Close Application	Maintain fee Schedules	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	permit is "turned on" for my revie w	Communica te with applicant so metimes to get specific info like square foota ges of individual dwellings	Currently use an Excel spr eadsheet to calc the fee and also track collecti on over time	ī	Either confirm the pre- calculated fee, or override with my calculate d informatio n		Mark as complete				<ul> <li>Review square footage information in the application</li> <li>Contact BDRT's with any potential discrepancies in permit intake</li> <li>Contact applicant with any additional information needed to complete review</li> <li>Override auto calc in certain instances</li> <li>Mark complete</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name:

- Jason Komes
- Department:
- Environmental Services

	iption/Use Cas uccess ators	Se	application pro		ent Plan (CWMI compliance	P) review/mana(	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate processes.)</li> </ul>												
	nt Pain Points e State Require	ements	touchpoints <b>training</b> , role	, Documentation e clarity	n management,	work flow contir	nuity, internal co	pectations, Lack intacts/resource anagement, corr	availability, <b>for</b>	malized	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropria choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technolog stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> </ul>					
Process Step		Communicate with Applicant		Deny or Approve CWMP	Data/Docume nt managemen t		Accept Payments	Close Application	Maintain fee Schedules	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?							
Details	workflow and emails to dedicated email address (environmenta lcompliance@	ment of receipt of CWMP		Hold or approve within Accela	Manual management	Would follow a compliance process as necessary	N/A	N/A	N/A	<ul> <li>Correspond to applicants</li> <li>Offer information</li> <li>Update on Status</li> <li>Internal comms, with internal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Policies and Procedures</li> <li>Record Keeping and document management</li> <li>Letter and correspondence templates</li> <li>Status Tracking</li> <li>Assign/Route/</li> <li>Schedule (Internal/External)</li> <li>Perform Service</li> <li>Complete Service Request</li> <li>Service Request Tracking</li> </ul>	•This is an interdependent part of the building permit application process. Stakeholders include internal departments and the applicant and associated contractors. Some permits and/or Certificates of Occupancy cannot be issued until our process is completed.							

Stakeholder Name:

- Linda Hardin
- Department:
- Environmental Services

#### LEGEND

Description/Use Case	Registration and annual renewal of registrations of all solid waste haulers	Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice) <ul> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>
Key Success Indicators	• New registrations completed in a timely matter once we learn of a new hauler in FC. Renewals completed by November 30 of year prior to renewal year.	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	• Tracked on Excel spreadsheet collaborating with Sales Tax. Sales Tax collects fees through their payment portal and issues truck stickers.	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	• N/A	<ul> <li>Moderate - Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak - manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name:

- Linda Hardin
- Department:
- Environmental Services

#### LEGEND

Process	Intake Application for a Permit or License	Communicat e with Applicant	Manage application	Make Determinatio n of Permit or License	Deny or Approve Permit or License	Enter Information in Accella	Issue permit or Licenses	Accept Payments	Close Application	Maintain fee Schedules	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	of new hauler operating in FC. Report may come from citizen	Communicat e with Applicant Bonds checked Communicat ions through phone or email	information and send for approval		Deny or issue permit o license	Enter information in Accella	License is a copy of the approved application. Requested manually from the applicant and Connie sends it to them.	Pay online through portal	Mark enabled in Accella (status enabled or disabled)	Maintain list of fees, update on a regular basis	complaints • Correspond to complainan t or violator • Offer information	<ul> <li>Policies and Procedures</li> <li>Record Keeping and document management</li> <li>Letter and correspondence templates</li> <li>Status Tracking</li> <li>Assign/Route/</li> <li>Schedule (Internal/External)</li> <li>Perform Service</li> <li>Complete Service Request</li> <li>Service Request Tracking</li> <li>Walk in Requests</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Time Requirements: Applications 2 week turn around target.</li> <li>(small cell completely different process)</li> <li>Right of way contractor license – right of way bond expiration date/right of way license date – used to guide validity. If a new bond is received the license continues.</li> <li>***Reminders sent out manually from a report (Via email)</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name:

- Brandy Bethurem Harras
- Department:
- Development Review

Strong Capability Moderate Capability Weak Capability

Description/Use Case	All activities linked to creating, managing and issuing permits and licenses / Use case Development Construction Permit	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>
Key Success Indicators		<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	<ul><li>Example: Manual Processes</li><li>Manual Process</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stock with no manual processes.</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>

Questions or comments: Need other departments to provide additional review/ feedback

Info-Tech Research Group	I	59
Info-Tech Research Group		59

Step	Intake Application for a Permit or License	Communicat e with Applicant	Manage application	Deny or Approve Permit or License	Enter Information in Accella	Issue permit or Licenses	Calculation of Fees and Payments	Accept Payments	Close Application
Details	Receive and enter information Email , no online application currently	Communicat e with Applicant email			Enter information in Accella	manually			NA in Accela. No current workflow.

Stakeholder Name: Rob Bianchetto, Justin Moore

**Department: Zoning** 

LEGEND

Description/Use Case	All activities linked to creating, managing and issuing permits and licenses / Sign permit	Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice) <ul> <li>Strong Process-</li> <li>Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>
Key Success Indicators	Timely service	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	• Example: Scheduling inspections, collecting fees (being alerted that fees have been paid), contractor cannot upload docs	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	One-stop shop (application, review, payment, inspection all in one)	<ul> <li>stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name: Rob Bianchetto, Justin Moore

**Department: Zoning** 

LEGEND

Strong Capability
Moderate Capability

Weak Capability

Process Step		Communicat e with Applicant	Manage application	Make Determination of Permit or License	Deny or Approve Permit or License	Enter Information in Accella		Payments	Accept Payments	Close Application	Maintain fee Schedules	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	emailed	confirmation of application, update on anticipated turn-around time	applicant submits and combine them into one PDF. Sometimes applicant sends multiple files	meets standards Review location as well (total sign area currently in place for address, number of detached signs). Usually need to rely on	meets LUC standards If it does not meet standards, we place permit on hold in Accela. Then contact applicant and explain what is not in compliance Also use sign permit to	If application meets LUC standards, we update description of work with scope of work (type out description of each sign being applied for) Rename and upload final approved copy of plans	issued once review is complete and fees are paid	calculated automatically by Accela based on a flat rate of \$65, plus percentage of valuation of project provided by applicant on the application Applicant rarely tells us they are tax exempt; we typically research if certain applicants (churches, schools, etc.) are registered as tax	through portal Call and pay over the phone with a credit card Pay in person with cash, check, or credit card Mail in check	Once payment is received, sign permit is issued. Accela does not alert us when payment is made, so if applicant makes payment through online portal, they need to reach out to us and let us know Once sign is installed, applicant needs to contact us to let us know so that we can schedule final inspection. Applicant cannot request inspection through online portal, so must call or email Zoning directly	\$65 flat fee Charge City and County sales tax based on project valuation	application s	Applicant needs to be licensed through Contractor Licensing. Accela does not make it clear if license is current. If not, we need to direct them to Contractor Licensing	•Aim for a 5- business day review period

Stakeholder Name:

- Joni / Jamie
- Department:
- Utilities Fees and Rates

Desc	ription/Use (	Case	complet		creating, mana ed off through agreements		choi • •	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides</li> </ul>						
-	Success ators		• Time	ly service, effic	cient service de	elivery,						•	with individuals. Inefficient a Weak Process - Ad hoc, not <b>hk the <i>Technology Maturity</i> fo</b>	
Current Pain Points					nable to uploa ser fiche), not		• (	<ul> <li>choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> </ul>						
Future State Requirements			scheo		t processing, c				t management, c stomer self-servi				Veak – manual execution an	
Process	Intake Application for a Permit or License	Communicat e with Applicant	Manage	Make Determinatio n of Permit or License	Deny or	Enter Information in Accella	Issue permit or Licenses	Calculati on of Fees and Payment s	Payments	Close Application	Maintain fee Schedules	Custom er Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	Building Permit is changed to "Routed for Review" status	informing them of items to be submitted to	WUE and	gned off by WUE and Erosion. Fees assessed after	permit. Many depts must sign		Completed by BDRTs		Pay online through portal. W/WW Fees entered into W/WW Permit program which uploads to Accela	Completed by BDRTs	Maintain list of fees, update on a regular basis	complain s • Correspond nd to complain ant or violator • Offer information on • Update	correspondence templates • Status Tracking • Assign/Route/ • Schedule	<ul> <li>Time Requirements: Applications 2 week turn around target.</li> <li>(small cell completely different process)</li> <li>Right of way contractor license – right of way bond expiration date/right of way license date – used to guide validity. If a new bond is received the license continues.</li> <li>**Reminders sent out manually from a report (Via email)</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name:

- Rob, Justin
- Department:
- Zoning

Кеу	cription/Use Success cators	Case		activities linked to crea	ating, managi	ng and issuir	<ul> <li>choice)</li> <li>Strong Process</li> <li>Moderate Process</li> <li>with individuals</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rank the Process Maturity for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>							
Current Pain Points Future State Requirements				<ul> <li>No customer portal, applicant cannot pay online</li> <li>Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing</li> </ul>									<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight approprotoce)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>		
Process	Intake Application for a Permit or License	Communicat e with Applicant	Manage applicatio	Make Determination of Permit or License	Deny or Approve Permit or License	Enter Informatio n in Accella		Calculatio n of Fees and Payments	Payments	Close Application	Maintain fee ( Schedules	ustomer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?	
Details	Application emailed Received via USPS Walk-in applicants	application is processed-	Check address to ensure it i within City Limits before entering informatic into Accel	s to ensure it is compliant with City standards If retail, ensure n there are no retail		Enter informatio n in Accella		Flat rate of \$25.	Pay over the phone with credit card Pay in person with cash, check or credit card Send check via USPS (often included with applicants who mail-in application)	approve.	\$25 •	Answer questions regarding license, including if a license is required Process application Open investigation to complains regarding illegal home occupations	• Process applications		

Stakeholder Name:

Shar Manno

Department:

•

Community Development and Neighborhood Services

LEGEND

Strong Capability
 Moderate Capability
 Weak Capability

Description/Use Case	All activities linked to creating, managing and issuing building department contractor licensing and registrations
Key Success Indicators	• Timely service, reduction in expiration of license/registrations, reduction in violations, increased knowledge of our code and process, high level of transparency (customer able to self-help), ease of collaboration with permit technicians and other city departments.
Current Pain Points	<ul> <li>Manual Process, paper process (even if received electronically, we print it to get through processing), no way for customer to access electronic certificates and other information, must scan and input into separate archive system.</li> <li>There is no way to clean up. We cannot easily delete incorrectly entered files; we have 15+ Excel spreadsheets to create our license/registration numbers.</li> <li>Daily entry of insurance – would like for customers of being in Ant the transformation for the transformation and the processing is a structure of the transformation of the transfor</li></ul>
Future State Requirements	• Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing, online application completion that goes directly into system, strong reporting ability, <u>violation tracking</u> from a licensing standpoint, that can also tie into inspector violations if contractor involved. Want system generated everything, like license/registration numbers.

ank the *Process Maturity* for current processes.(highlight appropriate noice)

- Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.
- Moderate Process Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone
- Weak Process Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent

Rank the *Technology Maturity* for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)

- Strong The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes
- Moderate Some technology support with little automation
- Weak manual execution and often paper-based

Stakeholder Name:

- Shar Manno
- Department:
- Community Development and Neighborhood Services

#### LEGEND

- Strong Capability
   Moderate Capability
- Weak Capability

Process	Application for a License/R egistration	Applicant	Manage application	Make Determinatio n of License/R egistration	nse/Registra		Issue Licenses/Re gistration	Calculation of Fees and Payments	Accept Payments	Close Application	Maintain fee Schedules	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	Receive application via email, USPS, in- person or drop box. If received via email, we print a paper copy. We drowned in paper.	email applicant a 'received email" If application incomplete – email applicant with needed	information into Excel tracking spreadsheet.		license/regis tration	We need more stop gaps, not all information required has a space, Would like one file as	email to applicant, include payment information	Fees are set in code.	through portal, in- person over the counter, via USPS by check, or drop box	disabled)	updated with formal code change. We are trying to get on 3-year	complainan t or violator • Offer information • Update on Status • Help with in-person customers with licensing questions,	correspondence templates • Status Tracking • Assign/Route/ • Schedule (Internal/External) • Perform Service • Complete Service Request • Service Request Tracking • Walk in Requests • Language services • Building Review Commission • Checking drop box	<ul> <li>Time Requirements: Applications 2 week turn around target.</li> <li>**Reminders sent out manually from a report (letter section) that is manually pulled from BI Launch Pad. Must set my own reminders.</li> <li>We do not have an actual CL module; it is all very manual for both the customer and staff. No workflow, no real tracking, too many different systems used to get to finalization.</li> <li>Manually enter insurance updated daily, would like for customers to be able to update with attachment (of new accord form)</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name:

Shar Manno

Department:

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Community Development and Neighborhood Services

LEGEND

		Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate
Description/Use Case	All activities linked to creating, managing and issuing building department contractor licensing and registrations	<ul> <li>choice)</li> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>
Key Success Indicators	• Timely service, reduction in expiration of license/registrations, reduction in violations, increased knowledge of our code and process, high level of transparency (customer able to self-help), ease of collaboration with permit technicians and other city departments.	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	<ul> <li>Manual Process, paper process (even if received electronically, we print it to get through processing), no way for customer to access electronic certificates and other information, must scan and input into separate archive system.</li> <li>There is no way to clean up. We cannot easily delete incorrectly entered files; we have 15+ Excel spreadsheets to create our license/registration numbers.</li> <li>Daily entry of insurance – would like for customers to be able to input into their portal with attachment backup, and we conduct a quick review to complete.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing, online application completion that goes directly into system, strong reporting ability, <u>violation tracking</u> from a licensing standpoint, that can also tie into inspector violations if contractor involved. Want system generated everything, like license/registration numbers.</li> </ul>	

Stakeholder Name:

Shar Manno

Department:

• Community Development and Neighborhood Services

LEGEND

Process Step	Intake Application for a License/R egistration	Applicant		Make Determinatio n of License/R egistration	nse/Registra		Issue Licenses/Re gistration	Calculation of Fees and Payments	Accept Payments	Close Application	Maintain fee Schedules	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	via email, USPS, in- person or drop box. If received via email, we print a paper copy. We	email	information	against criteria to determine if	license/regis tration	We need more stop gaps, not all information required has a space, Would like one file as	email to applicant, include payment information	Fees are set in code.	through portal, in- person over the counter, via USPS by check, or drop box	Accella (status enabled or disabled)	updated with formal code change. We are trying to get on 3-year	complainan t or violator • Offer information • Update on Status • Help with in-person customers with licensing questions,	correspondence templates • Status Tracking • Assign/Route/	<ul> <li>Time Requirements: Applications 2 week turn around target.</li> <li>**Reminders sent out manually from a report (letter section) that is manually pulled from BI Launch Pad. Must set my own reminders.</li> <li>We do not have an actual CL module; it is all very manual for both the customer and staff. No workflow, no real tracking, too many different systems used to get to finalization.</li> <li>Manually enter insurance updated daily, would like for customers to be able to update with attachment (of new accord form)</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name: Tammi Pusheck

Department: Marijuana and Liquor Licensing (City Clerk)

LEGEND

Description/Use Case	All activities linked to creating, managing and issuing permits and licenses / Use case Contractor Licensing	Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice) <ul> <li>Strong Process-</li> <li>Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>
Key Success Indicators	Timely service	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	Example: Manual Processes	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology steal with no manual processes.</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing, violations tracking, on-line portal for customers to check status of their license, GIS interaction,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name: Tammi Pusheck

Department: Marijuana and Liquor Licensing (City Clerk)

#### LEGEND

Strong Capability

Moderate Capability Weak Capability

Process	Intake Application for a Permit or License	Communicat e with Applicant		Make Determina tion of Permit or License	Deny or Approve Permit or License	Enter Information in Accella	Issue permit or Licenses	Calculation of Fees and Payments	Accept Payments	Close Applicatio n	Maintain fee Schedules	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	Receive and enter information Email or USPS (Both MJ and Liquor are dual licensing programs with the State) Contractor safety form, proof of insurance *specific requirements for the application being approved for. Liquor - Hard copies are kept of the application papers. Marijuana - stores electronically in shared drives	questions Communicat ions through phone or email and in person Several staff interact with applicants and gets complicated because there is no place to keep notes at this point	information and send for approval Verify all required information and coordinate with all involved	against criteria to determine if permit or license will be approved.	Once the local program approves all materials are sent on	database and MJ keeps information in several different Excel spreadsheet s	License is sent to State for their review via the State portal Once State has completed their review they notify us via the State portal and issue license. Once State approves we are able to issue local license.	depending on type of license and include both local and state fees. There are currently two separate locations to pay fees. One for local fees and one for State fees. Applic ants must include			Maintain list of fees, update on a regular basis	• Update on Status	<ul> <li>Policies and Procedures</li> <li>Record Keeping and document management</li> <li>Letter and correspondence templates</li> <li>Status Tracking</li> <li>Assign/Route/</li> <li>Schedule (Internal/External)</li> <li>Walk in Requests</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Time Requirements: Statutory requirements as well as local City Manager Administrative policy requirements</li> <li>**Reminders sent out manually from a report (Via email)</li> <li>Law Enforcement does compliance checks that are currently dealt with in an Access database</li> <li>GIS interaction to calculate locations of businesses</li> <li>Both MJ and liquor have local authorities that have reporting requirements and have monthly meetings that involve confidential information.</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name: Maren Bzdek/HP Team

Department: Historic Preservation Division (CDNS)

LEGEND

Description/Use Case	Design Review – Exterior Alterations to Fort Collins Landmarks and Other Historic Resources	Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes. (highlight appropriate choice)
Key Success Indicators	<ul> <li>Timely service that provides initial clarity on role and nature of historic review</li> <li>Accurate capture of relevant properties in all categories that require historic review</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	<ul> <li>Non-permitted activities that require code-based approval from our team are not included in current permit apps; those activities sometimes accompany other work that requires a permit, but don't always, so need solution for both scenarios; Clear demarcation of interior/exterior projects is lacking; No document upload ability for Certificates of Appropriateness/SHPO Reports; Permitted project approvals sometimes occur prior to permit application; Routing does not always reflect current code requirements and review responsibilities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong - The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Full integration. Payment processing for related required historic surveys; Storage of application materials in iterative versions; Correspondence tracking, approvals process that clarifies HP as final decision maker for landmark properties; automatic integration or email delivery of design review application; survey payment processing integrated; follow up inspection can be requested by applicant and comments/sign off integrated in system.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name: Maren Bzdek/HP Team

Department: Historic Preservation Division (CDNS)

LEGEND

Process Step	Intake Application for a Permit or License	Communicate with Applicant		Make Determinatio n of Permit or License	Deny or Approve Permit or License	ion in	Issue permit or Licens es	Calculation of Fees and Payments	Accept Payments	Close Applica tion	Maintain fee Schedules	Customer Service	Supporti ng Service s	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	years (county assessor data) BDRTs may use Teams Chat to alert staff to OTC applications HP staff may perform historic review on conceptual designs prior to submittal of building permit application; permit app	record what is needed from applicant and date we reached out Email communicati on from HP staff to explain process, anticipated turnaround, and, if	property address folders	day sign off if simple OTC or N/A; or continue to hold for weekly staff design review or monthly	against Ch.14 requirements and any relevant LUC requirements (pri	Provide comme nt in Accela		N/A - no additional fees for building permit review; Some applications require flat historic survey of \$850/property (staff occasionally exercises discretion for multiple parcels or sites with multiple resources)	phone, mail, or in person Not integrated with online porta I BDRT staff alerts		Future state: Would be good to create fee waiver threshold for small businesses and small nonprofits Future state: cum ulative application fees from all related departmen ts are managed based on optimized thresholds that include any means- tested waivers	<ul> <li>requirements and adjust scope of work/plans as needed</li> <li>Walking applicants and their contractors through HPC review</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Historic Preservation is a sub-component of permit review that is not always applicable AND includes application and review activity that is for non-permitted work</li> <li>Appeals of Determinations of Eligibility (when survey is required) or appeals of design review decision require HPC and potentially City Council decisions that can put review completion on hold for weeks to months</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name: Russ Hovland

**Department: Building Services** 

LEGEND

Description/Use Case	All activities linked to permit application with plans, managing plan review process and final approval.	Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice) <ul> <li>Strong Process-Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>
Key Success Indicators	• Timely service, complete and accurate review of plans, fewer failed inspections,	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	<ul> <li>Many different kinds of permit types (and plan review types), many forms to keep updated, codes changing every 3 yrs., rigid permit types and workflow – inability to be flexible</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes. (highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stock with no manual processes.</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Need to have: Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing;</li> <li>Nice to have: Increased access to inspection scheduling/information; ability to "batch" applications and inspections</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate - Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak - manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name: Russ Hovland

Department: Building Services

LEGEND

Strong Capability
Moderate Capa<u>bility</u>

Weak Capability

Process	Step	Intake Application for a Permit	Communicate with Applicant	Manage application	Make Determination of Permit	Approve Permit		Accept Payments	lssue permit	Conduct inspections	Close Permit	Maintain fee Schedules	Customer Service	Supporting Services
Dataile		enter information • Applications received mostly through email, some paper	<ul> <li>Email or telephone communicatio n to garner complete information during submission and review</li> <li>Comments to applicants sent through coordinator to be sent out</li> <li>Automatically generated emails sent at key points during process (ready to issue, permit issuance)</li> </ul>	communication through Teams/Outlook required for certain processes to gain sign-off • Some workflows cannot be changed	<ul> <li>Review against criteria to determine if permit will be approved.</li> <li>Some permits automatically dropped into task queue</li> <li>Some permits require manual assignment to specific staff</li> <li>Permits claimed in</li> <li>Accela by reviewer</li> <li>Use Adobe plugin to review to ensure code compliance and comment on plans</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Deny or issue permits</li> <li>Plans manually approved and uploaded to be accessed by customer s on portal</li> <li>Once tec hnical re quiremen ts are met per mit held for licensing and pay ment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Some fees autom atically calcula ted based on square footag e/valu ation</li> <li>Some fees manua lly added/ voided</li> <li>Fees manua lly invoice d prior to permit issuan ce</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pay online through portal</li> <li>Accept checks in person</li> </ul>	• Building permit and receipt automati cally uploaded to online portal	<ul> <li>Schedule inspections through text, phone, online</li> <li>Inspections scheduled one at a time by customers</li> <li>Permit type determines allowable inspections</li> <li>Inspections cannot be scheduled when licenses are out of date; IVR allows for some inspection scheduling prior to permit issuance</li> <li>Specific inspection types required for each permit to close out</li> <li>Inspections assigned by zone to specific inspector; transferred to other inspectors manually based on workload</li> <li>Zones assigned manually</li> <li>Inspections assigned to AM or PM slots; no call-ahead</li> <li>Option to set inspection for specific time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>documents.</li> <li>Final documents submitted through email; if uploaded to portal, customer must also send email to notify staff.</li> <li>TCOs issued on a case-by-case</li> </ul>	• Maintain list of fees, update on a regular basis		<ul> <li>Manage permit expirations (letters sent automatically to owners prior to expiration)</li> <li>Tracking/reporting</li> <li>Manage stock plans</li> <li>Record Keeping and document management</li> <li>Archive requests (manual process)</li> <li>Letter and correspondence templates</li> <li>Status Tracking</li> <li>Assign/Route/</li> <li>Schedule (Internal/External)</li> <li>Perform Service</li> <li>Complete Service Request</li> <li>Service Request Tracking</li> <li>Walk in Requests</li> </ul>

#### Stakeholder Name: Tyler Siegmund

#### Department:

• Light and Power Engineering

LEGEND

Description/Use Case	Building Permit review of electric load information and	Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice) <ul> <li>Strong Process-Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>
Key Success Indicators	Timely service	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	<ul> <li>Sometimes not activated on certain permits that we need to review</li> <li>Complicated fee structure, most of our fees are billed directly through Utility Finance and not part of permit process</li> <li>Our electric service form is not part of the permit application. We have to email this form separately</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>

#### Stakeholder Name: Tyler Siegmund

#### Department:

• Light and Power Engineering

LEGEND

Strong Capability

Moderate Capability

Weak Capability

D*00000	Step		Make Determination of Permit or License	Deny or Approve Permit or License	Enter Information in Accella	Issue permit or Licenses	Calculation of Fees and Payments	Accept Payments	Maintain fee Schedules	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
-1:040 -1:040	DECAILS	electric information su bmitted with the permit, then a hold is placed asking the applicant to contact our electric project engineering group. Our group is available for questions regarding the electric requirements o n projects/permi ts.	as a sign off. If OK then we sign off, if not then a hold is placed asking the applicant to	some permits but do not Deny or Approve full permits. A sign off on the electric review porti on of the permit.	sometimes manually add/change/re vise some fees related to electrical depending on the permit type.	ts but do not Deny or Approve full permits. We only sign off on	n the project/permit type. Most of our fees are invoiced to the customer directl y through Utility Finan ce Dept and not tied to the building permit process. We add some of our fees to	associated with some of the electrical fees and when the permit is paid our portion goes to Light and Power account. For large projects, we invoice our capacity fees and building site charges to the customer directly through Utilities Finance Dept. That is separate from the permit fees. This can be confusing to applicants that are not aware of our	Light and Power has a complicated fee structure depending on the project type. Most of our fees are invoiced to the customer directly through Utility Finance Dept and not tied to the building permit. We add some of our fees to the building permit and that is typically a manual process to revise/add/delete fees. There are some permit types that auto generate our fees and we review and adjust/modify as needed.		• We have developed a few separate spreadsheets to easily run reports for permit and project tracking.	<ul> <li>Review electrical information on permits and approve or place holds as needed.</li> <li>Coordinate with applicants if electrical information is not correct</li> <li>Email electric service form</li> <li>Review fees. Add/adjust/delete as needed</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name: Connie Kiehn -

**Department: Engineering** 

#### LEGEND

Description/Use Case	All activities linked to creating, managing and issuing permits and licenses / Use case ROW Contractor Licensing	Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice) <ul> <li>Strong Process-</li> <li>Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>
Key Success Indicators	Timely service	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	Example: Manual Processes	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes. (highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stock with no manual processes.</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate - Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak - manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name: Connie Kiehn -

**Department: Engineering** 

#### LEGEND

Process		Communicat e with Applicant	Manage application	Make Determinatio n of Permit or License	Deny or Approve Permit or License	Enter Information in Accella	Issue permit or Licenses	Calculation of Fees and Payments		Close Application		Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	online application currently Bonds, insurance, C	e with Applicant Bonds and insurance are checked	Prepare PDF of application and send for approval to various people for approval	against criteria to	Deny or issue license		1.2	\$130. One	through portal. They may also pay with a check at the time they apply. It is much easier though, if	is enabled in Accela, if bonds or insurance expire, the license is disabled in	Maintain list of fees, update on a regular basis	information •Update on Status •Assistance	<ul> <li>Policies and Procedures</li> <li>Record Keeping and document management</li> <li>Letter and correspondence templates</li> <li>Status Tracking</li> <li>Assign/Route/</li> <li>Schedule (Internal/External)</li> <li>Perform Service</li> <li>Complete Service Request</li> <li>Service Request Tracking</li> <li>Walk in Requests</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Time Requirements: Applications 2 week turn around target.</li> <li>Right of way contractor license – right of way bond expiration date/right of way license date – used to guide validity. If a new bond is received the license continues.</li> <li>**Reminders sent out manually from a report (Via email)</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name: Connie Kiehn

**Department: Engineering** 

LEGEND

Description/Use Case	All activities linked to creating, managing and issuing permits and licenses / Engineering permits (other) – encroachment, portable signs, fence, drive approach/sidewalk, banners, outdoor dining, newsracks, oversized vehicle	Rank the Process Maturity for current processes. (highlight appropriate choice)• Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.• Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides
Key Success Indicators	<ul> <li>Timely service,</li> <li>Easy access to permit online (this is the goal)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	Example: Completely Manual Process	<ul> <li>stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing. Goal would be to be completely online. All documents uploaded online and all automated processes.</li> </ul>	

Stakeholder Name: Connie Kiehn

**Department: Engineering** 

LEGEND

Process Step	Intake Application for a Permit or License		Manage application	Determinati on of	Deny or Approve Permit or License	Enter Information in Spreadsheet in the S drive		Calculation of Fees and Payments	Accept Payments	Close Application	Maintain fee Schedules	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	received - Email or Front	Applicant through phone or email	inspector for approval.	criteria to determine if permit will be approved.	issue permit.	information into a spreadsheet located in the S drive	and is emailed to the	Applicant receives an email with instructions for making payment. Fees are calculated by the inspector issuing the permit. Fees are available to view on website and on the permit.	over the phone. Payi ng in person is also an option. It would be great if these could be paid online, but it's not possible		Maintain list of fees.	•Correspond to complaint or violator •Offer information •Update on Status	<ul> <li>Policies and</li> <li>Procedures</li> <li>Record Keeping and</li> <li>document</li> <li>management</li> <li>Letter and</li> <li>correspondence</li> <li>templates</li> <li>Status Tracking</li> <li>Assign/Route/</li> <li>Schedule</li> <li>(Internal/External)</li> <li>Walk in Requests</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Time Requirements</li> <li>-5-day minimum required for review and approval of most permits. Varies depending on permit type.</li> <li>Oversized vehicles are 48 hours</li> <li>The process is completely manual and there is no software utilized for processing. Our goal is to have these permits available to customers entirely online</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name: Connie Kiehn

**Department: Engineering** 

Description/Use Case	All activities linked to creating, managing and issuing permits and licenses / Small Cell Encroachment Permits	Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice) <ul> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>
Key Success Indicators	<ul> <li>Timely service, Federally mandated deadlines are met throughout the review process</li> <li>Easy access to permit online (this is the goal)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent</li> <li>Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> </ul>
Current Pain Points	Example: Completely Manual Process	<ul> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> </ul>
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Information and record keeping, workflow, approvals process, document management, correspondence tracking, fee schedules, payment processing. Goal would be to be completely online. All documents uploaded online and all automated processes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name: Connie Kiehn

**Department: Engineering** 

LEGEND

Strong Capability

Moderate Capability Weak Capability

Process Step	Intake Application for a Permit or License		Manage application	Determinati on of		Enter Information in a Project Tracking Spr eadsheet MS Teams		Calculation of Fees and Payments	f Accept Payments	Close Application	Maintain fee Schedules	Customer Service	Supporting Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	received - Email only. Project files are set up in Teams- SharePoint folders for all of review team to access and work on. Comment sheets are created and put in folders. )	applicant through small cell email account throughout the review process. Emails go out on Day 1, Day	application project links are emailed (routed) to the small cell review team on day 1 and on day 43 for review to begin or continue.	criteria to determine e if permit will be approved.	issue permit on Day 60 or Day 90 Sign application and approved plans, uploa d to project files	spreadsheet located in Teams throughout the process	construction plans and comme nt sheets are emailed to the applicant.	instructions for making payment. A BMISC is created in Accela on Day 1 so the	credit card over the phone. Payi ng with a check is also an option. It would be great if these could be paid online, but it's not possible now.	good for 1 year from issue date. After the permit is		application s and plans • Correspond to applicants • Email	Policies and Procedures- Master License Agreements Legal services GIS services Review Team coordination Weekly team meetings ••Record Keeping and document management ••Letter and correspondence templates ••Status Tracking ••Assign/Route/ ••Schedule (Internal/External)	<ul> <li>•60 Day Shot Clock begins on the day application is received (only accepted on Mondays).</li> <li>Timelines are strict for this permit and items need to go out to the applicant on very specific days</li> <li>Process differs from all other engineering permits due to the complexity of the process. See process below:</li> </ul>

Stakeholder Name: Connie Kiehn

**Department: Engineering** 

LEGEND

Process	Intake Application for a Permit	Detailed Notes about your specific process.
Step	or License	How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	Project tracking sheet is updated (excel spreadsheet). GIS Map is updated with pole site information. This process is repeated at day 43 when new materials are received in the 60- day process (90 day for new poles)	•Route new applications to the review team •Schedule a Eriday (Day 10) review meeting for the team to discuss the New applications

### Permits and Licensing (working version)

Stakeholder Name:

Marcy Yoder

Department:

CDNS – Neighborhood Services

Key Indi Cur	cription/Use Success cators rent Pain Poi ure State Rec	ints	Tin     Cus     It is     Infe	Il Housing regis nely service stomer ease of s a new proces prmation and re nedules, payme	use s still in develo ecord keeping,	opment	provals proces	s, document n	nanagement, d	correspondenc	e tracking, fee		<ul> <li>choice)</li> <li>Strong Process</li> <li>Moderate Process</li> <li>Weak Process</li> <li>Weak Process</li> <li>Rank the Technologichoice)</li> <li>Strong – The prostack with no m</li> </ul>	Formalized, doc ess - Process is p s. Inefficient and e - Ad hoc, not form ogy Maturity for cur ocess executed er anual processes ne technology sup	alized, inconsistent rent processes.(highlight appropriate ntirely within the technology port with little automation
Process	Intake Application for a Permit or License	Communicat e with Applicant	Manage application	Make Determinatio n of Permit or License	Deny or Approve Permit or License	Enter Information in Accella		Calculation of Fees and Payments	Accept Payments	Close Application		Custo Servi	omer Supporting ce	j Services	Detailed Notes about your specific process. How is it similar/where does it differ?
Details	Applicant completes on line Payment made Staff verifies complete and appropriate.	email for submission Email if items are	Enter information and send fo approval		Deny or issue permit o license	Applications not completed online would need to be entered by staff on the applicants behalf	generate registration	Yes should be auto generated based on properties and units per property	Pay online through portal	Close as completed and auto generate renewal date	Maintain list of fees, update on a regular basis	regis and shar	ster to e mation Schedule ( Perform S Complete	acking bute/ (Internal/External) ervice Service Request equest Tracking	• Unknown at this point. I did not include rental inspections as my assumption is that the functionality is the same as the building inspection information you will receive from Marcus's team.

# Process and technology maturity

### Permits and Licensing

#### Process Maturity for current processes - Strong

• Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.

Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone

• Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent

#### Rank the Technology Maturity for current processes. Moderate

• Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes

• Moderate – Some technology support with little automation

• Weak – manual execution and often paper-based

# **Customer Service**



### **Our Customers**

- Council
- Clerks Office
- Other Departments/Internal Staff
- Contractors
- Developers
- Realtors
- Commissions
- Community Groups NPOs
- Neighbors in the Community
- Other Government Agencies Reporting to and requests for information, Regulatorily Requirements, county agencies (intergovernmental agreements,) special districts
- Vendors and Consultants
- Small Business Owners
- Funding sales tax, cost recovery model, (funding based off of fees and taxes collected)



### Any Challenges or pain points serving our customers currently

- Confusing and hard to navigate processes
- Lack of technology to complete processes in some areas
- Also not having technology for those who cannot make it into the office in person
- Website navigation and content
- Digital experience is not streamlined, confusing for users
- Voice of the customer not understood (unified vision in progress)
- Reactive to negative feedback, not proactive
- Customer experience varies across the City processes
- Many places to go, lack of information /transparency as to where to go or who to go to
- Lack of online tools drives a lot of phone and walk-in services
- Reporting is cumbersome



### The vision for customer service around permitting, licensing, and code enforcement

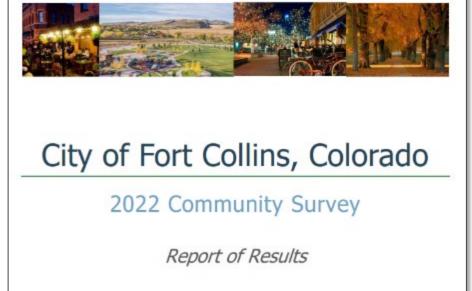
- Provide excellence in customer service
  - Provide transparent and accurate data to our customers
  - Automate reduce administration and create efficiencies increasing bandwidth for high value tasks and personal interaction where required
  - Increase the accuracy for first point of contact (increased visibility on where to go for information and how to navigate a process)
  - Ease of use and navigation
  - Meet our customers where they are at
  - Support our teams in providing great customer service
  - Standardize service delivery to be proactive as opposed to reactive in process design.
  - Transparency
    - Accurate data Auditable/ regular review of data and processes
    - Clear processes and expectations steps to follow, required information, where to go, status updates



### **Metrics for Customer Service**

Outo	come	(Last updated: May 26, 202
•	Neighborhood Livability and Social Health For Collins provides a high quality built environment, supports quality, diverse neighborhoods and fasters the assial health of reacterts.	Q1 2023
3	Culture and Recreation Fort Collins provides diverse cultural and recreational amenticas.	Q1 2023
\$	Economic Health Fort Collins has a healthy, sustainable economy, reflecting community values.	Q1 2023
G	Environmental Health Fort Collins promotes, protects and enhances a healthy and scatainable environment.	Q1 2023
Θ	Safe Community Fort Cellins provides a sofe place to live, work, learn and play.	Q1 2023
Θ	Transportation and Mobility Fort Collins provides safe and reliable multi-modal toxed to, from, and throughout the City.	Q1 2023
<b>A</b>	High Performing Government Fort Collars scorrol fass an efficient, innovative, transparent, effective and collaborative city government.	Q1 2023

<u>https://fortcollins.clearpointstrategy.com/community-neighborhood-livability/</u>



June 2022

<u>https://www.fcgov.com/communitysurvey/files/fort-collins-community-survey-report-draft-2022-06-28.pdf?1661985077</u>

### **Customer Service and Shared Functionality**

Stakeholder Name:

- Group Exercise
- Department:

LEGEND

Description/Use Case	All activities related to serving our customers
Key Success Indicators	Customer service metrics -

Step	Common Processes	Future State Requirements	Systems in Use:
Details	<ul> <li>Intake complaints</li> <li>Intake inquiries</li> <li>Correspondence to customers</li> <li>Offer information</li> <li>Update on status</li> <li>Walk in appointments</li> <li>Online portals</li> <li>Website</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Support policies and procedures and process documentation</li> <li>Record Keeping and document management</li> <li>Letter and correspondence templates</li> <li>Status Tracking</li> <li>Assign/Route/</li> <li>Schedule (Internal/External)</li> <li>Perform Service</li> <li>Complete Service Request</li> <li>Service Request Tracking</li> <li>Walk in Requests</li> <li>Collect payment – E checks and credit card processing</li> <li>Special checks (marijuana/tobacco) – background checks, credit checks</li> <li>Reporting including official document generation (permit letters,) metrics, data exports for manipulation and research</li> <li>Task assignment</li> <li>Resource management – Managing resources including assigning work, viewing workload and assignments, locations, help make decisions around resourcing</li> <li>Field worker facilitation (inspections for example) – scheduling, tools to complete work in the field</li> <li>Integration with necessary systems to eliminate duplicate entry</li> <li>Integration with emails, calendars (Scheduling meetings (Should have)), video conferencing (should have)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Accela, crystal reports, NCR(Credit card processing), MuniRev (sales tax), JDE, Tungsten (refunds)</li> <li>Accela electronic document review software (building) and BlueBeam (Dev Review)</li> <li>Citizen portal/Text Messaging, IVR system (vendor Selectron)</li> </ul>

### **Customer Service and Shared Functionality**

Stakeholder Name:

- Marc Virata
- Department:
- Engineering

#### LEGEND

Description/Use Case	Building permit review for calculation/collection of capital expansion fee for Engineering.	<ul> <li>Rank the <i>Process Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate choice)</li> <li>Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.</li> </ul>		
Key Success Indicators	• Currently manually review and sometimes override fee calculation for the Transportation Capital Expansion Fee, would be ideal if the permit intake can take into account the information I need to auto calculate the fee for more passive review.	<ul> <li>Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone</li> <li>Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent Rank the <i>Technology Maturity</i> for current processes.(highlight appropriate</li> </ul>		
Current Pain Points	<ul> <li>Manual Processes, TCEF's calculation methodology is different than the other CEF's which are auto calc'd and collected</li> <li>Sometimes overriding the standard fee calculation too early under building permit review results in two fees being leveraged when the permit has to be "kicked back" and fees are auto-calc'd all over again. The system doesn't know that an override was created and adds the auto-calc'd fee back in along with override fee.</li> <li>Different point in which fee is leveraged compared to other CEF's (tenant finish vs. Core and shell)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>choice)</li> <li>Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes</li> <li>Moderate – Some technology support with little automation</li> <li>Weak – manual execution and often paper-based</li> </ul> Level 1 Capabilities:		
Future State Requirements	<ul> <li>Would like for the system to take into account the different methodology TCEF uses (finished basement square footage, finished square footage of each dwelling in a multi-family development)</li> <li>Would like to easily see historic instances of TCEF being paid with previous changes on the property</li> </ul>			

Process Step	with Complainant	tracking/mainten	Perform Service	Close Service Request	Self Service Portal	Accessibility	Usability	Credit Card Services	Maintain Fee Schedules	Record keeping
Details		Currently use an Excel spreadsheet to calc the fee and also track collection over time	Either confirm the pre- calculated fee, or override with my calculated information							

# Process and technology maturity

### Permits and Licensing

### Process Maturity for current processes - Weak

• Strong Process- Formalized, documented, optimized, audited.

Moderate Process - Process is poorly documented and resides with individuals. Inefficient and error prone

• Weak Process - Ad hoc, not formalized, inconsistent

#### Rank the *Technology Maturity* for current processes. - Moderate

• Strong – The process executed entirely within the technology stack with no manual processes

• Moderate – Some technology support with little automation

• Weak – manual execution and often paper-based



### 4

### **Related Info-Tech research**

#### <u>Get the Most Out of Your</u> <u>ERP</u>



In today's connected world, the continuous optimization of enterprise applications to realize your digital strategy is key.

#### **Critical Insight**

A properly optimized ERP business process will reduce costs and increase productivity.

### Impact and Result

Build an ERP Optimization Team to conduct ongoing application improvements.

Assess your application(s) and the environment in which they exist. Use a business-first strategy to prioritize optimization efforts.

### <u>Governance of Enterprise</u> <u>Software Implementation</u>



Being Agile will increase the likelihood of success.

### Critical Insight

Agility outside of software development is still in its infancy. The knowledge to apply it to business processes is lacking.

### Impact and Result

Leverage the best practices of project management to deliver value to the business sooner.

Follow our iterative methodology with a task list focused on the business musthave functionality to achieve rapid execution and to allow staff to return to their daily work sooner..

### Select and Implement an ERP Solution



Selecting a best-fit solution requires balancing needs, cost, and vendor capability.

### Critical Insight

Upfront investment of time and resources into project planning will prevent post-implementation regret.

### Impact and Result

Leverage Info-Tech's comprehensive three-phased approach to ERP selection projects, starting with assessing your organization's preparedness to go into the selection stage, moving through technology selection, and preparing for implementation.

### Select an ERP Implementation Partner



Unlock the potential of your ERP portfolio by choosing the right implementation partner.

### Critical Insight

ERP implementation is not a one-anddone exercise. Most often it is the start of a multi-year working relationship between the software vendor or systems integrator and your organization. Take the time to find the right fit to ensure success.

### Impact and Result

Use Info-Tech's implementation partner selection process to find the right fit for your organization.

# INFO~TECH