STATE OF GEORGIA COUNTY OF CLAYTON

ORDINANCE NO. 2024-___

1	AN ORDINANCE BY THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF			
2	FOREST PARK, GEORGIA TO AMEND CHAPTER 5 (HOTEL, MOTEL, LODGING EXCISE			
3	TAX) WITHIN TITLE 3 (FINANCE) IN THE CITY'S CODE OF ORDINANCES; T			
4	PROVIDE AN ADOPTION DATE; TO PROVIDE AN EFFECTIVE DATE; AND FOR OTHE			
5	LAWFUL PURPOSES.			
6	WHEREAS, the duly elected governing authority of the City of Forest Park, Georgia (the			
7	"City") is the Mayor and Council thereof; and			
8	WHEREAS, O.C.G.A. § 36-35-3 provides cities the power to adopt clearly reasonable			
9	ordinances, resolutions or regulations relating to the cities' property and affairs; and			
10	WHEREAS, the City desires to amend its Code of Ordinances ("Code") to adhere to new			
11	hotel, motel, and other similar accommodation tax provisions pursuant to the recently adopted			
12	City of Forest Park Act 435 and O.C.G.A. § 48-13-51; and			
13	WHEREAS, the amendments contained herein would benefit the health, safety, morals			
14	and welfare of the citizens of the City.			
15	BE IT AND IT IS HEREBY ORDAINED BY THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF			
16	THE CITY OF FOREST PARK, GEORGIA THAT, and by the authority thereof:			
17	Section 1. Title 3 ("Finance"), Chapter 5 ("Hotel, motel, lodging excise tax") in the City's			
18	Code is hereby amended by deleting all text within the chapter in its entirety, and inserting new			
19	language in lieu of, to be read and codified as set forth in Exhibit A attached hereto and			
20	incorporated herein.			

<u>Section 2.</u> The preamble of this Ordinance shall be considered to be and is hereby incorporated by reference as if fully set out herein.

Section 3. This Ordinance shall be codified in a manner consistent with the laws of the State of Georgia and the City.

<u>Section 4.</u> (a) It is hereby declared to be the intention of the Mayor and Council that all sections, paragraphs, sentences, clauses, and phrases of this Ordinance are or were, upon their enactment, believed by the Mayor and Council to be fully valid, enforceable, and constitutional.

- (b) It is hereby declared to be the intention of the Mayor and Council that, to the greatest extent allowed by law, each and every section, paragraph, sentence, clause, or phrase of this Ordinance is severable from every other section, paragraph, sentence, clause, or phrase of this Ordinance. It is hereby further declared to be the intention of the Mayor and Council that, to the greatest extent allowed by law, no section, paragraph, sentence, clause, or phrase of this Ordinance is mutually dependent upon any other section, paragraph, sentence, clause, or phrase of this Ordinance.
- (c) In the event that any phrase, clause, sentence, paragraph or section of this Ordinance shall, for any reason whatsoever, be declared invalid, unconstitutional or otherwise unenforceable by the valid judgment or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction, it is the express intent of the Mayor and Council that such invalidity, unconstitutionality or unenforceability shall, to the greatest extent allowed by law, not render invalid, unconstitutional or otherwise unenforceable any of the remaining phrases, clauses, sentences, paragraphs or sections of the Ordinance and that, to the greatest extent allowed by law, all remaining phrases, clauses, sentences, paragraphs and sections of the Ordinance shall remain valid, constitutional, enforceable, and of full force and effect.

44	Section 5. All ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby expressly			
45	repealed.			
46	Section 6. The effective date of this Ordinance shall be the date of adoption unless			
47	otherwise stated herein.			
48	Section 7. The City Clerk, with the concurrence of the City Attorney, is authorized to			
49	correct any scrivener's errors found in this Ordinance, including any exhibits, as enacted.			
50	ORDAINED this day of			
	ATTEST:			
	City Clerk APPROVED AS TO FORM:			
	City Attorney			

EXHIBIT A

CHAPTER 5. – HOTEL, MOTEL, LODGING EXCISE TAX

Sec. 3-5-1. – Purpose.

(a) The purpose of this chapter is to enact an excise tax upon the furnishing for value to the public of any room or rooms, lodgings or accommodations furnished by any person or legal entity licensed by or required to pay business or occupational taxes to the City of Forest Park, Georgia for operating within the city a hotel, motel, inn, lodge, tourist camp, tourist cabin, campground, rental cabin, or any other place in which rooms, lodgings, or accommodations are regularly furnished for value.

(b) The authority to levy the excise tax herein is granted in Act 435 (HB 921) of the 2024 Regular Session of the Georgia General Assembly, enacted in accordance with the procedures set forth in O.C.G.A. § 48-13-51.

Sec. 3-5-2. – Definitions.

The following words, terms, and phrases shall, for the purpose of this chapter and except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning, be defined as follows:

(1) *Due date*. The twentieth (20) calendar day after the close of monthly period for which tax is to be computed. (O.C.G.A. § 48-13-50.2(1)).

(2) Guest room. Accommodations occupied, or intended, arranged, or designated for transient occupancy of not more than thirty (30) continuous calendar days by one or more occupants for the purpose of living quarters or residential use. (O.C.G.A. § 48-13-51(h)(4)).

(3) *Hotel or motel*. Any structure or any portion of a structure, including any lodging house, rooming house, dormitory, Turkish bath, bachelor hotel, studio hotel, motel, motor hotel, auto court, inn, tourist camp, tourist cabin, public club, or private club, containing guest rooms and which is occupied, or is intended or designed for occupancy, by guests, whether rent is paid in money, goods, labor, or otherwise. It does not include any jail, hospital, asylum, sanitarium, orphanage, prison, detention or other building in which human beings are housed and detained under legal restraint.

(4) Monthly period. The calendar months of any year.

 (5) *Occupancy*. The use or possession, or the right to the use or possession of any room or apartment in a hotel or the right to the use of possession of the furnishings or to the services and accommodations accompanying the use and possession of the room.

- (6) *Occupant*. Any person who, for a consideration, uses, possesses, or has the right to use or possess any room in a hotel under nay lease, concession, permit, right of access, license to use or other agreement, or otherwise.
 - (7) *Operator*. Any person operating a hotel or motel in the City, including, but not limited to the owner or proprietor of the premises, lessee, sublessee, lender in possession, license or any other person otherwise operating a hotel or motel.
 - (8) *Permanent resident*. Any occupant as of a given date who has or shall have occupied, or has or shall have the right of occupancy, of any guest room in a hotel or motel for at least thirty (30) consecutive calendar days next preceding the given date; provided that state or local government officials and employees revealing on official governmental business shall be considered permanent resident pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 48-13-51(g)(3).
 - (9) *Person*. An individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, association, social club, fraternal organization, joint stock company, corporation, nonprofit corporation or cooperative nonprofit membership, estate, trust, business trust, receiver, trustee, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit, the plural as well as the singular number, excepting the United States of America, the State of Georgia, and any political subdivision of either thereof upon which the City is without power to impose the tax herein provided.
 - (10) *Rent*. The consideration received for occupancy valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise, including all receipts, cash, credits and property or services of any kind or nature, and the amount for which credit is allowed by the operator to the occupant, without any deduction therefrom whatsoever.
 - (11) *Tax*. The tax imposed by this chapter.

- (12) *Tourism product development*. The expenditure of funds for the creation or expansion of physical attractions which are available and open to the public and which improve destination appeal to visitors, support visitors' experience, and are used by visitors. Such expenditures may include capital costs and operating expenses. Tourism product development may include:
 - a. Lodging for the public for no longer than thirty (30) consecutive calendar days to the same customer;
 - b. Overnight or short-term sites for recreational vehicles, trailers, campers, or tents;
 - c. Meeting, convention, exhibit, and public assembly facilities;
 - d. Sports stadiums, arenas, and complexes;

119 120	e.	Golf courses associated with a resort development that are open to the general public on a contract or fee basis;	
121 122	f.	Racing facilities, including dragstrips, motorcycle racetracks, and auto or stock car racetracks or speedways;	
123	g.	Amusement centers, amusement parks, theme parks, or amusement piers;	
124	h.	Hunting preserves, trapping preserves, or fishing preserves or lakes;	
125	i.	Visitor information and welcome centers;	
126	j.	Wayfinding signage;	
127	k.	Permanent, nonmigrating carnivals or fairs;	
128	1.	Airplanes, helicopters, buses, vans, or boats for excursion or sightseeing;	
129 130 131 132	m.	Boat rentals, boat party fishing services, rowboat or canoe rentals, horse shows, natural wonder attractions, picnic grounds, river-rafting services, scenic railroads for amusement, aerial tramways, rodeos, water slides, or wave pools;	
133 134	n.	Museums, planetariums, art galleries, botanical gardens, aquariums, or zoological gardens;	
135	0.	Parks, trails, and other recreational facilities; or	
136	p.	Performing arts facilities. (O.C.G.A. § 48-13-50.2(6)).	
137	Sec. 3-5-3. – Tax	levied.	
138 139 140 141	There is hereby levied and imposed an excise tax on any person or legal entity licensed by or required to pay a business or occupation tax to the City of Forest Park, Georgia for operating a hotel, as defined under this ordinance. This excise tax shall be eight percent (8%) of the charge to the public for such rooms, lodgings, or accommodations, and shall go into effect		

the charge to the public for such rooms, lodgings, or accommodations, and shall go into effect on August 1, 2024, pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 48-13-51(g). This excise tax shall be imposed under the authorization of Act 435 HB 921 of the 2024 Regular Session of the Georgia General Assembly pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 48-13-51.

145 Sec. 3-5-4. – Exemptions.

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Except as otherwise provided in O.C.G.A. § 48-13-51(h), as amended, this tax shall not 146 apply to: 147

- (1) the charges for the use of meeting rooms or for any rooms, lodgings, or accommodations provided to any persons who certify that they are staying in such room lodging, or accommodation due to the destruction of their home or residence by fire or other casualty;
- (2) The use of meeting rooms and other such facilities or any rooms, lodgings, or accommodations provided without charge;
- (3) Any rooms, lodgings, or accommodations furnished for a period of one or more days for use by Georgia state or local governmental officials or employees when traveling on official business. Notwithstanding the availability of any other means of identifying the person as a state or local government official, whenever a person pays for any rooms, lodgings, or accommodations with a state or local government credit or debit card, such rooms, lodgings, or accommodations shall be deemed to have been furnished for use by a Georgia state or local government official traveling on official business for purposes of the exemption provided by this paragraph. For purpose of the exemption provided under this paragraph, a local government official shall include officials or employees of counties, municipalities, consolidated governments, or county or independent school districts; or
- (4) Charges made for continuous use of any rooms, lodgings, or accommodations after the first thirty (30) calendar days of continuous occupancy.
- *Sec. 3-5-5. Use of revenue.*

- (a) Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 48-13-51(b)(5)(A), an amount equal to not less than fifty percent (50%) of the total amount of taxes collected that exceed the amount of taxes that would be collected at the rate of five percent (5%) shall be expended for promoting tourism, conventions, and trade shows by the destination marketing organization, as defined in this ordinance, designated by the city council of the City of Forest Park, Georgia; and
- (b) Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 48-13-51(b)(5)(B), the remaining amount of taxes collected that exceed the amount of taxes that would be collected at the rate of five percent (5%) which are not otherwise expended under (a) of this Section shall be expended for tourism product development, as defined in this ordinance.
- Sec. 3-5-6. Collection of tax by operator.

Every such guest subject to the tax levied under this chapter shall pay the tax to the person or entity providing the room, lodging, or accommodation. The tax shall be a debt of the person obtaining the room, lodging, or accommodation to the person or entity providing such room, lodging, or accommodation until it is paid and shall be recoverable at law by the person or entity providing such room, lodging, or accommodation in the same manner and authorized for other debts. The person or entity collecting the tax shall remit the tax to the City of Forest Park, Georgia, and the tax remitted shall be a credit against the tax imposed by this section on the person or entity providing the room, lodging, or accommodation.

Every person engaging or about to engage in business as an operator of a hotel or motel in this City shall immediately register with the City Manager, on a form provided by the City. Persons engaged in that business must so register no later than thirty (30) calendar days after the date this chapter becomes effective and the tax is imposed, by the privilege of registration after the imposition of the tax shall not relieve any person from the obligation of payment or collection of tax on and after the date of imposition thereof, regardless of registration.

Sec. 3-5-8. - Determination; due date; returns and payments; collection fee.

- (a) All amounts of the tax shall be due and payable to the City's Finance Director monthly on or before the due date, as defined by this ordinance, of every month succeeding each respective monthly period.
- (b) On or before the due date of the month following each monthly period, a return for the preceding monthly period shall be filed with the City Manager showing the gross rent, rent from permanent residents, taxable rent, amount of tax collected or otherwise due for the related period, and any other information as may be required by the City Manager.
- (c) Operators collecting a tax shall be allowed a percentage of the tax due and accounted for and shall be reimbursed in the form of a deduction in submitting, reporting, and payment of the tax due, only if the amount is not delinquent at the time of payment. The rate of deduction shall be three percent of the amount due.

Sec. 3-5-9. - Deficiency determination; interest; notice.

- (a) If the City Finance Director is not satisfied with the return or returns of the tax or the amount of the tax required to be paid to the City by any person, he or she may compute and determine the amount required to be paid upon the basis of any information within his possession or that may come into his possession and shall report such discrimination may be made of the amount due for one or more monthly periods.
- 211 (b) The amount of the determination shall bear interest at the rate of one percent (1%) per month, or fraction thereof from the due date of taxes.
 - (c) The City Manager or his/her designated representative shall give to the operator written notice of the determination. The notice may be served personally or by mail; if by mail the service shall be addressed to the operator at the address as it appears in the records of the City Manager. Service by mail is complete when delivered by certified mail with a receipt signed by addressee.
 - (d) Except in the case of failure to make a return, every notice of a deficiency determination shall be mailed within three (3) years after the twentieth (20th) day of the calendar month following the monthly period for which the amount is proposed to be determined, or within three (3) years after the return is filed, whichever period should last expire.

- 222 Sec. 3-5-10. Determination if no return made; interest.
- (a) If any person fails to make a return, the City's Finance Director shall make an estimate 223 of the amount of the gross receipts of the person, or as the case may be, of the amount of 224 the total rentals in the City which are subject to the tax. The estimate shall be made for 225 the period or periods in respect to which person fails to make the return and shall be 226 based upon any information which is or may come into the possession of the City's 227 Finance Director. Such determination shall be reported to and confirmed by the 228 governing authority. Written notice of the determination shall be given in a manner 229 prescribed in section 3-5-9(c). 230
- 231 (b) The amount of the determination shall bear interest at the rate of one percent (1%), or fraction thereof, from the due date following the monthly period, for which the amount or any portion thereof should have been returned, until the date of payment.
- 234 (c) In addition to the interest provided for by subsection (b) of this section, delinquent 235 penalties shall be added to all unpaid balances at the rates prescribed by O.C.G.A. § 48-236 13-58.
- 237 Sec. 3-5-11. Administration of chapter; authority of city manager; records.
- 238 (a) The City Manager shall administer and enforce the provisions of this chapter for the collection of the tax imposed by this chapter.
- 240 (b) Every operator renting guest rooms in this City to a person shall keep any records, receipts, invoices, and other pertinent papers in any form as the City Manager may require.
- 243 (c) The City Manager or any person authorized in writing by the City Manager may examine 244 books, papers, records, financial reports, equipment and other facilities of any operator 245 renting guest rooms to a person and any operator liable for the tax, in order to verify the 246 accuracy of any return made, or if no return is made by the operator, to ascertain and 247 determine the amount required to be paid.
 - (d) In administration of the provisions of this chapter, the City Manager may require the filing of reports by any person or class of person having in that person's possession or custody, information relation to rentals of guest rooms which are subject to the tax. The reports shall be filed with the City Manager and shall set forth the rental charge for each occupancy, the date or dates of occupancy, and any other information as the City may require.
- 254 *Sec. 3-5-12. Violations.*

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(a) Any person responsible for reporting, return or payment of the taxes levied pursuant to
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this chapter shall be punished as provided in O.C.G.A. § 48-13-58.1 through 48-13-63.
In the event any such person is in violation of any of the provision of this chapter that are

- not otherwise covered by state law then, upon conviction, such person shall be deemed guilty of an offense and shall be punished in municipal court to the extent of that court's authority.
 - (b) Such person shall be guilty of a separate offense for each and every calendar day during any portion of which any violation of any provision of this chapter is committed, continued, or permitted by that person, and shall be punished accordingly. Any operator or any other person who fails to register as required herein, or to furnish any return required to be made, or who fails or refuses to furnish a supplemental return or other data required by the City, or who renders a false or fraudulent return shall be deemed guilty of an offense and upon conviction thereof shall be punished as aforesaid.

Sec. 3-5-13. - Collection of tax; liability.

- (a) At any time within three (3) years after any tax or any amount of tax required to be collected becomes due and payable, and at any time within three (3) years after the delinquency of any tax or any amount of tax required to be collected under this chapter, the City may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to collect the amount delinquent, together with the interest, court fees, filing fees, attorneys' fees and other legal fees incident thereto.
- (b) If any operator liable for any amount under this chapter sells out his business or quits the business, this successors or assigns shall withhold a sufficient amount of the purchase price to cover the amount required until the former owner produce a receipt form the City Clerk showing that the indebtedness had been paid or a certificate stating that no amount is due.
 - (c) If the purchaser of a business fails to withhold from the purchase price as required, he shall be personally liable for the payment of the amount required to be withheld by him to the extent pf the purchase price.
 - (d) Whenever the amount of any tax or interest has been paid more than once or has been erroneously or illegally collected or received by the City under this chapter, it may be refunded by the City. If the operator or person determines that he/she has overpaid or paid more than once, which fact has not been determined by the City, he will have thirty (30) calendar days from the date that overpayment was made to provide to the City in writing, via U.S. Certified Mail or overnight delivery, the specific ground upon which the claim is founded. The claim shall be audited. If the claim is approved by the City, the excess amount paid may be credited to any amounts then due and payable from the person by whom it was paid, or his administrators or executors. Should the operator receive a bill for hotel/motel taxes after already remitting such taxes to the City, the operator must provide proof in writing to the City of the previous payment. Such documentation should be provided via U.S. Certified Mail or overnight delivery. The City will audit the claim of previous payment, and if the City finds the operator has made the previous payment, the City shall adjust its records accordingly and issue a statement of payment to the operator.