# Folsom City Council Staff Report

MEETING DATE:  AGENDA SECTION:	10/26/2021 Public Hearing	
SUBJECT:	<ul> <li>Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South –North of White Rock Road, South of Mangini Parkway, and westerly of Savannah Parkway in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan. (PN 21-001)</li> <li>i. Resolution No. 10731 - A Resolution to Approve a Small Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, Minor Administrative Modifications, Planned Development Permit deviations to the MLD Development Standards and Design Review to allow 115 residential units and approval of Street Names for the Mangini Ranch 1C South Project</li> </ul>	
FROM:	Community Development Department	

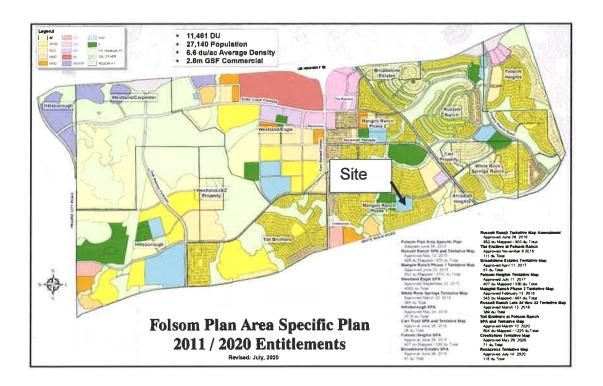
### RECOMMENDATION / CITY COUNCIL ACTION

Move to Adopt Resolution No. 10731 - A Resolution to Approve a Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map for 115-residential lots, Minor Administrative Modifications, and Planned development Permit for MLD Development Standard Deviations and Design Review for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South Project in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan.

### A. Background

The Project is located in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan and has a zoning designation of Multi-Family Low Density (MLD). The MLD provides for development at 7.0 to 12.0 units per acre. An excerpt from the FPASP Land Use Map is shown below. The proposed land use designations are consistent with the Folsom General Plan.

# FIGURE 1: FPASP LAND USE MAP EXCERPT



# **B.** Physical Setting

Figure 2 on the next page shows an aerial photo Project site.

FIGURE 2: AERIAL PHOTO (2020)



Savannah Parkway provides direct access to the Project site. Mangini Parkway also provides access into the Project via the Mangini Ranch 1C North subdivision proposed to the north. Developments approved in the area near the Project site includes the Mangini Ranch Phase I and II, and White Rock Springs Ranch currently under construction. A new elementary school is west of the Project site.

### APPLICANT'S PROPOSAL

The Applicant is requesting approval of several related actions to allow the development of 115 single family homes on a 26.92-acre site. The requested approvals include:

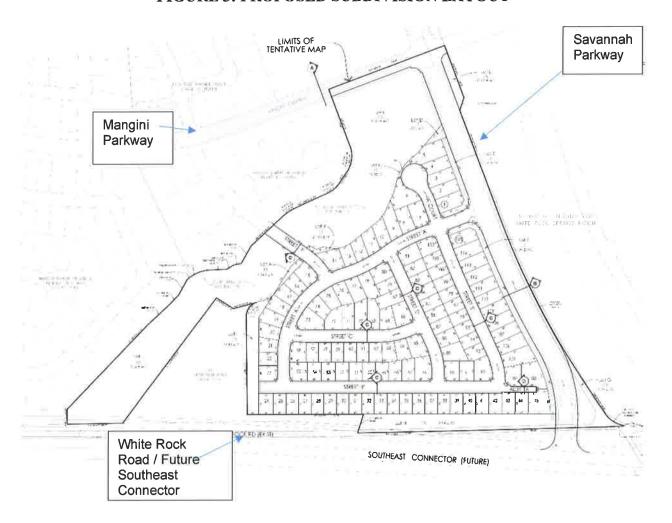
- A. Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map (Creation of 115 Residential Lots, and landscape and open space parcels- Lots A L).
- B. Minor Administrative Modification Land Use Boundary Refinement
- C. Minor Administrative Modification (Transfer of 3 Dwelling Units)
- D. Planned Development Permit Development Standard Deviations and Design Review
- E. Proposed Subdivision Street Names

## A. Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map

The first component of the Applicant's proposal is a Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Map to subdivide large lot parcels 132 and 211, to create 115 single-family residential lots, and several landscape and open space lots (A-L).

The Project subdivision layout is shown in Figure 3 on the following page. (A more detailed version of the subdivision map is included as Attachment 5 to this staff report.)

FIGURE 3: PROPOSED SUBDIVISION LAYOUT



**TABLE 1: LAND USE SUMMARY** 

Village	Zoning/ Land Use	Gross Acres	Net Acres	Units	Density
1	SP-MLD Multi-Family Low	15.10	14.42	115	8.0
	Density				
Lots A-F	SP-MLD	0	0.68	0	0
1.	Landscape				
Lots G-L	SP-OS2	9.0	9.0	0	0
	Open Space				
Right of Way	Roads	2.82	2.82	0	0
Total		26.92	26.92	115	

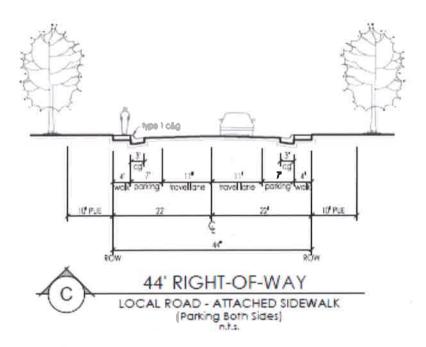
There are various landscape parcels that are being created by the SLVTSM. Lot I contains an existing waterline easement. Lots J and K contain a future Class I trail. A connection across the trail is provided to/from Mangini Ranch Phase 1C to the north via Street F. Several landscape lots (Lots A through F) are proposed. Lot C would provide an additional opportunity for a connection to the trail at the end of a cul-de-sac in Court A.

The proposed subdivision features minimum lot sizes of 3,000 square feet (45'x 67'). All lots will have a standard 12.5-foot-wide public utility easement in the front yard (and street side yard for corner lots).

The subdivision uses standard public street right-of-way dimensions, including an internal roadway system with attached sidewalks on both sides of the street, as shown in Figure 5 below. A stormwater detention basin is not a part of the subdivision, but is located in an area east of Lot J and west of Lot I.

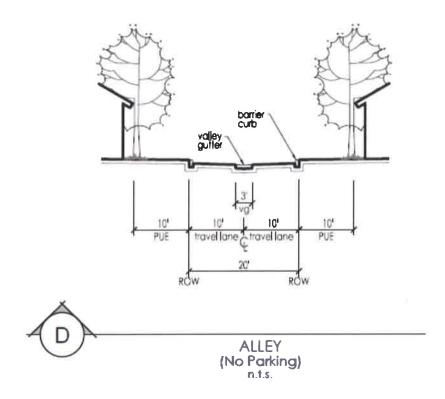
White Rock Road and the future Capital Southeast Connector are adjacent to the Project's southern boundary but no access into the subdivision is planned from these roadways. The Capital Southeast Connector is planned to improve White Rock Road from a local two-lane roadway to a 4- to 6-lane regional thoroughfare. Condition No. 41 includes notice to future residents regarding the proximity of this roadway.

FIGURE 4: INTERNAL ROADWAY CROSS SECTION



Typical residential street entries into the subdivision directly from Savannah Parkway. An entry is also provided from Mangini Parkway through the Mangini Ranch 1C North subdivision to the north (Street F). One alley is proposed as part of the Project as shown in Figure 5.

### FIGURE 5: FPASP ALLEY CROSS SECTION



As shown in Figures 6 and 7 below, a Class 1 bike trail is proposed in the open space that is located along the northern boundary of the Project. Trail connections will be provided at grade and will connect to the proposed sidewalk on Street F. Access would also be available at Lot C which is at the end of cul-de-sac A. Pedestrian access and circulation are also accommodated through the provision of attached sidewalks on all interior streets. Class II bike lanes are provided on Savannah Parkway and Mangini Parkway (as required in the FPASP) and Class II bike routes are provided on all residential streets.

FIGURE 6: PEDESTRIAN ACCESS

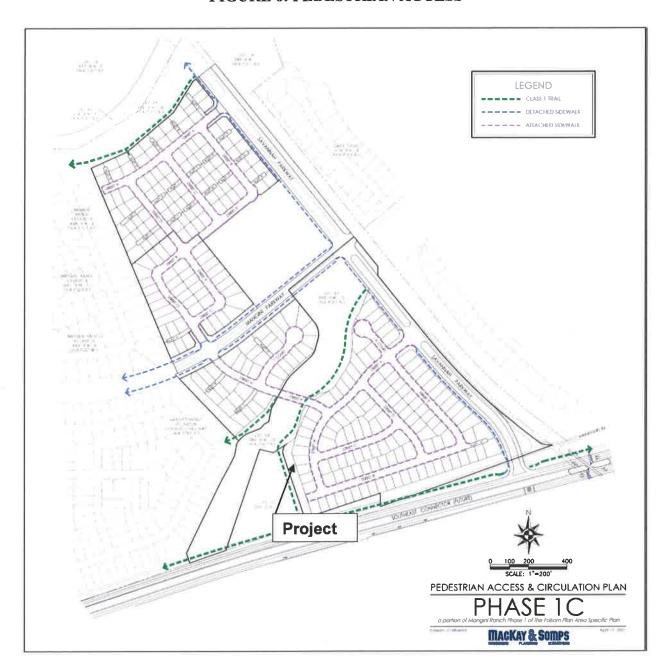
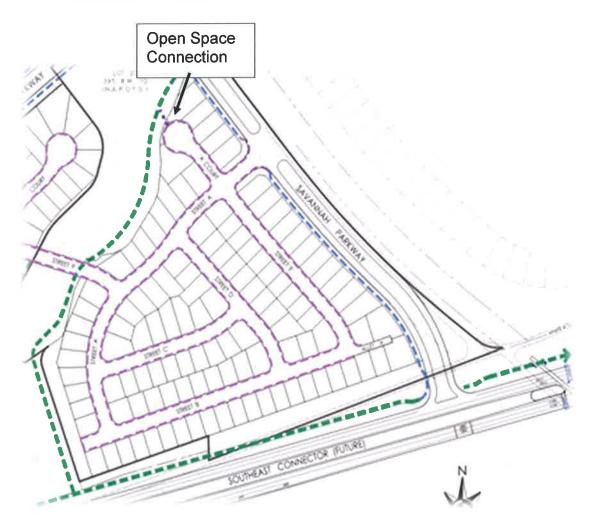


FIGURE 7: COURT CONNECTION TO OPEN SPACE VIA LOT C



# LEGEND

---- CLASS I TRAL

---- ATTACHED SIDEWALK

### B. Planned Development Permit- Development Standards and Design Review

The Planned Development Permit is designed to allow greater flexibility in the design of a project than otherwise possible through strict application of the land use regulations. The Planned Development Permit process is designed to encourage creative and efficient uses of land. The following are proposed as part of the Applicant's Planned Development Permit:

- Development Standard Deviations
- Building Architecture and Design

### Development Standards

The Applicant's desire is to provide a single family detached compact product that meets a land use density of 8 dwelling units per acre. As a result, the Applicant is requesting several deviations to the Specific Plan MLD development standards to achieve this density. The request includes reduced front yard, garage, and side yard setbacks. No bedroom windows are proposed on the side elevations of homes that would conflict with the four-foot side setback, to meet fire code access requirements.

The following table outlines the areas that are proposed to deviate from the MLD Development Standards shown in **bold**.

TABLE 2: SP-MLD MULTI-FAMILY LOW DENSITY DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

Development Standard	Requirement	Proposed Project	
Minimum Lot Size	3,000	3,000	
Corner Lot	3,500	3,500	
Front Porch Setback	12.5 Feet	12.5	
Front Primary Structure Setback	15 Feet	12.5	
Front Garage Setback	20 Feet	18	
Side Yard Setbacks	5 Feet/5 Feet	4	
Rear Yard Setback	10 Feet	10	
Maximum Lot Coverage	50%	50%	

The Applicant has put together a package of amenities that will provide a public benefit to future residents in the community above what would normally be provided. The community will have increased energy efficiency and amenities. The proposed amenities include:

• All homes will include a WaterSense Rain Bird WiFi irrigation controller for their private rear yard landscapes, capable of servicing both their front and rear yards.

- Third Party Verification. Third-party testing will be included with each home to ensure all energy efficient features installed in the homes have been installed correctly to maximize energy efficiencies. Third-party testing will include Quality Insulation Installation Inspection (HQII), SEER and EER Verifications, and Low Leakage Ducts.
- Cool Roofing. The project will feature tile roofs from Eagle Roofing's California Collection. Tile roofs will be Cool Roof rated with a SR value no less than 0.17.
- Low Voltage Technology: Comfort features will be included in every home.
  - o Eero whole home WiFi system with two Beacons for full coverage provided to every home.
  - o Amazon Echo Spot voice activated smart device facilitating hands-free control of connected devises throughout the home included in every home.
  - o LiftMaster WiFi enabled garage door opener included in every home.
  - o Dual combination USB receptacle in kitchen for ease in charging devices included.
  - o Two Smart Leviton Decora light switches included in every home.
  - o RING Pro video doorbell for added security included in every home.
- Upgraded SuperPaint and Loxon Acrylic Paint: High performance Sherwin Williams Loxon Acrylic Paint that contains agents that inhibit the growth of mildew on the homes surface will be used on all homes.
- Sustainable Features:
  - o Energy Star dishwasher
  - o Tankless water heaters
  - o Insulated garage doors and windows with low u-factors
  - o Energy-efficient LED lighting
  - o Low-E glass windows to keep heat and cold outside and reduce UV rays
  - o Programmable dual zone, "smart" thermostats
  - o Right-sized energy efficient HVAC equipment with sealed ducts
  - O WaterSense certified faucets and fixtures in bathrooms
  - o Right-sized solar systems offsetting average homeowner usage with the option to add panels as desired
  - o Garages would be wired for electric vehicle charging but individual occupants would

### Building Architecture and Design

Two of the three proposed plans were previously approved in the Creekstone neighborhood currently under construction by Tri Point Homes, (southeast corner of East Bidwell and Savannah Parkway in the FPASP). There are 36 possible combinations of plan, elevation and color or materials so only three homes would end up being the same within the proposed Project. Plan 2 is new to further ensure that the neighborhood contains its own unique style.

The primary reason for a new plan was so that all three plans would have the highly desired first-floor bedroom. The themes coordinate with the two neighboring Phase 1C plan series (MR 1C 4-Packs and MR 1C North), creating a cohesive design with neighborhoods strung together harmoniously and balanced. The elevations have slight changes as compared to Creekstone to ensure this neighborhood has its own signature. Some examples are as follows:

- Incorporated more hipped roofs on the Italian themes.
- Changed the shutter detail and some eve clay pipe details on the Spanish elevations.
- Changed first floor roofs from shed to gable at certain location on the Farmhouse.
- Incorporated more brick and modified location of siding on the Farmhouse elevations.
- Changed up the garage door designs for the Spanish and Italian elevations.
- Changed window patterns on front elevations.

### Differences from Creekstone include the following.

- All plans have a first-floor secondary bedroom
- Lot size increased to meet minimum of MLD Standard
- Larger Rear Yards
- 72% of lots can fit a rear covered patio
- 75% of lots have deeper front setbacks from the minimum proposed (20' garage and 15' front vs. 18' garage and 12.5' front).
- Use of Cool Roofing SR Value of no less than 0.17
- Electric Vehicle Charger pre-wire
- SuperPaint by Sherwin Williams on interior walls
- Loxon Acrylic Paint at exterior

# Like Creekstone these are the qualities included in 1C South

- House forward architecture, including glazing from the first-floor secondary bedroom
- Varied Entry Locations
- Private Yards
- Two-Bay Garages
- Full Size Driveways
- Low Maintenance Landscapes

The Project includes the construction of 115 single family homes. All of the homes are proposed in a two-story configuration and range in size from 2,049 square feet to 2,421 square feet. As indicated, all homes feature a downstairs bedroom.

# Three architectural styles are proposed:

- Spanish Colonial
- Italian Villa
- Western Farmhouse

There are three plan types for all three architectural styles, with a variety of colors and materials

as shown in the Applicant's submittal (Attachment 7 and 13).

The Applicant's submittal describes the architectural styles as follows:

- Spanish Colonial Based on simple early Spanish missions, the style uses minimal decorative details borrowed from Spanish Revival homes that are most common in southwestern states, particularly California, Arizona, and Texas. Identifying features are low-pitched roofs, with little to no overhang, and tile roof covering. Recessed elements along with gable end details and trims; wall surface is usually stucco; and the facade normally asymmetrical.
- *Italian Villa* This style provides a classic look. Roofs contain villa-shaped concrete tile and are gently pitched; the homes have two story massing with stucco exterior finish and stone veneer on columns.
- Western Farmhouse Roofs are a lower hip on hip design with flat concrete roof tiles. These roofs contribute to a grounded massing approach highlighted with vertically oriented feature windows. Elevation features are further highlighted with material transitions and color application. Windows kept intentionally without grids and masonry stone veneer styles are the most rectilinear and crisp for differentiation and contemporary theme. Color schemes work with massing design to provide an earthy feel with accent pops of color.

Example illustrations of the three architectural styles and sample floor plans applied to the designs are shown in Figures 8 through 14 on the following pages.

# FIGURE 8: ELEVATIONS 1A



Front Elevation 1A - Spanish Colonial

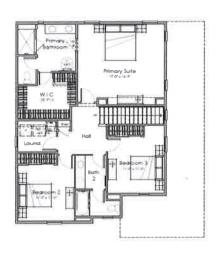


Front Elevation 1B - Italian Villa

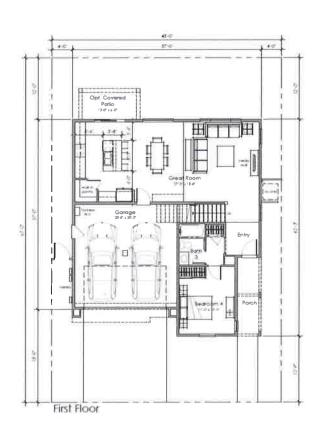


Front Elevation 1C - Western Farmhouse

# **FIGURE 9: FLOORPLAN 1A**



Second Floor



# **FIGURE 10: ELEVATIONS 2A**



Front Elevation 2A - Spanish Colonial



Front Elevation 2B - Italian Villa

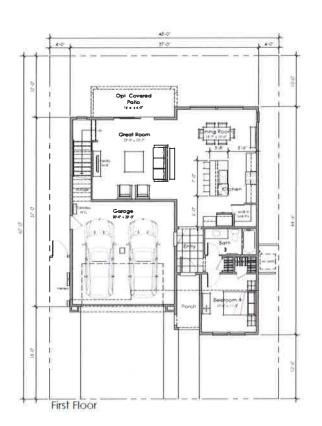


Front Elevation 2C - Western Farmhouse

# **FIGURE 11: FLOORPLAN 2A**



Second Floor



# **FIGURE 12: ELEVATIONS 3A**



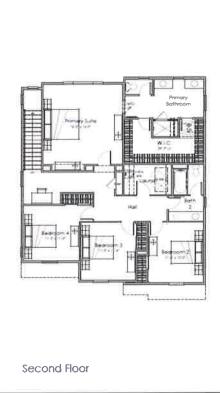
Front Elevation 3A - Spanish Colonial



Front Elevation 3B - Italian Villa

Front Elevation 3C - Western Farmhouse

### **FIGURE 13: PLAN 3 FLOORPLAN**

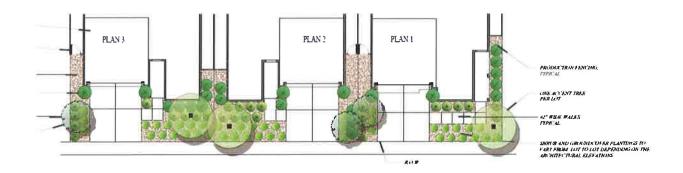




All lots including the one alley, will have a 12.5-foot front yard with landscaping proposed as shown in Figure 14 below. While one alley is proposed, it contains several large lots because of site constraints and therefore, is able to accommodate a front yard facing the alley. According to the Applicant, 75% of the homesites will actually have a 15' front setback.

### FIGURE 14: FRONT YARD LANDSCAPING

# 45X67 Product Series

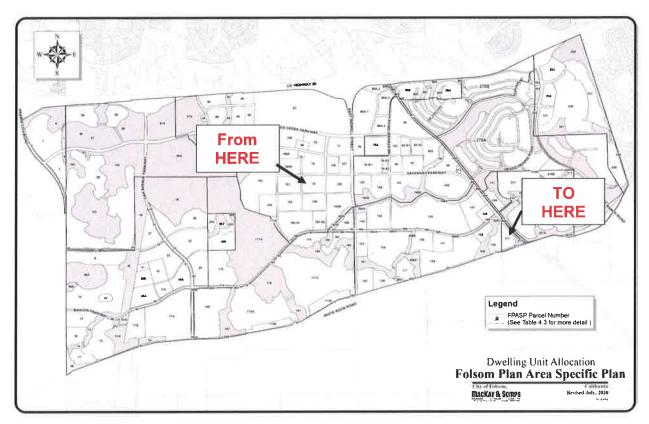


### C. Minor Administrative Modification

The Project includes two Minor Administrative Modifications (MAMs). The first request is for approval of a MAM to transfer development rights to move three dwelling units among parcels, as shown on Figure 15.

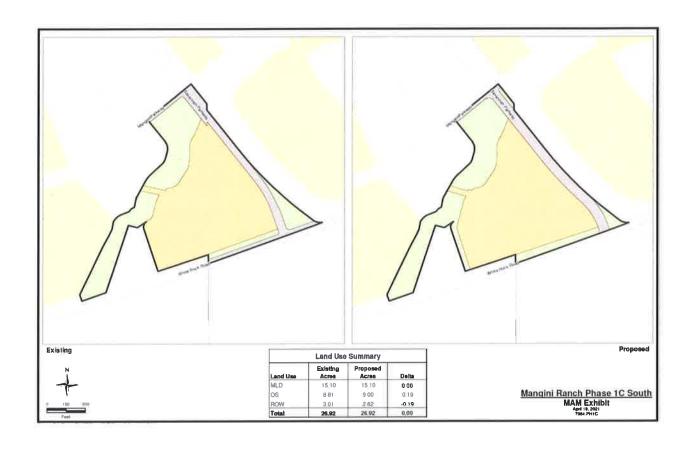
The unit transfer supports the 115 units in the SLVTSM. The transferring and receiving parcels are under a single ownership and located within the FPASP and, after the transfer, they would remain within the General Plan and specific plan density ranges for each respective parcel.

FIGURE 15: PROPOSED REALLOCATION OF 3 DWELLING UNITS



The second MAM is for minor adjustments to the land use boundaries. As shown below, the edges of the development area have been slightly modified to accommodate realignments of planned roadways. The adjustments to the land use boundaries are requested to maximize development efficiencies. Specifically, 1). The boundary line between the Project site and open space are modified to adjust the location of the road crossing the open space (no changes to impacted acres) and addition of open space at the western site boundary (an increase of 0.19 acre), and 2). Savannah Parkway is shifted east to accommodate the planned intersection at White Rock Road.

# FIGURE 16: MINOR ADMINISTRATIVE MODIFICATION BOUNDARY REFINEMENT



### E. Street Names

There are seven streets within the 1C South subdivision including the court. Street names are being proposed by the Applicant. The Folsom Municipal Code (FMC Section 16.08.020[C][6]) requires that all new street names be considered and approved.

The list of proposed street names are as follows and includes names that will be shown on the Final Map and will also be used for the Mangini Ranch 1C North and 1C 4-Pack projects:

# **Proposed New Street Names**

- 1. Apollo
- 2. Artemis
- 3. Azure
- 4. Bedrock
- 5. Caprock
- 6. Bellanna
- 7. Burns
- 8. Cantrell
- 9. Caraway
- 10. Celestial
- 11. Clementine
- 12. Daffodil
- 13. Equinox
- 14. Firefly
- 15. Freesia
- 16. Frontier
- 17. Gibbous
- 18. Hampton
- 19. Happy Hallow
- 20. Haven
- 21. Indigo
- 22. Lukella
- 23. Magnolia
- 24. Margauex
- 25. Mascon
- 26. Monarch
- 27. Moonbeam
- 28. Neptune

- 29. Orbit
- 30. Nightberry
- 31. Opal
- 32. Pegasus
- 33. Raindrop
- 34. Ranger
- 35. Rattan
- 36. Riata
- 37. Romanini
- 38. Selene
- 39. Sisal
- 40. Solstice
- 41. Starlight
- 42. Southpointe43. Sunflower
- 4.4 72'11
- 44. Tilly
- 45. Twilight
- 46. Violet
- 47. Voyager
- 48. Williamson

### Planning Commission Recommendation

On October 6, 2021, the Planning Commission held a public hearing to consider the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South Project. No members of the public provided comments. Planning Commission discussion asked clarifying questions regarding the Development Standard Deviations and the reasoning behind the request. The Applicant clarified that the front yard setback deviations allow the residents an option to have a "California Room" covered porch area in the back yard which could be accommodated by pushing up the front yard setback slightly. A question was also asked regarding fire requirements with the reduced side yard setbacks and egress. It was explained that no bedroom egress windows would be placed on the side yard setback behind a fence for areas with the 4-foot side yard setback.

Two amendments to the Conditions were recommended for approval including the addition of a six-foot sidewalk to provide an open space connection to the Class I trail from the west end of Street B. However, after the meeting, engineering staff determined that such a trail connection would not be feasible given that there is a 20-foot grade change between the end of Street B and the adjacent trail. The grade differential is to accommodate a gravity sewer line. Therefore, the trail connection condition is no longer proposed as part of this Project.

The Commission noted that there appeared to be a drafting error on the Design Schematic Plans which should have shown a second-floor window on the floor plans. Condition 1 was amended to revise this plan set. The Commission voted 5-0-0-1 to recommend to the City Council approval of the Project as proposed, with findings and conditions.

### POLICY / RULE

The Folsom Municipal Code (FMC) requires that applications for Tentative Subdivision Maps of five or more lots be forwarded to the City Council for final action. City Council actions regarding Tentative Subdivision Maps are covered under Section 16.16.080 of the Folsom Municipal Code.

### **ANALYSIS**

Staff's analysis addresses the following:

- A. Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map to subdivide into 115 residential lots.
- B. Planned Development Permit- Development Standard Deviations and Design review
- C. Traffic/Access/Circulation
- D. Parking
- E. Noise Impacts
- F. Inclusionary Housing
- G. Minor Administrative Modification Land Use Boundary Refinement
- H. Minor Administrative Modification (Shift of Dwelling Units to Other Parcels)
- I. Approval of Street Names

J. Conformance with relevant Folsom General Plan and Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Objectives and Policies

## A. Small Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map

As shown on the submitted Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map (Attachment 5), the proposed subdivision includes 115- single family residential lots, ten open space and landscape lots, and nine internal public streets. The Project will be required to dedicate public right-of-way for the internal public streets.

The Project is on property zoned for residential use. The Project is at a density of 8-dwelling units per acre which is within the density allowed (7-12 dwelling units per acre) approved for MLD property including the project site.

Condition 6 requires the Applicant to dedicate public utility easements for underground facilities (i.e., SMUD, Pacific Gas and Electric, cable television, telephone) on properties adjacent to the streets. Staff has determined that the proposed Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map complies with all City requirements, as well as with the requirements of the State Subdivision Map Act.

### B. Planned Development Permit- Development Standard Deviations and Design Review

### **Development Standard Deviations**

As noted earlier within this staff report, the Project is proposing deviations from the development standards established by the FPASP for the MLD land use category including setbacks as shown in Table 2. The A pplicant's intent with the subject application is to create a unique set of development standards that will accommodate the development of 115 single-family detached homes.

The regulations of the underlying zone relating to height, setback, lot area and coverage, parking and other provisions may be varied when such deviation will result in improved design of the development and will permit desirable arrangements of structures in relation to parking areas, parks and parkways, pedestrian walks and other such features.

In considering the Planned Development Permit, the proposed development project must be designed to provide open space, circulation, off-street parking and other conditions in such a way as to form a harmonious, integrated project of sufficient quality to justify exceptions to the normal regulations.

Approval of the Project Development Standards would not set a precedent because it is consistent with other approved projects in the City. The City recently approved the 1C 4-Pack project to the north, which included development standard deviations to lot coverage, minimum lot size and setbacks. In this instance, the Applicant is requesting deviations to the setback requirements, which would allow the Applicant to achieve its intent to provide a compact development at an affordable price point. There is high residential demand currently and the Applicant believes this

product would meet the demand.

Staff has reviewed the Project and determined that the Project is proposing a product that provides adequate open space, circulation, off-street parking and that provides a quality neighborhood and homes at an affordable price point, with upgraded architectural features, and enhanced amenities.

A major reason for the reduced setbacks according to the Applicant is to provide a deeper rear yard for more usable space. An option allows a covered patio and by pushing up the front yard setback, allows the rear yard to be deeper (see Figure 18 for homes that may have the reduced yard setback). The color codes indicate all garages would be setback 18-feet in homes with the reduced setback. Light blue shows homes with a 12.5-foot front yard setback, and yellow and peach color homes would only have a reduced front setback if the homeowner requests the rear patio option. Approximately 70 percent of the homes may have a 4-foot side yard setback.

Twenty-three lots (Lots 13, 21-22, 49-55, 72, 81, 90 and 93-102) would have a reduced front yard setback in order to fit the lot configuration. Fifteen Lots, (Lots 14, 48, 56-64, 79-80, 91 and 104) would have an option to include the rear covered patio if the shallower setback is applied, and Lots 24-42, include 19 lots with high rear yard sound walls, adjacent to White Rock Road. A reduced setback would allow the home to be placed further from the wall.

Recognizing the request for reduced setbacks, the Applicant has included an enhanced amenity package. The proposed amenities including the cool roof features that will reduce energy use and keep the neighborhood cooler than with standard roofs.

### The proposed amenities include:

- All homes will include a WaterSense Rain Bird WiFi irrigation controller for their private rear yard landscapes, capable of servicing both their front and rear yards.
- Third Party Verification. Third-party testing will be included with each home to ensure all energy efficient features installed in the homes have been installed correctly to maximize energy efficiencies. Third-party testing will include Quality Insulation Installation Inspection (HQII), SEER and EER Verifications, and Low Leakage Ducts.
- Cool Roofing. The project will feature tile roofs from Eagle Roofing's California Collection. Tile roofs will be Cool Roof rated with a SR value no less than 0.17.
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- Upgraded SuperPaint and Loxon Acrylic Paint: High performance Sherwin Williams Loxon Acrylic Paint that contains agents that inhibit the growth of mildew on the homes surface will be used on all homes.
- Sustainable Features:
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  - o Energy-efficient LED lighting
  - o Low-E glass windows to keep heat and cold outside and reduce UV rays
  - o Programmable dual zone, "smart" thermostats
  - o Right-sized energy efficient HVAC equipment with sealed ducts
  - WaterSense certified faucets and fixtures in bathrooms
  - o Right-sized solar systems offsetting average homeowner usage with the option to add panels as desired
  - o Garages would be wired for electric vehicle charging but individual occupants would

Given the many enhancements offered as part of this project which will ensure that the Project reduces the heat effect of the compact development while saving energy at the same time, staff and the Planning Commission concluded that the findings can be made to support the Planned Development Permit to allow approval of the Project's MLD modified Development Standards.

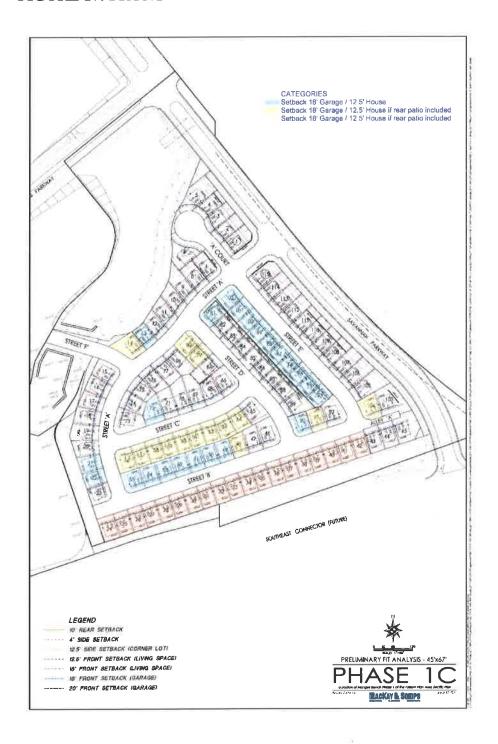
### Proposed Residential Designs

The Project is located within the central portion of the Folsom Plan Area; thus, it is subject to the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines, which were approved by the City Council in 2015, and amended in 2018. The Design Guidelines are a complementary document to the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan and the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Community Guidelines.

The following are the general architectural principles intended to guide the design of the Folsom Ranch, Central District to ensure quality development:

- Provide a varied and interesting street scene.
- Focus of the home is the front elevation, not the garage.
- Provide a variety of garage placements.
- Provide detail on rear elevations where visible from the public streets.
- Choose appropriate massing and roof forms to define the architectural styles.
- Ensure that plans and styles provide a degree of individuality.
- Use architectural elements and details to reinforce individual architectural styles.

# FIGURE 17: FRONT YARD REDUCED SETBACK LOCATIONS



The Design Guidelines require that specific homes within a subdivision that meet the definition of an "edge condition" lot are required to incorporate enhanced architectural details on the rear and side building elevations, like the enhanced architectural details provided on the front building elevation of the home.

The Applicant has provided enhanced architectural features on the homes that are visible from street or open space views including additional windows and enhanced window details, siding details and materials (see Attachment 7, Residential Schematic Design)

In evaluating the proposed project, staff also took into consideration building and design elements that could be considered unique to the Folsom Plan Area. Staff has determined that the proposed architectural styles and master plans do include many unique building and design elements and are consistent with the Folsom Ranch Design Guidelines. Based on this analysis, staff forwards the following design recommendations to the Commission for consideration:

- 1. This approval is for two-story homes in three master plans and three architectural styles with 12 color and material options. The Applicant shall submit building plans that comply with this approval and the attached building elevations dated December 4, 2020.
- 2. The design, materials, and colors of the single-family residential units shall be consistent with the approved building elevations, materials samples, and color schemes to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.
- 3. The Community Development Department shall approve the individual lot permits to assure no duplication or repetition of the same house, same roof-line, same elevation style, side-by-side, or across the street from each other.
- 4. All mechanical equipment shall be ground-mounted and concealed from view of public streets, neighboring properties and nearby higher buildings.
- 5. Decorative light fixtures, consistent with the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines and unique to each architectural design theme, shall be added to the front elevation of each Master Plan to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.
- 6. A minimum of one street tree shall be planted in the front yard of each residential lot within the subdivision. A minimum of two trees are required along the street-side of all corner lots. All front yard irrigation and landscaping shall be installed prior to a Building Permit Final.

These recommendations listed above are included in the conditions of approval (Condition No. 50).

### F. Traffic/Access/Circulation

The 2011 Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact Statement included not only a detailed analysis of traffic-related impacts within the Plan Area, but also an evaluation of traffic-related impacts on the surrounding communities. In total, there are fifty-five (55) traffic-related mitigation measures associated with development of the FPASP which are included as conditions of approval for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South Subdivision project. Many of these mitigation measures are expected to reduce traffic impacts to East Bidwell Street. Included among the mitigation measures are requirements to fund and construct roadway improvements within the Plan Area, pay a fair-share contribution for construction of improvements north of U.S. Highway 50, participate in the City's Transportation System Management Fee Program, and Participate in the U.S. Highway 50 Corridor Transportation Management Association. The Mangini Ranch 1C South Subdivision project is subject to all traffic-related mitigation measures required by the 2011 FPASP EIR/EIS (Condition Nos 53-25 to 53-79).

The Kimley Horn Traffic Impact Analysis concluded that the expected traffic would be minimal and consistent with the assumptions of the plan area, as considered in the FPASP EIR.

As shown on the submitted Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map (Attachment 5), primary access to the Project site is provided by Savannah Parkway. Secondary access would be provided via Street F, through the 1C North subdivision with access to Mangini Parkway. (Condition No. 49 a.)

There are interim improvements that are required for both the ultimate right-of-way for Savannah Parkway, as well as the intersection of Savannah Parkway/White Rock Road and ultimately Savannah Parkway/Southeast Connector. The SMVTM will provide the ultimate right of way, as shown in Figure 18 below and as a condition of approval (No. 49).

### Pedestrian Access/Circulation

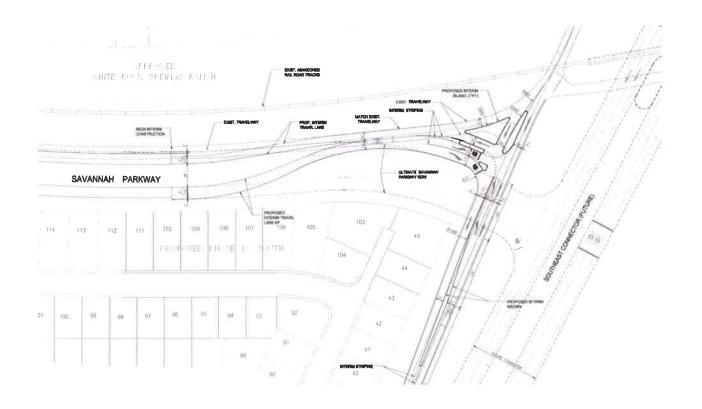
Pedestrian access will be accommodated via a trail connection at the end of Cul-de-sac A and Lot C. (Condition No. 38 b.) This will connect to planned Class I trail in the open space that is located on the north side of the subdivision. Access throughout the neighborhood will be provided via sidewalks that will connect to Savannah Parkway, Mangini Parkway and White Rock Road.

The following have been included as conditions (Condition No. 49) of approval for the 1C South Subdivision project:

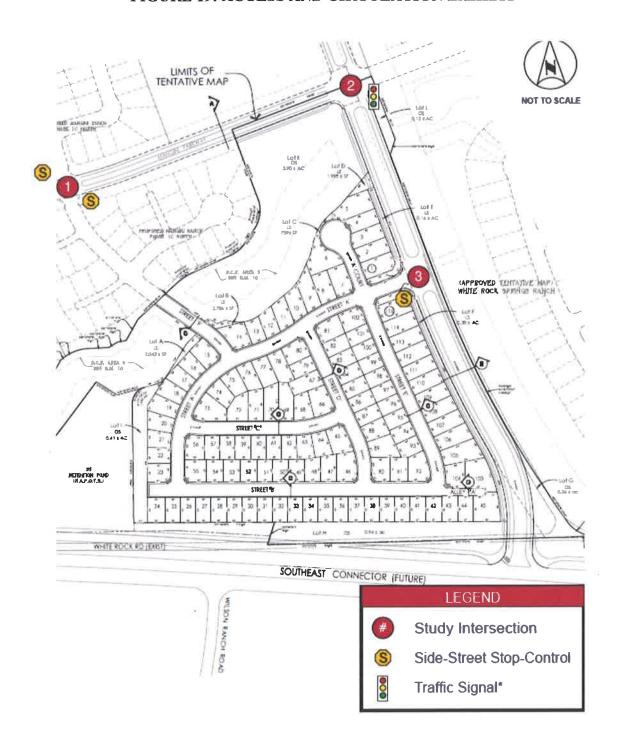
- a. Vehicle Access shall be granted on Street F to provide and maintain secondary access to the north (via the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project) for a connection to Mangini Parkway.
- b. Required public and private subdivision improvements, including but not limited to street and frontage improvements on Savannah Parkway, and Mangini Parkway shall be completed prior to issuance of the first Certificate of Occupancy for the subdivision.
- c. The northbound left-turn from Savannah Parkway into Street "A" shall be constructed to include a minimum of 125-feet of storage/ deceleration plus a 60-foot bay taper.

- d. The Project shall install the traffic signal control on Savannah Parkway at Mangini Parkway to the satisfaction of the City prior to the issuance of the first certificate of occupancy. The northbound left-turn lane on Savannah Parkway to Mangini Parkway shall be constructed to include a minimum of 180-feet of storage/deceleration plus a 60-foot bay taper.
- e. The Project shall construct shoulder improvements along the Project's entire frontage of westbound White Rock Road to the satisfaction of the City prior to approval of the final map. In lieu of constructing the interim shoulder improvements, the Project may enter into a Subdivision Improvement Agreement with the City and post adequate security to the City's satisfaction to ensure construction of said improvements; the security shall be in place for a minimum period of 10 years. If shoulder improvements are constructed and/or funded by the Project, then said costs may be included in an applicable fee program established and approved for the Folsom Plan Area subject to approval by the City and the actual costs expended by the owner/applicant may therefore be eligible for a credit and/or reimbursement.
- f. If construction of the Capital Southeast Connector Project between East Bidwell Street and the El Dorado County line has commenced during the term of the required Subdivision Improvement Agreement, then the shoulder improvement condition will be deemed satisfied, and the security shall be released to the owner/applicant.
- g. With the project, the Savannah Parkway frontage will be constructed and the right-of-way necessary for the ultimate intersection with the Capital Southeast Connector will be dedicated. All right-of-way within the City of Folsom required to construct the interim and ultimate improvements (as per Exhibit 1 of the traffic report and Figure 18 below) shall be provided as part of this Project.

# FIGURE 18: SAVANNAH AND WHITE ROCK ROAD/ FÜTURE SOUTHEAST CONNECTOR IMPROVEMENTS



# FIGURE 19: ACCESS AND CIRCULATION EXHIBIT



### D. Parking

The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan requires that single-family residential units located within a Multi-Family Low Density (MLD) designated area provide two covered parking spaces per unit. The FPASP also requires that single-family residential units located within an MLD designated area provide a minimum of 0.8 guest parking spaces per unit.

As shown on the submitted residential schematic design (Attachment 7), each home will include a two-car attached garage, thus meeting the covered parking requirement of the FPASP. There will also be the opportunity for parking spaces in driveways and on-street throughout the Project area, which exceeds the minimum of 0.8 parking spaces required by the FPASP.

### E. Street Names

The proposed street names were reviewed by emergency services personnel, and staff determined that there are no existing street names in Folsom identical to the proposed street names or that conflict with the proposed street names. Therefore, it is recommended that the street names be approved for use in the Mangini Ranch 1C subdivisions.

### F. Noise Impacts

A Noise Assessment (Attachment 10) was prepared by Bollard Acoustical Consultants on September 15, 2021, to determine whether traffic-related noise would cause noise levels at the Project site to exceed acceptable limits, as described in the Noise Element of the City of Folsom General Plan, and to evaluate compliance with the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan EIR Noise Mitigation Measures.

### Outdoor Noise Levels

The noise analysis projected noise levels adjacent to White Rock Road (Future Southeast Connector) and Savannah Parkway (based on future traffic levels) to determine noise levels at homes adjacent to the roadway. The City's standards are:

- 60 dB L<sub>dn</sub><sup>1</sup> for outdoor activity areas (such as rear yards)
- 45 dB L<sub>dn</sub> for interior areas in dwellings

The noise analysis concluded that, *without mitigation*, noise levels for lots 1-5, 45, 1-3 and 105-115 along Savannah Parkway would exceed 60 dB  $L_{dn}$  in the rear yards of homes (up to 66 dB  $L_{dn}$ ) and thus exceed the City's standard for outdoor activity areas. The second-floor facades of these homes would be up to 68 dBLdn.

On lots 24 through 65, adjacent to White Rock Road/Future Southeast Connector sound levels would be up to 73 Ldn and up to 75 Ldn at second floor facades.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> dB Ldn is average noise level over a 24-hour day, measured in decibels (dB). The average includes a +10 decibel weighing applied to noise occurring during nighttime (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.) hours.

Standard residential construction (i.e., stucco siding, STC-27 windows, door weather-stripping, exterior wall insulation, composition plywood roof), typically results in an exterior to interior noise reduction of approximately 25 dB with windows closed and approximately 15 dB with windows open. This level of noise reduction would be adequate to reduce future Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road traffic noise levels to 45 dB DNL or less within the first floors of all residences constructed within the development. However, upper-floor window construction upgrades would be warranted at residences constructed adjacent to the roadways.

The Noise Analysis recommends that the Project design include additional solid noise barriers along Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road. The noise barriers would need to be substantial, especially along White Rock Road (six-feet up to ten-feet tall) as described in the Noise Analysis-Attachment 10.

The noise analysis recommendations are found as Condition No. 33. and include the following:

- Six to ten-foot noise barriers shall be constructed along the boundaries adjacent to Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road/Future Southeast Connector. Lots 36-45 require a 10-ft wall, Lots 27-35 require a 9-foot wall, Lots 24-36 an 8-foot wall, Lots 105-115 require a 7-foot wall, and Lots 1-5 a 6-foot wall. The noise barriers could take the form a masonry wall, earthen berm, or combination of the two. For the 9-foot and 10-foot barriers segments adjacent to White Rock Road, the Applicant shall limit the barrier height to 8 feet, as feasible, and implement construction measures (e.g., berming, adjustments to finished grades, etc.) to meet exterior noise standards.
- Suitable materials for the traffic noise barriers include masonry and precast concrete panels. Other materials may be acceptable but shall be reviewed by an acoustical consultant and approved by the Community Development Department prior to use.
- To ensure compliance with the General Plan 45 dB DNL exterior noise level standard including a factor of safety, all upper-floor bedroom windows of residences constructed adjacent to Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road from which the roadway would be visible shall be upgraded to a minimum STC rating of 32, 34 and 35. Lots 1-5 and Lots 103 115 require an STC rating of 32. Lot's 24-35 require an STC rating of 34 and Lot's 36-45 require an STC rating of 35.
- Mechanical ventilation (air conditioning) shall be provided for all residences in this
  development to allow the occupants to close doors and windows as desired to
  achieve compliance with the applicable General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise
  level standard.

In addition, the recommended conditions of approval (Condition No. 19) require the Applicant to provide a final design for all walls and fences for review and approval by staff prior to construction.

#### G. Emergency Services

The Project will be served by Folsom Police and Fire. Similar to other areas of the FPASP, the City has a mutual aid agreement with El Dorado Fire. Until Station 34 is built, there will be areas in the FPASP that will be serviced by El Dorado Hills Fire due to their proximity. This will be for first responder units only. If it is a medical aid, a Folsom Ambulance will be dispatched.

#### H. Inclusionary Housing

The Applicant proposes to comply with Folsom Municipal Code Chapter 17.104 (Inclusionary Housing) by paying in-lieu fees per Municipal Code Section 17.104.060(G). (See the applicant's Inclusionary Housing letter, included as Attachment 14 to this staff report). Homes within the subdivision will be sold at market prices. Fees paid by the Applicant will help provide affordable housing elsewhere in the city. The Applicant is required to enter into an Inclusionary Housing Agreement with the City. The Final Inclusionary Housing Plan is subject to approval by the City Council. In addition, the Inclusionary Housing Agreement, which will be approved by the City Attorney, must be executed prior to recordation of the Final Map for the 1C South Subdivision project. Condition No. 41 is included to reflect these requirements.

#### I. Minor Administrative Modifications

The Project proposes two minor administrative modifications (MAMs) to refine a development edge and to reallocate residential units between parcels, respectively.

#### Boundary refinement

The boundaries have been slightly modified to accommodate realignments of planned roadways. Specifically, 1). The boundary line between the MLD and OS are modified to adjust the location of the road crossing the OS at Street F (no changes to land use acres) and addition of 0.19 acres of open space at the western site boundary, and 2). Savannah Parkway is shifted east to accommodate the planned intersection at White Rock Road.

#### Transfer of units

The Applicant is proposing to construct 115 residential units on the subject parcel, and therefore, a Minor Administrative Modification is being requested to reallocate 3 residential units from FPASP parcel 73 (-3 du) which is has both a General Plan designation a zoning designation of Single-Family High Density (SFHD) which has a density of 4-7 DU per acre. The units would be transferred to the Project site, FPASP parcel 211 (+3) DU to allow up to 8 units per acre. The difference in density of 1 unit per acre would not result in an overall change to the total FPASP unit allocation or total population. Population is calculated based on the single-family residential land use (considered the same for both MLD and SFHD) and the number of units, so total population would be expected to remain the same. The Project does not affect the overall amount of non-residential development in the FPASP.

The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan provides for Minor Administrative Modifications, "... that are consistent with and do not substantially change its overall intent, such as minor adjustments to the land use locations and parcel boundaries shown in Figure

4.1 – Land Use and Figure 4.4 – Plan Area Parcels and the land use acreages shown in Table 4.1 – Land Use Summary." [FPASP Section 13.3].

Minor administrative modifications can be approved at a staff level, provided the following criteria are met:

- The proposed modification is within the Plan Area.
- The modification does not reduce the size of the proposed town center.
- The modification retains compliance with City Charter Article 7.08, previously known as Measure W.
- The general land use pattern remains consistent with the intent and spirit of the FPASP.
- The proposed changes do not substantially alter the backbone infrastructure network.
- The proposed modification offers equal or superior improvements to development capacity or standards.
- The proposed modification does not increase environmental impacts beyond those identified in the EIR/EIS.

Based on staff's review, the proposed reallocation of three residential units meets all of the required criteria mentioned above. The General Plan and specific plan densities will remain the same. As a result, staff can approve the proposed Minor Administrative Modification.

## J. Conformance with Relevant General Plan and Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Objectives and Policies

The Applicant prepared a detailed analysis of the project's consistency with all of the policies in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan; that analysis is included in the CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis in Attachment 8 to this report. Staff concurs with the Applicant's analysis that the project is consistent with the Specific Plan.

The following is a summary analysis of the project's consistency with the Folsom General Plan and with key policies of the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan.

#### **GP and SP OBJECTIVE H-1 (Housing)**

To provide an adequate supply of suitable sites for the development of a range of housing types to meet the housing needs of all segments of the population.

#### GP and SP POLICY H-1.1

The City shall ensure that sufficient land is designated and zoned in a range of residential densities to accommodate the City's regional share of housing.

Analysis: The City provides residential lands at a variety of residential densities as specified in the General Plan and in the Folsom Municipal Code. The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan includes specialized zoning (Specific Plan Designations) that are customized to the Plan Area as adopted in 2011 and as Amended over time. The FPASP provides residential lands at densities ranging from 1-4 dwelling unit per acre (SF), 4-7 dwelling

units per acre (SFHD), 7-12 dwelling units per acre (MLD), 12-20 dwelling units per acre (MMD), 20-30 dwelling units per acre (MHD), and 9-30 dwelling units per acre (MU).

The Phase 1C South Subdivision project is designated MLD and is proposed to be developed at 8 units per acre, which is within the density range for the MLD designation.

#### SP POLICY 4.1

Create pedestrian-oriented neighborhoods through the use of a grid system of streets where feasible, sidewalks, bike paths and trails. Residential neighborhoods shall be linked, where appropriate, to encourage pedestrian and bicycle travel.

Analysis: The Project proposes a compact single-family neighborhood with a system of local streets linked with sidewalks and connection to the open space to the south. Biking and walking will be accommodated within the Project and will be connect via external sidewalks and Class II and Class III bicycle lanes with nearby neighborhoods, parks, schools, and open space trails with Class I bicycle trails.

#### SP POLICY 4.4

Provide a variety of housing opportunities for residents to participate in the home-ownership market.

<u>Analysis:</u> The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan provides home ownership opportunities within the MLD (Multi-Family Low Density) land use category. The Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South Subdivision project is consistent with this policy in that it will provide detached single family home ownership opportunities within the MLD designation zoned parcels at a more affordable price point than in other, less dense residential developments.

#### SP POLICY 4.6

As established by the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan, the total number of dwelling units for the Plan Area shall not exceed 11,461. The number of units within individual land use parcels may vary, so long as the number of units falls within the allowable density range for a particular land use designation.

Analysis: There have been a number of Specific Plan Amendments approved by the City Council within the Folsom Plan Area, which has generally led to an increase in residentially zoned land and a decrease in commercially zoned land. As a result, the number of residential units within the Plan Area increased from 10,210 to 11,461. The various Specific Plan Amendment EIRs and Addenda analyzed impacts from the conversion of the commercial lands to residential lands; impacts and associated mitigations measures can be found in the individual project-specific environmental documents. The increase in population was analyzed and can be accommodated in the excess capacity of the school sites provided in the Plan Area.

The proposed project does not result in any change in total dwelling units in the FPASP. The reallocation of units to these parcels will not exceed the allowable density for the parcels.

#### SP OBJECTIVE 7.1 (Circulation)

Consistent with the California Complete Streets Act of 2008 and the Sustainable Communities and Climate Protection Act (SB 375), create a safe and efficient circulation system for all modes of travel.

#### SP POLICY 7.1

The roadway network in the Plan Area shall be organized in a grid-like pattern of streets and blocks, except where topography and natural features make it infeasible, for the majority of the Plan Area in order to create neighborhoods that encourage walking, biking, public transit, and other alternative modes of transportation.

Analysis: Consistent with the requirements of the California Complete Streets Act, the FPASP identified and planned for hierarchy of connect "complete streets" to ensure that pedestrian, bike, bus, and automobile modes are travel are designed to have direct and continuous connections throughout the Plan Area. Every option, from regional connector roadways to arterial and local streets, has been carefully planned and designed. Recent California legislation to reduce greenhouse gas emissions (AB 32 and SB 375) has resulted in an increased market demand for public transit and housing located closer to service needs and employment centers. In response to these changes, the FPASP includes a regional transit corridor that will provide public transportation links between the major commercial, public, and multi-family residential land uses in the Plan Area.

The Mangini Ranch 1C South project has been designed with multiple modes of transportation options (vehicles, bicycle, walking, access to transit) and internal street organized pattern consistent with the approved FPASP circulation plan.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The City, as lead agency, determined that the proposed land use, as well as other changes proposed by the Applicant, do not differ from the development scenario described in the Final EIR/EIS for the adopted FPASP. The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) provides that residential Projects which are consistent with an approved Specific Plan for which an EIR was prepared are exempt from a requirement to prepare additional environmental analysis. CEQA Guidelines section 15182 (c) provides specific criteria to determine whether this exemption applies. The City has reviewed the analysis and concurs that the Project is exempt from additional environmental review as provided in CEQA Guidelines 15182 (c).

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

- 1. Resolution No. 10731 A Resolution to Approve a Small Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, Minor Administrative Modifications, Planned Development Permit deviations to the MLD Development Standards and Design Review to allow 115 residential units and approval of Street Names for the Mangini Ranch 1C South Project
- 2. Planning Commission Staff Report dated October 6, 2021

- 3. Planning Commission Modifications to Conditions of Approval (Green Sheet)
- 4. Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, dated July 1, 2021
- 5. Preliminary Grading and Drainage Plan, dated July 1, 2021
- 6. Residential Schematic Design, dated December 4, 2020
- 7. CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis for the Phase 1C South Subdivision Project dated September 17, 2021
- 8. Access and Circulation Analysis, dated September 23, 2021
- 9. Environmental Noise Analysis, dated September 15, 2021
- 10. Applicant's General Plan Consistency Analysis
- 11. Subdivision Booklet (Separate Bound Document)
- 12. Digital Color Board dated May 4, 2021
- 13. Applicant's Inclusionary Housing Letter dated September 15, 2021

Submitted,

**PAM JOHNS** 

Community Development Director

#### **RESOLUTION NO. 10731**

A RESOLUTION TO APPROVE A SMALL LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP, MINOR ADMINISTRATIVE MODIFICATIONS, PLANNED DEVELOPMENT PERMIT AND DESIGN REVIEW TO ALLOW 115 RESIDENTIAL UNITS AND APPROVAL OF STREET NAMES FOR THE MANGINI RANCH 1C SOUTH PROJECT

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission on October 6, 2021, held a public hearing on the proposed Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, considered public comment and based on the proposed configuration of the 115- single-family residential lots, determined the proposed subdivision complies with all City requirements, as well as with the requirements of the State Subdivision Map Act; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission on October 6, 2021, held a public hearing on the proposed Minor Administrative Modifications to modify project boundaries and transfer three residential units within the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan, and a Planned Development Permit to allow deviations to the MLD Development Standards and Design Review, considered public comment and based on the proposed configuration of the 115- single-family residential lots, determined that the Project is consistent with the goals, policies, and objectives of the City of Folsom General Plan, the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan and the Folsom Ranch Central Design Guidelines; and

WHEREAS notice has been given at the time and in the manner required by State Law and City Code; and

WHEREAS the City has determined that the impacts of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South subdivision Project are adequately addressed by the Final Environmental Impact Report for the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan and associated Mitigation Measures and that the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South Project is Exempt from the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to Government Code Section 65457 and CEQA Guidelines 15182 (c).

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED** that the City Council of the City of Folsom hereby Approve the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South Small Lot Vesting Tentative Map creating 115 single-family residential lots, Minor Administrative Modifications, Planned Development Permit to allow deviations to the MLD Development Standards, and Design Review, as set forth in the Conditions of Approval attached as Exhibit "B" and the following findings:

#### **GENERAL FINDINGS**

- A. NOTICE OF HEARING HAS BEEN GIVEN AT THE TIME AND IN THE MANNER REQUIRED BY STATE LAW AND CITY CODE.
- B. THE PROJECT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE GENERAL PLAN, THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN, AND THE FOLSOM RANCH CENTRAL DISTRICT DESIGN GUIDELINES.

#### **CEQA FINDINGS**

- C. THE CITY, AS LEAD AGENCY, PREVIOUSLY CERTIFIED AN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT/ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT FOR THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN.
- D. THE CITY HAS DETERMINED THAT THE MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C SOUTH PROJECT IS UNDERTAKEN TO IMPLEMENT AND IS CONSISTENT WITH THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN.
- E. THE CITY HAS DETERMINED THAT THE IMPACTS OF THE MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C SOUTH SUBDIVISION PROJECT ARE ADEQUATELY ADDRESSED BY THE FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT FOR THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN AND ASSOCIATED MITIGATION MEASURES AND THAT THE MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C SOUTH SUBDIVISION PROJECT IS EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF CEQA PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 65457 AND CEQA GUIDELINES 15182(c).
- F. NONE OF THE EVENTS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 21166 OF THE PUBLIC RESOURCES CODE OR SECTION 15162 OF THE CEQA GUIDELINES HAVE OCCURRED.
- G. THIS PROJECT IS EXEMPT FROM CEQA IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 65457 AND SECTION 15182 OF THE CEQA GUIDELINES.

#### TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP FINDINGS

- H. THE PROPOSED SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP IS CONSISTENT WITH THE CITY'S SUBDIVISION ORDINANCE AND THE SUBDIVISION MAP ACT IN THAT THE PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL THAT WILL ENSURE THAT THE PROJECT IS DEVELOPED IN COMPLIANCE WITH CITY STANDARDS.
- I. THE PROPOSED SUBDIVISION, TOGETHER WITH THE PROVISIONS FOR ITS DESIGN AND IMPROVEMENT, IS CONSISTENT WITH THE GENERAL PLAN,

- THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN, AND ALL APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE FOLSOM MUNICIPAL CODE.
- J. THE SITE IS PHYSICALLY SUITABLE FOR THE TYPE OF DEVELOPMENT PROPOSED.
- K. THE SITE IS PHYSICALLY SUITABLE FOR THE PROPOSED DENSITY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.
- L. AS CONDITIONED, THE DESIGN OF THE SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP AND THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS ARE NOT LIKELY TO CAUSE SUBSTANTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE OR SUBSTANTIALLY AND AVOIDABLY INJURE FISH OR WILDLIFE OR THEIR HABITAT.
- M. AS CONDITIONED, THE DESIGN OF THE SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP AND THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS ARE NOT LIKELY TO CAUSE SERIOUS PUBLIC HEALTH OR SAFETY PROBLEMS.
- N. THE DESIGN OF THE SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP AND THE TYPE OF IMPROVEMENTS WILL NOT CONFLICT WITH EASEMENTS FOR ACCESS THROUGH OR USE OF PROPERTY WITHIN THE PROPOSED SUBDIVISION.
- O. SUBJECT TO SECTION 66474.4 OF THE SUBDIVISION MAP ACT, THE LAND IS NOT SUBJECT TO A CONTRACT ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO THE CALIFORNIA LAND CONSERVATION ACT OF 1965 (COMMENCING WITH SECTION 51200 OF THE GOVERNMENT CODE).

#### PLANNED DEVELOPMENT PERMIT FINDINGS

- P. THE PROPOSED PROJECT COMPLIES WITH THE INTENT AND PURPOSES OF CHAPTER 17.38 (PLANNED DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT) OF THE FOLSOM MUNICIPAL CODE AND OTHER APPLICABLE ORDINANCES OF THE CITY.
- Q. THE PROPOSED PROJECT COMPLIES WITH THE INTENT AND PURPOSES OF THE GENERAL PLAN AND FOLSOM AREA SPECIFIC PLAN.
- R. THE PROPOSED PROJECT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE OBJECTIVES, POLICIES AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS OF THE CITY.
- S. THE MINOR MODIFICATIONS TO EXISTING DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS PROPOSED BY THIS PROJECT WILL RESULT IN A DEVELOPMENT THAT IS SUPERIOR TO THAT OBTAINED BY RIGID APPLICATION OF THE STANDARDS.

- T. THE PROPOSED PROJECT IS DESIGNED TO PROVIDE OPEN SPACE, CIRCULATION, OFF-STREET PARKING, AND OTHER CONDITIONS IN SUCH A WAY AS TO FORM A HARMONIOUS, INTEGRATED PROJECT OF SUFFICIENT QUALITY TO JUSTIFY EXCEPTIONS TO THE NORMAL REGULATIONS
- U. WITH RESPECT TO PROJECT DESIGN, THE PHYSICAL, FUNCTIONAL, AND VISUAL COMPATIBILITY BETWEEN THE PROPOSED PROJECT AND EXISTING AND FUTURE ADJACENT USES AND AREA CHARACTERISTICS IS ACCEPTABLE.
- V. THERE WILL BE AVAILABLE PUBLIC FACILITIES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO WATER, SEWER AND DRAINAGE TO ALLOW FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE PROJECT SITE IN A MANNER CONSISTENT WITH THE PROPOSAL AS CONDITIONED,
- W. THE PROPOSED PROJECT WILL NOT CAUSE ADVERSE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN MITIGATED TO AN ACCEPTABLE LEVEL
- X. THE PROPOSED PROJECT WILL NOT CAUSE UNACCEPTABLE VEHICULAR TRAFFIC LEVELS ON SURROUNDING ROADWAYS AND THE PROPOSED PROJECT WILL PROVIDE ADEQUATE INTERNAL CIRCULATION INCLUDING INGRESS AND EGRESS.
- Y. THE PROPOSED PROJECT WILL NOT BE DETRIMENTAL TO THE HEALTH, SAFETY, AND GENERAL WELFARE OF THE PERSONS OR PROPERTY WITHIN THE VICINITY OF THE PROJECT SITE AND THE CITY AS A WHOLE, ADEQUATE PROVISION IS MADE FOR THE FURNISHING OF SANITATION SERVICE AND EMERGENCY PUBLIC SAFETY SERVICES TO THE PROJECT.
- Z. THE PROJECT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN AND FOLSOM PLAN AREA EIR/EIS. ACCORDINGLY THE PROPOSED PROJECT'S WATER DEMAND CAN BE ACCOMMODATED BY THE CITY'S EXISTING WATER SUPPLY ALLOCATED TO SERVE THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA.

#### **DESIGN REVIEW FINDINGS**

- AA. THE PROJECT IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE GENERAL PLAN,
  THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN AND THE APPLICABLE ZONING
  ORDINANCES.
- BB. THE PROJECT IS IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE FOLSOM RANCH CENTRAL DISTRICT DESIGN GUIDELINES AND THE PROPOSED DESIGN STANDARD DEVIATIONS REQUESTED THROUGH THE PLANNED DEVELOPMENT PERMIT PROCESS AS A PART OF THIS PROJECT APPLICATION.

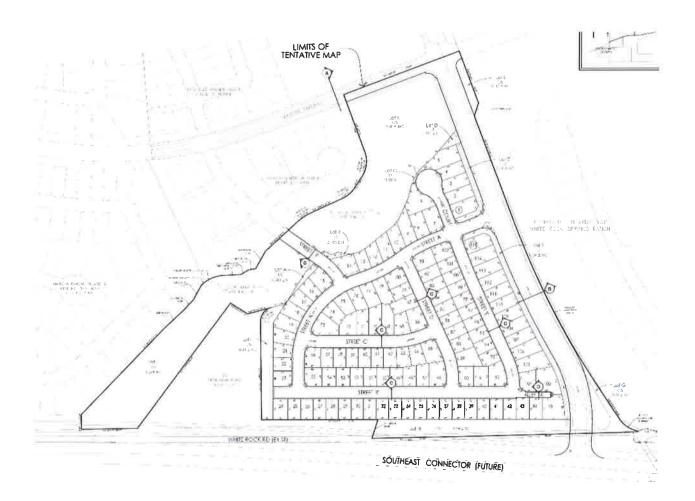
CC. THE BUILDING MATERIALS, TEXTURES, AND COLORS OF THE PROJECT WILL BE COMPATIBLE WITH SURROUNDING DEVELOPMENT AND CONSISTENT WITH THE GENERAL DESIGN THEME OF THE NEIGHBORHOOD.

PASSED AND ADOPTED this 26<sup>th</sup> day of October 2021, by the following roll-call vote:

AYES: NOES: ABSENT: ABSTAIN:	Councilmember(s): Councilmember(s): Councilmember(s): Councilmember(s):		15
ATTEST:		Michael D. Kozlowski, MAYOR	
Christa Freen	nantle, CITY CLERK		

## Exhibit A

Small Lot Vesting Tentative Map



## Exhibit B

Conditions of Approval

# CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL FOR THE PHASE 1 C SOUTH SUBDIVISION (PN 21-086) WEST OF SAVANNAH PARKWAY, SOUTH OF MANGINI PARKWAY AND NORTH OF WHITE ROCK SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP, PLANNED DEVELOPMENT PERMIT- DEVELOPMENT STANDARD DEVIATIONS AND DESIGN REVIEW AND MINOR ADMINISTRATIVE MODIFICATIONS AND STREET NAMES

Condition No.	Mitigation Measure	Condition of Approval	When Required	Responsible Department
1.,		As amended by the Planning Commission on October 6, 2021:  Final Development Plans The owner/applicant shall submit final site development plans to the Community Development Department that shall substantially conform to the exhibits referenced below:  1. Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, dated July 1, 2021 2. Preliminary Grading, Drainage, and Utility Plan, dated July 1, 2021 3. Residential Schematic Design, dated December 4, 2020 4. Digital Color Board, dated May 4, 2021 5. Access and Circulation Analysis, dated September 23, 2021 6. Environmental Noise Analysis, dated September 15, 2021 7. Applicant's Inclusionary Housing Letter, September 15, 2021 The Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, Minor Administrative Modifications, Planned Development Permit-Development Standard Deviations and Design Review, Street Names and Inclusionary Housing Plan are approved for the development of a 115-unit single-family residential subdivision (Phase 1 C South Subdivision). Implementation of the project shall be consistent with the above referenced items and these conditions of approval.  Update Exhibit No. 3 - Residential Schematic Design pages A2.2, A2.3 and A2.4 to reflect the window configuration shown in A2.1.	G, I, M, B	CD (P)(E)
2.		Plan Submittal All civil engineering, improvement, and landscape and irrigation plans, shall be submitted to the Community Development Department for review and approval to ensure conformance with this approval and with relevant codes, policies, standards and other requirements of the City of Folsom.	G, I	CD (P)(E)

3.	Validity  This approval of the Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map shall be valid for a period of twenty-four (24) months pursuant to Section 16.16.110A of the Folsom Municipal Code and the Subdivision Map Act. The term of the Planned Development Permit and approved Inclusionary Housing Agreement shall track the term of the Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, as may be extended from time to time pursuant to Section 16.16.110.A and 16.16.120 of the Folsom Municipal Code and the Subdivision Map Act.	М	CD (P)
4.	FMC Compliance The Small-Lot Final Map shall comply with the Folsom Municipal Code and the Subdivision Map Act.	M	CD (E)
5.	Development Rights  The approval of this Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map conveys the right to develop. As noted in these conditions of approval for the Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, the City has identified improvements necessary to develop the subject parcels. These improvements include on and off-site roadways, water, sewer, storm drainage, landscaping, sound walls, and other improvements.	OG	CD (P)(E)(B) PW, PR, FD, PD
6.	Public Right of Way Dedication  As provided for in the First Amended and Restated Development Agreement (ARDA) and the Amendments No. 1 and 2 thereto, and any approved amendments thereafter, the Owner/Applicant shall dedicate all public rights-of-way and corresponding public utility easements such that public access is provided to each and every lot within the Phase 1 C South Subdivision project as shown on the Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map (Lots 1-115).	М	CD (E)(P)

7.	Street Names The street names used for the Final Small-Lot I Ranch Street name list approved with this Project names. The following are approved street names.	ect or the City's list of approved street		
	1. Apollo 2. Artemis 3. Azure 4. Bedrock 5. Caprock 6. Bellanna 7. Burns 8. Cantrell 9. Caraway 10. Celestial 11. Clementine 12. Daffodil 13. Equinox 14. Firefly 15. Freesia 16. Frontier 17. Gibbous 18. Hampton 19. Happy Hallow 20. Haven 21. Indigo 22. Lukella 23. Magnolia 24. Margauex 25. Mascon 26. Monarch 27. Moonbeam 28. Neptune	29. Orbit 30. Nightberry 31. Opal 32. Pegasus 33. Raindrop 34. Ranger 35. Rattan 36. Riata 37. Romanini 38. Selene 39. Sisal 40. Solstice 41. Starlight 42. Southpointe 43. Sunflower 44. Tilly 45. Twilight 46. Violet 47. Voyager 48. Williamson	M	CD (E)(P)

8.	Indemnity for City		
	The Owner/Applicant shall protect, defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the City and		
	its agents, officers and employees from any claim, action or proceeding against the City		
	or its agents, officers or employees to attack, set aside, void, or annul any approval by		
	the City or any of its agencies, departments, commissions, agents, officers, employees,		
	or legislative body concerning the project, which claim, action or proceeding is brought		
	within the time period provided therefore in Government Code Section 66499.37 or		
	other applicable statutes of limitation. The City will promptly notify the		
	owner/applicant of any such claim, action or proceeding, and will cooperate fully in the	OG	CD (P)(E)(B)
	defense. If the City should fail to cooperate fully in the defense, the owner		PW, PR, FD,
	owner/applicant shall not thereafter be responsible to defend, indemnify and hold		PD
	harmless the City or its agents, officers, and employees, pursuant to this condition. The		
	City may, within its unlimited discretion, participate in the defense of any such claim,		
	action or proceeding if both of the following occur:		
	The City bears its own attorney's fees and costs; and		
	The City defends the claim, action or proceeding in good faith		
	The owner/applicant shall not be required to pay or perform any settlement of such		
	claim, action or proceeding unless the settlement is approved by the owner/applicant.		
	The owner/applicant's obligations under this condition shall apply regardless of		
	whether a Final Map is ultimately recorded with respect to this project.		
9.	Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map		
	The Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision map is expressly conditioned upon		
	compliance with all environmental mitigation measures identified in the Folsom Plan	OG	CD
	Area Specific Plan EIR/EIS as amended by the Revised Proposed Water Supply Facility Alternative (November 2012), the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Backbone	OG	CD
	Infrastructure Mitigated Negative Declaration (December 2014).		
10.	ARDA and Amendments		
10.	The Owner/Applicant shall comply with all provisions of Amendments No. 1 and 2 to	M	CD (E)
	the First Amended and Restated Tier 1 Development Agreement and any approved	141	(E)
	amendments thereafter by and between the City and the owner/applicant of the project.		
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11.	Mitigation Monitoring  The owner/applicant shall participate in a mitigation monitoring and reporting program pursuant to City Council Resolution No. 2634 and Public Resources Code 21081.6.  The mitigation monitoring and reporting measures identified in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan FEIR/EIS have been incorporated into these conditions of approval in order to mitigate or avoid significant effects on the environment. These mitigation monitoring and reporting measures are identified in the mitigation measure column. Applicant shall fund on a Time and Materials basis all mitigation monitoring (e.g., staff and consultant time).	OG	CD (P)
12.	The owner/applicant acknowledges that the State adopted amendments to Section 65850 of the California Government Code (specifically Section 65850(9)), effective January 1, 2018, to allow for the implementation of inclusionary housing requirements in residential rental units, upon adoption of an ordinance by the City. The Landowner is not currently contemplating any residential rental projects within the Subject Property; however, in the event the City amends its Inclusionary Housing Ordinance with respect to rental housing pursuant to Section 65850(9), Landowner (or successor in interest) agrees that the Subject Property shall be subject to said City Ordinance, as amended, should any residential rental project be proposed within the Subject Property.	OG	CD (P)
	POLICE/SECURITY REQUIREMENT		
13.	The Owner/Applicant shall consult with the Police Department in order to incorporate all reasonable crime prevention measures. The following security/safety measures shall be considered:  • A security guard on-duty at all times at the site or a six-foot security fence shall be constructed around the perimeter of construction areas.  • Security measures for the safety of all construction equipment and unit appliances.  • Landscaping shall not cover exterior doors or windows, block line-of-sight at intersections or screen overhead lighting.	G, I, B	PD
	DEVELOPMENT COSTS AND FEE REQUIREMENTS		
14.	Taxes and Fees  The owner/applicant shall pay all applicable taxes, fees and charges for the project at the rate and amount required by the Public Facilities Financing Plan and Amendments No. 1 and No. 2 to the Amended and Restated Tier 1 Development Agreement.	М	CD (P)(E)

15.	Assessments		
	If applicable, the owner/applicant shall pay off any existing assessments against the	M	CD (E)
16	property, or file necessary segregation request and pay applicable fees.		
16.	FPASP Development Impact Fees  The Owner/Applicant shall be subject to all Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Area development impact fees in place at the time of approval or subsequently adopted consistent with the Public Facilities Financing Plan (PFFP), Development Agreement and amendments thereto, unless exempt by previous agreement. The owner/applicant shall be subject to all applicable Folsom Plan Area plan-wide development impact fees in effect at such time that a building permit is issued. These fees may include, but are not limited to, the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Fee, Specific Plan Infrastructure Fee (SPIF), Solid Waste Fee, Corporation Yard Fee, Transportation Management Fee, Transit Fee, Highway 50 Interchange Fee, General Park Equipment Fee, Housing Trust Fee, etc.	В	CD (P), PW, PK
	Any protest to such for all fees, dedications, reservations or other exactions imposed on this project will begin on the date of final approval (November 2021), or otherwise shall be governed by the terms of Amendments No. 1 and 2 to ARDA. The fees shall be calculated at the fee rate set forth in the PFFP and the ARDA.		
17.	Legal Counsel  The City, at its sole discretion, may utilize the services of outside legal counsel to assist in the implementation of this project, including, but not limited to, drafting, reviewing and/or revising agreements and/or other documentation for the project. If the City utilizes the services of such outside legal counsel, the City shall provide notice to the owner/applicant of the outside counsel selected, the scope of work and hourly rates, and the owner/applicant shall reimburse the City for all outside legal fees and costs incurred and documented by the City for such services. The owner/applicant may be required, at the sole discretion of the City Attorney, to submit a deposit to the City for these services prior to initiation of the services. The owner/applicant shall be responsible for reimbursement to the City for the services regardless of whether a deposit is required.	OG	CD (P)(E)

18.	Consultant Services		
	If the City utilizes the services of consultants to prepare special studies or provide	ic)	
	specialized design review or inspection services for the project, the City shall provide		
	notice to the owner/applicant of the outside consultant selected, the scope of work and		
	hourly rates, and the owner/applicant shall reimburse the City for actual costs incurred	G, I, M, B	CD (P)(E)
	and documented in utilizing these services, including administrative costs for City		. , , ,
	personnel. A deposit for these services shall be provided prior to initiating review of		
	the Grading Plan, Final Map, improvement plans, or beginning inspection, whichever is		
	applicable.		

	GRADING PERMIT REQUIREMENTS		
19,	Walls/Fences The final location, design, height, materials, and colors of the walls and fences shall be consistent with the submitted tentative map exhibits and noise barrier exhibit, subject to review and approval by the Community Development Department to ensure consistency with the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines.	G, I, B	CD (P)(E), FD
20.	Mine Shaft Remediation  The owner/applicant shall locate and remediate all antiquated mine shafts, drifts, open cuts, tunnels, and water conveyance or impoundment structures existing on the project site, with specific recommendations for the sealing, filling, or removal of each that meet all applicable health, safety and engineering standards. Recommendations shall be prepared by an appropriately licensed engineer or geologist. All remedial plans shall be reviewed and approved by the City prior to approval of grading plans.	G	CD (E)
21.	<ul> <li>Prepare Traffic Control Plan.</li> <li>Prior to construction, a Traffic Control Plan for roadways and intersections affected by construction shall be prepared by the owner/applicant. The Traffic Control Plan prepared by the owner/applicant shall, at minimum, include the following measures:</li> <li>Maintaining the maximum amount of travel lane capacity during non-construction periods, possible, and advanced notice to drivers through the provision of construction signage.</li> <li>Maintaining alternate one-way traffic flow past the lay down area and site access when feasible.</li> <li>Heavy trucks and other construction transport vehicles shall avoid the busiest commute hours (7 a.m. to 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. to 6 p.m. on weekdays).</li> <li>A minimum 72-hour advance notice of access restrictions for residents, businesses, and local emergency response agencies. This shall include the identification of alternative routes and detours to enable for the avoidance of the immediate construction zone.</li> <li>A phone number and City contact for inquiries about the schedule of the construction throughout the construction period. This information will be posted in a local newspaper, via the City's web site, or at City Hall and will be updated on a monthly basis.</li> </ul>	G	CD (E)

22.	State and Federal Permits		
	The owner/applicant shall obtain all required State and Federal permits and provide	G, I	CD (P)(E)
	evidence that said permits have been obtained, or that the permit is not required, subject		
	to staff review prior to approval of any grading or improvement plan.		
23.	Landslide /Slope Failure		
	The owner/applicant shall retain an appropriately licensed engineer during grading	G	CD (E) PW
	activities to identify existing landslides and potential slope failure hazards. The said		
	engineer shall be notified a minimum of two days prior to any site clearing or grading		
	to facilitate meetings with the grading contractor in the field.		
	IMPROVEMENT PLAN REQUIREMENTS		
24.	Improvement Plans		
	The improvement plans for the required public and private subdivision improvements	M	CD (E)
	necessary to serve any and all phases of development shall be reviewed and approved		
	by the Community Development Department prior to approval of a Final Map.		
25.	Standard Construction Specifications and Details		
	Public and private improvements, including roadways, curbs, gutters, sidewalks,		
	bicycle lanes and trails, streetlights, underground infrastructure and all other	I	CD (P)(E)
	improvements shall be provided in accordance with the latest edition of the City of		
	Folsom Standard Construction Specifications and Details and the Design and		
	Procedures Manual and Improvement Standards.		
26.	Water and Sewer Infrastructure		
	All City-owned water and sewer infrastructure shall be placed within the street right of		
	way. In the event that a City-maintained public water or sewer main needs to be placed		
	in an area other than the public right of way, such as through an open space corridor,		
	landscaped area, etc., the following criteria shall be met;		
	The Owner/Applicant shall provide public sewer and water main easements.	Ι	CD (E)
	An access road shall be designed and constructed to allow for the operations,		
	maintenance and replacement of the public water or sewer line by the City along		
	the entire water and/or sewer line alignment.		
	In no case shall a City-maintained public water or public sewer line be placed on		
	private residential property.		

27.	Lighting Plan		
	The owner/applicant of all project phases shall submit a lighting plan for the project to the Community Development Department. The lighting plan shall be consistent with the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines:		×
	<ul> <li>Shield or screen lighting fixtures to direct the light downward and prevent light spill on adjacent properties.</li> <li>Place and shield or screen flood and area lighting needed for construction activities, nighttime sporting activities, and/or security so as not to disturb adjacent residential areas and passing motorists;</li> <li>For public lighting in residential neighborhoods, prohibit the use of light fixtures that are of unusually high intensity or that blink or flash;</li> <li>Use appropriate building materials (such as low-glare glass, low-glare building glaze or finish, neutral, earth toned colored paint and roofing materials), shielded or screened lighting, and appropriate signage in the office/commercial areas to prevent light and glare from adversely affecting motorists on nearby roadways; and</li> <li>Design exterior on-site lighting as an integral part of the building and landscaping design in the Specific Plan Area. Lighting fixtures shall be architecturally consistent with the overall site design. Lights used on signage should be directed to light only the sign face with no off-site glare.</li> </ul>	I	CD (P)
28.	Utility Coordination  The owner/applicant shall coordinate the planning, development and completion of this project with the various utility agencies (i.e., SMUD, PG&E, etc.). The owner/applicant shall provide the City with written confirmation of public utility service prior to approval of the final map.	М	CD (P)(E)
29.	Replacing Hazardous Facilities  The owner/applicant shall be responsible for replacing any and all damaged or hazardous public sidewalk, curb and gutter, and/or bicycle trail facilities along the site frontage and/or boundaries, including pre-existing conditions and construction damage, to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.	I, OG	CD (E)
30.	Future Utility Lines  All future utility lines lower than 69 KV that are to be built within the project shall be placed underground within and along the perimeter of the project at the developer's cost. The owner/applicant shall dedicate to SMUD all necessary underground easements for the electrical facilities that will be necessary to service development of the project.	М	CD (E)

31.	Water Meter Fixed Network System		
	The owner owner/applicant shall pay for, furnish and install all infrastructure as	ssociated I	CD (E), EWR
	with the water meter fixed network system for any City-owned and maintained	water	
	meter within the project.		
32.	Class II Bike Lanes		
	All Class II bike lanes (Savannah Parkway) shall be striped, and the legends pa	inted to I	CD (E)(P)
	the satisfaction of the Community Development Department. No parking shall	be	, , , ,
	permitted within the Class II bike lanes.		

		Noise Barriers and Window Assemblies  Based on the Environmental Noise Assessment (the "Noise Assessment") prepared by Bollard Acoustical Consultants on September 15, 2021, the following measures shall be implemented to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department:  Six to ten-foot noise barriers shall be constructed along the Project boundaries adjacent to Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road/Future Southeast Connector. Lots 36-45 require a 10-ft wall, Lots 27-35 require a 9-foot wall, Lots 24-36 an 8-foot wall, Lots 105-115 require a 7-foot wall, and Lots 1-5 a 6-foot wall. The noise barriers could take the form a masonry wall, earthen berm, or combination of the two. For the 9-foot and 10-foot barriers segments adjacent to White Rock Road, the Applicant shall limit the barrier height to 8 feet, as feasible, and implement construction measures (e.g., berming, adjustments to finished grades, etc.) to meet exterior noise standards.  Suitable materials for the traffic noise barriers include masonry and precast concrete panels. Other materials may be acceptable but shall be reviewed by an acoustical consultant and approved by the Community Development Department prior to use.  To ensure compliance with the General Plan 45 dB DNL exterior noise level standard including a factor of safety, all upper-floor bedroom windows of residences constructed adjacent to Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road from which the roadway would be visible shall be upgraded to a minimum STC rating of 32, 34 and 35. Lots 1-5 and Lots 103 – 115 require an STC rating of 32. Lot's 24-35 require an STC rating of 34 and Lot's 36-45 require an STC rating of 35.  Mechanical ventilation (air conditioning) shall be provided for all residences in this development to allow the occupants to close doors and windows as desired to achieve compliance with the applicable General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard.	I, O	CD (E)(P)
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34.	Master Plan Updates		
	The Owner/Applicant shall provide sanitary sewer, water and storm drainage improvements with corresponding easements, as necessary, in accordance with these studies and the latest edition of the City of Folsom <u>Standard Construction</u> <u>Specifications and Details</u> , and the <u>Design and Procedures Manual and Improvement Standards</u> .	G, I	CD(E), EWR, PW
	The storm drainage design shall provide for no net increase in run-off under post-development conditions.		
35.	Best Management Practices  The storm drain improvement plans shall provide for "Best Management Practices" that meet the requirements of the water quality standards of the City's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit issued by the State Regional Water Quality Control Board.  In addition to compliance with City ordinances, the owner/applicant shall prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) that comply with the General Construction Stormwater Permit from the Central Valley RWQCB, to reduce water quality effects during construction. Detailed information about the SWPPP and BMPs are provided in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality."	G, I	CD (E)
36.	Litter Control  During Construction, the owner/applicant shall be responsible for litter control and sweeping of all paved surfaces in accordance with City standards. All on-site storm drains shall be cleaned immediately before the official start of the rainy season (October 15).	OG	CD (E)

	FIRE DEPT REQUIREMENTS		
37.	<ul> <li>All-Weather Access and Fire Hydrants</li> <li>The Owner/Applicant shall provide all-weather access and fire hydrants before combustible materials are allowed on any project site or other approved alternative method as approved by the Fire Department. All-weather emergency access roads and fire hydrants (tested and flushed) shall be provided before combustible material or vertical construction is allowed on any project site or other approved alternative method as approved by the Fire Department. (All-weather access is defined as six inches of compacted aggregate base from May 1 to September 30 and two inches asphalt concrete over six inches aggregate base from October 1 to April 30). The buildings shall have illuminated addresses visible from the street or drive fronting the property. Size and location of address identification shall be reviewed and approved by the Fire Department.</li> <li>Residential Fire-Flow with Automatic Fire Sprinkler System: The required fire-flow for the proposed subdivision is determined to be 500 gpm per minute for 30 minutes.</li> <li>All public streets shall meet City of Folsom Street Standards.</li> <li>The maximum length of any dead-end street shall not exceed 500 feet in accordance with the Folsom Fire Code (unless approved by the Fire Department).</li> <li>All-weather emergency access roads and fire hydrants (tested and flushed) shall be provided before combustible material storage or vertical construction is allowed. All-weather access is defined as 6" of compacted AB from May 1 to September 30 and 2"AC over 6" AB from October 1 to April 30</li> </ul>	G, I, M, B	CD (P), FD

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	MAP REQUIREMENTS				
39.	Subdivision Improvement Agreement				
	Prior to the approval of any Final Map, the owner/applicant shall enter into a subdivision				
	improvement agreement with the City, identifying all required improvements, if any, to	M	CD (E)		
	be constructed with each proposed phase of development. The owner/applicant shall		, ,		
	provide security acceptable to the City, guaranteeing construction of the improvements.				
40.	The Final Inclusionary Housing Plan				
	The Final Inclusionary Housing Plan shall be approved by the City Council. The				
	Inclusionary Housing Agreement, which will be approved by the City Attorney, shall be	M	CD (P)(E)		
	executed prior to recordation of the Final Map for the Phase 1 C South Subdivision				
	project.				

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41.	Department of Real Estate Public Report  The owner/applicant shall disclose to the homebuyers in the Department of Real Estate Public Report and/or the CC&R's the following items:		
	The soil in the subdivision may contain naturally occurring asbestos and naturally occurring arsenic.		
	2) The collecting, digging, or removal of any stone, artifact, or other prehistoric or historic object located in public or open space areas, and the disturbance of any archaeological site or historic property, is prohibited.		
	3) The project site is located close to the Mather Airport flight path and overflight noise may be present at various times.	M	CD (B BV)
	4) Owner/Applicant acknowledges the final design, location, grade and configuration of the Southeast Connector Project along the southern boundary is not known. As such, Owner/Applicant will include a recorded disclosure to be provided to all potential buyers of homes within Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South Project advising of the future Connector Project and associated noise, grade changes, height, location, design, traffic and construction as eventually approved.	IVI	CD (P, PK)
	5) That all properties located within one mile of an on- or off-site area zoned or used for agricultural use (including livestock grazing) shall be accompanied by written disclosure from the transferor, in a form approved by the City of Folsom, advising any transferee of the potential adverse odor impacts from surrounding agricultural operations, which disclosure shall direct the transferee to contact the County of Sacramento concerning any such property within the County zoned for agricultural uses within one mile of the subject property being transferred.		
	6) Applicant shall ensure that the CC&Rs contain a notice that the side yard fencing cannot be relocated and must remain as installed by Applicant.		=

42.	Public Utility Easements		
	The Owner/Applicant shall dedicate public utility easements for underground facilities on properties adjacent to the public and private streets. A minimum of twelve and one-half-foot (12.5') wide Public Utility Easements for underground facilities (i.e., SMUD, Pacific Gas and Electric, cable television, telephone) shall be dedicated adjacent to all public and private street rights-of-way. The Owner/Applicant shall dedicate additional width to accommodate extraordinary facilities as determined by the City. The width of the public utility easements adjacent to public and private right of way may be reduced with prior approval from public utility companies.	M	CD (E)
43.	Backbone Infrastructure  As provided for in the ARDA and the Amendment No. 1 thereto, the Owner/Applicant shall provide fully executed grant deeds, legal descriptions, and plats for all necessary Infrastructure to serve the project, including but not limited to lands, public rights of way, public utility easements, public water main easements, public sewer easements, irrevocable offers of dedication and temporary construction easements. All required easements as listed necessary for the infrastructure shall be reviewed and approved by the City and recorded with the Sacramento County Recorder pursuant to the timing requirements set forth in Section 3.8 of the ARDA, and any amendments thereto.	М	CD (E)
44.	New Permanent Benchmarks  The owner/applicant shall provide and establish new permanent benchmarks on the (NAVD 88) datum in various locations within the subdivision or at any other locations in the vicinity of the project/subdivision as directed by the City Engineer. The type and specifications for the permanent benchmarks shall be provided by the City. The new benchmarks shall be placed by the owner/applicant within 6 months from the date of approval of the vesting tentative subdivision map.	М	CD (E)
45.	Centralized Mail Delivery Units  All Final Maps shall show easements or other mapped provisions for the placement of centralized mail delivery units. The owner/applicant shall provide a concrete base for the placement of any centralized mail delivery unit. Specifications and location of such base shall be determined pursuant to the applicable requirements of the U. S. Postal Service and the City of Folsom Community Development Department, with due consideration for street light location, traffic safety, security, and consumer convenience.	М	CD (E)

46.	Recorded Final Map		
	Prior to the issuance of building permits, the owner/applicant shall provide a digital copy		
	of the recorded Final Map (in AutoCAD format) to the Community Development	В	CD (E)
	Department. The exception to this requirement is model homes. Building permits for		
	model homes only may be issued prior to recording of the Final Map, subject to		
	approval by the Community Development Department.		
47.	Recorded Final Map		
	Prior to issuance of building permits, the owner/applicant shall provide the Folsom-	В	CD (P), FCUSD
	Cordova Unified School District with a copy of the recorded Final Map.		
48.	Credit Reimbursement Agreement		
	Prior to the recordation of the first Small-Lot Final Map, the Owner/Applicant and City	M	CD (E)
	shall enter into a credit and reimbursement agreement for constructed improvements that		
	are included in the Folsom Plan Area's Public Facilities Financing Plan.		

40	TRAFFIC/ACCESS/CIRCULATION/PARKING REQUIREMENTS		
49.	The following conditions of approval are related to roadway and traffic related improvements for the Phase 1 C South Subdivision project:		
	a. Vehicle Access shall be granted on Street F to provide and maintain		
	secondary access to the north (via the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project) for a connection to Mangini Parkway.		
	b. Required public and private subdivision improvements, including but not	В	CD (E), PW, FD
	limited to street and frontage improvements on Savannah Parkway, and		
	Mangini Parkway shall be completed prior to issuance of the first Certificate		
	of Occupancy for the subdivision.  c. The northbound left-turn from Savannah Parkway into Street "A" shall be		
	constructed to include a minimum of 125-feet of storage/ deceleration plus a		
	60-foot bay taper.		
	d. The Project shall install the traffic signal control on Savannah Parkway at		
	Mangini Parkway to the satisfaction of the City prior to the issuance of the		
	first certificate of occupancy. The northbound left-turn lane on Savannah Parkway to Mangini Parkway shall be constructed to include a minimum of		
	180-feet of storage/deceleration plus a 60-foot bay taper.		
	e. The Project shall construct shoulder improvements along the Project's entire		
	frontage of westbound White Rock Road to the satisfaction of the City prior		
	to approval of the final map. In lieu of constructing the interim shoulder		
	improvements, the Project may enter into a Subdivision Improvement Agreement with the City and post adequate security to the City's		
	satisfaction to ensure construction of said improvements; the security shall		
	be in place for a minimum period of 10 years. If shoulder improvements are		
	constructed and/or funded by the Project, then said costs may be included in		
	an applicable fee program established and approved for the Folsom Plan		
	Area subject to approval by the City and the actual costs expended by the		
	owner/applicant may therefore be eligible for a credit and/or reimbursement.		

g	With the project, the Savannah Parkway frontage will be constructed and the right-of-way necessary for the ultimate intersection with the Capital Southeast Connector will be dedicated. All right-of-way within the City of Folsom required to construct the interim and ultimate improvements (as per Exhibit 1 of the traffic report shall be provided as part of this Project.  If construction of the Capital Southeast Connector Project between East Bidwell Street and the El Dorado County line has commenced during the term of the required Subdivision Improvement Agreement, then the shoulder improvement condition will be deemed satisfied, and the security shall be released to the Owner/Applicant.			
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	ARCHITECTURE/SITE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS		
50.	The Phase 1C South Subdivision project shall comply with the following architecture and design requirements:		
	1. This approval is for two-story master plans in three architectural styles with 9 color and material options. The Applicant shall submit building plans that comply with this approval and the attached building elevations dated December 4, 2020.		
	2. The design, materials, and colors of the single-family residential units shall be consistent with the approved building elevations, materials samples, and color schemes to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.		
	3. Lots 13, 21-22, 49-55, 81, 90 and 93-102 have garages setback 18-feet and front yard setback of 12.5-feet.	В	CD (P) (B)
	4. Lots 14, 48, 56-64, 79-80, 91 and 104 may have garages setback 18-feet and have the option of a front yard setback of 12.5-feet to accommodate a rear yard covered patio.		
	<ol> <li>Lots 24-42 may have garages setback 18-feet and a front yard setback of 12.5 to provide additional rear yard separation from the sound wall.</li> </ol>		
	6. All front yard irrigation and landscaping shall be installed prior to a Building Permit Final.		

	7. The Community Development Department shall approve the individual lot permits to assure no duplication or repetition of the same house, same roof-line, same elevation style, side-by-side, or across the street from each other.		70
	8. All mechanical equipment shall be ground-mounted and concealed from view of public streets, neighboring properties and nearby higher buildings.		
	9. Decorative light fixtures, consistent with the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines and unique to each architectural design theme, shall be added to the front elevation of each Master Plan to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.		
	10. A minimum of one street tree shall be planted in the front yard of each residential lot within the subdivision. A minimum of two trees are required along the street-		
51.	Trash/Recycling Containers and Air Conditioner Screening		
	Trash, recycling, and yard waste containers shall be placed behind the side yard fence so that they are not visible from the public right-of-way to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department. In addition, air conditioning units shall also be placed behind the side yard fence or located in the rear yard so that they are not visible from the public right-of-way to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.	OG	CD (P) (E)

		MITIGATION MEASURES		
52.	<b>✓</b>	Phase 1 C South Subdivision Mitigation Monitoring Reporting Program (MMRP). The conditions of approval below (numbered 53-1 to 53-89) implement the applicable mitigation measures from the FPASP (May 2011) MMRP, as amended by the Revised Proposed Water Supply Facility Alternative (November 2012), the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Backbone Infrastructure Mitigated Negative Declaration (December 2014), and the Westland Eagle Specific Plan Amendment (September 2015).		
Condition No.	Mitigation Number (Source)	Mitigation Measures	Timing	Responsible Agency
	*	AESTHETICS		
53-1	3A.1-4 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Screen Construction Staging Areas.  The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall locate staging and material storage areas as far away from sensitive biological resources and sensitive land uses (e.g., residential areas, schools, parks) as feasible. Staging and material storage areas shall be approved by the appropriate agency (identified below) before the approval of grading plans for all project phases and shall be screened from adjacent occupied land uses in earlier development phases to the maximum extent practicable. Screens may include, but are not limited to, the use of such visual barriers such as berms or fences. The screen design shall be approved by the appropriate agency to further reduce visual effects to the extent possible.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries shall be developed by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, and Caltrans) to reduce to the extent feasible the visual effects of construction activities on adjacent project land uses that have already been developed.	Before approval of grading plans and during construction for all project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department.
53-2	3A.1-5 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Establish and Require Conformance to Lighting Standards and Prepare and Implement a Lighting Plan.  To reduce impacts associated with light and glare, the City shall:  ► Establish standards for on-site outdoor lighting to reduce high-intensity nighttime lighting and glare as part of the Folsom Specific Plan	Before approval of building permits.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

design guidelines/standards. Consideration shall be given to design features, namely directional shielding for street lighting, parking lot lighting, and other substantial light sources, that would reduce effects of nighttime lighting. In addition, consideration shall be given to the use of automatic shutoffs or motion sensors for lighting features to further reduce excess nighttime light.

▶ Use shielded or screened public lighting fixtures to prevent the light from shining off of the surface intended to be illuminated.

To reduce impacts associated with light and glare, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall:

- ▶ Shield or screen lighting fixtures to direct the light downward and prevent light spill on adjacent properties.
- ▶ Flood and area lighting needed for construction activities, nighttime sporting activities, and/or security shall be screened or aimed no higher than 45 degrees above straight down (half-way between straight down and straight to the side) when the source is visible from any off-site residential property or public roadway.
- ▶ For public lighting in residential neighborhoods, prohibit the use of light fixtures that are of unusually high intensity or brightness (e.g., harsh mercury vapor, low-pressure sodium, or fluorescent bulbs) or that blink or flash.
- ▶ Use appropriate building materials (such as low-glare glass, low-glare building glaze or finish, neutral, earth-toned colored paint and roofing materials), shielded or screened lighting, and appropriate signage in the office/commercial areas to prevent light and glare from adversely affecting motorists on nearby roadways.
- ▶ Design exterior on-site lighting as an integral part of the building and landscape design in the Folsom Specific Plan area. Lighting fixtures shall be architecturally consistent with the overall site design.
- ▶ Lighting of off-site facilities within the City of Folsom shall be consistent with the City's General Plan standards.
- ▶ Lighting of the off-site detention basin shall be consistent with Sacramento County General Plan standards.

		A lighting plan for all on- and off-site elements within each agency's jurisdictional boundaries (specified below) shall be submitted to the relevant jurisdictional agency for review and approval, which shall include the above elements. The lighting plan may be submitted concurrently with other improvement plans, and shall be submitted before the installation of any lighting or the approval of building permits for each phase. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall implement the approved lighting plan.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties).		
		AIR QUALITY		
53-3	3A.2-1a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Implement Measures to Control Air Pollutant Emissions Generated by Construction of On-Site Elements.  To reduce short-term construction emissions, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall require their contractors to implement SMAQMD's list of Basic Construction Emission Control Practices, Enhanced Fugitive PM Dust Control Practices, and Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices (list below) in effect at the time individual portions of the site undergo construction. In addition to SMAQMD-recommended measures, construction operations shall comply with all applicable SMAQMD rules and regulations.	Before the approval of all grading plans by the City and throughout project construction, where applicable, for all project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
		Basic Construction Emission Control Practices		
		▶ Water all exposed surfaces two times daily. Exposed surfaces include, but are not limited to soil piles, graded areas, unpaved parking areas, staging areas, and access roads.		
		► Cover or maintain at least two feet of free board space on haul trucks transporting soil, sand, or other loose material on the site. Any haul trucks that would be traveling along freeways or major roadways should be covered.		

- ▶ Use wet power vacuum street sweepers to remove any visible trackout mud or dirt onto adjacent public roads at least once a day. Use of dry power sweeping is prohibited.
- ▶ Limit vehicle speeds on unpaved roads to 15 miles per hour (mph).
- ▶ All roadways, driveways, sidewalks, parking lots to be paved should be completed as soon as possible. In addition, building pads should be laid as soon as possible after grading unless seeding or soil binders are used.
- Minimize idling time either by shutting equipment off when not in use or reducing the time of idling to 5 minutes (as required by the state airborne toxics control measure [Title 13, Section 2485 of the California Code of Regulations]). Provide clear signage that posts this requirement for workers at the entrances to the site.
- ▶ Maintain all construction equipment in proper working condition according to manufacturer's specifications. The equipment must be checked by a certified mechanic and determine to be running in proper condition before it is operated.

## Enhanced Fugitive PM Dust Control Practices – Soil Disturbance Areas

- ▶ Water exposed soil with adequate frequency for continued moist soil. However, do not overwater to the extent that sediment flows off the site.
- ▶ Suspend excavation, grading, and/or demolition activity when wind speeds exceed 20 mph.
- ▶ Plant vegetative ground cover (fast-germinating native grass seed) in disturbed areas as soon as possible. Water appropriately until vegetation is established.

## Enhanced Fugitive PM Dust Control Practices - Unpaved Roads

- ▶ Install wheel washers for all exiting trucks, or wash off all trucks and equipment leaving the site.
- ▶ Treat site accesses to a distance of 100 feet from the paved road with a 6 to 12-inch layer of wood chips, mulch, or gravel to reduce generation of road dust and road dust carryout onto public roads.

▶ Post a publicly visible sign with the telephone number and person to contact at the construction site regarding dust complaints. This person shall respond and take corrective action within 48 hours. The phone number of SMAQMD and the City contact person shall also be posted to ensure compliance.

## **Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices**

The project shall provide a plan, for approval by the City of Folsom Community Development Department and SMAQMD, demonstrating that the heavy-duty (50 horsepower [hp] or more) off-road vehicles to be used in the construction project, including owned, leased, and subcontractor vehicles, will achieve a project wide fleet-average 20% NOX reduction and 45% particulate reduction compared to the most current California Air Resources Board (ARB) fleet average that exists at the time of construction. Acceptable options for reducing emissions may include use of late-model engines, low-emission diesel products. alternative fuels, engine retrofit technology, after-treatment products, and/or other options as they become available. The project applicant(s) of each project phase or its representative shall submit to the City of Folsom Community Development Department and SMAQMD a comprehensive inventory of all off-road construction equipment, equal to or greater than 50 hp, that would be used an aggregate of 40 or more hours during any portion of the construction project. The inventory shall include the horsepower rating, engine production year, and projected hours of use for each piece of equipment. The inventory shall be updated and submitted monthly throughout the duration of the project, except that an inventory shall not be required for any 30-day period in which no construction activity occurs. At least 48 hours prior to the use of heavy-duty off-road equipment, the project representative shall provide SMAQMD with the anticipated construction timeline including start date, and name and phone number of the project manager and on-site foreman. SMAQMD's Construction Mitigation Calculator can be used to identify an equipment fleet that achieves this reduction (SMAQMD 2007a). The project shall ensure that emissions from all off-road diesel powered equipment used on the SPA do not exceed 40% opacity for more than three minutes in any one hour. Any equipment found to exceed 40 percent opacity (or

		Ringelmann 2.0) shall be repaired immediately, and the City and SMAQMD shall be notified within 48 hours of identification of noncompliant equipment. A visual survey of all in-operation equipment shall be made at least weekly, and a monthly summary of the visual survey results shall be submitted throughout the duration of the project, except that the monthly summary shall not be required for any 30-day period in which no construction activity occurs. The monthly summary shall include the quantity and type of vehicles surveyed as well as the dates of each survey. SMAQMD staff and/or other officials may conduct periodic site inspections to determine compliance. Nothing in this mitigation measure shall supersede other SMAQMD or state rules or regulations.  If at the time of construction, SMAQMD has adopted a regulation or new guidance applicable to construction emissions, compliance with the regulation or new guidance may completely or partially replace this mitigation if it is equal to or more effective than the mitigation contained herein, and if SMAQMD so permits.		
53-4	3A.2-1b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Pay Off-site Mitigation Fee to SMAQMD to Off-Set NOX Emissions Generated by Construction of On-Site Elements.  Implementation of the project or the other four other action alternatives would result in construction-generated NOX emissions that exceed the SMAQMD threshold of significance, even after implementation of the SMAQMD Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices (listed in Mitigation Measure 3A.2-1a). Additionally, Mitigation Measure 3A.4-1 (Implement Additional Measures to Control Construction-Generated GHG Emissions, pages 3A.4-14 to 15) has the potential to both reduce and increase NOX emissions, depending on the types of alternative fuels and engine types employed. Therefore, the project applicant(s) shall pay SMAQMD an off-site mitigation fee for implementation of any of the five action alternatives for the purpose of reducing NOX emissions to a less-than-significant level (i.e., less than 85 lb/day). All NOX emission reductions and increases associated with GHG mitigation shall be added to or subtracted from the amount above the construction threshold to determine off-site mitigation fees, when possible. The specific fee amounts shall be calculated when the daily construction emissions can be more accurately determined: that is, if the City/USACE select and certify the EIR/EIS and approves the Proposed Project or one of the other four other action	Before the approval of all grading plans by the City and throughout project construction for all project phases.	The City of Folsom Community Development Department shall not grant any grading permits to the respective project applicant(s) until the respective project applicant(s) have paid the appropriate off-site mitigation fee to SMAQMD.

53-5	3A.2-1c (FPASP EIR/EIS)	alternatives, the City and the applicants must establish the phasing by which development would occur, and the applicants must develop a detailed construction schedule. Calculation of fees associated with each project development phase shall be conducted by the project applicant(s) in consultation with SMAQMD staff before the approval of grading plans by the City. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall pay into SMAQMD's off-site construction mitigation fund to further mitigate construction generated emissions of NOX that exceed SMAQMD's daily emission threshold of 85 lb/day. The calculation of daily NOX emissions shall be based on the cost rate established by SMAQMD at the time the calculation and payment are made. At the time of writing this EIR/EIS the cost rate is \$16,000 to reduce 1 ton of NOX plus a 5% administrative fee (SMAQMD 2008c). The determination of the final mitigation fee shall be conducted in coordination with SMAQMD before any ground disturbance occurs for any project phase.  Analyze and Disclose Projected PM10 Emission Concentrations at Nearby Sensitive Receptors Resulting from Construction of On-Site Elements. Prior to construction of each discretionary development entitlement of on-site land uses, the project applicant shall perform a project-level CEQA analysis (e.g., supporting documentation for an exemption, negative declaration, or project-specific EIR) that includes detailed dispersion modeling of construction-generated PM10 to disclose what PM10 concentrations would be at nearby sensitive receptors. The dispersion modeling shall be performed in accordance with applicable SMAQMD guidance that is in place at the time the analysis is performed. At the time of writing this EIR/EIS, SMAQMD's most current and most detailed guidance for addressing construction-generated PM10 emissions is found in its Guide to Air Quality Assessment in Sacramento County (SMAQMD 2009a). The project-level analysis shall incorporate detailed parameters of the const	Before the approval of all grading plans by the City.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
53-6	3A.2-2 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Implement All Measures Prescribed by the Air Quality Mitigation Plan to Reduce Operational Air Pollutant Emissions.  To reduce operational emissions, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall implement all	Before issuance of subdivision maps or improvement plans.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

		measures prescribed in the SMAQMD-approved Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Air Quality Mitigation Plan (AQMP) (Torrence Planning 2008), a copy of which is included in Appendix C2. The AQMP is intended to improve mobility, reduce vehicle miles traveled, and improve air quality as required by AB 32 and SB 375. The AQMP includes, among others, measures designed to provide bicycle parking at commercial land uses, an integrated pedestrian/bicycle path network, transit stops with shelters, a prohibition against the use the wood-burning fireplaces, energy star roofing materials, electric lawnmowers provided to homeowners at no charge, and on-site transportation alternatives to passenger vehicles (including light rail) that provide connectivity with other local and regional alternative transportation networks.		
53-7	3A.2-4a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Develop and Implement a Plan to Reduce Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to Construction-Generated Toxic Air Contaminant Emissions.  The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall develop a plan to reduce the exposure of sensitive receptors to TACs generated by project construction activity associated with buildout of the selected alternative. Each plan shall be developed by the project applicant(s) in consultation with SMAQMD. The plan shall be submitted to the City for review and approval before the approval of any grading plans.  The plan may include such measures as scheduling activities when the residences are the least likely to be occupied, requiring equipment to be shut off when not in use, and prohibiting heavy trucks from idling. Applicable measures shall be included in all project plans and specifications for all project phases.  The implementation and enforcement of all measures identified in each plan shall be funded by the project applicant(s) for the respective phase of development.	Before the approval of all grading plans by the City and throughout project construction, where applicable, for all project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
53-8	3A.2-6 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Implement Measures to Control Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to Operational Odorous Emissions.  The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall implement the following measure:  ▶ The deeds to all properties located within the plan area that are within one mile of an on- or off-site area zoned or used for agricultural use	Before the approval of building permits by the City and throughout project construction, where applicable, for all project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

		(including livestock grazing) shall be accompanied by a written disclosure from the transferor, in a form approved by the City of Folsom, advising any transferee of the potential adverse odor impacts from surrounding agricultural operations, which disclosure shall direct the transferee to contact the County of Sacramento concerning any such property within the County zoned for agricultural uses within one mile of the subject property being transferred.		
		BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES		
53-9	3A.3-1a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Design Stormwater Drainage Plans and Erosion and Sediment Control Plans to Avoid and Minimize Erosion and Runoff to All Wetlands and Other Waters That Are to Remain on the SPA and Use Low Impact Development Features.  To minimize indirect effects on water quality and wetland hydrology, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall include stormwater drainage plans and erosion and sediment control plans in their improvement plans and shall submit these plans to the City Public Works Department for review and approval. For off-site elements within Sacramento County or El Dorado County jurisdiction (e.g., off-site detention basin and off-site roadway connections to El Dorado Hills), plans shall be submitted to the appropriate county planning department. Before approval of these improvement plans, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall obtain a NPDES MS4 Municipal Stormwater Permit and Grading Permit, comply with the City's Grading Ordinance and County drainage and stormwater quality standards, and commit to implementing all measures in their drainage plans and erosion and sediment control plans to avoid and minimize erosion and runoff into Alder Creek and all wetlands and other waters that would remain on-site. Detailed information about stormwater runoff standards and relevant City and County regulation is provided in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality."  The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development entitlement shall implement stormwater quality treatment controls consistent with the Stormwater Quality Design Manual for Sacramento and South Placer Regions in effect at the time the application is submitted. Appropriate runoff controls such as berms, storm gates, off-stream detention basins, overflow collection areas, filtration systems, and	Before approval of improvement and drainage plans, and on an ongoing basis throughout and after project construction, as required for all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department

sediment traps shall be implemented to control siltation and the potential discharge of pollutants. Development plans shall incorporate Low Impact Development (LID) features, such as pervious strips, permeable pavements, bioretention ponds, vegetated swales, disconnected rain gutter downspouts, and rain gardens, where appropriate. Use of LID features is recommended by the EPA to minimize impacts on water quality, hydrology, and stream geomorphology and is specified as a method for protecting water quality in the proposed specific plan. In addition, free spanning bridge systems shall be used for all roadway crossings over wetlands and other waters that are retained in the on-site open space. These bridge systems would maintain the natural and restored channels of creeks, including the associated wetlands, and would be designed with sufficient span width and depth to provide for wildlife movement along the creek corridors even during high-flow or flood events, as specified in the 404 permit.

In addition to compliance with City ordinances, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP), and implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) that comply with the General Construction Stormwater Permit from the Central Valley RWQCB, to reduce water quality effects during construction. Detailed information about the SWPPP and BMPs are provided in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality."

Each project development shall result in no net change to peak flows into Alder Creek and associated tributaries, or to Buffalo Creek, Carson Creek, and Coyote Creek. The project applicant(s) shall establish a baseline of conditions for drainage on-site. The baseline-flow conditions shall be established for 2-, 5-, and 100-year storm events. These baseline conditions shall be used to develop monitoring standards for the stormwater system on the SPA. The baseline conditions, monitoring standards, and a monitoring program shall be submitted to USACE and the City for their approval. Water quality and detention basins shall be designed and constructed to ensure that the performance standards, which are described in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality," are met and shall be designed as off-stream detention basins. Discharge sites into Alder Creek and associated tributaries, as well as tributaries to Carson Creek, Coyote Creek, and Buffalo Creek, shall be monitored to ensure that pre-project conditions are being met. Corrective measures shall be

	×	implemented as necessary. The mitigation measures will be satisfied when the monitoring standards are met for 5 consecutive years without undertaking corrective measures to meet the performance standard.  See FEIR/FEIS Appendix S showing that the detention basin in the northeast corner of the SPA has been moved off stream.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado County for the roadway connections, Sacramento County for the detention basin west of Prairie City Road, and Caltrans for the U.S. 50 interchange improvements) such that the performance standards described in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality," are met.		
53-10	3A.3-2a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Avoid Direct Loss of Swainson's Hawk and Other Raptor Nests.  To mitigate impacts on Swainson's hawk and other raptors (including burrowing owl), the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall retain a qualified biologist to conduct preconstruction surveys and to identify active nests on and within 0.5 mile of the project and active burrows on the project site. The surveys shall be conducted before the approval of grading and/or improvement plans (as applicable) and no less than 14 days and no more than 30 days before the beginning of construction for all project phases. To the extent feasible, guidelines provided in Recommended Timing and Methodology for Swainson's Hawk Nesting Surveys in the Central Valley (Swainson's Hawk Technical Advisory Committee 2000) shall be followed for surveys for Swainson's hawk. If no nests are found, no further mitigation is required.  If active nests are found, impacts on nesting Swainson's hawks and other raptors shall be avoided by establishing appropriate buffers around the nests. No project activity shall commence within the buffer area until the young have fledged, the nest is no longer active, or until a qualified biologist has determined in consultation with DFG that reducing the buffer would not result in nest abandonment. DFG guidelines recommend implementation of 0.25- or 0.5-mile-wide buffers, but the size of the buffer may be adjusted if a qualified biologist and the City, in consultation with DFG, determine that such an adjustment would not be likely to adversely affect the nest. Monitoring of the nest by a qualified	Before the approval of grading and improvement plans, before any ground disturbing activities, and during project construction as applicable for all project phases.	California Department of Fish and Game and City of Folsom Community Development Department.

		biologist during and after construction activities will be required if the activity has potential to adversely affect the nest.  If active burrows are found, a mitigation plan shall be submitted to the City for review and approval before any ground-disturbing activities.  The City shall consult with DFG. The mitigation plan may consist of installation of one-way doors on all burrows to allow owls to exit, but not reenter, and construction of artificial burrows within the project vicinity, as needed; however, burrow owl exclusions may only be used if a qualified biologist verifies that the burrow does not contain eggs or dependent young. If active burrows contain eggs and/or young, no construction shall occur within 50 feet of the burrow until young have fledged. Once it is confirmed that there are no owls inside burrows, these burrows may be collapsed.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be developed by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans), such that the performance criteria set forth in DFG's guidelines are determined to be met.		
53-11	3A.7-1a	GEOLOGY AND SOILS  Prepare Site-Specific Geotechnical Report per CBC Requirements and	Before issuance of	City of Folsom Community
	(FPASP EIR/EIS)	Implement Appropriate Recommendations. Before building permits are issued and construction activities begin any project development phase, the project applicant(s) of each project phase shall hire a licensed geotechnical engineer to prepare a final geotechnical subsurface investigation report for the on- and off-site facilities, which shall be submitted for review and approval to the appropriate City or county department (identified below). The final geotechnical engineering report shall address and make recommendations on the following:	building permits and ground- disturbing activities.	Development Department
		► Site preparation;		
1		Soil bearing capacity;		
		Appropriate sources and types of fill;		
		<ul> <li>Appropriate sources and types of fill;</li> <li>Potential need for soil amendments;</li> <li>Road, pavement, and parking areas;</li> </ul>		

		<ul> <li>Grading practices;</li> <li>Soil corrosion of concrete and steel;</li> <li>Erosion/winterization;</li> <li>Seismic ground shaking;</li> <li>Liquefaction; and</li> <li>Expansive/unstable soils.</li> <li>In addition to the recommendations for the conditions listed above, the geotechnical investigation shall include subsurface testing of soil and groundwater conditions, and shall determine appropriate foundation designs that are consistent with the version of the CBC that is applicable at the time building and grading permits are applied for. All recommendations contained in the final geotechnical engineering report shall be implemented by the project applicant(s) of each project phase. Special recommendations contained in the geotechnical engineering report shall be noted on the grading plans and implemented as appropriate before construction begins. Design and construction of all new project development shall be in accordance with the CBC. The project applicant(s) shall provide for engineering inspection and certification that earthwork has been performed in conformity with recommendations contained in the geotechnical report.</li> </ul>		
53-12	3A.7-1b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Monitor Earthwork during Earthmoving Activities.  All earthwork shall be monitored by a qualified geotechnical or soils engineer retained by the project applicant(s) of each project phase. The geotechnical or soils engineer shall provide oversight during all excavation, placement of fill, and disposal of materials removed from and deposited on both on- and off-site construction areas.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans).	Before issuance of building permits and ground- disturbing activities.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
53-13	3A.7-3 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Prepare and Implement the Appropriate Grading and Erosion Control Plan.	Before the start of construction activities.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

		Before grading permits are issued, the project applicant(s) of each project phase that would be located within the City of Folsom shall retain a California Registered Civil Engineer to prepare a grading and erosion control plan. The grading and erosion control plan shall be submitted to the City Public Works Department before issuance of grading permits for all new development. The plan shall be consistent with the City's Grading Ordinance, the City's Hillside Development Guidelines, and the state's NPDES permit, and shall include the site-specific grading associated with development for all project phases.  The plans referenced above shall include the location, implementation schedule, and maintenance schedule of all erosion and sediment control measures, a description of measures designed to control dust and stabilize the construction-site road and entrance, and a description of the location and methods of storage and disposal of construction materials. Erosion and sediment control measures could include the use of detention basins, berms, swales, wattles, and silt fencing, and covering or watering of stockpiled soils to reduce wind erosion. Stabilization on steep slopes could include construction of retaining walls and reseeding with vegetation after construction. Stabilization of construction entrances to minimize trackout (control dust) is commonly achieved by installing filter fabric and crushed rock to a depth of approximately 1 foot. The project applicant(s) shall ensure that the construction contractor is responsible for securing a source of transportation and deposition of excavated materials.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties).  Implementation of Mitigation Measure 3A.9-1 (discussed in Section 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality – Land") would also help reduce erosion-related im		
53-14	3A.7-5 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Divert Seasonal Water Flows Away from Building Foundations.  The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall either install subdrains (which typically consist of perforated pipe and gravel, surrounded by nonwoven geotextile fabric), or take such other actions as recommended by the geotechnical or civil engineer for the project that would serve to	Before and during earthmoving activities.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

		divert seasonal flows caused by surface infiltration, water seepage, and perched water during the winter months away from building foundations.		
53-15	3A.7-10 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Conduct Construction Personnel Education, Stop Work if Paleontological Resources are Discovered, Assess the Significance of the Find, and Prepare and Implement a Recovery Plan as Required. To minimize potential adverse impacts on previously unknown	During earthmoving activities in the Ione and Mehrten	City of Folsom Community Development Department
		potentially unique, scientifically important paleontological resources, the project applicant(s) of all project phases where construction would occur in the Ione and Mehrten Formations shall do the following:	Formations.	
		▶ Before the start of any earthmoving activities for any project phase in the Ione or Mehrten Formations, the project applicant(s) shall retain a qualified paleontologist or archaeologist to train all construction personnel involved with earthmoving activities, including the site superintendent, regarding the possibility of encountering fossils, the appearance and types of fossils likely to be seen during construction, and proper notification procedures should fossils be encountered.	: et	
		▶ If paleontological resources are discovered during earthmoving activities, the construction crew shall immediately cease work in the vicinity of the find and notify the appropriate lead agency (identified below). The project applicant(s) shall retain a qualified paleontologist to evaluate the resource and prepare a recovery plan in accordance with Society of Vertebrate Paleontology guidelines (1996). The recovery plan may include, but is not limited to, a field survey, construction monitoring, sampling and data recovery procedures, museum storage coordination for any specimen recovered, and a report of findings. Recommendations in the recovery plan that are determined by the lead agency to be necessary and feasible shall be implemented before construction activities can		
		resume at the site where the paleontological resources were discovered.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Sacramento County).		

3-16	3A.4-1 (FPASP	Implement Additional Measures to Control Construction-Generated GHG Emissions.	Before approval of small-lot final	City of Folsom Community Development Department
	EIR/EIS)	To further reduce construction-generated GHG emissions, the project applicant(s) any particular discretionary development application shall implement all feasible measures for reducing GHG emissions associated with construction that are recommended by SMAQMD at the time individual portions of the site undergo construction. Such measures may reduce GHG exhaust emissions from the use of on-site equipment, worker commute trips, and truck trips carrying materials and equipment to and from the SPA, as well as GHG emissions embodied in the materials selected for construction (e.g., concrete). Other measures may pertain to the materials used in construction. Prior to releasing each request for bid to contractors for the construction of each discretionary development entitlement, the project applicant(s) shall obtain the most current list of GHG reduction measures that are recommended by SMAQMD and stipulate that these measures be implemented in the respective request for bid as well as the subsequent construction contract with the selected primary contractor. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application may submit to the City and SMAQMD a report that substantiates why specific measures are considered infeasible for construction of that particular development phase and/or at that point in time. The report, including the substantiation for not implementing particular GHG reduction measures, shall be approved by the City, in consultation with SMAQMD prior to the release of a request for bid by the project applicant(s) for seeking a primary contractor to manage the construction of each development project. By requiring that the list of feasible measures be established prior to the selection of a primary contractor, this measure requires that the ability of a contractor to effectively implement the selected GHG reduction measures be inherent to the selection process.	maps and building permits for all discretionary development project, including all on- and off-site elements and implementation throughout project construction.	Development Department
		GHG emissions at the time of writing this EIR/EIS are listed below and the project applicant(s) shall, at a minimum, be required to implement the following:		
		► Improve fuel efficiency from construction equipment:		
		<ul> <li>reduce unnecessary idling (modify work practices, install auxiliary power for driver comfort);</li> </ul>		

- perform equipment maintenance (inspections, detect failures early, corrections);
- train equipment operators in proper use of equipment;
- use the proper size of equipment for the job; and
- use equipment with new technologies (repowered engines, electric drive trains).
- ▶ Use alternative fuels for electricity generators and welders at construction sites such as propane or solar, or use electrical power.
- ▶ Use an ARB-approved low-carbon fuel, such as biodiesel or renewable diesel for construction equipment. (Emissions of oxides of nitrogen [NOX] emissions from the use of low carbon fuel must be reviewed and increases mitigated.) Additional information about low carbon fuels is available from ARB's Low Carbon Fuel Standard Program (ARB 2009b).
- ► Encourage and provide carpools, shuttle vans, transit passes and/or secure bicycle parking for construction worker commutes.
- ▶ Reduce electricity use in the construction office by using compact fluorescent bulbs, powering off computers every day, and replacing heating and cooling units with more efficient ones.
- ▶ Recycle or salvage non-hazardous construction and demolition debris (goal of at least 75% by weight).
- ▶ Use locally sourced or recycled materials for construction materials (goal of at least 20% based on costs for building materials, and based on volume for roadway, parking lot, sidewalk and curb materials).
- ▶ Minimize the amount of concrete used for paved surfaces or use a low carbon concrete option.
- ▶ Produce concrete on-site if determined to be less emissive than transporting ready mix.
- ▶ Use EPA-certified SmartWay trucks for deliveries and equipment transport. Additional information about the SmartWay Transport Partnership Program is available from ARB's Heavy-Duty Vehicle Greenhouse Gas Measure (ARB 2009c) and EPA (EPA 2009).

	<ul> <li>▶ Develop a plan in consultation with SMAQMD to efficiently use water for adequate dust control. This may consist of the use of non-potable water from a local source.</li> <li>In addition to SMAQMD-recommended measures, construction activity shall comply with all applicable rules and regulations established by SMAQMD and ARB.</li> </ul>		~
53-17  3A.8-2 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Complete Investigations Related to the Extent to Which Soil and/or Groundwater May Have Been Contaminated in Areas Not Covered by the Phase I and II Environmental Site Assessments and Implement Required Measures.  The project applicant(s) for any discretionary development application shall conduct Phase I Environmental Site Assessments (where an Phase I has not been conducted), and if necessary, Phase II Environmental Site Assessments, and/or other appropriate testing for all areas of the SPA and include, as necessary, analysis of soil and/or groundwater samples for the potential contamination sites that have not yet been covered by previous investigations (as shown in Exhibit 3A.8-1) before construction activities begin in those areas. Recommendations in the Phase I and II Environmental Site Assessments to address any contamination that is found shall be implemented before initiating ground-disturbing activities in these areas.  The project applicant(s) shall implement the following measures before ground-disturbing activities to reduce health hazards associated with potential exposure to hazardous substances:  Prepare a plan that identifies any necessary remediation activities appropriate for proposed on- and off-site uses, including excavation and removal of on-site contaminated soils, redistribution of clean fill material in the SPA, and closure of any abandoned mine shafts. The plan shall include measures that ensure the safe transport, use, and disposal of contaminated soil and building debris removed from the site. In the event that contaminated groundwater is encountered during site excavation activities, the contractor shall report the contamination to the appropriate regulatory agencies, dewater the excavated area, and treat the contaminated groundwater to remove contaminants before discharge into the sanitary sewer system. The project applicant(s) shall be required to comply with the plan and applicable Federal, state, and local laws. The	Before and during earth moving activities	City of Folsom Community Development Department

		plan shall outline measures for specific handling and reporting procedures for hazardous materials and disposal of hazardous materials removed from the site at an appropriate off-site disposal facility.  Notify the appropriate Federal, state, and local agencies if evidence of previously undiscovered soil or groundwater contamination (e.g., stained soil, odorous groundwater) is encountered during construction activities. Any contaminated areas shall be remediated in accordance with recommendations made by the Sacramento County Environmental Management Department, Central Valley RWQCB, DTSC, and/or other appropriate Federal, state, or local regulatory agencies.  Obtain an assessment conducted by PG&E and SMUD pertaining to the contents of any existing pole-mounted transformers located in the SPA. The assessment shall determine whether existing on-site electrical transformers contain PCBs and whether there are any records of spills from such equipment. If equipment containing PCB is identified, the maintenance and/or disposal of the transformer shall be subject to the regulations of the Toxic Substances Control Act under the authority of the Sacramento County Environmental Health Department.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's		
		of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Sacramento County).		
		HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY	I.	
53-18	3A.9-1 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Acquire Appropriate Regulatory Permits and Prepare and Implement SWPPP and BMPs.  Prior to the issuance of grading permits, the project applicant(s) of all projects disturbing one or more acres (including phased construction of smaller areas which are part of a larger project) shall obtain coverage under the SWRCB's NPDES stormwater permit for general construction activity (Order 2009-0009-DWQ), including preparation and submittal of a project-specific SWPPP at the time the NOI is filed. The project applicant(s) shall also prepare and submit any other necessary erosion and sediment control and engineering plans and specifications for pollution prevention and control to Sacramento County, City of Folsom, El Dorado County (for the off-site roadways into El Dorado Hills under	Submittal of the State Construction General Permit NOI and SWPPP (where applicable) and development and submittal of any other locally required plans and specifications before the issuance of grading permits for all on-site	City of Folsom Community Development Department

the Proposed Project Alternative). The SWPPP and other appropriate plans shall identify and specify:

- The use of an effective combination of robust erosion and sediment control BMPs and construction techniques accepted by the local jurisdictions for use in the project area at the time of construction, that shall reduce the potential for runoff and the release, mobilization, and exposure of pollutants, including legacy sources of mercury from project-related construction sites. These may include but would not be limited to temporary erosion control and soil stabilization measures, sedimentation ponds, inlet protection, perforated riser pipes, check dams, and silt fences
- ► The implementation of approved local plans, non-stormwater management controls, permanent post-construction BMPs, and inspection and maintenance responsibilities;
- ▶ The pollutants that are likely to be used during construction that could be present in stormwater drainage and non-stormwater discharges, including fuels, lubricants, and other types of materials used for equipment operation;
- ▶ Spill prevention and contingency measures, including measures to prevent or clean up spills of hazardous waste and of hazardous materials used for equipment operation, and emergency procedures for responding to spills;
- ▶ Personnel training requirements and procedures that shall be used to ensure that workers are aware of permit requirements and proper installation methods for BMPs specified in the SWPPP; and
- ▶ The appropriate personnel responsible for supervisory duties related to implementation of the SWPPP.
- ▶ Where applicable, BMPs identified in the SWPPP shall be in place throughout all site work and construction/demolition activities and shall be used in all subsequent site development activities. BMPs may include, but are not limited to, such measures as those listed below.
- ▶ Implementing temporary erosion and sediment control measures in disturbed areas to minimize discharge of sediment into nearby drainage conveyances, in compliance with state and local standards in effect at the time of construction. These measures may include silt fences, staked

project phases and off-site elements and implementation throughout project construction.

		straw bales or wattles, sediment/silt basins and traps, geofabric, sandbag		=
		dikes, and temporary vegetation.		
		Establishing permanent vegetative cover to reduce erosion in areas		
		disturbed by construction by slowing runoff velocities, trapping		
		sediment, and enhancing filtration and transpiration.		
		► Using drainage swales, ditches, and earth dikes to control erosion and runoff by conveying surface runoff down sloping land, intercepting and		
		diverting runoff to a watercourse or channel, preventing sheet flow over		
-		sloped surfaces, preventing runoff accumulation at the base of a grade,		
		and avoiding flood damage along roadways and facility infrastructure.		
		A copy of the approved SWPPP shall be maintained and available at all times on the construction site.		
		For those areas that would be disturbed as part of the U.S. 50 interchange improvements, Caltrans shall coordinate with the development and		
		implementation of the overall project SWPPP, or develop and implement its own SWPPP specific to the interchange improvements, to ensure that		
		water quality degradation would be avoided or minimized to the		
		maximum extent practicable.		
		Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's		
		jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s)		
		of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans).		
53-19	3A.9-2		Defense annual of	City of Falance Public Works
53-19	(FPASP	Prepare and Submit Final Drainage Plans and Implement Requirements Contained in Those Plans.	Before approval of grading plans and	City of Folsom Public Works Department
	EIR/EIS)	Before the approval of grading plans and building permits, the project	building permits of	2 oparament
		applicant(s) of all project phases shall submit final drainage plans to the	all project phases.	
		City, and to El Dorado County for the off-site roadway connections into		
		El Dorado Hills, demonstrating that off-site upstream runoff would be		
		appropriately conveyed through the SPA, and that project-related on-site runoff would be appropriately contained in detention basins or managed		
		with through other improvements (e.g., source controls, biotechnical	U U	
		stream stabilization) to reduce flooding and hydromodification impacts.		, ·
		The plans shall include, but not be limited to, the following items:		
		► An accurate calculation of pre-project and post-project runoff		
		scenarios, obtained using appropriate engineering methods, that		

accurately evaluates potential changes to runoff, including increased surface runoff;

- ▶ Runoff calculations for the 10-year and 100-year (0.01 AEP) storm events (and other, smaller storm events as required) shall be performed and the trunk drainage pipeline sizes confirmed based on alignments and detention facility locations finalized in the design phase;
- ▶ A description of the proposed maintenance program for the on-site drainage system;
- ▶ Project-specific standards for installing drainage systems;
- ► City and El Dorado County flood control design requirements and measures designed to comply with them;
- ▶ Implementation of stormwater management BMPs that avoid increases in the erosive force of flows beyond a specific range of conditions needed to limit hydromodification and maintain current stream geomorphology. These BMPs will be designed and constructed in accordance with the forthcoming SSQP Hydromodification Management Plan (to be adopted by the RWQCB) and may include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - Use of Low Impact Development (LID) techniques to limit increases in stormwater runoff at the point of origination (these may include, but are not limited to: surface swales; replacement of conventional impervious surfaces with pervious surfaces [e.g., porous pavement]; impervious surfaces disconnection; and trees planted to intercept stormwater);
  - Enlarged detention basins to minimize flow changes and changes to flow duration characteristics;
  - Bioengineered stream stabilization to minimize bank erosion, utilizing vegetative and rock stabilization, and inset floodplain restoration features that provide for enhancement of riparian habitat and maintenance of natural hydrologic and channel to floodplain interactions;
  - Minimize slope differences between any stormwater or detention facility outfall channel with the existing receiving channel gradient to reduce flow velocity; and

		Minimize to the extent possible detention basin, bridge		
		embankment, and other encroachments into the channel and		
		floodplain corridor, and utilize open bottom box culverts to allow sediment passage on smaller drainage courses.		
		The final drainage plan shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City of Folsom Community Development and Public Works Departments and El Dorado County Department of Transportation that 100-year (0.01 AEP) flood flows would be appropriately channeled and contained, such that the risk to people or damage to structures within or down gradient of the SPA would not occur, and that hydromodification would not be increased from pre-development levels such that existing stream geomorphology would be changed (the range of conditions should be calculated for each receiving water if feasible, or a conservative estimate should be used, e.g., an Ep of 1 ±10% or other as approved by the Sacramento Stormwater Quality Partnership and/or City of Folsom Public Works Department).		
		Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with El Dorado County.		
53-20	3A.9-3 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Develop and Implement a BMP and Water Quality Maintenance Plan. Before approval of the grading permits for any development project requiring a subdivision map, a detailed BMP and water quality maintenance plan shall be prepared by a qualified engineer retained by the project applicant(s) the development project. Drafts of the plan shall be submitted to the City of Folsom and El Dorado County for the off-site roadway connections into El Dorado Hills, for review and approval concurrently with development of tentative subdivision maps for all project phases. The plan shall finalize the water quality improvements and further detail the structural and nonstructural BMPs proposed for the project. The plan shall include the elements described below.	Prepare plans before the issuance of grading permits for all project phases and off-site elements and implementation throughout project construction.	City of Folsom Community Development Department and Public Works Department
		<ul> <li>A quantitative hydrologic and water quality analysis of proposed conditions incorporating the proposed drainage design features.</li> <li>Predevelopment and post development calculations demonstrating that the proposed water quality BMPs meet or exceed requirements established by the City of Folsom and including details regarding the size, geometry, and functional timing of storage and release pursuant to</li> </ul>		

the "Stormwater Quality Design Manual for Sacramento and South Placer Regions" ([SSQP 2007b] per NPDES Permit No. CAS082597 WDR Order No. R5-2008-0142, page 46) and El Dorado County's NPDES SWMP (County of El Dorado 2004).

- ▶ Source control programs to control water quality pollutants on the SPA, which may include but are limited to recycling, street sweeping, storm drain cleaning, household hazardous waste collection, waste minimization, prevention of spills and illegal dumping, and effective management of public trash collection areas.
- ▶ A pond management component for the proposed basins that shall include management and maintenance requirements for the design features and BMPs, and responsible parties for maintenance and funding.
- ▶ LID control measures shall be integrated into the BMP and water quality maintenance plan. These may include, but are not limited to:
  - Surface swales;
  - Replacement of conventional impervious surfaces with pervious surfaces (e.g., porous pavement);
  - Impervious surfaces disconnection; and
  - Trees planted to intercept stormwater.

New stormwater facilities shall be placed along the natural drainage courses within the SPA to the extent practicable so as to mimic the natural drainage patterns. The reduction in runoff as a result of the LID configurations shall be quantified based on the runoff reduction credit system methodology described in "Stormwater Quality Design Manual for the Sacramento and South Placer Regions, Chapter 5 and Appendix D4" (SSQP 2007b) and proposed detention basins and other water quality BMPs shall be sized to handle these runoff volumes.

For those areas that would be disturbed as part of the U.S. 50 interchange improvements, it is anticipated that Caltrans would coordinate with the development and implementation of the overall project SWPPP, or develop and implement its own SWPPP specific to the interchange improvements, to ensure that water quality degradation would be avoided or minimized to the maximum extent practicable.

		Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with El Dorado County and Caltrans.		
			11	
53-21	3A.11-1 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Implement Noise-Reducing Construction Practices, Prepare and Implement a Noise Control Plan, and Monitor and Record Construction Noise near Sensitive Receptors.  To reduce impacts associated with noise generated during project related construction activities, the project applicant(s) and their primary contractors for engineering design and construction of all project phases shall ensure that the following requirements are implemented at each work site in any year of project construction to avoid and minimize construction noise effects on sensitive receptors. The project applicant(s) and primary construction contractor(s) shall employ noise-reducing construction practices. Measures that shall be used to limit noise shall include the measures listed below:  Noise-generating construction operations shall be limited to the hours between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. Monday through Friday, and between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. on Saturdays and Sundays.  All construction equipment and equipment staging areas shall be located as far as possible from nearby noise-sensitive land uses.  All construction equipment shall be properly maintained and equipped with noise-reduction intake and exhaust mufflers and engine shrouds, in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations. Equipment engine shrouds shall be closed during equipment operation.  All motorized construction equipment shall be shut down when not in use to prevent idling.  Individual operations and techniques shall be replaced with quieter procedures (e.g., using welding instead of riveting, mixing concrete offsite instead of on-site).  Noise-reducing enclosures shall be used around stationary noise-generating equipment (e.g., compressors and generators) as planned	Before and during construction activities on the SPA and within El Dorado Hills.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
		<ul> <li>use to prevent idling.</li> <li>▶ Individual operations and techniques shall be replaced with quieter procedures (e.g., using welding instead of riveting, mixing concrete offsite instead of on-site).</li> <li>▶ Noise-reducing enclosures shall be used around stationary noise-</li> </ul>		

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		► Written notification of construction activities shall be provided to all		
		noise-sensitive receptors located within 850 feet of construction	1	
		activities. Notification shall include anticipated dates and hours during		
		which construction activities are anticipated to occur and contact		
		information, including a daytime telephone number, for the project		
		representative to be contacted in the event that noise levels are deemed		
		excessive. Recommendations to assist noise-sensitive land uses in		
		reducing interior noise levels (e.g., closing windows and doors) shall also		
		be included in the notification.		
		► To the extent feasible, acoustic barriers (e.g., lead curtains, sound		
		barriers) shall be constructed to reduce construction-generated noise		
		levels at affected noise-sensitive land uses. The barriers shall be designed		
		to obstruct the line of sight between the noise-sensitive land use and on-		
		site construction equipment. When installed properly, acoustic barriers		
		can reduce construction noise levels by approximately 8-10 dB (EPA		
		1971).		
		▶ When future noise sensitive uses are within close proximity to		
		prolonged construction noise, noise-attenuating buffers such as		
		structures, truck trailers, or soil piles shall be located between noise		
		sources and future residences to shield sensitive receptors from		
		construction noise.		
		► The primary contractor shall prepare and implement a construction		
		noise management plan. This plan shall identify specific measures to		
		ensure compliance with the noise control measures specified above. The		
		noise control plan shall be submitted to the City of Folsom before any		
		noise-generating construction activity begins. Construction shall not		
		commence until the construction noise management plan is approved by	11	
		the City of Folsom. Mitigation for the two off-site roadway connections		
		into El Dorado County must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of		
		the applicable project phase with El Dorado County, since the roadway		
		extensions are outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries.		
		PUBLIC SERVICES		
53-22	3A.14-1	Prepare and Implement a Construction Traffic Control Plan.	Before the approval	City of Folsom Public Works
	(FPASP	The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall prepare and implement	of all relevant plans	Department Department
	EIR/EIS)	traffic control plans for construction activities that may affect road rights-	and/or permits and	1
	<u> </u>	and control plans for construction activities that may affect road rights	during construction	

		of-way. The traffic control plans must follow any applicable standards of the agency responsible for the affected roadway and must be approved and signed by a professional engineer. Measures typically used in traffic control plans include advertising of planned lane closures, warning signage, a flag person to direct traffic flows when needed, and methods to ensure continued access by emergency vehicles. During project construction, access to existing land uses shall be maintained at all times, with detours used as necessary during road closures. Traffic control plans shall be submitted to the appropriate City or County department or the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) for review and approval before the approval of all project plans or permits, for all project phases where implementation may cause impacts on traffic.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties and Caltrans).	of all project phases.	
53-23	3A.14-2 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Incorporate California Fire Code; City of Folsom Fire Code Requirements; and EDHFD Requirements, if Necessary, into Project Design and Submit Project Design to the City of Folsom Fire Department for Review and Approval.  To reduce impacts related to the provision of new fire services, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall do the following, as described below.	Before issuance of building permits and issuance of occupancy permits or final inspections for all project phases.	City of Folsom Fire Department, City of Folsom Community Development Department
		1. Incorporate into project designs fire flow requirements based on the California Fire Code, Folsom Fire Code (City of Folsom Municipal Code Title 8, Chapter 8.36), and other applicable requirements based on the City of Folsom Fire Department fire prevention standards.		
		Improvement plans showing the incorporation automatic sprinkler systems, the availability of adequate fire flow, and the locations of hydrants shall be submitted to the City of Folsom Fire Department for review and approval. In addition, approved plans showing access design shall be provided to the City of Folsom Fire Department as described by Zoning Code Section 17.57.080 ("Vehicular Access Requirements"). These plans shall describe access-road length, dimensions, and finished surfaces for firefighting equipment. The installation of security gates across a fire apparatus access road shall be approved by the City of Folsom Fire Department. The design and operation of gates and		

barricades shall be in accordance with the Sacramento County Emergency Access Gates and Barriers Standard, as required by the City of Folsom Fire Code.

2. Submit a Fire Systems New Buildings, Additions, and Alterations Document Submittal List to the City of Folsom Community Development Department Building Division for review and approval before the issuance of building permits.

In addition to the above measures, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall incorporate the provisions described below for the portion of the SPA within the EDHFD service area, if it is determined through City/El Dorado County negotiations that EDHFD would serve the 178-acre portion of the SPA.

- 3. Incorporate into project designs applicable requirements based on the EDHFD fire prevention standards. For commercial development, improvement plans showing roadways, land splits, buildings, fire sprinkler systems, fire alarm systems, and other commercial building improvements shall be submitted to the EDHFD for review and approval. For residential development, improvement plans showing property lines and adjacent streets or roads; total acreage or square footage of the parcel; the footprint of all structures; driveway plan views describing width, length, turnouts, turnarounds, radiuses, and surfaces; and driveway profile views showing the percent grade from the access road to the structure and vertical clearance shall be submitted to the EDHFD for review and approval.
- 4. Submit a Fire Prevention Plan Checklist to the EDHFD for review and approval before the issuance of building permits. In addition, residential development requiring automation fire sprinklers shall submit sprinkler design sheet(s) and hydraulic calculations from a California State Licensed C-16 Contractor.

The City shall not authorize the occupancy of any structures until the project applicant(s) have obtained a Certificate of Occupancy from the City of Folsom Community Development Department verifying that all fire prevention items have been addressed on-site to the satisfaction of the City of Folsom Fire Department and/or the EDHFD for the 178-acre area of the SPA within the EDHFD service area.

53-24	3A.14-3	Incorporate Fire Flow Requirements into Project Designs.	Before issuance of	City of Folsom Fire Department,
	(FPASP EIR/EIS)	The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall incorporate into their project designs fire flow requirements based on the California Fire Code, Folsom Fire Code, and/or EDHFD for those areas of the SPA within the EDHFD service area and shall verify to City of Folsom Fire Department that adequate water flow is	building permits and issuance of occupancy permits or final inspections for all project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
		available, prior to approval of improvement plans and issuance of occupancy permits or final inspections for all project phases.	primoto.	
		TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORTATION		
53-25	3A.15-1a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Folsom Boulevard/Blue Ravine Road Intersection (Intersection 1).  To ensure that the Folsom Boulevard/Blue Ravine Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, one through lane, and one right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Folsom Boulevard/Blue Ravine Road intersection (Intersection 1).	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented and when fair share funding should be paid.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-26	3A.15-1b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements at the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road Intersection (Intersection 2).  To ensure that the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, two through lanes, and one right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection (Intersection 2).	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented and when fair share funding should be paid.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-27	3A.15-1c (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Fund and Construct Improvements to the Scott Road (West)/White Rock Road Intersection (Intersection 28).	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision	City of Folsom Public Works Department

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		To ensure that the Scott Road (West)/White Rock Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, a traffic signal must be installed.	map to determine when the improvement should be implemented.	
53-28	3A.15-1e (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Fund and Construct Improvements to the Hillside Drive/Easton Valley Parkway Intersection (Intersection 41).  To ensure that the Hillside Drive/Easton Valley Parkway intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one dedicated left turn lane and two through lanes, and the westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two through lanes and one dedicated right-turn lane. The applicant shall fund and construct these improvements.	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-29	3A.15-1f (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Fund and Construct Improvements to the Oak Avenue Parkway/Middle Road Intersection (Intersection 44).  To ensure that the Oak Avenue Parkway/Middle Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, control all movements with a stop sign. The applicant shall fund and construct these improvements.	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented.	City of Folsom Public Works Department

53-30	3A.15-1h (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts to the Hazel Avenue/Folsom Boulevard Intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 2).  To ensure that the Hazel Avenue/Folsom Boulevard intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, this intersection must be grade separated including "jug handle" ramps. No at grade improvement is feasible. Grade separating and extended (south) Hazel Avenue with improvements to the U.S. 50/Hazel Avenue interchange is a mitigation measure for the approved Easton-Glenbrough Specific Plan development project. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Hazel Avenue/Folsom Boulevard intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 2).	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented.	Sacramento County Public Works Department and Caltrans
53-31	3A.15-1i (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road Intersection and to White Rock Road widening between the Rancho Cordova City limit to Prairie City Road (Sacramento County Intersection 3).  Improvements must be made to ensure that the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS. The currently County proposed White Rock Road widening project will widen and realign White Rock Road from the Rancho Cordova City limit to the El Dorado County line (this analysis assumes that the Proposed Project and build alternatives will widen White Rock Road to five lanes from Prairie City road to the El Dorado County Line). This widening includes improvements to the Grant Line Road intersection and realigning White Rock Road to be the through movement. The improvements include two eastbound through lanes, one eastbound right turn lane, two northbound left turn lanes, two northbound right turn lanes, two westbound left turn lanes and two westbound through lanes. This improvement also includes the signalization of the White Rock Road and Grant Line Road intersection. With implementation of this improvement, the intersection would operate at an acceptable LOS A. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 3).	Before project build out. Design of the White Rock Road widening to four lanes, from Grant Line Road to Prairie City Road, with Intersection improvements has begun, and because this widening project is environmentally cleared and fully funded, it's construction is expected to be complete before the first phase of the Proposed Project or alternative is built.	Sacramento County Public Works Department

53-32	3A.15-1j (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Hazel Avenue between Madison Avenue and Curragh Downs Drive (Roadway Segment 10).	Before project build out. Construction of	Sacramento County Public Works Department
	Enversy	To ensure that Hazel Avenue operates at an acceptable LOS between Curragh Downs Drive and Gold Country Boulevard, Hazel Avenue must be widened to six lanes. This improvement is part of the County adopted Hazel Avenue widening project.	phase two of the Hazel Avenue widening, from Madison Avenue to Curragh Downs Drive, is expected to be completed by year 2013, before the first phase of the Proposed Project or alternative is complete. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Hazel Avenue between Madison Avenue and Curragh Downs Drive (Sacramento County Roadway	
53-33	3A.15-11 (FPASP	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the White Rock Road/Windfield Way Intersection (El Dorado	Segment 10).  Before project build out. A	El Dorado County Department of Transportation
	EIR/EIS)	County Intersection 3).	phasing analysis should be	-

		To ensure that the White Rock Road/Windfield Way intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the intersection must be signalized and separate northbound left and right turn lanes must be striped. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the White Rock Road/Windfield Way intersection (El Dorado County Intersection 3).	performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	
53-34	3A.15-10 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 as an alternative to improvements at the Folsom Boulevard/U.S. 50  Eastbound Ramps Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 4). Congestion on eastbound U.S. 50 is causing vehicles to use Folsom Boulevard as an alternate parallel route until they reach U.S. 50, where they must get back on the freeway due to the lack of a parallel route. It is preferred to alleviate the congestion on U.S. 50 than to upgrade the intersection at the end of this reliever route. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Folsom Boulevard/U.S. 50 Eastbound Ramps intersection (Caltrans Intersection 4). To ensure that the Folsom Boulevard/U.S. 50 eastbound ramps intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, auxiliary lanes should be added to eastbound U.S. 50 from Hazel Avenue to east of Folsom Boulevard. This was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
53-35	3A.15-1p (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Grant Line Road/ State Route 16 Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 12).  To ensure that the Grant Line Road/State Route 16 intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound and southbound approaches must be reconfigured to consist of one left-turn lane and one shared through/right-turn lane. Protected left-turn signal phasing must be provided on the northbound and southbound approaches. Improvements to the Grant Line Road/State Route 16 intersection are contained within the County Development Fee Program and are scheduled for Measure A funding.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation and the City of Rancho Cordova Department of Public Works

		Improvements to this intersection must be implemented by Caltrans, Sacramento County, and the City of Rancho Cordova.		
		The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Grant Line Road/State Route 16 intersection (Caltrans Intersection 12).		
53-36	3A.15-1q (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1).  To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard, a bus-carpool (HOV) lane must be constructed. This improvement is currently planned as part of the Sacramento 50 Bus-Carpool Lane and Community Enhancements Project. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1).	Before project build out. Construction of the Sacramento 50 Bus-Carpool Lane and Community Enhancements Project is expected to be completed by year 2013, before the first phase of the Proposed Project or alternative is complete. Construction of the Sacramento 50 Bus-Carpool Lane and Community Enhancements Project has started since the writing of the Draft EIS/EIR.	Caltrans
53-37	3A.15-1r (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 3).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of
		To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Hazel Avenue and Folsom Boulevard, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This	should be performed to determine during which project	Transportation

		improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program.  The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 3).	phase the improvement should be built.	
53-38	3A.15-1s (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road (Freeway Segment 4).  To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road (Freeway Segment 4).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
53-39	3A.15-1u (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Westbound U.S. 50 between Prairie City Road and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 16).  To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Prairie City Road and Folsom Boulevard, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Westbound U.S. 50 between Prairie City Road and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 16).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
53-40	3A.15-1v (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Westbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 18).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be	City of Rancho Cordova Department of Public Works and Sacramento County Department of Transportation

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		To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Hazel Avenue and Sunrise Boulevard, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project and included in the proposed Rancho Cordova Parkway interchange project. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Westbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 18).	performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	
53-41	3A.15-1w (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Folsom Boulevard Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 4).  To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Folsom Boulevard merge, an auxiliary lane from the Folsom Boulevard merge to the Prairie City Road diverge must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/Folsom Boulevard Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 4).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
53-42	3A.15-1x (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road Diverge (Freeway Diverge 5).  To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road off-ramp diverge, an auxiliary lane from the Folsom Boulevard merge must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road diverge (Freeway Diverge 5).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation

53-43	3A.15-1y (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road Direct Merge (Freeway Merge 6).  To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road onramp direct merge, an auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road direct merge (Freeway Merge 6).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-44	3A.15-1z (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road Flyover On-Ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway Off-Ramp Weave (Freeway Weave 8).  To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road flyover on-ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway off-ramp weave, an improvement acceptable to Caltrans should be implemented to eliminate the unacceptable weaving conditions. Such an improvement may involve a "braided ramp".  The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road flyover on-ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway off-ramp weave (Freeway Weave 8).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-45	3A.15-1aa (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Merge (Freeway Merge 9).  To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Oak Avenue Parkway loop merge, an auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the	City of Folsom Public Works Department

		impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/ Oak Avenue Parkway loop merge (Freeway Merge 9).	improvement should be built.	
53-46	3A.15-1dd (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Empire Ranch Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 23).  To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Empire Ranch Road loop on ramp should start the westbound auxiliary lane that ends at the East Bidwell Street — Scott Road off ramp. The slip on ramp from southbound Empire Ranch Road would merge into this extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Empire Ranch Road loop ramp merge (Freeway Merge 23).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-47	3A.15-1ee (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 29).  To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Oak Avenue Parkway loop on ramp should start the westbound auxiliary lane that ends at the Prairie City Road off ramp. The slip on ramp from southbound Oak Avenue Parkway would merge into this extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Oak Avenue Parkway loop ramp merge (Freeway Merge 29).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-48	3A.15-1ff (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 32).  To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road loop ramp merge, an auxiliary lane to the Folsom Boulevard off ramp diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation

53-49	3A.15-1gg	appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 32).  Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts	phase the improvement should be built.  Before project	City of Folsom Public Works
	(FPASP EIR/EIS)	on U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road Direct Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 33).  To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road direct ramp merge, an auxiliary lane to the Folsom Boulevard off ramp diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road direct ramp merge (Freeway Merge 33).	build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
53-50	3A.15-1hh (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Folsom Boulevard Diverge (Freeway Diverge 34).  To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Folsom Boulevard Diverge, an auxiliary lane from the Prairie City Road loop ramp merge must be constructed. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Folsom Boulevard diverge (Freeway Diverge 34).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
53-51	3A.15-1ii (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Hazel Avenue Direct Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 38).  To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Hazel Avenue direct ramp merge, an auxiliary lane to the Sunrise Boulevard off ramp diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project	Sacramento County Department of Transportation and City of Rancho Cordova Department of Public Works

		program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Hazel Avenue direct ramp merge (Freeway Merge 38).	phase the improvement should be built.	
53-52	3A.15-2a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Develop Commercial Support Services and Mixed-use Development Concurrent with Housing Development and Develop and Provide Options for Alternative Transportation Modes.  The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application including commercial or mixed-use development along with residential uses shall develop commercial and mixed-use development concurrent with housing development, to the extent feasible in light of market realities and other considerations, to internalize vehicle trips. Pedestrian and bicycle facilities shall be implemented to the satisfaction of the City Public Works Department. To further minimize impacts from the increased demand on area roadways and intersections, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application involving schools or commercial centers shall develop and implement safe and secure bicycle parking to promote alternative transportation uses and reduce the volume of single-occupancy vehicles using area roadways and intersections. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall participate in capital improvements and operating funds for transit service to increase the percent of travel by transit. The project's fair-share participation and the associated timing of the improvements and service shall be identified in the project conditions of approval and/or the project's development agreement. Improvements and service shall be coordinated, as necessary, with Folsom Stage Lines and Sacramento RT.	Before approval of improvement plans for all project phases any particular discretionary development application that includes residential and commercial or mixed-use development. As a condition of project approval and/or as a condition of the development agreement for all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-53	3A.15-2b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in the City's Transportation System Management Fee Program.  The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall pay an appropriate amount into the City's existing Transportation System Management Fee Program to reduce the number of single-occupant automobile travel on area roadways and intersections.	Concurrent with construction for all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-54	3A.15-2c (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate with the 50 Corridor Transportation Management Association.  The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall join and participate with the 50 Corridor Transportation	Concurrent with construction for all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department

		Management Association to reduce the number of single-occupant automobile travel on area roadways and intersections.		
53-55	3A.15-3 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Pay Full Cost of Identified Improvements that Are Not Funded by the City's Fee Program.  In accordance with Measure W, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall provide fair-share contributions to the City's transportation impact fee program to fully fund improvements only required because of the Specific Plan.	As a condition of project approval and/or as a condition of the development agreement for all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-56	3A.15-4a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 2).  To ensure that the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection operates at a LOS D with less than the Cumulative No Project delay, the northbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lane, two through lanes, and one dedicated right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection (Folsom Intersection 2).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-57	3A.15-4b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Oak Avenue Parkway/East Bidwell Street Intersection (Folsom Intersection 6).  To ensure that the Oak Avenue Parkway/East Bidwell Street intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound (East Bidwell Street) approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, four through lanes and a right-turn lane, and the westbound (East Bidwell Street) approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left turn lanes, four through lanes, and a right-turn lane. It is against the City of Folsom policy to have eight lane roads because of the impacts to non-motorized traffic and adjacent development; therefore, this improvement is infeasible.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-58	3A.15-4c (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the East Bidwell Street/College Street Intersection (Folsom Intersection 7).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be	City of Folsom Public Works Department

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		To ensure that the East Bidwell Street/College Street intersection operates at acceptable LOS C or better, the westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one left-turn lane, one left-through lane, and two dedicated right-turn lanes. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the East Bidwell Street/Nesmith Court intersection (Folsom Intersection 7).	performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	
53-59	3A.15-4d (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the East Bidwell Street/Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 21).  To ensure that the East Bidwell Street /Iron Point Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, four through lanes and a right-turn lane, and the southbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, four through lanes and a right-turn lane. It is against the City of Folsom policy to have eight lane roads because of the impacts to non-motorized traffic and adjacent development; therefore, this improvement is infeasible.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-60	3A.15-4e (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Serpa Way/ Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 23).  To improve LOS at the Serpa Way/ Iron Point Road intersection, the northbound approaches must be restriped to consist of one left-turn lane, one shared left-through lanes, and one right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Serpa Way/Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 23).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-61	3A.15-4f (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Empire Ranch Road/Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 24).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be	City of Folsom Public Works Department

	E E	To ensure that the Empire Ranch Road / Iron Point Road intersection operates at a LOS D or better, all of the following improvements are required: The eastbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one left-turn lane, two through lanes, and a right-turn lane. The westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, one through lane, and a through-right lane. The northbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, three through lanes, and a right-turn lane. The southbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, three through lanes, and a right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Empire Ranch Road / Iron Point Road Intersection Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built. (Folsom Intersection 24).	performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	
53-62	3A.15-4g (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Fund and Construct Improvements to the Oak Avenue Parkway/Easton Valley Parkway Intersection (Folsom Intersection 33).  To ensure that the Oak Avenue Parkway/Easton Valley Parkway intersection operates at an acceptable LOS the southbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, two through lanes, and two right-turn lanes. The applicant shall fund and construct these improvements.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-63	3A.15-4i (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road Intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 3).  To ensure that the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS E or better this intersection should be replaced by some type of grade separated intersection or interchange. Improvements to this intersection are identified in the Sacramento County's Proposed General Plan. Implementation of these improvements would assist in reducing traffic impacts on this intersection by providing acceptable operation. Intersection improvements must be implemented by	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

		Sacramento County. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road Intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 3).	improvement should be built.	
53-64	3A.15-4j (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Grant Line Road between White Rock Road and Kiefer Boulevard (Sacramento County Roadway Segments 5-7).  To improve operation on Grant Line Road between White Rock Road and Kiefer Boulevard, this roadway segment must be widened to six lanes. This improvement is proposed in the Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova General Plans; however, it is not in the 2035 MTP. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Grant Line Road between White Rock Road and Kiefer Boulevard (Sacramento County Roadway Segments 5-7). The identified improvement would more than offset the impacts specifically related to the Folsom South of U.S. 50 project on this roadway segment.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
53-65	3A.15-4k (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Grant Line Road between Kiefer Boulevard and Jackson Highway (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 8).  To improve operation on Grant Line Road between Kiefer Boulevard Jackson Highway, this roadway segment could be widened to six lanes. This improvement is proposed in the Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova General Plans; however, it is not in the 2035 MTP. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Grant Line Road between Kiefer Boulevard and Jackson Highway (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 8). The identified improvement would more than offset the impacts specifically related to the Folsom South of U.S. 50 project on this roadway segment.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

53-66	3A.15-4l (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Hazel Avenue between Curragh Downs Drive and U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps (Sacramento County Roadway Segments 12-13).  To improve operation on Hazel Avenue between Curragh Downs Drive and the U.S. 50 westbound ramps, this roadway segment could be widened to eight lanes. This improvement is inconsistent with Sacramento County's general plan because the county's policy requires a maximum roadway cross section of six lanes. Analysis shown later indicates that improvements at the impacted intersection in this segment can be mitigated (see Mitigation Measure 3A.15-4q). Improvements to impacted intersections on this segment will improve operations on this roadway segment and, therefore; mitigate this segment impact. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Hazel Avenue between Curragh Downs Drive and U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps (Sacramento County Roadway Segments 12-13).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
53-67	3A.15-4m (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on White Rock Road between Grant Line Road and Prairie City Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 22).  To improve operation on White Rock Road between Grant Line Road and Prairie City Road, this roadway segment must be widened to six lanes. This improvement is included in the 2035 MTP but is not included in the Sacramento County General Plan. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by Sacramento County. The identified improvement would more than offset the impacts specifically related to the Folsom South of U.S. 50 project on this roadway segment. However, because of other development in the region that would substantially increase traffic levels, this roadway segment would continue to operate at an unacceptable LOS F even with the capacity improvements identified to mitigate Folsom South of U.S. 50 impacts. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to White Rock Road between Grant Line Road and Prairie City Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 22).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

53-68	3A.15-4n (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on White Rock Road between Empire Ranch Road and Carson Crossing Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 28).  To improve operation on White Rock Road between Empire Ranch Road and Carson Crossing Road, this roadway segment must be widened to six lanes. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by Sacramento County. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to White Rock Road between Empire Ranch Road and Carson Crossing Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 28).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
53-69	3A.15-40 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the White Rock Road/Carson Crossing Road Intersection (El Dorado County 1).  To ensure that the White Rock Road/Carson Crossing Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound right turn lane must be converted into a separate free right turn lane, or double right. Improvements to this intersection must be implemented by El Dorado County. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the White Rock Road/Carson Crossing Road Intersection (El Dorado County 1).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
53-70	3A.15-4p (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Hazel Avenue/U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 1).  To ensure that the Hazel Avenue/U.S. 50 westbound ramps intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one dedicated left turn lane, one shared left through lane and three dedicated right-turn lanes. Improvements to this intersection must be implemented by Caltrans and Sacramento County. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Hazel Avenue/U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 1).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

53-71	3A.15-4q (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1).  To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard, an additional eastbound lane could be constructed. This improvement is not consistent with the Concept Facility in Caltrans State Route 50 Corridor System Management Plan; therefore, it is not likely to be implemented by Caltrans by 2030. Construction of the Capitol South East Connector, including widening White Rock Road and Grant Line Road to six lanes with limited access, could divert some traffic from U.S. 50 and partially mitigate the project's impact. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
53-72	3A.15-4r (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Rancho Cordova Parkway and Hazel Avenue (Freeway Segment 3).  To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Rancho Cordova Parkway and Hazel Avenue, an additional eastbound lane could be constructed. This improvement is not consistent with the Concept Facility in Caltrans State Route 50 Corridor System Management Plan; therefore, it is not likely to be implemented by Caltrans by 2030. Construction of the Capitol South East Connector, including widening White Rock Road and Grant Line Road to six lanes with limited access, could divert some traffic off of U.S. 50 and partially mitigate the project's impact. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Rancho Cordova Parkway and Hazel Avenue (Freeway Segment 3).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
53-73	3A.15-4s (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road (Freeway Segment 5).  To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road, the eastbound auxiliary lane	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

		should be converted to a mixed flow lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4t). Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. This improvement is not consistent with the Concept Facility in Caltrans State Route 50 Corridor System Management Plan; therefore, it is not likely to be implemented by Caltrans by 2030. Construction of the Capitol South East Connector, including widening White Rock Road and Grant Line Road to six lanes with limited access, could divert some traffic off of U.S. 50 and partially mitigate the project's impact. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road (Freeway Segment 5).	approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	
53-74	3A.15-4t (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Prairie City Road and Oak Avenue Parkway (Freeway Segment 6).  To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Prairie City Road and Oak Avenue Parkway, the northbound Prairie City Road slip on ramp should merge with the eastbound auxiliary lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see Mitigation Measures 3A.15-4u, v and w), and the southbound Prairie City Road flyover on ramp should be braided over the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp and start an extended full auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Prairie City Road and Oak Avenue Parkway (Freeway Segment 6).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
53-75	3A.15-4u (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road Slip Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 6).  To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Prairie City Road slip on ramp should start the eastbound auxiliary lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4u, w and x), and the southbound	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

		Prairie City Road flyover on ramp should be braided over the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp and start an extended full auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road slip ramp merge (Freeway Merge 6).	which project phase the improvement should be built.	
53-76	3A.15-4v (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road Flyover On Ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway Off Ramp Weave (Freeway Weave 7).  To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Prairie City Road slip on ramp should start the eastbound auxiliary lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4u, v and x), and the southbound Prairie City Road flyover on ramp should be braided over the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp and start an extended full auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road Flyover On Ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway Off Ramp Weave (Freeway Weave 7).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
53-77	3A.15-4w (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound / Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 8).  To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the southbound Oak Avenue Parkway loop on ramp should merge with the eastbound auxiliary lane that starts at the southbound Prairie City Road braided flyover on ramp and ends at the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4u, v and w). Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to U.S. 50 Eastbound / Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 8).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

ure that Westbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the bound Empire Ranch Road loop on ramp should start the westbound ry lane that ends at the East Bidwell Street — Scott Road off ramp. p-on ramp from southbound Empire Ranch Road slip ramp would into this extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway at must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its stionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined exus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by ant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound / Empire Road loop ramp merge (Freeway Merge 27).  Pate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts 1.50 Westbound / Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway 1.50 Westbound / Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge	should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.  Before project	Sacramento County Department
. 50 Westbound / Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway	Before project	Sacramento County Donaster ant
are that Westbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the bound Prairie City Road loop on ramp should start the westbound ry lane that continues beyond the Folsom Boulevard off ramp. The ramp from southbound Prairie City Road slip ramp would merge s extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway segment is implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its stionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined exus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by ant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound / Prairie City toop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 35).	build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	of Transportation.
the approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for ect phases, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall proof to the City of Folsom that an adequate wastewater ance system either has been constructed or is ensured through	Before approval of final maps and issuance of building permits for any project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department and City of Folsom Public Works Department
	xus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by int, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound / Prairie City oop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 35).  UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS  Proof of Adequate On- and Off-Site Wastewater Conveyance is and Implement On- and Off-Site Infrastructure Service is or Ensure That Adequate Financing Is Secured.  the approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for ect phases, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall proof to the City of Folsom that an adequate wastewater ance system either has been constructed or is ensured through int of the City's facilities augmentation fee as described under the Municipal Code Title 3, Chapter 3.40, "Facilities Augmentation	improvement should be built.  Improv

		satisfaction. Both on-site wastewater conveyance infrastructure and off- site force main sufficient to provide adequate service to the project shall be in place for the amount of development identified in the tentative map before approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, or their financing shall be ensured to the satisfaction of the City.		
53-81	3A.16-3 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Demonstrate Adequate SRWTP Wastewater Treatment Capacity.  The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall demonstrate adequate capacity at the SRWTP for new wastewater flows generated by the project. This shall involve preparing a tentative map—level study and paying connection and capacity fees as identified by SRCSD. Approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases shall not be granted until the City verifies adequate SRWTP capacity is available for the amount of development identified in the tentative map.	Before approval of final maps and issuance of building permits for any project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department and City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-82	3A.18-1 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Submit Proof of Surface Water Supply Availability.  a. Prior to approval of any small-lot tentative subdivision map subject to Government Code Section 66473.7 (SB 221), the City shall comply with that statute. Prior to approval of any small-lot tentative subdivision map for a proposed residential project not subject to that statute, the City need not comply with Section 66473.7, or formally consult with any public water system that would provide water to the affected area; nevertheless, the City shall make a factual showing or impose conditions similar to those required by Section 66473.7 to ensure an adequate water supply for development authorized by the map.  b. Prior to recordation of each final subdivision map, or prior to City approval of any similar project-specific discretionary approval or entitlement required for nonresidential uses, the project applicant(s) of that project phase or activity shall demonstrate the availability of a reliable and sufficient water supply from a public water system for the amount of development that would be authorized by the final subdivision map or project-specific discretionary nonresidential approval or entitlement. Such a demonstration shall consist of information showing that both existing sources are available or needed supplies and	Before approval of final maps and issuance of building permits for any project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department and City of Folsom Public Works Department
		improvements will be in place prior to occupancy.		
53-83	3A.18-2a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Submit Proof of Adequate Off-Site Water Conveyance Facilities and Implement Off-Site Infrastructure Service System or Ensure That Adequate Financing Is Secured.	Before approval of final maps and issuance of	City of Folsom Community Development Department and

		Before the approval of the final subdivision map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, the project applicant(s) of any particular discretionary development application shall submit proof to the City of Folsom that an adequate off-site water conveyance system either has been constructed or is ensured or other sureties to the City's satisfaction. The off-site water conveyance infrastructure sufficient to provide adequate service to the project shall be in place for the amount of development identified in the tentative map before approval of the final subdivision map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, or their financing shall be ensured to the satisfaction of the City. A certificate of occupancy shall not be issued for any building within the SPA until the water conveyance infrastructure sufficient to serve such building has been constructed and is in place.	building permits for any project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-84	3A.18-2b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Demonstrate Adequate Off-Site Water Treatment Capacity (if the Off-Site Water Treatment Plant Option is Selected).  If an off-site water treatment plant (WTP) alternative is selected (as opposed to the on-site WTP alternative), the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall demonstrate adequate capacity at the off-site WTP. This shall involve preparing a tentative map—level study and paying connection and capacity fees as determined by the City. Approval of the final project map shall not be granted until the City verifies adequate water treatment capacity either is available or is certain to be available when needed for the amount of development identified in the tentative map before approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases. A certificate of occupancy shall not be issued for any building within the SPA until the water treatment capacity sufficient to serve such building has been constructed and is in place.	Before approval of final maps and issuance of building permits for any project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department and City of Folsom Public Works Department
53-85	4.4-1 (Westland/ Eagle SPA)	Conduct Environmental Awareness Training for Construction Employees.  Prior to beginning construction activities, the Project Applicant shall employ a qualified biologist to develop and conduct environmental awareness training for construction employees. The training shall describe the importance of onsite biological resources, including special-status wildlife habitats; potential nests of special-status birds; and roosting habitat for special-status bats. The biologist shall also explain the importance of other responsibilities related to the protection of wildlife during construction such as inspecting open trenches and looking under vehicles and machinery prior to	Before approval of grading or improvement plans or any ground disturbing activities, including grubbing or clearing, for any project phase.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

		moving them to ensure there are no lizards, snakes, small mammals, or other wildlife that could become trapped, injured, or killed in construction areas or under equipment.  The environmental awareness program shall be provided to all construction personnel to brief them on the life history of special-status species in or adjacent to the project area, the need to avoid impacts on sensitive biological resources, any terms and conditions required by State and federal agencies, and the penalties for not complying with biological mitigation requirements. If new construction personnel are added to the project, the contractor's superintendent shall ensure that the personnel receive the mandatory training before starting work. An environmental awareness handout that describes and illustrates sensitive resources to be avoided during project construction and identifies all relevant permit conditions shall be provided to each person.		
53-86	4.4-7 (Westland/ Eagle SPA)	Preconstruction Nesting Bird Survey.  The Project Applicant shall conduct a preconstruction nesting bird survey of all areas associated with construction activities on the project site within 14 days prior to commencement of construction during the nesting season (1 February through 31 August).  If active nests are found, a no-disturbance buffer around the nest shall be established. The buffer distance shall be established by a qualified biologist in consultation with CDFW. The buffer shall be maintained until the fledglings are capable of flight and become independent of the nest, to be determined by a qualified biologist. Once the young are independent of the nest, no further measures are necessary. Preconstruction nesting surveys are not required for construction activity outside of the nesting season.	Before approval of grading or improvement plans or any ground disturbing activities, including grubbing or clearing, for any project phase.	California Department of Fish and Game, and City of Folsom Community Development Department
53-87	3A.5-1a (Westland/ Eagle SPA)	Comply with the Programmatic Agreement.  The PA for the project is incorporated by reference. The PA provides a management framework for identifying historic properties, determining adverse effects, and resolving those adverse effects as required under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. This document is incorporated by reference. The PA is available for public inspection and review at the California Office of Historic Preservation 1725 23rd Street Sacramento, CA 95816.	During all construction phases	City of Folsom Community Development Department; U.S. Army Corp of Engineers;

53-88	3A.5-2 (Westland/ Eagle SPA)	Conduct Construction Personnel Education, Conduct On-Site Monitoring If Required, Stop Work if Cultural Resources are Discovered, Assess the Significance of the Find, and Perform Treatment or Avoidance as Required.	Before approval of grading or improvement plans	City of Folsom Community Development Department; U.S. Army Corp of Engineers
	Lagie SPA)	<ul> <li>To reduce potential impacts to previously undiscovered cultural resources, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall do the following:</li> <li>Before the start of ground-disturbing activities, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall retain a qualified archaeologist to conduct training for construction workers as necessary based upon the sensitivity of the project APE, to educate them about the possibility of encountering buried cultural resources and inform them of the proper procedures should cultural resources be encountered.</li> <li>As a result of the work conducted for Mitigation Measures 3A.5-1a and 3A.5-1b, if the archaeologist determines that any portion of the SPA or the off-site elements should be monitored for potential discovery of as-yet-unknown cultural resources, the project applicant(s) of all project phases</li> </ul>	or any ground disturbing activities, including grubbing or clearing, for any project phase.	
		<ul> <li>shall implement such monitoring in the locations specified by the archaeologist. USACE should review and approve any recommendations by archaeologists with respect to monitoring.</li> <li>Should any cultural resources, such as structural features, unusual amounts of bone or shell, artifacts, or architectural remains be encountered during any construction activities, work shall be suspended in the vicinity of the find and</li> </ul>		
		the appropriate oversight agency(ies) (identified below) shall be notified immediately. The appropriate oversight agency(ies) shall retain a qualified archaeologist who shall conduct a field investigation of the specific site and shall assess the significance of the find by evaluating the resource for eligibility for listing on the CRHR and the NRHP. If the resource is eligible for listing on the CRHR or NRHP and it would be subject to disturbance or		
		destruction, the actions required in Mitigation Measures 3A.5-1a and 3A.5-1b shall be implemented. The oversight agency shall be responsible for approval of recommended mitigation if it is determined to be feasible in light of the approved land uses and shall implement the approved mitigation before resuming construction activities at the archaeological site.  Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable		

project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans).

The project applicant, in coordination with USACE, shall ensure that an archaeological sensitivity training program is developed and implemented during a pre-construction meeting for construction supervisors. The sensitivity training program shall provide information about notification procedures when potential archaeological material is discovered, procedures for coordination between construction personnel and monitoring personnel, and information about other treatment or issues that may arise if cultural resources (including human remains) are discovered during project construction. This protocol shall be communicated to all new construction personnel during orientation and on a poster that is placed in a visible location inside the construction job trailer. The phone number of the USACE cultural resources staff member shall also be included.

The on-site sensitivity training shall be carried out each time a new contractor will begin work in the APE and at the beginning of each construction season by each contractor.

If unanticipated discoveries of additional historic properties, defined in 36 CFR 800.16 (l), are made during the construction of the project, the USACE shall ensure that they will be protected by implementing the following measures:

- The Construction Manager, or archaeological monitor, if given the authority to halt construction activities, shall ensure that work in that area is immediately halted within a 100-foot radius of the unanticipated discovery until the find is examined by a person meeting the professional qualifications standards specified in Section 2.2 of Attachment G of the HPMP. The Construction Manager, or archaeological monitor, if present, shall notify the USACE within 24 hours of the discovery.
- The USACE shall notify the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) within one working day of an unanticipated discovery and may initiate interim treatment measures in accordance with this HPTP. Once the USACE makes a formal determination of eligibility for the resource, the USACE will notify the SHPO within 48 hours of the determination and afford the SHPO an opportunity to comment on appropriate treatment. The SHPO shall respond within 72 hours of the request to consult. Failure of the SHPO to respond within 72 hours shall not prohibit the USACE from implementing the treatment measures.

		The project applicants shall be required to submit to the City proof of compliance in the form of a completed training roster and copy of training materials.		
53-89	3A.5-3	Suspend Ground-Disturbing Activities if Human Remains are Encountered and	During all ground	Sacramento County Coroner;
	(Westland/	Comply with California Health and Safety Code Procedures.	disturbing	Native American Heritage
	Eagle SPA)	In accordance with the California Health and Safety Code, if human remains are uncovered during ground-disturbing activities, including those associated with off-site elements, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall immediately halt all ground-disturbing activities in the area of the find and notify the Sacramento County Coroner and a professional archaeologist skilled in osteological analysis to determine the nature of the remains. The coroner is required to examine all discoveries of human remains within 48 hours of receiving notice of a discovery on private or public lands (California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5[b]). If the coroner determines that the remains are those of a Native American, he or she must contact the NAHC by phone within 24 hours of making that determination (California Health and Safety Code Section 7050[c]).  After the coroner's findings are complete, the project applicant(s), an archaeologist, and the NAHC-designated Most Likely Descendant shall determine the ultimate treatment and disposition of the remains and take appropriate steps to ensure that additional human interments are not disturbed. The responsibilities for acting on notification of a discovery of Native American human remains are identified in Section 5097.9 of the California Public Resources Code.	activities, for any project phase.	Commission; City of Folsom Community Development Department
		Upon the discovery of Native American remains, the procedures above regarding involvement of the applicable county coroner, notification of the NAHC, and identification of an Most Likely Descendant shall be followed. The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall ensure that the immediate vicinity (according to generally accepted cultural or archaeological standards and practices) is not damaged or disturbed by further development activity until consultation with the Most Likely Descendant has taken place. The Most Likely Descendant shall have 48 hours after being granted access to the site to inspect the site and make recommendations. A range of possible treatments for the remains may be discussed: nondestructive removal and analysis, preservation in place, relinquishment of the remains and associated items to the descendants, or other culturally appropriate treatment. As suggested by AB 2641 (Chapter 863, Statutes of 2006), the concerned parties may extend discussions beyond the initial 48 hours to allow for the discovery of additional remains. AB 2641(e) includes a		

list of site protection measures and states that the project applicant(s) shall comply with one or more of the following requirements:

- record the site with the NAHC or the appropriate Information Center,
- use an open-space or conservation zoning designation or easement, or
- record a reinternment document with the county.

The project applicant(s) or its authorized representative of all project phases shall rebury the Native American human remains and associated grave goods with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further subsurface disturbance if the NAHC is unable to identify an Most Likely Descendant or if the Most Likely Descendant fails to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being granted access to the site. The project applicant(s) or its authorized representative may also reinter the remains in a location not subject to further disturbance if it rejects the recommendation of the Most Likely Descendant and mediation by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner. Ground disturbance in the zone of suspended activity shall not recommence without authorization from the archaeologist.

Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans).

The project applicants shall be required to submit to the City proof of compliance in the form of a completed training roster and copy of training materials.

# **ATTACHMENT 1**

Resolution No. 10731 – A Resolution to Approve a Small Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, Minor Administrative Modifications, Planned Development Permit deviations to the MLD Development Standards and Design Review to allow 115 residential units and approval of Street Names for the Mangini Ranch 1C South Project

# **ATTACHMENT 2**

Planning Commission Staff Report dated October 6, 2021



AGENDA ITEM NO. 1 Type: Public Hearing Date: October 6, 2021

**Planning Commission Staff Report** 

50 Natoma Street, Council Chambers Folsom, CA 95630

Project:

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South

File#: PN-21-086

Requests:

Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map

Minor Administrative Modifications

Development Standards and Design Review

Location:

The proposed Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South Subdivision Project is in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan on the northwest comer of White Rock Road and Placerville Road/Future Savannah Parkway, south of Mangini Parkway.

APNs: 072-0070-039, 072-3390-003, -004, and -013

Staff Contact:

Kathy Pease, AICP, Contract Planner, 916-812-0749

kpease@masfirm.com

Property Owner

Arcadian Improvement Co., LLC

Address: 4370 Town Center Blvd, Suite 100, El Dorado Hills, CA 95762

Applicant Trl Pointe Homes, LLC Address: 2990 Lava Ridge Court Suite 190, Roseville, CA 95661

Recommendation: Conduct a public hearing and upon conclusion recommend that the Planning Commission recommend City Council approval of the following entitlements, subject to the proposed Findings (A-Z) and Conditions of Approval (1-54) attached to this

- · Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map
- Minor Administrative Modification for Land Use Edge Refinements Minor Administrative Modification for Transfer of Development Rights
- Planned Development Permit-Development Standards and Design Review Approval of Street Names

Project Summary: The proposed project involves several related actions associated with a proposed residential development:



AGENDA ITEM NO. 1 Type: Public Hearing Date: October 6, 2021

- A Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map seeks to subdivide the area (26.92-ecres) into 115 residential lots
   A Minor Administrative Modification to refine the Land Use edge
- A Minor Administrative Modification to transfer three allocated dwelling units to the Project site within the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan.
- Planned Development Permit- Development Standard Deviations and Design Review of architecture and designs for the proposed homes
- Street Names seeks approval of a list of street names to be used for the proposed Project, as well as the Mangini Ranch 1C North and 1C 4-Pack subdivisions

These proposed actions are described in detail and analyzed later in this report

#### Table of Contents:

Attachment 1 - Background and Setting

# Attachment 2 - Project Description

- Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map
- Minor Administrative Modification Land Use Edge Refinement Minor Administrative Modification (Shift of 3 Dwelling Units)
- Planned Development Permit-Development Standard Deviations and
- Design Review

# Proposed Street Names List

## Attachment 3 - Analysis

- Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map
- · Minor Administrative Modification Land Use Edge Refinement Minor Administrative Modification (Shift of 3 Dwelling Units)
- Planned Development Permit-Development Standard Deviations and
- Design Review

#### Street Names Attachment 4 - Conditions of Approval

- Attachment 5 Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, dated July 1, 2021.
- Attachment 6- Preliminary Grading and Drainage Plan, dated July 1, 2021
- Attachment 7 Residential Schematic Design, dated December 4, 2020.
- Attachment 8 CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis for the Phase 1C South



AGENDA ITEM NO. 1 Type: Public Hearing Date: October 6, 2021

Subdivision Project dated September 17, 2021.

Attachment 9 - Access and Circulation Analysis, dated September 23, 2021

Attachment 10- Environmental Noise Analysis, dated September 15, 2021

Attachment 11- Applicant's General Plan Consistency Analysis

Attachment 12 - Subdivision Booklet (Separate Bound Document).

Attachment 13 - Digital Color Board dated May 4, 2021

Attachment 14- Applicant's Inclusionary Housing Letter dated September 15, 2021.

Submitted,

PAM JOHNS

Community Development Director

Planning Commission Manginin Ranch Phase IC South Subdivision (PN 21-085) October 6, 2021

ATTACHMENT 1
BACKGROUND AND SETTING

A. Background: Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan

The proposed Project site is part of the approved Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan (FPASP), a comprehensively planned community that proposes new development based on "Smart Growth" and Transit Oriented Development principles.

The FPASP, approved in 2011, is a development plan for over 3,500 acres of previously undeveloped land located south of Highway 50, north of White Rock Road, east of Prainte City Road, and adjacent to the Sacramento County/El Dorado County line in the southeastern portion of the City.

The FPASP includes a mix of residential, commercial, employment and public uses, complemented by recreational amenitles including a significant system of parks and open space, all within proximity to one another and interconnected by a network of "complete sircels", trails and blkeways. The Specific Plan is consistent with the SACOG Blueprint Principles and the requirements of SB 375 (Sustainable Communities and Climate Protection Act).

The Multi-Family Low Density (MLD) zoning designation provides for development at 7.0 to 12.0 units per acre. An excerpt from the FPASP Land Use Map is shown below. The proposed land use designations are consistent with the Folsom General Plan.

Planning Commission Manginin Ranch Phase 1C South Subdivision (PN 21-086) October 6, 2021

### FIGURE 1: FPASP LAND USE MAP EXCERPT



# B. Physical Setting

Figure 2, on the following page, shows an aerial photo Project site.

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Manginin Rench Phase #C South Subdivision (PN 21-056)
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# FIGURE 2: AERIAL PHOTO (2020)



Savannah Parkway provides direct access to the Project sile. Mangini Parkway also provides access into the Project via the Mangini Ranch 1C North subdivision proposed to the north. Developments approved in the area near the Project site includes the Mangini Ranch Phase I and II, and White Rock Springs Ranch currently under construction. A new elementary school is west of the Project site.

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#### ATTACHMENT 2 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### APPLICANT'S PROPOSAL

The Applicant is requesting approval of several related actions to allow the development of 115 single family homes on a 26 92-acre site. This Attachment provides project information on the requested approvals.

- A Small-Lot Vesting Tentalive Subdivision Map (Creation of 115 Residential Lots, and landscape and open space parcels- Lots A L)
- B Minor Administrative Modification Land Use Boundary Refinement
- C. Minor Administrative Modification (Transfer of 3 Dwelling Units)
- D. Planned Development Permit Development Standard Deviations and Design
- E Proposed Subdivision Street Names
- A. Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map

The first component of the Applicant's proposal is a Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Map to subdivide large tot parcels 132 and 211, to create 115 single-family residential lots, and several landscape and open space lots (A-L)

The Project subdivision layout is shown in Figure 3 on the following page. (A more detailed version of the subdivision map is included as Altachment 5 to this staff report ).

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Mangirin Ranch Phase 1C South Subdivision (PN 21-086)
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#### FIGURE 3: PROPOSED SUBDIVISION LAYOUT



Planuing Commission Manginin Rench Phase 1C South Subdivision (PN 21-066) October 6, 2021

⑨

VaW to InglA

T-50 SIPT

T-A 810J

Alliege



Typical residential street entries into the subdivision directly from Savannah Parkway. An entry is also provided from Manglini Parkway through the Manglini Ranch 1C North subdivision to the north (Street P).

One alley is proposed as part of the Project as shown in Figure 6.

FOCUS ROAD - PARCHED SIDEMALK 44. RICHT-OF-WAY

Plenning Commission Mangirin Rench Phase 1C South Subdivision (PN 21-086) October 6, 2021

Open Space Roads

Landscape SP-OS2

SP-MLD Density

SP-MLD Multi-Family Low

seono bneJ \gninoX senoA seU

The aubdivision uses standard public street right-of-way dimensions, including an infamali veadward verse street, as strown in Figure a yetter with a street street, as strown in Figure a better of the subdivision, but is located in an area east of Lot J. and west of Lot I.

The proposed subdivision features minimum for soxie of 3,000 square feet (45°x 67°). All for the front yerd (snd street side year for comer fore).

Thene are various landscape parcels that are being created by the SLVTSM. Lot I contains an exterior assets that are the state of the contains a serior state of the contains assets as serior as the state of the north vis Street F. Several tandscape fold (Lots A through F.) are proposed. Lot C would provide Street F. Several tandscape fold (Lots A through F.) are proposed. Lot C would provide additional opportunity for a connection to the util at the end of a cul-de-sac in Court A.

0.6

0

15.10

TABLE 1: LAND USE SUMMARY

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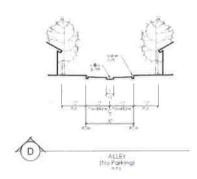
Sp.41

InM

White Rock Road and the future Capital Southeast Connector are adjacent to the Project's countrem boundary but no access the title the abdivision is planned from these readways. The Capital Southeast Connector is planned to improve White Rock Road from a local two-bane roadway to a 4- to 6-lane regional throrughiter. Condition No. 41 from a local two-bane roadway to a 4- to 6-lane regional throrughiter. Condition No. 41 includes notice to future residents regering the proximity of this roadway.

Planning Contrission
Mangirin Ranch Phase TC South Subdivision (PN 21-096)
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### FIGURE 6: PROPOSED ALLEY CROSS SECTION



As shown in Figures 7 and 8 below, a Class 1 bike trail is proposed in the open space that is located along the northern boundary of the Project. Trail connections will be provided at grade and will connect to the proposed sidewalk on Street F. Access would also be available at Lot C which is at the end of cul-do-sac A. Pedestinan access and circulation are also accommodated through the provision of attached sidewalks on all interior streets. Class II bike lanes are provided on Savannah Parkway and Mangini Parkway (as required in the FPASP) and Class II bike routes are provided on all residential streets.

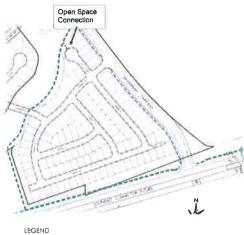
Planning Commission Marximin Ranch Phase TC South Subdivision (PN 21-086) October  $6,\,2021$ 

FIGURE 7: PEDESTRIAN ACCESS



Planning Commission Manginin Ranch Phase 1C South Subdivision (PN 21-088) October 6, 2021

FIGURE 8: COURT CONNECTION TO OPEN SPACE VIA LOT C



HER I HALL BEREITHAL ----- Planning Commission Mangarin Ranch Phase 1C South Subdivision (PN 21-086) October 6, 2021

#### Planned Development Permit- Development Standards and Design Review

The Planned Development Permit is designed to allow greater flexibility in the design of a project than otherwise possible through strict application of the land use regulations. The Planned Development Permit process is designed to encourage creative and afficient uses of land. The following are proposed as part of the Applicant's Planned. Development Permit:

- Development Standard Deviations
   Building Architecture and Design

### Development Standards

The Applicant's desire is to provide a single family detached compact product that meets a land use density of 8 dwelling units per acre. As a result, the Applicant is requesting several deviations to the Specific Plan MLD development standards to achieve this density. The request includes reduced front yard, garage, and side yard selbacks. No bedroom windows are proposed on the side elevations of homes that would conflict with the four-foot side setback, to meet fire code access requirements.

The following table outlines the areas that are proposed to deviate from the MLD Development Standards shown in red

TABLE 2: SP-MLD MULTI-FAMILY LOW DENSITY DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

Development Standard	Requirement	Proposed Project 3,000 3,500	
Minimum Lot Size Corner Lot	3,000		
Front Porch Setback	12.5 Feet	12.5	
Front Primary Structure Setback	15 Feet	12.5	
Front Garage Setback	20 Feet	18	
Side Yard Setbacks	5 Feet/5 Feet	4	
Rear Yard Setback	10 Feet	10	
Maximum Lot Coverage	50%	50%	

The Applicant has put together a package of amenities that will provide a public benefit to future residents in the community above what would normally be provided. The community will have increased energy efficiency and amenities. The proposed amenities include:

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- All homes will include a WaterSense Rain Bird WiFi irrigation controller for their private rear yard landscapes, capable of servicing both their front and rear yards.
- Third Party Verification. Third-party testing will be included with each home to ensure all energy efficient features installed in the homes have been installed correctly to maximize energy efficiencies. Third-party testing will include Quality insulation installation inspection (HQII), SEER and EER Verifications, and Low
- Cool Roofing. The project will feature tile roofs from Eagle Roofing's Catifornia Collection. Tile roofs will be Cool Roof rated with a SR value no less than 0.17.
- Low Voltage Technology: Comfort features will be included in every home
   Eero whole home WiFi system with two Beacons for full coverage

  - provided to every home.

    o Amazon Echo Spot voice activated smart device facilitating hands-free control of connected devises throughout the home included in every home.

  - LiftMaster WiFi enabled garage door opener included in every home.
     Dual combination USB receptacle in kitchen for ease in charging devices. included
  - Two Smart Leviton Decora light switches included in every home.
  - RING Pro video doorbeil for added security included in every home.
- Upgraded SuperPaint and Loxon Acrylic Paint: High performance Sherwin Williams Loxon Acrylic Paint that contains agents that inhibit the growth of mildew on the homes surface will be used on all homes.
- Sustainable Features:
  - o Energy Star dishwasher

  - Tankless water heaters
    Insulated garage doors and windows with low u-factors

  - Energy-efficient LED lighting Low-E gless windows to keep heat and cold outside and reduce UV rays
  - Programmable dual zone, "smart" thermostats Right-sized energy efficient HVAC equipment with sealed ducts

  - WaterSense certified faucets and fixtures in bathrooms Right-sized solar systems offsetting average homeowner usage with the ontion to add panels as desired.
  - Garages would be wired for electric vehicle charging but individual occupants would

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building Architecture and Design
Two of the three proposed plans were previously approved in the Creekstone neighborhood currently under construction by Tri Point Homes, (southeast corner of East Bidwell and Savannah Parkway in the FPASP). There are 36 possible combinations of plan, elevation and color or materials so only three homes would end up being the same within the proposed Project. Plan 2 is new to further ensure that the neighborhood contains its own unique style.

The primary reason for a new plan was so that all three plans would have the highly desired first-floor bedroom. The thernes coordinate with the two neighboring Phase 1C plan series (MR 1C 4-Packs and MR 1C North), creating a cohesive design with neighborhoods strung together harmonicusty and balanced. The elevations have slight changes as compared to Creekstone to ensure this neighborhood has its own signature. Some examples are as follows:

- Incorporated more hipped roofs on the Italian themes.
- Changed the shutter detail and some eve clay pipe details on the Spanish elevations.
- Changed first floor roofs from shed to gable at certain location on the Farmhouse.
- incorporated more brick and modified location of skiing on the Farmhouse
- Changed up the garage door designs for the Spanish and Italian elevations. Changed window patterns on front elevations.

#### Differences from Creekstone Include the following.

- All plans have a first-floor secondary bedroom
   Lot size increased to meet minimum of MLD Standard
- Larger Rear Yards
- 72% of lots can fit a rear covered pallo
- 7.2% of lots cann it a rear covered pair
  7.5% of fole have deeper front setbacks from the minimum proposed (20' gerage
  and 15' front vs. 18' garage and 12.5' front).
  Use of Cool Roofing SR Value of no less than 0.17
  Electric Vehicle Charger pre-wire

- SuperPaint by Sherwin Williams on interior walls
- Loxon Acrylic Paint at exterior

#### Like Creekstone these are the qualities included in 1C South

- House forward architecture, including glazing from the first-floor secondary bedroom
- Varied Entry Locations
- Private Yards

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- Two-Bay Garages
- Full Size Driveways
- Low Mainlenance Landscapes

The Project includes the construction of 115 single family homes. All of the homes are proposed in a two-story configuration and range in size from 2,049 square feet to 2 421 square feet. As indicated, all homes feature a downstairs bedroom.

Three architectural styles are proposed:

- Spanish Colonial
- Italian Villa
- Western Farmhouse

There are three plan types for all three architectural styles, with a variety of colors and materials as shown in the Applicant's submittal (Attachment 7 and 13).

The Applicant's submittal describes the architectural styles as follows:

- Spanish Colonial Based on simple early Spanish missions, the style uses minimal decorative details borrowed from Spanish Revival homes that are most common in southwestern states, particularly California, Anzona, and Texas Identifying features are low-pitched roofs, with little to no overhang, and tile roof covering. Recessed elements along with gable end details and Imms; wall surface is usually stucco, and the facade normally asymmetrical
- Imms: wall surface is usually slucco, and the facade normally asymmetrical 
  \* Italian Villa This style provides a classic look. Roofs contain villa-shaped 
  concrete tile and are gently piched, the homes have two story massing with 
  stucco externor finish and stone veneer on columns.

  \* Western Famhouse Roofs are a lower hip on hip design with flat 
  concrete roof tiles. These roofs contribute to a grounded massing 
  approach highlighted with vertically onented feature windows. Elevation 
  features are further highlighted with material transitions and color 
  application. Windows kept Intentionally without grids and masonry stone 
  veneer styles are the most rectilinear and crisp for differentiation and 
  contemporary theme. Color schemes work with massing design to 
  provide an earthy feel with accent pops of color.

Example illustrations of the three architectural styles and sample floor plans applied to the designs are shown in Figures 7 through 14 on the following pages

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#### FIGURE 9: ELEVATIONS 1A







Planning Commission Mangirin Rench Phase 1C South Subdivision (PN 21-086) October 6, 2021 Planning Commission Mangirun Ranch Phase 1C South Subdivision (PN 21-086) October 8, 2021

### FIGURE 10: FLOORPLAN 1A







# FIGURE 11: ELEVATIONS 2A





Front Elevation 28 - Makan Villa



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Mangirin Ranch Phase 1C South Subdivision (PN 21-085)
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# FIGURE 12: FLOORPLAN 2A







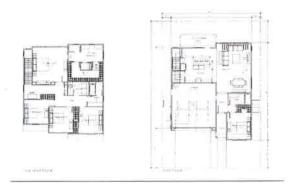
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# FIGURE 13: ELEVATIONS 3A



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### FIGURE 14: PLAN 3 FLOORPLAN

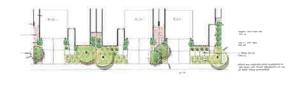


All lots including the one alley, will have a 12.5-foot front yard with tandscaping proposed as shown in Figure 15. While one alley is proposed, it contains several large lots because of site constraints and therefore, is able to accommodate a front yard facing the alley According to the Applicant, 75% of the homesites will actually have a 15' front setback

Planning Commission
Manginin Ranch Phase 1C South Subdivision (PN 21-086)
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#### FIGURE 15: FRONT YARD LANDSCAPING

45X67 Product Series

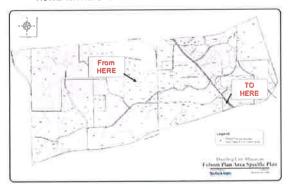


# C. Minor Administrative Modification

The Project Includes two Minor Administrative Modifications (MAMa). The first request is for approval of a MAM to transfer development rights to move three dwelling units among parcels, as shown on Figure 16

The unit transfer supports the 115 units in the SLVTSM. The transferring and receiving parcels are under a single ownership and located within the FPASP and, after the transfer, they would remain within the General Plan and specific plan density ranges for each respective parcel.

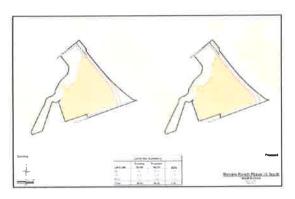
FIGURE 16: PROPOSED REALLOCATION OF 3 DWELLING UNITS



The second MAM is for minor adjustments to the land use boundaries. As shown below, the adges of the development area have been slightly modified to accommodate realignments of planned roadways. The adjustments to the land use boundaries are requested to maxinize development efficiencies. Specifically, 1). The boundary line between the Project side and open space are modified to adjust the location of the road crossing the open space (no changes to impacted acres) and addition of open space at the western side boundary (an increase of 0.19 acre), and 2). Savannah Parkway is shifted east to accommodate the planned intersection at White Rock Road

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FIGURE 17: MINOR ADMINISTRATIVE MODIFICATION BOUNDARY REFINEMENT



#### E. Street Names

There are seven streets within the 1C South subdivision including the court. Street names are being proposed by the Applicant. The Folsom Municipal Code (FMC Section 19.08.020(C)(B)) requires that all new street names be considered and approved by the Plannina Commission.

The list of proposed street names are as follows and includes names that will be shown on the Final Map and will also be used for the Managini Ranch 1C North and 1C 4-Pack projects:

### Proposed New Street Names

23. Magnolla 24. Margauex 25. Mascon 26. Monarch 27. Moonbeam 28. Neotune

New Street Hames	
1. Apollo	29. Orbit
2. Artemis	30. Nightberry
3. Azure	31.Opal
4. Bedrock	32 Pegasus
5. Caprock	33. Raindrop
6. Bellanna	34.Ranger
7. Burns	35.Rattan
8. Cantrell	36.Riata
9. Caraway	37.Romanini
10. Celestial	38. Selene
11. Clementine	39. Sisal
12. Daffodli	40. Soistice
13. Equinox	41 Startight
14. Firefly	42. Southpointe
15. Freesia	43. Sunflower
16. Frontier	44. Tilly
17. Gibbous	45. Twilight
18. Hampton	46. Violet
19. Happy Hallow	47.Voyager
20. Haven	48. Williamson
21. Indigo	
22. Lukella	

Planning Commission Manginin Ranch Phase 1C South Subdivision (PN 21-088) October 6, 2021

## ATTACHMENT 3

The following sections provide an analysis of the Applicant's proposal. Staff's analysis addresses the following:

- A. Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map to subdivide into 115 residential lots.
- B. Planned Development Permit Development Standard Deviations and Design Review
- C. Traffic/Access/Circulation
- D. Parking
- E. Noise Impacts
- F. Inclusionary Housing
- G. Minor Administrative Modification Land Use Boundary Refinement
- H. Minor Administrative Modification (Shift of Dwelling Units to Other Parcels)
- Conformance with relevant Folsom General Plan and Folsom Plan Area Specific
  Plan Objectives and Policies

#### A. Small Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map

As shown on the submitted Small-Lot Vesting Tentalive Subdivision Map (Attachment 5), the proposed subdivision includes 115- single family residential lots, tan open space and tandscape lots, and nine internal public streets. The Project will be required to dedicate public right-of-way for the internal public etreets.

The Project is on property zoned for residential use. Development is at a density of 8dwelling units per acre which is within the density allowed (7-12 dwelling units per acre) approved for MLD property including the project site.

Condition 6 requires the Applicant to dedicate public utility easements for underground facilities (i.e., SMUD, Pacific Gas and Electric, cable television, telephone) on properties adjacent to the streets. Staff has determined that the proposed Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map complies with all City requirements, as well as with the requirements of the State Subdivision Map Act.

# B. Planned Development Permit- Development Standard Deviations and Design Review

#### Development Standard Deviations

As noted earlier within this staff report, the Project is proposing deviations from the development standards established by the FPASP for the MLD land use category including setbacks as shown in Table 2. The A pplicant's intent with the subject application is to create a unique set of development standards that will accommodate the development of 115 single-family detached homes.

The regulations of the underlying zone relating to height, setback, lot area and coverage, parking, and other provisions may be variest when such deviation will result in improved development and will permit desirable pranagements of structures in relation to parking areas, parks and parkways, pedestrian walks and other such features.

In considering the Planned Development Permit, the proposed development project must be designed to provide open space, circulation, off-street parking and other conditions in such a way as to form a harmonious, integrated project of sufficient quality to justify exceptions to the normal regulations.

Approval of the Project Development Standards would not set a precedent because it is consistent with other approved projects in the City. The City recently approved the 1C 4-Pack project to the north, which included development standard deviations to lot coverage, minimum lot size and sebacks. In this instance, the Applicant is requesting deviations to the selback requirements, which would allow the Applicant to achieve its intent to provide a compact development at an affordable price point. There is high residential demand currently and the Applicant believes this product would meet the demand.

Staff has reviewed the Project and determined that the Project is proposing a product that provides adequate open space, circulation, off-street parking and that provides a quality neighborhood and homes at an affordable price point, with upgraded architectural features, and enhanced amenuties

A major reason for the reduced setbacks according to the Applicant is to provide a deeper rear yard for more usable space. An option allows a covered patio and by pushing up the front yard setback, allows the rear yard to be deeper. See Figure 18 for homes that may have the reduced yard setback. The color codes indicate all garages would be setback. It is feet in homes with the reduced setback. Light blue shows names with a 12.5-fool front yard setback and yellow and peach color homes would only have a reduced front setback if the homeowner requests the rear patio option.

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#### FIGURE 18: FRONT YARD REDUCED SETBACK LOCATIONS



Twenty-three lots (Lots 13, 21-22, 49-55, 72, 81, 90 and 93-102) would have a reduced front yard setback in order to fit the lot configuration. Fifteen 15 Lots, (Lots 14, 48, 58-64, 79-80, 91 and 104) would have an option to include the rear covered patio if the shallower setback is applied, and Lots 24-42, include 19 lots with high rear yard sound walls, adjacent to White Rock Road. A reduced setback would allow the home to be placed further from the wall.

Recognizing the request for reduced setbacks, the Applicant has included an enhance amenity package. The proposed amenilies including the cool roof features that will reduce energy use and keep the neighborhood cooler than with standard roofs. The Project will also install increased insulation and with third-party verification for energy standards, will ensure that the Project reduces the heat effect of the compact development and saves energy at the same time. Therefore, the findings can be made to support the Planned Development Permit to allow approval of the Project's MLD Development Standards.

#### Proposed Residential Designs

The Project is located within the central portion of the Folsom Plan Area; thus, it is subject to the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guldelines, which were approved by the City Council in 2015, and amended in 2018. The Design Guldelines are a complementary document to the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan and the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Community Guldelines.

The following are the general architectural principles intended to guide the design of the Folsom Ranch, Central District to ensure quality development:

- Provide a varied and interesting street scene
- Focus of the home is the front elevation, not the garage.
- Provide a variety of garage placements.
- Provide detail on rear elevations where visible from the public streets.
- ... Choose appropriate massing and roof forms to define the architectural styles.
- Ensure that plans and styles provide a degree of individuality.
- . Use architectural elements and details to reinforce individual architectural styles.

The Design Guidelines require that specific homes within a subdivision that meet the definition of an "edge condition" lot are required to incorporate enhanced architectural details on the rear and side building elevations, like the enhanced architectural details provided on the front building elevation of the home.

The Applicant has provided enhanced architectural features on the homes that are visible

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from street or open space views including additional windows and enhanced window details, siding details and materials (see Attachment 7, Residential Schematic Design)

In evaluating the proposed project, staff also took into consideration building and design elements that could be considered unique to the Folsom Plan Area. Staff has determined that the proposed architectural styles and master plans do include many unique building and design elements and are consistent with the Folsom Rench Design Guidelines. Based on this analysis, staff forwards the following design recommendations to the Commission for consideration:

- This approval is for two-story homes in three master plans and three architectural stytes with 12 cofor and material options. The Applicant shall submit building plans that comply with this approval and the attached building elevations dated December 4, 2020.
- The design, materials, and colors of the single-family residential units shall be consistent with the approved building elevations, materials samples, and color schemes to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.
- The Community Development Department shall approve the individual lot permits to assure no duplication or repetition of the same house, same roof-line, same elevation style, side-by-side, or across the street from each other.
- All mechanical equipment shall be ground-mounted and concealed from view of public streets, neighboring properties and nearby higher buildings.
- Decorative light fixtures, consistent with the Folsom Rench Central District Design Guidelines and unique to each architectural design theme, shall be added to the front elevation of each Master Plan to the salisfaction of the Community Development Department.
- 6. A minimum of one street tree shall be planted in the front yard of each residential lot within the subdivision. A minimum of two trees are required along the streetside of all corner tots. All front yard irrigation and landscaping shall be installed prior to a Building Permit Final.

These recommendations listed above are included in the conditions of approval presented for consideration by the Planning Commission (Condition No. 50).

#### F. Traffic/Access/Circulation

The 2011 Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact Statement included not only a detailed analysis of traffic-related impacts within the

Plan Area, but also an evaluation of traffic-related impacts on the surrounding communities. In total, there are fifty-five (55) traffic-related mitigation measures associated with development of the FPASP which are included as conditions of approval for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South Subdivision project. Many of these mitigation measures are expected to reduce traffic impacts to East Bidwell Street, included among the mitigation measures are requirements to fund and construct readway improvements within the Plan Area, pay a fair-share contribution for construction of Improvements north of U.S. Highway 50, participate in the City's Transportation System Management Fee Program, and Participate in the U.S. Highway 50 Corridor Transportation Management Association. The Mangini Ranch 1C South Subdivision project is subject to all traffic-related mitigation measures required by the 2011 FPASP EIR/EIS (Condition Nos 53-25 to 53-79).

The Kimley Horn Traffic Impact Analysis concluded that the expected traffic would be minimal and consistent with the assumptions of the plan area, as considered in the FPASP FIR

As shown on the submitted Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map (Attachment 5), primary access to the Project atte is provided by Savannah Parkway. Secondary access would be provided via Street F, through the 1C North subdivision with access to Mangini Parkway. (Condition No. 49 a.)

There are interim improvements that are required for both the ultimate right-of-way for Savannah Parkway, as wall as the intersection of Savannah Parkway/Nhite Rock Road and ultimately Savannah Parkway/Southeast Connector. The SMVTM will provide the ultimate right of way, as shown in Figure 18 below and as a condition of approval (No.

# Pedestrian Access/Circulation

Pedestrian access will be accommodated via a trail connection at the end of Cul-de-sac A and Lot C. (Condition No. 38 b.) This will connect to planned Class I trail in the open space that is located on the north side of the subdivision. Access throughout the neighborhood will be provided via sidewalks that will connect to Savannah Parkway, Mangini Parkway and White Rock Road.

The following have been included as conditions (Condition No. 49) of approval for the 1C South Subdivision project:

- Vehicle Access shall be granted on Street F to provide and maintain secondary access to the north (via the Mangini Rench Phase 1C North project) for a connection to Mangini Parkway.
   Required public and private subdivision improvements, including but not limited to street and frontage improvements on Savannah Parkway, and

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Mangini Parkway shall be completed prior to Issuance of the first Certificate of Occupancy for the subdivision.

c. The northbound left-turn from Savannah Parkway Into Street "A" shall be constructed to include a minimum of 125-feet of storage/ deceleration plus a

Consultated to Institute a minimum of 12-best of sociage declarisation place.

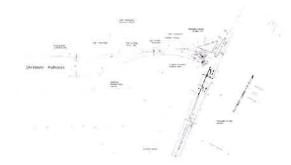
The Project shall install the traffic signal control on Savennah Parkway al Mangini Parkway to the satisfaction of the City prior to the issuance of the first certificate of occupancy. The northbound left-turn lane on Savannah Parkway to Mangini Parkway shall be constructed to include a minimum of 180-feet of storage/deceleration plus a 60-foot bay tapor.

to Margini Parkway shall be constructed to include a minimum of velv-test of storage/deceleration plus a 60-foot bay lapar.

e. The Project shall construct shoulder improvements along the Project's entire frontage of westbound White Rock Road to the satisfaction of the City prior to approval of the final map. In lisu of constructing the interim shoulder improvements, the Project may enter into a Subdivision Improvement Agreement with the City and post adequate security to the City's satisfaction to ensure construction of said improvements, the security shall be in place for a minimum period of 10 years. If shoulder improvements are constructed and/or funded by the Project, then said costs may be included in an applicable fee program established and approved for the Folsom Pian Area subject to approval by the City and the actual costs expended by the owner/applicant may therefore be eligible for a credit and/or reimbursement. If construction of the Capital Southeast Connector Project between East Bidwell Street and the El Dorado County line has commenced during the term of the required Subdivision Improvement Agreement, then the shoulder improvement condition will be deemed satisfied, and the security shall be released to the owner/applicant.

g. With the project, the Savannah Parkway frontage will be constructed and the right-of-way necessary for the ultimate intersection with the Capital Southeast Connector will be dedicated. All right-of-way within the City of Folsom required to construct the interim and ultimate improvements (as por Exhibit 1 of the Imflier epont and Figure 18 below) shall be provided as part of this Project.

FIGURE 19: SAVANNAH AND WHITE ROCK ROAD/ FUTURE SOUTHEAST CONNECTOR IMPROVEMENTS



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#### FIGURE 20: ACCESS AND CIRCULATION EXHIBIT



#### D. Parking

The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan requires that single-family residential units located within a Multi-Family Low Density (MLD) designated area provide two covered parking

spaces per unit. The FPASP also requires that single-family residential units located within an MLD designated area provide a minimum of 0.8 guest parking spaces per unit.

As shown on the submitted residential schematic design (Attachment 7), each home will include a two-car attached garage, thus meeting the covered parking requirement of the FPASP. There will also be the opportunity for parking spaces in driveways and on-streat throughout the Project area, which exceeds the minimum of 0.8 parking spaces required by the FPASP.

#### E. Street Names

The proposed street names were reviewed by emergency services personnel, and staff determined that there are no existing street names in Folsom identical to the proposed street names or that conflict with the proposed street names. Therefore, it is recommended that the street names be approved for use in the Mangini Ranch 1C subdivisions.

#### F. Noise Impacts

A Noise Assessment (Attachment 10) was prepared by Bollard Acoustical Consultants on September 15, 2021, to determine whether traffic-related noise would cause noise tovels at the Project site to exceed acceptable limits, as described in the Noise Element of the City of Folsom General Plan, and to evaluate compliance with the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan EIR Noise Miligation Measures.

#### **Outdoor Noise Levels**

The noise analysis projected noise levels adjacent to White Rock Road (Future Southeast Connector) and Savannah Parkway (based on future traffic levels) to determine noise levels at homes adjacent to the roadway. The City's standards are:

- 60 dB L<sub>th</sub><sup>1</sup> for outdoor activity areas (such as rear yards)
- 45 dB L<sub>dn</sub> for Interior areas in dwellings

The noise analysis concluded that, without mitigation, noise levels for lots 1-5, 45, 1-3 and 105-115 along Savannah Parkway would exceed 80 dB La.in the rear yards of homes (up to 66 dB La.) and thus exceed the City's standard for outdoor activity areas. The second-floor facades of these homes would be up to 68 dBLdn.

On lots 24 through 65, adjacent to White Rock Road/Future Southeast Connector sound levels would be up to 73 Ldn and up to 75 Ldn at second floor facades.

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Standard residential construction (i.e., stucco siding, STC-27 windows, door weatherstripping, exterior wall insulation, composition plywood roof), typically results in an
exterior to interior noise reduction of approximately 25 dB with windows closed and
approximately 15 dB with windows open. This tavel of noise reduction would be
adequate to reduce future Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road traffic noise levels
to 45 dB DNL or less within the first floors of all residences constructed within the
development. However, upper-floor window construction upgrades would be warranted
at residences constructed adjacent to the roadways.

The Noise Analysis recommends that the Project design include additional solid noise barriers along Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road. The noise barriers would need to be substantial, especially along White Rock Road (six-feet up to ten-feet tail) as described in the Noise Analysis-Altachment 10.

The noise analysis recommendations are found as Condition No. 33, and include the following:

- Six to ten-foot noise barriers shall be constructed along the boundaries adjacent to Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road/Future Southeast Connector. Lots 38-45 require a 10-ft wall, Lots 27-35 require a 9-foot wall, Lots 24-36 an 8-foot wall, Lots 105-115 require a 7-foot wall. Cots 1-5 a 6-foot wall. The noise barriers could take the form a masonry wall, earthen berm, or combination of the two. For the 9-foot and 10-foot barriers segments adjacent to White Rock Road, the Applicant shall limit the barrier height to 8 feet, as feasible, and implement construction measures (e.g., berming, adjustments to finished grades, etc.) to meet exterior noise stendards.
- Suitable materials for the traffic noise berriers include mesonry and precest concrete panels. Other materials may be acceptable but shall be reviewed by an acoustical consultant and approved by the Community Development Department includes.
- To ensure compliance with the General Plan 45 dB DNL exterior noise level standard including a factor of safety, all upper-floor badroom windows of residences constructed adjacent to Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road from which the roadway would be visible shall be upgraded to a minimum STC rating of 32, 34 and 35. Lots 1-5 and Lots 103 115 require an STC rating of 32. Lot's 24-35 require an STC rating of 34 and Lot's 38-45 require an STC rating of 35.
- Mechanical ventilation (air conditioning) shall be provided for all residences in this development to allow the occupants to close doors and windows as desired to achieve compilance with the applicable General Plan 45 dB DNL Interfor noise level standard.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> dB Ldn is average noise level over a 24-hour day, measured in decibels (dB). The average includes a +10 decibel weighing applied to noise occurring during nighttime (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.) hours.

In addition, the recommended conditions of approval (Condition No. 19) require the Applicant to provide a final design for all walls and fences for review and approval by staff prior to construction.

#### G. Emergency Services

The Project will be served by Folsom Police and Fire. Similar to other areas of the FPASP, the City has a mutual aid agreement with El Dorado Fire. Until Station 34 is built, there will be areas in the FPASP that will be serviced by El Dorado Hills Fire due to their proximity. This will be for first responder units only. If it is a medical aid, a Folsom Ambulance will be dispatched.

#### H. Inclusionary Housing

The Applicant proposes to comply with Folsom Municipal Code Chapter 17.104 (Inclusionary Housing) by paying in-lieu fees per Municipal Code Section 17.104.080(G). (See the applicant's Inclusionary Housing letter, Included as Attachment 14 to this staff report). Homes within the subdivision will be sold at market prices. Fees pald by the Applicant will help provide affordable housing sisewhere in the city. The Applicant is required to enter into an Inclusionary Housing Agraement with the City. The Final Inclusionary Housing Plan is subject to approved by the City Council. In addition, the Inclusionary Housing Agraement, which will be approved by the City Attorney, must be executed prior to recordation of the Final Map for the 1C South Subdivision project. Condition No. 41 is included to reflect these requirements

#### I. Minor Administrative Modifications

The Project proposes two minor administrative modifications (MAMs) to refine a development edge and to reallocate residential units between parcels, respectively.

Boundary refinement
The boundaries have been elightly modified to accommodate realignments of planned roadways. Specifically, 1). The boundary line between the MLD and OS are modified to edjust the location of the road crossing the OS at Street F (no changes to land use acres) and addition of 0.19 acres of open space at the western site boundary, and 2). Sevennah Parkway is shifted east to accommodate the planned intersection at White Rock Road.

Transfer of units

The Applicant is proposing to construct 115 residential units on the subject parcel, and therefore, a Minor Administrative Modification is being requested to reallocate 3 residential units from FPASP percel 7.6 3 du) which is has both a General Plan designation a zoning designation of Single-Family High Density (SFHD) which has a density of 4-7 DU per acre. The units would be transferred to the Project site, FPASP

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parcel 211 (+3) DU to allow up to 8 units per acre. The difference in density of 1 unit per acre would not result in an overall change to the total FPASP unit allocation or total population. Population is calculated based on the single-family realdential land use (considered the same for both MLD and SFHD) and the number of units, so total population would be expected to remain the same. The Project does not affect the overall amount of non-realdential development in the FPASP.

The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan provides for Minor Administrative Modifications, 
"... that are consistent with and do not substantially change its overall intent, 
such as minor adjustments to the land use locations and percel boundaries 
shown in Figure 4.1 – Land Use and Figure 4.4 – Plan Area Parcela and the 
land use acreages shown in Table 4.1 – Land Use Summary." [FPASP 
Section 13.3].

Minor administrative modifications can be approved at a staff level, provided the following

- The proposed modification is within the Plan Area.
- The modification does not reduce the size of the proposed town center.
- The modification retains compliance with City Charter Article 7.08, previously
- The general land use pattern remains consistent with the intent and spirit of the FPASP.
- The proposed changes do not substantially alter the backbone infrastructure network.
- The proposed modification offers equal or superior improvements to development
- The proposed modification does not increase environmental impacts beyond these identified in the EIRVEIS.

Based on staff's review, the proposed reallocation of three residential units meets ait of the required criteria mentioned above. The General Plan and specific plan densities will remain the same. As a result, staff can approve the proposed Minor Administrative

J. Conformance with Relevant General Plan and Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Objectives and Policies

The Applicant prepared a detailed analysis of the project's consistency with all of the policies in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan; that analysis is included in the CEQA Exemption and Streamtlining Analysis in Attachment 8 to this report. Staff concurs with the Applicant's analysis that the project is consistent with the Specific Plan.

The following is a summary analysis of the project's consistency with the Folsom General Plan and with key policies of the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan.

GP and SP OBJECTIVE H-1 (Housing)
To provide an adequate supply of suitable sites for the development of a range of housing types to meet the housing needs of all segments of the population.

GP and SP POLICY H-1.1
The City shall ensure that sufficient land is designated and zoned in a range of residential densities to accommodate the City's regional share of housing.

Analysis. The City provides residential lands at a variety of residential densities as specified in the General Plan and in the Folsom Municipal Code. The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan includes specialized zoning (Specific Plan Designations) that are customized to the Plan Area as adopted in 2011 and as Amended over time. The FPASP provides residential lands at densities ranging from 1-4 dwelling unit per acre (SF), 4-7 dwelling units per acre (SFHD), 7-12 dwelling units per acre (MID), 12-20 dwelling units per acre (MMD), 20-30 dwelling units per acre (MHD), and 9-30 dwelling units per acre (MU).

The Phase 1C South Subdivision project is designated MLD and is proposed to be developed at 8 units per acre, which is within the density range for the MLD designation.

SP POLICY 4.1
Create pedestrian-oriented neighborhoods through the use of a grid system of streets where feasible, sidewalks, bike paths and trails. Residential neighborhoods shall be linked, where appropriate, to encourage pedestrian and bloyde travel.

Ansivals: The Project proposes a compact single-family neighborhood with a system of local streets linked with sidewalks and connection to the open apace to the south. Biking and waiking with be accommodated within the Project and will be accommodated within the Project and will be connect via external sidewalks and Class III blocycle lanes with nearby neighborhoods, parks, schools, and open space trails with Class I blocycle trails.

#### SP POLICY 4.4

e a variety of housing opportunities for residents to participate in the home-

Analysis: The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan provides home ownership opportunities within the MLD (Mulii-Family Low Density) tand use category. The Manghil Ranch Phase 1C South Subdivision project is consistent with this policy in that it will provide detached single family home ownership opportunities within the MLD designation zoned parcals at a more affordable price point than in other, less dense residential developments.

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SP POLICY 4.8
As established by the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan, the total number of dwelling units for the Plan Area shall not exceed 11,461. The number of units within individual land use parcels may vary, so long as the number of units falls within the allowable density range for a particular land use designation.

Analysis: There have been a number of Specific Plan Amendments approved by the City Council within the Folsom Plan Area, which has generally led to an the City Council within the Folsom Plan Area, which has generally led to an increase in residentially zoned land and a decrease in commercially zoned land. As a result, the number of residential units within the Plan Area increased from 10,210 to 11,461. The various Spediic Plan Amendment EIRs and Addenda analyzed Impacts from the conversion of the commercial lands to residential lends; impacts and associated mitigations measures can be found in the individual project-specific environmental documents. The increase in population was analyzed and can be accommodated in the excess capacity of the school sites provided in the Plan Area.

The proposed project does not result in any change in total dwelling units in the FPASP. The reallocation of units to these parcels will not exceed the allowable density for the parcels.

SP OBJECTIVE 7.1 (Circulation)
Consistent with the California Complete Streets Act of 2008 and the Sustainable
Communities and Climate Protection Act (SB 375), create a safe and efficient circulation
system for all modes of travel.

SP POLICY 7.1

The roadway network in the Plan Area shall be organized in a grid-like pattern of streets and blocks, except where topography and natural features make it Infeasible, for the majority of the Plan Area in order to create neighborhoods that encourage walking, blking, public transit, and other alternative modes of transportation.

Anatysis: Consistent with the requirements of the California Complete Streets Act, the FPASP identified and planned for hierarchy of connect "complete streets" to ensure that pedestrian, blke, bus, and automobile modes are travel are designed to have direct and continuous connections throughout the Plan Area. Every option, from regional connector roadways to arterial and local streets, has been carefully planned and designed. Recent California legislation to reduce greenhouse gas emissions (AB 32 and SB 375) has resulted in an increased market demand for table, travels and beautical posted clears to service peeds and emission and emissions. public transit and housing located closer to service needs and employment centers. In response to these changes, the FPASP includes a regional transit corridor that will provide public transportation links between the major commercial, public, and multi-family residential land uses in the Plan Area.

The Mangini Ranch 1C South project has been designed with multiple modes of transportation options (vehicles, bicycle, walking, access to transit) and internal street organized pattern consistent with the approved FPASP circulation plan.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) provides that residential projects which are consistent with an approved Specific Plan for which an EIR was prepared are example from a requirement to prepare additional environmental analysis. CEQA Guidelines section 15182(c) provides specific criteria to determine whether this examption applies:

- (c) Residential Projects Implementing Specific Plans.
- (1) Eligibility. Where a public agancy has prepared an EIR on a specific plan after January 1, 1980, a residential project undertaken pursuant to and in conformity to that specific plan is exempt from CEQA if the project meets the requirements of this section. Residential projects covered by this section. include but are not limited to land subdivisions, zoning changes, and residential planned unit developments. [CEQA Guidelines section 15182]

The Applicant has prepared an analysis (included as Attachment 8 to this staff report), which determined that the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South Project qualifies for the exemption provided in CEQA Guidelines 15182(c), since it is consistent with the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan.

The Applicant's analysis also includes a review of the impacts and miligation measures addressed in the EIR for the FPASP, which concluded that the project will not result in any impacts not already identified, and that miligation measures in the EIR will be sufficient to address project impacts. None of the events described in CEQA Guidelines Surriera to access project impacts from of a subsequent EIR (substantial changes to the project, substantial changes in the circumstances under which the project is undertaken, or new information of substantial importance) have occurred, as detailed in the CEQA Exemption Analysis (Attachment 8 to this staff report).

The City has reviewed the Applicant's analysis and concurs that the project is exempt from additional environmental review as provided in CEQA Guidelines 15182(c).

#### RECOMMENDATION/PLANNING COMMISSION ACTION

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission recommend City Council approval of the proposed Project, subject to the proposed Findings and Conditions of Approval attached to this report.

Move to recommend that the City Council:

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- Approve the CEQA Exemption for the proposed project pursuant to CEQA Guidelines section 15182(c),
- Approve a Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map creating 115 single-family
- residential tots and ten lettered landscape lots,
  Approve a Minor Administrative Modification to reallocate three residential units within the FPASP area from Parcel 73 to Parcel 115,
- Approve a Minor Administrative Modification to refine the percel boundary,
- Approve the Planned Development Permit- Development Standard Deviations and Design Review of the Applicant's master plan residential designs; and
- Approve the Street Names

These approvals are subject to the findings (Findings A-Z) and the conditions of approval (Conditions 1-53) attached to this report.

#### **GENERAL FINDINGS**

- NOTICE OF HEARING HAS BEEN GIVEN AT THE TIME AND IN THE MANNER REQUIRED BY STATE LAW AND CITY CODE.
- THE PROJECT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE GENERAL PLAN, THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN, AND THE FOLSOM RANCH CENTRAL DISTRICT DESIGN GUIDELINES.

- THE CITY, AS LEAD AGENCY, PREVIOUSLY CERTIFIED AN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT/ENVIRONMENTAL IMPAC STATEMENT FOR THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN.
- THE CITY HAS DETERMINED THAT THE MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C SOUTH PROJECT IS UNDERTAKEN TO IMPLEMENT AND IS CONSISTENT WITH THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN.
- THE CITY HAS DETERMINED THAT THE IMPACTS OF THE MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C SOUTH SUBDIVISION PROJECT ARE ADEQUATELY ADDRESSED BY THE FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT FOR THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN AND ASSOCIATED MITIGATION MEASURES AND THAT THE MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C SOUTH SUBDIVISION PROJECT IS EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF CEQA PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 65457 AND CECA GUIDELINES 15182(c).
- NONE OF THE EVENTS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 21166 OF THE PUBLIC

RESOURCES CODE OR SECTION 15182 OF THE CEQA GUIDELINES HAVE OCCURRED.

G. THIS PROJECT IS EXEMPT FROM CEQA IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 85457 AND SECTION 15182 OF THE CEQA GUIDELINES.

#### TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP FINDINGS

- H. THE PROPOSED SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP IS CONSISTENT WITH THE CITY'S SUBDIVISION ORDINANCE AND THE SUBDIVISION MAP ACT IN THAT THE PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL THAT WILL ENSURE THAT THE PROJECT IS DEVELOPED IN COMPLIANCE WITH CITY STANDARDS.
- THE PROPOSED SUBDIVISION, TOGETHER WITH THE PROVISIONS FOR ITS DESIGN AND IMPROVEMENT, IS CONSISTENT WITH THE GENERAL PLAN, THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN, AND ALL APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE FOLSOM MUNICIPAL CODE.
- THE SITE IS PHYSICALLY SUITABLE FOR THE TYPE OF DEVELOPMENT PROPOSED.
- K. THE SITE IS PHYSICALLY SUITABLE FOR THE PROPOSED DENSITY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.
- L. AS CONDITIONED, THE DESIGN OF THE SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP AND THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS ARE NOT LIKELY TO CAUSE SUBSTANTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE OR SUBSTANTIALLY AND AVOIDABLY INJURE FISH OR WILDLIFE OR THEIR HARITAT
- M. AS CONDITIONED, THE DESIGN OF THE SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP AND THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS ARE NOT LIKELY TO CAUSE SERIOUS PUBLIC HEALTH OR SAFETY PROBLEMS.
- N. THE DESIGN OF THE SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP AND THE TYPE OF IMPROVEMENTS WILL NOT CONFLICT WITH EASEMENTS FOR ACCESS THROUGH OR USE OF PROPERTY WITHIN THE PROPOSED SUBDIVISION.
- O. SUBJECT TO SECTION 86474.4 OF THE SUBDIVISION MAP ACT, THE LAND IS NOT SUBJECT TO A CONTRACT ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO THE CALIFORNIA LAND CONSERVATION ACT OF 1985 (COMMENCING WITH

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#### SECTION 51200 OF THE GOVERNMENT CODE).

#### PLANNED DEVELOPMENT PERMIT FINDINGS

- P. THE PROPOSED PROJECT COMPLIES WITH THE INTENT AND PURPOSES OF CHAPTER 17.38 (PLANNED DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT) OF THE FOLSOM MUNICIPAL CODE AND OTHER APPLICABLE ORDINANCES OF THE CODE.
- Q. THE PROPOSED PROJECT COMPLIES WITH THE INTENT AND PURPOSES OF THE GENERAL PLAN AND FOLSOM AREA SPECIFIC PLAN.
- R. THE PROPOSED PROJECT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE OBJECTIVES, POLICIES AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS OF THE CITY
- S. THE MINOR MODIFICATIONS TO EXISTING DEVLEOPMENT STANDARDS PROPOSED BY THIS PROJECT WILL RESULT IN A DEVELOPMENT THAT IS SUPERIOR TO THAT OBTAINED BY RIGID APPLICATION OF THE STANDARDS.
- T. THE PROPOSED PROJECT IS DESIGNED TO PROVIDE OPEN SPACE, CIRCULATION, OFF-STREET PARKING, AND OTHER CONDITIONS IN SUCH A WAY AS TO FORM A HARMONIOUS, INTEGRATED PROJECT OF SUFFICIENT QUALITY TO JUSTIFY EXCEPTIONS TO THE NORMAL REGULATIONS
- U. WITH RESPECT TO PROJECT DESIGN, THE PHYSICAL, FUNCTIONAL, AND VISUAL COMPATIBILITY BETWEEN THE PROPOSED PROJECT AND EXISTING AND FUTURE ADJACENT USES AND AREA CHARACTERISTICS IS ACCEPTABLE.
- V. THERE WILL BE AVAILABLE PUBLIC FACILITIES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO WATER, SEWER AND DRAINAGE TO ALLOW FOR THE DEVELOPMENTOF THE PROJECT SITE IN A MANNER CONSITENT WITH THE PROPOSAL AS CONDITIONED,
- W. THE PROPOSED PROJECT WILL NOT CAUSE ADVERSE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN MITIGATED TO AN ACCEPTABLE LEVEL
- X. THE PROPOSED PROJECT WILL NOT CAUSE UNACCEPTABLE VEHICULAR TRAFFIC LEVELS ON SURROUNDING ROADWAYS AND THE PROPOSED PROJECT WILL PROVIDE ADEQUATE INTERNAL CIRCULATION INCLUDING INGRESS AND EGRESS.

- Y. THE PROPOSED PROJECT WILL NOT BE DETERIMENTAL TO THE HEALTH, SAFETY, AND GENERAL WELFARE OF THE PERSONS OR PROPOERTY WITHIN THE VICINITY OF THE PROJECT SITE AND THE CITY AS A WHOLE, ADEQUATE PROVISION IS MADE FOR THE FURNISHING OF SANITATION SERVICE AND EMERGENCY PUBLIC SAFETY SERVICES TO THE PROJECT.
- Z. THE PROJECT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN AND FOLSOM PLAN AREA EIR/EIS. ACCORDININGLY THE PROPOSED PROJECT'S WATER DEMAND CAN BE ACCOMODATED BY THE CITY'S EXISTING WATER SUPPLY ALLOCATED TO SERVE THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA.

#### DESIGN REVIEW FINDINGS

- AA. THE PROJECT IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE GENERAL PLAN, THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN AND THE APPLICABLE ZONING ORDINANCES.
- BB. THE PROJECT IS IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE FOLSOM RANCH CENTRAL DISTRICT DESIGN GUIDELINES AND THE PROPOSED DESIGN STANDARD DEVIATIONS REQUESTED THROUGH THE PLANNED DEVELOPMENT PERMIT PROCESS AS A PART OF THIS PROJECT APPLICATION.
- CC. THE BUILDING MATERIALS, TEXTURES, AND COLORS OF THE PROJECT WILL BE COMPATIBLE WITH SURROUNDING DEVELOPMENT AND CONSISTENT WITH THE GENERAL DESIGN THEME OF THE NEIGHBORHOOD.

# **ATTACHMENT 3**

# Planning Commission Modification to Conditions of Approval (Green Sheet)

### October 6, 2021 CHANGES/MODIFICATIONS TO PLANNING COMMISSION AGENDA

Agenda Item No. 1

PN 21-086, Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South Small Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, Minor Administrative Modifications and Planned Development Permit for Development Standard Deviations and Design Review and Street Names to Conditions of Approval

### Condition No. 38 Revise as follows:

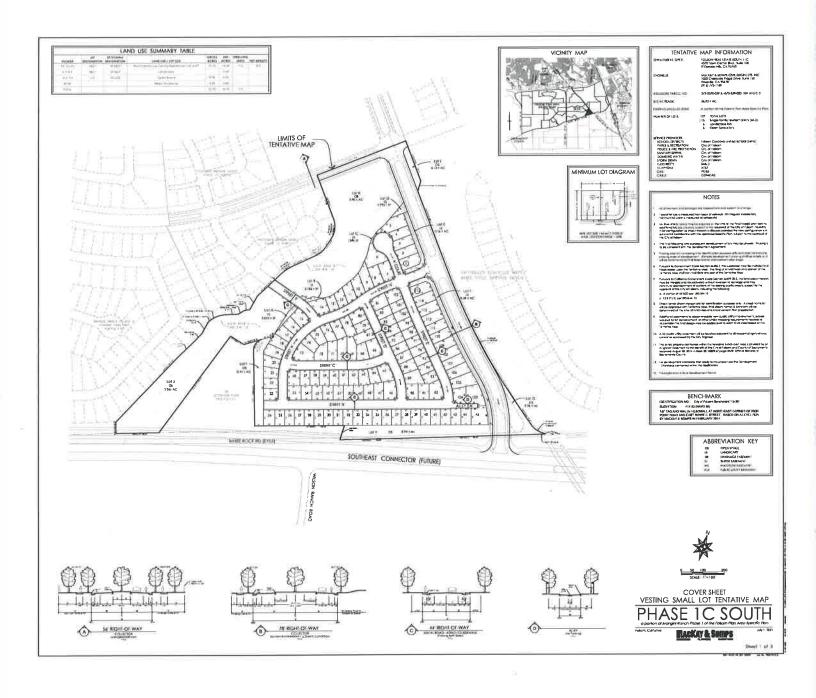
Landscaping Plans

Final landscape plans and specifications shall be prepared by a registered landscape architect and approved by the City prior to the approval of the first building permit. Said plans shall include all on-site landscape specifications and details including a tree planting exhibit demonstrating sufficient diversity and appropriate species selection to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department. The tree exhibit shall include all street trees, accent trees, parking lot shading trees, and mitigation trees proposed within the development. Said plans shall comply with all State and local rules, regulations, Governor's declarations and restrictions pertaining to water conservation and outdoor landscaping.

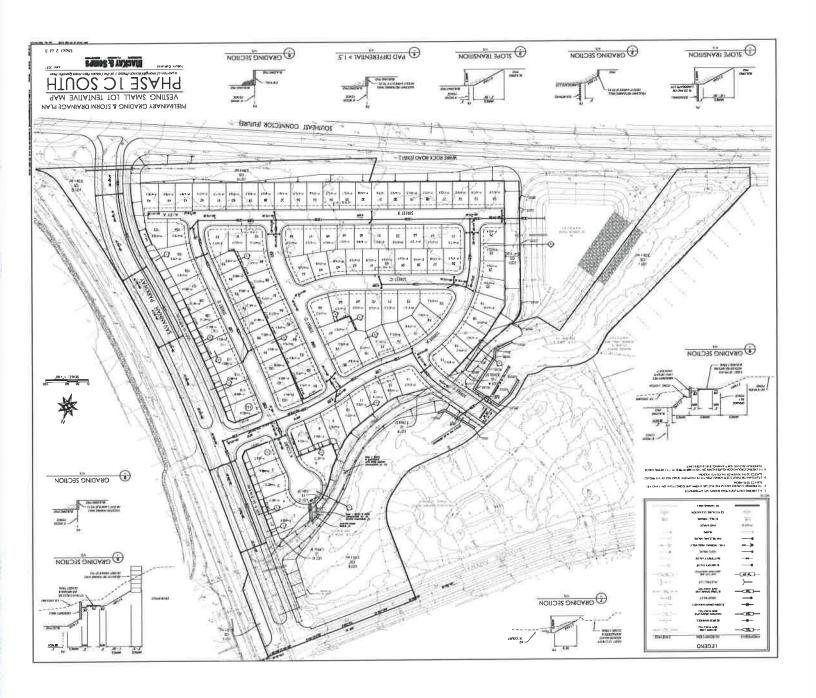
Landscaping shall meet shade requirements as outlined in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan where applicable. The landscape plans shall comply and implement water efficient requirements as adopted by the State of California (Assembly Bill 1881) (State Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance) until such time the City of Folsom adopts its own Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance at which time the owner/applicant shall comply with any new ordinance. Shade and ornamental trees shall be maintained according to the most current American National Standards for Tree Care Operations (ANSI A-300) by qualified tree care professionals. Tree topping for height reduction, view protection, light clearance or any other purpose shall not be allowed. Specialty-style pruning, such as pollarding, shall be specified within the approved landscape plans and shall be implemented during a 5-year establishment and training period. The owner/applicant shall comply with city-wide landscape rules or regulations on water usage. The owner/applicant shall comply with any state or local rules and regulations relating to landscape water usage and landscaping requirements necessitated to mitigate for drought conditions on all landscaping in the Phase 1 C South Subdivision project.

- a. Open fencing shall be provided in Lots 5,6 and 9-24 for any property lines that shares open space. Lots 5 and 24 shall also include noise barriers as described in Condition 33
- b. A six-foot concrete pedestrian path shall be provided at the end of Court "A" to provide access to the Class I trail located in the open space to the north (Lot K). A six-foot wide concrete pedestrian path shall be provided on the west end of Street B to provide access to the Class I trail located in the open space to the west (Lot I).
- c. Open space and landscape Lots A-L shall be dedicated to the City.

# ATTACHMENT 4 Small Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, dated July 1, 2021



# ATTACHMENT 5 Preliminary Grading and Drainage Plan, dated July 1, 2021



# ATTACHMENT 6 Residential Schematic Design, Dated December 4, 2020



Front Elevation 1A - Spanish Colonial

Front Elevation 3C - Western Farmhouse

# Front Elevation 2B - Italian Villa Front Elevation 3C - V Mangini Ranch Phase 1C - 45X67 Product Series

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 PLAN 1 EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

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MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 45X67 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM, CA. #2070F0782

SCHEMATIC DESIGN

TITLE SHEET

A0.0



Front Elevation 1A - Spanish Colonial



Front Elevation 1B - Italian Villa



Front Elevation 1C - Western Farmhouse



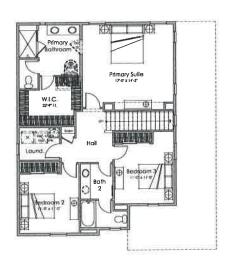




MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 45X67 PRODUCT SERIES







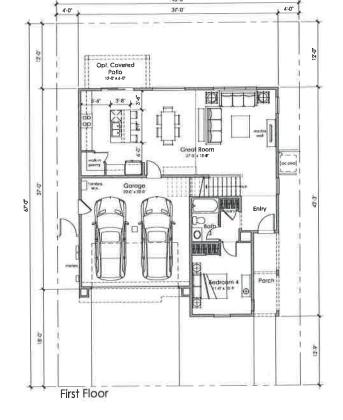
Second Floor







MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 45X67 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOW, OA MODE OF THE





4 BEDROOM 3 BATH FLOOR PLAN 1 2049 SF FLOOR PLAN 1

A1.1

MODERN SPANISH Characterized by simply articulated details and adaptability

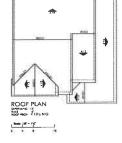
#### **DESIGN ELEMENTS**

Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Villa Shaped Concrete Tile Gently Pitched Roofs

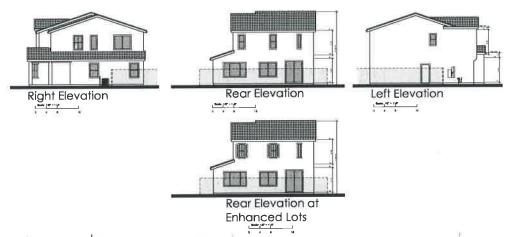
#### ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Recessed Windows Gable Details Shutters





Front Elevation 1A - Spanish Colonial









MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 45X67 PRODUCT SERIES FOLISON (CA. 1920-0-702)

SCHEMATIC DESIGN



ITALIAN VILLA Characterized by a formal and elegant facade.

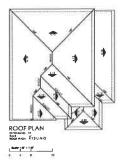
#### DESIGN ELEMENTS

Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Flnish Villa Shaped Concrete Tile Gently Pitched Roofs

#### ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Stone Veneer















MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 45X67 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM, CA. 82020-0782

SCHEMATIC DESIGN



EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - PLAN 1B

#### WESTERN FARMHOUSE

Characterized by an asymmetrical, casual cottage look. It represents a practical and picturesque country home.

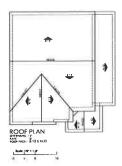
#### DESIGN ELEMENTS

Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Flat Concrete Tile Steeper Pilched Roofs

#### **ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS**

Board and Batt Brick Veneer





Front Elevation 1C - Western Farmhouse







MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 45X67 PRODUCT SERIES FOLDOLICA GROSEPS

SCHEMATIC DESIGN

EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - PLAN 1C



Front Elevation 2A - Spanish Colonial



Front Elevation 2B - Italian Villa



Front Elevation 2C - Western Farmhouse



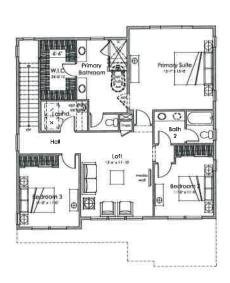




MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 45X67 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM, CA. #6020-0782







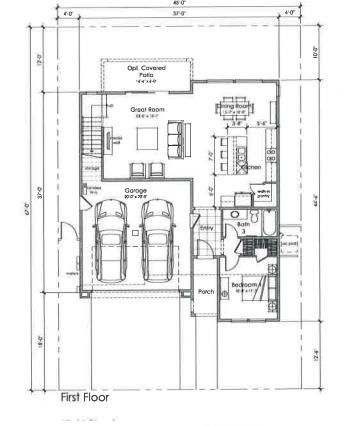














MODERN SPANISH Characterized by simply articulated details and adaptability

#### **DESIGN ELEMENTS**

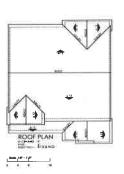
Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Villa Shaped Concrete Tile Gently Pitched Roofs

#### ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Recessed Windows Gable Details Shutters



Front Elevation 2A - Spanish Colonial











MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 45X67 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM, CA. 1/2020-0782

SCHEMATIC DESIGN



EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - PLAN 2A

ITALIAN VILLA Characterized by a formal and elegant facade.

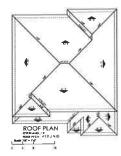
#### DESIGN ELEMENTS

Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior FinIsh Villa Shaped Concrete Tile Gently Pitched Roofs

#### ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Stone Veneer





Front Elevation 2B - Italian Villa









MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 45X67 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM CA. #20X2-0782

SCHEMATIC DESIGN



EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - PLAN 2B

WESTERN FARMHOUSE Characterized by an asymmetrical, casual cottage look. It represents a practical and picturesque country

**DESIGN ELEMENTS** 

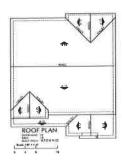
home.

Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Flat Concrete Tile Steeper Pitched Roofs

ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Board and Batt Brick Veneer





Front Elevation 2C - Western Farmhouse











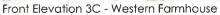




Front Elevation 3A - Spanish Colonial



Front Elevation 3B - Italian Villa







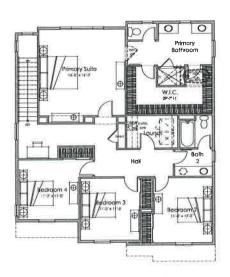


MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 45X67 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSONE CA. EFFOTO-OFFED





EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - PLAN 3

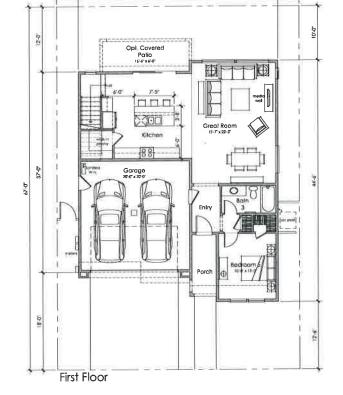












37'-0"



MODERN SPANISH Characterized by simply articulated details and adaptability

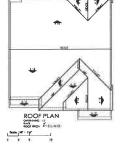
#### **DESIGN ELEMENTS**

Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Villa Shaped Concrete Tile Gently Pitched Roofs

#### ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Recessed Windows Gable Details Shutters





Front Elevation 3A - Spanish Colonial









MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 45X67 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSON, CA. 87020-0782

SCHEMATIC DESIGN



ITALIAN VILLA Characterized by a formal and elegant facade.

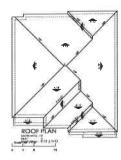
#### DESIGN ELEMENTS

Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Villa Shaped Concrete Tile Gently Pitched Roofs

#### ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Stone Veneer





Front Elevation 3B - Italian Villa







MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 45X67 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSON CA. 12(20-0782

SCHEMATIC DESIGN

Ecolog (1971 - 1797

EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - PLAN 3B

#### WESTERN FARMHOUSE

Characterized by an asymmetrical, casual cottage look. It represents a practical and picturesque country home.

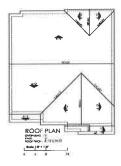
#### **DESIGN ELEMENTS**

Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Flat Concrete Tile Steeper Pitched Roofs

#### ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Board and Batt Brick Veneer Shutters





Front Elevation 3C - Western Farmhouse





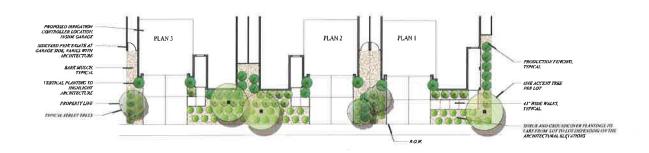


MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 45X67 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSON, GR. REGISTORIES





# Mangini Ranch Phase 1C 45X67 Product Series





CONCEPTUAL FRONT YARDS

OCTOBER 27, 3020

## **ATTACHMENT 7**

# CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis for the Phase 1C South Subdivision Project,

Dated September 17, 2021

#### **CITY OF FOLSOM**

## CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis for Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South (Mangini Ranch Phase 1, Lot 13)

- 1. Application No: PN 21-086
- 2. Project Title: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South (Mangini Ranch Phase 1, Lot 13)
- Lead Agency Name and Address:

City of Folsom 50 Natoma Street Folsom, CA 95630

4. Contact Person and Phone Number:

Scott Johnson, AICP, Planning Manager Community Development Department (916) 355-7222

Project Location:

32.6 acres located north of White Rock Road and west of Savannah Parkway. APN: 072-0070-039, 072-3390-003, -004, and -013 (26.92 acres, Arcadian Improvement Company, LLC.)

6. Project Applicant's/Sponsor's Name and Address:

CMB Improvement Company, LLC. 4370 Town Center Blvd. Ste. 100 El Dorado Hills, CA 95762

- 7. General Plan Designation: MLD
- 8. Zoning: SP-MLD
- 9. Other public agencies whose approval may be required or agencies that may rely on this document for implementing project:

California Department of Fish and Wildlife (for Section 1602 agreement)
Capital Southeast Connector Joint Powers Authority
Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board
Folsom-Cordova Unified School District
Sacramento Metropolitan Air Quality Management District

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#### I. INTRODUCTION

The Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South development proposal (project or Project) is located in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan (FPASP) area. As discussed later in this document, the project is consistent with the FPASP.

As a project that is consistent with an existing Specific Plan, Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South is eligible for the exemption from review under the California Environmental Quality Act¹ ("CEQA") provided in Government Code section 65457 and CEQA Guidelines² section 15182, subdivision (c), as well as the streamlining provisions in Public Resources Code section 21083.3 and CEQA Guidelines section 15183.

Because the Project is exempt from CEQA, the City is not required to provide the following CEQA analysis. Nonetheless, the City provides the following checklist exploring considerations raised by sections 15182 and 15183 to disclose the City's evidence and reasoning for determining the project's consistency with the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan ("FPASP") and eligibility for the claimed CEQA exemption.

### II. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### A. PROJECT OVERVIEW

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South includes a small lot vesting tentative subdivision map (SLVTSM) to further subdivide a 26.92-acre portion of Mangini Ranch Phase 1 lot 13 and the property formerly known as "Arcadian Heights" into 115 detached residential lots for future development, consistent with the land use designations in the FPASP. The proposed lot size is MLD-45'x67' and all lots are 3,000sf minimum. Class I multi-purpose trails are located along the drainage corridors in the Open Space areas to the north and west. Trail connections are provided at Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway, as well as internally from the project site.

The requested land use entitlements for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project are:

- (1) Small Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map;
- (2) a Minor Administrative Modification Minor Land Use Boundary Refinements;
- (3) a Minor Administrative Modification Transfer of Development Rights Dwelling Units Transferred Between Parcels; and
- (4) a Planned Development Permit Development Standards & Architecture Design Review.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>California Environmental Quality Act, Pub. Resources Code, § 21000 et seq. (hereafter "CEQA").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The Guidelines for the Implementation of the California Environmental Quality Act, Cal. Code Regs., tit. 14, § 15000 et seq. (hereafter "CEQA Guidelines" or "Guidelines").

A Minor Administrative Modification (MAM) is requested to refine the boundaries of the MLD Project site and adjacent OS parcels, consistent with the provisions in the FPASP, to accommodate planned roadways. Acreages of the various land uses remain the same although the edges have been modified.

A Minor Administrative Amendment – Transfer of Development Rights to move 3 dwelling units (du) from FPASP parcel 73 (-3 du) to the Project site (FPASP parcel 211). No change to the overall FPASP unit allocation, total population, will occur. The proposed project does not affect the overall amount of non-residential development in the FPASP.

Infrastructure to serve the Project is proximate and available to the site.

The Project is located within the Folsom Ranch Central District and is designed to comply with the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines (approved 2015, amended 2018). No deviations from the FPASP Appendix A: Development Standards are sought with this application.

#### B. PROJECT LOCATION

Located south of U.S. Highway 50 and north of White Rock Road, the 26.92-acre Project site consists of a portion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Large Lot Tentative Subdivision Map and a portion of Arcadian Heights area. The project site is known as Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lot 13 and FPASP parcel 211, previously known as Arcadian Heights. The site is northwest of the Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road intersection, and south of Mangini Parkway.

Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway provide access to the site. Public street access would be provided at proposed Street G and Street H which are centrally located on the site and connect to Mangini Parkway. Adjacent to the project is the Mangini Ranch Phase 1 subdivision at Folsom Ranch, which is under construction.

The FPASP is a 3,513.4-acre comprehensively planned community that creates new development patterns based on the principles of smart growth and transit-oriented development. The Specific Plan designation for the Project site is Multi-Family Low Density (SP-MLD).

See the Project Narrative for exhibits of the proposed project and surrounding land uses.

#### C. EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS

Currently, the 26.92-acre project site is undeveloped. There are no native trees located within the bounds of the project site, therefore no trees are proposed for removal with this application.

#### D. CONSISTENCY WITH THE FPASP

The Project is consistent with and aims to fulfill the specific policies and objectives in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan. An analysis of the proposed project's consistency with the FPASP is provided in Exhibit 3, the Applicant's FPASP Policy Consistency Analysis.

#### 1. Land Use Designation and Unit Types

The application intends to develop Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South (as shown and described in the Project Narrative) as a Multi-Family Low Density (MLD) Residential site, consistent with the FPASP. A SLVTSM and Planned Development Permit – Development Standards & Architecture Design Review entitlements are sought with this application.

An open space drainage corridor is located on the northern property boundary. Drainage runoff north of this drainage corridor flows to Mangini Parkway and then to Hydromodification Basin 22 located westerly of the Project area, south of the elementary school (the school is currently under construction). Drainage runoff south of the drainage corridor (including the Project) flows to Hydromodification Basin 24 located immediately west of southern area of the Project.

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South proposes to create 115 detached residential lots. The average density of the subdivision is 8.0 units per acre. The FPASP defines the MLD residential designation as "one of the most flexible residential land use designations in the Plan Area[,]" which includes "single family dwellings (small lot detached, zero-lot-line and patio homes), two family dwellings and multi-family dwellings." (FPASP, p. 4-14.) The density range for MLD is 7 to 12 dwelling units per gross acre. (FPASP, p. 4-14.)

The detached, residential lots proposed by Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South are permitted uses as shown on Table 4.3 of the FPASP. (See also FPASP DEIR, Table 3A.10-4.)

In summary, the proposed land use and the density of residential use proposed for Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South are consistent with the FPASP.

#### 2. Circulation

Access to the Project is provided at Savannah Parkway (east side) and Mangini Parkway (north side) via the proposed Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North subdivision. Improvements to these roadways have been/are being constructed by other FPASP approved projects; additional improvements are planned to Savannah Parkway along the property frontage. City standard residential streets are proposed for this subdivision with attached pedestrian sidewalks and on-street parking. Pedestrian access and circulation are accommodated through the provision of attached and detached sidewalks on all streets, and off-street Class I trails in open space. Class II bike lanes are provided on Savannah Parkway and Mangini Parkway (as required in the FPASP) and Class III bike routes are provided on

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lot 13)

CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis

September 2021

all residential streets. The nearest access points to the Class I trail system are provided at Mangini Parkway, Street H, and Savannah Parkway.

The proposed project it consistent with roadway and transit master plans for the FPASP.

#### 3. Water, Sewer, and Storm Drainage Infrastructure

Water infrastructure

The Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project is being served by Zone 3 water from the north via Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway. The project is located within the Zone 3 pressure zone. Water mains are provided within the perimeter streets, including Mangini Parkway.

Sewer infrastructure

The Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project will be served by the sewer infrastructure within Mangini Parkway.

Storm drainage infrastructure

The Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project site stormwater system will connect to existing HMB#24.

The proposed project is consistent with planned infrastructure for the FPASP.

#### III. EXEMPTION AND STREAMLINING ANALYSIS

#### A. Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan

The City adopted the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan on June 28, 2011 (Resolution No. 8863).

The City of Folsom and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers prepared a joint environmental impact report/environmental impact statement ("EIR/EIS" or "EIR") for the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project ("FPASP"). (See FPASP EIR/EIS, SCH #2008092051). The Draft EIR/EIS (DEIR) was released on June 28, 2010. The City certified the Final EIR/EIS (FEIR) on June 14, 2011 (Resolution No. 8860). For each impact category requiring environmental analysis, the EIR provided two separate analyses: one for the "Land" component of the FPASP project, and a second for the "Water" component. (FPASP DEIR, p. 1-1 to 1-2.) The analysis in this document is largely focused on and cites to the "Land" sections of the FPASP EIR.

On December 7, 2012, the City certified an Addendum to the EIR for the FPASP for purposes of analyzing an alternative water supply for the project. The revisions to the "Water" component of the FPASP project included: (1) Leak Fixes, (2) Implementation of Metered Rates, (3) Exchange of Water Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lot 13)

CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis

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Supplies, (4) New Water Conveyance Facilities. (Water Addendum, pp. 3-1 to 3-4.) The City concluded that, with implementation of certain mitigation measures from the FPASP EIR's "Water" sections, the water supply and infrastructure changes would not result in any new significant impacts, substantially increase the severity of previously disclosed impacts or involve any of the other conditions related to changed circumstances or new information that can require a subsequent or supplemental EIR. (See Pub. Resources Code, § 21166; Guidelines, § 15162.) The analysis in portions of the FPASP EIR's "Water" sections that have not been superseded by the Water Addendum are still applicable.

#### B. Documents Incorporated by Reference

The analysis in this document incorporates by reference the following environmental documents that have been certified by the Folsom City Council:

- i. Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project EIR/EIS and Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations, certified by the Folsom City Council on June 14, 2011, a copy of which is available for viewing at the City of Folsom Planning Public Counter located on the 2nd floor of the City Hall Building at 50 Natoma Street in Folsom, CA (from 8:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Monday through Friday).
- ii. CEQA Addendum for the Folsom South of U.S. 50 Specific Plan Project- Revised Proposed Off-site Water Facility Alternative prepared November, 2012, ("Water Addendum"), certified by the Folsom City Council on December 11, 2012, a copy of which is available for viewing at the City of Folsom Planning Public Counter located on the 2nd floor of the City Hall Building at 50 Natoma Street in Folsom, CA (from 8:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Monday through Friday);
- iii. South of Highway 50 Backbone Infrastructure Project Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration (Backbone Infrastructure MND), dated December 9, 2014, adopted by the City Council on February 24, 2015, a copy of which is available for viewing at the City of Folsom Planning Public Counter located on the 2nd floor of the City Hall Building at 50 Natoma Street in Folsom, CA (from 8:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Monday through Friday).

Each of the environmental documents listed above includes mitigation measures imposed on the FPASP and activities authorized therein and in subsequent projects to mitigate plan-level environmental impacts, which are, therefore, applicable to the proposed project. The mitigation measures are referenced specifically throughout this document and are incorporated by reference in the environmental analysis. The Applicant will be required to agree, as part of the conditions of approval for the proposed project, to comply with each of those mitigation measures.

Pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21083.3, subdivision (c), the City will make a finding at a public hearing that the feasible mitigation measures specified in the FPASP EIR will be undertaken.

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Moreover, for those mitigation measures with a financial component that apply plan-wide, the approved Public Facilities Financing Plan and Amended and Restated Development Agreement bind the Applicant to a fair share contribution for funding those mitigation measures.

The May 22, 2014, Record of Decision (ROD) for the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project—City of Folsom Backbone Infrastructure (Exhibit 2) by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers is also incorporated by reference.

All impacts from both on-site and off-site features of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project have been analyzed and addressed in the CEQA analysis and other regulatory permits required for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project and/or the Backbone Infrastructure project.

#### C. Introduction to CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Provisions

The City finds that the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South development proposal is consistent with the FPASP and therefore exempt from CEQA under Government Code section 65457 and CEQA Guidelines section 15182, subdivision (c), as a residential project undertaken pursuant to and in conformity with a specific plan.

The City also finds that the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project is eligible for streamlined CEQA review provided in Public Resources Code section 21083.3, and CEQA Guidelines section 15183 for projects consistent with a community plan, general plan, or zoning. Because the Project is exempt from CEQA, the City is not required to provide the following streamlined CEQA analysis. Nonetheless, the City provides the following checklist exploring considerations raised by sections 15182 and 15183 because the checklist provides a convenient vehicle for disclosing the City's substantial evidence and reasoning underlying its consistency determination.

As mentioned above, the City prepared an addendum to the FPASP EIR in December 2012 for purposes of analyzing an alternative water supply for the FPASP. Although this Water Addendum was prepared and adopted by the City after the certification of the FPASP EIR/EIS, it would not change any of the analysis under Public Resources Code section 21083.3 and CEQA Guidelines section 15183 because it gave the Plan Area a more feasible and reliable water supply.

The City has prepared or will be completing site-specific studies pursuant to the requirements set forth in the mitigation measures and conditions of approval adopted for the FPASP under the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum for subsequent development projects. (See Exhibits 4 [Noise Assessment] and 5 [Access Evaluation Memo].) These studies support the conclusion that the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South development proposal would not have any new significant or substantially more severe impacts (CEQA Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (CEQA Guidelines, § 15183).

## 1. Exemption provided by Government Code, § 65457, and CEQA Guidelines, § 15182, subdivision (c)

Government Code section 65457, and CEQA Guidelines section 15182, subdivision (c), exempt residential projects that are undertaken pursuant to a specific plan for which an EIR was previously prepared if the projects are in conformity with that specific plan and the conditions described in CEQA Guidelines section 15162 (relating to the preparation of a supplemental EIR) are not present. (Gov.

Code, § 65457, subd. (a); CEQA Guidelines, §§ 15182, subd. (c), 15162, subd. (a).)

The Applicant's FPASP Policy Consistency Analysis attached as Exhibit 3 supports the determination that the Project is undertaken pursuant to and in conformity with the FPASP.

## 2. Streamlining provided by Public Resources Code, § 21083.3 and CEQA Guidelines, § 15183

Public Resources Code section 21083.3 provides a streamlined CEQA process where a subdivision map application is made for a parcel for which prior environmental review of a zoning or planning approval was adopted. If the proposed development is consistent with that zoning or plan, any further environmental review of the development shall be limited to effects upon the environment which are peculiar to the parcel or to the project and which were not addressed as significant effects in the prior EIR or which substantial new information shows will be more significant than described in the prior EIR. Effects are not to be considered peculiar to the parcel or the project if uniformly applied development policies or standards have been previously adopted by the city, which were found to substantially mitigate that effect when applied to future projects.

CEQA Guidelines section 15183 provides further detail and guidance for the implementation of the exemption set forth in Public Resources Code section 21083.3.

#### D. Environmental Checklist Review

The row titles of the checklist include the full range of environmental topics, as presented in Appendix G of the CEQA Guidelines.

The column titles of the checklist have been modified from the Appendix G presentation to assess the Project's qualifications for streamlining provided by Public Resources Code section 21083.3 and CEQA Guidelines sections 15183, as well as to evaluate whether the conditions described in Guidelines section 15162 are present.

Pursuant to Guidelines section 15162, one of the purposes of this checklist is to evaluate the categories in terms of any "changed condition" (i.e. changed circumstances, project changes, or new information of substantial importance) that may result in a different environmental impact significance conclusion.

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If the situations described in Guidelines section 15162 are not present, then the exemption provided by Government Code section 65457 and Guidelines section 15182 can be applied to the Project. Therefore, the checklist does the following: a) identifies the earlier analyses and states where they are available for review; b) discusses whether proposed changes to the previously-analyzed program, including new site specific operations, would involve new or substantially more severe significant impacts; c) discusses whether new circumstances surrounding the previously-analyzed program would involve new or substantially more severe significant impacts; d) discusses any substantially important new information requiring new analysis; and e) describes the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project. (Guidelines, § 15162, subd. (a).)

The checklist serves a second purpose. Public Resources Code section 21083.3 and its parallel Guidelines provision, section 15183, provide for streamlined environmental review for projects consistent with the development densities established by existing zoning, general plan, or community plan policies for which an EIR was certified. Such projects require no further environmental review except as might be necessary to address effects that (a) are peculiar to the project or the parcel on which the project would be located, (b) were not analyzed as significant effects in the prior EIR, (c) are potentially significant off-site impacts or cumulative impacts not discussed in the prior EIR, or (d) were previously identified significant effects but are more severe than previously assumed in light of substantial new information not known when the prior EIR was certified. If an impact is not peculiar to the parcel or to the project, has been addressed as a significant impact in the prior EIR, or can be substantially mitigated by the imposition of uniformly applied development policies or standards, then an additional EIR need not be prepared for the project solely on the basis of that impact.

A "no" answer does not necessarily mean that there are no potential impacts relative to the environmental category, but that there is no change in the condition or status of the impact since it was analyzed and addressed with mitigation measures in the prior environmental documents approved for the zoning action, general plan, or community plan. The environmental categories might be answered with a "no" in the checklist since the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project does not introduce changes that would result in a modification to the conclusion of the FPASP EIR.

The purpose of each column of the checklist is described below.

#### 1. Where Impact Was Analyzed

This column provides a cross-reference to the pages of the environmental documents for the zoning action, general plan, or community plan where information and analysis may be found relative to the environmental issue listed under each topic.

### 2. Do Proposed Changes Involve New or More Severe Impacts?

Pursuant to Section 15162(a)(1) of the CEQA Guidelines, this column indicates whether the changes represented by the proposed project will result in new significant impacts not disclosed in the prior Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lot 13)

EIR or negative declaration or that the proposed project will result in substantial increases the severity of a previously identified significant impact. A yes answer is only required if such new or worsened significant impacts will require "major revisions of the previous EIR or negative declaration." If a "yes" answer is given, additional mitigation measures or alternatives may be needed.

#### 3. Any New Circumstances Involving New or More Severe Impacts?

Pursuant to Section 15162(a)(2) of the CEQA Guidelines, this column indicates whether changed circumstances affecting the proposed project will result in new significant impacts not disclosed in the prior EIR or negative declaration or will result in substantial increases the severity of a previously identified significant impact. A yes answer is only required if such new or worsened significant impacts will require "major revisions of the previous EIR or negative declaration." If a "yes" answer is given, additional mitigation measures or alternatives may be needed.

## 4. Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?

Pursuant to Section 15162(a)(3) of the CEQA Guidelines, this column indicates whether new information "of substantial importance" is available requiring an update to the analysis of a previous EIR to verify that the environmental conclusions and mitigations remain valid. Any such information is only relevant if it "was not known and could not have been known with reasonable diligence at the time of the previous EIR." To be relevant in this context, such new information must show one or more of the following:

- (A) The project will have one or more significant effects not discussed in the previous EIR or negative declaration;
- (B) Significant effects previously examined will be substantially more severe than shown in the previous EIR;
- (C) Mitigation measures or alternatives previously found not to be feasible would in fact be feasible and would substantially reduce one or more significant effects of the project, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measure or alternative; or
- (D) Mitigation measures or alternatives which are considerably different from those analyzed in the previous EIR would substantially reduce one or more significant effects on the environment, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measure or alternative.

This category of new information may apply to any new regulations, enacted after certification of the prior EIR or adoption of the prior negative declaration, which might change the nature of analysis of impacts or the specifications of a mitigation measure. If the new information shows the existence of new significant effects or significant effects that are substantially more severe than were previously disclosed, then new mitigation measures should be considered. If the new information shows that previously rejected mitigation measures or alternatives are now feasible, such measures or alternatives should be considered anew. If the new information shows the existence of mitigation measures or alternatives that are (i) considerably different from those included in the prior EIR, (ii) able to substantially reduce one or more significant effects, and (iii) unacceptable to the project

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proponents, then such mitigation measures or alternatives should also be considered.

# 5. Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?

Pursuant to Section 15183, subdivision (b)(1), of the CEQA Guidelines, this column indicates whether there are project-specific significant effects that are peculiar to the project or its site. Although neither section 21083.3 nor section 15183 defines the term "effects on the environment which are peculiar to the parcel or to the project," a definition can be gleaned from what is now the leading case interpreting section 21083.3, Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. v. City of Turlock (2006) 138 Cal. App. 4th 273 (Wal-Mart Stores). In that case, the court upheld the respondent city's decision to adopt an ordinance banning discount "superstores." The city appropriately found that the adoption of the ordinance was wholly exempt from CEQA review under CEQA Guidelines section 15183 as a zoning action consistent with the general plan, where there were no project-specific impacts – of any kind – associated with the ordinance that were peculiar to the project. The court concluded that "a physical change in the environment will be peculiar to [a project] if that physical change belongs exclusively and especially to the [project] or it is characteristic of only the [project]." (Id. at p. 294.) As noted by the court, this definition "illustrate[s] how difficult it will be for a zoning amendment or other land use regulation that does not have a physical component to have a sufficiently close connection to a physical change to allow the physical change to be regarded as 'peculiar to' the zoning amendment or other land use regulation." (*Ibid.*)

A "yes" answer in the checklist indicates that the project has effects peculiar to the project relative to the environmental category that were not discussed in the prior environmental documentation for the zoning action, general plan or community plan. A "yes" answer will be followed by an indication of whether the impact is "potentially significant", "less than significant with mitigation incorporated", or "less than significant". An analysis of the determination will appear in the Discussion section following the checklist.

# 6. Are There Effects Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?

Sections 21083.3 and 15183 include a separate, though complementary, means of defining the term "effects on the environment which are peculiar to the parcel or to the project." Subdivision (f) of section 15183 provides as follows:

An effect of a project on the environment shall not be considered peculiar to the project or the parcel for the purposes of this section if uniformly applied development policies or standards have been previously adopted by the city or county with a finding that the development policies or standards will substantially mitigate that environmental effect when applied to future projects, unless substantial new information shows that the policies or standards will not substantially mitigate the environmental effect. The finding shall be based on substantial evidence which need not include an EIR.

This language explains that an agency can dispense with CEQA compliance for environmental impacts that will be "substantially mitigated" by the uniform application of "development policies or standards" adopted as part of, or in connection with, previous plan-level or zoning-level decisions, or otherwise – unless "substantial new information" shows that the standards or policies will not be effective in "substantially mitigating" the effects in question. Section 15183, subdivision (f), goes on to add the following considerations regarding the kinds of policies and standards at issue:

Such development policies or standards need not apply throughout the entire city or county but can apply only within the zoning district in which the project is located, or within the area subject to the community plan on which the lead agency is relying. Moreover, such policies or standards need not be part of the general plan or any community plan but can be found within another pertinent planning document such as a zoning ordinance. Where a city or county, in previously adopting uniformly applied development policies or standards for imposition on future projects, failed to make a finding as to whether such policies or standards would substantially mitigate the effects of future projects, the decision-making body of the city or county, prior to approving such a future project pursuant to this section, may hold a public hearing for the purpose of considering whether, as applied to the project, such standards or policies would substantially mitigate the effects of the project. Such a public hearing need only be held if the city or county decides to apply the standards or policies as permitted in this section.

Subdivision (g) provides concrete examples of "uniformly applied development policies or standards": (1) parking ordinances; (2) public access requirements; (3) grading ordinances; (4) hillside development ordinances; (5) flood plain ordinances; (6) habitat protection or conservation ordinances; (7) view protection ordinances.

A "yes" answer in the checklist indicates that the project has effects peculiar to the project relative to the environmental category that were not discussed in the prior environmental documentation for the zoning action, general plan or community plan and that cannot be mitigated through application of uniformly applied development policies or standards that have been previously adopted by the agency. A "yes" answer will be followed by an indication of whether the impact is "potentially significant", "less than significant with mitigation incorporated", or "less than significant". An analysis of the determination will appear in the Discussion section following the checklist.

# 7. Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?

Pursuant to Section 15183, subdivision (b)(2) of the CEQA Guidelines, this column indicates whether there are any effects that were not analyzed as significant effects in the prior EIR for the zoning action,

general plan, or community plan with which the project is consistent.

This provision indicates that, if the prior EIR for a general plan, community plan, or zoning action failed to analyze a potentially significant effect then such effects must be addressed in the site-specific CEQA analysis.

A "yes" answer in the checklist indicates that the project has effects relative to the environmental category that were not analyzed as significant effects in the prior environmental documentation for the zoning action, general plan or community plan. A "yes" answer will be followed by an indication of whether the impact is "potentially significant", "less than significant with mitigation incorporated", or "less than significant". An analysis of the determination will appear in the Discussion section following the checklist.

# 8. Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts and Cumulative Impacts That Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan, Or Zoning Action?

Pursuant to Section 15183, subdivision (b)(3), of the CEQA Guidelines, this column indicates whether there are any potentially significant off-site impacts and cumulative impacts that were not discussed in the prior EIR prepared for the general plan, community plan or zoning action with which the project is consistent.

Subdivision (j) of CEQA Guidelines section 15183 makes it clear that, where the prior EIR has adequately discussed potentially significant offsite or cumulative impacts, the project-specific analysis need not revisit such impacts:

This section does not affect any requirement to analyze potentially significant offsite or cumulative impacts if those impacts were not adequately discussed in the prior EIR. If a significant offsite or cumulative impact was adequately discussed in the prior EIR, then this section may be used as a basis for excluding further analysis of that offsite or cumulative impact.

This provision indicates that, if the prior EIR for a general plan, community plan, or zoning action failed to analyze the "potentially significant offsite impacts and cumulative impacts of the [new site-specific] project," then such effects must be addressed in the site-specific CEQA analysis. (Pub. Resources Code, § 21083.3, subd. (c); see also CEQA Guidelines, § 15183, subd. (j).)

A "yes" answer in the checklist indicates that the project has potentially significant off-site impacts or cumulative impacts relative to the environmental category that were not discussed in the prior environmental documentation for the zoning action, general plan or community plan. A "yes" answer will be followed by an indication of whether the impact is "potentially significant", "less than significant with mitigation incorporated", or "less than significant". An analysis of the determination will appear in the Discussion section following the checklist.

9. Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?

Pursuant to Section (b)(4) of the CEQA Guidelines, this column indicates whether there are previously identified significant effects that are now determined to be more severe than previously assumed based on substantial information not known at the time the EIR for the zoning action, general plan or community plan was certified.

This provision indicates that, if substantial new information has arisen since preparation of the prior EIR for a general plan, community plan, or zoning action with respect to an effect that the prior EIR identified as significant, and the new information indicates that the adverse impact will be more severe, then such effects must be addressed in the site-specific CEQA analysis.

A "yes" answer in the checklist indicates that the project has significant impacts relative to the environmental category that were previously identified in the prior environmental documentation for the zoning action, general plan or community plan but, as a result of new information not previously known, are now determined to be more severe than previously assumed. A "yes" answer will be followed by an indication of whether the impact is "potentially significant", "less than significant with mitigation incorporated", or "less than significant". An analysis of the determination will appear in the Discussion section following the checklist.

#### 10. Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.

Pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21083.3, this column indicates whether the prior environmental document and/or the findings adopted by the lead agency decision-making body provides mitigation measures to address effects in the related impact category. In some cases, the mitigation measures have already been implemented. A "yes" response will be provided in either instance. If "NA" is indicated, this Environmental Review concludes that the impact does not occur with this project and therefore no mitigations are needed.

Subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 21083.3 further limits the partial exemption for projects consistent with general plans, community plans, and zoning by providing that:

[A]ll public agencies with authority to mitigate the significant effects shall undertake or require the undertaking of any feasible mitigation measures specified in the prior [EIR] relevant to a significant effect which the project will have on the environment or, if not, then the provisions of this section shall have no application to that effect. The lead agency shall make a finding, at a public hearing, as to whether those mitigation measures will be undertaken.

(Pub. Resources Code, § 21083.3, subd. (c).) Accordingly, to avoid having to address a previously identified significant effect in a site-specific CEQA document, a lead agency must "undertake or require the undertaking of any feasible mitigation measures specified in the prior [EIR] relevant to a significant effect which the project will have on the environment." (Pub. Resources Code, § 21083.3, subd. (c).) Thus, the mere fact that a prior EIR has analyzed certain significant cumulative or off-site effects does not mean that site-specific CEQA analysis can proceed as though such effects do not exist. Rather, to take advantage of the streamlining provisions of section 21083.3, a lead agency must commit itself to carry out all relevant feasible mitigation measures adopted in connection with the general plan, community plan, or zoning action for which the prior EIR was prepared. This

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commitment must be expressed as a finding adopted at a public hearing. (See *Gentry v. City of Murrieta* (1995) 36 Cal.App.4th 1359, 1408 [court rejected respondent city's argument that it had complied with this requirement because it made a finding at the time of project approval "that the Project complied with all 'applicable' laws"; such a finding "was not the equivalent of a finding that the mitigation measures in the [pertinent] Plan EIR were actually being undertaken"].)

#### E. Checklist and Discussion

#### 1. AESTHETICS

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantally More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policles Os Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior Ella RO The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitgation Measures Addressing Impacis
1. Aesthetics. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.1-1 to -34		4 Th	-70						
a. Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?	pp_3A_1-24 to -25	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.1-1
b. Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?	pp. 3A.1-26 to -27	No	Νσ	No	No	No	No	No	No	No feasible MM
c. Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?	pp=3A:1-27 to -30	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.1-1 3A.7-4 3A.1-4
d. Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would	pp. 3A.1-31 to -33	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A 1-5

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Elfects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior ELR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitsgated by Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior ElfR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Of-Siu- Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To I lave A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
1. Aesthetics. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.1-1 to -34								71-1-1-1	
adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?						_				

Discussion:
The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following aesthetic and visual impacts to less than significant levels: Impact 3A.1-1 (Substantial Adverse Effect on a Scenic Vistal); Impact 3A.1-2 (Damage to Scenic Resources Within a Designated Scenic Corridor); Impact 3A.1-4 (Temporary, Short-Term Degradation of Visual Character for Developed Project Land Uses During Construction); Impact 3A.1-6 (New Skyglow Effects); and impacts from the off-site improvements constructed in areas under the jurisdiction of El Dorado and Sacramento Counties (Impacts 3A.1-4 and 3A.1-5). (FEIR, pp. 1-15 to 1-19; DEIR, p. 3A.1-34.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to aesthetic resources when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following miligation measures: MM 3B.1-2a, MM 3B.1-2b, MM 3B.1-3a, and MM 3B.1-3b. (Water Addendum, p. 3-5.)

See Exhibit 1 (the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines) for more discussion of the architectural design guidelines and landscape design guidelines that apply to the Project. (Exh. 1, pp. 15-94.) See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project's consistency with landscaping policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to aesthetic and visual impacts. (Exh. 3, p. 31.)

### Mitigation Measures: • MM 3A.1-1

- MM 3A-1-4 MM 3A.1-5
- MM 3A 7-4
- MM 3B,1-2a
- MM 3B.1-2b
- MM 3B 1-3a MM 3B 1-3b

#### Conclusion

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe aesthetic impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

#### 2. AGRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURCES

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Ell RO n The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Subsiantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, as A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
2. Agriculture. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.10-1 to -49									
a. Convert Prime Farmland, Uruque Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural	p. 3A <sub>-</sub> 10-29	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
b. Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?	pp. 3A.10-41 to -43	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No feasible MM
c. Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature,	p. 3A.10-29	No	No	No	No	No	- No	No	No	None required

		General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the	Have Been Previously Adopted?	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning Action?	A More Severe Adverse Impact?	
	1991-19	Project is Consistent?			1.10(.2		, As /
EIR 0-49			Project is Consistent?	Project is Consistent?	Project is Consistent?	Project is Consistent?	Project is Consistent?

#### Discussion

The FPASP EIR concluded that there were no feasible mitigation measures that would reduce the two agriculture impacts to less than significant levels. Impacts 3A.10-3 (Cancellation of Existing On-Site Williamson Act Contracts) remain significant and unavoidable. (FEIR, pp. 1-123 to 1-124; DEIR, pp. 3A.10-41 to -43.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to agricultural resources when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B;10-5; (Water Addendum, p. 3-12.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project's consistency with open space policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to agriculture and forest resources impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 4-5, 14-16.)

## Mitigation Measures: • MM 3B 10-5

#### Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP BIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe agriculture and forest resources impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183),

#### 3. AIR QUALITY

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consideral?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zonting Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, as A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
3. Air Quality. Would the project:	PPASP Druft EIR pp. 3A-2-1 to -63					15/4/211		THE REAL PROPERTY.		
a. Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?	pp. 3A.2-23 to -59	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.2-1a 3A.2-1b 3A.2-1c 3A.2-1d 3A.2-1f 3A.2-1f 3A.2-1f 3A.2-1s 3A.2-2 3A.2-4a 3A.2-4b 3A.2-5
b. Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above
c. Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Miligated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Os Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior ElfR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Pitor EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zonling Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
3. Air Quality. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A 2-1 to -63	S. Fy			M. Ami		12 78			
applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?										
d. Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above
e. Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?	pp. 3A.2-59 to -63	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A 2-6

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
	Documents.	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts.
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
				Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?	1	Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
3. Air Quality.	FPASP Draft BIR									
Would the project:	op. 3A.2-1 to -63									

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following air quality impacts to less than significant levels: temporary short-term construction-related emissions of criteria air pollutants and precursors (Impact 3A.2-1); for PMic concentrations); long-term operation-related, regional emissions of criteria air pollutants and precursors (Impact 3A.2-1); exposure to TACs (Impact 3A.2-4); and exposure to odorous emissions from construction activity (Impact 3A.2-6, for construction diesel odors and for corporation yard odors); and exposure to odorous emissions from operation of the proposed corporation yard (Impact 3A.2-6). (FEIR, pp. 1-22 to 1-34; DEIR, p. 3A.2-63). The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to air quality when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.2-1a, MM 3B.2-1a, MM 3B.2-1c, MM 3B.2-3a, MM 3B.2-3b, (Water Addendum, pp. 3-5 to 3-6.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project's consistency with energy efficiency quality policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to air quality impacts. (Bxh. 3, pp. 27-28.)

The land use mix in the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project is consistent with the FPASP, and the mitigation measures in the MMRP for the FPASP EIR are applicable to and will be implemented for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South

#### development.

- MM 3A.2-1a MM 3A.2-1b
- MM 3A 2-1c
- MM 3A.2-1d
- MM 3A,2-1e
- MM 3A.2-1f MM 3A.2-1g MM 3A.2-1h
- MM 3A 2-2
- MM 3A.2-4a
- MM 3A.2-4b MM 3A.2-5
- MM 3A 2-6 MM 3B 2-1a

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Pecullar To The Project Or The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Constained.	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mügation Messures Addressing Impacts
3. Air Quality. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.2-1 to -63									
<ul> <li>MM 3B 2-1b</li> <li>MM 3B 2-1c</li> <li>MM 3B.2-3a</li> <li>MM 3B.2-3b</li> </ul>										

#### Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase IC South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe air quality impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

#### 4. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zonting Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policles Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, as A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts,
4. Biological Resources. Would the project:	FPASP Draft BIR pp. 3A.3-1 to -94		FLUIA.		gs til gr		Les Yu		J-115,	
a. Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?	pp. 3A,3-50 to -72	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A 3-1a 3A.3-1b 3A.3-2a 3A.3-2a 3A.3-2c 3A.3-2d 3A.3-2d 3A.3-2d 3A.3-2h 3A.3-3
b. Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plana,	pp. 3A.3-72 to -75	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.3-1a 3A.3-1b 3A.3-4a 3A.3-4b

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated by Application of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Poientially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, as A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The BIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
4. Blological Resources. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.3-1 to -94									
policies, regulations or by the Callfornia Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service?										
c. Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?	pp, 3A 3-28 to -50	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.3-1a 3A.3-1b
d. Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish and wildlife	pp. 3A.3-88 to -93	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior BIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, &a A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Sewere Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
4. Biological Resources, Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.3-1 to -94									
species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?										
e. Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance.	pp. 3A.3-75 to -88 (oak woodland and trees)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.3-5
f. Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habilat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?	pp. 3A,3-93 to -94	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIK On The Zoning Action, Ceneral Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior Eff. On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts,
4. Biological Resources. Would the projects	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.3-1 to -94	Time							The same	en u

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following biological resources impacts to less than significant levels: impacts on jurisdictional waters of the United States, including wetlands (Impact 3A.3-1); cumulative impacts on aquatic resources, oak woodlands, nesting and foraging habitat for raptors, including Swainson's hawk, and potential habitat for special-status plant species (Impact 3A.3-2); impacts on blue oak woodlands and on trees protected under Folsom Municipal Code and County Tree Preservation Ordinance (Impact 3A.3-3); as well as the impacts of off-site improvements which would be located in the jurisdiction of El Dorado County, Sacramento County, or Caltrans. (FEIR, pp. 1-38 to 1-63; DEIR, p. 3A.3-94.)

The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to biological resources when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.3-1a, MM 3B.3-1b, MM 3B.3-1a, and MM 3B.3-2. (Water Addendum, p. 3-7.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project's consistency with wetlands and wildlife policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to biological resources impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 20-23.)

The South Sacramento HCP, which is referenced in the FPASP EIR has been approved and adopted. But the South Sacramento HCP is not relevant to the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South Project because the City did not choose to participate in the South Sacramento HCP and the project site is outside of the boundaries of the South Sacramento HCP plan area. (See South Sacramento HCP, available at https://www.southsachcp.com/sshcp-chapters---final.html (last visited April 15, 2021).)

### Mitigation Measures: • MM 3A.3-1a

- MM 3A 3-1b
   MM 3A 3-2a
- MM 3A.3-2b
- MM 3A 3-2c
- MM 3A 3-2d
- MM 3A.3-2f
- MM 3A.3-2g

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmenta
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measure
	Documents	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	1
				Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan With Which the	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					Project is Consistent?					
4. Biological	FPASP Draft EIR									
Resources. Would	pp. 3A.3-1 to -94		152.5							

- MM 3A 3-2h MM 3A 3-3-MM 3A 3-4a MM 3A 3-4b MM 3A 3-5-MM 3B.3-1a MM 3B.3-1b MM 3B.3-1c MM 3B.3-1a MM 3B.3-1a

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe biological resources impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

#### 5. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consident?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Os Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe A does severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
5. Cultural Resources. Would the project:	FPASP Draft BIR pp. 3A.5-1 to -25								II COSTO	
a. Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in \$15064.57	pp. 3A.5-17 to -23	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.5-1a 3A.5-1b 3A.5-2
b. Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to \$15064 57	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above
c. Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above
d. Disturb any human remaina, including those interred outside the formal cemeteries?	pp. 3A 5-23 to -24	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A 5-3

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysts or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Eliz Ro In The Zoning Action, Ceneral Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Wili Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not. Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior Elfa Con The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Siu Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitgation Measures Addressing Impacts
5. Cultural Resources. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.5-1 to -25								4-1	

#### Discussion:

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following cultural resources impacts to less than significant levels: impacts on identified and previously undiscovered cultural resources (Impacts 3A.5-1 and 3A.5-2); and impacts from off-site improvements constructed in areas under the jurisdiction of El Dorado County, Sacramento County, or Caltrans (Impacts 3A.5-1 through 3A.5-3). (FEIR, pp. 1-81 to 1-86; DEIR, p. 3A.5-25.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to cultural resources when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3A.5-1a, MM 3A.5-1b, MM 3A.5-2, MM 3A 5-3. (Water Addendum, pp. 3-8 to 3-9.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project's consistency with cultural resources policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to cultural resources impacts. (Exh. 3, p. 24.)

### Mitigation Measures: • MM 3A.5-1a

- MM 3A,5-1b
   MM 3A,5-2
- MM 3A 5-3

#### Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe cultural resources impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

#### 6. GEOLOGY AND SOILS

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Froposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Eff On The Zonting Action, Ceneral Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consideral?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior EIX Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
6. Geology and Soils. Would the project:	PPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.7-1 to -40	1 150								
a. Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, Including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:  1. Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault?  Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.  2. Strong seismle ground shaking?	pp. 3A.7-24 to -28	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.7-1a 3A.7-1b

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior Elfa Con The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
6. Geology and Solls. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.7-1 to -40					E, 57,444				
3. Seismlc-related ground failure, including liquefaction? 4. Landslides?										
b. Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?	pp. 3A 7-28 to -31	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A 7-3
c. Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on-or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?	pp. 3A.7-31 to -34	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.7-1a 3A.7-4 3A.7-5
d. Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994),	pp. 3A.7-34 to -35	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.7-1a 3A.7-1b

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitdgated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or. Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior BIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zonfing Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
6. Geology and Soils. Would the project:	FPASP Draft HIR pp. 3A.7-1 to -40									
creating substantial risks to life or property?										
e. Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?	pp. 3A.7-35 to -36	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The BIR Was	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
				Verification?	In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Commistent?	Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Ceneral Plan Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	
6. Geology and Solls. Would the project:	FPASP Draft BIR pp. 3A.7-1 to -40							- P		

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the miligation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following geology impacts to less than significant levels: impacts from off-site elements under the jurisdiction of EI Dorado and Sacramento Counties and Caltrans. (FEIR, pp. 1-89 to 1-95; DEIR, p. 3A.7-40.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to geology and soils resources when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.7-1a, MM 3B.7-1b, MM 3B.7-5. (Water Addendum, p. 3-10.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project's consistency with floodplain protection policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to geology and soils impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 25-27.)

# Mitigation Measures: • MM 3A.7-1a

- MM 3A.7-1a
   MM 3A.7-1b
- MM 3A,7-3 MM 3A,7-4
- MM 3A 7-5
- MM 3B.7-1b
- MM 38.7-4 MM 38.7-5

### Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe geology and soils impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

## 7. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Elf Ron The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consideral?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior Elfa Con The Zoning Action, Ceneral Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or. Zonlng Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
7. Greenhouse Gas Emissions. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.4-1 to -49					Prys.				
a. Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment??	pp. 3A.4-13 to -30	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.2-1a 3A.2-1b 3A.4-1 3A.2-2 3A.4-2a 3A.4-2b
b. Confilct with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?	pp. 3A.4-10 to -13	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents,	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substanially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcet On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIN On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project 16 Consident?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior Elfa On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Ozoning Action?	Are There Previously identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Decument's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
7. Greenhouse Gas Emissions. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.4-1 to -49									

The FPASP EIR concluded that FPASP project's incremental contributions to greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from project-related construction (Impact 3A.4-1) and from long-term operation (Impact 3A.4-2) are cumulatively considerable and significant and unavoidable. (FEIR, pp. 1-70 to 1-79; DEIR, pp. 3A.4-23, 3A.4-30.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to GHG emissions and climate change when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.4-1a, MM 3B.4-1b. (Water Addendum, p. 3-8.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project's consistency with air quality, low impact development, environmental quality, and energy efficiency policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to GHG emissions and climate change impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 27-28, 31-37.)

# Mitigation Measures: • MM 3A.2-1a

- MM 3A 2-1b MM 3A 4-1
- MM 3A 2-2
- MM 3A.4-2a MM 3A.4-2b
- MM 3B 4-1a MM 3B 4-1b

## Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe GHG emissions and climate change impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

# 8. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Ell RO in The Zoning Action, Ceneral Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitgasted By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects Thal Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior BIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
8. Hazards and Hazardous Materials. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.8-1 to -36									
a. Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?	pp. 3A.8-19 to -20	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
b. Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foresceable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?	pp-3A.8-20 to -22	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.8-2 3A.9-1

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcet On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Eff Ro In The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Wili Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR Con The Zoning Action, General Pian Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior Bill Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
8. Hazards and Hazardous Materials. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.8-1 to -36					- 10000	10.7		i sasii	J. 7. T.
c. Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one- quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?	рр. 3А.8-31 to -33	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.8-6
d. Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?	pp. 3A.8-22 to -28	No	Na	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.8-3a 3A.8-3b 3A.8-3c
e. For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where	pp. 3A.8-18 to -19	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Ett ROn The Zoning Action, Ceneral Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mirigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Os Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior ElfR Con The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior BIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
8. Hazards and Hazardous Materials. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.8-1 to -36				54.34					
such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?										
f. For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working on the project area?	pp. 3A.8-18 to -19	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
g. Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?	p. 3A.8-29	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Elt Ron The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Constaintn?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior BIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The BIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Miligation Measures Addressing Impacts
6. Hazards and Hazardous Materials. Would the projects	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.8-1 to -36	15								
h. Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?	pp. 3A,8-16 to -19	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None require

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents,	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysts or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Project Vo The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior ElE Ro n The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Comisional The	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Os Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmenta Document's Mitigation Measurer Addressing Impacts
8. Hazards and Hazardous Materials. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.8-1 to -36									

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all hazards and hazardous materials impacts to less than significant levels, except for the impacts from off-site elements that fall under the jurisdiction of EI Dorado and Sacramento Counties (impacts 3A.8-2, 3A.8-3, 3A.8-5, 3A.8-7). (FEIR, pp. 1-99 to 1-108; DEIR, pp. 3A.8-35 to -36.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts. The DEIR also analyzes Impact 3A.8-7 related to mosquito and vector control. (See pp. 3A.8-33 to -35; MM 3A.8-7.)

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less hazards and hazardous materials impacts when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.8-1a, MM 3B.8-1b, MM 3B.16-3a, MM 3B.8-5b, MM 3B.8-5b, (Water Addendum, pp. 3-10 to 3-11.)

## Miligation Measures:

- MM 3A.8-2
   MM 3A.9-1
- MM 3A 8-6
- MM 3A.8-3a
- MM 3A 8-3b MM 3A 8-3c
- MM 3A 8-7 MM 3B.8-1a
- MM 3B.8-1b
- MM 3B,16-3b
  MM 3B,8-5a
  MM 3B,8-5b

#### Conclusion:

With implementation of the above miligation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe hazards and hazardou materials impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

# 9. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Ell RO m The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Elfects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR Con The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
9. Hydrology and Water Quality. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.9-1 to -51	25,727		17:14					St 30.08	
a. Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?	pp. 3A.9-24 to -28	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No No	MM 3A.9-1
b. Substantially deplete groundwaler supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for planned uses for which permits have	pp. 3A.9-45 to -50	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	PO	, role required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Ell ROn The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior BIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zonling Action?	Are There Previously identified Significant Effect That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time the EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
9. Hydrology and Water Quality. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.9-1 to -51	PER S								
been granted?  c. Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial eroston or sillation on- or off-site?	pp. 3A.9-24 to -28	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A 9-1
d. Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?	pp. 3A 9-28 to -37	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.9-2

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Folkies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior UIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Ot Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
9. Hydrology and Water Quality. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.9-1 to -51									
e. Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?	pp. 3A.9-28-42 Also see generally Backbone Infrastructure MND	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.9-1 MM 3A.9-2
f. Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?	See generally pp. 3A.9-1 to -51	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
g. Place housing within a 100-ytear flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?	p. 3A.9-45	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
h. Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which	p. 3A.9-45	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Eff Ro n The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mibigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior BIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, as A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe A diverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
9. Hydrology and Water Quality. Would the Project	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.9-1 to -51									
would impede or redirect flood flows?										
I. Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?	pp. 3A.9-43 to -44	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.9-4
j. Inundation by seiche, tsunaml, or mudflow?	Not relevant	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

						1 8.				
	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
Environmental	Documents	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior ElR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
		,		Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Policies Or Standards	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	That Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
			1		Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
9. Hydrology and	FPASP Draft EIR									
Water Quality.	pp. 3A.9-1 to -51									
Would the Project:	pp.ores 1 to or									

Discussion:

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all hydrology and water quality impacts to less than significant levels, except for the impacts from off-site elements that fall under the jurisdiction of EI Dorado and Sacramento Counties and Caltrans (Impacts 3.10-1, 3.10-2, 3.10-3, 3.10-5). (FEIR, pp. 1-113 to 1-118; DEIR, p, 3A.9-51.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to hydrology and water quality when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.9-1a, MM 3B.9-1a, MM 3B.9-3a, MM 3B.9-3a, MM 3B.9-3b. (Water Addendum, pp. 3-11 to 3-12.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project's consistency with water efficiency and low impact development policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to hydrology and water quality impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 30-31, 35.)

# Mitigation Measures: • MM 3A.9-1

- MM 3A.9-1 MM 3A.9-2
- MM 3A-9-4
- MM 3B.9-1a
- MM 38.9-1h
- MM 3A.3-1a
- MM 3A.3-1b
- MM 3B.9-3b

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe hydrology and water quality impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

# 10. LAND USE AND PLANNING

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Elf RO n The Zoning Action, Ceneral Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mittigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Whitch The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior BIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The BIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
10. Land Use and Planning. Would the project.	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.10-1 to -49								Hua , Tit	
a. Physically divide an established community?	p. 3A.10-29	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
b. Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?	pp. 3A.10-34 to -41	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None require

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents,	Du Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Of The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Eff ROn The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project to Consident?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EllR Con The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitgation Messures Addressing Impacts
10. Land Use and Planning. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.10-1 to -49			HEN.						Newstand
c. Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?	pp. 3A.3-93 to -94	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
d. Contribute to the decay of an existing urban center?	Not relevant; also see Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project's CEQA Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations, pp. 361-363	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Oc Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior Eff On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan O7 Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impaci?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitgation Measures Addressing Impacts.
10. Land Use and Planning. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.10-1 to -49					70.00				

The FPASP EIR concluded that the following land use impacts were less than significant and no mitigation was required: Impacts 3A.10-1 (Consistency with Sacramento LAFCo Guidelines) and 3.10-2 (Consistency with the SACOG Sacramento Region Blueprint), (FEIR, pp. 1-123 to 1-124; DEIR, pp. 3A.10-36, 3A.10-39, but impacts from off-site elements that fall under the jurisdiction of El Dorado and Sacramento Counties and Caltrans would be potentially significant and unavoidable. The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to land use when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following militgation measures: MM 3B.10-5. (Water Addendum, p. 3-12.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project's consistency with land use policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to land use impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 1-6.) The Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines (Exhibit 1) is a complementary document to the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan and the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Community Guidelines.

The South Sacramento HCP, which is referenced in the FPASP EIR has been approved and adopted, but the South Sacramento HCP is not relevant to the Mangini Ranch Phase IC South project because the City did not choose to participate in the South Sacramento HCP and the project site is outside of the boundaries of the South Sacramento HCP plan area. (See South Sacramento HCP, available at https://www.southsachep.com/sshcp-chapters---final.html (last visited April 15, 2021).) In any event, the Mangini Ranch Phase IC South project would not impede the implementation of the South Sacramento HCP.

# Mitigation Measures: • MM 3B:10-5

### Conclusion:

With Implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase IC South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe land use impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

# 11. MINERAL RESOURCES

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Subalantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Percel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Ell RO n The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Miligated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies O's Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior Elix Con The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or. Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitgarion Measures Addressing Impacts
11. Mineral Resources. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.7-1 to -40		Trans.							
a. Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?	pp. 3A.7-36 to -38	No	Nο	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.7-9
b. Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was. Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects. That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIK On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Provider To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior Eff On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior BiR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
11. Mineral Resources. Would the Projects	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.7-1 to -40		AT LESS							

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except one of the impacts to mineral resources to less than significant levels, Impact 3A 7-9 (Possible Loss of Mineral Resources-Kaolin Clay) remains significant and unavoidable. [FEIR, pp. 1-89 to 1-95; DEIR, pp. 3A.7-37 to -38.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to mineral resources when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR and that no mitigation measures were necessary to address the water supply and water facilities aspect of the FPASP project. (Water Addendum, p. 3-13.)

# Mitigation Measures: None required

### Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Marigini Ranch Phase 1C South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe mineral resources impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

## 12. NOISE

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcet On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Elt RO n The Zoning Action, Ceneral Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies O: Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, Ceneral Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, &a A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
12. Noise. Would the project result to:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.11-1 to -52						7 I I			
a. Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?	pp. 3A.11-50 to -51	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.11-4
b. Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?	pp. 3A.11-33 to -35	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.11-3
c. A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?	рр. 3A 11-36 to -48	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A 11-4 3A 11-5

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Regulting New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EER On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consiberti?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Os Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The SIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
12. Noise. Would the project result in:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.11-1 to -52		- X							
d. A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?	pp, 3A.11-27 to -35	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.11-1 3A.11-3
e. For a project located within an airport land use plan or where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?	pp. 3A.11-27 and 3A.11-49	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consident?	Are There Effects That Are Feculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior BIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior BIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The BIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
12. Noise. Would the project result in:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.11-1 to -52			717			La er			
f. For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?	pp. 3A.11-27	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EER On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Of Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not: Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior Eff On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Siz- Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Noi Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
12. Noise. Would the project result in:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.11-1 to -52					i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			Mary 1	

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the miligation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following noise impacts to less than significant levels: temporary, short-term exposure of sensitive receptors to increased equipment noise and groundborne noise and vibration from project construction (Impacts 3A.11-1, 3A.11-3); long-term exposure of sensitive receptors to increased operational traffic noise levels from project operation (Impact 3A.11-1) and impacts from off-site elements that are under the jurisdiction of EI Dorado County, Sacramento County, or Caltrans. (FEIR, pp. 1-127 to 1-132; DEIR, pp. 3A.11-51 to -52.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less noise impacts when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.11-1a, MM 3B.11-1b, MM 3B.11-1c, MM 3B.11-1c, and MM 3B.11-2c. (Water Addendum, p. 3-14.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project's consistency with noise policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to noise impacts. (Exh. 3, p. 29.)

#### Mitigation Measures:

- MM 3A,11-1 MM 3A,11-3
- MM 3A 11-4
- MM 3A.11-5
- MM 3B.11-1a
- MM 3B.11-1c
- MM 3B 11-1d
- MM 3B.11-1e
- MM 3B.11-3 MM 4.12-1

The September 15, 2021, Noise Study completed by Bollard Acoustical Consultants (attached as Exhibit 4) found that, consistent with the noise impact analysis in the FPASP EIR, a portion of the Mangini Ranch Phase IC South Residential Development project site will be exposed to future traffic noise levels in excess of the City of Folsom's 45 dB L4n interior noise level standard. The impacts analyzed in the Noise Study are of the same type, scope, and scale as those impacts addressed in the FPASP EIR. In other words, the Noise Study did not find any new impacts, any effects that are peculiar to the project or project site, or any substantially more severe impacts than those analyzed in the FPASP EIR. The Noise Study provides recommendations to implement the FPASP EIR's mitigation measures to achieve compliance with the City's exterior and interior noise standards. These recommendations, which are listed below, are consistent with the mitigation measures in the FPASP EIR and simply add new details about noise barriers (e.g., required height and materials) and building materials required in the previously adopted mitigation measures.

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcet On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior Effe On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior BiR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Presitously identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Cortified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
12. Noise. Would the project result	pp. 3A.11-1 to -52	4 - 64	1 1.00							

- The following Noise Study recommendations implement the FPASP EIR's mitigation measures will be required as conditions of approval:

  To comply with the applicable General Plan 60 dB DNL exterior noise level standard, the construction of traffic noise barriers would be required. The heights and locations of the noise barriers are illustrated on Figure 2 of Exhibit 4. Barrier insertion loss calculation worksheets are provided as Appendix C to Exhibit 4. The traffic noise barriers would take the form of masonry wall, earthern berm, or a combination of the two. Other materials may be acceptable but should be reviewed by an acoustical consultant prior to use.

  To ensure compliance with the General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard with a factor of safety, it is recommended that all upper-floor bedroom window assemblies of residences constructed on the lots identified on Figure 2 of Exhibit 4 from which the adjacent roadways would be visible be upgraded to the minimum STC ratings indicated.

  Mcchanical ventilation (air conditioning) should be provided for all residences in this development to allow the occupants to close doors and windows as desired to achieve compliance with the applicable General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard. (Exh. 4, p. 8)

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe noise impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

## 13. POPULATION AND HOUSING

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changea Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EER On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consident?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies O's Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior BIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zonting Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A Mons Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
13. Population and Housing. Would the Project:	PPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.13-1 to -16	7 F.E. &								
a. Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?	pp. 3A.13-11 to -15	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
b. Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?	p. 3A.13-16	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None requited

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EER On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Of Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Priore IIR On The Zoning Action, Ceneral Pian Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Of-Size Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior BIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zonling Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Messures Addressing Impacta
13. Population and Housing, Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.13-1 to -16									
c. Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?	p. 3A <sub>.</sub> 13-16	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Na	None required

The FPASP EIR concluded that all population, employment and housing impacts are less than significant and do not require mitigation. (FEIR, pp. 1-137 to 1-138; DEIR, p. 3A.13-16.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to population and housing when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR and, thus, no new mitigation was required. (Water Addendum, p. 3-15.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project's consistency with housing policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to population and housing impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 7-10.)

# Mitigation Measures: None required

#### Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase IC South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe population and housing impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

# 14. PUBLIC SERVICES

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Project Owlide The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project Is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies O'S Bandards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior Eff. On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Je Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan O'Zoning Action?	Are There Previously identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
14. Public Services.	PPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.14-1 to -30									
a. Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any the public services.	pp. 3A.14-12 to -13	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A, 14-1
Fire protection?	pp. 3A 14-13 to -20	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.14-2 3A.14-3

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documenta	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcet On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Eff On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Miligated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Os Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were No! Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior Elix Con The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or. Zoning Action?	Are There Previously identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Trior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
14. Public Services.	FPASP Druft EIR pp. 3A.14-1 to -30				Marin Land					
Police protection?	pp. 3A.14-20 to -23	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
Schools?	pp. 3A.14-24 to -30	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
Parks?	pp. 3A.12-14 to -17 (in Parks and Recreation chapter, not the Public Services chapter)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
Other public	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EER On The Zoning Action, Ceneral Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior ElfR Con The Zoning Action, Ceneral Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior BIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
14. Public Services.	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.14-1 to -30		424-1							

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all public services impacts to less than significant levels, except for impacts from off-site elements constructed in areas under the jurisdiction of El Dorado and Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans (Impact 3A.14-1). (FEIR, pp. 1-138 to 1-141; DEIR, p. 3A.14-30.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to public services when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR and, thus, no new mitigation was required. (Water Addendum, p. 3-16.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project's consistency with public services and utilites policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to public services impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 37-39.)

#### Mitigation Measures:

- MM 3A.14-1
  MM 3A.14-2
  MM 3A.14-3

#### Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe public services impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

# 15. RECREATION

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Eff Ron The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Oc Slandards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EllR Con The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously identified Significant Effects That, &A A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Sewere Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
15. Recreation.	PPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.12-1 to -17			-			757.511			
a. Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?	pp. 3A.12-12 to -17	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
b. Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?	Same as (a) above	No	Na	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Proced On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies O's Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior BIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
15. Recreation.	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A-12-1 to -17		17.1-							

The FPASP EIR concluded that all parks and recreation impacts are less than significant and, thus, no mitigation was necessary. (FEIR, p. 1-136; DEIR, p. 3A.12-17.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to recreation when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measure: MM 3B.12-1. (Water Addendum, p. 3-15.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project's consistency with parks policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to recreation impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 16-17.)

# Miligation Measures: • MM 3B.12-1

### Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP till and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe recreation impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

### 16. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parset On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Ell RO n The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Of Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior Bilk On 'The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Oz Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have, A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
16. Transportation/ Traffic. Would the projects	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.15-1 to -157									
a, Cause an increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ration on roads, or congestion at intersections)?	pp. 3A.15-25 to - 157	No	No	No	No	No	Na	No	No	MM 3A.15-1a 3A.15-1c 3A.15-1c 3A.15-1; 3A.15-1i 3A.15-1i 3A.15-10 3A.15-1p 3A.15-1r 3A.15-1r 3A.15-1r 3A.15-1v 3A.15-1v 3A.15-1v 3A.15-1v 3A.15-1v 3A.15-1i 3A.15-2i 3A.15-2i 3A.15-2i 3A.15-2i

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacta?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, Ceneral Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consisient?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or. Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior linvironmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
16. Transportation/ Traffic. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.15-1 to -157				145					3A.15-3
					No	No	Mo	Mo	No	3A.15-4a 3A.15-4c 3A.15-4c 3A.15-4f 3A.15-4f 3A.15-4f 3A.15-4f 3A.15-4f 3A.15-4n 3A.15-4n 3A.15-4n 3A.15-4c
b. Exceed, either individually or cumulatively, a level of service standard established by the	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacte?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior Elix Con The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or. Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Noi Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
16. Transportation/ Traffic. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.15-1 to -157		1357							
county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?								N.	No	
c. Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?	Not relevant; no changes to air traffic would result from the Project	No	No	No	No	No	No	No		
d. Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?	No significant traffic hazards were identified in the EIR	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
e. Result in inadequate emergency access?	3A.14-12 to -13 (in Public Services chapter, not Transportation chapter)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A. 14-1

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Considerni?	Are There Elfects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior Effe. On The Zoning Action, Ceneral Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Of-Situ Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The TIME THE EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitgation Measures Addressing Impacts.
16. Transportation/ Traffic. Would the project:	FPASP Draft HIR pp. 3A.15-1 to -157								W. C.	
f. Result in inadequate parking capacity?	Development will be required to follow City parking standards	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
g. Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)?	3A.15-27	No	Na	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Eff On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Tringet in Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior Effect in A Prior Effect in Conney Selfon Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Fotentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or, Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial Now Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
16. Transportation/ Traffic. Would the project	PPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.15-1 to -157		Estate:		-150101					

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following traffic and transportation impacts to less than significant levels: Impacts 3A.15-1i, 3A.15-1i,

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less transportation and traffic impacts when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.15-1a, MM 3B.15-1b. (Water Addendum, p. 3-16.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project's consistency with circulation policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to traffic and transportation impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 3-4.)

The September 17, 2021, Access Evaluation Memo by Kimley-Horn (attached as Exhibit 5), which incorporates the transportation and traffic analysis in the FPASP EIR/EIS, updates the intersection and roadway segment analysis performed for the Mangini Phase 1 project, approved in 2015, analyzes the ingress and egress needs of Mangini Ranch Phase IC South, the separately proposed Mangini Ranch Phase IC North and 4-Pack projects, and the Mangini Place Apartments project, and determined that the addition of the Mangini Ranch Phase IC South project would not result in any additional significant impacts. (Exh. 5, pp. 2-4.) The Kimley-Horn Memo reached this conclusion, in part, based on improvements being constructed by other Projects including the City's approval of the construction of Mangini Parkway through the Project site, including the intersection of Streets 'G' and '1' with Mangini Parkway and intersection of Mangini Parkway, as well as improvements that the IC South, North, 4-Pack, and Apartments projects should be conditioned upon, including the intersection of Streets 'G' and '1' with Savannah Parkway and signalization of the intersection of Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway. (Exh. 5, p. 3-4.) These are not new significant impacts, however, because these improvements were already analyzed and found necessary. (Exh. 5, pp. 2-4.) Thus, the Mangini Ranch Phase IC South would not result in any new or substantially more severe significant transportation and traffic impacts. (See Exh. 5, p. 4.)

## Miligation Measures:

- MM 3A.14-1
- MM 3A 15-1a through MM 3A 15-1c
- MM 3A 15-1f
   MM 3A 15-1i
- MM 3A.15-1i through MM 3A.15-1j
- MM 3A-15-11
   MM 3A-15-10 through MM 3A-15-1s
- MM 3A 15-10 through MM 3A 15-1s
   MM 3A 15-1u through MM 3A 15-1z
- MM 3A.15-laa

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Parcel On Which The Parcel On Which The Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Ell RO in The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan Whith Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Feculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Of Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There liffects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior Eliz RO. The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
16. Transportation/ Traffic. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.15-1 to -157		1- NO -							

- MM 3A.15-1dd through MM 3A.15-1ii
   MM 3A.15-2a through MM 3A.15-2b
   MM 3A.15-3 through MM 3A.15-4b
   MM 3A.15-4 through MM 3A.15-4d
   MM 3A.15-4f through MM 3A.15-4g
   MM 3A.15-4i through MM 3A.15-4y
   MM 3B.15-1a
   MM 3B.15-1b

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe transportation/traffic impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

#### 17. UTILITIES

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacia or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Of The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
17. Utilities and Service Systems. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.16-1 to -43									
a. Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?	pp. 3A.16-13 to -28	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A,16-1 3A.16-3 3A.16-4 3A.16-5
b. Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above
c. Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities,	pp. 3A.9-28 to -43  Also see generally  Backbone  Infrastructure  MND	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lot 13) CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documenta	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mittigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or, Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
17. Utilities and Service Systems. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft HIR pp. 3A.16-1 to -43			1						
the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?										
d. Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?	Water Addendum, pp. 2-1 to 4-1. See generally DEIR, pp. 3A.18-7 to -53	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
e. Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	Na	No	Same as (a) above

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lot 13) CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR Con The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
17. Utilities and Service Systems. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.16-1 to -43		To Super							
f. Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?	pp. 3A.16-28 to -32	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
g. Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?	pp. 3A 16-28 to -32	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issuc Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Elfects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Project Owhich The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Elik On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Os Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects Thal Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior Eff On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Diacussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Piter Invironmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
17. Utilities and Service Systems. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.16-1 to -43					-1115				

#### Discussion:

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following utilities impacts to less than significant levels: impacts that result from increased demand for SRWTP facilities and that are related to air quality impacts identified in the 2020 Master Plan EiR (Impact 3A.16-3); and impacts associated with improvements to treatment plant facilities for which feasible mitigation may not be available to reduce impacts to a less-than-significant level (Impacts 3A.16-4), 3A.16-5). (FEIR, pp. 1-177 to 1-182; DEIR, p. 3A.16-43.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

In the Utilities and Service Systems chapter, the DEIR also addresses energy impacts, citing Appendix F of the CEQA Guidelines. See Impact 3A.16-8 (Electricity Demand and Infrastructure, pp. 3A.16-33 to -36); Impact 3A.16-9 (Natural Gas, pp. 3A.16-36 to -39); Impact 3A.16-10 (Telecommunications, pp. 3A.16-39 to -40); Impact 3A.16-11 (Cable TV, pp. 3A.16-40 to -41); Impact 3A.16-12 (Increased Energy Demand, pp. 3A.16-41 to -43).

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum Includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to utilities and service systems when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.16-3b, (Water Addendum, p. 3-17.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project's consistency with utilities, water efficiency, and energy efficiency policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to utilities and service systems impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 31-35, 38-39) All the permanent, offsite water and storm drainage infrastructure elements are consistent with and were included in pre-existing City plans – such as the Backbone Infrastructure Project – that have been considered in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum.

#### Mitigation Measures:

- MM 3A 16-1
   MM 3A 16-3
- MM 3A 16-3
   MM 3A 16-4
- MM 3A.16-5
- MM 3B.16-3a
   MM 3B.16-3b
- Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe utilities and service systems impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

#### 18. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EER On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Os Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior Eff. Co The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Freedonally Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
18. Mandatory Findings of Significance.	The second									
a. Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife substantially reduce the substantial population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of an endangered, rare or threatened species, or eliminate important examples of the	See Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project's CEQA Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations, pp. 45-316	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	r/a

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Os Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects in A Prior Elfa Con The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Age There Fotentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed in The Prior SiR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Freviously identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
18. Mandatory Findings of Significance.			P. O.							
major periods of California history or prehistory?										
b. Does the project have Impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when view in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projecte, and the effects of probable future projects)?	Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project's CEQA Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations, pp. 316-345	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	n/a

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lot 13) CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any. New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior Elf Ro In The Zoning Action, Ceneral Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Conssistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Os Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Nol. Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior BIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
18. Mandatory Findings of Significance.										
c. Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?	Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project's CEQA Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations, pp.	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	n/a

#### Discussion:

The City finds that:

(a) impacts on the environment under a wide range of topics, including extensive detail regarding on-site biological resources and their habitats, were analyzed and disclosed in the FPASP EIR;

(b) cumulative impacts were analyzed for each impact topic throughout the FPASP EIR; and

(c) adverse impacts on humans were included and analyzed where relevant as part of the environmental impact analysis of all required topics under CEQA in the FPASP EIR (e.g., air quality, hazards, noise, etc.).

Mitigation Measures: See those listed in sections E.1 (Aesthetics) to E.17 (Utilities) above.

#### F. Conclusion

As indicated above, the City finds that the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South Project is exempt from CEQA under Government Code section 65457 and Guidelines section 15182, subdivision (c).

Though not required to do so, the City also makes the following additional findings to facilitate informed decision-making:

- Based on the preceding review, the City's FPASP EIR and Water Addendum have adequately
  addressed the following issues, and no further environmental review is required pursuant to CEQA
  Guidelines section 15183: Aesthetics, Agriculture and Forestry Resources, Air Quality, Biological
  Resources, Cultural Resources, Geology and Soils, Greenhouse Gas Emissions, Hazards and
  Hazardous Materials, Hydrology and Water Quality, Mineral Resources, Population and Housing,
  Public Services, and Recreation.
- The following site-specific impacts have been analyzed and determined to be less than significant: Land Use and Planning, Noise, and Transportation/Traffic. Thus, pursuant to CEQA Guidelines section 15183, no further environmental analysis is required.
- The following site-specific issues reviewed in this document were within the scope of issues and impacts analyzed in the FPASP EIR, and site-specific analyses did not identify new significant impacts: Land Use and Planning, Noise, and Transportation/Traffic.

#### IV. REFERENCES

- 1. City of Folsom. City of Folsom General Plan. January 1993.
- 2. City of Folsom. Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan. June 28, 2011.
- 3. City of Folsom. Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project Public Draft EIR/EIS (June 2010) and Final EIR/EIS (May 2011).
- 4. City of Folsom. Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project's CEQA Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations (May 2011).
- 5. City of Folsom. CEQA Addendum for the Folsom South of U.S. 50 Specific Plan Project-Revised Proposed Off-site Water Facility Alternative. November, 2012.
- 6. City of Folsom. South of Highway 50 Backbone Infrastructure Project Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration. December 9, 2014.
- Exhibit 1: Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines (Amended 2018)
- Exhibit 2: ROD for the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project—City of Folsom Backbone Infrastructure (May 22, 2014)
- Exhibit 3: Applicant's Policy Consistency Analysis (September 2021)
- Exhibit 4: Noise Assessment by Bollard Acoustical Consultants (September 15, 2021)
- Exhibit 5: Mangini Ranch Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South Access Evaluation Memo by Kimley-Horn (September 17, 2021)

# ATTACHMENT 8 Access and Circulation Analysis, dated September 23, 2021



### Memorandum

To: Kris Steward

From: Matt Weir, P.E., T.E., PTOE, RSP<sub>1</sub>

Re: Access Evaluation

Mangini Ranch - Phase 1C South

Date: September 23, 2021

Per your request, we have prepared this access evaluation specific to Phase 1C South of the above referenced project in Folsom. The assumptions upon which this evaluation was prepared were identified by the City of Folsom<sup>1</sup> and the project team. The following is discussion of our evaluation, findings, and recommendations.

As a framework for this evaluation, the City specifically requested the following:

- Consider all four projects (1C South, 1C North, 1C Four Pack, and Mangini Place Apartments) together. By evaluating the four projects together, the City can more easily condition the completion of the various internal roadways to ensure adequate access and circulation are provided. Note that the other three projects (1C North, 1C Four Pack, and Mangini Place Apartments) have previously been approved by the City with their own conditions of approval.
- Consider that the City is currently in the process of constructing Mangini Parkway from its current terminus, east to the future Savannah Parkway intersection (along the 1C North and Mangini Place Apartments projects' frontage). Consideration is required for the traffic control and lane configuration at the Mangini Parkway intersection with "Street G"/"Street H" that serves Phase 1C North and to which Phase 1C South connects and gains secondary access.
- Consider Street "A" intersection with Savannah Parkway (i.e., turn movements, traffic control etc.), and its proximity to and interaction with the adjacent Mangini Parkway and White Rock Road/Capital SouthEast Connector intersections.
- Consider the ultimate Savannah Parkway roadway will be constructed along the projects'
  frontage, including the Mangini Parkway/Savannah Parkway intersection. Consideration should
  be given to the transition, both north and south, to existing Placerville Road as well as the trigger
  of the need for conversion to traffic signal control at this intersection.

#### I. Land Use, Trip Generation, and Primary Access

- o Phase 1C South, 115-unit single family detached residential units
- o Phase 1C North, 76-unit single-family detached residential units
- o Phase 1C Four Pack, 100-unit single-family detached residential units
- o Mangini Place Apartments, 152-units
  - Highest peak-hour volume<sup>2</sup>:

232-trips IN (PM) [73 of which are Phase 1C South] 213-trips OUT (AM) [64 of which are Phase 1C South]

A previously completed traffic study<sup>3</sup> is understood to form the basis of the ultimate Savannah Parkway corridor, including traffic control at the Mangini Parkway intersection. This and other prior efforts are included by reference allowing this access evaluation to focus exclusively on ingress and egress for the combination of the four projects (1C South, 1C North, 1C Four Pack, and Mangini Place

916 858 5800

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Telephone conference with Steve Krahn, City of Folsom, April 5, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Trip Generation Manual, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Land Use 210 Single-Family Detached Housing and 220 Multifamily Housing (Low-Rise) regression equations, Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE). Combination of all four projects' trips.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan DEIR/DEIS, City of Folsom and USACE, June 2010.



Apartments). Accordingly, in addition to the assumptions summarized above, the following considerations were also incorporated as part of this evaluation:

- o *Project Sites' Land Use*The projects are understood to be consistent with the Specific Plan's land use. This consistency is specified in the projects' narratives.
- O Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway Access
  Exhibit 3A.15-103 (Cumulative Plus Project (with Mitigated Network) Conditions) of the prior traffic study<sup>3</sup> specifies the lane configuration, including the addition of traffic signal control, at the Mangini Parkway intersection with Savannah Parkway. Mangini Parkway improvements, including the construction of the Street "G"/Street "H" intersection within the Phase 1C North project and the access driveway for the Mangini Place Apartments, are assumed to be constructed prior to this project's (Phase 1C South) occupancy. The projects' Savannah Parkway frontage is also anticipated to be improved to its ultimate width, including completion of the Mangini Parkway intersection with Savannah Parkway intersection. This project (Phase 1C South) will complete the Savannah Parkway improvements along its frontage, between Mangini Parkway and White Rock Road (see Exhibit 1).

#### II. Access Conditions and Trip Assignment

- Combined Projects (291 single-family detached residential units and 152 apartment units) (see Exhibit 2)
  - Mangini Parkway @ Street "G"/Street "H": full access, side-street stop control (SSSC)\*
  - 2. Mangini Parkway @ Savannah Parkway: full access, traffic signal\*\*
  - 3. Savannah Parkway @ Street "A": full access, SSSC

\*\* This evaluation considers the trigger for the conversion from All-Way Stop Control (AWSC) to traffic signal control.

Lastly it was necessary to approximate the peak-hour turning movements associated with the combined projects at the four noted access locations to allow for an evaluation and recommendation of treatments. These trips were developed as summarized below:

- o Global Trip Assignment
  - Per other traffic studies in the general project area:
    - 80% of the trips originate from or are destined for points north
    - 20% trips originating from or destined for points assumed to access White Rock
       Rd (Capital SouthEast Connector) south of the project site
- Approximate "Four Projects Only" Peak-Hour Intersection Volumes (see Exhibit 2)

#### III. Access Review

Based on our coordination with the City and project team, and review of the prior study<sup>3</sup> and related project documentation, we offer the following recommendations for the conditions anticipated to result from the completion of this project (Phase 1C South) in the context of completion of all four projects:

Exterior Roadways

As previously discussed, the City is constructing Mangini Parkway along the Phase 1C North and Mangini Place Apartments projects' frontage. These improvements, including the construction of the Street "G"/Street "H" intersection within the Phase 1C North project, are assumed to be constructed prior to this project's (Phase 1C South)

<sup>\*</sup> At the time of this memorandum, the City is in the process of approving the construction of Mangini Parkway along the Phase 1C North and Mangini Place Apartments projects' frontage. These improvements are assumed to be constructed prior to this project's (Phase 1C South) occupancy.



occupancy. The projects' (1C Four Pack and Mangini Place Apartments) Savannah Parkway frontage, including its intersection (unsignalized) with Mangini Parkway, is understood to be a condition of their approval prior to the first occupancy permit. Accordingly, this project (1C South) is evaluating the need for conversion to traffic signal control.

- O Mangini Parkway Access (1C North, Street "G"/Street "H")

  The Mangini Parkway improvement plans (MacKay & Somps, April 2021) depict the Street "G"/Street "H" intersection with left-turn pockets in a manner generally consistent with the existing intersections previously constructed to the west. Although these plans indicate all-way stop control (AWSC), it is anticipated that this intersection will operate adequately with SSSC, as the other intersections to the west. This configuration and traffic control are anticipated to be adequate with the addition of this project (1C South) considering the mix of volumes and speeds. Adequate corner sight distance (unobstructed sight lines of sufficient length to allow for safe, conflicting movements) should be provided, and maintained at this intersection for vehicles exiting on both sides of Mangini Parkway in a manner consistent with published City standards.
- O Savannah Parkway Access (Street "A")
  As shown in Exhibit 2, this project driveway is located approximately 500-feet south of the Mangini Parkway intersection with Savannah Parkway. This intersection location, coupled with the relatively low driveway trips, is anticipated to facilitate full access with side-street stop control. Adequate corner sight distance (unobstructed sight lines of sufficient length to allow for safe, conflicting movements) should be provided, and maintained at this intersection for vehicles exiting and entering the project site in a manner consistent with published City standards. Consistent with other intersection improvements associated with the subject projects (1C North, 1C Four Pack, and Mangini Place Apartments), the northbound left-turn from Savannah Parkway into Street "A" (1C South) should be constructed to include a minimum of 125-feet of storage/deceleration plus a 60-foot bay taper.
- o Mangini Parkway @ Savannah Parkway Intersection
  Informed by the analyses previously completed for the adjacent projects (1C North, 1C
  Four Pack, and Mangini Place Apartments), and at the City's direction, this intersection is
  understood to be converted to traffic signal control by this project (1C South). It is
  important to note that the intersection's lane configuration and associated traffic signal
  accoutrement placement are essentially predetermined<sup>3</sup>. Accordingly, the northbound
  approach should be constructed to include a northbound left-turn lane and a northbound
  through-right lane. The northbound left-turn lane should be constructed to include a
  minimum of 180-feet of storage/deceleration plus a 60-foot bay taper. This project (1C
  South) should be required to install the traffic signal control to the satisfaction of the City
  at the time of issuance of the first occupancy permit.
- O Savannah Parkway @ White Rock Road/Capital SouthEast Connector
  As depicted in Exhibit 1, the project's Savannah Parkway frontage will be completed
  along with preservation of the right-of-way necessary for the ultimate intersection with
  the Capital SouthEast Connector. In the near-term until such time that White Rock Road
  is constructed to Capital SouthEast Connector standards, the existing White Rock Road
  intersection will persist. Accordingly, transitions will be provided by which the existing
  Savannah/White Rock intersection connects to the ultimate Savannah Parkway alignment
  north, along the project frontage. All right-of-way required to construct the interim and
  ultimate improvements (as per Exhibit 1) is being provided as part of this project.



 The intersection configuration depicted in Exhibit 1 was considered as part of this evaluation. The City will continue to monitor this intersection's operations as additional development occurs, and future studies will consider triggers for modified access control at that time.

#### IV. Summary of Findings and Recommendations

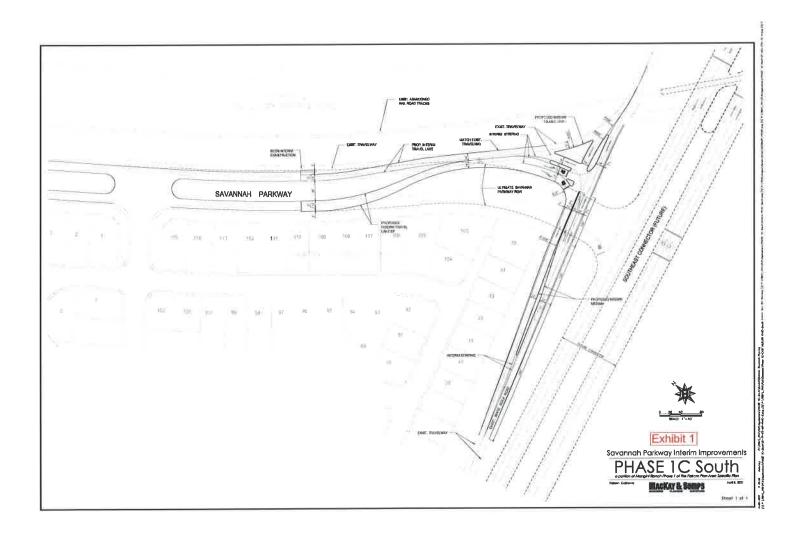
Based on the assessment documented above, the following is a summary of our findings and recommendations:

- o The consideration of the four projects together, and the resulting internal connectivity linking the projects and providing access to both Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway, allows for a comprehensive review of the combined traffic volumes and localized traffic access and circulation considerations.
- o The City is in the process of constructing Mangini Parkway, including completion of the Mangini Parkway intersection with Savannah Parkway (unsignalized). The four projects (including 1C South) should be conditioned to construct these improvements prior to the first occupancy permit should their completion be delayed from what has been assumed in this evaluation.
- o This project (1C South) should be required to install traffic signal control at the Mangini Parkway intersection with Savannah Parkway at the time of issuance of the first occupancy permit. The northbound left-turn lane should be constructed to include a minimum of 180-feet of storage/deceleration plus a 60-foot bay taper.
- o The Savannah Parkway intersection with Street "A" is anticipated to be adequately served with full-access, side-street stop control. Consistent with other intersection improvements associated with the subject projects (1C North, 1C Four Pack, Mangini Place Apartments), the northbound left-turn from Savannah Parkway into Street "A" should be constructed to include a minimum of 125-feet of storage/deceleration plus a 60-foot bay taper.
- O With the project, the Savannah Parkway frontage will be constructed and the right-of-way necessary for the ultimate intersection with the Capital SouthEast Connector will be dedicated. All right-of-way within the City of Folsom required to construct the interim and ultimate improvements (as per Exhibit 1) is being provided as part of this project.

#### **Attachments**

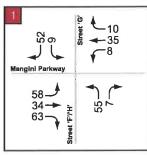
Exhibit 1 - Savannah Parkway Interim Improvements

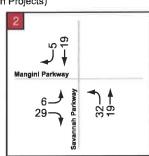
Exhibit 2 – Study Intersections and Traffic Control

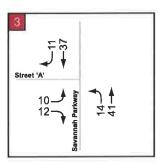


#### Mangini Ranch - Phase 1C South

Turn Movements - Highest Peak Hour Volume (Combination of 1C North, 1C Four Pack, Mangini Place Apts, and 1C South Projects)









\*Conversion from All-Way Stop Control to Signal Control to be completed by this project

Kimley»Horn

Exhibit 2 Study Intersections and Traffic Control

# ATTACHMENT 9 Environmental Noise Analysis, Dated September 15, 2021

#### **Traffic Noise Assessment**

## Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Folsom, California

BAC Job # 2021-152

Prepared For:

**Arcadian Improvement Company** 

Attn: William B. Bunce 4370 Town Center Boulevard, Suite 100 El Dorado Hills, CA 95762

Prepared By:

**Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc.** 

Dario Gotchet, Consultant

September 15, 2021



#### Introduction

The Mangini Ranch Development is located within the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan in Folsom, California. The specific component of the overall Mangini Ranch Development analyzed in this study is Phase 1C South (project) which includes single-family residential and open space uses. The Phase 1C South project area is located west of Savannah Parkway and north of White Rock Road. The project area and site plan are shown on Figures 1 and 2, respectively.

Due to the potential for elevated Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road traffic noise levels at the project site, Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc. (BAC) was retained by the project applicant to prepare this noise assessment. Specifically, this assessment was prepared to determine whether future traffic noise levels would exceed acceptable limits of the Folsom General Plan. This assessment also includes an evaluation of compliance with the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan EIR Noise Mitigation Measures.

#### Noise Fundamentals and Terminology

Noise is often described as unwanted sound. Sound is defined as any pressure variation in air that the human ear can detect. If the pressure variations occur frequently enough (at least 20 times per second), they can be heard, and thus are called sound. Measuring sound directly in terms of pressure would require a very large and awkward range of numbers. To avoid this, the decibel scale was devised. The decibel scale allows a million-fold increase in pressure to be expressed as 120 dB. Another useful aspect of the decibel scale is that changes in levels (dB) correspond closely to human perception of relative loudness. Appendix A contains definitions of Acoustical Terminology. Figure 3 shows common noise levels associated with various sources.

The perceived loudness of sounds is dependent upon many factors, including sound pressure level and frequency content. However, within the usual range of environmental noise levels, perception of loudness is relatively predictable, and can be approximated by weighing the frequency response of a sound level meter by means of the standardized A-weighing network. There is a strong correlation between A-weighted sound levels (expressed as dBA) and community response to noise. For this reason, the A-weighted sound level has become the standard tool of environmental noise assessment. All noise levels reported in this section are in terms of A-weighted levels in decibels.

Community noise is commonly described in terms of the "ambient" noise level, which is defined as the all-encompassing noise level associated with a given noise environment. A common statistical tool to measure the ambient noise level is the average, or equivalent, sound level ( $L_{eq}$ ) over a given time period (usually one hour). The  $L_{eq}$  is the foundation of the Day-Night Average Level noise descriptor,  $L_{dn}$  or DNL, and shows very good correlation with community response to noise.



Legend

Project Boundary (Approximate)



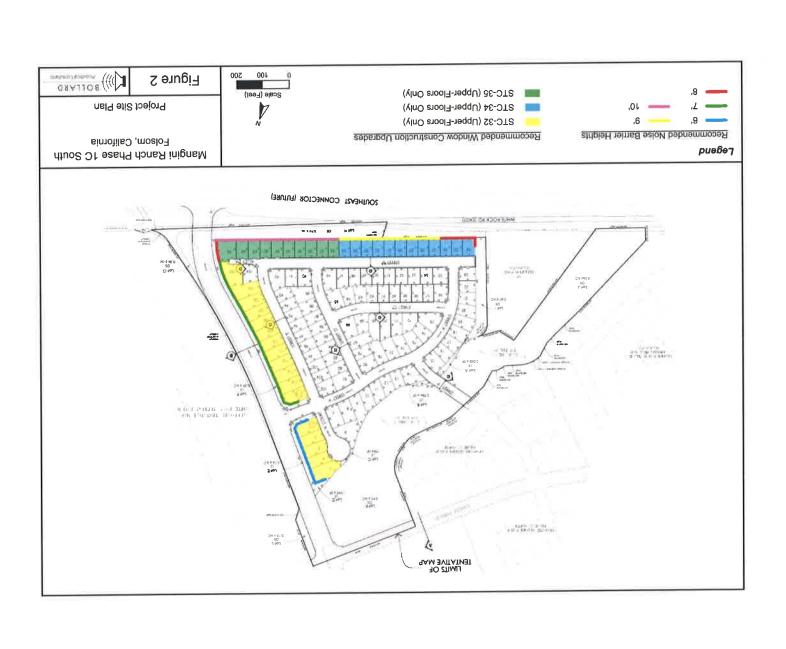
200

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South Folsom, California

Project Area

Figure 1





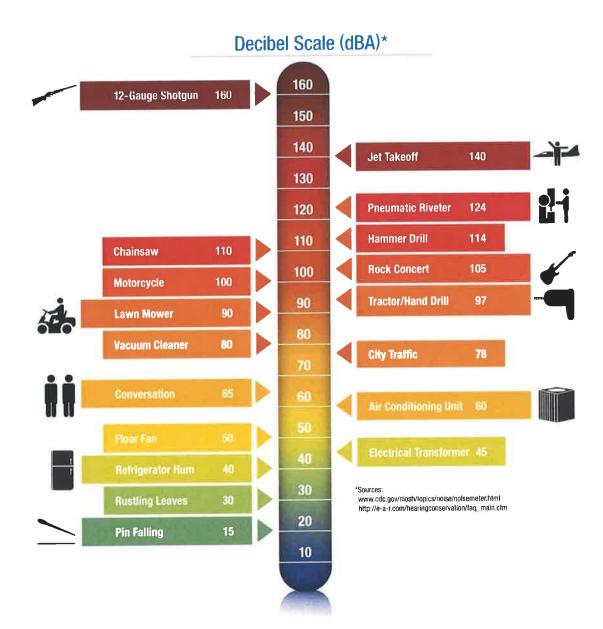


Figure 3
Typical A-Weighted Sound Levels of Common Noise Sources

DNL is based upon the average noise level over a 24-hour day, with a +10-decibel weighting applied to noise occurring during nighttime (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.) hours. The nighttime penalty is based upon the assumption that people react to nighttime noise exposures as though they were twice as loud as daytime exposures. Because DNL represents a 24-hour average, it tends to disguise short-term variations in the noise environment. DNL-based noise standards are commonly used to assess noise impacts associated with traffic, railroad, and aircraft noise sources.

#### Criteria for Acceptable Noise Exposure

#### Folsom 2035 General Plan - Transportation Noise Sources

The Safety and Noise Element of the Folsom 2035 General Plan establishes exterior noise level standards for residential outdoor activity areas exposed to transportation noise sources (i.e., traffic). For single-family residential uses, such as those proposed by the project (Phase 1C South), the General Plan applies an exterior noise level limit of 60 dB DNL at the outdoor activity areas (i.e., backyards). The intent of this criteria is to provide an acceptable exterior noise environment for outdoor activities. The General Plan utilizes an interior noise level standard of 45 dB DNL or less within noise-sensitive project dwellings. The intent of this interior noise limit is to provide a suitable environment for indoor communication and sleep.

#### Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Noise Mitigation Measures

The noise mitigation measures shown below have been incorporated into the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan to mitigate identified environmental impacts. The noise-related mitigation measure which is applicable to the development of residential land uses within the Mangini Ranch development are reproduced below. Following the mitigation measure is a brief discussion as to the applicability of the measure to this project.

# MM 3A.11-4 Implement Measures to Prevent Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to Increases in Noise from Project-Generated Operational Traffic on Off-Site and On-Site Roadways.

To meet applicable noise standards as set forth in the appropriate General Plan or Code (e.g., City of Folsom, County of Sacramento, and County of El Dorado) and to reduce increases in traffic-generated noise levels at noise-sensitive uses, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall implement the following:

- Obtain the services of a consultant (such as a licensed engineer or licensed architect) to
  develop noise-attenuation measures for the proposed construction of on-site noisesensitive land uses (i.e., residential dwellings and school classrooms) that will produce a
  minimum composite Sound Transmission Class (STC) rating for buildings of 30 or greater,
  individually computed for the walls and the floor/ceiling construction of buildings, for the
  proposed construction of on-site noise-sensitive land uses (i.e., residential dwellings and
  school classrooms).
- Prior to submittal of tentative subdivision maps and improvement plans, the project applicant(s) shall conduct a site-specific acoustical analysis to determine predicted roadway noise impacts attributable to the project, taking into account site-specific conditions (e.g., site design, location of structures, building characteristics). The acoustical analysis shall evaluate stationary- and mobile-source noise attributable to the proposed use or uses and impacts on nearby noise-sensitive land uses, in accordance with adopted City noise standards. Feasible measures shall be identified to reduce project-related noise impacts. These measures may include, but are not limited to, the

#### following:

- Limiting noise-generating operational activities associated with proposed commercial land uses, including truck deliveries;
- Constructing exterior sound walls;
- Constructing barrier walls and/or berms with vegetation;
- Using "quiet pavement" (e.g., rubberized asphalt) construction methods on local roadways; and,
- Using increased noise-attenuation measures in building construction (e.g., dualpane, sound-rated windows; exterior wall insulation).

Pursuant to this mitigation measure, this report includes an analysis of future traffic noise impacts at the single-family residential lots within the Phase 1C South component of the Mangini Ranch Development. As determined in the following assessment, portions of the Phase 1C South are predicted to be exposed to future traffic noise levels in excess of the applicable Folsom General Plan exterior and interior noise level criteria for single-family residential uses. As a result, this assessment prescribes specific noise control measures as required to achieve satisfaction with the General Plan's exterior and interior noise level standards applicable to single-family residential uses.

### Evaluation of Future Traffic Noise Levels at the Project Site

#### **Traffic Noise Prediction Methodology**

The Federal Highway Administration Highway Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108) was used to predict traffic noise levels at the project site. The FHWA Model is based upon the CALVENO noise emission factors for automobiles, medium trucks and heavy trucks, with consideration given to vehicle volume, speed, roadway configuration, distance to the receiver, and the acoustical characteristics of the site. The FHWA Model was developed to predict hourly Leq values for free-flowing traffic conditions and is considered to be accurate within 1.5 dB in most situations.

#### **Predicted Future Exterior Traffic Noise Levels**

The FHWA Model was used with future traffic data to predict future traffic noise levels at the Phase 1C South component of the Mangini Ranch Development. Future traffic volumes for Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road were obtained from the Folsom South of Highway 50 Specific Plan EIR. The day/night distribution, truck percentages, and traffic speeds for the roadways were also obtained from the Specific Plan EIR. The FHWA Model inputs and predicted future traffic noise levels at Phase 1C South are provided in Appendix B and are summarized in Table 1.

It should be noted that the provided grading plans indicate that White Rock Road will be re-located farther from the project site in the future, eventually becoming Southeast Connector Road. Because the scheduled completion of the future roadway re-alignment is not currently known,

future White Rock Road traffic noise levels at the project site were conservatively assessed relative to the existing location of the roadway.

Table 1 Predicted Future Exterior Traffic Noise Levels at Phase 1C South<sup>1</sup>

Roadway	Nearest Lots	Receiver Location	Predicted DNL (dBA) <sup>2</sup>
•		Outdoor activity areas	66
Savannah Parkway	1-5, 45, 103, 105-115	First-floor facades	65
,		Upper-floor facades	68
		Outdoor activity areas	72
	24-35	First-floor facades	71
		Upper-floor facades	74
		Outdoor activity areas	72
White Rock Road (Existing)	36-41	First-floor facades	72
, ,		Upper-floor facades	75
		Outdoor activity areas	73
	42-45	First-floor facades	72
		Upper-floor facades	75

A complete listing of FHWA Model inputs and results for the roadways are provided in Appendix B.

#### **Evaluation of Exterior Noise Compliance**

As indicated in Table 1, future Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road traffic noise levels are predicted to exceed the applicable Folsom General Plan 60 dB DNL exterior noise level standard at the outdoor activity areas (backyards) proposed nearest to the roadways. As a result, further consideration of exterior traffic noise reduction measures would be warranted for future Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road traffic noise levels at the project site.

To achieve compliance with the Folsom General Plan 60 dB DNL exterior noise level standard, it is recommended that traffic noise barriers be constructed at the heights and locations illustrated on Figure 2. Barrier insertion loss calculation worksheets are provided as Appendix C. The traffic noise barriers could take the form of masonry wall, earthen berm, or a combination of the two. Other materials may be acceptable but should be reviewed by an acoustical consultant prior to use. Provided that the project design includes the construction of noise barriers at the heights and locations illustrated on Figure 2, no further consideration of exterior traffic noise mitigation measures would be warranted for the project relative to the General Plan 60 dB DNL exterior noise level limit.

#### **Evaluation of Interior Noise Compliance**

After construction of traffic noise barriers required to comply with the Folsom General Plan's 60 dB DNL exterior noise level standard, future exterior Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road traffic noise levels are predicted to be 60 dB DNL or less at the first-floor facades of the residences constructed nearest to the roadways. Due to reduced ground absorption at elevated positions and lack of shielding by the recommended noise barriers, noise levels at the upper-floor facades

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A +3 dB offset was applied at upper-floor facades for reduced ground absorption at elevated positions. Source: Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc. (2021)

of those residences are predicted to range from 68 to 75 dB DNL. To satisfy the Folsom General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard, minimum noise reductions of 15 dB and 30 dB would be required of the first- and upper-floor building facades (respectively) of the residences constructed nearest to the roadways.

Standard residential construction (i.e., stucco siding, STC-27 windows, door weather-stripping, exterior wall insulation, composition plywood roof), typically results in an exterior to interior noise reduction of approximately 25 dB with windows closed and approximately 15 dB with windows open. This level of noise reduction would be adequate to reduce future Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road traffic noise levels to 45 dB DNL or less within the first-floors of all residences constructed within the development. However, upper-floor window construction upgrades would be warranted at residences constructed adjacent to the roadways.

To comply with the General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard including a factor of safety, it is recommended that all upper-floor window assemblies of residences constructed on the lots identified on Figure 2 with a view of the adjacent roadways be upgraded to the minimum Sound Transmission Class (STC) ratings indicated in Figure 2. In addition, mechanical ventilation (air conditioning) should be provided for all residences of the development to allow the occupants to close doors and windows as desired for additional acoustical isolation.

#### Conclusions and Recommendations

Portions of the Phase 1C South component of the Mangini Ranch Development are predicted to be exposed to future Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road traffic noise levels in excess of the applicable Folsom General Plan exterior and interior noise level standards for single-family residential uses. As a result, the following specific noise mitigation measures are recommended for this project:

- 1) To comply with the applicable General Plan 60 dB DNL exterior noise level standard, the construction of traffic noise barriers would be required. The heights and locations of the noise barriers are illustrated on Figure 2. Barrier insertion loss calculation worksheets are provided as Appendix C. The traffic noise barriers could take the form of masonry wall, earthen berm, or a combination of the two. Other materials may be acceptable but should be reviewed by an acoustical consultant prior to use.
- 2) To ensure compliance with the General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard with a factor of safety, it is recommended that all upper-floor bedroom window assemblies of residences constructed on the lots identified on Figure 2 from which the adjacent roadways would be visible be upgraded to the minimum STC ratings indicated.
- 3) Mechanical ventilation (air conditioning) should be provided for all residences in this development to allow the occupants to close doors and windows as desired to achieve compliance with the applicable General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard.

These conclusions are based on the traffic data cited in Appendix B, the project grading plans dated July 1, 2021, and on noise reduction data for standard residential dwellings and for typical STC rated window data. Deviations from the resources cited above could cause future traffic noise levels to differ from those predicted in this assessment. In addition, Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc. is not responsible for degradation in acoustic performance of the residential construction due to poor construction practices, failure to comply with applicable building code requirements, or for failure to adhere to the minimum building practices cited in this report.

This concludes BAC's traffic noise assessment for the Phase 1C South component of the Mangini Ranch Development. Please contact BAC at (530) 537-2328 or <a href="mailto:dariog@bacnoise.com">dariog@bacnoise.com</a> with any questions regarding this assessment.

## Appendix A Acoustical Terminology

Acoustics The science of sound.

Ambient Noise The distinctive acoustical characteristics of a given space consisting of all noise sources

audible at that location. In many cases, the term ambient is used to describe an existing

or pre-project condition such as the setting in an environmental noise study.

Attenuation The reduction of an acoustic signal.

A-Weighting A frequency-response adjustment of a sound level meter that conditions the output

signal to approximate human response.

Decibel or dB Fundamental unit of sound. A Bell is defined as the logarithm of the ratio of the sound

pressure squared over the reference pressure squared. A Decibel is one-tenth of a

Bell.

CNEL Community Noise Equivalent Level. Defined as the 24-hour average noise level with

noise occurring during evening hours (7 - 10 p.m.) weighted by a factor of three and

nighttime hours weighted by a factor of 10 prior to averaging.

Frequency The measure of the rapidity of alterations of a periodic signal, expressed in cycles per

second or hertz.

IIC Impact Insulation Class (IIC): A single-number representation of a floor/ceiling partition's

impact generated noise insulation performance. The field-measured version of this

number is the FIIC.

Ldn Day/Night Average Sound Level. Similar to CNEL but with no evening weighting.

**Leq** Equivalent or energy-averaged sound level.

Lmax The highest root-mean-square (RMS) sound level measured over a given period of time.

**Loudness** A subjective term for the sensation of the magnitude of sound.

Masking The amount (or the process) by which the threshold of audibility is for one sound is

raised by the presence of another (masking) sound.

Noise Unwanted sound.

Peak Noise The level corresponding to the highest (not RMS) sound pressure measured over a

given period of time. This term is often confused with the "Maximum" level, which is the

highest RMS level.

RT<sub>60</sub> The time it takes reverberant sound to decay by 60 dB once the source has been

removed.

STC Sound Transmission Class (STC): A single-number representation of a partition's noise

insulation performance. This number is based on laboratory-measured, 16-band (1/3-octave) transmission loss (TL) data of the subject partition. The field-measured version

of this number is the FSTC.



Appendix B-1

FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)

**Noise Prediction Worksheet** 

**Project Information:** 

Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: Savannah Parkway

**Traffic Data:** 

Year: Future

Average Daily Traffic Volume: 15,700

Percent Daytime Traffic: 83

Percent Nighttime Traffic: 17

Percent Medium Trucks (2 axle): 1.5

Percent Heavy Trucks (3+ axle): 1

Assumed Vehicle Speed (mph): 40

Assumed Vehicle Speed (mph). 40

Intervening Ground Type (hard/soft): Soft

Traffic Noise Levels:

----- DNL (dB) -----

Nearest Lots	Receiver Description	Distance	Offset (dB)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total
	Outdoor activity areas	70		65	55	58	66
1-5, 45, 103, 105	Outdoor activity areas First-floor facades	80		64	55	58	65
115	Upper-floor facades	80	3	67	58	61	68

#### Traffic Noise Contours (No Calibration Offset):

DNL Contour (dB)	Distance from Centerline (feet)
75	18
70	38
65	81
60	175

- 1. Future ADT, day/night percentages, truck percentages, and vehicle speed obtained from the Folsom South of Highway 50 Specific Plan EIR.
- 2. Distances scaled from the centerline of roadway to said locations using provided site plans.
- 3. A +3 dB offset was applied to upper-floor facades to account for reduced ground absorption of sound at elevated locations.



Appendix B-2

FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)

**Noise Prediction Worksheet** 

**Project Information:** 

Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: White Rock Road

**Traffic Data:** 

Year: Future

Average Daily Traffic Volume: 31,100

Percent Daytime Traffic: 83

Percent Nighttime Traffic: 17

Percent Medium Trucks (2 axle): 2

Percent Heavy Trucks (3+ axle): 1

Assumed Vehicle Speed (mph): 55

Intervening Ground Type (hard/soft): Soft

#### Traffic Noise Levels:

Tramic Noise L	evels.				DNL (		
Nearest Lots	Receiver Description	Distance	Offset (dB)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total
-	Outdoor activity areas	80		71	61	62	72
24-26	First-floor facades	90		70	60	61	71
	Upper-floor facades	90	3	73	63	64	74
	Outdoor activity areas	80		71	61	62	72
27-29	First-floor facades	90		70	60	61	71
	Upper-floor facades	90	3	73	63	64	74
	Outdoor activity areas	80		71	61	62	72
30-32	First-floor facades	90		70	60	61	71
	Upper-floor facades	90	3	73	63	64	74
	Outdoor activity areas	75		71	61	62	72
33-35	First-floor facades	85		70	61	61	71
	Upper-floor facades	85	3	73	64	64	74
	Outdoor activity areas	70		72	62	63	72
36-38	First-floor facades	80		71	61	62	72
	Upper-floor facades	80	3	74	64	65	75

#### Traffic Noise Contours (No Calibration Offset):

DNL Contour (dB)	Distance from Centerline (feet)
75	48
70	102
65	221
60	476

- 1. Future ADT, day/night percentages, truck percentages, and vehicle speed obtained from the Folsom South of Highway 50 Specific Plan EIR.
- 2. Distances scaled from the centerline of roadway to said locations using provided site plans.
- 3. A +3 dB offset was applied to upper-floor facades to account for reduced ground absorption of sound at elevated locations.



Appendix B-3

FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)

**Noise Prediction Worksheet** 

**Project Information:** 

Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: White Rock Road

**Traffic Data:** 

Year: Future

Average Daily Traffic Volume: 31,100

Percent Daytime Traffic: 83

Percent Nighttime Traffic: 17

Percent Medium Trucks (2 axle): 2

Percent Heavy Trucks (3+ axle): 1

Assumed Vehicle Speed (mph): 55

Intervening Ground Type (hard/soft): Soft

#### **Traffic Noise Levels:**

			DML (	. (ab)			
					Medium	Heavy	
Nearest Lots	Receiver Description	Distance	Offset (dB)	Autos	Trucks	Trucks	Total
	Outdoor activity areas	70		72	62	63	72
39-41	First-floor facades	80		71	61	62	72
	Upper-floor facades	80	3	74	64	65	75
	Outdoor activity areas	60		73	63	64	73
42-45	First-floor facades	70		72	62	63	72
	Upper-floor facades	70	3	75	65	66	75

#### Traffic Noise Contours (No Calibration Offset):

DNL Contour (dB)	Distance from Centerline (feet)
75	48
70	102
65	221
60	476

- 1. Future ADT, day/night percentages, truck percentages, and vehicle speed obtained from the Folsom South of Highway 50 Specific Plan EIR.
- 2. Distances scaled from the centerline of roadway to said locations using provided site plans.
- 3. A +3 dB offset was applied to upper-floor facades to account for reduced ground absorption of sound at elevated locations.



Appendix C-1

FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)

**Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet** 

**Project Information:** 

Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: Savannah Parkway

**Noise Level Data:** 

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 65

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 55 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 58

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Lots 1-3

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C<sub>1</sub>): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C2): 10

Automobile Elevation: 490

Medium Truck Elevation: 492

Heavy Truck Elevation: 498

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 487

Receiver Elevation: 492

Base of Barrier Elevation: 487

Starting Barrier Height: 6

#### **Barrier Effectiveness:**

Top of			DNL	<sub>-</sub> (dB)	Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to			
Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
493	6	59	50	53	60	Yes	Yes	Yes
494	7	57	49	53	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
495	8	56	47	52	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
496	9	54	46	50	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
497	10	54	45	49	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
498	11	52	44	48	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
499	12	51	42	47	53	Yes	Yes	Yes
500	13	51	42	46	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
501	14	50	41	45	52	Yes	Yes	Yes

Motos:

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated July 1, 2021.



Appendix C-2

FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108) **Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet** 

Job Number: 2021-152 **Project Information:** 

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: Savannah Parkway

Year: Future **Noise Level Data:** 

Auto DNL (dB): 65

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 55 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 58

Site Geometry: Receiver Description: Lots 4 & 5

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C1): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C2): 10

Automobile Elevation: 490

Medium Truck Elevation: 492

Heavy Truck Elevation: 498

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 488

Receiver Elevation: 493

Base of Barrier Elevation: 488 Starting Barrier Height: 6

#### **Barrier Effectiveness:**

Top of			DNI	Barrier B	er Breaks Line of Sight to			
Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
494	6	59	50	53	60	Yes	Yes	Yes
495	7	57	48	53	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
496	8	56	47	51	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
497	9	54	45	50	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
498	10	53	44	48	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
499	11	52	43	47	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
500	12	51	42	46	53	Yes	Yes	Yes
501	13	50	42	45	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
502	14	50	41	45	52	Yes	Yes	Yes

Notes:

1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).

2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated July 1, 2021.



Appendix C-3

FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)
Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

**Project Information:** 

Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: Savannah Parkway

**Noise Level Data:** 

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 65 Medium Truck DNL (dB): 55 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 58

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Lots 45 & 103

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C<sub>1</sub>): 60
Barrier to Receiver Distance (C<sub>2</sub>): 10
Automobile Elevation: 485

Medium Truck Elevation: 487 Heavy Truck Elevation: 493

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 478

Receiver Elevation: 483
Base of Barrier Elevation: 478
Starting Barrier Height: 6

#### **Barrier Effectiveness:**

Top of		DNL (dB)				Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to		
Barrier	Barrier		Medium	Heavy			Medium	Heavy
Elevation (ft)	Height (ft)	Autos	Trucks	Trucks	Total	Autos?	Trucks?	Trucks?
484	6	59	50	54	61	Yes	Yes	No
485	7	58	49	53	60	Yes	Yes	Yes
486	8	57	48	52	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
487	9	55	46	51	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
488	10	54	45	49	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
489	11	53	44	48	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
490	12	52	43	47	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
491	13	51	42	46	53	Yes	Yes	Yes
492	14	50	41	45	52	Yes	Yes	Yes

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated July 1, 2021.



# Appendix C-4 FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108) Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

**Project Information:** Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: Savannah Parkway

Noise Level Data: Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 65

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 55 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 58

Site Geometry: Receiver Description: Lots 105-107

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C<sub>1</sub>): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C<sub>2</sub>): 10

Automobile Elevation: 490 Medium Truck Elevation: 492

Heavy Truck Elevation: 498

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 480

Receiver Elevation: 485

Base of Barrier Elevation: 480 Starting Barrier Height: 6

#### Barrier Effectiveness:

Ton of			DNL	_ (dB)	Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to			
Top of Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
486	6	60	51	54	61	Yes	No	No
487	7	59	50	53	60	Yes	Yes	Yes
488	8	57	49	53	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
489	9	56	47	52	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
490	10	55	46	50	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
491	11	54	45	49	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
492	12	53	44	48	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
493	13	51	43	47	53	Yes	Yes	Yes
494	14	51	42	46	52	Yes	Yes	Yes

Notes: 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).

2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated July 1, 2021.



# Appendix C-5 FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108) Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

**Project Information:** 

Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: Savannah Parkway

Noise Level Data:

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 65

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 55 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 58

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Lots 108-110

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C<sub>1</sub>): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C<sub>2</sub>): 10

Automobile Elevation: 490

Medium Truck Elevation: 492

Heavy Truck Elevation: 498

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 482 Receiver Elevation: 487

Base of Barrier Elevation: 482

Starting Barrier Height: 6

#### **Barrier Effectiveness:**

Top of			DNL	_ (dB)		Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to				
Barrier	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?		
Elevation (ft)		60	50	54	61	Yes	Yes	No		
488	6	0.00								
489	7	58	50	53	60	Yes	Yes	Yes		
490	8	57	48	52	59	Yes	Yes	Yes		
491	9	55	47	51	57	Yes	Yes	Yes		
492	10	54	45	50	56	Yes	Yes	Yes		
493	11	53	44	48	55	Yes	Yes	Yes		
494	12	52	43	47	54	Yes	Yes	Yes		
495	13	51	42	46	53	Yes	Yes	Yes		
496	14	51	42	45	52	Yes	Yes	Yes		

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated July 1, 2021.



# Appendix C-6 FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108) Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information: Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: Savannah Parkway

Noise Level Data: Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 65

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 55 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 58

Site Geometry: Receiver Description: Lots 111-113

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C<sub>1</sub>): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C<sub>2</sub>): 10

Automobile Elevation: 485

Medium Truck Elevation: 487

Heavy Truck Elevation: 493

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 484

Receiver Elevation: 489

Base of Barrier Elevation: 484 Starting Barrier Height: 6

#### Barrier Effectiveness:

Top of			DNI		Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to			
Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
490	6	58	50	53	61	Yes	Yes	Yes
	7			1750	0.53.55		Yes	Yes
491	/	57	48	52	59	Yes		
492	8	55	47	51	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
493	9	54	45	49	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
494	10	53	44	48	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
495	11	52	43	47	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
496	12	51	42	46	53	Yes	Yes	Yes
497	13	50	41	45	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
498	14	50	41	44	51	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Notes:** 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).

2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated July 1, 2021.



Appendix C-7

FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)
Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

**Project Information:** 

Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: Savannah Parkway

**Noise Level Data:** 

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 65 Medium Truck DNL (dB): 55 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 58

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Lots 114 & 115

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C<sub>1</sub>): 60 Barrier to Receiver Distance (C<sub>2</sub>): 10 Automobile Elevation: 490

Medium Truck Elevation: 492 Heavy Truck Elevation: 498

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 485

Receiver Elevation: 490 Base of Barrier Elevation: 485

Starting Barrier Height: 6

#### **Barrier Effectiveness:**

Top of			DNL	. (dB)		Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to		
Barrier	Barrier	A4	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
Elevation (ft)	Height (ft)	Autos			770.01			
491	6	59	50	54	61	Yes	Yes	No
492	7	58	49	53	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
493	8	56	47	52	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
494	9	55	46	50	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
495	10	54	45	49	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
496	11	53	44	48	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
497	12	52	43	47	53	Yes	Yes	Yes
498	13	51	42	46	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
499	14	50	41	45	52	Yes	Yes	Yes

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated July 1, 2021.



Appendix C-8 FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108) Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information: Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: White Rock Road

Noise Level Data: Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 71

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 61 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 62

Site Geometry: Receiver Description: Lots 24-26

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C<sub>1</sub>): 70

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C<sub>2</sub>): 10

Automobile Elevation: 456

Medium Truck Elevation: 458

Heavy Truck Elevation: 464

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 473

Receiver Elevation: 478

Base of Barrier Elevation: 473 Starting Barrier Height: 6

#### **Barrier Effectiveness:**

Top of		***************************************	DNL	. (dB)	Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to			
Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
479	6	61	52	54	62	Yes	Yes	Yes
480	7	60	51	52	61	Yes	Yes	Yes
481	8	59	49	51	60	Yes	Yes	Yes
482	9	58	48	50	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
483	10	57	47	49	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
484	11	56	47	48	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
485	12	56	46	47	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
486	13	55	46	47	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
487	14	55	45	47	56	Yes	Yes	Yes

Notes: 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).

2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated July 1, 2021.



Appendix C-9
FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)
Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

**Project Information:** 

Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: White Rock Road

**Noise Level Data:** 

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 71

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 61 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 62

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Lots 27-29

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C<sub>1</sub>): 70

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C2): 10

Automobile Elevation: 462

Medium Truck Elevation: 464

Heavy Truck Elevation: 470

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 474

Receiver Elevation: 479

Base of Barrier Elevation: 474 Starting Barrier Height: 6

#### **Barrier Effectiveness:**

Top of			DNL	_ (dB)		Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to		
Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
480	6	62	53	55	63	Yes	Yes	Yes
481	7	61	51	53	62	Yes	Yes	Yes
482	8	60	50	52	61	Yes	Yes	Yes
483	9	59	49	51	60	Yes	Yes	Yes
484	10	57	48	50	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
485	11	57	47	49	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
486	12	56	46	48	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
487	13	55	46	47	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
488	14	55	46	47	56	Yes	Yes	Yes

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated July 1, 2021.



#### Appendix C-10 FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108) Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

**Project Information:** 

Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: White Rock Road

**Noise Level Data:** 

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 71

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 61 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 62

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Lots 30-32

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C<sub>1</sub>): 70

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C<sub>2</sub>): 10
Automobile Elevation: 465

Medium Truck Elevation: 467

Heavy Truck Elevation: 473

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 475

Receiver Elevation: 480

Base of Barrier Elevation: 475 Starting Barrier Height: 6

#### **Barrier Effectiveness:**

Ton of			DNL	Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to				
Top of Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
481	6	63	53	55	64	Yes	Yes	Yes
482	7	61	52	54	62	Yes	Yes	Yes
483	8	60	50	52	61	Yes	Yes	Yes
484	9	59	49	51	60	Yes	Yes	Yes
485	10	58	48	50	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
486	11	57	47	49	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
487	12	56	47	48	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
488	13	56	46	47	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
489	14	55	46	47	56	Yes	Yes	Yes

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated July 1, 2021.



# Appendix C-11 FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108) Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: White Rock Road

**Noise Level Data:** 

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 71

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 61 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 62

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Lots 33-35

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C<sub>1</sub>): 65

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C<sub>2</sub>): 10

Automobile Elevation: 465

Medium Truck Elevation: 467

Heavy Truck Elevation: 473
Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 475

Receiver Elevation: 480

Base of Barrier Elevation: 475 Starting Barrier Height: 6

#### **Barrier Effectiveness:**

T			DNI	Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to				
Top of Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
481	6	63	53	55	64	Yes	Yes	Yes
482	7	61	52	54	62	Yes	Yes	Yes
483	8	60	51	52	61	Yes	Yes	Yes
484	9	59	49	51	60	Yes	Yes	Yes
485	10	58	48	50	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
486	11	57	48	49	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
487	12	57	47	48	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
488	13	56	47	48	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
489	14	55	46	47	56	Yes	Yes	Yes

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated July 1, 2021.



**Appendix C-12** 

FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108) Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information: Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: White Rock Road

Noise Level Data: Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 72

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 62 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 63

Site Geometry: Receiver Description: Lots 36-38

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C<sub>1</sub>): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C<sub>2</sub>): 10

Automobile Elevation: 470

Medium Truck Elevation: 472

Heavy Truck Elevation: 478

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 476

Receiver Elevation: 481

Base of Barrier Elevation: 476 Starting Barrier Height: 6

#### **Barrier Effectiveness:**

Top of		***************************************	DNL (dB)				Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to		
Barrier	Barrier		Medium	Heavy			Medium	Heavy	
Elevation (ft)	Height (ft)	Autos	Trucks	Trucks	Total	Autos?	Trucks?	Trucks?	
482	6	64	54	57	65	Yes	Yes	Yes	
483	7	62	53	55	63	Yes	Yes	Yes	
484	8	61	52	54	62	Yes	Yes	Yes	
485	9	60	51	52	61	Yes	Yes	Yes	
486	10	59	49	51	60	Yes	Yes	Yes	
487	11	58	48	50	59	Yes	Yes	Yes	
488	12	57	48	49	58	Yes	Yes	Yes	
489	13	57	47	49	58	Yes	Yes	Yes	
490	14	56	47	48	57	Yes	Yes	Yes	

Notes: 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).

2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated July 1, 2021.



Appendix C-13
FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)
Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

**Project Information:** Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: White Rock Road

Noise Level Data: Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 72

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 62 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 63

Site Geometry: Receiver Description: Lots 39-41

Centerline to Barrier Distance ( $C_1$ ): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C<sub>2</sub>): 10

Automobile Elevation: 472

Medium Truck Elevation: 474

Heavy Truck Elevation: 480

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 477

Receiver Elevation: 482

Base of Barrier Elevation: 477

Starting Barrier Height: 6

#### **Barrier Effectiveness:**

Top of			DNL	. (dB)	Barrier B	reaks Line of	Sight to	
Barrier	Barrier		Medium	Heavy			Medium	Heavy
Elevation (ft)	Height (ft)	Autos	Trucks	Trucks	Total	Autos?	Trucks?	Trucks?
483	6	64	55	57	65	Yes	Yes	Yes
484	7	62	53	55	64	Yes	Yes	Yes
485	8	61	52	54	62	Yes	Yes	Yes
486	9	60	51	52	61	Yes	Yes	Yes
487	10	59	50	51	60	Yes	Yes	Yes
488	11	58	49	50	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
489	12	57	48	49	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
490	13	57	47	49	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
491	14	56	47	48	57	Yes	Yes	Yes

Notes: 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).

2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated July 1, 2021.



# Appendix C-14 FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108) Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information: Job Number: 2021-152

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Development - Phase 1C South

Roadway Name: White Rock Road

Noise Level Data: Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 73

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 63 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 64

Site Geometry: Receiver Description: Lots 42-45

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C<sub>1</sub>): 50 Barrier to Receiver Distance (C<sub>2</sub>): 10

Automobile Elevation: 473

Medium Truck Elevation: 475 Heavy Truck Elevation: 481

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 478

Receiver Elevation: 483

Base of Barrier Elevation: 478 Starting Barrier Height: 6

#### **Barrier Effectiveness:**

Top of			DNL (dB)				Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to		
Barrier	Barrier		Medium	Heavy		A 4 0	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?	
Elevation (ft)	Height (ft)	Autos	Trucks	Trucks	Total	Autos?			
484	6	64	55	58	66	Yes	Yes	Yes	
485	7	63	54	56	64	Yes	Yes	Yes	
486	8	62	52	54	63	Yes	Yes	Yes	
487	9	60	51	53	62	Yes	Yes	Yes	
488	10	59	50	52	60	Yes	Yes	Yes	
489	11	59	49	51	60	Yes	Yes	Yes	
490	12	58	48	50	59	Yes	Yes	Yes	
491	13	57	48	49	58	Yes	Yes	Yes	
492	14	57	48	49	58	Yes	Yes	Yes	

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated July 1, 2021.



# ATTACHMENT 10 Applicant's General Plan Consistency Analysis

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Section 4 - La	nd Use		
4.1	Create pedestrian-oriented neighborhoods through the use of a grid system of streets where feasible, sidewalks, bike paths and trails. Residential neighborhoods shall be linked, where appropriate, to encourage pedestrian and bicycle travel.	Yes	The street and trail system is based on an efficient grid system that connects the project with nearby park, school, and open space with roadways, sidewalks, and trails.
4.2	Residential neighborhoods shall include neighborhood focal points such as schools, parks, and trails. Neighborhood parks shall be centrally located and easily accessible, where appropriate.	Yes	The project is part of a residential neighborhood, and connects to schools, trails, and parks via the roadway, sidewalk, and trail network.
4.3	Residential neighborhoods that are directly adjacent to open space shall provide at least two defined points of pedestrian access into the open space area.	Yes	Two defined points of access to adjacent open space is provided.
4.4	Provide a variety of housing opportunities for residents to participate in the homeownership market.	Yes	The project contains housing types within the allowable density range of the MLD zoning, which is the zoning fo the project site.
4.5	All multi-family high density residential sites shall provide on-site recreational amenities for its residents, unless directly adjacent to a park site.	n/a	The project does not include multi- family, high-density residential uses.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
4.6	As established by the FPASP, the total number of dwelling units for the Plan Area is 11,461 and the total commercial square footage is 2,788,8441. The number of units within individual residential land use parcels may vary, so long as the number of dwelling units falls within the allowable density range for a particular land use designation. For purposes of CEQA compliance for discretionary projects, the combination of the total maximum number of residential units and commercial square footage analyzed in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Environmental Report/Environmental Impact Statement (SCH#200092051) shall not be exceeded without requiring further CEQA compliance.	Yes	The project does not exceed the total number of dwelling units for the Plan Area and does not include commercial uses.
4.6A	A maximum of 937 low, medium and high density residential dwelling units are allowed only in the three General Commercial (SP-GC) parcels and the Regional Commercial (SP RC) parcel located at the intersection of East Bidwell Street and Alder Creek Parkway. No more and no less than 377 high density residential dwelling units on a minimum of 15.7 acres shall be provided on these parcels. Other than the SP-RC and three SP-GC parcels specifically identified herein, this policy 4.6A shall not apply to any other Plan Area SP-RC or SP-GC parcels.	n/a	The project is not located at the intersection of East Bidwell Street and Alder Creek Parkway.
4.7	Transfer of dwelling units is permitted between residential parcels, or the residential component of SP-RC and SP-GC parcels, as long as 1) the maximum density within each land use designation is not exceeded, unless the land use designation is revised by a specific plan amendment, and 2) the total number of Plan Area dwelling units does not exceed 11,461.	Yes	The proposed transfer of 3 MLD development units will not exceed the maximum density (7-12 units per acre) permitted within those land use categories, nor will the overall FPASP dwelling unit maximum be exceeded.
4.8	Each new residential development shall be designed with a system of local streets, collector streets, and access to an arterial road that protects the residents from through traffic.	Yes	The project has a heircharial street layout to provide an efficient circulation system consistent with the Specific Plan.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
4.9	Subdivisions of 200 dwellings units or more not immediately adjacent to a neighborhood or community park are encouraged to develop one or more local parks as needed to provide convenient resident access to children's plan areas, picnic areas and unprogrammed open turf area. If provided, these local parks shall be maintained by a landscape and lighting district or homeowner's association and shall not receive or provide substitute park land dedication credit for parks required by the FPASP.	n/a	The project includes 115 residential lots, and thus, this policy is not applicable to the Project. Additionally, the Project does provide two points of access to the public trail system on adjacent open space, which connects to nearby parks.
Commercial Po	licies		
4.10	The mixed-use town center should contain unique retail, entertainment and service- based establishments, as well as public gathering spaces.	n/a	The Project does not propose any mixed-use development. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
4.11	The mixed-use neighborhood center should contain retail and service-based establishments that are intended to serve the immediate area in which it is located.	n/a	The Project does not propose any mixed-use development. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
4.12	Commercial and office areas should be accessible via public transit routes, where feasible.	n/a	The Project does not propose any commercial development. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
4.13	The Plan Area land use plan should include commercial, light industrial/office park and public/quasipublic land uses in order to create employment.	n/a	The Project does not propose any commercial development. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
4.14	The transfer of commercial intensity is permitted as provided in Section 13.3 - Administrative Procedures.	n/a	The Project does not propose any commercial development. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
	Thirty percent (30%) of the Plan Area shall be preserved and maintained as natural open space, consistent with Article 7.08.C of the Folsom City Charter.		The project will not reduce the amount of preserved natural open space.
4.Ib	The open space land use designation shall provide for the permanent protection of preserved wetlands.	Yes	The project includes land use edge refinements along the adjacent open space parcel but does not alter the land use designation, which provides for the permanent protection of preserved wetlands.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Parks Policies		No. of Carlo	
4.17	Land shall be reserved for parks as shown in Figure 4.3 — Specific Plan Land Use Designations and Table 4.2 — Land Use Summary. On future tentative subdivision maps or planned development applications, park sites shall be within 1/8 of a mile of the locations shown in Figure 4.3 — Specific Plan Land Use Designations. Park sites adjacent to school sites should remain adjacent to schools to provide for joint use opportunities with the Folsom-Cordova Unified School District. Park sites adjacent to open space shall remain adjacent to open space to provide staging areas and access points to the open space for the public.	n/a	No park sites are proposed, and no proposed park sites will be altered by the project. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
4.18	Sufficient land shall be dedicated for parks to meet the City of Folsom requirement (General Plan Policy 35.8) of 5-acres of parks for every 1,000 residents.	Yes	The project does not reduce the land to be dedicated for parks.
4.19	Parks shall be located throughout the Plan Area and linked to residential neighborhoods via sidewalks, bike paths and trails, where appropriate. During the review of tentative maps or planned development applications, the city shall verify that parks are provided in the appropriate locations and that they are accessible to resident via sidewalks, bike paths and trails.	Yes	Nearby parks will be accessible by all residents in the project via sidewalks and public trails.
4.20	Elementary school sites shall be co-located with parks to encourage joint-use of parks where feasible.	n/a	The project does not propose school or park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Public/Quasi-P	ublic Policies		STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF
4.21	Land shall be reserved for public services and facilities, as required by the City of Folsom. Public services and facilities sites shall be in the general locations as shown in Figure 4.3 – Specific Plan Land Use Designations.	Yes	The infrastructure needed to serve the Project area is consistent with the adopted Specific Plan and the updated infrastructure plans.
4.22	Land shall be reserved for schools as required by the City of Folsom and the Folsom Cordova Unified School District in accordance with state law. School sites shall be in the general locations shown in Figure 4.3 – Specific Plan Land Use Designations and have comparable acreages as established in Table 4.2 – Land Use Summary.	Yes	The project would not alter the location of proposed school sites.
4.23	Elementary school sites shall be co-located with parks to encourage joint-use of parks.	n/a	The project does not propose school or park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
4.24	All Public/Quasi-Public sites shown in Figure 4.3 – Specific Plan Land Use Designations may be relocated or abandoned as a minor administrative modification of the FPASP. The land use designation of the vacated site or sites will revert to the lowest density adjacent residential land use. In no event shall the maximum number of Plan Area dwelling units exceed 11,461 and the total commercial building area exceed 2,788,884 square feet2. For purposes of CEQA compliance for discretionary projects, the combination of the total maximum number of residential units and commercial square footage analyzed in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact Statement (SCH#200809205) shall not be exceeded without requiring further CEQA compliance.	Yes	The project would not alter the location of proposed public/quasi-public sites.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
	ousing Strategies	T KON Y	
City of Folson	General Plan Housing Element Policies Incorporated in the FPASP		
H-1.1	The city shall ensure that sufficient land is designated and zoned in a range of residential densities to accommodate the city's regional share of housing.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The project proposes residential land uses that comply with the existing zoning and land use designation at the project site.
H-1.2	The city shall endeavor to designate future sites for higher density housing near transit stops, commercial services, and schools where appropriate and feasible.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The project proposes residential land uses that comply with the existing zoning and land use designation at the project site.
н-1.3	The city shall encourage home builders to develop their projects on multi-family designated land at the high end of the applicable density range.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The project proposes a density of 8.0 units per acre, which is within the applicable range of 7-12 units per acre.
H-1.4	The City shall support and facilitate the development of second units on single-family designated and zoned parcels.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The project site is zoned MLD.
H-1.6	The city shall ensure that new development pays its fair share in financing public facilities and services and pursues financial assistance techniques to reduce the cost impact on the production of affordable housing.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The project will comply with all mitigation measures in the FPASP EIR and Addendums. See MMRP.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
H-1.8	The city shall strive to create additional opportunities for mixed-use and transit oriented development.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.
H-3.1	The city shall encourage residential projects affordable to a mix of household incomes and disperse affordable housing projects throughout the city to achieve a balance of housing in all neighborhoods and communities.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision- making and planning processes. The Project proposes residential development within the overall mix of household incomes.
H-3.2	The city shall continue to use federal and state subsidies, as well as inclusionary housing in-lieu fees, affordable housing impact fees on non-residential development, and other fees collected into the Housing Trust Fund in a cost-efficient manner to meet the needs of lower-income households, including extremely low-income households.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision- making and planning processes. The Project proposes residential development.
H-3.3	The city shall continue to make density bonuses available to affordable and senior housing projects, consistent with State law and Chapter 17.102 of the Folsom Municipal Code.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision- making and planning processes. The Project does not seek a density bonus.
H-3.4	Where appropriate, the city shall use development agreements to assist housing developers in complying with city affordable housing goals.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The Project is subject to the Amended and Revised Development Agreement.
H-3.5	The city shall make incentives available to property owners with existing development agreements to encourage the development of affordable housing.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The Project is subject to the Amended and Restated Development Agreement.
H-5.2	The city shall encourage housing for seniors and persons with disabilities to be located near public transportation, shopping, medical, and other essential services and facilities.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The project does not propose housing for seniors or persons with disabilities.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
H-5.4	The city shall encourage private efforts to remove physical barriers and improve accessibility for housing units and residential neighborhoods to meet the needs of person with disabilities.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The Project complies with the Folsom Ranch, Central District Design Guidelines and City standards for residential neighborhoods.
H-5.7	The city shall continue to provide zoning to accommodate future need for facilities to serve city residents in need of emergency shelter.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.
H-5.10	The city shall encourage developers to include spaces in proposed buildings or sites on which child care facilities could be developed or leased by a child care operator.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The Project does not propose non-residential uses.
H-6.2	The city shall assist in the enforcement of fair housing laws by providing information and referrals to organizations that can receive and investigate fair housing allegations, monitor compliance with fair housing laws, and refer possible violations to enforcing agencies.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.
H-7.1	The city shall continue to implement state energy-efficient standards to new residential development.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.
H-7.2	The city shall include energy conservation guidelines as part of the development standards for the specific plan area.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.
H-7.3	The city shall reduce residential cooling needs associated with the urban heat island effect.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.
H-7.4	The city shall promote an increase in the energy efficiency of new and existing housing beyond minimum state requirements.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
H-7.5	The city shall encourage the increased use of renewable energy.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.
H-7.6	The city shall encourage "smart growth" that accommodates higher density residential uses near transit, bicycle and pedestrian friendly areas of the city that encourage and facilitate the conservation of resources by reducing the need for automobile use.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. East Bidwell Street is part of the FPASP transit corridor.
Section 7 - Cir	culation	E Merry 16	
Circulation Pol	icies	115 -	
7.1	The roadway network in the Plan Area shall be organized in a grid-like pattern of streets and blocks, except where topography and natural features make it infeasible, for the majority of the Plan Area in order to create neighborhoods that encourage walking, biking, public transit and other alternative modes of transportation.	Yes	Topography and natural features make grid layout infeasible, but the proposed roadway connects future residents of the project to adjacent school, park, open space, and commercial uses.
7.2	Circulation within the Plan Area shall be ADA accessible and minimize barriers to access by pedestrians, the disabled, seniors and bicyclists. Physical barriers such as walls, berms, and landscaping that separate residential and nonresidential uses and impede bicycle or pedestrian access or circulation shall be minimized.	Yes	The Project complies with the Folsom Ranch, Central District Design Guidelines and City standards for residential neighborhoods.
7.3	The Plan Area shall apply for permanent membership in the 50 Corridor TMA. Funding to be provided by a Community Facilities District or other non-revocable funding mechanism.	n/a	The Project does not effect the Plan Area's permanent membership in the 50 Corridor TMA.
7.4	Submit a General Plan Amendment to the city to modify General Plan Policy 17.17 regarding Traffic Level of Service 'C'. This level of service may not be achieved throughout the entire Plan Area at buildout.	n/a	The applicable Level of Service under the General Plan is 'D.' The streets are designed to meet traffic requirements and are consistent with the Specific Plan.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
7.5	A framework of arterial and collector roadways shall be developed that accommodate Plan Area traffic while accommodating through-traffic demands to adjoining city areas.	n/a	Project street layout is consistent with the Specific Plan.
7.6	Major and minor arterials, collectors, and minor collectors shall be provided with sidewalks that safely separate pedestrians from vehicular traffic and class II bicycle lanes that encourage transportation choices within the Plan Area.	n/a	Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway have separated sidewalks from the street to enhance pedestrian design.
7.7	Traffic calming measures shall be utilized, where appropriate, to minimize neighborhood cut-through traffic and excessive speeds in residential neighborhoods. Roundabouts and traffic circles shall be considered on low volume neighborhood streets as an alternative to four-way stops or where traffic signals will be required at project build-out. Traffic calming features included in the City of Folsom's Neighborhood Traffic Management Program Guidelines (NTMP) may also be utilized in the Plan Area.	Yes	The street system has been designed to discourage traffic through the neighborhood.
7.8	Roadway improvements shall be constructed to coincide with the demands of new development, as required to satisfy city minimum level of service standards.	Yes	The streets are designed to meet traffi requirements and are consistent with the Specific Plan.
ublic Transit i	Policies	3 23	
7.8A	Concurrent with development of the SP-RC and SP-GC parcels located at the intersection of East Bidwell Street and Alder Creek Parkway, the following roadway improvements will be constructed:  • Alder Creek Parkway from Prairie City Road to East Bidwell Street.  • East Bidwell Street from White Rock Road to U.S. Highway 50.  • Rowberry Road (including the over-crossing of U.S. Highway 50).  The timing, extent of improvements and interim improvements shall be predicated on the extent and type of development proposed for the above referenced parcels	n/a	The project is not located at the intersection of East Bidwell Street and Alder Creek Parkway. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
7.9	Public transportation opportunities to, from, and within the Plan Area shall be coordinated with the City Public Works Transit Division and the Sacramento Regional Transit District (RT). Regional and local fixed and circulator bus routes through the Plan Area shall be an integral part of the overall circulation network to guarantee public transportation service to major destinations for employment, shopping, public institutions, multi-family housing and other land uses likely to attract public transit use.	Yes	The project is consistent with the adopted Specific Plan, which addresses public transportation opportunities.
7.10	Consistent with the most recent update of the RT master plan and the Plan Area Master Transit Plan, a transit corridor shall be provided through the Plan Area for future regional 'Hi-Bus's service (refer to Figure 7.29 and the FPASP Transit Master Plan). Sufficient right-of-way shall be dedicated for the transit corridor as described in Section 7.3 and Figures 7.2, 7.3, 7.14 & 7.15.	Yes	The project is consistent with the adopted Specific Plan, which addresses public transportation opportunities.
7.11	Future transit bus stops and associated amenities shall be placed at key locations in the Plan Area according to the recommendation of the FPASP Transit Master Plan.	Yes	The project is consistent with the adopted Specific Plan, which addresses public transportation opportunities.
7.12	Provide interim park-and-ride facilities for public transit use as shown in the FPASP Transit Master Plan.	Yes	The project is consistent with the adopted Specific Plan, which addresses public transportation opportunities.
7.13	The City of Folsom shall participate with the El Dorado County Transportation Commission in an update of the "Folsom El Dorado Corridor Transit Strategy Final Report dated December 2005. The update shall include the Plan Area and Sacramento County.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
7.14	The City of Folsom shall participate with the Sacramento Area Council of Government in a revision of the City of Folsom Short-Range Transit Plan Update Final Report, dated September 2005. The update shall include the Plan Area.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
7.15	The Sacramento Regional Transit District (RT) "A Guide to Transit Oriented Development (TOD)" shall be used as a design guideline for subsequent project level approvals for all projects along the Plan Area transit corridor.	Yes	The guideline was used in the preparation of the Specific Plan. The project is consistent with the Specific Plan.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Sidewalks, Trai	ls and Bikeway Policies		
7.16	A system of sidewalks, trails, and bikeways shall internally link all land uses and connect to all existing or planned external street and trail facilities contiguous with the Plan Area to provide safe routes of travel for pedestrians and bicyclists as depicted in Figure 7.32 and as indicated on the applicable roadway sections. Pedestrian and bicycle facilities shall be designed in accordance with City design standards, including the latest version of the Bikeway Master Plan, the FPASP and the FPASP Community Design Guidelines.	Yes	The project includes sidewalks that are consistent with the adopted Specific Plan and City standards.
7.17	Public accessibility to open space and scenic areas within the Plan Area shall be provided via roadway, sidewalks, trail and bikeway connections, where appropriate.	Yes	Access to nearby open space areas is provided via roadways, sidewalks, and trails.
7.18	Traffic calming measures and signage shall be used to enhance the safety of sidewalk, trail and bikeway crossings of arterial and collector streets.	n/a	The project does not include sidewalk, trail, or bikeway crossings of arterial or collector streets.
7.19	Class I bike path and trail crossings of Alder Creek and intermittent drainages channels shall be minimized and located and designed to cause the least amount of disturbance to the creek environment.	n/a	Alder Creek is not located in this phase. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
7.20	Per state and federal programs, safe routes to schools shall be identified and signed.	Yes	The proposed project connects to the separated sidewalk along Mangini Parkway, which serves as the Safe Route to School. Signage shall be identified in the improvements plans.
7.21	All Plan Area land uses shall be located within approximately 1/2 mile of a Class I bike path or a Class II bike lane.	Yes	The project is within 1/2 mile of Mangini Parkway, which will be developed with class II bike lanes as part of the planned Bicycle network.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
7.22	Site design and building placement shall minimize barriers to pedestrian access and interconnectivity. Physical barriers such as walls, berms, landscaping and slopes between residential and non-residential land uses that unnecessarily impede bicycle or pedestrian circulation shall be minimized. Clearly marked shaded paths shall be provided through commercial and mixed use parking lots.	n/a	The Project does not include commercial or mixed use development and complies with the Folsom Ranch, Central District Design Guidelines and City standards for residential neighborhoods.
7.23	Adequate short and long term bicycle parking shall be provided for all Plan Area land uses (except for single-family and single-family high density residential uses) as specified in Table A.14.	Yes	The project includes adequate bicycle parking, as specified in Table A.14.
Section 8 - Op	pen Space		
8.1	Open Space areas shall be created throughout the entirety of the Plan Area.	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.2	Create a preserve open space zone that will include all of the preserved wetlands and required buffers that are under the Jurisdiction of the U.S. Army Corp of Engineers (USACE).	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.3	Create a passive open space zone that may contain limited recreation uses and facilities, storm water quality detention basins, water quality structures, wetland and tree mitigation areas and limited public utilities.	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.4	Where feasible, locate schools and parks adjacent or near to open space.	n/a	The project does not include school or park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.5	Open space areas shall incorporate sensitive Plan Area natural resources, including oak woodlands, Alder Creek and its tributaries, hillside areas, cultural resources, and tributaries of Carson, Buffalo and Coyote Creeks within the boundaries of the Plan Area.	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
8.6	Open space improvements shall comply with City of Folsom General Plan Policy 27.1 and the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) standards.	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.7	Natural parkways, thirty-feet (30') in width or larger, shall be considered part of the required thirty percent (30%) Plan Area natural open space provided the following minimum criteria is met:  8.7a: They include a paved path or trall.  8.7.b: They have the ability to be utilized for tree mitigation plantings or other appropriate mitigation measures and;  8.7.c: They are planted primarily with California central valley and foothills native	n/a	No natural parkways are proposed in the project area. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.8	plants as described in the most current edition of River-Friendly Landscape Guidelines.  Locate Class I bicycle paths and paved and unpaved trails throughout the open space.	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.9	Carefully site infrastructure, including roads, wastewater and water facilities, trailheads, equestrian trails and the like to minimize impact to the oak woodlands, Alder Creek and its tributaries, hillside areas, cultural resources and intermittent tributaries of Carson, Buffalo and Coyote Creeks within the boundaries of the Plan Area.	Yes	No cultural resources identified to be preserved, oak woodlands/trees, or hillsides are present in the project. The project has been designed to avoid the wetland areas to the extent feasible.
8.10	Provide the opportunity for educational programs that highlight the value of the various natural features of the Plan Area.	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.11	All open space improvements, including erosion control planting and landscaping, within the 200-year flood plain shall be designed to withstand inundation during a 200-year flood event.	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.12	All open space improvements, including erosion control planting and landscaping adjacent to Alder Creek and its tributaries shall be consistent with Section 10.2.6 - Alder Creek & Floodplain Protection.	n/a	Alder Creek is not located in this phase. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
8.13	The FASP Open Space Management Plan shall describe the ownership, funding, and maintenance of open space areas.	n/a	The project does not propose open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.14	The FPASP Community Design Guidelines shall include recommendations for the design of natural parkways and other passive open space recreation facilities, storm water quality detention basins, water quality structures, wetland and tree mitigation areas, and public utilities.	n/a	The document submitted to the City contains this information. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.15	All entitlements within the FPASP shall be reviewed to ensure that thirty percent (30%) of the Plan Area is maintained as natural open space to preserve oak woodlands and sensitive habitat areas.	Yes	The project does not reduce the amount of open space in the Plan Area.
Section 9 - Po	rks	1 Total	
9.1	To promote walking and cycling, community and neighborhood parks shall be connected to the pedestrian and bicycle network.	Yes	The project's sidewalks and bike routes are consistent with the connected pedestrian network in the Specific Plan.
9.2	Park designs shall accommodate a variety of active and passive recreational facilities and activities that meet the needs of Plan Area residents of all ages, abilities and special interest groups, including the disabled.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.3	Neighborhood parks shall feature active recreational uses as a priority and provide field lighting for nighttime sports uses and other activities as deemed appropriate by the City of Folsom Parks and Recreation Department.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.4	The sports facilities listed in Table 9.1 are suggested facilities for inclusion in community, neighborhood and local parks. The City may amend Table 9.1 as City needs change without amending the FPASP.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.5	All park master plans shall include a lighting plan and all park lighting fixtures shall be shielded and energy efficient.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
9.6	Parks shall be designed and landscaped to provide shade, easy maintenance, water efficiency, and to accommodate a variety of recreational uses. Park improvements will comply with Folsom Municipal Code Chapter 13.26 Water Conservation and all applicable mitigations measures set forth in the FPASP EIR/EIS.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.7	Park furniture and structures shall be selected based on durability, vandal resistance and long term maintenance, as approved by the City.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.8	Public art is encouraged in parks where appropriate and feasible in compliance with the City's Arts and Culture Master Plan.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.9	Easements and designated open space shall not be credited as parkland acreage. These areas may be used for park activities, but not to satisfy Quimby park land dedication requirements.	n/a	The project Therefore the policy does not apply to the project. The Proejct does not propose park uses.
9.10	Placement of stand alone cell towers or antennae in parks in strongly discouraged. Cell towers or antennae are permitted to be located on sports field lighting poles with a use permit.	n/a	Cell towers are not proposed with this application. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.11	All parks shall be sited and designed with special attention to safety and visibility. Park designs shall follow the use restrictions as outlined in the Folsom Municipal Code Chapter 9.68: Use of Park Facilities. The Parks and Recreation Commission shall review all park master development plans and make recommendations to the City Council for approval.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.12	A Parks Master Plan shall be prepared for the Plan Area.	n/a	This policy affects the City and does not apply to individual developers.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
9.13	If the existing slope of a park site shown on Figure 9.1 exceeds five percent, the site shall be rough graded by owner/developer/builder dedicating the park land in accordance with grading plans approved by the City of Folsom Parks and Recreation Department. The cost to grade sites may be credited against park impact fees subject to city approval.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
914	Park land dedications are net areas in acres and exclude easements, wetlands, public rights-of-way and steep slopes or structures.		The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
ection 10 - Re	source Management & Sustainable Design	× 110 /	
<b>Netland Polici</b>			
	Delineated wetlands shall be preserved to the greatest extent possible within open space areas and corridors, or otherwise provided for in protected areas.	Yes	Wetland permit has been issued for the project.
10.2	Where preservation is not feasible, mitigation measures shall be carried out as specified in the FPASP EIR/EIS.	Yes	Wetland permit has been issued for the project.

PASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.3	Water quality certification based on Section 401 of the Clean Water Act shall be obtained before issuance of the Section 404 permit.	Yes	A water quality certification was issued.
10.4	Construction, maintenance, and monitoring of compensation wetlands shall be in accordance with requirements of the USACE, pursuant to the issuance of a Section 404 permit. Compensation wetlands may consist of one of the following:  10.4a: Constructed wetlands within designated open space areas or corridors in the Plan Area;  10.4b: Wetland credits purchased from a mitigation bank; and /or;  10.4c: The purchase of land at an off-site location to preserve or construct mitigation wetlands.  To ensure successful compensation wetlands, wetland feasibility studies shall be carried out in conjunction with request for permits from regulatory agencies prior to any construction.	Yes	Wetland permit has been issued for the project.
10.5	As part of the Section 404 permitting process, the project applicants shall prepare a wetland mitigation and monitoring plan (MMP). The plan shall include detailed information on the habitats present within the preservation and mitigation areas, the long-term management and monitoring of these habitats, legal protection for the preservation and mitigation areas (e.g., conservation easement, declaration of restrictions), and funding mechanism information (e.g., endowment). The plan shall identify participation within mitigation banks.	Yes	Wetland permit has been issued for the project.
10.6	Maintenance and monitoring of all compensation wetlands, whether constructed or purchased, shall be carried out by an approved monitoring agency or organization, and shall be in accordance with all federal, state, and local regulations. Monitoring shall continue for a minimum of 5 years from completion of mitigation or until performance standards have been met, whichever is longer	Yes	Wetland permit has been issued for the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.7	Special status vernal pool invertebrates shall be protected as required by State and federal regulatory agencies. Where protection is not feasible, vernal pool invertebrates shall be mitigated per the wetland mitigation and monitoring plan.	Yes	No special status species were identified in the project area and any impacts to offsite areas are covered by the Biological Opinion.
	Wildlife Policies		A TENEDO TENEDO DE META SE
10.8	Tricolored blackbird nesting colony habitat, if any, shall be protected as required by State and federal regulatory agencies.	Yes	The Project will comply with mitigation measures in the FPASP EIR, including conducting preconstruction surveys. See MMRP.
10.9	A Swainson's Hawk mitigation plan shall be prepared to avoid loss of nesting areas if applicable.	Yes	It is the applicant's understanding that the City will soon approve a Swainson's Hawk Mitigation Plan. The project will comply with all relevant mitigation measures in this plan.
10.10	An incidental take permit shall be obtained to avoid impacts on the Valley Elderberry Longhorn Beetle (VELB), unless delisting has occurred.	Yes	The Project will comply with mitigation measures in the FPASP EIR. See MMRP. No Valley Elderberry Longhorn Beetle (VELB) were identified on the proposed project site.
10.11	Special-status bat roosts shall be protected as required by State and federal regulatory agencies.	Yes	The Project will comply with mitigation measures in the FPASP EIR, including conducting preconstruction surveys.  See MMRP.
10.12	The Sacramento-Yolo Mosquito and Vector Control District will provide year-round mosquito and vector control in accordance with state regulations and its Mosquito Management Plan.	n/a	This policy applies to the Sacramento-Yolo Mosquito and Vector Control District. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

Exhibit 3

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.13	Preserve and protect in perpetuity approximately 399-acres of existing oak woodlands.	n/a	The proposed project does not have any oak woodlands or oak tree canopy to be preserved. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.14	The details of ownership, long term maintenance and monitoring of the preserved and mitigated oak woodlands and isolated oak tree canopy shall be specified in the FPASP Open Space Management Plan approved concurrently with the FPASP.	n/a	The proposed project does not have any oak woodlands or oak tree canopy to be preserved. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPA:	SP Policy Descript	ion	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.15	Oak trees included in residential and non-residential development parcel impacted oak woodlands are encouraged to be preserved wherever practical, provided preservation does not:  a) Cause a reduction in the number of lots or a significant reduction in the size of residential lots.  b) Require mass grading that eliminates level pads or requires specialized foundations.  c) Require the use of retaining wall or extended earthen slopes greater than 4 feet in height, as measured from the bottom of the footing to the top of the retaining wall.  d) Require the preservation of any trees certified by an arborist to be dead or in poor or hazardous or non-correctable condition or trees the pose a safety risk to the public.  e) Cost more to preserve the tree than to mitigate for its loss, based on the Isolated				The proposed project does not have any oak woodlands or oak tree canopy to be preserved. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.16	Oak Tree Mitigation requirements Isolated oak trees in residential and according to the following national Consulting Arborists (ASCA):  ASCA  RATING Excellent Good Fair Poor Hazardous or non-correctable Dead	d non-residential de	eloped by the American Society	n/a	The proposed project does not have any oak woodlands or oak tree canopy to be preserved. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.17	As part of any small lot tentative subdivision map application submittal, prepare and submit a site map, a tree preservation program and arborist's report and both a canopy survey of oak trees in the development parcel as well as a survey of individual free standing oak trees. The surveys will show trees to be preserved and trees to be removed consistent with the requirements of FMC Chapter 12.16.	n/a	The proposed project does not have any oak woodlands or oak tree canopy to be preserved. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.18	For small lot tentative subdivision parcels that contain oak trees, a pre-application and conceptual project review is required to ensure that every reasonable and practical effort has been made by the applicant to preserve oak trees. At a minimum, the submittal shall consist of a completed application form, the site map, the tree preservation program, the arborist's report, an aerial photograph of the project site, the oak tree surveys, and a conceptual site plan and grading plan showing road and lot layouts and oak trees to be preserved or removed.	n/a	The proposed project does not contain oak trees. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.19	Minor administrative modifications to the FPASP development standards, including but not limited to reduced parking requirements, reduced landscape requirement, reduced front and rear yard building setbacks, modified drainage requirements, increased building heights; and variations in lot area, width, depth and site coverage are permitted as part of the Design Review approval process in order to preserve additional oak trees within development parcels.	n/a	The proposed project does not have any oak woodlands or oak tree canopy to be preserved. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.20	When oak trees are proposed for preservation in a development parcel, ensure their protection during and after construction as outlined in FMC Chapter 12.16 – Tree Preservation. Once an individual residence or commercial building has received an occupancy permit, preserved trees on the property are subject to the requirements of FMC Chapter 12.16 – Tree Preservation.	n/a	The proposed project does not have any oak woodlands or oak tree canopy to be preserved. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description		Remarks
Cultural Resou			The state of the s
10.21	The following shall be prepared prior to extensive grading or excavation:  10.21a: Existing archeological reports relevant to the Plan Area shall be reviewed by a qualified archaeologist.  fully surveyed, to the extent required, to characterize and record the site. Any artifacts  10.21c: An Archaeological Resources Report shall be prepared, as appropriate.  10.21d: Copies of all records shall be submitted to the appropriate information center in the California Historical Resource Information System (CHRIS).	Yes	The proposed project has completed the archaeological surveys and reports described here and they have been submitted to the California Historical Resource Information System (CHRIS).
10.22	Publicly accessible trails and facilities in open space areas shall be located so as to ensure the integrity and preservation of historical and cultural resources as specified in the FPASP Community Design Guidelines and the Open Space Management Plan.	n/a	The project proposes connections to trials, but does not propose publicly accessible trials or facilities. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.23	Views toward cultural resources from publicly accessible trails and facilities shall be protected, where appropriate.	n/a	The project proposes connections to trials, but does not propose publicly accessible trials or facilities. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.24	Interpretive displays near cultural resources shall be unobtrusive and compatible with the visual form of the resources.	n/a	There are no cultural resources that require displays on the project site. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
Water Quality	Policies		
10.25	Natural drainage courses within the Plan Area along Alder, Carson, Coyote, and Buffalo Creeks and their tributaries shall be preserved as required by state and federal regulatory agencies and incorporated into the overall storm water drainage system.	Yes	The proposed project is consistent with the drainage master plan, including the preservation measures for the referenced drainage features and waterways.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.26	Trails located within open space corridors and areas shall be designed to include soil erosion control measures to minimize sedimentation of nearby creeks and maintain the natural state of drainage courses.		The project proposes connections to trials, but does not propose publicly accessible trials or facilities. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.27	Public recreational facilities (e.g., picnic areas and trails) located within open space corridors or areas shall be subject to urban storm water best management practices, as defined in Section 10.3 – Sustainable Design.	n/a	The project does not propose open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.28	Best management practices shall be incorporated into construction practices to minimize the transfer of water borne particulates and pollutants into the storm water drainage system in conformance with FMC Chapters 8.70 – Stormwater Management & Discharge Control and 14.29 – Grading as well as current NPDES permit requirements and State Water Resources Control Board's Construction General Permit requirements.	Yes	The described BMPs will be incorporated in the notes section for the final improvement plans for the proposed project.
10.29	All mitigation specified in the FPASP EIR/EIS shall be implemented.	Yes	Mitigation Measures will be implemented.
10.30	Preference shall be given to biotechnical or non-structural alternatives, over alternatives involving revetments, bank regrading or installation of stream training structures.		Project will include measures in improvement plans.
Alder Creek &	Floodplain Protection Policies		
10.31	Alder Creek shall be preserved in its natural state, to the extent feasible, to maintain the riparian and wetland habitat adjacent to the creek.		The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.32	All improvements and maintenance activity, including creek bank stabilization, adjacent to Alder Creek shall comply with the Clean Water Act Section 404 permits and the Central Valley Flood Protection Act of 2008 (SB 5).	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.33	Bank stabilization and other erosion control measure shall have a natural appearance, wherever feasible. The use of biotechnical stabilization methods is required within Alder Creek where it is technically suitable can be used instead of mechanical stabilization.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.34	New drainage outfalls within or near Alder Creek, or improvements to existing outfalls, shall be designed and constructed utilizing low impact development (LID) practices in conformance with the most current National Pollutant Discharge Elimination (NPDE) regulations. Consistent with these practices, storm water collection shall be decentralized, its quality improved and its peak flow contained in detention facilities that will slowly release it back into the creek drainage outfalls and improvements shall be unobtrusive and natural in appearance (refer to Section 12.6 - Stormwater).	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.35	All Plan Area development projects shall avoid encroaching on the Alder Creek 200- year flood plain to ensure that no adverse alterations to the creek or the floodplain occur where practical. However, in the event encroachment is unavoidable, construction shall comply with the FPASP EIR/EIS mitigation measures, and all relevant provisions of the Central Valley Flood Protection Plan and FMC Chapter 14.23 – Flood Damage Prevention.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.36	Plan Area streets that cross Alder Creek may be grade-separated from the creek to allow uninterrupted passage of wildlife and trail users. Adequate vertical clearance shall be provided under all such street crossings to allow safe, visible bicycle, pedestrian and equestrian travel. Any streets that cross Alder Creek and are grade-separated shall follow the standards established in FMC Chapter 10.28 – Bridges.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.37	Emergency vehicle access along Alder Creek may be provided on Class I bike paths and/or separately designated emergency access roads (refer to Figure 7.29).	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.38	All lighting adjacent to Alder Creek shall be limited to bridges, underpasses, trailheads, public facilities and for other public safety purposes. Lighting fixtures shall be fully shielded and energy efficient.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.39	Class I bike paths and other paved and unpaved trails may be constructed near Alder Creek in the SP-OS2 passive open space zone consistent with the FPASP Community Design Guidelines.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.40	Public access points shall be located in areas where they have the least impact to the Alder Creek environment and designed to avoid sensitive plant wildlife habitat areas.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.41	Re-vegetation and new planting along Alder Creek shall use California central valley and foothills native plants as described in the most current edition of River-Friendly Landscape Guidelines.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.42	Adhere to the recommendations and policies of the Alder Creek Watershed Management Action Plan where feasible.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
Air Quality Poli	cies cies		
10.43	An Operational Air Quality Mitigation Plan has been prepared and approved by the Sacramento Metropolitan Air Quality Management District based on the District's CEQA guidelines dated July 2004. As required by LAFCO Resolution 1195 (dated 6 June 2001) the plan achieves a 35% reduction in potential emissions than could occur without a mitigation program.	Yes	The proposed project will comply with all applicable air quality mitigation measures.
10.44	The approved Operational Air Quality Mitigation measures shall be included as policies in the relevant sections of the FPASP.	Yes	The proposed project will comply with all applicable air quality mitigation measures.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.45	Based on advisory recommendations included in Table 1-1 of the California Air Resources Board document entitled Air Quality and Land Use Handbook, avoid locating residential land uses within 500-feet of U.S. Highway 50.	Yes	Proposed residential land uses are more than 500-feet from U.S. Highway 50.
10.46	Prohibit wood burning fireplaces in all residential construction.	Yes	Consistent with the Specific Plan and the Air Quality Management Plan, Wood burning fireplaces are not included in the project.
10.47	Provide complimentary electric lawnmowers to each residential buyer in the SF, SFHD and the MLD land uses.	Yes	The Project Site is zoned MLD and will comply with all applicable air quality mitigation measures.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Noise Policies			
	Residential developments must be designed and/or located to reduce outdoor noise levels generated by traffic to less than 60 dB.	Yes	The Project will comply with mitigation measures in the FPASP EIR, including noise reduction measures. See MMRP.
10.49	Noise from Aerojet propulsion system and routine component testing facilities affecting sensitive receptor areas shall be mitigated based on recommendations in the acoustical study.	n/a	The project will not be impacted by the Aerojet facilities. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.50	The Conditions, Covenants and Restrictions in the Department of Real Estate Public Report shall disclose that the Plan Area is within the Mather Airport flight path and that over flight noise may be present at various times.	Yes	Avigation easements have been recorded on the property and disclosures will be provided in CC&R's.
10.51	Landowner shall, prior to Tier 2 Development Agreement, record an easement over the property relating to noise caused by aircraft arriving or departing from Mather Airport.	Yes	Avigation easements have been recorded on the property.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Low Impact De	evelopment Policies	V-1-II-PN	
10.52	Site specific development projects shall incorporate LID design strategies that include:  10.52a: Minimizing and reducing the impervious surface of site development by reducing the paved area of roadways, sidewalks, driveways, parking areas, and roof tops;  10.2b: Breaking up large areas of impervious surface area and directing stormwater flows away from these areas to stabilized vegetated areas;  10.52c: Minimizing the impact of development on sensitive site features such as streams, floodplains, wetlands, woodlands, and significant on-site vegetation;  10.52d: Maintaining natural drainage courses; and  10.52e: Provide runoff storage dispersed uniformly throughout the site, using a variety of LID detention, retention, and runoff techniques that may include:  Bioretention facilities and swales (shallow vegetated depressions engineered to collect, store, and infiltrate runoff); and	Yes	The project is consistent with the City! Backbone Infrastructure Master Plan, which includes stormwater requirements. The portion of the proposed project that includes site- specific development has incorporated LID design strategies as described in section 10.52 of the EIR for the FPASP,

PASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
	<ul> <li>Landscape buffers, parkways, parking medians, filter strips, vegetated curb extensions, and planter boxes (containing grass or other close-growing vegetation planted between polluting sources (such as a roadway or site development) and downstream receiving water bodies).</li> </ul>		
andscaping Po	olicies		
10.53	The Plan Area landscape palette shall consist of California Central Valley and foothills native plant species as described in the most current edition of River-Friendly Landscape Guidelines and drought tolerant adaptive plant species except at neighborhood entry gateways and similar high visibility locations where ornamental plant species may be preferred.	Yes	The project is designed to be consistent with the applicable design guidelines.
10.54	The use of turf is not allowed on slopes greater than 25% where the toe of the slope is adjacent to an impermeable hardscape. Consistent with CALGreen Tier 2 voluntary recommendations, all development projects within the Plan Area shall be encouraged to limit the use of turf to 25% of the total landscaped area.	n/a	The project does not include any slopes greater than 25%. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.55	Open space areas adjacent to buildings and development parcels shall maintain a fuel modification and vegetation management area in order to provide the minimum fuel modification fire break as required by State and local laws and ordinances. Additionally, development parcels adjacent to open space areas may be required to provide emergency access through the property to the open space by means of gates, access roads or other means approved by the City of Folsom Fire Department. Ownership and maintenance of open space areas, including fuel modification requirements and fire hazard reduction measures are outlined in the FPASP Open Space Management Plan.	Yes	The FPASP Open Space Management Plan provides for fuel modification measures.
10.56	Trees shall be interspersed throughout parking lots so that in fifteen (15) years, forty (40) percent of the parking lot will be in shade at high noon. At planting, trees shall be equivalent to a #15 container or larger.	n/a	The project does not include any parking lots. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.57	Conservation of energy resources will be encouraged through site and building development standards.	Yes	The proposed project will comply with all applicable energy conservation development standards.
10.58	Buildings shall incorporate site design measures that reduce heating and cooling needs by orienting buildings on the site to reduce heat loss and gain depending on the time of day and season of the year.	Yes	Where site conditions permit, the project incorporates site design measures that reduce heating and cooling needs through building orientation.
10.59	Solar access to homes shall be considered in the design of residential neighborhoods to optimize the opportunity for passive and active solar energy strategies.	Yes	The project will comply with applicable residental building codes, including providing solar access.
10.60	Multi-family and attached residential units shall be oriented toward southern exposures, where site conditions permit.	n/a	The Project proposes single-family, detatched residential uses.
10.61	Buildings shall be designed to incorporate the use of high quality, energy efficient glazing to reduce heat loss and gain.	Yes	The project is designed to comply with the applicable Design Guidelines and standards. The required features will be verified during the building plan check process.
10.62	Energy efficient appliances, windows, insulation, and other available technologies to reduce energy demands will be encouraged.	Yes	The project is designed to comply with the applicable Design Guidelines and standards. The required features will be verified during the building plan check process.
10.63	Office park uses shall install automatic lighting and thermostat features.	n/a	The project does not include office uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.64	Commercial and public buildings shall use energy efficient lighting with automatic controls to minimize energy use.	n/a	The project does not include commercial or public buildings. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.65	Energy Star certified equipment and appliances shall be installed, to include: 10.65a - Residential appliances; heating and cooling systems; and roofing; and 10.65b - Nonresidential appliances and office equipment; heating, cooling, and lighting control systems; and roofing	Yes	The project is designed to comply with the applicable Design Guidelines and standards. The required features will be verified during the building plan check process.
10.66	Commercial, residential, and public projects shall be designed to allow for the possible installation of alternative energy technologies including active solar, wind, or other emerging technologies, and shall comply with the following standards: 10.66a - Installation of solar technology on buildings such as rooftop photovoltaic cell arrays shall be installed in accordance with the State Fire Marshal safety regulations and guidelines.  10.66b - Standard rooftop mechanical equipment shall be located in such a manner so as not to preclude the installation of solar panels.  10.66c - Alternative energy mechanical equipment and accessories installed on the roof of a building, they shall be integrated with roofing materials and/or blend with the structure's architectural form.	Yes	The project will comply with applicable residental building codes, including providing solar access.
10.67	Radiant solar heating or similar types of energy efficient technologies, shall be installed in all swimming pools.	Yes	The project is designed to comply with the applicable Design Guidelines and standards. The required features will be verified during the building plan check process.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.68	Electrical outlets shall be provided along the front and rear exterior walls of all single family homes to allow for the use of electric landscape maintenance tools.	Yes	The project is designed to comply with the applicable Design Guidelines and standards. The required features will be verified during the building plan check process.
10.69	The city will strive to ensure that all new publicly owned buildings within the Plan Area will be designed, constructed and certified at LEED-NC certification levels.	n/a	The project does not propose any publicly owned buildings. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.70	The City of Folsom shall undertake all cost-effective operational and efficiency measures and consider the installation of onsite renewable energy technologies within appropriate portions of the Plan Area, including parks, landscape corridors and open space areas.	n/a	This is a City requirement, not a project-specific requirement. The City of Folsom has plans in place to undertake the described cost-effective operational and efficiency measures and consider the installation of onsite renewable energy technologies within appropriate portions of the Plan Area, including parks, landscape corridors and open space areas.
Water Efficient	cy Policies		
10.71	All office, commercial, and residential land uses shall be required to install water conservation devices that are generally accepted and used in the building industry at the time of development, including low-flow plumbing fixtures and low-water-use appliances.	Yes	The project is designed to comply with the applicable Design Guidelines and standards. The required features will be verified during the building plan check process.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.72	A backbone "purple pipe" non-potable water system shall be designed and installed where feasible and practical to supply non-potable water to park sites, landscape corridors, natural parkways and other public landscaped spaces within the Plan Area.	n/a	Purple pipe has been incorporated into the Specific Plan for major collector roadway landscaping and funding is provided in the PFFP. Purple pipe infrastructure is not the applicant's responsibility.
10.73	Water efficient irrigation systems, consistent with the requirements of the latest edition of the California Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance, or similar ordinance adopted by the City of Folsom, shall be mandatory for all public agency projects and all private development projects with a landscape area equal to or greater than 2,500 square feet requiring a building or landscape permit, plan check or design review.	Yes	The project is designed to comply wit the applicable Design Guidelines. Water efficient irrigation systems will be employed for use in project-area landscaping.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Material Cons	ervation & Resource Efficiency Policies		A
10.74	Use "Green" certified construction products whenever feasible.	Yes	Builders in the proposed project will be required to use "Green" certified construction products whenever feasible. The project will comply with all relevant requirements in the City Code and State Building Code.
10.75	Prepare a construction waste management plan for individual construction projects.	Yes	Prior to construction, a construction waste management plan will be prepared for individual construction projects within the proposed project.
10.76	A minimum of 50% of the non-hazardous construction waste generated at a construction site shall be recycled or salvaged for reuse.	Yes	The plan described in Section 10.75 will provide for a minimum of 50% of the non-hazardous construction waste generated at a construction site to be recycled or salvaged for reuse.
10.77	Topsoil displaced during grading and construction shall be stockpiled for reuse in the Plan Area.	Yes	Topsoil displaced during grading and construction of the proposed project shall be stockpiled for reuse in the Plan Area.
Environmental	Quality Policies		
10.78	All HVAC and refrigeration equipment shall not contain chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs).	Yes	California outlawed the use of HFCs in 2018. The project is designed to comply with California law.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.79	All fire suppression systems and equipment shall not contain halons.	Yes	The project is designed to comply with the applicable Design Guidelines and standards. The required features will be verified during the building plan check process.
10.80	Provide accessible screened areas that are identified for the depositing, storage and collection of non-hazardous materials for recycling for commercial, industrial/office park, mixed-use, public-use and multi-family residential projects.	Yes	Same remark as in Section 10.79.
10.81	Particleboard, medium density fiberboard (MDF) and hardwood plywood shall comply with low formaldehyde emission standards.	Yes	Same remark as in Section 10.79.
10.82	Limit the use of volatile organic compounds (VOC) in all construction materials.	Yes	same remark as in Section 10.79.
ection 11 - F	Public Services and Facilities		
11.1	Public schools will be constructed in the Plan Area in accordance with the City Charter and state law.	n/a	There are no public schools or public service facilities in the proposed project. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
11.2	All public service facilities shall participate in the City's recycling program.	n/a	No public facilities are being proposed with this project. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
11.3	Energy efficient technologies shall be incorporated in all Public Service buildings	n/a	No public facilities are being proposed with this project. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
11.4	Passive solar design and/or use of other types of solar technology shall be incorporated in all public service buildings.	n/a	No public facilities are being proposed with this project. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
11.5	The city shall strive to ensure that all public service buildings shall be built to silver LEED NC standards.	n/a	No public facilities are being proposed with this project.
11.6	Utilize Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles in the design of all public service buildings.	n/a	No public facilities are being proposed with this project. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
11.7	If the existing slope of a public facilities site shown on Figure 11.1 exceeds five percent, the site shall be rough graded by the owner/developer/builder dedicating the public facilities site in accordance with grading plans approved by the City of Folsom, subject to a credit and/or reimbursement agreement.	n/a	There are no public schools or public service facilities in the proposed project. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
11.8	Plan Area landowners shall, prior to approval of the annexation by LAFCo and prior to any Tier 2 Development Agreement, whichever comes first, comply with the schools provision in Measure W (Folsom Charter Provision Section 7.08D) and incorporate feasible school impact mitigation requirements as provided in LAFCo Resolution No. 1196, Section 13.	Yes	Project will comply with school district and charter requirements with respect to Measure W.
Section 12 - U	Itilities		
12.1	Consistent with the provisions of City Charter Article 7.08 (A), the FPASP shall "identify and secure the source of water supply(is) to serve the Plan Area. This new water supply shall not cause a reduction in the water supplies designated to serve existing water users north of Highway 50 and the new water supply shall not be paid for by Folsom residents north of Highway 50.	Yes	This is a City requirement, not a project specific requirement. The project is consistent with the FPASP and complies with the City's water supply agreement.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
12.2	Design and construct the necessary potable water, non-potable water for irrigation, wastewater and stormwater infrastructure require to serve the Plan Area. All infrastructure improvements shall follow the requirements established in the Water Master Plan, Wastewater Master Plan and the Storm Drainage Master Plan. Improvements will be based on phasing of development.	n/a	The policy affects the City and does not apply to individual developers. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
12.3	Land shall be reserved for the construction of public utility facilities that are not planned within road rights-of-way, as required by the City of Folsom.	Yes	Land is being reserved for public utilities as described where needed.
12.4	Utilize Best Management Practices (BMPs) where feasible and appropriate.	Yes	BMPs will be utilized where feasible and appropriate.
12.5	Urban runoff will be treated prior to discharging to a water of the state (i.e. creek, wetland) in accordance with the City's most current Municipal Stormwater Permit requirements for new development.	Yes	The project complies with permit requirements.
12.6	Employ Low Impact Development (LID) practices, as required by the City of Folsom, in conformance with the City's stormwater quality development standards.	Yes	The project is consistent with the Specific Plan requirements and the City requirements as they are updated from time to time.
	Implementation		
Financing Police	ies	r	
13.1	The Plan Area shall fund its proportional share of regional backbone infrastructure costs and the full costs for primary and secondary backbone infrastructure.	Yes	Project is consistent with Public Facilities Financing Plan.
13.2	The Plan Area shall fund the its proportional share of the costs for Plan Area public facilities including the municipal center, police and fire department stations, the city corp yard and community, neighborhood and local parks.	Yes	Project is consistent with Public Facilities Financing Plan.
13.3	The City of Folsom shall apply for Sacramento Countywide Transportation Mitigation fee funding to help fund all eligible regional road backbone infrastructure.	n/a	This is a City requirement. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
	A Plan Area fee will be created to fund backbone infrastructure and a proportional cost allocation system will be established for each of the Plan Area property owners.	n/a	The policy affects the City and does not apply to individual developers.  Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
	City of Folsom impact and capital improvement fees shall be used to fund Plan Area backbone infrastructure and public facilities where allowed by law.	n/a	The policy affects the City and does not apply to individual developers. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
	One or more Community Facilities Districts shall be created in the Plan Area to help finance backbone infrastructure and public facilities costs and other eligible improvements and/or fees.	n/a	The policy affects the City and does not apply to individual developers.  Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks				
Phasing Policies							
13.7	Submit a conceptual backbone infrastructure phasing plan for the appropriate development area with the first tentative map or building permit submittal. Updating of the conceptual backbone infrastructure phasing plan shall be a requirement of subsequent tentative map or building permit applications for each development area.	n/a	The policy affects the City and does not apply to individual developers. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.				
Maintenance Policies							
13.8	Create one or more Landscaping and Lighting Districts in the Plan Area for the maintenance and operation of public improvements and facilities and open space.	Yes	A Community Facilities District will be formed to implement policy.				
		LULU, L'ELLA					

## ATTACHMENT 11 Subdivision Booklet (Separate Bound Document)

## ATTACHMENT 12 Digital Color Board dated May 4, 2021

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## 45x67, Phase 1C at Mangini Ranch

FOLSOM, CA

PRELIMINARY | 05.04.2021
Exterior Color/Material Boards
& Specifications



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## Exterior Color + Material Specifications

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45x67, Phase 1C South



## **SCHEME 1:** Elevation A, Spanish Colonial



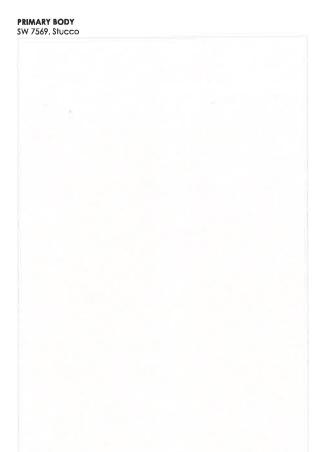
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## **SCHEME 2:** Elevation A, Spanish Colonial







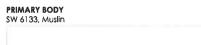
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## **SCHEME 3:** Elevation A, Spanish Colonial













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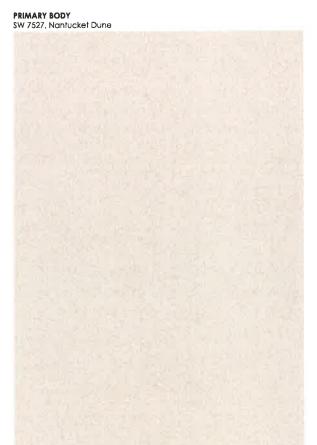
45x67, Phase 1C South

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## **SCHEME 4:** Elevation A, Spanish Colonial







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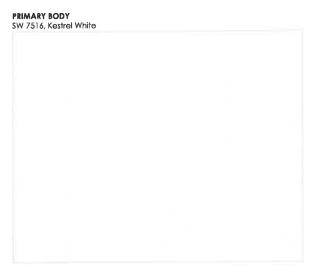
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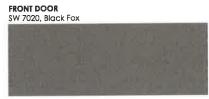


## **SCHEME 5:** Elevation B, Italian Villa









STONE
Cultured Stone: Cast-Fit, French Gray



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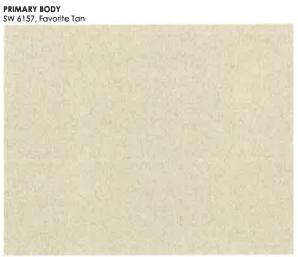
45x67, Phase 1C South

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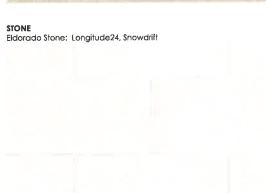
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## **SCHEME 6:** Elevation B, Italian Villa









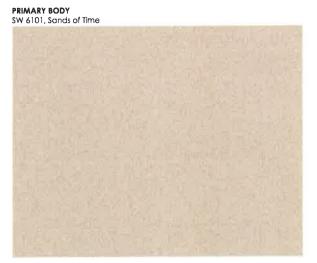
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## **SCHEME 7:** Elevation B, Italian Villa



ACCENT BODY SW 7516, Kestrel White





STONE
Cultured Stone: Cast-Fit, Parchment



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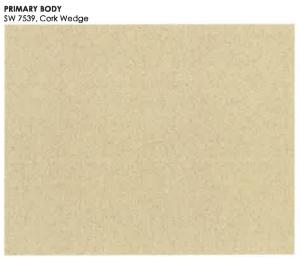
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45x67, Phase 1C South

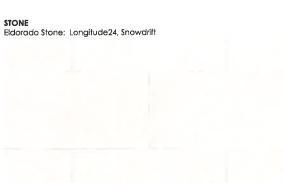


## **SCHEME 8:** Elevation B, Italian Villa











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45x67, Phase 1C South



## **SCHEME 9:** Elevation C, Western Farmhouse







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45x67, Phase 1C South



## **SCHEME 10:** Elevation C, Western Farmhouse







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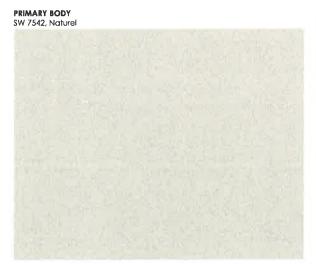
45x67, Phase 1C South

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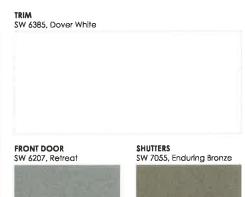
Refer to actual paint chips & materials for color & texture accuracy.



## **SCHEME 11:** Elevation C, Western Farmhouse











45x67, Phase 1C South

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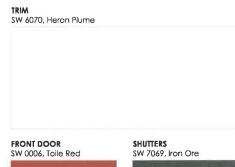
**EXTERIOR COLOR/MATERIAL BOARDS & SPECIFICATIONS** 

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BRICK

Eldorado Stone: Tundra Brick - Ashland







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45x67, Phase 1C South



# ATTACHMENT 13 Applicant's Inclusionary Housing Letter, Dated September 15, 2021

## ARCADIAN IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, LLC

September 15, 2021

Mr. Scott Johnson Planning Manager Community Development Department City of Folsom 50 Natoma Street Folsom, CA 95630

Re: Mangini Ranch – Phase 1C South Tentative Map Compliance with Chapter 17.104- Inclusionary Housing

Dear Mr. Johnson,

In accordance with Chapter 17.104 of the Folsom Municipal Code, Arcadian Improvement Company, LLC hereby elects to satisfy the Inclusionary Housing Ordinance requirements for the proposed Small Lot Tentative Map (Mangini Ranch Phase 1C South) with the payment of the In-Lieu Fee as permitted in Section 17.104.060(G).

If you have any questions or comments, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Arcadian Improvement Company, LLC

a California limited liability company

By: HBT 1C, LLC,

a California limited liability company

Its: Manager

William B. Runce Member

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