

City Council Meeting July 28, 2020



Discussion Agenda

- Project Schedule
- Community Outreach
- RHNA Overview
- Lower-Income Capacity
- Strategies to Meet the RHNA
- Questions for the Council

Focus Group Discussions

Affordable Housing

 Lower-income sites included in the inventory are often not developable

Key Recommendations

- Site Size should allow for approx. 100 units (no less than 60 units)
- Site location should meet tax credit funding criteria
- Rezone to allow housing on commercial land
- Community education on affordable housing needed

Missing Middle and Multi-Generational Housing

 Barriers include costs, lower demand, and limited homebuilder experience

Key Recommendations

- Create loan programs for ADU construction
- Allow housing on commercial land
- Allow fourplexes on all residential land
- Ease development standards (lot coverage, FAR, setbacks, parking)

Homelessness and Special Needs Housing

 Homeless population = approx. 70 individuals

Key Recommendations

- Increase services in Folsom
- Secure affordable housing for City's homeless residents
- Reduce barriers for tiny homes
- Conduct public outreach campaign

Online Community Survey

Key Themes

Housing affordability is a top concern (46%)

Too much housing/too many apartments (30%)

High need for large lot single family homes (43%) and housing for seniors and Persons with Disabilities (32%)

Little consensus on affordable housing and supportive housing for homeless

Community Input on Housing Strategies

High

COMMUNITY SUPPORT

Low

- ➤ Increase housing near employment centers
- ➤ Production of Accessory Dwelling Units
- ➤ Multifamily development near transit stations
- Replace commercial zoning with residential zoning
- ➤ Mixed use development along the East Bidwell Corridor
- Increasing housing densities in the Folsom Plan Area

Regional Housing Needs Allocation (RHNA)

Folsom RHNA, 2013 vs. 2021

Income Category	2013-2021 RHNA (Housing Units)	2021-2029 RHNA (Housing Units)		
Very Low Income (<50% of Median Income)	1,218	2,226		
Low Income (51-80% of Median Income)	854	1,341		
Moderate Income (81-120% of Median Income)	862	829		
Above Moderate Income (>120% of Median Income)	1,699	1,967		
TOTAL	4,633	6,363		

3,567
"LowerIncome"
(72% increase)

Housing Types and Affordability

Housing Element basic assumption: **Density = Affordability**

Above Moderate Income



Single Family (2-4 du/ac)



Single Family High Density (4-7 du/ac)

Moderate Income



Multifamily Low Density (7-12 du/ac)



Multifamily Medium Density (12-20 du/ac)

Lower Income



Multifamily High Density (20-30 du/ac)



Mixed Use (20-30 du/ac)

No Net Loss Zoning

Govt. Code Sect. 65863

Maintain the sites inventory at all times

- City must maintain adequate sites for lower-income housing throughout the 8-year planning period
- If a development is approved on a housing element site with either <u>fewer units</u> or a <u>different income category</u> (i.e., market rate), the City must either:
 - Make written "no net loss" finding that other housing element sites are adequate to meet the RHNA for lowerincome housing; or
 - Identify and make available <u>within 180 days</u> other sites zoned at a density suitable for lower- or moderate-income housing

No Net Loss Zoning

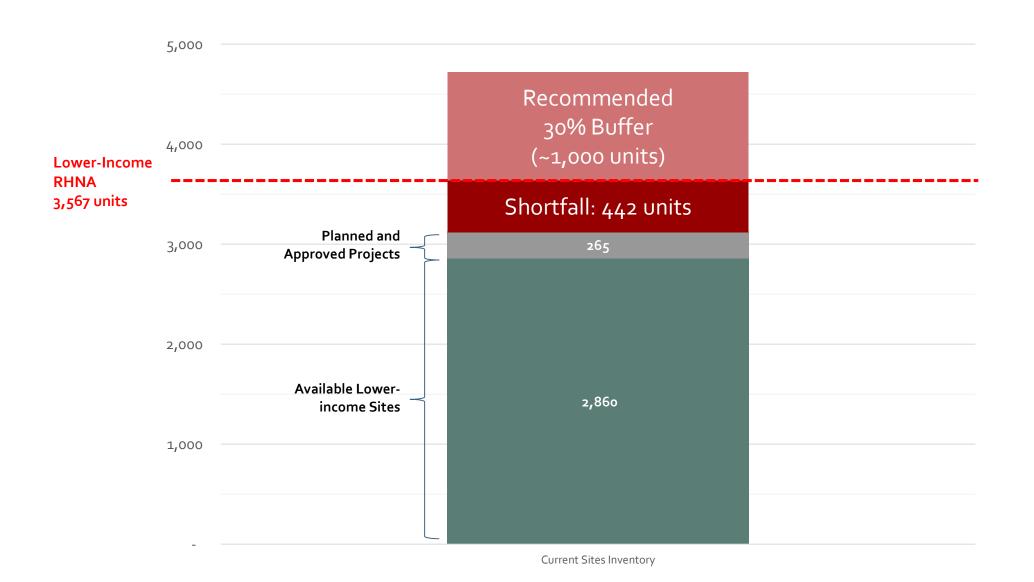
Govt. Code Sect. 65863

Burden is on the Local Jurisdiction, not the Developer

- Developer has no responsibility for developing a site at the inventoried income level
- Jurisdiction may not deny a housing development because it would require identifying additional sites.
- It is the jurisdiction's responsibility to identify and rezone a replacement site within 180 days (including any required CEQA)

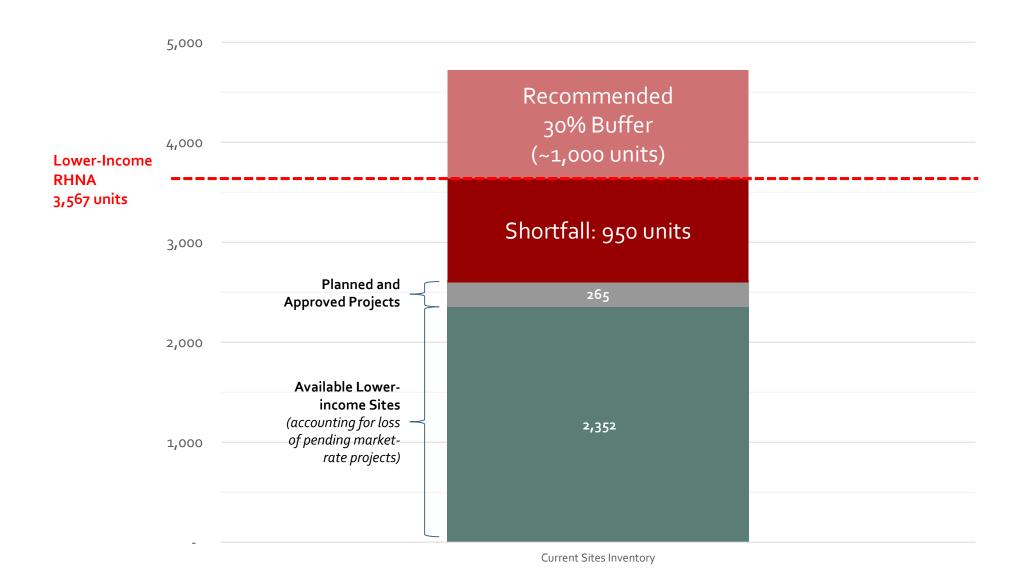
- Rezoning sites in 180 days is a major challenge
- Be prepared in advance....Build in a buffer!

Lower-Income RHNA Sites Inventory, July 2020



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Lower-Income RHNA Sites Inventory, May 2021





Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs)

Average ADU construction 2016-2020 = 8 ADUs/year



Projected Five-fold increase in ADU construction = 40 ADUs/year

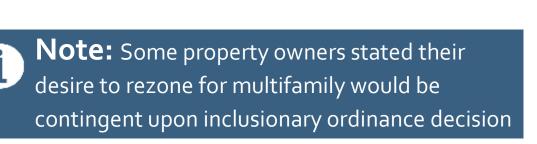
Approximately 50% of ADUs are assumed affordable to lower-income households



Note: Housing Element will need to include programs to incentivize and aggressively promote ADUs

Potential Rezone for Multifamily

- Voluntary rezones
- Property owner outreach
- Received interest to rezone from commercial and business park to mixed use or high density residential





Consider Increasing Density

- Current maximum density is
 30 units per acre
- Consider increasing density in key locations
 - East Bidwell Mixed Use
 - Transit Priority Areas
 - Folsom Plan Area Town Center
 - Folsom Plan Area Transit Corridor





High Density Residential Developments



El Dorado Hills Town Center - 47 units per acre



Mountain View – 82 units per acre



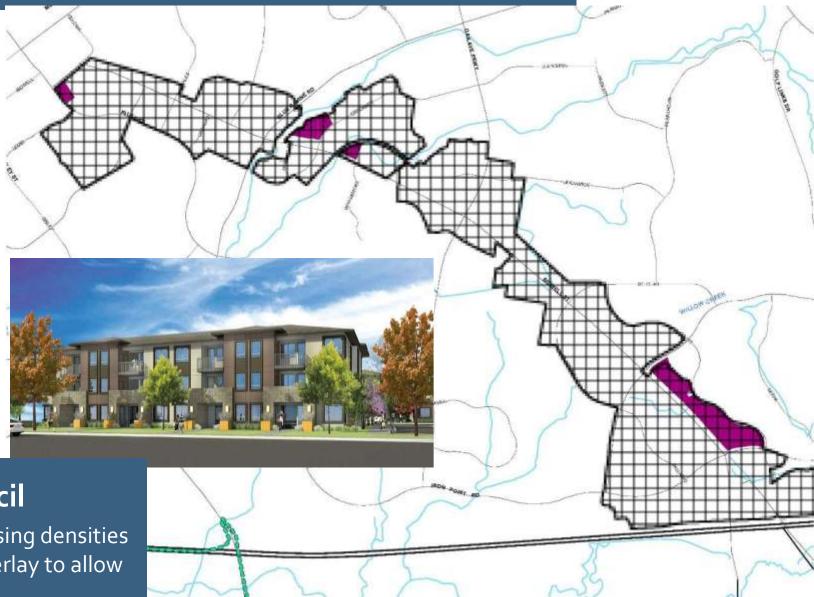
Livermore – 55 units per acre



Mountain View – 90 units per acre

East Bidwell Mixed Use Overlay

- General Plan allows 20-30 du/ac
- Recent affordable developments have exceeded 30 du/ac
 - Bidwell Place (36 du/ac)
 - Bidwell Pointe (33 du/ac)
- Consider density increase to allow up to 50 units per acre



Question for City Council

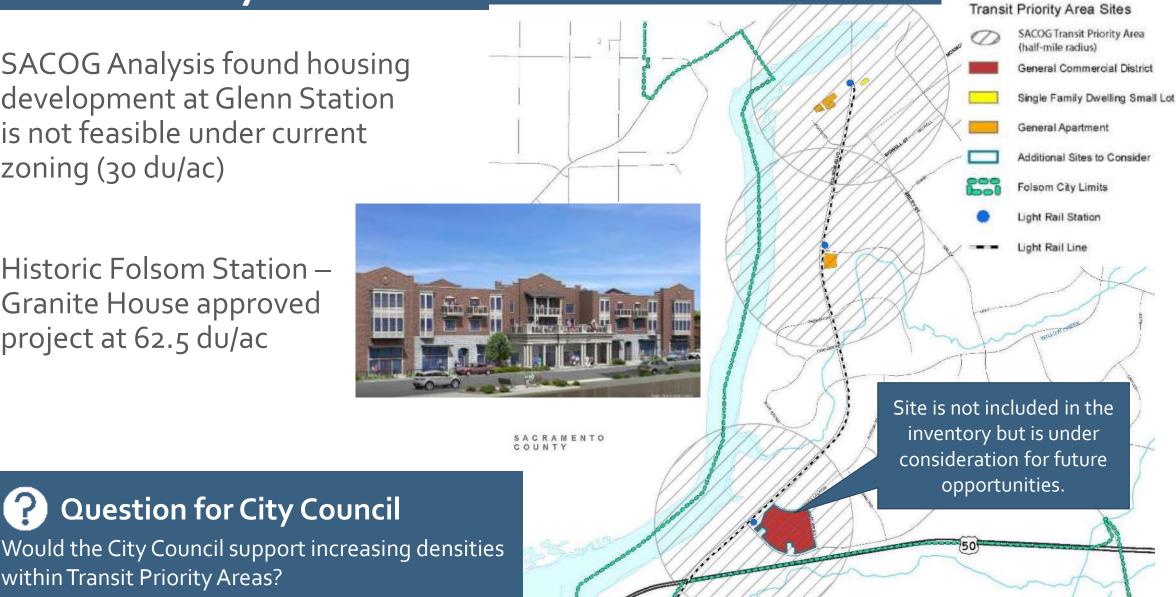
Would the City Council support increasing densities within the East Bidwell Mixed Use Overlay to allow up to 50 units per acre?

Transit Priority Areas

 SACOG Analysis found housing development at Glenn Station is not feasible under current zoning (30 du/ac)

 Historic Folsom Station – Granite House approved project at 62.5 du/ac

within Transit Priority Areas?



Folsom Plan Area

- Increase density in Town
 Center to 30-40 du/ac
- Increase density in Transit
 Corridor to 30-55 du/ac
- Rezone Commercial sites to Mixed Use or Multifamily High Density



? Question for City Council

Would the City Council support increasing density and rezoning sites in the Folsom Plan Area to increase multifamily units?

Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Maximum Unit Count

- Specific Plan currently allows for 11,461 units
- Development Agreements anticipated amendments to address RHNA shortfall
- Landowners proposed rezones and density increases would increase unit count by 509 units (excluding the 300 units proposed as Accessory Dwelling Units)
- Alternative to increasing unit count is to downzone other areas



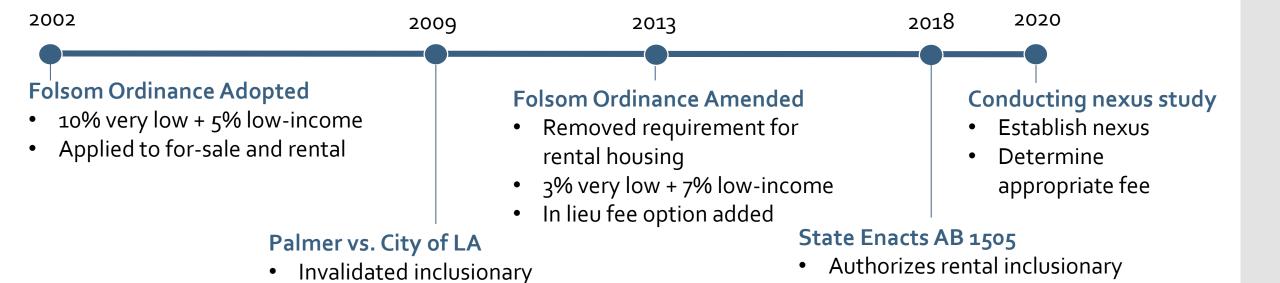
Question for City Council

Would the City Council support increasing the Folsom Plan Area maximum unit count to accommodate an increase in multifamily units needed to meet the RHNA?



Folsom Inclusionary Housing Ordinance Background

requirements on rental units



If more than 15% low-income

request economic feasibility

units required, State may

study

Inclusionary Housing Ordinance

Jurisdiction	Folsom	Davis	El Dorado County	Elk Grove	Rocklin	Roseville	Sacramento	Sacramento County	West Sacramento
Inclusionary Housing Ordinance	✓	✓	None						✓
In-Lieu Fee Accepted	✓	√ 2			None	None			✓
Affordable Housing Fee				✓	Z	Z	✓	✓	
Applies to Rental Units	√ 1	✓		\checkmark			✓	✓	\checkmark

¹Inclusionary housing requirements for rental housing in Folsom are limited to projects receiving financial assistance

Question for City Council

Would the City Council like to consider adding an inclusionary requirement to rental housing?

² In-Lieu Fees in Davis are only allowed in certain cases and only for a portion of the proposed project

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Questions for City Council

- 1. Would the City Council support increasing densities in key locations?
 - East Bidwell Mixed Use Overlay (up to 50 du/ac)
 - Transit Priority Areas (up to 60 or 80 du/ac more analysis required)
 - Folsom Plan Area Transit Corridor (30 55 du/ac)
 - Folsom Plan Area Town Center (30 40 du/ac)
- 2. Would the City Council support increasing the Folsom Plan Area maximum unit count to accommodate an increase in multifamily units?
- 3. Would the City Council support adding an **inclusionary** requirement to rental housing?

Thank You!

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