

Folsom City Council Staff Report

MEETING DATE:	6/22/2021
AGENDA SECTION:	Public Hearing
SUBJECT:	 Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North – North and South of Mangini Parkway, westerly of Savannah Parkway in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan. (PN 21-001) i. Resolution No. 10655 - A Resolution to Approve a Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map for 76-Residential Lots, and Minor Administrative Modifications for Transfer of Development Rights (20 Unit Transfer) and Land Use Boundary Refinements for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project and Design Review
FROM:	Community Development Department

RECOMMENDATION / CITY COUNCIL ACTION

Move to Adopt Resolution No. 10655 - A Resolution to Approve a Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map for 76-Residential Lots, and Minor Administrative Modifications for Transfer of Development Rights (20 Unit Transfer) and Land Use Boundary Refinements for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project and Design Review

BACKGROUND / ISSUE

The Project is located in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan (FPASP), approved in 2011. The FPASP includes a mix of residential, commercial, employment and public uses, complemented by recreational amenities including a significant system of parks and open space, all within proximity to one another and interconnected by a network of "complete streets", trails and bikeways. The Specific Plan is consistent with the SACOG Blueprint Principles and the requirements of SB 375 (Sustainable Communities and Climate Protection Act).

The Project site was the subject of a Large Lot Tentative Map approval in 2017. The proposed Small Lot Vesting Tentative Map (SLVTM) area is designated SP-Multi-Family Low Density (MLD) residential, SP-MU Mixed Use, and SP-O2 Open Space in the FPASP. The Project proposes to develop a portion of the SLVTM with MLD uses (the remaining two parcels Lot A and Lot B are other pending development projects- Mangini Ranch Phase 1C 4-Pack project and the Mangini Place Apartments). The MLD zoning designation provides for development at 7.0 to 12.0 units per acre. An excerpt from the FPASP Land Use Map is shown below. The proposed land use designations are consistent with the Folsom General Plan.

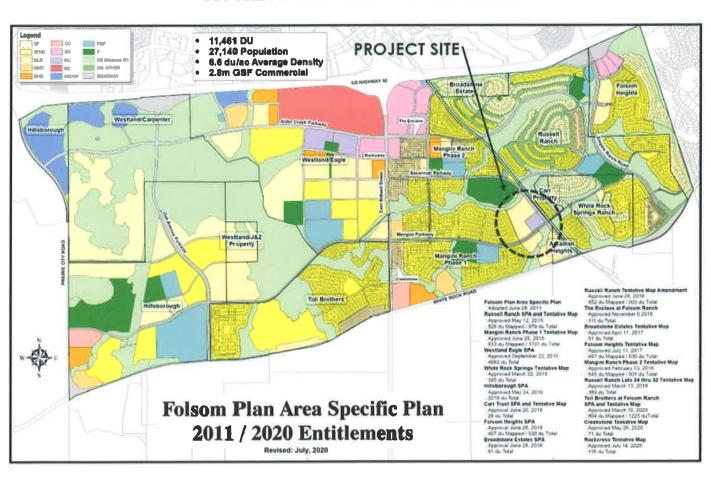


FIGURE 1: FPASP LAND USE MAP EXCERPT

FIGURE 2: AERIAL PHOTO (2020)



Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway provides access to the Project site. Adjacent to the Project, is Mangini Ranch Phase I and II, and White Rock Springs Ranch currently under construction. A new elementary school is being completed southwest of the Project site.

The Applicant, Tri Pointe Homes is requesting approval of several related actions to allow the development of 76 single family homes on a 32.26-acre site:

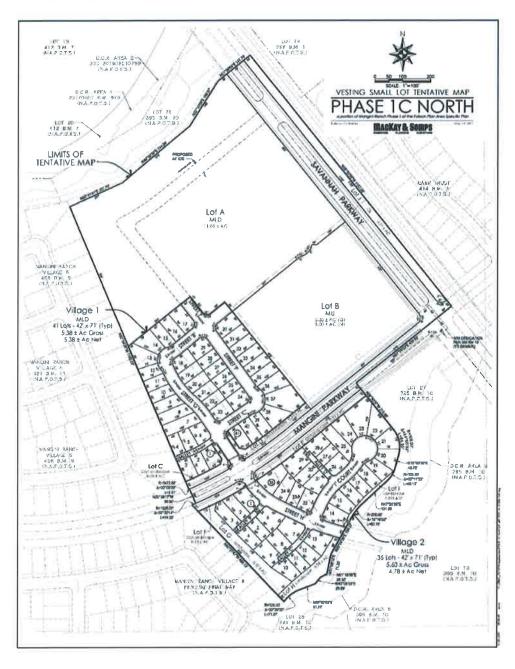
- A. Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map (Creation of 76 Residential Lots, and two remainder parcels- Lot A and B).
- B. Minor Administrative Modification Land Use Boundary Refinement
- C. Minor Administrative Modification (Transfer of 20 Dwelling Units)
- D. Design Review (Architectural Review)

The first component of the Applicant's proposal is a Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Map to subdivide large lots 11 and 12 into small lots to create 76 single-family residential lots, and several landscape and open space lots (C D, E, F, G H, I and J). Lot A (Mangini Ranch Phase 1C 4-Pack) and Lot B (Mangini Place Apartments) are other pending development proposals, the boundaries of which would be slightly modified with the Minor Administrative Modification discussed below. The Phase 1C 4-Pack project is being considered at the same

meeting as the subject Project and the Mangini Place Apartments will be at a meeting in the near future.

The SLVTSM is shown in Figure 3. A more detailed version of the subdivision map is included as Attachment 4 to this staff report.

FIGURE 3: SMALL LOT TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP



4

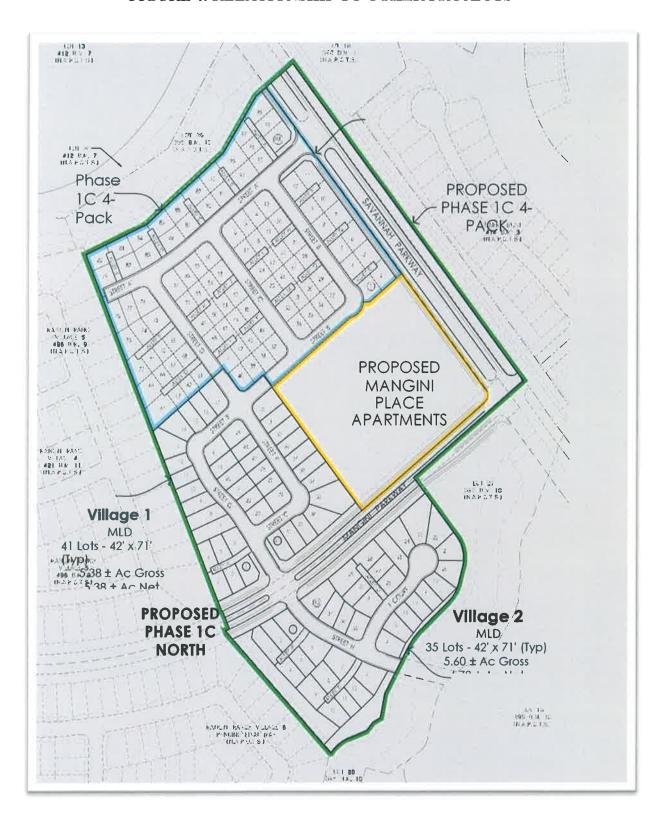
The land use summary for the proposed Project is shown in Table 1.

TABLE 1: LAND USE SUMMARY

Village	Zoning/ Land Use	Gross Acres	Net Acres	Units	Density
1	SP-MLD	5.38	5.38	41	7.6
•	Multi-Family	3.30	3.30	'	/.0
	Low Density				
2	SP-MLD	5.60	4.78	35	7.3
_	Multi-Family				
	Low Density				
Lot A*	SP-MLD	11.05	11.05	N/A	N/A
Part of	(Proposed 1C 4-				
another	Pack)				
Project					
Lot B* Part of	SP-MU	5.35	5.0	N/A	N/A
another	Mixed Use				
Project	(Proposed				
	Mangini Place				
	Apartments)	 			
Lots C-F	SP-OS	.86	0.86	0	0
	Open				
	Space/Landscape				
Lots G-I	SP-MLD	0.0	0.82	0	0
	Landscape				
Lot J	SP-OS2	0.77	0.77	0	0
Right of Way	Roads	3.25	3.25	0	0
Total		32.26	31.91	76	

Figure 4 below shows the relationship of the Phase 1C North Project, to other pending Projects that are within the boundaries of the SLVTM including the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C 4-Pack Project located to the north and the proposed Mangini Place Apartments to the northeast.

FIGURE 4: RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS



The proposed subdivision features two "villages" with minimum lot sizes of 3,000 square feet (42'x71'). Corner lots as proposed generally range from 3,850 square feet (55'x70') to 4,720 square feet (59'x80'). All lots are consistent with the development standards for the MLD land use district of the FPASP. In addition, all lots will have a standard 12.5-foot-wide public utility easement in the front yard (and street side yard for corner lots).

The subdivision uses standard public street right-of-way dimensions, including an internal roadway system with attached sidewalks on both sides of the street, as shown in Figure 5 below.

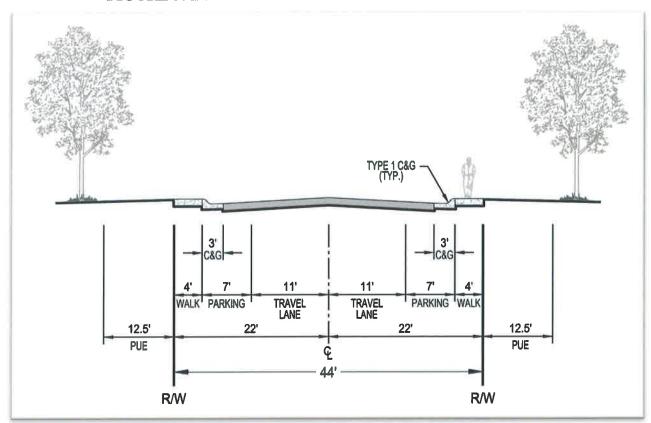


FIGURE 5: INTERNAL ROADWAY CROSS SECTION

Typical residential street entries into the subdivision are provided from Mangini Parkway. These street entries correspond with street entries into the subdivisions to the north and south of the project site. The street entrances on Mangini Parkway will allow full turning movements, while also allowing direct access from the Project site through the Phase 1C 4-Pack Subdivision directly to the north, with a connection through the subdivision to Savannah Parkway as shown in Figure 6. There are various landscape parcels that are being created by the SLVTM. Lots G-I would be deeded to the City at the time of Final Map. Lot G contains an existing waterline easement. Lot H contains a future trail, providing the connection to/from

Mangini Ranch Village 6 to the south with Street H. The Applicant will be required to grade the Class 1 trail through Lot H.

Village 1 on the north side of Mangini Parkway includes a roadway that provides a loop system (with Road B, C, G and F), and a connection to the proposed Phase 1C 4-Pack project to the north via Road F. Village 1 also provides one alley loaded "I" court.

Village 2 provides three alley-loaded "I"- courts and one cul-de-sac on the south side of Mangini Parkway.

Pedestrian access and circulation are accommodated through the provision of attached sidewalks on all interior streets, and off-street Class I trails in open space to the south of Village 2. Class II bike lanes are provided on Savannah Parkway and Mangini Parkway (as required in the FPASP) and Class II bike routes are provided on all residential streets. The nearest access points to the Class I trail system are provided at Mangini Parkway and Street H in Village 2, and Savannah Parkway also provides access to a Class 1 trail to the north.

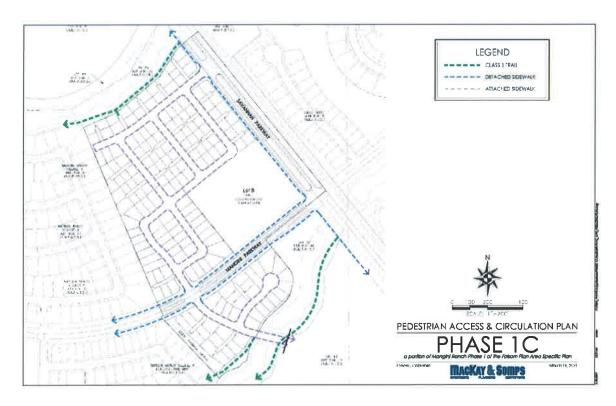


FIGURE 6: PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION

Minor Administrative Modification

The Project includes two Minor Administrative Modifications (MAMs). The first request is for approval of a MAM to transfer development rights to move 20 dwelling units among three parcels (147, 132, and 211), as shown on Figure 7. One transferring parcel is outside the boundaries of this Project (parcel 211), in proximity to the Project to the southeast.

The unit transfer supports the 76 units in the SLVTM. The transferring and receiving parcels are located within the FPASP and, after the transfer, they would remain within the General Plan and specific plan density ranges. The transferring and receiving parcels are owned and controlled by the Applicant and overall units for the parcels would remain at 288 total units.

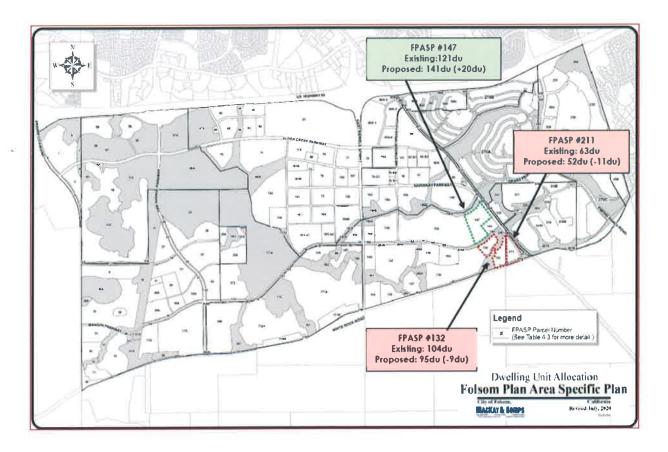


FIGURE 7: TRANSFER OF RESIDENTIAL UNITS

The second MAM is for minor adjustments to the land use boundaries of two FPASP parcels (shown as Lot A and Lot B on the SLVTM). The adjustments to the land use boundaries are requested to maximize development efficiencies.

A minor boundary change is proposed along the north edge of the Lot B (Mangini Place Apartments). This boundary change is minor and just smooths out the edge and the acreage would remain the same.

FIGURE 8: MINOR BOUNDARY REFINEMENT



Design Review

The Project includes the construction of 76 single family homes. All of the homes are proposed in a two-story configuration and range in size from 1,822 square feet to 2,221 square feet.

Three architectural styles (Modern Spanish, Italian Villa, and Modern Prairie) are proposed as described by the applicant submittal below. There are four plan types for all three architectural styles, with a variety of colors and materials as shown in the Applicant's submittal (Attachment 7).

• Modern Spanish — Based on simple early Spanish missions, the style uses minimal decorative details borrowed from Spanish Revival homes that are most common in southwestern states, particularly California, Arizona, and Texas. Identifying features are low-pitched roofs, with little to no overhang, and tile roof covering. Recessed elements along with gable end details and trims; wall surface is usually stucco; and the facade normally asymmetrical.

- *Italian Villa* This style provides a classic look. Roofs contain villa-shaped concrete tile and are gently pitched; the homes have two story massing with stucco exterior finish and stone veneer on columns.
- Modern Prairie Roofs are a lower hip on hip design with flat concrete roof tiles. These roofs contribute to a grounded massing approach highlighted with vertically oriented feature windows. Elevation features are further highlighted with material transitions and color application. Windows kept intentionally without grids and masonry stone veneer styles are the most rectilinear and crisp for differentiation and contemporary theme. Color schemes work with massing design to provide an earthy feel with accent pops of color.

Example illustrations of the architectural styles applied to the designs are shown in Figure 9 on the following page.

FIGURE 9: ARCHITECTURAL STYLES



Typical floorplans are shown on the following pages. Refer to Attachment 7 for additional details. Only Plan 3 includes a downstairs bedroom.



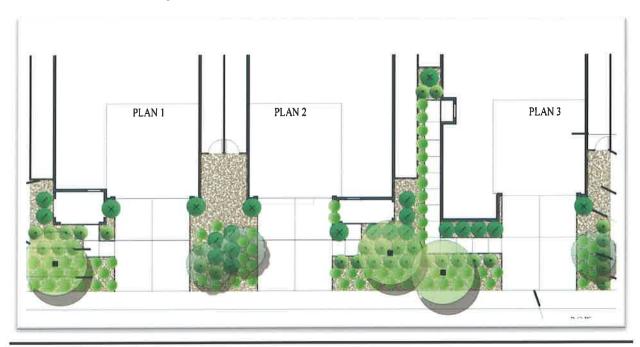
SCHEMATIC DESIGN

tn pointe

FIGURE 10: FLOOR PLANS



FIGURE 11: FRONT YARD LANDSCAPING



The lots have a 12.5-foot front yard with landscaping proposed as shown in Figure 10.

On June 2, 2021, the Planning Commission held a public hearing to consider the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project. No members of the public provided comments. Planning Commission discussion was minimal and asked clarifying questions regarding landscaping pedestrian connections and the bike trail on Lot G. It was also clarified that there is a proposed Class I trail on Lot H that would connect to a Class I trail segment to the west, on the north side of the open space. The Commission voted 7-0 to recommend to the City Council approval of the Project as proposed, subject to findings and conditions.

POLICY / RULE

The Folsom Municipal Code (FMC) requires that applications for Tentative Subdivision Maps of five or more lots be forwarded to the City Council for final action. City Council actions regarding Tentative Subdivision Maps are covered under Section 16.16.080 of the Folsom Municipal Code.

ANALYSIS

Staff's analysis addresses the following:

- A. Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map to subdivide into 76 residential lots.
- B. Design Review (Architectural Review of Master Plans)
- C. Traffic/Access/Circulation

- D. Parking
- E. Noise Impacts
- F. Inclusionary Housing
- G. Minor Administrative Modification Land Use Boundary Refinement
- H. Minor Administrative Modification (Shift of Dwelling Units to Other Parcels)

This section also includes a discussion of the project's performance with relation to relevant policies in the Folsom General Plan and the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan:

I. Conformance with relevant Folsom General Plan and Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Objectives and Policies

A. Small Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map

As shown on the submitted Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map (Attachment 4), the proposed subdivision includes 76- single family residential lots, ten open space and landscape lots, and nine internal public streets. The Project will be required to dedicate public right-of-way for the internal public streets.

Condition 6 requires the Applicant to dedicate public utility easements for underground facilities (i.e., SMUD, Pacific Gas and Electric, cable television, telephone) on properties adjacent to the streets. Staff has determined that the proposed Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map complies with all City requirements, as well as with the requirements of the State Subdivision Map Act.

As shown in Table 2, Development Standards, the Project conforms to all development standards established by the FPASP for the MLD land use category including minimum lot size, maximum lot coverage, and setbacks as shown in the table below. No deviations from these standards are proposed by the Applicant.

TABLE 2: SP-MLD DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

SP-MLD Multi-Family Low Density Development Standards Table				
Development Standard	Requirement	Proposed Project		
Front Porch Setback	12.5 Feet	12.5 Feet		
Front Primary Structure Setback	15 Feet	15 Feet		
Front Garage Setback	20 Feet	20 Feet		
Side Yard Setbacks	5 Feet/5 Feet	5 Feet/5 Feet		
Rear Yard Setback	10 Feet	10 Feet		
Maximum Lot Coverage	50%	50%		

B. Design Review (Architectural Review of Master Plans)

Proposed Residential Designs

The Project is located within the central portion of the Folsom Plan Area; thus, it is subject to the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines, which were approved by the City Council in 2015, and amended in 2018. The Design Guidelines are a complementary document to the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan and the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Community Guidelines.

The following are the general architectural principles intended to guide the design of the Folsom Ranch, Central District to ensure quality development:

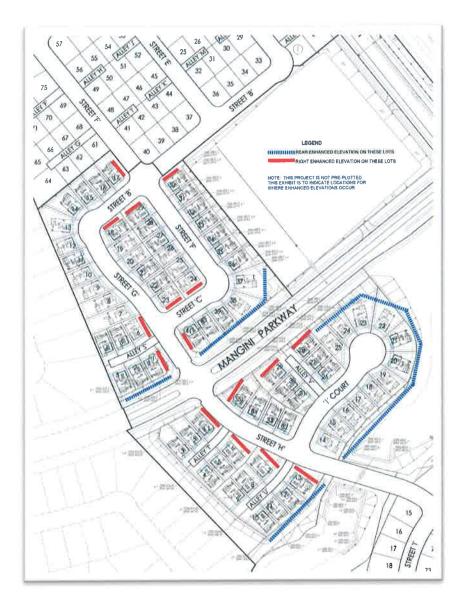
- Provide a varied and interesting street scene.
- Focus of the home is the front elevation, not the garage.
- Provide a variety of garage placements.
- Provide detail on rear elevations where visible from the public streets.
- Choose appropriate massing and roof forms to define the architectural styles.
- Ensure that plans and styles provide a degree of individuality.
- Use architectural elements and details to reinforce individual architectural styles.

In addition to the general architectural principles referenced previously, the Design Guidelines also provide specific direction regarding a number of architectural situations and features including edge conditions, corner buildings, building forms, off-set massing forms, front elevations, roof forms, feature windows, architectural projects, balconies, lower height elements, garage door treatments, outdoor living spaces, exterior structures, building materials, and color criteria.

The Design Guidelines require that specific homes within a subdivision that meet the definition of an "edge condition" lot are required to incorporate enhanced architectural details on the rear and side building elevations, like the enhanced architectural details provided on the front building elevation of the home. Figure 12 below shows the individual lots within the Phase 1C North Subdivision that are considered "edge condition" lots.

The Applicant has provided enhanced architectural features on the homes that are visible from street or open space views including additional windows and enhanced window details, siding details and materials (see Attachment 4, Residential Schematic Design)

FIGURE 12: EDGE CONDITION (ENHANCED) LOT EXHIBIT



In evaluating the proposed project, staff also took into consideration building and design elements that could be considered unique to the Folsom Plan Area. Staff has determined that the proposed architectural styles and master plans do include many unique building and design elements and are consistent with the Folsom Ranch Design Guidelines. Based on this analysis, staff forwards the following design recommendations to the Commission for consideration:

1. This approval is for two-story homes in four master plans and three architectural styles with 12 color and material options. The Applicant shall submit building plans that comply with this approval and the attached building elevations dated March 19, 2021.

- 2. The design, materials, and colors of the single-family residential units shall be consistent with the approved building elevations, materials samples, and color schemes to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.
- 3. The Community Development Department shall approve the individual lot permits to assure no duplication or repetition of the same house, same roof-line, same elevation style, side-by-side, or across the street from each other.
- 4. All mechanical equipment shall be ground-mounted and concealed from view of public streets, neighboring properties and nearby higher buildings.
- 5. Decorative light fixtures, consistent with the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines and unique to each architectural design theme, shall be added to the front elevation of each Master Plan to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.
- 6. A minimum of one street tree shall be planted in the front yard of each residential lot within the subdivision. A minimum of two trees are required along the street-side of all corner lots. All front yard irrigation and landscaping shall be installed prior to a Building Permit Final.

These recommendations listed above are included in the conditions of approval presented for consideration by the Planning Commission (Condition No. 51).

C. Traffic/Access/Circulation

The 2011 Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact Statement included not only a detailed analysis of traffic-related impacts within the Plan Area, but also an evaluation of traffic-related impacts on the surrounding communities. In total, there are fifty-five (55) traffic-related mitigation measures associated with development of the FPASP which are included as conditions of approval for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Subdivision project. Many of these mitigation measures are expected to reduce traffic impacts in the vicinity. Included among the mitigation measures are requirements to; fund and construct roadway improvements within the Plan Area, pay a fair-share contribution for construction of improvements north of U.S. Highway 50, participate in the City's Transportation System Management Fee Program, and Participate in the U.S. Highway 50 Corridor Transportation Management Association. The Mangini Ranch 1C North Subdivision project is subject to all traffic-related mitigation measures required by the 2011 FPASP EIR/EIS (Condition Nos. 54-25 to 54-79).

On May 21, 2021, Kimley Horn completed a Traffic Impact Analysis (included as Attachment 10 to this staff report). The analysis included two other pending projects located adjacent to this Project and within the SLVTM (Phase 1C -4-Pack located to the north and the proposed Mangini Apartments located easterly of the Project) to determine whether additional impacts would occur that were not previously identified and addressed by the 2011 FPASP EIR/EIS.

The Kimley Horn Traffic Impact Analysis concluded that the expected traffic would be minimal and consistent with the assumptions of the plan area, as considered in the FPASP EIR.

As shown on the submitted Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map (Attachment 4), primary access to the Project site is provided by Mangini Parkway.

Pedestrian Access/Circulation

An adjacent subdivision backs up to Lot G located on the southwest corner of Village 2, and homes (Lots 3, 4, 9 and 10) side on to this lot. Retaining walls are proposed on both sides of this lot. Mangini Ranch Village 6 is to the west, and the Project is proposing retaining walls of 2-14-feet along the eastern edge. An existing rock-line drainage swale is located in Lot G.

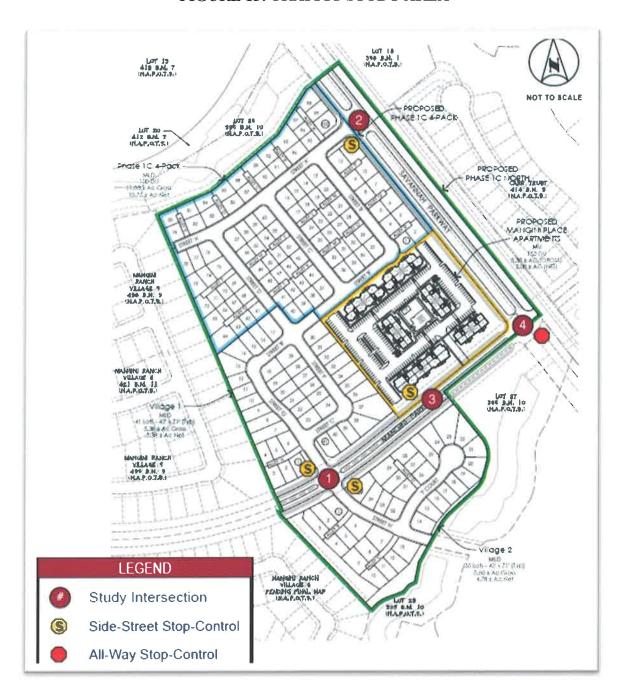
As a condition of approval (Condition No 39), Lot G shall be landscaped, and a pedestrian trail provided to link with the Class 1 trail to the south and would be dedicated to the City.

A condition of approval No. 39 also is requiring an offsite easement be provided with a separated sidewalk from the east side of Lot E in Village 2 along the open space frontage of Mangini Parkway to Savannah Parkway.

The following are recommendations which have been included as conditions (Condition No. 50) of approval for the 1C North Subdivision project.

- Emergency Vehicle Access shall be granted on Street D and Street A to provide and maintain secondary access to the north (via the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North 4-Pack project) for a connection to Placerville Road.
- Required public and private subdivision improvements, including but not limited to street and frontage improvements on Mangini Parkway shall be completed prior to issuance of the first Certificate of Occupancy for the subdivision.

FIGURE 13: TRAFFIC STUDY AREA



D. Parking

The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan requires that single-family residential units located within a Multi-Family Low Density (MLD) designated area provide two covered parking spaces per unit. The FPASP also requires that single-family residential units located within an MLD designated area provide a minimum of 0.8 guest parking spaces per unit.

As shown on the submitted residential schematic design (Attachment 7), each home will include a two-car attached garage, thus meeting the covered parking requirement of the FPASP. There will also be the opportunity for on-street parking spaces throughout the Project area, which exceeds the minimum of 0.8 parking spaces required by the FPASP.

E. Noise Impacts

A Noise Assessment (Attachment 11) was prepared by Bollard Acoustical Consultants on May 3, 2021 to determine whether Mangini Parkway traffic-related noise would cause noise levels at the Project site to exceed acceptable limits, as described in the Noise Element of the City of Folsom General Plan, and to evaluate compliance with the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan EIR Noise Mitigation Measures.

Outdoor Noise Levels

The noise analysis projected noise levels adjacent to Mangini Parkway (based on future traffic levels) to determine noise levels at homes adjacent to the roadway. The City's standards are:

- 60 dB L_{dn}¹ for outdoor activity areas (such as rear yards)
- 45 dB L_{dn} for interior areas in dwellings

The noise analysis concluded that, without mitigation, noise levels along Mangini Parkway in outdoor spaces of the homes would exceed 60 dB L_{dn} in the rear yards of homes (up to 67 dB L_{dn}) and thus exceed the City's standard for outdoor activity areas.

The Noise Analysis recommends that the Project design include additional solid noise barriers along Mangini Parkway. The noise barriers could take the form of masonry wall, earthen berm, or a combination of the two as outlined in the Noise Analysis-Attachment 13. This requirement is included as Condition of Approval No. 33.

Interior Noise Levels

The noise analysis concluded that standard residential construction adjacent to Mangini Parkway would reduce interior noise levels to acceptable levels. The noise analysis also recommended that standard residential construction (including STC 32 window assemblies) be utilized on the second floor of homes just as a conservative measure to ensure noise levels remain at 45 dB or lower in the future. In addition, mechanical ventilation (air conditioning) should be provided for all residences in this development to allow the occupants to close doors and windows as desired to achieve compliance with the applicable General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard. These measures are included as Condition No. 33. In addition, the recommended conditions of approval (Condition No. 19) require the Applicant to provide a final design for all walls and fences for review and approval by staff prior to construction.

¹ dB Ldn is average noise level over a 24-hour day, measured in decibels (dB). The average includes a +10 decibel weighing applied to noise occurring during nighttime (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.) hours.

F. Inclusionary Housing

The Applicant proposes to comply with Folsom Municipal Code Chapter 17.104 (Inclusionary Housing) by paying in-lieu fees per Municipal Code Section 17.104.060(G). (See the applicant's Inclusionary Housing letter, included as Attachment 16 to this staff report). Homes within the subdivision will be sold at market prices. Fees paid by the Applicant will help provide affordable housing elsewhere in the city. The Applicant is required to enter into an Inclusionary Housing Agreement with the City. The Final Inclusionary Housing Plan is subject to approval by the City Council. In addition, the Inclusionary Housing Agreement, which will be approved by the City Attorney, must be executed prior to recordation of the Final Map for the 1C North Subdivision project. Condition No. 41 is included to reflect these requirements.

G. Minor Administrative Modifications

The Project proposes two minor administrative modifications (MAMs) to refine a development edge and to reallocate residential units between parcels, respectively.

Boundary refinement

The boundary line between the MU site (Lot B) and the adjoining MLD parcel (Lot A) is shown slightly modified to maximize development efficiencies. The modification simply smooths the edge between the two parcels. Acreages of the various land uses remain the same although the edges have been modified.

Transfer of units

The Applicant is proposing to construct 76 residential units on the subject parcel, and therefore, a Minor Administrative Modification is being requested to reallocate 20 residential units from FPASP parcels 211 (-11 du) and 132 (-9 du) to the Project site (FPASP parcel 147). No change to the overall FPASP unit allocation or total population, will occur. The Project does not affect the overall amount of non-residential development in the FPASP.

The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan provides for Minor Administrative Modifications, "... that are consistent with and do not substantially change its overall intent, such as minor adjustments to the land use locations and parcel boundaries shown in Figure 4.1 – Land Use and Figure 4.4 – Plan Area Parcels and the land use acreages shown in Table 4.1 – Land Use Summary." [FPASP Section 13.3].

Minor administrative modifications can be approved at a staff level, provided the following criteria are met:

- The proposed modification is within the Plan Area.
- The modification does not reduce the size of the proposed town center.
- The modification retains compliance with City Charter Article 7.08, previously known

as Measure W.

- The general land use pattern remains consistent with the intent and spirit of the FPASP.
- The proposed changes do not substantially alter the backbone infrastructure network.
- The proposed modification offers equal or superior improvements to development capacity or standards.
- The proposed modification does not increase environmental impacts beyond those identified in the EIR/EIS.

Based on staff's review, the proposed reallocation of 20 residential units meets all of the required criteria mentioned above. The General Plan and specific plan densities will remain the same. As a result, staff can approve the proposed Minor Administrative Modification.

H. Conformance with Relevant General Plan and Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Objectives and Policies

The Applicant prepared a detailed analysis of the project's consistency with all of the policies in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan; that analysis is included in the CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis in Attachment 13 to this report. Staff concurs with the Applicant's analysis that the project is consistent with the Specific Plan.

The following is a summary analysis of the project's consistency with the Folsom General Plan and with key policies of the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan.

GP and SP OBJECTIVE H-1 (Housing)

To provide an adequate supply of suitable sites for the development of a range of housing types to meet the housing needs of all segments of the population.

GP and SP POLICY H-1.1

The City shall ensure that sufficient land is designated and zoned in a range of residential densities to accommodate the City's regional share of housing.

Analysis: The City provides residential lands at a variety of residential densities as specified in the General Plan and in the Folsom Municipal Code. The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan includes specialized zoning (Specific Plan Designations) that are customized to the Plan Area as adopted in 2011 and as Amended over time. The FPASP provides residential lands at densities ranging from 1-4 dwelling unit per acre (SF), 4-7 dwelling units per acre (SFHD), 7-12 dwelling units per acre (MLD), 12-20 dwelling units per acre (MMD), 20-30 dwelling units per acre (MHD), and 9-30 dwelling units per acre (MU).

The Phase 1C North Subdivision project is designated MLD and is proposed to be developed at 7.3 units per acre, which is within the density range for the MLD designation.

SP POLICY 4.1

Create pedestrian-oriented neighborhoods through the use of a grid system of streets where feasible, sidewalks, bike paths and trails. Residential neighborhoods shall be linked, where appropriate, to encourage pedestrian and bicycle travel.

<u>Analysis:</u> The Project proposes a compact single-family neighborhood with a system of local streets linked with sidewalks and connection to the open space to the south. Biking and walking will be accommodated within the Project and will be connect via external sidewalks and Class II and Class III bicycle lanes with nearby neighborhoods, parks, schools, and open space trails with Class I bicycle trails.

SP POLICY 4.4

Provide a variety of housing opportunities for residents to participate in the home-ownership market.

<u>Analysis:</u> The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan provides home ownership opportunities within the MLD (Multi-Family Low Density land use category. The Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Subdivision project is consistent with this policy in that it will provide detached single family home ownership opportunities within the MLD designation zoned parcels at a more affordable price point than in other, less dense residential developments.

SP POLICY 4.6

As established by the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan, the total number of dwelling units for the Plan Area shall not exceed 11,461. The number of units within individual land use parcels may vary, so long as the number of units falls within the allowable density range for a particular land use designation.

Analysis: There have been a number of Specific Plan Amendments approved by the City Council within the Folsom Plan Area, which has generally led to an increase in residentially zoned land and a decrease in commercially zoned land. As a result, the number of residential units within the Plan Area increased from 10,210 to 11,461. The various Specific Plan Amendment EIRs and Addenda analyzed impacts from the conversion of the commercial lands to residential lands; impacts and associated mitigations measures can be found in the individual project-specific environmental documents. The increase in population was analyzed and can be accommodated in the excess capacity of the school sites provided in the Plan Area.

The proposed project does not result in any change in total dwelling units in the FPASP. The reallocation of units to these parcels will not exceed the allowable density for the parcels.

SP OBJECTIVE 7.1 (Circulation)

Consistent with the California Complete Streets Act of 2008 and the Sustainable Communities and Climate Protection Act (SB 375), create a safe and efficient circulation system for all modes of travel.

SP POLICY 7.1

The roadway network in the Plan Area shall be organized in a grid-like pattern of streets and blocks, except where topography and natural features make it infeasible, for the majority of the Plan Area in order to create neighborhoods that encourage walking, biking, public transit, and other alternative modes of transportation.

Analysis: Consistent with the requirements of the California Complete Streets Act, the FPASP identified and planned for hierarchy of connect "complete streets" to ensure that pedestrian, bike, bus, and automobile modes are travel are designed to have direct and continuous connections throughout the Plan Area. Every option, from regional connector roadways to arterial and local streets, has been carefully planned and designed. Recent California legislation to reduce greenhouse gas emissions (AB 32 and SB 375) has resulted in an increased market demand for public transit and housing located closer to service needs and employment centers. In response to these changes, the FPASP includes a regional transit corridor that will provide public transportation links between the major commercial, public, and multi-family residential land uses in the Plan Area.

The Mangini Ranch 1C North Subdivision project has been designed with multiple modes of transportation options (vehicles, bicycle, walking, access to transit) and internal street organized pattern consistent with the approved FPASP circulation plan.

FINANCIAL IMPACT

No financial impact is anticipated with approval of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project as the Project will not result in any change in the total number of residential units within the Folsom Plan Area.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The City, as lead agency, determined that the proposed land use, as well as other changes proposed by the Applicant, do not differ from the development scenario described in the Final EIR/EIS for the adopted FPASP.

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) provides that residential Projects which are consistent with an approved Specific Plan for which an EIR was prepared are exempt from a requirement to prepare additional environmental analysis. CEQA Guidelines section 15182 (c) provides specific criteria to determine whether this exemption applies. The City has reviewed the analysis and concurs that the Project is exempt from additional environmental review as provided in CEQA Guidelines 15182 (c).

ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Resolution No. 10655 A Resolution to Approve a Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map for 76-Residential Lots, and Minor Administrative Modifications for Transfer of Development Rights (20 Unit Transfer) and Land Use Boundary Refinements for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project and Design Review
- 2. Planning Commission Staff Report dated June 2, 2021
- 3. Vicinity Map
- 4. Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map dated May 19, 2021
- 5. Preliminary Grading and Drainage Plan dated March 19, 2021
- 6. Conceptual Front Yard Landscaping dated May 24, 2021
- 7. Residential Schematic Design dated March 19, 2021
- 8. Exterior Color/Materials Specification dated May 4, 2021
- 9. CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis for the Phase 1C North Subdivision Project dated May 2021
- 10. Access and Circulation Analysis dated May 21, 2021
- 11. Environmental Noise Analysis dated May 3, 2021
- 12. Applicant's General Plan Consistency Analysis
- 13. Applicant's Inclusionary Housing Letter dated November 3, 2020

Submitted,

PAM JOHNS

Community Development Director

Attachment 1

Resolution No. 10655 – A Resolution to Approve a Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map to allow 76 Residential Units, and Minor Administrative Modifications for Transfer of Development Rights (Unit Transfer) and Land Use Boundary Refinements and Design Review for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project

RESOLUTION NO. 10655

A RESOLUTION TO APPROVE A SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP FOR 76-RESIDENTIAL LOTS, AND MINOR ADMINISTRATIVE MODIFICATIONS FOR TRANSFER OF DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS (20 UNIT TRANSFER) AND LAND USE BOUNDARY REFINEMENTS FOR THE MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C NORTH PROJECT AND DESIGN REVIEW

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission on June 2, 2021, held a public hearing on the proposed Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, considered public comment and based on the proposed configuration of the 76 single-family residential lots, to subdivide large lots 11 and 12 into small lots to create 76 single-family residential lots, two lettered lots (A and B) and several landscape and open space lots (C, D, E, F, G H, I and J), determined the proposed subdivision complies with all City requirements, as well as with the requirements of the State Subdivision Map Act; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission on June 2, 2021, held a public hearing on the proposed Minor Administrative Modifications to transfer 20 residential units and refine a land use boundary, considered public comment and based on the proposed configuration of the 260 single-family residential lots, determined that the Project is consistent with the goals, policies, and objectives of the City of Folsom General Plan and will not result in a net loss of residential capacity within the Folsom Plan Area; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission on June 2, 2021, held a public hearing on the proposed architectural and site design and, determined that the Project is consistent with the goals, policies, and objectives of the City of Folsom General Plan, the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan; and

WHEREAS notice has been given at the time and in the manner required by State Law and City Code; and

WHEREAS the City has determined that the impacts of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North subdivision Project are adequately addressed by the Final Environmental Impact Report for the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan and associated Mitigation Measures and that the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project is Exempt from the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to Government Code Section 65457 and CEQA Guidelines 15182 (c).

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the City Council of the City of Folsom hereby Approve the Small Lot Vesting Tentative Map Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North creating 76 single-family residential lots, three open space parcels, eight lettered landscape lots, and one paseo lot and the Minor Administrative Modification for the transfer of 20 residential units and minor land use refinement and as set forth in the Conditions of Approval attached as Exhibit "A" and the following findings:

GENERAL FINDINGS

- A. NOTICE OF HEARING HAS BEEN GIVEN AT THE TIME AND IN THE MANNER REQUIRED BY STATE LAW AND CITY CODE.
- B. THE PROJECT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE GENERAL PLAN, THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN, AND THE FOLSOM RANCH CENTRAL DISTRICT DESIGN GUIDELINES.

CEQA FINDINGS

- C. THE CITY, AS LEAD AGENCY, PREVIOUSLY CERTIFIED AN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT/ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT FOR THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN.
- D. THE CITY HAS DETERMINED THAT THE MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C NORTH PROJECT IS UNDERTAKEN TO IMPLEMENT AND IS CONSISTENT WITH THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN.
- E. THE CITY HAS DETERMINED THAT THE IMPACTS OF THE MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C NORTH SUBDIVISION PROJECT ARE ADEQUATELY ADDRESSED BY THE FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT FOR THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN AND ASSOCIATED MITIGATION MEASURES AND THAT THE MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C NORTH SUBDIVISION PROJECT IS EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF CEQA PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 65457 AND CEQA GUIDELINES 15182(c).
- F. NONE OF THE EVENTS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 21166 OF THE PUBLIC RESOURCES CODE OR SECTION 15162 OF THE CEQA GUIDELINES HAVE OCCURRED.
- G. THIS PROJECT IS EXEMPT FROM CEQA IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 65457 AND SECTION 15182 OF THE CEQA GUIDELINES.

TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP FINDINGS

- H. THE PROPOSED SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP IS CONSISTENT WITH THE CITY'S SUBDIVISION ORDINANCE AND THE SUBDIVISION MAP ACT IN THAT THE PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL THAT WILL ENSURE THAT THE PROJECT IS DEVELOPED IN COMPLIANCE WITH CITY STANDARDS.
- I. THE PROPOSED SUBDIVISION, TOGETHER WITH THE PROVISIONS FOR ITS DESIGN AND IMPROVEMENT, IS CONSISTENT WITH THE GENERAL PLAN,

- THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN, AND ALL APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE FOLSOM MUNICIPAL CODE.
- J. THE SITE IS PHYSICALLY SUITABLE FOR THE TYPE OF DEVELOPMENT PROPOSED.
- K. THE SITE IS PHYSICALLY SUITABLE FOR THE PROPOSED DENSITY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.
- L. AS CONDITIONED, THE DESIGN OF THE SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP AND THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS ARE NOT LIKELY TO CAUSE SUBSTANTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE OR SUBSTANTIALLY AND AVOIDABLY INJURE FISH OR WILDLIFE OR THEIR HABITAT.
- M. AS CONDITIONED, THE DESIGN OF THE SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP AND THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS ARE NOT LIKELY TO CAUSE SERIOUS PUBLIC HEALTH OR SAFETY PROBLEMS.
- N. THE DESIGN OF THE SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP AND THE TYPE OF IMPROVEMENTS WILL NOT CONFLICT WITH EASEMENTS FOR ACCESS THROUGH OR USE OF PROPERTY WITHIN THE PROPOSED SUBDIVISION.
- O. SUBJECT TO SECTION 66474.4 OF THE SUBDIVISION MAP ACT, THE LAND IS NOT SUBJECT TO A CONTRACT ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO THE CALIFORNIA LAND CONSERVATION ACT OF 1965 (COMMENCING WITH SECTION 51200 OF THE GOVERNMENT CODE).

DESIGN REVIEW FINDINGS

- P. THE PROJECT IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE GENERAL PLAN, THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN AND THE APPLICABLE ZONING ORDINANCES.
- Q. THE PROJECT IS IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE FOLSOM RANCH CENTRAL DISTRICT DESIGN GUIDELINES.
- R. THE BUILDING MATERIALS, TEXTURES, AND COLORS OF THE PROJECT WILL BE COMPATIBLE WITH SURROUNDING DEVELOPMENT AND CONSISTENT WITH THE GENERAL DESIGN THEME OF THE NEIGHBORHOOD.

PASSED AND ADOPTED this 22nd day of June, 2021, by the following roll-call vote:

AYES: NOES: ABSENT: ABSTAIN:	Councilmember(s): Councilmember(s): Councilmember(s): Councilmember(s):	
ATTEST:		Michael D. Kozlowski, MAYOR
Christa Freem	nantle, CITY CLERK	

Exhibit A

Small Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map

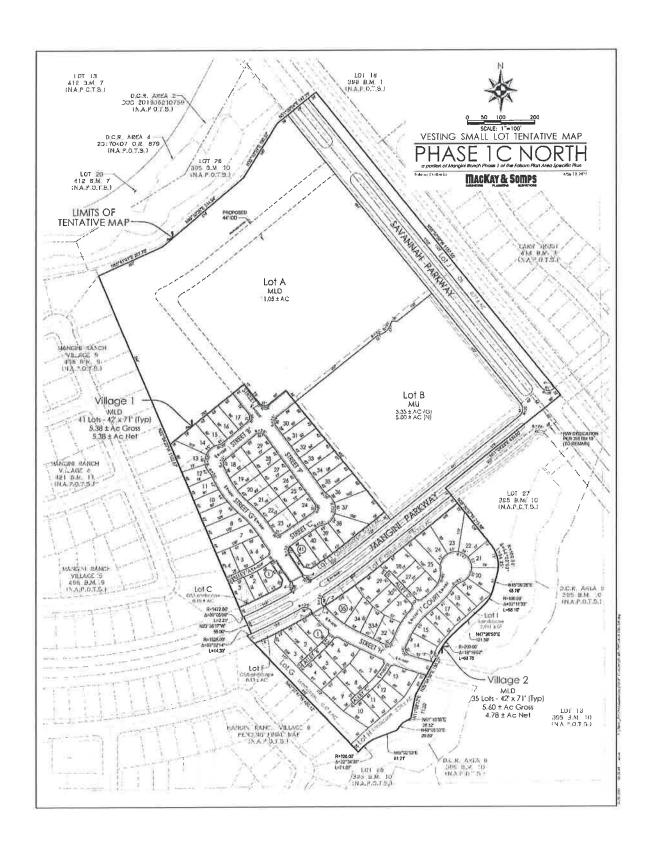


EXHIBIT B

Conditions of Approval

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL FOR THE MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C NORTH SUBDIVISION (PN 21-001) NORTH AND SOUTH OF MANGINI PARKWAY

SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP, DESIGN REVIEW, AND MINOR ADMINISTRATIVE MODIFICATION

Condition No.	Mitigation Measure	Condition of Approval	When Required	Responsible Department
1,		Final Development Plans The Owner/Applicant shall submit final site development plans to the Community Development Department that shall substantially conform to the exhibits referenced below: 1. Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, dated May 19, 2021. 2. Preliminary Grading and Drainage Plan, dated March 19,2021. 3. Conceptual Front Yard Landscaping, dated March 18, 2020. 4. Access and Circulation Analysis, dated May 21, 2021. 5. Environmental Noise Analysis, dated May 3, 2020. 6. Applicant's Inclusionary Housing Letter, November 3, 2020.	G, I, M, B	CD (P)(E)
		The Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, Design Review, and Inclusionary Housing Plan are approved for the development of a 76-unit single-family residential subdivision (Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Subdivision). Implementation of the project shall be consistent with the above referenced items and these conditions of approval.		
2.		Plan Submittal All civil engineering, improvement, and landscape and irrigation plans, shall be submitted to the Community Development Department for review and approval to ensure conformance with this approval and with relevant codes, policies, standards and other requirements of the City of Folsom.	G, I	CD (P)(E)
3.		Validity This approval of the Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map shall be valid for a period of twenty-four (24) months pursuant to Section 16.16.110A of the Folsom Municipal Code and the Subdivision Map Act. The Inclusionary Housing Agreement shall track the term of the Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, as may be extended from time to time pursuant to Section 16.16.110.A and 16.16.120 of the Folsom Municipal Code and the Subdivision Map Act.	M	CD (P)

4.	FMC Compliance		
	The Small-Lot Final Map shall comply with the Folsom Municipal Code and the	M	CD(E)
	Subdivision Map Act.		,
5.	Development Rights		
	The approval of this Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map conveys the right to		
	develop. As noted in these conditions of approval for the Small-Lot Vesting Tentative	OG	CD(P)(E)(B)
	Subdivision Map, the City has identified improvements necessary to develop the subject		PW, PR, FD,
	parcels. These improvements include on and off-site roadways, water, sewer, storm		PD
	drainage, landscaping, soundwalls, and other improvements.		
6.	Public Right of Way Dedication		
	As provided for in the First Amended and Restated Development Agreement (ARDA)		
	and the Amendments No. 1 and 2 thereto, and any approved amendments thereafter, the		
	Owner/Applicant shall dedicate all public rights-of-way and corresponding public	M	CD (E)(P)
	utility easements such that public access is provided to each and every lot within the		, , , ,
	Mangini Ranch 1C North Subdivision project as shown on the Small-Lot Vesting		
	Tentative Subdivision Map (Lots 1-76).		
7	Street Names		
	The Applicant shall select street names from either the City's approved list or	M	CD (E)(P)
	subsequently approved by the Planning Commission for the small lot final map.		

8.	Indemnity for City The Owner/Applicant shall protect, defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the City and its agents, officers and employees from any claim, action or proceeding against the City or its agents, officers or employees to attack, set aside, void, or annul any approval by the City or any of its agencies, departments, commissions, agents, officers, employees, or legislative body concerning the project, which claim, action or proceeding is brought within the time period provided therefore in Government Code Section 66499.37 or other applicable statutes of limitation. The City will promptly notify the owner/Applicant of any such claim, action or proceeding, and will cooperate fully in the defense. If the City should fail to cooperate fully in the defense, the owner Owner/Applicant shall not thereafter be responsible to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the City or its agents, officers, and employees, pursuant to this condition. The City may, within its unlimited discretion, participate in the defense of any such claim, action or proceeding if both of the following occur: • The City bears its own attorney's fees and costs; and • The City defends the claim, action or proceeding in good faith.	OG	CD (P)(E)(B) PW, PR, FD, PD
	The Owner/Applicant shall not be required to pay or perform any settlement of such claim, action or proceeding unless the settlement is approved by the owner/applicant. The owner/applicant's obligations under this condition shall apply regardless of whether a Final Map is ultimately recorded with respect to this project.		
9.	Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map The Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision map is expressly conditioned upon compliance with all environmental mitigation measures identified in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan EIR/EIS as amended by the Revised Proposed Water Supply Facility Alternative (November 2012), the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Backbone Infrastructure Mitigated Negative Declaration (December 2014).	OG	CD
10.	ARDA and Amendments The Owner/Applicant shall comply with all provisions of Amendments No. 1 and 2 to the First Amended and Restated Tier 1 Development Agreement and any approved amendments thereafter by and between the City and the Owner/Applicant of the project.	М	CD (E)

	Mitigation Monitoring The Owner/Applicant shall participate in a mitigation monitoring and reporting program pursuant to City Council Resolution No. 2634 and Public Resources Code 21081.6. The mitigation monitoring and reporting measures identified in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan FEIR/EIS have been incorporated into these conditions of approval in order to mitigate or avoid significant effects on the environment. These mitigation monitoring and reporting measures are identified in the mitigation measure column. Applicant shall fund on a Time and Materials basis all mitigation monitoring (e.g., staff and consultant time).	OG	CD (P)
12.	The Owner/Applicant acknowledges that the State adopted amendments to Section 65850 of the California Government Code (specifically Section 65850(9)), effective January 1, 2018, to allow for the implementation of inclusionary housing requirements in residential rental units, upon adoption of an ordinance by the City. The Landowner is not currently contemplating any residential rental projects within the Subject Property; however, in the event the City amends its Inclusionary Housing Ordinance with respect to rental housing pursuant to Section 65850(9), Landowner (or successor in interest) agrees that the Subject Property shall be subject to said City Ordinance, as amended, should any residential rental project be proposed within the Subject Property.	OG	CD (P)
	POLICE/SECURITY REQUIREMENT		
13.	The Owner/Applicant shall consult with the Police Department in order to incorporate all reasonable crime prevention measures. The following security/safety measures shall be considered: • A security guard on-duty at all times at the site or a six-foot security fence shall be constructed around the perimeter of construction areas. • Security measures for the safety of all construction equipment and unit appliances.	G, I, B	PD
	 Landscaping shall not cover exterior doors or windows, block line-of-sight at intersections or screen overhead lighting. 		

	DEVELOPMENT COSTS AND FEE REQUIREMENTS		
14.	Taxes and Fees The Owner/Applicant shall pay all applicable taxes, fees and charges for the project at the rate and amount required by the Public Facilities Financing Plan and Amendments No. 1 and No. 2 to the Amended and Restated Tier 1 Development Agreement.	М	CD (P)(E)
15.	Assessments If applicable, the owner/applicant shall pay off any existing assessments against the property, or file necessary segregation request and pay applicable fees.	M	CD (E)
16.	FPASP Development Impact Fees The Owner/Applicant shall be subject to all Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Area development impact fees in place at the time of approval or subsequently adopted consistent with the Public Facilities Financing Plan (PFFP), Development Agreement and amendments thereto, unless exempt by previous agreement. The Owner/Applicant shall be subject to all applicable Folsom Plan Area plan-wide development impact fees in effect at such time that a building permit is issued. These fees may include, but are not limited to, the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Fee, Specific Plan Infrastructure Fee (SPIF), Solid Waste Fee, Corporation Yard Fee, Transportation Management Fee, Transit Fee, Highway 50 Interchange Fee, General Park Equipment Fee, Housing Trust Fee, etc. Any protest to such for all fees, dedications, reservations or other exactions imposed on this project will begin on the date of final approval (July 1, 2021), or otherwise shall be governed by the terms of Amendments No. 1 and 2 to ARDA. The fees shall be	В	CD (P), PW, PK
17.	calculated at the fee rate set forth in the PFFP and the ARDA. Legal Counsel The City, at its sole discretion, may utilize the services of outside legal counsel to assist in the implementation of this project, including, but not limited to, drafting, reviewing and/or revising agreements and/or other documentation for the project. If the City utilizes the services of such outside legal counsel, the City shall provide notice to the Owner/Applicant of the outside counsel selected, the scope of work and hourly rates, and the Owner/Applicant shall reimburse the City for all outside legal fees and costs incurred and documented by the City for such services. The Owner/Applicant may be required, at the sole discretion of the City Attorney, to submit a deposit to the City for these services prior to initiation of the services. The Owner/Applicant shall be responsible for reimbursement to the City for the services regardless of whether a deposit is required.	OG	CD (P)(E)

18.	Consultant Services		
16.	If the City utilizes the services of consultants to prepare special studies or provide specialized design review or inspection services for the project, the City shall provide notice to the Owner/Applicant of the outside consultant selected, the scope of work and hourly rates, and the Owner/Applicant shall reimburse the City for actual costs incurred and documented in utilizing these services, including administrative costs for City personnel. A deposit for these services shall be provided prior to initiating review of	G, I, M, B	CD (P)(E)
	the Grading Plan, Final Map, improvement plans, or beginning inspection, whichever is applicable.		

	GRADING PERMIT REQUIREMENTS				
19.	Walls/Fences The final location, design, height, materials, and colors of the walls and fences subject to review and approval by the Community Development Department to ensure consistency with the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines. The location of the fencing shall remain in perpetuity as shown and installed originally by the Applicant (i.e., fence may not be moved into the PUE on side/corner lots).	G, I, B	CD (P)(E), FD		
20.	Mine Shaft Remediation The Owner/Applicant shall locate and remediate all antiquated mine shafts, drifts, open cuts, tunnels, and water conveyance or impoundment structures existing on the project site, with specific recommendations for the sealing, filling, or removal of each that meet all applicable health, safety and engineering standards. Recommendations shall be prepared by an appropriately licensed engineer or geologist. All remedial plans shall be reviewed and approved by the City prior to approval of grading plans.	G	CD (E)		
21.	 Prepare Traffic Control Plan. Prior to construction, a Traffic Control Plan for roadways and intersections affected by construction shall be prepared by the Owner/Applicant. The Traffic Control Plan prepared by the Owner/Applicant shall, at minimum, include the following measures: Maintaining the maximum amount of travel lane capacity during non-construction periods, possible, and advanced notice to drivers through the provision of construction signage. Maintaining alternate one-way traffic flow past the lay down area and site access when feasible. Heavy trucks and other construction transport vehicles shall avoid the busiest commute hours (7 a.m. to 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. to 6 p.m. on weekdays). A minimum 72-hour advance notice of access restrictions for residents, businesses, and local emergency response agencies. This shall include the identification of alternative routes and detours to enable for the avoidance of the immediate construction zone. A phone number and City contact for inquiries about the schedule of the construction throughout the construction period. This information will be posted in a local newspaper, via the City's web site, or at City Hall and will be updated on a monthly basis. 	G	CD (E)		

22.	State and Federal Permits		
	The Owner/Applicant shall obtain all required State and Federal permits and provide	G, I	CD(P)(E)
	evidence that said permits have been obtained, or that the permit is not required, subject		
	to staff review prior to approval of any grading or improvement plan.		
23.	Landslide /Slope Failure		
	The Owner/Applicant shall retain an appropriately licensed engineer during grading	G	CD (E) PW
	activities to identify existing landslides and potential slope failure hazards. The said		
	engineer shall be notified a minimum of two days prior to any site clearing or grading		
	to facilitate meetings with the grading contractor in the field.		
	IMPROVEMENT PLAN REQUIREMENTS		
24.	Improvement Plans		
	The improvement plans for the required public and private subdivision improvements	I, M	CD (E)
	necessary to serve any and all phases of development shall be reviewed and approved		
	by the Community Development Department prior to approval of a Final Map.		
25.	Standard Construction Specifications and Details		
	Public and private improvements, including roadways, curbs, gutters, sidewalks,	Ŧ	OD (D)(E)
	bicycle lanes and trails, streetlights, underground infrastructure and all other	1	CD(P)(E)
	improvements shall be provided in accordance with the latest edition of the City of		
	Folsom <u>Standard Construction Specifications and Details</u> and the <u>Design and</u>		
26	Procedures Manual and Improvement Standards.		
26.	Water and Sewer Infrastructure		
	All City-owned water and sewer infrastructure shall be placed within the street right of		
	way. In the event that a City-maintained public water or sewer main needs to be placed		
	in an area other than the public right of way, such as through an open space corridor,		
	landscaped area, etc., the following criteria shall be met;		
	The Owner/Applicant shall provide public server and water main assements	I	CD (E)
	 The Owner/Applicant shall provide public sewer and water main easements An access road shall be designed and constructed to allow for the operations, 	1	CD (L)
	maintenance and replacement of the public water or sewer line by the City along the entire water and/or sewer line alignment.		
	private residential property.		

27.	Lighting Plan		
,	The Owner/Applicant of all project phases shall submit a lighting plan for the project to		
	the Community Development Department. The lighting plan shall be consistent with		
	the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines:		
	the resident region of the reg		
	Shield or screen lighting fixtures to direct the light downward and prevent light spill on adjacent properties;		
	Place and shield or screen flood and area lighting needed for construction activities,		
	nighttime sporting activities, and/or security so as not to disturb adjacent residential areas and passing motorists;	I, B	CD (P)
	For public lighting in residential neighborhoods, prohibit the use of light fixtures	-, -	(-)
	that are of unusually high intensity or that blink or flash;		
	Use appropriate building materials (such as low-glare glass, low-glare building)		
	glaze or finish, neutral, earth toned colored paint and roofing materials), shielded or		
	screened lighting, and appropriate signage in the office/commercial areas to prevent		
	light and glare from adversely affecting motorists on nearby roadways; and		
	Design exterior on-site lighting as an integral part of the building and landscaping		
	design in the Specific Plan Area. Lighting fixtures shall be architecturally		
	consistent with the overall site design. Lights used on signage should be directed to		
	light only the sign face with no off-site glare.		
28.	Utility Coordination		
	The Owner/Applicant shall coordinate the planning, development and completion of		
	this project with the various utility agencies (i.e., SMUD, PG&E, etc.). The	M	CD (P)(E)
	Owner/Applicant shall provide the City with written confirmation of public utility		(- /(-)
	service prior to approval of the final map.		
29.	Replacing Hazardous Facilities		
	The Owner/Applicant shall be responsible for replacing any and all damaged or		
	hazardous public sidewalk, curb and gutter, and/or bicycle trail facilities along the site	I, OG	CD (E)
	frontage and/or boundaries, including pre-existing conditions and construction damage,		
	to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.		
30.	Future Utility Lines		
	All future utility lines lower than 69 KV that are to be built within the project shall be		
	placed underground within and along the perimeter of the project at the developer's	I, M	CD (E)
	cost. The Owner/Applicant shall dedicate to SMUD all necessary underground	-,	(2)
	easements for the electrical facilities that will be necessary to service development of		
	the project.		

Resolution No. 10655 Page 16 of 83

31.	Water Meter Fixed Network System The Owner/Applicant shall pay for, furnish and install all infrastructure associated with the water meter fixed network system for any City-owned and maintained water meter within the project.	I	CD (E), EWR
32.	Class II Bike Lanes All Class II bike lanes on Mangini Parkway shall be striped, and the legends painted to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department. No parking shall be permitted within the Class II bike lanes.	I	CD (E)(P)
33.	Noise Barriers and Window Assemblies Based on the Environmental Noise Assessment prepared by Bollard Acoustical Consultants for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project on May 3, 2021, the following measures shall be implemented to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department: a. To comply with the General Plan 60 dB DNL exterior noise level standard, it is recommended that the Project design include additional solid traffic noise barriers at the minimum heights (relative to backyard elevation) and locations illustrated on Figure 2 of the Noise Assessment. The noise barriers could take the form of masonry wall, earthen berm, or a combination of the two. b. To ensure compliance with the General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard including a factor of safety, it is recommended that all upper-floor bedroom windows of residences constructed adjacent to Mangini Parkway from which the roadway would be visible be upgraded to a minimum STC rating of 32. Figure 2 shows the lots with recommended window assembly upgrades. c. Mechanical ventilation (air conditioning) shall be provided for all residences in the development to allow the occupants to close doors and windows as desired to achieve compliance with the applicable General Plan 45 dB DNL interior	I, O	CD (E)(P)

34.	Master Plan Updates		
	The owner/applicant shall provide sanitary sewer, water and storm drainage improvements with corresponding easements, as necessary, in accordance with these studies and the latest edition of the City of Folsom <u>Standard Construction</u> <u>Specifications and Details</u> , and the <u>Design and Procedures Manual and Improvement Standards</u> . The storm drainage design shall provide for no net increase in run-off under post-	G, I	CD(E), EWR, PW
2.5	development conditions.		
35.	Best Management Practices The storm drain improvement plans shall provide for "Best Management Practices" that meet the requirements of the water quality standards of the City's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit issued by the State Regional Water Quality Control Board. In addition to compliance with City ordinances, the owner/applicant shall prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) that comply with the General Construction Stormwater Permit from the Central Valley RWQCB, to reduce water quality effects during construction. Detailed information about the SWPPP and BMPs are provided in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality."	G, I	CD (E)
36.	Litter Control During Construction, the Owner/Applicant shall be responsible for litter control and sweeping of all paved surfaces in accordance with City standards. All on-site storm drains shall be cleaned immediately before the official start of the rainy season (October 15).	OG	CD (E)

	FIRE DEPT REQUIREMENTS				
37.	 All-Weather Access and Fire Hydrants The Owner/Applicant shall provide all-weather access and fire hydrants before combustible materials are allowed on any project site or other approved alternative method as approved by the Fire Department. All-weather emergency access roads and fire hydrants (tested and flushed) shall be provided before combustible material or vertical construction is allowed on any project site or other approved alternative method as approved by the Fire Department. (All-weather access is defined as six inches of compacted aggregate base from May 1 to September 30 and two inches asphalt concrete over six inches aggregate base from October 1 to April 30). The buildings shall have illuminated addresses visible from the street or drive fronting the property. Size and location of address identification shall be reviewed and approved by the Fire Department. Residential Fire-Flow with Automatic Fire Sprinkler System: The required fire-flow for the proposed subdivision is determined to be 500 gpm per minute for 30 minutes. All public streets shall meet City of Folsom Street Standards. The maximum length of any dead-end street shall not exceed 500 feet in accordance with the Folsom Fire Code (unless approved by the Fire Department). The first Fire Station planned for the Folsom Plan Area may be required to be completed and operational at the time that the threshold of 1,500 occupied homes within the Folsom Plan Area is met. 	G, I, M, B	CD (P), FD		

38.	LANDSCAPE/TREE PRESERVATION REQUIREMENTS Landscaping Plans		
36.	Final landscape plans and specifications shall be prepared by a registered landscape architect and approved by the City prior to the approval of the first building permit. Said plans shall include all on-site landscape specifications and details including a tree planting exhibit demonstrating sufficient diversity and appropriate species selection to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department. The tree exhibit shall include all street trees, accent trees, parking lot shading trees, and mitigation trees proposed within the development. Said plans shall comply with all State and local rules, regulations, Governor's declarations and restrictions pertaining to water conservation and outdoor landscaping.	В	CD (P)(E
	Landscaping shall meet shade requirements as outlined in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan where applicable. The landscape plans shall comply and implement water efficient requirements as adopted by the State of California (Assembly Bill 1881) (State Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance) until such time the City of Folsom adopts its own Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance at which time the owner/applicant shall comply with any new ordinance. Shade and ornamental trees shall be maintained according to the most current American National Standards for Tree Care Operations (ANSI A-300) by qualified tree care professionals. Tree topping for height reduction, view protection, light clearance or any other purpose shall not be allowed. Specialty-style pruning, such as pollarding, shall be specified within the approved landscape plans and shall be implemented during a 5-year establishment and training period. The Owner/Applicant shall comply with city-wide landscape rules or regulations on water usage. The Owner/Applicant shall comply with any state or local rules and		
	regulations relating to landscape water usage and landscaping requirements necessitated to mitigate for drought conditions on all landscaping in the Mangini Phase 1C North Subdivision Project.		

Landscaping Plans		
The Applicant shall provide for the following:	В	CD (P)(E)
 a. An offsite public access easement landscaped with separated six-foot concrete sidewalk shall be provided from the east side of Lot E along the frontage of Mangini Parkway to Savannah Parkway. b. The Applicant shall landscape and provide a six-foot wide concrete pedestrian connection from Mangini Parkway to the future Class 1 trail to the south on Lot G. c. Lots G, H., I and J shall be graded and granted to the City in fee. Lot H shall be graded to include a Class 1 trail. d. Lot J adjoins the JPA corridor and shall be hydroseeded and dedicated to the City (non-landscaped). 		
	 a. An offsite public access easement landscaped with separated six-foot concrete sidewalk shall be provided from the east side of Lot E along the frontage of Mangini Parkway to Savannah Parkway. b. The Applicant shall landscape and provide a six-foot wide concrete pedestrian connection from Mangini Parkway to the future Class 1 trail to the south on Lot G. c. Lots G, H., I and J shall be graded and granted to the City in fee. Lot H shall be graded to include a Class 1 trail. d. Lot J adjoins the JPA corridor and shall be hydroseeded and dedicated to the 	The Applicant shall provide for the following: a. An offsite public access easement landscaped with separated six-foot concrete sidewalk shall be provided from the east side of Lot E along the frontage of Mangini Parkway to Savannah Parkway. b. The Applicant shall landscape and provide a six-foot wide concrete pedestrian connection from Mangini Parkway to the future Class 1 trail to the south on Lot G. c. Lots G, H., I and J shall be graded and granted to the City in fee. Lot H shall be graded to include a Class 1 trail. d. Lot J adjoins the JPA corridor and shall be hydroseeded and dedicated to the

	MAP REQUIREMENTS			
40.	Subdivision Improvement Agreement Prior to the approval of any Final Map, the owner/applicant shall enter into a subdivision improvement agreement with the City, identifying all required improvements, if any, to be constructed with each proposed phase of development. The owner/applicant shall provide security acceptable to the City, guaranteeing construction of the improvements.	М	CD (E)	
41.	The Final Inclusionary Housing Plan The Final Inclusionary Housing Plan shall be approved by the City Council. The Inclusionary Housing Agreement, which will be approved by the City Attorney, shall be executed prior to recordation of the Final Map for the Mangini Phase 1C North Subdivision project.	M	CD (P)(E)	

42.	Department of Real Estate Public Report		_
	The owner/applicant shall disclose to the homebuyers in the Department of Real Estate		
	Public Report and/or the CC&R's the following items:		
	The soil in the subdivision may contain naturally occurring asbestos and naturally occurring arsenic.		
	2) The collecting, digging, or removal of any stone, artifact, or other prehistoric or historic object located in public or open space areas, and the disturbance of any archaeological site or historic property, is prohibited.		
	3) The project site is located close to the Mather Airport flight path and overflight noise may be present at various times.	M	CD (P)
	4) That all properties located within one mile of an on- or off-site area zoned or used for agricultural use (including livestock grazing) shall be accompanied by written disclosure from the transferor, in a form approved by the City of Folsom, advising any transferee of the potential adverse odor impacts from surrounding agricultural operations, which disclosure shall direct the transferee to contact the County of Sacramento concerning any such property within the County zoned for agricultural uses within one mile of the subject property being transferred.	141	CD (I)
	5) Owner/Applicant acknowledges the final design, location, grade and configuration of the Connector Project east of East Bidwell Street is not known. As such, Owner/Applicant will include a recorded disclosure to be provided to all potential buyers of homes within Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project advising of the future Connector Project and associated noise, grade changes, height, location, design, traffic and construction as eventually approved.		
	6) Applicant shall ensure that the CC&Rs contain a notice that the side yard fencing can not be relocated and must remain as installed by Applicant.		

43.	Public Utility Easements		
	The Owner/Applicant shall dedicate public utility easements for underground facilities on properties adjacent to the public and private streets. A minimum of twelve and one-half-foot (12.5') wide Public Utility Easements for underground facilities (i.e., SMUD, Pacific Gas and Electric, cable television, telephone) shall be dedicated adjacent to all public and private street rights-of-way. The owner/applicant shall dedicate additional width to accommodate extraordinary facilities as determined by the City. The width of the public utility easements adjacent to public and private right of way may be reduced with prior approval from public utility companies.	М	CD (E)
44.	Backbone Infrastructure As provided for in the ARDA and the Amendment No. 1 thereto, the Owner/Applicant shall provide fully executed grant deeds, legal descriptions, and plats for all necessary infrastructure to serve the project, including but not limited to lands, public rights of way, public utility easements, public water main easements, public sewer easements, irrevocable offers of dedication and temporary construction easements. All required easements as listed necessary for the Infrastructure shall be reviewed and approved by the City and recorded with the Sacramento County Recorder pursuant to the timing requirements set forth in Section 3.8 of the ARDA, and any amendments thereto.	М	CD (E)
45	New Permanent Benchmarks The Owner/Applicant shall provide and establish new permanent benchmarks on the (NAVD 88) datum in various locations within the subdivision or at any other locations in the vicinity of the project/subdivision as directed by the City Engineer. The type and specifications for the permanent benchmarks shall be provided by the City. The new benchmarks shall be placed by the owner/applicant within 6 months from the date of approval of the vesting tentative subdivision map.	M	CD (E)
46.	Centralized Mail Delivery Units All Final Maps shall show easements or other mapped provisions for the placement of centralized mail delivery units. The owner/applicant shall provide a concrete base for the placement of any centralized mail delivery unit. Specifications and location of such base shall be determined pursuant to the applicable requirements of the U. S. Postal Service and the City of Folsom Community Development Department, with due consideration for street light location, traffic safety, security, and consumer convenience.	М	CD (E)

47.	Recorded Final Map Prior to the issuance of building permits, the Owner/Applicant shall provide a digital copy of the recorded Final Map (in AutoCAD format) to the Community Development Department. The exception to this requirement is model homes. Building permits for model homes only may be issued prior to recording of the Final Map, subject to approval by the Community Development Department.	В	CD (E)
48.	Recorded Final Map Prior to issuance of building permits, the Owner/Applicant shall provide the Folsom-Cordova Unified School District with a copy of the recorded Final Map.	В	CD (P), FCUSD
49.	Credit Reimbursement Agreement Prior to the recordation of the first Small-Lot Final Map, the Owner/Applicant and City shall enter into a credit and reimbursement agreement for constructed improvements that are included in the Folsom Plan Area's Public Facilities Financing Plan.	М	CD (E)
50	TRAFFIC/ACCESS/CIRCULATION/PARKING REQUIREMENTS		
50.	The following conditions of approval are related to roadway and traffic related improvements for the Phase 1C North 4-Project. Refer to Attachment 12, Kimley Horn Memo dated May 21, 2021.	В, О	CD (E), PW, FD
	 a. Emergency Vehicle Access shall be granted on Street D and Street A to provide and maintain secondary access to the north (via the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North 4-Pack project) for a connection to Placerville Road. b. Required public and private subdivision improvements, including but not limited to street and frontage improvements on Mangini Parkway shall be completed prior to issuance of the first Certificate of Occupancy for the subdivision. 		

	ARCHITECTURE/SITE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS		
51.	The Mangini Phase 1C North Subdivision Project shall comply with the following architecture and design requirements: 1. This approval is for three architectural styles with 12 color and material options. The applicant shall submit building plans that comply with this approval and the attached building elevations dated March 19, 2021. 2. The design, materials, and colors of the single-family residential units shall be consistent with the approved building elevations, materials samples, and color schemes to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department. 3. The Community Development Department shall approve the individual lot permits to assure no duplication or repetition of the same house, same roofline, same elevation style, side-by-side, or across the street from each other. 4. All mechanical equipment shall be ground-mounted and concealed from view of public streets, neighboring properties and nearby higher buildings. 5. Decorative light fixtures, consistent with the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines and unique to each architectural design theme, shall be added to the front elevation of each Master Plan to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department. 6. A minimum of one tree is required in the front yard of each residential lot within the subdivision. A minimum of two trees are required along the street-side of all corner lots. All front yard irrigation and landscaping shall be installed prior to a Building Permit Final and Occupancy.	В,О	CD (P) (B)
52.	Trash/Recycling Containers and Air Conditioner Screening Trash, recycling, and yard waste containers shall be placed behind the side yard fence so that they are not visible from the public right-of-way to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department. In addition, air conditioning units shall also be placed behind the side yard fence or located in the rear yard so that they are not visible from the public right-of-way to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.	OG	CD (P) (E)

53.	The proposed project shall comply with all State and local rules, regulations, Governor's		
	Declarations, and restrictions relative to water usage and conservations, including but not		
	limited to: requirements relative to water usage and conservation established by the	I, B, OG	CD (P)(E)
	State Water Resources Control Board, and water usage and conservation requirements		
	established within the Folsom Municipal Code, (Section 13.26 Water Conservation), or		
	amended from time to time.		

		MITIGATION MEASURES		
54.	√	Mangini Phase IC North Subdivision Mitigation Monitoring Reporting Program (MMRP). The conditions of approval below (numbered 55-1 to 55-89) implement the applicable mitigation measures from the FPASP (May 2011) MMRP, as amended by the Revised Proposed Water Supply Facility Alternative (November 2012), the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Backbone Infrastructure Mitigated Negative Declaration (December 2014) and the Westland Eagle SPA Addendum (September 2015).		
Condition No.	Mitigation Number (Source)	Mitigation Measures	Timing	Responsible Agency
		AESTHETICS		
55-1	3A.1-4 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Screen Construction Staging Areas. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall locate staging and material storage areas as far away from sensitive biological resources and sensitive land uses (e.g., residential areas, schools, parks) as feasible. Staging and material storage areas shall be approved by the appropriate agency (identified below) before the approval of grading plans for all project phases and shall be screened from adjacent occupied land uses in earlier development phases to the maximum extent practicable. Screens may include, but are not limited to, the use of such visual barriers such as berms or fences. The screen design shall be approved by the appropriate agency to further reduce visual effects to the extent possible. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries shall be developed by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, and Caltrans) to reduce to the extent feasible the visual effects of construction activities on adjacent project land uses that have already been developed.	Before approval of grading plans and during construction for all project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department.
55-2	3A.1-5 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Establish and Require Conformance to Lighting Standards and Prepare and Implement a Lighting Plan. To reduce impacts associated with light and glare, the City shall: ► Establish standards for on-site outdoor lighting to reduce high-intensity nighttime lighting and glare as part of the Folsom Specific Plan	Before approval of building permits.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

Resolution No. 10655 Page 28 of 83 design guidelines/standards. Consideration shall be given to design features, namely directional shielding for street lighting, parking lot lighting, and other substantial light sources, that would reduce effects of nighttime lighting. In addition, consideration shall be given to the use of automatic shutoffs or motion sensors for lighting features to further reduce excess nighttime light.

- a. Use shielded or screened public lighting fixtures to prevent the light from shining off of the surface intended to be illuminated.
- b. To reduce impacts associated with light and glare, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall:
- c. Shield or screen lighting fixtures to direct the light downward and prevent light spill on adjacent properties.
- d. Flood and area lighting needed for construction activities, nighttime sporting activities, and/or security shall be screened or aimed no higher than 45 degrees above straight down (half-way between straight down and straight to the side) when the source is visible from any off-site residential property or public roadway.
- e. For public lighting in residential neighborhoods, prohibit the use of light fixtures that are of unusually high intensity or brightness (e.g., harsh mercury vapor, low-pressure sodium, or fluorescent bulbs) or that blink or flash.
- f. Use appropriate building materials (such as low-glare glass, low-glare building glaze or finish, neutral, earth-toned colored paint and roofing materials), shielded or screened lighting, and appropriate signage in the office/commercial areas to prevent light and glare from adversely affecting motorists on nearby roadways.
- g. A lighting plan for all on- and off-site elements within each agency's jurisdictional boundaries (specified below) shall be submitted to the relevant jurisdictional agency for review and approval, which shall include the above elements. The lighting plan may be submitted concurrently with other improvement plans, and shall be submitted before the installation of any lighting or the approval of building permits for each phase. The project applicant(s) for any particular

		discretionary development application shall implement the approved lighting plan. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project Applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties).		
55-3	3A.2-1a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Implement Measures to Control Air Pollutant Emissions Generated by Construction of On-Site Elements. To reduce short-term construction emissions, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall require their contractors to implement SMAQMD's list of Basic Construction Emission Control Practices, Enhanced Fugitive PM Dust Control Practices, and Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices (list below) in effect at the time individual portions of the site undergo construction. In addition to SMAQMD-recommended measures, construction operations shall comply with all applicable SMAQMD rules and regulations. **Basic Construction Emission Control Practices** ▶ Water all exposed surfaces two times daily. Exposed surfaces include, but are not limited to soil piles, graded areas, unpaved parking areas, staging areas, and access roads. ▶ Cover or maintain at least two feet of free board space on haul trucks transporting soil, sand, or other loose material on the site. Any haul trucks that would be traveling along freeways or major roadways should be covered. ▶ Use wet power vacuum street sweepers to remove any visible trackout mud or dirt onto adjacent public roads at least once a day. Use of dry power sweeping is prohibited. ▶ Limit vehicle speeds on unpaved roads to 15 miles per hour (mph). ▶ All roadways, driveways, sidewalks, parking lots to be paved should be completed as soon as possible. In addition, building pads should be laid as soon as possible after grading unless seeding or soil binders are used.	Before the approval of all grading plans by the City and throughout project construction, where applicable, for all project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

- Minimize idling time either by shutting equipment off when not in use or reducing the time of idling to 5 minutes (as required by the state airborne toxics control measure [Title 13, Section 2485 of the California Code of Regulations]). Provide clear signage that posts this requirement for workers at the entrances to the site.
- Maintain all construction equipment in proper working condition according to manufacturer's specifications. The equipment must be checked by a certified mechanic and determine to be running in proper condition before it is operated.

Enhanced Fugitive PM Dust Control Practices – Soil Disturbance Areas

- ▶ Water exposed soil with adequate frequency for continued moist soil. However, do not overwater to the extent that sediment flows off the site.
- ► Suspend excavation, grading, and/or demolition activity when wind speeds exceed 20 mph.
- ▶ Plant vegetative ground cover (fast-germinating native grass seed) in disturbed areas as soon as possible. Water appropriately until vegetation is established.

Enhanced Fugitive PM Dust Control Practices - Unpaved Roads

- ▶ Install wheel washers for all exiting trucks, or wash off all trucks and equipment leaving the site.
- ► Treat site accesses to a distance of 100 feet from the paved road with a 6 to 12-inch layer of wood chips, mulch, or gravel to reduce generation of road dust and road dust carryout onto public roads.
- ▶ Post a publicly visible sign with the telephone number and person to contact at the construction site regarding dust complaints. This person shall respond and take corrective action within 48 hours. The phone number of SMAQMD and the City contact person shall also be posted to ensure compliance.

Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices

► The project shall provide a plan, for approval by the City of Folsom Community Development Department and SMAQMD, demonstrating

that the heavy-duty (50 horsepower [hp] or more) off-road vehicles to be used in the construction project, including owned, leased, and subcontractor vehicles, will achieve a project wide fleet-average 20% NOX reduction and 45% particulate reduction compared to the most current California Air Resources Board (ARB) fleet average that exists at the time of construction. Acceptable options for reducing emissions may include use of late-model engines, low-emission diesel products, alternative fuels, engine retrofit technology, after-treatment products, and/or other options as they become available. The project applicant(s) of each project phase or its representative shall submit to the City of Folsom Community Development Department and SMAQMD a comprehensive inventory of all off-road construction equipment, equal to or greater than 50 hp, that would be used an aggregate of 40 or more hours during any portion of the construction project. The inventory shall include the horsepower rating, engine production year, and projected hours of use for each piece of equipment. The inventory shall be updated and submitted monthly throughout the duration of the project, except that an inventory shall not be required for any 30-day period in which no construction activity occurs. At least 48 hours prior to the use of heavy-duty off-road equipment, the project representative shall provide SMAQMD with the anticipated construction timeline including start date, and name and phone number of the project manager and on-site foreman. SMAQMD's Construction Mitigation Calculator can be used to identify an equipment fleet that achieves this reduction (SMAQMD 2007a). The project shall ensure that emissions from all off-road diesel powered equipment used on the SPA do not exceed 40% opacity for more than three minutes in any one hour. Any equipment found to exceed 40 percent opacity (or Ringelmann 2.0) shall be repaired immediately, and the City and SMAQMD shall be notified within 48 hours of identification of noncompliant equipment. A visual survey of all in-operation equipment shall be made at least weekly, and a monthly summary of the visual survey results shall be submitted throughout the duration of the project, except that the monthly summary shall not be required for any 30-day period in which no construction activity occurs. The monthly summary shall include the quantity and type of vehicles surveyed as well as the dates of each survey. SMAQMD staff and/or other officials may conduct

		periodic site inspections to determine compliance. Nothing in this mitigation measure shall supersede other SMAQMD or state rules or regulations. If at the time of construction, SMAQMD has adopted a regulation or new guidance applicable to construction emissions, compliance with the regulation or new guidance may completely or partially replace this mitigation if it is equal to or more effective than the mitigation contained herein, and if SMAQMD so permits.		
55-4	3A.2-1b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Pay Off-site Mitigation Fee to SMAQMD to Off-Set NOX Emissions Generated by Construction of On-Site Elements. Implementation of the project or the other four other action alternatives would result in construction-generated NOX emissions that exceed the SMAQMD threshold of significance, even after implementation of the SMAQMD Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices (listed in Mitigation Measure 3A.2-1a). Additionally, Mitigation Measure 3A.4-1 (Implement Additional Measures to Control Construction-Generated GHG Emissions, pages 3A.4-14 to 15) has the potential to both reduce and increase NOX emissions, depending on the types of alternative fuels and engine types employed. Therefore, the project applicant(s) shall pay SMAQMD an off-site mitigation fee for implementation of any of the five action alternatives for the purpose of reducing NOX emissions to a less-than-significant level (i.e., less than 85 lb/day). All NOX emission reductions and increases associated with GHG mitigation shall be added to or subtracted from the amount above the construction threshold to determine off-site mitigation fees, when possible. The specific fee amounts shall be calculated when the daily construction emissions can be more accurately determined: that is, if the City/USACE select and certify the EIR/EIS and approves the Proposed Project or one of the other four other action alternatives, the City and the applicants must establish the phasing by which development would occur, and the applicants must develop a detailed construction schedule. Calculation of fees associated with each project development phase shall be conducted by the project applicant(s) in consultation with SMAQMD staff before the approval of grading plans by the City. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall pay into SMAQMD's off-site construction mitigation fund to further mitigate construction generated emissions of NOX that exceed SMAQMD's daily emission threshold of 85 lb/day. The	Before the approval of all grading plans by the City and throughout project construction for all project phases.	The City of Folsom Community Development Department shall not grant any grading permits to the respective project applicant(s) until the respective project applicant(s) have paid the appropriate off-site mitigation fee to SMAQMD.

		calculation of daily NOX emissions shall be based on the cost rate established by SMAQMD at the time the calculation and payment are made. At the time of writing this EIR/EIS the cost rate is \$16,000 to reduce 1 ton of NOX plus a 5% administrative fee (SMAQMD 2008c). The determination of the final mitigation fee shall be conducted in coordination with SMAQMD before any ground disturbance occurs for any project phase.		
55-5	3A.2-1c (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Analyze and Disclose Projected PM10 Emission Concentrations at Nearby Sensitive Receptors Resulting from Construction of On-Site Elements. Prior to construction of each discretionary development entitlement of on-site land uses, the project applicant shall perform a project-level CEQA analysis (e.g., supporting documentation for an exemption, negative declaration, or project-specific EIR) that includes detailed dispersion modeling of construction-generated PM10 to disclose what PM10 concentrations would be at nearby sensitive receptors. The dispersion modeling shall be performed in accordance with applicable SMAQMD guidance that is in place at the time the analysis is performed. At the time of writing this EIR/EIS, SMAQMD's most current and most detailed guidance for addressing construction-generated PM10 emissions is found in its Guide to Air Quality Assessment in Sacramento County (SMAQMD 2009a). The project-level analysis shall incorporate detailed parameters of the construction equipment and activities, including the year during which construction would be performed, as well as the proximity of potentially affected receptors, including receptors proposed by the project that exist at the time the construction activity would occur.	Before the approval of all grading plans by the City.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
55-6	3A.2-2 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Implement All Measures Prescribed by the Air Quality Mitigation Plan to Reduce Operational Air Pollutant Emissions. To reduce operational emissions, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall implement all measures prescribed in the SMAQMD-approved Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Air Quality Mitigation Plan (AQMP) (Torrence Planning 2008), a copy of which is included in Appendix C2. The AQMP is intended to improve mobility, reduce vehicle miles traveled, and improve air quality as required by AB 32 and SB 375. The AQMP includes, among others, measures designed to provide bicycle parking at commercial land uses, an integrated pedestrian/bicycle path network, transit stops with shelters, a prohibition against the use the wood-burning fireplaces, energy star roofing materials, electric lawnmowers provided to	Before issuance of subdivision maps or improvement plans.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

Resolution No. 10655 Page 34 of 83

		surrounding agricultural operations, which disclosure shall direct the transferee to contact the County of Sacramento concerning any such property within the County zoned for agricultural uses within one mile of		
	EIR/EIS)	The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall implement the following measure: • The deeds to all properties located within the plan area that are within one mile of an on- or off-site area zoned or used for agricultural use (including livestock grazing) shall be accompanied by a written disclosure from the transferor, in a form approved by the City of Folsom, advising any transferee of the potential adverse odor impacts from	by the City and throughout project construction, where applicable, for all project phases.	
55-8	3A.2-6 (FPASP	The implementation and enforcement of all measures identified in each plan shall be funded by the project applicant(s) for the respective phase of development. Implement Measures to Control Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to Operational Odorous Emissions.	Before the approval of building permits	City of Folsom Community Development Department
		The plan may include such measures as scheduling activities when the residences are the least likely to be occupied, requiring equipment to be shut off when not in use, and prohibiting heavy trucks from idling. Applicable measures shall be included in all project plans and specifications for all project phases.		
		application shall develop a plan to reduce the exposure of sensitive receptors to TACs generated by project construction activity associated construction	l by project phases.	
55-7	3A.2-4a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Develop and Implement a Plan to Reduce Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to Construction-Generated Toxic Air Contaminant Emissions.	Before the approval of all grading plans by the City and	City of Folsom Community Development Department
		homeowners at no charge, and on-site transportation alternatives to passenger vehicles (including light rail) that provide connectivity with other local and regional alternative transportation networks.		

55-9	3A.3-1a	Design Stormwater Drainage Plans and Erosion and Sediment Control	Before approval of	City of Folsom Public Works
	(FPASP	Plans to Avoid and Minimize Erosion and Runoff to All Wetlands and	improvement and	Department
	EIR/EIS)	Other Waters That Are to Remain on the SPA and Use Low Impact	drainage plans, and	
		Development Features.	on an ongoing	
		To minimize indirect effects on water quality and wetland hydrology, the	basis throughout	
		project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development	and after project	
		application shall include stormwater drainage plans and erosion and	construction, as	
		sediment control plans in their improvement plans and shall submit these	required for all	
		plans to the City Public Works Department for review and approval. For	project phases.	
		off-site elements within Sacramento County or El Dorado County		
		jurisdiction (e.g., off-site detention basin and off-site roadway		
		connections to El Dorado Hills), plans shall be submitted to the		
		appropriate county planning department. Before approval of these		
		improvement plans, the project applicant(s) for any particular		
		discretionary development application shall obtain a NPDES MS4		
		Municipal Stormwater Permit and Grading Permit, comply with the		
		City's Grading Ordinance and County drainage and stormwater quality		
		standards, and commit to implementing all measures in their drainage		
		plans and erosion and sediment control plans to avoid and minimize erosion and runoff into Alder Creek and all wetlands and other waters		
		that would remain on-site. Detailed information about stormwater runoff		
		standards and relevant City and County regulation is provided in Chapter		
		3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality."		
		The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development		
		entitlement shall implement stormwater quality treatment controls		
		consistent with the Stormwater Quality Design Manual for Sacramento and South Placer Regions in effect at the time the application is		
		submitted. Appropriate runoff controls such as berms, storm gates, off-		
		stream detention basins, overflow collection areas, filtration systems, and		
		sediment traps shall be implemented to control siltation and the potential		
		discharge of pollutants. Development plans shall incorporate Low Impact		
		Development (LID) features, such as pervious strips, permeable		
		pavements, bioretention ponds, vegetated swales, disconnected rain gutter		
		downspouts, and rain gardens, where appropriate. Use of LID features is		
		recommended by the EPA to minimize impacts on water quality,		
		hydrology, and stream geomorphology and is specified as a method for		
		protecting water quality in the proposed specific plan. In addition, free		
		spanning bridge systems shall be used for all roadway crossings over		

wetlands and other waters that are retained in the on-site open space. These bridge systems would maintain the natural and restored channels of creeks, including the associated wetlands, and would be designed with sufficient span width and depth to provide for wildlife movement along the creek corridors even during high-flow or flood events, as specified in the 404 permit.

In addition to compliance with City ordinances, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP), and implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) that comply with the General Construction Stormwater Permit from the Central Valley RWQCB, to reduce water quality effects during construction. Detailed information about the SWPPP and BMPs are provided in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality."

Each project development shall result in no net change to peak flows into Alder Creek and associated tributaries, or to Buffalo Creek, Carson Creek, and Coyote Creek. The project applicant(s) shall establish a baseline of conditions for drainage on-site. The baseline-flow conditions shall be established for 2-, 5-, and 100-year storm events. These baseline conditions shall be used to develop monitoring standards for the stormwater system on the SPA. The baseline conditions, monitoring standards, and a monitoring program shall be submitted to USACE and the City for their approval. Water quality and detention basins shall be designed and constructed to ensure that the performance standards, which are described in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality," are met and shall be designed as off-stream detention basins. Discharge sites into Alder Creek and associated tributaries, as well as tributaries to Carson Creek, Coyote Creek, and Buffalo Creek, shall be monitored to ensure that pre-project conditions are being met. Corrective measures shall be implemented as necessary. The mitigation measures will be satisfied when the monitoring standards are met for 5 consecutive years without undertaking corrective measures to meet the performance standard.

See FEIR/FEIS Appendix S showing that the detention basin in the northeast corner of the SPA has been moved off stream.

Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected

	oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado County for the roadway connections, Sacramento County for the detention basin west of Prairie City Road, and Caltrans for the U.S. 50 interchange improvements) such that the performance standards described in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality," are met.		
55-10 3A.3-2a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Avoid Direct Loss of Swainson's Hawk and Other Raptor Nests. To mitigate impacts on Swainson's hawk and other raptors (including burrowing owl), the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall retain a qualified biologist to conduct preconstruction surveys and to identify active nests on and within 0.5 mile of the project and active burrows on the project site. The surveys shall be conducted before the approval of grading and/or improvement plans (as applicable) and no less than 14 days and no more than 30 days before the beginning of construction for all project phases. To the extent feasible, guidelines provided in Recommended Timing and Methodology for Swainson's Hawk Nesting Surveys in the Central Valley (Swainson's Hawk Technical Advisory Committee 2000) shall be followed for surveys for Swainson's hawk. If no nests are found, impacts on nesting Swainson's hawks and other raptors shall be avoided by establishing appropriate buffers around the nests. No project activity shall commence within the buffer area until the young have fledged, the nest is no longer active, or until a qualified biologist has determined in consultation with DFG that reducing the buffer would not result in nest abandonment. DFG guidelines recommend implementation of 0.25- or 0.5-mile-wide buffers, but the size of the buffer may be adjusted if a qualified biologist and the City, in consultation with DFG, determine that such an adjustment would not be likely to adversely affect the nest. Monitoring of the nest by a qualified biologist during and after construction activities will be required if the activity has potential to adversely affect the nest. If active burrows are found, a mitigation plan shall be submitted to the City for review and approval before any ground-disturbing activities. The City shall consult with DFG. The mitigation plan may consist of installation of one-way doors on all burrows to allow owls to exit, but not reenter, and construction of artificial burrows within the project vicinity, as needed; however,	Before the approval of grading and improvement plans, before any ground disturbing activities, and during project construction as applicable for all project phases.	California Department of Fish and Game and City of Folsom Community Development Department.

		dependent young. If active burrows contain eggs and/or young, no construction shall occur within 50 feet of the burrow until young have fledged. Once it is confirmed that there are no owls inside burrows, these burrows may be collapsed. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be developed by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans), such that the performance criteria set forth in DFG's guidelines are determined to be met.		
<i>EE</i> 11	2471		Before issuance of	City of Folgon Community
55-11	3A.7-1a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Prepare Site-Specific Geotechnical Report per CBC Requirements and Implement Appropriate Recommendations. Before building permits are issued and construction activities begin any project development phase, the project applicant(s) of each project phase shall hire a licensed geotechnical engineer to prepare a final geotechnical subsurface investigation report for the on- and off-site facilities, which shall be submitted for review and approval to the appropriate City or county department (identified below). The final geotechnical engineering report shall address and make recommendations on the following:	building permits and ground- disturbing activities.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
		► Site preparation;		
		► Soil bearing capacity;		
		► Appropriate sources and types of fill;		
		► Potential need for soil amendments;		
		► Road, pavement, and parking areas;		
		 Structural foundations, including retaining-wall design; 		
		► Grading practices;		
		► Soil corrosion of concrete and steel;		
		► Erosion/winterization;		
		► Seismic ground shaking;		
		► Liquefaction; and		
		 Expansive/unstable soils. 		
		In addition to the recommendations for the conditions listed above, the geotechnical investigation shall include subsurface testing of soil		

		and groundwater conditions, and shall determine appropriate foundation designs that are consistent with the version of the CBC that is applicable at the time building and grading permits are applied for. All recommendations contained in the final geotechnical engineering report shall be implemented by the project applicant(s) of each project phase. Special recommendations contained in the geotechnical engineering report shall be noted on the grading plans and implemented as appropriate before construction begins. Design and construction of all new project development shall be in accordance with the CBC. The project applicant(s) shall provide for engineering inspection and certification that earthwork has been performed in conformity with recommendations contained in the geotechnical report.		
55-12	3A.7-1b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Monitor Earthwork during Earthmoving Activities. All earthwork shall be monitored by a qualified geotechnical or soils engineer retained by the project applicant(s) of each project phase. The geotechnical or soils engineer shall provide oversight during all excavation, placement of fill, and disposal of materials removed from and deposited on both on- and off-site construction areas. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans).	Before issuance of building permits and ground-disturbing activities.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
55-13	3A.7-3 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Prepare and Implement the Appropriate Grading and Erosion Control Plan. Before grading permits are issued, the project applicant(s) of each project phase that would be located within the City of Folsom shall retain a California Registered Civil Engineer to prepare a grading and erosion control plan. The grading and erosion control plan shall be submitted to the City Public Works Department before issuance of grading permits for all new development. The plan shall be consistent with the City's Grading Ordinance, the City's Hillside Development Guidelines, and the state's NPDES permit, and shall include the site-specific grading associated with development for all project phases. The plans referenced above shall include the location, implementation schedule, and maintenance schedule of all erosion and sediment control	Before the start of construction activities.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

		measures, a description of measures designed to control dust and stabilize the construction-site road and entrance, and a description of the location and methods of storage and disposal of construction materials. Erosion and sediment control measures could include the use of detention basins, berms, swales, wattles, and silt fencing, and covering or watering of stockpiled soils to reduce wind erosion. Stabilization on steep slopes could include construction of retaining walls and reseeding with vegetation after construction. Stabilization of construction entrances to minimize trackout (control dust) is commonly achieved by installing filter fabric and crushed rock to a depth of approximately 1 foot. The project applicant(s) shall ensure that the construction contractor is responsible for securing a source of transportation and deposition of excavated materials. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties). Implementation of Mitigation Measure 3A.9-1 (discussed in Section 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality – Land") would also help reduce		
55-14	3A.7-5 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Divert Seasonal Water Flows Away from Building Foundations. The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall either install subdrains (which typically consist of perforated pipe and gravel, surrounded by nonwoven geotextile fabric), or take such other actions as recommended by the geotechnical or civil engineer for the project that would serve to divert seasonal flows caused by surface infiltration, water seepage, and perched water during the winter months away from building foundations.	Before and during earthmoving activities.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
55-15	3A.7-10 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Conduct Construction Personnel Education, Stop Work if Paleontological Resources are Discovered, Assess the Significance of the Find, and Prepare and Implement a Recovery Plan as Required. To minimize potential adverse impacts on previously unknown potentially unique, scientifically important paleontological resources, the project applicant(s) of all project phases where construction would occur in the Ione and Mehrten Formations shall do the following: • Before the start of any earthmoving activities for any project phase in the Ione or Mehrten Formations, the project applicant(s) shall retain a	During earthmoving activities in the Ione and Mehrten Formations.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

	-			
		qualified paleontologist or archaeologist to train all construction personnel involved with earthmoving activities, including the site superintendent, regarding the possibility of encountering fossils, the appearance and types of fossils likely to be seen during construction, and proper notification procedures should fossils be encountered. If paleontological resources are discovered during earthmoving activities, the construction crew shall immediately cease work in the vicinity of the find and notify the appropriate lead agency (identified below). The project applicant(s) shall retain a qualified paleontologist to evaluate the resource and prepare a recovery plan in accordance with Society of Vertebrate Paleontology guidelines (1996). The recovery plan may include, but is not limited to, a field survey, construction monitoring, sampling and data recovery procedures, museum storage coordination for any specimen recovered, and a report of findings. Recommendations in the recovery plan that are determined by the lead agency to be necessary and feasible shall be implemented before construction activities can resume at the site where the paleontological resources were discovered. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Sacramento County).		
		GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS AND CLIMATE (CHANGE	
55-16	3A.4-1 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Implement Additional Measures to Control Construction-Generated GHG Emissions. To further reduce construction-generated GHG emissions, the project applicant(s) any particular discretionary development application shall implement all feasible measures for reducing GHG emissions associated with construction that are recommended by SMAQMD at the time individual portions of the site undergo construction. Such measures may reduce GHG exhaust emissions from the use of on-site equipment, worker commute trips, and truck trips carrying materials and equipment to and from the SPA, as well as GHG emissions embodied in the materials selected for construction (e.g., concrete). Other measures may pertain to the materials used in construction. Prior to releasing each request for bid to contractors for the construction of each discretionary development entitlement, the project applicant(s) shall obtain the most	Before approval of small-lot final maps and building permits for all discretionary development project, including all on- and off-site elements and implementation throughout project construction.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

current list of GHG reduction measures that are recommended by SMAQMD and stipulate that these measures be implemented in the respective request for bid as well as the subsequent construction contract with the selected primary contractor. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application may submit to the City and SMAQMD a report that substantiates why specific measures are considered infeasible for construction of that particular development phase and/or at that point in time. The report, including the substantiation for not implementing particular GHG reduction measures, shall be approved by the City, in consultation with SMAQMD prior to the release of a request for bid by the project applicant(s) for seeking a primary contractor to manage the construction of each development project. By requiring that the list of feasible measures be established prior to the selection of a primary contractor, this measure requires that the ability of a contractor to effectively implement the selected GHG reduction measures be inherent to the selection process.

SMAQMD's recommended measures for reducing construction-related GHG emissions at the time of writing this EIR/EIS are listed below and the project applicant(s) shall, at a minimum, be required to implement the following:

- ▶ Improve fuel efficiency from construction equipment:
 - reduce unnecessary idling (modify work practices, install auxiliary power for driver comfort);
- perform equipment maintenance (inspections, detect failures early, corrections);
- train equipment operators in proper use of equipment;
- use the proper size of equipment for the job; and
- use equipment with new technologies (repowered engines, electric drive trains).
- ▶ Use alternative fuels for electricity generators and welders at construction sites such as propane or solar, or use electrical power.
- ▶ Use an ARB-approved low-carbon fuel, such as biodiesel or renewable diesel for construction equipment. (Emissions of oxides of nitrogen [NOX] emissions from the use of low carbon fuel must be reviewed and increases mitigated.) Additional information about low

		carbon fuels is available from ARB's Low Carbon Fuel Standard Program (ARB 2009b). Encourage and provide carpools, shuttle vans, transit passes and/or secure bicycle parking for construction worker commutes. Reduce electricity use in the construction office by using compact fluorescent bulbs, powering off computers every day, and replacing heating and cooling units with more efficient ones. Recycle or salvage non-hazardous construction and demolition debris (goal of at least 75% by weight). Use locally sourced or recycled materials for construction materials (goal of at least 20% based on costs for building materials, and based on volume for roadway, parking lot, sidewalk and curb materials). Minimize the amount of concrete used for paved surfaces or use a low carbon concrete option. Produce concrete on-site if determined to be less emissive than transporting ready mix. Use EPA-certified SmartWay trucks for deliveries and equipment transport. Additional information about the SmartWay Transport Partnership Program is available from ARB's Heavy-Duty Vehicle Greenhouse Gas Measure (ARB 2009c) and EPA (EPA 2009). Develop a plan in consultation with SMAQMD to efficiently use water for adequate dust control. This may consist of the use of nonpotable water from a local source. In addition to SMAQMD-recommended measures, construction activity shall comply with all applicable rules and regulations established by SMAQMD and ARB.		
55-17	3A.8-2 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Complete Investigations Related to the Extent to Which Soil and/or Groundwater May Have Been Contaminated in Areas Not Covered by the Phase I and II Environmental Site Assessments and Implement Required Measures. The project applicant(s) for any discretionary development application shall conduct Phase I Environmental Site Assessments (where an Phase I has not been conducted), and if necessary, Phase II Environmental Site Assessments, and/or other appropriate testing for all areas of the SPA and	Before and during earth moving activities	City of Folsom Community Development Department

include, as necessary, analysis of soil and/or groundwater samples for the potential contamination sites that have not yet been covered by previous investigations (as shown in Exhibit 3A.8-1) before construction activities begin in those areas. Recommendations in the Phase I and II Environmental Site Assessments to address any contamination that is found shall be implemented before initiating ground-disturbing activities in these areas.

The project applicant(s) shall implement the following measures before ground-disturbing activities to reduce health hazards associated with potential exposure to hazardous substances:

- Prepare a plan that identifies any necessary remediation activities appropriate for proposed on- and off-site uses, including excavation and removal of on-site contaminated soils, redistribution of clean fill material in the SPA, and closure of any abandoned mine shafts. The plan shall include measures that ensure the safe transport, use, and disposal of contaminated soil and building debris removed from the site. In the event that contaminated groundwater is encountered during site excavation activities, the contractor shall report the contamination to the appropriate regulatory agencies, dewater the excavated area, and treat the contaminated groundwater to remove contaminants before discharge into the sanitary sewer system. The project applicant(s) shall be required to comply with the plan and applicable Federal, state, and local laws. The plan shall outline measures for specific handling and reporting procedures for hazardous materials and disposal of hazardous materials removed from the site at an appropriate off-site disposal facility.
- Notify the appropriate Federal, state, and local agencies if evidence of previously undiscovered soil or groundwater contamination (e.g., stained soil, odorous groundwater) is encountered during construction activities. Any contaminated areas shall be remediated in accordance with recommendations made by the Sacramento County Environmental Management Department, Central Valley RWQCB, DTSC, and/or other appropriate Federal, state, or local regulatory agencies.
- ▶ Obtain an assessment conducted by PG&E and SMUD pertaining to the contents of any existing pole-mounted transformers located in the SPA. The assessment shall determine whether existing on-site electrical transformers contain PCBs and whether there are any records of spills

	from such equipment. If equipment containing PCB is identified, the maintenance and/or disposal of the transformer shall be subject to the regulations of the Toxic Substances Control Act under the authority of the Sacramento County Environmental Health Department. • Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Sacramento County). HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY		
55-18 3A.9-1 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Acquire Appropriate Regulatory Permits and Prepare and Implement SWPPP and BMPs. Prior to the issuance of grading permits, the project applicant(s) of all projects disturbing one or more acres (including phased construction of smaller areas which are part of a larger project) shall obtain coverage under the SWRCB's NPDES stormwater permit for general construction activity (Order 2009-0009-DWQ), including preparation and submittal of a project-specific SWPPP at the time the NOI is filed. The project applicant(s) shall also prepare and submit any other necessary erosion and sediment control and engineering plans and specifications for pollution prevention and control to Sacramento County, City of Folsom, El Dorado County (for the off-site roadways into El Dorado Hills under the Proposed Project Alternative). The SWPPP and other appropriate plans shall identify and specify: The use of an effective combination of robust erosion and sediment control BMPs and construction techniques accepted by the local jurisdictions for use in the project area at the time of construction, that shall reduce the potential for runoff and the release, mobilization, and exposure of pollutants, including legacy sources of mercury from project-related construction sites. These may include but would not be limited to temporary erosion control and soil stabilization measures, sedimentation ponds, inlet protection, perforated riser pipes, check dams, and silt fences The implementation of approved local plans, non-stormwater management controls, permanent post-construction BMPs, and inspection and maintenance responsibilities; The pollutants that are likely to be used during construction that could be present in stormwater drainage and non-stormwater discharges,	Submittal of the State Construction General Permit NOI and SWPPP (where applicable) and development and submittal of any other locally required plans and specifications before the issuance of grading permits for all on-site project phases and off-site elements and implementation throughout project construction.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

including fuels, lubricants, and other types of materials used for equipment operation;

- ▶ Spill prevention and contingency measures, including measures to prevent or clean up spills of hazardous waste and of hazardous materials used for equipment operation, and emergency procedures for responding to spills;
- ▶ Personnel training requirements and procedures that shall be used to ensure that workers are aware of permit requirements and proper installation methods for BMPs specified in the SWPPP; and
- ▶ The appropriate personnel responsible for supervisory duties related to implementation of the SWPPP.
- ▶ Where applicable, BMPs identified in the SWPPP shall be in place throughout all site work and construction/demolition activities and shall be used in all subsequent site development activities. BMPs may include, but are not limited to, such measures as those listed below.
- ▶ Implementing temporary erosion and sediment control measures in disturbed areas to minimize discharge of sediment into nearby drainage conveyances, in compliance with state and local standards in effect at the time of construction. These measures may include silt fences, staked straw bales or wattles, sediment/silt basins and traps, geofabric, sandbag dikes, and temporary vegetation.
- ► Establishing permanent vegetative cover to reduce erosion in areas disturbed by construction by slowing runoff velocities, trapping sediment, and enhancing filtration and transpiration.
- ▶ Using drainage swales, ditches, and earth dikes to control erosion and runoff by conveying surface runoff down sloping land, intercepting and diverting runoff to a watercourse or channel, preventing sheet flow over sloped surfaces, preventing runoff accumulation at the base of a grade, and avoiding flood damage along roadways and facility infrastructure.

A copy of the approved SWPPP shall be maintained and available at all times on the construction site.

For those areas that would be disturbed as part of the U.S. 50 interchange improvements, Caltrans shall coordinate with the development and implementation of the overall project SWPPP, or develop and implement its own SWPPP specific to the interchange improvements, to ensure that

	water quality degradation would be avoided or minimized to the maximum extent practicable. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans).		
55-19 3A.9-2 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Prepare and Submit Final Drainage Plans and Implement Requirements Contained in Those Plans. Before the approval of grading plans and building permits, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall submit final drainage plans to the City, and to El Dorado County for the off-site roadway connections into El Dorado Hills, demonstrating that off-site upstream runoff would be appropriately conveyed through the SPA, and that project-related on-site runoff would be appropriately contained in detention basins or managed with through other improvements (e.g., source controls, biotechnical stream stabilization) to reduce flooding and hydromodification impacts. The plans shall include, but not be limited to, the following items: ▶ An accurate calculation of pre-project and post-project runoff scenarios, obtained using appropriate engineering methods, that accurately evaluates potential changes to runoff, including increased surface runoff; ▶ Runoff calculations for the 10-year and 100-year (0.01 AEP) storm events (and other, smaller storm events as required) shall be performed and the trunk drainage pipeline sizes confirmed based on alignments and detention facility locations finalized in the design phase; ▶ A description of the proposed maintenance program for the on-site drainage system; ▶ Project-specific standards for installing drainage systems; ▶ City and El Dorado County flood control design requirements and measures designed to comply with them; ▶ Implementation of stormwater management BMPs that avoid increases in the erosive force of flows beyond a specific range of conditions needed to limit hydromodification and maintain current stream geomorphology. These BMPs will be designed and constructed in accordance with the forthcoming SSQP Hydromodification Management	Before approval of grading plans and building permits of all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department

Plan (to be adopted by the RWQCB) and may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Use of Low Impact Development (LID) techniques to limit increases in stormwater runoff at the point of origination (these may include, but are not limited to: surface swales; replacement of conventional impervious surfaces with pervious surfaces [e.g., porous pavement]; impervious surfaces disconnection; and trees planted to intercept stormwater);
- Enlarged detention basins to minimize flow changes and changes to flow duration characteristics;
- Bioengineered stream stabilization to minimize bank erosion, utilizing vegetative and rock stabilization, and inset floodplain restoration features that provide for enhancement of riparian habitat and maintenance of natural hydrologic and channel to floodplain interactions;
- Minimize slope differences between any stormwater or detention facility outfall channel with the existing receiving channel gradient to reduce flow velocity; and
- Minimize to the extent possible detention basin, bridge embankment, and other encroachments into the channel and floodplain corridor, and utilize open bottom box culverts to allow sediment passage on smaller drainage courses.

The final drainage plan shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City of Folsom Community Development and Public Works Departments and El Dorado County Department of Transportation that 100-year (0.01 AEP) flood flows would be appropriately channeled and contained, such that the risk to people or damage to structures within or down gradient of the SPA would not occur, and that hydromodification would not be increased from pre-development levels such that existing stream geomorphology would be changed (the range of conditions should be calculated for each receiving water if feasible, or a conservative estimate should be used, e.g., an Ep of $1 \pm 10\%$ or other as approved by the Sacramento Stormwater Quality Partnership and/or City of Folsom Public Works Department).

		Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with El Dorado County.		
55-20	3A.9-3 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Develop and Implement a BMP and Water Quality Maintenance Plan. Before approval of the grading permits for any development project requiring a subdivision map, a detailed BMP and water quality maintenance plan shall be prepared by a qualified engineer retained by the project applicant(s) the development project. Drafts of the plan shall be submitted to the City of Folsom and El Dorado County for the off-site roadway connections into El Dorado Hills, for review and approval concurrently with development of tentative subdivision maps for all project phases. The plan shall finalize the water quality improvements and further detail the structural and nonstructural BMPs proposed for the project. The plan shall include the elements described below.	Prepare plans before the issuance of grading permits for all project phases and off-site elements and implementation throughout project construction.	City of Folsom Community Development Department and Public Works Department
		 ▶ A quantitative hydrologic and water quality analysis of proposed conditions incorporating the proposed drainage design features. ▶ Predevelopment and post development calculations demonstrating that the proposed water quality BMPs meet or exceed requirements established by the City of Folsom and including details regarding the size, geometry, and functional timing of storage and release pursuant to the "Stormwater Quality Design Manual for Sacramento and South Placer Regions" ([SSQP 2007b] per NPDES Permit No. CAS082597 WDR Order No. R5-2008-0142, page 46) and El Dorado County's NPDES SWMP (County of El Dorado 2004). 		
		Source control programs to control water quality pollutants on the SPA, which may include but are limited to recycling, street sweeping, storm drain cleaning, household hazardous waste collection, waste minimization, prevention of spills and illegal dumping, and effective management of public trash collection areas.		
		A pond management component for the proposed basins that shall include management and maintenance requirements for the design features and BMPs, and responsible parties for maintenance and funding.		
		LID control measures shall be integrated into the BMP and water quality maintenance plan. These may include, but are not limited to:		
		Surface swales;		

		Replacement of conventional impervious surfaces with pervious surfaces (e.g., porous pavement);		
		Impervious surfaces disconnection; and		
		Trees planted to intercept stormwater.		
		New stormwater facilities shall be placed along the natural drainage courses within the SPA to the extent practicable so as to mimic the natural drainage patterns. The reduction in runoff as a result of the LID configurations shall be quantified based on the runoff reduction credit system methodology described in "Stormwater Quality Design Manual for the Sacramento and South Placer Regions, Chapter 5 and Appendix D4" (SSQP 2007b) and proposed detention basins and other water quality BMPs shall be sized to handle these runoff volumes.		
		For those areas that would be disturbed as part of the U.S. 50 interchange improvements, it is anticipated that Caltrans would coordinate with the development and implementation of the overall project SWPPP, or develop and implement its own SWPPP specific to the interchange improvements, to ensure that water quality degradation would be avoided or minimized to the maximum extent practicable.		
		Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with El Dorado County and Caltrans.		
		NOISE AND VIBRATION		
55-21	3A.11-1 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Implement Noise-Reducing Construction Practices, Prepare and Implement a Noise Control Plan, and Monitor and Record Construction Noise near Sensitive Receptors. To reduce impacts associated with noise generated during project related construction activities, the project applicant(s) and their primary contractors for engineering design and construction of all project phases shall ensure that the following requirements are implemented at each work site in any year of project construction to avoid and minimize construction noise effects on sensitive receptors. The project applicant(s) and primary construction contractor(s) shall employ noise-reducing construction practices. Measures that shall be used to limit noise shall include the measures listed below:	Before and during construction activities on the SPA and within El Dorado Hills.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

- ▶ Noise-generating construction operations shall be limited to the hours between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. Monday through Friday, and between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. on Saturdays and Sundays.
- ► All construction equipment and equipment staging areas shall be located as far as possible from nearby noise-sensitive land uses.
- All construction equipment shall be properly maintained and equipped with noise-reduction intake and exhaust mufflers and engine shrouds, in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations. Equipment engine shrouds shall be closed during equipment operation.
- ► All motorized construction equipment shall be shut down when not in use to prevent idling.
- ▶ Individual operations and techniques shall be replaced with quieter procedures (e.g., using welding instead of riveting, mixing concrete offsite instead of on-site).
- Noise-reducing enclosures shall be used around stationary noisegenerating equipment (e.g., compressors and generators) as planned phases are built out and future noise sensitive receptors are located within close proximity to future construction activities.
- Written notification of construction activities shall be provided to all noise-sensitive receptors located within 850 feet of construction activities. Notification shall include anticipated dates and hours during which construction activities are anticipated to occur and contact information, including a daytime telephone number, for the project representative to be contacted in the event that noise levels are deemed excessive. Recommendations to assist noise-sensitive land uses in reducing interior noise levels (e.g., closing windows and doors) shall also be included in the notification.
- To the extent feasible, acoustic barriers (e.g., lead curtains, sound barriers) shall be constructed to reduce construction-generated noise levels at affected noise-sensitive land uses. The barriers shall be designed to obstruct the line of sight between the noise-sensitive land use and on-site construction equipment. When installed properly, acoustic barriers can reduce construction noise levels by approximately 8–10 dB (EPA 1971).

		 ▶ When future noise sensitive uses are within close proximity to prolonged construction noise, noise-attenuating buffers such as structures, truck trailers, or soil piles shall be located between noise sources and future residences to shield sensitive receptors from construction noise. ▶ The primary contractor shall prepare and implement a construction noise management plan. This plan shall identify specific measures to ensure compliance with the noise control measures specified above. The noise control plan shall be submitted to the City of Folsom before any noise-generating construction activity begins. Construction shall not commence until the construction noise management plan is approved by the City of Folsom. Mitigation for the two off-site roadway connections into El Dorado County must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of the applicable project phase with El Dorado County, since the roadway 		
		extensions are outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries. PUBLIC SERVICES		
55-22	3A.14-1 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Prepare and Implement a Construction Traffic Control Plan. The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall prepare and implement traffic control plans for construction activities that may affect road rights-of-way. The traffic control plans must follow any applicable standards of the agency responsible for the affected roadway and must be approved and signed by a professional engineer. Measures typically used in traffic control plans include advertising of planned lane closures, warning signage, a flag person to direct traffic flows when needed, and methods to ensure continued access by emergency vehicles. During project construction, access to existing land uses shall be maintained at all times, with detours used as necessary during road closures. Traffic control plans shall be submitted to the appropriate City or County department or the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) for review and approval before the approval of all project plans or permits, for all project phases where implementation may cause impacts on traffic. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties and Caltrans).	Before the approval of all relevant plans and/or permits and during construction of all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department

			ı	71.
55-23	3A.14-2 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Incorporate California Fire Code; City of Folsom Fire Code Requirements; and EDHFD Requirements, if Necessary, into Project Design and Submit Project Design to the City of Folsom Fire Department for Review and Approval.	Before issuance of building permits and issuance of occupancy permits or final inspections	City of Folsom Fire Department, City of Folsom Community Development Department
		To reduce impacts related to the provision of new fire services, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall do the following, as described below.	for all project phases.	
		1. Incorporate into project designs fire flow requirements based on the California Fire Code, Folsom Fire Code (City of Folsom Municipal Code Title 8, Chapter 8.36), and other applicable requirements based on the City of Folsom Fire Department fire prevention standards.		
		Improvement plans showing the incorporation automatic sprinkler systems, the availability of adequate fire flow, and the locations of hydrants shall be submitted to the City of Folsom Fire Department for review and approval. In addition, approved plans showing access design shall be provided to the City of Folsom Fire Department as described by Zoning Code Section 17.57.080 ("Vehicular Access Requirements"). These plans shall describe access-road length, dimensions, and finished surfaces for firefighting equipment. The installation of security gates across a fire apparatus access road shall be approved by the City of Folsom Fire Department. The design and operation of gates and barricades shall be in accordance with the Sacramento County Emergency Access Gates and Barriers Standard, as required by the City of Folsom Fire Code.		
		2. Submit a Fire Systems New Buildings, Additions, and Alterations Document Submittal List to the City of Folsom Community Development Department Building Division for review and approval before the issuance of building permits.		
		In addition to the above measures, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall incorporate the provisions described below for the portion of the SPA within the EDHFD service area, if it is determined through City/El Dorado County negotiations that EDHFD would serve the 178-acre portion of the SPA.		
		3. Incorporate into project designs applicable requirements based on the EDHFD fire prevention standards. For commercial development, improvement plans showing roadways, land splits, buildings, fire sprinkler systems, fire alarm systems, and other commercial building		

		improvements shall be submitted to the EDHFD for review and approval. For residential development, improvement plans showing property lines and adjacent streets or roads; total acreage or square footage of the parcel; the footprint of all structures; driveway plan views describing width, length, turnouts, turnarounds, radiuses, and surfaces; and driveway profile views showing the percent grade from the access road to the structure and vertical clearance shall be submitted to the EDHFD for review and approval. 4. Submit a Fire Prevention Plan Checklist to the EDHFD for review and approval before the issuance of building permits. In addition, residential development requiring automation fire sprinklers shall submit sprinkler design sheet(s) and hydraulic calculations from a California State Licensed C-16 Contractor. The City shall not authorize the occupancy of any structures until the project applicant(s) have obtained a Certificate of Occupancy from the City of Folsom Community Development Department verifying that all fire prevention items have been addressed on-site to the satisfaction of the City of Folsom Fire Department and/or the EDHFD for the 178-acre area of the SPA within the EDHFD service area.		
55-24	3A.14-3 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Incorporate Fire Flow Requirements into Project Designs. The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall incorporate into their project designs fire flow requirements based on the California Fire Code, Folsom Fire Code, and/or EDHFD for those areas of the SPA within the EDHFD service area and shall verify to City of Folsom Fire Department that adequate water flow is available, prior to approval of improvement plans and issuance of occupancy permits or final inspections for all project phases.	Before issuance of building permits and issuance of occupancy permits or final inspections for all project phases.	City of Folsom Fire Department, City of Folsom Community Development Department
		TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORTATION		
55-25	3A.15-1a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Folsom Boulevard/Blue Ravine Road Intersection (Intersection 1). To ensure that the Folsom Boulevard/Blue Ravine Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, one through lane, and one right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement	City of Folsom Public Works Department

		of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Folsom Boulevard/Blue Ravine Road intersection (Intersection 1).	should be implemented and when fair share funding should be paid.	
55-26	3A.15-1b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements at the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road Intersection (Intersection 2). To ensure that the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, two through lanes, and one right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection (Intersection 2).	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented and when fair share funding should be paid.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-27	3A.15-1c (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Fund and Construct Improvements to the Scott Road (West)/White Rock Road Intersection (Intersection 28). To ensure that the Scott Road (West)/White Rock Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, a traffic signal must be installed.	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-28	3A.15-1e (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Fund and Construct Improvements to the Hillside Drive/Easton Valley Parkway Intersection (Intersection 41). To ensure that the Hillside Drive/Easton Valley Parkway intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one dedicated left turn lane and two through lanes, and the westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two through lanes and one dedicated right-turn lane. The applicant shall fund and construct these improvements.	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-29	3A.15-1f	Fund and Construct Improvements to the Oak Avenue Parkway/Middle Road Intersection (Intersection 44).	A phasing analysis shall be performed	City of Folsom Public Works Department

Resolution No. 10655 Page 56 of 83

	(FPASP EIR/EIS)	To ensure that the Oak Avenue Parkway/Middle Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, control all movements with a stop sign. The applicant shall fund and construct these improvements.	prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented.	
55-30	3A.15-1h (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts to the Hazel Avenue/Folsom Boulevard Intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 2). To ensure that the Hazel Avenue/Folsom Boulevard intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, this intersection must be grade separated including "jug handle" ramps. No at grade improvement is feasible. Grade separating and extended (south) Hazel Avenue with improvements to the U.S. 50/Hazel Avenue interchange is a mitigation measure for the approved Easton-Glenbrough Specific Plan development project. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Hazel Avenue/Folsom Boulevard intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 2).	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented.	Sacramento County Public Works Department and Caltrans
55-31	3A.15-1i (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road Intersection and to White Rock Road widening between the Rancho Cordova City limit to Prairie City Road (Sacramento County Intersection 3). Improvements must be made to ensure that the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS. The currently County proposed White Rock Road widening project will widen and realign White Rock Road from the Rancho Cordova City limit to the El Dorado County line (this analysis assumes that the Proposed Project and build alternatives will widen White Rock Road to five lanes from Prairie City road to the El Dorado County Line). This widening includes improvements to the Grant Line Road intersection and realigning White Rock Road to be the through movement. The improvements include two eastbound through lanes, one eastbound right turn lane, two northbound left turn lanes, two northbound right turn lanes, two westbound left turn lanes and two westbound through lanes. This improvement also includes the signalization of the White Rock Road and Grant Line Road	Before project build out. Design of the White Rock Road widening to four lanes, from Grant Line Road to Prairie City Road, with Intersection improvements has begun, and because this widening project is environmentally cleared and fully funded, it's construction is expected to be complete before the	Sacramento County Public Works Department

		intersection. With implementation of this improvement, the intersection would operate at an acceptable LOS A. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 3).	first phase of the Proposed Project or alternative is built.	
55-32	3A.15-1j (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Hazel Avenue between Madison Avenue and Curragh Downs Drive (Roadway Segment 10). To ensure that Hazel Avenue operates at an acceptable LOS between Curragh Downs Drive and Gold Country Boulevard, Hazel Avenue must be widened to six lanes. This improvement is part of the County adopted Hazel Avenue widening project.	Before project build out. Construction of phase two of the Hazel Avenue widening, from Madison Avenue to Curragh Downs Drive, is expected to be completed by year 2013, before the first phase of the Proposed Project or alternative is complete. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Hazel Avenue between Madison Avenue and Curragh Downs Drive (Sacramento	Sacramento County Public Works Department

			County Roadway Segment 10).	
55-33	3A.15-11 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the White Rock Road/Windfield Way Intersection (El Dorado County Intersection 3). To ensure that the White Rock Road/Windfield Way intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the intersection must be signalized and separate northbound left and right turn lanes must be striped. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the White Rock Road/Windfield Way intersection (El Dorado County Intersection 3).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	El Dorado County Department of Transportation
55-34	3A.15-10 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 as an alternative to improvements at the Folsom Boulevard/U.S. 50 Eastbound Ramps Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 4). Congestion on eastbound U.S. 50 is causing vehicles to use Folsom Boulevard as an alternate parallel route until they reach U.S. 50, where they must get back on the freeway due to the lack of a parallel route. It is preferred to alleviate the congestion on U.S. 50 than to upgrade the intersection at the end of this reliever route. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Folsom Boulevard/U.S. 50 Eastbound Ramps intersection (Caltrans Intersection 4). To ensure that the Folsom Boulevard/U.S. 50 eastbound ramps intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, auxiliary lanes should be added to eastbound U.S. 50 from Hazel Avenue to east of Folsom Boulevard. This was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
55-35	3A.15-1p (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Grant Line Road/State Route 16 Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 12). To ensure that the Grant Line Road/State Route 16 intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound and southbound approaches must be reconfigured to consist of one left-turn lane and one shared	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first	Sacramento County Department of Transportation and the City of Rancho Cordova Department of Public Works

Resolution No. 10655 Page 59 of 83

		through/right-turn lane. Protected left-turn signal phasing must be provided on the northbound and southbound approaches. Improvements to the Grant Line Road/State Route 16 intersection are contained within the County Development Fee Program and are scheduled for Measure A funding. Improvements to this intersection must be implemented by Caltrans, Sacramento County, and the City of Rancho Cordova. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Grant Line Road/State Route 16 intersection (Caltrans Intersection 12).	subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	
55-36	3A.15-1q (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard, a bus-carpool (HOV) lane must be constructed. This improvement is currently planned as part of the Sacramento 50 Bus-Carpool Lane and Community Enhancements Project. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1).	Before project build out. Construction of the Sacramento 50 Bus-Carpool Lane and Community Enhancements Project is expected to be completed by year 2013, before the first phase of the Proposed Project or alternative is complete. Construction of the Sacramento 50 Bus-Carpool Lane and Community Enhancements Project has started since the writing of the Draft EIS/EIR.	Caltrans

55-37	3A.15-1r (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 3). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Hazel Avenue and Folsom Boulevard, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 3).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
55-38	3A.15-1s (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road (Freeway Segment 4). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road (Freeway Segment 4).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
55-39	3A.15-1u (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Westbound U.S. 50 between Prairie City Road and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 16). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Prairie City Road and Folsom Boulevard, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation

Resolution No. 10655 Page 61 of 83

		appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Westbound U.S. 50 between Prairie City Road and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 16).	improvement should be built.	
55-40	3A.15-1v (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Westbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 18). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Hazel Avenue and Sunrise Boulevard, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project and included in the proposed Rancho Cordova Parkway interchange project. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Westbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 18).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Rancho Cordova Department of Public Works and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
55-41	3A.15-1w (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Folsom Boulevard Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 4). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Folsom Boulevard merge, an auxiliary lane from the Folsom Boulevard merge to the Prairie City Road diverge must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/Folsom Boulevard Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 4).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
55-42	3A.15-1x (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road Diverge (Freeway Diverge 5). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road off-ramp diverge, an auxiliary lane from the Folsom Boulevard merge must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation

Resolution No. 10655 Page 62 of 83

		the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road diverge (Freeway Diverge 5).	determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	
55-43	3A.15-1y (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road Direct Merge (Freeway Merge 6). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road onramp direct merge, an auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road direct merge (Freeway Merge 6).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-44	3A.15-1z (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road Flyover On-Ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway Off-Ramp Weave (Freeway Weave 8). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road flyover on-ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway off-ramp weave, an improvement acceptable to Caltrans should be implemented to eliminate the unacceptable weaving conditions. Such an improvement may involve a "braided ramp". The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road flyover on-ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway off-ramp weave (Freeway Weave 8).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-45	3A.15-1aa (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Merge (Freeway Merge 9). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Oak Avenue Parkway loop merge, an auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to	City of Folsom Public Works Department

Resolution No. 10655 Page 63 of 83

		Street – Scott Road diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/ Oak Avenue Parkway loop merge (Freeway Merge 9).	approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	
55-46	3A.15-1dd (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Empire Ranch Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 23). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Empire Ranch Road loop on ramp should start the westbound auxiliary lane that ends at the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp. The slip on ramp from southbound Empire Ranch Road would merge into this extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Empire Ranch Road loop ramp merge (Freeway Merge 23).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-47	3A.15-1ee (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 29). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Oak Avenue Parkway loop on ramp should start the westbound auxiliary lane that ends at the Prairie City Road off ramp. The slip on ramp from southbound Oak Avenue Parkway would merge into this extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Oak Avenue Parkway loop ramp merge (Freeway Merge 29).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-48	3A.15-1ff (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 32).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation

Resolution No. 10655 Page 64 of 83

		To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road loop ramp merge, an auxiliary lane to the Folsom Boulevard off ramp diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 32).	performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	
55-49	3A.15-1gg (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road Direct Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 33). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road direct ramp merge, an auxiliary lane to the Folsom Boulevard off ramp diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road direct ramp merge (Freeway Merge 33).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
55-50	3A.15-1hh (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Folsom Boulevard Diverge (Freeway Diverge 34). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Folsom Boulevard Diverge, an auxiliary lane from the Prairie City Road loop ramp merge must be constructed. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Folsom Boulevard diverge (Freeway Diverge 34).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
55-51	3A.15-1ii (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Hazel Avenue Direct Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 38).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis	Sacramento County Department of Transportation and City of

Resolution No. 10655 Page 65 of 83

		To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Hazel Avenue direct ramp merge, an auxiliary lane to the Sunrise Boulevard off ramp diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Hazel Avenue direct ramp merge (Freeway Merge 38).	should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Rancho Cordova Department of Public Works
55-52	3A.15-2a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Develop Commercial Support Services and Mixed-use Development Concurrent with Housing Development and Develop and Provide Options for Alternative Transportation Modes. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application including commercial or mixed-use development along with residential uses shall develop commercial and mixed-use development concurrent with housing development, to the extent feasible in light of market realities and other considerations, to internalize vehicle trips. Pedestrian and bicycle facilities shall be implemented to the satisfaction of the City Public Works Department. To further minimize impacts from the increased demand on area roadways and intersections, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application involving schools or commercial centers shall develop and implement safe and secure bicycle parking to promote alternative transportation uses and reduce the volume of single-occupancy vehicles using area roadways and intersections. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall participate in capital improvements and operating funds for transit service to increase the percent of travel by transit. The project's fair-share participation and the associated timing of the improvements and service shall be identified in the project conditions of approval and/or the project's development agreement. Improvements and service shall be coordinated, as necessary, with Folsom Stage Lines and Sacramento RT.	Before approval of improvement plans for all project phases any particular discretionary development application that includes residential and commercial or mixed-use development. As a condition of project approval and/or as a condition of the development agreement for all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-54	3A.15-2b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in the City's Transportation System Management Fee Program. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall pay an appropriate amount into the City's existing	Concurrent with construction for all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department

		Transportation System Management Fee Program to reduce the number of single-occupant automobile travel on area roadways and intersections.		
55-54	3A.15-2c (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate with the 50 Corridor Transportation Management Association. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall join and participate with the 50 Corridor Transportation Management Association to reduce the number of single-occupant automobile travel on area roadways and intersections.	Concurrent with construction for all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-55	3A.15-3 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Pay Full Cost of Identified Improvements that Are Not Funded by the City's Fee Program. In accordance with Measure W, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall provide fair-share contributions to the City's transportation impact fee program to fully fund improvements only required because of the Specific Plan.	As a condition of project approval and/or as a condition of the development agreement for all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-56	3A.15-4a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 2). To ensure that the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection operates at a LOS D with less than the Cumulative No Project delay, the northbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lane, two through lanes, and one dedicated right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection (Folsom Intersection 2).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-57	3A.15-4b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Oak Avenue Parkway/East Bidwell Street Intersection (Folsom Intersection 6). To ensure that the Oak Avenue Parkway/East Bidwell Street intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound (East Bidwell Street) approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, four through lanes and a right-turn lane, and the westbound (East Bidwell Street) approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left turn lanes, four through lanes, and a right-turn lane. It is against the City of Folsom	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project	City of Folsom Public Works Department

Resolution No. 10655 Page 67 of 83

		policy to have eight lane roads because of the impacts to non-motorized traffic and adjacent development; therefore, this improvement is infeasible.	phase the improvement should be built.	
55-58	3A.15-4c (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the East Bidwell Street/College Street Intersection (Folsom Intersection 7). To ensure that the East Bidwell Street/College Street intersection operates at acceptable LOS C or better, the westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one left-turn lane, one left-through lane, and two dedicated right-turn lanes. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the East Bidwell Street/Nesmith Court intersection (Folsom Intersection 7).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-59	3A.15-4d (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the East Bidwell Street/Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 21). To ensure that the East Bidwell Street /Iron Point Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, four through lanes and a right-turn lane, and the southbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, four through lanes and a right-turn lane. It is against the City of Folsom policy to have eight lane roads because of the impacts to non-motorized traffic and adjacent development; therefore, this improvement is infeasible.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-60	3A.15-4e (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Serpa Way/ Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 23). To improve LOS at the Serpa Way/ Iron Point Road intersection, the northbound approaches must be restriped to consist of one left-turn lane, one shared left-through lanes, and one right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project	City of Folsom Public Works Department

		paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Serpa Way/Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 23).	phase the improvement should be built.	
55-61	3A.15-4f (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Empire Ranch Road/Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 24). To ensure that the Empire Ranch Road / Iron Point Road intersection operates at a LOS D or better, all of the following improvements are required: The eastbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one left-turn lane, two through lanes, and a right-turn lane. The westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, one through lane, and a through-right lane. The northbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, three through lanes, and a right-turn lane. The southbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, three through lanes, and a right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Empire Ranch Road / Iron Point Road Intersection Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built. (Folsom Intersection 24).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-62	3A.15-4g (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Fund and Construct Improvements to the Oak Avenue Parkway/Easton Valley Parkway Intersection (Folsom Intersection 33). To ensure that the Oak Avenue Parkway/Easton Valley Parkway intersection operates at an acceptable LOS the southbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, two through lanes, and two right-turn lanes. The applicant shall fund and construct these improvements.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-63	3A.15-4i (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road Intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 3).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

Resolution No. 10655 Page 69 of 83

		To ensure that the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS E or better this intersection should be replaced by some type of grade separated intersection or interchange. Improvements to this intersection are identified in the Sacramento County's Proposed General Plan. Implementation of these improvements would assist in reducing traffic impacts on this intersection by providing acceptable operation. Intersection improvements must be implemented by Sacramento County. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road Intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 3).	should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	
55-64	3A.15-4j (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Grant Line Road between White Rock Road and Kiefer Boulevard (Sacramento County Roadway Segments 5-7). To improve operation on Grant Line Road between White Rock Road and Kiefer Boulevard, this roadway segment must be widened to six lanes. This improvement is proposed in the Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova General Plans; however, it is not in the 2035 MTP. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Grant Line Road between White Rock Road and Kiefer Boulevard (Sacramento County Roadway Segments 5-7). The identified improvement would more than offset the impacts specifically related to the Folsom South of U.S. 50 project on this roadway segment.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-65	3A.15-4k (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Grant Line Road between Kiefer Boulevard and Jackson Highway (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 8). To improve operation on Grant Line Road between Kiefer Boulevard Jackson Highway, this roadway segment could be widened to six lanes. This improvement is proposed in the Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova General Plans; however, it is not in the 2035 MTP. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova. The applicant shall	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

		pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Grant Line Road between Kiefer Boulevard and Jackson Highway (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 8). The identified improvement would more than offset the impacts specifically related to the Folsom South of U.S. 50 project on this roadway segment.	improvement should be built.	
55-66	3A.15-4I (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Hazel Avenue between Curragh Downs Drive and U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps (Sacramento County Roadway Segments 12-13). To improve operation on Hazel Avenue between Curragh Downs Drive and the U.S. 50 westbound ramps, this roadway segment could be widened to eight lanes. This improvement is inconsistent with Sacramento County's general plan because the county's policy requires a maximum roadway cross section of six lanes. Analysis shown later indicates that improvements at the impacted intersection in this segment can be mitigated (see Mitigation Measure 3A.15-4q). Improvements to impacted intersections on this segment will improve operations on this roadway segment and, therefore; mitigate this segment impact. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Hazel Avenue between Curragh Downs Drive and U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps (Sacramento County Roadway Segments 12-13).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-67	3A.15-4m (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on White Rock Road between Grant Line Road and Prairie City Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 22). To improve operation on White Rock Road between Grant Line Road and Prairie City Road, this roadway segment must be widened to six lanes. This improvement is included in the 2035 MTP but is not included in the Sacramento County General Plan. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by Sacramento County. The identified improvement would more than offset the impacts specifically related to the Folsom South of U.S. 50 project on this roadway segment. However, because of other development in the region that would substantially increase traffic levels, this roadway segment would continue to operate at an unacceptable LOS F even with the capacity improvements identified	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

Resolution No. 10655 Page 71 of 83

		to mitigate Folsom South of U.S. 50 impacts. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to White Rock Road between Grant Line Road and Prairie City Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 22).		
55-68	3A.15-4n (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on White Rock Road between Empire Ranch Road and Carson Crossing Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 28). To improve operation on White Rock Road between Empire Ranch Road and Carson Crossing Road, this roadway segment must be widened to six lanes. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by Sacramento County. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to White Rock Road between Empire Ranch Road and Carson Crossing Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 28).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-69	3A.15-40 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the White Rock Road/Carson Crossing Road Intersection (El Dorado County 1). To ensure that the White Rock Road/Carson Crossing Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound right turn lane must be converted into a separate free right turn lane, or double right. Improvements to this intersection must be implemented by El Dorado County. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the White Rock Road/Carson Crossing Road Intersection (El Dorado County 1).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-70	3A.15-4p (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Hazel Avenue/U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 1). To ensure that the Hazel Avenue/U.S. 50 westbound ramps intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one dedicated left turn lane, one shared left through lane and three dedicated right-turn lanes. Improvements to this intersection must be implemented by Caltrans and Sacramento County.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

Resolution No. 10655 Page 72 of 83

55-71	3A.15-4q (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Hazel Avenue/U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 1). **Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard, an additional eastbound lane could be constructed. This improvement is not consistent with the Concept Facility in Caltrans State Route 50 Corridor System Management Plan; therefore, it is not likely to be implemented by Caltrans by 2030. Construction of the Capitol South East Connector, including widening White Rock Road and Grant Line Road to six lanes with limited access, could divert some traffic from U.S. 50 and partially mitigate the project's impact. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1).	which project phase the improvement should be built. Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-72	3A.15-4r (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Rancho Cordova Parkway and Hazel Avenue (Freeway Segment 3). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Rancho Cordova Parkway and Hazel Avenue, an additional eastbound lane could be constructed. This improvement is not consistent with the Concept Facility in Caltrans State Route 50 Corridor System Management Plan; therefore, it is not likely to be implemented by Caltrans by 2030. Construction of the Capitol South East Connector, including widening White Rock Road and Grant Line Road to six lanes with limited access, could divert some traffic off of U.S. 50 and partially mitigate the project's impact. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Rancho Cordova Parkway and Hazel Avenue (Freeway Segment 3).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

55-73	3A.15-4s (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road (Freeway Segment 5). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road, the eastbound auxiliary lane should be converted to a mixed flow lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4t). Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. This improvement is not consistent with the Concept Facility in Caltrans State Route 50 Corridor System Management Plan; therefore, it is not likely to be implemented by Caltrans by 2030. Construction of the Capitol South East Connector, including widening White Rock Road and Grant Line Road to six lanes with limited access, could divert some traffic off of U.S. 50 and partially mitigate the project's impact. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road (Freeway Segment 5).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-74	3A.15-4t (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Prairie City Road and Oak Avenue Parkway (Freeway Segment 6). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Prairie City Road and Oak Avenue Parkway, the northbound Prairie City Road slip on ramp should merge with the eastbound auxiliary lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see Mitigation Measures 3A.15-4u, v and w), and the southbound Prairie City Road flyover on ramp should be braided over the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp and start an extended full auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Prairie City Road and Oak Avenue Parkway (Freeway Segment 6).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

55-75	3A.15-4u (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road Slip Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 6). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Prairie City Road slip on ramp should start the eastbound auxiliary lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4u, w and x), and the southbound Prairie City Road flyover on ramp should be braided over the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp and start an extended full auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street — Scott Road off ramp. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road slip ramp merge (Freeway Merge 6).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-76	3A.15-4v (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road Flyover On Ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway Off Ramp Weave (Freeway Weave 7). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Prairie City Road slip on ramp should start the eastbound auxiliary lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4u, v and x), and the southbound Prairie City Road flyover on ramp should be braided over the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp and start an extended full auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road Flyover On Ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway Off Ramp Weave (Freeway Weave 7).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-77	3A.15-4w (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound / Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 8). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the southbound Oak Avenue Parkway loop on ramp should merge with the eastbound auxiliary lane that starts at the southbound Prairie City Road	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

		braided flyover on ramp and ends at the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4u, v and w). Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to U.S. 50 Eastbound / Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 8).	subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	
55-78	3A.15-4x (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound / Empire Ranch Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 27). To ensure that Westbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Empire Ranch Road loop on ramp should start the westbound auxiliary lane that ends at the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp. The slip-on ramp from southbound Empire Ranch Road slip ramp would merge into this extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound / Empire Ranch Road loop ramp merge (Freeway Merge 27).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-79	3A.15-4y (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound / Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 35). To ensure that Westbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Prairie City Road loop on ramp should start the westbound auxiliary lane that continues beyond the Folsom Boulevard off ramp. The slip-on ramp from southbound Prairie City Road slip ramp would merge into this extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound / Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 35).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

		UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS		
55-80	3A.16-1 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Submit Proof of Adequate On- and Off-Site Wastewater Conveyance Facilities and Implement On- and Off-Site Infrastructure Service Systems or Ensure That Adequate Financing Is Secured. Before the approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall submit proof to the City of Folsom that an adequate wastewater conveyance system either has been constructed or is ensured through payment of the City's facilities augmentation fee as described under the Folsom Municipal Code Title 3, Chapter 3.40, "Facilities Augmentation Fee – Folsom South Area Facilities Plan," or other sureties to the City's satisfaction. Both on-site wastewater conveyance infrastructure and off-site force main sufficient to provide adequate service to the project shall be in place for the amount of development identified in the tentative map before approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, or their financing shall be ensured to the satisfaction of the City.	Before approval of final maps and issuance of building permits for any project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department and City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-81	3A.16-3 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Demonstrate Adequate SRWTP Wastewater Treatment Capacity. The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall demonstrate adequate capacity at the SRWTP for new wastewater flows generated by the project. This shall involve preparing a tentative map—level study and paying connection and capacity fees as identified by SRCSD. Approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases shall not be granted until the City verifies adequate SRWTP capacity is available for the amount of development identified in the tentative map.	Before approval of final maps and issuance of building permits for any project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department and City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-82	3A.18-1 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Submit Proof of Surface Water Supply Availability. a. Prior to approval of any small-lot tentative subdivision map subject to Government Code Section 66473.7 (SB 221), the City shall comply with that statute. Prior to approval of any small-lot tentative subdivision map for a proposed residential project not subject to that statute, the City need not comply with Section 66473.7, or formally consult with any public water system that would provide water to the affected area; nevertheless, the City shall make a factual showing or impose conditions similar to those required by Section 66473.7 to ensure an adequate water supply for development authorized by the map.	Before approval of final maps and issuance of building permits for any project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department and City of Folsom Public Works Department

		b. Prior to recordation of each final subdivision map, or prior to City approval of any similar project-specific discretionary approval or entitlement required for nonresidential uses, the project applicant(s) of that project phase or activity shall demonstrate the availability of a reliable and sufficient water supply from a public water system for the amount of development that would be authorized by the final subdivision map or project-specific discretionary nonresidential approval or entitlement. Such a demonstration shall consist of information showing that both existing sources are available or needed supplies and improvements will be in place prior to occupancy.		
55-83	3A.18-2a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Submit Proof of Adequate Off-Site Water Conveyance Facilities and Implement Off-Site Infrastructure Service System or Ensure That Adequate Financing Is Secured. Before the approval of the final subdivision map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, the project applicant(s) of any particular discretionary development application shall submit proof to the City of Folsom that an adequate off-site water conveyance system either has been constructed or is ensured or other sureties to the City's satisfaction. The off-site water conveyance infrastructure sufficient to provide adequate service to the project shall be in place for the amount of development identified in the tentative map before approval of the final subdivision map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, or their financing shall be ensured to the satisfaction of the City. A certificate of occupancy shall not be issued for any building within the SPA until the water conveyance infrastructure sufficient to serve such building has been constructed and is in place.	Before approval of final maps and issuance of building permits for any project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department and City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-84	3A.18-2b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Demonstrate Adequate Off-Site Water Treatment Capacity (if the Off-Site Water Treatment Plant Option is Selected). If an off-site water treatment plant (WTP) alternative is selected (as opposed to the on-site WTP alternative), the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall demonstrate adequate capacity at the off-site WTP. This shall involve preparing a tentative map—level study and paying connection and capacity fees as determined by the City. Approval of the final project map shall not be granted until the City verifies adequate water treatment capacity either is available or is certain to be available when needed for the amount of development identified in the tentative map before approval of the final	Before approval of final maps and issuance of building permits for any project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department and City of Folsom Public Works Department

		map and issuance of building permits for all project phases. A certificate of occupancy shall not be issued for any building within the SPA until the water treatment capacity sufficient to serve such building has been constructed and is in place.		
55-85	4.4-1 (Westland/ Eagle SPA)	Prior to beginning construction activities, the Project Applicant shall employ a qualified biologist to develop and conduct environmental awareness training for construction employees. The training shall describe the importance of onsite biological resources, including special-status wildlife habitats; potential nests of special-status birds; and roosting habitat for special-status bats. The biologist shall also explain the importance of other responsibilities related to the protection of wildlife during construction such as inspecting open trenches and looking under vehicles and machinery prior to moving them to ensure there are no lizards, snakes, small mammals, or other wildlife that could become trapped, injured, or killed in construction areas or under equipment. The environmental awareness program shall be provided to all construction personnel to brief them on the life history of special-status species in or adjacent to the project area, the need to avoid impacts on sensitive biological resources, any terms and conditions required by State and federal agencies, and the penalties for not complying with biological mitigation requirements. If new construction personnel are added to the project, the contractor's superintendent shall ensure that the personnel receive the mandatory training before starting work. An environmental awareness handout that describes and illustrates sensitive resources to be avoided during project construction and identifies all relevant permit conditions shall be provided to each person.	Before approval of grading or improvement plans or any ground disturbing activities, including grubbing or clearing, for any project phase.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
55-86	4.4-7 (Westland/ Eagle SPA)	Preconstruction Nesting Bird Survey. The Project Applicant shall conduct a preconstruction nesting bird survey of all areas associated with construction activities on the project site within 14 days prior to commencement of construction during the nesting season (1 February through 31 August). If active nests are found, a no-disturbance buffer around the nest shall be established. The buffer distance shall be established by a qualified biologist in consultation with CDFW. The buffer shall be maintained until the fledglings are capable of flight and become independent of the nest, to be determined by a qualified biologist. Once the young are	Before approval of grading or improvement plans or any ground disturbing activities, including grubbing or clearing, for any project phase.	California Department of Fish and Game, and City of Folsom Community Development Department

55-87	3A.5-1a (Westland/ Eagle SPA)	independent of the nest, no further measures are necessary. Preconstruction nesting surveys are not required for construction activity outside of the nesting season. Comply with the Programmatic Agreement. The PA for the project is incorporated by reference. The PA provides a management framework for identifying historic properties, determining	During all construction phases	City of Folsom Community Development Department; U.S. Army Corp of Engineers;
		adverse effects, and resolving those adverse effects as required under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. This document is incorporated by reference. The PA is available for public inspection and review at the California Office of Historic Preservation 1725 23rd Street Sacramento, CA 95816.		
55-88	3A.5-2 (Westland/ Eagle SPA)	Conduct Construction Personnel Education, Conduct On-Site Monitoring If Required, Stop Work if Cultural Resources are Discovered, Assess the Significance of the Find, and Perform Treatment or Avoidance as Required.	Before approval of grading or improvement plans	City of Folsom Community Development Department; U.S. Army Corp of Engineers
		To reduce potential impacts to previously undiscovered cultural resources, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall do the following: Before the start of ground-disturbing activities, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall retain a gualified prohese legist to conduct training for grubbing or	disturbing activities, including grubbing or clearing, for any	
		Should any cultural resources, such as structural features, unusual amounts of bone or shell, artifacts, or architectural remains be encountered during any construction activities, work shall be suspended in the vicinity of the find and the appropriate oversight agency(ies) (identified below) shall be notified immediately. The appropriate oversight agency(ies) shall retain a qualified archaeologist who shall conduct a field investigation of the specific site and		

shall assess the significance of the find by evaluating the resource for eligibility for listing on the CRHR and the NRHP. If the resource is eligible for listing on the CRHR or NRHP and it would be subject to disturbance or destruction, the actions required in Mitigation Measures 3A.5-1a and 3A.5-1b shall be implemented. The oversight agency shall be responsible for approval of recommended mitigation if it is determined to be feasible in light of the approved land uses and shall implement the approved mitigation before resuming construction activities at the archaeological site.

Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans).

The project applicant, in coordination with USACE, shall ensure that an archaeological sensitivity training program is developed and implemented during a pre-construction meeting for construction supervisors. The sensitivity training program shall provide information about notification procedures when potential archaeological material is discovered, procedures for coordination between construction personnel and monitoring personnel, and information about other treatment or issues that may arise if cultural resources (including human remains) are discovered during project construction. This protocol shall be communicated to all new construction personnel during orientation and on a poster that is placed in a visible location inside the construction job trailer. The phone number of the USACE cultural resources staff member shall also be included.

The on-site sensitivity training shall be carried out each time a new contractor will begin work in the APE and at the beginning of each construction season by each contractor.

If unanticipated discoveries of additional historic properties, defined in 36 CFR 800.16 (l), are made during the construction of the project, the USACE shall ensure that they will be protected by implementing the following measures:

The Construction Manager, or archaeological monitor, if given the authority to halt construction activities, shall ensure that work in that area is immediately halted within a 100-foot radius of the unanticipated discovery until the find is examined by a person meeting the professional qualifications standards specified in Section 2.2 of Attachment G of the HPMP. The Construction Manager, or archaeological monitor, if present, shall notify the USACE within 24 hours of the discovery.

		The USACE shall notify the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) within one working day of an unanticipated discovery and may initiate interim treatment measures in accordance with this HPTP. Once the USACE makes a formal determination of eligibility for the resource, the USACE will notify the SHPO within 48 hours of the determination and afford the SHPO an opportunity to comment on appropriate treatment. The SHPO shall respond within 72 hours of the request to consult. Failure of the SHPO to respond within 72 hours shall not prohibit the USACE from implementing the treatment measures. The project applicants shall be required to submit to the City proof of compliance in the form of a completed training roster and copy of training materials.		
55-89	3A.5-3 (Westland/ Eagle SPA)	Suspend Ground-Disturbing Activities if Human Remains are Encountered and Comply with California Health and Safety Code Procedures. In accordance with the California Health and Safety Code, if human remains are uncovered during ground-disturbing activities, including those associated with off-site elements, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall immediately halt all ground-disturbing activities in the area of the find and notify the Sacramento County Coroner and a professional archaeologist skilled in osteological analysis to determine the nature of the remains. The coroner is required to examine all discoveries of human remains within 48 hours of receiving notice of a discovery on private or public lands (California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5[b]). If the coroner determines that the remains are those of a Native American, he or she must contact the NAHC by phone within 24 hours of making that determination (California Health and Safety Code Section 7050[c]).	During all ground disturbing activities, for any project phase.	Sacramento County Coroner; Native American Heritage Commission; City of Folsom Community Development Department
		After the coroner's findings are complete, the project applicant(s), an archaeologist, and the NAHC-designated Most Likely Descendant shall determine the ultimate treatment and disposition of the remains and take appropriate steps to ensure that additional human interments are not disturbed. The responsibilities for acting on notification of a discovery of Native American human remains are identified in Section 5097.9 of the California Public Resources Code.		
	N 1065	Upon the discovery of Native American remains, the procedures above regarding involvement of the applicable county coroner, notification of the NAHC, and identification of an Most Likely Descendant shall be followed. The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall ensure that the immediate vicinity (according to generally accepted cultural or archaeological standards and		

practices) is not damaged or disturbed by further development activity until consultation with the Most Likely Descendant has taken place. The Most Likely Descendant shall have 48 hours after being granted access to the site to inspect the site and make recommendations. A range of possible treatments for the remains may be discussed: nondestructive removal and analysis, preservation in place, relinquishment of the remains and associated items to the descendants, or other culturally appropriate treatment. As suggested by AB 2641 (Chapter 863, Statutes of 2006), the concerned parties may extend discussions beyond the initial 48 hours to allow for the discovery of additional remains. AB 2641(e) includes a list of site protection measures and states that the project applicant(s) shall comply with one or more of the following requirements:

- record the site with the NAHC or the appropriate Information Center,
- use an open-space or conservation zoning designation or easement, or
- record a reinternment document with the county.

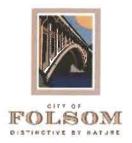
The project applicant(s) or its authorized representative of all project phases shall rebury the Native American human remains and associated grave goods with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further subsurface disturbance if the NAHC is unable to identify an Most Likely Descendant or if the Most Likely Descendant fails to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being granted access to the site. The project applicant(s) or its authorized representative may also reinter the remains in a location not subject to further disturbance if it rejects the recommendation of the Most Likely Descendant and mediation by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner. Ground disturbance in the zone of suspended activity shall not recommence without authorization from the archaeologist.

Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans).

The project applicants shall be required to submit to the City proof of compliance in the form of a completed training roster and copy of training materials.

Attachment 2

Planning Commission Staff Report dated June 2, 2021



AGENDA ITEM NO. 2

Type: Public Hearing

Date: June 2, 2021

Planning Commission Staff Report

50 Natoma Street, Council Chambers Folsom, CA 95630

Project:

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

File #:

PN-21-001

Requests:

Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map

Minor Administrative Modification

Design Review

Location:

The proposed Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Subdivision

Project is in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan on the north and

south sides of Mangini Parkway, westerly of Placerville

Road/Future Savannah Parkway.

Staff Contact:

Kathy Pease, AICP, Contract Planner, 916-812-0749

kpease@masfirm.com

Property Owner

Arcadian Improvement Co., LLC

Address: 4370 Town Center Blvd, Suite 100,

El Dorado Hills, CA 95762

Applicant

Tri Pointe Homes, LLC

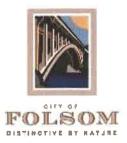
Address: 2990 Lava Ridge Court Suite 190, Roseville, CA 95661

Recommendation: Conduct a public hearing and upon conclusion recommend that the Planning Commission recommend City Council approval of the following entitlements, subject to the proposed Findings (A-X) and Conditions of Approval (1-54) attached to this report:

- Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map
- Minor Administrative Modification for Land Use Edge Refinements
- Minor Administrative Modification for Transfer of Development Rights
- Design Review

Project Summary: The proposed project involves several related actions associated with a proposed residential development:

- A Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map seeks to subdivide the area (32.6-acres) into 76 residential lots.
- A Minor Administrative Modification to refine the Land Use edge



AGENDA ITEM NO. 2

Type: Public Hearing

Date: June 2, 2021

- A Minor Administrative Modification to transfer 20 allocated dwelling units from the Project to three other locations within the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan.
- **Design Review** of architecture and designs for the proposed homes.

These proposed actions are described in detail and analyzed later in this report.

Table of Contents:

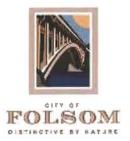
Attachment 1 - Background and Setting

Attachment 2 - Project Description

- Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map
- Minor Administrative Modification Land Use Edge Refinement
- Minor Administrative Modification (Shift of 20 Dwelling Units to Other Parcels)
- Design Review

Attachment 3 - Analysis

- Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map
- Minor Administrative Modification Land Use Edge Refinement
- Minor Administrative Modification (Shift of 20 Dwelling Units)
- Design Review
- Attachment 4 Conditions of Approval
- Attachment 5 Vicinity Map
- Attachment 6 Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, dated May 19, 2021.
- Attachment 7- Preliminary Grading and Drainage Plan, dated March 19, 2021.
- Attachment 8 Conceptual Front Yard Landscaping, dated May 24, 2021.
- Attachment 9- Residential Schematic Design, dated March 19, 2021.
- Attachment 10 Exterior Color/Materials Specification, dated May 4, 2021.
- Attachment 11 CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis for the Phase 1C North Subdivision Project dated May 2021.
- Attachment 12 Access and Circulation Analysis, dated May 21, 2021.
- Attachment 13- Environmental Noise Analysis, dated May 3, 2021.
- Attachment 14 Applicant's General Plan Consistency Analysis



AGENDA ITEM NO. 2

Type: Public HearingDate: June 2, 2021

Attachment 15 - Applicant's Inclusionary Housing Letter dated November 3, 2020

Submitted,

PAM JOHNS

Community Development Director

ATTACHMENT 1 BACKGROUND AND SETTING

A. Background: Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan

The proposed Project site is part of the approved Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan (FPASP), a comprehensively planned community that proposes new development based on "Smart Growth" and Transit Oriented Development principles.

The FPASP, approved in 2011, is a development plan for over 3,500 acres of previously undeveloped land located south of Highway 50, north of White Rock Road, east of Prairie City Road, and adjacent to the Sacramento County/El Dorado County line in the southeastern portion of the City.

The FPASP includes a mix of residential, commercial, employment and public uses, complemented by recreational amenities including a significant system of parks and open space, all within proximity to one another and interconnected by a network of "complete streets", trails and bikeways. The Specific Plan is consistent with the SACOG Blueprint Principles and the requirements of SB 375 (Sustainable Communities and Climate Protection Act).

The Project site was the subject of a Large Lot Tentative Map approval in 2017. The proposed Small Lot Vesting Tentative Map (SLVTM) area is designated SP-Multi-Family Low Density (MLD) residential, SP-MU Mixed Use, and SP-O2 Open Space in the FPASP. The Project proposes to develop a portion of the SLVTM with MLD uses (the remaining two parcels Lot A and Lot B are other pending development projects- Mangini Ranch Phase 1C 4-Pack project and the Mangini Place Apartments. The MLD zoning designation provides for development at 7.0 to 12.0 units per acre. An excerpt from the FPASP Land Use Map is shown below. The proposed land use designations are consistent with the Folsom General Plan.

Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan
2011 / 2020 Entitlements

Project Site

11,465 DU

27,140 Population

6.8 du/no Average Density

2.8m GSF Commercial

10,190,0001 To 10,0001 To 1

FIGURE 1: FPASP LAND USE MAP EXCERPT

B. Physical Setting

Figure 2, on the following page, shows an aerial photo Project site.

FIGURE 2: AERIAL PHOTO (2020)



Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway provides access to the Project site. Adjacent to the Project, is Mangini Ranch Phase I and II, and White Rock Springs Ranch currently under construction. A new elementary school is being completed southwest of the Project site.

ATTACHMENT 2 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

APPLICANT'S PROPOSAL

The Applicant is requesting approval of several related actions to allow the development of 76 single family homes on a 32.26-acre site. This Attachment provides project information on the requested approvals:

- A. Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map (Creation of 76 Residential Lots, and two remainder parcels- Lot A and B).
- B. Minor Administrative Modification Land Use Boundary Refinement
- C. Minor Administrative Modification (Transfer of 20 Dwelling Units)
- D. Design Review (Architectural Review)

The Applicant's SLVTM proposal includes two other pending Projects, within the boundary of the SLVTM which will slightly modify the boundaries of the proposed Phase 1C 4-Pack Project also on the June 2, 2021 Planning Commission Agenda (shown as Lot A) and Mangini Place Apartments (shown as Lot B) on the SLVTM. The Mangini Place Apartment project is an 100% affordable housing project still under review by the City but will likely be on a future Planning Commission agenda in the next couple of months.

A. Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map

The first component of the Applicant's proposal is a Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Map to subdivide large lots 11 and 12 into small lots to create 76 single-family residential lots, and several landscape and open space lots (C D, E, F, G H, I and J). Lot A (Mangini Ranch Phase 1C 4-Pack) and Lot B (Mangini Place Apartments) are other pending development proposals, the boundaries of which would be slightly modified with the Minor Administrative Modification discussed below. The Mangini Ranch Phase 1C 4-Pack project is being considered at the same Planning Commission meeting as the subject project and the Mangini Place Apartments will be at a meeting in the near future.

The Project subdivision layout is shown in Figure 3 on the following page. (A more detailed version of the subdivision map is included as Attachment 6 to this staff report.)

FIGURE 3: PROPOSED SUBDIVISION LAYOUT

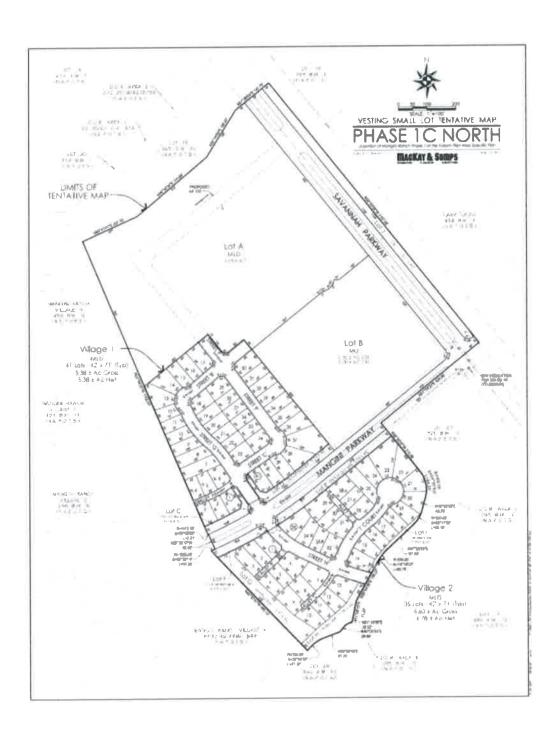


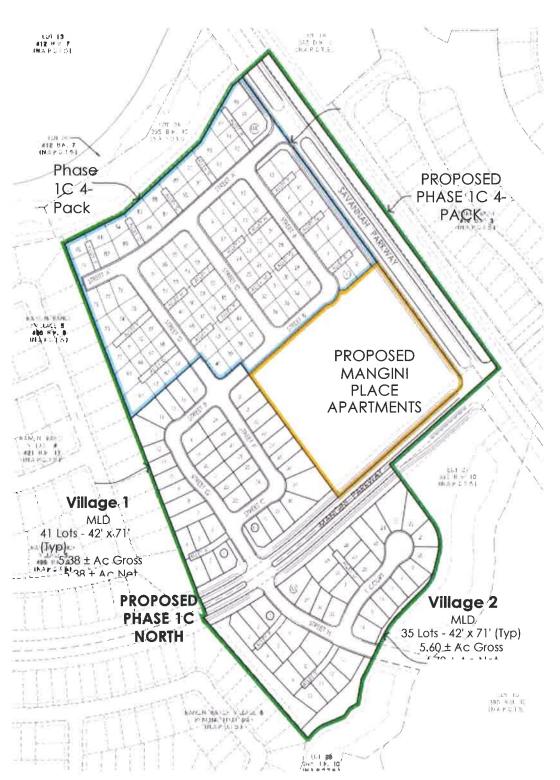
TABLE 1: LAND USE SUMMARY

Village	Zoning/ Land Use	Gross Acres	Net Acres	Units	Density
1	SP-MLD Multi-Family Low Density	5.38	5.38	41	7.6
2	SP-MLD Multi-Family Low Density	5.60	4.78	35	7.3
Lot A* Part of another Project	SP-MLD (Proposed 1C 4- Pack)	11.05	11.05	N/A	N/A
Lot B* Part of another Project	SP-MU Mixed Use (Proposed Mangini Place Apartments)	5.35	5.0	N/A	N/A
Lots C-F	SP-OS Open Space/Landscape	.86	0.86	0	0
Lots G-I	SP-MLD Landscape	0.0	0.82	0	0
Lot J	SP-OS2	0.77	0.77	0	0
Right of Way	Roads	3.25	3.25	0	0
Total		32.26	31.91	76	

Figure 4 below shows the relationship of the Phase 1C North Project, to other pending Projects that are within the boundaries of the SLVTM including the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C 4-Pack Project located to the north and the proposed Mangini Place Apartments to the northeast.

There are various landscape parcels that are being created by the SLVTM. Lots G-I would be deeded to the City at the time of Final Map. Lot G contains an existing waterline easement. Lot H contains a future trail, providing the connection to/from Mangini Ranch Village 6 to the south with Street H. The Applicant shall grade the Class 1 trail through Lot H.

FIGURE 4: RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS



The proposed subdivision features two "villages" with minimum lot sizes of 3,000 square feet (42'x71'). Corner lots as proposed generally range from 3,850 square feet (55'x70') to 4,720 square feet (59'x80'). All lots are consistent with the development standards for the MLD land use district of the FPASP. In addition, all lots will have a standard 12.5-foot-wide public utility easement in the front yard (and street side yard for corner lots).

The subdivision uses standard public street right-of-way dimensions, including an internal roadway system with attached sidewalks on both sides of the street, as shown in Figure 5 below.

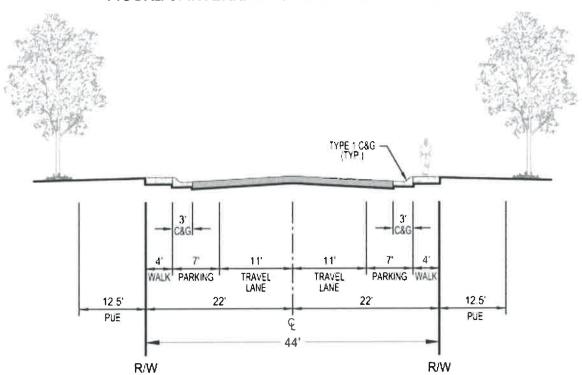


FIGURE 5: INTERNAL ROADWAY CROSS SECTION

Typical residential street entries into the subdivision are provided from Mangini Parkway. These street entries correspond with street entries into the subdivisions to the north and south of the project site. The street entrances on Mangini Parkway will allow full turning movements, while also allowing direct access from the Project site through the Phase 1C 4-Pack Subdivision directly to the north, with a connection through the subdivision to Savannah Parkway as shown in Figure 6.

Village 1 on the north side of Mangini Parkway includes a roadway that provides a loop system (with Road B, C, G and F), and a connection to the proposed Phase 1C 4-Pack project to the north via Road F. Village 1 also provides one alley loaded "I" court.

Village 2 provides three alley-loaded "I"- courts and one cul-de-sac on the south side of Mangini Parkway.

Pedestrian access and circulation are accommodated through the provision of attached sidewalks on all interior streets, and off-street Class I trails in open space to the south of Village 2. Class II bike lanes are provided on Savannah Parkway and Mangini Parkway (as required in the FPASP) and Class II bike routes are provided on all residential streets. The nearest access points to the Class I trail system are provided at Mangini Parkway and Street H in Village 2, and Savannah Parkway to a Class 1 trail to the north.

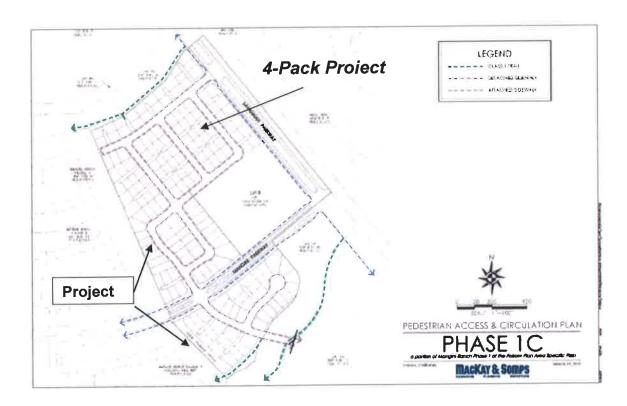


FIGURE 6: PEDESTRIAN ACCESS

B. Design Review

The Project includes the construction of 76 single family homes. All of the homes are

proposed in a two-story configuration and range in size from 1,822 square feet to 2,221 square feet.

Three architectural styles are proposed:

- Modern Spanish
- Italian Villa
- Modern Prairie

There are four plan types for all three architectural styles, with a variety of colors and materials as shown in the Applicant's submittal (Attachment 9).

The Applicant's submittal describes the architectural styles as follows:

- Modern Spanish Based on simple early Spanish missions, the style uses
 minimal decorative details borrowed from Spanish Revival homes that are
 most common in southwestern states, particularly California, Arizona, and
 Texas. Identifying features are low-pitched roofs, with little to no overhang,
 and tile roof covering. Recessed elements along with gable end details and
 trims; wall surface is usually stucco; and the facade normally asymmetrical.
- Italian Villa This style provides a classic look. Roofs contain villa-shaped concrete tile and are gently pitched; the homes have two story massing with stucco exterior finish and stone veneer on columns.
- Modern Prairie Roofs are a lower hip on hip design with flat concrete
 roof tiles. These roofs contribute to a grounded massing approach
 highlighted with vertically oriented feature windows. Elevation features
 are further highlighted with material transitions and color application.
 Windows kept intentionally without grids and masonry stone veneer
 styles are the most rectilinear and crisp for differentiation and
 contemporary theme. Color schemes work with massing design to
 provide an earthy feel with accent pops of color.

Examples illustrations of the architectural styles applied to the designs are shown in Figure 7 on the following page.

FIGURE 7: ELEVATIONS



Front Elevation 1 A - Modern Spanish







Front Elevation IC - Modern Prairie









SCHEMATIC DESIGN

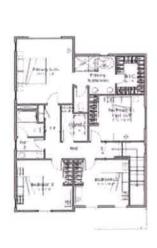


EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - PLAN

A1.0

Typical floorplans are shown on the following pages. Refer to Attachment 9 for additional details. As noted earlier, only Plan 3 includes a downstairs bedroom.

FIGURE 8: PLAN 1 FLOORPLAN 2



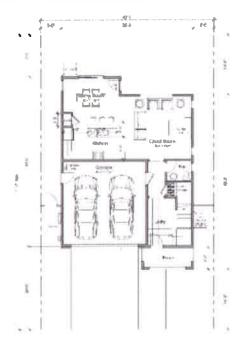












FIGURE 9: PLAN 3 FLOORPLAN



The lots have a 12.5-foot front yard with landscaping proposed as shown in Figure 10.

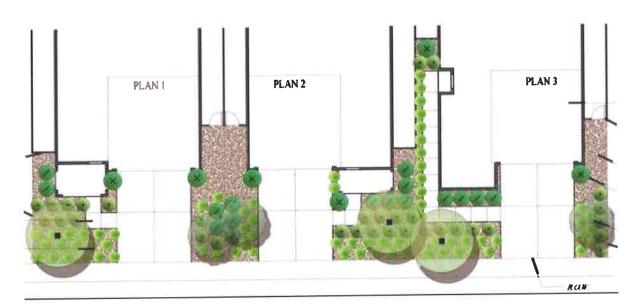


FIGURE 10: FRONT YARD LANDSCAPING

C. Minor Administrative Modification

The Project includes two Minor Administrative Modifications (MAMs). The first request is for approval of a MAM to transfer development rights to move 20 dwelling units among three parcels (147, 132, and 211), as shown on Figure 11. One transferring parcel is outside the boundaries of this Project (parcel 211), in proximity to the Project to the southeast.

The unit transfer supports the 76 units in the SLVTM. The transferring and receiving parcels are located within the FPASP and, after the transfer, they would remain within the General Plan and specific plan density ranges. The transferring and receiving parcels are owned and controlled by the Applicant and overall units for the parcels would remain at 288 total units.

FPASP #147
Existing:121du
Proposed: 141du (+20du)

FPASP #211
Existing: 33du
Proposed: SZdu (-11du)

FPASP #32
Existing: 104du
Proposed: 95du (-9du)

Dwelling Unit Allocation

Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan

Grant Balls (Allocation

Roll (Allocat

FIGURE 11: PROPOSED REALLOCATION OF 20 DWELLING UNITS

The second MAM is for minor adjustments to the land use boundaries of two FPASP parcels (shown as Lot A and Lot B on the SLVTM). The adjustments to the land use boundaries are requested to maximize development efficiencies.

As shown in Figure 12, a minor boundary change is proposed along the north edge of the Lot B (Mangini Place Apartments). This boundary change is minor and just smooths out the edge and the acreage would remain the same.

FIGURE 12: MINOR ADMINISTRATIVE MODIFICATION BOUNDARY REFINEMENT



ATTACHMENT 3 ANALYSIS

The following sections provide an analysis of the Applicant's proposal. Staff's analysis addresses the following:

- A. Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map to subdivide into 76 residential lots.
- B. Design Review (Architectural Review of Master Plans)
- C. Traffic/Access/Circulation
- D. Parking
- E. Noise Impacts
- F. Inclusionary Housing
- G. Minor Administrative Modification Land Use Boundary Refinement
- H. Minor Administrative Modification (Shift of Dwelling Units to Other Parcels)

This section also includes a discussion of the project's performance with relation to relevant policies in the Folsom General Plan and the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan:

I. Conformance with relevant Folsom General Plan and Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Objectives and Policies

A. Small Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map

As shown on the submitted Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map (Attachment 6), the proposed subdivision includes 76- single family residential lots, ten open space and landscape lots, and nine internal public streets. The Project will be required to dedicate public right-of-way for the internal public streets.

Condition 6 requires the Applicant to dedicate public utility easements for underground facilities (i.e., SMUD, Pacific Gas and Electric, cable television, telephone) on properties adjacent to the streets. Staff has determined that the proposed Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map complies with all City requirements, as well as with the requirements of the State Subdivision Map Act.

As shown in Table 2, Development Standards, the Project conforms to all development standards established by the FPASP for the MLD land use category including minimum lot size, maximum lot coverage, and setbacks as shown in the table below. No deviations from these standards are proposed by the Applicant.

TABLE 2: SP-MLD Development Standards Table

SP-MLD Multi-Family Low Density Development Standards Table					
Development Standard	Requirement	Proposed Project			
Front Porch Setback	12.5 Feet	12.5 Feet			
Front Primary Structure Setback	15 Feet	15 Feet			
Front Garage Setback	20 Feet	20 Feet			
Side Yard Setbacks	5 Feet/5 Feet	5 Feet/5 Feet			
Rear Yard Setback	10 Feet	10 Feet			
Maximum Lot Coverage	50%	50%			

B. Design Review (Architectural Review of Master Plans)

Proposed Residential Designs

The Project is located within the central portion of the Folsom Plan Area; thus, it is subject to the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines, which were approved by the City Council in 2015, and amended in 2018. The Design Guidelines are a complementary document to the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan and the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Community Guidelines.

The following are the general architectural principles intended to guide the design of the Folsom Ranch, Central District to ensure quality development:

- Provide a varied and interesting street scene.
- Focus of the home is the front elevation, not the garage.
- Provide a variety of garage placements.
- Provide detail on rear elevations where visible from the public streets.
- Choose appropriate massing and roof forms to define the architectural styles.
- Ensure that plans and styles provide a degree of individuality.
- Use architectural elements and details to reinforce individual architectural styles.

In addition to the general architectural principles referenced previously, the Design Guidelines also provide specific direction regarding several architectural situations and features including edge conditions, corner buildings, building forms, off-set massing forms, front elevations, roof forms, feature windows, architectural projects, balconies, lower height elements, garage door treatments, outdoor living spaces, exterior structures, building materials, and color criteria.

The Design Guidelines require that specific homes within a subdivision that meet the definition of an "edge condition" lot are required to incorporate enhanced architectural details on the rear and side building elevations, like the enhanced architectural details provided on the front building elevation of the home. Figure 13 below shows the individual lots within the Phase 1C North Subdivision that are considered "edge condition" lots.

AZAN EMMAKEENCLEMATON (MITHEER USES OR A CAPT BRANKENS OF PARTITION FOR THEORY COTS LEGEND ID REAR BETBACK 4 SOE RETEMON IES SIDE SETBACK (CONNER LOT) E LALLEYING ARTREST: BETBACK S MILEYVIN GIRGETS FRONT BETRACK CURNS SPACES PHASE S CALLEYOUR (STREET) PRONT BETSAGE (MARAGE)

FIGURE 13: EDGE CONDITION (ENHANCED) LOT EXHIBIT

The Applicant has provided enhanced architectural features on the homes that are visible from street or open space views including additional windows and enhanced window details, siding details and materials (see Attachment 9, Residential Schematic Design)

In evaluating the proposed project, staff also took into consideration building and design elements that could be considered unique to the Folsom Plan Area. Staff has determined that the proposed architectural styles and master plans do include many unique building and design elements and are consistent with the Folsom Ranch Design Guidelines. Based on this analysis, staff forwards the following design recommendations to the Commission for consideration:

- 1. This approval is for two-story homes in four master plans and three architectural styles with 12 color and material options. The Applicant shall submit building plans that comply with this approval and the attached building elevations dated March 19, 2021.
- 2. The design, materials, and colors of the single-family residential units shall be consistent with the approved building elevations, materials samples, and color schemes to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.
- 3. The Community Development Department shall approve the individual lot permits to assure no duplication or repetition of the same house, same roof-line, same elevation style, side-by-side, or across the street from each other.
- 4. All mechanical equipment shall be ground-mounted and concealed from view of public streets, neighboring properties and nearby higher buildings.
- 5. Decorative light fixtures, consistent with the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines and unique to each architectural design theme, shall be added to the front elevation of each Master Plan to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.
- 6. A minimum of one street tree shall be planted in the front yard of each residential lot within the subdivision. A minimum of two trees are required along the street-side of all corner lots. All front yard irrigation and landscaping shall be installed prior to a Building Permit Final.

These recommendations listed above are included in the conditions of approval presented for consideration by the Planning Commission (Condition No. 50).

E. Traffic/Access/Circulation

The 2011 Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact Statement included not only a detailed analysis of traffic-related impacts within the

Plan Area, but also an evaluation of traffic-related impacts on the surrounding communities. In total, there are fifty-five (55) traffic-related mitigation measures associated with development of the FPASP which are included as conditions of approval for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Subdivision project. Many of these mitigation measures are expected to reduce traffic impacts to East Bidwell Street. Included among the mitigation measures are requirements to; fund and construct roadway improvements within the Plan Area, pay a fair-share contribution for construction of improvements north of U.S. Highway 50, participate in the City's Transportation System Management Fee Program, and Participate in the U.S. Highway 50 Corridor Transportation Management Association. The Mangini Ranch 1C North Subdivision project is subject to all traffic-related mitigation measures required by the 2011 FPASP EIR/EIS (Condition Nos 54-25 to 54-79).

On May 21, 2021, Kimley Horn completed a Traffic Impact Analysis (included as Attachment 12 to this staff report). The analysis included two other pending projects located adjacent to this Project and within the SLVTM (Phase 1C -4-Pack located to the north and the proposed Mangini Apartments located easterly of the Project) to determine whether additional impacts would occur that were not previously identified and addressed by the 2011 FPASP EIR/EIS.

The Kimley Horn Traffic Impact Analysis concluded that the expected traffic would be minimal and consistent with the assumptions of the plan area, as considered in the FPASP EIR.

As shown on the submitted Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map (Attachment 6), primary access to the Project site is provided by Mangini Parkway.

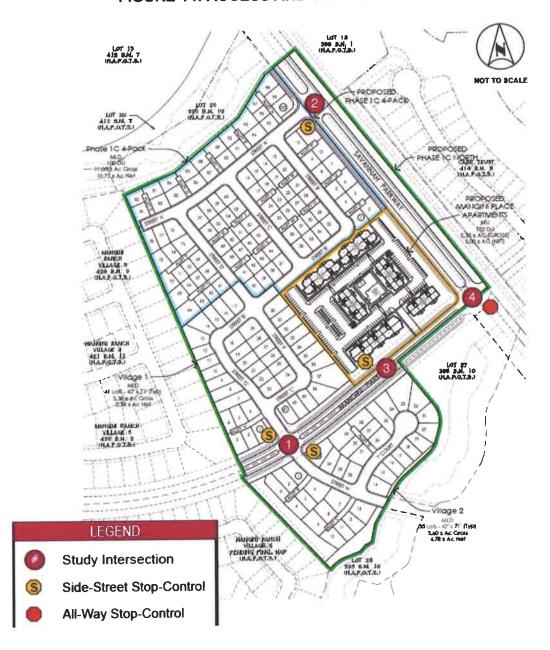


FIGURE 14: ACCESS AND CIRCULATION EXHIBIT

Pedestrian Access/Circulation

An adjacent subdivision backs up to Lot G located on the southwest corner of Village 2, and homes (Lots 3, 4, 9 and 10) side on to this lot. Retaining walls are proposed on

both sides of this lot. Mangini Ranch Village 6 is to the west, and the Project is proposing retaining walls of 2-14-feet along the eastern edge. An existing rock-line drainage swale is located in Lot G. As a condition of approval (Condition No 39), Lot G shall be landscaped, and a pedestrian trail provided to link with the Class 1 trail to the south and would be dedicated to the City. This will provide an additional trail connection and ensure that Lot G does not become a nuisance.

A condition of approval No. 39 also is requiring an offsite easement be provided with a separated sidewalk from the east side of Lot E in Village 2 along the open space frontage of Mangini Parkway to Savannah Parkway.

The following are recommendations which have been included as conditions (Condition No. 50) of approval for the 1C North Subdivision project.

- a. Emergency Vehicle Access shall be granted on Street D and Street A to provide and maintain secondary access to the north (via the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North 4-Pack project) for a connection to Placerville Road.
- b. Required public and private subdivision improvements, including but not limited to street and frontage improvements on Mangini Parkway shall be completed prior to issuance of the first Certificate of Occupancy for the subdivision.

D. Parking

The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan requires that single-family residential units located within a Multi-Family Low Density (MLD) designated area provide two covered parking spaces per unit. The FPASP also requires that single-family residential units located within an MLD designated area provide a minimum of 0.8 guest parking spaces per unit.

As shown on the submitted residential schematic design (Attachment 9), each home will include a two-car attached garage, thus meeting the covered parking requirement of the FPASP. There will also be the opportunity for on-street parking spaces throughout the Project area, which exceeds the minimum of 0.8 parking spaces required by the FPASP.

E. Noise Impacts

A Noise Assessment (Attachment 13) was prepared by Bollard Acoustical Consultants on May 3, 2021 to determine whether Mangini Parkway traffic-related noise would cause noise levels at the Project site to exceed acceptable limits, as described in the Noise Element of the City of Folsom General Plan, and to evaluate compliance with the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan EIR Noise Mitigation Measures.

Outdoor Noise Levels

The noise analysis projected noise levels adjacent to Mangini Parkway (based on future

traffic levels) to determine noise levels at homes adjacent to the roadway. The City's standards are:

- 60 dB L_{dn}¹ for outdoor activity areas (such as rear yards)
- 45 dB L_{dn} for interior areas in dwellings

The noise analysis concluded that, *without mitigation*, noise levels along Mangini Parkway in outdoor spaces of the homes would exceed 60 dB L_{dn} in the rear yards of homes (up to 67 dB L_{dn}) and thus exceed the City's standard for outdoor activity areas.

The Noise Analysis recommends that the Project design include additional solid noise barriers along Mangini Parkway. The noise barriers could take the form of masonry wall, earthen berm, or a combination of the two as outlined in the Noise Analysis-Attachment 13. This requirement is included as Condition of Approval No. 33.

Interior Noise Levels

The noise analysis concluded that standard residential construction adjacent to Mangini Parkway would reduce interior noise levels to acceptable levels. The noise analysis also recommended that standard residential construction (including STC 32 window assemblies) be utilized on the second floor of homes just as a conservative measure to ensure noise levels remain at 45 dB or lower in the future. In addition, mechanical ventilation (air conditioning) should be provided for all residences in this development to allow the occupants to close doors and windows as desired to achieve compliance with the applicable General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard. These measures are included as Condition No. 33. In addition, the recommended conditions of approval (Condition No. 19) require the Applicant to provide a final design for all walls and fences for review and approval by staff prior to construction.

G. Inclusionary Housing

The Applicant proposes to comply with Folsom Municipal Code Chapter 17.104 (Inclusionary Housing) by paying in-lieu fees per Municipal Code Section 17.104.060(G). (See the applicant's Inclusionary Housing letter, included as Attachment 15 to this staff report). Homes within the subdivision will be sold at market prices. Fees paid by the Applicant will help provide affordable housing elsewhere in the city. The Applicant is required to enter into an Inclusionary Housing Agreement with the City. The Final Inclusionary Housing Plan is subject to approval by the City Council. In addition, the Inclusionary Housing Agreement, which will be approved by the City Attorney, must be

¹ dB Ldn is average noise level over a 24-hour day, measured in decibels (dB). The average includes a +10 decibel weighing applied to noise occurring during nighttime (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.) hours.

executed prior to recordation of the Final Map for the 1C North Subdivision project. Condition No. 41 is included to reflect these requirements.

H. Minor Administrative Modifications

The Project proposes two minor administrative modifications (MAMs) to refine a development edge and to reallocate residential units between parcels, respectively.

Boundary refinement

The boundary line between the MU site (Lot B) and the adjoining MLD parcel (Lot A) is shown slightly modified to maximize development efficiencies. The modification simply smooths the edge between the two parcels. Acreages of the various land uses remain the same although the edges have been modified.

Transfer of units

The Applicant is proposing to construct 76 residential units on the subject parcel, and therefore, a Minor Administrative Modification is being requested to reallocate 20 residential units from FPASP parcels 211 (-11 du) and 132 (-9 du) to the Project site (FPASP parcel 147). No change to the overall FPASP unit allocation or total population, will occur. The Project does not affect the overall amount of non-residential development in the FPASP.

The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan provides for Minor Administrative Modifications, "... that are consistent with and do not substantially change its overall intent, such as minor adjustments to the land use locations and parcel boundaries shown in Figure 4.1 – Land Use and Figure 4.4 – Plan Area Parcels and the land use acreages shown in Table 4.1 – Land Use Summary." [FPASP Section 13.3].

Minor administrative modifications can be approved at a staff level, provided the following criteria are met:

- The proposed modification is within the Plan Area.
- The modification does not reduce the size of the proposed town center.
- The modification retains compliance with City Charter Article 7.08, previously known as Measure W.
- The general land use pattern remains consistent with the intent and spirit of the FPASP.
- The proposed changes do not substantially alter the backbone infrastructure network.
- The proposed modification offers equal or superior improvements to development capacity or standards.

- The proposed modification does not increase environmental impacts beyond those identified in the EIR/EIS.
- Relocated park or school parcels continue to meet the standards for the type of park or school proposed.
- Relocated park or school parcels remain within walking distance of the residents they serve.

Based on staff's review, the proposed reallocation of 20 residential units meets all of the required criteria mentioned above. The General Plan and specific plan densities will remain the same. As a result, staff can approve the proposed Minor Administrative Modification.

J. Conformance with Relevant General Plan and Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Objectives and Policies

The Applicant prepared a detailed analysis of the project's consistency with all of the policies in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan; that analysis is included in the CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis in Attachment 13 to this report. Staff concurs with the Applicant's analysis that the project is consistent with the Specific Plan.

The following is a summary analysis of the project's consistency with the Folsom General Plan and with key policies of the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan.

GP and SP OBJECTIVE H-1 (Housing)

To provide an adequate supply of suitable sites for the development of a range of housing types to meet the housing needs of all segments of the population.

GP and SP POLICY H-1.1

The City shall ensure that sufficient land is designated and zoned in a range of residential densities to accommodate the City's regional share of housing.

Analysis: The City provides residential lands at a variety of residential densities as specified in the General Plan and in the Folsom Municipal Code. The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan includes specialized zoning (Specific Plan Designations) that are customized to the Plan Area as adopted in 2011 and as Amended over time. The FPASP provides residential lands at densities ranging from 1-4 dwelling unit per acre (SF), 4-7 dwelling units per acre (SFHD), 7-12 dwelling units per acre (MLD), 12-20 dwelling units per acre (MMD), 20-30 dwelling units per acre (MHD), and 9-30 dwelling units per acre (MU).

The Phase 1C North Subdivision project is designated MLD and is proposed to be developed at 7.3 units per acre, which is within the density range for the MLD designation.

SP POLICY 4.1

Create pedestrian-oriented neighborhoods through the use of a grid system of streets where feasible, sidewalks, bike paths and trails. Residential neighborhoods shall be linked, where appropriate, to encourage pedestrian and bicycle travel.

<u>Analysis:</u> The Project proposes a compact single-family neighborhood with a system of local streets linked with sidewalks and connection to the open space to the south. Biking and walking will be accommodated within the Project and will be connect via external sidewalks and Class II and Class III bicycle lanes with nearby neighborhoods, parks, schools, and open space trails with Class I bicycle trails.

SP POLICY 4.4

Provide a variety of housing opportunities for residents to participate in the homeownership market.

Analysis: The Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan provides home ownership opportunities within the MLD (Multi-Family Low Density land use category. The Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Subdivision project is consistent with this policy in that it will provide detached single family home ownership opportunities within the MLD designation zoned parcels at a more affordable price point than in other, less dense residential developments.

SP POLICY 4.6

As established by the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan, the total number of dwelling units for the Plan Area shall not exceed 11,461. The number of units within individual land use parcels may vary, so long as the number of units falls within the allowable density range for a particular land use designation.

Analysis: There have been a number of Specific Plan Amendments approved by the City Council within the Folsom Plan Area, which has generally led to an increase in residentially zoned land and a decrease in commercially zoned land. As a result, the number of residential units within the Plan Area increased from 10,210 to 11,461. The various Specific Plan Amendment EIRs and Addenda analyzed impacts from the conversion of the commercial lands to residential lands; impacts and associated mitigations measures can be found in the individual project-specific environmental documents. The increase in population was analyzed and can be accommodated in the excess capacity of the school sites provided in the Plan Area.

The proposed project does not result in any change in total dwelling units in the FPASP. The reallocation of units to these parcels will not exceed the allowable density for the parcels.

SP OBJECTIVE 7.1 (Circulation)

Consistent with the California Complete Streets Act of 2008 and the Sustainable

Communities and Climate Protection Act (SB 375), create a safe and efficient circulation system for all modes of travel.

SP POLICY 7.1

The roadway network in the Plan Area shall be organized in a grid-like pattern of streets and blocks, except where topography and natural features make it infeasible, for the majority of the Plan Area in order to create neighborhoods that encourage walking, biking, public transit, and other alternative modes of transportation.

Analysis: Consistent with the requirements of the California Complete Streets Act, the FPASP identified and planned for hierarchy of connect "complete streets" to ensure that pedestrian, bike, bus, and automobile modes are travel are designed to have direct and continuous connections throughout the Plan Area. Every option, from regional connector roadways to arterial and local streets, has been carefully planned and designed. Recent California legislation to reduce greenhouse gas emissions (AB 32 and SB 375) has resulted in an increased market demand for public transit and housing located closer to service needs and employment centers. In response to these changes, the FPASP includes a regional transit corridor that will provide public transportation links between the major commercial, public, and multi-family residential land uses in the Plan Area.

The Mangini Ranch 1C North Subdivision project has been designed with multiple modes of transportation options (vehicles, bicycle, walking, access to transit) and internal street organized pattern consistent with the approved FPASP circulation plan.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) provides that residential projects which are consistent with an approved Specific Plan for which an EIR was prepared are exempt from a requirement to prepare additional environmental analysis. CEQA Guidelines section 15182(c) provides specific criteria to determine whether this exemption applies:

- (c) Residential Projects Implementing Specific Plans.
- (1) Eligibility. Where a public agency has prepared an EIR on a specific plan after January 1, 1980, a residential project undertaken pursuant to and in conformity to that specific plan is exempt from CEQA if the project meets the requirements of this section. Residential projects covered by this section include but are not limited to land subdivisions, zoning changes, and residential planned unit developments. [CEQA Guidelines section 15182]

The Applicant has prepared an analysis (included as Attachment 11 to this staff report), which determined that the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project qualifies for the

exemption provided in CEQA Guidelines 15182(c), since it is consistent with the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan.

The Applicant's analysis also includes a review of the impacts and mitigation measures addressed in the EIR for the FPASP, which concluded that the project will not result in any impacts not already identified, and that mitigation measures in the EIR will be sufficient to address project impacts. None of the events described in CEQA Guidelines 15162 which would require preparation of a subsequent EIR (substantial changes to the project, substantial changes in the circumstances under which the project is undertaken, or new information of substantial Importance) have occurred, as detailed in the CEQA Exemption Analysis (Attachment 11 to this staff report).

The City has reviewed the Applicant's analysis and concurs that the project is exempt from additional environmental review as provided in CEQA Guidelines 15182(c).

RECOMMENDATION/PLANNING COMMISSION ACTION

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission recommend City Council approval of the proposed project, subject to the proposed Findings and Conditions of Approval attached to this report.

Move to recommend that the City Council:

- Approve the CEQA Exemption for the proposed project pursuant to CEQA Guidelines section 15182(c),
- Approve a Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map creating 76 single-family residential lots and ten lettered landscape lots,
- Approve a Minor Administrative Modification to reallocate 20 single family units (three
 parcels in the Project site and one immediately adjacent) within the FPASP area.
- Approve a Minor Administrative Modification to refine the parcel boundary between Lot A and Lot B.
- Approve Design Review of the Applicant's master plan residential designs.

These approvals are subject to the findings (Findings A-R) and the conditions of approval (Conditions 1-55) attached to this report.

GENERAL FINDINGS

- A. NOTICE OF HEARING HAS BEEN GIVEN AT THE TIME AND IN THE MANNER REQUIRED BY STATE LAW AND CITY CODE.
- B. THE PROJECT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE GENERAL PLAN, THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN, AND THE FOLSOM RANCH CENTRAL DISTRICT DESIGN GUIDELINES.

CEQA FINDINGS

- C. THE CITY, AS LEAD AGENCY, PREVIOUSLY CERTIFIED AN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT/ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT FOR THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN.
- D. THE CITY HAS DETERMINED THAT THE MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C NORTH PROJECT IS UNDERTAKEN TO IMPLEMENT AND IS CONSISTENT WITH THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN.
- E. THE CITY HAS DETERMINED THAT THE IMPACTS OF THE MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C NORTH SUBDIVISION PROJECT ARE ADEQUATELY ADDRESSED BY THE FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT FOR THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN AND ASSOCIATED MITIGATION MEASURES AND THAT THE MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C NORTH SUBDIVISION PROJECT IS EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF CEQA PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 65457 AND CEQA GUIDELINES 15182(c).
- F. NONE OF THE EVENTS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 21166 OF THE PUBLIC RESOURCES CODE OR SECTION 15162 OF THE CEQA GUIDELINES HAVE OCCURRED.
- G. THIS PROJECT IS EXEMPT FROM CEQA IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 65457 AND SECTION 15182 OF THE CEQA GUIDELINES.

TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP FINDINGS

H. THE PROPOSED SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP IS CONSISTENT WITH THE CITY'S SUBDIVISION ORDINANCE AND THE SUBDIVISION MAP ACT IN THAT THE PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL THAT WILL ENSURE THAT THE PROJECT IS DEVELOPED IN COMPLIANCE WITH CITY STANDARDS.

- I. THE PROPOSED SUBDIVISION, TOGETHER WITH THE PROVISIONS FOR ITS DESIGN AND IMPROVEMENT, IS CONSISTENT WITH THE GENERAL PLAN, THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN, AND ALL APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE FOLSOM MUNICIPAL CODE.
- J. THE SITE IS PHYSICALLY SUITABLE FOR THE TYPE OF DEVELOPMENT PROPOSED.
- K. THE SITE IS PHYSICALLY SUITABLE FOR THE PROPOSED DENSITY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.
- L. AS CONDITIONED, THE DESIGN OF THE SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP AND THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS ARE NOT LIKELY TO CAUSE SUBSTANTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE OR SUBSTANTIALLY AND AVOIDABLY INJURE FISH OR WILDLIFE OR THEIR HABITAT.
- M. AS CONDITIONED, THE DESIGN OF THE SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP AND THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS ARE NOT LIKELY TO CAUSE SERIOUS PUBLIC HEALTH OR SAFETY PROBLEMS.
- N. THE DESIGN OF THE SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP AND THE TYPE OF IMPROVEMENTS WILL NOT CONFLICT WITH EASEMENTS FOR ACCESS THROUGH OR USE OF PROPERTY WITHIN THE PROPOSED SUBDIVISION.
- O. SUBJECT TO SECTION 66474.4 OF THE SUBDIVISION MAP ACT, THE LAND IS NOT SUBJECT TO A CONTRACT ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO THE CALIFORNIA LAND CONSERVATION ACT OF 1965 (COMMENCING WITH SECTION 51200 OF THE GOVERNMENT CODE).

DESIGN REVIEW FINDINGS

- P. THE PROJECT IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE GENERAL PLAN, THE FOLSOM PLAN AREA SPECIFIC PLAN AND THE APPLICABLE ZONING ORDINANCES.
- Q. THE PROJECT IS IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE FOLSOM RANCH CENTRAL DISTRICT DESIGN GUIDELINES.
- R. THE BUILDING MATERIALS, TEXTURES, AND COLORS OF THE PROJECT WILL BE COMPATIBLE WITH SURROUNDING DEVELOPMENT AND CONSISTENT WITH THE GENERAL DESIGN THEME OF THE NEIGHBORHOOD.

Attachment 4 Conditions of Approval

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL FOR THE MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C NORTH SUBDIVISION (PN 21-001) NORTH AND SOUTH OF MANGINI PARKWAY SMALL-LOT VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP, DESIGN REVIEW, AND MINOR ADMINISTRATIVE MODIFICATION When Responsible **Condition of Approval** Mitigation Condition **Department** Required Measure No. Final Development Plans 1. The Owner/Applicant shall submit final site development plans to the Community Development Department that shall substantially conform to the exhibits referenced below: Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, dated May 19, 2021. 2. Preliminary Grading and Drainage Plan, dated March 19,2021. 3. Conceptual Front Yard Landscaping, dated March 18, 2020. G, I, M, B CD(P)(E)4. Access and Circulation Analysis, dated May 21, 2021. 5. Environmental Noise Analysis, dated May 3, 2020. 6. Applicant's Inclusionary Housing Letter, November 3, 2020. The Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, Design Review, and Inclusionary Housing Plan are approved for the development of a 76-unit single-family residential subdivision (Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Subdivision). Implementation of the project shall be consistent with the above referenced items and these conditions of approval. Plan Submittal 2. All civil engineering, improvement, and landscape and irrigation plans, shall be G, I CD (P)(E) submitted to the Community Development Department for review and approval to ensure conformance with this approval and with relevant codes, policies, standards and other requirements of the City of Folsom. Validity 3. This approval of the Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map shall be valid for a period of twenty-four (24) months pursuant to Section 16.16.110A of the Folsom Municipal Code and the Subdivision Map Act. The Inclusionary Housing Agreement M CD (P) shall track the term of the Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, as may be extended from time to time pursuant to Section 16.16.110.A and 16.16.120 of the

Folsom Municipal Code and the Subdivision Map Act.

4.	FMC Compliance The Small-Lot Final Map shall comply with the Folsom Municipal Code and the Subdivision Map Act.	M	CD (E)
5.	Development Rights The approval of this Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map conveys the right to develop. As noted in these conditions of approval for the Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map, the City has identified improvements necessary to develop the subject parcels. These improvements include on and off-site roadways, water, sewer, storm drainage, landscaping, soundwalls, and other improvements.	OG	CD (P)(E)(B) PW, PR, FD, PD
6.	Public Right of Way Dedication As provided for in the First Amended and Restated Development Agreement (ARDA) and the Amendments No. 1 and 2 thereto, and any approved amendments thereafter, the Owner/Applicant shall dedicate all public rights-of-way and corresponding public utility easements such that public access is provided to each and every lot within the Mangini Ranch 1C North Subdivision project as shown on the Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map (Lots 1-76).	М	CD (E)(P)
7.	Street Names The Applicant shall select street names from either the City's approved list or subsequently approved by the Planning Commission for the small lot final map.	M	CD (E)(P)

8.	Indemnity for City The Owner/Applicant shall protect, defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the City and its agents, officers and employees from any claim, action or proceeding against the City or its agents, officers or employees to attack, set aside, void, or annul any approval by the City or any of its agencies, departments, commissions, agents, officers, employees, or legislative body concerning the project, which claim, action or proceeding is brought within the time period provided therefore in Government Code Section 66499.37 or other applicable statutes of limitation. The City will promptly notify the owner/Applicant of any such claim, action or proceeding, and will cooperate fully in the defense. If the City should fail to cooperate fully in the defense, the owner Owner/Applicant shall not thereafter be responsible to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the City or its agents, officers, and employees, pursuant to this condition. The City may, within its unlimited discretion, participate in the defense of any such claim, action or proceeding if both of the following occur: • The City bears its own attorney's fees and costs; and • The City defends the claim, action or proceeding in good faith. The Owner/Applicant shall not be required to pay or perform any settlement of such claim, action or proceeding unless the settlement is approved by the owner/applicant. The owner/applicant's obligations under this condition shall apply regardless of whether a Final Map is ultimately recorded with respect to this project.	OG	CD (P)(E)(B) PW, PR, FD, PD
9.	Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map The Small-Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision map is expressly conditioned upon compliance with all environmental mitigation measures identified in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan EIR/EIS as amended by the Revised Proposed Water Supply Facility Alternative (November 2012), the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Backbone Infrastructure Mitigated Negative Declaration (December 2014).	OG	CD
10.	ARDA and Amendments The Owner/Applicant shall comply with all provisions of Amendments No. 1 and 2 to the First Amended and Restated Tier 1 Development Agreement and any approved amendments thereafter by and between the City and the Owner/Applicant of the project.	М	CD (E)

11.	Mitigation Monitoring The Owner/Applicant shall participate in a mitigation monitoring and reporting program pursuant to City Council Resolution No. 2634 and Public Resources Code 21081.6. The mitigation monitoring and reporting measures identified in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan FEIR/EIS have been incorporated into these conditions of approval in order to mitigate or avoid significant effects on the environment. These mitigation monitoring and reporting measures are identified in the mitigation measure column. Applicant shall fund on a Time and Materials basis all mitigation monitoring (e.g., staff and consultant time).	OG	CD (P)
12.	The Owner/Applicant acknowledges that the State adopted amendments to Section 65850 of the California Government Code (specifically Section 65850(9)), effective January 1, 2018, to allow for the implementation of inclusionary housing requirements in residential rental units, upon adoption of an ordinance by the City. The Landowner is not currently contemplating any residential rental projects within the Subject Property; however, in the event the City amends its Inclusionary Housing Ordinance with respect to rental housing pursuant to Section 65850(9), Landowner (or successor in interest) agrees that the Subject Property shall be subject to said City Ordinance, as amended, should any residential rental project be proposed within the Subject Property.	OG	CD (P)
	POLICE/SECURITY REQUIREMENT		
13.	The Owner/Applicant shall consult with the Police Department in order to incorporate all reasonable crime prevention measures. The following security/safety measures shall be considered: • A security guard on-duty at all times at the site or a six-foot security fence shall be constructed around the perimeter of construction areas. • Security measures for the safety of all construction equipment and unit appliances.	G, I, B	PD
	Landscaping shall not cover exterior doors or windows, block line-of-sight at intersections or screen overhead lighting.		

	DEVELOPMENT COSTS AND FEE REQUIREMENTS				
14.	Taxes and Fees The Owner/Applicant shall pay all applicable taxes, fees and charges for the project at the rate and amount required by the Public Facilities Financing Plan and Amendments No. 1 and No. 2 to the Amended and Restated Tier 1 Development Agreement.	М	CD (P)(E)		
15.	Assessments If applicable, the owner/applicant shall pay off any existing assessments against the property, or file necessary segregation request and pay applicable fees.	M	CD (E)		
16.	The Owner/Applicant shall be subject to all Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Area development impact fees in place at the time of approval or subsequently adopted consistent with the Public Facilities Financing Plan (PFFP), Development Agreement and amendments thereto, unless exempt by previous agreement. The Owner/Applicant shall be subject to all applicable Folsom Plan Area plan-wide development impact fees in effect at such time that a building permit is issued. These fees may include, but are not limited to, the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Fee, Specific Plan Infrastructure Fee (SPIF), Solid Waste Fee, Corporation Yard Fee, Transportation Management Fee, Transit Fee, Highway 50 Interchange Fee, General Park Equipment Fee, Housing Trust Fee, etc. Any protest to such for all fees, dedications, reservations or other exactions imposed on this project will begin on the date of final approval (July 1, 2021), or otherwise shall be governed by the terms of Amendments No. 1 and 2 to ARDA. The fees shall be	В	CD (P), PW, PK		

17.	Legal Counsel The City, at its sole discretion, may utilize the services of outside legal counsel to assist in the implementation of this project, including, but not limited to, drafting, reviewing and/or revising agreements and/or other documentation for the project. If the City utilizes the services of such outside legal counsel, the City shall provide notice to the Owner/Applicant of the outside counsel selected, the scope of work and hourly rates, and the Owner/Applicant shall reimburse the City for all outside legal fees and costs incurred and documented by the City for such services. The Owner/Applicant may be required, at the sole discretion of the City Attorney, to submit a deposit to the City for these services prior to initiation of the services. The Owner/Applicant shall be responsible for reimbursement to the City for the services regardless of whether a deposit is required.	OG	CD (P)(E)
18.	Consultant Services If the City utilizes the services of consultants to prepare special studies or provide specialized design review or inspection services for the project, the City shall provide notice to the Owner/Applicant of the outside consultant selected, the scope of work and hourly rates, and the Owner/Applicant shall reimburse the City for actual costs incurred and documented in utilizing these services, including administrative costs for City personnel. A deposit for these services shall be provided prior to initiating review of the Grading Plan, Final Map, improvement plans, or beginning inspection, whichever is applicable.	G, I, M, B	CD (P)(E)

	GRADING PERMIT REQUIREMENTS				
19.	Walls/Fences The final location, design, height, materials, and colors of the walls and fences subject to review and approval by the Community Development Department to ensure consistency with the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines. The location of the fencing shall remain in perpetuity as shown and installed originally by the Applicant (i.e., fence may not be moved into the PUE on side/corner lots).	G, I, B	CD (P)(E), FD		
20.	Mine Shaft Remediation The Owner/Applicant shall locate and remediate all antiquated mine shafts, drifts, open cuts, tunnels, and water conveyance or impoundment structures existing on the project site, with specific recommendations for the sealing, filling, or removal of each that meet all applicable health, safety and engineering standards. Recommendations shall be prepared by an appropriately licensed engineer or geologist. All remedial plans shall be reviewed and approved by the City prior to approval of grading plans.	G	CD (E)		

21.	Prepare Traffic Control Plan.		
	Prior to construction, a Traffic Control Plan for roadways and intersections affected by		
	construction shall be prepared by the Owner/Applicant. The Traffic Control Plan		
	prepared by the Owner/Applicant shall, at minimum, include the following measures:		
	 Maintaining the maximum amount of travel lane capacity during non-construction periods, possible, and advanced notice to drivers through the provision of construction signage. Maintaining alternate one-way traffic flow past the lay down area and site access when feasible. Heavy trucks and other construction transport vehicles shall avoid the busiest commute hours (7 a.m. to 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. to 6 p.m. on weekdays). A minimum 72-hour advance notice of access restrictions for residents, businesses, and local emergency response agencies. This shall include the identification of alternative routes and detours to enable for the avoidance of the immediate construction zone. A phone number and City contact for inquiries about the schedule of the construction throughout the construction period. This information will be posted in 	G	CD (E)
	a local newspaper, via the City's web site, or at City Hall and will be updated on a monthly basis.		
22.	State and Federal Permits		
	The Owner/Applicant shall obtain all required State and Federal permits and provide	G, I	CD (P)(E)
	evidence that said permits have been obtained, or that the permit is not required, subject		
	to staff review prior to approval of any grading or improvement plan.		
23.	Landslide /Slope Failure		
	The Owner/Applicant shall retain an appropriately licensed engineer during grading	G	CD (E) PW
	activities to identify existing landslides and potential slope failure hazards. The said		
	engineer shall be notified a minimum of two days prior to any site clearing or grading		
	to facilitate meetings with the grading contractor in the field.		
	IMPROVEMENT PLAN REQUIREMENTS		
24.	Improvement Plans		
	The improvement plans for the required public and private subdivision improvements	I, M	CD (E)
	necessary to serve any and all phases of development shall be reviewed and approved		
	by the Community Development Department prior to approval of a Final Map.		

25.	Standard Construction Specifications and Details Public and private improvements, including roadways, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, bicycle lanes and trails, streetlights, underground infrastructure and all other improvements shall be provided in accordance with the latest edition of the City of Folsom Standard Construction Specifications and Details and the Design and Procedures Manual and Improvement Standards.	I	CD (P)(E)
26.	Water and Sewer Infrastructure All City-owned water and sewer infrastructure shall be placed within the street right of way. In the event that a City-maintained public water or sewer main needs to be placed in an area other than the public right of way, such as through an open space corridor, landscaped area, etc., the following criteria shall be met;		
	 The Owner/Applicant shall provide public sewer and water main easements An access road shall be designed and constructed to allow for the operations, maintenance and replacement of the public water or sewer line by the City along the entire water and/or sewer line alignment. In no case shall a City-maintained public water or public sewer line be placed on private residential property. 	I	CD (E)

		T	ή
27.	 Lighting Plan The Owner/Applicant of all project phases shall submit a lighting plan for the project to the Community Development Department. The lighting plan shall be consistent with the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines: Shield or screen lighting fixtures to direct the light downward and prevent light spill on adjacent properties; Place and shield or screen flood and area lighting needed for construction activities, nighttime sporting activities, and/or security so as not to disturb adjacent residential areas and passing motorists; For public lighting in residential neighborhoods, prohibit the use of light fixtures that are of unusually high intensity or that blink or flash; Use appropriate building materials (such as low-glare glass, low-glare building glaze or finish, neutral, earth toned colored paint and roofing materials), shielded or screened lighting, and appropriate signage in the office/commercial areas to prevent light and glare from adversely affecting motorists on nearby roadways; and Design exterior on-site lighting as an integral part of the building and landscaping design in the Specific Plan Area. Lighting fixtures shall be architecturally consistent with the overall site design. Lights used on signage should be directed to light only the sign face with no off-site glare. 	I, B	CD (P)
28.	Utility Coordination The Owner/Applicant shall coordinate the planning, development and completion of this project with the various utility agencies (i.e., SMUD, PG&E, etc.). The Owner/Applicant shall provide the City with written confirmation of public utility service prior to approval of the final map.	M	CD (P)(E)
29.	Replacing Hazardous Facilities The Owner/Applicant shall be responsible for replacing any and all damaged or hazardous public sidewalk, curb and gutter, and/or bicycle trail facilities along the site frontage and/or boundaries, including pre-existing conditions and construction damage, to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.	I, OG	CD (E)

30.	Future Utility Lines		
	All future utility lines lower than 69 KV that are to be built within the project shall be placed underground within and along the perimeter of the project at the developer's cost. The Owner/Applicant shall dedicate to SMUD all necessary underground easements for the electrical facilities that will be necessary to service development of	I, M	CD (E)
	the project.		
31.	Water Meter Fixed Network System The Owner/Applicant shall pay for, furnish and install all infrastructure associated with the water meter fixed network system for any City-owned and maintained water meter within the project.	I	CD (E), EWR
32.	Class II Bike Lanes All Class II bike lanes on Mangini Parkway shall be striped, and the legends painted to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department. No parking shall be permitted within the Class II bike lanes.	I	CD (E)(P)
33.	Noise Barriers and Window Assemblies Based on the Environmental Noise Assessment prepared by Bollard Acoustical Consultants for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project on May 3, 2021, the following measures shall be implemented to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department:		
	 a. To comply with the General Plan 60 dB DNL exterior noise level standard, it is recommended that the Project design include additional solid traffic noise barriers at the minimum heights (relative to backyard elevation) and locations illustrated on Figure 2 of the Noise Assessment. The noise barriers could take the form of masonry wall, earthen berm, or a combination of the two. b. To ensure compliance with the General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard <i>including</i> a factor of safety, it is recommended that all upper-floor bedroom windows of residences constructed adjacent to Mangini Parkway from which the roadway would be visible be upgraded to a minimum STC rating of 32. Figure 2 shows the lots with recommended window assembly upgrades. c. Mechanical ventilation (air conditioning) shall be provided for all residences in the development to allow the occupants to close doors and windows as desired to achieve compliance with the applicable General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard. 	I, O	CD (E)(P)

34.	Master Plan Updates		
	The owner/applicant shall provide sanitary sewer, water and storm drainage improvements with corresponding easements, as necessary, in accordance with these studies and the latest edition of the City of Folsom <u>Standard Construction</u> <u>Specifications and Details</u> , and the <u>Design and Procedures Manual and Improvement Standards</u> .	G, I	CD(E), EWR, PW
	The storm drainage design shall provide for no net increase in run-off under post-development conditions.		
35.	Best Management Practices The storm drain improvement plans shall provide for "Best Management Practices" that meet the requirements of the water quality standards of the City's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit issued by the State Regional Water Quality Control Board. In addition to compliance with City ordinances, the owner/applicant shall prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) that comply with the General Construction Stormwater Permit from the Central Valley RWQCB, to reduce water quality effects during construction. Detailed information about the SWPPP and BMPs are provided in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality."	G, I	CD (E)
36.	Litter Control During Construction, the Owner/Applicant shall be responsible for litter control and sweeping of all paved surfaces in accordance with City standards. All on-site storm drains shall be cleaned immediately before the official start of the rainy season (October 15).	OG	CD (E)

	FIRE DEPT REQUIREMENTS		
37.	 All-Weather Access and Fire Hydrants The Owner/Applicant shall provide all-weather access and fire hydrants before combustible materials are allowed on any project site or other approved alternative method as approved by the Fire Department. All-weather emergency access roads and fire hydrants (tested and flushed) shall be provided before combustible material or vertical construction is allowed on any project site or other approved alternative method as approved by the Fire Department. (All-weather access is defined as six inches of compacted aggregate base from May 1 to September 30 and two inches asphalt concrete over six inches aggregate base from October 1 to April 30). The buildings shall have illuminated addresses visible from the street or drive fronting the property. Size and location of address identification shall be reviewed and approved by the Fire Department. Residential Fire-Flow with Automatic Fire Sprinkler System: The required fire-flow for the proposed subdivision is determined to be 500 gpm per minute for 30 minutes. All public streets shall meet City of Folsom Street Standards. The maximum length of any dead-end street shall not exceed 500 feet in accordance with the Folsom Fire Code (unless approved by the Fire Department). The first Fire Station planned for the Folsom Plan Area may be required to be completed and operational at the time that the threshold of 1,500 occupied homes within the Folsom Plan Area is met. 	G, I, M, B	CD (P), FD

	LANDSCAPE/TREE PRESERVATION REQUIREMENTS		
38.	Landscaping Plans Final landscape plans and specifications shall be prepared by a registered landscape architect and approved by the City prior to the approval of the first building permit. Said plans shall include all on-site landscape specifications and details including a tree planting exhibit demonstrating sufficient diversity and appropriate species selection to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department. The tree exhibit shall include all street trees, accent trees, parking lot shading trees, and mitigation trees proposed within the development. Said plans shall comply with all State and local rules, regulations, Governor's declarations and restrictions pertaining to water conservation and outdoor landscaping.	В	CD (P)(E)
	Landscaping shall meet shade requirements as outlined in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan where applicable. The landscape plans shall comply and implement water efficient requirements as adopted by the State of California (Assembly Bill 1881) (State Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance) until such time the City of Folsom adopts its own Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance at which time the owner/applicant shall comply with any new ordinance. Shade and ornamental trees shall be maintained according to the most current American National Standards for Tree Care Operations (ANSI A-300) by qualified tree care professionals. Tree topping for height reduction, view protection, light clearance or any other purpose shall not be allowed. Specialty-style pruning, such as pollarding, shall be specified within the approved landscape plans and shall be implemented during a 5-year establishment and training period.		
	The Owner/Applicant shall comply with city-wide landscape rules or regulations on water usage. The Owner/Applicant shall comply with any state or local rules and regulations relating to landscape water usage and landscaping requirements necessitated to mitigate for drought conditions on all landscaping in the Mangini Phase 1C North Subdivision Project.		

39.	Landscaping Plans		
	The Applicant shall provide for the following:	В	CD (P)(E)
	 a. An offsite public access easement landscaped with separated six-foot concrete sidewalk shall be provided from the east side of Lot E along the frontage of Mangini Parkway to Savannah Parkway. b. The Applicant shall landscape and provide a six-foot wide concrete pedestrian connection from Mangini Parkway to the future Class 1 trail to the south on Lot G. c. Lots G, H., I and J shall be graded and granted to the City in fee. Lot H shall be graded to include a Class 1 trail. d. Lot J adjoins the JPA corridor and shall be hydroseeded and dedicated to the City (non-landscaped). 		

	MAP REQUIREMENTS		
40.	Subdivision Improvement Agreement Prior to the approval of any Final Map, the owner/applicant shall enter into a subdivision improvement agreement with the City, identifying all required improvements, if any, to be constructed with each proposed phase of development. The owner/applicant shall provide security acceptable to the City, guaranteeing construction of the improvements.	М	CD (E)
41.	The Final Inclusionary Housing Plan The Final Inclusionary Housing Plan shall be approved by the City Council. The Inclusionary Housing Agreement, which will be approved by the City Attorney, shall be executed prior to recordation of the Final Map for the Mangini Phase 1C North Subdivision project.	М	CD (P)(E)

42.	The owner/applicant shall disclose to the homebuyers in the Department of Real Estate Public Report and/or the CCRP's the following items:		
	 Public Report and/or the CC&R's the following items: The soil in the subdivision may contain naturally occurring asbestos and naturally occurring arsenic. The collecting, digging, or removal of any stone, artifact, or other prehistoric or historic object located in public or open space areas, and the disturbance of any archaeological site or historic property, is prohibited. The project site is located close to the Mather Airport flight path and overflight noise may be present at various times. That all properties located within one mile of an on- or off-site area zoned or used for agricultural use (including livestock grazing) shall be accompanied by written disclosure from the transferor, in a form approved by the City of Folsom, advising any transferee of the potential adverse odor impacts from surrounding agricultural operations, which disclosure shall direct the transferee to contact the County of Sacramento concerning any such property within the County zoned for agricultural uses within one mile of the subject property being transferred. 	M	CD (P)
	5) Owner/Applicant acknowledges the final design, location, grade and configuration of the Connector Project east of East Bidwell Street is not known. As such, Owner/Applicant will include a recorded disclosure to be provided to all potential buyers of homes within Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project advising of the future Connector Project and associated noise, grade changes, height, location, design, traffic and construction as eventually approved.		
	6) Applicant shall ensure that the CC&Rs contain a notice that the side yard fencing can not be relocated and must remain as installed by Applicant.		

43.	Public Utility Easements		
	The Owner/Applicant shall dedicate public utility easements for underground facilities on properties adjacent to the public and private streets. A minimum of twelve and one-half-foot (12.5') wide Public Utility Easements for underground facilities (i.e., SMUD, Pacific Gas and Electric, cable television, telephone) shall be dedicated adjacent to all public and private street rights-of-way. The owner/applicant shall dedicate additional width to accommodate extraordinary facilities as determined by the City. The width of the public utility easements adjacent to public and private right of way may be reduced with prior approval from public utility companies.	М	CD (E)
44.	Backbone Infrastructure As provided for in the ARDA and the Amendment No. 1 thereto, the Owner/Applicant shall provide fully executed grant deeds, legal descriptions, and plats for all necessary infrastructure to serve the project, including but not limited to lands, public rights of way, public utility easements, public water main easements, public sewer easements, irrevocable offers of dedication and temporary construction easements. All required easements as listed necessary for the Infrastructure shall be reviewed and approved by the City and recorded with the Sacramento County Recorder pursuant to the timing requirements set forth in Section 3.8 of the ARDA, and any amendments thereto.	М	CD (E)
45.	New Permanent Benchmarks The Owner/Applicant shall provide and establish new permanent benchmarks on the (NAVD 88) datum in various locations within the subdivision or at any other locations in the vicinity of the project/subdivision as directed by the City Engineer. The type and specifications for the permanent benchmarks shall be provided by the City. The new benchmarks shall be placed by the owner/applicant within 6 months from the date of approval of the vesting tentative subdivision map.	М	CD (E)
46.	Centralized Mail Delivery Units All Final Maps shall show easements or other mapped provisions for the placement of centralized mail delivery units. The owner/applicant shall provide a concrete base for the placement of any centralized mail delivery unit. Specifications and location of such base shall be determined pursuant to the applicable requirements of the U. S. Postal Service and the City of Folsom Community Development Department, with due consideration for street light location, traffic safety, security, and consumer convenience.	М	CD (E)

47.	Recorded Final Map Prior to the issuance of building permits, the Owner/Applicant shall provide a digital copy of the recorded Final Map (in AutoCAD format) to the Community Development Department. The exception to this requirement is model homes. Building permits for model homes only may be issued prior to recording of the Final Map, subject to approval by the Community Development Department.	В	CD (E)
48.	Recorded Final Map Prior to issuance of building permits, the Owner/Applicant shall provide the Folsom-Cordova Unified School District with a copy of the recorded Final Map.	В	CD (P), FCUSD
49.	Credit Reimbursement Agreement Prior to the recordation of the first Small-Lot Final Map, the Owner/Applicant and City shall enter into a credit and reimbursement agreement for constructed improvements that are included in the Folsom Plan Area's Public Facilities Financing Plan.	М	CD (E)
	TRAFFIC/ACCESS/CIRCULATION/PARKING REQUIREMENTS		
50.	The following conditions of approval are related to roadway and traffic related improvements for the Phase 1C North 4-Project. Refer to Attachment 12, Kimley Horn Memo dated May 21, 2021.	В, О	CD (E), PW, FD
	 c. Emergency Vehicle Access shall be granted on Street D and Street A to provide and maintain secondary access to the north (via the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North 4-Pack project) for a connection to Placerville Road. d. Required public and private subdivision improvements, including but not limited to street and frontage improvements on Mangini Parkway shall be completed prior to issuance of the first Certificate of Occupancy for the subdivision. 		

	ARCHITECTURE/SITE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS		
51.	The Mangini Phase 1C North Subdivision Project shall comply with the following architecture and design requirements:		
	1. This approval is for three architectural styles with 12 color and material options. The applicant shall submit building plans that comply with this approval and the attached building elevations dated March 19, 2021.		
	2. The design, materials, and colors of the single-family residential units shall be consistent with the approved building elevations, materials samples, and color schemes to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.		
	3. The Community Development Department shall approve the individual lot permits to assure no duplication or repetition of the same house, same roofline, same elevation style, side-by-side, or across the street from each other.	B,O	CD (P) (B)
	4. All mechanical equipment shall be ground-mounted and concealed from view of public streets, neighboring properties and nearby higher buildings.		
	5. Decorative light fixtures, consistent with the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines and unique to each architectural design theme, shall be added to the front elevation of each Master Plan to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.		
	6. A minimum of one tree is required in the front yard of each residential lot within the subdivision. A minimum of two trees are required along the street-side of all corner lots. All front yard irrigation and landscaping shall be installed prior to a Building Permit Final and Occupancy.		

52.	Trash/Recycling Containers and Air Conditioner Screening Trash, recycling, and yard waste containers shall be placed behind the side yard fence so that they are not visible from the public right-of-way to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department. In addition, air conditioning units shall also be placed behind the side yard fence or located in the rear yard so that they are not visible from the public right-of-way to the satisfaction of the Community Development Department.	OG	CD (P) (E)
53.	The proposed project shall comply with all State and local rules, regulations, Governor's Declarations, and restrictions relative to water usage and conservations, including but not limited to: requirements relative to water usage and conservation established by the State Water Resources Control Board, and water usage and conservation requirements established within the Folsom Municipal Code, (Section 13.26 Water Conservation), or amended from time to time.	I, B, OG	CD (P)(E)

		MITIGATION MEASURES		
54.	✓	Mangini Phase 1C North Subdivision Mitigation Monitoring Reporting Program (MMRP). The conditions of approval below (numbered 55-1 to 55-89) implement the applicable mitigation measures from the FPASP (May 2011) MMRP, as amended by the Revised Proposed Water Supply Facility Alternative (November 2012), the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Backbone Infrastructure Mitigated Negative Declaration (December 2014) and the Westland Eagle SPA Addendum (September 2015).		
Condition No.	Mitigation Number (Source)	Mitigation Measures	Timing	Responsible Agency
		AESTHETICS		·
55-1	3A.1-4 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Screen Construction Staging Areas. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall locate staging and material storage areas as far away from sensitive biological resources and sensitive land uses (e.g., residential areas, schools, parks) as feasible. Staging and material storage areas shall be approved by the appropriate agency (identified below) before the approval of grading plans for all project phases and shall be screened from adjacent occupied land uses in earlier development phases to the maximum extent practicable. Screens may include, but are not limited to, the use of such visual barriers such as berms or fences. The screen design shall be approved by the appropriate agency to further reduce visual effects to the extent possible. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries shall be developed by the project applicant(s) of	Before approval of grading plans and during construction for all project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department.
55-2	3A.1-5 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, and Caltrans) to reduce to the extent feasible the visual effects of construction activities on adjacent project land uses that have already been developed. Establish and Require Conformance to Lighting Standards and Prepare and Implement a Lighting Plan. To reduce impacts associated with light and glare, the City shall:	Before approval of building permits.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

- Establish standards for on-site outdoor lighting to reduce high-intensity nighttime lighting and glare as part of the Folsom Specific Plan design guidelines/standards. Consideration shall be given to design features, namely directional shielding for street lighting, parking lot lighting, and other substantial light sources, that would reduce effects of nighttime lighting. In addition, consideration shall be given to the use of automatic shutoffs or motion sensors for lighting features to further reduce excess nighttime light.
- a. Use shielded or screened public lighting fixtures to prevent the light from shining off of the surface intended to be illuminated.
- b. To reduce impacts associated with light and glare, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall:
- c. Shield or screen lighting fixtures to direct the light downward and prevent light spill on adjacent properties.
- d. Flood and area lighting needed for construction activities, nighttime sporting activities, and/or security shall be screened or aimed no higher than 45 degrees above straight down (half-way between straight down and straight to the side) when the source is visible from any off-site residential property or public roadway.
- e. For public lighting in residential neighborhoods, prohibit the use of light fixtures that are of unusually high intensity or brightness (e.g., harsh mercury vapor, low-pressure sodium, or fluorescent bulbs) or that blink or flash.
- f. Use appropriate building materials (such as low-glare glass, low-glare building glaze or finish, neutral, earth-toned colored paint and roofing materials), shielded or screened lighting, and appropriate signage in the office/commercial areas to prevent light and glare from adversely affecting motorists on nearby roadways.
- g. A lighting plan for all on- and off-site elements within each agency's jurisdictional boundaries (specified below) shall be submitted to the relevant jurisdictional agency for review and approval, which shall include the above elements. The lighting plan may be submitted

		concurrently with other improvement plans, and shall be submitted before the installation of any lighting or the approval of building permits for each phase. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall implement the approved lighting plan. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project Applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties).		
		AIR QUALITY		·
55-3	3A.2-1a (FPASP	Implement Measures to Control Air Pollutant Emissions Generated by Construction of On-Site Elements.	Before the approval of all grading plans	City of Folsom Community Development Department
	EIR/EIS) To reduce short-term construction emissions any particular discretionary development approximately contractors to implement SMAQMD's list of Emission Control Practices, Enhanced Fugiti Practices, and Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices, at the time individual portions of the site undaddition to SMAQMD-recommended measurements.	To reduce short-term construction emissions, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall require their contractors to implement SMAQMD's list of Basic Construction Emission Control Practices, Enhanced Fugitive PM Dust Control Practices, and Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices (list below) in effect at the time individual portions of the site undergo construction. In addition to SMAQMD-recommended measures, construction operations shall comply with all applicable SMAQMD rules and regulations.	by the City and throughout project construction, where applicable, for all project phases.	
		Basic Construction Emission Control Practices		
		▶ Water all exposed surfaces two times daily. Exposed surfaces include, but are not limited to soil piles, graded areas, unpaved parking areas, staging areas, and access roads.		
		► Cover or maintain at least two feet of free board space on haul trucks transporting soil, sand, or other loose material on the site. Any haul trucks that would be traveling along freeways or major roadways should be covered.		
		► Use wet power vacuum street sweepers to remove any visible trackout mud or dirt onto adjacent public roads at least once a day. Use of dry power sweeping is prohibited.		
		► Limit vehicle speeds on unpaved roads to 15 miles per hour (mph).		

- ▶ All roadways, driveways, sidewalks, parking lots to be paved should be completed as soon as possible. In addition, building pads should be laid as soon as possible after grading unless seeding or soil binders are used.
- ▶ Minimize idling time either by shutting equipment off when not in use or reducing the time of idling to 5 minutes (as required by the state airborne toxics control measure [Title 13, Section 2485 of the California Code of Regulations]). Provide clear signage that posts this requirement for workers at the entrances to the site.
- ▶ Maintain all construction equipment in proper working condition according to manufacturer's specifications. The equipment must be checked by a certified mechanic and determine to be running in proper condition before it is operated.

Enhanced Fugitive PM Dust Control Practices – Soil Disturbance Areas

- ▶ Water exposed soil with adequate frequency for continued moist soil. However, do not overwater to the extent that sediment flows off the site.
- ▶ Suspend excavation, grading, and/or demolition activity when wind speeds exceed 20 mph.
- ▶ Plant vegetative ground cover (fast-germinating native grass seed) in disturbed areas as soon as possible. Water appropriately until vegetation is established.

Enhanced Fugitive PM Dust Control Practices - Unpaved Roads

- ▶ Install wheel washers for all exiting trucks, or wash off all trucks and equipment leaving the site.
- ▶ Treat site accesses to a distance of 100 feet from the paved road with a 6 to 12-inch layer of wood chips, mulch, or gravel to reduce generation of road dust and road dust carryout onto public roads.
- ▶ Post a publicly visible sign with the telephone number and person to contact at the construction site regarding dust complaints. This person shall respond and take corrective action within 48 hours. The phone

number of SMAQMD and the City contact person shall also be posted to ensure compliance.

Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices

► The project shall provide a plan, for approval by the City of Folsom Community Development Department and SMAQMD, demonstrating that the heavy-duty (50 horsepower [hp] or more) off-road vehicles to be used in the construction project, including owned, leased, and subcontractor vehicles, will achieve a project wide fleet-average 20% NOX reduction and 45% particulate reduction compared to the most current California Air Resources Board (ARB) fleet average that exists at the time of construction. Acceptable options for reducing emissions may include use of late-model engines, low-emission diesel products, alternative fuels, engine retrofit technology, after-treatment products, and/or other options as they become available. The project applicant(s) of each project phase or its representative shall submit to the City of Folsom Community Development Department and SMAQMD a comprehensive inventory of all off-road construction equipment, equal to or greater than 50 hp, that would be used an aggregate of 40 or more hours during any portion of the construction project. The inventory shall include the horsepower rating, engine production year, and projected hours of use for each piece of equipment. The inventory shall be updated and submitted monthly throughout the duration of the project, except that an inventory shall not be required for any 30-day period in which no construction activity occurs. At least 48 hours prior to the use of heavy-duty off-road equipment, the project representative shall provide SMAQMD with the anticipated construction timeline including start date, and name and phone number of the project manager and on-site foreman. SMAQMD's Construction Mitigation Calculator can be used to identify an equipment fleet that achieves this reduction (SMAQMD 2007a). The project shall ensure that emissions from all off-road diesel powered equipment used on the SPA do not exceed 40% opacity for more than three minutes in any one hour. Any equipment found to exceed 40 percent opacity (or Ringelmann 2.0) shall be repaired immediately, and the City and

		SMAQMD shall be notified within 48 hours of identification of noncompliant equipment. A visual survey of all in-operation equipment shall be made at least weekly, and a monthly summary of the visual survey results shall be submitted throughout the duration of the project, except that the monthly summary shall not be required for any 30-day period in which no construction activity occurs. The monthly summary shall include the quantity and type of vehicles surveyed as well as the dates of each survey. SMAQMD staff and/or other officials may conduct periodic site inspections to determine compliance. Nothing in this mitigation measure shall supersede other SMAQMD or state rules or regulations. If at the time of construction, SMAQMD has adopted a regulation or new guidance applicable to construction emissions, compliance with the regulation or new guidance may completely or partially replace this mitigation if it is equal to or more effective than the mitigation contained herein, and if SMAQMD so permits.	Defens the annual	The City of Follows Construction
55-4	3A.2-1b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Pay Off-site Mitigation Fee to SMAQMD to Off-Set NOX Emissions Generated by Construction of On-Site Elements. Implementation of the project or the other four other action alternatives would result in construction-generated NOX emissions that exceed the SMAQMD threshold of significance, even after implementation of the SMAQMD Enhanced Exhaust Control Practices (listed in Mitigation Measure 3A.2-1a). Additionally, Mitigation Measure 3A.4-1 (Implement Additional Measures to Control Construction-Generated GHG Emissions, pages 3A.4-14 to 15) has the potential to both reduce and increase NOX emissions, depending on the types of alternative fuels and engine types employed. Therefore, the project applicant(s) shall pay SMAQMD an off-site mitigation fee for implementation of any of the five action alternatives for the purpose of reducing NOX emissions to a less-than-significant level (i.e., less than 85 lb/day). All NOX emission reductions and increases associated with GHG mitigation shall be added to or subtracted from the amount above the construction threshold to determine off-site mitigation fees, when possible. The specific fee amounts shall be calculated when the daily construction emissions can be more accurately determined: that is, if the City/USACE select and certify the EIR/EIS and	Before the approval of all grading plans by the City and throughout project construction for all project phases.	The City of Folsom Community Development Department shall not grant any grading permits to the respective project applicant(s) until the respective project applicant(s) have paid the appropriate off-site mitigation fee to SMAQMD.

55-5	3A.2-1c	approves the Proposed Project or one of the other four other action alternatives, the City and the applicants must establish the phasing by which development would occur, and the applicants must develop a detailed construction schedule. Calculation of fees associated with each project development phase shall be conducted by the project applicant(s) in consultation with SMAQMD staff before the approval of grading plans by the City. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall pay into SMAQMD's off-site construction mitigation fund to further mitigate construction generated emissions of NOX that exceed SMAQMD's daily emission threshold of 85 lb/day. The calculation of daily NOX emissions shall be based on the cost rate established by SMAQMD at the time the calculation and payment are made. At the time of writing this EIR/EIS the cost rate is \$16,000 to reduce 1 ton of NOX plus a 5% administrative fee (SMAQMD 2008c). The determination of the final mitigation fee shall be conducted in coordination with SMAQMD before any ground disturbance occurs for any project phase. Analyze and Disclose Projected PM10 Emission Concentrations at	Before the approval	City of Folsom Community
	(FPASP EIR/EIS)	Nearby Sensitive Receptors Resulting from Construction of On-Site Elements. Prior to construction of each discretionary development entitlement of on-site land uses, the project applicant shall perform a project-level CEQA analysis (e.g., supporting documentation for an exemption, negative declaration, or project-specific EIR) that includes detailed dispersion modeling of construction-generated PM10 to disclose what PM10 concentrations would be at nearby sensitive receptors. The dispersion modeling shall be performed in accordance with applicable SMAQMD guidance that is in place at the time the analysis is performed. At the time of writing this EIR/EIS, SMAQMD's most current and most detailed guidance for addressing construction-generated PM10 emissions is found in its Guide to Air Quality Assessment in Sacramento County (SMAQMD 2009a). The project-level analysis shall incorporate detailed parameters of the construction equipment and activities, including the year during which construction would be performed, as well as the proximity of potentially affected receptors, including receptors proposed by the project that exist at the time the construction activity would occur.	of all grading plans by the City.	Development Department

55-6	3A.2-2 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Implement All Measures Prescribed by the Air Quality Mitigation Plan to Reduce Operational Air Pollutant Emissions. To reduce operational emissions, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall implement all measures prescribed in the SMAQMD-approved Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Air Quality Mitigation Plan (AQMP) (Torrence Planning 2008), a copy of which is included in Appendix C2. The AQMP is intended to improve mobility, reduce vehicle miles traveled, and improve air quality as required by AB 32 and SB 375. The AQMP includes, among others, measures designed to provide bicycle parking at commercial land uses, an integrated pedestrian/bicycle path network, transit stops with shelters, a prohibition against the use the wood-burning fireplaces, energy star roofing materials, electric lawnmowers provided to homeowners at no charge, and on-site transportation alternatives to passenger vehicles (including light rail) that provide connectivity with other local and regional alternative transportation networks.	Before issuance of subdivision maps or improvement plans.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
55-7	3A.2-4a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Develop and Implement a Plan to Reduce Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to Construction-Generated Toxic Air Contaminant Emissions. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall develop a plan to reduce the exposure of sensitive receptors to TACs generated by project construction activity associated with buildout of the selected alternative. Each plan shall be developed by the project applicant(s) in consultation with SMAQMD. The plan shall be submitted to the City for review and approval before the approval of any grading plans. The plan may include such measures as scheduling activities when the residences are the least likely to be occupied, requiring equipment to be shut off when not in use, and prohibiting heavy trucks from idling. Applicable measures shall be included in all project plans and specifications for all project phases. The implementation and enforcement of all measures identified in each plan shall be funded by the project applicant(s) for the respective phase of development.	Before the approval of all grading plans by the City and throughout project construction, where applicable, for all project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

55-8	3A.2-6 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	 Implement Measures to Control Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to Operational Odorous Emissions. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall implement the following measure: ▶ The deeds to all properties located within the plan area that are within one mile of an on- or off-site area zoned or used for agricultural use (including livestock grazing) shall be accompanied by a written disclosure from the transferor, in a form approved by the City of Folsom, advising any transferee of the potential adverse odor impacts from surrounding agricultural operations, which disclosure shall direct the transferee to contact the County of Sacramento concerning any such property within the County zoned for agricultural uses within one mile of the subject property being transferred. 	Before the approval of building permits by the City and throughout project construction, where applicable, for all project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
	- 10	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES		
55-9	3A.3-1a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Plans to Avoid and Minimize Erosion and Runoff to All Wetlands and Other Waters That Are to Remain on the SPA and Use Low Impact Development Features. To minimize indirect effects on water quality and wetland hydrology, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall include stormwater drainage plans and erosion and sediment control plans in their improvement plans and shall submit these plans to the City Public Works Department for review and approval. For off-site elements within Sacramento County or El Dorado County jurisdiction (e.g., off-site detention basin and off-site roadway connections to El Dorado Hills), plans shall be submitted to the appropriate county planning department. Before approval of these improvement plans, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall obtain a NPDES MS4 Municipal Stormwater Permit and Grading Permit, comply with the City's Grading Ordinance and County drainage and stormwater quality standards, and commit to implementing all measures in their drainage plans and erosion and sediment control plans to avoid and minimize erosion and runoff into Alder Creek and all wetlands and other waters that would remain on-site. Detailed information about stormwater runoff	Before approval of improvement and drainage plans, and on an ongoing basis throughout and after project construction, as required for all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department

standards and relevant City and County regulation is provided in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality."

The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development entitlement shall implement stormwater quality treatment controls consistent with the Stormwater Quality Design Manual for Sacramento and South Placer Regions in effect at the time the application is submitted. Appropriate runoff controls such as berms, storm gates, offstream detention basins, overflow collection areas, filtration systems, and sediment traps shall be implemented to control siltation and the potential discharge of pollutants. Development plans shall incorporate Low Impact Development (LID) features, such as pervious strips, permeable pavements, bioretention ponds, vegetated swales, disconnected rain gutter downspouts, and rain gardens, where appropriate. Use of LID features is recommended by the EPA to minimize impacts on water quality, hydrology, and stream geomorphology and is specified as a method for protecting water quality in the proposed specific plan. In addition, free spanning bridge systems shall be used for all roadway crossings over wetlands and other waters that are retained in the on-site open space. These bridge systems would maintain the natural and restored channels of creeks, including the associated wetlands, and would be designed with sufficient span width and depth to provide for wildlife movement along the creek corridors even during high-flow or flood events, as specified in the 404 permit.

In addition to compliance with City ordinances, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP), and implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) that comply with the General Construction Stormwater Permit from the Central Valley RWQCB, to reduce water quality effects during construction. Detailed information about the SWPPP and BMPs are provided in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality."

Each project development shall result in no net change to peak flows into Alder Creek and associated tributaries, or to Buffalo Creek, Carson Creek, and Coyote Creek. The project applicant(s) shall establish a baseline of conditions for drainage on-site. The baseline-flow conditions shall be established for 2-, 5-, and 100-year storm events. These baseline

		conditions shall be used to develop monitoring standards for the stormwater system on the SPA. The baseline conditions, monitoring standards, and a monitoring program shall be submitted to USACE and the City for their approval. Water quality and detention basins shall be designed and constructed to ensure that the performance standards, which are described in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality," are met and shall be designed as off-stream detention basins. Discharge sites into Alder Creek and associated tributaries, as well as tributaries to Carson Creek, Coyote Creek, and Buffalo Creek, shall be monitored to ensure that pre-project conditions are being met. Corrective measures shall be implemented as necessary. The mitigation measures will be satisfied when the monitoring standards are met for 5 consecutive years without undertaking corrective measures to meet the performance standard. See FEIR/FEIS Appendix S showing that the detention basin in the northeast corner of the SPA has been moved off stream. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado County for the roadway connections, Sacramento County for the detention basin west of Prairie City Road, and Caltrans for the U.S. 50 interchange improvements) such that the performance standards described in Chapter 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality," are met.		
55-10	3A.3-2a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Avoid Direct Loss of Swainson's Hawk and Other Raptor Nests. To mitigate impacts on Swainson's hawk and other raptors (including burrowing owl), the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall retain a qualified biologist to conduct preconstruction surveys and to identify active nests on and within 0.5 mile of the project and active burrows on the project site. The surveys shall be conducted before the approval of grading and/or improvement plans (as applicable) and no less than 14 days and no more than 30 days before the beginning of construction for all project phases. To the extent feasible, guidelines provided in Recommended Timing and Methodology for Swainson's Hawk Nesting Surveys in the Central Valley (Swainson's Hawk Technical Advisory	Before the approval of grading and improvement plans, before any ground disturbing activities, and during project construction as applicable for all project phases.	California Department of Fish and Game and City of Folsom Community Development Department.

		Committee 2000) shall be followed for surveys for Swainson's hawk. If no nests are found, no further mitigation is required. If active nests are found, impacts on nesting Swainson's hawks and other raptors shall be avoided by establishing appropriate buffers around the nests. No project activity shall commence within the buffer area until the young have fledged, the nest is no longer active, or until a qualified biologist has determined in consultation with DFG that reducing the buffer would not result in nest abandonment. DFG guidelines recommend implementation of 0.25- or 0.5-mile-wide buffers, but the size of the buffer may be adjusted if a qualified biologist and the City, in consultation with DFG, determine that such an adjustment would not be likely to adversely affect the nest. Monitoring of the nest by a qualified biologist during and after construction activities will be required if the activity has potential to adversely affect the nest. If active burrows are found, a mitigation plan shall be submitted to the City for review and approval before any ground-disturbing activities. The City shall consult with DFG. The mitigation plan may consist of installation of one-way doors on all burrows to allow owls to exit, but not reenter, and construction of artificial burrows within the project vicinity, as needed; however, burrow owl exclusions may only be used if a qualified biologist verifies that the burrow does not contain eggs or dependent young. If active burrows contain eggs and/or young, no construction shall occur within 50 feet of the burrow until young have fledged. Once it is confirmed that there are no owls inside burrows, these burrows may be collapsed. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be developed by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase in consultation with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans), such that the performance criteria set forth in DFG's gu		
		GEOLOGY AND SOILS		
55-11	3A.7-1a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Prepare Site-Specific Geotechnical Report per CBC Requirements and Implement Appropriate Recommendations. Before building permits are issued and construction activities begin any project development phase,	Before issuance of building permits and ground-	City of Folsom Community Development Department

the project applicant(s) of each project phase shall hire a licensed geotechnical engineer to prepare a final geotechnical subsurface investigation report for the on- and off-site facilities, which shall be submitted for review and approval to the appropriate City or county department (identified below). The final geotechnical engineering report shall address and make recommendations on the following:	disturbing activities.
► Site preparation;	
► Soil bearing capacity;	
► Appropriate sources and types of fill;	
 Potential need for soil amendments; 	
Road, pavement, and parking areas;	
 Structural foundations, including retaining-wall design; 	
Grading practices;	
Soil corrosion of concrete and steel;	
► Erosion/winterization;	
Seismic ground shaking;	
► Liquefaction; and	
Expansive/unstable soils.	
In addition to the recommendations for the conditions listed above, the geotechnical investigation shall include subsurface testing of soil and groundwater conditions, and shall determine appropriate foundation designs that are consistent with the version of the CBC that is applicable at the time building and grading permits are applied for. All recommendations contained in the final geotechnical engineering report shall be implemented by the project applicant(s) of each project phase. Special recommendations contained in the geotechnical engineering report shall be noted on the grading plans and implemented as appropriate before construction begins. Design and construction of all new project development shall be in accordance with the CBC. The project applicant(s) shall provide for engineering inspection and certification that earthwork has been	

		performed in conformity with recommendations contained in the geotechnical report.		
55-12	3A.7-1b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Monitor Earthwork during Earthmoving Activities. All earthwork shall be monitored by a qualified geotechnical or soils engineer retained by the project applicant(s) of each project phase. The geotechnical or soils engineer shall provide oversight during all excavation, placement of fill, and disposal of materials removed from and deposited on both on- and off-site construction areas. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies)	Before issuance of building permits and ground- disturbing activities.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
55-13	3A.7-3 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	(i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans). **Prepare and Implement the Appropriate Grading and Erosion Control Plan.** Before grading permits are issued, the project applicant(s) of each project phase that would be located within the City of Folsom shall retain a California Registered Civil Engineer to prepare a grading and erosion control plan. The grading and erosion control plan shall be submitted to the City Public Works Department before issuance of grading permits for all new development. The plan shall be consistent with the City's Grading Ordinance, the City's Hillside Development Guidelines, and the state's NPDES permit, and shall include the site-specific grading associated with development for all project phases. The plans referenced above shall include the location, implementation schedule, and maintenance schedule of all erosion and sediment control measures, a description of measures designed to control dust and stabilize the construction-site road and entrance, and a description of the location and methods of storage and disposal of construction materials. Erosion and sediment control measures could include the use of detention basins, berms, swales, wattles, and silt fencing, and covering or watering of stockpiled soils to reduce wind erosion. Stabilization on steep slopes could include construction of retaining walls and reseeding with vegetation after construction. Stabilization of construction entrances to minimize trackout (control dust) is commonly achieved by installing filter fabric and crushed rock to a depth of approximately 1 foot. The	Before the start of construction activities.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

		project applicant(s) shall ensure that the construction contractor is responsible for securing a source of transportation and deposition of excavated materials. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties). Implementation of Mitigation Measure 3A.9-1 (discussed in Section 3A.9, "Hydrology and Water Quality – Land") would also help reduce		
55-14	3A.7-5 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Pivert Seasonal Water Flows Away from Building Foundations. The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall either install subdrains (which typically consist of perforated pipe and gravel, surrounded by nonwoven geotextile fabric), or take such other actions as recommended by the geotechnical or civil engineer for the project that would serve to divert seasonal flows caused by surface infiltration, water seepage, and perched water during the winter months away from building foundations.	Before and during earthmoving activities.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
55-15	3A.7-10 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Conduct Construction Personnel Education, Stop Work if Paleontological Resources are Discovered, Assess the Significance of the Find, and Prepare and Implement a Recovery Plan as Required. To minimize potential adverse impacts on previously unknown potentially unique, scientifically important paleontological resources, the project applicant(s) of all project phases where construction would occur in the Ione and Mehrten Formations shall do the following: Before the start of any earthmoving activities for any project phase in	During earthmoving activities in the Ione and Mehrten Formations.	City of Folsom Community Development Department
		the Ione or Mehrten Formations, the project applicant(s) shall retain a qualified paleontologist or archaeologist to train all construction personnel involved with earthmoving activities, including the site superintendent, regarding the possibility of encountering fossils, the appearance and types of fossils likely to be seen during construction, and proper notification procedures should fossils be encountered. If paleontological resources are discovered during earthmoving activities, the construction crew shall immediately cease work in the vicinity of the find and notify the appropriate lead agency (identified		

		below). The project applicant(s) shall retain a qualified paleontologist to evaluate the resource and prepare a recovery plan in accordance with Society of Vertebrate Paleontology guidelines (1996). The recovery plan may include, but is not limited to, a field survey, construction monitoring, sampling and data recovery procedures, museum storage coordination for any specimen recovered, and a report of findings. Recommendations in the recovery plan that are determined by the lead agency to be necessary and feasible shall be implemented before construction activities can resume at the site where the paleontological resources were discovered. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Sacramento County).		
	**	GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS AND CLIMATE O		
55-16	3A.4-1 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Implement Additional Measures to Control Construction-Generated GHG Emissions. To further reduce construction-generated GHG emissions, the project applicant(s) any particular discretionary development application shall implement all feasible measures for reducing GHG emissions associated with construction that are recommended by SMAQMD at the time individual portions of the site undergo construction. Such measures may reduce GHG exhaust emissions from the use of on-site equipment, worker commute trips, and truck trips carrying materials and equipment to and from the SPA, as well as GHG emissions embodied in the materials selected for construction (e.g., concrete). Other measures may pertain to the materials used in construction. Prior to releasing each request for bid to contractors for the construction of each discretionary development entitlement, the project applicant(s) shall obtain the most current list of GHG reduction measures that are recommended by SMAQMD and stipulate that these measures be implemented in the respective request for bid as well as the subsequent construction contract with the selected primary contractor. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application may submit to the City and SMAQMD a report that substantiates why specific measures are considered infeasible for construction of that particular development	Before approval of small-lot final maps and building permits for all discretionary development project, including all on- and off-site elements and implementation throughout project construction.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

phase and/or at that point in time. The report, including the substantiation for not implementing particular GHG reduction measures, shall be approved by the City, in consultation with SMAQMD prior to the release of a request for bid by the project applicant(s) for seeking a primary contractor to manage the construction of each development project. By requiring that the list of feasible measures be established prior to the selection of a primary contractor, this measure requires that the ability of a contractor to effectively implement the selected GHG reduction measures be inherent to the selection process.

SMAQMD's recommended measures for reducing construction-related GHG emissions at the time of writing this EIR/EIS are listed below and the project applicant(s) shall, at a minimum, be required to implement the following:

- ▶ Improve fuel efficiency from construction equipment:
 - reduce unnecessary idling (modify work practices, install auxiliary power for driver comfort);
- perform equipment maintenance (inspections, detect failures early, corrections);
- train equipment operators in proper use of equipment;
- use the proper size of equipment for the job; and
- use equipment with new technologies (repowered engines, electric drive trains).
- ▶ Use alternative fuels for electricity generators and welders at construction sites such as propane or solar, or use electrical power.
- ▶ Use an ARB-approved low-carbon fuel, such as biodiesel or renewable diesel for construction equipment. (Emissions of oxides of nitrogen [NOX] emissions from the use of low carbon fuel must be reviewed and increases mitigated.) Additional information about low carbon fuels is available from ARB's Low Carbon Fuel Standard Program (ARB 2009b).
- ▶ Encourage and provide carpools, shuttle vans, transit passes and/or secure bicycle parking for construction worker commutes.

		 Reduce electricity use in the construction office by using compact fluorescent bulbs, powering off computers every day, and replacing heating and cooling units with more efficient ones. Recycle or salvage non-hazardous construction and demolition debris (goal of at least 75% by weight). Use locally sourced or recycled materials for construction materials (goal of at least 20% based on costs for building materials, and based on volume for roadway, parking lot, sidewalk and curb materials). 		
		 Minimize the amount of concrete used for paved surfaces or use a low carbon concrete option. Produce concrete on-site if determined to be less emissive than transporting ready mix. 		
		► Use EPA-certified SmartWay trucks for deliveries and equipment transport. Additional information about the SmartWay Transport Partnership Program is available from ARB's Heavy-Duty Vehicle Greenhouse Gas Measure (ARB 2009c) and EPA (EPA 2009).		
		▶ Develop a plan in consultation with SMAQMD to efficiently use water for adequate dust control. This may consist of the use of non-potable water from a local source.		
		In addition to SMAQMD-recommended measures, construction activity shall comply with all applicable rules and regulations established by SMAQMD and ARB.		
55-17	3A.8-2 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Complete Investigations Related to the Extent to Which Soil and/or Groundwater May Have Been Contaminated in Areas Not Covered by the Phase I and II Environmental Site Assessments and Implement Required Measures.	Before and during earth moving activities	City of Folsom Community Development Department
		The project applicant(s) for any discretionary development application shall conduct Phase I Environmental Site Assessments (where an Phase I has not been conducted), and if necessary, Phase II Environmental Site Assessments, and/or other appropriate testing for all areas of the SPA and include, as necessary, analysis of soil and/or groundwater samples for the potential contamination sites that have not yet been covered by previous investigations (as shown in Exhibit 3A.8-1) before construction activities		

begin in those areas. Recommendations in the Phase I and II Environmental Site Assessments to address any contamination that is found shall be implemented before initiating ground-disturbing activities in these areas.

The project applicant(s) shall implement the following measures before ground-disturbing activities to reduce health hazards associated with potential exposure to hazardous substances:

- Prepare a plan that identifies any necessary remediation activities appropriate for proposed on- and off-site uses, including excavation and removal of on-site contaminated soils, redistribution of clean fill material in the SPA, and closure of any abandoned mine shafts. The plan shall include measures that ensure the safe transport, use, and disposal of contaminated soil and building debris removed from the site. In the event that contaminated groundwater is encountered during site excavation activities, the contractor shall report the contamination to the appropriate regulatory agencies, dewater the excavated area, and treat the contaminated groundwater to remove contaminants before discharge into the sanitary sewer system. The project applicant(s) shall be required to comply with the plan and applicable Federal, state, and local laws. The plan shall outline measures for specific handling and reporting procedures for hazardous materials and disposal of hazardous materials removed from the site at an appropriate off-site disposal facility.
- Notify the appropriate Federal, state, and local agencies if evidence of previously undiscovered soil or groundwater contamination (e.g., stained soil, odorous groundwater) is encountered during construction activities. Any contaminated areas shall be remediated in accordance with recommendations made by the Sacramento County Environmental Management Department, Central Valley RWQCB, DTSC, and/or other appropriate Federal, state, or local regulatory agencies.
- ▶ Obtain an assessment conducted by PG&E and SMUD pertaining to the contents of any existing pole-mounted transformers located in the SPA. The assessment shall determine whether existing on-site electrical transformers contain PCBs and whether there are any records of spills from such equipment. If equipment containing PCB is identified, the

		maintenance and/or disposal of the transformer shall be subject to the regulations of the Toxic Substances Control Act under the authority of the Sacramento County Environmental Health Department. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., Sacramento County).		
55-18	3A.9-1	HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY	Culturitted of the	City of Fall and City
55-18	(FPASP EIR/EIS)	Acquire Appropriate Regulatory Permits and Prepare and Implement SWPPP and BMPs. Prior to the issuance of grading permits, the project applicant(s) of all projects disturbing one or more acres (including phased construction of smaller areas which are part of a larger project) shall obtain coverage under the SWRCB's NPDES stormwater permit for general construction activity (Order 2009-0009-DWQ), including preparation and submittal of a project-specific SWPPP at the time the NOI is filed. The project applicant(s) shall also prepare and submit any other necessary erosion and sediment control and engineering plans and specifications for pollution prevention and control to Sacramento County, City of Folsom, El Dorado County (for the off-site roadways into El Dorado Hills under the Proposed Project Alternative). The SWPPP and other appropriate plans shall identify and specify: The use of an effective combination of robust erosion and sediment control BMPs and construction techniques accepted by the local jurisdictions for use in the project area at the time of construction, that shall reduce the potential for runoff and the release, mobilization, and exposure of pollutants, including legacy sources of mercury from project-related construction sites. These may include but would not be limited to temporary erosion control and soil stabilization measures, sedimentation ponds, inlet protection, perforated riser pipes, check dams, and silt fences The implementation of approved local plans, non-stormwater management controls, permanent post-construction BMPs, and inspection and maintenance responsibilities;	Submittal of the State Construction General Permit NOI and SWPPP (where applicable) and development and submittal of any other locally required plans and specifications before the issuance of grading permits for all on-site project phases and off-site elements and implementation throughout project construction.	City of Folsom Community Development Department

- ► The pollutants that are likely to be used during construction that could be present in stormwater drainage and non-stormwater discharges, including fuels, lubricants, and other types of materials used for equipment operation;
- ▶ Spill prevention and contingency measures, including measures to prevent or clean up spills of hazardous waste and of hazardous materials used for equipment operation, and emergency procedures for responding to spills;
- ▶ Personnel training requirements and procedures that shall be used to ensure that workers are aware of permit requirements and proper installation methods for BMPs specified in the SWPPP; and
- ▶ The appropriate personnel responsible for supervisory duties related to implementation of the SWPPP.
- ▶ Where applicable, BMPs identified in the SWPPP shall be in place throughout all site work and construction/demolition activities and shall be used in all subsequent site development activities. BMPs may include, but are not limited to, such measures as those listed below.
- ▶ Implementing temporary erosion and sediment control measures in disturbed areas to minimize discharge of sediment into nearby drainage conveyances, in compliance with state and local standards in effect at the time of construction. These measures may include silt fences, staked straw bales or wattles, sediment/silt basins and traps, geofabric, sandbag dikes, and temporary vegetation.
- ► Establishing permanent vegetative cover to reduce erosion in areas disturbed by construction by slowing runoff velocities, trapping sediment, and enhancing filtration and transpiration.
- ▶ Using drainage swales, ditches, and earth dikes to control erosion and runoff by conveying surface runoff down sloping land, intercepting and diverting runoff to a watercourse or channel, preventing sheet flow over sloped surfaces, preventing runoff accumulation at the base of a grade, and avoiding flood damage along roadways and facility infrastructure. A copy of the approved SWPPP shall be maintained and available at all times on the construction site.

		For those areas that would be disturbed as part of the U.S. 50 interchange improvements, Caltrans shall coordinate with the development and implementation of the overall project SWPPP, or develop and implement its own SWPPP specific to the interchange improvements, to ensure that water quality degradation would be avoided or minimized to the maximum extent practicable. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans).		
55-19	3A.9-2 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Prepare and Submit Final Drainage Plans and Implement Requirements Contained in Those Plans. Before the approval of grading plans and building permits, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall submit final drainage plans to the City, and to El Dorado County for the off-site roadway connections into El Dorado Hills, demonstrating that off-site upstream runoff would be appropriately conveyed through the SPA, and that project-related on-site runoff would be appropriately contained in detention basins or managed with through other improvements (e.g., source controls, biotechnical stream stabilization) to reduce flooding and hydromodification impacts. The plans shall include, but not be limited to, the following items: An accurate calculation of pre-project and post-project runoff scenarios, obtained using appropriate engineering methods, that accurately evaluates potential changes to runoff, including increased surface runoff; Runoff calculations for the 10-year and 100-year (0.01 AEP) storm events (and other, smaller storm events as required) shall be performed and the trunk drainage pipeline sizes confirmed based on alignments and detention facility locations finalized in the design phase; A description of the proposed maintenance program for the on-site drainage system;	Before approval of grading plans and building permits of all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
		 Project-specific standards for installing drainage systems; 		

- ► City and El Dorado County flood control design requirements and measures designed to comply with them;
- ▶ Implementation of stormwater management BMPs that avoid increases in the erosive force of flows beyond a specific range of conditions needed to limit hydromodification and maintain current stream geomorphology. These BMPs will be designed and constructed in accordance with the forthcoming SSQP Hydromodification Management Plan (to be adopted by the RWQCB) and may include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - Use of Low Impact Development (LID) techniques to limit increases in stormwater runoff at the point of origination (these may include, but are not limited to: surface swales; replacement of conventional impervious surfaces with pervious surfaces [e.g., porous pavement]; impervious surfaces disconnection; and trees planted to intercept stormwater);
 - Enlarged detention basins to minimize flow changes and changes to flow duration characteristics;
 - Bioengineered stream stabilization to minimize bank erosion, utilizing vegetative and rock stabilization, and inset floodplain restoration features that provide for enhancement of riparian habitat and maintenance of natural hydrologic and channel to floodplain interactions;
 - Minimize slope differences between any stormwater or detention facility outfall channel with the existing receiving channel gradient to reduce flow velocity; and
 - Minimize to the extent possible detention basin, bridge embankment, and other encroachments into the channel and floodplain corridor, and utilize open bottom box culverts to allow sediment passage on smaller drainage courses.

The final drainage plan shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City of Folsom Community Development and Public Works Departments and El Dorado County Department of Transportation that 100-year (0.01 AEP) flood flows would be appropriately channeled and contained, such that

		the risk to people or damage to structures within or down gradient of the SPA would not occur, and that hydromodification would not be increased from pre-development levels such that existing stream geomorphology would be changed (the range of conditions should be calculated for each receiving water if feasible, or a conservative estimate should be used, e.g., an Ep of $1\pm10\%$ or other as approved by the Sacramento Stormwater Quality Partnership and/or City of Folsom Public Works Department). Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with El Dorado County.		
55-20	3A.9-3 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Develop and Implement a BMP and Water Quality Maintenance Plan. Before approval of the grading permits for any development project requiring a subdivision map, a detailed BMP and water quality maintenance plan shall be prepared by a qualified engineer retained by the project applicant(s) the development project. Drafts of the plan shall be submitted to the City of Folsom and El Dorado County for the off-site roadway connections into El Dorado Hills, for review and approval concurrently with development of tentative subdivision maps for all project phases. The plan shall finalize the water quality improvements and further detail the structural and nonstructural BMPs proposed for the project. The plan shall include the elements described below.	Prepare plans before the issuance of grading permits for all project phases and off-site elements and implementation throughout project construction.	City of Folsom Community Development Department and Public Works Department
		 ▶ A quantitative hydrologic and water quality analysis of proposed conditions incorporating the proposed drainage design features. ▶ Predevelopment and post development calculations demonstrating that the proposed water quality BMPs meet or exceed requirements established by the City of Folsom and including details regarding the size, geometry, and functional timing of storage and release pursuant to the "Stormwater Quality Design Manual for Sacramento and South Placer Regions" ([SSQP 2007b] per NPDES Permit No. CAS082597 WDR Order No. R5-2008-0142, page 46) and El Dorado County's NPDES SWMP (County of El Dorado 2004). 		
		► Source control programs to control water quality pollutants on the SPA, which may include but are limited to recycling, street sweeping,		

storm drain cleaning, household hazardous waste collection, waste minimization, prevention of spills and illegal dumping, and effective management of public trash collection areas.

- ▶ A pond management component for the proposed basins that shall include management and maintenance requirements for the design features and BMPs, and responsible parties for maintenance and funding.
- ▶ LID control measures shall be integrated into the BMP and water quality maintenance plan. These may include, but are not limited to:
 - · Surface swales;
 - Replacement of conventional impervious surfaces with pervious surfaces (e.g., porous pavement);
 - Impervious surfaces disconnection; and
 - Trees planted to intercept stormwater.

New stormwater facilities shall be placed along the natural drainage courses within the SPA to the extent practicable so as to mimic the natural drainage patterns. The reduction in runoff as a result of the LID configurations shall be quantified based on the runoff reduction credit system methodology described in "Stormwater Quality Design Manual for the Sacramento and South Placer Regions, Chapter 5 and Appendix D4" (SSQP 2007b) and proposed detention basins and other water quality BMPs shall be sized to handle these runoff volumes.

For those areas that would be disturbed as part of the U.S. 50 interchange improvements, it is anticipated that Caltrans would coordinate with the development and implementation of the overall project SWPPP, or develop and implement its own SWPPP specific to the interchange improvements, to ensure that water quality degradation would be avoided or minimized to the maximum extent practicable.

Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with El Dorado County and Caltrans.

NOISE AND VIBRATION

55-21	3A.11-1 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Implement Noise-Reducing Construction Practices, Prepare and Implement a Noise Control Plan, and Monitor and Record Construction Noise near Sensitive Receptors.	Before and during construction activities on the SPA and	City of Folsom Community Development Department
		To reduce impacts associated with noise generated during project related construction activities, the project applicant(s) and their primary contractors for engineering design and construction of all project phases shall ensure that the following requirements are implemented at each work site in any year of project construction to avoid and minimize construction noise effects on sensitive receptors. The project applicant(s) and primary construction contractor(s) shall employ noise-reducing construction practices. Measures that shall be used to limit noise shall include the measures listed below:	within El Dorado Hills.	
		▶ Noise-generating construction operations shall be limited to the hours between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. Monday through Friday, and between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. on Saturdays and Sundays.		
		► All construction equipment and equipment staging areas shall be located as far as possible from nearby noise-sensitive land uses.		
		► All construction equipment shall be properly maintained and equipped with noise-reduction intake and exhaust mufflers and engine shrouds, in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations. Equipment engine shrouds shall be closed during equipment operation.		
		► All motorized construction equipment shall be shut down when not in use to prevent idling.		
		▶ Individual operations and techniques shall be replaced with quieter procedures (e.g., using welding instead of riveting, mixing concrete offsite instead of on-site).		
		▶ Noise-reducing enclosures shall be used around stationary noise- generating equipment (e.g., compressors and generators) as planned phases are built out and future noise sensitive receptors are located within close proximity to future construction activities.		
		 Written notification of construction activities shall be provided to all noise-sensitive receptors located within 850 feet of construction activities. Notification shall include anticipated dates and hours during 		

		which construction activities are anticipated to occur and contact information, including a daytime telephone number, for the project representative to be contacted in the event that noise levels are deemed excessive. Recommendations to assist noise-sensitive land uses in reducing interior noise levels (e.g., closing windows and doors) shall also be included in the notification. In the extent feasible, acoustic barriers (e.g., lead curtains, sound barriers) shall be constructed to reduce construction-generated noise levels at affected noise-sensitive land uses. The barriers shall be designed to obstruct the line of sight between the noise-sensitive land use and onsite construction equipment. When installed properly, acoustic barriers can reduce construction noise levels by approximately 8–10 dB (EPA 1971). When future noise sensitive uses are within close proximity to prolonged construction noise, noise-attenuating buffers such as structures, truck trailers, or soil piles shall be located between noise sources and future residences to shield sensitive receptors from construction noise. The primary contractor shall prepare and implement a construction noise management plan. This plan shall identify specific measures to ensure compliance with the noise control measures specified above. The		
		noise management plan. This plan shall identify specific measures to		
		the applicable project phase with El Dorado County, since the roadway extensions are outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries.		
		PUBLIC SERVICES		
55-22	3A.14-1	Prepare and Implement a Construction Traffic Control Plan.	Before the approval	City of Folsom Public Works
	(FPASP EIR/EIS)	The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall prepare and implement traffic control plans for construction activities that may affect road rights-of-way. The traffic control plans must follow any applicable standards of the agency responsible for the affected roadway and must be approved	of all relevant plans and/or permits and during construction	Department

		and signed by a professional engineer. Measures typically used in traffic control plans include advertising of planned lane closures, warning signage, a flag person to direct traffic flows when needed, and methods to ensure continued access by emergency vehicles. During project construction, access to existing land uses shall be maintained at all times, with detours used as necessary during road closures. Traffic control plans shall be submitted to the appropriate City or County department or the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) for review and approval before the approval of all project plans or permits, for all project phases where implementation may cause impacts on traffic. Mitigation for the off-site elements outside of the City of Folsom's jurisdictional boundaries must be coordinated by the project applicant(s) of each applicable project phase with the affected oversight agency(ies) (i.e., El Dorado and/or Sacramento Counties and Caltrans).	of all project phases.	
55-23	3A.14-2 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Incorporate California Fire Code; City of Folsom Fire Code Requirements; and EDHFD Requirements, if Necessary, into Project Design and Submit Project Design to the City of Folsom Fire Department for Review and Approval. To reduce impacts related to the provision of new fire services, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall do the following, as described below. 1. Incorporate into project designs fire flow requirements based on the	Before issuance of building permits and issuance of occupancy permits or final inspections for all project phases.	City of Folsom Fire Department, City of Folsom Community Development Department
		California Fire Code, Folsom Fire Code (City of Folsom Municipal Code Title 8, Chapter 8.36), and other applicable requirements based on the City of Folsom Fire Department fire prevention standards.		
		Improvement plans showing the incorporation automatic sprinkler systems, the availability of adequate fire flow, and the locations of hydrants shall be submitted to the City of Folsom Fire Department for review and approval. In addition, approved plans showing access design shall be provided to the City of Folsom Fire Department as described by Zoning Code Section 17.57.080 ("Vehicular Access Requirements"). These plans shall describe access-road length, dimensions, and finished surfaces for firefighting equipment. The installation of security gates across a fire apparatus access road shall be approved by the City of		
		Folsom Fire Department. The design and operation of gates and		

barricades shall be in accordance with the Sacramento County Emergency Access Gates and Barriers Standard, as required by the City of Folsom Fire Code.

2. Submit a Fire Systems New Buildings, Additions, and Alterations Document Submittal List to the City of Folsom Community Development Department Building Division for review and approval before the issuance of building permits.

In addition to the above measures, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall incorporate the provisions described below for the portion of the SPA within the EDHFD service area, if it is determined through City/El Dorado County negotiations that EDHFD would serve the 178-acre portion of the SPA.

- 3. Incorporate into project designs applicable requirements based on the EDHFD fire prevention standards. For commercial development, improvement plans showing roadways, land splits, buildings, fire sprinkler systems, fire alarm systems, and other commercial building improvements shall be submitted to the EDHFD for review and approval. For residential development, improvement plans showing property lines and adjacent streets or roads; total acreage or square footage of the parcel; the footprint of all structures; driveway plan views describing width, length, turnouts, turnarounds, radiuses, and surfaces; and driveway profile views showing the percent grade from the access road to the structure and vertical clearance shall be submitted to the EDHFD for review and approval.
- 4. Submit a Fire Prevention Plan Checklist to the EDHFD for review and approval before the issuance of building permits. In addition, residential development requiring automation fire sprinklers shall submit sprinkler design sheet(s) and hydraulic calculations from a California State Licensed C-16 Contractor.

The City shall not authorize the occupancy of any structures until the project applicant(s) have obtained a Certificate of Occupancy from the City of Folsom Community Development Department verifying that all fire prevention items have been addressed on-site to the satisfaction of the City of Folsom Fire Department and/or the EDHFD for the 178-acre area of the SPA within the EDHFD service area.

	1			
55-24	3A.14-3 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Incorporate Fire Flow Requirements into Project Designs. The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall incorporate into their project designs fire flow requirements based on the California Fire Code, Folsom Fire Code, and/or EDHFD for those areas of the SPA within the EDHFD service area and shall verify to City of Folsom Fire Department that adequate water flow is available, prior to approval of improvement plans and issuance of occupancy permits or final inspections for all project phases.	Before issuance of building permits and issuance of occupancy permits or final inspections for all project phases.	City of Folsom Fire Department, City of Folsom Community Development Department
	-70	TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORTATION		
55-25	3A.15-1a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Folsom Boulevard/Blue Ravine Road Intersection (Intersection 1). To ensure that the Folsom Boulevard/Blue Ravine Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, one through lane, and one right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Folsom Boulevard/Blue Ravine Road intersection (Intersection 1).	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented and when fair share funding should be paid.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-26	3A.15-1b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements at the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road Intersection (Intersection 2). To ensure that the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, two through lanes, and one right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection (Intersection 2).	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented and when fair share funding should be paid.	City of Folsom Public Works Department

55-27	3A.15-1c (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Fund and Construct Improvements to the Scott Road (West)/White Rock Road Intersection (Intersection 28). To ensure that the Scott Road (West)/White Rock Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, a traffic signal must be installed.	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-28	3A.15-1e (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Fund and Construct Improvements to the Hillside Drive/Easton Valley Parkway Intersection (Intersection 41). To ensure that the Hillside Drive/Easton Valley Parkway intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one dedicated left turn lane and two through lanes, and the westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two through lanes and one dedicated right-turn lane. The applicant shall fund and construct these improvements.	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-29	3A.15-1f (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Fund and Construct Improvements to the Oak Avenue Parkway/Middle Road Intersection (Intersection 44). To ensure that the Oak Avenue Parkway/Middle Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, control all movements with a stop sign. The applicant shall fund and construct these improvements.	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented.	City of Folsom Public Works Department

55-30	3A.15-1h (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts to the Hazel Avenue/Folsom Boulevard Intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 2). To ensure that the Hazel Avenue/Folsom Boulevard intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, this intersection must be grade separated including "jug handle" ramps. No at grade improvement is feasible. Grade separating and extended (south) Hazel Avenue with improvements to the U.S. 50/Hazel Avenue interchange is a mitigation measure for the approved Easton-Glenbrough Specific Plan development project. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Hazel Avenue/Folsom Boulevard intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 2).	A phasing analysis shall be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine when the improvement should be implemented.	Sacramento County Public Works Department and Caltrans
55-31	3A.15-1i (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road Intersection and to White Rock Road widening between the Rancho Cordova City limit to Prairie City Road (Sacramento County Intersection 3). Improvements must be made to ensure that the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS. The currently County proposed White Rock Road widening project will widen and realign White Rock Road from the Rancho Cordova City limit to the El Dorado County line (this analysis assumes that the Proposed Project and build alternatives will widen White Rock Road to five lanes from Prairie City road to the El Dorado County Line). This widening includes improvements to the Grant Line Road intersection and realigning White Rock Road to be the through movement. The improvements include two eastbound through lanes, one eastbound right turn lane, two northbound left turn lanes, two northbound right turn lanes, two westbound left turn lanes and two westbound through lanes. This improvement also includes the signalization of the White Rock Road and Grant Line Road intersection. With implementation of this improvement, the intersection would operate at an acceptable LOS A. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that	Before project build out. Design of the White Rock Road widening to four lanes, from Grant Line Road to Prairie City Road, with Intersection improvements has begun, and because this widening project is environmentally cleared and fully funded, it's construction is expected to be complete before the first phase of the Proposed Project or alternative is built.	Sacramento County Public Works Department

		agency to reduce the impacts to the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 3).		
55-32	3A.15-1j (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Hazel Avenue between Madison Avenue and Curragh Downs Drive (Roadway Segment 10). To ensure that Hazel Avenue operates at an acceptable LOS between Curragh Downs Drive and Gold Country Boulevard, Hazel Avenue must be widened to six lanes. This improvement is part of the County adopted Hazel Avenue widening project.	Before project build out. Construction of phase two of the Hazel Avenue widening, from Madison Avenue to Curragh Downs Drive, is expected to be completed by year 2013, before the first phase of the Proposed Project or alternative is complete. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Hazel Avenue between Madison Avenue and Curragh Downs Drive (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 10).	Sacramento County Public Works Department

55-33	3A.15-11 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the White Rock Road/Windfield Way Intersection (El Dorado County Intersection 3). To ensure that the White Rock Road/Windfield Way intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the intersection must be signalized and separate northbound left and right turn lanes must be striped. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the White Rock Road/Windfield Way intersection (El Dorado County Intersection 3).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	El Dorado County Department of Transportation
55-34	3A.15-10 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 as an alternative to improvements at the Folsom Boulevard/U.S. 50 Eastbound Ramps Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 4). Congestion on eastbound U.S. 50 is causing vehicles to use Folsom Boulevard as an alternate parallel route until they reach U.S. 50, where they must get back on the freeway due to the lack of a parallel route. It is preferred to alleviate the congestion on U.S. 50 than to upgrade the intersection at the end of this reliever route. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Folsom Boulevard/U.S. 50 Eastbound Ramps intersection (Caltrans Intersection 4). To ensure that the Folsom Boulevard/U.S. 50 eastbound ramps intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, auxiliary lanes should be added to eastbound U.S. 50 from Hazel Avenue to east of Folsom Boulevard. This was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
55-35	3A.15-1p (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Grant Line Road/ State Route 16 Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 12). To ensure that the Grant Line Road/State Route 16 intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound and southbound approaches must be reconfigured to consist of one left-turn lane and one shared	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to	Sacramento County Department of Transportation and the City of Rancho Cordova Department of Public Works

		through/right-turn lane. Protected left-turn signal phasing must be provided on the northbound and southbound approaches. Improvements to the Grant Line Road/State Route 16 intersection are contained within the County Development Fee Program and are scheduled for Measure A funding. Improvements to this intersection must be implemented by Caltrans, Sacramento County, and the City of Rancho Cordova. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Grant Line Road/State Route 16 intersection (Caltrans Intersection 12).	determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	
55-36	3A.15-1q (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard, a bus-carpool (HOV) lane must be constructed. This improvement is currently planned as part of the Sacramento 50 Bus-Carpool Lane and Community Enhancements Project. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1).	Before project build out. Construction of the Sacramento 50 Bus-Carpool Lane and Community Enhancements Project is expected to be completed by year 2013, before the first phase of the Proposed Project or alternative is complete. Construction of the Sacramento 50 Bus-Carpool Lane and Community Enhancements Project has started since the writing of the Draft EIS/EIR.	Caltrans

55-37	3A.15-1r (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 3). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Hazel Avenue and Folsom Boulevard, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 3).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
55-38	3A.15-1s (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound U.S. 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road (Freeway Segment 4). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road (Freeway Segment 4).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
55-39	3A.15-1u (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Westbound U.S. 50 between Prairie City Road and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 16). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Prairie City Road and Folsom Boulevard, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation

		Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Westbound U.S. 50 between Prairie City Road and Folsom Boulevard (Freeway Segment 16).	which project phase the improvement should be built.	
55-40	3A.15-1v (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Westbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 18). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Hazel Avenue and Sunrise Boulevard, an auxiliary lane must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project and included in the proposed Rancho Cordova Parkway interchange project. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Westbound U.S. 50 between Hazel Avenue and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 18).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Rancho Cordova Department of Public Works and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
55-41	3A.15-1w (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Folsom Boulevard Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 4). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Folsom Boulevard merge, an auxiliary lane from the Folsom Boulevard merge to the Prairie City Road diverge must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/Folsom Boulevard Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 4).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
55-42	3A.15-1x (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road Diverge (Freeway Diverge 5). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the	Before project build out. A phasing analysis	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento

		Prairie City Road off-ramp diverge, an auxiliary lane from the Folsom Boulevard merge must be constructed. This improvement was recommended in the Traffic Operations Analysis Report for the U.S. 50 Auxiliary Lane Project. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road diverge (Freeway Diverge 5).	should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	County Department of Transportation
55-43	3A.15-1y (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road Direct Merge (Freeway Merge 6). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road onramp direct merge, an auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street — Scott Road diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road direct merge (Freeway Merge 6).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-44	3A.15-1z (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Prairie City Road Flyover On-Ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway Off-Ramp Weave (Freeway Weave 8). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road flyover on-ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway off-ramp weave, an improvement acceptable to Caltrans should be implemented to eliminate the unacceptable weaving conditions. Such an improvement may involve a "braided ramp". The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road flyover on-ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway off-ramp weave (Freeway Weave 8).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department

55-45	3A.15-1aa (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Merge (Freeway Merge 9). To ensure that Eastbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Oak Avenue Parkway loop merge, an auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound/ Oak Avenue Parkway loop merge (Freeway Merge 9).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-46	3A.15-1dd (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Empire Ranch Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 23). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Empire Ranch Road loop on ramp should start the westbound auxiliary lane that ends at the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp. The slip on ramp from southbound Empire Ranch Road would merge into this extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Empire Ranch Road loop ramp merge (Freeway Merge 23).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-47	3A.15-1ee (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 29). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Oak Avenue Parkway loop on ramp should start the westbound auxiliary lane that ends at the Prairie City Road off ramp. The slip on ramp from southbound Oak Avenue Parkway would merge into this extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the	City of Folsom Public Works Department

		study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Oak Avenue Parkway loop ramp merge (Freeway Merge 29).	improvement should be built.	
55-48	3A.15-1ff (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 32). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road loop ramp merge, an auxiliary lane to the Folsom Boulevard off ramp diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 32).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
55-49	3A.15-1gg (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road Direct Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 33). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Prairie City Road direct ramp merge, an auxiliary lane to the Folsom Boulevard off ramp diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Prairie City Road direct ramp merge (Freeway Merge 33).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation
55-50	3A.15-1hh (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound/Folsom Boulevard Diverge (Freeway Diverge 34). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Folsom Boulevard Diverge, an auxiliary lane from the Prairie City Road loop ramp merge must be constructed. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during	City of Folsom Public Works Department and Sacramento County Department of Transportation

		Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Folsom Boulevard diverge (Freeway Diverge 34).	which project phase the improvement should be built.	
55-51	3A.15-1ii (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound/Hazel Avenue Direct Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 38). To ensure that Westbound U.S. 50 operates at an acceptable LOS at the Hazel Avenue direct ramp merge, an auxiliary lane to the Sunrise Boulevard off ramp diverge must be constructed. This auxiliary lane improvement is included in the proposed 50 Corridor Mobility Fee Program. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound/Hazel Avenue direct ramp merge (Freeway Merge 38).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation and City of Rancho Cordova Department of Public Works
55-52	3A.15-2a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Develop Commercial Support Services and Mixed-use Development Concurrent with Housing Development and Develop and Provide Options for Alternative Transportation Modes. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application including commercial or mixed-use development along with residential uses shall develop commercial and mixed-use development concurrent with housing development, to the extent feasible in light of market realities and other considerations, to internalize vehicle trips. Pedestrian and bicycle facilities shall be implemented to the satisfaction of the City Public Works Department. To further minimize impacts from the increased demand on area roadways and intersections, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application involving schools or commercial centers shall develop and implement safe and secure bicycle parking to promote alternative transportation uses and reduce the volume of single-occupancy vehicles using area roadways and intersections. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall participate in capital improvements and operating funds for transit service to increase the percent of travel by transit. The project's fair-share participation and the associated timing of	Before approval of improvement plans for all project phases any particular discretionary development application that includes residential and commercial or mixed-use development. As a condition of project approval and/or as a condition of the development agreement for all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department

		the improvements and service shall be identified in the project conditions of approval and/or the project's development agreement. Improvements and service shall be coordinated, as necessary, with Folsom Stage Lines and Sacramento RT.		
55-54	3A.15-2b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in the City's Transportation System Management Fee Program. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall pay an appropriate amount into the City's existing Transportation System Management Fee Program to reduce the number of single-occupant automobile travel on area roadways and intersections.	Concurrent with construction for all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-54	3A.15-2c (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate with the 50 Corridor Transportation Management Association. The project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall join and participate with the 50 Corridor Transportation Management Association to reduce the number of single-occupant automobile travel on area roadways and intersections.	Concurrent with construction for all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-55	3A.15-3 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Pay Full Cost of Identified Improvements that Are Not Funded by the City's Fee Program. In accordance with Measure W, the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall provide fair-share contributions to the City's transportation impact fee program to fully fund improvements only required because of the Specific Plan.	As a condition of project approval and/or as a condition of the development agreement for all project phases.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-56	3A.15-4a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 2). To ensure that the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection operates at a LOS D with less than the Cumulative No Project delay, the northbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lane, two through lanes, and one dedicated right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Sibley Street/Blue Ravine Road intersection (Folsom Intersection 2).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department

55-57	3A.15-4b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Oak Avenue Parkway/East Bidwell Street Intersection (Folsom Intersection 6). To ensure that the Oak Avenue Parkway/East Bidwell Street intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound (East Bidwell Street) approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, four through lanes and a right-turn lane, and the westbound (East Bidwell Street) approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left turn lanes, four through lanes, and a right-turn lane. It is against the City of Folsom policy to have eight lane roads because of the impacts to non-motorized traffic and adjacent development; therefore, this improvement is infeasible.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-58	3A.15-4c (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the East Bidwell Street/College Street Intersection (Folsom Intersection 7). To ensure that the East Bidwell Street/College Street intersection operates at acceptable LOS C or better, the westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one left-turn lane, one left-through lane, and two dedicated right-turn lanes. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the East Bidwell Street/Nesmith Court intersection (Folsom Intersection 7).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-59	3A.15-4d (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the East Bidwell Street/Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 21). To ensure that the East Bidwell Street /Iron Point Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, four through lanes and a right-turn lane, and the southbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, four through lanes and a right-turn lane. It is against the City of Folsom policy to have eight lane roads because of	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the	City of Folsom Public Works Department

		the impacts to non-motorized traffic and adjacent development; therefore, this improvement is infeasible.	improvement should be built.	
55-60	3A.15-4e (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Serpa Way/ Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 23). To improve LOS at the Serpa Way/ Iron Point Road intersection, the northbound approaches must be restriped to consist of one left-turn lane, one shared left-through lanes, and one right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Serpa Way/Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 23).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-61	3A.15-4f (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Pay a Fair Share to Fund the Construction of Improvements to the Empire Ranch Road/Iron Point Road Intersection (Folsom Intersection 24). To ensure that the Empire Ranch Road / Iron Point Road intersection operates at a LOS D or better, all of the following improvements are required: The eastbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one left-turn lane, two through lanes, and a right-turn lane. The westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, one through lane, and a through-right lane. The northbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, three through lanes, and a right-turn lane. The southbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, three through lanes, and a right-turn lane. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the Empire Ranch Road / Iron Point Road Intersection Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built. (Folsom Intersection 24).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department

55-62	3A.15-4g (FPASP EIR/EIS)	The Applicant Shall Fund and Construct Improvements to the Oak Avenue Parkway/Easton Valley Parkway Intersection (Folsom Intersection 33). To ensure that the Oak Avenue Parkway/Easton Valley Parkway intersection operates at an acceptable LOS the southbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of two left-turn lanes, two through lanes, and two right-turn lanes. The applicant shall fund and construct these improvements.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-63	3A.15-4i (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road Intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 3). To ensure that the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS E or better this intersection should be replaced by some type of grade separated intersection or interchange. Improvements to this intersection are identified in the Sacramento County's Proposed General Plan. Implementation of these improvements would assist in reducing traffic impacts on this intersection by providing acceptable operation. Intersection improvements must be implemented by Sacramento County. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Grant Line Road/White Rock Road Intersection (Sacramento County Intersection 3).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-64	3A.15-4j (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Grant Line Road between White Rock Road and Kiefer Boulevard (Sacramento County Roadway Segments 5-7). To improve operation on Grant Line Road between White Rock Road and Kiefer Boulevard, this roadway segment must be widened to six lanes. This improvement is proposed in the Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova General Plans; however, it is not in the 2035 MTP. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

		Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Grant Line Road between White Rock Road and Kiefer Boulevard (Sacramento County Roadway Segments 5-7). The identified improvement would more than offset the impacts specifically related to the Folsom South of U.S. 50 project on this roadway segment.	phase the improvement should be built.	
55-65	3A.15-4k (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Grant Line Road between Kiefer Boulevard and Jackson Highway (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 8). To improve operation on Grant Line Road between Kiefer Boulevard Jackson Highway, this roadway segment could be widened to six lanes. This improvement is proposed in the Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova General Plans; however, it is not in the 2035 MTP. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by Sacramento County and the City of Rancho Cordova. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Grant Line Road between Kiefer Boulevard and Jackson Highway (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 8). The identified improvement would more than offset the impacts specifically related to the Folsom South of U.S. 50 project on this roadway segment.	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-66	3A.15-4I (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Hazel Avenue between Curragh Downs Drive and U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps (Sacramento County Roadway Segments 12-13). To improve operation on Hazel Avenue between Curragh Downs Drive and the U.S. 50 westbound ramps, this roadway segment could be widened to eight lanes. This improvement is inconsistent with Sacramento County's general plan because the county's policy requires a maximum roadway cross section of six lanes. Analysis shown later indicates that improvements at the impacted intersection in this segment can be mitigated (see Mitigation Measure 3A.15-4q). Improvements to impacted intersections on this segment will improve operations on this	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

		roadway segment and, therefore; mitigate this segment impact. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Hazel Avenue between Curragh Downs Drive and U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps (Sacramento County Roadway Segments 12-13).	improvement should be built.	
55-67	3A.15-4m (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on White Rock Road between Grant Line Road and Prairie City Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 22). To improve operation on White Rock Road between Grant Line Road and Prairie City Road, this roadway segment must be widened to six lanes. This improvement is included in the 2035 MTP but is not included in the Sacramento County General Plan. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by Sacramento County. The identified improvement would more than offset the impacts specifically related to the Folsom South of U.S. 50 project on this roadway segment. However, because of other development in the region that would substantially increase traffic levels, this roadway segment would continue to operate at an unacceptable LOS F even with the capacity improvements identified to mitigate Folsom South of U.S. 50 impacts. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to White Rock Road between Grant Line Road and Prairie City Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 22).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-68	3A.15-4n (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on White Rock Road between Empire Ranch Road and Carson Crossing Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 28). To improve operation on White Rock Road between Empire Ranch Road and Carson Crossing Road, this roadway segment must be widened to six lanes. Improvements to this roadway segment must be implemented by Sacramento County. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to White Rock Road between Empire Ranch Road and Carson Crossing Road (Sacramento County Roadway Segment 28).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

			improvement should be built.	
55-69	3A.15-40 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the White Rock Road/Carson Crossing Road Intersection (El Dorado County 1). To ensure that the White Rock Road/Carson Crossing Road intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the eastbound right turn lane must be converted into a separate free right turn lane, or double right. Improvements to this intersection must be implemented by El Dorado County. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the White Rock Road/Carson Crossing Road Intersection (El Dorado County 1).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-70	3A.15-4p (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the Hazel Avenue/U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 1). To ensure that the Hazel Avenue/U.S. 50 westbound ramps intersection operates at an acceptable LOS, the westbound approach must be reconfigured to consist of one dedicated left turn lane, one shared left through lane and three dedicated right-turn lanes. Improvements to this intersection must be implemented by Caltrans and Sacramento County. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to the Hazel Avenue/U.S. 50 Westbound Ramps Intersection (Caltrans Intersection 1).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-71	3A.15-4q (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard, an additional eastbound lane could be constructed. This improvement is not consistent with the Concept Facility in Caltrans State Route 50 Corridor System Management Plan; therefore, it is not likely to be implemented by Caltrans by 2030. Construction of the Capitol South East Connector,	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

		including widening White Rock Road and Grant Line Road to six lanes with limited access, could divert some traffic from U.S. 50 and partially mitigate the project's impact. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Zinfandel Drive and Sunrise Boulevard (Freeway Segment 1).	phase the improvement should be built.	
55-72	3A.15-4r (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Rancho Cordova Parkway and Hazel Avenue (Freeway Segment 3). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Rancho Cordova Parkway and Hazel Avenue, an additional eastbound lane could be constructed. This improvement is not consistent with the Concept Facility in Caltrans State Route 50 Corridor System Management Plan; therefore, it is not likely to be implemented by Caltrans by 2030. Construction of the Capitol South East Connector, including widening White Rock Road and Grant Line Road to six lanes with limited access, could divert some traffic off of U.S. 50 and partially mitigate the project's impact. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements to the agency responsible for improvements, based on a program established by that agency to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Rancho Cordova Parkway and Hazel Avenue (Freeway Segment 3).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-73	3A.15-4s (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road (Freeway Segment 5). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road, the eastbound auxiliary lane should be converted to a mixed flow lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4t). Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. This improvement is not consistent with the Concept Facility in Caltrans State Route 50 Corridor System Management Plan; therefore, it is not likely to be implemented by Caltrans by 2030. Construction of the Capitol South East Connector, including widening White Rock Road and	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

		Grant Line Road to six lanes with limited access, could divert some traffic off of U.S. 50 and partially mitigate the project's impact. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Folsom Boulevard and Prairie City Road (Freeway Segment 5).		
55-74	3A.15-4t (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on Eastbound US 50 between Prairie City Road and Oak Avenue Parkway (Freeway Segment 6). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS between Prairie City Road and Oak Avenue Parkway, the northbound Prairie City Road slip on ramp should merge with the eastbound auxiliary lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see Mitigation Measures 3A.15-4u, v and w), and the southbound Prairie City Road flyover on ramp should be braided over the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp and start an extended full auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to Eastbound U.S. 50 between Prairie City Road and Oak Avenue Parkway (Freeway Segment 6).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-75	3A.15-4u (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road Slip Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 6). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Prairie City Road slip on ramp should start the eastbound auxiliary lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4u, w and x), and the southbound Prairie City Road flyover on ramp should be braided over the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp and start an extended full auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

		by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road slip ramp merge (Freeway Merge 6).		
55-76	3A.15-4v (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road Flyover On Ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway Off Ramp Weave (Freeway Weave 7). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Prairie City Road slip on ramp should start the eastbound auxiliary lane that extends to and drops at the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4u, v and x), and the southbound Prairie City Road flyover on ramp should be braided over the Oak Avenue Parkway off ramp and start an extended full auxiliary lane to the East Bidwell Street — Scott Road off ramp. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Eastbound / Prairie City Road Flyover On Ramp to Oak Avenue Parkway Off Ramp Weave (Freeway Weave 7).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-77	3A.15-4w (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Eastbound / Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 8). To ensure that Eastbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the southbound Oak Avenue Parkway loop on ramp should merge with the eastbound auxiliary lane that starts at the southbound Prairie City Road braided flyover on ramp and ends at the East Bidwell Street — Scott Road off ramp (see mitigation measure 3A.15-4u, v and w). Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to U.S. 50 Eastbound / Oak Avenue Parkway Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 8).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
55-78	3A.15-4x (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound / Empire Ranch Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 27).	Before project build out. A phasing analysis	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.

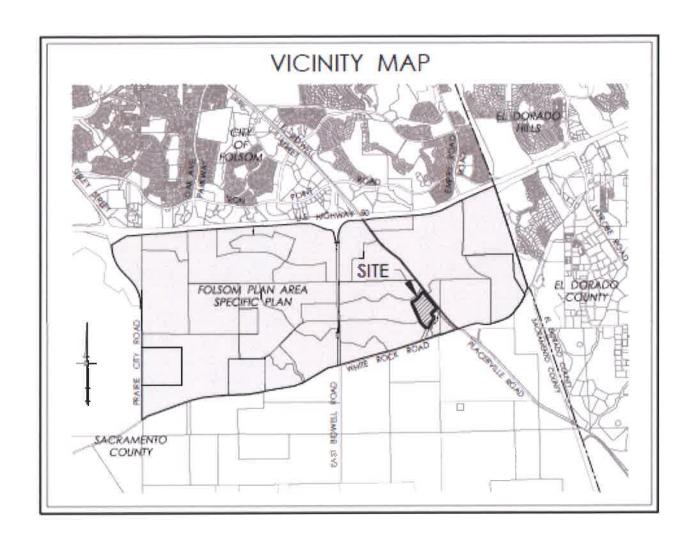
55-79	3A.15-4y (FPASP EIR/EIS)	To ensure that Westbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Empire Ranch Road loop on ramp should start the westbound auxiliary lane that ends at the East Bidwell Street – Scott Road off ramp. The slip-on ramp from southbound Empire Ranch Road slip ramp would merge into this extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound / Empire Ranch Road loop ramp merge (Freeway Merge 27). Participate in Fair Share Funding of Improvements to Reduce Impacts on U.S. 50 Westbound / Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 35). To ensure that Westbound US 50 operates at an acceptable LOS, the northbound Prairie City Road loop on ramp should start the westbound	should be performed prior to approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built. Before project build out. A phasing analysis should be performed prior to	Sacramento County Department of Transportation.
		auxiliary lane that continues beyond the Folsom Boulevard off ramp. The slip-on ramp from southbound Prairie City Road slip ramp would merge into this extended auxiliary lane. Improvements to this freeway segment must be implemented by Caltrans. The applicant shall pay its proportionate share of funding of improvements, as may be determined by a nexus study or other appropriate and reliable mechanism paid for by applicant, to reduce the impacts to the U.S. 50 Westbound / Prairie City Road Loop Ramp Merge (Freeway Merge 35).	approval of the first subdivision map to determine during which project phase the improvement should be built.	
		UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS		
55-80	3A.16-1 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Submit Proof of Adequate On- and Off-Site Wastewater Conveyance Facilities and Implement On- and Off-Site Infrastructure Service Systems or Ensure That Adequate Financing Is Secured.	Before approval of final maps and issuance of	City of Folsom Community Development Department and City of Folsom Public Works
		Before the approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall submit proof to the City of Folsom that an adequate wastewater conveyance system either has been constructed or is ensured through payment of the City's facilities augmentation fee as described under the Folsom Municipal Code Title 3, Chapter 3.40, "Facilities Augmentation Fee – Folsom South Area Facilities Plan," or other sureties to the City's satisfaction. Both on-site wastewater conveyance infrastructure and off-	building permits for any project phases.	Department

		site force main sufficient to provide adequate service to the project shall be in place for the amount of development identified in the tentative map before approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, or their financing shall be ensured to the satisfaction of the City.		
55-81	3A.16-3 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Demonstrate Adequate SRWTP Wastewater Treatment Capacity. The project applicant(s) of all project phases shall demonstrate adequate capacity at the SRWTP for new wastewater flows generated by the project. This shall involve preparing a tentative map—level study and paying connection and capacity fees as identified by SRCSD. Approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases shall not be granted until the City verifies adequate SRWTP capacity is available for the amount of development identified in the tentative map.	Before approval of final maps and issuance of building permits for any project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department and City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-82	3A.18-1 (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Submit Proof of Surface Water Supply Availability. a. Prior to approval of any small-lot tentative subdivision map subject to Government Code Section 66473.7 (SB 221), the City shall comply with that statute. Prior to approval of any small-lot tentative subdivision map for a proposed residential project not subject to that statute, the City need not comply with Section 66473.7, or formally consult with any public water system that would provide water to the affected area; nevertheless, the City shall make a factual showing or impose conditions similar to those required by Section 66473.7 to ensure an adequate water supply for development authorized by the map.	Before approval of final maps and issuance of building permits for any project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department and City of Folsom Public Works Department
		b. Prior to recordation of each final subdivision map, or prior to City approval of any similar project-specific discretionary approval or entitlement required for nonresidential uses, the project applicant(s) of that project phase or activity shall demonstrate the availability of a reliable and sufficient water supply from a public water system for the amount of development that would be authorized by the final subdivision map or project-specific discretionary nonresidential approval or entitlement. Such a demonstration shall consist of information showing that both existing sources are available or needed supplies and improvements will be in place prior to occupancy.		

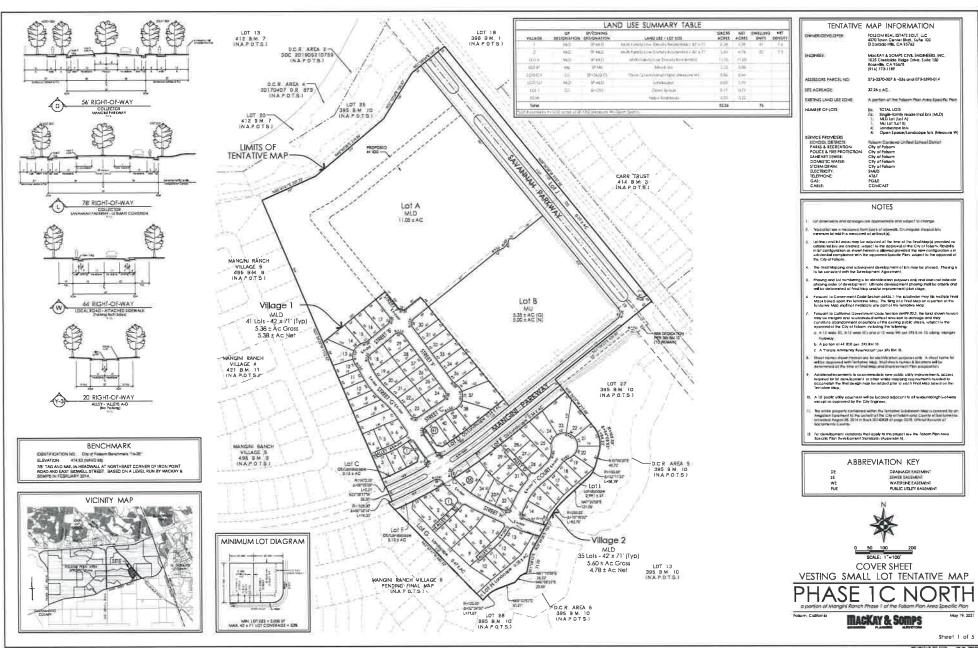
55-83	3A.18-2a (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Submit Proof of Adequate Off-Site Water Conveyance Facilities and Implement Off-Site Infrastructure Service System or Ensure That Adequate Financing Is Secured.	Before approval of final maps and issuance of building permits	City of Folsom Community Development Department and City of Folsom Public Works Department
		Before the approval of the final subdivision map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, the project applicant(s) of any particular discretionary development application shall submit proof to the City of Folsom that an adequate off-site water conveyance system either has been constructed or is ensured or other sureties to the City's satisfaction. The off-site water conveyance infrastructure sufficient to provide adequate service to the project shall be in place for the amount of development identified in the tentative map before approval of the final subdivision map and issuance of building permits for all project phases, or their financing shall be ensured to the satisfaction of the City. A certificate of occupancy shall not be issued for any building within the SPA until the water conveyance infrastructure sufficient to serve such building has been constructed and is in place.	for any project phases.	Department
55-84	3A.18-2b (FPASP EIR/EIS)	Demonstrate Adequate Off-Site Water Treatment Capacity (if the Off-Site Water Treatment Plant Option is Selected). If an off-site water treatment plant (WTP) alternative is selected (as opposed to the on-site WTP alternative), the project applicant(s) for any particular discretionary development application shall demonstrate adequate capacity at the off-site WTP. This shall involve preparing a tentative map—level study and paying connection and capacity fees as determined by the City. Approval of the final project map shall not be granted until the City verifies adequate water treatment capacity either is available or is certain to be available when needed for the amount of development identified in the tentative map before approval of the final map and issuance of building permits for all project phases. A certificate of occupancy shall not be issued for any building within the SPA until the water treatment capacity sufficient to serve such building has been constructed and is in place.	Before approval of final maps and issuance of building permits for any project phases.	City of Folsom Community Development Department and City of Folsom Public Works Department
55-85	4.4-1	Conduct Environmental Awareness Training for Construction Employees.	Before approval of	City of Folsom Community
	(Westland/ Eagle SPA)	Prior to beginning construction activities, the Project Applicant shall employ a qualified biologist to develop and conduct environmental awareness training for construction employees. The training shall describe	grading or improvement plans or any ground	Development Department

Vicinity Map

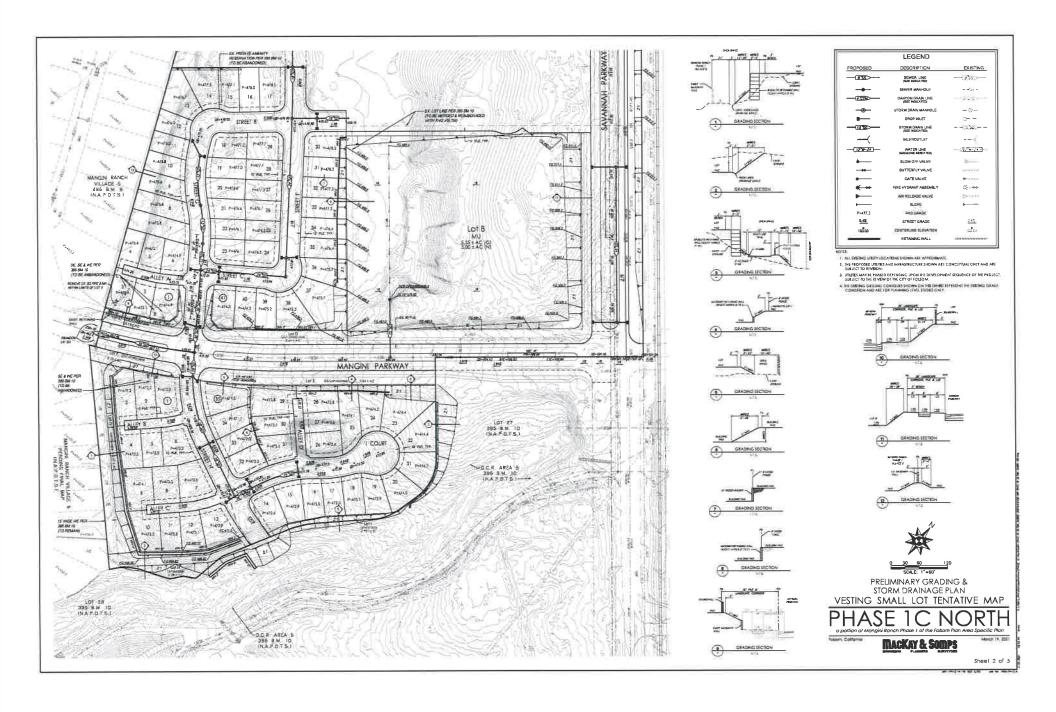
MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C NORTH



Small Lot Vesting Subdivision Map dated May 19, 2021

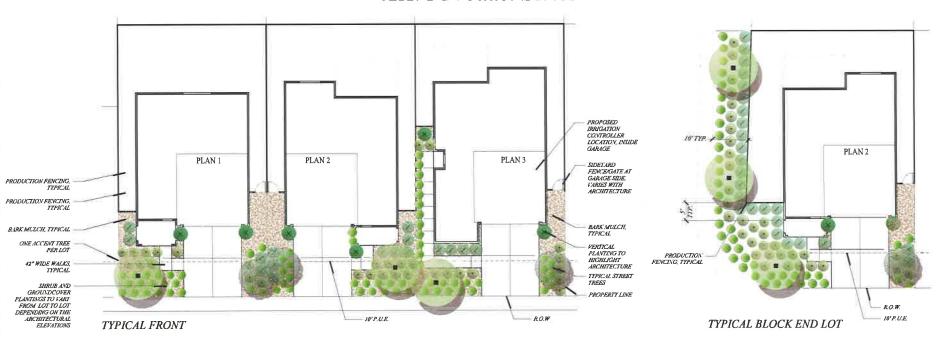


Preliminary Grading and Drainage Plan dated March 19, 2021



Conceptual Front Yard Landscaping dated May 24, 2021

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C-42X71 Product Series

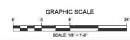


PLANT PALETTE

4			PLAN	TPA	MEH	E (SOUTH & WEST)			
SYM	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	PF	SYM	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	PF
PANERO	OLONIAL.								
	PRUNUS CAROLINIANA	CAROLINA LAUREL CHERRY	IS GALLON	t	8	LAVANDILA S 'OTTO QUEST FESTUCA MARRE! RHAPHIOLEPIS INIDCA 'CLARA' ARBUTUS UNEDO 'COMPACTA' FRUNUS CAROLININA 'BRIGHT'N TIGHT'	SPANISH LAVENDER ATLAS FESCUE INDIAN HAWTHORN DWARF STRAWBERRY TREE DWARF CAROLINA CHERRY	1 GAL 1 GAL 5 GAL 5 GAL 15 GAL	L L L
ODDON'S	RAIRIE				- 00				
0	LAGERSTROEMIA INDICA MUSKOGEE	CRAPE MYRTLE	GALLON	(42)	000	ROBA CARPET ROSE: FESTUCA MARRE! RHAPHIOLEPIS INIDCA 'CLARA' ARBUTUS UNEDO COMPACTA' LIGUETRUM JAPONEUM	RED CARPET ROSE ATLAS FESCUE INDIAN HAWTHORN DWARP STRAWBERRY TREE JAPANESE PRIVET	I GAL I GAL I GAL I GAL II GAL	L
TALLANY	III.A								
0	ŒUERA PARVIFOLIA	AUSTRAILIAN WILLOW	JS GALLON	(3 5)	000	ROMARIOUS G. HUNTINGTON CARPET FESTUCA MARREI RHAPHIOLEPIS INIDCA 'CLARA' ARBUTUS UNEDO 'COMPACTA' LIGUSTRUM JAPONICUM	ROSPALARY ATLAS FESCUE INDIAN HAWTHORN DWARF STRAWBERRY TREE JAPANESE PRIVET	I GAL I GAL 5 GAL 5 GAL I5 GAL	1

			PLAN	LPA	WEIT	E (NORTH & EAST)			
SYM	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	PF	SYM	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	PF
NOTHER ON	CLAPACAL								
0	PRUNUS CAROLINIANA	CAROLINA LAUREL CHERRY	GALLON	ï.	8	ARCTOSTAPINI LOT WOODS COMPACTA DIANGLLA REVOLUTA 'LITTLE REV' RHAPHIOLEPIS INDICA 'CLIARA' RHAPHIOLEPIS INDIELATTA PRUNUS CAROLININA 'BRIGHT N' TIGHT	MANZANITA LITTLE REV FLAX LILY INDIAN HAWTHORN HAWTHORN DWARF CAROLINA CHERRY	I GAL I GAL 5 GAL 5 GAL 15 GAL	L
ODERAFI	KARRI								
0	LAGERSTROEMIA INDICA NIUSKOGEE	CRAPENTATIE	15 GALLON	Œ	8	ARCTOST APHYLOS WOODS COMPACTA: HIANELLA REVOLUTA LITTLE REV RHAPHIOLEPIS INDICA (CLARA RHAPHIOLEPIS UMBELATTA LIGUSTRUM JAPONICUMI	MANZANITA LITTLE BRY FLAX LELY INDIAN HAWTHORN HAWTHORN JAPANESE PRIVET	1 GAL 1 GAL 5 GAL 5 GAL 15 GAL	1 1 1
TALLAN VI	EEA					WC - CONTROLL TARREST	TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF	10000	
9	GELIERA PARVIFOLIA	AUSTRAILIAN WILLOW	IS GALLON	L	000	ROSA CARPET ROSE DIANELLA REVOLUTA LITTLE REV' RHAPHIOLEPIS INDICA 'CLARA' RHAPHIOLEPIS UMBELLATA PRINNIS CAROLINIANA 'BRIGHT N TIGHT'	WHITE CARPET ROSE LITTLE REV FLAX LILY INDIAN HAWTHORN HAWTHORNE IWARF CAROLINA CHERRY	1 GAL 1 GAL 5 GAL 5 GAL	L

	PROPOSED STREET TREE PALETTE			
-500s.	Bolanical Name	Common Name Size		PF
COMMON TO SERVICE	TREES			
Santi	Arbutus unedo 'Marina'	Strawberry Tree	15 Gallon	L
	Lagerstroemia Hybrid 'Natchez'	Crape Myrtle	15 Gailen	L
	Magnolia G. 'Little Gem'	Magnolia	15 Gallon	M







Residential Schematic Design dated March 19, 2021



Front Elevation 2B - Italian Villa

Front Elevation 1A - Modern Spanish Front Elevation 3C - Modern Prairie

A3.0 PLAN 3 FRONT ELEVATIONS A3.1 PLAN 3 FLOOR PLANS A3.1.1 PLAN 3 ADDENDA

A3.2 PLAN 3A EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS A3.3 PLAN 3B EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS A3.4 PLAN 3C EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C - 42X71 Product Series

SHEET INDEX:

ARCHITECTURE:

A0.0 TITLE SHEET A0.1 ENHANCED LOTS MAP

A1.0 PLAN 1 FRONT ELEVATIONS

A1.1 PLAN 1 FLOOR PLANS

A1.1.1 PLAN 1 ADDENDA

A1.2 PLAN 1A EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS A1.3 PLAN 1B EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

A1.4 PLAN 1C EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

A2.0 PLAN 2 FRONT ELEVATIONS

A2.1 PLAN 2 FLOOR PLANS

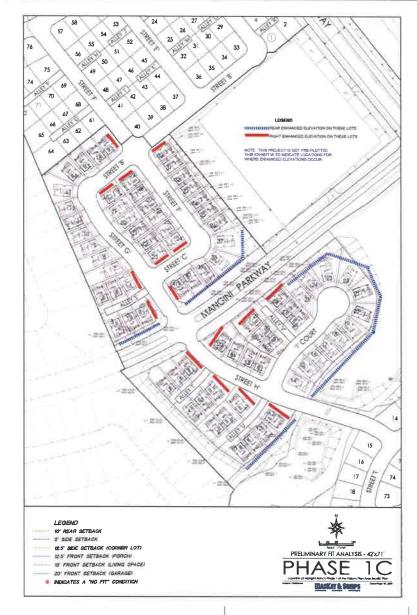
A2.1.1 PLAN 2 ADDENDA

A2.2 PLAN 2A EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

A2.3 PLAN 2B EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

A2.4 PLAN 2C EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

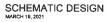








MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 42X71 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM, CA 2020-0783





ENHANCED LOTS MAP



Front Elevation 1A - Modern Spanish

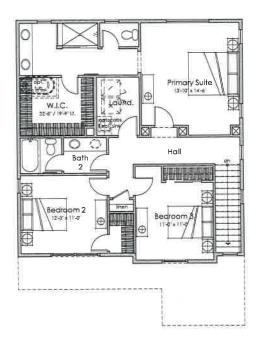


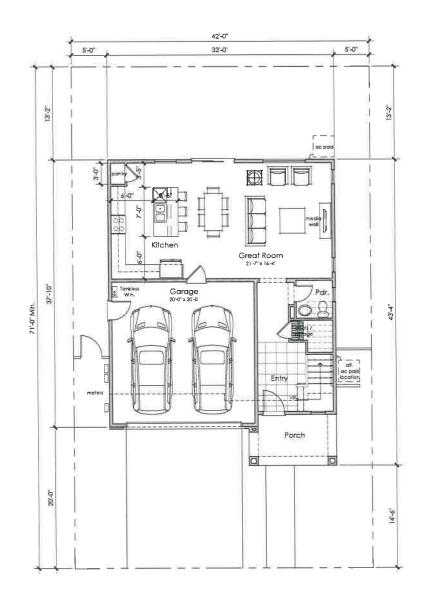
Front Elevation 1B - Italian Villa



Front Elevation 1C - Modern Prairie











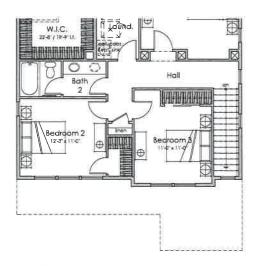
MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 42X71 PRODUCT SERIES

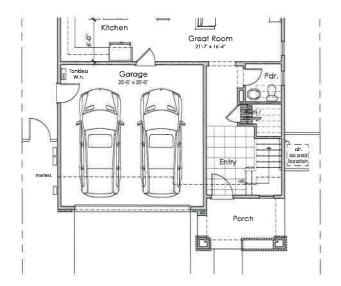




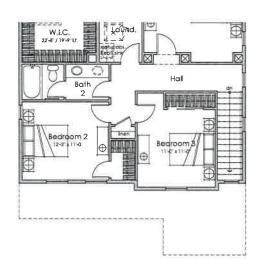
3 BEDROOM 2,5 BATH 1822 SF 45.8% BLDG COVERAGE

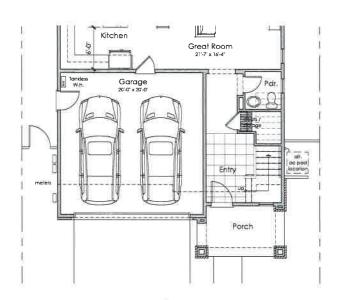
FLOOR PLAN 1





PLAN 1C





PLAN 1B



tri pointe

MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 42X71 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM, CA. #20220-0783

SCHEMATIC DESIGN MARCH 19, 2021



PLAN 1 ADDENDA

MODERN SPANISH

Characterized by simply articulated details and adaptability

DESIGN ELEMENTS

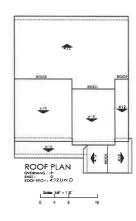
Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Villa Shaped Concrete Tile Gently Pitched Roofs

ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Recessed Windows Gable Details



Front Elevation 1A - Modern Spanish







Architecture + Planni 888,456,5842 http://om tri pointe

MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 42X71 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM, CA MULTIPO GREET

SCHEMATIC DESIGN

Scale 1M* • 1-07

EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - PLAN 1A

ITALIAN VILLA

Characterized by a formal and elegant facade.

DESIGN ELEMENTS

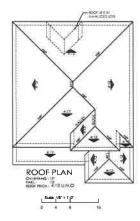
Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Villa Shaped Concrete Tile Gently Pitched Roofs

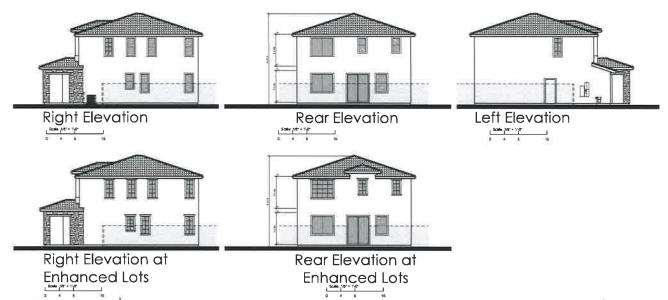
ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Stone Veneer



Front Elevation 1B - Italian Villa







tri pointe

MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 42X71 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM, CA. #2020-0783

SCHEMATIC DESIGN



MODERN PRAIRIE

Characterized by an asymmetrical, contemporary cottage look. It represents a practical and picturesque prairie home.

DESIGN ELEMENTS

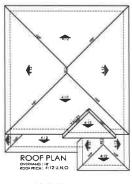
Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Flat Concrete Tile **Gently Pitched Roofs**

ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Lap Siding Stone Veneer



Front Elevation 1C - Modern Prairie









EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - PLAN 1C



Front Elevation 2A - Modern Spanish

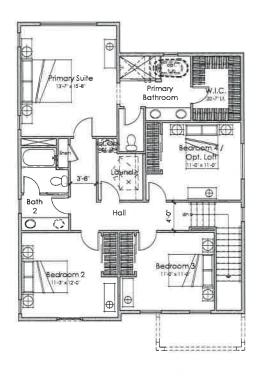


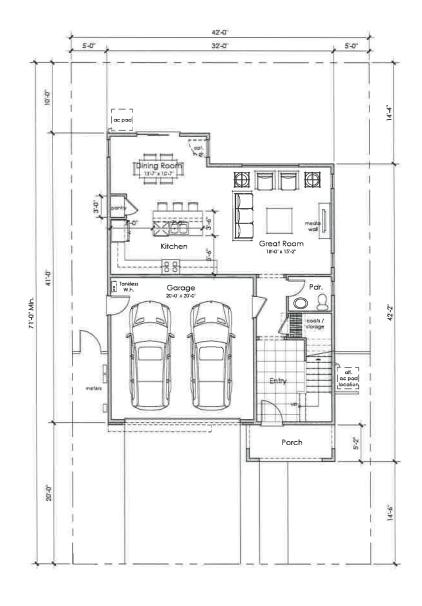
Front Elevation 2B - Italian Villa



Front Elevation 2C - Modern Prairie











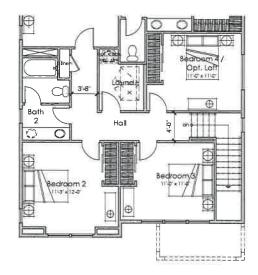
MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 42X71 PRODUCT SERIES

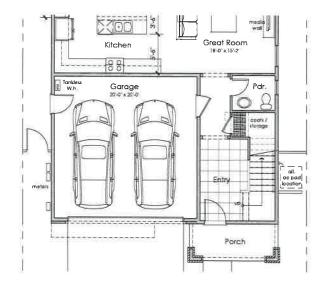




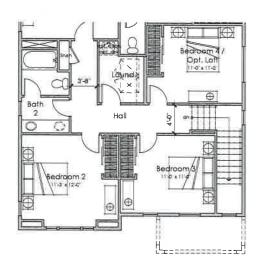
4 BEDROOM + OPT. LOFT 2.5 BATH 2033 SF 46,7% BLDG COVERAGE

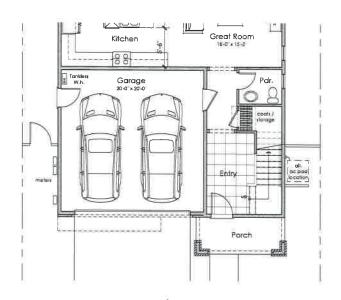
FLOOR PLAN 2





PLAN 1C





PLAN 1B



tri pointe

MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 42X71 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM, CA. #2020-0783

SCHEMATIC DESIGN MARCH 19, 2021



PLAN 2 ADDENDA

MODERN SPANISH

Characterized by simply articulated details and adaptability

DESIGN ELEMENTS

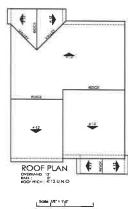
Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Villa Shaped Concrete Tile Gently Pitched Roofs

ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Recessed Windows Gable Details



Front Elevation 2A - Modern Spanish









tri pointe

MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 42X71 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM, CA. #2020-0783

SCHEMATIC DESIGN



EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - PLAN 2A

ITALIAN VILLA

Characterized by a formal and elegant facade.

DESIGN ELEMENTS

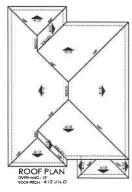
Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Villa Shaped Concrete Tile **Gently Pitched Roofs**

ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Stone Veneer



Front Elevation 2B - Italian Villa







Right Elevation



Rear Elevation







42X71 PRODUCT SERIES

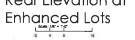
FOLSOM, CA. #2020-0783

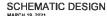
Right Elevation at Enhanced Lots



Rear Elevation at













MODERN PRAIRIE

Characterized by an asymmetrical, contemporary cottage look. It represents a practical and picturesque prairie home.

DESIGN ELEMENTS

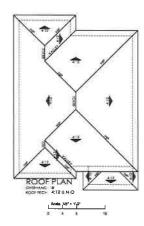
Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Flat Concrete Tile **Gently Pitched Roofs**

ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Lap Siding Stone Veneer



Front Elevation 2C - Modern Prairie







Architecture + 888,456,5849

tri pointe

MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 42X71 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM, CA. #2020-0783

SCHEMATIC DESIGN MARCH 19, 2021

EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - PLAN 2C



Front Elevation 3A - Modern Spanish

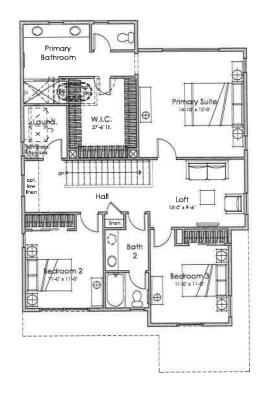


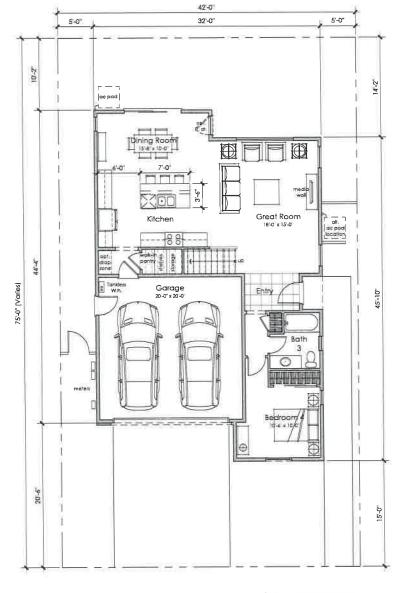
Front Elevation 3B - Italian Villa



Front Elevation 3C - Modern Prairie









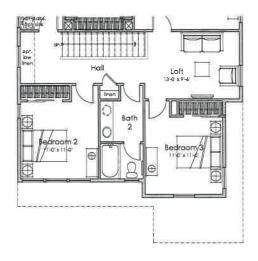


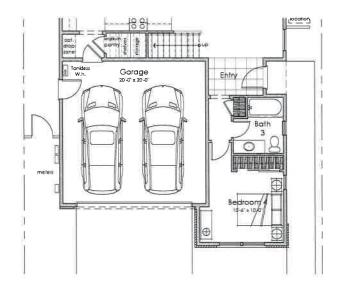
MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 42X71 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM, CA. #2020-0783



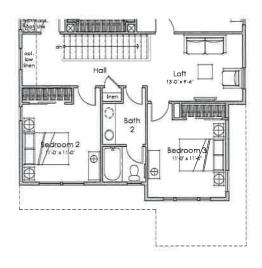
4 BEDROOM + OPT. LOFT 3 BATH 2221 SF 47.6% BLDG COVERAGE

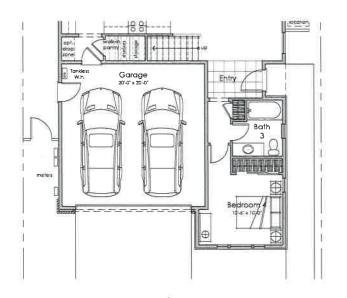
FLOOR PLAN 3





PLAN 3C





PLAN 3B



tri pointe

MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 42X71 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM, CA. #2020-0783

SCHEMATIC DESIGN



PLAN 3 ADDENDA

MODERN SPANISH

Characterized by simply articulated details and adaptability

DESIGN ELEMENTS

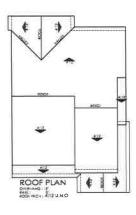
Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Villa Shaped Concrete Tile **Gently Pitched Roofs**

ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Recessed Windows Gable Details



Front Elevation 3A - Modern Spanish



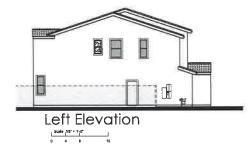




Right Elevation



Rear Elevation





Right Elevation at Enhanced Lots



Rear Elevation at Enhanced Lots

SCHEMATIC DESIGN





MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 42X71 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM, GA. 82020-0783



ITALIAN VILLA Characterized by a formal and elegant facade.

DESIGN ELEMENTS

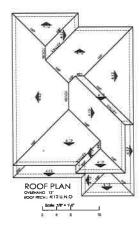
Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Villa Shaped Concrete Tile Gently Pitched Roofs

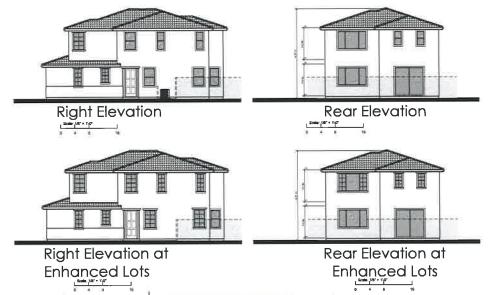
ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Stone Veneer



Front Elevation 3B - Italian Villa











MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 42X71 PRODUCT SERIES FOLSOM, CA #2020-0783





MODERN PRAIRIE

Characterized by an asymmetrical, contemporary cottage look. It represents a practical and picturesque prairie home.

DESIGN ELEMENTS

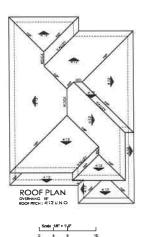
Two Story Massing Stucco Exterior Finish Flat Concrete Tile **Gently Pitched Roofs**

ENHANCED DESIGN ELEMENTS

Lap Siding Stone Veneer



Front Elevation 3C - Modern Prairie









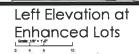






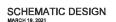
Right Elevation at Enhanced Lots

Rear Elevation at Enhanced Lots





MANGINI RANCH PHASE 1C 42X71 PRODUCT SERIES





EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - PLAN 3C



Exterior Color/Materials Specification dated May 4, 2021



42x70, Phase 1C at Mangini Ranch

FOLSOM: CA

PRELIMINARY | 05.04.2021 Exterior Color/Material Boards & Specifications



© Copyright - AT Design Consulting Inc. www.atdesignconsulting.com



Exterior Color + Material Specifications

These color / material specifications and creative design concepts are the intellectual property of AT Design Consulting, a California Corporation.

This creative work is privileged, confidential, and exempt from disclosure under applicable law. The use of these materials is restricted.

These materials are intended for the use within this specific project only during the course of development and may not be used for any other reason without the expressed written authorization of AT Design Consulting, Inc.

AT Design Consulting, Inc. is responsible for aesthetic choices. All colors and materials listed are for color purposes only. Manufacturer for all products will be designated and appointed by Client.

All unauthorized use, dissemination, distribution, or reproduction of these materials is strictly prohibited. Any unauthorized use, dissemination, distribution or reproductions will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

© AT Design Consulting, Inc.

Colors & photo images seen on screen and/or printed material may not represent actual colors & textures accurately.

Refer to actual paint chips & materials for color & texture accuracy.



42x70, Phase 1C

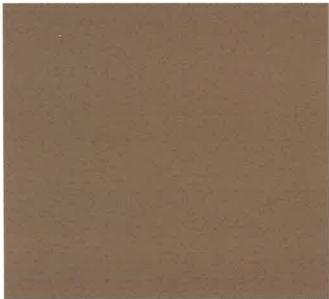


MAIN BODY

SW 6133, Muslin



SW 7034, Status Bronze



FRONT DOOR SW 2861, Avocado



CONCRETE ROOF TILE ("S"-TILE)

Eagle Roof: Malibu - 2814, San Pablo Blend



Colors & photo images seen on screen and/or printed material may not represent actual colors & textures accurately Refer to actual paint chips & materials for color & texture accuracy.

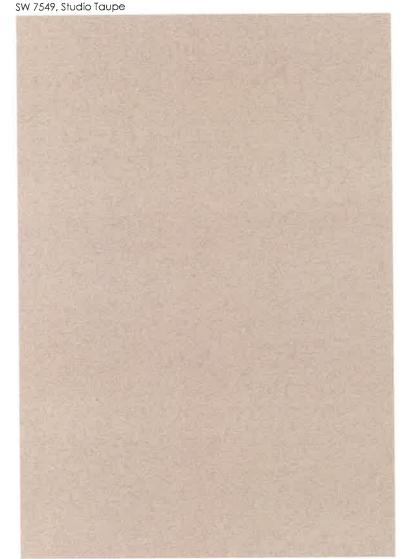
tri pointe

42x70, Phase 1C



SCHEME 2: Elevation A, Modern Spanish

MAIN BODY

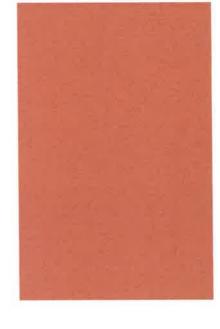


TRIM & GARAGE DOOR



FRONT DOOR

SW 0040, Roycroft Adobe



CONCRETE ROOF TILE ("S"-TILE)

Eagle Roof: Malibu - 2605, San Benito Blend



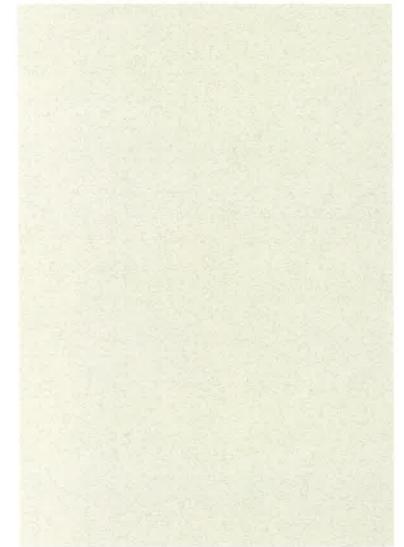
42x70, Phase 1C

Colors & photo images seen on screen and/or printed material may not represent actual colors & textures occurately. Refer to actual paint chips & materials for color & texture accuracy.

tri pointe

SCHEME 3: Elevation A, Modern Spanish

MAIN BODY SW 6149, Relaxed Khaki



TRIM & GARAGE DOOR



FRONT DOOR SW 6214, Underseas



CONCRETE ROOF TILE ("S"-TILE) Eagle Roof: Malibu - 2646, Sunset Blend



Colors & photo images seen on screen and/or printed material may not represent actual colors & textures accurately. Refer to actual paint chips & materials for color & texture accuracy.

tri pointe

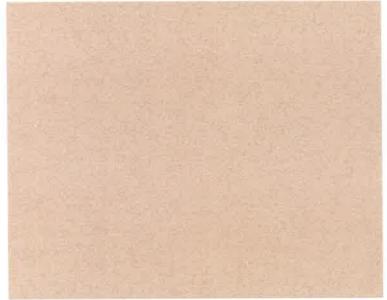
42x70, Phase 1C



SCHEME 4: Elevation B, Italian Villa

MAIN BODY

SW 6101, Sands of Time



ACCENT BODY



TRIM & GARAGE DOOR

SW 7516, Kestrel White



SW 7041, Van Dyke Brown



STONE

Cultured Stone: Cast Fit, Parchment

tri pointe



CONCRETE ROOF TILE ("S"-TILE)

Eagle Roof: Malibu - 2636, Piedmont Blend



42x70, Phase 1C MANGINI RANCH

Colors & photo images seen on screen and/or printed material may not represent actual colors & textures accurately. Refer to actual paln, chips & materials for color & texture accuracy.

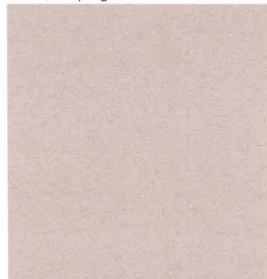


MAIN BODY

SW 7516, Kestrel White



SW 6080, Utterly Beige



TRIM & GARAGE DOOR

SW 7019, Gauntlet Gray



FRONT DOOR

SW 0006, Toile Red



STONE

Cultured Stone: Cast Fit, French Gray



CONCRETE ROOF TILE ("S"-TILE)

Eagle Roof: Malibu - SMM 8816, San Gabriel Blend



Colors & photo images seen on screen and/or printed material may not represent actual colors & textures accurately.

Refer to actual paint chips & materials for color & texture accuracy.

trı pointe

42x70, Phase 1C

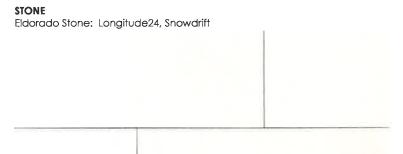


MAIN BODY SW 7539, Cork Wedge

ACCENT BODY SW 7010, Duck White



FRONT DOOR SW 9100, Umber Rust







tri pointe

42x70, Phase 1C

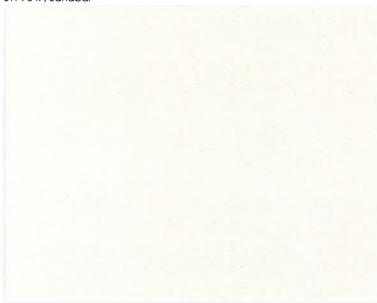
Colors & photo images seen on screen and/or printed material may not represent actual colors & textures accurately.

Refer to actual paint chips & materials for color & texture accuracy.



MAIN BODY

SW 7547, Sandbar



SECONDARY BODY & TRIM 1

SW 0038, Library Pewter



TRIM 2 & GARAGE DOOR

SW 6147, Panda White

FRONT DOOR

SW 0039, Portrait Tone



STONE

Eldorado Stone: European Ledge, Zinc



CONCRETE ROOF TILE (FLAT TILE)

Eagle Roof: Bel Air - 4679, Light Gray Range



Colors & photo images seen on screen and/or printed material may not represent actual colors & textures accurately. Refer to actual paint chips & materials for color & texture accuracy.

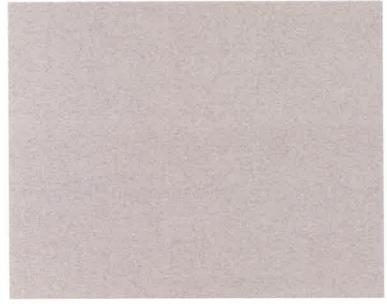
tri pointe

42x70, Phase 1C



MAIN BODY

SW 7031, Mega Greige



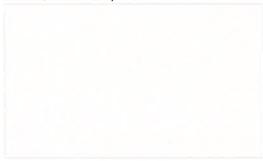
SECONDARY BODY & TRIM 1

SW 7067, Cityscape



TRIM 2 & GARAGE DOOR

SW 7632, Modern Gray



FRONT DOOR

SW 6117, Smokey Topaz



STONE

Eldorado Stone: European Ledge, Cottonwood



CONCRETE ROOF TILE (FLAT TILE) Eagle Roof: Double Eagle Bel Air - 4097, Slate Range



Colors & photo images seen on screen ana/or printed material may not represent actual colors & textures accurately. Refer to actual paint chips & materials for color & texture accuracy.

tri pointe

42x70, Phase 1C



SCHEME 9: Elevation C, Modern Prairie

MAIN BODY

SW 7562, Roman Column

SECONDARY BODY & TRIM 1

SW 2824, Renwick Golden Oak



TRIM 2 & GARAGE DOOR

SW 7054, Suitable Brown



FRONT DOOR

SW 7054, Suitable Brown



STONE Creative Mines: Craft Chop Ledge, Seapearl



CONCRETE ROOF TILE (FLAT TILE)

Eagle Roof: Bel Air - 4814, San Pablo Blend



Colors & photo images seen an screen and/or printed material may not represent actual colors & textures accurately. Refer to actual paint chips & materials for color & texture accuracy.

tri pointe

42x70, Phase 1C



Attachment 9

CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis for the Phase 1C North Subdivision Project dated May 2021

CITY OF FOLSOM

CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis for Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North (Mangini Ranch Phase 1, Lots 11 and 12)

- 1. Application No: PN 21-001
- 2. Project Title: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North (Mangini Ranch Phase 1, Lots 11 and 12)
- 3. Lead Agency Name and Address:

City of Folsom 50 Natoma Street Folsom, CA 95630

4. Contact Person and Phone Number:

Scott Johnson, AICP, Planning Manager Community Development Department (916) 355-7222

5. Project Location:

32.6 acres located north of White Rock Road and west of Savannah Parkway. APN: 072-3370-007, 072-3370-036, & -72-3390-014 (32.6 acres, Folsom Real Estate South, LLC.)

6. Project Applicant's/Sponsor's Name and Address:

CMB Improvement Company, LLC. 4370 Town Center Blvd. Ste. 100 El Dorado Hills, CA 95762

- 7. General Plan Designation: MLD
- 8. Zoning: SP-MLD
- 9. Other public agencies whose approval may be required or agencies that may rely on this document for implementing project:

California Department of Fish and Wildlife (for Section 1602 agreement)
Capital Southeast Connector Joint Powers Authority
Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board
Folsom-Cordova Unified School District
Sacramento Metropolitan Air Quality Management District

Table of Contents

<u>I.</u>	INT	FRODUCTION	3
<u>II.</u>	PRO	DIECT DESCRIPTION	3
	<u>A.</u>	PROJECT OVERVIEW	3
	<u>B.</u>	PROJECT LOCATION	5
	C.	EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS	5
	<u>D.</u>	CONSISTENCY WITH THE FPASP	5
III.	EXI	EMPTION AND STREAMLINING ANALYSIS	
	<u>A.</u>	Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan	
	<u>B.</u>	Documents Incorporated by Reference	7
	<u>C.</u>	Introduction to CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Provisions	
	<u>D.</u>	Environmental Checklist Review	
		1. Where Impact Was Analyzed	
		2. Do Proposed Changes Involve New or More Severe Impacts?	
		3. Any New Circumstances Involving New or More Severe Impacts?	
		4. Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	.11
		5. Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project	
		Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action,	
		General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	12
		6. Are There Effects Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By	
		Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been	
		Previously Adopted?	13
		7. Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The	
		Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	
			.14
		8. Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts and Cumulative Impacts That Were Not	
		Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan, Or Zoning	
		Action?	14
		9. Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New	
		Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have	
		A More Severe Adverse Impact?	
		10. Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.	
	<u>E.</u>	Checklist and Discussion.	
		1. AESTHETICS	
		2. AGRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURCES	
		3. AIR QUALITY	
		4. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES	26
		5. CULTURAL RESOURCES	31

	<u>6.</u>	GEOLOGY AND SOILS	33
	<u>7.</u>	GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS	37
	<u>8.</u>	HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS	39
	9.	HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY	44
	10.	LAND USE AND PLANNING	49
	11.	MINERAL RESOURCES	52
	12.	NOISE	54
	13.	POPULATION AND HOUSING	59
	$\frac{\overline{14}}{14}$.	PUBLIC SERVICES	61
	<u> </u>	RECREATION	64
	<u>16.</u>	TRANSPORTATION/ TRAFFIC	
	 17.	UTILITIES	
		MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE	76
	F. Co	onclusion	
IV		ENCES	

I. INTRODUCTION

The Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North development proposal (project or Project) is located in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan (FPASP) area. As discussed later in this document, the project is consistent with the FPASP.

As a project that is consistent with an existing Specific Plan, Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North is eligible for the exemption from review under the California Environmental Quality Act¹ ("CEQA") provided in Government Code section 65457 and CEQA Guidelines² section 15182, subdivision (c), as well as the streamlining provisions in Public Resources Code section 21083.3 and CEQA Guidelines section 15183.

Because the Project is exempt from CEQA, the City is not required to provide the following CEQA analysis. Nonetheless, the City provides the following checklist exploring considerations raised by sections 15182 and 15183 to disclose the City's evidence and reasoning for determining the project's consistency with the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan ("FPASP") and eligibility for the claimed CEQA exemption.

II. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

A. PROJECT OVERVIEW

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North includes a small lot vesting tentative subdivision map (SLVTSM) to further subdivide a 32.6-acre portion of Mangini Ranch Phase 1 lots 11 and 12 into 76 detached residential lots for future development, consistent with the land use designations in the FPASP. Proposed lot size is MLD single-family detached 42′ x 71′. Class I multi-purpose trails are located along the drainage corridors in the Open Space areas, consistent with the trails identified on the FPASP Trails Exhibit. Trail connections are provided at Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway.

The requested land use entitlements for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project are:

- (1) Small Lot Vesting Tentative Subdivision Map;
- (2) Design Review:
- (3) a Minor Administrative Modification Minor Land Use Boundary Refinements; and
- (4) a Minor Administrative Modification Transfer of Development Rights Dwelling Units Transferred Between Parcels.

¹California Environmental Quality Act, Pub. Resources Code, § 21000 et seq. (hereafter "CEQA").

²The Guidelines for the Implementation of the California Environmental Quality Act, Cal. Code Regs., tit. 14, § 15000 et seq. (hereafter "CEQA Guidelines" or "Guidelines").

A Minor Administrative Modification (MAM) is requested to refine the boundaries of the MLD Project site and adjacent MU development parcels to maximize development efficiencies and ease site grading for both parcels. Acreages of the various land uses remain the same although the edges have been modified.

A Minor Administrative Amendment – Transfer of Development Rights to move 20 dwelling units (du) from FPASP parcels 211 (-11 du) and 132 (-9 du) to the Project site (FPASP parcel 147). No change to the overall FPASP unit allocation, total population, will occur. The proposed project does not affect the overall amount of non-residential development in the FPASP.

Infrastructure to serve the Project is proximate and available to the site.

The Project is located within the Folsom Ranch Central District and is designed to comply with the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines (approved 2015, amended 2018). No deviations from the FPASP Appendix A: Development Standards are sought with this application.

B. PROJECT LOCATION

The Project site consists of a 32.6-acre portion of several parcels in the FPASP plan area that are within the approved Mangini Ranch Phase 1 development area, south of U.S. Highway 50 and west of Savannah Parkway. The project site is known as Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lots 11 & 12.

Mangini Parkway provides access to the site. Public street access would be provided at proposed Street G and Street H which are centrally located on the site and connect to Mangini Parkway. Adjacent to the project is the Mangini Ranch Phase 1 subdivision at Folsom Ranch, which is under construction.

The FPASP is a 3,513.4-acre comprehensively planned community that creates new development patterns based on the principles of smart growth and transit-oriented development. The Specific Plan zoning for the Project site is Multi-Family Low Density (SP-MLD).

See the Project Narrative for exhibits of the proposed project and surrounding land uses.

C. EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS

Currently, the 32.6-acre project site is undeveloped. There are no native trees located within the bounds of the project site, therefore no trees are proposed for removal with this application.

D. CONSISTENCY WITH THE FPASP

The Project is consistent with and aims to fulfill the specific policies and objectives in the Folsom Plan

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lots 11 & 12)

CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis

May 2021

-5-

Area Specific Plan. An analysis of the proposed project's consistency with the FPASP is provided in Exhibit 3, the Applicant's FPASP Policy Consistency Analysis.

1. Land Use Designation and Unit Types

The application intends to develop Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North (as shown and described in the Project Narrative) as a Multi-Family Low Density (MLD) Residential site, consistent with the FPASP. A SLVTSM and Design Review-MF Architecture entitlements are sought with this application.

An open space drainage corridor is located on the southern boundary of the subject property; drainage runoff north of this drainage corridor flows to Mangini Parkway and then to Hydromodification Basin 22 located westerly of the Project area, south of the elementary school (the school is currently under construction). Not a part of this application, however, future drainage runoff south of the drainage corridor flows to Hydromodification Basin 24 located immediately west of southern area of the Project.

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North proposes to create 76 detached residential lots. The FPASP defines the MLD residential designation as "one of the most flexible residential land use designations in the Plan Area[,]" which includes "single family dwellings (small lot detached, zero-lot-line and patio homes), two family dwellings and multi-family dwellings." (FPASP, p. 4-14.) The density range for MLD is 7 to 12 dwelling units per gross acre. (FPASP, p. 4-14.)

The detached, residential lots proposed by Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North are permitted uses as shown on Table 4.3 of the FPASP. (See also FPASP DEIR, Table 3A.10-4.)

In summary, the proposed land use and the density of residential use proposed for Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North are consistent with the FPASP.

2. Circulation

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North includes vehicular access to the Project via Mangini Parkway, which runs between lot 11 and 12. Pedestrian access and circulation are accommodated through the provision of attached and detached sidewalks on all streets, and off-street Class I trails in open space. Class II bike lanes are provided on Savannah Parkway and Mangini Parkway (as required in the FPASP) and Class II bike routes are provided on all residential streets. The nearest access points to the Class I trail system are provided at Mangini Parkway, Street H, and Savannah Parkway.

The proposed project it consistent with roadway and transit master plans for the FPASP.

3. Water, Sewer, and Storm Drainage Infrastructure

Water infrastructure

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lots 11 & 12)

CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis

The Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project is being served by Zone 3 water from the north via Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway. The project is located within the Zone 3 pressure zone. Water mains are provided within the perimeter streets, including Mangini Parkway.

Sewer infrastructure

The Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project will be served by the sewer infrastructure within Mangini Parkway.

Storm drainage infrastructure

The Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project site stormwater system will connect to existing HMB#22.

The proposed project is consistent with planned infrastructure for the FPASP.

III. EXEMPTION AND STREAMLINING ANALYSIS

A. Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan

The City adopted the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan on June 28, 2011 (Resolution No. 8863).

The City of Folsom and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers prepared a joint environmental impact report/environmental impact statement ("EIR/EIS" or "EIR") for the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project ("FPASP"). (See FPASP EIR/EIS, SCH #2008092051). The Draft EIR/EIS (DEIR) was released on June 28, 2010. The City certified the Final EIR/EIS (FEIR) on June 14, 2011 (Resolution No. 8860). For each impact category requiring environmental analysis, the EIR provided two separate analyses: one for the "Land" component of the FPASP project, and a second for the "Water" component. (FPASP DEIR, p. 1-1 to 1-2.) The analysis in this document is largely focused on and cites to the "Land" sections of the FPASP EIR.

On December 7, 2012, the City certified an Addendum to the EIR for the FPASP for purposes of analyzing an alternative water supply for the project. The revisions to the "Water" component of the FPASP project included: (1) Leak Fixes, (2) Implementation of Metered Rates, (3) Exchange of Water Supplies, (4) New Water Conveyance Facilities. (Water Addendum, pp. 3-1 to 3-4.) The City concluded that, with implementation of certain mitigation measures from the FPASP EIR's "Water" sections, the water supply and infrastructure changes would not result in any new significant impacts, substantially increase the severity of previously disclosed impacts or involve any of the other conditions related to changed circumstances or new information that can require a subsequent or supplemental EIR. (See Pub. Resources Code, § 21166; Guidelines, § 15162.) The analysis in portions of the FPASP EIR's "Water" sections that have not been superseded by the Water Addendum are still applicable.

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lots 11 & 12)

May 2021

B. <u>Documents Incorporated by Reference</u>

The analysis in this document incorporates by reference the following environmental documents that have been certified by the Folsom City Council:

- i. Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project EIR/EIS and Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations, certified by the Folsom City Council on June 14, 2011, a copy of which is available for viewing at the City of Folsom Planning Public Counter located on the 2nd floor of the City Hall Building at 50 Natoma Street in Folsom, CA (from 8:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Monday through Friday).
- ii. CEQA Addendum for the Folsom South of U.S. 50 Specific Plan Project- Revised Proposed Off-site Water Facility Alternative prepared November, 2012, ("Water Addendum"), certified by the Folsom City Council on December 11, 2012, a copy of which is available for viewing at the City of Folsom Planning Public Counter located on the 2nd floor of the City Hall Building at 50 Natoma Street in Folsom, CA (from 8:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Monday through Friday);
- iii. South of Highway 50 Backbone Infrastructure Project Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration (Backbone Infrastructure MND), dated December 9, 2014, adopted by the City Council on February 24, 2015, a copy of which is available for viewing at the City of Folsom Planning Public Counter located on the 2nd floor of the City Hall Building at 50 Natoma Street in Folsom, CA (from 8:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Monday through Friday).

Each of the environmental documents listed above includes mitigation measures imposed on the FPASP and activities authorized therein and in subsequent projects to mitigate plan-level environmental impacts, which are, therefore, applicable to the proposed project. The mitigation measures are referenced specifically throughout this document and are incorporated by reference in the environmental analysis. The Applicant will be required to agree, as part of the conditions of approval for the proposed project, to comply with each of those mitigation measures.

Pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21083.3, subdivision (c), the City will make a finding at a public hearing that the feasible mitigation measures specified in the FPASP EIR will be undertaken.

Moreover, for those mitigation measures with a financial component that apply plan-wide, the approved Public Facilities Financing Plan and Amended and Restated Development Agreement bind the Applicant to a fair share contribution for funding those mitigation measures.

The May 22, 2014, Record of Decision (ROD) for the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project—City of Folsom Backbone Infrastructure (Exhibit 2) by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers is also incorporated by reference.

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lots 11 & 12) CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis

All impacts from both on-site and off-site features of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project have been analyzed and addressed in the CEQA analysis and other regulatory permits required for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project and/or the Backbone Infrastructure project.

C. Introduction to CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Provisions

The City finds that the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North development proposal is consistent with the FPASP and therefore exempt from CEQA under Government Code section 65457 and CEQA Guidelines section 15182, subdivision (c), as a residential project undertaken pursuant to and in conformity with a specific plan.

The City also finds that the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project is eligible for streamlined CEQA review provided in Public Resources Code section 21083.3, and CEQA Guidelines section 15183 for projects consistent with a community plan, general plan, or zoning. Because the Project is exempt from CEQA, the City is not required to provide the following streamlined CEQA analysis. Nonetheless, the City provides the following checklist exploring considerations raised by sections 15182 and 15183 because the checklist provides a convenient vehicle for disclosing the City's substantial evidence and reasoning underlying its consistency determination.

As mentioned above, the City prepared an addendum to the FPASP EIR in December 2012 for purposes of analyzing an alternative water supply for the FPASP. Although this Water Addendum was prepared and adopted by the City after the certification of the FPASP EIR/EIS, it would not change any of the analysis under Public Resources Code section 21083.3 and CEQA Guidelines section 15183 because it gave the Plan Area a more feasible and reliable water supply.

The City has prepared or will be completing site-specific studies pursuant to the requirements set forth in the mitigation measures and conditions of approval adopted for the FPASP under the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum for subsequent development projects. (See Exhibits 4 [Noise Assessment] and 5 [Access Evaluation Memo].) These studies support the conclusion that the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North development proposal would not have any new significant or substantially more severe impacts (CEQA Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (CEQA Guidelines, § 15183).

1. Exemption provided by Government Code, § 65457, and CEQA Guidelines, § 15182, subdivision (c)

Government Code section 65457, and CEQA Guidelines section 15182, subdivision (c), exempt residential projects that are undertaken pursuant to a specific plan for which an EIR was previously prepared if the projects are in conformity with that specific plan and the conditions described in CEQA Guidelines section 15162 (relating to the preparation of a supplemental EIR) are not present. (Gov.

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lots 11 & 12)
CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis

Code, § 65457, subd. (a); CEQA Guidelines, §§ 15182, subd. (c), 15162, subd. (a).)

The Applicant's FPASP Policy Consistency Analysis attached as Exhibit 3 supports the determination that the Project is undertaken pursuant to and in conformity with the FPASP.

2. Streamlining provided by Public Resources Code, § 21083.3 and CEQA Guidelines, § 15183

Public Resources Code section 21083.3 provides a streamlined CEQA process where a subdivision map application is made for a parcel for which prior environmental review of a zoning or planning approval was adopted. If the proposed development is consistent with that zoning or plan, any further environmental review of the development shall be limited to effects upon the environment which are peculiar to the parcel or to the project and which were not addressed as significant effects in the prior EIR or which substantial new information shows will be more significant than described in the prior EIR. Effects are not to be considered peculiar to the parcel or the project if uniformly applied development policies or standards have been previously adopted by the city, which were found to substantially mitigate that effect when applied to future projects.

CEQA Guidelines section 15183 provides further detail and guidance for the implementation of the exemption set forth in Public Resources Code section 21083.3.

D. Environmental Checklist Review

The row titles of the checklist include the full range of environmental topics, as presented in Appendix G of the CEQA Guidelines.

The column titles of the checklist have been modified from the Appendix G presentation to assess the Project's qualifications for streamlining provided by Public Resources Code section 21083.3 and CEQA Guidelines sections 15183, as well as to evaluate whether the conditions described in Guidelines section 15162 are present.

Pursuant to Guidelines section 15162, one of the purposes of this checklist is to evaluate the categories in terms of any "changed condition" (i.e. changed circumstances, project changes, or new information of substantial importance) that may result in a different environmental impact significance conclusion. If the situations described in Guidelines section 15162 are not present, then the exemption provided by Government Code section 65457 and Guidelines section 15182 can be applied to the Project. Therefore, the checklist does the following: a) identifies the earlier analyses and states where they are available for review; b) discusses whether proposed changes to the previously-analyzed program, including new site specific operations, would involve new or substantially more severe significant impacts; c) discusses whether new circumstances surrounding the previously-analyzed program would involve new or substantially more severe significant impacts; d) discusses any substantially important new information requiring new analysis; and e) describes the mitigation measures which were incorporated

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lots 11 & 12)

or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project. (Guidelines, § 15162, subd. (a).)

The checklist serves a second purpose. Public Resources Code section 21083.3 and its parallel Guidelines provision, section 15183, provide for streamlined environmental review for projects consistent with the development densities established by existing zoning, general plan, or community plan policies for which an EIR was certified. Such projects require no further environmental review except as might be necessary to address effects that (a) are peculiar to the project or the parcel on which the project would be located, (b) were not analyzed as significant effects in the prior EIR, (c) are potentially significant off-site impacts or cumulative impacts not discussed in the prior EIR, or (d) were previously identified significant effects but are more severe than previously assumed in light of substantial new information not known when the prior EIR was certified. If an impact is not peculiar to the parcel or to the project, has been addressed as a significant impact in the prior EIR, or can be substantially mitigated by the imposition of uniformly applied development policies or standards, then an additional EIR need not be prepared for the project solely on the basis of that impact.

A "no" answer does not necessarily mean that there are no potential impacts relative to the environmental category, but that there is no change in the condition or status of the impact since it was analyzed and addressed with mitigation measures in the prior environmental documents approved for the zoning action, general plan, or community plan. The environmental categories might be answered with a "no" in the checklist since the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project does not introduce changes that would result in a modification to the conclusion of the FPASP EIR.

The purpose of each column of the checklist is described below.

1. Where Impact Was Analyzed

This column provides a cross-reference to the pages of the environmental documents for the zoning action, general plan, or community plan where information and analysis may be found relative to the environmental issue listed under each topic.

2. Do Proposed Changes Involve New or More Severe Impacts?

Pursuant to Section 15162(a)(1) of the CEQA Guidelines, this column indicates whether the changes represented by the proposed project will result in new significant impacts not disclosed in the prior EIR or negative declaration or that the proposed project will result in substantial increases the severity of a previously identified significant impact. A yes answer is only required if such new or worsened significant impacts will require "major revisions of the previous EIR or negative declaration." If a "yes" answer is given, additional mitigation measures or alternatives may be needed.

3. Any New Circumstances Involving New or More Severe Impacts?

Pursuant to Section 15162(a)(2) of the CEQA Guidelines, this column indicates whether changed circumstances affecting the proposed project will result in new significant impacts not disclosed in Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lots 11 & 12)

CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis

May 2021

the prior EIR or negative declaration or will result in substantial increases the severity of a previously identified significant impact. A yes answer is only required if such new or worsened significant impacts will require "major revisions of the previous EIR or negative declaration." If a "yes" answer is given, additional mitigation measures or alternatives may be needed.

4. Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?

Pursuant to Section 15162(a)(3) of the CEQA Guidelines, this column indicates whether new information "of substantial importance" is available requiring an update to the analysis of a previous EIR to verify that the environmental conclusions and mitigations remain valid. Any such information is only relevant if it "was not known and could not have been known with reasonable diligence at the time of the previous EIR." To be relevant in this context, such new information must show one or more of the following:

- (A) The project will have one or more significant effects not discussed in the previous EIR or negative declaration;
- (B) Significant effects previously examined will be substantially more severe than shown in the previous EIR;
- (C) Mitigation measures or alternatives previously found not to be feasible would in fact be feasible and would substantially reduce one or more significant effects of the project, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measure or alternative; or
- (D) Mitigation measures or alternatives which are considerably different from those analyzed in the previous EIR would substantially reduce one or more significant effects on the environment, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measure or alternative.

This category of new information may apply to any new regulations, enacted after certification of the prior EIR or adoption of the prior negative declaration, which might change the nature of analysis of impacts or the specifications of a mitigation measure. If the new information shows the existence of new significant effects or significant effects that are substantially more severe than were previously disclosed, then new mitigation measures should be considered. If the new information shows that previously rejected mitigation measures or alternatives are now feasible, such measures or alternatives should be considered anew. If the new information shows the existence of mitigation measures or alternatives that are (i) considerably different from those included in the prior EIR, (ii) able to substantially reduce one or more significant effects, and (iii) unacceptable to the project proponents, then such mitigation measures or alternatives should also be considered.

5. Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?

Pursuant to Section 15183, subdivision (b)(1), of the CEQA Guidelines, this column indicates whether Mangini Ranch Phase 1 C North (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lots 11 & 12)

CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis

May 2021

there are project-specific significant effects that are peculiar to the project or its site. Although neither section 21083.3 nor section 15183 defines the term "effects on the environment which are peculiar to the parcel or to the project," a definition can be gleaned from what is now the leading case interpreting section 21083.3, Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. v. City of Turlock (2006) 138 Cal.App.4th 273 (Wal-Mart Stores). In that case, the court upheld the respondent city's decision to adopt an ordinance banning discount "superstores." The city appropriately found that the adoption of the ordinance was wholly exempt from CEQA review under CEQA Guidelines section 15183 as a zoning action consistent with the general plan, where there were no project-specific impacts – of any kind – associated with the ordinance that were peculiar to the project. The court concluded that "a physical change in the environment will be peculiar to [a project] if that physical change belongs exclusively and especially to the [project] or it is characteristic of only the [project]." (Id. at p. 294.) As noted by the court, this definition "illustrate[s] how difficult it will be for a zoning amendment or other land use regulation that does not have a physical component to have a sufficiently close connection to a physical change to allow the physical change to be regarded as 'peculiar to' the zoning amendment or other land use regulation." (Ibid.)

A "yes" answer in the checklist indicates that the project has effects peculiar to the project relative to the environmental category that were not discussed in the prior environmental documentation for the zoning action, general plan or community plan. A "yes" answer will be followed by an indication of whether the impact is "potentially significant", "less than significant with mitigation incorporated", or "less than significant". An analysis of the determination will appear in the Discussion section following the checklist.

6. Are There Effects Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?

Sections 21083.3 and 15183 include a separate, though complementary, means of defining the term "effects on the environment which are peculiar to the parcel or to the project." Subdivision (f) of section 15183 provides as follows:

An effect of a project on the environment shall not be considered peculiar to the project or the parcel for the purposes of this section if uniformly applied development policies or standards have been previously adopted by the city or county with a finding that the development policies or standards will substantially mitigate that environmental effect when applied to future projects, unless substantial new information shows that the policies or standards will not substantially mitigate the environmental effect. The finding shall be based on substantial evidence which need not include an EIR.

This language explains that an agency can dispense with CEQA compliance for environmental impacts that will be "substantially mitigated" by the uniform application of "development policies or standards" adopted as part of, or in connection with, previous plan-level or zoning-level decisions, or

otherwise – unless "substantial new information" shows that the standards or policies will not be effective in "substantially mitigating" the effects in question. Section 15183, subdivision (f), goes on to add the following considerations regarding the kinds of policies and standards at issue:

Such development policies or standards need not apply throughout the entire city or county but can apply only within the zoning district in which the project is located, or within the area subject to the community plan on which the lead agency is relying. Moreover, such policies or standards need not be part of the general plan or any community plan but can be found within another pertinent planning document such as a zoning ordinance. Where a city or county, in previously adopting uniformly applied development policies or standards for imposition on future projects, failed to make a finding as to whether such policies or standards would substantially mitigate the effects of future projects, the decision-making body of the city or county, prior to approving such a future project pursuant to this section, may hold a public hearing for the purpose of considering whether, as applied to the project, such standards or policies would substantially mitigate the effects of the project. Such a public hearing need only be held if the city or county decides to apply the standards or policies as permitted in this section.

Subdivision (g) provides concrete examples of "uniformly applied development policies or standards": (1) parking ordinances; (2) public access requirements; (3) grading ordinances; (4) hillside development ordinances; (5) flood plain ordinances; (6) habitat protection or conservation ordinances; (7) view protection ordinances.

A "yes" answer in the checklist indicates that the project has effects peculiar to the project relative to the environmental category that were not discussed in the prior environmental documentation for the zoning action, general plan or community plan and that cannot be mitigated through application of uniformly applied development policies or standards that have been previously adopted by the agency. A "yes" answer will be followed by an indication of whether the impact is "potentially significant", "less than significant with mitigation incorporated", or "less than significant". An analysis of the determination will appear in the Discussion section following the checklist.

7. Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?

Pursuant to Section 15183, subdivision (b)(2) of the CEQA Guidelines, this column indicates whether there are any effects that were not analyzed as significant effects in the prior EIR for the zoning action, general plan, or community plan with which the project is consistent.

This provision indicates that, if the prior EIR for a general plan, community plan, or zoning action failed to analyze a potentially significant effect then such effects must be addressed in the site-specific CEQA analysis.

A "yes" answer in the checklist indicates that the project has effects relative to the environmental category that were not analyzed as significant effects in the prior environmental documentation for the zoning action, general plan or community plan. A "yes" answer will be followed by an indication

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lots 11 & 12) CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis

of whether the impact is "potentially significant", "less than significant with mitigation incorporated", or "less than significant". An analysis of the determination will appear in the Discussion section following the checklist.

8. Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts and Cumulative Impacts That Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan, Or Zoning Action?

Pursuant to Section 15183, subdivision (b)(3), of the CEQA Guidelines, this column indicates whether there are any potentially significant off-site impacts and cumulative impacts that were not discussed in the prior EIR prepared for the general plan, community plan or zoning action with which the project is consistent.

Subdivision (j) of CEQA Guidelines section 15183 makes it clear that, where the prior EIR has adequately discussed potentially significant offsite or cumulative impacts, the project-specific analysis need not revisit such impacts:

This section does not affect any requirement to analyze potentially significant offsite or cumulative impacts if those impacts were not adequately discussed in the prior EIR. If a significant offsite or cumulative impact was adequately discussed in the prior EIR, then this section may be used as a basis for excluding further analysis of that offsite or cumulative impact.

This provision indicates that, if the prior EIR for a general plan, community plan, or zoning action failed to analyze the "potentially significant offsite impacts and cumulative impacts of the [new site-specific] project," then such effects must be addressed in the site-specific CEQA analysis. (Pub. Resources Code, § 21083.3, subd. (c); see also CEQA Guidelines, § 15183, subd. (j).)

A "yes" answer in the checklist indicates that the project has potentially significant off-site impacts or cumulative impacts relative to the environmental category that were not discussed in the prior environmental documentation for the zoning action, general plan or community plan. A "yes" answer will be followed by an indication of whether the impact is "potentially significant", "less than significant with mitigation incorporated", or "less than significant". An analysis of the determination will appear in the Discussion section following the checklist.

9. Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?

Pursuant to Section (b)(4) of the CEQA Guidelines, this column indicates whether there are previously identified significant effects that are now determined to be more severe than previously assumed based on substantial information not known at the time the EIR for the zoning action, general plan or community plan was certified.

This provision indicates that, if substantial new information has arisen since preparation of the prior EIR for a general plan, community plan, or zoning action with respect to an effect that the prior EIR identified as significant, and the new information indicates that the adverse impact will be more severe, then such effects must be addressed in the site-specific CEQA analysis.

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North (Mangini Ranch Phase 1 Lots 11 & 12) CEQA Exemption and Streamlining Analysis

May 2021

A "yes" answer in the checklist indicates that the project has significant impacts relative to the environmental category that were previously identified in the prior environmental documentation for the zoning action, general plan or community plan but, as a result of new information not previously known, are now determined to be more severe than previously assumed. A "yes" answer will be followed by an indication of whether the impact is "potentially significant", "less than significant with mitigation incorporated", or "less than significant". An analysis of the determination will appear in the Discussion section following the checklist.

10. Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.

Pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21083.3, this column indicates whether the prior environmental document and/or the findings adopted by the lead agency decision-making body provides mitigation measures to address effects in the related impact category. In some cases, the mitigation measures have already been implemented. A "yes" response will be provided in either instance. If "NA" is indicated, this Environmental Review concludes that the impact does not occur with this project and therefore no mitigations are needed.

Subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 21083.3 further limits the partial exemption for projects consistent with general plans, community plans, and zoning by providing that:

[A]ll public agencies with authority to mitigate the significant effects shall undertake or require the undertaking of any feasible mitigation measures specified in the prior [EIR] relevant to a significant effect which the project will have on the environment or, if not, then the provisions of this section shall have no application to that effect. The lead agency shall make a finding, at a public hearing, as to whether those mitigation measures will be undertaken.

(Pub. Resources Code, § 21083.3, subd. (c).) Accordingly, to avoid having to address a previously identified significant effect in a site-specific CEQA document, a lead agency must "undertake or require the undertaking of any feasible mitigation measures specified in the prior [EIR] relevant to a significant effect which the project will have on the environment." (Pub. Resources Code, § 21083.3, subd. (c).) Thus, the mere fact that a prior EIR has analyzed certain significant cumulative or off-site effects does not mean that site-specific CEQA analysis can proceed as though such effects do not exist. Rather, to take advantage of the streamlining provisions of section 21083.3, a lead agency must commit itself to carry out all relevant feasible mitigation measures adopted in connection with the general plan, community plan, or zoning action for which the prior EIR was prepared. This commitment must be expressed as a finding adopted at a public hearing. (See *Gentry v. City of Murrieta* (1995) 36 Cal.App.4th 1359, 1408 [court rejected respondent city's argument that it had complied with this requirement because it made a finding at the time of project approval "that the Project complied with all 'applicable' laws"; such a finding "was not the equivalent of a finding that the mitigation measures in the [pertinent] Plan EIR were actually being undertaken"].)

E. Checklist and Discussion

1. AESTHETICS

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
1. Aesthetics. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.1-1 to -34									
a. Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?	pp. 3A.1-24 to -25	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.1-1
b. Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?	pp. 3A.1-26 to -27	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No feasible MM
c. Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?	pp. 3A.1-27 to -30	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.1-1 3A.7-4 3A.1-4
d. Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would	pp. 3A.1-31 to -33	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.1-5

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
	,		Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant			Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts.
Issue	Documents.	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	Addressing impacts.
		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
Area		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
				vernication:	In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?	Troject is consistent.	Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the	Treviously Autopicu.		1100011	The verse and act	
					Project is Consistent?					
a 4 43 43	EDACD D (4 EID				Troject B Consistent.					
1. Aesthetics.	FPASP Draft EIR									
Would the Project:	pp. 3A.1-1 to -34									
adversely affect										
day or nighttime										
views in the area?										

Discussion:

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following aesthetic and visual impacts to less than significant levels: Impact 3A.1-1 (Substantial Adverse Effect on a Scenic Vista); Impact 3A.1-2 (Damage to Scenic Resources Within a Designated Scenic Corridor); Impact 3A.1-4 (Temporary, Short-Term Degradation of Visual Character for Developed Project Land Uses During Construction); Impact 3A.1-6 (New Skyglow Effects); and impacts from the off-site improvements constructed in areas under the jurisdiction of El Dorado and Sacramento Counties (Impacts 3A.1-4 and 3A.1-5). (FEIR, pp. 1-15 to 1-19; DEIR, p. 3A.1-34.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to aesthetic resources when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.1-2a, MM 3B.1-3a, and MM 3B.1-3b. (Water Addendum, p. 3-5.)

See Exhibit 1 (the Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines) for more discussion of the architectural design guidelines and landscape design guidelines that apply to the Project. (Exh. 1, pp. 15-94.) See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project's consistency with landscaping policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to aesthetic and visual impacts. (Exh. 3, p. 31.)

Mitigation Measures:

- MM 3A.1-1
- MM 3A.1-4
- MM 3A.1-5
- MM 3A.7-4
- MM 3B.1-2a
- MM 3B.1-2bMM 3B.1-3a
- MM 3B.1-3b

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe aesthetic impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

2. AGRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURCES

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents,	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
2. Agriculture. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.10-1 to -49									
a. Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural	р. 3А.10-29	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
b. Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?	pp. 3A.10-41 to -43	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No feasible MM
c. Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature,	p. 3A.10-29	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

_	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmenta
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measure
	Documents	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts
Issue		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
Area		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
				Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
2. Agriculture.	FPASP Draft EIR					/				
Would the project:	pp. 3A.10-1 to -49	- A								
could result in		ĺ								
conversion of		1								
Farmland, to non-										
agricultural use?										
						-				

Discussion:

The FPASP EIR concluded that there were no feasible mitigation measures that would reduce the two agriculture impacts to less than significant levels. Impacts 3A.10-3 (Cancellation of Existing On-Site Williamson Act Contracts) and 3.10-4 (Potential Conflict with Existing Off-Site Williamson Act Contracts) remain significant and unavoidable. (FEIR, pp. 1-123 to 1- 124; DEIR, pp. 3A.10-41 to -43.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to agricultural resources when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.10-5. (Water Addendum, p. 3-12.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project's consistency with open space policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to agriculture and forest resources impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 4-5, 14-16.)

Mitigation Measures:

MM 3B.10-5

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe agriculture and forest resources impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

3. AIR QUALITY

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
3. Air Quality. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.2-1 to -63									
a. Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?	pp. 3A.2-23 to -59	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.2-1a 3A.2-1b 3A.2-1c 3A.2-1d 3A.2-1e 3A.2-1f 3A.2-1g 3A.2-1h 3A.2-2 3A.2-4a 3A.2-4b 3A.2-5
b. Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above
c. Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
3. Air Quality. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.2-1 to -63		THE T							
applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?								N.	N	
d. Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above
e. Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?	pp. 3A.2-59 to -63	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.2-6

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
	Documents,	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
				Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
1					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
3. Air Quality.	FPASP Draft EIR									
Would the project:	pp. 3A.2-1 to -63									

Discussion:

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following air quality impacts to less than significant levels: temporary short-term construction-related emissions of criteria air pollutants and precursors (Impact 3A.2-1), for PM₁₀ concentrations); long-term operation-related, regional emissions of criteria air pollutants and precursors (Impact 3A.2-2); exposure to TACs (Impact 3A.2-4); and exposure to odorous emissions from construction activity (Impact 3A.2-6, for construction diesel odors and for corporation yard odors); and exposure to odorous emissions from operation of the proposed corporation yard (Impact 3A.2-6). (FEIR, pp. 1-22 to 1-34; DEIR, p. 3A.2-63.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to air quality when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.2-1a, MM 3B.2-1b, MM 3B.2-3b. (Water Addendum, pp. 3-5 to 3-6.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project's consistency with energy efficiency quality policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to air quality impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 27-28.)

The land use mix in the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project is consistent with the FPASP, and the mitigation measures in the MMRP for the FPASP EIR are applicable to and will be implemented for the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

development.

Mitigation Measures:

- MM 3A.2-1a
- MM 3A.2-1b
- MM 3A.2-1c
- MM 3A.2-1d
- MM 3A.2-1e
- MM 3A.2-1f
- MM 3A.2-1gMM 3A.2-1h
- MM 3A.2-2
- MM 3A.2-4a
- MM 3A.2-4b
- MM 3A.2-5
- MM 3A.2-6
- MM 3B.2-1a

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Ei	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
Environmental	Documents.	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
		· ·	·	Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
3. Air Quality.	FPASP Draft EIR				N N					
Would the project:	pp. 3A.2-1 to -63									

- MM 3B.2-1b
- MM 3B.2-1c
- MM 3B.2-3a
- MM 3B.2-3b

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe air quality impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

4. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
4. Biological Resources. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.3-1 to -94	L. Esta								
a. Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?	pp. 3A.3-50 to -72	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.3-1a 3A.3-1b 3A.3-2a 3A.3-2c 3A.3-2c 3A.3-2d 3A.3-2f 3A.3-2f 3A.3-3-1
b. Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans,	pp. 3A.3-72 to -75	No =	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.3-1a 3A.3-1b 3A.3-4a 3A.3-4b

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts,
4. Biological Resources. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.3-1 to -94									
policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service?										
c. Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?	pp. 3A.3-28 to -50	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.3-1a 3A.3-1b
d. Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish and wildlife	pp. 3A.3-88 to -93	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents,	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
4. Biological Resources. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.3-1 to -94			F 1- 4	1277	=				
species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?										
e. Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance.	pp. 3A.3-75 to -88 (oak woodland and trees)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.3-5
f. Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?	pp. 3A.3-93 to -94	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
4. Biological Resources. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.3-1 to -94									

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following biological resources impacts to less than significant levels: impacts on jurisdictional waters of the United States, including wetlands (Impact 3A.3-1); cumulative impacts on aquatic resources, oak woodlands, nesting and foraging habitat for raptors, including Swainson's hawk, and potential habitat for special-status plant species (Impact 3A.3-2); impacts on blue oak woodlands and on trees protected under Folsom Municipal Code and County Tree Preservation Ordinance (Impact 3A.3-5); as well as the impacts of off-site improvements which would be located in the jurisdiction of El Dorado County, Sacramento County, or Caltrans. (FEIR, pp. 1-38 to 1-63; DEIR, p. 3A.3-94.)

The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to biological resources when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.3-1a, MM 3B.3-1c, MM 3B.3-1c, MM 3B.3-1c, MM 3B.3-2. (Water Addendum, p. 3-7.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project's consistency with wetlands and wildlife policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to biological resources impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 20-23.)

The South Sacramento HCP, which is referenced in the FPASP EIR has been approved and adopted. But the South Sacramento HCP is not relevant to the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project because the City did not choose to participate in the South Sacramento HCP and the project site is outside of the boundaries of the South Sacramento HCP plan area. (See South Sacramento HCP, available at https://www.southsachcp.com/sshcp-chapters—final.html (last visited April 15, 2021).)

Mitigation Measures:

- MM 3A.3-1a
- MM 3A.3-1b
- MM 3A.3-2a
- MM 3A.3-2b
- MM 3A.3-2c
- MM 3A.3-2d
- MM 3A.3-2e
- MM 3A.3-2f
- MM 3A.3-2g

			r T		T	1 m m m m m	. m . n.	A 777 D to 15-11	A	Prior Environmental
	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
	Documents.	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts.
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
				Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	ľ
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
4. Biological	FPASP Draft EIR					8 N A 13				
Resources. Would	pp. 3A.3-1 to -94									
the project:										

- MM 3A.3-2h
- MM 3A.3-3
- MM 3A.3-4a
- MM 3A.3-4b
- MM 3A.3-5
- MM 3B.3-1a
- MM 3B.3-1b
- MM 3B.3-1c MM 3A.3-1a
- MM 3B.3-2

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe biological resources impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

5. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
5. Cultural Resources. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.5-1 to -25		4_							
a. Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in §15064.5?	pp. 3A.5-17 to -23	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.5-1a 3A.5-1b 3A.5-2
b. Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above
c. Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above
d. Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside the formal cemeteries?	pp. 3A.5-23 to -24	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.5-3

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
5. Cultural Resources. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.5-1 to -25							\$- II		

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following cultural resources impacts to less than significant levels: impacts on identified and previously undiscovered cultural resources (Impacts 3A.5-1 and 3A.5-2); and impacts from off-site improvements constructed in areas under the jurisdiction of El Dorado County, Sacramento County, or Caltrans (Impacts 3A.5-1 through 3A.5-3). (FEIR, pp. 1-81 to 1-86; DEIR, pp. 3A.5-25.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to cultural resources when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3A.5-1a, MM 3A.5-1b, MM 3A.5-2, MM 3A.5-3. (Water Addendum, pp. 3-8 to 3-9.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project's consistency with cultural resources policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to cultural resources impacts. (Exh. 3, p. 24.)

Mitigation Measures:

- MM 3A.5-1a
- MM 3A.5-1b
- MM 3A.5-2MM 3A.5-3

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe cultural resources impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

6. GEOLOGY AND SOILS

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
6. Geology and Soils. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.7-1 to -40							0 -1		
a. Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: 1. Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42. 2. Strong seismic ground shaking?	pp. 3A.7-24 to -28	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.7-1a 3A.7-1b

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
6. Geology and Soils. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.7-1 to -40									To E
3. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction? 4. Landslides?										
b. Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?	pp. 3A.7-28 to -31	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.7-3
c. Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on-or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?	pp. 3A.7-31 to -34	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.7-1a 3A.7-4 3A.7-5
d. Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994),	pp. 3A.7-34 to -35	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.7-1a 3A.7-1b

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
6. Geology and Soils. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.7-1 to -40									
creating substantial risks to life or property?										
e. Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?	pp. 3A.7-35 to -36	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
	Documents.	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
				Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
6. Geology and	FPASP Draft EIR									
Soils. Would the	pp. 3A.7-1 to -40									9
project:										

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following geology impacts to less than significant levels: impacts from off-site elements under the jurisdiction of El Dorado and Sacramento Counties and Caltrans. (FEIR, pp. 1-89 to 1-95; DEIR, p. 3A.7-40.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to geology and soils resources when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.7-1a, MM 3B.7-1b, MM 3B.7-1. (Water Addendum, p. 3-10.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project's consistency with floodplain protection policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to geology and soils impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 25-27.)

Mitigation Measures:

- MM 3A.7-1a
- MM 3A.7-1bMM 3A.7-3
- MM 3A.7-4
- MM 3A.7-5
- MM 3B.7-1a
- MM 3B.7-1b
- MM 3B.7-4
- MM 3B.7-5

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe geology and soils impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

7. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
7. Greenhouse Gas Emissions. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.4-1 to -49									
a. Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment??	pp. 3A.4-13 to -30	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.2-1a 3A.2-1b 3A.4-1 3A.2-2 3A.4-2a 3A.4-2b
b. Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?	pp. 3A.4-10 to -13	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
Environmental	Documents	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts
Issue Area	1.	Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
		,		Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
			1		General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
7. Greenhouse Gas	FPASP Draft EIR									
Emissions. Would	pp. 3A.4-1 to -49									
the project:	rr									

The FPASP EIR concluded that FPASP project's incremental contributions to greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from project-related construction (Impact 3A.4-1) and from long-term operation (Impact 3A.4-2) are cumulatively considerable and significant and unavoidable. (FEIR, pp. 1-70 to 1-79; DEIR, pp. 3A.4-23, 3A.4-30.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to GHG emissions and climate change when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.4-1a, MM 3B.4-1b. (Water Addendum, p. 3-8.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project's consistency with air quality, low impact development, environmental quality, and energy efficiency policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to GHG emissions and climate change impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 27-28, 31-37.)

Mitigation Measures:

- MM 3A.2-1a
- MM 3A.2-1b
- MM 3A.4-1
- MM 3A.2-2
- MM 3A.4-2a
- MM 3A.4-2bMM 3B.4-1a
- MM 3B.4-1b

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe GHG emissions and climate change impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

8. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
8. Hazards and Hazardous Materials. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.8-1 to -36	94.5								
a. Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?	pp. 3A.8-19 to -20	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
b. Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?	pp. 3A.8-20 to -22	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.8-2 3A.9-1

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts,
8. Hazards and Hazardous Materials. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.8-1 to -36									
c. Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one- quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?	pp. 3A.8-31 to -33	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.8-6
d. Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?	pp. 3A.8-22 to -28	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.8-3a 3A.8-3b 3A.8-3c
e. For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where	pp. 3A.8-18 to -19	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
8. Hazards and Hazardous Materials. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.8-1 to -36							×		
such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?										
f. For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working on the project area?	pp. 3A.8-18 to -19	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
g. Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?	p. 3A.8-29	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents,	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
8. Hazards and Hazardous Materials. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.8-1 to -36									
h. Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?	pp. 3A.8-18 to -19	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None require

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmenta
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measure
	Documents.	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
		_	·	Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
8. Hazards and	FPASP Draft EIR									
Hazardous	pp. 3A.8-1 to -36									
Materials. Would	**	100					10.			
the project:			100							

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all hazards and hazardous materials impacts to less than significant levels, except for the impacts from off-site elements that fall under the jurisdiction of El Dorado and Sacramento Counties (Impacts 3A.8-2, 3A.8-3, 3A.8-5, 3A.8-7). (FEIR, pp. 1-99 to 1- 108; DEIR, pp. 3A.8-35 to -36.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts. The DEIR also analyzes Impact 3A.8-7 related to mosquito and vector control. (See pp. 3A.8-33 to -35; MM 3A.8-7.)

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less hazards and hazardous materials impacts when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.8-1a, MM 3B.8-1b, MM 3B.8-6a, MM 3B.8-5b, MM 3B.8-5b. (Water Addendum, pp. 3-10 to 3-11.)

Mitigation Measures:

- MM 3A.8-2 MM 3A.9-1
- MM 3A.8-6
- MM 3A.8-3a
- MM 3A.8-3b MM 3A.8-3c
- MM 3A.8-7
- MM 3B.8-1a
- MM 3B.8-1b
- MM 3B.16-3a
- MM 3B.16-3b
- MM 3B.8-5a
- MM 3B.8-5b

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe hazards and hazardous materials impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

9. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
9. Hydrology and Water Quality. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.9-1 to -51									
a. Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?	pp. 3A.9-24 to -28	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.9-1
b. Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have	pp. 3A.9-45 to -50	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Flan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
9. Hydrology and Water Quality. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.9-1 to -51									
been granted? c. Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?	pp. 3A.9-24 to -28	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.9-1
d. Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?	pp. 3A.9-28 to -37	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.9-2

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
9. Hydrology and Water Quality. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.9-1 to -51									
e. Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?	pp. 3A.9-28-42 Also see generally Backbone Infrastructure MND	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.9-1 MM 3A.9-2
f. Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?	See generally pp. 3A.9-1 to -51	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
g. Place housing within a 100-ytear flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?	p. 3A.9-45	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
h. Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which	p. 3A.9-45	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents,	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
9. Hydrology and Water Quality. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.9-1 to -51									-E
would impede or redirect flood flows?										
i. Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?	pp. 3A.9-43 to -44	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.9-4
j. Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?	Not relevant	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
	Documents.	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts.
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
			·	Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Policies Or Standards	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
		l'			General Plan, Or	That Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
	1				Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
9. Hydrology and	FPASP Draft EIR					0 - 0				
Water Quality.	pp. 3A.9-1 to -51						10.7			
Would the Project:	**									

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all hydrology and water quality impacts to less than significant levels, except for the impacts from off-site elements that fall under the jurisdiction of El Dorado and Sacramento Counties and Caltrans (Impacts 3.10-1, 3.10-2, 3.10-3, 3.10-5). (FEIR, pp. 1-113 to 1-118; DEIR, p. 3A.9-51.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to hydrology and water quality when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.9-1a, MM 3B.9-1b, MM 3B.9-3a, MM 3B.9-3a, MM 3B.9-3b. (Water Addendum, pp. 3-11 to 3-12.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project's consistency with water efficiency and low impact development policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to hydrology and water quality impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 30-31, 35.)

Mitigation Measures:

- MM 3A.9-1
- MM 3A.9-2MM 3A.9-4
- MM 3B.9-1a
- MM 3B.9-1a
 MM 3B.9-1b
- MM 3A.3-1a
- MM 3A.3-1b
- MM 3B.9-3a
- MM 3B.9-3b

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe hydrology and water quality impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

10. LAND USE AND PLANNING

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
10. Land Use and Planning. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.10-1 to -49									2
a. Physically divide an established community?	p. 3A.10-29	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
b. Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?	pp. 3A.10-34 to -41	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None require

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts,
10. Land Use and Planning. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.10-1 to -49									
c. Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?	pp. 3A.3-93 to -94	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
d. Contribute to the decay of an existing urban center?	Not relevant; also see Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project's CEQA Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations, pp. 361-363	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
	Documents.	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts.
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	٠.
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
				Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
10. Land Use and	FPASP Draft EIR		W							
Planning, Would	pp. 3A.10-1 to -49									
the project:										

The FPASP EIR concluded that the following land use impacts were less than significant and no mitigation was required: Impacts 3A.10-1 (Consistency with Sacramento LAFCo Guidelines) and 3.10-2 (Consistency with the SACOG Sacramento Region Blueprint). (FEIR, pp. 1-123 to 1- 124; DEIR, pp. 3A.10-36, 3A.10-39.) But impacts from off-site elements that fall under the jurisdiction of El Dorado and Sacramento Counties and Caltrans would be potentially significant and unavoidable. The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to land use when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.10-5. (Water Addendum, p. 3-12.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project's consistency with land use policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to land use impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 1-6.) The Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines (Exhibit 1) is a complementary document to the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan and the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Community Guidelines.

The South Sacramento HCP, which is referenced in the FPASP EIR has been approved and adopted, but the South Sacramento HCP is not relevant to the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project because the City did not choose to participate in the South Sacramento HCP and the project site is outside of the boundaries of the South Sacramento HCP plan area. (See South Sacramento HCP, available at https://www.southsachcp.com/sshcp-chapters—final.html (last visited April 15, 2021).) In any event, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not impede the implementation of the South Sacramento HCP.

Mitigation Measures:

MM 3B.10-5

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe land use impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

11. MINERAL RESOURCES

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
11. Mineral Resources. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.7-1 to -40				- V- 10-					
a. Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?	pp. 3A.7-36 to -38	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.7-9
b. Result in the loss of availability of a locally- important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
	Documents.	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
				Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
11. Mineral	FPASP Draft EIR									
Resources. Would	pp. 3A.7-1 to -40									
the Project:										

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except one of the impacts to mineral resources to less than significant levels. Impact 3A.7-9 (Possible Loss of Mineral Resources-Kaolin Clay) remains significant and unavoidable. (FEIR, pp. 1-89 to 1-95; DEIR, pp. 3A.7-37 to -38.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to mineral resources when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR and that no mitigation measures were necessary to address the water supply and water facilities aspect of the FPASP project. (Water Addendum, p. 3-13.)

Mitigation Measures:

None required

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe mineral resources impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

12. NOISE

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
12. Noise. Would the project result in:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.11-1 to -52							T-Va =		
a. Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?	pp. 3A.11-50 to -51	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.11-4
b. Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?	pp. 3A.11-33 to -35	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.11-3
c. A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?	pp. 3A.11-36 to -48	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.11-4 3A.11-5

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
12. Noise. Would the project result in:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.11-1 to -52									
d. A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?	pp. 3A.11-27 to -35	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.11-1 3A.11-3
e. For a project located within an airport land use plan or where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?	pp. 3A.11-27 and 3A.11-49	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
12. Noise. Would the project result in:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.11-1 to -52							ь		
f. For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?	pp. 3A.11-27	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmenta
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measure
	Documents.	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
		-	·	Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
12. Noise. Would	FPASP Draft EIR									
the project result	pp. 3A.11-1 to -52									
in:										

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following noise impacts to less than significant levels: temporary, short-term exposure of sensitive receptors to increased equipment noise and groundborne noise and vibration from project construction (Impact 3A.11-3); long-term exposure of sensitive receptors to increased operational traffic noise levels from project operation (Impact 3A.11-4); and impacts from off-site elements that are under the jurisdiction of El Dorado County, Sacramento County, or Caltrans. (FEIR, pp. 1-127 to 1- 132; DEIR, pp. 3A.11-51 to -52.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less noise impacts when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.11-1a, MM 3B.11-1b, MM 3B.11-1d, MM 3B.11-1e, and MM 3B.11-3. (Water Addendum, p. 3-14.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project's consistency with noise policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to noise impacts. (Exh. 3, p. 29.)

Mitigation Measures:

- MM 3A.11-1
- MM 3A.11-3
- MM 3A.11-4
- MM 3A.11-5
- MM 3B.11-1a
- MM 3B.11-1b
- MM 3B.11-1c
- MM 3B.11-1d
- MM 3B.11-1eMM 3B.11-3
- MM 4.12-1

The May 3, 2021, Noise Study completed by Bollard Acoustical Consultants (attached as Exhibit 4) found that, consistent with the noise impact analysis in the FPASP EIR, a portion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Residential Development project site will be exposed to future traffic noise levels in excess of the City of Folsom's 45 dB Ldn interior noise level standard. The impacts analyzed in the Noise Study are of the same type, scope, and scale as those impacts addressed in the FPASP EIR. In other words, the Noise Study did not find any new impacts, any effects that are peculiar to the project or project site, or any substantially more severe impacts than those analyzed in the FPASP EIR's mitigation measures to achieve compliance with the City's exterior and interior noise standards. These recommendations, which are listed below, are consistent with the mitigation measures in the FPASP EIR and simply add new details about noise barriers (e.g., required height and materials) and building materials required in the previously adopted mitigation measures.

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
	Documents,	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts.
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
				Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the				1	
					Project is Consistent?					
12. Noise. Would	FPASP Draft EIR									
the project result	pp. 3A.11-1 to -52									
in:										

The following Noise Study recommendations implement the FPASP EIR's mitigation measures will be required as conditions of approval:

- To comply with the General Plan 60 dB DNL exterior noise level standard, it is recommended that the project design include additional solid traffic noise barriers at the minimum heights (relative to backyard elevation) and locations illustrated on Figure 2 of Exhibit 4. The noise barriers could take the form of masonry wall, earthen berm, or a combination of the two.
- To ensure for compliance with the General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard including a factor of safety, it is recommended that all upper-floor bedroom windows of residences constructed adjacent to Mangini Parkway from which the roadway would be visible be upgraded to a minimum STC rating of 32. Figure 2 of Exhibit 4 shows the lots with recommended window assembly upgrades.
- Mechanical ventilation (air conditioning) should be provided for all residences in this development to allow the occupants to close doors and windows as desired to achieve compliance with the applicable General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard. (Exh. 4, pp. 9-10.)

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe noise impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

13. POPULATION AND HOUSING

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
13. Population and Housing. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.13-1 to -16									
a. Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?	pp. 3A.13-11 to -15	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
b. Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?	p. 3A.13-16	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
13. Population and Housing. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.13-1 to -16									
c. Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?	р. ЗА.13-16	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

The FPASP EIR concluded that all population, employment and housing impacts are less than significant and do not require mitigation. (FEIR, pp. 1-137 to 1-138; DEIR, p. 3A.13-16.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to population and housing when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR and, thus, no new mitigation was required. (Water Addendum, p. 3-15.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project's consistency with housing policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to population and housing impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 7-10.)

Mitigation Measures:

None required

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe population and housing impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

14. PUBLIC SERVICES

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
14. Public	FPASP Draft EIR									
Services. a. Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any the public services:	pp. 3A.14-1 to -30 pp. 3A.14-12 to -13	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.14-1
Fire protection?	pp. 3A.14-13 to -20	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.14-2 3A.14-3

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
14. Public Services.	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.14-1 to -30									
Police protection?	pp. 3A.14-20 to -23	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
Schools?	pp. 3A.14-24 to -30	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
Parks?	pp. 3A.12-14 to -17 (in Parks and Recreation chapter, not the Public Services chapter)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
Other public facilities?	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
	Documents.	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
		-		Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
14. Public	FPASP Draft EIR									
Services.	pp. 3A.14-1 to -30									

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all public services impacts to less than significant levels, except for impacts from off-site elements constructed in areas under the jurisdiction of El Dorado and Sacramento Counties, or Caltrans (Impact 3A.14-1). (FEIR, pp. 1-138 to 1-141; DEIR, p. 3A.14-30.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to public services when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR and, thus, no new mitigation was required. (Water Addendum, p. 3-16.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project's consistency with public services and utilities policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to public services impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 37-39.)

Mitigation Measures:

- MM 3A.14-1
- MM 3A.14-2
- MM 3A.14-3

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe public services impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

15. RECREATION

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
15. Recreation.	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.12-1 to -17									
a. Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?	pp. 3A.12-12 to -17	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
b. Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
	Documents.	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts.
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	Ů ,
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
				Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
15. Recreation.	FPASP Draft EIR									
	pp. 3A.12-1 to -17							2		

Discussion:

The FPASP EIR concluded that all parks and recreation impacts are less than significant and, thus, no mitigation was necessary. (FEIR, p. 1-136; DEIR, p. 3A.12-17.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to recreation when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measure: MM 3B.12-1. (Water Addendum, p. 3–15.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project's consistency with parks policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to recreation impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 16-17.)

Mitigation Measures:

MM 3B.12-1

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe recreation impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

16. TRANSPORTATION/ TRAFFIC

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
16. Transportation/ Traffic. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.15-1 to -157									
a. Cause an increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ration on roads, or congestion at intersections)?	pp. 3A.15-25 to - 157	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.15-1a 3A.15-1b 3A.15-1c 3A.15-1f 3A.15-1j 3A.15-1j 3A.15-1j 3A.15-1q 3A.15-1q 3A.15-1t 3A.15-1v 3A.15-1v 3A.15-1v 3A.15-1v 3A.15-1v 3A.15-1v 3A.15-1v 3A.15-1h 3A.15-1d 3A.15-1d 3A.15-1d 3A.15-1d 3A.15-1d 3A.15-1dd 3A.15-1ee 3A.15-1ff 3A.15-1ff 3A.15-1ff 3A.15-1ff 3A.15-1ff 3A.15-1ff 3A.15-1ff 3A.15-1ff 3A.15-1gg 3A.15-1hh 3A.15-1if 3A.15-2a 3A.15-2a

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts
16. Transportation/ Traffic. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.15-1 to -157									
										3A.15-3 3A.15-4a 3A.15-4c 3A.15-4c 3A.15-4f 3A.15-4f 3A.15-4i 3A.15-4i 3A.15-4i 3A.15-4i 3A.15-4n 3A.15-4n 3A.15-4n 3A.15-4c
b. Exceed, either individually or cumulatively, a level of service standard established by the	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
16. Transportation/ Traffic. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.15-1 to -157									
county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?										
c. Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?	Not relevant; no changes to air traffic would result from the Project	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
d. Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?	No significant traffic hazards were identified in the EIR	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
e. Result in inadequate emergency access?	3A.14-12 to -13 (in Public Services chapter, not Transportation chapter)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.14-1

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
16. Transportation/ Traffic. Would the project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.15-1 to -157									
f. Result in inadequate parking capacity?	Development will be required to follow City parking standards	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
g. Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)?	3A.15-27	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
	Documents,	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts.
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
				Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
16. Transportation/	FPASP Draft EIR									
Traffic. Would the	pp. 3A.15-1 to -157				- 2 4					
project:	-									

Discussion:

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following traffic and transportation impacts to less than significant levels: Impacts 3A.15-1i, 3A.15-1j, 3A.15-1j,

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less transportation and traffic impacts when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.15-1a, MM 3B.15-1b. (Water Addendum, p. 3-16.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project's consistency with circulation policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to traffic and transportation impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 3-4.)

The May 21, 2021, Access Evaluation Memo by Kimley-Horn (attached as Exhibit 5), which incorporates the transportation and traffic analysis in the FPASP EIR/EIS, updates the intersection and roadway segment analysis performed for the Mangini Phase 1 project, approved in 2015, analyzes the ingress and egress needs of Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North, the separately proposed Mangini Ranch Phase 1C 4-Pack project, and the forthcoming Mangini Place Apartments project, and determined that the addition of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not result in any additional significant impacts. (Exh. 5, pp. 3-4.) The Kimley-Horn Memo reached this conclusion, in part, based on improvements being constructed by other Projects including the City's approval of the construction of Mangini Parkway through the Project site, including the intersection of Streets 'G' and 'H' with Mangini Parkway and intersection of Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway, as well as improvements that the 1C North, 4-Pack, and Apartments projects should be conditioned upon, including the intersection of Street 'A' with Savannah Parkway and improvements of the Project site's frontage along Savannah Parkway. (Exh. 5, p. 2-4.) These are not new significant impacts, however, because these improvements were already analyzed and found necessary. (Exh. 5, pp. 2-3, 4.) Thus, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North would not result in any new or substantially more severe significant transportation and traffic impacts. (See Exh. 5, p. 4.)

Mitigation Measures:

- MM 3A.14-1
- MM 3A.15-1a through MM 3A.15-1c
- MM 3A.15-1f
- MM 3A.15-1i through MM 3A.15-1j
- MM 3A.15-11
- MM 3A.15-10 through MM 3A.15-1s
- MM 3A.15-1u through MM 3A.15-1z
- MM 3A.15-1aa

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
	Documents.	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
				Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
16. Transportation/	FPASP Draft EIR									
Traffic. Would the	pp. 3A.15-1 to -157									
project										

- MM 3A.15-1dd through MM 3A.15-1ii
- MM 3A.15-2a through MM 3A.15-2b
- MM 3A.15-3
- MM 3A.15-4a through MM 3A.15-4d
- MM 3A.15-4f through MM 3A.15-4g
- MM 3A.15-4i through MM 3A.15-4y
- MM 3B.15-1a
- MM 3B.15-1b

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe transportation/traffic impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

17. UTILITIES

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects If A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
17. Utilities and Service Systems. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.16-1 to -43									
a. Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?	pp. 3A.16-13 to -28	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	MM 3A.16-1 3A.16-3 3A.16-4 3A.16-5
b. Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above
c. Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities,	pp. 3A.9-28 to -43 Also see generally Backbone Infrastructure MND	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
17. Utilities and Service Systems. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.16-1 to -43									
the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?										
d. Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?	Water Addendum, pp. 2-1 to 4-1. See generally DEIR, pp. 3A.18-7 to -53	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
e. Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?	Same as (a) above	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Same as (a) above

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
17. Utilities and Service Systems. Would the Project:	FPASP Draft EIR pp. 3A.16-1 to -43									
f. Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?	pp. 3A.16-28 to -32	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required
g. Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?	pp. 3A.16-28 to -32	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	None required

	Where Impact Was	Do Proposed	Any New	Any New	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Effects	Are There Potentially	Are There Previously	Prior Environmental
	Analyzed in Prior	Changes Involve	Circumstances	Information of	That Are Peculiar To	That Are Peculiar To	That Were Not	Significant Off-Site	Identified Significant	Document's
Environmental	Environmental	New Significant	Involving New	Substantial	The Project Or The	The Project That Will	Analyzed As	Impacts And	Effects That, As A	Mitigation Measures
	Documents.	Impacts or	Significant Impacts	Importance	Parcel On Which The	Not Be Substantially	Significant Effects In	Cumulative Impacts	Result Of Substantial	Addressing Impacts.
Issue Area		Substantially More	or Substantially More	Requiring New	Project Would Be	Mitigated By	A Prior EIR On The	Which Were Not	New Information	
		Severe Impacts?	Severe Impacts?	Analysis or	Located That Have	Application Of	Zoning Action,	Discussed In The	Not Known At The	
				Verification?	Not Been Disclosed	Uniformly Applied	General Plan Or	Prior EIR Prepared	Time The EIR Was	
					In a Prior EIR On The	Development Policies	Community Plan	For The General	Certified, Are Now	
					Zoning Action,	Or Standards That	With Which The	Plan, Community	Determined To Have	
					General Plan, Or	Have Been	Project Is Consistent?	Plan Or Zoning	A More Severe	
					Community Plan	Previously Adopted?		Action?	Adverse Impact?	
					With Which the					
					Project is Consistent?					
17. Utilities and	FPASP Draft EIR									
Service Systems.	pp. 3A.16-1 to -43									
Would the Project:										

Discussion:

The FPASP EIR concluded that implementation of the mitigation measures in the EIR would reduce all except the following utilities impacts to less than significant levels: impacts that result from increased demand for SRWTP facilities and that are related to air quality impacts identified in the 2020 Master Plan EIR (Impact 3A.16-3); and impacts associated with improvements to treatment plant facilities for which feasible mitigation may not be available to reduce impacts to a less-than-significant level (Impacts 3A.16-4, 3A.16-5). (FEIR, pp. 1-177 to 1-182; DEIR, p. 3A.16-43.) The pages indicated in the table above contain the relevant analysis of the potential impacts.

In the Utilities and Service Systems chapter, the DEIR also addresses energy impacts, citing Appendix F of the CEQA Guidelines. See Impact 3A.16-8 (Electricity Demand and Infrastructure, pp. 3A.16-33 to -36); Impact 3A.16-9 (Natural Gas, pp. 3A.16-10 (Telecommunications, pp. 3A.16-39 to -40); Impact 3A.16-10 (Telecommunications, pp. 3A.16-41 to -43).

Additionally, the 2012 Water Addendum includes a short discussion of how the changes to the water facilities aspects of the FPASP project would have the same or less impacts to utilities and service systems when compared to the FPASP project as analyzed in the 2011 EIR after implementation of the following mitigation measures: MM 3B.16-3a, MM 3B.16-3b. (Water Addendum, p. 3-17.)

See Exhibit 3 for discussion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project's consistency with utilities, water efficiency, and energy efficiency policies in the FPASP that may be relevant to utilities and service systems impacts. (Exh. 3, pp. 31-35, 38-39.) All the permanent, offsite water and storm drainage infrastructure elements are consistent with and were included in pre-existing City plans – such as the Backbone Infrastructure Project – that have been considered in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum.

Mitigation Measures:

- MM 3A.16-1
- MM 3A.16-3
- MM 3A.16-4
- MM 3A.16-5
- MM 3B.16-3a
 MM 3B.16-3b

Conclusion:

With implementation of the above mitigation measures identified in the FPASP EIR and Water Addendum, the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North project would not have any new significant or substantially more severe utilities and service systems impacts (Guidelines, § 15162), nor would it result in any new significant impacts that are peculiar to the project or its site (Guidelines, § 15183).

18. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects Iffects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
18. Mandatory Findings of Significance.										
a. Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of an endangered, rare or threatened species, or eliminate important examples of the	See Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project's CTEQA Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations, pp. 45-316	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	n/a

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
18. Mandatory Findings of Significance. major periods of										
California history or prehistory?										
b. Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when view in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?	Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project's CEQA Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations, pp. 316-345	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	n/a

Environmental Issue Area	Where Impact Was Analyzed in Prior Environmental Documents.	Do Proposed Changes Involve New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Circumstances Involving New Significant Impacts or Substantially More Severe Impacts?	Any New Information of Substantial Importance Requiring New Analysis or Verification?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project Or The Parcel On Which The Project Would Be Located That Have Not Been Disclosed In a Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan, Or Community Plan With Which the Project is Consistent?	Are There Effects That Are Peculiar To The Project That Will Not Be Substantially Mitigated By Application Of Uniformly Applied Development Policies Or Standards That Have Been Previously Adopted?	Are There Effects That Were Not Analyzed As Significant Effects In A Prior EIR On The Zoning Action, General Plan Or Community Plan With Which The Project Is Consistent?	Are There Potentially Significant Off-Site Impacts And Cumulative Impacts Which Were Not Discussed In The Prior EIR Prepared For The General Plan, Community Plan Or Zoning Action?	Are There Previously Identified Significant Effects That, As A Result Of Substantial New Information Not Known At The Time The EIR Was Certified, Are Now Determined To Have A More Severe Adverse Impact?	Prior Environmental Document's Mitigation Measures Addressing Impacts.
18. Mandatory Findings of Significance.										
c. Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?	Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project's CEQA Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations, pp.	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	n/a

Discussion:

The City finds that:

- (a) impacts on the environment under a wide range of topics, including extensive detail regarding on-site biological resources and their habitats, were analyzed and disclosed in the FPASP EIR;
- (b) cumulative impacts were analyzed for each impact topic throughout the FPASP EIR; and
- (c) adverse impacts on humans were included and analyzed where relevant as part of the environmental impact analysis of all required topics under CEQA in the FPASP EIR (e.g., air quality, hazards, noise, etc.).

Mitigation Measures:

See those listed in sections E.1 (Aesthetics) to E.17 (Utilities) above.

F. Conclusion

As indicated above, the City finds that the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project is exempt from CEQA under Government Code section 65457 and Guidelines section 15182, subdivision (c).

Though not required to do so, the City also makes the following additional findings to facilitate informed decision-making:

- Based on the preceding review, the City's FPASP EIR and Water Addendum have adequately
 addressed the following issues, and no further environmental review is required pursuant to CEQA
 Guidelines section 15183: Aesthetics, Agriculture and Forestry Resources, Air Quality, Biological
 Resources, Cultural Resources, Geology and Soils, Greenhouse Gas Emissions, Hazards and
 Hazardous Materials, Hydrology and Water Quality, Mineral Resources, Population and Housing,
 Public Services, and Recreation.
- The following site-specific impacts have been analyzed and determined to be less than significant: Land Use and Planning, Noise, and Transportation/Traffic. Thus, pursuant to CEQA Guidelines section 15183, no further environmental analysis is required.
- The following site-specific issues reviewed in this document were within the scope of issues and impacts analyzed in the FPASP EIR, and site-specific analyses did not identify new significant impacts: Land Use and Planning, Noise, and Transportation/Traffic.

IV. REFERENCES

- 1. City of Folsom. City of Folsom General Plan. January 1993.
- 2. City of Folsom. Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan. June 28, 2011.
- 3. City of Folsom. Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project Public Draft EIR/EIS (June 2010) and Final EIR/EIS (May 2011).
- 4. City of Folsom. Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project's CEQA Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations (May 2011).
- 5. City of Folsom. CEQA Addendum for the Folsom South of U.S. 50 Specific Plan Project-Revised Proposed Off-site Water Facility Alternative. November, 2012.
- 6. City of Folsom. South of Highway 50 Backbone Infrastructure Project Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration. December 9, 2014.
- Exhibit 1: Folsom Ranch Central District Design Guidelines (Amended 2018)
- Exhibit 2: ROD for the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Project—City of Folsom Backbone Infrastructure (May 22, 2014)
- Exhibit 3: Applicant's Policy Consistency Analysis (May 2021)
- Exhibit 4: Noise Assessment by Bollard Acoustical Consultants (May 3, 2021)
- Exhibit 5: Mangini Ranch Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Access Evaluation Memo by Kimley-Horn (May 21, 2021)

Attachment 10

Access and Circulation Analysis dated May 21, 2021



Memorandum

To: Kris Steward

From: Matt Weir, P.E., T.E., PTOE, RSP₁

Re: Access Evaluation

Mangini Ranch - Phases 1C North & 1C Four Pack

Date: May 21, 2021

Per your request, we have prepared this access evaluation specific to Phases 1C North and 1C Four Pack of the above referenced project in Folsom. The assumptions upon which this evaluation was prepared were identified by the City of Folsom¹ and the project team. The following is discussion of our evaluation, findings, and recommendations.

As a framework for this evaluation, the City specifically requested¹ the following:

- Consider all three projects (1C North, 1C Four Pack, and Mangini Place Apartments) together. By evaluating the three projects together, the City can more easily condition the completion of the various internal roadways to ensure adequate access and circulation are provided.
- Consider that the City is going to authorize the construction of Mangini Parkway along the project frontage, east to the future Savannah Parkway intersection in the near future. Consideration is required for the traffic control and lane configuration at the Mangini Parkway intersection with "Street G"/"Street H" that serves Phase 1C North, as well as the access driveway for the Mangini Place Apartments project.
- Consider Street "A" intersection with Savannah Parkway (i.e., turn movements, traffic control etc.), and its proximity to and interaction with the adjacent Grand Prairie intersection.
- Consider the ultimate Savannah Parkway roadway will be constructed along the projects' frontage, including the Mangini Parkway/Savannah Parkway intersection. Consideration should be given to the transition, both north and south, to existing Placerville Road.

I. Land Use, Trip Generation, and Primary Access

- o Phase 1C North, 76-unit single-family detached residential units
- o Phase 1C Four Pack, 100-unit single-family detached residential units
- o Mangini Place Apartments, 150-units²
 - Highest peak-hour volume³:

163-trips IN (PM)

152-trips OUT (AM)

A previously completed traffic study⁴ is understood to form the basis of the ultimate Savannah Parkway corridor, including traffic control at the Mangini Parkway intersection. This, and other prior efforts are included by reference allowing this access evaluation to focus exclusively on ingress and egress for the combination of the three projects (1C North, 1C Four Pack, and Mangini Place Apartments). Accordingly, in addition to the assumptions summarized above, the following considerations were also incorporated as part of this evaluation:

¹ Telephone conferences with Steve Krahn, City of Folsom, December 9, 2020, and April 5, 2021.

² A standalone access evaluation will be prepared for the apartment project. This evaluation will more comprehensively evaluate the apartments' intermediate driveway in addition to the considerations noted in this memorandum.

³ Trip Generation Manual, 10th Edition, Land Use 210 Single-Family Detached Housing and 220 Multifamily Housing (Low-Rise) regression equations, Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE). Combination of all three projects' trips.

⁴ Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan DEIR/DEIS, City of Folsom and USACE, June 2010.



- o Project Sites' Land Use
 - The projects are understood to be consistent with the Specific Plan's land use. This consistency is specified in the projects' narratives⁵.
- o Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway Access
 Exhibit 3A.15-103 (Cumulative Plus Project (with Mitigated Network) Conditions) of the prior traffic study⁴ specifies the lane configuration, including the addition of traffic signal control, at the Mangini Parkway intersection with Savannah Parkway. At the time of this memorandum, the City is in the process of approving the construction of Mangini Parkway along the project frontage. These improvements, including the construction of the Street "G"/Street "H" intersection within the Phase 1C North project and the access driveway for the Mangini Place Apartments, are assumed to be constructed prior to the projects' occupancy. The projects' Savannah Parkway frontage is also anticipated to be improved to its ultimate width, including completion of the Mangini Parkway intersection with Savannah Parkway intersection. As discussed later in this memorandum, transitions are required north and south of the immediate project area to provide appropriate transition between the existing/un-improved and improved sections of this facility.

II. Access Conditions and Trip Assignment

- Combined Projects (176 single-family detached residential units and 150 apartment units)
 (see Exhibit 1)
 - Mangini Parkway @ Street "G"/Street "H": full access, side-street stop control (SSSC)*
 - 2. Savannah Parkway @ Street "A": full access, SSSC
 - 3. Mangini Parkway @ Mangini Place Apartments Driveway: full access, SSSC*
 - 4. Mangini Parkway @ Savannah Parkway: full access, all-way stop control (AWSC)**

Lastly it was necessary to approximate the peak-hour turning movements associated with the combined projects at the four noted access locations to allow for an evaluation and recommendation of treatments. These trips were developed as summarized below:

o Global Trip Assignment

Per other traffic studies in the general project area:

- 80% of the trips originate from or are destined for points north
- 20% trips originating from or destined for points assumed to access White Rock Rd (Capital SouthEast Connector) south of the project site
- o Approximate "Project Only" Peak-Hour Intersection Volumes⁶ (see Exhibit 1)

III. Access Review

Based on our coordination with the City and project team, and review of the prior study⁴ and related project documentation, we offer the following recommendations for the conditions anticipated to result from the completion of the three projects:

o Exterior Roadways

As previously discussed, the City is in the process of approving the construction of Mangini Parkway along the project frontage. These improvements, including the

^{*} At the time of this memorandum, the City is in the process of approving the construction of Mangini Parkway along the project frontage. These improvements are assumed to be constructed prior to the projects' occupancy.

^{**} This evaluation considers the triggers for the conversion from AWSC to traffic signal control.

⁵ Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Project Narrative (March 19, 2020) and Mangini Ranch Phase 1 C 4-Pack Project Narrative (March 25, 2020), MacKay & Somps Civil Engineers, Inc.

⁶ Other adjacent and regional projects will also contribute traffic to the Mangini Parkway intersection with Savannah Parkway. The effect of those developments' traffic has been/will be analyzed separately, at the time those projects' applications come forward and trigger for conversion from AWSC to traffic signal control will also be considered as part of those evaluations.



construction of the Street "G"/Street "H" intersection within the Phase 1C North project and the access driveway for the Mangini Place Apartments⁸, are assumed to be constructed prior to the projects' occupancy. The projects' Savannah Parkway frontage is also anticipated to be improved its ultimate configuration, including completion of the Mangini Parkway intersection with Savannah Parkway.

- These projects should be conditioned to construct these Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway frontage improvements, including their intersection (unsignalized), prior to the first occupancy permit should their completion be delayed from what has been assumed in this evaluation.
- o Savannah Parkway Access (Street "A")

As shown in Exhibit 2, this project driveway is located approximately 600-feet south of the existing Placerville Road intersection with Grand Prairie Road, a location that is approximately equidistance between the adjacent intersections (Mangini Parkway to the south). This intersection spacing, coupled with the relatively low driveway trips, is anticipated to facilitate full access with side-street stop control. Adequate corner sight distance (unobstructed sight lines of sufficient length to allow for safe, conflicting movements) should be provided, and maintained at this intersection for vehicles exiting and entering the project site in a manner consistent with published City standards.

- o Mangini Parkway Access
 - The Mangini Parkway improvement plans (MacKay & Somps, April 2021) depict the Street "G"/Street "H" intersection with left-turn pockets in a manner generally consistent with the existing intersections previously constructed to the west. Although these plans indicate all-way stop control (AWSC), it is anticipated that this intersection will operate adequately with SSSC, as the other intersections to the west. The same configuration (SSSC with an eastbound left-turn pocket) is anticipated to adequately serve the Mangini Place Apartments⁸. This configuration and traffic control are anticipated to be adequate considering the mix of volumes and speeds at both locations. Adequate corner sight distance (unobstructed sight lines of sufficient length to allow for safe, conflicting movements) should be provided, and maintained at this intersection for vehicles exiting on both sides of Mangini Parkway in a manner consistent with published City standards.
- O Mangini Parkway @ Savannah Parkway Intersection

 This interaction is anticipated to be signalized as development in the overall Plan Area advances. At this time, considering the projects' relatively low contribution to the peak-hour volumes (89 total trips or ~7-percent of the total volume expected), the Mangini Parkway improvement plans' indication of AWSC is considered to be adequate for the addition of these three projects.

IV. Summary of Findings and Recommendations

Based on the assessment documented above, the following is a summary of our findings and recommendations:

- o The consideration of the three projects together, and the resulting internal connectivity linking the projects and providing access to both Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway, allows for a comprehensive review of the combined traffic volumes and localized traffic access and circulation considerations.
- o The City is in the process of approving the construction of Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway along the project frontage, including completion of the Mangini Parkway intersection with Savannah Parkway (unsignalized). These projects should be

⁸ The Mangini Place Apartments' access driveway should be relocated south to a point that is approximately equidistance between the Street 'G"/Street "H" and Savannah Parkway intersections. This spacing will allow for the left-turn movements needed and as described herein.



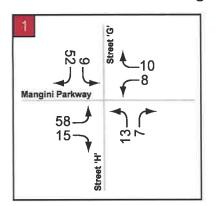
- conditioned to construct these improvements prior to the first occupancy permit should their completion be delayed from what has been assumed in this evaluation.
- o Because these three projects are only anticipated to contribute ~7-percent of the total anticipated volumes at the Mangini Parkway intersection with Savannah Parkway, the allway stop control to be constructed as part of the Mangini Parkway improvement plans is appropriate for these conditions. Future projects will be required to consider traffic signal warrants and to identify when this conversion is required.
- o The Savannah Parkway frontage improvements will require transitions to safely connect the improved and un-improved facilities (see Exhibit 2).
- o The Savannah Parkway intersection with Street "A" is anticipated to be adequately served with full-access, side-street stop control. The construction of this intersection should consider appropriate transitions (in particular to accommodate the outbound left-turn) as part of the Savannah Parkway transitions.
- o The Mangini Parkway intersections with Street "G"/Street "H" and the Mangini Place Apartments driveway are anticipated to operate adequately with full access, side-street stop control. As noted, the Mangini Place Apartments' driveway should be relocated south to a point that is approximately equidistance between the Street "G"/Street "H" and Savannah Parkway intersections. This spacing will allow for the left-turn movements needed and as described herein.

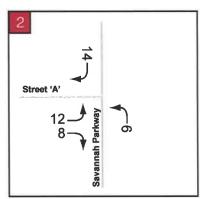
Attachments:

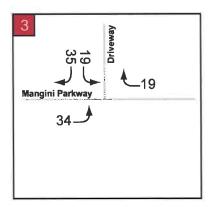
Exhibit 1 – Study Intersections and Traffic Control

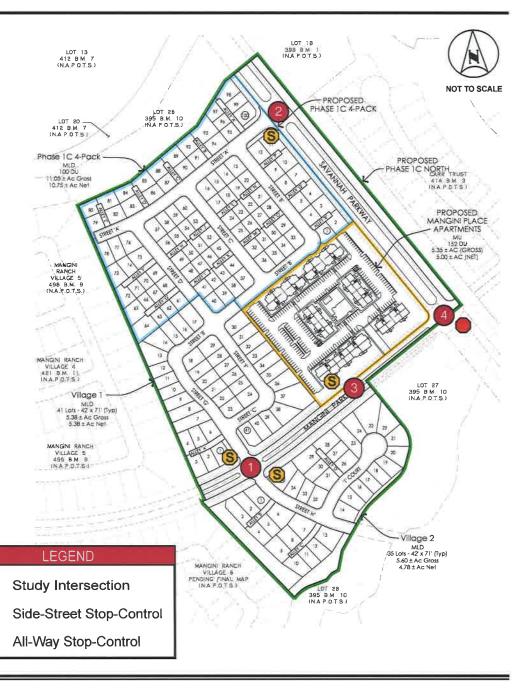
Exhibit 2 - Savannah Parkway Transitions

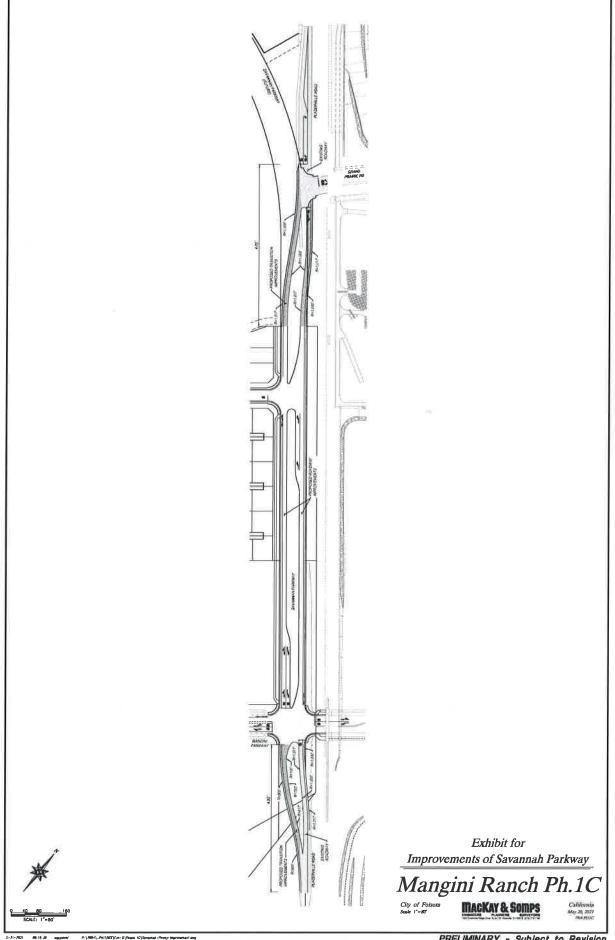
Turn Movements - Highest Peak Hour Volume











Attachment 11

Environmental Noise Analysis dated May 21, 2021

Traffic Noise Assessment

Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Folsom, California

BAC Job # 2021-063

Prepared For:

CMB Improvement Company, LLC

Attn: Mr. William B. Bunce 4370 Town Center Blvd., #100 El Dorado Hills, CA 95762

Prepared By:

Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc.

Dario Gotchet, Senior Consultant

May 3, 2021



Introduction

The Mangini Ranch development is located within the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan in Folsom, California. The specific component of the overall Mangini Ranch development analyzed in this study is Phase 1C North (project) which includes single-family residential lots. The Phase 1C North component of the Mangini Ranch development is located west of Savannah Parkway, north of White Rock Road, and is bisected by Mangini Parkway. The project area and site plan are shown on Figures 1 and 2, respectively.

Due to the potential for elevated Savannah Parkway, Mangini Parkway, and White Rock Road traffic noise levels at the Phase 1C North component of the development, Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc. (BAC) was retained by the project applicant to prepare this noise assessment. Specifically, this assessment was prepared to determine whether future traffic noise levels would exceed acceptable limits of the Folsom General Plan. This assessment also includes an evaluation of compliance with the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan EIR Noise Mitigation Measures.

Noise Fundamentals and Terminology

Noise is often described as unwanted sound. Sound is defined as any pressure variation in air that the human ear can detect. If the pressure variations occur frequently enough (at least 20 times per second), they can be heard, and thus are called sound. Measuring sound directly in terms of pressure would require a very large and awkward range of numbers. To avoid this, the decibel scale was devised. The decibel scale allows a million-fold increase in pressure to be expressed as 120 dB. Another useful aspect of the decibel scale is that changes in levels (dB) correspond closely to human perception of relative loudness. Appendix A contains definitions of Acoustical Terminology. Figure 3 shows common noise levels associated with various sources.

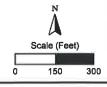
The perceived loudness of sounds is dependent upon many factors, including sound pressure level and frequency content. However, within the usual range of environmental noise levels, perception of loudness is relatively predictable, and can be approximated by weighing the frequency response of a sound level meter by means of the standardized A-weighing network. There is a strong correlation between A-weighted sound levels (expressed as dBA) and community response to noise. For this reason, the A-weighted sound level has become the standard tool of environmental noise assessment. All noise levels reported in this section are in terms of A-weighted levels in decibels.

Community noise is commonly described in terms of the "ambient" noise level, which is defined as the all-encompassing noise level associated with a given noise environment. A common statistical tool to measure the ambient noise level is the average, or equivalent, sound level (L_{eq}) over a given time period (usually one hour). The L_{eq} is the foundation of the Day-Night Average Level noise descriptor, L_{dn} or DNL, and shows very good correlation with community response to noise. The median noise level descriptor, denoted L_{50} , represents the noise level which is



■ ■ Mangini Ranch Phase 1C Boundary (Approximate)

Project Boundary (Approximate)



Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North Folsom, California

Project Area

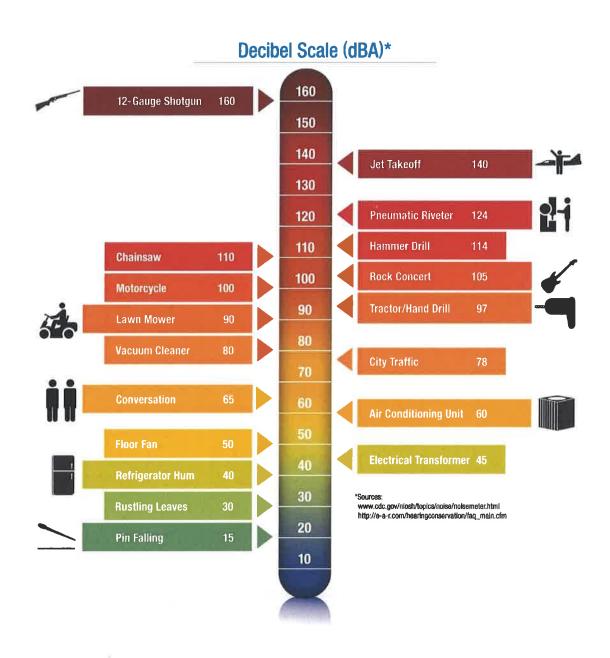
Figure 1





Figure 3

Typical A-Weighted Sound Levels of Common Noise Sources



exceeded 50% of the hour. In other words, half of the hour ambient conditions are higher than the L_{50} and the other half are lower than the L_{50} .

DNL is based upon the average noise level over a 24-hour day, with a +10-decibel weighting applied to noise occurring during nighttime (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.) hours. The nighttime penalty is based upon the assumption that people react to nighttime noise exposures as though they were twice as loud as daytime exposures. Because DNL represents a 24-hour average, it tends to disguise short-term variations in the noise environment. DNL-based noise standards are commonly used to assess noise impacts associated with traffic, railroad, and aircraft noise sources.

Criteria for Acceptable Noise Exposure

Folsom 2035 General Plan - Transportation Noise Sources

The Safety and Noise Element of the Folsom 2035 General Plan establishes exterior noise level standards for residential outdoor activity areas exposed to transportation noise sources (i.e., traffic). For single-family residential uses, such as those proposed by the project (Phase 1C North), the General Plan applies an exterior noise level limit of 60 dB DNL at the outdoor activity areas (i.e., backyards). The intent of this criteria is to provide an acceptable exterior noise environment for outdoor activities. The General Plan utilizes an interior noise level standard of 45 dB DNL or less within noise-sensitive project dwellings. The intent of this interior noise limit is to provide a suitable environment for indoor communication and sleep.

Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan Noise Mitigation Measures

The noise mitigation measures shown below have been incorporated into the Folsom South of U.S. Highway 50 Specific Plan to mitigate identified environmental impacts. The noise-related mitigation measure which is applicable to the development of residential land uses within the Mangini Ranch development are reproduced below. Following the mitigation measure is a brief discussion as to the applicability of the measure to this project.

MM 3A.11-4 Implement Measures to Prevent Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to Increases in Noise from Project-Generated Operational Traffic on Off-Site and On-Site Roadways.

To meet applicable noise standards as set forth in the appropriate General Plan or Code (e.g., City of Folsom, County of Sacramento, and County of El Dorado) and to reduce increases in traffic-generated noise levels at noise-sensitive uses, the project applicant(s) of all project phases shall implement the following:

Obtain the services of a consultant (such as a licensed engineer or licensed architect) to
develop noise-attenuation measures for the proposed construction of on-site noisesensitive land uses (i.e., residential dwellings and school classrooms) that will produce a
minimum composite Sound Transmission Class (STC) rating for buildings of 30 or greater,
individually computed for the walls and the floor/ceiling construction of buildings, for the

proposed construction of on-site noise-sensitive land uses (i.e., residential dwellings and school classrooms).

- Prior to submittal of tentative subdivision maps and improvement plans, the project applicant(s) shall conduct a site-specific acoustical analysis to determine predicted roadway noise impacts attributable to the project, taking into account site-specific conditions (e.g., site design, location of structures, building characteristics). The acoustical analysis shall evaluate stationary- and mobile-source noise attributable to the proposed use or uses and impacts on nearby noise-sensitive land uses, in accordance with adopted City noise standards. Feasible measures shall be identified to reduce project-related noise impacts. These measures may include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - Limiting noise-generating operational activities associated with proposed commercial land uses, including truck deliveries;
 - Constructing exterior sound walls;
 - Constructing barrier walls and/or berms with vegetation;
 - Using "quiet pavement" (e.g., rubberized asphalt) construction methods on local roadways; and,
 - Using increased noise-attenuation measures in building construction (e.g., dual-pane, sound-rated windows; exterior wall insulation).

Pursuant to this mitigation measure, this report includes an analysis of future traffic noise impacts at the single-family residential lots within the Phase 1C North component of the Mangini Ranch development. As determined in the following assessment, a portion of the development is expected to be exposed to future Mangini Parkway traffic noise level exposure in excess of the applicable Folsom General Plan 60 dB DNL exterior noise level standard for residential uses, including consideration of the noise level reduction that would be provided by proposed grade elevation differences, retaining walls, and sound walls adjacent to the roadway (as indicated in the project grading plans dated March 19, 2021). As a result, this assessment prescribes specific noise control measures as required to achieve satisfaction with the General Plan's 60 dB DNL exterior noise level standard.

In addition, although future traffic noise levels are predicted to satisfy the applicable Folsom General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard within the residential interior areas of Phase 1C North, this assessment also includes a recommendation for window assembly upgrades for a portion of the development to ensure for satisfaction of the interior noise level limit with a factor of safety.

Evaluation of Future Traffic Noise Levels at the Project Site

Traffic Noise Prediction Methodology

The Federal Highway Administration Highway Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108) was used to predict traffic noise levels at the project site. The FHWA Model is based upon the CALVENO noise emission factors for automobiles, medium trucks and heavy trucks, with consideration given to vehicle volume, speed, roadway configuration, distance to the receiver, and the acoustical characteristics of the site. The FHWA Model was developed to predict hourly Leq values for free-flowing traffic conditions and is considered to be accurate within 1.5 dB in most situations.

Predicted Future Exterior Traffic Noise Levels

The FHWA Model was used with future traffic data to predict future traffic noise levels at the Phase 1C North component of the Mangini Ranch development. Future traffic volumes for Savannah Parkway, Mangini Parkway, and White Rock Road were obtained from the Folsom South of Highway 50 Specific Plan EIR. The day/night distribution, truck percentages, and traffic speeds for the roadways were also obtained from the Specific Plan EIR. The FHWA Model inputs and predicted future traffic noise levels at Phase 1C North are shown in Appendix B and are summarized in Table 1.

Table 1
Predicted Future Exterior Traffic Noise Levels at Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North¹

Roadway	Nearest Lots	Receiver Location	Predicted DNL (dBA) ²
		Outdoor activity areas	55
Savannah Parkway	21 & 22 (South of Mangini)	First-floor facades	55
		Upper-floor facades	58
		Outdoor activity areas	65
	1-3, 37-41 (North of Mangini)	First-floor facades	64
		Upper-floor facades	67
Mangini Parkway		Outdoor activity areas	65
	1-3, 23-25, 28, 29, 35 (South of Mangini)	First-floor facades	64
		Upper-floor facades	67
		Outdoor activity area	58
White Rock Road	10 (South of Mangini)	First-floor facade	58
		Upper-floor facade	61

¹ A complete listing of FHWA Model inputs and results for the roadways are provided in Appendix B.

Source: Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc. (2021)

Analysis of Future Exterior Traffic Noise Level Exposure at Outdoor Activity Areas

As indicated in Table 1, future Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road traffic noise levels are predicted to comply with the applicable Folsom General Plan 60 dB DNL exterior noise level

² An offset of +3 dB was applied at upper-floor building facades due to reduced ground absorption of sound at elevated positions.

standard at the nearest outdoor activity areas (backyards) to the roadways. However, future Mangini Parkway traffic noise levels are predicted to exceed the General Plan 60 dB DNL exterior noise level limit at the nearest outdoor activity areas to the roadway. As a result, further consideration of exterior traffic noise reduction measures would be warranted for future Mangini Parkway.

Based on a review of the provided preliminary grading plan (dated March 19, 2021), the lots proposed nearest to Mangini Parkway will vary in grade elevation relative to the roadway. The grading plan further indicates that masonry sound walls (existing and proposed) and retaining walls will be part of the site design. To account for the roadway noise level reduction that would be provided by project site topography (i.e., grade elevation differences) and solid masonry features at the nearest residential lots, a barrier analysis was conducted. Barrier insertion loss calculation worksheets are provided as Appendix C.

The results from the barrier analysis conclude that the combination of intervening topography (grade elevation differences), retaining walls, and/or proposed sound walls would fail to reduce future Savannah Parkway traffic noise levels to 60 dB DNL or less at a portion of the nearest outdoor activity areas to the roadway. To satisfy the General Plan 60 dB DNL exterior noise level standard at those lots, it is recommended that the project design include additional solid noise barriers at the minimum heights (relative to backyard elevation) and locations illustrated on Figure 2. The noise barriers could take the form of masonry wall, earthen berm, or a combination of the two. Provided that the lots and barriers adjacent to Mangini Parkway are constructed as presented in the referenced project grading plan, and as recommended in this report, no further consideration of Mangini Parkway traffic noise mitigation measures would be warranted relative to the General Plan 60 dB DNL exterior noise level standard.

Analysis of Future Interior Traffic Noise Level Exposure within Residences

As shown in Table 1, future Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road traffic noise levels are predicted to range from 55 to 58 dB DNL at the first-floor facades of residences proposed nearest to the roadways. Due to reduced ground absorption of sound at elevated positions, noise levels at the upper-floor facades of those residences are predicted to range from 58 to 61 dB DNL.

After consideration of the shielding that would be provided by the combination of grade elevation differences, retaining walls, and sound walls adjacent to Mangini Parkway (as proposed and recommended in this report), future exterior traffic noise levels are predicted to be 60 dB DNL or below at the first-floor facades of the residences constructed nearest to the roadway. Due to reduced ground absorption and lack of shielding at elevated positions, noise levels at the upper-floor facades of those residences are predicted to approach 67 dB DNL.

Standard residential construction (i.e., stucco siding, STC-27 windows, door weather-stripping, exterior wall insulation, composition plywood roof), typically results in an exterior to interior noise reduction of approximately 25 dB with windows closed and approximately 15 dB with windows open. This level of noise reduction would be adequate to reduce future Savannah Parkway and White Rock Road traffic noise levels to 45 dB DNL or less within all floors of residences constructed nearest to the roadways. Further, standard residential construction is also expected

to be adequate to reduce future Mangini Parkway traffic noise levels to 45 dB DNL or less within the first-floors of residences constructed nearest to the roadway. However, although standard residential construction *should* also be adequate to reduce future Mangini Parkway traffic noise levels to 45 dB DNL or less within the upper-floors of the nearest residences, it would not provide for a factor of safety.

To ensure for satisfaction of the General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard *including* a factor of safety, it is recommended that all upper-floor bedroom windows of residences constructed adjacent to Mangini Parkway with a view of the roadway be upgraded to a minimum Sound Transmission Class (STC) rating of 32. The location of lots with recommended window assembly upgrades are illustrated on Figure 2. In addition, mechanical ventilation (air conditioning) should be provided for all residences of the development to allow the occupants to close doors and windows as desired for additional acoustical isolation.

Conclusions and Recommendations

A portion of the Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North development is predicted to be exposed to future Mangini Parkway traffic noise levels in excess of the applicable Folsom General Plan 60 dB DNL exterior noise level standard for single-family residential uses, including consideration of the noise level reduction that would be provided by proposed grade elevation differences, retaining walls, and sound walls along the roadway as indicated in the project grading plan dated March 19, 2021.

In addition, standard residential construction (i.e., stucco siding, STC-27 windows, door weather-stripping, exterior wall insulation, composition plywood roof) is expected to be adequate to reduce future Savannah Parkway, Mangini Parkway, and White Rock Road traffic noise levels to 45 dB DNL or less within the first-floors of all residences within Phase 1C North, which would satisfy the applicable Folsom General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard. Although this level of noise reduction *should* also be adequate to reduce future traffic noise levels to 45 dB DNL or less within the upper-floors of all residences of the development, it would not provide for a factor of safety within the upper-floors residences proposed nearest to Mangini Parkway.

To satisfy the General Plan exterior noise level standard, and to achieve compliance with the General Plan interior noise level standard with a factor of safety, the following specific noise mitigation measures are recommended for this project:

- To comply with the General Plan 60 dB DNL exterior noise level standard, it is recommended that the project design include additional solid traffic noise barriers at the minimum heights (relative to backyard elevation) and locations illustrated on Figure 2. The noise barriers could take the form of masonry wall, earthen berm, or a combination of the two.
- 2) To ensure for compliance with the General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard including a factor of safety, it is recommended that all upper-floor bedroom windows of residences constructed adjacent to Mangini Parkway from which the roadway would be

- visible be upgraded to a minimum STC rating of 32. Figure 2 shows the lots with recommended window assembly upgrades.
- 3) Mechanical ventilation (air conditioning) should be provided for all residences in this development to allow the occupants to close doors and windows as desired to achieve compliance with the applicable General Plan 45 dB DNL interior noise level standard.

These conclusions are based on the traffic assumptions cited in Appendix B, the project grading plans dated March 19, 2021, and on noise reduction data for standard residential dwellings and for typical STC rated window data. Deviations from the resources cited above, or the project grading plans, could cause future traffic noise levels to differ from those predicted in this assessment. In addition, Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc. is not responsible for degradation in acoustic performance of the residential construction due to poor construction practices, failure to comply with applicable building code requirements, or for failure to adhere to the minimum building practices cited in this report.

This concludes BAC's traffic noise assessment for the proposed Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North development. Please contact BAC at (916) 663-0500 or dariog@bacnoise.com with any questions regarding this assessment.

Appendix A Acoustical Terminology

Acoustics The science of sound.

Ambient Noise The distinctive acoustical characteristics of a given space consisting of all noise sources

audible at that location. In many cases, the term ambient is used to describe an existing

or pre-project condition such as the setting in an environmental noise study.

Attenuation The reduction of an acoustic signal.

A-Weighting A frequency-response adjustment of a sound level meter that conditions the output

signal to approximate human response.

Decibel or dB Fundamental unit of sound. A Bell is defined as the logarithm of the ratio of the sound

pressure squared over the reference pressure squared. A Decibel is one-tenth of a

Bell.

CNEL Community Noise Equivalent Level. Defined as the 24-hour average noise level with

noise occurring during evening hours (7 - 10 p.m.) weighted by a factor of three and

nighttime hours weighted by a factor of 10 prior to averaging.

Frequency The measure of the rapidity of alterations of a periodic signal, expressed in cycles per

second or hertz.

IIC Impact Insulation Class (IIC): A single-number representation of a floor/ceiling partition's

impact generated noise insulation performance. The field-measured version of this

number is the FIIC.

Ldn Day/Night Average Sound Level. Similar to CNEL but with no evening weighting.

Leq Equivalent or energy-averaged sound level.

Lmax The highest root-mean-square (RMS) sound level measured over a given period of time.

Loudness A subjective term for the sensation of the magnitude of sound.

Masking The amount (or the process) by which the threshold of audibility is for one sound is

raised by the presence of another (masking) sound.

Noise Unwanted sound.

Peak Noise The level corresponding to the highest (not RMS) sound pressure measured over a

given period of time. This term is often confused with the "Maximum" level, which is the

highest RMS level.

RT₆₀ The time it takes reverberant sound to decay by 60 dB once the source has been

removed.

STC Sound Transmission Class (STC): A single-number representation of a partition's noise

insulation performance. This number is based on laboratory-measured, 16-band (1/3-octave) transmission loss (TL) data of the subject partition. The field-measured version

of this number is the FSTC.



FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)

Noise Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Savannah Parkway

Traffic Data:

Year: Future

Average Daily Traffic Volume: 15,700
Percent Daytime Traffic: 83
Percent Nighttime Traffic: 17
Percent Medium Trucks (2 axle): 2

Percent Heavy Trucks (3+ axle): 1
Assumed Vehicle Speed (mph): 40
Intervening Ground Type (hard/soft): Soft

Traffic Noise Levels:

					DNL (dB)	
Nearest					Medium	Heavy	
Lots	Receiver Description	Distance	Offset (dB)	Autos	Trucks	Trucks	Total
21 & 22	Outdoor activity areas	380		54	46	47	55
	First-floor facades	390		53	45	47	55
(South of Mangini)	Upper-floor facades	390	3	56	48	50	58

Traffic Noise Contours (No Calibration Offset):

DNL Contour (dB)	Distance from Centerline (feet)
75	18
70	38
65	83
60	178

- 1. Future ADT, day/night percentages, truck percentages, and vehicle speed obtained from the Folsom South of Highway 50 Specific Plan EIR.
- 2. Distances scaled from the centerline of roadway to said locations using provided site plans.
- 3. A +3 dB offset was applied to upper-floor facades to account for reduced ground absorption of sound at elevated locations.



FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108) Noise Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Traffic Data:

Year: Future

Average Daily Traffic Volume: 12,200 Percent Daytime Traffic: 83

Percent Nighttime Traffic: 17
Percent Medium Trucks (2 axle): 1
Percent Heavy Trucks (3+ axle): 1
Assumed Vehicle Speed (mph): 40

Intervening Ground Type (hard/soft): Soft

Traffic Noise Levels:

ITAIIIC NOISE LEVE					DNL (dB)	
Nearest Lots	Receiver Description	Distance	Offset (dB)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total
1-3, 37-41	Nearest outdoor activity areas	70		64	53	57	65
- 1 -	Nearest first-floor facades	80		63	52	57	64
(North of Mangini)	Nearest upper-floor facades	80	3	66	55	60	67

Traffic Noise Contours (No Calibration Offset):

DNL Contour (dB)	Distance from Centerline (feet)
75	15
70	31
65	68
60	146

- 1. Future ADT, day/night percentages, truck percentages, and vehicle speed obtained from the Folsom South of Highway 50 Specific Plan EIR.
- 2. Distances scaled from the centerline of roadway to said locations using provided site plans.
- 3. A +3 dB offset was applied to upper-floor facades to account for reduced ground absorption of sound at elevated locations.



FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)

Noise Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Traffic Data:

Year: Future

Average Daily Traffic Volume: 12,200

Percent Daytime Traffic: 83

Percent Nighttime Traffic: 17

Percent Medium Trucks (2 axle): 1

Percent Heavy Trucks (3+ axle): 1

Assumed Vehicle Speed (mph): 40

Intervening Ground Type (hard/soft): Soft

Traffic Noise Levels:

Hailic Noise Levels.					DNL (dB)	
Nearest Lots	Receiver Description	Distance	Offset (dB)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total
LOIS			Oliser (dD)				
1-3, 23-25, 28, 29, 35	Nearest outdoor activity areas	70		64	53	57	65
	Nearest first-floor facades	80		63	52	57	64
(South of Mangini)	Nearest upper-floor facades	80	3	66	55	60	67

Traffic Noise Contours (No Calibration Offset):

DNL Contour (dB)	Distance from Centerline (feet)
75	15
70	31
65	68
60	146

- 1. Future ADT, day/night percentages, truck percentages, and vehicle speed obtained from the Folsom South of Highway 50 Specific Plan EIR.
- 2. Distances scaled from the centerline of roadway to said locations using provided site plans.
- 3. A +3 dB offset was applied to upper-floor facades to account for reduced ground absorption of sound at elevated locations.



FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)

Noise Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: White Rock Road

Traffic Data:

Year: Future

Average Daily Traffic Volume: 31,100
Percent Daytime Traffic: 83
Percent Nighttime Traffic: 17
Percent Medium Trucks (2 axle): 2
Percent Heavy Trucks (3+ axle): 1

Assumed Vehicle Speed (mph): 55
Intervening Ground Type (hard/soft): Soft

Traffic Noise Levels:

					DNL (ab)	
Nearest	B	Distance	Offert (dD)	Auton	Medium	Heavy	Total
Lots	Receiver Description	Distance	Offset (dB)	Autos	Trucks	Trucks	lotai
40	Outdoor activity area	650		57	47	48	58
10	First-floor facade	660		57	47	48	58
(South of Mangini)	Upper-floor facades	660	3	60	50	51	61

Traffic Noise Contours (No Calibration Offset):

DNL Contour (dB)	Distance from Centerline (feet)	
75	48	
70	102	
65	221	
60	476	

- 1. Future ADT, day/night percentages, truck percentages, and vehicle speed obtained from the Folsom South of Highway 50 Specific Plan EIR.
- 2. Distances scaled from the centerline of roadway to said locations using provided site plans.
- 3. A +3 dB offset was applied to upper-floor facades to account for reduced ground absorption of sound at elevated locations.



FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)
Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Noise Level Data:

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 64

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 53 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 57

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Outdoor Activity Area - Lot 1 (North of Mangini)

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C₁): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C₂): 10

Automobile Elevation: 467

Medium Truck Elevation: 469

Heavy Truck Elevation: 475

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 475

Receiver Elevation: 480

Base of Barrier Elevation: 475

Starting Barrier Height 6

Barrier Effectiveness:

Ton of			DNL	_ (dB)		Barrier B	reaks Line of	f Sight to
Top of Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
481	6	55	45	51	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
482	7	54	43	49	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
483	8	53	42	48	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
484	9	52	41	47	53	Yes	Yes	Yes
485	10	51	40	46	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
486	11	50	39	44	51	Yes	Yes	Yes
487	12	49	38	44	50	Yes	Yes	Yes
488	13	48	38	43	50	Yes	Yes	Yes
489	14	48	37	43	49	Yes	Yes	Yes

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated 3/19/2021.



FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)

Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Noise Level Data:

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 64

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 53 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 57

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Outdoor Activity Area - Lot 3 (North of Mangini)

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C₁): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C₂): 10

Automobile Elevation: 463

Medium Truck Elevation: 465

Heavy Truck Elevation: 471

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 475

Receiver Elevation: 480

Base of Barrier Elevation: 476 Starting Barrier Height 2

Barrier Effectiveness:

Top of			DNL	_ (dB)		Barrier B	reaks Line of	Sight to
Top of Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
478	2	59	48	53	60	Yes	Yes	No
479	3	58	47	52	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
480	4	56	45	51	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
481	5	54	44	50	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
482	6	53	42	48	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
483	7	52	41	47	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
484	8	51	40	46	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
485	9	50	39	45	51	Yes	Yes	Yes
486	10	49	38	44	51	Yes	Yes	Yes

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated 3/19/2021.



FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)

Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information: Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Noise Level Data: Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 64

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 53 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 57

Site Geometry: Receiver Description: Outdoor Activity Area - Lot 37 (North of Mangini)

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C₁): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C₂): 10

Automobile Elevation: 483

Medium Truck Elevation: 485

Heavy Truck Elevation: 491

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 476

Receiver Elevation: 481

Base of Barrier Elevation: 483
Starting Barrier Height 0.1

Barrier Effectiveness: Results below include topography screening only.

Top of			DNL	_ (dB)		Barrier B	reaks Line of	f Sight to
Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
483.1	0.1	57	46	52	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
484.1	1.1	55	45	51	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
485.1	2.1	54	43	50	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
486.1	3.1	53	42	48	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
487.1	4.1	52	41	47	53	Yes	Yes	Yes
488.1	5.1	51	40	46	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
489.1	6.1	50	39	45	51	Yes	Yes	Yes
490.1	7.1	49	38	44	51	Yes	Yes	Yes
491.1	8.1	49	38	43	50	Yes	Yes	Yes

Notes: 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).

2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated 3/19/2021.



FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)
Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Noise Level Data:

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 64

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 53 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 57

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Outdoor Activity Area - Lot 38 (North of Mangini)

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C₁): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C₂): 10

Automobile Elevation: 479

Medium Truck Elevation: 481

Heavy Truck Elevation: 487

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 475

Receiver Elevation: 480

Base of Barrier Elevation: 479
Starting Barrier Height 1

Barrier Effectiveness:

T		**********	DNL	_ (dB)		Barrier B	reaks Line of	f Sight to
Top of Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
480	1	59	48	53	60	Yes	No	No
481	2	58	47	52	59	Yes	Yes	No
482	3	56	46	52	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
483	4	55	44	51	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
484	5	53	43	49	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
485	6	52	42	48	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
486	7	51	41	47	53	Yes	Yes	Yes
487	8	50	40	45	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
488	9	50	39	44	51	Yes	Yes	Yes

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated 3/19/2021.



Appendix C-5
FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)
Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information: Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Noise Level Data: Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 64

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 53 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 57

Site Geometry: Receiver Description: Outdoor Activity Area - Lot 39 (North of Mangini)

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C₁): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C₂): 10

Automobile Elevation: 477
Medium Truck Elevation: 479

Heavy Truck Elevation: 485

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 475

Receiver Elevation: 480

Base of Barrier Elevation: 477 Starting Barrier Height 2

Barrier Effectiveness:

Top of		**********	DNL	_ (dB)		Barrier B	reaks Line of	f Sight to
Top of Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
479	2	59	48	55	61	No	No	No
480	3	58	48	53	60	Yes	Yes	No
481	4	58	47	52	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
482	5	56	45	51	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
483	6	54	44	50	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
484	7	53	42	48	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
485	8	52	41	47	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
486	9	51	40	46	53	Yes	Yes	Yes
487	10	50	39	45	52	Yes	Yes	Yes

Notes: 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).

2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated 3/19/2021.



FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)
Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Noise Level Data:

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 64

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 53 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 57

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Outdoor Activity Area - Lot 40 (North of Mangini)

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C₁): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C₂): 10

Automobile Elevation: 475

Medium Truck Elevation: 477

Heavy Truck Elevation: 483

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 474

Receiver Elevation: 479
Base of Barrier Elevation: 475

Starting Barrier Height 3

Barrier Effectiveness:

			DNL	_ (dB)		Barrier B	reaks Line of	f Sight to
Top of Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
478	3	59	48	55	61	No	No	No
479	4	58	48	53	60	Yes	Yes	No
480	5	57	47	52	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
481	6	56	45	51	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
482	7	54	44	50	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
483	8	53	42	48	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
484	9	52	41	47	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
485	10	51	40	46	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
486	11	50	39	45	51	Yes	Yes	Yes

Notos

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s),
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated 3/19/2021.



Appendix C-7
FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)
Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Noise Level Data:

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 64

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 53 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 57

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Outdoor Activity Area - Lot 41 (North of Mangini)

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C₁): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C₂): 10

Automobile Elevation: 473

Medium Truck Elevation: 475

Heavy Truck Elevation: 481

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 474

Receiver Elevation: 479

Base of Barrier Elevation: 473
Starting Barrier Height 6

Barrier Effectiveness:

Top of			DNL	_ (dB)		Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to			
Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?	
479	6	58	47	52	59	Yes	Yes	No	
480	7	57	46	52	58	Yes	Yes	Yes	
481	8	55	45	51	57	Yes	Yes	Yes	
482	9	54	43	49	55	Yes	Yes	Yes	
483	10	53	42	48	54	Yes	Yes	Yes	
484	11	52	41	47	53	Yes	Yes	Yes	
485	12	51	40	46	52	Yes	Yes	Yes	
486	13	50	39	45	51	Yes	Yes	Yes	
487	14	49	38	44	50	Yes	Yes	Yes	

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated 3/19/2021.



Appendix C-8
FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)
Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Noise Level Data:

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 64

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 53 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 57

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Outdoor Activity Area - Lot 1 (South of Mangini)

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C₁): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C₂): 10

Automobile Elevation: 467

Medium Truck Elevation: 469

Heavy Truck Elevation: 475

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 472

Receiver Elevation: 477

Base of Barrier Elevation: 472 Starting Barrier Height 3

Barrier Effectiveness:

Ton of			DNL	Barrier B	reaks Line of	f Sight to		
Top of Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
475	3	59	48	55	61	No	No	No
476	4	58	48	53	60	Yes	Yes	No
477	5	58	47	52	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
478	6	56	45	51	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
479	7	54	44	50	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
480	8	53	42	48	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
481	9	52	41	47	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
482	10	51	40	46	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
483	11	50	39	45	51	Yes	Yes	Yes

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated 3/19/2021.



FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)

Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information: Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Noise Level Data: Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 64

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 53 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 57

Site Geometry: Receiver Description: Outdoor Activity Area - Lot 2 (South of Mangini)

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C₁): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C₂): 10

Automobile Elevation: 467 Medium Truck Elevation: 469

Heavy Truck Elevation: 459

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 472

Receiver Elevation: 477

Base of Barrier Elevation: 472

Starting Barrier Height 3

Barrier Effectiveness:

Ton of			DNL	_ (dB)		Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to		
Top of Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
475	3	59	48	55	61	No	No	No
476	4	58	48	53	60	Yes	Yes	No
477	5	58	47	52	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
478	6	56	45	51	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
479	7	54	44	50	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
480	8	53	42	48	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
481	9	52	41	47	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
482	10	51	40	46	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
483	11	50	39	45	51	Yes	Yes	Yes

Notes: 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).

2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated 3/19/2021.



Appendix C-10
FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)
Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Noise Level Data:

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 64

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 53 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 57

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Outdoor Activity Area - Lot 3 (South of Mangini)

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C₁): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C₂): 10

Automobile Elevation: 464

Medium Truck Elevation: 466

Heavy Truck Elevation: 472

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 472

Receiver Elevation: 477

Base of Barrier Elevation: 472

Starting Barrier Height 3

Barrier Effectiveness:

Top of			DNL	_ (dB)		Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to		
Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
475	3	59	48	54	60	No	No	No
476	4	58	47	52	59	Yes	Yes	No
477	5	57	46	52	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
478	6	55	45	51	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
479	7	54	43	49	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
480	8	53	42	48	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
481	9	52	41	47	53	Yes	Yes	Yes
482	10	51	40	46	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
483	11	50	39	44	51	Yes	Yes	Yes

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated 3/19/2021.



Appendix C-11
FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)
Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Noise Level Data:

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 64

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 53 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 57

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Outdoor Activity Area - Lot 23 (South of Mangini)

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C₁): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C₂): 10

Automobile Elevation: 488

Medium Truck Elevation: 490

Heavy Truck Elevation: 496

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 474

Receiver Elevation: 479

Base of Barrier Elevation: 488

Starting Barrier Height 0.1

Barrier Effectiveness:

Results below include topography screening only.

Top of			DNL	Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to				
Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
488.1	0.1	50	39	45	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
489.1	1.1	49	39	44	51	Yes	Yes	Yes
490.1	2.1	49	38	44	50	Yes	Yes	Yes
491.1	3.1	48	38	43	50	Yes	Yes	Yes
492.1	4.1	48	37	43	50	Yes	Yes	Yes
493.1	5.1	48	37	42	49	Yes	Yes	Yes
494.1	6.1	47	36	42	49	Yes	Yes	Yes
495.1	7.1	47	36	41	48	Yes	Yes	Yes
496.1	8.1	47	36	41	48	Yes	Yes	Yes

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated 3/19/2021.



Appendix C-12
FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)
Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Noise Level Data:

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 64

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 53 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 57

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Outdoor Activity Area - Lot 28 (South of Mangini)

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C₁): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C₂): 10

Automobile Elevation: 480

Medium Truck Elevation: 482

Heavy Truck Elevation: 488

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 474

Receiver Elevation: 479

Base of Barrier Elevation: 480

Starting Barrier Height 0.1

Barrier Effectiveness:

Results below include topography screening only.

Top of			DNL	Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to				
Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
480.1	0.1	58	47	52	59	Yes	Yes	No
481.1	1.1	57	46	52	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
482.1	2.1	55	45	51	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
483.1	3.1	54	43	49	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
484.1	4.1	53	42	48	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
485.1	5.1	52	41	47	53	Yes	Yes	Yes
486.1	6.1	51	40	46	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
487.1	7.1	50	39	45	51	Yes	Yes	Yes
488.1	8.1	49	38	44	51	Yes	Yes	Yes

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated 3/19/2021.



FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)
Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Noise Level Data:

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 64

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 53 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 57

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Outdoor Activity Area - Lot 29 (South of Mangini)

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C₁): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C₂): 10

Automobile Elevation: 476

Medium Truck Elevation: 478

Heavy Truck Elevation: 484

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 474

Receiver Elevation: 479

Base of Barrier Elevation: 476 Starting Barrier Height 3

Barrier Effectiveness:

T			DNL	_ (dB)		Barrier B	reaks Line o	f Sight to
Top of Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
479	3	58	48	53	60	Yes	Yes	No
480	4	58	47	52	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
481	5	56	45	51	58	Yes	Yes	Yes
482	6	54	44	50	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
483	7	53	42	48	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
484	8	52	41	47	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
485	9	51	40	46	53	Yes	Yes	Yes
486	10	50	39	45	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
487	11	49	39	44	51	Yes	Yes	Yes

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated 3/19/2021.



FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model (FHWA-RD-77-108)

Noise Barrier Effectiveness Prediction Worksheet

Project Information:

Job Number: 2021-063

Project Name: Mangini Ranch Phase 1C North

Roadway Name: Mangini Parkway

Noise Level Data:

Year: Future

Auto DNL (dB): 64

Medium Truck DNL (dB): 53 Heavy Truck DNL (dB): 57

Site Geometry:

Receiver Description: Outdoor Activity Area - Lot 35 (South of Mangini)

Centerline to Barrier Distance (C₁): 60

Barrier to Receiver Distance (C₂): 10

Automobile Elevation: 473

Medium Truck Elevation: 475

Heavy Truck Elevation: 481

Pad/Ground Elevation at Receiver: 472

Receiver Elevation: 477

Base of Barrier Elevation: 473
Starting Barrier Height 4

Barrier Effectiveness:

Top of		DNL (dB)				Barrier Breaks Line of Sight to		
Top of Barrier Elevation (ft)	Barrier Height (ft)	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Total	Autos?	Medium Trucks?	Heavy Trucks?
477	4	58	48	53	60	Yes	Yes	No
478	5	57	47	52	59	Yes	Yes	Yes
479	6	56	45	51	57	Yes	Yes	Yes
480	7	54	44	50	56	Yes	Yes	Yes
481	8	53	42	48	55	Yes	Yes	Yes
482	9	52	41	47	54	Yes	Yes	Yes
483	10	51	40	46	52	Yes	Yes	Yes
484	11	50	39	45	51	Yes	Yes	Yes
485	12	49	38	44	51	Yes	Yes	Yes

- 1. Standard receiver elevation is five feet above grade/pad elevations at the receiver location(s).
- 2. Roadway and lot elevations obtained from the provided grading plans dated 3/19/2021.



Attachment 12 Applicant's General Plan Consistency Analysis

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Section 4 - L	and Use		de la
4.1	Create pedestrian-oriented neighborhoods through the use of a grid system of streets where feasible, sidewalks, bike paths and trails. Residential neighborhoods shall be linked, where appropriate, to encourage pedestrian and bicycle travel.	Yes	The street and trail system is based on an efficient grid system that connects the project with nearby park, school, and open space with roadways, sidewalks, and trails.
4.2	Residential neighborhoods shall include neighborhood focal points such as schools, parks, and trails. Neighborhood parks shall be centrally located and easily accessible, where appropriate.	Yes	The project is part of a residential neighborhood, and connects to schools, trails, and parks via the roadway, sidewalk, and trail network.
4.3	Residential neighborhoods that are directly adjacent to open space shall provide at least two defined points of pedestrian access into the open space area.	Yes	Two defined points of access to adjacent open space is provided.
4.4	Provide a variety of housing opportunities for residents to participate in the homeownership market.	Yes	The project contains housing types within the allowable density range of the MLD zoning, which is the zoning for the project site.
4.5	All multi-family high density residential sites shall provide on-site recreational amenities for its residents, unless directly adjacent to a park site.	n/a	The project does not include multi- family, high-density residential uses.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
4.6	As established by the FPASP, the total number of dwelling units for the Plan Area is 11,461 and the total commercial square footage is 2,788,8441. The number of units within individual residential land use parcels may vary, so long as the number of dwelling units falls within the allowable density range for a particular land use designation. For purposes of CEQA compliance for discretionary projects, the combination of the total maximum number of residential units and commercial square footage analyzed in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Environmental Report/Environmental Impact Statement (SCH#200092051) shall not be exceeded without requiring further CEQA compliance.	Yes	The project does not exceed the total number of dwelling units for the Plan Area and does not include commercial uses.
4.6A	A maximum of 937 low, medium and high density residential dwelling units are allowed only in the three General Commercial (SP-GC) parcels and the Regional Commercial (SP-RC) parcel located at the intersection of East Bidwell Street and Alder Creek Parkway. No more and no less than 377 high density residential dwelling units on a minimum of 15.7 acres shall be provided on these parcels. Other than the SP-RC and three SP-GC parcels specifically identified herein, this policy 4.6A shall not apply to any other Plan Area SP-RC or SP-GC parcels.	n/a	The project is not located at the intersection of East Bidwell Street and Alder Creek Parkway.
4.7	Transfer of dwelling units is permitted between residential parcels, or the residential component of SP-RC and SP-GC parcels, as long as 1) the maximum density within each land use designation is not exceeded, unless the land use designation is revised by a specific plan amendment, and 2) the total number of Plan Area dwelling units does not exceed 11,461.	Yes	The proposed transfer of 20 MHD development units will not exceed the maximum density (7-12 units per acre) permitted within those land use categories, nor will the overall FPASP dwelling unit maximum be exceeded.
4.8	Each new residential development shall be designed with a system of local streets, collector streets, and access to an arterial road that protects the residents from through traffic.	Yes	The project has a heircharial street layout to provide an efficient circulation system consistent with the Specific Plan.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
4.9	Subdivisions of 200 dwellings units or more not immediately adjacent to a neighborhood or community park are encouraged to develop one or more local parks as needed to provide convenient resident access to children's plan areas, picnic areas and unprogrammed open turf area. If provided, these local parks shall be maintained by a landscape and lighting district or homeowner's association and shall not receive or provide substitute park land dedication credit for parks required by the FPASP.	n/a	The project includes 76 residential lots, and thus, this policy is not applicable to the Project. Additionally, the Project does provide two points of access to the public trail system on adjacent open space, which connects to nearby parks.
Commercial Po	olicies		
4.10	The mixed-use town center should contain unique retail, entertainment and service-based establishments, as well as public gathering spaces.	n/a	The Project does not propose any mixed-use development. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
4.11	The mixed-use neighborhood center should contain retail and service-based establishments that are intended to serve the immediate area in which it is located.	n/a	The Project does not propose any mixed-use development. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
4.12	Commercial and office areas should be accessible via public transit routes, where feasible.	n/a	The Project does not propose any commercial development. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
4.13	The Plan Area land use plan should include commercial, light industrial/office park and public/quasipublic land uses in order to create employment.	n/a	The Project does not propose any commercial development. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
4.14	The transfer of commercial intensity is permitted as provided in Section 13.3 - Administrative Procedures.	n/a	The Project does not propose any commercial development. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
4.13	Thirty percent (30%) of the Plan Area shall be preserved and maintained as natural open space, consistent with Article 7.08.C of the Folsom City Charter.		The project will not reduce the amount of preserved natural open space.
4.16	The open space land use designation shall provide for the permanent protection of preserved wetlands.		The project does not include open space land uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Parks Policies			
4.17	Land shall be reserved for parks as shown in Figure 4.3 — Specific Plan Land Use Designations and Table 4.2 — Land Use Summary. On future tentative subdivision maps or planned development applications, park sites shall be within 1/8 of a mile of the locations shown in Figure 4.3 — Specific Plan Land Use Designations. Park sites adjacent to school sites should remain adjacent to schools to provide for joint use opportunities with the Folsom-Cordova Unified School District. Park sites adjacent to open space shall remain adjacent to open space to provide staging areas and access points to the open space for the public.	n/a	No park sites are proposed, and no proposed park sites will be altered by the project. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
4.18	Sufficient land shall be dedicated for parks to meet the City of Folsom requirement (General Plan Policy 35.8) of 5-acres of parks for every 1,000 residents.	Yes	The project does not reduce the land to be dedicated for parks.
4.19	Parks shall be located throughout the Plan Area and linked to residential neighborhoods via sidewalks, bike paths and trails, where appropriate. During the review of tentative maps or planned development applications, the city shall verify that parks are provided in the appropriate locations and that they are accessible to resident via sidewalks, bike paths and trails.	Yes	Nearby parks will be accessible by all residents in the project via sidewalks and public trails.
4.20	Elementary school sites shall be co-located with parks to encourage joint-use of parks where feasible.	n/a	The project does not propose school or park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Public/Quasi-	Public Policies		
4.21	Land shall be reserved for public services and facilities, as required by the City of Folsom. Public services and facilities sites shall be in the general locations as shown in Figure 4.3 – Specific Plan Land Use Designations.	Yes	The infrastructure needed to serve the Project area is consistent with the adopted Specific Plan and the updated infrastructure plans.
4.22	Land shall be reserved for schools as required by the City of Folsom and the Folsom Cordova Unified School District in accordance with state law. School sites shall be in the general locations shown in Figure 4.3 – Specific Plan Land Use Designations and have comparable acreages as established in Table 4.2 – Land Use Summary.	Yes	The project would not alter the location of proposed school sites.
4.23	Elementary school sites shall be co-located with parks to encourage joint-use of parks.	n/a	The project does not propose school or park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
4.24	All Public/Quasi-Public sites shown in Figure 4.3 – Specific Plan Land Use Designations may be relocated or abandoned as a minor administrative modification of the FPASP. The land use designation of the vacated site or sites will revert to the lowest density adjacent residential land use. In no event shall the maximum number of Plan Area dwelling units exceed 11,461 and the total commercial building area exceed 2,788,884 square feet2. For purposes of CEQA compliance for discretionary projects, the combination of the total maximum number of residential units and commercial square footage analyzed in the Folsom Plan Area Specific Plan Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact Statement (SCH#200809205) shall not be exceeded without requiring further CEQA compliance.	Yes	The project would not alter the location of proposed public/quasi-public sites.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Section 5 - I	lousing Strategies		
City of Folsor	n General Plan Housing Element Policies Incorporated in the FPASP	R-E-	
H-1.1	The city shall ensure that sufficient land is designated and zoned in a range of residential densities to accommodate the city's regional share of housing.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The project proposes residential land uses that comply with the existing zoning and land use designation at the project site.
H-1.2	The city shall endeavor to designate future sites for higher density housing near transit stops, commercial services, and schools where appropriate and feasible.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The project proposes residential land uses that comply with the existing zoning and land use designation at the project site.
H-1.3	The city shall encourage home builders to develop their projects on multi-family designated land at the high end of the applicable density range.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The project proposes a density of 7.3 and 7.6 units per acre, which is within the applicable range of 7-12 units per acre.
H-1.4	The City shall support and facilitate the development of second units on single-family designated and zoned parcels.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The project site is zoned MLD.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
H-1.6	The city shall ensure that new development pays its fair share in financing public facilities and services and pursues financial assistance techniques to reduce the cost impact on the production of affordable housing.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The project will comply with all mitigation measures in the FPASP EIR and Addendums. See MMRP.
H-1.8	The city shall strive to create additional opportunities for mixed-use and transit oriented development.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.
H-3.1	The city shall encourage residential projects affordable to a mix of household incomes and disperse affordable housing projects throughout the city to achieve a balance of housing in all neighborhoods and communities.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision- making and planning processes. The Project proposes residential development within the overall mix of household incomes.
H-3.2	The city shall continue to use federal and state subsidies, as well as inclusionary housing in-lieu fees, affordable housing impact fees on non-residential development, and other fees collected into the Housing Trust Fund in a cost-efficient manner to meet the needs of lower-income households, including extremely low-income households.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision- making and planning processes. The Project proposes residential development.
H-3.3	The city shall continue to make density bonuses available to affordable and senior housing projects, consistent with State law and Chapter 17.102 of the Folsom Municipal Code.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision- making and planning processes. The Project does not seek a density bonus.
H-3.4	Where appropriate, the city shall use development agreements to assist housing developers in complying with city affordable housing goals.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The Project is subject to the Amended and Revised Development Agreement.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
H-3.5	The city shall make incentives available to property owners with existing development agreements to encourage the development of affordable housing.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The Project is subject to the Amended and Restated Development Agreement.
H-5.2	The city shall encourage housing for seniors and persons with disabilities to be located near public transportation, shopping, medical, and other essential services and facilities.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The project does not propose housing for seniors or persons with disabilities.
H-5.4	The city shall encourage private efforts to remove physical barriers and improve accessibility for housing units and residential neighborhoods to meet the needs of person with disabilities.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The Project complies with the Folsom Ranch, Central District Design Guidelines and City standards for residential neighborhoods.
H-5.7	The city shall continue to provide zoning to accommodate future need for facilities to serve city residents in need of emergency shelter.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.
H-5.10	The city shall encourage developers to include spaces in proposed buildings or sites on which child care facilities could be developed or leased by a child care operator.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. The Project does not propose non-residential uses.
H-6.2	The city shall assist in the enforcement of fair housing laws by providing information and referrals to organizations that can receive and investigate fair housing allegations, monitor compliance with fair housing laws, and refer possible violations to enforcing agencies.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.
H-7.1	The city shall continue to implement state energy-efficient standards to new residential development.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
H-7.2	The city shall include energy conservation guidelines as part of the development standards for the specific plan area.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.
H-7.3	The city shall reduce residential cooling needs associated with the urban heat island effect.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.
H-7.4	The city shall promote an increase in the energy efficiency of new and existing housing beyond minimum state requirements.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.
H-7.5	The city shall encourage the increased use of renewable energy.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes.
H-7.6	The city shall encourage "smart growth" that accommodates higher density residential uses near transit, bicycle and pedestrian friendly areas of the city that encourage and facilitate the conservation of resources by reducing the need for automobile use.	n/a	This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. East Bidwell Street is part of the FPASP transit corridor.
Section 7 - C			
Circulation Po	licies		
7.1	The roadway network in the Plan Area shall be organized in a grid-like pattern of streets and blocks, except where topography and natural features make it infeasible, for the majority of the Plan Area in order to create neighborhoods that encourage walking, biking, public transit and other alternative modes of transportation.	Yes	Topography and natural features make grid layout infeasible, but the proposed roadway connects future residents of the project to adjacent school, park, open space, and commercial uses. East Bidwell Street is part of the FPASP transit corridor.
7.2	Circulation within the Plan Area shall be ADA accessible and minimize barriers to access by pedestrians, the disabled, seniors and bicyclists. Physical barriers such as walls, berms, and landscaping that separate residential and nonresidential uses and impede bicycle or pedestrian access or circulation shall be minimized.	Yes	The Project complies with the Folsom Ranch, Central District Design Guidelines and City standards for residential neighborhoods.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
7.3	The Plan Area shall apply for permanent membership in the 50 Corridor TMA. Funding to be provided by a Community Facilities District or other non-revocable funding mechanism.	n/a	The Project does not effect the Plan Area's permanent membership in the 50 Corridor TMA.
7.4	Submit a General Plan Amendment to the city to modify General Plan Policy 17.17 regarding Traffic Level of Service 'C'. This level of service may not be achieved throughout the entire Plan Area at buildout.	n/a	The applicable Level of Service under the General Plan is 'D.' The streets are designed to meet traffic requirements and are consistent with the Specific Plan.
Roadway Clas	sification Policies		
7.5	A framework of arterial and collector roadways shall be developed that accommodate Plan Area traffic while accommodating through-traffic demands to adjoining city areas.	n/a	Project street layout is consistent with the Specific Plan.
7.6	Major and minor arterials, collectors, and minor collectors shall be provided with sidewalks that safely separate pedestrians from vehicular traffic and class II bicycle lanes that encourage transportation choices within the Plan Area.	n/a	Mangini Parkway and Savannah Parkway have separated sidewalks from the street to enhance pedestrian design.
7.7	Traffic calming measures shall be utilized, where appropriate, to minimize neighborhood cut-through traffic and excessive speeds in residential neighborhoods. Roundabouts and traffic circles shall be considered on low volume neighborhood streets as an alternative to four-way stops or where traffic signals will be required at project build-out. Traffic calming features included in the City of Folsom's Neighborhood Traffic Management Program Guidelines (NTMP) may also be utilized in the Plan Area.	Yes	The street system has been designed to discourage traffic through the neighborhood.
7.8 Public Transit	Roadway improvements shall be constructed to coincide with the demands of new development, as required to satisfy city minimum level of service standards.	Yes	The streets are designed to meet traffic requirements and are consistent with the Specific Plan.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
7.8A	Concurrent with development of the SP-RC and SP-GC parcels located at the intersection of East Bidwell Street and Alder Creek Parkway, the following roadway improvements will be constructed: • Alder Creek Parkway from Prairie City Road to East Bidwell Street. • East Bidwell Street from White Rock Road to U.S. Highway 50. • Rowberry Road (including the over-crossing of U.S. Highway 50). The timing, extent of improvements and interim improvements shall be predicated on the extent and type of development proposed for the above referenced parcels	n/a	The project is not located at the intersection of East Bidwell Street and Alder Creek Parkway. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
7.9	Public transportation opportunities to, from, and within the Plan Area shall be coordinated with the City Public Works Transit Division and the Sacramento Regional Transit District (RT). Regional and local fixed and circulator bus routes through the Plan Area shall be an integral part of the overall circulation network to guarantee public transportation service to major destinations for employment, shopping, public institutions, multi-family housing and other land uses likely to attract public transit use.	Yes	The project is consistent with the adopted Specific Plan, which addresses public transportation opportunities.
7.10	Consistent with the most recent update of the RT master plan and the Plan Area Master Transit Plan, a transit corridor shall be provided through the Plan Area for future regional 'Hi-Bus's service (refer to Figure 7.29 and the FPASP Transit Master Plan). Sufficient right-of-way shall be dedicated for the transit corridor as described in Section 7.3 and Figures 7.2, 7.3, 7.14 & 7.15.		The project is consistent with the adopted Specific Plan, which addresses public transportation opportunities.
7.11	Future transit bus stops and associated amenities shall be placed at key locations in the Plan Area according to the recommendation of the FPASP Transit Master Plan.	Yes	The project is consistent with the adopted Specific Plan, which addresses public transportation opportunities.
7.12	Provide interim park-and-ride facilities for public transit use as shown in the FPASP Transit Master Plan.	Yes	The project is consistent with the adopted Specific Plan, which addresses public transportation opportunities.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
7.13	The City of Folsom shall participate with the El Dorado County Transportation Commission in an update of the "Folsom El Dorado Corridor Transit Strategy Final Report dated December 2005. The update shall include the Plan Area and Sacramento County.		This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
7.14	The City of Folsom shall participate with the Sacramento Area Council of Government in a revision of the City of Folsom Short-Range Transit Plan Update Final Report, dated September 2005. The update shall include the Plan Area.		This policy directs the City in its decision-making and planning processes. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
7.15	The Sacramento Regional Transit District (RT) "A Guide to Transit Oriented Development (TOD)" shall be used as a design guideline for subsequent project level approvals for all projects along the Plan Area transit corridor.		The guideline was used in the preparation of the Specific Plan. The project is consistent with the Specific Plan.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Sidewalks, Tra	ils and Bikeway Policies		
7.16	A system of sidewalks, trails, and bikeways shall internally link all land uses and connect to all existing or planned external street and trail facilities contiguous with the Plan Area to provide safe routes of travel for pedestrians and bicyclists as depicted in Figure 7.32 and as indicated on the applicable roadway sections. Pedestrian and bicycle facilities shall be designed in accordance with City design standards, including the latest version of the Bikeway Master Plan, the FPASP and the FPASP Community Design Guidelines.	Yes	The project includes sidewalks that are consistent with the adopted Specific Plan and City standards.
7.17	Public accessibility to open space and scenic areas within the Plan Area shall be provided via roadway, sidewalks, trail and bikeway connections, where appropriate.	Yes	Access to nearby open space areas is provided via roadways, sidewalks, and trails.
7.18	Traffic calming measures and signage shall be used to enhance the safety of sidewalk, trail and bikeway crossings of arterial and collector streets.	n/a	The project does not include sidewalk, trail, or bikeway crossings of arterial or collector streets.
7.19	Class I bike path and trail crossings of Alder Creek and intermittent drainages channels shall be minimized and located and designed to cause the least amount of disturbance to the creek environment.	n/a	Alder Creek is not located in this phase. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
7.20	Per state and federal programs, safe routes to schools shall be identified and signed.	Yes	The proposed project connects to the separated sidewalk along Mangini Parkway, which serves as the Safe Route to School. Signage shall be identified in the improvements plans.
7.21	All Plan Area land uses shall be located within approximately 1/2 mile of a Class I bike path or a Class II bike lane.	Yes	The project is within 1/2 mile of Mangini Parkway, which will be developed with class II bike lanes as part of the planned Bicycle network.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks		
7.22	Site design and building placement shall minimize barriers to pedestrian access and interconnectivity. Physical barriers such as walls, berms, landscaping and slopes between residential and non-residential land uses that unnecessarily impede bicycle or pedestrian circulation shall be minimized. Clearly marked shaded paths shall be provided through commercial and mixed use parking lots.	n/a	The Project does not include commercial or mixed use development and complies with the Folsom Ranch, Central District Design Guidelines and City standards for residential neighborhoods.		
7.23	Adequate short and long term bicycle parking shall be provided for all Plan Area land uses (except for single-family and single-family high density residential uses) as specified in Table A.14.	Yes	The project includes adequate bicycle parking, as specified in Table A.14.		
Section 8 - O	Section 8 - Open Space				
8.1	Open Space areas shall be created throughout the entirety of the Plan Area.	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.		
8.2	Create a preserve open space zone that will include all of the preserved wetlands and required buffers that are under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Army Corp of Engineers (USACE).	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.		
8.3	Create a passive open space zone that may contain limited recreation uses and facilities, storm water quality detention basins, water quality structures, wetland and tree mitigation areas and limited public utilities.	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.		
8.4	Where feasible, locate schools and parks adjacent or near to open space.	n/a	The project does not include school or park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.		
8.5	Open space areas shall incorporate sensitive Plan Area natural resources, including oak woodlands, Alder Creek and its tributaries, hillside areas, cultural resources, and tributaries of Carson, Buffalo and Coyote Creeks within the boundaries of the Plan Area.	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.		

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
8.6	Open space improvements shall comply with City of Folsom General Plan Policy 27.1 and the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) standards.	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.7	Natural parkways, thirty-feet (30') in width or larger, shall be considered part of the required thirty percent (30%) Plan Area natural open space provided the following minimum criteria is met: 8.7a: They include a paved path or trail. 8.7.b: They have the ability to be utilized for tree mitigation plantings or other appropriate mitigation measures and; 8.7.c: They are planted primarily with California central valley and foothills native plants as described in the most current edition of River-Friendly Landscape Guidelines.	n/a	No natural parkways are proposed in the project area. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.8	Locate Class I bicycle paths and paved and unpaved trails throughout the open space.	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.9	Carefully site infrastructure, including roads, wastewater and water facilities, trailheads, equestrian trails and the like to minimize impact to the oak woodlands, Alder Creek and its tributaries, hillside areas, cultural resources and intermittent tributaries of Carson, Buffalo and Coyote Creeks within the boundaries of the Plan Area.	Yes	No cultural resources identified to be preserved, oak woodlands/trees, or hillsides are present in the project. The project has been designed to avoid the wetland areas to the extent feasible.
8.10	Provide the opportunity for educational programs that highlight the value of the various natural features of the Plan Area.	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.11	All open space improvements, including erosion control planting and landscaping, within the 200-year flood plain shall be designed to withstand inundation during a 200-year flood event.	n/a	The project does not include open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
8.12	All open space improvements, including erosion control planting and landscaping adjacent to Alder Creek and its tributaries shall be consistent with Section 10.2.6 - Alder Creek & Floodplain Protection.	n/a	Alder Creek is not located in this phase. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.13	The FASP Open Space Management Plan shall describe the ownership, funding, and maintenance of open space areas.	n/a	The project does not propose open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.14	The FPASP Community Design Guidelines shall include recommendations for the design of natural parkways and other passive open space recreation facilities, storm water quality detention basins, water quality structures, wetland and tree mitigation areas, and public utilities.	n/a	The document submitted to the City contains this information. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
8.15	All entitlements within the FPASP shall be reviewed to ensure that thirty percent (30%) of the Plan Area is maintained as natural open space to preserve oak woodlands and sensitive habitat areas.	Yes	The project does not reduce the amount of open space in the Plan Area.
Section 9 - P	arks	57	
9.1	To promote walking and cycling, community and neighborhood parks shall be connected to the pedestrian and bicycle network.	Yes	The project's sidewalks and bike routes are consistent with the connected pedestrian network in the Specific Plan.
9.2	Park designs shall accommodate a variety of active and passive recreational facilities and activities that meet the needs of Plan Area residents of all ages, abilities and special interest groups, including the disabled.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.3	Neighborhood parks shall feature active recreational uses as a priority and provide field lighting for nighttime sports uses and other activities as deemed appropriate by the City of Folsom Parks and Recreation Department.		The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.4	The sports facilities listed in Table 9.1 are suggested facilities for inclusion in community, neighborhood and local parks. The City may amend Table 9.1 as City needs change without amending the FPASP.		The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.5	All park master plans shall include a lighting plan and all park lighting fixtures shall be shielded and energy efficient.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
9.6	Parks shall be designed and landscaped to provide shade, easy maintenance, water efficiency, and to accommodate a variety of recreational uses. Park improvements will comply with Folsom Municipal Code Chapter 13.26 Water Conservation and all applicable mitigations measures set forth in the FPASP EIR/EIS.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.7	Park furniture and structures shall be selected based on durability, vandal resistance and long term maintenance, as approved by the City.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.8	Public art is encouraged in parks where appropriate and feasible in compliance with the City's Arts and Culture Master Plan.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.9	Easements and designated open space shall not be credited as parkland acreage. These areas may be used for park activities, but not to satisfy Quimby park land dedication requirements.	n/a	The project Therefore the policy does not apply to the project. The Proejct does not propose park uses.
9.10	Placement of stand alone cell towers or antennae in parks in strongly discouraged. Cell towers or antennae are permitted to be located on sports field lighting poles with a use permit.	n/a	Cell towers are not proposed with this application. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.11	All parks shall be sited and designed with special attention to safety and visibility. Park designs shall follow the use restrictions as outlined in the Folsom Municipal Code Chapter 9.68: Use of Park Facilities. The Parks and Recreation Commission shall review all park master development plans and make recommendations to the City Council for approval.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
9.12	A Parks Master Plan shall be prepared for the Plan Area.	n/a	This policy affects the City and does not apply to individual developers.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks			
9.13	If the existing slope of a park site shown on Figure 9.1 exceeds five percent, the site shall be rough graded by owner/developer/builder dedicating the park land in accordance with grading plans approved by the City of Folsom Parks and Recreation Department. The cost to grade sites may be credited against park impact fees subject to city approval.		The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.			
9.14	Park land dedications are net areas in acres and exclude easements, wetlands, public rights-of-way and steep slopes or structures.	n/a	The project does not propose park uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.			
Section 10 - R	ection 10 - Resource Management & Sustainable Design					
Wetland Polic	ies					
10.1	Delineated wetlands shall be preserved to the greatest extent possible within open space areas and corridors, or otherwise provided for in protected areas.	Yes	Wetland permit has been issued for the project.			
10.2	Where preservation is not feasible, mitigation measures shall be carried out as specified in the FPASP EIR/EIS.	Yes	Wetland permit has been issued for the project.			

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.3	Water quality certification based on Section 401 of the Clean Water Act shall be obtained before issuance of the Section 404 permit.	Yes	A water quality certification was issued.
10.4	Construction, maintenance, and monitoring of compensation wetlands shall be in accordance with requirements of the USACE, pursuant to the issuance of a Section 404 permit. Compensation wetlands may consist of one of the following: 10.4a: Constructed wetlands within designated open space areas or corridors in the Plan Area; 10.4b: Wetland credits purchased from a mitigation bank; and /or; 10.4c: The purchase of land at an off-site location to preserve or construct mitigation wetlands. To ensure successful compensation wetlands, wetland feasibility studies shall be carried out in conjunction with request for permits from regulatory agencies prior to any construction.	Yes	Wetland permit has been issued for the project.
10.5	As part of the Section 404 permitting process, the project applicants shall prepare a wetland mitigation and monitoring plan (MMP). The plan shall include detailed information on the habitats present within the preservation and mitigation areas, the long-term management and monitoring of these habitats, legal protection for the preservation and mitigation areas (e.g., conservation easement, declaration of restrictions), and funding mechanism information (e.g., endowment). The plan shall identify participation within mitigation banks.	Yes	Wetland permit has been issued for the project.
10.6	Maintenance and monitoring of all compensation wetlands, whether constructed or purchased, shall be carried out by an approved monitoring agency or organization, and shall be in accordance with all federal, state, and local regulations. Monitoring shall continue for a minimum of 5 years from completion of mitigation or until performance standards have been met, whichever is longer	Yes	Wetland permit has been issued for the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.7	Special status vernal pool invertebrates shall be protected as required by State and federal regulatory agencies. Where protection is not feasible, vernal pool invertebrates shall be mitigated per the wetland mitigation and monitoring plan.	Yes	No special status species were identified in the project area and any impacts to offsite areas are covered by the Biological Opinion.
	Wildlife Policies		
10.8	Tricolored blackbird nesting colony habitat, if any, shall be protected as required by State and federal regulatory agencies.	Yes	The Project will comply with mitigation measures in the FPASP EIR, including conducting preconstruction surveys. See MMRP.
10.9	A Swainson's Hawk mitigation plan shall be prepared to avoid loss of nesting areas if applicable.	Yes	It is the applicant's understanding that the City will soon approve a Swainson's Hawk Mitigation Plan. The project will comply with all relevant mitigation measures in this plan.
10.10	An incidental take permit shall be obtained to avoid impacts on the Valley Elderberry Longhorn Beetle (VELB), unless delisting has occurred.	Yes	The Project will comply with mitigation measures in the FPASP EIR. See MMRP. No Valley Elderberry Longhorn Beetle (VELB) were identified on the proposed project site.
10.11	Special-status bat roosts shall be protected as required by State and federal regulatory agencies.	Yes	The Project will comply with mitigation measures in the FPASP EIR, including conducting preconstruction surveys. See MMRP.
10.12	The Sacramento-Yolo Mosquito and Vector Control District will provide year-round mosquito and vector control in accordance with state regulations and its Mosquito Management Plan.	n/a	This policy applies to the Sacramento-Yolo Mosquito and Vector Control District. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description		Remarks
Oak Woodland	ds & Isolated Oak Tree Policies	Let by E	
10.13	Preserve and protect in perpetuity approximately 399-acres of existing oak woodlands.	n/a	The proposed project does not have any oak woodlands or oak tree canopy to be preserved. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.14	The details of ownership, long term maintenance and monitoring of the preserved and mitigated oak woodlands and isolated oak tree canopy shall be specified in the FPASP Open Space Management Plan approved concurrently with the FPASP.	n/a	The proposed project does not have any oak woodlands or oak tree canopy to be preserved. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPA	SP Policy Descript	tion	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.15	Oak trees included in residential a oak woodlands are encouraged to preservation does not: a) Cause a reduction in the numb residential lots. b) Require mass grading that elim foundations. c) Require the use of retaining was height, as measured from the bot d) Require the preservation of an or hazardous or non-correctable of the cost more to preserve the tree oak Tree Mitigation requirements	er of lots or a significant of lots or a significant of lots or a significant of lots of the footing of the foo	rever practical, provided icant reduction in the size of requires specialized hen slopes greater than 4 feet into the top of the retaining wall. an arborist to be dead or in poor the pose a safety risk to the public.	n/a	The proposed project does not have any oak woodlands or oak tree canopy to be preserved. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.16	Isolated oak trees in residential ar rated according to the following in Society of Consulting Arborists (ASSACA RATING Excellent Good Fair Poor Hazardous or non-correctable Dead	ational rating syste	m developed by the American	n/a	The proposed project does not have any oak woodlands or oak tree canopy to be preserved. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.17	As part of any small lot tentative subdivision map application submittal, prepare and submit a site map, a tree preservation program and arborist's report and both a canopy survey of oak trees in the development parcel as well as a survey of individual free standing oak trees. The surveys will show trees to be preserved and trees to be removed consistent with the requirements of FMC Chapter 12.16.	n/a	The proposed project does not have any oak woodlands or oak tree canopy to be preserved. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.18	For small lot tentative subdivision parcels that contain oak trees, a pre-application and conceptual project review is required to ensure that every reasonable and practical effort has been made by the applicant to preserve oak trees. At a minimum, the submittal shall consist of a completed application form, the site map, the tree preservation program, the arborist's report, an aerial photograph of the project site, the oak tree surveys, and a conceptual site plan and grading plan showing road and lot layouts and oak trees to be preserved or removed.	n/a	The proposed project does not contain oak trees. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.19	Minor administrative modifications to the FPASP development standards, including but not limited to reduced parking requirements, reduced landscape requirement, reduced front and rear yard building setbacks, modified drainage requirements, increased building heights; and variations in lot area, width, depth and site coverage are permitted as part of the Design Review approval process in order to preserve additional oak trees within development parcels.	n/a	The proposed project does not have any oak woodlands or oak tree canopy to be preserved. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.20	When oak trees are proposed for preservation in a development parcel, ensure their protection during and after construction as outlined in FMC Chapter 12.16 — Tree Preservation. Once an individual residence or commercial building has received an occupancy permit, preserved trees on the property are subject to the requirements of FMC Chapter 12.16 — Tree Preservation.	n/a	The proposed project does not have any oak woodlands or oak tree canopy to be preserved. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Cultural Resou	rrces Policies		
10.21	The following shall be prepared prior to extensive grading or excavation: 10.21a: Existing archeological reports relevant to the Plan Area shall be reviewed by a qualified archaeologist. fully surveyed, to the extent required, to characterize and record the site. Any 10.21c: An Archaeological Resources Report shall be prepared, as appropriate. 10.21d: Copies of all records shall be submitted to the appropriate information center	Yes	The proposed project has completed the archaeological surveys and reports described here and they have been submitted to the California Historical Resource Information System (CHRIS).
-	in the California Historical Resource Information System (CHRIS).		
10.22	Publicly accessible trails and facilities in open space areas shall be located so as to ensure the integrity and preservation of historical and cultural resources as specified in the FPASP Community Design Guidelines and the Open Space Management Plan.	n/a	The project does not propose open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.23	Views toward cultural resources from publicly accessible trails and facilities shall be protected, where appropriate.	n/a	The project proposes connections to trials, but does not propose publicly accessible trials or facilities. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.24	Interpretive displays near cultural resources shall be unobtrusive and compatible with the visual form of the resources.	n/a	There are no cultural resources that require displays on the project site. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
Water Quality	Policies		Strategy with the electric strategy and the strategy and
10.25	Natural drainage courses within the Plan Area along Alder, Carson, Coyote, and Buffalo Creeks and their tributaries shall be preserved as required by state and federal regulatory agencies and incorporated into the overall storm water drainage system.	Yes	The proposed project is consistent with the drainage master plan, including the preservation measures for the referenced drainage features and waterways.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.26	Trails located within open space corridors and areas shall be designed to include soil erosion control measures to minimize sedimentation of nearby creeks and maintain the natural state of drainage courses.	n/a	The project does not propose trials. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.27	Public recreational facilities (e.g., picnic areas and trails) located within open space corridors or areas shall be subject to urban storm water best management practices, as defined in Section 10.3 – Sustainable Design.	n/a	The project does not propose open space uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.28	Best management practices shall be incorporated into construction practices to minimize the transfer of water borne particulates and pollutants into the storm water drainage system in conformance with FMC Chapters 8.70 – Stormwater Management & Discharge Control and 14.29 – Grading as well as current NPDES permit requirements and State Water Resources Control Board's Construction General Permit requirements.	Yes	The described BMPs will be incorporated in the notes section for the final improvement plans for the proposed project.
10.29	All mitigation specified in the FPASP EIR/EIS shall be implemented.	Yes	Mitigation Measures will be implemented.
10.30	Preference shall be given to biotechnical or non-structural alternatives, over alternatives involving revetments, bank regrading or installation of stream training structures.	Yes	Project will include measures in improvement plans.
Alder Creek &	Floodplain Protection Policies		
10.31	Alder Creek shall be preserved in its natural state, to the extent feasible, to maintain the riparian and wetland habitat adjacent to the creek.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.32	All improvements and maintenance activity, including creek bank stabilization, adjacent to Alder Creek shall comply with the Clean Water Act Section 404 permits and the Central Valley Flood Protection Act of 2008 (SB 5).	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.33	Bank stabilization and other erosion control measure shall have a natural appearance, wherever feasible. The use of biotechnical stabilization methods is required within Alder Creek where it is technically suitable can be used instead of mechanical stabilization.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.34	New drainage outfalls within or near Alder Creek, or improvements to existing outfalls, shall be designed and constructed utilizing low impact development (LID) practices in conformance with the most current National Pollutant Discharge Elimination (NPDE) regulations. Consistent with these practices, storm water collection shall be decentralized, its quality improved and its peak flow contained in detention facilities that will slowly release it back into the creek drainage outfalls and improvements shall be unobtrusive and natural in appearance (refer to Section 12.6 - Stormwater).	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.35	All Plan Area development projects shall avoid encroaching on the Alder Creek 200-year flood plain to ensure that no adverse alterations to the creek or the floodplain occur where practical. However, in the event encroachment is unavoidable, construction shall comply with the FPASP EIR/EIS mitigation measures, and all relevant provisions of the Central Valley Flood Protection Plan and FMC Chapter 14.23 — Flood Damage Prevention.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.36	Plan Area streets that cross Alder Creek may be grade-separated from the creek to allow uninterrupted passage of wildlife and trail users. Adequate vertical clearance shall be provided under all such street crossings to allow safe, visible bicycle, pedestrian and equestrian travel. Any streets that cross Alder Creek and are grade-separated shall follow the standards established in FMC Chapter 10.28 – Bridges.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.37	Emergency vehicle access along Alder Creek may be provided on Class I bike paths and/or separately designated emergency access roads (refer to Figure 7.29).	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.38	All lighting adjacent to Alder Creek shall be limited to bridges, underpasses, trailheads, public facilities and for other public safety purposes. Lighting fixtures shall be fully shielded and energy efficient.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description		Remarks
10.39	Class I bike paths and other paved and unpaved trails may be constructed near Alder Creek in the SP-OS2 passive open space zone consistent with the FPASP Community Design Guidelines.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.40	Public access points shall be located in areas where they have the least impact to the Alder Creek environment and designed to avoid sensitive plant wildlife habitat areas.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.41	Re-vegetation and new planting along Alder Creek shall use California central valley and foothills native plants as described in the most current edition of River-Friendly Landscape Guidelines.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.42	Adhere to the recommendations and policies of the Alder Creek Watershed Management Action Plan where feasible.	n/a	The proposed project does not impact Alder Creek. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
Air Quality Po	licies		
10.43	An Operational Air Quality Mitigation Plan has been prepared and approved by the Sacramento Metropolitan Air Quality Management District based on the District's CEQA guidelines dated July 2004. As required by LAFCO Resolution 1195 (dated 6 June 2001) the plan achieves a 35% reduction in potential emissions than could occur without a mitigation program.	Yes	The proposed project will comply with all applicable air quality mitigation measures.
10.44	The approved Operational Air Quality Mitigation measures shall be included as policies in the relevant sections of the FPASP.	Yes	The proposed project will comply with all applicable air quality mitigation measures.
10.45	Based on advisory recommendations included in Table 1-1 of the California Air Resources Board document entitled Air Quality and Land Use Handbook, avoid locating residential land uses within 500-feet of U.S. Highway 50.	Yes	Proposed residential land uses are more than 500-feet from U.S. Highway 50.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.46	Prohibit wood burning fireplaces in all residential construction.	Yes	Consistent with the Specific Plan and the Air Quality Management Plan, Wood burning fireplaces are not included in the project.
10.47	Provide complimentary electric lawnmowers to each residential buyer in the SF, SFHD and the MLD land uses.	Yes	The Project Site is zoned MLD and will comply with all applicable air quality mitigation measures.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Noise Policies		TREATED Y	
10.48	Residential developments must be designed and/or located to reduce outdoor noise levels generated by traffic to less than 60 dB.	Yes	The Project will comply with mitigation measures in the FPASP EIR , including noise reduction measures. See MMRP.
10.49	Noise from Aerojet propulsion system and routine component testing facilities affecting sensitive receptor areas shall be mitigated based on recommendations in the acoustical study.	n/a	The project will not be impacted by the Aerojet facilities. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.50	The Conditions, Covenants and Restrictions in the Department of Real Estate Public Report shall disclose that the Plan Area is within the Mather Airport flight path and that over flight noise may be present at various times.	Yes	Avigation easements have been recorded on the property and disclosures will be provided in CC&R's.
10.51	Landowner shall, prior to Tier 2 Development Agreement, record an easement over the property relating to noise caused by aircraft arriving or departing from Mather Airport.	Yes	Avigation easements have been recorded on the property.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Low Impact D	evelopment Policies		
	Site specific development projects shall incorporate LID design strategies that include:		
10.52	10.52a: Minimizing and reducing the impervious surface of site development by reducing the paved area of roadways, sidewalks, driveways, parking areas, and roof tops; 10.2b: Breaking up large areas of impervious surface area and directing stormwater flows away from these areas to stabilized vegetated areas; 10.52c: Minimizing the impact of development on sensitive site features such as streams, floodplains, wetlands, woodlands, and significant on-site vegetation; 10.52d: Maintaining natural drainage courses; and 10.52e: Provide runoff storage dispersed uniformly throughout the site, using a variety of LID detention, retention, and runoff techniques that may include: Bioretention facilities and swales (shallow vegetated depressions engineered to collect, store, and infiltrate runoff); and	Yes	The project is consistent with the City's Backbone Infrastructure Master Plan, which includes stormwater requirements. The portion of the proposed project that includes site-specific development has incorporated LID design strategies as described in section 10.52 of the EIR for the FPASP.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
	 Landscape buffers, parkways, parking medians, filter strips, vegetated curb extensions, and planter boxes (containing grass or other close-growing vegetation planted between polluting sources (such as a roadway or site development) and downstream receiving water bodies). 		
andscaping F	Policies		
10.53	The Plan Area landscape palette shall consist of California Central Valley and foothills native plant species as described in the most current edition of River-Friendly Landscape Guidelines and drought tolerant adaptive plant species except at neighborhood entry gateways and similar high visibility locations where ornamental plant species may be preferred.	Yes	The project is designed to be consistent with the applicable design guidelines.
10.54	The use of turf is not allowed on slopes greater than 25% where the toe of the slope is adjacent to an impermeable hardscape. Consistent with CALGreen Tier 2 voluntary recommendations, all development projects within the Plan Area shall be encouraged to limit the use of turf to 25% of the total landscaped area.	n/a	The project does not include any slopes greater than 25%. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.55	Open space areas adjacent to buildings and development parcels shall maintain a fuel modification and vegetation management area in order to provide the minimum fuel modification fire break as required by State and local laws and ordinances. Additionally, development parcels adjacent to open space areas may be required to provide emergency access through the property to the open space by means of gates, access roads or other means approved by the City of Folsom Fire Department. Ownership and maintenance of open space areas, including fuel modification requirements and fire hazard reduction measures are outlined in the FPASP Open Space Management Plan.	Yes	The FPASP Open Space Management Plan provides for fuel modification measures.
10.56	Trees shall be interspersed throughout parking lots so that in fifteen (15) years, forty (40) percent of the parking lot will be in shade at high noon. At planting, trees shall be equivalent to a #15 container or larger.	n/a	The project does not include any parking lots. Therefore the policy doe not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.57	Conservation of energy resources will be encouraged through site and building development standards.	Yes	The proposed project will comply with all applicable energy conservation development standards.
10.58	Buildings shall incorporate site design measures that reduce heating and cooling needs by orienting buildings on the site to reduce heat loss and gain depending on the time of day and season of the year.	Yes	Where site conditions permit, the project incorporates site design measures that reduce heating and cooling needs through building orientation.
10.59	Solar access to homes shall be considered in the design of residential neighborhoods to optimize the opportunity for passive and active solar energy strategies.	Yes	The project will comply with applicable residental building codes, including providing solar access.
10.60	Multi-family and attached residential units shall be oriented toward southern exposures, where site conditions permit.	n/a	The Project proposes single-family, detatched residential uses.
10.61	Buildings shall be designed to incorporate the use of high quality, energy efficient glazing to reduce heat loss and gain.	Yes	The project is designed to comply with the applicable Design Guidelines and standards. The required features will be verified during the building plan check process.
10.62	Energy efficient appliances, windows, insulation, and other available technologies to reduce energy demands will be encouraged.	Yes	The project is designed to comply with the applicable Design Guidelines and standards. The required features will be verified during the building plan check process.
10.63	Office park uses shall install automatic lighting and thermostat features.	n/a	The project does not include office uses. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.64	Commercial and public buildings shall use energy efficient lighting with automatic controls to minimize energy use.	n/a	The project does not include commercial or public buildings. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.65	Energy Star certified equipment and appliances shall be installed, to include: 10.65a - Residential appliances; heating and cooling systems; and roofing; and 10.65b - Nonresidential appliances and office equipment; heating, cooling, and lighting control systems; and roofing	Yes	The project is designed to comply with the applicable Design Guidelines and standards. The required features will be verified during the building plan check process.
10.66	Commercial, residential, and public projects shall be designed to allow for the possible installation of alternative energy technologies including active solar, wind, or other emerging technologies, and shall comply with the following standards: 10.66a - Installation of solar technology on buildings such as rooftop photovoltaic cell arrays shall be installed in accordance with the State Fire Marshal safety regulations and guidelines. 10.66b - Standard rooftop mechanical equipment shall be located in such a manner so as not to preclude the installation of solar panels. 10.66c - Alternative energy mechanical equipment and accessories installed on the roof of a building, they shall be integrated with roofing materials and/or blend with the structure's architectural form.	Yes	The project will comply with applicable residental building codes, including providing solar access.
10.67	Radiant solar heating or similar types of energy efficient technologies, shall be installed in all swimming pools.	Yes	The project is designed to comply with the applicable Design Guidelines and standards. The required features will be verified during the building plan check process.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.68	Electrical outlets shall be provided along the front and rear exterior walls of all single family homes to allow for the use of electric landscape maintenance tools.	Yes	The project is designed to comply with the applicable Design Guidelines and standards. The required features will be verified during the building plan check process.
10.69	The city will strive to ensure that all new publicly owned buildings within the Plan Area will be designed, constructed and certified at LEED-NC certification levels.	n/a	The project does not propose any publicly owned buildings. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
10.70 Water Efficien	The City of Folsom shall undertake all cost-effective operational and efficiency measures and consider the installation of onsite renewable energy technologies within appropriate portions of the Plan Area, including parks, landscape corridors and open space areas.	n/a	This is a City requirement, not a project-specific requirement. The City of Folsom has plans in place to undertake the described cost-effective operational and efficiency measures and consider the installation of onsite renewable energy technologies within appropriate portions of the Plan Area, including parks, landscape corridors and open space areas.
10.71	All office, commercial, and residential land uses shall be required to install water conservation devices that are generally accepted and used in the building industry at the time of development, including low-flow plumbing fixtures and low-water-use appliances.	Yes	The project is designed to comply with the applicable Design Guidelines and standards. The required features will be verified during the building plan check process.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.72	A backbone "purple pipe" non-potable water system shall be designed and installed where feasible and practical to supply non-potable water to park sites, landscape corridors, natural parkways and other public landscaped spaces within the Plan Area.	n/a	Purple pipe has been incorporated into the Specific Plan for major collector roadway landscaping and funding is provided in the PFFP. Purple pipe infrastructure is not the applicant's responsibility.
10.73	Water efficient irrigation systems, consistent with the requirements of the latest edition of the California Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance, or similar ordinance adopted by the City of Folsom, shall be mandatory for all public agency projects and all private development projects with a landscape area equal to or greater than 2,500 square feet requiring a building or landscape permit, plan check or design review.	Yes	The project is designed to comply wit the applicable Design Guidelines. Water efficient irrigation systems will be employed for use in project-area landscaping.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
Material Cons	ervation & Resource Efficiency Policies		
10.74	Use "Green" certified construction products whenever feasible.	Yes	Builders in the proposed project will be required to use "Green" certified construction products whenever feasible. The project will comply with all relevant requirements in the City Code and State Building Code.
10.75	Prepare a construction waste management plan for individual construction projects.	Yes	Prior to construction, a construction waste management plan will be prepared for individual construction projects within the proposed project.
10.76	A minimum of 50% of the non-hazardous construction waste generated at a construction site shall be recycled or salvaged for reuse.	Yes	The plan described in Section 10.75 will provide for a minimum of 50% of the non-hazardous construction waste generated at a construction site to be recycled or salvaged for reuse.
10.77	Topsoil displaced during grading and construction shall be stockpiled for reuse in the Plan Area.	Yes	Topsoil displaced during grading and construction of the proposed project shall be stockpiled for reuse in the Plan Area.
Environmenta	Quality Policies		
10.78	All HVAC and refrigeration equipment shall not contain chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs).	Yes	California outlawed the use of HFCs in 2018. The project is designed to comply with California law.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
10.79	All fire suppression systems and equipment shall not contain halons.	Yes	The project is designed to comply with the applicable Design Guidelines and standards. The required features will be verified during the building plan check process.
10.80	Provide accessible screened areas that are identified for the depositing, storage and collection of non-hazardous materials for recycling for commercial, industrial/office park, mixed-use, public-use and multi-family residential projects.	Yes	Same remark as in Section 10.79.
10.81	Particleboard, medium density fiberboard (MDF) and hardwood plywood shall comply with low formaldehyde emission standards.	Yes	Same remark as in Section 10.79.
10.82	Limit the use of volatile organic compounds (VOC) in all construction materials.	Yes	same remark as in Section 10.79.
Section 11 - I	Public Services and Facilities		
11.1	Public schools will be constructed in the Plan Area in accordance with the City Charter and state law.	n/a	There are no public schools or public service facilities in the proposed project. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
11.2	All public service facilities shall participate in the City's recycling program.	n/a	No public facilities are being proposed with this project. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
11.3	Energy efficient technologies shall be incorporated in all Public Service buildings	n/a	No public facilities are being proposed with this project. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
11.4	Passive solar design and/or use of other types of solar technology shall be incorporated in all public service buildings.	n/a	No public facilities are being proposed with this project. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
11.5	The city shall strive to ensure that all public service buildings shall be built to silver LEED NC standards.	n/a	No public facilities are being proposed with this project.
11.6	Utilize Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles in the design of all public service buildings.	n/a	No public facilities are being proposed with this project. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
11.7	If the existing slope of a public facilities site shown on Figure 11.1 exceeds five percent, the site shall be rough graded by the owner/developer/builder dedicating the public facilities site in accordance with grading plans approved by the City of Folsom, subject to a credit and/or reimbursement agreement.	n/a	There are no public schools or public service facilities in the proposed project. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
11.8	Plan Area landowners shall, prior to approval of the annexation by LAFCo and prior to any Tier 2 Development Agreement, whichever comes first, comply with the schools provision in Measure W (Folsom Charter Provision Section 7.08D) and incorporate feasible school impact mitigation requirements as provided in LAFCo Resolution No. 1196, Section 13.	Yes	Project will comply with school district and charter requirements with respect to Measure W.
Section 12 -	Utilities	NY WOKE	
12.1	Consistent with the provisions of City Charter Article 7.08 (A), the FPASP shall "identify and secure the source of water supply(is) to serve the Plan Area. This new water supply shall not cause a reduction in the water supplies designated to serve existing water users north of Highway 50 and the new water supply shall not be paid for by Folsom residents north of Highway 50.	Yes	This is a City requirement, not a project-specific requirement. The project is consistent with the FPASP and complies with the City's water supply agreement.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
12.2	Design and construct the necessary potable water, non-potable water for irrigation, wastewater and stormwater infrastructure require to serve the Plan Area. All infrastructure improvements shall follow the requirements established in the Water Master Plan, Wastewater Master Plan and the Storm Drainage Master Plan. Improvements will be based on phasing of development.	n/a	The policy affects the City and does not apply to individual developers. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
12.3	Land shall be reserved for the construction of public utility facilities that are not planned within road rights-of-way, as required by the City of Folsom.	Yes	Land is being reserved for public utilities as described where needed.
12.4	Utilize Best Management Practices (BMPs) where feasible and appropriate.	Yes	BMPs will be utilized where feasible and appropriate.
12.5	Urban runoff will be treated prior to discharging to a water of the state (i.e. creek, wetland) in accordance with the City's most current Municipal Stormwater Permit requirements for new development.	Yes	The project complies with permit requirements.
12.6	Employ Low Impact Development (LID) practices, as required by the City of Folsom, in conformance with the City's stormwater quality development standards.	Yes	The project is consistent with the Specific Plan requirements and the City requirements as they are updated from time to time.
	Implementation		
Financing Poli	The Plan Area shall fund its proportional share of regional backbone infrastructure costs and the full costs for primary and secondary backbone infrastructure.	Yes	Project is consistent with Public Facilities Financing Plan.
13.2	The Plan Area shall fund the its proportional share of the costs for Plan Area public facilities including the municipal center, police and fire department stations, the city corp yard and community, neighborhood and local parks.	Yes	Project is consistent with Public Facilities Financing Plan.
13.3	The City of Folsom shall apply for Sacramento Countywide Transportation Mitigation fee funding to help fund all eligible regional road backbone infrastructure.	n/a	This is a City requirement. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

FPASP Policy No.	FPASP Policy Description	Map Consistent	Remarks
13.4	A Plan Area fee will be created to fund backbone infrastructure and a proportional cost allocation system will be established for each of the Plan Area property owners.	n/a	The policy affects the City and does not apply to individual developers. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
13.5	City of Folsom impact and capital improvement fees shall be used to fund Plan Area backbone infrastructure and public facilities where allowed by law.	n/a	The policy affects the City and does not apply to individual developers. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
13.6	One or more Community Facilities Districts shall be created in the Plan Area to help finance backbone infrastructure and public facilities costs and other eligible improvements and/or fees.	n/a	The policy affects the City and does not apply to individual developers. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.

13.7 dev	abmit a conceptual backbone infrastructure phasing plan for the appropriate evelopment area with the first tentative map or building permit submittal. Updating		The policy affects the City and does
13.7 dev			
	the conceptual backbone infrastructure phasing plan shall be a requirement of bsequent tentative map or building permit applications for each development area.		not apply to individual developers. Therefore the policy does not apply to the project.
Maintenance Polic	icies		
	eate one or more Landscaping and Lighting Districts in the Plan Area for the aintenance and operation of public improvements and facilities and open space.	Yes	A Community Facilities District will be formed to implement policy.

Attachment 13

Applicant's Inclusionary Housing Letter dated November 3, 2020

ARCADIAN IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, LLC

November 3, 2020

Mr. Scott Johnson
Planning Manager
Community Development Department
City of Folsom
50 Natoma Street
Folsom, CA 95630

Re: Mangini Ranch – Phase 1C Tentative Map Compliance with Chapter 17.104-Inclusionary Housing

Dear Mr. Johnson,

In accordance with Chapter 17.104 of the Folsom Municipal Code, Arcadian Improvement Company, LLC hereby elects to satisfy the Inclusionary Housing Ordinance requirements for the proposed Small Lot Tentative Map (Mangini Phase 1C) with the payment of the In-Lieu Fee as permitted in Section 17.104.060(G).

If you have any questions or comments, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Arcadian Improvement Company, LLC a California limited liability company

By: HBT 1C, LLC,

a California limited liability company

Its: Manager

William B. Bunce, Member