



City of Eustis

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TO: EUSTIS LOCAL PLANNING AGENCY (LPA)

FROM: Tom Carrino, City Manager

DATE: July 6, 2023

RE: ORDINANCE NUMBERS 23-12, 23-13, AND 23-14: EXPLANATION OF
ORDINANCES FOR ANNEXATION OF PARCELS WITH ALTERNATE KEYS
1444756, 2585153, AND 2535628

Ordinance Number 23-12 – Voluntary Annexation

Ordinance Number 23-13 – Comprehensive Plan Amendment

Ordinance Number 23-14 – Design District Assignment

Introduction:

Ordinance Number 23-12 provides for the voluntary annexation of approximately 10.98 acres of land located on the east side of State Road 44, north, south, and east of the State Road 44 intersection with Lake Joanna Drive (Alternate Key Numbers 1444756, 2585153, AND 2535628). Provided the annexation of the subject property is approved, via Ordinance Number 23-12, Ordinance Number 23-13 would change the future land use designation from Urban Low in Lake County to Mixed Commercial Residential (MCR) in the City of Eustis, and Ordinance Number 23-14 would assign the subject property a design district designation of Suburban Neighborhood. If Ordinance Number 23-12 is denied, then there can be no consideration of Ordinance Numbers 23-13 and 23-14.

Background:

1. The site contains approximately 10.98 acres and is located within the Eustis Joint Planning Area. The site has been historically used and is currently used for the operation of a small airport. *Source: Lake County Property Appraisers' Office Property Record Card Data.*
2. The site is contiguous to the City on its northern and western boundary across the right of way for State Road 44.
3. The site has a Lake County land use designation of Urban Low, but approval of Ordinance Number 23-13 would change the land use designation to Mixed Commercial Residential (MCR) in the City of Eustis.

Surrounding properties have the following land use designations:

Location	Existing Use	Future Land Use	Design District
Site	Vacant	Urban Low (Lake County)	N/A
North	Vacant / Residential	Urban Low (Lake County)	N/A
South	Vacant / Single Family	Mt Dora	N/A
East	Single Family	Mixed-Commercial Residential	Suburban Neighborhood
West	Residential	Urban Low (Lake County) / Suburban Residential	N/A / Suburban Neighborhood

Applicant's Request

The applicant and property owners, MC Group Enterprises, Inc., wish to annex the property, change the future land use to Mixed Commercial Residential (MCR), and assign a design district of Suburban Neighborhood.

The current Lake County land use designation for the subject property is Urban Low. The Lake County land use designation allows for residential uses of up to 4 dwelling units per net buildable acre.

The property owner has requested the City of Eustis Mixed Commercial/Residential (MCR) land use designation with the annexation. The MCR land use provides for residential uses up to twelve (12) dwelling units per acre. The requested MCR designation allows for individual or a mix of residential and commercial uses.

Analysis of Annexation Request (Ordinance Number 23-12)

1. Resolution Number 87-34 – Joint Planning Area Agreement with Lake County:

“The City and the County agree that the unincorporated areas adjacent to the City might be appropriately served by urban services provided by the City, and might therefore be annexed into the City in accordance with State law.....The City agrees to annex property in accordance with State law and provide adequate urban services and facilities to serve those areas within the Joint Planning Area.”

The subject property is located within the Joint Planning Area. Urban services of adequate capacity are available to serve future development, consistent with the requested MCR future land use designation.

2. Florida Statutes Voluntary Annexation - Chapter 171.044(1):

"The owner or owners of real property in an unincorporated area of a county which is contiguous to a municipality and reasonably compact may petition the governing body of said municipality that said property be annexed to the municipality."

The Joint Planning Area boundaries define the reasonably compact area where the City could provide services effectively and efficiently. The subject property lies within that planning area; it is contiguous to the City limits on the western boundary; and the owner petitioned for annexation.

3. Florida Statutes Voluntary Annexation - Chapter 171.044(2):

"...Said ordinance shall be passed after notice of the annexation has been published at least once each week for 2 consecutive weeks in some newspaper in such city or town..."

The department published notice of this annexation in the Daily Commercial following the established requirements on June 26, 2023, and again on June 30, 2023.

4. Florida Statutes Voluntary Annexation - Chapter 171.044(5):

"Land shall not be annexed through voluntary annexation when such annexation results in the creation of enclaves."

Annexation of the subject property does not create an enclave as defined by the Florida Statutes.

5. Florida Statutes Voluntary Annexation - Chapter 171.044(6):

"Not fewer than 10 days prior to publishing or posting the ordinance notice required under subsection (2), the governing body of the municipality must provide a copy of the notice, via certified mail, to the board of the county commissioners of the county wherein the municipality is located..."

The department provided notice to the Lake County Board of County Commissioners on June 16, 2023, via email and by Certified Mail on June 16, 2023.

Analysis of Comprehensive Plan/Future Land Use Request (**Ordinance Number 23-13**)

In accordance with the Florida Statutes Chapter 163.3177.9.:

Discourage Urban Sprawl:

Primary Indicators of Sprawl:

The future land use element and any amendment to the future land use element shall discourage the proliferation of urban sprawl. The primary indicators that a plan or plan amendment does not discourage the proliferation of urban sprawl are listed below. The evaluation of the presence of these indicators shall consist of an analysis of the plan or plan amendment within the context of features and characteristics unique to each locality in order to determine whether the plan or plan amendment:

Review of Indicators

1. Low-Intensity Development:

Promotes, allows, or designates for development substantial areas of the jurisdiction to develop as low-intensity, low-density, or single-use development or uses.

This indicator does not apply. The requested future land use will provide for a higher density (12 du/acre) and the MCR designation allows for mixed-use development types.

2. Urban Development in Rural Areas:

Promotes, allows, or designates significant amounts of urban development to occur in rural areas at substantial distances from existing urban areas while not using undeveloped lands that are available and suitable for development.

This indicator does not apply. The subject properties are located in an urbanizing corridor between the City of Eustis, the City of Mount Dora, and unincorporated Lake County. Properties developing along the State Road 44 Corridor between US Highway 441 and State Road 44 will most likely be of a higher intensity/density as the corridor is urbanizing. The subject properties have been utilized for a private airport for decades before this request for annexation.

3. Strip or Isolated Development:

Promotes, allows, or designates urban development in radial, strip, isolated, or ribbon patterns generally emanating from existing urban developments.

This indicator does not apply. The site is within an urbanizing corridor with commercial development to the north, and residential developments to the east, west, and south.

4. Natural Resources Protection:

Fails to adequately protect and conserve natural resources, such as wetlands, floodplains, native vegetation, environmentally sensitive areas, natural groundwater aquifer recharge areas, lakes, rivers, shorelines, beaches, bays, estuarine systems, and other significant natural systems.

This indicator does not apply. The subject property is not subject to floodplain impact and does not contain wetland areas. The subject properties are previously cleared but undeveloped land. A formal site plan or subdivision review and approval is required before the site may be developed and Building permit approval is required before any structure building may begin. The Comprehensive Plan and the Land Development Regulations include standards for the protection of environmentally sensitive lands that would apply should the conditions at the time of development warrant such protection.

5. Agricultural Area Protection:

Fails to adequately protect adjacent agricultural areas and activities, including silviculture, active agricultural and silvicultural activities, passive agricultural activities, and dormant, unique, and prime farmlands and soils.

This indicator does not apply. This site and adjacent areas do not support active agricultural or silvicultural activities. The site is within an existing developed and further developing area. The subject properties have been utilized for a private airport for decades before this request for annexation.

6. Public Facilities:

Fails to maximize the use of existing public facilities and services.

This indicator does not apply. City water is available to serve the property. Development of this parcel will maximize the use and efficiency of the City water services. City Sewer is available with adequate capacity to serve the property and will be addressed via the site development process.

7. Cost Effectiveness and Efficiency of Public Facilities:

Allows for land use patterns or timing which disproportionately increase the cost in time, money, and energy of providing and maintaining facilities and services, including roads, potable water,

sanitary sewer, stormwater management, law enforcement, education, health care, fire, and emergency response, and general government.

This indicator does not apply. Adequate capacity is available to serve the existing and future development consistent with the requested MCR future land use designation. The City provides these services to other properties in the area, so efficiency will improve. The level of service for SR 44 is strained, however, the State of Florida Department of Transportation has capacity projects planned.

8. Separation of Urban and Rural:

Fails to provide a clear separation between rural and urban uses.

This indicator does not apply. No nearby properties contain active agricultural activities or use. The surrounding area is developed or has development entitlements attached to the land. These developments have densities and intensities that are clearly suburban uses. The proposed MCR land use designation and the Suburban Neighborhood design district are compatible with the existing development pattern. The subject properties have been utilized for a private airport for decades before this request for annexation.

9. Infill and Redevelopment:

Discourages or inhibits infill development or the redevelopment of existing neighborhoods and communities.

This indicator does not apply. This property is a logical extension of services and development for the city. The area of this annexation is located in an urbanizing area between the City of Eustis and the City of Mount Dora.

10. Functional Mix of Uses:

Fails to encourage a functional mix of uses.

This indicator does not apply. The site is surrounded by single-family development on the adjacent properties, which is consistent with permitted uses in the area. A variety of other uses are evident, including various commercial uses, Within .25 to .5 miles of the subject property. The MCR District allows for a mix of residential, commercial, and office uses.

11. Accessibility among Uses:

Results in poor accessibility among linked or related land uses.

This indicator does not apply. The Land Development Regulations include provisions to provide adequate access and linkage between related uses. City Departments will ensure compliance with these standards at the time of development review.

12. Open Space:

Results in the loss of significant amounts of functional open space.

This indicator does not apply. The site does not contain functional open space and is not connected to regionally significant open space. The subject properties have been utilized for a private airport for decades before this request for annexation.

13. Urban Sprawl:

The future land use element or plan amendment shall be determined to discourage the proliferation of urban sprawl if it incorporates a development pattern or urban form that achieves four or more of the following:

a. Direction of Growth:

Directs or locates economic growth and associated land development to geographic areas of the community in a manner that does not have an adverse impact on and protects natural resources and ecosystems.

The site is adjacent to existing urban/suburban development patterns and is a logical extension of the urban development boundary. The Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Regulations have provisions to protect natural resources and ecosystems at the time of site plan approval.

b. Efficient and Cost-Effective Services:

Promotes the efficient and cost-effective provision or extension of public infrastructure and services.

Water and Sewer service is available. The development of the property will further encourage the efficient provision of services.

c. Walkable and Connected Communities:

Promotes walkable and connected communities and provides for compact development and a mix of uses at densities and intensities that will support a range of housing choices and a multimodal transportation system, including pedestrian, bicycle, and transit, if available.

At the time of development, the site must meet the City's Land Development Regulations relating to connection and sidewalks. State Road 44 is not City infrastructure and does not currently have a sidewalk system. Interconnectivity to existing and future uses may be possible internally and shall be encouraged.

d. Water and Energy Conservation:

Promotes the conservation of water and energy.

The development of the site must meet City development and Florida Building Code standards that will require energy and water-efficient appliances.

e. Agricultural Preservation:

Preserves agricultural areas and activities, including silviculture, and dormant, unique, and prime farmlands and soils.

Not applicable; this site and adjacent areas do not support active agricultural or silvicultural activities. The site is within an existing developed residential area. The subject properties have been utilized for a private airport for decades before this request for annexation.

f. Open Space:

Preserves open space and natural lands and provides for public open space and recreation needs.

This is not applicable. The site does not provide functional open space or natural areas on a regional basis. Minimum open space is required based on the City Land Development Regulations, and minimum park space is also required to serve the development of the property if residential uses are proposed.

g. Balance of Land Uses:

Creates a balance of land uses based upon demands of the residential population for the nonresidential needs of an area.

The proposed land use allows for both residential and commercial uses. Existing commercial development exists in close proximity to serve the residential population.

h. Urban Form Densities and Intensities:

Provides uses, densities, and intensities of use and urban form that would remediate an existing or planned development pattern in the vicinity that constitutes sprawl or if it provides for an innovative development pattern such as transit-oriented developments or new towns as defined in s. 163.3164.

Not applicable.

In Accordance with Comprehensive Plan Future Land Use Element Appendix:

All applications for a Plan amendment relating to the development patterns described and supported within the Plan including, but not limited to, site specific applications for changes in land use designations, are presumed to involve a legislative function of local government which, if approved, would be by legislative act of the City and shall, therefore, be evaluated based upon the numerous generally acceptable planning, timing, compatibility, and public facility considerations detailed or inferred in the policies of the Plan. Each application for an amendment to the Map #1: 2035 Future Land Use Map by changing the land use designation assigned to a parcel of property shall also be reviewed to determine and assess any significant impacts to the policy structure on the Comprehensive Plan of the proposed amendment including, but not limited to, the effect of the land use change on either the internal consistency or fiscal structure of the Plan.

Major Categories of Plan Policies:

This Plan amendment application review and evaluation process will be prepared and presented in a format consistent with the major categories of Plan policies as follows:

1. General Public Facilities/Services:

Since the Plan policies address the continuance, expansion and initiation of new government service and facility programs, including, but not limited to, capital facility construction, each application for a land use designation amendment shall include a description and evaluation of any Plan programs (such as the effect on the timing/financing of these programs) that will be affected by the amendment if approved. This analysis shall include the availability of, and actual and anticipated demand on, facilities and services serving or proposed to serve the subject property. The facilities and services required for analysis include emergency services, parks and recreation, potable water, public transportation if and when available, sanitary sewer, schools, solid waste, stormwater, and the transportation network.

a. Emergency Services Analysis:

Eustis Emergency Services already provide emergency response to other properties in the area. Any development consistent with the MCR future land use designation would not have a significant negative impact on the operations of Eustis emergency services.

b. Parks & Recreation:

In 2010, the City prepared a Park Inventory and Level of Service Demand and Capacity analysis as part of the Comprehensive Plan Evaluation and Appraisal Report. The results show that a surplus of park area exists up to and beyond the City's population of 20,015. The current population is approximately 24,500. Pursuant to Comprehensive Plan policies and Land Development Regulations, residential development will be required to provide on-site park amenities.

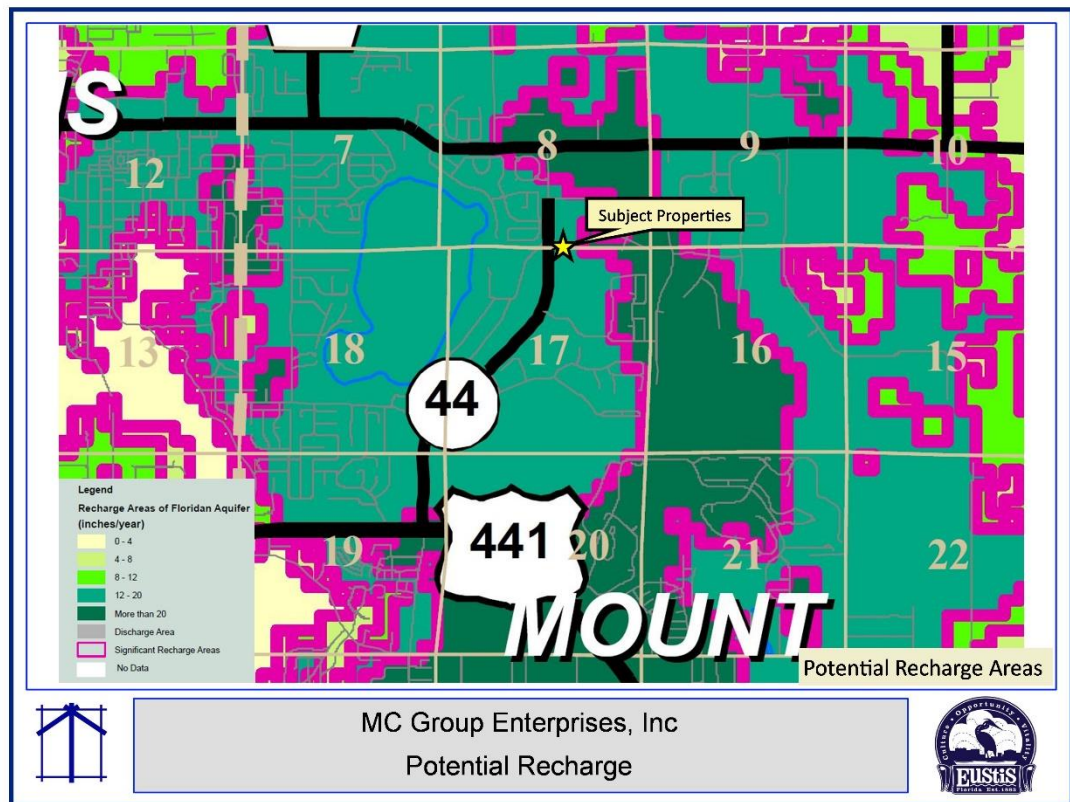
- c. Potable Water & Sanitary Sewer:
Water and sewer are available to the subject property. Both the water and sewer systems have adequate capacity to serve the development of the property.
- d. Schools:
The proposed change should not negatively impact schools. At the time of development application verification of capacity will be required from Lake County Schools.
- e. Solid Waste:
The City contracts with Waste Management for the hauling of solid waste. The company already services properties in the general area of the subject property. Serving this property will increase efficiency in the delivery of services.
- f. Stormwater:
The Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Regulations include the level of service standards to which new development must adhere. Projects designed to meet these standards will not negatively affect the existing facilities and services.
- g. Transportation Network Analysis:
This potential added residential development is considered to have impacts on the existing transportation system. At this time, the adjacent transportation network (SR 44) has the capacity to serve the proposed MCR property, even at a maximum development standard, a full evaluation of the impacts will be reviewed based on the specific development proposal for the property. Before the development of the property, a site plan or subdivision approval amongst other approvals will be required. As part of the development review, a traffic study will be required to evaluate traffic impacts. The level of service for SR 44 may be strained, however, the State of Florida Department of Transportation has capacity projects planned.

2. Natural Resources/Natural Features:

The policies of the Plan also contain general regulatory guidelines and requirements for managing growth and protecting the environment. These guidelines will be used to evaluate the overall consistency of the land use amendment with the Comprehensive Plan. Specifically, each amendment will be evaluated to 1) determine the existence of groundwater recharge areas; 2) the existence of any historical or archaeological sites; 3) the location of flood zones and the demonstration that the land uses proposed in flood-prone areas are suitable to the continued natural functioning of flood plains; and 4) the suitability of the soil and topography to the development proposed.

- a. Groundwater recharge areas:

The site may be within a recharge area, and a site-specific geotechnical and hydrologic study will be needed to determine the site-specific impact at the time of development. Source: Lake County Comprehensive Plan 2030 Floridian Aquifer Recharge Map.



- b. Historical or archaeological sites:

The City does not have any record of Florida Master Site Files related to this property and no known historical or cultural resources exist.

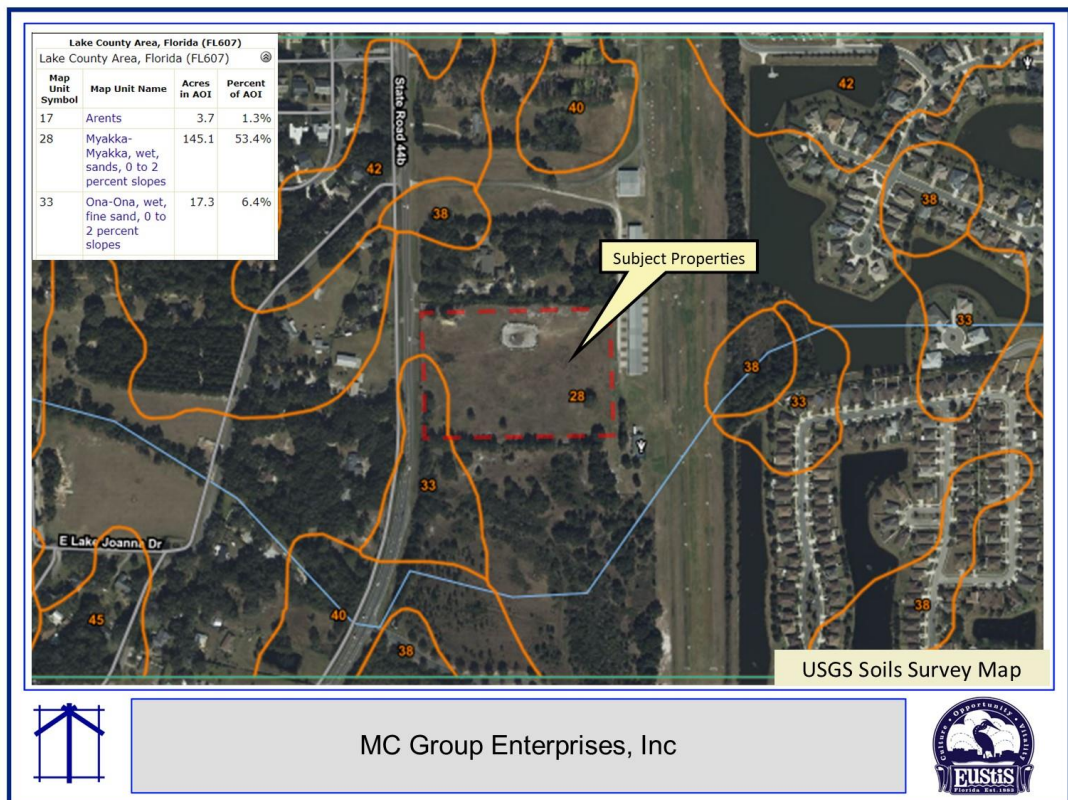
- c. Flood zones:

The subject property is not impacted by a 100-year flood zone area. Source - Lake County GIS - 2012 Flood Zones.

- d. Soil and topography:

The site soils are a mix of Myakka, Ona-Ona sands. These sands are all typically moderately to poorly drained sandy soils. At development application soils and geotechnical reports will be required as part of the application packages as well as for permitting for development with the applicable state agencies.

A site plan or subdivision, as well as, building permit approval must be obtained before development can begin, the Comprehensive Plan and the Land Development Regulations include standards for the protection of environmentally sensitive lands that would apply should conditions at the time of development warrant such protection.



3. Comprehensive Plan Review:

Additional criteria and standards are also included in the Plan that describe when, where, and how development is to occur. Plan development policies will be used to evaluate the appropriateness of the compatibility of the use, intensity, location, and timing of the proposed amendment.

Existing Land Use According to the Lake County Comprehensive Plan:

Policy I-1.3.2 Urban Low-Density Future Land Use Category

The Urban Low-Density Future Land Use Category provides for a range of residential development at a maximum density of four (4) dwelling units per net buildable acre in addition to civic, commercial, and office uses at an appropriate scale and intensity to serve this category. Limited light industrial uses may only be allowed as conditional use, unless permitted as an Economic Development Overlay District use.

This category shall be located on or in proximity to collector or arterial roadways to minimize traffic on local streets and provide convenient access to transit facilities.

Within this category, any residential development in excess of 10 dwelling units shall be required to provide a minimum 25% of the net buildable area of the entire site as common open space. The maximum intensity in this category shall be 0.25, except for civic uses and Economic Development Overlay District uses, which shall be 0.35. The maximum Impervious Surface Ratio shall be 0.60.

TYPICAL USES INCLUDE:

- *Residential;*
- *Nursing and personal care facilities;*
- *Civic uses;*
- *Residential professional offices;*
- *Passive parks;*
- *Religious organizations;*
- *Day care services;*
- *Schools;*
- *Commerce uses, including services, retail trade, finance, insurance and real estate as allowed pursuant to Policy I-1.3.10 Commercial Activities within the Urban Future Land Use Series; and*
- *Public order and safety; and*
- *Economic Development Overlay District Uses for properties included within the Economic Development 18 Overlay District (Map 20, Future Land Use Map Series), and subject to Objective I-6.5.*

Proposed Land Use According to the Eustis Comprehensive Plan:

Mixed Commercial / Residential (MCR)

This land use designation is intended to regulate the character and scale of commercial uses so as to minimize their impacts on adjacent roadways and to promote their compatibility with adjacent or nearby residential uses.

General Range of Uses: This category accommodates a mix of residential, commercial, office, institutional, and schools. Public and utility services that are 5 acres or less in size are also permitted.

Maximum Density: Residential densities may not exceed 12 dwelling units per net buildable acre.

Intensity Range: up to 2.5 FAR subject to restrictions in Section 109-3 of the Land Development Regulations.

Mix Requirements: There are proportional requirements and limitations regarding the amount of residential and non-residential uses allowable in an area designated MCR. For the mixed land use category MCR, the city establishes, and shall monitor on a citywide basis, a mix of uses as follows:

Residential: 15% - 25% of total MCR acreage

Commercial/Office: 75% - 85% of total MCR acreage

The composition of the mix for each proposed development will be determined on a case-by-case basis during the development review process. Specific uses permitted will be monitored by the city to ensure continuity and compatibility with adjacent land uses. Individual properties may develop residentially or commercially, provided that all applicable criteria set forth herein are met.

Special Provisions:

(1) Future amendments to designate areas as MCR shall be permitted only along arterial and collector roads and in certain neighborhoods which meet the following conditions:

- a. where the arterial road frontage is generally undeveloped, residential development may be feasible and will be encouraged;*
- b. strip commercial development shall be minimized, including actions that would extend or expand existing strip development;*
- c. the arterial road frontage contains an existing mix of viable commercial and residential uses;*
- d. the clustering of viable commercial businesses within or adjacent to residential neighborhoods is determined to not have a detrimental visual or operational impact on such adjacent or nearby residential uses;*

(2) Developments within the Wekiva Protection Overlay that include longleaf pine, sandhill, sand pine, and xeric oak communities shall protect these areas as dedicated open space or conservation easements, with total open space equal to at least 35% of the net buildable area.

Comparison of Lake County Development Conditions

The existing Lake County future land use designation of the property is Urban Low, which provides for residential uses at up to 4 dwelling units per acre as well as supporting commercial and institutional uses.

The City of Eustis MCR Future land Use would allow up to 12 dwelling units per acre and provide the allowance for a mix of commercial residential and office-type uses.

Proposed Residential Land Uses.

The City shall limit these uses adjacent to incompatible commercial or industrial lands unless sufficient mitigation, such as buffering and setbacks is provided and available, which lessens the impact to the proposed residences.

The area already includes a mix of uses including single-family residential and commercial uses.

Proposed Non-Residential Land Uses.

The City shall generally not permit new industrial uses to be located adjacent to existing or planned residentially designated areas.

Not applicable.

1. Transportation:

Each application for a land use designation amendment will be required to demonstrate consistency with the Transportation Element of the adopted Comprehensive Plan.

This potential added development is considered to not have negative capacity impacts on the existing transportation system. At this time, the adjacent

transportation network (SR 44) has the capacity to serve the proposed MCR property. A Traffic Analysis will be required as part of any site development proposal when it is presented to the City of Eustis. The Traffic Analysis should show that at maximum development, the network is not affected below the adopted level of service.

2. Water Supply:

Each application for a land use designation amendment will be required to demonstrate that adequate water supplies and associated public facilities are (or will be) available to meet the projected growth demands.

City water service and other services are available. The City's adopted Water Supply Plan anticipated additional growth consistent with this development, so both supply and capacity are available.

In Accordance with Chapter 102-16(f), Land Development Regulations

Standards for Review:

In reviewing the application of a proposed amendment to the comprehensive plan, the local planning agency and the city commission shall consider:

a. *Consistent with Comprehensive Plan:*

Whether the proposed amendment is consistent with all expressed policies the comprehensive plan.

The proposed amendment is consistent with the Comprehensive Plan.

b. *In Conflict with Land Development Regulations:*

Whether the proposed amendment is in conflict with any applicable provisions of these land development regulations.

The proposed amendment is not in conflict with the Land Development Regulations. At the time of development, there will be further review for compliance.

c. *Inconsistent with Surrounding Uses:*

Whether, and the extent to which, the proposed amendment is inconsistent with existing and proposed land uses.

City commercial uses are located to the north within 500 feet of the property and residential uses are located in the surrounding area with varying densities. The proposed MCR does allow for greater densities than the current surrounding residential.

d. *Changed Conditions:*

Whether there have been changed conditions that justify an amendment.

The applicant wishes to annex the property into the City limits of Eustis. Assignment of a City of Eustis future land use designation is required. Upon annexation, the subject property will have a full array of municipal services, including central water. These changed conditions warrant a change in the land use designation.

e. *Demand on Public Facilities:*

Whether, and the extent to which, the proposed amendment would result in demands on public facilities, and whether, or to the extent to which, the proposed amendment would exceed the capacity of such public facilities, infrastructure and services, including, but not limited to police, roads, sewage facilities, water supply, drainage, solid waste, parks and recreation, schools, and fire and emergency medical facilities.

City water and sewer services are available and, in close proximity to the site. Adequate capacity is available to serve future development consistent with the requested Mixed Commercial/Residential future land use designation.

Upon annexation, the City will also provide other services such as fire and police protection, library services, parks, and recreation. The City provides these services to other properties in the area, so efficiency will improve.

f. *Impact on Environment:*

Whether, and the extent to which, the proposed amendment would result in significant impacts on the natural environment.

The site contains no apparent natural resources and is not connected to significant open space.

g. *Orderly Development Pattern:*

Whether, and the extent to which, the proposed amendment would result in an orderly and logical development pattern, specifically identifying any negative effects on such pattern.

The site is contiguous to the City limits. The annexation would create a logical development pattern as it extends the City limits to a more natural boundary in this area (SR 44 Corridor). This would further the eventual goal of a Eustis area under one local government jurisdiction.

The requested MCR future land use designation, coupled with a Suburban Neighborhood design district designation, provides for a consistent development transect.

The requested land use provides for a transition in density and intensity from City of Eustis Suburban Residential to the west.

h. *Public Interest and Intent of Regulations:*

Whether the proposed amendment would be consistent with or advance the public interest, and in harmony with the purpose and intent of these land development regulations.

The purpose and intent of the Land Development Regulations is as follows:

“The general purpose of this Code is to establish procedures and standards for the development of land within the corporate boundaries and the planning area of the city, such procedures and standards being formulated in an effort to promote the public health, safety and welfare and enforce and implement the City's Comprehensive Plan, while permitting the orderly growth and development with the city and Eustis planning area consistent with its small-town community character and lifestyle.”

The requested designation of MCR land use will provide for orderly growth and development. This designation would advance the public interest by potentially

providing additional housing or commercial options, and the application of the LDRs to future development will ensure consistency with the community character and lifestyle of the city.

i. Other Matters:

Any other matters that may be deemed appropriate by the local planning agency or the city commissioners, in review and consideration of the proposed amendment.

No other matters.

Analysis of Design District Request (Ordinance Number 23-03):

Form-Based Code:

The City's Land Development Regulations are a form-based code. Design districts are unique to form-based codes. Lake County still uses traditional Euclidean zoning, so there are no design districts for parcels in unincorporated Lake County. When a parcel annexes into the City of Eustis, the City must assign a consistent design district that follows the urban, suburban and rural transect

1. Standards for Review:

The Land Development Regulations include the following standards for review of an amendment to the Design District Map. In approving a change in the designation, the City Commission shall consider: Whether the amendment is in conflict with any applicable provisions of the Code.

a. Section 102-17(a) "...Section 109-3 Design Districts:

identifies the definition, structure, and form of each design district. The assignment of design district must follow the district pattern and intent."

The requested amendment assigns a newly annexed parcel a designation that meets the district pattern and intent (Suburban Neighborhood). The Suburban development pattern and intent, and the Suburban neighborhood definition, structure, and form description are stated below. The assignment of a Suburban Neighborhood design district designation is appropriate due to the established and proposed development patterns in the area.

b. Sec. 109-3.4. Suburban development pattern intent statements:

Intent. Suburban development pattern...relies primarily on a pattern of residential development that provides the majority of property owners with substantial yards on their own property. The street layout, comprised of streets with fewer vehicular connections, helps to reduce cut-through traffic and establishes distinct boundaries for residential communities/subdivisions. Each land use provides for pedestrian and bicycle connections.

Design districts – Suburban Neighborhood

a. Definition. Predominately residential uses with some neighborhood-scale commercial services.

b. Structure. Interconnected trails, bikeways, and walkways with a street framework comprised of a range of blocks permitted throughout the neighborhoods.

c. Form. Mix of detached residential uses with some neighborhood-supporting retail, parks and civic spaces as focal points in the neighborhoods.

The Suburban development patterns statement above indicates that residential uses are primarily located on streets with fewer vehicle connections. A Suburban Neighborhood designation follows the district pattern and intent outlined in the Land Development Regulations and is consistent with the existing transect in the area.

c. **Section 102-17(a)**

The following guidelines must be followed when proposing the reassignment of design district:

Compatible intensities should face across streets. Changes in design districts should occur along rear alleys or lanes or along conservation edges.

Reassignment is not being proposed; a Eustis design district designation must be assigned to annexed property; the proposed design district is compatible with the surrounding design districts.

d. **Consistent with Comprehensive Plan:**

Whether the proposed amendment is consistent with all elements of the comprehensive plan.

The requested amendment is consistent with the Future Land Use element (including Policy FLU 1.2.4, Development Patterns and FLU 1.3.2. Maintain Residential Compatibility), as well as all other elements of the Comprehensive Plan.

e. **Consistent with Surrounding Uses:**

Whether, and the extent to which, the proposed design district is consistent with existing and proposed land uses.

The Suburban Neighborhood definition, structure and form are compatible with the existing uses and any proposed uses permitted under the Suburban Residential future land use designation.

f. **Changed Conditions:**

Whether there have been changed conditions that justify amending the design district.

The subject property is proposed for annexation and a design district assignment is necessary. The conditions have changed from land located in unincorporated Lake County without central services to a site within the City of Eustis with municipal services.

g. **Public Facilities.**

Whether, and the extent to which, the proposed redistricting would result in demands on public facilities, and whether, or to the extent to which, the proposed change would exceed the capacity of such public facilities, including, but not limited to police, roads, sewage facilities, water supply, drainage, solid waste, parks and recreation, schools, and fire and emergency medical facilities.

A redistricting is not proposed. Assigning a design district to an annexation property will not change the demand impact on public facilities. The Future Land Use designation controls the density and intensity permitted on the site, so the Design District map amendment would not result in impacts beyond that already anticipated. Also, see the analysis of public facilities in the above sections of this report.

h. Impact on Environment:

Whether, and the extent to which, the redistricting would result in significant impacts on the natural environment.

The proposed Design District designation for this property does not change the development potential of the parcel. Design Districts control the form and function of any development that does occur. The Future Land Use designation controls the density, intensity and minimum open space permitted on the site, so the Design District amendment would not result in additional impacts on the natural environment. As building permit approval must be obtained before development can begin, the Comprehensive Plan and the Land Development Regulations include standards for the protection of environmentally sensitive lands that would apply should conditions at the time of development warrant such protection.

i. Property Values:

Whether, and the extent to which, the proposed redistricting would affect the property values in the area.

Redistricting is not being proposed; a Eustis design district designation must be assigned to the annexed property. This request should not affect property values, because the proposed Design District designation is consistent with the surrounding development patterns and design districts.

j. Orderly Development Pattern:

Whether, and the extent to which, the proposed redistricting would result in an orderly and logical development pattern.

The request is the assignment of a design district to an annexation parcel, not redistricting. However, the proposed Design District designation is consistent with the suburban development pattern identified in Section 109-5.5 of the Land Development Regulations. Assignment of the requested designation will result in a more orderly and logical development pattern; making the designation consistent with the surrounding area designations and established development patterns.

k. Public Interest and Intent of Regulations:

Whether the proposed redistricting would be in conflict with the public interest, and in harmony with the purpose and intent of these regulations.

The request is the assignment of a design district to an annexation parcel, not redistricting. The proposed Design District is not in conflict with the public interest and reflects the purpose and intent of the regulations.

l. Other Matters:

Any other matters that may be deemed appropriate by the city commission, in review and consideration of the proposed redistricting.

The request is the assignment of a design district to an annexation parcel, not redistricting. The City's Land Development Regulations are a form-based code. The Design District designations define the development form, but not the types of land use, densities, intensities, or required open space. The districts, therefore, must be consistent and follow the urban, suburban, and rural transects. This request assigns a Suburban Neighborhood design district designation to an annexation parcel, which is consistent with the existing transect.

Applicable Policies and Codes

1. Resolution Number 87-34

Joint Planning Area Agreement with Lake County: "The City and the County agree that the unincorporated areas adjacent to the City might be appropriately served by urban services provided by the City, and might therefore be annexed into the City in accordance with State law..... The City agrees to annex property in accordance with State law and provide adequate urban services and facilities to serve those areas within the Joint Planning Area."

2. Florida Statutes Chapter 171.044: Voluntary Annexation:

- a. "The owner or owners of real property in an unincorporated area of a county which is contiguous to a municipality and reasonably compact may petition the governing body of said municipality that said property be annexed to the municipality."
- b. "Land shall not be annexed through voluntary annexation when such annexation results in the creation of enclaves."

- ### 3. Comprehensive Plan – Mixed Commercial Residential (MCR):
- This land use designation is intended to regulate the character and scale of commercial uses so as to minimize their impacts on adjacent roadways and to promote their compatibility with adjacent or nearby residential uses. General Range of Uses: This category accommodates a mix of residential, commercial, office, institutional, and schools. Public and utility services that are 5 acres or less in size are also permitted. Maximum Density: Residential densities may not exceed 12 dwelling units per net buildable acre. Intensity Range: up to 2.5 FAR subject to restrictions in Section 109-3 of the Land Development Regulations. Mix Requirements: There are proportional requirements and limitations regarding the amount of residential and non-residential uses allowable in an area designated MCR. For the mixed land use category MCR, the city establishes, and shall monitor on a citywide basis, a mix of uses as follows: Residential: 15% - 25% of total MCR acreage Commercial/Office: 75% - 85% of total MCR acreage. The composition of mix for each proposed development will be determined on a case-by-case basis during the development review process. Specific uses permitted will be monitored by the city to ensure continuity and compatibility with adjacent land uses. Individual properties may develop residentially or commercially, provided that all applicable criteria set forth herein are met. Special Provisions:
- (1) Future amendments to designate areas as MCR shall be permitted only along arterial and collector roads and in certain neighborhoods which meet the following conditions:
 - a. where the arterial road frontage is generally undeveloped, residential development may be feasible and will be encouraged;
 - b. strip commercial development shall be minimized, including actions that would extend or expand existing strip development;
 - c. the arterial road frontage contains an existing mix of viable commercial and residential uses;
 - d. the clustering of viable commercial businesses within or adjacent to residential neighborhoods is determined to not have a detrimental visual or operational impact on such adjacent or nearby residential uses;
 - (2) Developments within the Wekiva Protection Overlay that include longleaf pine, sand hill, sand pine, and xeric oak communities shall protect these areas as dedicated open space or conservation easements, with total open space equal to at least 35% of the net buildable area.
- ### 4. Land Development Regulations Section 109-5.5(b)(1):
- The Suburban Neighborhood Design District has predominately residential uses with some neighborhood scale commercial services with interconnected trails, bikeways and walkways with a street framework comprised of a range of blocks permitted throughout the neighborhoods.

5. Land Development Regulations Section 109-3 (Table 1) and Section 109-2.6: The MCR land use has a maximum density of 12 units to one acre. The MCR designation is intended to regulate the character and scale of commercial and residential uses so as to minimize their impacts on adjacent roadways and promote their compatibility with adjacent or nearby land uses, and provide for mixed-use development.

Recommended Action:

Development Services recommends approval of Ordinance Numbers 23-12, 23-13, and 23-14.

Policy Implications:

None

Alternatives:

1. Approve Ordinance Numbers 23-12 (Annexation), 23-13 (Comp. Plan Amendment), and/or 23-14 (Design District Designation).
2. Deny Ordinance Numbers 23-12, 23-13, and 23-14.

Budget/Staff Impact:

There would be no direct costs to the City beyond the normal City services. There would be no additional staff time beyond the normal review process.

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