LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS EUSTIS, FLORIDA

Chapter 109 LAND USE DISTRICTS AND DESIGN DISTRICT OVERLAYS¹

Sec. 109-1. General

The purpose of this chapter is to specify the different types of land uses that are permitted and prohibited within each land use district and the minimum standards to be used when developing property that is located within the city corporate boundaries through the application of a design district overlay. The intent of the land use and design regulations, described herein, are to promote the health, safety, and welfare of the community; to ensure that future growth and development which occurs in Eustis is consistent and compatible with the city comprehensive plan; is compatible with existing and planned development in the city in type, design, and location; is served by adequate public services and facilities; and in all other respects achieves and implements the goals, objectives, and policies of the city as contained in the city comprehensive plan.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.d.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 109-2. Land use districts.

Editor's note(s)—Provisions pertaining to land use districts are set forth in the subsequent sections below, sections 109-2.1—109-2.8.

Sec. 109-2.1. Purpose and intent.

Development and adoption of the city comprehensive plan, specifically the future land use element and future land use map series, has established various land use classifications. These land use classifications are defined within the future land use element and delineated on the future land use map series of the city comprehensive plan, and shall be the determinants of permitted and prohibited activities within each specific land use district.

¹Editor's note(s)—Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.d.(Exh. A), adopted Dec. 15, 2016, repealed the former subpt. B, land development regulations, ch. 109, and enacted a new chapter as set out herein. The provisions of former ch. 109 pertained to similar subject matter and derived primarily from Ord. No. 15-13, § 1(Exh. E), adopted Oct. 1, 2015. See the Code Comparative Table for additional historical derivations.

Cross reference(s)—Cross References: Concurrency, ch. 106; development standards, ch. 110; general building and site design standards, ch. 115; construction standards, ch. 118; resource protection standards, ch. 121

Sec. 109-2.2. Districts enumerated.

The future land use element of the comprehensive plan contains definitive explanations and definitions for the below-referenced land use classifications. These same classifications, which are described in the city comprehensive plan, directly correspond to the land use districts that are used throughout this land development regulation and are listed below:

Residential	
RR	Rural Residential
<u>RRT</u>	Rural Residential Transitional
SR	Suburban Residential
UR	Urban Residential
MH	Manufactured Home Community
Commercial	
GC	General Commercial
Industrial	
GI	General Industrial
Mixed Use	
CBD	Central Business District
RT	Residential/Office Transitional
MCR	Mixed Commercial/Residential
MCI	Mixed Commercial Industrial
Other	
PI	Public/Institutional
AG	Agricultural
CON	Conservation

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.d.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016, Ord. No. 22-36, 12-01-2022)

Sec. 109-2.3. Residential districts intent statements.

- (a) Rural residential district (RR). This designation provides for large lot development near or on the periphery of the Eustis Urbanized Area. Densities of one unit per acre or less are appropriate in areas of steep slope near lakes where soil erosion is a potential problem and in remote locations where provision of urban services is not economically feasible.
- (b) Rural residential transitional district (RRT). This designation provides for larger single-family lot development near or on the periphery of the Eustis Urbanized Area. Densities of three units per acre or less are appropriate in areas of rural and semi-rural, areas of steep slope near lakes where soil erosion is a potential problem and in remote locations where provision of urban services is not economically feasible. The RRT designation is intended to provide for single-family detached dwellings in a suburban and semi-rural atmosphere.
- (c) Suburban residential district (SR). Areas designated suburban residential (SR) have a maximum density of five units to one acre. The SR designation is intended to provide for a mix of single-family detached, patio homes and townhouse-type dwellings in a suburban atmosphere.
- (d) *Urban residential district (UR).* This designation applies to areas near the downtown core of the city. This land use designation has a maximum density of 12 units per acre.
- (e) Manufacture home community (MH). This designation provides guidelines for mobile home and recreational vehicle parks. The purpose of this district is to provide for a mobile home urban environment in a rental park where the dwelling unit may or may not be owned by the tenant residing within, provided however, that the real property for the entire mobile home community is under single ownership.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.d.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016, Ord. No. 22-36, 12-01-2022)

Sec. 109-2.4. Commercial districts intent statements.

General commercial district (GC). An area consisting of primarily freestanding commercial land uses serving both motorists and local residents.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.d.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 109-2.5. Industrial districts intent statements.

General industrial district (GI). This land use designation is provided for those businesses that may have one or more objectionable uses such as noise, dust or odor. The purpose of this district is to provide a method whereby industries necessary to the area, but with inherent characteristics which could prove obnoxious or detrimental to a different type of industrial operation, may locate in the most suitable and advantageous spots to minimize inconvenience to the general public. This district also offers greater economy and freedom to the industrial developer by the relaxation of certain standards and screening requirements within the district itself.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.d.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 109-2.6. Mixed use districts intent statements.

- (a) Central business district (CBD). This land use designation has a mix of commercial, public/institutional and residential uses that is desired in the downtown areas.
- (b) Residential/office transitional district (RT). This land use designation applies to older residential areas having residential character, which are located adjacent to nonresidential development. The purpose is to provide for establishment of business and professional offices and limited retail and service business while maintaining residential character or compatibility.
- (c) Mixed commercial/residential district (MCR). This land use designation is intended to regulate the character and scale of commercial and residential uses so as to minimize their impacts on adjacent roadways and to promote their compatibility with adjacent or nearby land uses, and provide for mixed use development.
- (d) Mixed commercial/industrial district (MCI). This land use designation is intended to provide for development of light manufacturing, distribution, corporate office and related commercial and industrial facilities in select high profile locations and in well planned environments.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.d.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 109-2.7. Other districts intent statements.

- (a) Public/institutional (PI). This land use designation applies to public and quasi-public properties and other facilities that provide a community service.
- (b) Agricultural district (AG). This land use designation provides for general agricultural land uses outside the urban area and can limit the premature spread of urban growth and conversion of productive agricultural lands until and only if necessary in the future.
- (c) Conservation district (CON). This land use designation provides for lands that have environmental sensitivity and significance.

Sec. 109-2.8. Planned development overlay intent statements.

- (a) The planned development overlay provides an opportunity for planned residential or mixed-use communities, containing a variety of residential structures and diversity of building arrangements, with complementary and compatible commercial or industrial uses or both; planned commercial centers with complementary and compatible residential or industrial uses or both; or planned industrial parks with complementary and compatible residential or commercial uses or both; developed in accordance with an approved development plan.
- (b) The planned development overlay provides an opportunity to allow for diversification of uses, structures, and open spaces in a manner compatible with existing and permitted land uses on abutting properties.
- (c) The planned development overlay shall preserve the natural amenities and environmental assets of the land by encouraging the preservation and improvement of scenic and functional open areas and shall encourage an increase in the amount and usability of open space areas by permitting a more economical and concentrated use of building areas than might be possible through conventional subdivision practices.
- (d) The planned development overlay shall provide an opportunity for application of innovative concepts of site planning in the creation of aesthetically pleasing living, shopping, and work environments on properties of adequate size, shape, and location.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.d.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 109-3. Land use district development intensity.

The land use districts establish the maximum standards and limitations for density, intensity and impervious surface and minimum standards for required open space consistent with the limitations of the City of Eustis Comprehensive Plan. The design standards for an individual project shall be determined through the application of design district compatibility standards and limitations provided in section 109-5. The land use district development intensity shall be limited according to land use district (Table 1) and may be further restricted by design district designation and other locational criteria (Table 2):

Table 1: Intensity limitations by land use district.

LAND USE DISTRICT	Maximum Net Density (dwelling units (du) per net acre)	Intensity Range (Floor Area Ratio)	Maximum Building Height (Feet)	Minimum Open Space Required* (within the Wekiva Area)	Minimum Open Space Required (outside Wekiva Area)	Maximum Impervious Surface (Percentage of net buildable area)
RR	1 du/acre ⁽¹⁾	Not Applicable	35	25% ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	25% ⁽⁵⁾	20% ⁽⁵⁾
RRT	3 du/acre ⁽¹⁾	Not Applicable	35	25% ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	25% ⁽⁵⁾	40% ⁽⁵⁾
SR	5 du/acre ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Not Applicable	35	25% ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	25% ⁽⁵⁾	40% ⁽⁵⁾
UR	12 du/acre ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Not Applicable		20% ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	20% ⁽⁵⁾	40% ⁽⁵⁾
Single-family			35			
Multi-family			45			
МН	8 du/acre ⁽¹⁾	Not Applicable	35	50% ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	50% ⁽⁵⁾	50% ⁽⁵⁾
GC	Not Applicable	Up to 2.5 ⁽⁴⁾	35	10%(5)(6)	5% ⁽⁵⁾	75% ⁽⁵⁾
GI	Not Applicable	Up to 2.5 ⁽⁴⁾	35	10%(5)(6)	10%(5)	75% ⁽⁵⁾

CBD			74	Not	0%	100%
			(6 stories)	Applicable		
Residential	40 du/acre ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾					
Nonresidential		3.0				
RT			35			
Residential	12 du/acre ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾			20%(5)(6)	20% ⁽⁵⁾	40% ⁽⁵⁾
Nonresidential		Up to 2.5 ⁽⁴⁾		20%(5)(6)	10% ⁽⁵⁾	75% ⁽⁵⁾
MCR			35			
Residential	12 du/acre ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾			25%(5)(6)	25% ⁽⁵⁾	40%(5)
Nonresidential		Up to 2.5 ⁽⁴⁾		20%(5)(6)	15% ⁽⁵⁾	75% ⁽⁵⁾
MCI	Not Applicable	Up to 2.5 ⁽⁴⁾	45	10%(5)(6)	10% ⁽⁵⁾	75% ⁽⁵⁾
PI	Not Applicable	Up to 2.5 ⁽⁴⁾	35	20%(5)(6)	15% ⁽⁵⁾	75% ⁽⁵⁾
AG	1 du/5 acres ⁽¹⁾	Not Applicable	35	0%	0%	20% ⁽⁵⁾
CON	Not Applicable	Up to 0.20 ⁽⁴⁾	35	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	10% ⁽⁵⁾

Table Footnotes:

Generally: Specified densities and intensities will not be achieved in all cases. Compatibility standards and other land development regulations, including those regulating the interaction between land use districts and design districts, as related to each specific site's unique characteristics, will determine actual achievable densities and intensities.

- 1. Park requirements. (See Sec. 115-9.)
- 2. Density bonuses for affordable housing. Density bonuses are permitted for the provision of affordable housing, including opportunities for a bonus increase between 5—15 percent in density in these classifications where at least 20 percent of the dwelling units are affordable to families having incomes less than 80 percent of the Orlando Metropolitan Statistical Area median, or where at least 50 percent of the dwelling units are affordable to families having incomes less than 120 percent of the Orlando Metropolitan Statistical Area median. Affordability is based on a housing cost-to-family income factor of 30 percent.
- 3. The maximum of 40 units per acre is permitted in the portion of the central business district bordered on the west by Bay Street, south by Orange Avenue, east by Center Street and north by Clifford Avenue. The remainder of the Central Business District shall have a base maximum density of 12 du/acre and shall require a conditional use permit to develop up to 40 units per acre.
- 4. Allowable intensities incrementally decrease between downtown and outlying areas, and between corridors and neighborhoods, as specified in Table 2. Higher intensities apply in urban districts, medium intensities in suburban districts and lower intensities in rural districts. Similarly, within those districts, higher intensities apply along corridors and lower intensities in neighborhoods.
- 5. The minimum open space and maximum impervious surface requirements apply to the development as a whole, when common area is provided. In no case shall individual building lot coverage exceed 80 percent regardless of whether common area open space is provided for the development as a whole. Open space and impervious surface are defined in chapter 100.
- 6. Developments within the Wekiva Protection Overlay that include longleaf pine, sand hill, sand pine, and xeric oak communities shall protect these areas as dedicated open space or conservation easements, with total open space equal to at least 35 percent of the net buildable area.

Table 2: Intensity (floor area ratio) limitations by design district designation and further locational limitations All districts.

Unless maximum intensity is further restricted by either or both the underlying future land use designation or the maximum intensity column below, the following additional limitations apply:

- Any structure or portion thereof in urban and suburban design districts placed within 100 feet of a rural or suburban residential future land use district is limited to an FAR of 0.75.
- Any structure or portion thereof in rural design districts placed within 100 feet of a rural or suburban residential future land use district is limited to an FAR of 0.35.

Design District	Maximum Intensity ⁽¹⁾ (FAR)	Additional Locational FAR Limitation
Urban Center	3.0	
Urban Corridor	2.5	 Maximum 2.0 FAR: north of Pendleton Avenue south of Lakeview Avenue east of Exeter Street
Urban District	2.0	
Urban Neighborhood	0.35	
Suburban Center	2.0	
Suburban Corridor	2.0	Maximum of 1.0 FAR • along Orange Avenue
Suburban District	2.0	
Suburban Neighborhood	0.35	
Rural Center	0.75	
Rural Corridor	0.75	
Rural District	0.75	
Rural Neighborhood	0.35	

Table Footnotes:

Intensity range is specified primarily by future land use district per the comprehensive plan. Maximum
intensity by design district does not supersede those maximum intensities established for each future land
use district in the comprehensive plan.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.d.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016; Ord. No. 19-22, § 1(Exh. A), 8-1-2019, Ord. No. 22-36, 12-01-2022)

Sec. 109-4. Use regulations table.

- (a) No building, structure, land, or water shall hereafter be used or occupied, except in conformity with the regulations herein specified for the district in which it is located.
- (b) Use table key.
 - (1) Uses permitted by right (P). A "P" indicates that a use is allowed by right in the respective district. Such uses are subject to all other applicable requirements of these regulations, including the compatibility determination and design regulation.
 - (2) Uses permitted with limitations—Limited uses (L). An "L" indicates a use that will be permitted subject to the use limitations in the "Standards" column.
 - (3) Conditional use (C). A "C" indicates a use that is allowed only where approved as a conditional use by the city commission in accordance with the procedures of section 102-30. Conditional uses are subject to all other applicable requirements of these regulations.
 - (4) Uses not allowed. A blank cell in the use table indicates that a use is not allowed in the respective district.

			Resi	dent	ial		Com cial a		Mixe	ed U	se		Ot	her		
SPECIFIC USE		R R	<u>R</u> <u>R</u> <u>T</u>	S R	U R	M H	GC	GI	CB D	R T	MC R	M CI	P	A G	CO N	Standa rds
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Commercial swine farm														С		
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Accessory Apt.		С	<u>C</u>	С	Р				Р	Р	Р			С		
Bed & Breakfast		С	<u>C</u>	С	С	С	Р		Р	Р	Р			С		
Boarding and Rooming House					С		Р		С	С	Р					
Group Home; 6 or fewer residents		Р	<u>P</u>	Р	Р		С		Р	Р	Р			Р		
Group Home; 7 or more residents		С	<u>C</u>	С	С		С		С	Р	Р			С		

Home occupation		L	Ē	L	L	L	Р		Р	P	P			L		6; additio nal standa rds in Sec. 110- 5.9
Live Work					С				Р	Р	Р					
Mobile Home						Р								С		
Multi-family				L	Р		L		Р	P	Р					2, 7, 8 (as part of PUD)
Recreational						Р										
vehicle park																
Single family		Р	<u>P</u>	Р	Р	Р				Р	Р			Р		
detached					_			<u> </u>		_						
Single family				Р	Р					Р	Р					
attached																
(duplex, row house,																
townhouse)																
townhouse	l R	lecrea	atio	n Fa	ciliti	20										
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picnic																
Regional park;																
			<u>C</u>	С	С		Р		С	Р	Р		Р	С		
amphitheater			<u>C</u>	С	С		Р		С	Р	Р		Р	С		
Nature,		С	<u>C</u>	C P	C P	P	P P		С	P	Р		P P	C	L	3
Nature, ecology		С				Р			С	P	Р				L	3
Nature, ecology facilities		С	<u>P</u>	Р		Р	Р		С	P			Р	L	L	3
Nature, ecology facilities Sports		С				Р		P	С	P	P	P			L	3
Nature, ecology facilities Sports Complex		С	<u>P</u>	Р		P	Р		С	P		P	P P	L	L	3
Nature, ecology facilities Sports Complex Shooting		С	<u>P</u>	Р		P	P P	P P	С	P			Р	L	L	3
Nature, ecology facilities Sports Complex Shooting Range, indoor		C	<u>P</u>	Р		P	P P		С	P			P P	L	L	3
Nature, ecology facilities Sports Complex Shooting Range, indoor Shooting			<u>P</u>	P		P	P P	Р	С	P		Р	P P	C	L	
Nature, ecology facilities Sports Complex Shooting Range, indoor			<u>P</u>	P		P	P P	Р	С	P		Р	P P	C	L	
Nature, ecology facilities Sports Complex Shooting Range, indoor Shooting Range,			<u>P</u>	P C		P	P P	Р	С	P		Р	P P	C	L	
Nature, ecology facilities Sports Complex Shooting Range, indoor Shooting Range, outdoor All commercial	C	С	<u>P</u>	P C		P	P P	Р	C	P		Р	P P	C	L	
Nature, ecology facilities Sports Complex Shooting Range, indoor Shooting Range, outdoor	С	С	<u>P</u>	P C			P P	Р			P	P	P P	C	L	11

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leasing and															
related															
services															
Car Wash,						Р	Р			Р	Р				
Automated															
Car Wash, full						Р	Р		С	С	С				
or self-service															
Convenience					L	Р	Р	Р	С	Р	Р				1
store w/gas															
station															
Convenience					L	Р	Р	Р	С	Р	Р				1
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beverage															
store/incl.															
alcohol							-		ļ						
Hotel						Р		Р	С	Р	Р				
Mobile						Р	Р	L,		Р	Р				14
Vendor								С							
Outdoor						С	Р			С	С		Р		
Kennel															
Package store						Р		Р	С	Р	Р				
Parking,						Р		Р	С	Р	Р	L			9
commercial															
Pharmacy						Р	С	Р	С	Р	Р				
Restaurant, no	1				L	Р	1	Р	С	Р	Р	L			1,9
drive-thru															
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6.16		1							ı	1		_	1			
Self-service							Р	Р			Р	Р				
storage																
Vehicle parts							Р	Р	Р	С	С	Р				
and																
accessories																
(sales)																
Vehicle							Р	Р	Р	С	С	Р				
service,																
general																
Vehicle								Р				Р				
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service, major																
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Professional					L		Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р				5,7
services and																
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All light								Р	Р			Р	С			
industrial/rese																
arch except as																
listed below																
Crematorium								С								
	 							Р								
Heavy																
industrial							_	_	_	_	_	_				
Research lab							Р	Р	Р	С	С	Р				
w/o																
manufacturing																
Warehouse								Р				L				10
and freight																
movement																
Wholesale								Р				L				10
trade												_				
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nursery																
schools																
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accessory																
uses, including																
schools																
College or		С	<u>C</u>	С	С		Р		Р	С	Р	Р	Р			
University																
Elementary		Р	<u>P</u>	Р	Р	Р	Р	С	С	Р	Р	С	Р			
school		'	<u> -</u>	'	'	l '	'				'					
Middle school		С	С	С	С	С	Р	С	С	Р	Р	P	Р			
	<u> </u>		_													
High school		С	<u>C</u>	С	С	С	Р	С		Р	Р	Р	Р			

Vocational school						Р	Р	С	С	Р	Р	Р			
Government buildings	С	<u>C</u>	С	С	L	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р		1
Hospitals						Р				Р	Р	Р			
Nursing home						Р		Р	Р	Р	Р	Р			
Public services/utiliti es	L, C	Li ¹Ci	L, C	L, U	L, C	L, C	L, C	L, C	L, C	L, C	L, C	P	С	С	13 - 2 ac in Res/5 Ac in Mixed & GI
Wireless Communicatio n Antenna and/or <i>Tower</i> s	С	<u>C</u>	С	С	С	С	Р	С	С	С	С	Р	С	С	
Wireless Communicatio n Antenna and/or <i>Towers</i> Camouflaged	С	CI	С	С	С	С	Р	P	P	P	P	P	Р	С	

Standards.

- (1) The "Limited" uses in MH are permitted as a use upon site plan approval and when they are integrated into the rental park specifically for the purpose of serving the residents of the park; and where the total site area for the facilities does not exceed two percent of the overall land area in the rental park.
- (2) In the general commercial district, the "Limited" residential uses are limited to the upper floors of buildings above ground-level commercial and office uses.
- (3) In the conservation land use district, outdoor recreation facilities are limited to interpretive and educational features and related facilities for nature study and enjoyment. All structures/facilities shall be of an unobtrusive nature to enable a compatible mixture of natural and manmade features, including but not limited to the following: boardwalks and nature/hiking trails; environmental/ecological education centers; and shelters/restrooms and other similar uses.
- (4) Agricultural uses are limited to silviculture and native range land only in the conservation land use category unless specified otherwise as part of a conditional use permit.
- (5) Neighborhood scale commercial uses may be permitted within these districts when limited in scale consistent with a residential structure on a lot when a development of 50 homes or greater is approved or as part of a planned unit development master plan on previously undeveloped property. These uses are not permitted in established and existing neighborhoods.
- (6) Home occupation which: a) is clearly incidental and subordinate to the use of the dwelling unit as a residence; b) is conducted only by members of the family residing in the dwelling unit and entirely within the principal structure; c) does not offer products for sale from the premises; d) does not alter or change the residential character or exterior appearance of the dwelling unit and no evidence of the use is visible or audible from the exterior of the residential property; e) does not generate traffic in excess of that customary at residences; and f) where no commercial vehicles or equipment associated with the business are kept on premises unless stored in an enclosed structure or screened from view from the street or adjacent properties unless otherwise permitted by these regulations.

- (7) Limited to the building type design standards of the applicable design district, chapter 110.
- (8) Allowed when the facility is in conjunction with a planned unit development.
- (9) Allow commercial as general accessory, complementary use with a marina and/or outdoor recreation facilities in PI.
- (10) The size and scale of the wholesale facility shall be compatible and consistent with the adjacent building typologies.
- (11) An outdoor shooting range is permitted as a conditional use only in suburban residential land use districts located within a rural design district.
- (12) Must be consistent with chapter 10 of the Code of Ordinances.
- (13) In SR, UR, MH: Public and utility services and facilities that are two acres or less in size are also permitted. In GC, CBD, RT, MCR, GI: Public and utility services and facilities that are five acres or less in size are also permitted.
- (14) In the CBD, the "Limited" mobile vendor use applies to mobile vendors in conjunction with city sponsored or city sanctioned events as approved by the city manager. Mobile vendors offering food service only (food trucks) proposing regular operation in the CBD may apply for a conditional use permit approval by city commission; provided the proposed operation is located on a developed site where the food truck use is managed by and/or operated dependently in association with an eating and/or drinking establishment located in an onsite building with restroom facilities. All mobile vendors are required to apply for and obtain a business tax receipt. Application requirements include letter of permission from the property owner, site plan layout showing driveway connection, and location that does not impede access to the site or required parking.
- (15) Permitted accessory uses/structures. Uses and/or structures that are customary and secondary to the primary use or structure permitted by the land use district and meet any additional requirements listed in section 110-5, for special accessory uses where applicable.
- (16) Agricultural uses may continue in the RRT land use prior to commercial or residential subdivision development of the property. Agricultural uses shall be allowed in subdivision developments where subject lots are greater than one-half acre in size or are the intended part of a PUD. Agriculture uses in RRT on property that is already within the City of Eustis, shall not be allowed where 75% or more of the subject property is surrounded by predominantly residential or other incompatible uses.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.d.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016; Ord. No. 19-12, § 1(Exh. A), 5-2-2019; Ord. No. 20-45, § 1, 11-19-2020, Ord. No. 22-36, 12-01-2022)

Sec. 109-5. Design districts.

Editor's note(s)—Provisions pertaining to design districts are set forth in the subsequent sections, sections 109-5.1—109-5.8, below.

Sec. 109-5.1. Purpose and intent.

The design districts function to establish a consistent method for regulating a variety of uses and building types through specific performance standards which are regulated through three distinct development patterns and four design districts as identified in figure 1.0 as they may be amended from time to time in accordance with chapter 102. These design districts apply to all land parcels within the city other than those with a conservation land use designation.

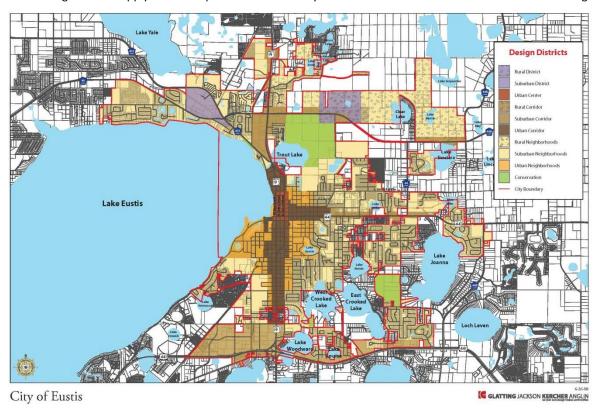


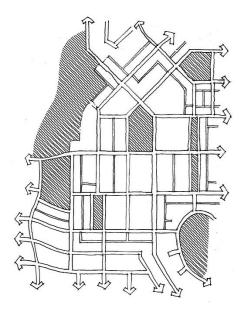
Figure 1.0 Design Districts by Development Pattern

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.d.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 109-5.2. Districts enumerated.

(a) Development pattern and design districts. The development patterns will be classified as urban, suburban or rural. Within each development pattern there are four design districts. They are categorized as 1) Neighborhood (NHB),
 2) District (DST), 3) Center (CTR) and 4) Corridor (COR). The following sections include a graphic to illustrate each development pattern, a brief description of the development pattern, definitions of each of four design districts as they relate to that particular development pattern, and development and design standards for each design district.

Sec. 109-5.3. Urban development pattern intent statements.



- (a) Intent. The urban development pattern relies primarily on a system of interconnected street grids that prioritizes pedestrians and transit features and links civic buildings, squares, parks and other neighborhood uses. Usable public open space organizes development to make a place. This pattern is characterized by a mix of building typologies with a defined center which can be a park, civic space or neighborhood commercial/retail feature.
- (b) Form. Usable public open space organizes development to make a place. Mix of unit types with focus on "center" park, civic or neighborhood commercial/retail feature.
- (c) Design districts.
 - Urban neighborhood.
 - a. Definition. Predominately residential uses with some neighborhood scale commercial services.
 - b. Structure. Interconnected streets and blocks with alleys
 - c. Form. Mix of unit types with focus on "center" park, civic or neighborhood commercial/retail feature
 - (2) Urban district.
 - a. Definition. Areas of a predominant single use, such as warehouses, office parks, and campuses.
 - b. *Structure*. All uses have public street access. Streets and alleys connect to other streets. Cul-de-sacs, T-turnarounds and gated or dead-end streets are not generally permitted.
 - c. Form. Usable public open space organizes development to make place.
 - (3) Urban center.
 - a. *Definition*. Mix of commercial, office, and multifamily uses with a public space or water body and a main street.
 - b. Structure. Development blocks organized with streets and alleys/driveways.
 - c. Form. Usable public open space organizes development to make place.
 - (4) Urban corridor.
 - a. *Definition*. Linear concentrations of typically commercial uses, predominately auto-oriented uses. The parcel size is primarily shallow in nature, compatible with the adjacent neighborhoods.

- b. Structure. Interconnected driveways or rear lanes, access ways
- c. Form. Predominately single-use areas that may include a mix of uses, retail, and residential.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.d.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 109-5.4. Urban performance standards

The city has established four distinct design districts within the urban area: neighborhood, center, corridor and district. The following provisions apply to all urban districts. Specific standards by district are also included herein.

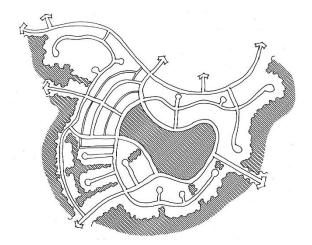
(1) Urban Building Lot Types. The following building lot types are permitted within the city's urban area.

Building Lot Types	Urban			
	NHD	DST	COR	CTR
HOMESTEAD				
ESTATE	Χ			
HOUSE	Х		Х	Х
COTTAGE	X(2)			X
DUPLEX	X		Х	Х
TOWNHOUSE	X		X	Χ
APARTMENT HOUSE	Χ		Χ	Χ
COURTYARD APARTMENT	Χ		Х	Χ
APARTMENT BUILDING	Χ		Χ	Χ
LIVE/WORK BUILDING	Χ		X	Χ
MIXED-USE BUILDING	X(1)		Χ	Χ
MULTI-STORY	X(1)		X	Χ
COMMERCIAL BUILDING				
LARGE-FORMAT		X	Х	X
RETAIL BUILDING				
COMMERCIAL BUILDING		Х	X	X
PEDESTAL BUILDING				Χ
LINER BUILDING				Χ
INDUSTRIAL BUILDING		Х		
CIVIC BUILDING	X	Х	X	Х
APARTMENT COMPLEX			X	
RETAIL COMPLEX		Х	Х	

(X) permitted, Blank cell- prohibited

- (1) The size shall be limited to neighborhood scale.
- (2) Up to four cottage building lot types when developed as one project, may apply for a waiver to permit an averaging of the side setback.

Sec. 109-5.5. Suburban development pattern intent statements.



- (a) Intent. The suburban development pattern relies primarily on a pattern of residential development that provides the majority of property owners with substantial yards on their own property. The street layout, comprised of streets with fewer vehicular connections, helps to reduce cut-through traffic and establishes distinct boundaries for residential communities/subdivisions. Nonresidential uses are primarily located on corridors, districts and a mix of uses is prominent in centers. Each land use provides for pedestrian and bicycle connections.
- (b) Design districts.
 - (1) Suburban neighborhood.
 - a. Definition. Predominately residential uses with some neighborhood scale commercial services.
 - b. *Structure*. Interconnected trails, bikeways and walkways with a street framework comprised of a range of blocks permitted throughout the neighborhoods.
 - c. Form. Mix of detached residential uses with some neighborhood supporting retail, parks and civic spaces as focal points in the neighborhoods.
 - (2) Suburban district.
 - a. Definition. Areas of a predominant single use, such as warehouses, office parks, and campuses.
 - b. *Structure*. The street system is designed to accommodate the density, intensity, and form of suburban development and provides functional connections that link neighborhoods to shopping areas.
 - c. Form. Predominately single use areas.
 - (3) Suburban center.
 - a. Definition. Mix of commercial, office, and potentially multifamily residential uses.
 - b. Structure. Development blocks organized with streets, pedestrian walkways and driveways.
 - Form. Mix of nonresidential uses from office to commercial with supportive uses adjacent to larger use types.
 - (4) Suburban corridor.
 - a. *Definition*. Linear concentrations of typically commercial uses, predominately auto-oriented uses. The parcel size ranges from large areas of depth to shallow in nature, compatible with the adjacent neighborhoods.
 - b. *Structure*. The street system is designed to accommodate the density, intensity, and form of suburban development and provides functional connections that link neighborhoods to shopping areas.

c. Form: Predominately single-use areas that may include a mix of uses, retail, and residential. (Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.d.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 109-5.6. Suburban performance standards.

The city has established four distinct design districts within the suburban area: neighborhood, center, corridor and district. The following provisions apply to all districts. Specific standards by district are also included herein.

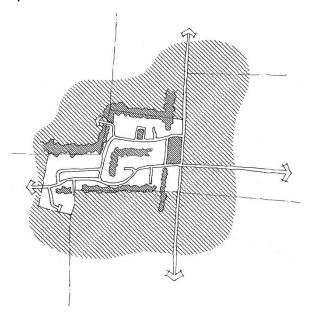
(1) Suburban building lot types. The following building lot types are permitted within the city's suburban area:

Building Lot Types	Suburban			
	NHD	DST	COR	CTR
HOMESTEAD				
ESTATE	Х		X(3)	
HOUSE	Х		X(3)	
COTTAGE			X(3)	
DUPLEX	Х		X(3)	
TOWNHOUSE	X(2)		Х	Х
APARTMENT HOUSE	X(2)		Х	Х
COURTYARD APARTMENT	X(2)		Х	Х
APARTMENT BUILDING	X(2)		Х	Х
LIVE/WORK BUILDING			Х	Х
MIXED-USE BUILDING	X(1)		Х	Х
MULTI-STORY	X(1)		Х	Х
COMMERCIAL BUILDING				
LARGE-FORMAT RETAIL BUILDING		X	X	
COMMERCIAL BUILDING		Х	Х	
PEDESTAL BUILDING		Х		
LINER BUILDING				
INDUSTRIAL BUILDING		Х		
CIVIC BUILDING	Х	Х	Χ	Х
APARTMENT COMPLEX			Χ	Х
RETAIL COMPLEX		Х	Χ	Х
INDUSTRIAL COMPLEX		Х		

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- (1) The size shall be limited to neighborhood scale.
- (2) All apartment, town home building types are permitted only on parcels with an MCR land use designation or as a part of a mixed-use project that requires a minimum of 15 percent of the development acreage to be devoted to nonresidential support uses.
- (3) Permitted within a PUD.

Sec. 109-5.7. Rural development pattern intent statements.



- (a) Intent. The rural development pattern relies primarily on a pattern of clustered residential development that provides substantive open space that serves to preserve and enhance the rural view shed and character of the community. Nonresidential uses are primarily located in centers and may contain a mix of uses.
- (b) Design districts.
 - (1) Rural neighborhood.
 - a. *Definition*. Predominately residential uses where a portion of the land is designated as undivided, permanent open space of a site in an effort to preserve the existing natural resource areas while providing a significant amount of open space.
 - b. Structure. Developable land is subdivided into buildable lots. This development option provides an opportunity for communities to meet both their development and conservation goals by concentrating homes in a small portion of a site in an effort to preserve the existing natural resource areas on a larger scale.
 - c. Form. Preservation of natural landscape organizes development to make a place.
 - (2) Rural district.
 - a. Definition. Areas of a predominant single use, such as warehouses, office parks, and campuses.
 - b. Structure. Development is organized to help efficient use of land for a single use district.
 - c. Form. Predominately single-use areas.
 - (3) Rural center.
 - a. *Definition*: Mix of neighborhood scale commercial, office, and residential uses with a public space, preservation space or water body and a main street.
 - b. *Structure*: Development blocks organized with streets and alleys (where applicable)/driveways while preserving large areas of land for conservation, open space and/or preservation.
 - c. Form: Preservation of natural landscape organizes development to make a place. Mix of unit types with focus on "center" park, civic or neighborhood commercial/retail feature.

(4) Rural corridor.

- a. *Definition*. Linear concentrations of roadways that preserve scenic views and existing open vistas, and protect the integrity of the existing rural community character.
- b. Structure. Interconnected driveways, access-ways.
- c. Form. Predominately rural roadways with adjacent single use areas.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.d.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 109-5.8. Rural performance standards.

The city has established four distinct design districts within the rural area: neighborhood, center, corridor and district. The following provisions apply to all districts. Specific standards by district are also included herein.

(1) Rural building lot types The following building lot types are permitted within the city's rural area.

Building Lot Types	RURAL			
	NHD	DST	COR	CTR
HOMESTEAD	Х			
ESTATE	Х			
HOUSE	Х			Х
COTTAGE				Х
DUPLEX	Х			Х
TOWNHOUSE				Х
APARTMENT HOUSE				Х
COURTYARD APARTMENT				
APARTMENT BUILDING				
LIVE/WORK BUILDING				Х
MIXED-USE BUILDING				Х
MULTI-STORY				Х
COMMERCIAL BUILDING				
LARGE-FORMAT				
RETAIL BUILDING				
COMMERCIAL BUILDING				
PEDESTAL BUILDING				
LINER BUILDING				
INDUSTRIAL BUILDING		Х		
CIVIC BUILDING	Х	Х	Х	X
APARTMENT COMPLEX				
RETAIL COMPLEX			Х	
INDUSTRIAL COMPLEX		Х	Χ	

(X) permitted, Blank cell- prohibited

Chapter 110 DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS²

Sec. 110-1. Development regulations.

Editor's note(s)—Provisions pertaining to development regulations are set forth in the subsequent section, § 110-1.1, below.

Sec. 110-1.1. Application of district regulations.

The regulations within each district shall be minimum or maximum limitations, as the case may be, and shall apply consistently and uniformly to each class or kind of structure based upon the compatibility requirements provided herein, to each use, and to all land or water other than those properties with a conservation land use designation. The following general regulations shall apply, except where expressly modified elsewhere in these regulations.

- (a) Land use district affects use or occupancy. No building, structure, land, or water shall hereafter be used or occupied, and no building, structure, or part thereof shall hereafter be erected, constructed, reconstructed, located, moved, or structurally altered except in conformity with the regulations herein specified for the district in which it is located.
- (b) Land use district affects height, population density, coverage, and open spaces. No building or structure shall hereafter be erected or altered in any manner contrary to the provisions of these regulations, including, but not limited to:
 - (1) Exceeding height, bulk, or floor area;
 - (2) Providing a greater number of dwelling units; or
 - (3) Occupying a greater percentage of lot area.
- (c) The design districts function to establish a consistent method for regulating the form of a variety of uses and building types through specific performance standards that are provided in chapter 110 and are regulated through three distinct development patterns and four design districts as identified in figure 1.0 in section 109-5.
- (d) Design district affects building frontage, yards, and lot size. No building or structure shall hereafter be erected or altered in any manner contrary to the provisions of these regulations, including, but not limited to:
 - (1) Providing less building frontage,
 - (2) Providing narrower or smaller yards (or in some cases larger yards), courts, or other buffers; or
 - (3) Providing less separation between buildings or structures or portions of buildings or structures.

²Editor's note(s)—Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), adopted Dec. 15, 2016, repealed the former subpt. B, land development regulations, ch. 110, and enacted a new chapter as set out herein. The provisions of former ch. 110 pertained to design district standards and derived primarily from Ord. No. 15-13, § 1(Exh. F), adopted Oct. 1, 2015. See the Code Comparative Table for additional historical derivations.

Cross reference(s)—Concurrency, ch. 106; land use and design districts, ch. 109; general building and site standards, ch. 115; construction standards, ch. 118; resource protection, ch. 121.

Sec. 110-2. Measurement of standards.

- (a) Density.
 - (1) The number of residential dwelling units permitted per net buildable acre of land.
 - (2) In the determination of the number of residential dwelling units to be permitted on a specific parcel of land, a fractional unit shall not entitle the applicant to an additional unit.
- (b) Height.
 - (1) Height of building is the vertical distance above finished grade to the highest point of a flat roof, to the deck line of a mansard roof, or to the average height of a roof having a pitch.
 - (2) The height of a stepped or terraced building is the maximum height of any segment of the building.
 - (3) In floodprone areas where minimum floor elevations have been established by law, which exceed the minimum point of measurement established by this section, the building height shall be measured from such required minimum floor elevations.
 - (4) Height limitations do not apply to the following: appurtenances/structures, and other similar structures as determined by the development services director:
 - Flagpoles; antennas and transmission towers in conformance with these regulations; water tanks or fire towers; heating, ventilation or air conditioning equipment, elevator shafts, chimneys and unenclosed roof-top stairways/ladders (when and specifically as required by the building code) on buildings with four or more stories; or
 - b. Feed storage structures.
 - c. Roof ornaments including spires, belfries, steeples, minarets, clock towers, or cupolas, or any other ornaments or appurtenances that are placed at or rising above the roof level may be made a part of residential or nonresidential structures.
 - In all residential districts, roof ornaments may be affixed to residential structures, and rooftops
 may be used for accessory uses such as swimming pools, spas, cooking facilities, playing courts,
 wet bars, railings, tables, chairs, umbrellas, tents and similar uses, provided no portion of any
 roof ornament or accessory use exceeds the maximum height limit for the applicable land use
 district.
 - Roof ornaments associated with nonresidential structures in all land use districts shall be subject to the following:
 - No horizontal plane of the roof ornament shall exceed five percent of the total floor area of the building to which it is attached, nor shall the horizontal planes of all roof ornaments associated with the building exceed five percent of the total floor area of the building.
 - ii. The height of a roof ornament may extend beyond the maximum height allowed in the district, but the amount of such extension shall not exceed 20 percent of the maximum height for the land use district in which the property is located. A cupola or other ornament may be placed atop a roof ornament, but in such case the roof ornament shall be considered a single ornament for purposes of this section.
- (c) Lot area. Minimum lot areas shall be exclusive of public rights-of-way or private streets and all lands seaward of the mean high water line.
- (d) Lot width. Width of a lot shall be considered to be the average distance between straight lines connecting front and rear lot lines at each side of the lot, measured as straight lines between the foremost points of the side lot lines in front (where they intersect with the street line) and the rear-most points of the side lot lines in the rear. The width between the side lot lines at their foremost points in the front shall not be less than 80 percent of the

- required lot width except in the case of lots on the turning circle of a cul-de-sac, where the width shall not be less than 60 percent of the required lot width or 60 feet, whichever is smaller.
- (e) Site area. The minimum area required for a particular type of development. The site may then be divided into smaller lots.

(f) Yards.

- (1) In general. Every part of every required yard shall be open and unobstructed from 30 inches above the general ground level of the graded lot upward to the sky except as hereinafter provided or as otherwise permitted in these land use regulations.
- (2) Types of yards and areas.
 - a. There are four types of yards: street, common lot, rear/alley, and lakefront. The building type standards regulate the street, common lot, and rear/alley yard areas as a part of the building envelope. Lakefront setbacks are included in section 121-9.
 - b. Corner lots and through lots shall be considered to have two street yards and two common lot yards. However, where a deed restriction is recorded prohibiting vehicular access along the entire frontage of one of the two street frontages for a through lot, that street frontage shall not be considered a street yard.

(g) Measurement of yards.

- (1) Depth of a required street yard shall be measured at right angles to a straight line joining the foremost points of the side lot lines. The foremost point of the side lot lines, in the case of rounded property corners at street intersections and cul-de-sac lots, shall be assumed to be the point at which the side and front lot lines would have met without such rounding. However, for cul-de-sac lots in residential districts, no required street yard shall be less than ten feet in depth.
- (2) Width of a required street yard shall be measured in such a manner that the yard established is a strip of the minimum width required by district regulations with its inner edge parallel with the side lot line.
- (3) Depth of a required rear or alley yard shall be measured in such a manner that the yard established is a strip of the minimum width required by district regulations with its inner edge parallel with the rear lot line.

(h) Exemptions.

- (1) In all districts, roof overhangs and chimneys may project into a required yard not more than three feet where the required yard is eight feet or more in width. Roof overhangs may project into a required yard not more than two feet where the required yard is less than eight feet in width. In those districts where side yards are permitted to be less than five feet, roof overhang projections are prohibited.
- (2) Fire escapes, stairways and balconies, whether unroofed, open and unenclosed, or enclosed, shall not intrude into required yards.
- (3) Except as provided for below, fences, drives, privacy walls, parking lots and vegetation are permitted in required yards, provided such structures or vegetation do not block visibility at intersections or at vehicular access points to roadways.
- (4) Air-conditioning, mechanical, electrical and plumbing equipment located at above ground level or elevated due to FEMA elevation requirements is exempt from common lot and rear/alley yard setback requirements. In no case shall such equipment be located closer than three feet from the property line or in any easement.
- (5) Satellite dishes, in excess of one meter in diameter shall not be located on any residential building type lot between the main residential structure and street frontages.
- (6) The building lot typologies specify the setbacks permitted within each building lot type and provide a minimum and maximum range. Approved lot splits prior to July 3, 2008, that have a reduced lot size, or depth shall be permitted to utilize the building lot types permitted within the perspective design district. Infill development shall rely on the established street yard setback for the street the building shall be constructed on. If the building setbacks vary, setback averaging shall occur. Calculation of the setback will be

the measurement of existing setbacks per building on the block in which the new building shall be located. The setback may vary no more than 5' on any side, front or rear.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016; Ord. No. 21-09, § 1, 6-17-2021)

Sec. 110-3. Development pattern and design districts.

The development patterns are classified as urban, suburban or rural. Within each development pattern there are four design districts. They are categorized as 1) Neighborhood (NHB), 2) District (DST), 3) Center (CTR) and 4) Corridor (COR). These development patterns and district combinations are defined and described with graphic illustrations in chapter 109. The design development standards for each pattern and district are provided herein.

- (a) Building lot types. There are eighteen building lot types and three complex lot types.
 - (1) HOMESTEAD: a building lot located and designed to accommodate a detached building with large common lot yards, rear yards and street yards for a rural area.
 - (2) ESTATE: a building lot located and designed to accommodate a detached building with large common lot yards, rear yards and street yards.
 - (3) HOUSE: A building lot located and designed to accommodate a detached building with small common lot yards and a large street yard.
 - (4) COTTAGE: A building lot located and designed to accommodate a small detached building with small common lot and street yards.
 - (5) DUPLEX: A building lot located and designed to accommodate a building with small common lot yards and a large street yard and containing two attached dwellings.
 - (6) TOWNHOUSE: A building lot located and designed to accommodate a building with common walls on both side building lot lines and a private garden to the rear.
 - (7) APARTMENT HOUSE: A building lot located and designed to accommodate a detached building which resembles a large house but which contains multiple dwellings above and beside each other.
 - (8) COURTYARD APARTMENT: A building lot located and designed to accommodate multiple dwellings arranged around and fronting on a central garden or courtyard that may be partially or wholly open to the street.
 - (9) APARTMENT BUILDING: A building lot located and designed to accommodate multiple dwellings above or beside each other in a building that occupies most of its building lot width and is placed close to the sidewalk.
 - (10) LIVE-WORK BUILDING: A building lot located and designed to accommodate an attached or detached building with residential uses, commercial uses, or a combination of the two within individually occupied live-work units, all of which may occupy any story of the building.
 - (11) MIXED-USE BUILDING LOT: A building lot located and designed to accommodate a multi-story building with multiple dwellings in upper stories and various commercial uses in any stories.
 - (12) MULTI-STORY COMMERCIAL BUILDING: A building lot located and designed to accommodate a multi-story building with commercial and office uses in any story.
 - (13) LARGE-FORMAT RETAIL BUILDING: A building lot located and designed to accommodate a large footprint building with one or more uses.
 - (14) COMMERCIAL BUILDING: A building lot located and designed to accommodate single use office and retail that are predominately located on corridors as part of a retail complex.
 - (15) PEDESTAL BUILDING: A building lot located and designed to accommodate the tallest permissible building whose primary facade must be stepped back to reduce its apparent bulk when viewed from the sidewalk.

- (16) LINER BUILDING: A building lot located and designed to accommodate a large footprint building such as a parking garage, cinema, supermarket, etc., which is surrounded by a liner building which conceals large expanses of blank walls and faces the street with ample windows and doors opening onto the sidewalk.
- (17) INDUSTRIAL BUILDING: A building lot located and designed to accommodate industrial uses.
- (18) CIVIC: A building lot located and designed to accommodate a building containing public or civic uses such as community services, day care, education, government, places of worship, or social services.
- (19) APARTMENT COMPLEX: A complex is located and designed for development over five acres in size and accommodates one or more multifamily building lot types.
- (20) RETAIL COMPLEX: A complex is located and designed for development over five acres in size and accommodates commercial buildings, large format retail building lot type, mixed use building lot types, and multi-story commercial building lot types. A block structure will be required for this type of development and is outlined in section 115-7.1(a).
- (21) INDUSTRIAL COMPLEX: A complex is located and designed for development over five acres in size and accommodates multiple industrial building types in one complex.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

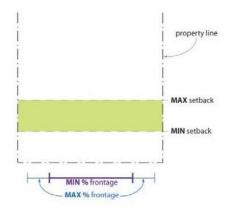
Sec. 110-4. Building lot types.

The following pages illustrate the permitted building lot types within the city. The use of lot types does not require the parcel to be a platted lot. Each building lot type has an illustrative example of the building type and a table that reflects minimum and maximum ranges permitted by building lot type. Each area type, rural, suburban and urban customizes the permitted ranges and shall be referenced in the relevant sections. Refer to sections 110-3.1, 3.2 and 3.3 for the permitted building lot types by area type.

There are several categories of regulation in the table which are described as follows.

- (a) Lot requirements. Provisions for minimum and maximums of lot depth, width, and lot size.
- (b) Building envelope standards. Provide setback requirements for: street, common lot and rear or alley setbacks. The following illustration identifies the types of setbacks included in the building lot types

The following illustrations show examples of how the frontage building requirements may apply.



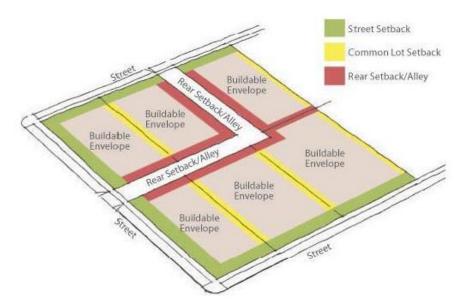
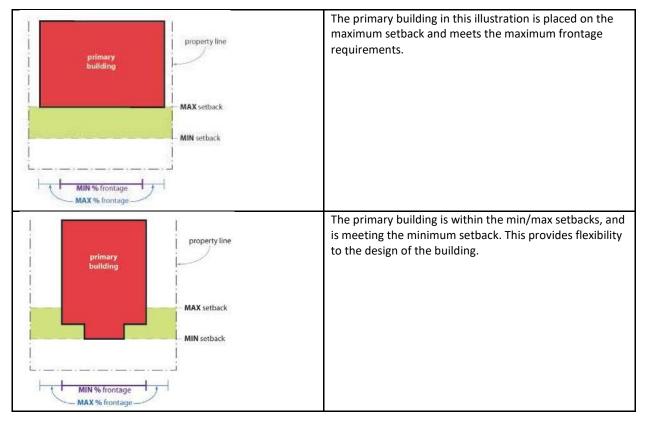
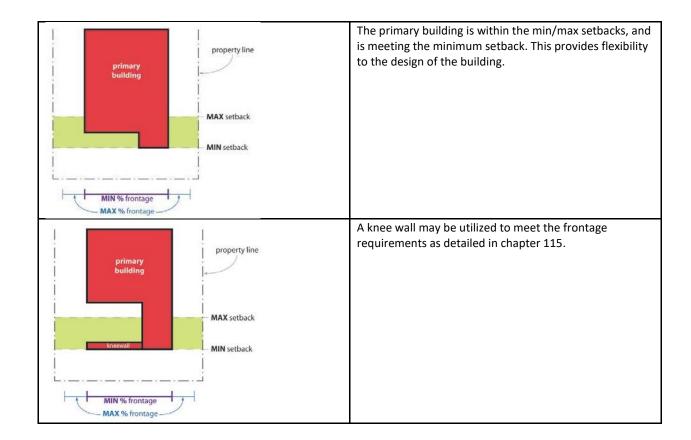


Illustration provides the foundation for how the frontage building is applied. There is a minimum and maximum setback as determined by the lot type. The maximum and minimum frontage is shown adjacent to the property line.

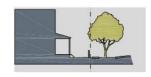




- (c) Accessory building envelope. (ACC BLDG), provisions for accessory building structures only, additional accessory uses are outlined in chapter 110.
- (d) Building height. Provisions for permitted heights in stories (st). Each building lot typology provides the range of height appropriate for the building type. The underlying land use determines the height that is permitted and shall be the determining factor in establishing the maximum height as outlined in chapter 110.
- (e) Private frontages. Provisions for a variety of different street/public frontage types that are permitted by building lot type. The private frontage is the area between a building façade and the lot line. Frontage types may be counted as part of the building frontage requirements.

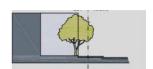
Common lawn: A landscaped front yard that is unfenced and visually continuous with adjacent front yards, supporting a common landscape. The deep setback provides a buffer from the higher speed thoroughfares.

Common lawn



Porch and fence. A landscaped front yard in which the façade includes an attached front porch. A fence at the street right-of-way line maintains the spatial definition of the street. Porches shall be no less than eight feet deep.

Porch & fence



Forecourt. A frontage in which a portion of the façade is close to the street right-of-way line and the remainder is set back. The resulting forecourt is suitable for vehicular dropoffs. This type should be allocated in conjunction with other types of front yards. Large trees within the forecourts may overhang the sidewalks.

Forecourt



Stoop. A frontage in which the façade is placed close to the street right-of-way line. The first story is elevated above the sidewalk to secure privacy for the windows. The entrance is accessed by an exterior stair and landing. This type is recommended for ground-floor residential uses.

Stoop



Shopfront and awning. A frontage in which the façade is aligned close to the street rightof-way line with the building entrance as the sidewalk. This type is typical for retail use. It has a substantial amount of glazing on the sidewalk level and an awning that should overhang the sidewalk by at least five feet.

Shopfront & awning



Gallery. A frontage wherein the façade extends beyond the property line with an attached Gallery cantilevered shed or a lightweight colonnade overlapping the sidewalk. This type is conventional for retail use. The gallery shall be no less than ten feet wide and should overlap the sidewalk to within two feet of the curb.



Arcade. A colonnade supporting habitable space that overlaps the sidewalk, while the façade at sidewalk level remains at or behind the front setback line. This type is conventional for retail use. The arcade shall be no less than 12 feet wide and should overlap the sidewalk to within two feet of the curb.

Arcade



(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

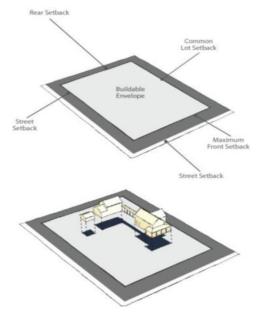
Sec. 110-4.0. Homestead lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate a detached building with large common lot yards, rear yards and street yards for a rural area.

LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	200	_
Lot Depth (ft)	200	1
Lot Size (sf)	40,000	_
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	25	_
Common Lot Setback (ft)	25	_
Rear Setback (ft)	25	N/A
Frontage Buildout (%)	-	_

ACC BLDG ENVELOPE *	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	25	_
Common Lot Setback (ft)	5	_
Rear Setback (ft)	5	_
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
Principal Building (st)	1	3
Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	2
PARKING PROVISIONS		
Location	Zone 1, 2, 3, and 4	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES		
Common Lawn	Х	
Porch and Fence	Х	
Forecourt		
Stoop		
Shopfront and Awning		
Gallery		
Arcade		

X - Permitted , * - <u>See Sec 110-5.17 for Agricultural / Livestock Structures</u> Blank cell - prohibited



(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

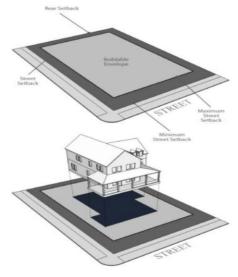
Sec. 110-4.1. Estate lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate a detached building with large common lot yards, rear yards and street yards. Existing estate sized lots in urban design districts shall follow urban house lot standards.

LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	70	200
Lot Depth (ft)	120	660
Lot Size (sf)	8,400	132,000
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX

Street Setback (ft)	25	_	
Common Lot Setback (ft)	10	_	
Rear Setback (ft)	15	_	
Frontage Buildout %	_	_	
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE *	MIN	MAX	
Street Setback (ft)	25' min.		
Common Lot Setback (ft)	5	_	
Rear Setback (ft)	5	_	
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX	
Principal Building (st)	1	2	
Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	2	
PARKING PROVISIONS			
PARKING PROVISIONS			
Location	Zone 1, 2, single fam 2 & 3 for functions	nily; zones	
	single fam 2 & 3 for	nily; zones	
Location	single fam 2 & 3 for	nily; zones	
Location PRIVATE FRONTAGES	single fam 2 & 3 for functions	nily; zones	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn	single fam 2 & 3 for functions	nily; zones	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence	single fam 2 & 3 for functions	nily; zones	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt	single fam 2 & 3 for functions	nily; zones	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop	single fam 2 & 3 for functions	nily; zones	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning	single fam 2 & 3 for functions	nily; zones	

X - Permitted, * <u>- See Sec 110-5.17 for Agricultural / Livestock Structures</u>
Blank cell - prohibited



(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

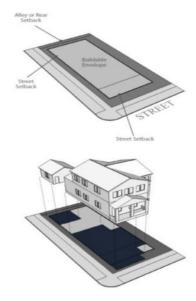
Sec. 110-4.2. House lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate a detached building with small common lot yards and a large street yard.

	URBAN (U)	SUBUR- BAN (S) & RURAL (R)	U, S, R
LOT	MIN	MIN	MAX
REQUIREMENTS			
Lot Width (ft)	40	55	70
Lot Depth (ft)	100	120	140
Lot Size (sf)	4,000	6,600	9,800
BUILDING	MIN	MIN	MAX
ENVELOPE			
Street Setback (ft)	10*	25	25 Urban only
Common Lot	5	5	_
Setback (ft)			
Alley or Rear Setback (ft)	5	10	_
Frontage Buildout	70	_	_
ACC BLDG	MIN	MIN	MAX
ENVELOPE *			
Street Setback (ft)	10' behind bldg fronta	ge	_
Common Lot Setback (ft)	5	5	_
Rear Setback (ft)	5	5	_
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MIN	MAX
Principal Building (st)	1	1	3
Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	1	2
PARKING PROVISIONS	5		
Location		3, 4 for single 3 for other fu	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES			
Common Lawn	Χ		
Porch and Fence	Χ		
Forecourt			
Stoop			
Shopfront and			
Awning			
Gallery			
Arcade			

^{*} Garages in urban districts shall maintain an 18-foot street setback, * - See Sec 110-5.17 for Agricultural / Livestock Structures

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(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-4.3. Cottage lot.

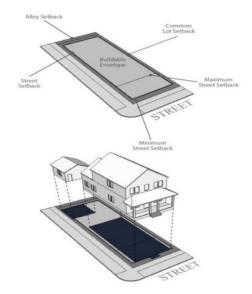
A building lot located and designed to accommodate a small detached building with small common lot and street yards.

LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	24	40
Lot Depth (ft)	100	120
Lot Size (sf)	2,400	4,800
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	5*	25
Common Lot Setback (ft)	5	_
Alley Setback (ft)	10	_
Frontage Buildout %	70	_
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	10' behin	d bldg
	frontage	
Common Lot Setback (ft)	5	_
Rear Setback (ft)	5	_
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
Principal Building (st)	1	2
Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	2
PARKING PROVISIONS		
Location	Zones 2 a	nd 3
PRIVATE FRONTAGES		
Common Lawn	Χ	
Porch and Fence	Х	
Forecourt		
Stoop		
Shopfront and Awning		
Gallery		
Arcade		

* Garages in urban districts shall maintain an 18-foot street setback.

X - Permitted

Blank cell - prohibited



(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-4.4. Duplex lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate a building with small common lots and containing two dwellings.

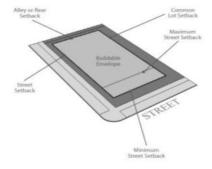
	URBAN (U)	SUBUR- BAN (S) & RURAL (R)	U, S, R
LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	60	90	200
Lot Depth (ft)	100	120	660
Lot Size (sf)	3,500	10,800	132,000
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	10*	25	25 (urban)
Common Lot Setback (ft)	5	5	1
Alley or Rear Yard Setback (ft)	10	10	_
Frontage Buildout %	70	_	_
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	10' behir frontage	_	1
Common Lot Setback (ft)	5	5	_
Rear Setback (ft)	5	5	_
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MIN	MAX

Principal Building (st)	1	1	2
Accessory Building(s)	1	1	2
(st)			
PARKING PROVISIONS			
Location	Zone 1, 2	2, 3, 4	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES			
Common Lawn	Х		
Porch and Fence	Х		
Forecourt			
Stoop			
Shopfront and			
Awning			
Gallery			
Arcade			

* Garages in urban districts shall maintain an 18-foot street setback.

X - Permitted

Blank cell - prohibited





(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016; Ord. No. 21-09 , § 1, 6-17-2021)

Sec. 110-4.5. Townhouse lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate a building with common walls on both side building lot lines and a private garden to the rear.

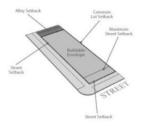
URBAN	SUBUR-	U, S, R
(U)	BAN (S)	
,	& `´	
	RURAL	
	(R)	

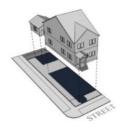
LOT	MIN	MIN	MAX
REQUIREMENTS			
Lot Width (ft)	16	22	32
Lot Depth (ft)	80	80	120
Lot Size (sf)	1,280	1,760	3,840
BUILDING	MIN	MIN	MAX
ENVELOPE			
Street Setback (ft)	0*		10 Urban
			20
			Suburban/
			Rural
Common Lot	0	0	_
Setback (ft)			
Alley Setback (ft)	15	15	_
Frontage Buildout	70	_	_
%			10016
Length Permitted	_	_	120' for
of Grouped			S & R
Townhomes	D 41D1	D 41D1	MAX
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MIN	IVIAX
Street Setback (ft)	10' hahir	nd bldg fro	ntage
Common Lot	5	5	
Setback (ft)		J	
Rear Setback (ft)	5	5	_
` '	_	_	D 4 A V
BUILDING HEIGHT	IVIIIN	MIN	IVIAX
BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building	MIN 1	MIN 1	MAX 3
Principal Building			
Principal Building (st) Accessory	1	1	3
Principal Building (st)	1	1	3
Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	1	3
Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISION	1 1 IS Zone 3	1	3
Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISION Location	1 1 IS Zone 3	1	3
Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISION Location PRIVATE FRONTAGE	1 1 Zone 3	1	3
Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISION Location PRIVATE FRONTAGE Common Lawn	1 1 SS Zone 3 SS X	1	3
Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISION Location PRIVATE FRONTAGE: Common Lawn Porch and Fence	1 1 SS Zone 3 SS X	1	3
Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISION Location PRIVATE FRONTAGE Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt	1 1 SS Zone 3 SS X	1	3
Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISION Location PRIVATE FRONTAGE Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop	1 1 SS Zone 3 SS X	1	3
Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISION Location PRIVATE FRONTAGE: Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and	1 1 SS Zone 3 SS X	1	3

^{*} Garages in all districts shall maintain a minimum 18-foot street setback.

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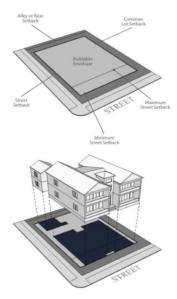
(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016; Ord. No. 21-09, § 1, 6-17-2021)

Sec. 110-4.6. Apartment house lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate a detached building which resembles a large house but which contains multiple dwellings above and beside each other.

LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	48	120
Lot Depth (ft)	100	150
Lot Size (sf)	4,800	18,000
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	10	25
Common Lot Setback (ft)	5	_
Alley or Rear Setback (ft)	15	_
Frontage Buildout %	70	90
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	10' behind	d bldg
	frontage	
Common Lot Setback (ft)	5	
Rear Setback (ft)	5	
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
Principal Building (st)	2	3
Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	2
PARKING PROVISIONS		
Location	Zone 2 an	d 3
PRIVATE FRONTAGES		
Common Lawn	Χ	
Porch and Fence	Χ	
Forecourt		
Stoop		
Shopfront and Awning		
Gallery		
Arcade		

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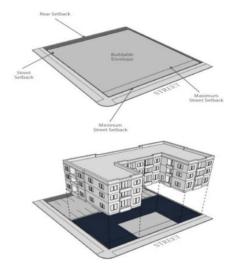
(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-4.7. Courtyard apartment lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate multiple dwellings arranged around and fronting on a central garden or courtyard that may be partially or wholly open to the street.

LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	125	300
Lot Depth (ft)	80	300
Lot Size (sf)	10,000	90,000
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	0	25
Common Lot Setback (ft)	6	_
Rear Setback (ft)	10	_
Frontage Buildout %	50	100
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	Permitted in rear	
Common Lot Setback (ft)	yard only; setback 5'	
Rear Setback (ft)		
Building Footprint (sf)		
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
Principal Building (st)	2	4
Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	
PARKING PROVISIONS		
Location	Zone 2, 3	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES		
Common Lawn		
Porch and Fence		
Forecourt	Х	
Stoop	Х	

Shopfront and Awning	
Gallery	
Arcade	



(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

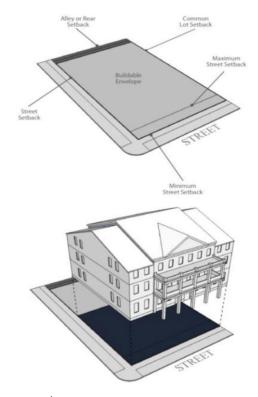
Sec. 110-4.8. Apartment building lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate multiple dwellings above or beside each other in a building that occupies most of its building lot width and is placed close to the sidewalk.

Lot Width (ft) 40 300 Lot Depth (ft) 100 300 Lot Size (sf) 4,000 90,000 BUILDING ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) 0 10 Common Lot Setback (ft) 5 — Rear Setback (ft) 15 — Frontage Buildout % 80 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Permitted in rear yard only; setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) 5' Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 4 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES			
Lot Depth (ft) 100 300 Lot Size (sf) 4,000 90,000 BUILDING ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) 0 10 Common Lot Setback (ft) 5 — Rear Setback (ft) 15 — Frontage Buildout % 80 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Permitted in rear yard only; setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) 5' Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 4 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Size (sf) 4,000 90,000 BUILDING ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) 0 10 Common Lot Setback (ft) 5 — Rear Setback (ft) 15 — Frontage Buildout % 80 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Permitted in rear yard only; setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) S' Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 4 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Lot Width (ft)	40	300
BUILDING ENVELOPE Street Setback (ft) Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Frontage Buildout % ACC BLDG ENVELOPE Street Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Permitted in rear yard only; setback 5' Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT PARKING PROVISIONS Location MIN MAX Pincipal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Lot Depth (ft)	100	300
Street Setback (ft) 0 10 Common Lot Setback (ft) 5 — Rear Setback (ft) 15 — Frontage Buildout % 80 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Permitted in rear yard only; setback fear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 4 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Lot Size (sf)	4,000	90,000
Common Lot Setback (ft) 5 — Rear Setback (ft) 15 — Frontage Buildout % 80 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Permitted in rear Common Lot Setback (ft) yard only; setback Frontage Building Footprint (sf) Building Footprint (sf) Building Footprint (sf) Building Height MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 4 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Rear Setback (ft) 15 — Frontage Buildout % 80 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Permitted in rear yard only; setback Tear Setback (ft) S' Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 4 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Street Setback (ft)	0	10
Frontage Buildout % 80 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Permitted in rear yard only; setback 5' Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 4 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Common Lot Setback (ft)	5	_
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE Street Setback (ft) Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location PRIVATE FRONTAGES MIN MAX Permitted in rear yard only; setback 5' MIN MAX 2 4 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Rear Setback (ft)	15	_
Street Setback (ft) Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Frontage Buildout %	80	100
Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 4 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Street Setback (ft)	Permitted in rear	
Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 4 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Common Lot Setback (ft)	yard only;	setback
BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 4 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Rear Setback (ft)	5'	
Principal Building (st) 2 4 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Building Footprint (sf)		
Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Principal Building (st)	2	4
Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES			
	Location	Zone 2, 3	
Common Lawn	PRIVATE FRONTAGES		
0011111011 201111	Common Lawn		

Porch and Fence	
Forecourt	Х
Stoop	Х
Shopfront and Awning	
Gallery	
Arcade	

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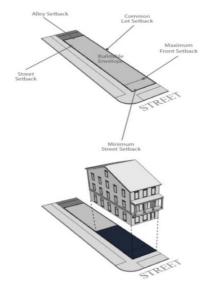


Sec. 110-4.9. Live/work building lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate an attached or detached building with residential uses, commercial uses, or a combination of the two within individually occupied live-work units, all of which may occupy any story of the building.

LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	16	60
Lot Depth (ft)	80	120
Lot Size (sf)	1,280	7,200
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	0	10
Common Lot Setback (ft)	0	1
Rear Setback (ft)	15	_
Frontage Buildout %	70	100
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX

Street Setback (ft)	Not Permitted in street yard	
Common Lot Setback (ft)	5	
Rear Setback (ft)	5	
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
Principal Building (st)	2	4
Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	2
PARKING PROVISIONS		
Location	Zone 2, 3	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES		
Common Lawn		
Porch and Fence		
Forecourt		
Stoop		
Shopfront and Awning	Χ	
Gallery		
Arcade		•



(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

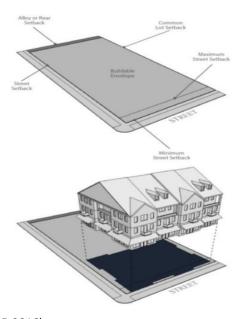
Sec. 110-4.10. Mixed-use building lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate a multi-story building with multiple dwellings in upper stories and various commercial uses in any stories.

LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	16	
Lot Depth (ft)	_	
Lot Size (sf)	_	150,000
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	0	10

Common Lot Setback (ft)	0	_
Rear Setback (ft)	10	_
Frontage Buildout %	90	100
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	Permitted	l in rear
Common Lot Setback (ft)	yard only;	; setback
Rear Setback (ft)	5'	
Building Footprint (sf)		
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
Principal Building (st)	2	6
Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	
PARKING PROVISIONS		
Location	Zone 2, 3	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES		
Common Lawn		
Porch and Fence		
Forecourt		
Stoop		
Shopfront and Awning	Χ	
Gallery	Χ	
Arcade	Χ	

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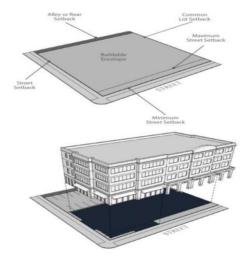


(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-4.11. Multi-story commercial building lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate a multi-story building with commercial and office uses in any story.

LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	16	
Lot Depth (ft)	_	_
Lot Size (sf)	_	150,000
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	0	10
Common Lot Setback (ft)	0	_
Rear Setback (ft)	10	_
Frontage Buildout %	90	100
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	Permitted	in rear
Common Lot Setback (ft)	yard only;	; setback
Rear Setback (ft)	5'	
Building Footprint (sf)	1	
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
Principal Building (st)	2	4
Accessory Building(s) (st)	N/A	
PARKING PROVISIONS		
Location	Zone 2, 3	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES		
Common Lawn		
Porch and Fence		
Forecourt		
Stoop		
Shopfront and Awning	Х	_
Gallery	Х	
Arcade	Х	_
	-	



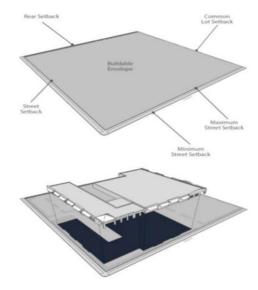
(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-4.12. Large format retail building lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate a large footprint building with one or more uses.

LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	_	500
Lot Depth (ft)	_	500
Lot Size (sf)	_	250,000
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	0	75
Common Lot Setback (ft)	0	_
Rear Setback (ft)	10	_
Frontage Buildout (%)	50	100
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	Permitted	l in rear
Common Lot Setback (ft)	yard only	; setback
Rear Setback (ft)	5'	
Building Footprint (sf)		
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
Principal Building (st)	1	2
Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	
PARKING PROVISIONS		
Location	Zone 1 (2	bays only
	for suburl	
	corridor)	2, 3, 4
PRIVATE FRONTAGES		
Common Lawn		
Porch and Fence		
Forecourt		
Stoop		
Shopfront and Awning	Χ	
Gallery	Χ	
Arcade		

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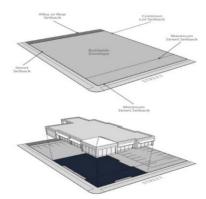


Sec. 110-4.13. Commercial building lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate single use office and retail that are predominately located on corridors as part of a retail complex.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	50	300
Lot Depth (ft)	100	300
Lot Size (sf)	5,000	90,000
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	0	75
Common Lot Setback (ft)	0	1
Rear Setback (ft)	15	_
Frontage Buildout (%)	50	100
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	Permitted	l in rear
Common Lot Setback (ft)	yard only; setback 5'	
Rear Setback (ft)		
	1	
Building Footprint (sf)		
Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
<u> </u>	MIN 1	MAX 2
BUILDING HEIGHT		
BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st)	1	
BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	2
BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS	1	2 bays only
BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS	1 1 Zone 1 (2	bays only
BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS	1 1 Zone 1 (2 for suburb	bays only
BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location	1 1 Zone 1 (2 for suburb	bays only
BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location PRIVATE FRONTAGES	1 1 Zone 1 (2 for suburb	bays only
BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn	1 1 Zone 1 (2 for suburb	bays only
BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence	1 1 Zone 1 (2 for suburb	bays only
BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt	1 1 Zone 1 (2 for suburb	bays only
BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop	Zone 1 (2 for suburl corridor)	bays only

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Arcade	
I Alcaue	



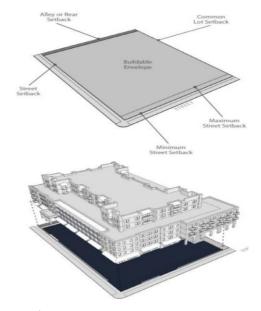
(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-4.14. Pedestal building lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate the tallest permissible building whose primary façade must be stepped back to reduce its apparent bulk when viewed from the sidewalk.

LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	_	500
Lot Depth (ft)	_	500
Lot Size (sf)	_	250,000
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	0	10
Common Lot Setback (ft)	0	_
Rear Setback (ft)	10	_
Frontage Buildout (%)	90	100
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	Not	
Common Lot Setback (ft)	Permitted	
Rear Setback (ft)		
Building Footprint (sf)		
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
Principal Building (st)	4	6
Accessory Building(s) (st)	N/A	
PARKING PROVISIONS		
Location	Zone 2, 3	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES		
Common Lawn		
Porch and Fence		
Forecourt		
Stoop		
Shopfront and Awning	Χ	
Gallery	Х	
Arcade	Х	

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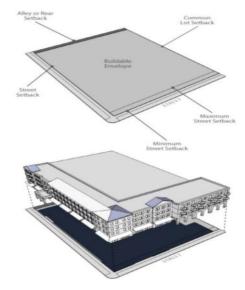
Sec. 110-4.15. Liner building lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate a large footprint building such as a parking garage, cinema, supermarket, etc., which is surrounded by a liner building which conceals large expanses of blank walls and faces the street with ample windows and doors opening onto the sidewalk.

LOT REQUIREMENTS Lot Width (ft) Lot Depth (ft) Lot Depth (ft) Lot Size (sf) BUILDING ENVELOPE Street Setback (ft) Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Frontage Buildout (%) ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Frontage Setback (ft) Common Lot Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT Permitted MIN MAX MAX MAX MAX MIN MAX MAX Street Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES			
Lot Depth (ft) — 500 Lot Size (sf) — 250,000 BUILDING ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) 0 10 Common Lot Setback (ft) 10 — Rear Setback (ft) 10 — Frontage Buildout (%) 90 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Not Common Lot Setback (ft) Permitted Rear Setback (ft) Permitted Rear Setback (ft) MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 5 Accessory Building(s) (st) N/A PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Size (sf) — 250,000 BUILDING ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) 0 10 Common Lot Setback (ft) 0 — Rear Setback (ft) 10 — Frontage Buildout (%) 90 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Not Common Lot Setback (ft) Permitted Rear Setback (ft) Permitted Rear Setback (ft) MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 5 Accessory Building(s) (st) N/A PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Lot Width (ft)	_	500
BUILDING ENVELOPE Street Setback (ft) Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Frontage Buildout (%) ACC BLDG ENVELOPE Street Setback (ft) Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Not Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Lot Depth (ft)	_	500
Street Setback (ft) 0 10 Common Lot Setback (ft) 0 — Rear Setback (ft) 10 — Frontage Buildout (%) 90 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Not Common Lot Setback (ft) Permitted Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 5 Accessory Building(s) (st) N/A PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Lot Size (sf)	_	250,000
Common Lot Setback (ft) 0 — Rear Setback (ft) 10 — Frontage Buildout (%) 90 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Not Common Lot Setback (ft) Permitted Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 5 Accessory Building(s) (st) N/A PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Rear Setback (ft) 10 — Frontage Buildout (%) 90 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Not Common Lot Setback (ft) Permitted Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 5 Accessory Building(s) (st) N/A PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Street Setback (ft)	0	10
Frontage Buildout (%) 90 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Not Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 5 Accessory Building(s) (st) N/A PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Common Lot Setback (ft)	0	_
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE Street Setback (ft) Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Rear Setback (ft)	10	_
Street Setback (ft) Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Frontage Buildout (%)	90	100
Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 5 Accessory Building(s) (st) N/A PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 5 Accessory Building(s) (st) N/A PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Street Setback (ft)	Not	
Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 5 Accessory Building(s) (st) N/A PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Common Lot Setback (ft)	Permitted	
BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 2 5 Accessory Building(s) (st) N/A PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Rear Setback (ft)		
Principal Building (st) 2 5 Accessory Building(s) (st) N/A PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Building Footprint (sf)		
Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location PRIVATE FRONTAGES N/A Zone 2, 3	BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Principal Building (st)	2	5
Location Zone 2, 3 PRIVATE FRONTAGES	Accessory Building(s) (st)	N/A	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES	PARKING PROVISIONS		
	Location	Zone 2, 3	
Common Lawn	PRIVATE FRONTAGES		
Common Lawn	Common Lawn		

Porch and Fence	
Forecourt	
Stoop	
Shopfront and Awning	Х
Gallery	Х
Arcade	Х

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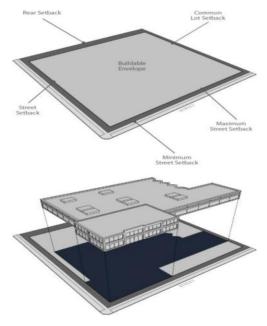


Sec. 110-4.16. Industrial building lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate industrial uses.

LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	_	500
Lot Depth (ft)	_	500
Lot Size (sf)	_	250,000
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	10	-
Common Lot Setback (ft)	10	_
Rear Setback (ft)	25	_
Frontage Buildout (%)	_	_
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	Permitted in rear	
Common Lot Setback (ft)	yard only; setback	
Rear Setback (ft)	5'	
Building Footprint (sf)		
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
Principal Building (st)	1	2
Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	
PARKING PROVISIONS		
PARKING PROVISIONS		

PRIVATE FRONTAGES	
Common Lawn	
Porch and Fence	
Forecourt	
Stoop	
Shopfront and Awning	
Gallery	
Arcade	



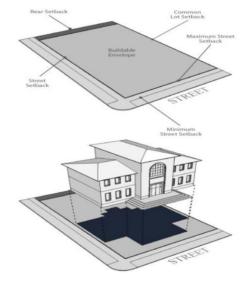
(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-4.17. Civic building lot.

A building lot located and designed to accommodate a building containing public or civic uses such as community services, day care, education, government, places of worship, or social services.

LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	_	
Lot Depth (ft)	_	_
Lot Size (sf)	_	_
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	0	_
Common Lot Setback (ft)	0	_
Rear Setback (ft)	10	1
Frontage Buildout (%)	_	_
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	Permitted in rear	
Common Lot Setback (ft)	yard only; setback	
Rear Setback (ft)	5'	

Building Footprint (sf)		
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
Principal Building (st)	1	4
Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	
PARKING PROVISIONS		
Location	Zone 1, 2	, 3, 4
PRIVATE FRONTAGES		
Common Lawn	Χ	
Porch and Fence	Χ	
Forecourt	Χ	
Stoop	Χ	
Shopfront and Awning	Χ	
Gallery	Χ	
Arcade	Х	



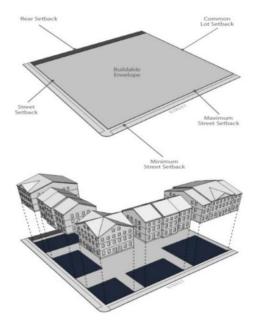
(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-4.18. Apartment complex.

A complex is located and designed for development over five acres in size and accommodates one or more multifamily building lot type.

LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	_	
Lot Depth (ft)	_	
Lot Size (sf)	_	
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	0	25
Common Lot Setback (ft)	0	_
Rear Setback (ft)	15	_
Frontage Buildout (%)	50	100
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)		

Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft)	Permitted in rear yard only; setback	
Building Footprint (sf)	10'	
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN MAX	
Principal Building (st)	1	3
Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	
PARKING PROVISIONS		
Location	Zone 1, 2, 3, 4	
PRIVATE FRONTAGES		
Common Lawn		
Porch and Fence		
Forecourt	Х	
Stoop	Χ	
Shopfront and Awning		
Gallery		
Arcade		



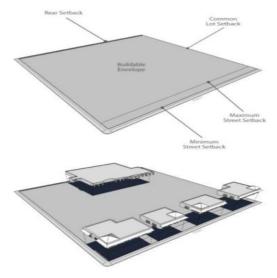
(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-4.19. Retail complex.

A complex is located and designed for development over five acres in size and accommodates commercial buildings, large format retail building lot type, mixed use building lot types, and multi-story commercial building lot types. A block structure will be required for this type of development.

LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width (ft)	_	
Lot Depth (ft)	_	
Lot Size (ac)	5	

BUILDING ENVELOPE Street Setback (ft) Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Frontage Buildout (%) ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 1 (2 bays only) 2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Arcade			
Common Lot Setback (ft) 0 — Rear Setback (ft) 15 — Frontage Buildout (%) 50 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Permitted in rear yard only; setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) 10' Building Footprint (sf) 10' BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 1 3 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 1 (2 bays only) 2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Rear Setback (ft) 15 — Frontage Buildout (%) 50 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Permitted in rear yard only; setback 10' Building Footprint (sf) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 1 3 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 1 (2 bays only) 2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	Street Setback (ft)	0	75
Frontage Buildout (%) 50 100 ACC BLDG ENVELOPE MIN MAX Street Setback (ft) Permitted in rear yard only; setback 10' Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 1 3 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 1 (2 bays only) 2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	Common Lot Setback (ft)	0	_
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE Street Setback (ft) Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 1 (2 bays only) 2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning Gallery X	Rear Setback (ft)	15	_
Street Setback (ft) Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 1 (2 bays only) 2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning Gallery X	Frontage Buildout (%)	50	100
Common Lot Setback (ft) Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT Principal Building (st) Accessory Building(s) (st) PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 1 (2 bays only) 2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning Gallery X	ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Rear Setback (ft) Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 1 3 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 1 (2 bays only) 2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	Street Setback (ft)	Permitted	l in rear
Building Footprint (sf) BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 1 3 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 1 (2 bays only) 2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	Common Lot Setback (ft)	yard only	; setback
BUILDING HEIGHT MIN MAX Principal Building (st) 1 3 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 1 (2 bays only) 2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	Rear Setback (ft)	10'	
Principal Building (st) 1 Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 1 (2 bays only) 2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	Building Footprint (sf)		
Accessory Building(s) (st) 1 PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 1 (2 bays only) 2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
PARKING PROVISIONS Location Zone 1 (2 bays only) 2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	Principal Building (st)	1	3
Location Zone 1 (2 bays only) 2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	
only) 2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	PARKING PROVISIONS		
2, 3, 4 PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	Location	,	bays
PRIVATE FRONTAGES Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X			
Common Lawn Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X		2, 3, 4	
Porch and Fence Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	PRIVATE FRONTAGES		
Forecourt Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	Common Lawn		
Stoop Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	Porch and Fence		
Shopfront and Awning X Gallery X	Forecourt		
Gallery X	Stoop		
·	Shopfront and Awning	Х	
Arcade	Gallery	Х	•
	Arcade		



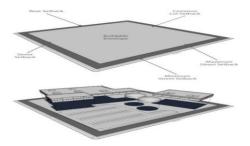
(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-4.20. Industrial complex.

A complex is located and designed for development over five acres in size and accommodates multiple industrial building types in one complex.

LOT REQUIREMENTS	MIN	MAX
Lot Width(ft)	_	_
Lot Depth (ft)	_	_
Lot Size (ac)	5	_
BUILDING ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	25	_
Common Lot Setback (ft)	25	_
Rear Setback (ft)	25	_
Frontage Buildout (%)	_	_
ACC BLDG ENVELOPE	MIN	MAX
Street Setback (ft)	Permitted in rear	
Common Lot Setback (ft)	yard only	; setback
Rear Setback (ft)	10'	
Building Footprint (sf)		
BUILDING HEIGHT	MIN	MAX
Principal Building (st)	1	3
Accessory Building(s) (st)	1	
PARKING PROVISIONS		
Location	Zone 1, 2,	3, 4
PRIVATE FRONTAGES		
Common Lawn		
Porch and Fence		
Forecourt		
Stoop		
Shopfront and Awning		
Gallery		
Arcade		

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(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-5. Accessory use regulations and standards.

Editor's note(s)—Provisions pertaining to accessory use regulations and standards are set forth in the subsequent sections, sections 110-5.1—110-5.16, below.

Sec. 110-5.1. Purpose and general standards.

- (a) Purpose. It is the purpose of this section to regulate the installation, configuration, and use of accessory structures and the conduct of accessory uses in order to ensure that any adverse impacts created are minimal both aesthetically and physically to residents and surrounding properties.
- (b) General standards and requirements. Any number of different accessory structures may be located on a parcel, provided that the following requirements and restrictions are adhered to:
 - (1) An accessory structure or use shall be considered incidental to the principal dwellings and must be in full compliance with all standards and requirements of this land development regulation and all other regulations of the city.
 - (2) All accessory structures shall comply with standards pertaining to the principal structure and/or development unless exempted or superseded elsewhere in this land development regulation.
 - (3) Accessory structures other than fences shall not be located in a required setback, buffer or landscape area, except that accessory structures 30 inches or less than above the general ground level (i.e. decks) shall not be required to meet setbacks.
 - (4) Accessory structures shall be included in all calculations of impervious surface and stormwater runoff.
 - (5) Accessory structures shall be shown on all development plans with full supporting documentation as required in chapter 102 of this land development regulation.
 - (6) All accessory uses and structures shall obtain a building permit or other permit or license.
 - (7) Agricultural accessory use/structure. Customary accessory uses/structures may include, but are not limited to the following: swimming pools, spas/hot tubs, tennis courts, fences, utility/storage buildings, greenhouses, gardens, garages, satellite dishes/antennas, boathouses, docks, catwalks and elevated walkways.
 - (8) Residential district accessory use/structure (Single-family). Customary accessory uses/structures may include, but are not limited to the following: swimming pools, spas/hot tubs, decks, tennis courts, fences, utility/storage buildings, greenhouses, gardens, garages, satellite dishes/antennas, boathouses, docks, catwalks or elevated walkways.
 - (9) Residential district accessory use/structure (multi-family). Customary accessory uses/structures may include, but are not limited to the following: swimming pools, spas/hot tubs, decks, tennis courts, fences, clubhouses, recreational and laundry rooms, sales/rental offices, utility/storage buildings, greenhouses, gardens, garages, satellite dishes/antennas, boathouses, docks, catwalks, or elevated walkways.
 - (10) Commercial district accessory use/structure. Customary accessory uses/structures may include, but are not limited to the following: fences, utility/storage buildings, garages, canopies, gas pumps, satellite dishes/antennas.
 - (11) Industrial district accessory use/structure. Customary accessory uses/structures may include, but are not limited to the following: fences, utility/storage buildings, garages, canopies, gas pumps, satellite dishes/antennas.
 - (12) Mixed use district accessory use/structure. Customary accessory uses/structures may include, but are not limited to the following: swimming pools, spas/hot tubs, tennis courts, fences, utility/storage buildings, greenhouses, gardens, garages, satellite dishes/antennas, boathouses, docks, catwalks, and elevated walkways.

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(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016; Ord. No. 21-09, § 1, 6-17-2021)

Sec. 110-5.2. Accessory apartment/dwelling unit.

- (a) Accessory apartments. Accessory apartments may be allowed in conjunction with single-family homes provided that all of the following standards are met:
 - (1) No more than one accessory apartment shall be permitted per residential lot.
 - (2) The accessory apartment shall be designed, constructed, and located so as not to interfere with the appearance of the principal structure.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016; Ord. No. 21-09, § 1, 6-17-2021)

Sec. 110-5.3. Alcoholic beverage sales.

- (a) State liquor law adopted. The provisions of F.S. chapters 561, 562, 567, 568 and 569 respectively, as amended, are hereby enacted and adopted as the law of the city insofar as the same may pertain to cities and towns within the State of Florida and shall be held to be the law and ordinances of the city regulating alcoholic beverages.
- (b) State beverage license required. Any person desiring to engage in the business of manufacturing, selling, ordering, exchanging, dealing in or delivering liquors, wines, beers, or other beverages containing more than one percent of alcohol by weight, within the corporate limits of the city, shall, before engaging in business, apply for and secure a license from the State of Florida.
- (c) Hours of sale and operation.
 - (1) Sale of alcoholic beverages at establishments selling alcohol for off-site consumption may be made only between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 12:00 midnight.
 - (2) Beverage licensees, or employees or agents of such licensees may sell, offer for sale, serve, or permit to be sold or served, any alcoholic beverage in a place operating under the beverage license for consumption onsite only during the hours of 7:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m.
 - (3) No establishment which deals in alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption in the city shall remain open for business or admit the public, permit the public to remain within, or permit any individual to possess or consume alcoholic beverages in or upon such premises after 2:00 a.m.; provided, however, restaurants, hotels and motels may be kept open for business beyond such hours, but shall otherwise be subject to those time restrictions applicable to the sale, service, consumption, and possession of alcoholic beverages as set forth in this Land Development Code.
 - (4) Sales may be allowed from midnight to 3:00 a.m. on January 1 of any year.
- (d) Distances from schools. No establishment holding any type of beverage license issued by the beverage department of the state authorizing and permitting the establishment to sell alcoholic beverages may be located within 528 feet (one-tenth of one mile) of any public school serving kindergarten through twelfth grades.
- (e) Distances from churches and other establishments.
 - (1) Any establishment which sells alcoholic beverages for "on premises consumption" shall be located not less than 528 feet (one-tenth of one mile) from any church or school, except this provision shall not apply to churches operating in strip commercial centers. This distance requirement shall not apply to establishments that are required to maintain a minimum of 50 percent of its gross revenues to be from food sales. Other exceptions to this requirement are businesses located in planned developments (PDs) within which the intended land uses are pre-planned in a coordinated and integrated fashion and set out in the authorizing land use agreement, ordinance or resolution.
 - (2) The distance requirements as provided for above shall be measured by public route from the front door of the establishment to the front door of the school or church.

- (3) The distance requirements above may be waived by the city commission in the granting of a commercial land use designation.
- (f) Variances. The city commission may waive the hours of sale as set out in herein for a special event. A special event must be designated by the city commission and may not exceed a three-day period. The city commission must designate the area to which the waiver shall apply and set such other rules and regulations as it deems appropriate to grant the "special event variance".
- (g) Enforcement. Notwithstanding any other law enforcement procedures, any provision of chapter 109 may be enforced under the authority of the code enforcement board in accordance with the Code of Ordinances of the city.

Sec. 110-5.4. Amenities.

Residential, mixed-use, and nonresidential development projects may provide amenities for the exclusive use of the employees and/or residents of the project, unless otherwise authorized within a planned development overlay.

- (a) Dining rooms/cafeterias/snack shops, etc. A development may provide a central dining facility to serve the employees and/or residents of the project subject to the following restrictions:
 - (1) The facility shall not be open to the general public.
 - (2) There shall be no off-site signs advertising the presence of the facility.
- (b) Community centers/recreation centers. A development a may provide a central facility to provide a meeting place and indoor recreation opportunities for residents or employees subject to the following restrictions:
 - (1) Such facilities shall not include health clubs, gyms, and the like, offering services to the general public.
 - (2) Parking to serve the building shall be provided as required in chapter 115 of this land development regulation.
 - (3) There shall be no identification signs, other than directional signs.
- (c) Fitness centers. A development may provide a fitness or exercise center for the use of employees or residents subject to the following restrictions:
 - (1) Such facilities shall not be open to the general public.
 - (2) There shall be no signs, other than directional or occupant signs, identifying the facility.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-5.5. Bed and breakfast.

- (a) Eligibility criteria: All residential structures requesting a bed and breakfast conditional use permit, shall meet one of the following criteria:
 - (1) A structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places.
 - (2) A structure listed on the city's Historic Survey as National Register eligible.
 - (3) A structure located in a National Register Historic District and identified as a contributing structure.
 - (4) A structure located in a National Register Eligible Historic District and identified as a contributing structure.
 - (5) A structure that was constructed over 50 years ago and restored to original condition as specified in the U.S. Department of the Interior's "Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings" (as revised and amended).
 - (6) A structure designated by the city as a local landmark or located in a local historic district and identified as a contributing structure in the city. In the event a property has not been designated, the conditional use

- permit shall be granted contingent upon the property receiving local landmark status prior to the property being occupied as a bed and breakfast.
- (7) A structure determined by the city to be of appropriate size and design to accommodate a "bed and breakfast" function.
- (b) All applications for a bed and breakfast conditional use permit involving historic districts or structures shall be submitted to the city historic preservation board for review and recommendation to the city commission prior to granting the conditional use permit. After review by the historic preservation board, it shall be the duty of the city commission to establish conditions to be imposed on the applicant if a conditional use permit is granted.
- (c) All residential structures requesting a bed and breakfast conditional use permit, must be occupied by an owner or full-time resident manager residing either within the principal structure or an adjacent structure on the same lot.
- (d) Development standards.
 - (1) The residential character, integrity, and appearance of the property and the structure contained thereon shall not be altered by the operation of the proposed bed and breakfast inn. However, certain improvements may be required to accommodate the additional demands of a bed and breakfast inn. All improvements shall be designed and constructed to minimize adverse effects to adjacent properties, e.g., glare, noise, fumes, odors, stormwater runoff, etc. and be consistent with the U.S. Department of the Interior's "Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings" (as revised and amended) if applicable.
 - (2) Adequate ingress and egress shall be provided to the property and structures thereon, with particular references to vehicular and pedestrian safety and convenience, traffic flow and control, and emergency access in case of fire, medical, or other unforeseen circumstances.
 - (3) Adequate off-street parking for owners, employees, and guests shall be provided as follows:
 - a. Three spaces for owner, manager, and employee parking.
 - b. One space per guest room for guest parking.
 - (4) Adequate utilities (water, wastewater, electricity, refuse storage/collection, etc.) shall be provided to meet the minimum requirements of the city's health and sanitation ordinances. Residential structures shall meet the minimum requirements of the city's building, safety, and fire prevention codes. The applicant shall submit documentation showing the city building and fire prevention officials have conducted an inspection and the facility meets all minimum city requirements.
 - (5) The property owner shall obtain all required licenses (specifically including city and state requirements). Prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy or a city business tax receipt, the applicant shall submit documentation showing that the division of hotels and restaurants has conducted an inspection and the facility meets the requirements of state law.
 - (6) Bed and breakfast inns shall be limited to one sign, with a maximum size of four square feet. Illumination of the sign will only be artificial lighting located external to the sign face (i.e., indirect lighting) as set forth under the conditional use permit.
 - (7) Adequate screening and buffering may be required to minimize any adverse effects to adjacent properties. Buffering shall be accomplished by installing fences, berms, landscaping or a combination of these for the purpose of separating adjacent residential properties from the proposed bed and breakfast inn. All exterior lighting shall be designed and installed to be unobtrusive to adjacent properties.
 - (8) All rooms designated for guest occupancy shall provide a minimum inside measurement of 80 square feet of usable floor space. Guest rooms with more than one bed shall provide a minimum inside measurement of 60 square feet of usable floor space per bed.
 - (9) Bed and breakfast inns shall have one central kitchen, where all meals are regularly prepared and served in a communal or family style (no service or ordering of individual portions from a menu). Guest rooms shall not be equipped with any cooking or cold food storage facilities.

- (10) All residential property and the structures contained therein requesting a bed and breakfast conditional use permit must comply with all city regulations and ordinances, specifically the city's comprehensive plan and land development regulations.
- (11) Approval of a conditional use permit for a bed and breakfast inn shall authorize only the specific uses described within the permit. Any other use shall be considered a violation of the Conditional use permit, which is subject to revocation.
- (12) Any improvement, alteration, or rehabilitation of historic structures shall be consistent with the U.S. Department of the Interior's "Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings" (as revised and amended).

Sec. 110-5.6. Boat houses, docks and piers.

Boat houses, docks and piers. Boat houses, docks, and piers shall be considered incidental uses to the primary structure. Boat houses or covered boat docks, subject to approval of other interested governmental authorities, will be permitted on any lake within the city; provided that construction on Lake Eustis requires approval from the St. Johns River Water Management District/Department of Environmental Protection. In residential areas on connected waters (canals, streams or other inlets or basins that have water access to a lake), the maximum height of a boat house or similar structure, above the high-water level established by the St. Johns River Water Management District shall be 12 feet. Boat houses, slips, piers, or similar structures built on streams or canals shall be built entirely within the riparian lines; accessory structure setback requirements herein do not apply riparian lines.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016; Ord. No. 21-09, § 1, 6-17-2021)

Sec. 110-5.7. Fences.

- (a) The posts or any portion of each fence which contacts the ground shall be of a material or chemical treatment that is ground contact resistant to decay, corrosion, and termite infestation. The posts, if wooden, must also be pressure treated for strength and endurance.
- (b) Fences shall be permitted as follows/as depicted on the graphic:
 - In a primary street setback, at a maximum height of 4-feet.
 - In a secondary street setback, open fencing may be 6-feet high, but opaque fencing shall be limited to a height of 4-feet; 4-foot opaque fences in secondary street setbacks may be topped with additional 2-feet of open or lattice type fencing.
 - In a rear or common yard setback, open fences may be 8-feet tall; 6-foot opaque fences may be topped with additional 2-feet of open or lattice type fencing.
 - Fences located in landscape buffers along public streets associated with nonresidential or complex building types in suburban design districts are subject to limitations in chapter 115.
 - Fences installed for the sole purpose of screening of trash can storage areas, mechanical equipment, or utilities
 shall be exempt from permitting, provided such fence is clearly not within a required setback and does not
 exceed maximum height. If necessary to screen existing utilities, the development services director may
 approve fencing exceeding maximum height in setbacks.





4-foot solid fence or 4-foot open fence

6-foot solid fence

6-foot solid fence topped with 2-foot lattice

- (c) In areas where the property faces two roadways, or is located in any other area construed to be a corner lot, no fence exceeding four feet high shall be located in the vision triangle, specified in chapter 115, and identified as clear sight zone.
- (d) The smooth side of fence shall face a right-of-way or private road, except split rail.
- (e) A fence constructed for protection and safety from hazard by another public agency may not be subject to the aforementioned height limitations. Approval to exceed the minimum height standards may be given by the director of development services upon receipt of satisfactory evidence of the need to exceed height standards.
- (f) No fence or hedge shall be constructed or installed in such a manner as to interfere with drainage on the site.
- (g) Should the fence encroach on any public easement, the owner shall assume all expense of any necessary removal (either temporary or permanent) or relocation.
- (h) Barbed wire shall be permitted in association with fences as follows:
 - (1) In association with bona-fide agricultural uses;
 - (2) In conservation (CON) land use districts;

- (3) In general industrial (GI) land use districts atop fences 6 feet or taller;
- (4) On properties where an industrial building lot or industrial complex lot typology has been approved via development plan, site plan, or preliminary subdivision plat atop fences 6 feet or taller;
- (5) On properties containing water/wastewater treatment plants or electric substations atop fences 6 feet or taller;
- (6) On properties with barbed wire fencing installed prior to December 15, 2016, which, upon administrative verification by development services, shall be deemed legally non-conforming and shall be permitted to be repaired or replaced as needed.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016; Ord. No. 21-09, § 1, 6-17-2021)

Sec. 110-5.8. Garages

- (a) Garages. All single family dwellings, including mobile homes, duplexes, triplexes, row houses and the like, constructed after the effective date of this section, shall possess a garage as follows:
 - (1) Minimum size 300 square feet (12 feet × 18 feet for automobile parking and 12 feet × 7 feet for storage).
 - (2) Equipped with an operational overhead door with minimum dimensions of 9 feet × 7 feet, which door, when closed, conceals the interior of the garage.
- (b) Should any property owner enclose or reduce the size of any existing garage or carport below the square footage requirements of this section, then the owner shall mitigate the loss of the garage by providing for on-site parking and outside storage as follows:
 - (1) Construct a new garage on the property sufficient to meet the square footage requirements of this section; or
 - (2) If in a designated historic district, in an urban design district, or on a legal lot of record that is below the minimum suburban standard, or if enclosing a carport, then the owner may take the following actions in lieu of replacing the garage:
 - a. Designate two on-site parking spaces at least 9 feet × 18 feet each in the driveway area or on the residential lot behind the building frontage; and
 - b. Provide outside storage by either constructing a storage shed with minimum dimensions of 10 feet × 10 feet in accordance with the Land Development Regulations for accessory structures or by providing outside access to a designated, separated storage area within the enclosed garage or carport (minimum dimensions 12 feet × 7 feet).

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-5.9. Home occupations.

- (a) The use of a residence for a home occupation shall be clearly incidental and subordinate to its use as a residential structure by the occupants and shall under no circumstances change the residential character of the structure.
- (b) There shall be no change in the outside appearance of the building or premises, or other visible evidence of the conduct of such home occupation, other than a sign as provided for in section 115-11.3.
- (c) No home occupation shall occupy more than 35 percent of the total floor area of the dwelling unit.
- (d) No traffic shall be generated by such home occupation in greater volumes than would normally be expected in a residential neighborhood.
- (e) No equipment, tools, or process shall be used in such a home occupation that creates interference with neighboring properties due to noise, vibration, glare, fumes, odors, or electrical interference.

- (f) Fabrication of articles commonly classified under the terms arts and handicrafts shall be deemed a home occupation provided no retail sales (other than mail-order/internet sales) are made at the home.
- (g) Outdoor storage of equipment or materials shall be permitted if enclosed by an opaque wall, fence, or landscaping of sufficient maturity, density and height to screen such areas from view of the public right-of-way and adjacent properties.
- (h) The following shall not be considered home occupations: Beauty shops, barber shops, studio for group instruction, public dining facility or tea room, photographic studio, fortune telling or similar activity which would rely on impulse buying, outdoor repair, food processing, retail sales (other than mail-order or internet sales), nursery school, or kindergarten.
- (i) The giving of individual instruction to one person at a time, such as an art or music teacher, shall be deemed a home occupation; individual instruction as a home occupation for those activities listed in paragraph (h) above shall be prohibited.
- A home occupation shall be subject to all applicable city/county licensing requirements, fees, and other business taxes.

Sec. 110-5.10. Outdoor display.

Outdoor display of the following products may be approved by the development services director or designee when requested by a business owner, via submittal of a site plan indicating the location and dimensions of such display (with a BTR application for new businesses, or at any time for existing businesses), provided that the location of such displays meet the minimum setback requirements on the property subject to the request, and do not interfere with vehicular or pedestrian traffic or required parking. Merchandise associated with an approved special event permit for a seasonal sale or other event shall not be subject to this section.

- (a) Products customarily used outdoors such as pools, spas, lawn furniture, concrete fixtures, landscape or garden supplies and equipment, lumber products, fencing, sheds, and recreational equipment/vehicles.
- (b) New and used motor vehicles, boats, recreational vehicles, mobile homes, and other such vehicles.
- (c) Other retail merchandise subject to the following restrictions:
 - (1) Maximum area: The area devoted to outdoor display of merchandise shall not exceed a foot print of 32 square feet per business.
 - (2) Maximum height: the maximum height for any portion of an outdoor merchandise display is six feet.
 - (3) Dimensions: Outdoor merchandise display areas shall not extend more than five feet from the adjacent store front.
 - (4) Display: Merchandise shall be displayed on shelves or tables and/or arranged neatly.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-5.11. Outdoor storage.

Outside storage of equipment or materials (not to include display merchandise) shall be permitted, when in compliance with the following requirements:

- (a) An opaque wall shall enclose all storage areas, opaque fence, or landscaping of sufficient maturity, density and height to screen such areas from any public right-of-way or adjoining property, unless other applicable sections of these regulations require stricter screening requirements for specific uses or accessory uses.
- (b) All equipment or materials shall be secured, if necessary, to withstand winds.

- (c) Screening shall not be required around storage areas for operable motor vehicles (i.e. fleet vehicles used in association with a business).
- (d) Storage of licensed and inoperable motor vehicles waiting repair within screened areas on the site of motor vehicle repair facilities and motor vehicle service centers, provided that no such vehicle shall be stored for more than 28 consecutive days. Motor vehicles shall be not be stored for a period exceeding 28 consecutive days unless they are screened from view of the public right-of-way and adjacent properties. If screened by fencing or walls, landscape buffer requirements of the applicable design district shall be required between the property line and fence or wall.

Sec. 110-5.12. Pergolas.

A pergola is an architectural element used to define outdoor space, consisting of four columns or posts, topped with beams and open rafters, over which vines or other plants are trained. All pergolas shall comply with street setback requirements as determined by design district/lot type; compliance with the common lot and rear lot setbacks is required for pergolas larger than 100 square feet and taller than 8 feet.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-5.13. Short-term, mid-term, and long-term storage containers.

It is the purpose of this section to regulate the placement of storage containers on properties to ensure that any adverse impacts created are minimal both aesthetically and physically to residents and surrounding properties.

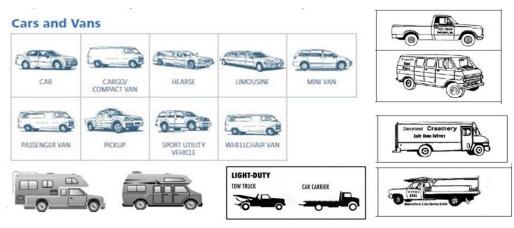
- (1) Only authorized short-term, mid-term and long-term storage containers permitted. No person shall place or maintain a storage container except in conformity with this section. Existing non-conforming long-term storage containers shall be removed or brought into compliance with this section no later than June 16, 2022.
- (2) The owner and operator of any site on which a storage container is placed shall be responsible to ensure that the container is in good condition, free from evidence of deterioration, weathering, discoloration, rust, ripping, tearing or other holes or breaks.
- (3) When not in use, containers shall be kept locked.
- (4) Containers shall not be vertically stacked.
- (5) The owner and operator of any site on which container is placed shall also be responsible that no hazardous substances are stored or kept within the container.
- (6) Short-term storage containers (portable storage units or PODs) shall be permitted as follows:
 - a. In all districts.
 - b. Duration: Once per year for a duration of no more than 30 days.
 - c. Maximum size: 8 feet wide, 16 feet long, 8 feet high.
 - d. All short-term storage containers (portable storage units) shall be removed immediately upon the issuance of a hurricane warning by a recognized government agency.
- (7) Mid-term storage containers on active construction sites shall be permitted as follows:
 - a. In all districts.
 - b. Duration: As needed with active permit and active, ongoing construction.
 - c. Number: One per homesite or small commercial project; maximum of three subdivision projects.
 - d. Maximum size: 10 feet wide, 25 feet long, 8.5 feet high, or 40 feet long if a combination office/storage container is utilized.

- (8) Long-term storage containers with required screening shall be permitted as follows:
 - a. In general industrial (GI), mixed commercial/industrial (MCI) and agricultural (AG).
 - b. Site plan review required.
 - c. Containers shall be fully screened from the view of the public right-of-way and adjacent properties by a masonry or brick enclosure of sufficient height and opacity. The development review committee may, via the administrative site plan or development plan approval process, administratively waive screening requirements when supported by site conditions (containers cannot be seen from public right-of-way or adjacent property). If the site conditions change and the containers are visible from the public right-of-way or adjacent property, such administrative waiver shall be revoked.
 - d. Number of containers shall be limited to the extent that maximum impervious surface area of the parcel is not exceeded.
 - e. Maximum size: 10 feet wide, 40 feet long, 8.5 feet high.
- (9) Long-term storage containers without required screening shall be permitted as follows:
 - In general industrial (GI) and mixed commercial/industrial (MCI) with conditional use permit approval by city commission.
 - b. Site plan review required.
 - Number of containers shall be limited to the extent that maximum impervious surface area of the parcel is not exceeded.
 - d. Maximum size: Per conditional use permit conditions.

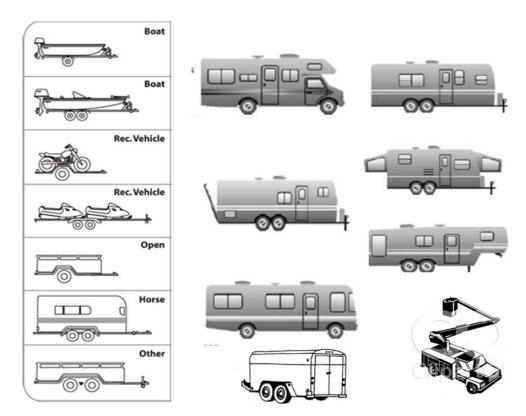
(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016; Ord. No. 21-09, § 1, 6-17-2021; Ord. No. 21-40, § 1, 12-16-2021)

Sec. 110-5.14. Residential vehicle storage/parking.

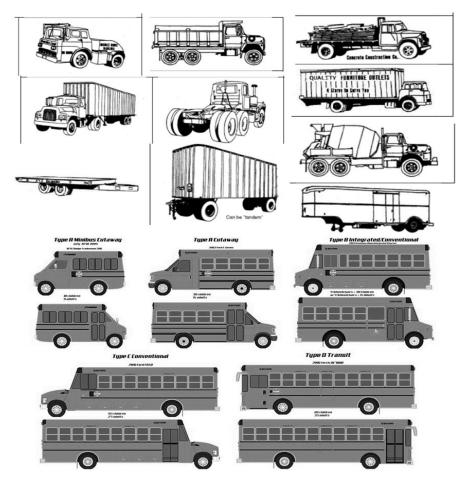
- (a) Vehicle storage/parking in residential areas (including mixed-use land use districts developed for residential uses) shall be permitted as follows; provided such vehicles comply with section 34-3 of the Code of Ordinances:
 - Passenger vehicles and light duty work vehicles, having only two axles and no tandem axles, such as those
 depicted below with no setback required.



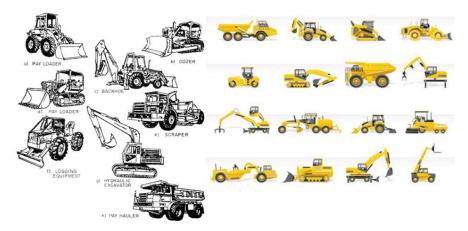
(2) Recreational vehicles and utility trailers such as those depicted below, behind the building frontage on all lots except homestead lots, which must maintain a 25-foot street yard setback (on through lots and corner lots, behind the building frontage on the primary street with a 25-foot secondary street yard setback), provided that any open trailer loaded with debris, equipment or other materials must be screened from view of the right-of-way and neighboring properties.



- a. At no time shall such vehicles be occupied or used for living, sleeping or housekeeping purposes. The use of a trailer or mobile home as a dwelling or living unit on any lot other than a licensed and approved mobile home park, mobile home subdivision, or recreational vehicle park, within the MH/RV mobile home/recreational vehicle land use district shall not be permitted.
- b. At no time shall such vehicles be connected to any water, sewer or gas utility services unless they are within a MH/RV mobile home/recreational vehicle land use district.
- c. The city commission may authorize motor homes, trailers, or other conveyances during city-authorized or other special events at specific sites for a specified time period.
- d. All recreational vehicles described herein, which are parked on residential property shall be licensed in accordance with all laws of the State of Florida.
- (3) Heavy duty vehicles, as determined by the development services director, busses, and trailers such as those depicted below are not permitted. Semi-trucks and trailers shall not be parked/stored in any residential area or mixed-use land use district developed as residential. No semi-trucks, trailers or other motor vehicle designed primarily for drawing other trailers or vehicles shall be parked or stopped in the in residential areas unless such semi-truck or trailer is actively in the process of loading or unloading and then such vehicle may only be stopped or parked for such period of time as is necessary to complete the process of loading or unloading the vehicle. Under no circumstances may a semi-truck or trailer remain parked or stopped in any residential land use district or mixed-use land use district developed as residential overnight.



(4) Heavy equipment such as that depicted below shall only be permitted on properties with an active building permit.



(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016)

Sec. 110-5.15. Sheds storage buildings, utility buildings, greenhouses and other accessory structures (permanent or temporary).

- (a) No accessory building used for industrial storage of hazardous, incendiary, noxious, or pernicious materials shall be located within 100 feet of any property line.
- (b) Storage buildings, greenhouses, and similar structures shall be permitted only if in compliance with standards for distance between buildings, and setbacks, if any, from property lines.
- (c) All accessory structures regulated by this chapter shall be permitted only in side and rear yards, unless there are extenuating circumstances that would justify placement in the street yard with no adverse effects on surrounding properties.
- (d) All accessory structures regulated by this chapter, except temporary ones as determined by the director, shall be included in all calculations for impervious surfaces, floor area ratios, or other site design requirements applying to the principal use of the lot.
- (e) Vehicles, including new and existing tractor-trailers, truck beds, manufactured housing, and mobile homes shall not be used as storage buildings, utility buildings, or other such uses.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016; Ord. No. 21-09, § 1, 6-17-2021)

Sec. 110-5.16. Swimming pools, hot tubs, spas and similar structures.

- (a) Swimming pools, hot tubs, spas, and similar structures shall be permitted only in side and rear yards but not upon any utility easement.
- (b) Enclosures for pools, hot tubs, spas, and similar structures shall not be considered a part of the principal structure and shall comply with accessory use standards for minimum distance between buildings, yard requirements, and other building location requirements of this land development regulation.

Sec. 110-5.17. Agricultural / Livestock Structures.

- (a) <u>Livestock structures (barn, stable, stall, etc.)</u> shall be as closely centered on the property as possible, but in no case closer than ten (10) feet from the property line, unless adjacent property is under the same ownership.
- (b) Avian / Domestic Fowl structures (coops, pens, aviary, etc.) shall be placed no closer than ten (10) feet from the property line, unless the property is enclosed with minimum six (6) foot opaque privacy fence, then the structure may not be closer to the property line than five (5) feet.
- (c) All livestock areas must be maintained to minimize odor and waste accumulation.
- (d) Storage or parking of agricultural machinery and equipment shall be located behind the front face of the primary residence on the property.

(Ord. No. 16-31, § 1.e.(Exh. A), 12-15-2016, Ord. No. 22-36, 12-01-2022)

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