

**INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN EFFINGHAM COUNTY, GEORGIA AND CITY OF GUYTON,
GEORGIA FOR MAINTENANCE RESURFACING ROADS 2025**

THIS INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT ("Agreement"), by and between the Board of Commissioners of Effingham County, Georgia (hereinafter referred to as the "County") and the City of Guyton, Georgia (hereinafter referred to as the "City") (collectively referred to herein as the "Parties") is entered into this _____ day of _____, 2025.

WHEREAS, Effingham County, Georgia is a political subdivision of the State of Georgia; and

WHEREAS, the City of Guyton is a political subdivision of the State of Georgia; and

WHEREAS, the County and the City desire to resurface Linton Lane in the City of Guyton(hereinafter referred to as "Road". See Exhibit A for limits & bid package); and

WHEREAS, the County and the City recognize the need to further define the rights, responsibilities and obligations of each in regard to the maintenance and funding of the Road; and

WHEREAS, Article IX, Section II, Paragraph III of the Constitution of the State of Georgia of 1983, prohibits cities and counties from exercising governmental authority within each other's boundaries except as otherwise provided by law or by intergovernmental agreement; and

WHEREAS, the Parties are authorized to enter into this Agreement pursuant to Article IX, Section III, Paragraph I of the Constitution of the State of Georgia of 1983 regarding intergovernmental contracts; and

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the following mutual obligations, the County and City agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1

PURPOSE AND INTENT

The purpose and intent of this IGA is to: (a) Establish the intent of the County and City with respect to the Road to be constructed and maintained, as set forth herein; and (b) Establish the rights and obligations of the parties hereto.

ARTICLE 2

GENERAL OBLIGATIONS

The County shall perform the work and undertake those functions with regard to resurfacing of the Road. The City shall be responsible for all maintenance of the Road after resurfacing.

ARTICLE 3

CONSIDERATION AND COSTS

The City shall be responsible for all costs associated with the resurfacing of the Road along with the assistance of any grant money to include bid assistance & construction management. Construction cost total is \$39,987.93. Bid assistance & construction management shall be submitted to the City within 3 months of completion of construction. See Exhibit B for Effingham County staff report and bid summary,

See Exhibit C for Construction Agreement between Effingham County and McLendon Enterprises Inc. See Exhibit D for Bid Package Cost Share Spreadsheet.

ARTICLE 4

AUTHORIZATION TO ACT IN THE CITY

The County shall have the requisite authorization under the GA. Constitution, Article 9, Section 2, Paragraph III (a)(4) to undertake any and all necessary activities within the jurisdictional boundaries of the City in furtherance of the resurfacing of the Road, to include - but not be limited to - land disturbance, permitting, and all other related and necessary activities.

ARTICLE 5

TERM OF AGREEMENT

The term of this Agreement is for twelve (12) months commencing July 15, 2025 and concluding on July 14, 2026. This Agreement may be amended by both Parties in writing. Any such amendment shall only be effective upon approval by a majority vote of the City Council of the City of Guyton and the County Commission of Effingham County. The term of this Agreement may be extended appropriately through any valid amendment to this Agreement.

ARTICLE 6

REMEDY

A Party's sole remedy in the event of non-performance by the other Party shall be an action to compel specific performance. The prevailing party in any such action shall be entitled to reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

ARTICLE 7

NOTICE

Any notice required by this Agreement shall be given in writing by either Party or its attorney or Agent herein named and shall be deemed received, and shall be effective, when (1) personally delivered, or (2) on the third day after the postmark date when mailed by certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, or (3) upon actual delivery when sent via national overnight commercial carrier to the Parties at the address given below, or at a substitute address previously furnished to the other Party by written notice in accordance herewith:

If to Effingham County: County Manager
804 S. Laurel Street
Springfield, Georgia 31329

With a Copy to the counsel for Effingham County
Edward L. Newberry, Jr., Esq.
The Newberry Law Firm, P.C.
Post Office Box 790/129 N. Laurel Street

Springfield, Georgia 31329

If to City of Guyton:

Bill Lindsey, City Manager
310 Central Blvd
Guyton, Georgia 31312
With a Copy to counsel for the City of Guyton:
Benjamin Perkins, Esq.
Oliver Manner, L.L.P.
218 West State Street
Savannah, Georgia 31401

ARTICLE 8

GOVERNING LAW AND VENUE

This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Georgia, and proper venue for any actions arising out of this Agreement shall be in the Superior Court of Effingham County.

ARTICLE 9

MISCELLANEOUS

9.1 NON-WAIVER. Any Party's failure to seek redress for a violation or to insist upon strict performance of any Agreement provision will not prevent a subsequent act, which would originally have constituted a violation, from having the effect of an original violation.

9.2 COUNTERPARTS. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if all Parties hereto had all signed the same document. All counterparts will be construed together and will constitute one (1) Agreement.

9.3 GENDER AND NUMBER. Unless the context requires otherwise, the use of a masculine pronoun includes the feminine and the neuter, and vice versa, and the use of the singular includes the plural, and vice versa.

9.4 COMPLETE AGREEMENT. This Agreement constitutes the complete and exclusive statement of the agreement between the Parties. It supersedes all prior written and oral statements, including any prior representation, statement, condition or warranty. Except as expressly provided otherwise herein, this Agreement may not be amended without the written consent of all the Parties.

9.5 TIME OF ESSENCE. Time is of the essence of this Agreement.

9.6 NON-ASSIGNABILITY. Neither Party shall assign any of the obligations or benefits of this Agreement.

9.7 AUTHORITY TO CONTRACT. Each Party declares that it has obtained all necessary approvals of its governing authority to execute and bind the Party to the terms of this Agreement. Ratification of the Agreement by a majority of the governing authority shall be authority for the chairman or mayor (as applicable) to execute on behalf of the governing authority but shall not preclude execution by the full board or council (as applicable).

9.8 NO THIRD PARTY RIGHTS. This Agreement shall be exclusively for the benefit of the Parties and shall not provide any third parties with any remedy, claim, liability, reimbursement, cause of action or other right.

9.9 FORCE MAJEURE. Neither Party shall be liable for their respective nonnegligent or non-willful failure to perform or shall be deemed in default with respect to the failure to perform (or cure a failure to perform) any of their respective duties or obligations under this Agreement or for any delay in such performance due to: (a) any cause beyond their respective reasonable control; (b) any act of God; (c) any change in applicable governmental rules or regulations rendering the performance of any portion of this Agreement legally impossible; (d) earthquake, fire, explosion or flood; (e) strike or labor dispute; (f) delay or failure to act by any governmental or military authority; or (g) any war, hostility, embargo, sabotage, civil disturbance, riot, insurrection or invasion.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the County and the City have executed this Agreement through their duly authorized officers on the day and year first above written.

THE CITY OF GUYTON, GEORGIA

By: _____
Andy Harville
Its: Mayor

Attest: _____
Moses Walker
Its: City Clerk

Approved as to form by the City Attorney:

Benjamin Perkins

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF EFFINGHAM COUNTY, GEORGIA

By: _____
Damon Rahn
Its: Chairman

Attest: _____

Stephanie Johnson

Its: Clerk

EXHIBIT A

TSPLOST-Maintenance Resurfacing 2025-D3, D4, & D5

EFFINGHAM COUNTY

Road Names

Quantities

Location Maps

Typical Sections

General Notes

Construction Details

Effingham County - Special Provisions

GDOT - Special Provision



ROAD LIST - TSPLOST 2025 - District 3, 4, 5

Road Ref. #	Road List	Begin	End	Treatment	Length (FT)	Width (FT)
1	Hunter Chase Drive	Beagle Street	Cul de sac	Patching-Level 100lbs/sy - Overlay 135lbs/sy	2325	23
2	Labrador Lane	Hunters Chase Drive	Cul de sac	Patching-Level 100lbs/sy - Overlay 135lbs/sy	1955	23
3	Beagle Street	Hunters Chase Drive	Cul de sac	Patching-Level 100lbs/sy - Overlay 135lbs/sy	1375	23
4	Cypress Point Rd	.1 Miles in from Hwy 119	Cul de sac	Level 100lbs/sy -Overlay 220lbs/sy-9.5 mm-Shoulder Filling	3170	22
5	Linton Ln Elizabeth Ct Diana Dr	Cul De Sac	107 Linton Lane	Level 100lbs/sy -Overlay 135lbs/sy-9.5 mm	3126	23
6	Benjamin Gnann Rd	Stillwell Cloy Rd	Seines Landing Rd	Profile mill-Widening-Patching-Spot Leveling- 135lbs/sy-9.5 mm	18005	19
7	Anza Ln	Little McCall Rd	McCall Rd	Patching-Level 100lbs/sy - Overlay 135lbs/sy	1800	18
8	Eagle Rd Eagle CT	Courthouse Road	Mockingbird Drive	Level 75lbs/sy -Overlay 135lbs/sy-9.5 mm-Adjust drains	3115	24
9	Red Bird Drive	Eagle Drive	Mockingbird Drive	Level 75lbs/sy -Overlay 135lbs/sy-9.5 mm-Adjust drains	1373	24
10	Hummingbird Lane	Red Bird Drive	Mockingbird Drive	Level 75lbs/sy -Overlay 135lbs/sy-9.5 mm-Adjust drains	1056	24
11	Canary Drive	Mockingbird Drive	Mockingbird Drive	Level 75lbs/sy -Overlay 135lbs/sy-9.5 mm-Adjust drains	740	24
12	Mockingbird Drive	Red Bird Drive	Little McCall Rd	Level 75lbs/sy -Overlay 135lbs/sy-9.5 mm-Adjust drains	4595	24
13	Greystone Drive	Blue Jay Road	Blue Jay Rd	6 Ft variable milling for curb tie-in-Overlay 100lbs/sy-9.5mm	6075	24.5
14	Caravelle Drive	Greystone Drive	Greystone Drive	6 Ft variable milling for curb tie-in-Overlay 100lbs/sy-9.5mm	740	24.5
15	Gentry Drive	Caravelle Drive	Pin Drop Drive	6 Ft variable milling for curb tie-in-Overlay 100lbs/sy-9.5mm	1005	24.5
16	Pin Drop Drive	Greystone Drive	Greystone Drive	Patching-6 Ft variable milling for curb tie-in-Overlay 100lbs/sy-9.5mm	740	24.5
17	Altamonte Drive	Greystone Drive	Cul de sac	6 Ft variable milling for curb tie-in-Overlay 100lbs/sy-9.5mm	1320	24.5
18	Cornella Ct	Greystone Drive	Cul de sac	6 Ft variable milling for curb tie-in-Overlay 100lbs/sy-9.5mm	375	24.5
19	Tullamore Ct	Greystone Drive	Cul de sac	6 Ft variable milling for curb tie-in-Overlay 100lbs/sy-9.5mm	375	24.5
20	Springfield Rahn Station Road	0.17 miles W of Hwy 21/P	Springfield CL	Patching-2 ft shoulder widening-Overlay 220lbs/sy-19mm & 165lbs/sy-12.5 mm-shoulder filling	2175	28
21	Rahn Station Road	Springfield CL	McCall Rd -0.25mile	Patching-2 ft shoulder widening-Overlay 220lbs/sy-19mm & 165lbs/sy-12.5 mm-shoulder filling	15102	28
22	Nellie Rd	Old Augusta Rd	Dead End	Level 100lbs/sy -Overlay 135lbs/sy-9.5 mm	5125	18
23	Chimney Rd	Old Augusta Rd	114 Chimney Rd	Level 50lbs/sy -Overlay 100lbs/sy-9.5 mm	11090	25
24	Effingham 9th St	CSX/McCall	Rincon CL	Level 90lbs/sy-OGI, Overlay 165lbs/sy-12.5 mm	3435	24
25	Rincon West 9th St	Rincon CL	SR 21	Level 90lbs/sy-OGI, Overlay 165lbs/sy-12.5 mm	6864	24
26	Guyton Linton Ln	107 Linton Lane	Archer St	Level 100lbs/sy -Overlay 135lbs/sy-9.5 mm	1005	23

Bid Form

Item	Description	Total Quantity	Units	Unit Price	Total
150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS		\$0.00
210-0200	GRADING PER MILE	9.23	LM		\$0.00
310-5040	GR AGGR BASE CRS, 4 INCH, INCL MATL	3700.00	SY		\$0.00
402-1802	RECYCLED ASPH CONC PATCHING, INCL BITUM MATL & H LIME	1983	TN		\$0.00
402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL & H LIME	7099	TN		\$0.00
402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP 2 ONLY, INCL BITUM MATL & H LIME	12074	TN		\$0.00
402-3111a	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 19 MM MIX, GP 1 OR 2, INCL BITUM MATL & H LIME	6504	TN		\$0.00
402-3111b	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 19 MM MIX, GP 1 OR 2, INCL BITUM MATL & H LIME (widening)	1858	TN		\$0.00
402-3130	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 12.5 MM SUPER PAVE, GP 2 ONLY, INCL BITUM MATL & H LIME	7549	TN		\$0.00
413-0750	TACK COAT	12960	GL		\$0.00
415-5000	ASPHATLIC CONCRETE OPEN GRADED CRACKED RELIEF INTERLAYER (100LB/SY)	1359	TN		\$0.00
432-5010	Mill ASH Conc, Variable Depth	17091	SY		\$0.00
611-8020	ADJUST DRAIN INLET TO GRADE	15.00	EA		\$0.00
636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street Names)	87.00	SF		\$0.00
636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	366	SF		\$0.00
636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	639.00	LF		\$0.00
647-6300	LOOP DETECTOR, 6 FT X 40 FT, QUADRUPOLE	2.00	EA		\$0.00
653-0100	THERMOPLASTIC PVMT MARKING, RR/HWY CROSSING SYMBOL	7.00	EA		\$0.00
653-0120	THERMOPLASTIC PVMT MARKING ARROW,TP 2	6.00	EA		\$0.00
653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH, WHITE	935.00	LF		\$0.00
653-1804	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAF STRIPE, 8 IN, WHITE	150.00	LF		
653-2501	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 5 INCH, WHITE	10.44	LM		
653-2502	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 5 INCH, YELLOW	6.99	LM		\$0.00
653-4502	THERMOPLASTIC SKIP TRAF STRIPE, 5 IN, YELLOW	3.04	GLM		\$0.00
653-6006	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPING, YELLOW	120.00	SY		\$0.00
654-1001	RAISED PAVEMENT MARKINGS TP 1	940.00	EA		\$0.00
654-1002	RAISED PAVEMENT MARKINGS TP 2	406.00	EA		\$0.00
654-1003	RAISED PAVEMENT MARKING TP 3	5.00	EA		\$0.00
706-1002	TURF ESTABLISHMENT, TP B	9.85	AC		\$0.00

1		Hunter Chase Drive					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Beagle Street	Cul de sac	2325	23	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-1802	RECYCLED ASPH CONC PATCHING, INCL BITUM MATL &	20.84	TN
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL & H	326.79	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP 2 ONLY,	441.17	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	356.50	GL
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street Names)	2.00	SF
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	6.50	SF
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	14.00	LF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH, WHITE	15.00	LF

2		Labrador Lane					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Hunters Chase Drive	Cul de sac	1955	23	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-1802	RECYCLED ASPH CONC PATCHING, INCL BITUM MATL	5.38	TN
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL	274.79	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP	370.96	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	299.77	GL
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street	2.00	SF
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	6.50	SF
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	14.00	LF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	15.00	LF

3		Beagle Street					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Hunters Chase Drive	Cul de sac	1375	23	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-1802	RECYCLED ASPH CONC PATCHING, INCL BITUM MATL	20.17	TN
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL	193.26	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP 2	260.91	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	210.83	GL
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street	2.00	SF
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	6.50	SF
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	14.00	LF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	15.00	LF

4		Cypress Point Rd					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
.1 Miles in from Hwy 119	Cul de sac	3170	22	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				210-0200	GRADING PER MILE	0.60	LM
				402-1802	RECYCLED ASPH CONC PATCHING, INCL BITUM MATL	29.58	TN
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL	426.19	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP	937.62	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	464.93	GL

5	Linton Ln Elizabeth Ct Diana Dr						
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Cul De Sac	107 Linton Lane	3126	23	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-1802	RECYCLED ASPH CONC PATCHING, INCL BITUM MATL	37.11	TN
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL	439.38	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP	593.16	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	479.32	GL
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street	4.00	SF
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	13.00	SF
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	28.00	LF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	15.00	LF

6		Benjamin Gnann Rd					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Stillwell Clio Rd	Seines Landing Rd	18005	19	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				210-0200	GRADING PER MILE	3.41	LM
				310-5040	GR AGGR BASE CRS, 4 INCH, INCL MATL	3700.00	SY
				402-1802	RECYCLED ASPH CONC PATCHING, INCL BITUM MATL	881.96	TN
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL	1045.29	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP 2	2822.28	TN
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street	4.00	SF
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	13.00	SF
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	28.00	LF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	30.00	LF
				706-1002	TURF ESTABLISHMENT, TP B	3.64	AC

7		Anza Ln					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Little McCall Rd	McCall Rd	1800	18	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-1802	RECYCLED ASPH CONC PATCHING, INCL BITUM	21.51	TN
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL	198.00	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP	267.30	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	216.00	GL
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3/Street	4.00	SF
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	13.00	SF
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	28.00	LF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	30.00	LF

8		Eagle Rd Eagle CT					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Courthouse Road	Mockingbird Drive	3115	24	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL	342.65	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP 2	616.77	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	498.40	GL
				611-8020	ADJUST DRAIN INLET TO GRADE	3.00	EA
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street	4.00	SF
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	13.00	SF
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	14.00	LF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	15.00	LF

9		Red Bird Drive					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Eagle Drive	Mockingbird Drive	1373	24	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL	151.03	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP	271.85	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	219.68	GL
				611-8020	ADJUST DRAIN INLET TO GRADE	1.00	EA
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street	4.00	SF
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	13.00	SF
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	28.00	LF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	30.00	LF

10		Hummingbird Lane					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Red Bird Drive	Mockingbird Drive	1056.00	24.00	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL	116.16	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP	209.09	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	168.96	GL
				611-8020	ADJUST DRAIN INLET TO GRADE	2.00	EA
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street	4.00	SF
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	13.00	SF
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	28.00	LF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	30.00	LF

11		Canary Drive					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Mockingbird Drive	Mockingbird Drive	740.00	24.00	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL & H	81.40	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP 2 ONLY,	146.52	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	118.40	GL
				611-8020	ADJUST DRAIN INLET TO GRADE	1.00	EA
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street Names)	4.00	SF
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	13.00	SF
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	28.00	LF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH, WHITE	30.00	LF

15		Gentry Drive					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Caravelle Drive	Pin Drop Drive	1005.00	24.50	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP	150.47	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	164.15	GL
				432-5010	Mill ASH Conc, Variable Depth	1474.00	SY
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	13.00	SF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	30.00	LF

12		Mockingbird Drive					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Red Bird Drive	Little McCall Rd	4595.00	24.00	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL	505.45	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP	909.81	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	735.20	GL
				611-8020	ADJUST DRAIN INLET TO GRADE	8.00	EA
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street	4.00	SF
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	13.00	SF
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	28.00	LF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	30.00	LF

13		Greystone Drive					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Blue Jay Road	Blue Jay Rd	6075.00	24.50	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP	909.56	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	992.25	GL
				432-5010	Mill ASH Conc, Variable Depth	8910.00	SY
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	6.50	SF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	15.00	LF

14		Caravelle Drive					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Greystone Drive	Greystone Drive	740.00	24.50	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP	110.79	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	120.87	GL
				432-5010	Mill ASH Conc, Variable Depth	1085.33	SY
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	13.00	SF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	30.00	LF

16		Pin Drop Drive					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Greystone Drive	Greystone Drive	740.00	24.50	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-1802	RECYCLED ASPH CONC PATCHING, INCL BITUM MATL	2.58	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP	110.79	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	120.87	GL
				432-5010	Mill ASH Conc, Variable Depth	1085.33	SY
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	13.00	SF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	30.00	LF

17		Altamonte Drive					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Greystone Drive	Cul de sac	1320.00	24.50	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP 2	197.63	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	215.60	GL
				432-5010	Mill ASH Conc, Variable Depth	1936.00	SY
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	6.50	SF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	15.00	LF

18		Cornella Ct					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Greystone Drive	Cul de sac	375.00	24.50	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP	56.15	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	61.25	GL
				432-5010	Mill ASH Conc, Variable Depth	550.00	SY
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	6.50	SF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	15.00	LF

19		Tullamore Ct					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Greystone Drive	Cul de sac	375.00	24.50	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP 2	56.15	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	61.25	GL
				432-5010	Mill ASH Conc, Variable Depth	550.00	SY
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	6.50	SF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	15.00	LF

20		Springfield Rahn Station Road					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
0.17 miles W of Hwy 21/Pvmt Jct	Springfield CL	2175.00	2175.00	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				210-0200	GRADING PER MILE	0.41	LM
				402-1802	RECYCLED ASPH CONC PATCHING, INCL BITUM MATL	443.67	TN
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL	186.08	TN
				402-3111a	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 19 MM MIX, GP 1 OR 2, INCL	818.77	TN
				402-3111b	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 19 MM MIX, GP 1 OR 2, INCL	233.93	TN
				402-3130	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 12.5 MM SUPER PAVE, GP 2	630.82	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	406.00	GL
				653-0100	THERMOPLASTIC PVMT MARKING, RR/HWY	2.00	EA
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	30.00	LF

21		Rahn Station Road					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Springfield CL	McCall Rd -0.25mile	15102.00	28.00	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				210-0200	GRADING PER MILE	2.86	LM
				402-1802	RECYCLED ASPH CONC PATCHING, INCL BITUM	443.67	TN
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL	1292.06	TN
				402-3111c	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 19 MM MIX, GP 1 OR 2, INCL	5685.06	TN
				402-3111b	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 19 MM MIX, GP 1 OR 2, INCL	1624.30	TN
				402-3130	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 12.5 MM SUPER PAVE, GP 2	4380.08	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	2819.04	GL
				653-0100	THERMOPLASTIC PVMT MARKING, RR/HWY	2.00	EA
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	30.00	LF

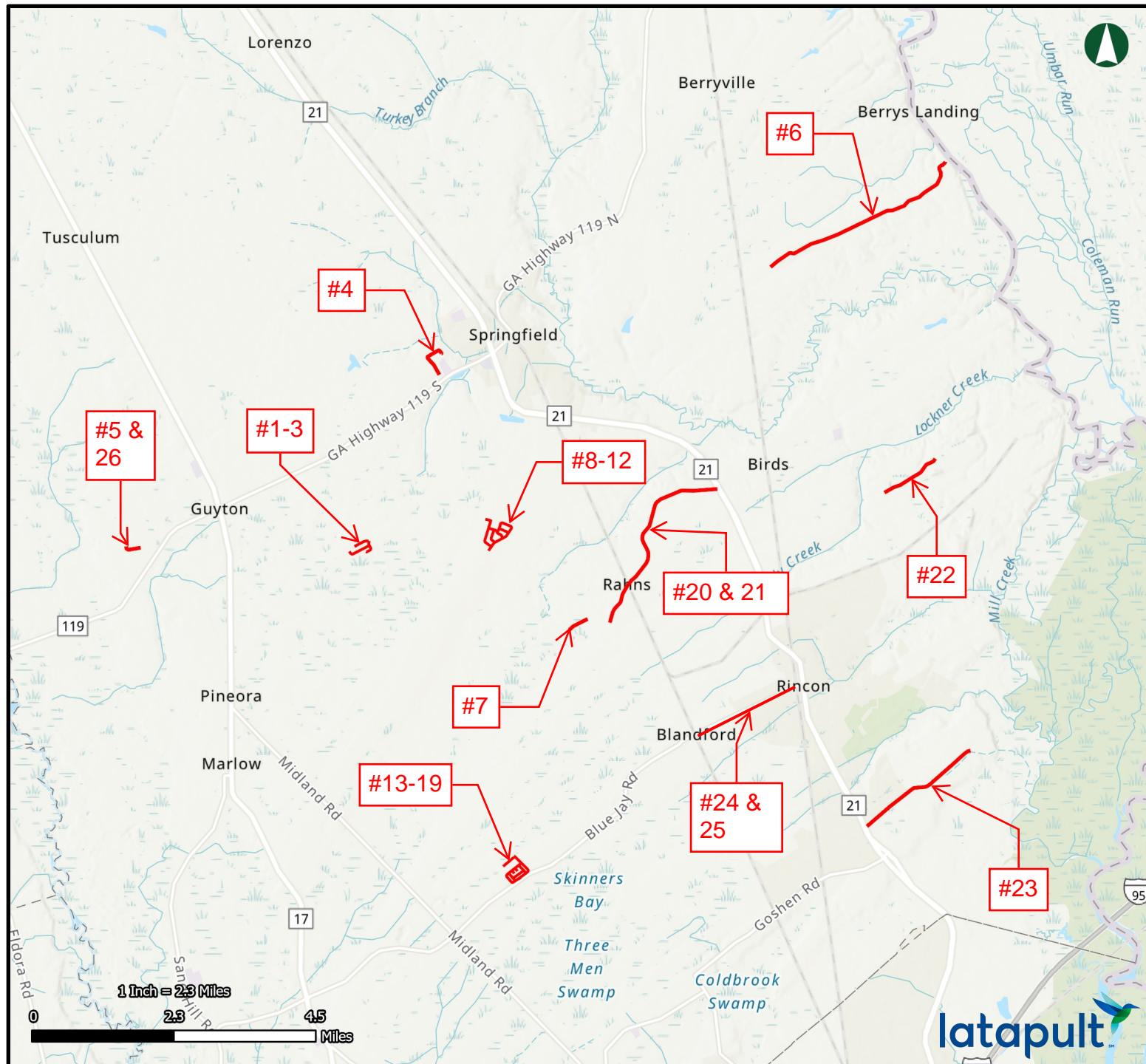
22		Nellie Rd					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Old Augusta Rd	Dead End	5125.00	17.00	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL	532.43	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP 2	718.78	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	580.83	GL
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street	4.00	SF
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	13.00	SF
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	28.00	LF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	30.00	LF

23		Chimney Rd					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Old Augusta Rd	114 Chimney Rd	11090.00	25.00	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL	847.15	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP	1725.11	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	1848.33	GL
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street	2.00	SF
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	6.50	SF
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	14.00	LF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	15.00	LF

24		Effingham 9th St					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
CSX/McCall	Rincon CL	3435.00	24.00	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				210-0200	GRADING PER MILE	0.65	LS
				402-1802	RECYCLED ASPH CONC PATCHING, INCL BITUM MATL	64.53	LS
				402-3130	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 12.5 MM SUPER PAVE, GP 2 ONLY,	846.38	LS
				413-0750	TACK COAT	549.60	LS
				415-5000	ASPHATIC CONCRETE OPEN GRADED CRACKED RELIEF	453.42	LS
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street	6.00	LS
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	26.00	LS
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	56.00	LS
				653-0100	THERMOPLASTIC PVMT MARKING, RR/HWY	1.00	LS
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	75.00	LS

25		Rincon West 9th St					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
Rincon CL	SR 21	6864.00	24.00	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				210-0200	GRADING PER MILE	1.30	LM
				402-1802	RECYCLED ASPH CONC PATCHING, INCL BITUM MATL	11.62	TN
				402-3130	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 12.5 MM SUPER PAVE, GP 2 ONLY,	1691.29	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	1098.24	GL
				415-5000	ASPHATLIC CONCRETE OPEN GRADED CRACKED RELIEF	906.05	TN
				432-5010	Mill ASH Conc, Variable Depth	1500.00	SY
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street	35.00	SF
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	125.00	SF
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	275.00	LF
				647-6300	LOOP DETECTOR, 6 FT X 40 FT, QUADRUPOLE	2.00	EA
				653-0100	THERMOPLASTIC PVMT MARKING, RR/HWY	2.00	EA
				653-0120	THERMOPLASTIC PVMT MARKING ARROW, TP 2	6.00	EA
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	320.00	LF

26		Guyton Linton Ln					
Begin	End	Length	Width	Item	Description	Quantity	Units
107 Linton Lane	Archer St	1005.00	23.00	150-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL	1.00	LS
				402-1812	RECYCLED ASPH CONC LEVELING, INCL BITUM MATL	141.26	TN
				402-3103	RECYCLED ASPH CONC 9.5 MM SUPERPAVE, TYPE II, GP 2	190.70	TN
				413-0750	TACK COAT	154.10	GL
				636-1020	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 3(Street	2.00	SF
				636-1036	HIGHWAY SIGNS, TP 1 MATL, REFL SHEETING, TP 11-(R1-1)	6.50	SF
				636-2070	GALV STEEL POSTS, TP 7	14.00	LF
				653-1704	THERMOPLASTIC SOLID TRAFFIC STRIPE, 24 INCH,	30.00	LS



TSPLOST 2025 - Districts 3,4,5

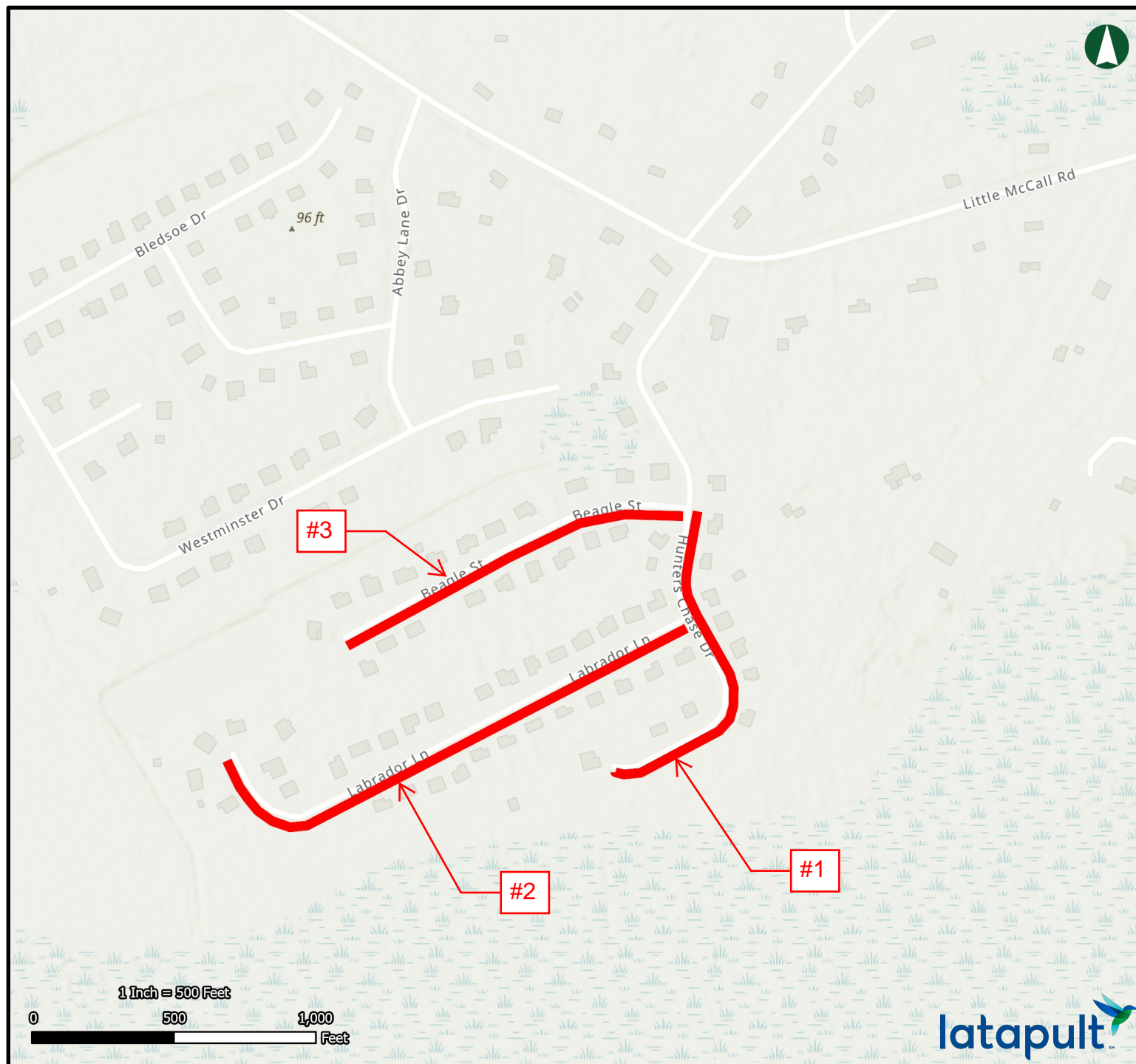
Effingham County
02/17/2025

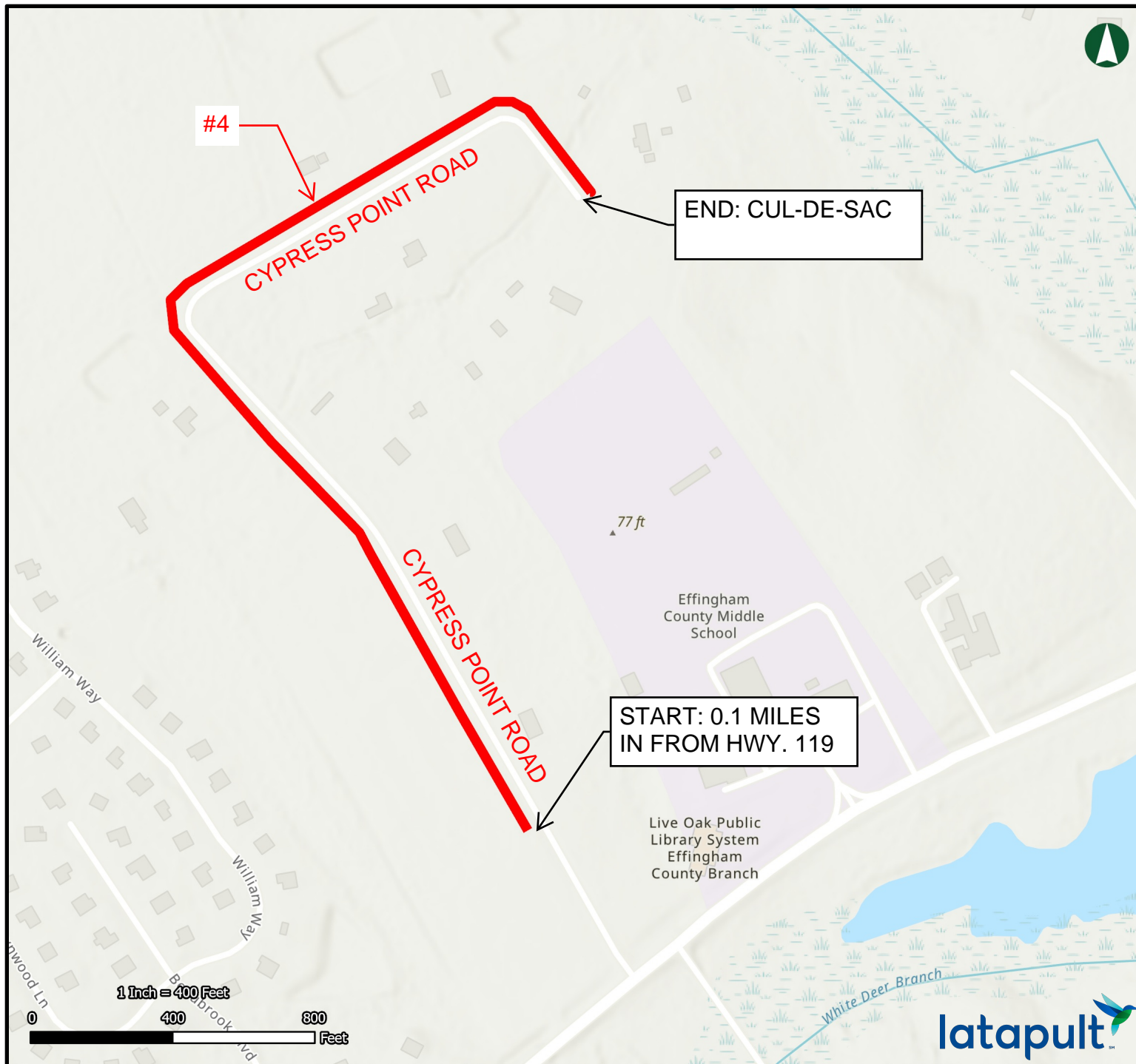




TSPLOST 2025 - Districts 3,4,5

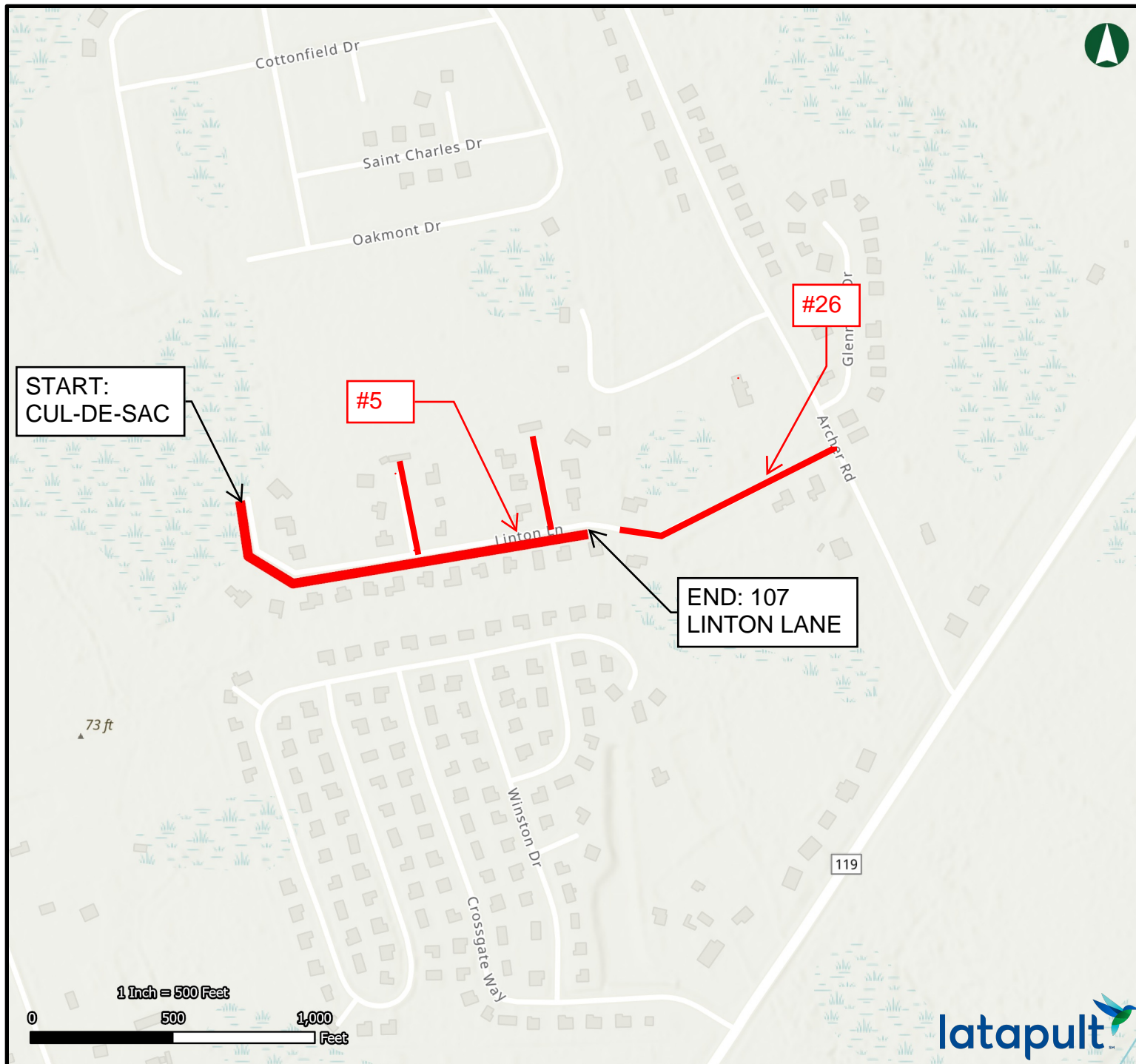
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TSPLOST 2025 - Districts 3,4,5

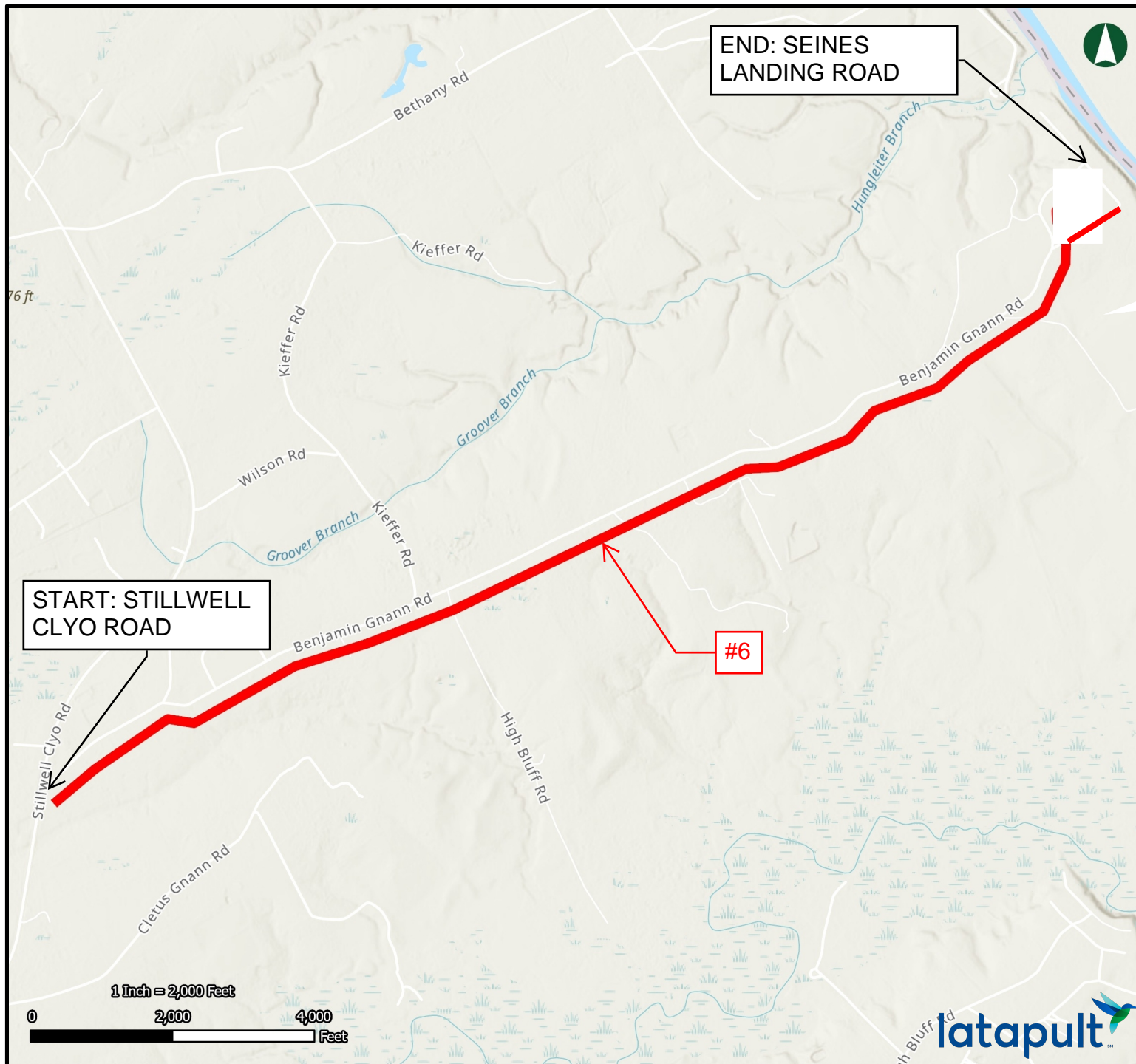
Effingham County
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TSPLOST 2025 - Districts 3,4,5

Effingham County
02/13/2025





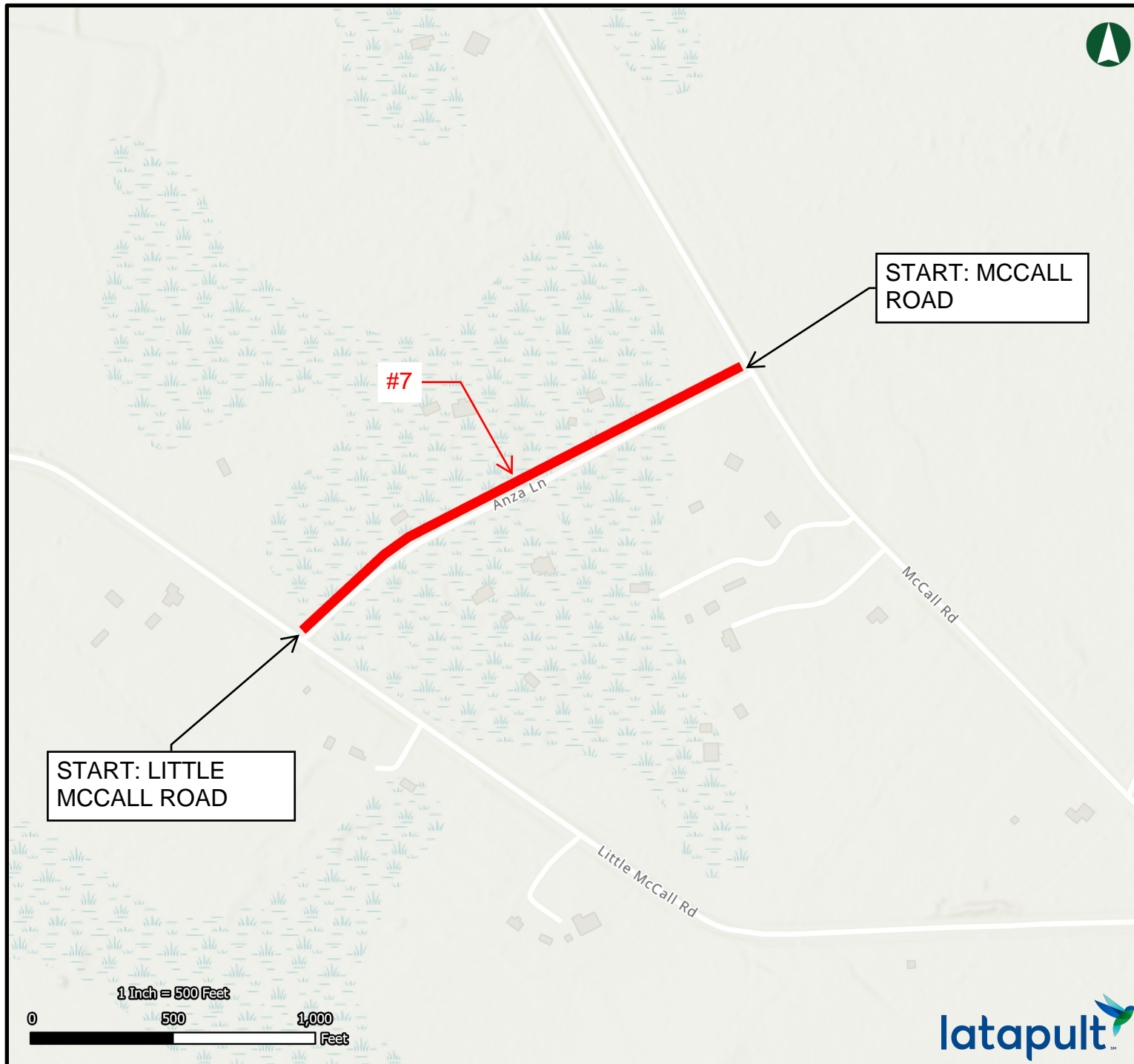
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Effingham County
02/13/2025



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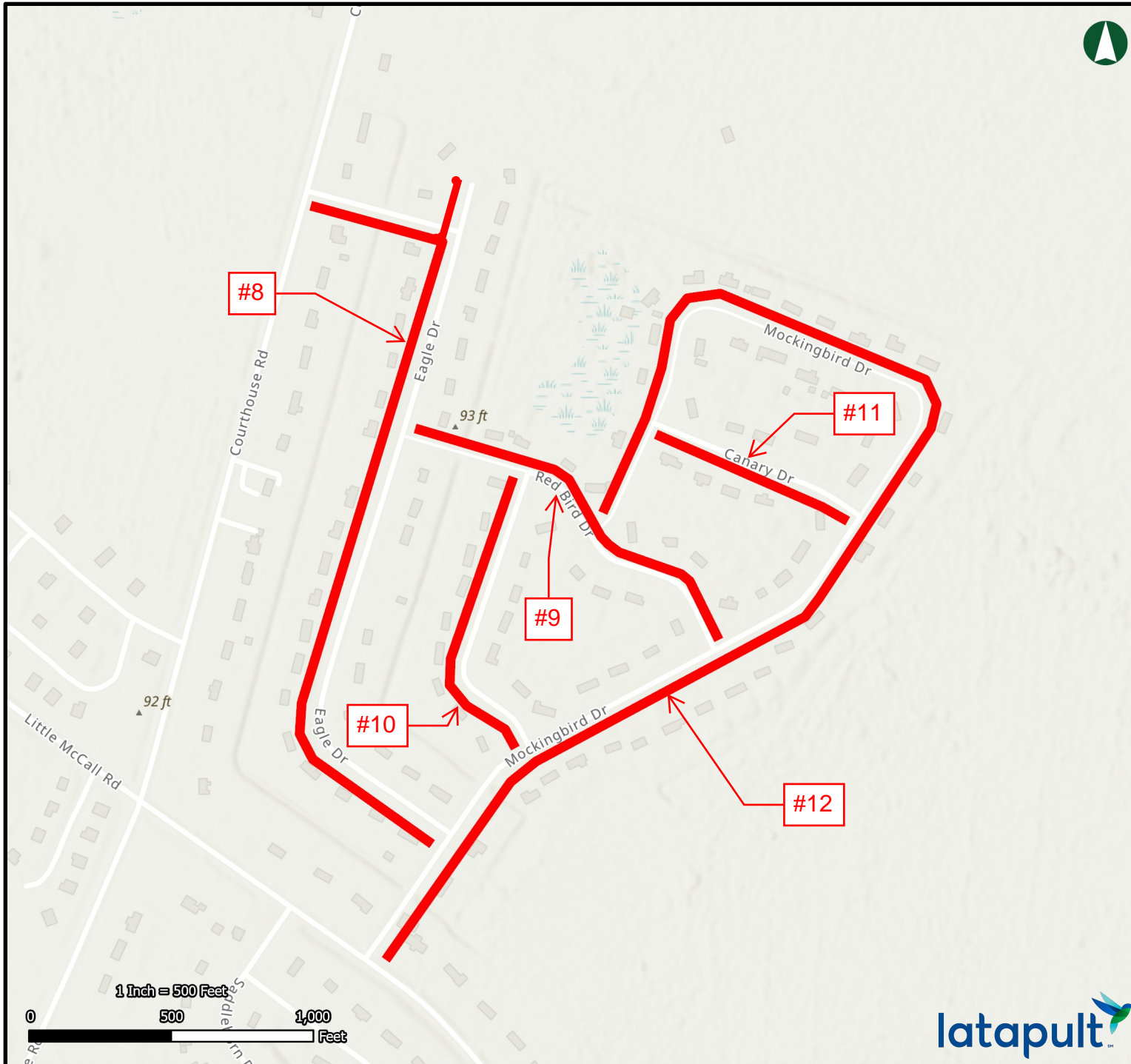
Effingham County
02/13/2025





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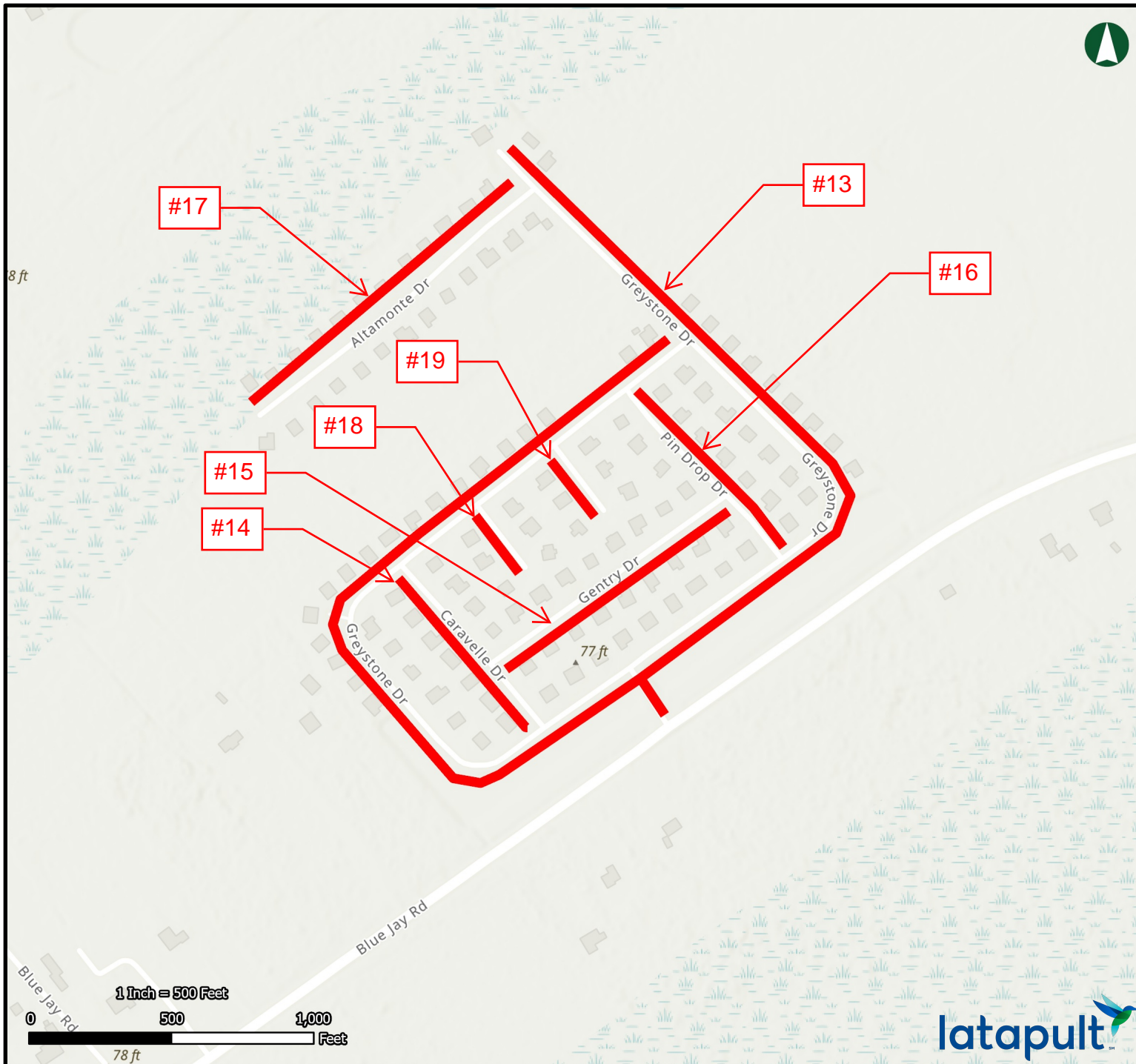
Effingham County
02/13/2025

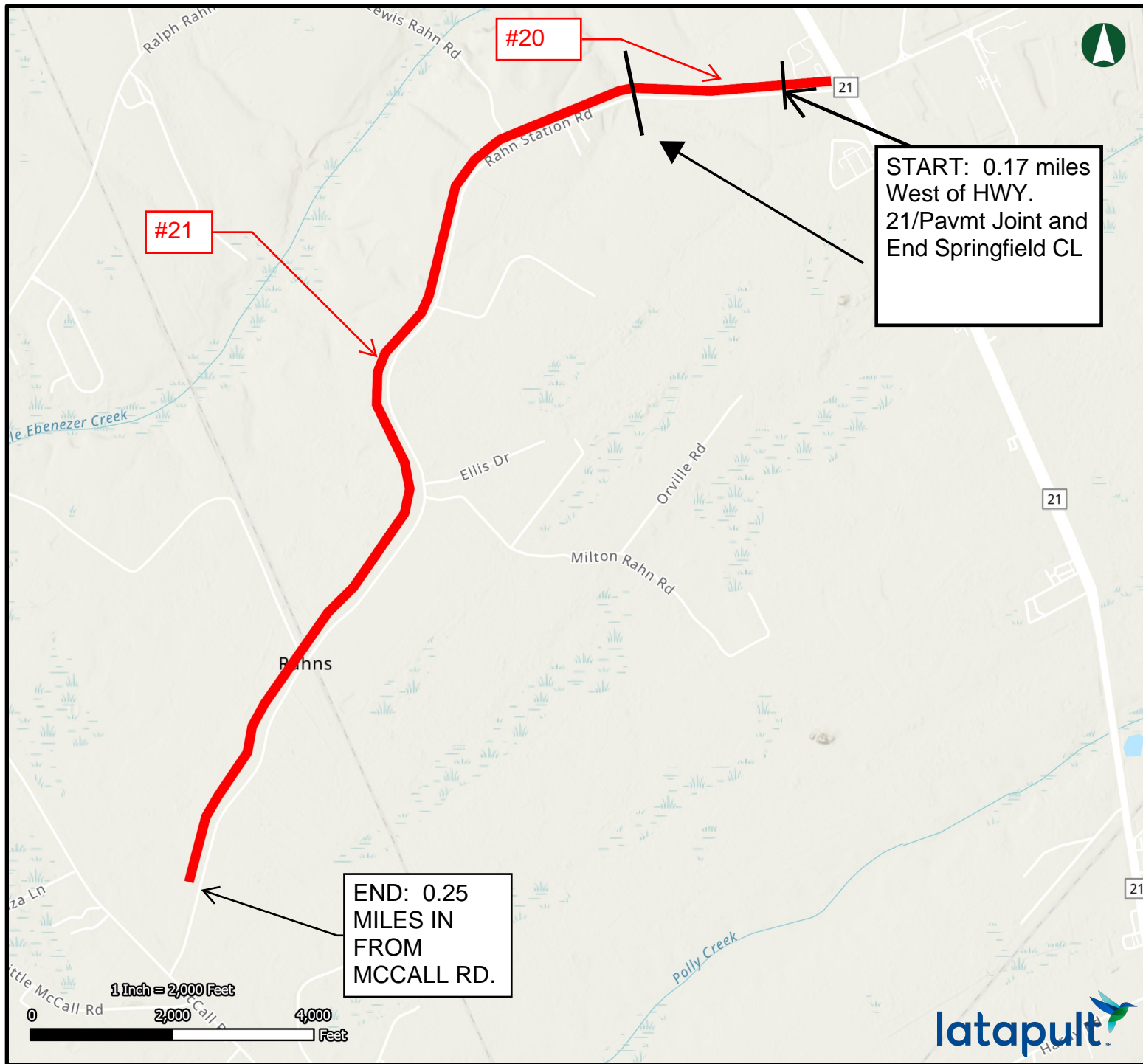




TSPLOST 2025 - Districts 3,4,5

Effingham County
02/13/2025

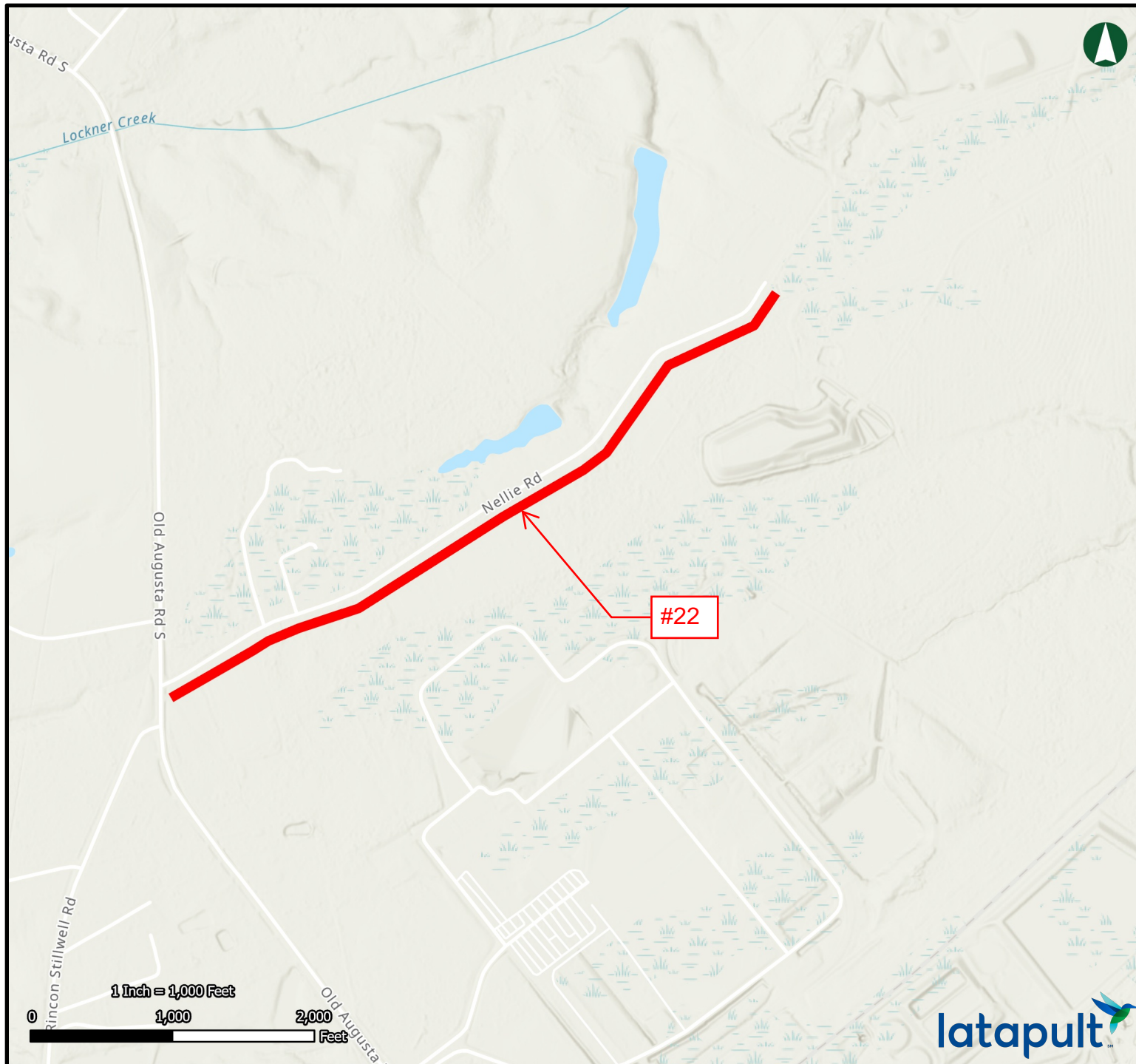




TSPLOST 2025 - Districts 3,4,5

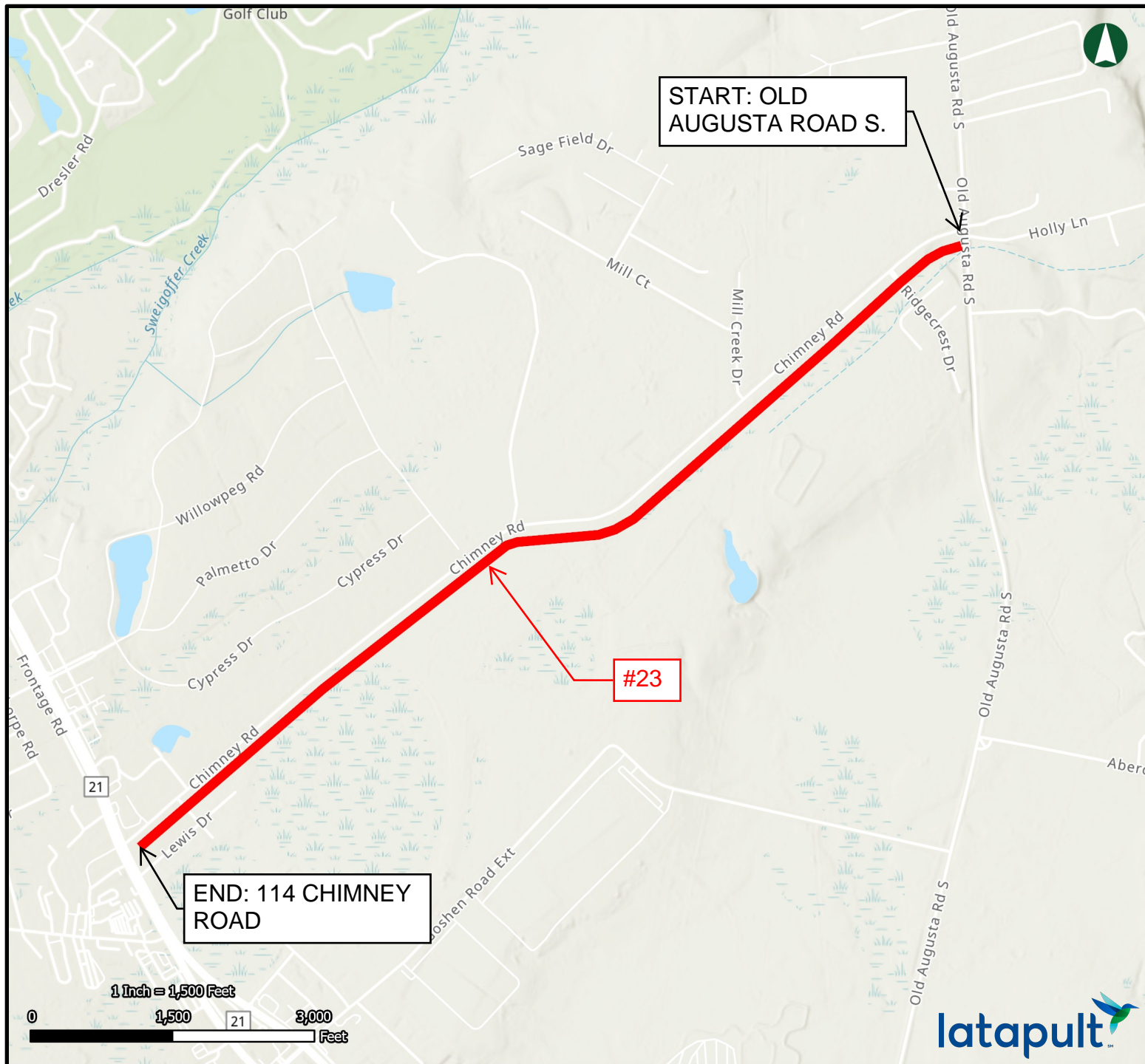
Effingham County
02/13/2025





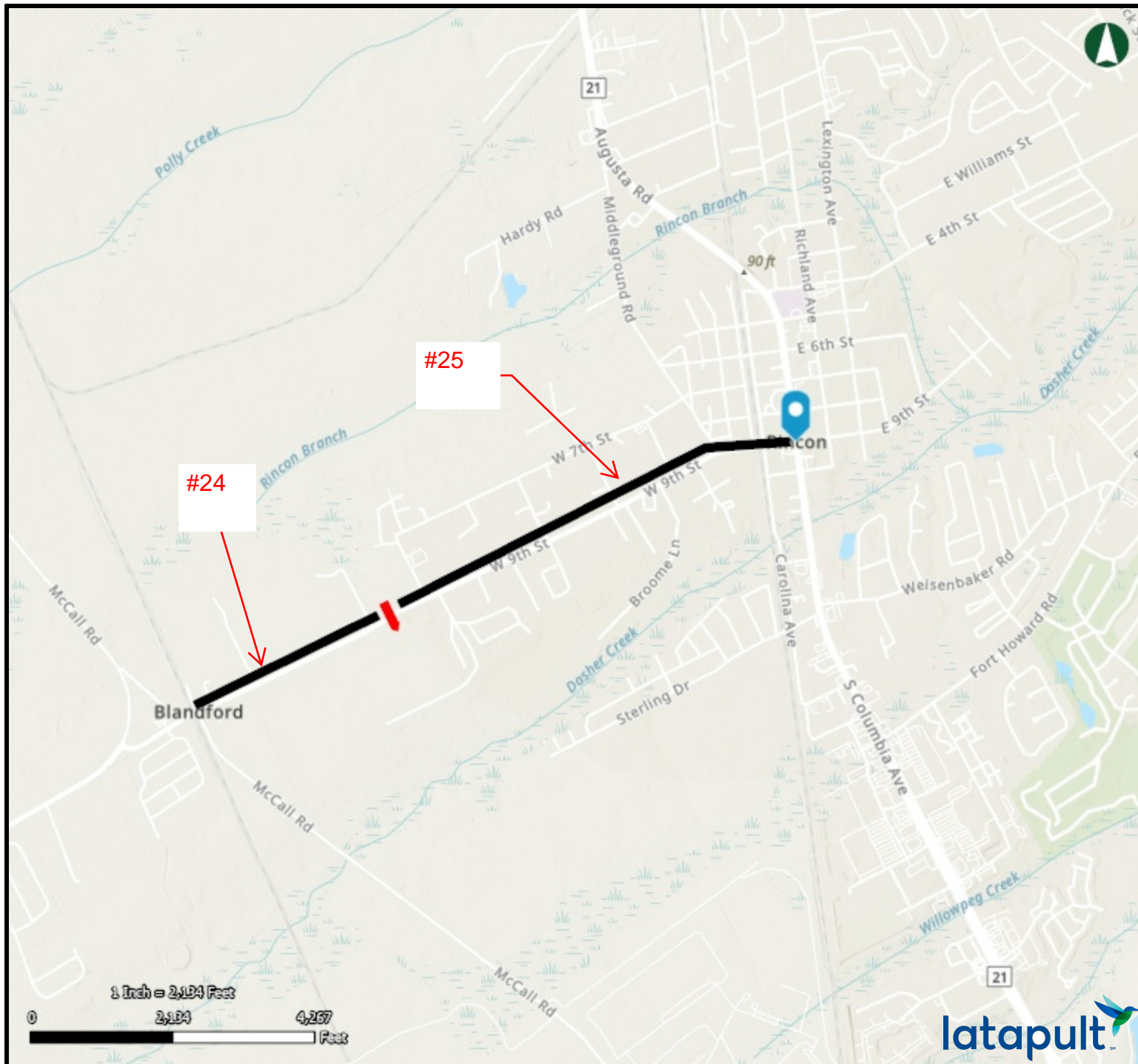
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Effingham County
02/13/2025



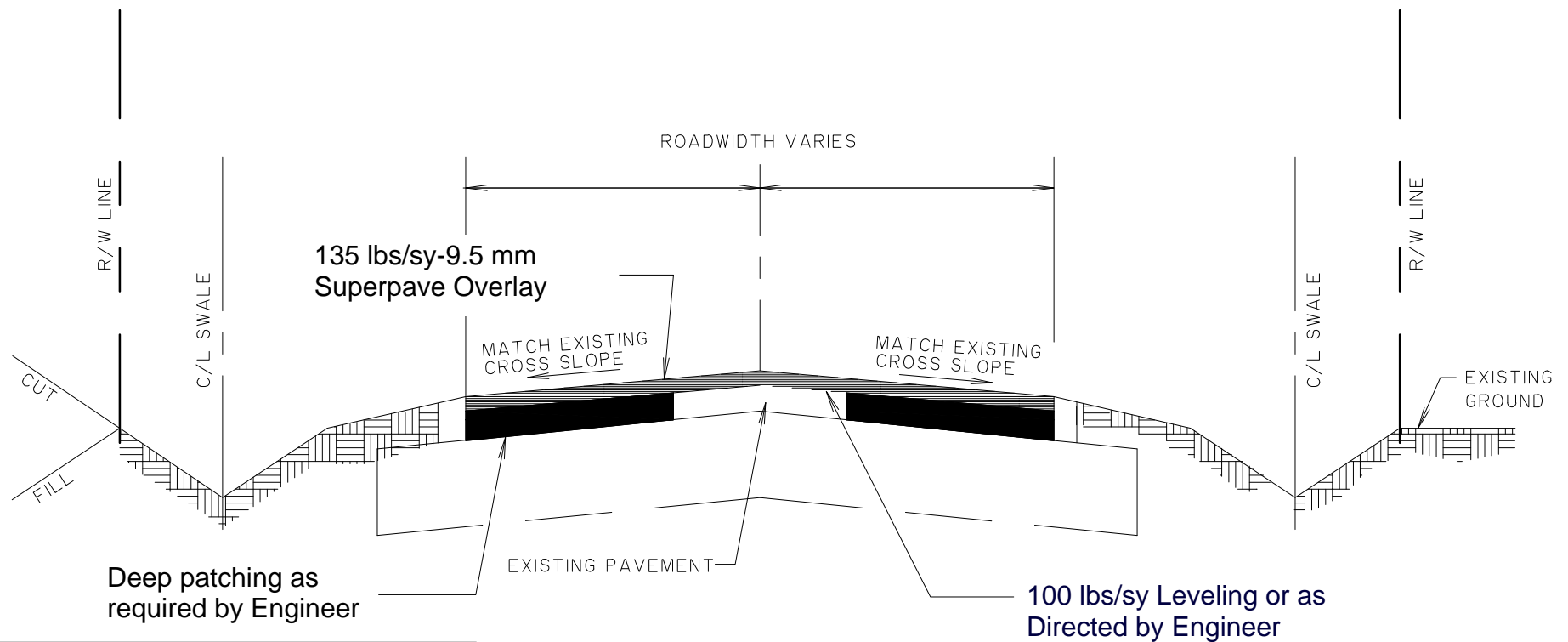
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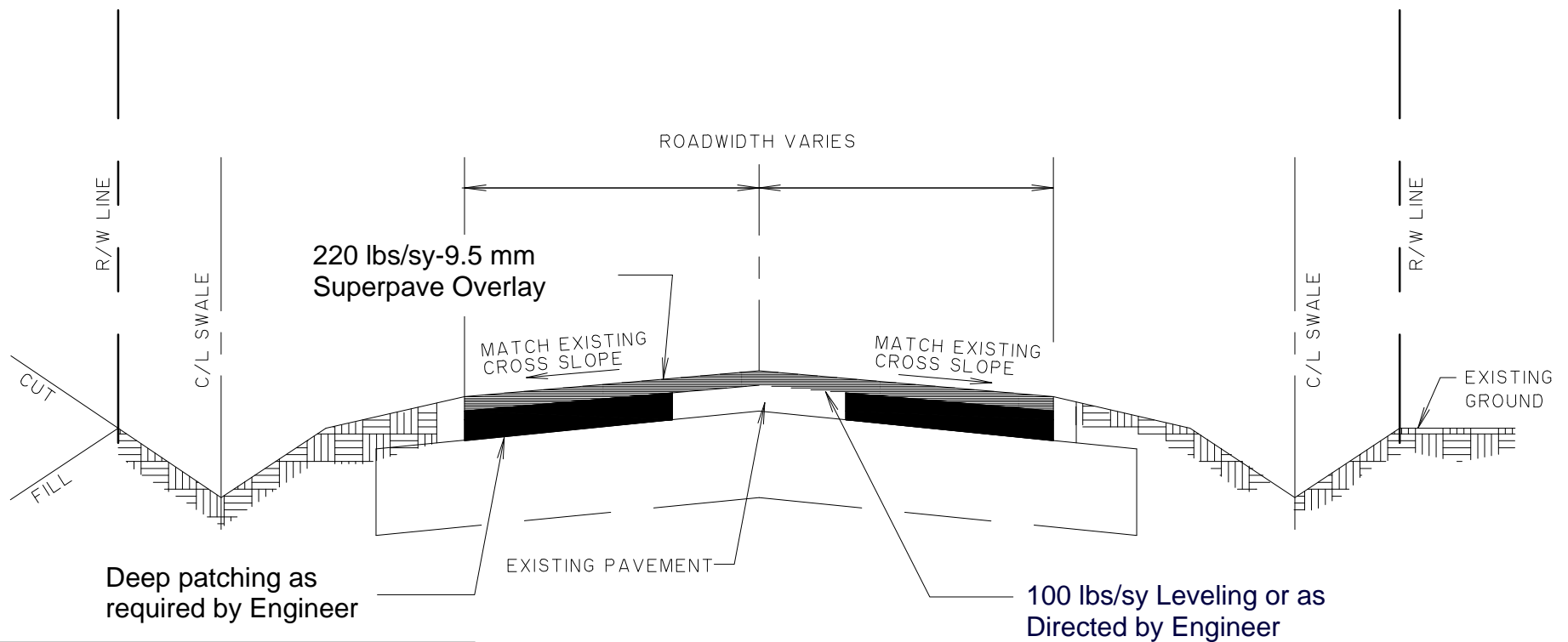
Effingham County
02/13/2025



TSPLOST 2025- District 3, 4, 5

Effingham County
03/10/2025





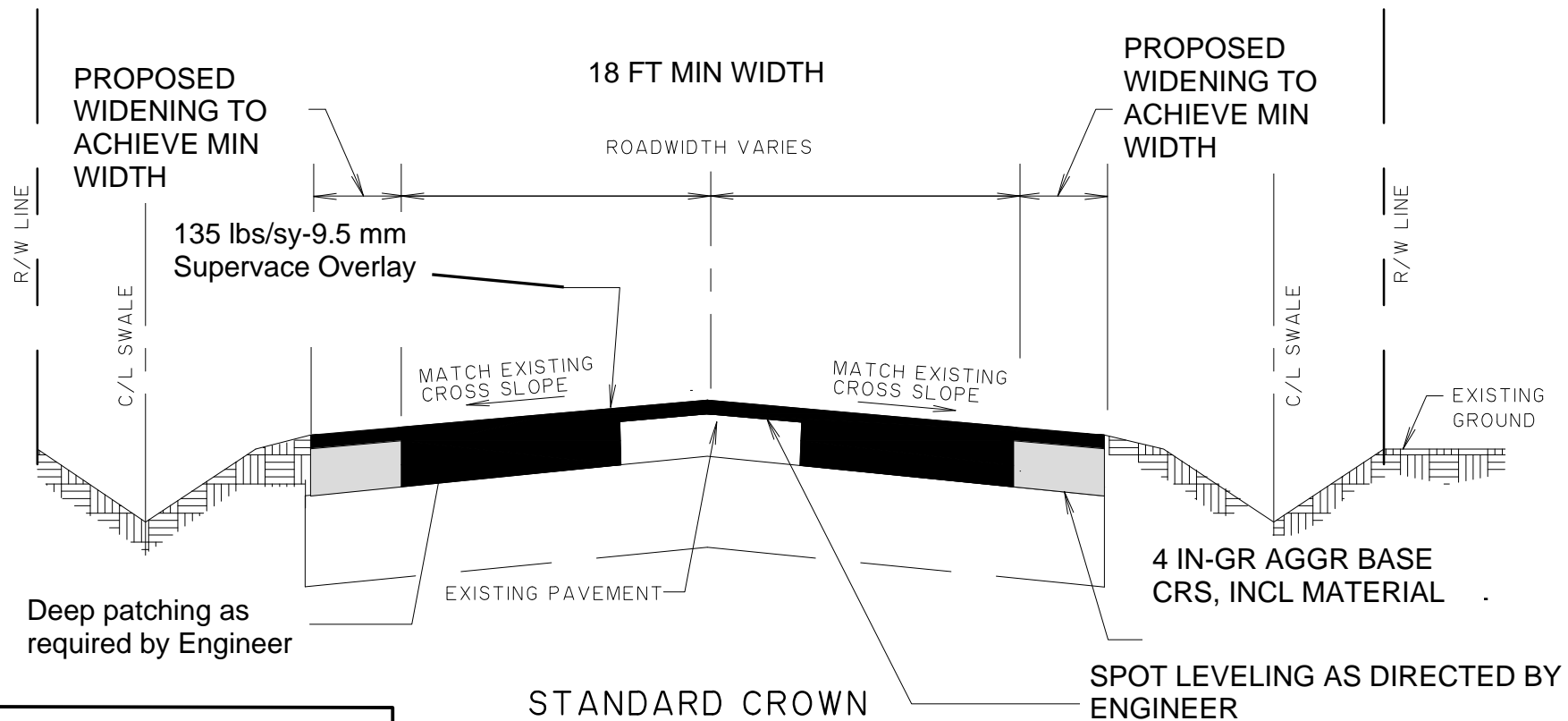
Road # 4

Deep patch 440 lbs/sy-19 mm as
directed by engineer (width varies)

See Detailed estimate for Estimated
Quantities

STANDARD CROWN WITH SWALES TYPICAL SECTION 2

NOT TO SCALE

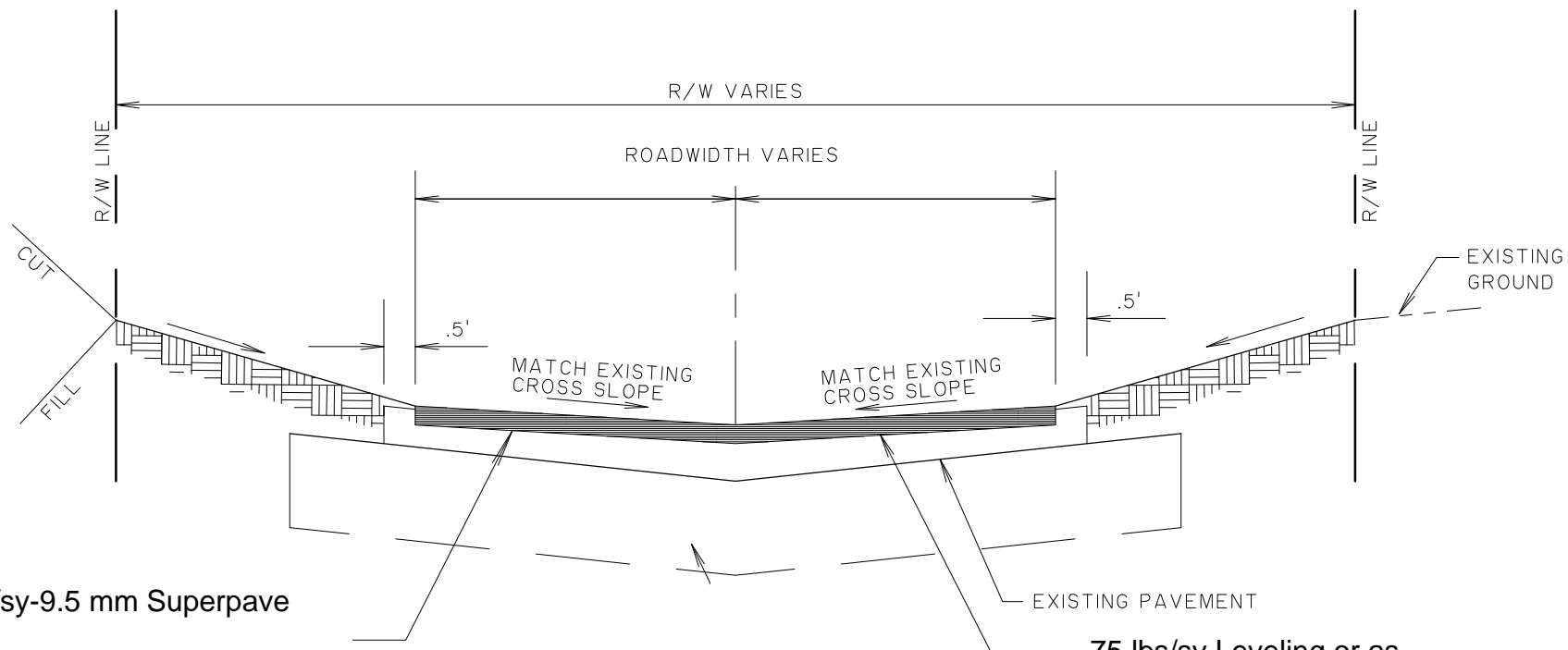


STANDARD CROWN WITH SWALES TYPICAL SECTION FOR ROAD

NOT TO SCALE

Road # 6

* PATCHING- 4 IN-GR
AGGR BASE CRS, INCL
MATERIAL



135 lbs/sy-9.5 mm Superpave Overlay

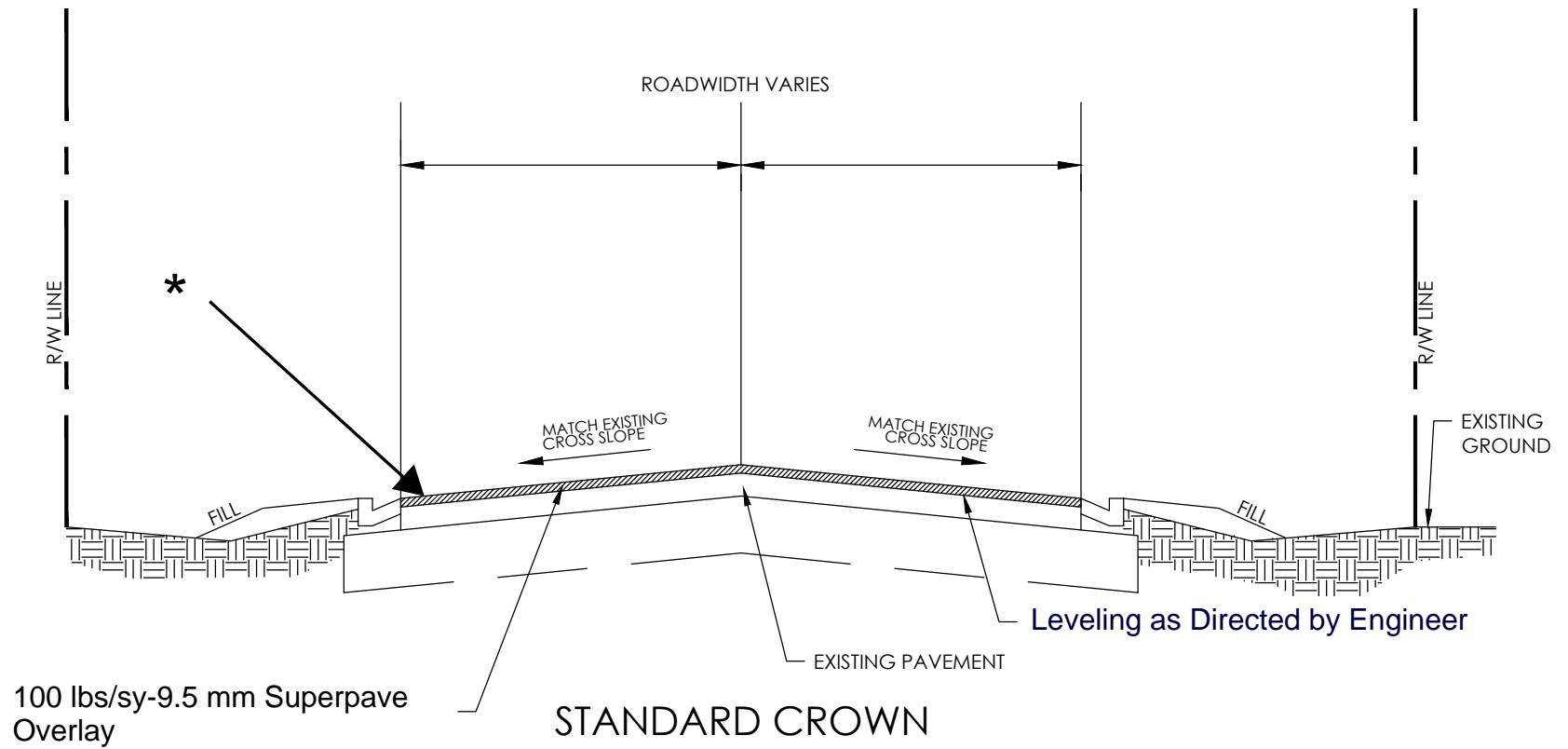
75 lbs/sy Leveling or as Directed by the Engineer

Road # 8,9,10,11, &12

Adjust Drop Inlets to Grade (15 Total)

INVERTED CROWN TYPICAL SECTION 2

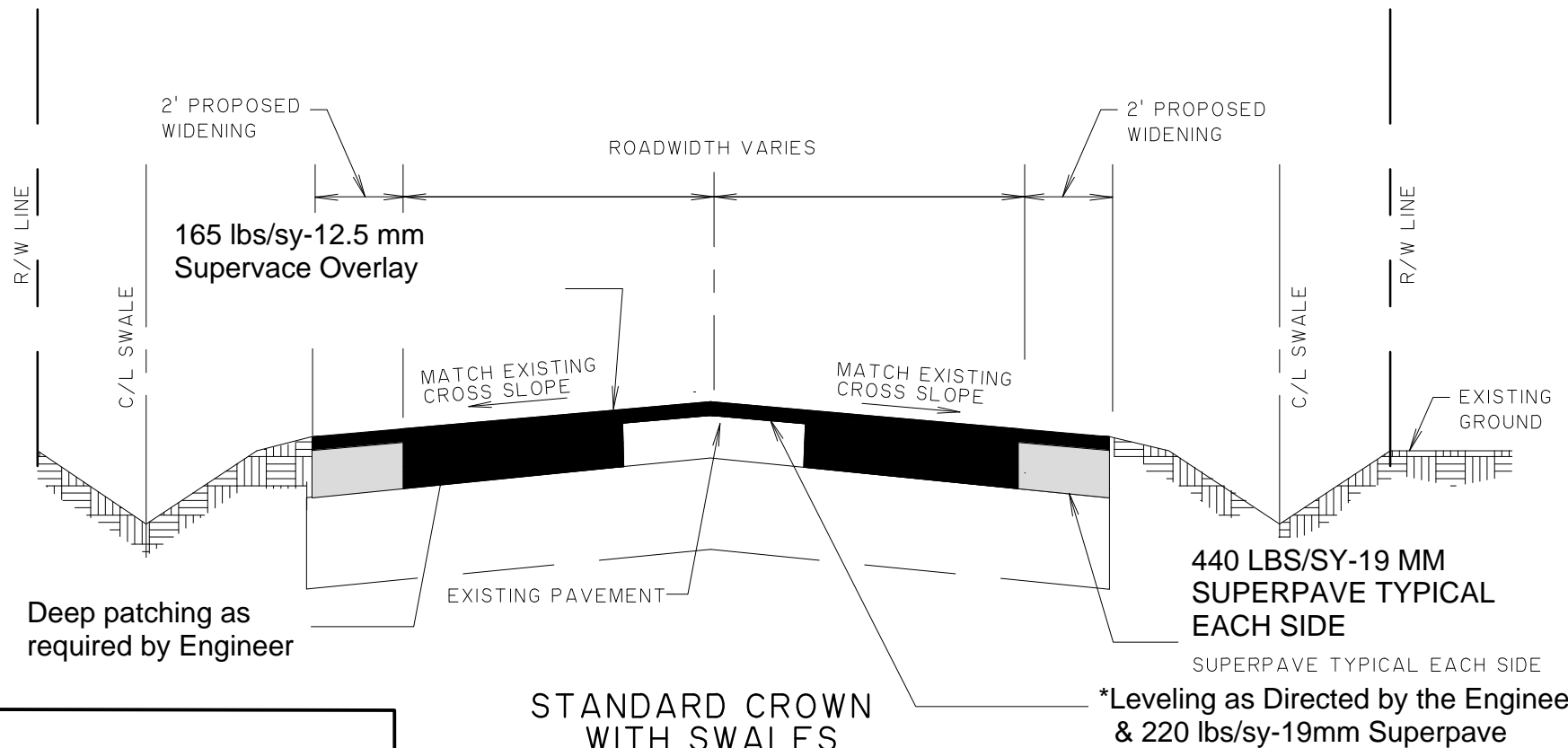
NOT TO SCALE



STANDARD CROWN WITH CURB & GUTTER TYPICAL SECTION

Road # 13,14,15,16,17,18, &19

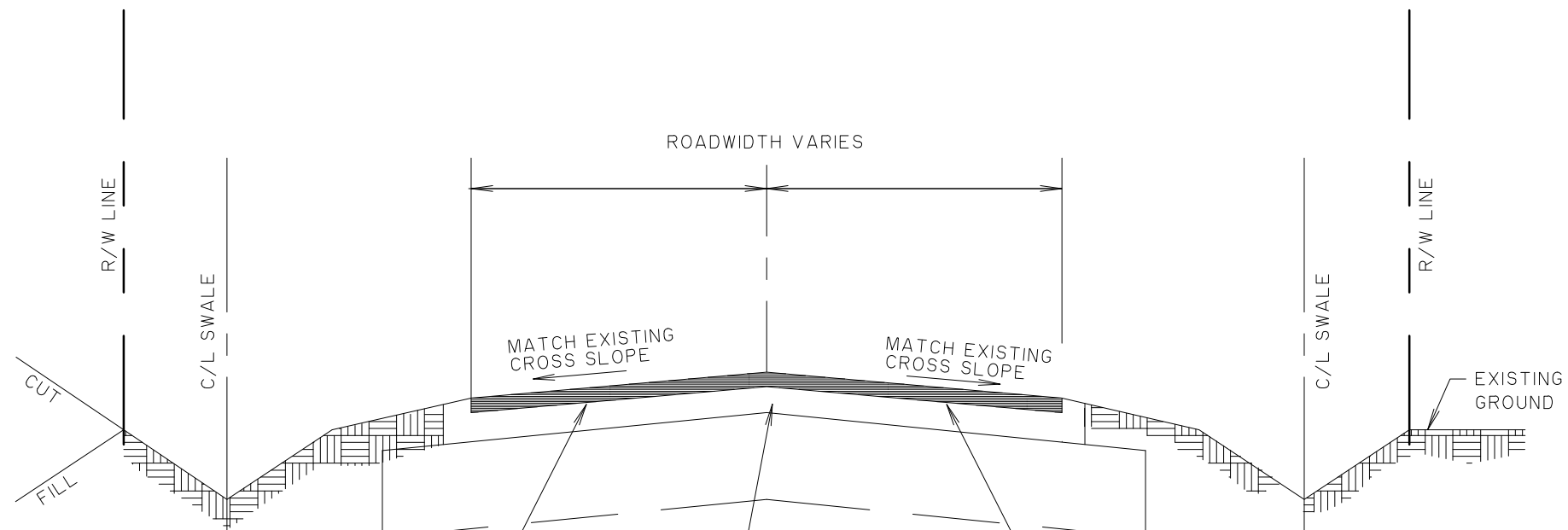
Patching as Directed by Engineer



STANDARD CROWN
WITH SWALES
TYPICAL SECTION FOR ROAD

NOT TO SCALE

Road # 20 & 21



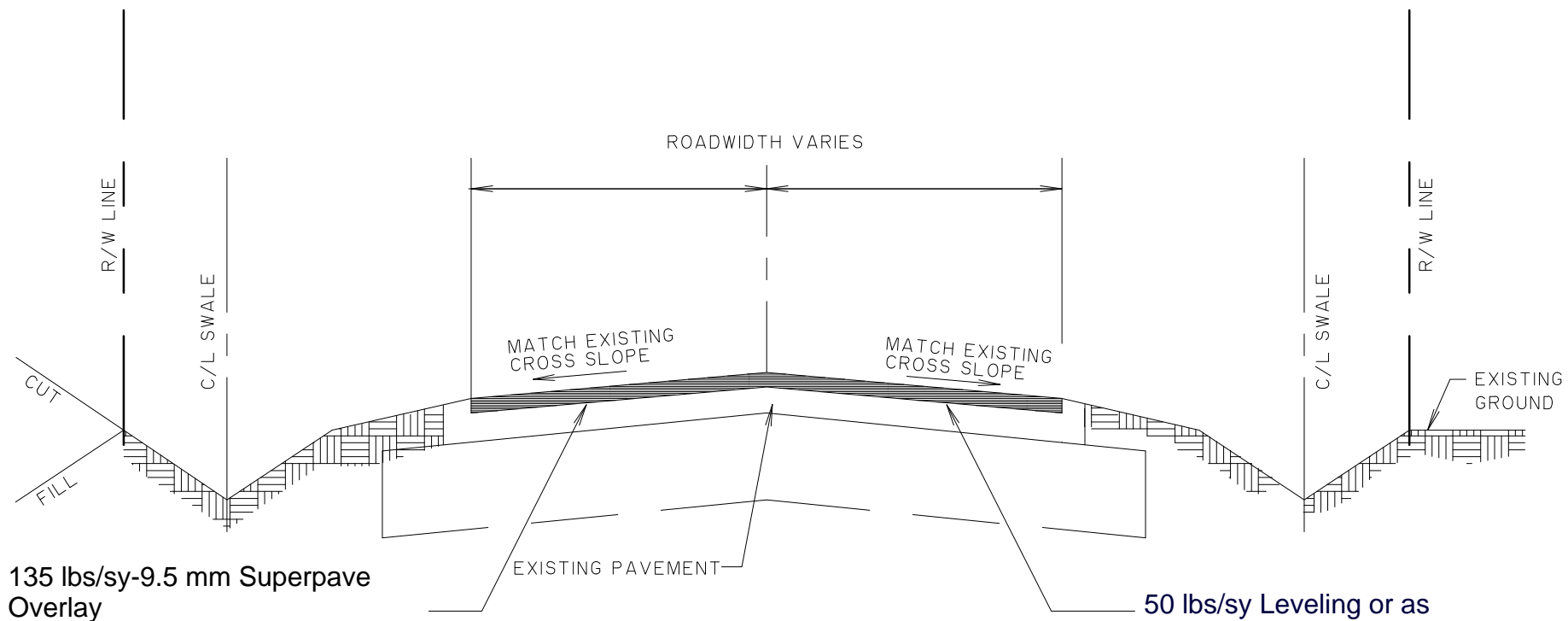
135 lbs/sy-9.5 mm Superpave
Overlay

100 lbs/sy Leveling or as
Directed by Engineer

Road # 22

STANDARD CROWN
WITH SWALES
TYPICAL SECTION I

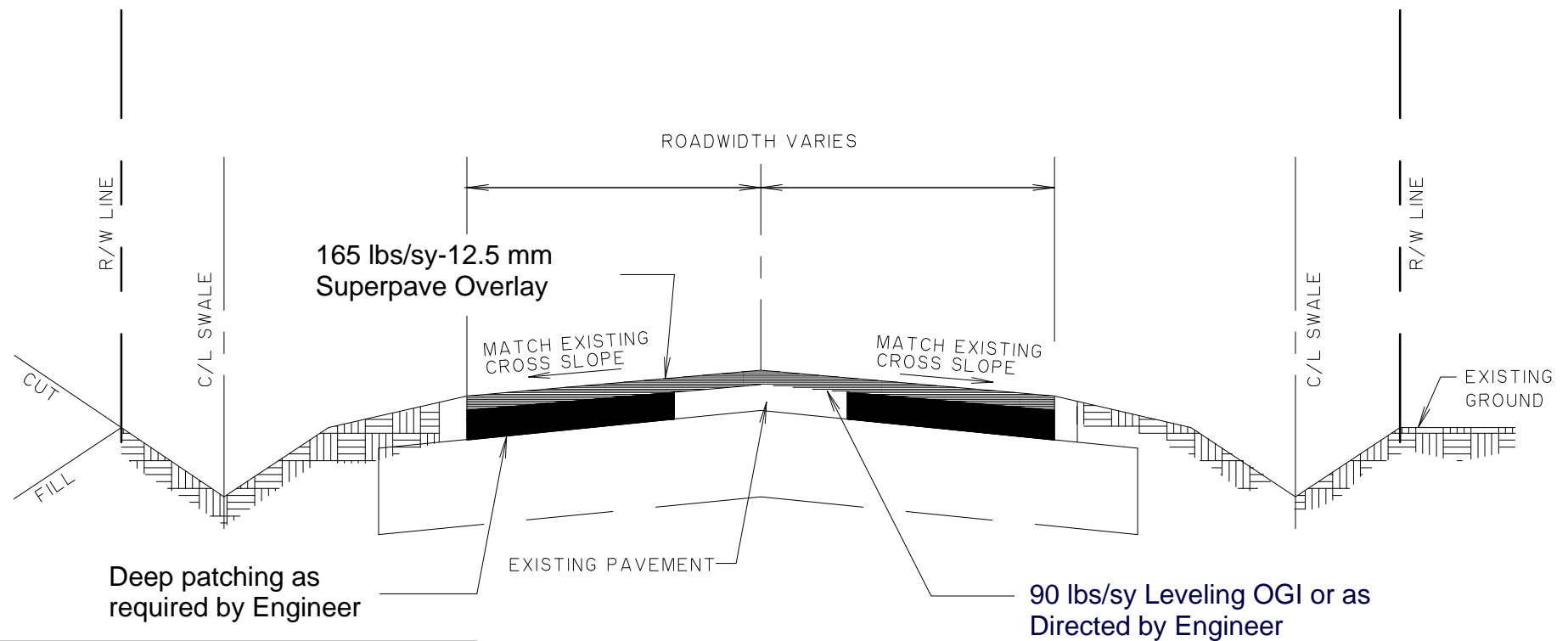
NOT TO SCALE



Road # 23

STANDARD CROWN
WITH SWALES
TYPICAL SECTION I

NOT TO SCALE



Road # 24 & 25

Deep patch 440 lbs/sy-19 mm as directed by engineer (width varies)

See Detailed estimate for Estimated Quantities

STANDARD CROWN WITH SWALES TYPICAL SECTION 2

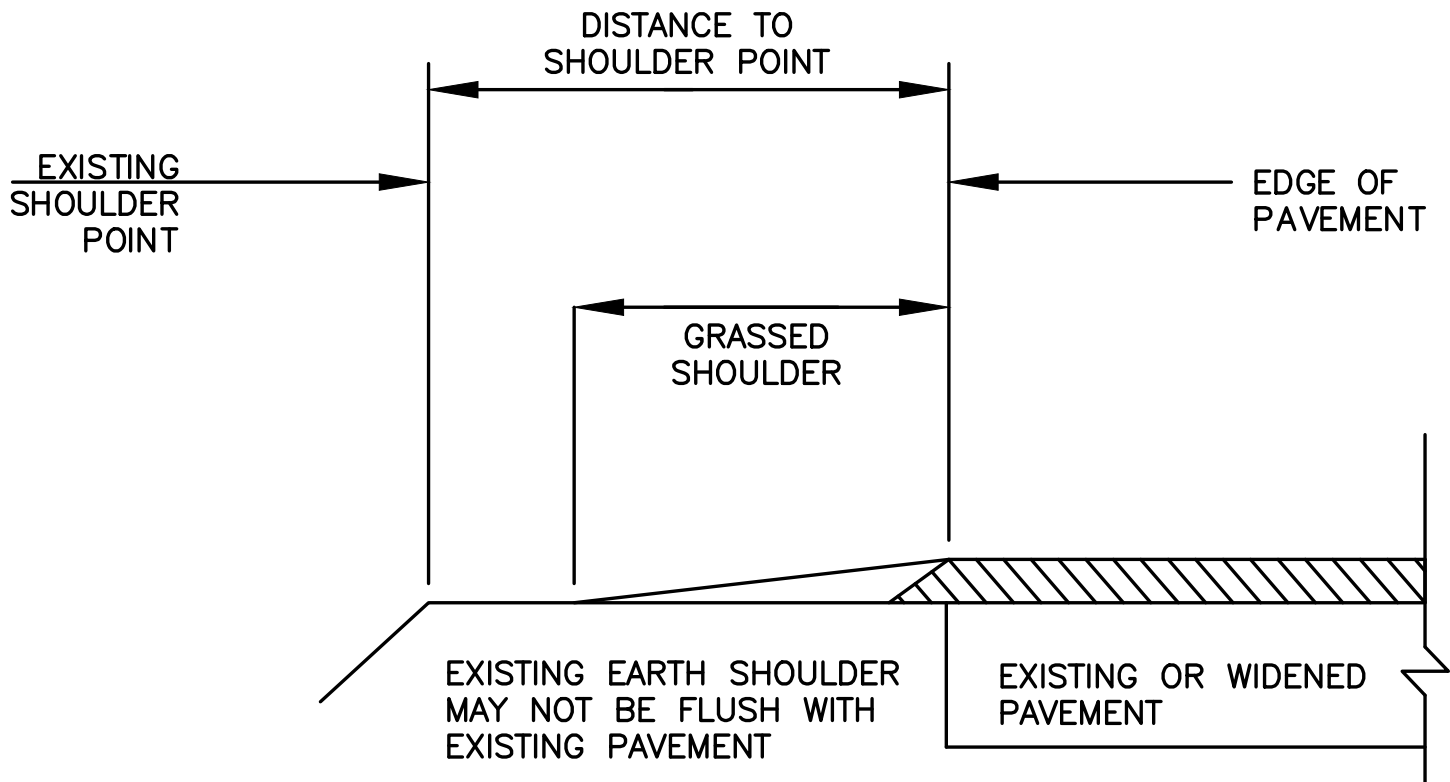
NOT TO SCALE

GENERAL NOTES

- Striping will be replaced as existing or as indicated in the contract per engineer.
- Patching will match existing cross slope and provide smooth profile along mainline.
- Care shall be taken not to track tack on adjacent roadway, bridge approaches or adjacent striping. Tracking shall be corrected at no cost to the County.
- All drainage structures within the limits of the project will be maintained throughout the duration of the project. Any debris that goes in drainage structures as a result of the paving operation will be cleaned out at no additional cost to the County.
- Temporary striping is required in accordance with section 150.04 of the Georgia Specifications. Final striping shall not commence until 15 calendar days after completion of paving. Temporary & Final striping shall be included in the overall bid price for Traffic Control.
- Milled areas will be covered with final surface course within (3) days.
- Pavement Edge Treatment Asphalt per detail P-7 is required for the project.
- In preparation of the roadway prior to resurfacing, blade the existing shoulders no lower in elevation than the existing pavement or shoulder. Shoulder material displaced by the cleaning operation prior to resurfacing shall be removed and disposed of at an approved disposal site off County right of way. The cost of this work shall be included in the overall bid price.
- Quantities for existing turnouts, flares, etc. are included in the detailed estimate.
- Flares to be resurfaced will require no additional base material.
- Driveways/Flares shall be tied in soon as possible (**4 feet min.**) within the existing right of way, to create a smooth transition.
- Place leveling course as either spot leveling or full width leveling or both at the direction of the Engineer.
- Perform all patching as directed by the engineer prior to leveling and resurfacing operations.
- No equipment or paving operations will be allowed within 25 feet of centerline of R/R grade crossing.
- Surface Treatment shall be covered the same day as asphalt course and completed prior to opening to traffic.
- When widening, the cost for removing, resetting or relocating existing signs and mailboxes shall be included in the overall bid price.
- 2 ft shoulder widening shall be performed with Milling type equipment which shall be used to trench the existing shoulder; waste material shall be discharged directly into trucks and removed from the shoulder and roadway and properly disposed of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Shoulder material shall be placed into open trench to level of adjoining pavement the same working day.
- The paving operation excluding patching, will be completed within **30 calendar days** upon start of the paving operation. Failure to complete paving operation within the specified time will result in liquidated damages to be assessed in accordance with subsection 108.08 of the standard specifications. The total time for contract from NTP is **270 calendar days**.

- Fill earth shoulders in accordance with details and notes in the plans. All work required to meet specifications shall be paid for as Grading per mile. This work shall be completed within thirty (30) days of the final surface paving of each road.
- Grass all areas of earth shoulder in accordance with section 706 of the specifications. All disturbed areas shall be grassed on the same day as grading completed.
- Ensure that all construction-related activities in places adjacent to environmentally sensitive areas be restricted to the existing right-of-way.
- The contractor shall provide a WTCS as required by Special Provision 150. All traffic control, signing, and markings shall adhere to the requirements of Special Provision 150 as well as MUTCD.
- **No lane closures will be allowed for West 9th Street and Chimney Road between 7:00 a.m. to 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. Monday through Friday.**
- Lane closure restrictions are subject to change by engineer. All closures are subject to approved traffic control plans which shall be submitted to for approval 14 calendar days prior to scheduled work.
- Any materials removed from the roadway shall be disposed of according to State and local requirements.
- Existing Stop signs and Street name signs are to be replaced in kind. Existing signs are to be returned to Effingham County.

EARTH SHOULDER FILLING



X=4'-0" OR DISTANCE TO SHOULDER POINT,
WHICHEVER IS THE LESSER WITH A MINIMUM
OF 1'-0" REQUIRED AT ALL LOCATIONS

TYPICAL SECTION SHOULDER FILLING NOT TO SCALE

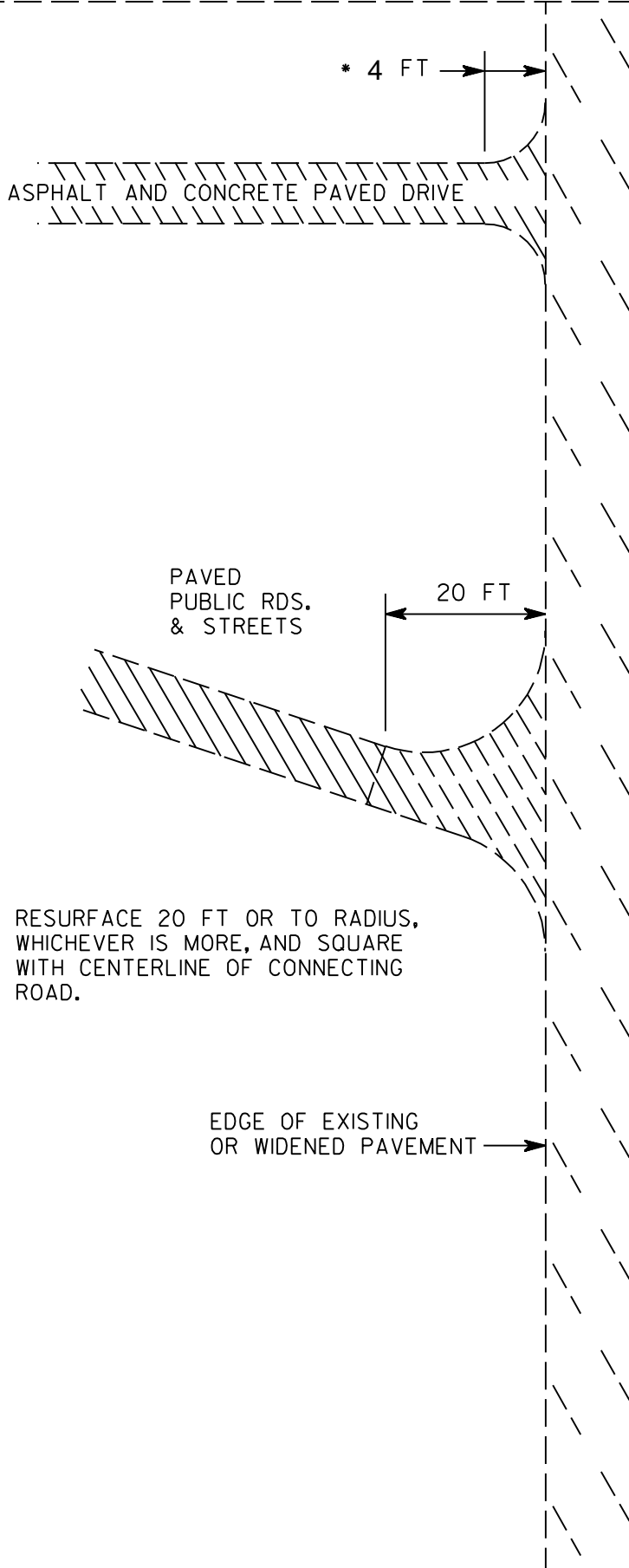
- 1) FILL EXISTING EARTH SHOULDER AT VARIABLE DEPTH AS TEQUIRED TO PROVIDE A SMOOTH GRADE FROM THE NEW EDGE OF PAVEMENT ELEVATION TYING INTO EXISTING EARTH SHOULDER.
- 2) ALL GRADING, INCLUDING ANY BORROW MATERIAL SHALL BE INCLUDED IN PRICE BID FOR GRADING PER MILE

COUNTY: Effingham Unincorporated

PROJECT:

PROJECT NO:
COUNTY:

DETAIL FOR PAVING TURNOUTS FOR SIDE ROADS, STREETS, AND DRIVES



NOTES:

1. THE ENGINEER MAY MODIFY THESE DESIGNS AND THE DEPTH OF LEVELING AND SURFACING MAY VARY AS NECESSARY TO PROVIDE A SMOOTH, SAFE AND WELL DRAINED TRANSITION TO AND FROM PUBLIC ROADS AND DRIVEWAYS.
2. ALL PAVING TURNOUT REQUIREMENTS ARE TO BE MEASURED FROM FINAL EDGE OF PAVEMENT ON MAINLINE.
3. THE CONTRACTOR, AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER, SHALL TIE-IN PAVED DRIVES, PUBLIC ROADS AND STREETS WITH 9.5 mm SUPERPAVE MIX NECESSARY TO EFFECT AN ACCEPTABLE TIE-IN. THE WORK SHALL BE PAID FOR UNDER 9.5 mm SUPERPAVE MIX.
4. IN THE EVENT ASPHALT AND CONCRETE PAVED DRIVES REQUIRE EXTENSION BEYOND THE DESCRIBED LIMITS TO EFFECT AN ACCEPTABLE TIE-IN, REFERENCE SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 231.
5. WHEN MILLING IS INCLUDED AS A PAY ITEM, ALL PAVED SIDE STREETS AND ROADS WITHIN THE MILLING LIMITS SHALL BE MILLED VARIABLE DEPTH TO THE BACK OF RADIUS, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED IN THE LOG SHEETS. MILLING WILL NOT BE REQUIRED FOR DRIVEWAYS. MILLING TO BE PAID FOR UNDER ITEM 432-.

West 9th Street & Chimney Road

**EFFINGHAM BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS
STATE OF GEORGIA**

SPECIAL PROVISION

**Project No. TSPLOST 25_D3, 4, & 5
County: EFFINGHAM**

SECTION 108—PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Retain Sub-Section 108.08 and add the following:

For this project the following items of work and corresponding intermediate times are required:

1. Lane Closures

Failure to reopen the lanes at the times specified in Section 150.11 will result in the assessment of Liquidated Damages at a rate of \$500.00 per hour or any part thereof.

2. Paving Operations

Failure to complete paving operations as specified in the General Notes of Contract (270 calendar days upon start of paving operation or 30 days to complete paving of individual roads) will result in the assessment of Liquidated Damages at a rate of \$638.00 per calendar day.

The above rates are cumulative and in addition to any Liquidated Damages which may be assessed for failure to complete the overall project.

**EFFINGHAM BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS
STATE OF GEORGIA**

SPECIAL PROVISION

**Project No. TSPLOST 25 D3,4, &5
County: EFFINGHAM**

Section 150—Traffic Control

- Add the following to Section 150:
 - 150.11 SPECIAL CONDITIONS
 - A. SPECIAL CONDITION HERE
 - No lane closures will be allowed for **West 9th Street and Chimney Road** between **7:00 a.m. to 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. Monday through Friday.**
 - Lane closure restrictions are subject to change by engineer. All closures are subject to approved traffic control plans which shall be submitted for approval 14 calendar days prior to scheduled work.
 - B. Failure to comply with the requirements of section 150 (Traffic Control) shall result in non-refundable deductions as specified in Special Provision Section 108.08 Enforcement.
-

February 01, 2017
Revised October 22, 2018
Revised December 7, 2020
Revised June 22, 2022
Revised January 24, 2024

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STATE OF GEORGIA

SPECIAL PROVISION

Section 150—Traffic Control

150.1 General Description

This section, as supplemented by the Plans, Specifications, and Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices ([MUTCD](#)) shall be considered the Temporary Traffic Control (TTC) Plan in accordance with Work Zone Safety and Mobility Policy. Activities shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining, and removing necessary traffic signs, pedestrian signs, barricades, lights, signals, cones, pavement markings and other traffic control devices and shall include flagging and other means for guidance and protection of vehicular and pedestrian traffic through the Work Zone. This Work shall include both maintaining existing devices and installing additional devices as necessary in construction work zones.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the maintenance of traffic signals and Advanced Traffic Management System (ATMs) devices from the time that the system is modified until final acceptance. The maintenance of traffic signals and ATMs devices that are not a part of the Work and that are not in conflict with any portion of the Work shall not be the responsibility of the Contractor. However, the Contractor is still responsible for damages to all devices that they or their subcontractors cause, in accordance with Section 107 and other Specifications.

When any provisions of this Specification or the Plans do not meet the minimum requirements of the [MUTCD](#), the [MUTCD](#) shall control. The 2023 Edition of the [MUTCD](#) including revisions shall be in effect for the duration of the project.

All traffic control devices used during the construction of the project shall meet the standards utilized in the [MUTCD](#), and shall comply with the requirements of these Specifications, Georgia Construction Standards and Details, Project Plans, Design Manuals, and Special Provisions.

The needs and control of all road users (motorists, bicyclists and pedestrians within the highway right-of-way and easements, including persons with disabilities in accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA), Title II,) through a Temporary Traffic Control (TTC) zone shall be an essential part of highway construction, utility work, maintenance operations and management of traffic incidents.

Utilities included in the Contract are bound by Special Provision 150 and shall follow its requirements. For utilities not included in the Contract but working within the project limits, they shall, at a minimum follow the [MUTCD](#). Moreover, in accordance with [Utility Accommodation Policy and Standards Manual dated 2016](#), the Engineer reserves the right to require additional certified flaggers, signs, warning lights, channelization devices, and other safety devices as may be necessary to properly protect, warn, and safeguard the traveling public. In addition, the Department reserves the right to place time restrictions or moratoriums on all utility work covered under a permit when, in the opinion of the Department, the continuance of the Work would seriously hinder traffic flow, be needlessly disruptive, or would unnecessarily inconvenience the traveling public. In case of emergencies, Utilities shall be provided access in accordance with [Utility Accommodation Policy and Standards Manual](#).

150.1.01 Definitions

For Special Provision 150, the definitions for “shall”, “should”, and “may” will be in accordance with [MUTCD \(1A.13\) \(1C.02\)](#).

Shall (Standard) - a statement of required, mandatory, or specifically prohibitive practice regarding a traffic control device.

Should (Guidance) - a statement of recommended, but not mandatory, practice in typical situations, with deviations allowed if engineering judgment or engineering study indicates the deviation to be appropriate.

May (Option) - a statement of practice that is a permissive condition and carries no requirement or recommendation.

150.1.02 Content

150.1 General Description

150.1.01 Definitions

150.1.02 Content

150.1.03 Related References

- A. Standard Specification
- B. Reference Documents

150.1.04 Submittals/Preconstruction

- A. Worksite Traffic Control Supervisor
- B. Sequence of Operations
- C. Pedestrian Considerations
 - 1. Pedestrian Signage
 - 2. Temporary Pedestrian Facilities

150.2 Materials and Traffic Control Devices

150.2.01 Traffic Control Devices

- A. NCHRP 350 and MASH
- B. Approval
- C. Quality Guidelines for All Temporary Traffic Devices

150.2.02 Reflectorization Requirements

- A. Signs
- B. Channelization Devices

150.2.03 Arrow Panels

150.2.04 Channelization Devices

A. General

B. Drums

1. Design
2. Application
3. Longitudinal Channelization
4. Removal

C. Vertical Panels

1. Design
2. Application

D. Cones

1. Design
2. Applications

E. Barricades

1. Design
2. Application

F. Warning Lights

1. Design
2. Application

150.2.05 Flashing Beacon

150.2.06 Guardrail

150.2.07 Interim Signs

A. Posts

B. Sign Blanks and Panels

150.2.08 Pavement Markings

- A. All Traffic Striping for Forty-Five (45) Days or Less (≤ 45 Days)
- B. All Temporary Striping Beyond Forty-Five (45) days (> 45 Days)
- C. All Temporary Traffic Striping on Final Surface

150.2.09 Portable Changeable Message Signs

150.2.10 Portable Impact Attenuators

150.2.11 Portable Temporary Traffic Control Signals

150.2.12 Raised Pavement Markers

150.2.13 Rumble Strips

150.2.14 Temporary Barriers

- A. Design
- B. Application

150.2.15 Temporary Guardrail Anchorage- Type 12

150.2.16 Temporary Traffic Signal

150.3 Construction Requirements

150.3.01 General

- A. Implementation Requirements
- B. Maintenance of Traffic Control Devices
- C. Traffic Interruption Restrictions
- D. Work Zone Restrictions
 - 1. Interstate
 - 2. Non-Interstate Divided Highways
 - 3. Non-Divided Highways
- E. Work Zone Geometric Restrictions
- F. Clear Zone
- G. Milled Surface Restrictions
- H. Construction Vehicle
- I. Environmental Impacts
- J. Existing Street Lights
- K. Nighttime Work Lighting
- L. Removal/Reinstallation of Miscellaneous Items

150.3.02 Personnel – Worker Safety Apparel

150.3.03 Signage – General

- A. Signing Requirements of the Temporary Traffic Control (TTC) Plan
- B. Conflicting or Non-Applicable Signs
- C. Removal of Existing Signs and Supports
- D. Interim Guide, Warning and Regulatory Signs
- E. Existing Special Guide Signs
 - 1. Special Guide Signs
 - 2. Interim Special Guide Signs
 - 3. Interim Overhead Guide Sign Structures
 - 4. Permanent Special Guide Signs
- F. Stop Sign Regulated Intersections
- G. Low Shoulder Signage
 - 1. Low Shoulder for Construction/Reconstruction/Resurfacing Projects
 - 2. Shoulder Drop-Off for Construction/Reconstruction/Resurfacing Project
- H. Bump Signage

I. Sign Visibility

150.3.04 Advance Warning Signs

A. Project Signs - All Type of Highways

1. State Routes
2. Interstate, Limited Access and Multilane Divided Highways
3. Ramp Work on Limited Access Highways

B. Highway Work Zone

1. No Reduction in the Existing Posted Speed Limit in Highway Work Zone
2. Reducing the Speed Limit in a Highway Work Zone
3. Variable Speed Limit Zones

C. Installation/Removal of Work Area Signage

150.3.05 Shoulder/Lane Closure

A. Approval/Restrictions

1. Closure Length
2. Duration

B. Shoulder Closure

C. Lane Closure

1. Advance Warning Signs
2. Transition Area – Taper
3. Activity Area
4. Termination Area

D. Removal of Lane Closures

E. Exit and Entrance Ramps

150.3.06 Traffic Pacing Method

A. Pacing of Traffic

B. Methods of Signing for Traffic Pacing

150.3.07 Flagging Operation

A. Flaggers

B. Flagger Certification

C. Flagger Appearance and Equipment

D. Flagger Warning Signs

E. Pilot Vehicle Requirements

F. Automated Flagger Assistance Devices

G. Portable Temporary Traffic Control Signals

150.3.08 Traffic Signals

A. Responsibility/Cost

B. Law Enforcement Officer Requirement

150.3.09 Mobile Operations

150.3.10 Pavement Markings

A. General

1. Resurfacing Projects

2. Widening and Reconstruction Projects

3. New Location Construction Projects

B. Installation and Removal of Pavement Markings

1. Installation

2. Removal

3. Intermediate Surface

4. Final Surface

5. Pay Factor Reduction for Asphaltic Concrete Final Surfaces

6. Preparation and Planning for Traffic Shifts

1. Supplementing Lane Lines

2. Supplementing Ramp Gore Lines

3. Other Lines

D. Exceptions for Interim Markings

1. Two-Lane, Two-Way Roadway

2. Multi-Lane Highway - with No Paved Shoulder(s) or Paved Shoulder(s) Four Feet or Less ($\leq 4'$)

3. Limited Access Roadways and Roadways with Paved Shoulder Greater than Four Feet ($>4'$)

4. Ramps for Multi-lane Divided Highways

5. Miscellaneous Pavement Markings

150.3.11 Differences in Elevation between Travel Lanes and Shoulders

A. Differences in Elevations

1. Difference of Two Inches ($\leq 2''$) or Less Between Adjacent Travel Lanes

2. Difference of Two Inches ($\leq 2''$) or Less Between Adjacent Travel Lane and Paved Shoulder

3. Difference of Greater Than Two Inches ($>2''$) is Permitted for Continuous Operations

4. Difference of Greater Than Two Inches ($>2''$) Between Travel Lanes and/or Shoulders for Non-Continuous Operations

B. Healed Section

C. Emergency Situations

D. Plating

E. Asphaltic Concrete Resurfacing Projects

1. Shoulder Construction Included as a Part of the Contract

2. Shoulder Construction Not Included as a Part of the Contract

150.3.12 Work Zone Law Enforcement

150.4 Measurement

150.4.01 Traffic Control Items

A. Traffic Control

B. Changeable Message Sign, Portable

C. Flashing Beacon Assembly

D. Pavement Markings

E. Portable Impact Attenuators

F. Signs

1. Interim Ground Mounted or Interim Overhead Special Guide Signs

2. Remove and Reset Existing Special Guide Signs, Ground Mount or Overhead

3. Modify Special Guide Signs, Ground Mount or Overhead

G. Temporary Audible Information Device

H. Temporary Barrier

I. Temporary Curb Cut Wheelchair Ramps

J. Temporary Guardrail Anchorage, Type 12

K. Temporary Walkways with Detectable Edging

L. Traffic Signal Installation - Temporary

M. Work Zone Law Enforcement

150.5 Reserved

150.6 Special Conditions

150.7 Payment

150.7.01 Enforcement and Adjustments

150.1.03 Related References

A. Standard Specifications

Section 104 - Scope of Work

Section 105 - -Control of Work-Legal Regulations and Responsibility to the Public

Section 107 - Legal Regulations and Responsibility to the Public

Section 108 - Prosecution and Progress

Section 209 - Subgrade Construction

Section 400 - Hot Mix Asphaltic Concrete Construction

Section 441 - Miscellaneous Concrete

Section 429 - Rumble Strips

Section 620 - Temporary Barrier

Section 632 - Portable Changeable Message Signs

Section 641 - Guardrail

Section 647 - Traffic Signal Installation

Section 648 - Traffic Impact Attenuator

Section 652 - Painting Traffic Stripe

Section 653 - Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe

Section 654 - Raised Pavement Markers

Section 656 - Removal of Pavement Markings

Section 657 - Preformed Plastic Pavement Markings

Section 658 - Polyurea Traffic Strip

Section 659 - Hot Applied Preformed Plastic Pavement Markings

Section 911 - Sign Posts

Section 912 - Sign Blanks and Panels

Section 913 - Reflectorizing Materials

B. Referenced Documents

ASTM D4956-13 (Retro-reflectivity)

American Traffic Safety Services Association (ATSSA)

Construction Detail A-3 Curb Cut (Wheelchair) Ramps Concrete Sidewalk Details

Construction Detail A-4 Detectable Warning Surface Truncated Dome Size, Spacing and Alignment Requirements

Construction Detail T-3A (Type 7, 8, and 9 Square Tube Post Installation Detail)

GDOT Signing and Marking Design Guidelines

Georgia Standard 4000W “Lengths of Advancement, Clear Zone Distances, Fill Height Embankment”

Georgia Standard 4960 “Temporary Barrier (End Treatment Options)”

Georgia Standard 9102 “Traffic Control Detail for Lane Closure on Two-Lane Highway”

Georgia Standard 9106 “Traffic Control Detail for Lane Closure on Multi-Lane Divided Highway”

Georgia Standard 9107 “Traffic Control Detail for Lane Closure on Multi-Lane Undivided Highway”

Georgia Standard 9121 “Tapers, Signs, and Markings for Passing Lanes”

Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH)

Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD)

National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) 350

National Safety Council

Qualified Product List #29 (QPL-29) Reflective Sheeting

Qualified Product List #34 (QPL-34) Work Zone Traffic Control Devices (Drums, Type III Barricades, Vertical Panels, and Portable Sign Systems)

Qualified Product List #35 (QPL-35) Drive Type Galvanized Steel Sign Posts

Qualified Product List #46 (QPL-46) Traffic Pavement Markings

Qualified Product List #64 (QPL-64) Attenuator Units (Compression Crash Cushion) and Guardrail End Treatments

Qualified Product List #76 (QPL-76) Raised Pavement Markers and Channel Markers

Qualified Product List #79 (QPL-79) Portable Arrow Boards

Qualified Product List #82 (QPL-82) “Portable Changeable Message Signs”

Utility Accommodation Policy and Standards Manual

Work Zone Safety and Mobility Policy

150.1.04 Submittals/Preconstruction

A. Worksite Traffic Control Supervisor

The Contractor shall designate a qualified individual as the Worksite Traffic Control Supervisor (WTCS). The WTCS shall be responsible for selecting, installing, and maintaining all traffic control devices in accordance with the Plans, Specifications, Special Provisions and the [MUTCD](#). The WTCS shall be currently certified by the [American Traffic Safety Services Association \(ATSSA\)](#) Work Site Traffic Supervisor Certification program or the [National Safety Council](#) Certification program. On-line classes will not be accepted.

The WTCS shall be available on a twenty-four (24) hour basis to perform their duties. If the Work requires traffic control activities to be performed during the daylight and nighttime hours, it may be necessary for the Contractor to designate an alternate WTCS. An alternate WTCS must meet the same requirements and qualifications as the primary WTCS and be accepted by the Engineer prior to beginning any traffic control duties. The Worksite Traffic Control Supervisor's traffic control responsibilities shall have priority over all other assigned duties.

As the representative of the Contractor, the WTCS shall have full authority to act on behalf of the Contractor in administering the TTC Plan. The WTCS shall have appropriate training in safe traffic control practices in accordance with Part 6 of the [MUTCD](#). In addition to the WTCS, all other individuals making decisions regarding traffic control shall meet the training requirements of the Part 6 of the [MUTCD](#).

The Worksite Traffic Control Supervisor (WTCS) shall have a copy of Part 6 of the [MUTCD](#) and the Contract on the job site. Copies of the current MUTCD may be obtained from the FHWA web page at <http://mutcd.fhwa.dot.gov>.

The WTCS shall supervise the initial installation of traffic control devices. The Engineer, prior to the beginning of construction, will review the initial installation. Modifications to traffic control devices as required by sequence of operations or staged construction shall be reviewed by the WTCS.

Any work performed on the interstate or limited access highway right-of-way that requires traffic control shall be supervised by a submitted/approved certified Worksite Traffic Control Supervisor. No work requiring traffic control shall be performed unless the certified WTCS is on the worksite. Failure to maintain a Certified Worksite Traffic Control Supervisor on the Work will be considered as non-performance under [Subsection 150.7.01](#).

The WTCS or alternate WTCS shall be available on a full-time basis to maintain traffic control devices with access to all personnel, materials, and equipment necessary to respond effectively to an emergency situation within forty-five (45) minutes of notification of the emergency.

The WTCS shall perform inspections, at a minimum once a month, to ensure that traffic control is maintained. For all interstate and limited access highways, the WTCS shall perform, as a minimum, weekly traffic control inspections. The inspections will start with the installation of the advance warning signs and will stop when a maintenance acceptance is issued or when the corrective list is completed.

An inspection shall include both daytime and nighttime reviews. The inspection shall be reported to the Engineer on a Traffic Control Inspection Report, (TC-1). Unless modified by the special conditions or by the Engineer, routine deficiencies shall be corrected within a twenty-four (24) hour period. Failure to comply with these provisions shall be grounds for dismissal from the duties of WTCS and/or removal of the WTCS from the project. Failure of the WTCS to execute their duties shall be considered as non-performance under [Subsection 150.7.01](#).

The Engineer will periodically review the Work for compliance with the requirements of the TTC plan.

On projects where traffic control duties will not require full time WTCS supervision, the Engineer may allow the Contractor's Project superintendent, foreman, subcontractor, or other designated personnel to serve as the WTCS as long as satisfactory results are obtained. Nevertheless, the individual shall meet the requirements and perform the duties of a WTCS.

TRAFFIC CONTROL INSPECTION REPORT (TC-1)

Project No.: _____ County: _____

Contractor: _____ Date: _____ Daytime: _____

Nighttime: _____

PURPOSE: To provide adequate warning, delineation, and channelization to assist in guiding road users in advance of and through the work zone by utilizing proper pavement markings, signs, and other MUTCD compliant devices.

RESPONSIBILITY: The Worksite Traffic Control Supervisor (WTCS) has the duty of ensuring that all traffic control devices are installed and maintained according to the requirements of the Traffic Control Plan.

DEFICIENCIES: Items noted below require corrective measures be performed within the next _____ hours/days.

<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>ACTION REQUIRED</u>
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
(use additional sheets if needed)		

Signature: _____ WTCS or DOT performing inspection

DOT inspection presented to WTCS Date: _____ Time: _____

TO BE COMPLETED BY THE WTCS

The attached deficiencies were corrected by Date: _____ Time: _____

Signature _____ Return TC-1 to DOT inspector.

The WTCS certifies that all traffic control devices in use on the project are MASH/NCHRP 350 crashworthy compliant.

Traffic Control Checklist

Satisfactory Unsatisfactory Non-applicable

Signs

S

U

N

- Are the signs correctly installed?
- Signs are in place according to TTC Plans. Signs are plumb and level. Signs are at the proper height.
- Are the signs visible and readable to the public both daytime and nighttime?
- Is retroreflectivity good?
- Are signs not in use including PCMS properly stored?

TTC Devices

S

U

N

- Are they MASH/NHCRP 350 approved? Do they meet MUTCD and Special Provision 150 requirements?
- Are they installed according to manufacture recommendation?
- Are they in acceptable/marginal condition? Are they stable? Is the retroreflectivity good?

Clear Zone

S

U

N

- Are all material and equipment stored beyond the clear zone?
- If stored in clear zone, are they protected by positive barrier?
- Are drop-offs marked and healed according to Special Provision 150?

Positive Barriers

S

U

N

- Are the barriers in acceptable/marginal condition and FHWA approved?
- Are the barrier reflectors proper and in good condition?
- Do the barriers extend to the proper advancement length? Are the tapers according to GA Standards?

Attenuators and Guardrails

S

U

N

- Are the proper attenuator assemblies in use?
- Gating - Is the recovery area free of debris and provide the necessary recovery area?
- Is the assembly in accordance with manufacture's recommendation?
- Are the guardrails properly anchored and/or attached to the barrier?
- Are shoes and transition sections in accordance with Standards?

Pavement Markings

S

U

N

- Are the pavement markings visible and legible?
- Can they be seen during the daytime and nighttime?
- Are there no conflicting pavement markings?
- Are the pavement markings including RPM installed and maintained according to section 150?

B. Sequence of Operations

Any Sequence of Operations provided in this Contract in conjunction with any staging details which may be shown in the Plans, is a suggested sequence for performing the Work. It is intended as a general staging plan for the orderly execution of the Work while minimizing the impact on pedestrian facilities, mainline, cross-streets and side streets. The Contractor shall develop detailed staging and temporary traffic control plans for performing specific areas of the Work including but not limited to all traffic shifts, detours, bridge widenings, paces, or other activities that disrupt traffic or pedestrian flow. The Engineer may require detailed staging and TTC Plans for lane closures or disruption to pedestrian facilities. These Plans shall be submitted for approval at least two (2) weeks prior to the scheduled date of the activity. Activities that have not been approved at least seven (7) days prior to the scheduled date shall be rescheduled.

Where traffic is permitted through the work area under stage construction, the Contractor may choose to construct, at no additional expense to the Department, temporary on-site bypasses, or detours in order to expedite the Work. Plans for such temporary bypasses or detours shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval thirty (30) calendar days prior to the proposed construction. Such bypasses or detours shall be removed promptly when in the opinion of the Engineer; they are no longer necessary for the satisfactory progress of the Work. Bypasses and detours shall meet the minimum requirements of Subsection 150.3.01.E.

As an option to the Sequence of Operations in the Contract, the Contractor may submit an alternative Sequence of Operations for review and approval. Alternate Sequence of Operations for pedestrian facilities shall be in compliance with the MUTCD and ADA. Pedestrian needs identified in the preconstruction phase shall be included in the proposed alternate plan.

The Department will not pay, or in any way, reimburse the Contractor for claims arising from the Contractor's inability to perform the Work in accordance with the Sequence of Operations provided in the Contract or from an approved Contractor alternate.

The Contractor shall secure the Engineer's approval of the Contractor's proposed plan of operation, sequence of work and methods of providing for the safe passage of vehicular and pedestrian traffic before it is placed in operation. The proposed plan of operation shall supplement the approved traffic control plan. Any major changes to the approved TTC plan, proposed by the Contractor, shall be submitted to the Department for approval.

Some additional traffic control details will be required prior to any major shifts or changes in traffic. The traffic control details shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

1. A detailed drawing showing traffic locations and lanes for each step of the change.
2. The location, size, and message of all signs required by the MUTCD, Plan, Special Provisions, and other signs as required to fit conditions. Any portable changeable message signs used shall be included in the details.
3. The method to be used in, and the limits of, the obliteration of conflicting lines and markings.
4. Type, location, and extent of new lines and markings.
5. Horizontal and vertical alignment and superelevation rates for detours, including cross-section and profile grades along each edge of existing pavement.
6. Drainage details for temporary and permanent alignments.
7. Location, length, and/or spacing of channelization and protective devices (temporary barrier, guardrail, barricades, etc.)
8. Starting time, duration, and date of planned change.
9. For each traffic shift, a paving plan, erection plan, or work site plan, as appropriate, detailing workforce, materials, and equipment necessary to accomplish the proposed Work. This will be the minimum resource allocation required in order to start the Work.

The above details shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval at least fourteen (14) days prior to the anticipated traffic shift. Submission should be made electronically in a portable document format (pdf). The Contractor shall have traffic control details for a traffic shift which has been approved by the Engineer prior to commencement of the physical shift. All preparatory work relative to the traffic shift, which does not interfere with traffic, shall be accomplished prior to the designated starting time. The Engineer and the Contractor's representative will verify that all conditions have been met prior to the Contractor obtaining materials for the actual traffic shift.

C. Pedestrian Considerations

All existing pedestrian facilities, including access to transit stops, shall be maintained. Where pedestrian routes are closed, alternate routes shall be provided. Closures of existing, interim, and final pedestrian facilities shall have the prior written approval of the Engineer. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and shall include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Pedestrian facilities are considered improvements and provisions made to accommodate or encourage walking. Whenever a sidewalk is to be closed, the Engineer shall notify the maintaining agency two (2) weeks prior to the closure. Prior to closure, detectable barriers (that are detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane), as described by the MUTCD, shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk. Barriers and channelizing devices used along a temporary pedestrian route shall be in compliance with the MUTCD.

Temporary Traffic Control devices used to delineate a Temporary Traffic Control Zone Pedestrian Walkway shall be in compliance with Subsection 150.3.01.A. Appropriate signs as described in the MUTCD shall be maintained to allow safe passage of pedestrian traffic or to advise pedestrians of walkway closures (Refer to MUTCD Figures TA-28 and TA-29 for guidance). Advance closure signing should be placed at intersections rather than midblock locations so that pedestrians are not confronted with midblock work sites that will induce them to attempt skirting the work site or making a midblock crossing. Temporary Traffic Control devices and construction material shall not intrude into the usable width of the pedestrian walkway. Signs and other devices shall be placed such that they do not narrow or restrict any pedestrian passage to less than forty-eight inches ($\geq 48"$).

1. Pedestrian Signage

A pedestrian walkway shall not be severed or relocated for non-construction activities, such as parking for construction vehicles and equipment. Movement by construction vehicles and equipment across designated pedestrian walkways should be minimized. When necessary, construction activities shall be controlled by flaggers. Pedestrian walkways shall be kept free of mud, loose gravel, or other debris.

When temporary covered walkways are used, they shall be lighted during nighttime hours. When temporary traffic barrier is used to separate pedestrian and vehicular traffic, the temporary barrier shall meet Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) Test Level 3 and/or NCHRP-350 Test Level Three. The barrier ends shall be protected in accordance with Georgia Standard 4960. Curbing shall not be used as a substitute for temporary traffic barriers when temporary traffic barriers are required. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between temporary traffic control devices are not considered as detectable and shall not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.

The WTCS shall inspect the activity area daily to ensure that effective pedestrian TTC is being maintained. The inspection of TTC for pedestrian traffic shall be included as part of the TC-1 report.

2. Temporary Pedestrian Facilities

Temporary pedestrian facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. The geometry, alignment and construction of the facility should meet the applicable requirements of the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)".

a. Temporary Walkways with Detectable Edging

A smooth, continuous hard surface (firm, stable and slip resistant) shall be provided throughout the entire length of the temporary pedestrian facility. Compacted soils, sand, crushed stone, or asphaltic pavement millings shall not be used as a surface course for walkways.

Temporary walkways shall include detectable edging as defined in the MUTCD. When temporary traffic barrier is included as a pay item in the Contract and where locations identified on the Plans for positive protection will also allow them to serve as pedestrian detectable edging, payment will be made for the temporary traffic barrier in accordance with [Section 620](#). No payment will be made for temporary walkways with Detectable Edging where existing pavements or existing edging (that meets the requirements of MUTCD) are utilized as temporary walkways. Payment for temporary detectable edging, including approved barriers and channelizing devices, installed on existing pavements shall be included in Traffic Control-Lump Sum.

Regardless of the materials used, temporary walkways shall be constructed with sufficient thickness and durability to withstand the intended use for the duration of the construction project. If concrete or asphalt is used as the surface course for the walkway, it shall be a minimum of one and one-half inches ($\geq 1\frac{1}{2}$ ") thick. Temporary walkways constructed across unimproved streets and drives shall be a minimum thickness of four inches (≥ 4 ") for concrete and three inches (≥ 3 ") for asphalt. Joints formed in concrete sidewalks shall be in accordance with [Section 441](#). Concrete surfaces shall have a broom finish.

If plywood is used as a walkway, it must be a minimum of three quarters of an inch ($\geq 3/4$ ") thick, pressure treated and supported with pressure treated longitudinal joists spaced a maximum of sixteen inches (≤ 16 ") on center. The plywood shall be secured to the joist with galvanized nails or galvanized deck screws. Nails and screws shall be countersunk to prevent snagging or tripping the pedestrians. A slip resistant friction course shall be applied to any plywood surface that is used as a walkway. Any slip resistant material used shall have the prior written approval of the Engineer.

The Contractor may propose alternate types of Temporary Walkways provided that the Contractor can document that the proposed walkway meets the requirements of the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)". Alternate types of Temporary Walkways shall have the prior written approval of the Engineer.

Temporary walkways shall be constructed and maintained so there are no abrupt changes in grade or terrain that could cause a tripping hazard or could be a barrier to wheelchair use. The Contractor shall construct and maintain the walkway to ensure that joints in the walkway have a vertical difference in elevation of no more than one quarter ($\leq 1/4$ ") of an inch and that the horizontal joints have gaps no greater than one half ($\leq 1/2$ ") of an inch. The grade of the temporary walkway should parallel the grade of the existing walkway or roadway and the cross slope should be no greater than two percent ($\leq 2\%$). A width of sixty inches (60"), if practical, should be provided throughout the entire length of any temporary walkway. The temporary walkway shall be a minimum width of forty eight (48") inches. When it is not possible to maintain a minimum width of sixty (60") inches throughout the entire length of temporary walkway, a sixty (60") inch by sixty (60") inch passing space should be provided at least every two hundred feet (200 ft.), to allow individuals in wheelchairs to pass.

Temporary walkways shall be constructed on firm subgrade. Compact the subgrade according to [Section 209](#). Furnish and install any needed temporary pipes prior to constructing any walkway to ensure positive drainage away from or beneath the temporary walkway. Once the walkway is no longer required, remove any temporary materials, and restore the area to the original conditions or as shown in the Plans.

b. Temporary Curb Cut Wheelchair Ramps

Temporary curb cut wheelchair ramps shall be constructed in accordance with [Section 441](#) and [Construction Detail A-3 Curb Cut \(Wheelchair\) Ramps Concrete Sidewalk Details](#). Ramps shall also include a detectable warning surface in accordance with [Construction Detail A-4 Detectable Warning Surface Truncated Dome Size, Spacing and Alignment Requirements](#). Other types of material for the construction of the temporary curb cut wheelchair ramps, including the detectable warning surface, may be used provided the Contractor can provide documentation that the material to be used meets the requirements

of the “Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)”. When a wheelchair ramp is no longer required, remove the temporary materials, and restore the area to existing conditions or as shown in the Plans. For the items required to restore the area to original conditions or as shown in the Plans, measures for payment shall be covered by Contract pay items. If pay items are not included in the Contract, then payment for these items shall be included in Traffic Control-Lump Sum.

c. Temporary Audible Information Device

Temporary audible information devices, when shown in the Plans, shall be installed in compliance with the “Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)”. The devices shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer’s recommendations. Prior to installation, the Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a set of manufacturer’s drawings detailing the proper installation procedures for each device. When no longer required, the devices shall remain the property of the Contractor.

150.2 Materials and Traffic Control Devices

150.2.01 Traffic Control Devices

A. NCHRP 350 and MASH

All devices shall be certified in accordance with the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) Test Level 3 and/or the National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) 350 Test Level 3 as applicable unless modified by this Special Provision. In addition, temporary work zone devices, including portable barriers, manufactured after December 31, 2019, must have been successfully tested under 2016 edition of MASH requirements. Such devices manufactured on or before this date, and successfully tested under either NCHRP Report 350 or the 2009 edition of MASH, may continue to be used throughout their normal service lives.

B. Approval

All traffic control devices with applicable Qualified Products List (QPL) categories shall come from the appropriate QPL list. Products not on the QPL may be used with an approval letter from the Georgia Department of Transportation Office of Materials and Testing. If there is no applicable QPL, the Contractor shall provide proof of MASH/NCHRP 350 certification. The proof may be a letter or written statement from the manufacturer that the product is MASH/NCHRP 350 approved. Decal certifications are not proof of certification and are not required.

C. Quality Guidelines for All Temporary Traffic Devices

All traffic control devices found to be unacceptable in accordance with the current ATSSA, “Quality Guidelines for Temporary Traffic Devices and Features” regardless of total numbers shall be replaced within twenty-four (24) hours unless stated otherwise in the Specifications, in the Contract, or as directed by the Engineer.

150.2.02 Retroreflectivity Requirements

A. Signs

Reflective sheeting shall meet the requirements of Section 913 and QPL-29

All construction warning signs (black on fluorescent orange) shall meet the minimum reflectivity and color requirements of ASTM D4956 Type XI regardless of the mounting height. All other signs reflectorization shall be in accordance with the Plans, Contract, and “GDOT Signing and Marking Design Guidelines”.

B. Channelization Devices

Reflective sheeting shall meet the requirements of Section 913 and QPL-29

All channelization devices (white/ fluorescent orange and white/red) shall meet the minimum retroreflectivity requirements of ASTM D4956 Type IV or Type VI.

150.2.03 Arrow Panels

Arrow panels shall meet the requirements for [MUTCD \(6L.06\)](#) and QPL-79.

Portable sequential arrow, sequential chevron, or flashing arrow panels shall be a minimum size of forty-eight inches (48") high by ninety-six inches (96") wide with not less than fifteen (15) lamps used for the arrow. The arrow shall occupy virtually the entire size of the arrow panel and shall have a minimum legibility distance of one (1) mile. The minimum legibility distance is the distance at which the arrow panel can be comprehended by an observer on a sunny day, or clear night. Arrow panels shall be equipped with automatic dimming features for use during hours of darkness. The arrow panels shall also meet the requirements for a Type C panel as shown in the MUTCD (6L.06). The sequential or flashing arrow panels shall not be used for lane closure on two-lane, two-way highways when traffic is restricted to one-lane operations in which case, appropriate signing, flaggers and when required, pilot vehicles will be deemed sufficient.

The arrow panels shall be placed on the shoulder at or near the point where the lane closing transition begins. The panels shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer, or other suitable support. Vehicle mounted panels shall be provided with remote controls. Minimum mounting height shall be seven feet (7') above the roadway to the bottom of the panel, except on vehicle mounted panels which should be as high as practical.

For emergency situations, arrow display panels that meet the MUTCD requirements for Type A or Type B panels may be used until Type C panels can be located and placed at the site. The use of Type A and Type B panels shall be held to the minimum length of time possible before having the Type C panel(s) in operation. The Engineer shall determine when conditions and circumstances are considered to be emergencies. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer, in writing, when any non-specification arrow display panel(s) is being used in the Work.

150.2.04 Channelization Devices

A. General

Channelization shall clearly delineate the travel way through the work zone and alert drivers and pedestrians to conditions created by work activities in or near the travel way. Channelization shall be in accordance with the Plans, Specifications, MUTCD, QPL-34, and the following requirements.

B. Drums

1. Design

Drums shall meet the minimum requirement of the [MUTCD \(6K.06\)](#). Drums shall have six inch (6") wide stripes – white/fluorescent orange.

2. Application

Drums shall be used as the required channelizing device to delineate the full length of a lane closure, shift, or encroachment, except as modified by this Subsection.

3. Longitudinal Channelization

Drums shall be spaced as listed below for various roadside work conditions except as modified by [Subsection 150.3.11](#). Spacing shall be used for situations meeting any of the conditions listed as follows:

a. FORTY FOOT (40') SPACING MAXIMUM

- For difference in elevation exceeding two inches (> 2").
- For heeled sections no steeper than 4:1 as shown in [Subsection 150.3.11](#), Detail 150-H.

b. EIGHTY FOOT (80') SPACING MAXIMUM

- For difference in elevation of two inches ($\leq 2''$) or less.
- Flush areas where equipment or workers are within ten feet ($\leq 10'$) of the travel lane.

- c. 200 FOOT SPACING MAXIMUM:** Where equipment or workers are more than ten feet ($> 10'$) from travel lane. Lateral offset clearance to be four feet ($4'$) from the travel lane.
- For paved areas, eight feet ($> 8'$) or greater in width that are paved flush with a standard width travel lane.
 - For disturbed shoulder areas not completed to typical section that are flush to the travel lane and considered a usable shoulder.

4. Removal of Drums

Drums may be removed after shoulders are completed to typical section and grassed. Guardrail and other safety devices shall be installed and appropriate signs advising of conditions such as soft or low shoulder shall be posted before the drums are removed.

C. Vertical Panels

1. Design

All vertical panels shall meet the minimum requirements of the [MUTCD \(6K.05\)](#). All vertical panels shall have a minimum of 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing the traffic and be a minimum of thirty-six inches ($\geq 36''$) high. The vertical panels shall be in addition a minimum eight inches ($\geq 8''$) wide with a stripe width of six inches ($6''$) – white/fluorescent orange.

2. Application

Vertical panels with retroreflectivity less than Type VI can only be used when traffic drums reduce the travel lane to less than ten feet ($\leq 10'$); vertical panels shall be used to restore the travel lane to ten feet ($\geq 10'$) or greater. No other application of vertical panels with retroreflectivity less than type VI will be permitted.

Vertical panels with a minimum type VI retroreflectivity and six ($6''$) inch stripe may be used for longitudinal channelization in the activity zone where work takes place for short-term stationary lane closures and intermediate-term stationary lane closures. They can be used for lane closures lasting three (3) days and with Engineer approval up to seven (7) days. They shall not be used in the transition zone including the tapers and the tangent lengths between tapers.

D. Cones

1. Design:

All cones shall be a minimum of twenty-eight inches ($\geq 28''$) in height regardless of application and shall meet the requirements of the [MUTCD \(6K-1\)](#).

Retroreflectivity may be deleted from all cones.

2. Application

On interstates, cones shall be prohibited. On all other routes, cones may only be used for longitudinal channelization in the activity zone where work takes place for short-term stationary lane closures. They shall not be used in the transition zone including the tapers and the tangent lengths between tapers. The use of cones for nighttime work will not be permitted. Cones shall not be stored or allowed to be visible on the worksite during nighttime.

Cones may be used for daytime flagging operations including tapers at flagging stations.

E. Barricades

1. Design

Type 3 barricades shall meet the minimum requirements of the [MUTCD \(6K.07\)](#). The Contractor has the option of choosing Type 3 barricades from the [QPL-34](#) or the Contractor may utilize generic barricades that are approved by the [Federal Highway Administration \(FHWA\)](#). When barricades have been specifically crash tested with signs attached, the Contractor has the responsibility to attach the signs as per the manufacturer's recommendations to ensure crashworthiness. If the barricades were not tested with the signs, crashworthy compliance may require that rigid signs be mounted separate from the Type 3 barricade.

The use of Type 1 and Type 2 barricades will not be permitted.

2. Application

Type 3 barricades shall be placed as required by the Plans, the Standards, and as directed by the Engineer.

When a barricade is placed so that it is subject to side impact from a vehicle, a drum shall be placed at the side of the barricade to add target value to the barricade.

F. Warning Lights

1. Design

All warning lights shall meet the requirements of the [MUTCD \(6L.07\)](#).

2. Application:

- a. Type A low-intensity flashing lights shall be used as shown in the Plans, the Standards, and as directed by the Engineer.
- b. Type C Steady-Burn lights shall be used as shown in the Plans, the Standards, and as directed by the Engineer.

150.2.05 Flashing Beacon

The flashing beacon assembly, when specified, shall be used in conjunction with construction warning signs, regulatory, or guide signs to inform traffic of special road conditions which require additional driver attention. The flashing beacon assembly shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of [Section 647](#).

150.2.06 Guardrail

Guardrail shall comply with [Section 641](#) Guardrail and the guardrail standards.

When the removal and installation of guardrail is required, as a part of the Work, the following time restrictions shall apply unless modified by the special conditions:

From the time that the existing guardrail or temporary positive barrier protection is removed, the Contractor has fourteen (14) days to install the new guardrail and anchors. During the interim, the location without guardrail shall be protected with drums spaced at a maximum spacing of twenty feet (20'). The guardrail blunt end is to be treated as a fixed object and shall be protected. The maximum length of rail that can be removed at any time without being replaced with positive barrier protection is a total of 2000 linear feet of existing rail or the total length of one run of existing rail, whichever is less. Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer may review the Work and require that the guardrail be installed earlier than the maximum time allowed.

The Contractor shall install new guardrail, such that traffic exposure to fixed objects is minimized. Within the same workday, temporary attenuators, as defined in Subsection 150.2.10, should be installed on the approach to fixed objects that can't be protected with guardrail. Truck mounted attenuators may be used to shield exposed fixed objects for periods not to exceed fourteen (14) days. No separate payment will be made for truck mounted attenuators, attenuators, or other methods unless provided for in the Contract.

When the roadway is open to traffic, guardrail panels shall be lapped to comply with the directional flow of traffic. Should the staging of the Work require that the lap of the guardrail be changed, this Work shall be completed before the roadway is opened to traffic. The Work to change the lap of any guardrail shall be included in Traffic Control-Lump Sum.

The laps on anchors shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and installation instructions. As a result, a trailing anchor may be lapped opposing the flow of traffic.

Failure to comply with the above time and quantity restrictions shall be considered as non-compliance under Subsection 150.7.01.

150.2.07 Interim Signs

A. Sign Blanks and Panels

All TTC sign blanks and panels should conform to Section 912 of the Specifications. Alternative sign blank materials (composites, polycarbonates, fiberglass reinforced plastics, recycled plastics, etc.) shall have a letter of approval from the Office of Materials and Testing for use as interim construction signs before these materials are allowed to be incorporated into the Work, unless these rigid sign blanks are currently approved as a crashworthy sign blank material under QPL- 34.

Unless specified elsewhere in the Contract, Specifications, Plans, and/or directed by the Engineer, sign sizes are according to the following:

1. All construction signs sizes shall follow the dimensions provided in the MUTCD Table 6G-1, GH-1, and 6I-1 "Temporary Traffic Control Zone Sign and Plaque Sizes" under the column for "Freeway or Expressway".
2. For all other signs used just for staging, the sign sizes shall follow the dimensions provided in the MUTCD Table 2B-1 "Regulatory Sign and Plaque Sizes" for the largest size.
3. Permanent signs used for staging shall be according to Plans.

Plywood blanks or panels will not be permitted.

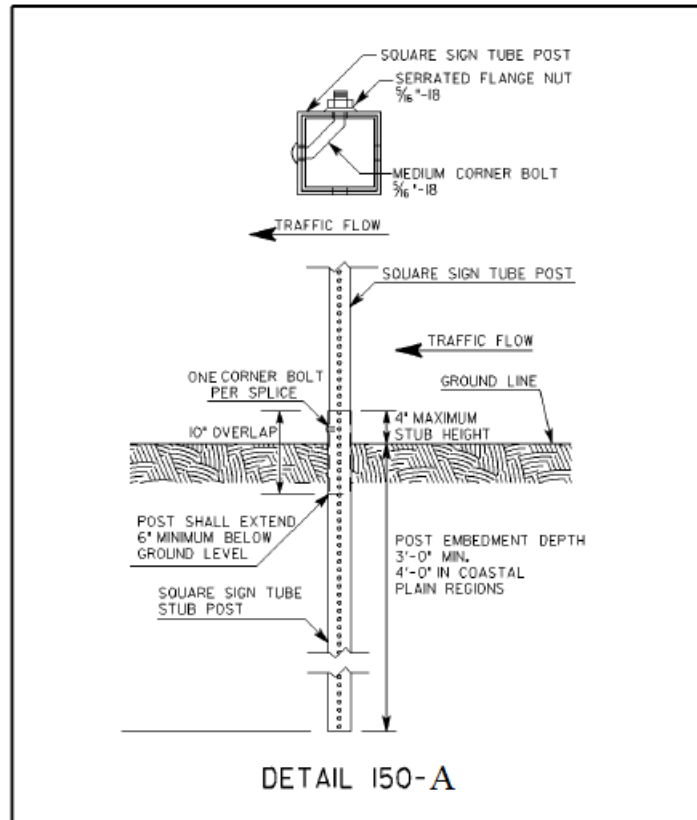
The use of flexible signs will not be permitted.

For utility work not included in the Contract, the utility Contractor may use flexible signs within the project limits.

B. Posts

Permanent mounting height to the bottom of sign shall be seven (7) feet to eight (8) feet measured vertically from the bottom of the sign to the elevation of the near edge of the pavement or from the walkway. Posts for all interim signs should be square tubular post meeting the requirements of Section 911, QPL-35, and Construction Detail T-3A (Type 7, 8, and 9 Square Tube Post Installation Detail). Ground mounted sign(s) that are greater than 48" wide shall be mounted on two posts. For barrier mounted sign, single post mount is allowed. The post(s) shall not extend beyond the top of the sign(s). The sign(s) shall be substantially plumb and leveled.

Unprotected interim posts shall be spliced as shown in Detail 150-A, unless full length unspliced posts are used. Unprotected post splices will not be permitted any higher than four inches above the ground line to lessen the possibility of affecting the undercarriage of a vehicle. Installation of posts may require establishment of openings in existing pavements, islands, shoulders, etc.



150.2.08 Pavement Markings

All temporary traffic striping shall conform to the applicable requirements of Section 652, Section 653, Section 657, Section 658, Section 659, and QPL-46.

A. All Traffic Striping for 45 Days or Less (≤ 45 Days)

All traffic striping that will be in place for 45 days or less shall be 4 inches or greater in width.

B. All Temporary Striping Beyond 45 days (>45 Days)

All traffic striping applied on intermediate surfaces shall be a minimum 5 inches in width or as shown on the Plans. On final surfaces when temporary striping will be overlaid or eradicated, the temporary striping shall be a minimum 5 inches in width.

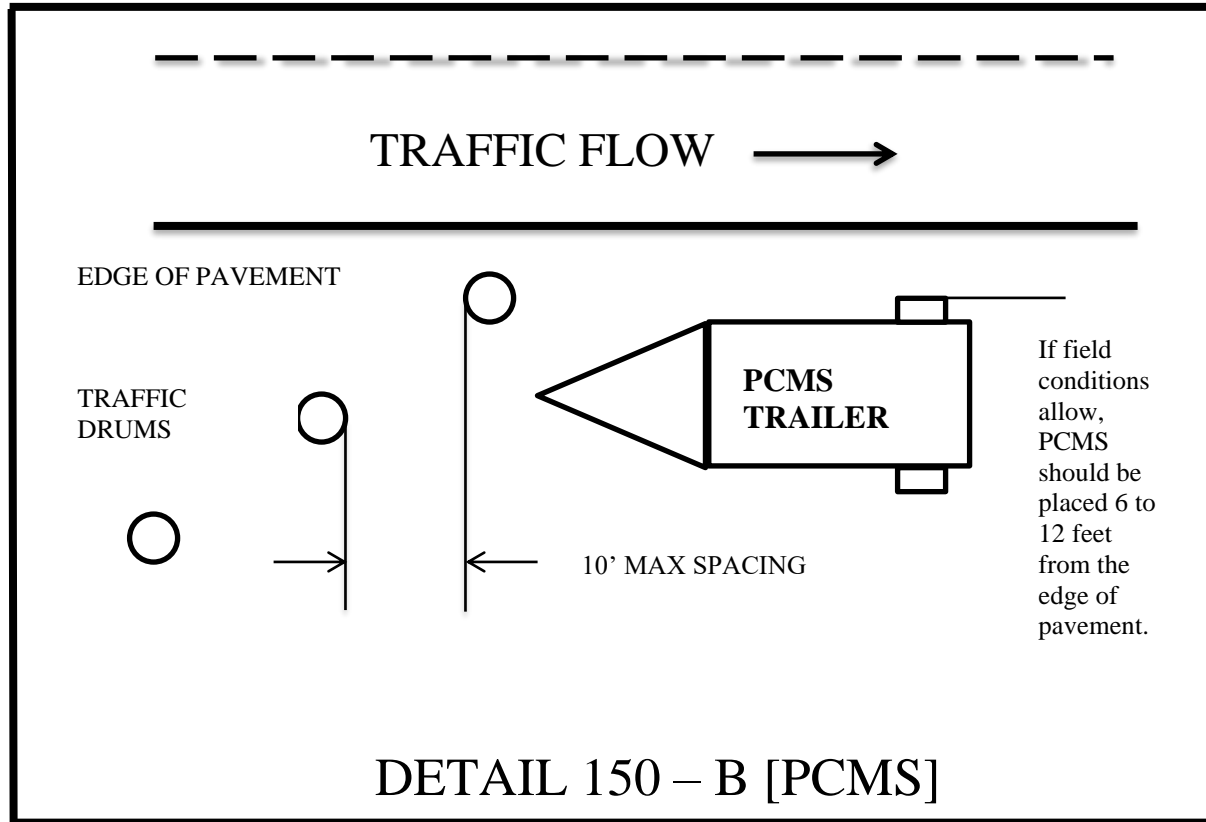
C. All Temporary Traffic Striping on Final Surface

All temporary traffic striping applied to final surfaces which will not be overlaid or grinded may be 4 inches in width or as shown on the Plans.

150.2.09 Portable Changeable Message Signs

When specified, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) shall meet the minimum requirements of Section 632, MUTCD (6L.05) and be on QPL-82. The maximum amount of messages allowed to be flashed on one PCMS is two phases (flashes). The language and the timing of the messages shall comply with the MUTCD and Section 632. When used as an advanced device, the PCMS should typically be placed ahead of the construction activities. If the PCMS is used as a substitute for another device, then the requirements for the other device apply.

Any PCMS in use, which is not protected by positive barrier protection, shall be delineated by a minimum of three drums that meet the requirement of Subsection 150.2.04.B. The drum spacing shall not exceed a maximum of ten (10') feet as shown in Detail 150-B. When the PCMS is within twenty (20') feet of the opposing traffic flow, the trailing end of the PCMS shall be delineated with a minimum of three drums spaced in the same manner as the approach side of the PCMS.



When not in use, the PCMS shall be removed from the roadway, unless protected by positive barrier protection. If the PCMS is protected by positive barrier protection, the sign panel shall be turned away from traffic when not in use.

150.2.10 Portable Impact Attenuators

This work consists of the furnishing (including spare parts), installation, maintenance, relocation, reuse as required, and removal of Portable Impact Attenuator Units/Arrays.

Portable Impact Attenuator Unit/Arrays installation shall conform to the requirements of Section 648, Manufacturer's recommendations and "(Georgia Standard 4960 "Temporary Barrier (End Treatment Options)" and shall be installed at locations designated by the Engineer, and/or as shown on the Plans. When gating attenuators are used, the Contractor shall maintain the appropriate recovery area in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations.

Generic sand/water loaded modules are prohibited. Manufacturers' sand/water loaded modules with specific arrays that have been NCHRP 350/MASH approved can be used in appropriate locations.

The test level of protection provided shall equal or exceed the speed limit. Test level 3 shall be used for forty-five (45) mph or above.

150.2.11 Portable Temporary Traffic Control Signals

The use of Portable Temporary Traffic Control Signals shall meet the following minimum requirements:

Only two-lane, two-way roadways will be allowed to utilize Portable Temporary Traffic Control Signals.

All portable traffic control signals shall meet the physical display and operational requirements of conventional traffic signals described in the MUTCD.

Each signal face shall have at least three lenses. The lenses shall be red, yellow, and green in color and shall give a circular type of indication. All lenses shall be twelve (12") inches nominal in diameter. A minimum of two signal faces shall face each direction of traffic. A minimum of one signal head shall be suspended over the roadway travel lane in a manner that will allow the bottom of the signal head housing to be not less than seventeen (17') feet above and not more than nineteen (19') feet above the pavement grade at the center of the travel lane. The second signal head may be located over the travel lane with the same height requirements or the second signal head may be located on the shoulder. When the signal head is located on the shoulder, the bottom of the signal head housing shall be at least eight (8') feet but not more than (15') feet above the pavement grade at the center of highway.

Advance warning signage and appropriate pavement markings shall be installed as part of the temporary signal operation.

The signals shall be operated in a manner consistent with traffic requirements. The signals may be operated in timed-mode or in a vehicle-actuated mode. The signals shall be interconnected in a manner to ensure that conflicting movements cannot occur. To ensure that the appropriate operating pattern, including timing is displayed to the traveling public, regular inspections, including the use of accurate timing devices shall be made by the WTCS. If, at any time, any part of the system fails to operate within these requirements then the use of the signal shall be suspended, and the appropriate flagging operation shall begin immediately.

The (WTCS) shall continuously monitor the portable traffic control signal to ensure compliance with the requirements for maintenance under the MUTCD. The signal shall be maintained in a manner consistent with the intention of the MUTCD, with emphasis on cleaning of the optical system. Timing changes shall be made only by the WTCS. The WTCS shall keep a written record of all timing changes.

The portable temporary traffic signal shall have two power sources and shall be capable of running for seven calendar days continuously.

The Contractor shall have an alternate temporary traffic control plan in the event of failure of the signal.

150.2.12 Raised Pavement Markers

Raised pavement markers (RPMs) shall meet the requirements of [Section 654](#) and QPL-76 .

150.2.13 Rumble Strips

Rumble strips incorporated into the Work shall meet the requirements of [Section 429](#) and the MUTCD. Existing rumble strips that are positioned in the traveled way to warn traffic of a stop condition shall be reinstalled prior to opening to traffic. Based on the following requirements:

Intermediate surfaces that will be in use for more than forty-five (45) calendar days shall have rumble strips reinstalled on the traveled way in the area of a stop condition. Non-refundable deductions in accordance with Subsection 150.7.01 will be assessed for any intermediate surface in place for greater than 45 days without rumble strips.

Rumble strips shall be installed on the final surface within fourteen (14) calendar days of the placement of the final surface in the area of the stop condition. Failure to install within fourteen (14) calendar days will result in assessment of non-refundable deductions in accordance with Subsection 150.7.01.

Prior to the removal of any rumble strips located in the travel lane, stop ahead (W3-1) warning signs shall be double indicated ahead of the stop condition. These warning signs shall be a minimum of 48 inches by 48 inches. These warning signs shall remain in place until the rumble strips have been reinstalled on the traveled way. Any existing warning

signs for the stop ahead condition shall be removed or covered while the 48" X 48" (W3-1) signs are in place. When the rumble strips have been reinstalled, these warning signs should be promptly removed, and any existing signage placed back in service.

150.2.14 Temporary Barriers

A. Design:

Temporary barriers shall meet the requirements of [Sections 620](#). The lengths of advancement should be in accordance with [Georgia Standard 4000W "Lengths of Advancement, Clear Zone Distances, and Fill Height Embankment"](#). The approach end of the taper should have 10:1 or flatter ground slope. Temporary barriers shall not be used as a channelization device. Their use is in accordance with [MUTCD \(6K.09\)](#).

B. Application:

Temporary barriers shall be placed as required by the Plans, Standards, and as directed by the Engineer. When Temporary barrier is located twenty feet ($\leq 20'$) or less from a travel lane, yellow reflectors shall be fixed to the top of the barrier at intervals not greater than forty feet ($\leq 40'$) in the longitudinal section and twenty feet ($20'$) in the taper section and shall be mounted approximately two inches ($2''$) above the barrier. If both lanes of a two-lane two-way roadway are within twenty feet ($\leq 20'$) or less of the barrier then the reflectors shall be installed for both directions of traffic.

The reflectors shall be one hundred (100) square inches (ASTM Type VII or VIII/ Type XI) reflective sheeting mounted on flat-sheet blanks. The reflectors shall be mounted approximately two inches above the top of the barrier. The reflectors shall be attached to the barrier with adhesive or by a drilled-in anchor type device. The reflectors shall not be attached to a post or board that is placed between the gaps in the barrier sections.

Approach end of Temporary barrier shall be protected according to [Georgia Standard 4960 "Temporary Barrier \(End Treatment Options\)"](#) or by a portable impact attenuator.

On interstates or other controlled access highways where lane shifts or crossovers cause opposing traffic to be separated by less than forty feet ($<40'$), portable barrier should be used as a separator.

150.2.15 Temporary Guardrail Anchorage- Type 12

This work consists of the furnishing, installation, maintenance, and removal of Temporary Guardrail Anchorage- Type 12 used for Portable Barrier or temporary guardrail end treatment. Materials used in the Temporary Guardrail Anchorage- Type 12 shall meet the requirements of [Section 641](#) of the Specifications and current Georgia Standards and may be new or used. Materials salvaged from the Project, which meet the requirements of Standards, may be utilized if available. The use of any salvaged materials will require prior approval of the Engineer.

Installation of the Temporary Guardrail Anchorage- Type 12 shall conform to the requirements of the Plans, current Georgia Standards and [Section 641](#) of the Specifications. Installation shall also include sufficient additional guardrail and appurtenances to effect the transition and connection to Temporary Concrete Barrier as required by the details in [Georgia Standard 4960 "Temporary Barrier \(End Treatment Options\)"](#).

150.2.16 Temporary Traffic Signals

Temporary traffic signals shall meet the requirements of [Section 647](#) and the MUTCD.

150.3 Construction Requirements

150.3.01 General

A. Implementation Requirements

No work shall be started on any project phase until the appropriate traffic control devices have been placed in accordance with the Project requirements. Changes to traffic flow shall not commence unless all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to make the changes are available on the Project.

When any shift or change is made to the location of traffic or to the flow patterns of traffic, including pedestrian traffic, the permanent safety features shall be installed and fully operational before making the change. If staging or site conditions prevent the installation of permanent features, then the equivalent interim devices shall be utilized. This work shall also include any necessary removal and reinstallation of guardrail panels to achieve the required panel lap to accommodate the appropriate shift and traffic flow including the final traffic flow configuration. The cost of performing this work shall be included in Traffic Control-Lump Sum.

Any section of the Work that is on a new location shall have all permanent safety features installed and fully operational before the Work is opened to traffic. Safety features shall include, but are not limited to the following items:

Guardrails including anchors and delineation with properly lapped panels

- 1) Cable Barrier
- 2) Impact attenuators
- 3) Traffic signals
- 4) Warning devices
- 5) Pavement markings including, but not limited to, words, symbols, stop bars, arrows, hatching and crosswalks
- 6) Roadway signs including regulatory, warning, and guide

Outdoor lighting shall be considered as a safety feature for welcome centers, rest areas, and weigh station projects. For typical roadway type projects, new street lighting is not considered a safety feature, unless specifically noted in the Plans or in the special conditions.

B. Maintenance of Traffic Control Devices

Traffic control devices shall be in acceptable condition when first erected on the Project and shall be maintained in accordance with [Section 104](#) throughout the construction period. All unacceptable traffic control devices shall be replaced within twenty-four (24) hours. When not in use, all traffic control devices shall be removed, placed or covered so as not to be visible to traffic.

C. Traffic Interruption Restrictions

The Department reserves the right to restrict construction operations when, in the opinion of the Engineer, the continuance of the Work would seriously hinder traffic flow, be needlessly disruptive or unnecessarily inconvenience the traveling public. The Contractor shall suspend and/or reschedule any work when the Engineer deems that conditions are unfavorable for continuing the Work.

Advanced notification requirements to the Contractor to suspend work will be according to the events and the time restrictions outlined below:

Incident management - No advanced notice required

Threatening/Inclement weather - twenty-four (24) hours

Holiday, sporting events, unfavorable conditions - Three (3) calendar days

If the Work is suspended, the Contractor may submit a request for additional Contract time as allowed under [Section 108](#). The Department will review the request and may grant additional Contract time as justified by the impact to the Contractor's schedule. Compensation for loss of productivity, rescheduling of crews, rental of equipment or

delays to the Contractor's schedule will not be considered for payment. Additional Contract time will be the only consideration granted to the Contractor.

D. Work Zone Restrictions

1. Interstate

The Contractor should not simultaneously perform work on both the inside shoulder and outside shoulder on either direction of traffic flow when the Work is within 12 feet of the travel-way. Shoulders can be alternated if areas are separated by at least one-half mile of distance.

2. Non-Interstate Divided Highways

The Contractor should not simultaneously perform work on both the inside shoulder and outside shoulder on either direction of traffic flow when the Work is within 12 feet of the travel-way. Shoulders can be alternated if areas are separated by at least one-half mile distance in rural areas or at least 500 feet of distance in urban areas.

3. Non-Divided Highways

a. The Contractor should not simultaneously perform work on opposite sides of the roadway when the Work is within 12 feet of the travel-way. Shoulders can be alternated if areas are separated by at least one-half mile of distance in rural areas or at least 500 feet of distance in urban areas.

b. On two-lane projects where full width sections of the existing subgrade, base or surfacing are to be removed, and new base, subgrade, or surfacing are to be constructed, the Contractor should maintain one-lane of traffic through the construction area by removing and replacing the undesirable material for half the width of the existing roadway at a time. Replacement should be made such that paving is completed to the level of the existing pavement in the adjacent lane by the end of the workday or before opening all the roadway to traffic.

E. Work Zone Geometric Restrictions

There should be no reduction in the total number of available traffic lanes including turning lanes that existed prior to construction, except as specifically allowed by the Contract and as approved by the Engineer.

Travel lane Clearances: All portions of the Work should maintain the following minimum requirements:

Horizontal: The combined dimensions of the paved shoulder and the roadway surface remaining outside the Work Zone should be no less than sixteen feet ($\geq 16'$) in width at any location.

Vertical: The overhead clearance should not be reduced to less than fifteen feet ($\geq 15'$) at any location.

The restrictions above apply to all shifts, lane closures, on-site detours and off-site detours whether shown in the Contract or proposed by the Contractor. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to verify that these minimum requirements have been met before proceeding with any phase of the Work. Two-lane, two-way roadways may have temporary horizontal restrictions of less than sixteen feet ($\geq 16'$) during flagging operations. The minimum horizontal clearance should be restored before the flagging operation is removed.

F. Clear Zone

At the end of the workday, all equipment, materials, and TTC devices not in use should be moved out of the clear zone or behind positive protection. The clear zone is defined by Georgia Standard 4000W "Lengths of Advancement, Clear Zone Distances, Fill Height Embankment". For urban roadway with curb, the minimum set back is six (6') feet from the curb face. If stored behind positive protection, proper lengths of advancement should be maintained. If stored behind guardrail the items shall be a minimum five feet ($\geq 5'$) from the face of the guardrail and not in the recovery zone of the anchor.

The WTCS shall monitor the Work to ensure that all the rocks, boulders, construction debris, stockpiled materials, equipment, tools, and other potential hazards are kept clear of the travel lane.

G. Milled Surface Restrictions

Unless modified by the special conditions, a milled surface on any asphaltic concrete surface shall not be allowed to remain open to traffic for a period of time that exceeds thirty (30) calendar days.

H. Construction Vehicles

The Contractor's vehicles shall travel in the direction of normal roadway traffic and shall not reverse direction except at intersections, interchanges, or approved temporary crossings. The Contractor may submit a plan requesting that construction traffic be allowed to travel in the opposite direction of normal traffic when it would be desirable to modify traffic patterns to accommodate specific construction activities.

Prior approval of the Engineer shall be obtained before any construction traffic is allowed to travel in a reverse direction. If the Contractor's submittal is approved, the construction traffic shall be separated from normal traffic by appropriate traffic control devices.

The parking of Contractor's and/or workers' personal vehicles within the work area or adjacent to traffic is prohibited. It shall be the responsibility of the WTCS to ensure that any vehicle present at the worksite is necessary for the completion of the Work.

I. Environmental Impacts

The Contractor shall ensure that dust, mud, and other debris from construction activities do not interfere with normal traffic operations or adjacent properties.

J. Existing Street Lights

Existing street lighting shall remain lighted as long as practical and until removal is approved by the Engineer.

K. Nighttime Work Lighting

Adequate temporary lighting shall be provided at all nighttime work sites where workers will be immediately adjacent to traffic.

L. Removal/Reinstallation of Miscellaneous Items

In the prosecution of the Work, if it becomes necessary to remove any existing signs, markers, guardrail, etc. not covered by specific pay item, they shall be removed, stored and reinstalled, when directed by the Engineer, to line and grade, and in the same condition as when removed.

150.3.02 Personnel – Worker Safety Apparel

In accordance with MUTCD [\(6D.03\)](#) [\(6C.04\)](#) all workers, within the right-of-way who are exposed either to traffic or to work vehicles and construction equipment within the TTC zone, shall wear high-visibility safety apparel that meets the Performance Class 2 or better.

150.3.03 Signage - General

A. Signing Requirements of the Temporary Traffic Control (TTC) Plan

When existing regulatory, warning or guide signs are required for proper traffic and pedestrian control, the Contractor shall maintain these signs in accordance with the TTC plan. The Contractor shall review the status of all existing signs, interim signs added to the Work, and permanent sign installations that are part of the work to eliminate any conflicting or non-applicable signage in the TTC Plan. The Contractor's review of all signs in the TTC Plan shall establish compliance with the requirements of the MUTCD and Section 150. Any conflicts shall be reported to the Engineer immediately and the WTCS shall take the necessary measures to eliminate the conflict.

The Contractor shall make every effort to eliminate the use of interim signs as soon as the Work allows for the installation of permanent signs.

All existing illuminated signs shall remain lighted and be maintained by the Contractor.

Existing street name signs shall be maintained at street intersections.

Refer to section 150.2.05.B. Sign Blanks and Panels for size and material requirements.

B. Conflicting or Non-Applicable Signs

Any sign(s) or portions of a sign(s) that are not applicable to the TTC plan shall be covered so as not to be visible to traffic or shall be removed from the roadway when not in use. The WTCS shall review all traffic shifts and changes in the traffic patterns to ensure that all conflicting signs have been removed. The review shall confirm that the highest priority signs have been installed and that signs of lesser significance are not interfering with the visibility of the high priority signs. High priority signs include signs for road closures, shifts, detours, lane closures and curves. Any signs, such as speed zones and speed limits, passing zones, littering fines and litter pick up, that reference activities that are not applicable due to the presence of the Work shall be removed, stored and reinstalled when the Work is completed.

Failure to promptly eliminate conflicting or non-applicable signs shall be considered as non-performance under Subsection 150.7.01.

C. Removal of Existing Signs and Supports

The Contractor shall not remove any existing signs and supports without prior approval from the Engineer. All existing signs and supports which are to be removed shall be stored and protected if this material will be required later in the Work as part of the TTC plan. If the signs are not to be utilized in the Work, then the signs will become the property of the Contractor unless otherwise specified in the Contract documents.

D. Interim Guide, Warning and Regulatory Signs

Interim guide, warning, or regulatory signs required to direct traffic and pedestrians shall be furnished, installed, reused, and maintained by the Contractor in accordance with the MUTCD, the Plans, Special Provisions, Special Conditions, or as directed by the Engineer. These signs shall remain the property of the Contractor. When the signs are used for long-term stationary operations as defined MUTCD [\(6G.02\)](#), the bottom of all interim signs shall be mounted seven feet (7') to eight feet (8') above the level of the pavement edge or sidewalk. The signs offset should be six feet (6') to twelve feet (12') from the pavement edge or two feet ($\geq 2'$) minimum for sidewalks according to MUTCD [\(6F-1\)](#) [\(6G-1\)](#), [6H-1](#), and [6I-1](#). Special Conditions under Subsection 150.6 may modify this requirement.

Portable signs may be used when the duration of the Work is less than three (3) days or as allowed by the special conditions in Subsection 150.6. Portable interim signs shall be mounted a minimum of one foot ($\leq 1'$) above the level of the pavement edge for directional traffic of two (2) lanes or less and at seven feet (7') for directional traffic of three (3) or more lanes according to MUTCD [\(6F-2\)](#). Signs shall be mounted at the height recommended by the manufacturer's crashworthy testing requirements.

All sign blanks shall be rigid whether the sign is mounted as a portable sign, on a Type III barricade or as a permanent mount height sign. Utilities and their subcontractors working in the project limits, and not included in the project Contract, may use non-rigid signs.

E. Existing Special Guide Signs

Existing special guide signs on the Project shall be maintained until conditions require a change in location or legend content. When change is required, existing signs shall be modified and continued in use if the required modification can be made within existing sign borders using design requirements (legend, letter size, spacing, border, etc.) equal to that of the existing signs, or of Subsection 150.3.E.2. Differing legend designs shall not be mixed in the same sign.

1. Special Guide Signs

Special guide signs are those expressway or freeway guide signs that are designed with message content (legend) that applies to a particular roadway location. When an existing special guide sign is in conflict with work to be performed, the Contractor shall remove the conflicting sign and reset it in a new, non-conflicting location which has been approved by the Engineer.

2. Interim Special Guide Signs

When it is not possible to utilize existing signs, either in place or relocated, the Contractor shall furnish, erect, maintain, modify, relocate, and remove new interim special guide signs in accordance with the Plans or as directed by the Engineer. Interim special guide signs that may be required in addition to, or a replacement for, existing expressway and freeway (interstate) signs shall be designed and fabricated in compliance with the minimum requirements for guide signing contained in Chapter 2E “Guide Signs – Freeway and Expressway” of the MUTCD. All interstate shields on these signs shall be 48 inches and 60 inches for two-numeral and three-numeral routes, respectively.

The road name of the exit or route shield shall be placed on the exit gore sign.

3. Interim Overhead Guide Sign Structures

Interim overhead special guide sign structures are not required to be lighted unless specifically required by the Plans. If lighting is required, the sign shall be lighted as soon as erected and shall remain lighted, during the hours of darkness, until the interim sign is no longer required. The Contractor shall notify the Power Company at least thirty (30) days prior to desire connection to the power source.

4. Permanent Special Guide Signs

The installation of new permanent special guide signs and the permanent modification or resetting of existing special guide signs, when included in the Contract, shall be accomplished as soon as practical to minimize the use of interim special guide signs. If lighting is required by the Plans, all new permanent overhead special guide signs shall be lighted as soon as erected.

F. Stop Sign Regulated Intersections

For intersections that utilize stop sign(s) to control the flow of traffic and to restrict the movement of vehicles, the stop sign(s) shall be maintained for the duration of the Work or until such time that the stop condition is eliminated or until an interim or permanent traffic signal can be installed to provide proper traffic control. The traffic signal shall be installed and properly functioning before the removal of the existing stop sign(s) is permitted. If the existing intersection is enhanced traffic control features, such as stop lines, double indicated stop signs, oversized signs, advanced warning stop ahead signs, rumble strips on the approaches or flashing beacons located overhead or on

the shoulders then these features shall be maintained for the duration of the project or until the permanent traffic control plan has been implemented.

Whenever the staging of the Work requires that the traveled way be relocated or realigned the Contractor shall reinstall all enhanced traffic control features noted above on the newly constructed sections of the Work. The cost of relocating the stop lines, stop signs, advanced warning signs, the rumble strips and the flashing beacons shall be included in the price bid for Traffic Control - Lump Sum unless individual pay items are included in the Contract for rumble strips and/or flashing beacons. When pay items are included in the Contract for rumble strips or flashing beacons then these items will be paid per each.

When staging requires the relocation or realignment of an existing stop condition, it may be necessary to consider the addition of enhanced traffic control features even though none existed at the original location. Horizontal and vertical alignment changes at a new location may have decreased or restricted sight distance or the stop condition may occur sooner than in the previous alignment. If these conditions occur, then the Engineer and/or the WTCS should consider additional measures to enhance the motorist's awareness of the changes even though the staging plans may not address enhanced features. Stop signs should be a minimum of thirty-six (36") inches for interim situations. The use of forty-eight (48") inch stop signs may be warranted under project specific conditions. Flags may be used on interim/permanent stop signs that are mounted at seven (7') feet in height for a short duration in order to direct additional attention to a new or relocated stop sign(s). Flags should not be used for durations exceeding two weeks unless unusual or site-specific conditions warrant a longer period of time. The use of Type "A" flashing red light(s) attached to the stop sign(s) may be appropriate during the same period that the flags are in use to increase attention.

The use of rumble strips and/or PCMS may be considered. The use of new rumble strips, where none previously existed, shall have the prior approval of District Traffic Operations before being included as part of the temporary traffic control plan. The message(s) displayed on any PCMS shall have the prior approval of the Engineer and the message(s) shall be included as part of the TTC plan for the interim staging.

The placement of any additional interim ground mounted signs and posts or stop lines shall be considered as incidental to the price bid for Traffic Control - Lump Sum. The installation of rumble strips, flashing beacons or the use of Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) shall be considered as Extra Work unless pay items are included in the Contract.

G. Low Shoulder Signage

1. Low Shoulder for Construction/Reconstruction/Resurfacing Projects

"Low Shoulder" (W8-9) signs shall be erected when a difference in elevation less than four (< 4') feet from the traveled way, exceeds one inch (> 1") but does not exceed three inches (≤ 3 ") between the travel lane and any type of shoulder. *For all projects after April 1, 2023*, "Low Shoulder" (W8-9) signs shall be a minimum dimension of forty-eight inches by forty-eight inches (48"x48")

The spacing of the signs shall not exceed one (1) mile and the signs shall be placed immediately past each crossroad intersection. The "Low Shoulder" signs shall remain in place until the difference in elevation is eliminated and the shoulder has been dressed and permanently grassed for a minimum of thirty (30) calendar days. These signs shall be furnished, installed, maintained, and removed by the Contractor as part of Traffic Control-Lump Sum. These signs shall be fluorescent orange with black borders.

2. Shoulder Drop-Off for Construction/Reconstruction/Resurfacing Project

"Shoulder Drop-Off" (W8-17) signs shall be used when a difference in elevation, less than four feet (< 4') from the traveled way, exceeds three inches (> 3") and is not protected by positive barrier protection. These warning signs shall be placed in advance of the drop-off. *For all projects after April 1, 2023*, "Shoulder Drop-Off" (W8-17) shall be a minimum dimension of forty-eight inches by forty-eight inches (48"x48")

The spacing of the signs shall not exceed one (1) mile and the signs shall be placed immediately past each crossroad intersection. The "Shoulder Drop-Off" signs shall remain in place until the difference in elevation is

eliminated and the shoulder has been dressed and permanently grassed for a minimum of thirty (30) calendar days. These signs shall be furnished, installed, maintained, and removed by the Contractor as part of Traffic Control-Lump Sum. These signs shall be black borders on fluorescent orange background.

H. Bump Signage

A bump sign (W8-1) shall be utilized when a transverse joint in the pavement structure has a vertical difference in elevation of three quarters ($\geq 3/4$ "") of an inch or greater in depth with no horizontal taper to ramp the traffic from one elevation to the other. This condition typically occurs at approach slabs during pavement milling operations and at transverse joints in asphaltic pavement lifts. Other conditions include utility and storm drainage repairs that require concrete placement for patching and/or steel plating. *For all projects after April 1, 2023, "Bump" sign (W8-1) shall be a minimum dimension of forty-eight inches by forty-eight inches (48"x48")*

The W8-1 sign shall be placed sufficiently in advance to warn the motorist of the condition.

I. Sign Visibility

All existing, interim, and new permanent signs shall be installed to be completely visible and legible for an advance distance in compliance with the MUTCD. Any clearing required for maintaining the line of sight to existing, interim or permanent signs shall be done as part of the requirements of the TTC plan. The clearing shall include any advance warning signs, both interim and permanent, that are installed as a part of the Work including advance warning signs that are installed outside the limits of the project. Limbs, brush, construction equipment and materials shall be kept clear of the driver's line of sight to all signs that are part of the TTC plan.

150.3.04 Advance Warning Signs

A. Project Signs - All Type of Highways

Advance warning signs shall be placed ahead of the work area in accordance with Part 6 of the MUTCD and unless noted below shall include a series of at least three advance road work (W20-1) signs placed at the termini of the project. The series shall have the legend ROAD WORK (1500 FEET, 1000 FEET, AND 500 FEET).

At grade intersecting roadways and on-ramps shall be signed with a minimum of one ROAD WORK AHEAD sign.

When work terminates at a "T" intersection, a minimum of one "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign shall be placed in advance of the intersection and one "END ROAD WORK" sign shall be placed at the termination end of the intersection. Field conditions may require the use of additional warning signage.

1. State Routes

Advanced Warning Signs on State Routes shall be a minimum dimension of forty-eight inches by forty-eight inches (48" x 48"). When a State Route intersects a project which consists of adding travel lanes, reconstructing an existing roadway or new location work, the State Route approaches shall have a minimum of three (W20-1) advanced warning signs (1500 ft., 1000 ft., 500 ft.). The termination end of an intersecting State Route shall have END ROAD WORK signage.

The W20-1 signs shall be placed at the termini of the project or sufficiently in advance of the termini to allow for lane shifts, lane closures and other activities which may also require advanced warning signs. The advanced warning signs for the project should not overlap with the advanced warning signs for lane shifts, lane closures, etc.

The length of a work zone should be held to the minimum length required to accomplish the Work. If a project has multiple individual worksites within the overall limits of the project, each site should be signed individually if the advance warning signs for each site can be installed without overlapping an adjacent worksite. As soon as the work is completed at any individual site, the warning signs shall be removed from that site. Clean-up work shall be performed with portable signage.

Project mileage indicated on the G20-1 sign shall be the actual project mileage rounded up to the nearest whole mile. Projects less than two (< 2) miles in length or individual worksites that are part of a multiple worksite project may delete this sign. The G20-1 sign shall be forty-eight inches by twenty-four inches (48" x 24") and the G20-2 sign shall be forty-eight inches by twenty-four inches (48" x 24").

2. Interstate, Limited Access and Multilane Divided Highways

In addition to the W20-1 signs required at 500 ft., 1000 ft. and 1500 ft., multi-lane divided highways shall also have additional advanced warning signs installed with the legend "ROAD WORK (2 MILES, 1 MILE and 1/2 MILE). All construction warning signs on divided highways shall be double indicated (i.e., on the left and right sides of the roadway.) If the use of the half (1/2) mile, one (1) mile and two (2) mile advanced warning signs cause an overlap with other work or do not benefit field conditions then the Engineer may review the use of these signs and eliminate their installation. When the posted speed limit is fifty (\leq 50) mph or less, the one-half (1/2) mile, one (1) mile and two (2) mile signs should be eliminated especially in urban areas.

The W20-1 advance warning signs for ROAD WORK 500 FEET; 1000 FEET; and 1500 FEET shall be temporarily covered when work involving the advanced warning signs for lane shifts and lane closures overlap these signs. The ROAD WORK 1/2 MILE, ROAD WORK 1 MILE, and ROAD WORK 2 MILES shall be in place when the 500, 1000 and 1500 feet signs are temporarily covered.

When the Temporary Traffic Control zone already has advanced warning (W20-1) signs installed the W20-1 signs required for lane closures under Standard 9106 should be eliminated.

3. Ramp Work on Limited Access Highways

The work zone shall not be signed for the entire length of the mainline of a limited access highway when only short individual worksites, interchange or ramp work is being performed.

When work is restricted to ramp reconstruction or widening activities, the advance warning signs on the mainline section of the limited access highway shall be limited to the use of portable advance warning signs. These portable advance warning signs shall only be utilized when work activity is within the gore point of the ramp and the mainline traveled way or work is active in the acceleration/deceleration lane adjacent to the mainline traveled way. Portable advance warning signs (W20-1: 1500 ft. /1000 ft. /500 ft.) shall be installed on the traveled way of the limited access highway when the above conditions are present. The advance warning signs shall be installed only in one direction where work is active. All portable signs shall be double indicated. When work is not active, the ramp work shall be advanced warned by the use of a single forty-eight inches by forty-eight inches (48" x 48") "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (W20-1) with an "ON RAMP" plaque (W13-4p) sign along the right shoulder of the mainline traveled way prior to the beginning of the taper for the deceleration lane. Differences in elevation shall be in compliance with the requirements of Subsection 150.3.11 prior to the removal of the portable (W20-1) advanced warning signs from the mainline.

B. Highway Work Zone

In accordance with Georgia Code, O.C.G.A. § 40-6-188, all sections or segments of the roadway under construction or reconstruction shall be signed as a Highway Work Zone except non-state highway two-lane two-way resurfacing projects. Two conditions can be applied to a Highway Work Zone. Condition 1 is when no reduction in the existing speed limit is required. Condition 2 is when worksite conditions require a reduction of the speed limit through the designated Work Zone. Properly marking a Highway Work Zone shall include the following minimum requirements:

1. No Reduction in the Existing Posted Speed Limit in Highway Work Zone

- a.** Signage shall be posted at the beginning point of the Highway Work Zone warning the traveling public that increased penalties for speeding violations are in effect. The beginning point of Highway Work Zone is at the project limits, start of work zone, or at the start of the first taper. The HWZ-2 sign shall be placed a minimum of 600 feet in advance of the Highway Work Zone and shall not be placed more than 1000 feet in advance of the Work Zone. If no speed reduction is required, it is recommended that the HWZ-2 be placed at 750 feet from the work area between the ROAD WORK 500 FT. and the ROAD WORK 1000 FT. signs.

HWZ-2 signs shall be placed at intervals not to exceed one mile for the length of the project. HWZ-2 signs should be placed on the mainline after all major intersections except State Routes. State Routes shall be signed as per the requirements for intersecting roadways below.

- b. The existing speed limit shall be posted at the beginning of the Work Zone. Existing Speed Limit signs (R2-1) shall be maintained.
- c. Intersecting state routes shall be signed in advance of each intersection with the Work Zone with an HWZ-2 sign to warn motorists that increased fines are in effect. All other intersecting roadways that enter into a designated Highway Work Zone may be signed in advance of each intersection with the Work Zone. When construction equipment and personnel are present in the intersection on the mainline of a multi-lane roadway, the intersecting side roads shall be signed in advance with HWZ-2 signs. As soon as the work operation clears the intersection, the signage may be removed.
- d. Sign HWZ-3 shall be posted at the end of the Highway Work Zone indicating the end of the zone and indicating that increased penalties for speeding violations are no longer in effect.
- e. When a designated Highway Work Zone is no longer necessary, all signs shall be removed immediately.

2. Reducing the Speed Limit in a Highway Work Zone

Highway Work Zone signs shall be posted as required in Condition 1 above and in accordance with Detail 150-C.

A “Reduced Speed Ahead” sign shall be posted 600 feet prior to the reduced speed limit.

Then a “Speed Limit” signage (R2-1) for the reduced speed limit shall be erected at the beginning of the Work Zone. Additional signs shall be placed at whichever is least:

- a. on non-interstate roads after every junction with a numbered (state or U.S.) route.
- b. on interstates entrance ramp 1,500 feet from the end of the entrance taper. Detail 150-D
- c. on non-interstate and interstate, a maximum spacing of no greater than one (1) mile apart.

On interstates and multi-lane divided highways, the speed limit signs shall be double indicated when the reduced speed is in use.

Additional signs may be necessary to adjust for actual field conditions.

For limited access (interstate) highways and controlled access multi-lane divided highways, the posted speed limit shall be reduced as required below.

When any one or more of the following conditions exist and the existing speed limit is sixty-five (65) mph or seventy (70) mph, the speed limit shall be reduced by ten (10) mph. If the existing speed limit is sixty (60) mph, the speed limit should be reduced by five (5) mph. If the existing speed limit is fifty-five (≤ 55) mph or less, the Contractor can only reduce the speed limit with the prior approval of the Engineer. The reduction in the speed limit shall be no greater than ten (10) mph:

- a) Lane closure(s) of any type and any duration.
- b) The difference in elevation exceeds two inches ($> 2''$) adjacent to a travel lane as shown in Subsection 150.3.11, Detail 150-E, Detail 150-F.
- c) Any areas where equipment or workers are within ten feet (10') of a travel lane.
- d) Temporary portable concrete barriers located less than two feet (2') from the traveled way.
- e) As directed by the Engineer for conditions distinctive to this project.

When the above conditions are not present, the speed limit shall be immediately returned to the existing posted speed limit. A speed reduction shall not be put in place for the entire length of the project unless conditions warranting the speed reduction are present for the entire project length. All existing speed limit signs within the temporary speed reduction zone shall be covered or removed while the temporary reduction in the speed limit is in effect. All signs shall be erected to comply with the minimum requirements of the MUTCD.

At a minimum, the following records shall be kept by the WTCS:

- a) Identify the need for the reduction.
- b) Record the time of the installation and removal of the temporary reduction.
- c) Fully describe the location and limits of the reduced speed zone.
- d) Document any accident that occurs during the time of the reduction.

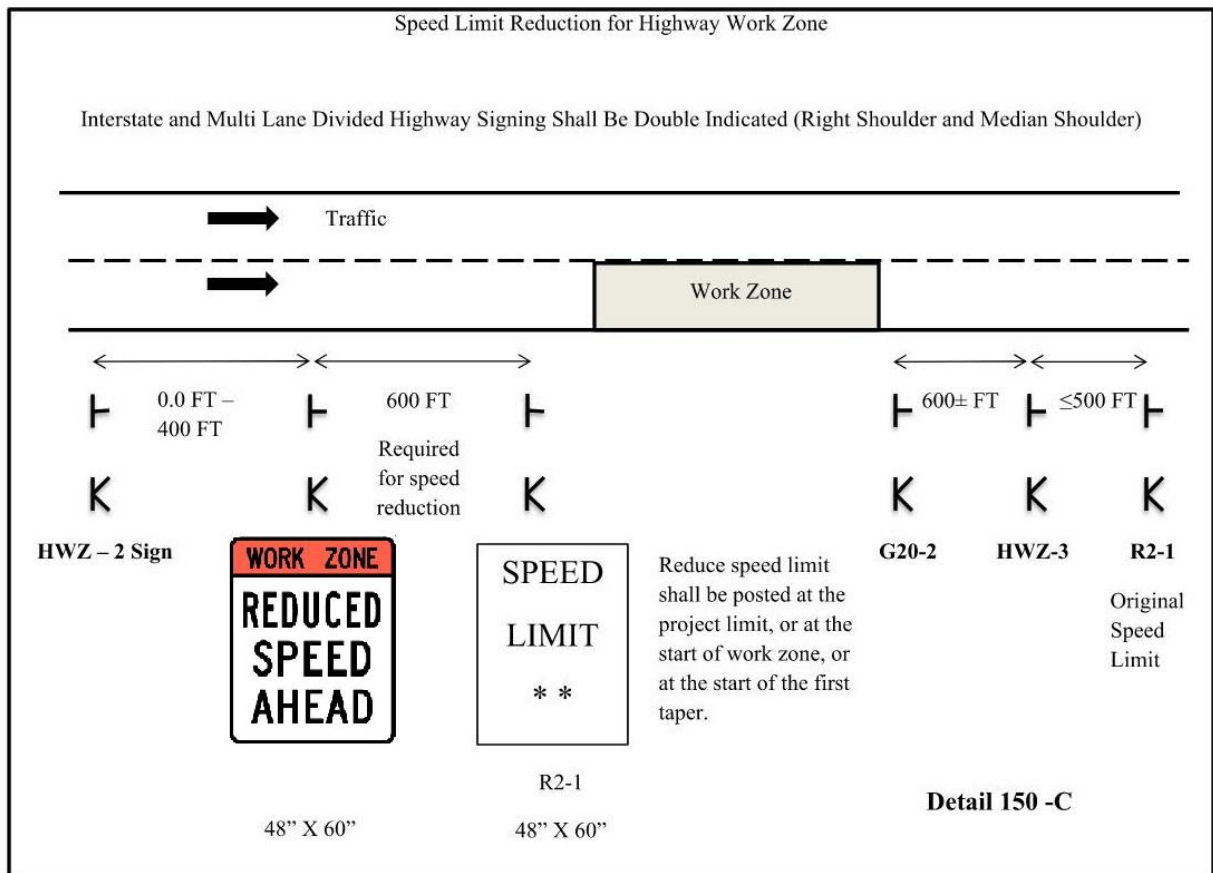
A copy of the weekly records for reduced speed zones shall be submitted to the Engineer.

When a pilot vehicle is used on a two-lane two-way roadway, the speed limit should not be reduced. For special conditions specific to the Work, on two-lane two-way roadways or multi-lane highways, the Contractor may reduce the posted speed limit with the prior approval of the Engineer.

3. Variable Speed Limit Zones

Projects that are within or extends into variable speed limit zones shall be posted according to condition 1 with HWZ-1, HWZ-2, and HWZ-3 signs. No additional "speed limit" signs, (R2-1), shall be posted. Any reduction or increase in speed limits will be controlled by the normal operation of the variable speed limit system.

Upon request, a maximum speed limit of fifty-five (55) mph may be set for the project limits.





HWZ-2;

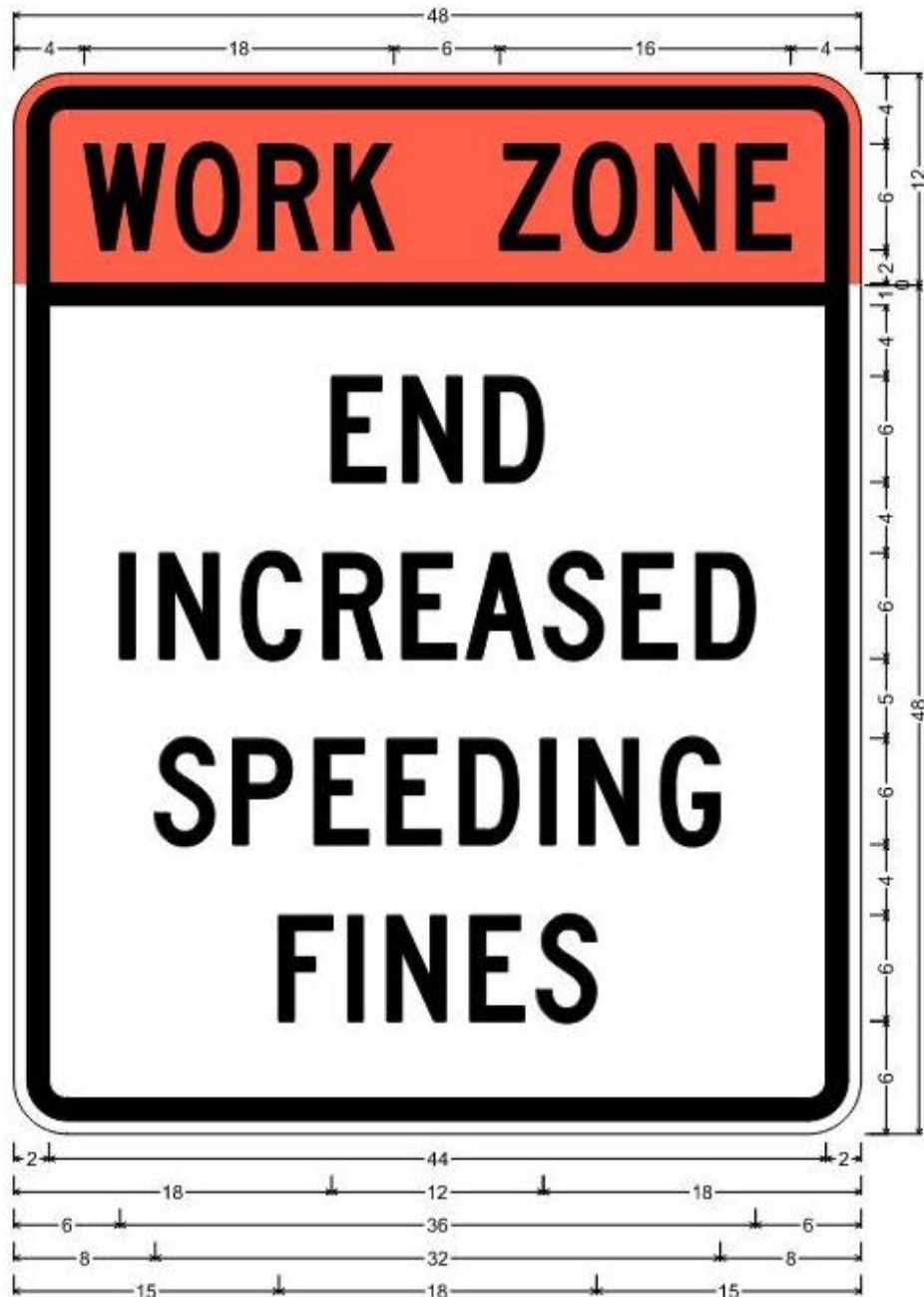
3" Radius, 1" Border, 1" Indent, Black on Fluorescent orange;
"WORK ZONE", C 2K specified length;

3" Radius, 1" Border, 1" Indent, Black on White;
"SPEEDING", C 2K specified length; "FINES", C 2K specified length;
"INCREASED", C 2K specified length;

3" Radius, 1" Border, 1" Indent, Black on White;
"MINIMUM", D 2K specified length; "FINE \$100", D 2K specified length;

HWZ-2

1. All HWZ-2 sign panels shall be rigid.
2. The size of the HWZ-2 sign shall not be reduced for use on two-lane roadways.



HWZ-3;

3" Radius, 1" Border, 1" Indent, Black on Fluorescent orange;

"WORK ZONE", C 2K specified length;

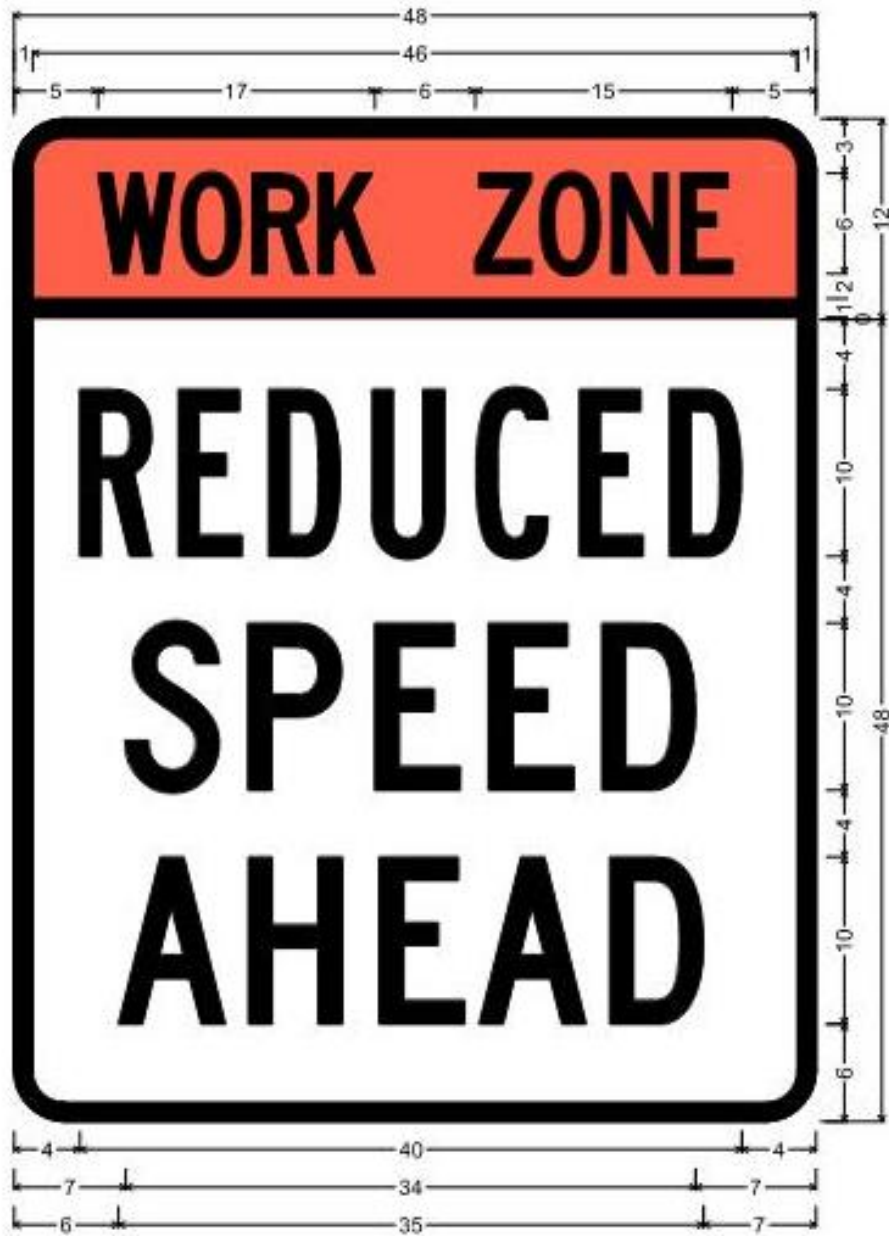
3" Radius, 1" Border, 1" Indent, Black on White;

"END", C 2K specified length; "INCREASED", C 2K specified length;

"SPEEDING", C 2K specified length; "FINES", C 2K specified length;

HWZ-3

1. All HWZ-3 sign panels shall be rigid.
2. The size of the HWZ-3 sign shall not be reduced for use on two-lane roadways.

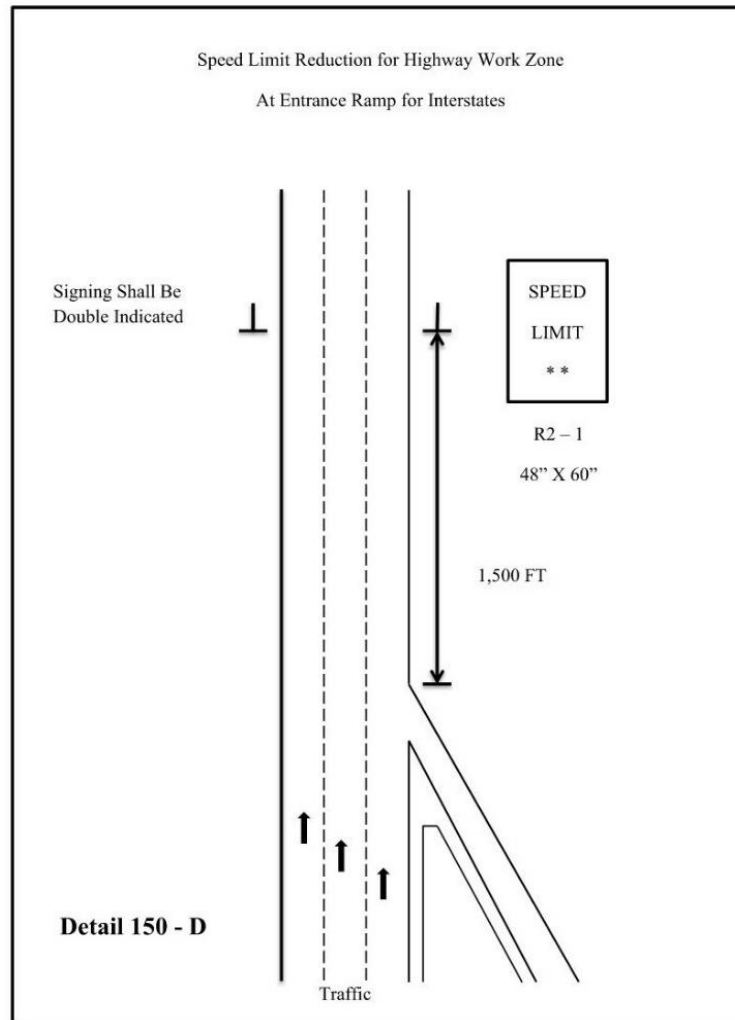


3" Radius, 1" Border, Black on Fluorescent orange;

"WORK", C 2K 60% spacing; "ZONE", C 2K 60% spacing;

3" Radius, 1" Border, Black on White;

"REDUCED", B 2K; "SPEED", C 2K; "AHEAD", C 2K;



C. Installation/Removal of Work Area Signage

No payment will be made for Traffic Control-Lump Sum until the Work has actually started on the Project. The installation of traffic control signage does not qualify as the start of work. Advanced warning signs shall not be installed until the actual beginning of work activities. Any permanent mount height signs installed as the work is preparing to start shall be covered until all signs are installed unless all signs are installed within seven (≤ 7) calendar days after beginning installation.

All temporary traffic control devices shall be removed as soon as practical when these devices are no longer needed. When work is suspended for short periods of time, temporary traffic control devices that are no longer appropriate, shall be removed or covered.

All construction warning signs shall be removed within seven (≤ 7) calendar days after time charges are stopped or pay items are complete. If traffic control devices are left in place for more than ten (> 10) calendar days after completion of the Work, the Department shall have the right to remove such devices, claim possession thereof, and deduct the cost of such removal from any monies due, or which may become due, the Contractor.

CORRECTIVE LIST WORK: Portable signs shall be utilized to accomplish the completion of all corrective list items, if the corrective list is the only work being performed. The portable signs shall be removed daily. All permanent mount height signs shall be removed prior to the beginning of the corrective list only work, except "Low/Soft Shoulder" signs and any signs that have the prior written approval of the Engineer to remain in place while the corrective list work is in progress.

Failure to promptly remove the construction warning signs within the seven (7) calendar days after the completion of the Work or failure to remove or cover signs when work is suspended for short periods of time shall be considered as non-performance under Subsection 150.7.01.

150.3.05 Shoulder/Lane Closures

A. Approval/Restrictions

All shoulder closures and lane closures of any type or duration shall have the prior approval of the Engineer.

1. Closure Length

The length of a shoulder closure and a lane closure shall not exceed two (2) miles in length excluding the length of the tapers unless the prior approval of the Engineer has been obtained. The Engineer may extend the length of the closure based upon field conditions; however, the length of a work zone should be held to the minimum length required to accomplish the Work. Shoulder closure and Lane Closures shall not be spaced closer than one mile. The advanced warning signs for the Project should not overlap with the advanced warning signs for lane shifts, lane closures, etc.

2. Duration

The first (7) calendar days in an Urban area and the first three (3) calendar days in a Rural area of any lane closure shall be signed and marked as per Georgia Standard 9106 "Traffic Control Detail for Lane Closure on Multi-Lane Divided Highway" or Georgia Standard 9107 "Traffic Control Detail for Lane Closure on Multi-Lane Undivided Highway". However, lane closures that exist for a duration longer than three (> 3) calendar days may be signed and marked as per the details in Georgia Standard 9121 "Tapers, Signs, and Markings for Passing Lanes", provided the prior approval of the Engineer is obtained. The approved lane drop shall utilize a PCMS and only the signs and markings shown for the termination end of the lane drop in Georgia Standard 9121. All warning signs in the lane drop sequence shall be used. Drums may be substituted for the Type I Crystal Delineators at the same spacing.

B. Shoulder Closures

In accordance with MUTCD (6N.06), when paved shoulders, having a width of eight feet ($\geq 8'$) or more are closed, at least one (1) advance warning sign shall be used. The sign(s) should read SHOULDER CLOSED (W21-5a). The signs are only posted on the side with the shoulder closure. Where the downstream end of the shoulder closure extends beyond the distance that can be perceived by road users, a supplementary plaque bearing the message NEXT XX FEET(W16-4P) or MILES (W7-3aP) should be placed below the SHOULDER CLOSED (W21-5a) sign. These signs shall be placed 500 feet prior to the shoulder closure. For multi-shoulder closures, the Shoulder Closed sign shall be repeated after two (2) miles at 500 feet prior to the next shoulder closure.

A shoulder closure will require a shoulder taper of $(1/3) L$ (L =merging taper length). Traffic drums shall be used for the taper. Arrow boards are not required.

If positive barriers are used to close the shoulder, the taper and drums shall be in accordance with Standard 4960, Temporary Barrier (End Treatment Options). The approach end of the barrier taper should be 10:1 or flatter slope.

C. Lane Closure

1. Advance Warning Signs

The Advance Warning signs shall be in accordance with MUTCD and Georgia Standard 9106 "Traffic Control Detail for Lane Closure on Multi-Lane Divided Highway" and Georgia Standard 9107 "Traffic Control Detail for Lane Closure on Multi-Lane Undivided Highway".

When the Temporary Traffic Control zone already has advanced warning (W20-1) signs installed the W20-1 signs required for lane closures under Standard 9106 and 9107 should be eliminated.

For Interstate, Limited Access and Multi-lane Divided Highways, an additional PCMS shall be placed one (1) mile in advance of a lane closure with a message denoting the appropriate lane closure one (1) mile ahead. No other message shall be displayed on this PCMS. The PCMS shall be placed on the outside shoulder in accordance with Detail 150-B [PCMS]. This is in addition to the other traffic control devices required by Standard 9106.

At the discretion of the Engineer, the Contractor may start placing advance warning signs a half-hour (1/2 hr.) prior to the lane closure.

2. Transition Area – Taper

Drums shall be used on all transition tapers. If traffic drums with retroreflectivity of less than type VI are used for a merge taper that exists into the night, all drums located in the taper shall have, for the length of the taper only, a six inch (6") fluorescent orange (ASTM Type VI, VII, VIII, IX or X) reflectorized top stripe on each drum. The top six inch (6") stripe may be temporarily attached to the drum while in use in a taper. The Engineer may allow the fluorescent orange reflectorized six inch (6") top stripe on each drum in a merging taper to remain in place during daylight hours provided there is a lane closure(s) with a continuous operation that begins during one nighttime period and ends during another nighttime period. All drums that have the six inch (6") top stripe permanently attached shall not be used for any other conditions.

In accordance with [MUTCD \(6B.08\)](#), the minimum length for a merging taper for a lane closure on the travel way shall be as shown in Table 150-1:

TABLE 150-1

Posted Speed Limit, MPH	Lane Width 9 Feet	Lane Width 10 Feet	Lane Width 11 Feet	Lane Width 12 Feet	Maximum Drum Spacing in Tapers, (Feet)
Minimum Taper Length (L) in Feet					
20	60	70	75	80	20
25	95	105	115	125	25
30	135	150	165	180	30
35	185	205	225	245	35
40	240	270	295	320	40
45	405	450	495	540	45
50	450	500	550	600	50
55	495	550	605	660	55
60	540	600	660	720	60
65	585	650	715	780	65
70	630	700	770	840	70
75	675	750	825	900	75

If site conditions require a longer taper, then the taper shall be lengthened to fit particular individual situations.

The length of shifting tapers should be at least one-half (1/2) L.

Multiple Lane Closures:

- a. A maximum of one (1) lane at a time shall be closed with each merging taper.
- b. A minimum tangent length of two (≥ 2) L shall be installed between each individual lane closure taper. The tangent length is part of the transition area. Therefore, only traffic drums can be used in the tangent.

3. Activity Area

The activity area consists of a buffer and the work space. Georgia Standard 9106 “Traffic Control Detail for Lane Closure on Multi-Lane Divided Highway” states “Buffer zones of 300’ minimum, 500’ desirable are required for tangent sections and shall be increased for horizontal or vertical curves due to sight distance considerations”

Georgia Standard 9107 “Traffic Control Detail for Lane Closure on Multi-Lane Undivided Highway” requires a fifty feet (50’) buffer. The buffer shall be increased for horizontal or vertical curves due to sight distance considerations”

The channelization devices are spaced at a maximum of eighty feet (80’).

4. Termination Area

Georgia Standard 9106 “Traffic Control Detail for Lane Closure on Multi-Lane Divided Highway” requires a 150 feet buffer and a minimum 200 feet downstream taper.

Georgia Standard 9107 “Traffic Control Detail for Lane Closure on Multi-Lane Undivided Highway” requires 150 feet downstream taper.

D. Removal of Lane Closures

To provide the greatest possible convenience to the public in accordance with [Section 107](#), the Contractor shall remove all signs, lane closure markings, and devices immediately when lane closure work is completed or temporarily suspended for any length of time or as directed by the Engineer. All portable signs and portable sign mounting devices shall be removed from the roadway to an area which will not allow the sign to be visible and will not allow the sign or sign mounting device to be impacted by traffic. All devices shall be stored beyond the clear zone or behind positive protection.

E. Exit and Entrance Ramps

On multi-lane highways, where traffic has been shifted to the inside lanes, the exit and entrance ramps shall have drums placed on both sides of the ramp. This requirement will apply to any situation where traffic is shifted to contra flows or inside staging lanes to facilitate reconstruction work in the vicinity of exit and entrance ramps. The temporary ramp taper length should be greater than, or equal to, the existing taper length. Interim EXIT gore signs shall be placed at the ramp divergence. The “EXIT OPEN” sign shown in Figure TA-42 of the MUTCD shall be utilized. For exit ramps, drums spacing shall be decreased to ten feet (10’) for 200 feet in advance of the temporary gore and be decreased to ten feet (10’) for the first 100 feet of the temporary gore, and throughout the exit ramp. For on-ramps, drums should be used 200 feet prior to the ramp and end 100 feet past the merge taper. The drum spacing for the on ramp may be decreased but should not obstruct the view of the drivers i.e. for the ramp vehicles.

150.3.06 Traffic Pacing Method

A. Pacing of Traffic

With prior approval from the Engineer, traffic may be paced allowing the Contractor up to twenty (20) minutes maximum to work in or above all lanes of traffic for the following purposes:

1. Placing bridge members or other bridge work.
2. Placing overhead sign structures.
3. Other work items requiring interruption of traffic.

The Contractor shall provide a uniformed law enforcement officer with patrol vehicle and blue flashing light for each direction of pacing. The law enforcement officer, Engineer, and flaggers at ramps shall be provided with a radio which will provide continuous contact with the Contractor.

When ready to start the work activity, the law enforcement vehicle will act as a pilot vehicle slowing the traffic, thereby providing a gap in traffic allowing the Contractor to perform the Work. Any on-ramps between the pace and the work area shall be blocked during pacing of traffic, with a flagger properly dressed and equipped with a Stop/Slow paddle. Each ramp should be opened after the law enforcement vehicle has passed.

Pilot vehicles shall travel at a safe pace speed. The Contractor shall provide a vehicle to proceed in front of the law enforcement vehicle and behind the other traffic in order to inform the Contractor's work force when all vehicles have cleared the area.

Traffic should not be permitted to stop during pacing unless approved by the Engineer.

B. Methods of Signing for Traffic Pacing

At a point not less than 1,000 feet in advance of the beginning point of the pace, the Contractor shall place a PCMS sign with the message "TRAFFIC SLOWED AHEAD EXPECT SHORT DELAY".

150.3.07 Flagging Operations

A. Flaggers

Flaggers shall be provided as required to handle traffic, as specified in the Plans or Special Provisions, and as required by the Engineer.

B. Flagger Certification

All flaggers shall meet the requirements of the [MUTCD](#) and shall have received training and a certificate upon completion of the training from one of the following organizations:

National Safety Council
American Traffic Safety Services Association (ATSSA)

On-line classes are not accepted.

Failure to provide certified flaggers as required above shall be reason for the Engineer suspending work involving the flagger(s) until the Contractor provides the certified flagger(s). Flaggers shall have proof of certification and valid identification (photo I.D.) available any time they are performing flagger duties.

C. Flagger Appearance and Equipment

Flaggers shall wear Performance Class 2 or better for daytime activities. Flaggers shall wear Performance Class 3 or better high-visibility clothing for nighttime activities. Flagger stations shall be illuminated at night according to [MUTCD \(6M.08\)](#). They shall use a Stop/Slow paddle meeting the requirements of the [MUTCD \(6D.02\)](#) for controlling traffic. The Stop/Slow paddles shall have a shaft length of seven feet ($\geq 7'$) minimum. The Stop/Slow paddle shall be retroreflectORIZED for both day and night usage. In addition to the Stop/Slow paddle, a flagger may use a flag as an additional device to attract attention. This flag shall meet the minimum requirements of the [MUTCD \(6D.02\)](#). The flag shall, as a minimum, be twenty-four inches ($\geq 24"$) square and red or red/orange in color.

D. Flagger Warning Signs

Signs for flagger traffic control shall be placed in advance of the flagging operation, in accordance with the [MUTCD](#) and [Georgia Standard 9102 "Traffic Control Detail for Lane Closure on Two-Lane Highway"](#). In addition, signs at

regular intervals, warning of the presence of the flagger shall be placed beyond the point where traffic can reasonably be expected to stop under the most severe conditions for that day's work.

E. Pilot Vehicle Requirements

Pilot vehicles should be required during placement of bituminous surface treatment or asphaltic concrete on two-lane roadways unless otherwise specified. Pilot vehicles shall meet the requirements of the [MUTCD \(6E.04\)](#).

F. Automated Flagger Assistance Devices

The Contractor may request, in writing, the use of Automated Flagger Assistance Devices (AFAD). The equipment shall meet the requirements of [MUTCD \(6L.02\)](#). As a part of this request, the Contractor shall also submit an alternate temporary traffic TTC plan in the event of a failure of the AFAD. Any alternate plan that requires the use of flaggers shall include the use of certified flaggers. The Contractor shall obtain the approval of the Engineer before the use of any AFAD will be permitted.

G. Portable Temporary Traffic Control Signals

The Contractor may request, in writing, the substitution of portable temporary traffic control signals for flaggers on two-lane two-way roadways provided the temporary signals meets the requirements of the MUTCD, [Section 647](#), and [subsection 150.2.11](#). As a part of this request, the Contractor shall also submit an alternate TTC plan in the event of a failure of the signals. Any alternate plan that requires the use of flaggers shall include the use of certified flaggers. The Contractor shall obtain the approval of the Engineer before the use of any portable temporary traffic control signals will be permitted.

150.3.08 Traffic Signals

A. Responsibility/Cost

If the sequence of operations, staging, or the TTC plan requires the relocation or shifting of any components of an existing traffic signal system then any work on these traffic signals will be considered as part of Traffic Control – Lump Sum.

B. Law Enforcement Officer Requirement

In accordance with Georgia law § 40-6-20, law enforcement officers shall be used to regulate and maintain traffic control at functioning signalized intersections when lane closures or traffic shifts block or restrict movements causing interference with road user flows and will not allow the activated traffic signal to guide the traffic through the signal site.

150.3.09 Mobile Operations

A mobile operation is defined by a minimum speed of three (3) mph. When pavement markings (centerlines, lane lines, and edge lines) are applied in a continuous operation by moving vehicles and equipment, the following minimum equipment and warning devices shall be required. These devices and equipment are in addition to the minimum requirements of the MUTCD.

All vehicles shall be equipped with the official slow moving vehicle symbol sign. All vehicles shall have a minimum of two (2) flashing or rotating beacons visible in all directions. All protection vehicles shall have an arrow panel mounted on the rear. All vehicles requiring an arrow panel shall have, as a minimum, a Type B panel. All vehicle mounted signs shall be mounted with the bottom of the sign a minimum height of forty-eight inches (48") above the pavement. All sign legends shall be covered or removed from view when work is not in progress.

The lead vehicle may be a separate vehicle or the work vehicle applying the pavement markings may be used as the lead vehicle. The lead vehicle shall have an arrow panel mounted so that the panel is easily visible to oncoming (approaching) traffic. The arrow panel should operate in the caution mode.

The work vehicle(s) applying markings shall have an arrow panel mounted on the rear. The arrow panel should typically operate in the caution mode. The work vehicle placing cones shall follow directly behind the work vehicle applying the markings.

A protection vehicle shall follow the last work vehicle at all times and shall be equipped with a truck mounted attenuator that shall be certified for impacts not less than sixty-two (62) mph in accordance with MASH/NCHRP350 Test Level Three (3).

150.3.10 Pavement Markings

A. General

Full pattern pavement markings in conformance with Chapter 3A and 3B, except 3B.0 3, of the MUTCD are required on all courses before the roadway is opened to traffic, unless noted in this section. No passing zones shall be marked to conform to Subsection 150.3.10.D.1.b. During construction and maintenance activities on all highways open to traffic, both existing markings and markings applied under this Section shall be fully maintained until Final Acceptance. If the pavement markings are, or become, unsatisfactory in the judgment of the Engineer due to wear, weathering, or construction activities, they shall be restored immediately.

Markings on the final surface course, which must be removed, shall be a removable type. The Contractor will be permitted to use paint, thermoplastic, or tape on pavement which is to be overlaid as part of the Project, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. Partial (skip) reflectorization (i.e. reflectorizing only a portion of a stripe) will not be allowed.

1. Resurfacing Projects

Pavement markings shall be provided on all surfaces that are placed over existing markings. Interim and final markings shall conform in type and location to the markings that existed prior to resurfacing unless changes or additions are noted in the Contract. The replacement of parking spaces will not be required unless a specific item or note has been included in the Contract. Any work to make additions to the markings that existed prior to resurfacing is to be considered as extra work.

2. Widening and Reconstruction Projects

If the lane configuration is altered from the preconstruction layout then pavement markings will be as required by the Plans or the Engineer.

3. New Location Construction Projects

Pavement marking plans will be provided.

B. Installation and Removal of Pavement Markings

1. Installation

All pavement markings, both interim and permanent, shall be applied to a clean surface. The Contractor shall furnish the layout and preline the roadway surface for the placement of pavement markings applied as part of the TTC plan. All interim marking tape and RPM's on the final surface shall be removed prior to the placement of the final markings.

The Contractor shall sequence the Work in such a manner as to allow the installation of markings in the final lane configuration at the earliest possible stage of the Work.

2. Removal

Markings no longer applicable shall be removed in accordance with [Section 656](#).

The elimination of conflicting pavement markings by overpainting with unapproved paint or any type of liquid asphalt is not acceptable.

3. Intermediate Surface

Interim markings shall be removed by methods that will cause minimal damage to the pavement surface, while also ensuring that traveling public will not be confused or misdirected by any residual markings remaining on the intermediate surface. The use of approved black-out tape and black-out paint (manufactured for the sole purpose of covering existing pavement markings) may be permitted on some interim surfaces, provided the results are satisfactory to the Engineer.

4. Final Surface

No interim paint or thermoplastic markings will be permitted on any final surface unless the interim markings are in alignment with the location of the permanent markings and the interim marking will not interfere or adversely affect placement of the permanent markings. The proposed method of removal for layout errors that require markings to be removed from the final surface shall have the prior approval of the Engineer. Any damage to the final pavement surface caused by the pavement marking removal process shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense by methods acceptable and approved by the Engineer. [Section 400](#) shall apply when corrective measures are required. The use of black-out tape or black-out paint will not be permitted under any circumstance to correct layout errors on any final surface.

Traffic shifts that are done on the final surface shall be accomplished using interim traffic marking tape that can be removed without any blemishing of the final surface. Interim traffic marking tape shall be used on any of the following final surfaces: asphaltic concrete, Portland cement concrete, and bridge deck surfaces. The Contractor may propose alternate traffic markings and removal methods on the final surface. Submitted proposals shall include the type of material, method of removal and a cost comparison to the traffic marking tape method. Prior to any approval, the Contractor shall field demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Engineer that the proposed traffic markings can be removed without any blemishing of the final surface. If the proposal is determined to be acceptable, a supplemental agreement will be executed prior to the installation of the proposed alternate traffic markings. The supplemental agreement shall denote the type of traffic marking materials, method of removal and any cost and/or time savings to the Department. The Department will not consider or participate in any cost increase that may result from implementing the proposed alternate method.

5. Pay Factor Reduction for Asphaltic Concrete Final Surfaces

When the correction of an error in the layout of the final pavement markings requires the final surface to be grounded, blemished, scarred, or polished the pay factor shall be reduced to 0.95 for the entire surface area of the final topping that has a blemish, polished or a scarred surface. The reduced pay factor shall not be confined to only the width and length of the stripe or the dimensions of the blemished areas, the whole roadway surface shall have the reduced pay factor applied. The area of the reduced pay factor shall be determined by the total length and the total width of the roadway affected. If the affected area is not corrected, the reduction in pay shall be deducted from the final payment for the topping layer of asphaltic concrete. The Engineer shall make the final determination whether correction or a reduced pay factor is acceptable.

The eradication of pavement markings on intermediate and final concrete surfaces shall be accomplished by a method that does not grind, polish, or blemish the surface of the concrete. The method used for the removal of the interim markings shall not spall chip the joints in the concrete and shall not damage the sealant in the joints. Any joint or sealant repairs shall be included in the bid price for Traffic Control-Lump Sum. The proposed method of removal shall have the prior approval of the Engineer.

Failure to promptly remove conflicting or non-applicable pavement markings shall be considered as non-performance under [Subsection 150.7.01](#).

6. Preparation and Planning for Traffic Shifts

When shifting of traffic necessitates removal of centerline, lane lines, or edge lines, all such lines shall be removed prior to, during, or immediately after any change to present the least interference with traffic. Interim traffic marking tape shall be used as a temporary substitute for the traffic markings being removed.

Before any change in traffic lane(s) alignment, marking removal equipment shall be present on the project for immediate use. If marking removal equipment failures occur, the equipment shall be repaired or replaced (including leasing equipment if necessary), so that the removal can be accomplished without delay.

Except for the final surface, markings on asphaltic concrete may be obliterated by an overlay course, when approved by the Engineer. When an asphaltic concrete overlay is placed for the sole purpose of eliminating conflicting markings and the in place asphaltic concrete section will allow, said overlay will be eligible for payment only if designated in the Plans. Overlays to obliterate lines will be paid for only once and further traffic shifts in the same area shall be accomplished with removable markings. Only the minimum asphaltic concrete thickness required to cover lines will be allowed. Excessive build-up will not be permitted. When an overlay for the sole purpose of eliminating conflicting markings is not allowed, the markings no longer applicable shall be removed in accordance with [Section 656](#).

C. Raised Pavement Markers

Retroreflective raised pavement markers (RPMs) shall be placed as listed below for all asphaltic concrete pavements before the roadway is open to traffic, unless noted this section. On the final surface, RPMs shall be placed according to the timeframes specified in [Subsection 150.3.10.D](#) for full pattern pavement markings. When Portland Cement Concrete is an intermediate or final surface and is open to traffic, one (1) calendar day is allowed for cleaning and drying before the installation of RPMs is required.

Raised pavement markers are not allowed on the right edge lines under any situation.

Retroreflective raised pavement markers (RPMs) shall be placed and/or maintained on intermediate pavements surfaces on all highways that the final ride surface is not completed within 45 calendar days which is open to traffic. This includes all resurfacing projects along with widening and reconstruction projects. The RPMs shall be placed as follows:

1. Supplementing Lane Lines:

- a. Eighty foot (80') center on skip lines with curvature less than three degrees. (Includes tangents)
- b. Forty foot (40') centers on solid lines and all lines with curvature between three degrees and six degrees.
- c. Twenty foot (20') centers on curves over six degrees.
- d. Twenty foot (20') centers on lane transitions or shifts.

2. Supplementing Ramp Gore Lines:

- a. Twenty foot (20') centers, two each, placed side by side.

3. Other Lines:

- a. As shown on the Plans or directed by the Engineer.

D. Exceptions for Interim Markings

Some exceptions to the time of placement and pattern of markings are permitted as noted below; however, full pattern pavement markings are required for the completed project.

1. Two-Lane, Two-Way Roadways

a. Skip Lines

If used, interim temporary tape or paint skip (broken) stripe may only be used for a maximum of three (3) calendar days. The stripes shall be at least two feet ($> 2'$) long with a maximum gap of thirty-eight feet ($\leq 38'$). On curves greater than six degrees ($>6^\circ$), a one foot ($1'$) stripe with a maximum gap of nineteen feet ($\leq 19'$) shall be used. In lane shift areas, solid lines will be required.

Interim raised pavement markers may be substituted for the interim skip (broken) stripes. If raised pavement markers are substituted for the two foot ($2'$) interim skip stripe, three (3) markers spaced at equal intervals over a two feet ($2'$) distance will be required. No separate payment will be made if the interim raised pavement markers are substituted for interim skip lines.

Interim raised pavement markers shall be retro-reflective, shall be the same color as the pavement markers for which they are substituted, and shall be visible during daytime.

The type of interim marker and method of attachment to the pavement shall be approved by the Office of Materials and Testing but in no case will the markers be attached by the use of nails. Flexible reflective markers, Type 14 or Type 15, may be used for a maximum of three (3) calendar days as an interim marker. Any flexible reflective markers in use shall be from the QPL-76.

The interim raised pavement markers shall be maintained until the full pattern pavement markings are applied. At the time full pattern markings are applied the interim raised markers shall be removed in a manner that will not interfere with application of the full pattern pavement markings.

b. No Passing Zones Two-Lane, Two-Way Roadways

Passing zones shall be re-established in the locations existing prior to resurfacing unless otherwise noted in the Contract. No changes to the location of passing zones shall be done without the written approval of the Engineer. For periods not to exceed three (3) calendar days where interim skip centerlines are in place, no-passing zones shall be identified by using post or portable mounted DO NOT PASS regulatory signs (R4-1) twenty-four inches by thirty inches ($24'' \times 30''$) at the beginning and at intervals not to exceed one-half ($\leq 1/2$) mile within each no-passing zone. A post or portable mounted PASS WITH CARE regulatory sign (R4-2) twenty-four inches by thirty inches ($24'' \times 30''$) shall be placed at the end of each no-passing zone. Post mounted signs shall be placed in accordance with the MUTCD. Portable signs shall be secured in such a manner to prevent misalignment and minimize the possibility of being blown over by weather conditions or traffic.

On new location projects and on projects where either horizontal or vertical alignments has been modified; the location of No-Passing Zones will be identified by the Engineer.

c. Edge lines

- Bituminous Surface Treatment Paving

Edge lines will not be required on intermediate surfaces (including asphaltic concrete leveling for bituminous surface treatment paving) that are in use for a period of less than sixty (<60) calendar days except at bridge approaches, on lane transitions, lane shifts, and in such other areas as determined by the Engineer. On the final surface, edge lines shall be placed within thirty (≤ 30) calendar days of the time that the final surface was placed.

- All Other Types of Pavement

Edge lines will not be required on intermediate surfaces that are in use for a period of less than thirty (<30) calendar days except at bridge approaches, on lane transitions, lane shifts, and in such other areas as determined by the Engineer. On the final surface, edge lines shall be placed within fourteen (≤ 14) calendar days of the time that the surface was placed.

2. Multi-Lane Highways – With No Paved Shoulder(s) or Paved Shoulder(s) Four Feet or Less ($\leq 4'$)

a. Undivided Highways (Includes Paved Center Turn Lane)

- Centerlines and No-Passing Barrier-Full Pattern centerlines and no-passing barriers shall be restored before opening to traffic.
- Lane lines- Interim skip (broken) stripe as described in Subsection 150.3.10.D.1.a. may be used for periods not to exceed three (≤ 3) calendar days. Skip lines are not permitted in lane shift areas. Solid lines shall be used.
- Edge lines- Edge lines shall be placed on intermediate and final surfaces within three (3) calendar days of obliteration.

b. Divided Highways (Grass or Raised Median)

- Lane lines- Full pattern skip stripe shall be restored before opening to traffic. Skip lines are not permitted in lane shift areas. Solid lines shall be required.
- Centerline/Edge line- Solid lines shall be placed on intermediate and final surfaces within three calendar days of obliteration.

3. Limited Access Roadways and Roadways with Paved Shoulders Greater Than Four Feet ($> 4'$)

a. Same as Subsection 150.3.10.D.2 except as noted in (b) below.

b. Edge lines-

- Asphaltic Concrete Pavement- Edge lines shall be placed on intermediate and final surfaces prior to opening to traffic.
- Portland Cement Concrete Pavement- Edge lines shall be placed on any surface open to traffic no later than one calendar day after work is completed on a section of roadway. All water and residue shall be removed prior to daily striping.

4. Ramps for Multi-Lane Divided Highways

A minimum of one solid line edge stripe shall be placed on any intermediate surface of a ramp prior to opening the ramp to traffic. The other edge stripe may be omitted for a maximum period of three (3) calendar days on an intermediate surface. Appropriate channelization devices shall be spaced at a maximum of twenty-five feet (25') intervals until the other stripe has been installed.

The final surface shall have both stripes placed prior to opening the ramp to traffic.

5. Miscellaneous Pavement Markings

a. Final Surface

School zones, railroads, symbols, words, arrows, and other similar markings shall be placed on final surfaces conforming to [Section 652](#) within fourteen (14) calendar days of completion of the final surface. Final markings shall conform to the type of pay item in the Plans. When no pay item exists in the Plans the final markings shall conform to [Section 652](#) for painted markings.

b. Intermediate Surface

Intermediate surfaces that will be in use for more than forty-five (45) calendar days shall have the miscellaneous pavement markings installed to conform to the requirement of [Section 652](#). Under Subsection 150.6, Special Conditions, or as directed by the Engineer these markings may be eliminated.

c. Stop Line

All stop signs and traffic signals shall have temporary twelve inch (12") stop lines placed in accordance with [MUTCD \(3B. 19\)](#) on all surfaces prior to opening to traffic. Temporary tape may be used.

150.3.11 Differences in Elevations Between Travel Lanes and Shoulders

All time frames and requirements may be changed with the Engineer's approval.

A. Differences in Elevations

Difference in elevations due to construction between travel lanes and/or shoulders within the clear zone should be limited to the following:

1. Difference of two inches ($\leq 2''$) or less between adjacent travel lanes should remain for a maximum period of fourteen (14) calendar days.
2. Difference of two inches ($\leq 2''$) or less between adjacent travel lane and paved shoulder should remain for a maximum of thirty (30) calendar days. Traffic control devices shall be in accordance with [Detail 150-G](#).
3. Difference of greater than two inches ($> 2''$) is permitted for continuous operations. Traffic control devices shall be in accordance with [Detail 150-E](#).
4. Difference of greater than two inches ($> 2''$) between travel lanes and/or shoulders for non-continuous operations will not be allowed for more than a twenty-four (24) hour period. For the first twenty-four (24) hours, traffic control shall be in accordance with [Detail 150-E](#). After twenty-four (24) hours the section should be healed according to [Detail 150 – H](#). This condition can exist for a maximum sixty (60) calendar days.
 - a. A single length of area that does not exceed 1000 feet total length may be left open as a startup area for periods not to exceed forty-eight (48) hours provided the Contractor can demonstrate the ability to complete the Work in a proficient manner. Prior approval of the Engineer shall be obtained before any startup area may be allowed.
 - b. For cement stabilized base, work adjacent to the travel lane and/or shoulders shall be healed as per [Detail 150-H](#) within forty-eight (48) hours after the seven (7) calendar day curing period is complete for each section placed. During the placement and curing period, traffic control shall be in accordance [Detail 150 E](#).

Failure to meet these requirements shall be considered as non-performance of Work under [Subsection 150.7.01](#).

B. Healed Section

Healed section and traffic control devices should be placed in accordance with Detail 150-H. If crushed stone materials are used to provide a healed section no separate payment will be made for the material used to heal any section. The Contractor may submit a plan to utilize existing pay items for crushed stone provided the plan clearly demonstrates that the materials used to heal an area will be incorporated into the Work with minimal waste. Handling and hauling of any crushed stone used to heal shall be kept to a minimum. The Engineer shall determine if the crushed stone used to heal meets the Specifications for gradation and quality when the material is placed in the final location.

C. Emergency Situations

Inclement weather, traffic accidents, and other events beyond the control of the Contractor may prevent the Work from being completed as required above. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing stating the conditions and reasons that have prevented the Contractor from complying with the time limitations. The Contractor shall also outline a plan detailing immediate steps to complete the Work. Failure to correct these conditions on the first calendar day that conditions will allow corrective work shall be considered as non-performance of Work under Subsection 150.7.01.

D. Plating

Plating for drainage structures, utility facilities, etc. is prohibited on the interstates. Plating on State Routes and secondary roads will require the prior approval of the project Engineer. Steel plates shall not be used on highways with a posted speed greater than forty-five (45) mph. The plate shall completely cover the pavement cut or excavation. The plate shall be adequately secured and shall provide a safe and reasonable transition to the adjoining roadway surface. An asphalt wedge can be used to provide a smooth transition over the plate(s). Temporary traffic control warning signs W8-24 shall be posted in advance warning motorist about plates in roadway in accordance with the MUTCD. Plating should not remain in place for more than four (4) calendar days.

E. Asphaltic Concrete Resurfacing Projects

1. Shoulder Construction Included as a Part of the Contract

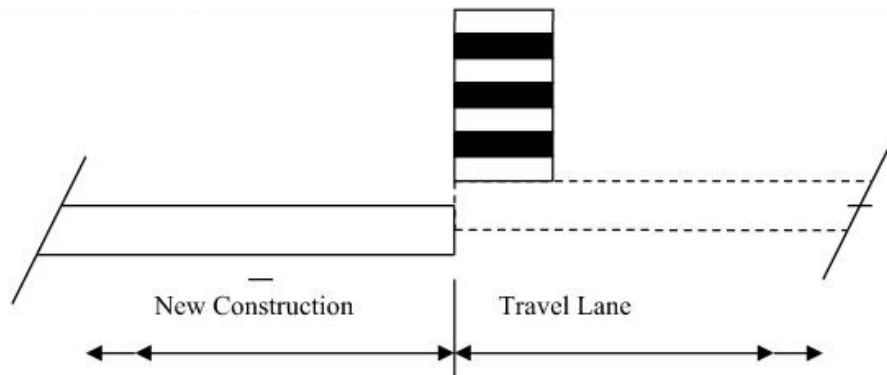
When the placement of asphaltic concrete materials creates a difference in elevation greater than two inches (> 2") between the earth shoulder (grassed or un-grassed) and the edge of travel lane or between the earth shoulder and a paved shoulder that is less than four feet (< 4') in width, the Contractor shall place and maintain drums in accordance with the requirements of Subsection 150.2.04.B.3. When the edge of the paved surface is tapered with a safety edge, drums may be spaced at two (2) times the speed limit in MPH. Drums shall remain in place and be maintained until the difference in elevation has been eliminated by the placement of the appropriate shoulder materials.

2. Shoulder Construction Not Included as a Part of the Contract

When the placement of asphaltic concrete materials creates a difference in elevation greater than two inches (> 2") between the earth shoulder (grassed or un-grassed) and the edge of travel lane or between the earth shoulder and a paved shoulder that is less than four feet (< 4') in width, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer, in writing, when the resurfacing work including all corrective list items has been completed.

Drums spaced at twenty foot (20') intervals. **Note:** If the travel way width is reduced to less than ten feet (< 10') by the use of drums, vertical panels shall be used in lieu of drums.

Location of drums when Elevation Difference exceeds four inches (> 4")

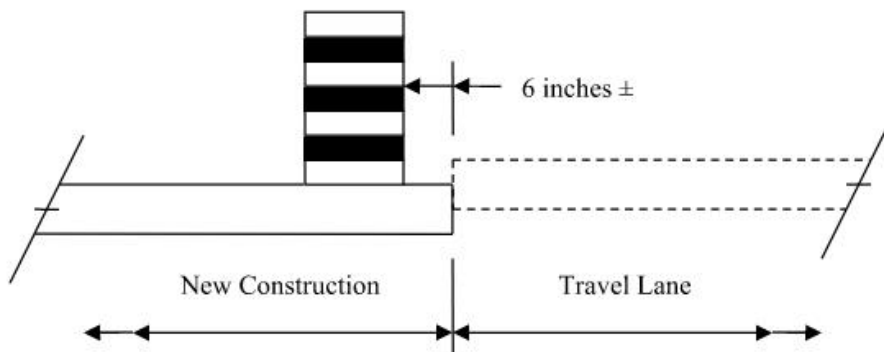


ELEVATION DIFFERENCE GREATER THAN FOUR INCHES (> 4")

DETAIL 150-E

Drums spaced at forty foot (40') intervals.

Location of drums when Elevation Difference is greater than two inches (> 2") to four inches (4")

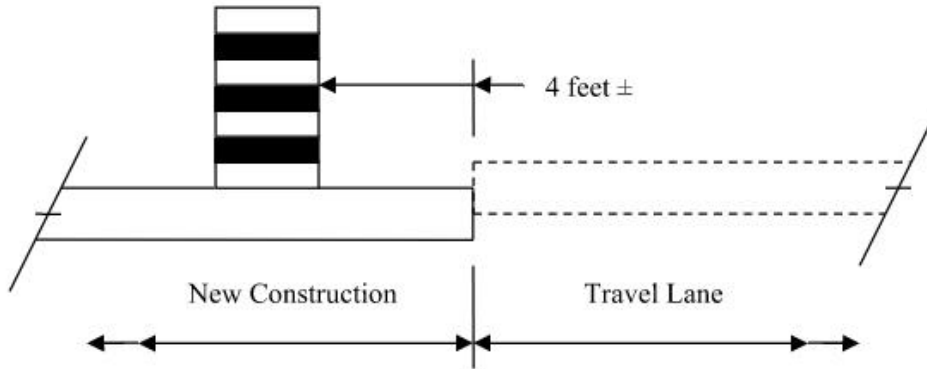


ELEVATION DIFFERENCE GREATER THAN TWO INCHES (> 2") TO
FOUR INCHES (4")

DETAIL 150-F

Drums spaced at eighty foot (80') intervals.

Location of drums when Elevation Difference is two inches ($\leq 2''$) or less.



ELEVATION DIFFERENCE OF TWO INCHES ($\leq 2''$) OR LESS

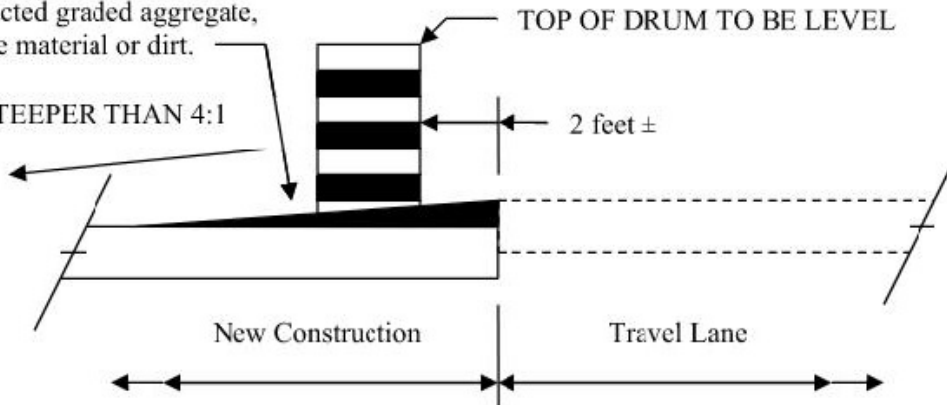
DETAIL 150-G

Location of drums immediately after completion of healed sections spaced at 40 foot (40') intervals

Healed Section

Compacted graded aggregate, subbase material or dirt.

NO STEEPER THAN 4:1



HEALED SECTION

DETAIL 150-H

150.3.12 Work Zone Law Enforcement

Work zone law enforcement consists of utilizing a uniformed law enforcement officer equipped with patrol vehicle and blue flashing lights to enforce traffic laws in construction work zones and the administration of this service. Payment for work zone law enforcement will be made only for the utilization in work zones during lane closures, traffic pacing, or other activities that occur within travel lanes. The Contractor will be responsible for negotiating a rate of reimbursement and making reimbursement to that law enforcement agency.

The Contractor will be responsible for coordinating and scheduling the utilization of the work zone law enforcement. The Engineer may require the use of work zone law enforcement at specific times and locations.

Work zone law enforcement will be required in all work zones during lane closures, traffic pacing, or other activities that occur within travel lanes on the interstate.

150.4 Measurement

150.4.01 Traffic Control Items

A. Traffic Control

When listed as a pay item in the Proposal, payment will be made at the lump sum price bid, which will include all traffic control not paid for separately, and will be paid as follows:

When the first Construction Report is submitted, a payment of twenty-five percent (25%) of the lump sum price will be made. For each progress payment thereafter, the total of the Project percent complete shown on the last pay statement plus twenty-five percent (25%) will be paid (less previous payments), not to exceed one hundred percent (100%).

When no payment item for Traffic Control-Lump Sum is shown in the Proposal, all of the requirements of Section 150 and the Temporary Traffic Control Plan shall be in full force and effect. The cost of complying with these requirements will not be paid for separately but shall be included in the overall bid submittal.

B. Changeable Message Sign, Portable

Portable changeable message sign will be measured as specified in [Section 632](#).

C. Flashing Beacon Assembly

Flashing beacon assemblies will be measured as specified in [Section 647](#).

D. Pavement Markings

Pavement markings will be measured as specified in Section 150.

E. Portable Impact Attenuators

Each portable impact attenuator will be measured by the unit/array which shall include all material components, hardware, incidentals, labor, site preparation, and maintenance, including spare parts recommended by the manufacturer for repairing accident damage. Each unit will be measured only once regardless of the number of locations installed, moves required, or number of repairs necessary because of traffic damage. Upon completion of the project, the units shall be removed and retained by the Contractor.

F. Signs

When shown as a pay item in the Contract, interim special guide signs will be paid for as listed below. All other regulatory, warning, and guide signs, as required by the Contract, will be paid for under Traffic Control Lump Sum or included in the overall bid submitted.

1. Interim ground mounted or interim overhead special guide signs will be measured for payment by the square foot. This payment shall be full compensation for furnishing the signs, including supports as required, erecting, illuminating overhead signs, maintaining, removing, re-erecting, and final removal from the Project. Payment will be made only one time regardless of the number of moves required.
2. Remove and reset existing special guide signs, ground mount or overhead, complete, in place, will be measured for payment per each. Payment will be made only one time regardless of the number of moves required.
3. Modify special guide signs, ground mount or overhead, will be measured for payment by the square foot. The area measured shall include only that portion of the sign modified. Payment shall include materials, removal from posts or supports when necessary, and remounting as required.

G. Temporary Audible Information Device

Temporary audible information devices are measured as the actual number furnished and installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, which shall include all necessary materials, equipment, labor, site preparation, maintenance, and removal. Each temporary audible information device will be paid for only one time regardless of the number of times it's reused during the duration of the Work. These devices shall remain the property of the Contractor.

H. Temporary Barrier

Temporary barrier shall be measured as specified in [Sections 620](#).

I. Temporary Curb Cut Wheelchair Ramps

Temporary curb cut wheelchair ramps are measured as the actual number formed and poured, complete and accepted, which shall include all necessary materials, equipment, labor, site preparation, maintenance, and removal. No additional payment will be made for sawing existing sidewalk and removal and disposal of removed material for temporary wheelchair ramp construction. No additional payment will be made for constructing the detectable warning surface.

J. Temporary Guardrail Anchorage, Type 12

Temporary guardrail anchorage- Type 12 will be measured by each assembly, complete in place and accepted according to the details shown in the Plans, which shall also include the additional guardrail and appurtenances necessary for transition and connection to temporary concrete barrier. Payment shall include all necessary materials, equipment, labor, site preparation, maintenance, and removal.

K. Temporary Walkways with Detectable Edging

Temporary walkways with detectable edging will be measured in linear feet (meters), complete in place and accepted, which shall include all necessary materials, equipment, labor, site preparation, temporary pipes, passing spaces, maintenance, and removal. Excavation and backfill are not measured separately for payment. No payment will be made for temporary walkways where existing pavements or existing edging (that meets the requirements of MUTCD) are utilized for the temporary walkway. Payment for temporary detectable edging, including approved barriers and channelizing devices, installed on existing pavement shall be included in Traffic Control-Lump Sum.

L. Traffic Signal Installation- Temporary

Temporary traffic signal installation will be measured as specified in [Section 647](#).

M. Work Zone Law Enforcement

When work zone law enforcement is shown as a pay item, work zone law enforcement will be measured for payment by the hour. The Contractor shall provide a daily work record containing the actual number of hours charged by the law enforcement officer. The daily work record shall be complied on a form provided by the Department, signed by the law enforcement officer, signed by the Contractor's Worksite Traffic Control Supervisor attesting that the law enforcement was utilized during the time recorded, and then submitted to the Engineer.

Work zone law enforcement will be measured for payment by the hour up to the maximum number of hours included in the Contract. The Engineer may at their discretion increase the maximum number of hours.

Payment shall be full compensation for reimbursing the law enforcement agency and for all cost incurred by the Contractor in coordinating, scheduling, and administering the item work zone law enforcement.

If no work zone law enforcement pay item is included in the Contract, then all work zone law enforcement cost shall be included in Traffic Control – Lump Sum.

150.5 Reserved

150.6 Special Conditions

Special Conditions, if used, will be included elsewhere in the Contract.

150.7 Payment

When shown in the Schedule of Items in the Proposal, the following items will be paid for separately. Payment will be made under:

Item No. 150	Traffic control -	Lump Sum
Item No. 150	Traffic control, solid traffic stripe __ inch, (color)	Per linear mile
Item No. 150	Traffic control, skip traffic stripe __ Inch, (color)	Per linear mile
Item No. 150	Traffic control, solid traffic stripe, thermoplastic 24 inch, color	Per linear mile
Item No. 150	Traffic control, raised pavement markers –all types	Per each
Item No. 150	Remove and reset, existing special guide signs, overhead, complete-in-place	Per each
Item No. 150	Temporary walkways with detectable edging	Per linear foot
Item No. 150	Temporary curb cut wheelchair ramps	Per each
Item No. 150	Temporary audible information device	Per each
Item No. 150	Work Zone Law Enforcement	Per hour

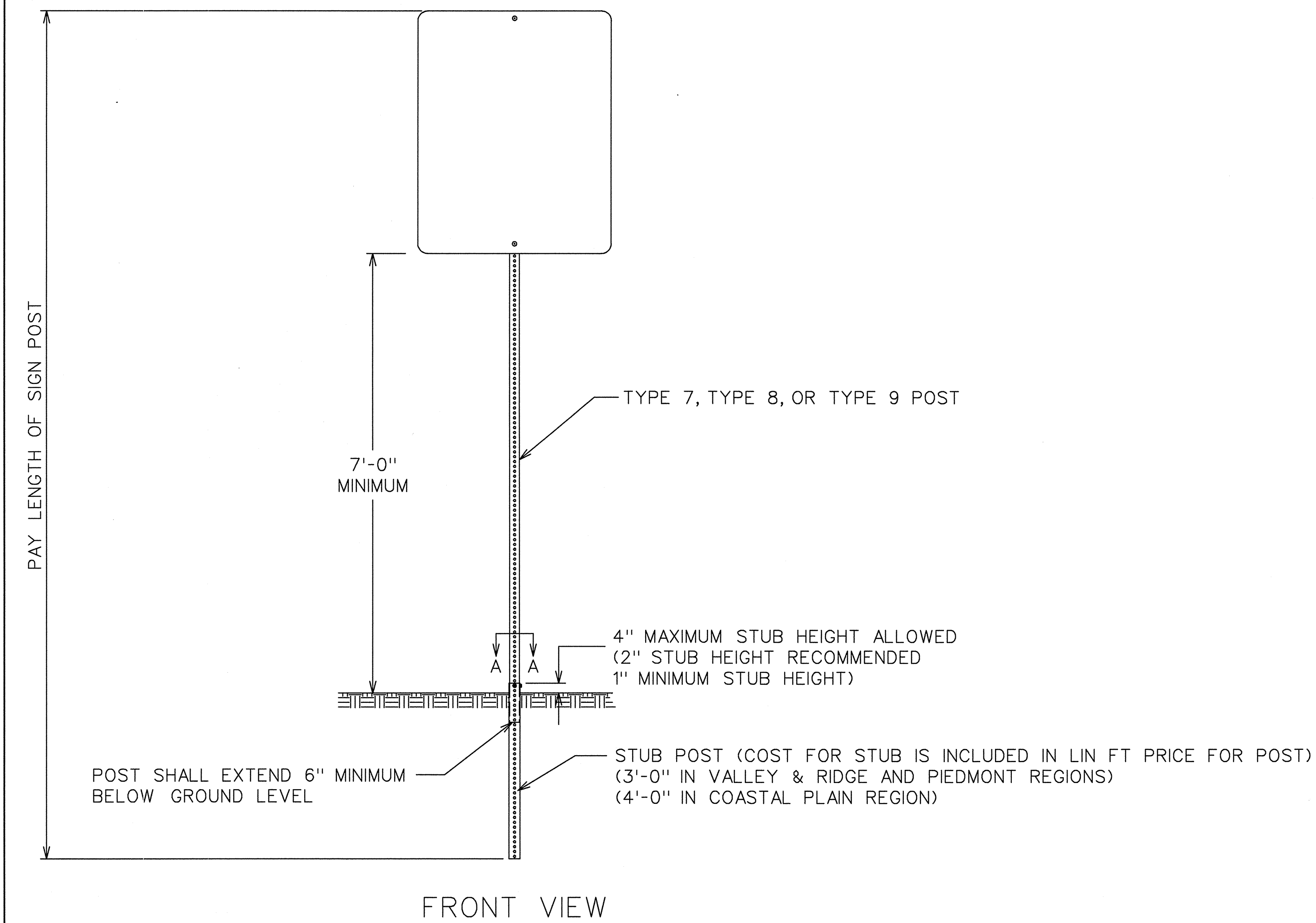
150.7.01 Enforcement and Adjustments

The safe passage of pedestrians and traffic through and around the temporary traffic control zone, while minimizing confusion and disruption to traffic flow, shall have priority over all other Contractor activities. Continued failure of the Contractor to comply with the requirements of Section 150 - Traffic Control will result in non-refundable deductions of monies from the Contract as shown in this Subsection for non-performance of Work.

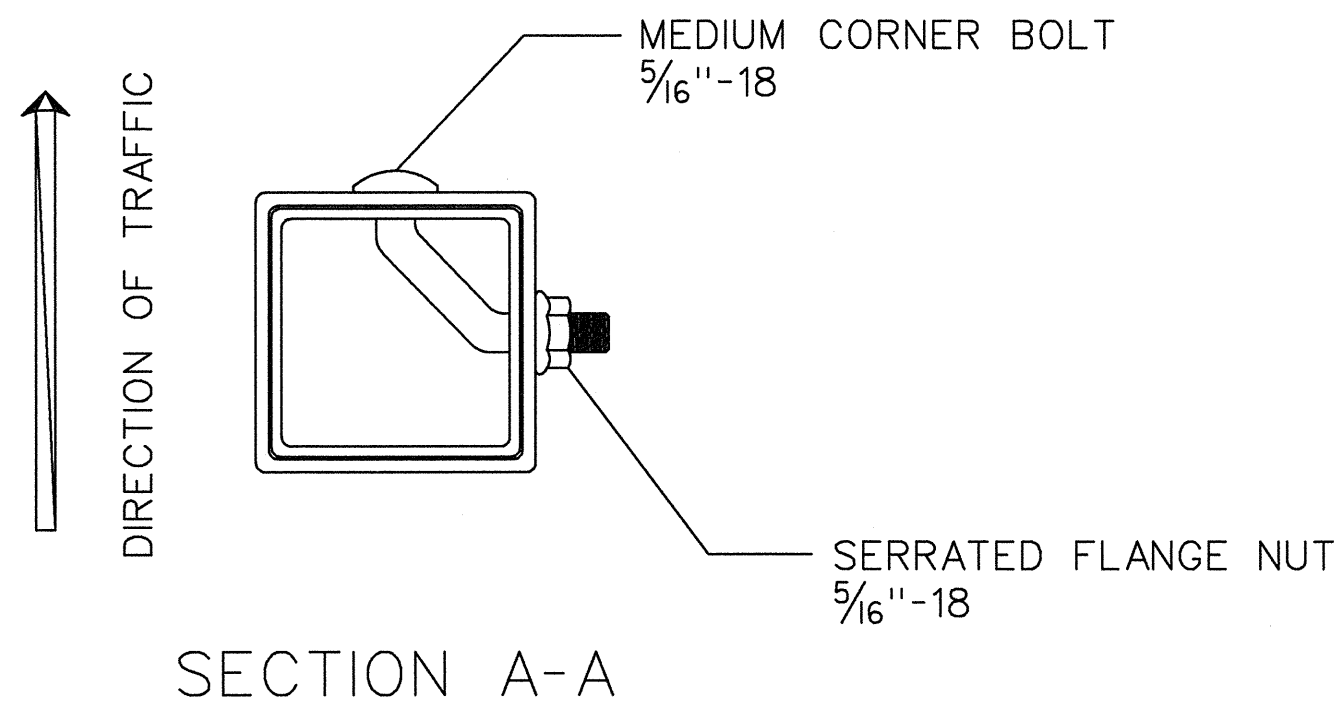
Failure of the Contractor to comply with this Specification shall be reason for the Engineer suspending all other work on the Project except erosion control and traffic control, taking corrective action as specified in [Section 105](#), and/or withholding payment of monies due to the Contractor for any work on the Project until traffic control deficiencies are corrected. These other actions shall be in addition to the deductions for non-performance of traffic control.

SCHEDULE OF DEDUCTIONS FOR EACH CALENDAR DAY OF DEFICIENCIES OF TRAFFIC CONTROL INSTALLATION AND/OR MAINTENANCE		
ORIGINAL TOTAL CONTRACT AMOUNT		
From More Than	To and Including	Daily Charge
\$0	\$100,000	\$250
\$100,000	\$1,000,000	\$650
\$1,000,000	\$5,000,000	\$1,300
\$5,000,000	\$20,000,000	\$2,000
\$20,000,000	\$40,000,000	\$2,600
\$40,000,000	\$-----	\$4,000

STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
GA.			



POST	STUB SIZE
TYPE 7	2 1/4" x 2 1/4"
TYPE 8	2 3/4" x 2 3/4"
TYPE 9	2 1/2" x 2 1/2"



SIGN POST SELECTION CHART

70 MPH Wind Load Chart + 15% Gust Factor

Sign Centroid	SLIP BASE NOT REQUIRED				GROUND MOUNTED BREAKAWAY SIGN SUPPORT REQUIRED				
	TYPE 7 2" 14 ga.		TYPE 9 2-1/4" 14 ga.	TYPE 8 2-1/2" 12 ga.	TYPE 8 2-1/2" 12 ga.		TYPE 8 w / TYPE 9 Insert* 2-1/2" 12 ga. w / 2-1/4" 14 ga.		
	1 Post	2 Post	1 Post	1 Post	2 Post	3 Post	1 Post	2 Post	3 Post
	SQUARE FOOTAGE				SQUARE FOOTAGE				
6'	13.50	27.00	19.25	30.00	60.00	90.00	49.25	98.50	147.75
7'	11.60	23.20	16.50	25.75	51.50	77.25	42.25	84.50	126.75
8'	10.15	20.30	14.45	22.55	45.10	67.65	37.00	74.00	111.00
9'	9.00	18.00	12.85	20.00	40.00	60.00	32.85	65.70	98.55
10'	8.10	16.20	11.55	18.00	36.00	54.00	29.55	59.10	88.65
11'	7.40	14.80	10.50	16.40	32.80	49.20	26.90	53.80	80.70
12'	6.80	13.60	9.65	15.00	30.00	45.00	24.65	49.30	73.95
13'	6.25	12.50	8.90	13.85	27.70	41.55	22.75	45.50	68.25
14'	5.80	11.60	8.25	12.90	25.80	38.70	21.15	42.30	63.45
15'	5.00	10.00	6.45	10.10	20.20	30.30	16.55	33.10	49.65
16'	4.70	9.40	6.05	9.45	18.90	28.35	15.50	31.00	46.50
17'	4.40	8.80	5.70	8.90	17.80	26.70	14.60	29.20	43.80
18'	4.15	8.30	5.40	8.40	16.80	25.20	13.80	27.60	41.40
19'	3.95	7.90	5.10	7.95	15.90	23.85	13.05	26.10	39.15
20'	3.75	7.50	4.85	7.55	15.10	22.65	12.40	24.80	37.20

SIGN CENTROID IS DISTANCE FROM GROUND LEVEL TO BOTTOM OF SIGN PLUS HALF THE HEIGHT OF SIGN.
EXAMPLE: 24" X 48" SIGN THAT IS 7 FEET FROM GROUND TO BOTTOM OF SIGN. ADD HALF OF 48" (24" OR 2 FT) PLUS 7 FT. = 9' CENTROID.

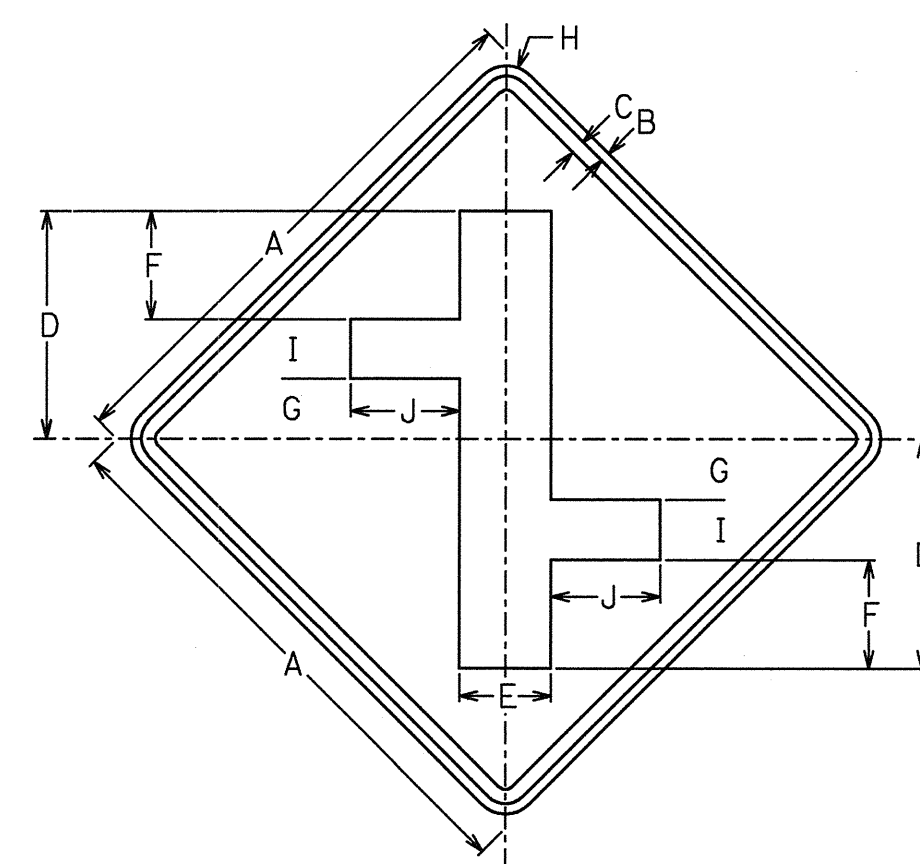
SIGN PLATE SHALL NOT EXCEED 48" IN WIDTH ON A SINGLE POST.

* TYPE 9 INSERT SHALL BE A CONTINUOUS POST INSERTED INTO THE TYPE 8 POST WHERE REQUIRED. THE INSERT POST SHALL EXTEND FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE SLIP BASE UPPER ASSEMBLY TO 4" BELOW THE BOTTOM OF THE SIGN. THE INSERT POST SHALL NOT EXTEND ABOVE THE BOTTOM OF THE SIGN. PAYMENT FOR THE INSERT POST SHALL BE PER LINEAR FOOT OF TYPE 9 POST.

GROUND MOUNTED BREAKAWAY SIGN SUPPORT WILL BE MEASURED AND PAID FOR SEPARATELY. THE COST FOR THIS WORK SHALL INCLUDE THE UPPER AND LOWER ASSEMBLY, STUB POST, CLASS "A" CONCRETE, ALL HARDWARE NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE INSTALLATION, AND BE INCLUDED IN THE BID PRICE SUBMITTED FOR ITEM 636-3010.

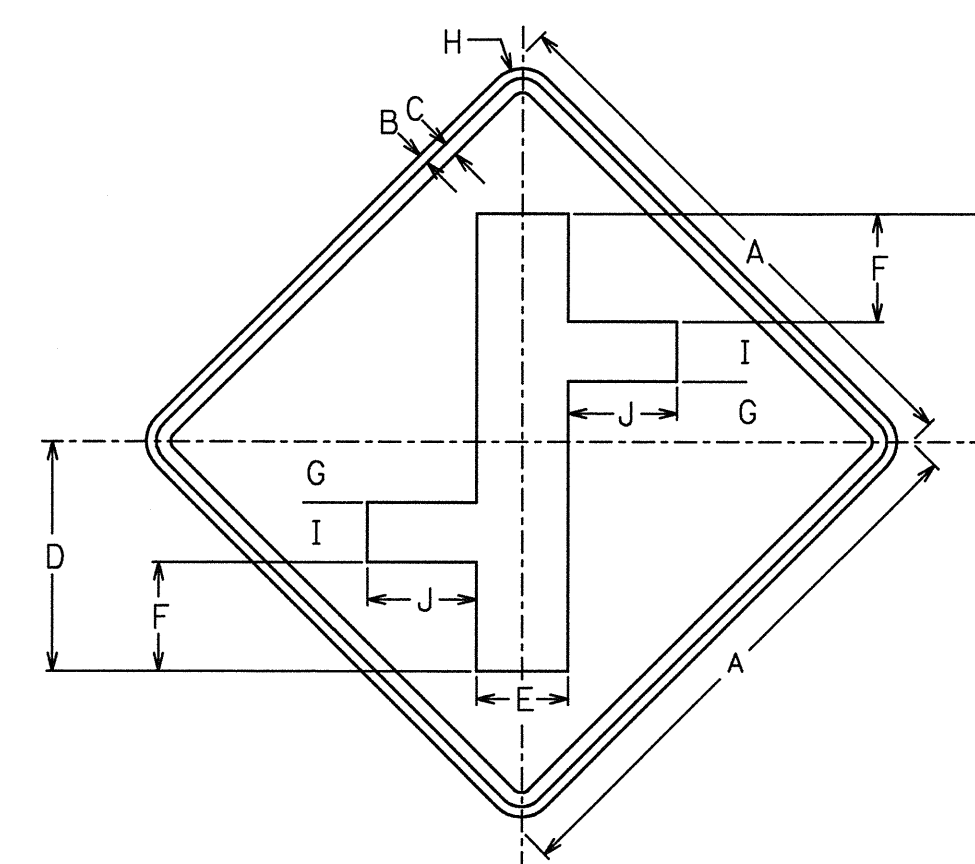
DATE	REVISIONS	GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION OFFICE OF TRAFFIC SAFETY & DESIGN
		TYPE 7, 8, AND 9 SQUARE TUBE POST INSTALLATION DETAIL
		NO SCALE
		JULY 2002

STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
GA.			



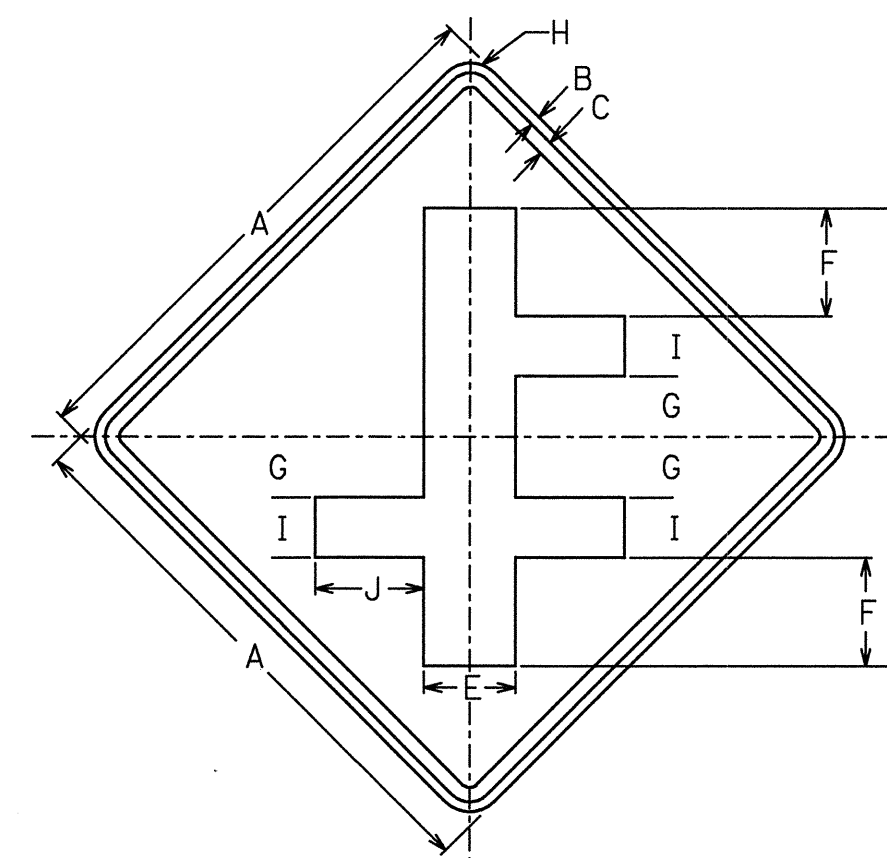
W552-1

SIGN	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)									
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
STD & MIN	30	1 1/2	3/4	12 1/2	5	6	3 1/4	1 7/8	3 1/4	6
EXPWY	36	5/8	7/8	15	6	7	4	2 1/4	4	7
FWY	48	7/8	1 1/4	20	8	9 1/2	5 1/4	3	5 1/4	9 1/2



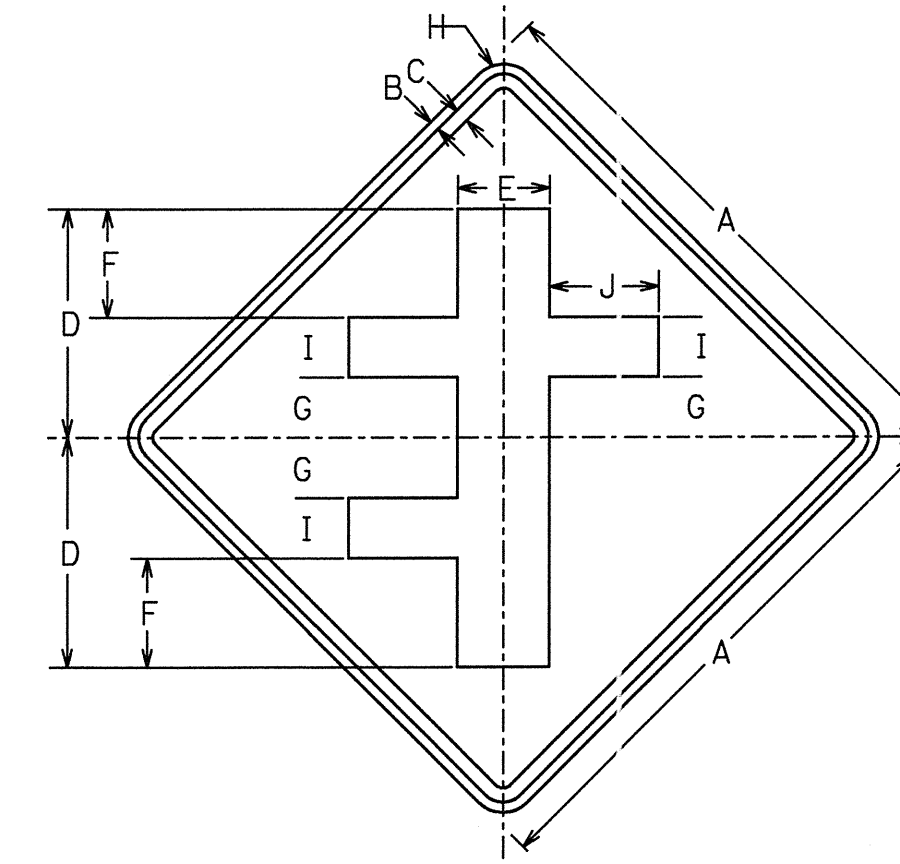
W552-2

SIGN	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)									
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
STD & MIN	30	1/2	3/4	12 1/2	5	6	3 1/4	1 7/8	3 1/4	6
EXPWY	36	5/8	7/8	15	6	7	4	2 1/4	4	7
FWY	48	7/8	1 1/4	20	8	9 1/2	5 1/4	3	5 1/4	9 1/2



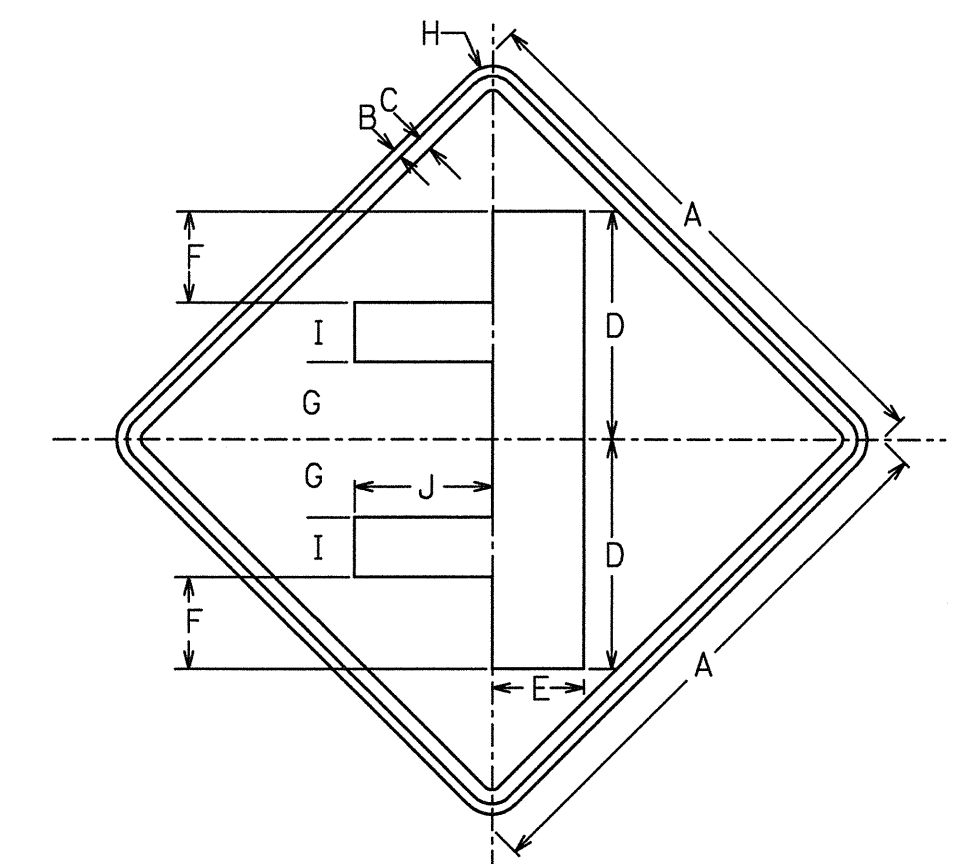
W552-3

SIGN	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)									
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
STD & MIN	30	1/2	3/4	12 1/2	5	6	3 1/4	1 7/8	3 1/4	6
EXPWY	36	5/8	7/8	15	6	7	4	2 1/4	4	7
FWY	48	7/8	1 1/4	20	8	9 1/2	5 1/4	3	5 1/4	9 1/2



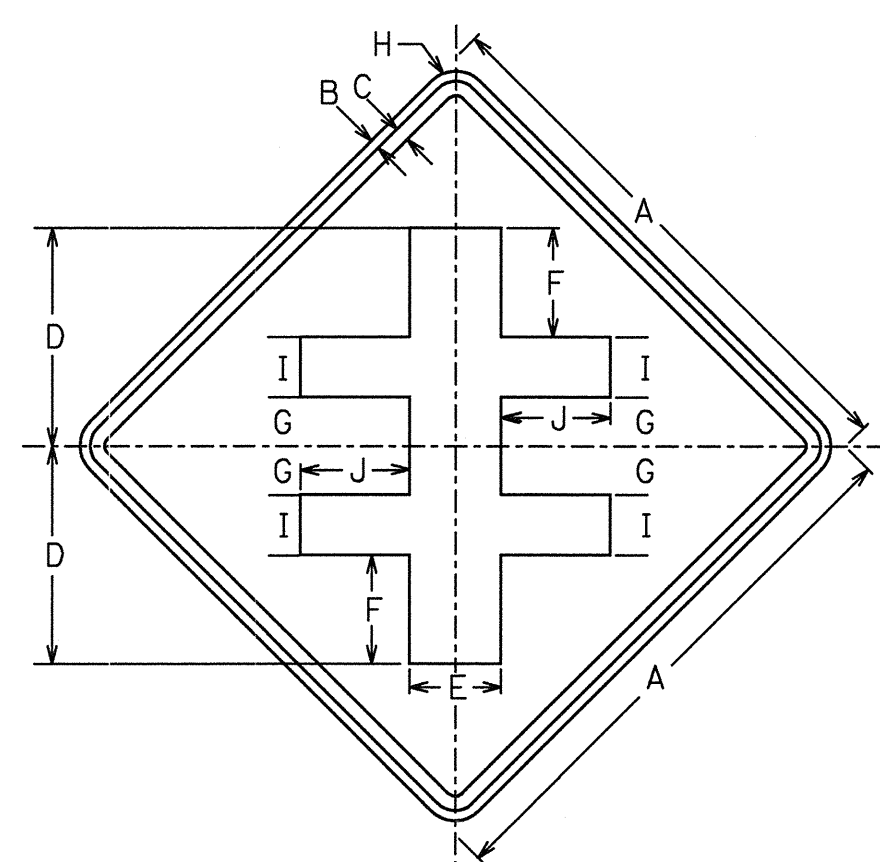
W552-4

SIGN	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)									
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
STD & MIN	30	1 1/2	3 3/4	12 1/2	5	6	3 1/4	1 7/8	3 1/4	6
EXPWY	36	5 8	7 8	15	6	7	4	2 1/4	4	7
FWY	48	7 8	1 1/4	20	8	9 1/2	5 1/4	3	5 1/4	9 1/2



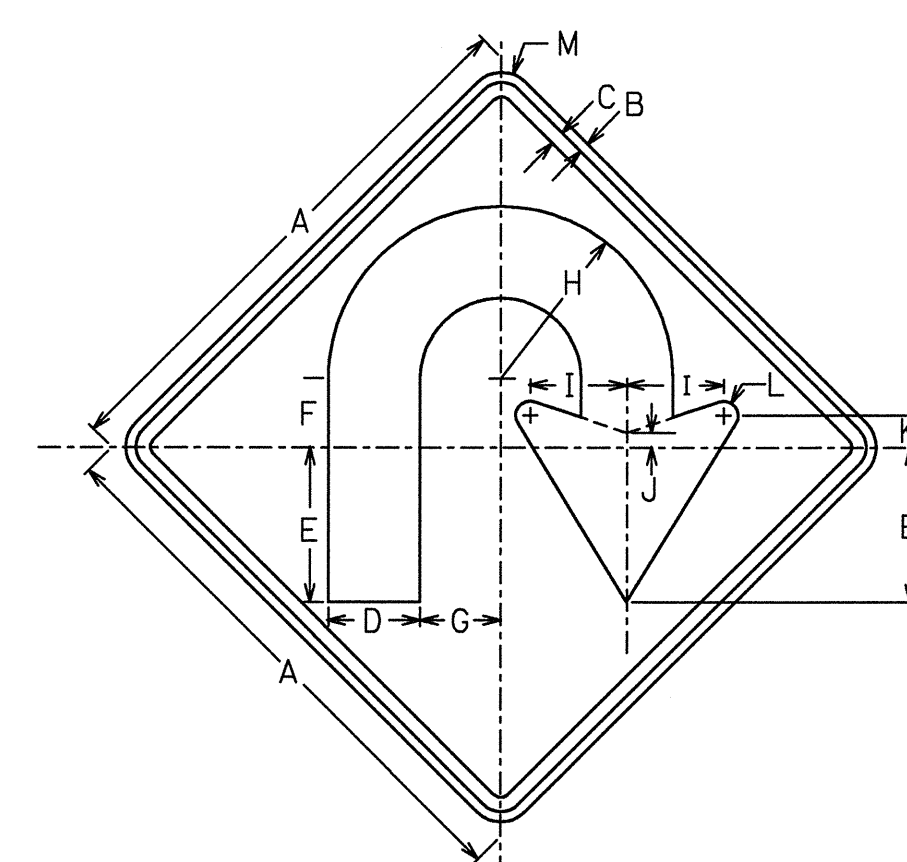
W552-5

SIGN	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)									
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
STD & MIN	30	1/2	3/4	12 1/2	5	5	4 1/4	1 7/8	3 1/4	8
EXPWY	36	5/8	7/8	15	6	6	5	2 1/4	4	10
FWY	48	7/8	1 1/4	20	8	8	6 3/4	3	5 1/4	12



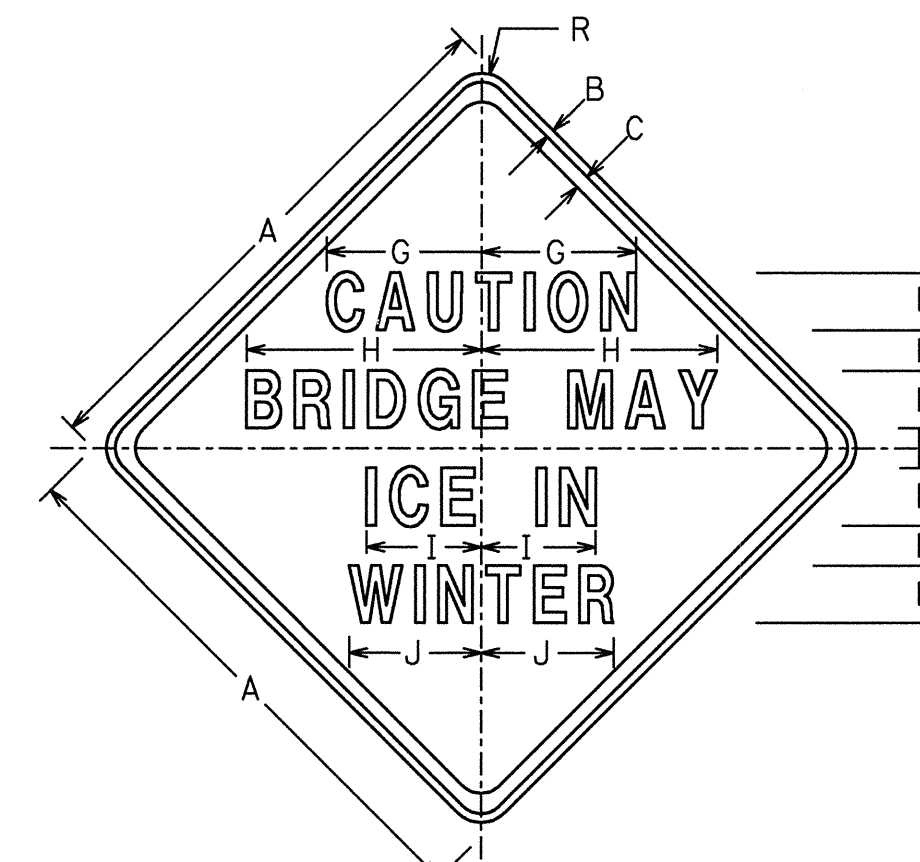
W552-6

SIGN	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)									
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
STD & MIN	30	1 1/2	3/4	12 1/2	5	5	3 1/4	17 1/8	3 1/4	6
EXPWY	36	5/8	7/8	15	6	7	4	2 1/4	4	7
FWY	48	7/8	1 1/4	20	8	9 1/2	5 1/4	3	5 1/4	9 1/2



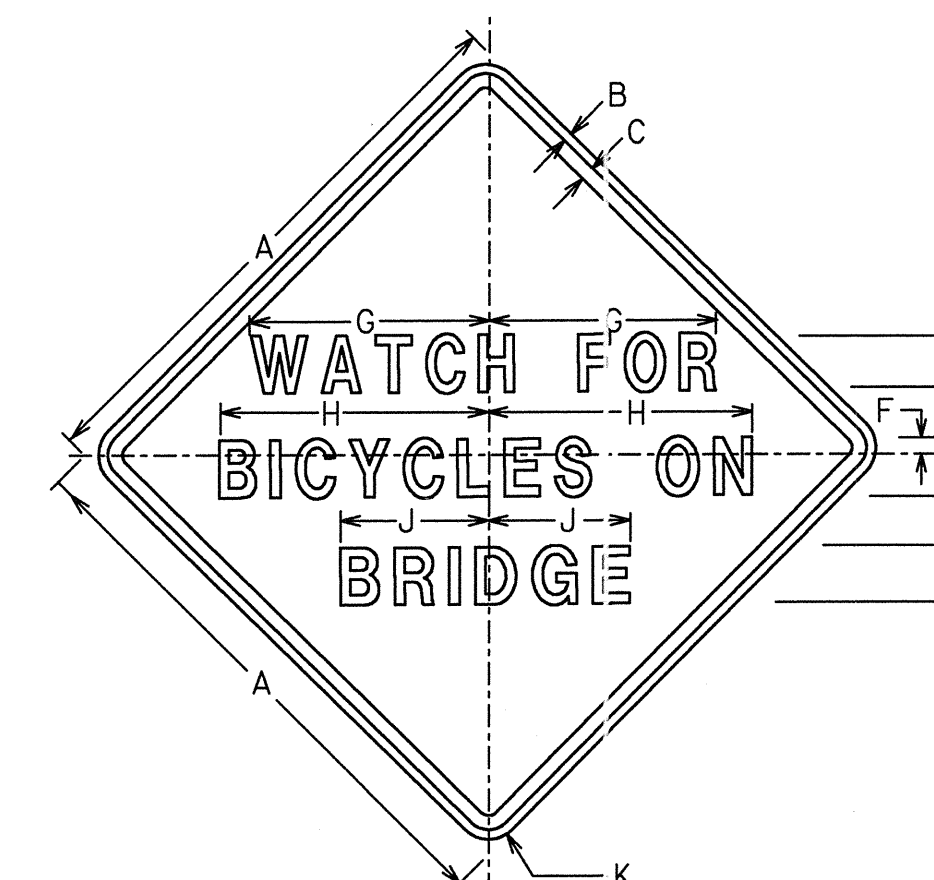
W551-1

SIGN	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)												
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
STD MIN	30	1/2	3/4	5	8 1/2	3 3/4	4 3/8	9 3/8	5 3/4	3 1/4	5 3/4	3 1/4	1 1/2
EXPWY	36	5/8	7/8	6	10	4 1/2	5 1/4	11 1/4	6 7/8	15 1/8	2 3/8	15 1/8	2 1/2
FWY	48	7/8	1 1/4	8	13 1/2	6	7	15	8 7/16	1 1/4	2 3/4	1 1/4	3



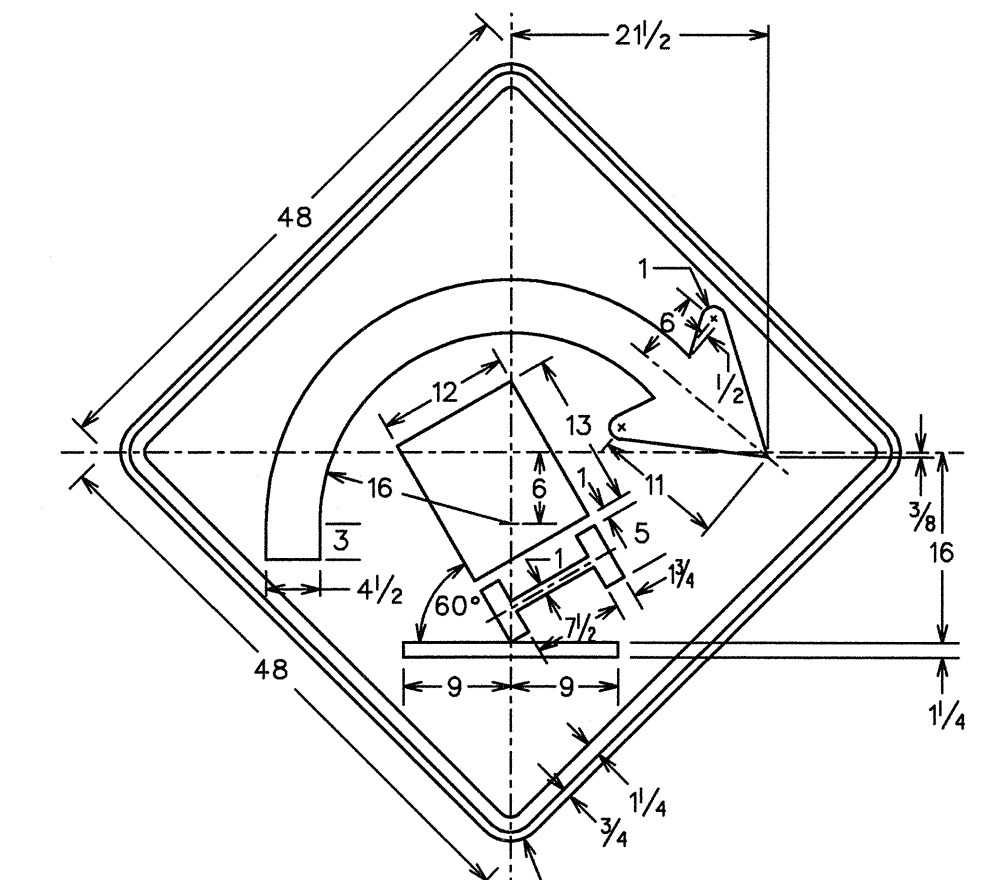
W560-1

SIGN	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)										
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
MIN & STD	30	1/2	3/4	3D	2 3/16	1 3/32	8	12 1/2	6	7	1 1/2
EXPWY	36	5/8	7/8	4D	2 5/8	1 5/16	11	16 1/2	8	9	2 1/2
FWY	48	3/4	1 1/4	5D	3 1/2	1 3/4	13 1/2	20 1/2	10	11 1/2	3 1/2



W560-2

SIGN	DIMENSIONS: (INCHES)										
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	
MIN & STD	30	1/2	3/4	3C	1 1/2	1 3/16	9 1/2	11 1/2	6	1	
EXPWY	36	5/8	7/8	4C	3 1/4	2	13	15	7 1/2	2	

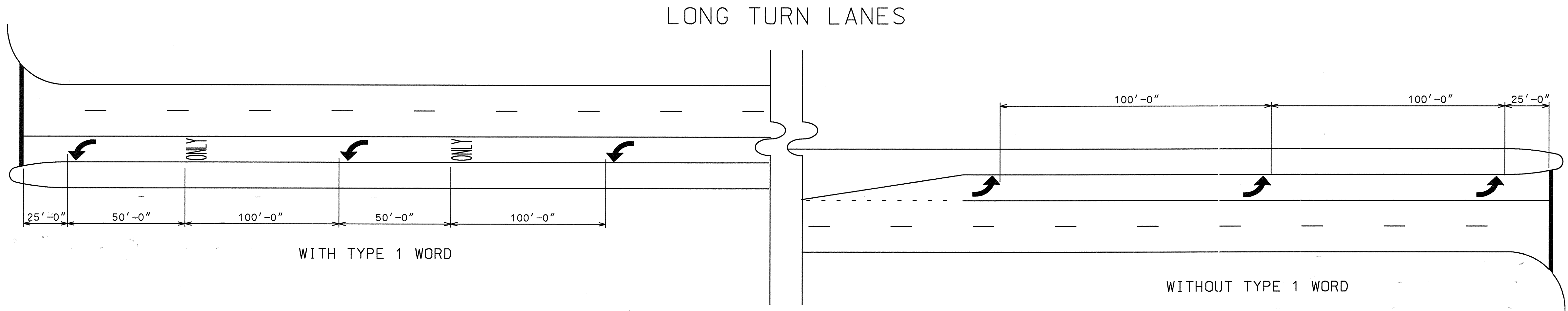
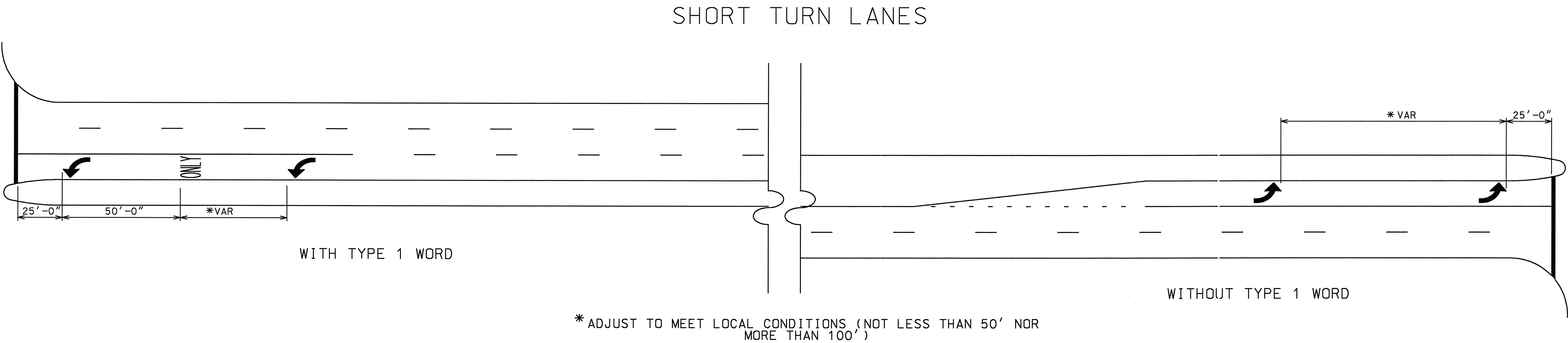
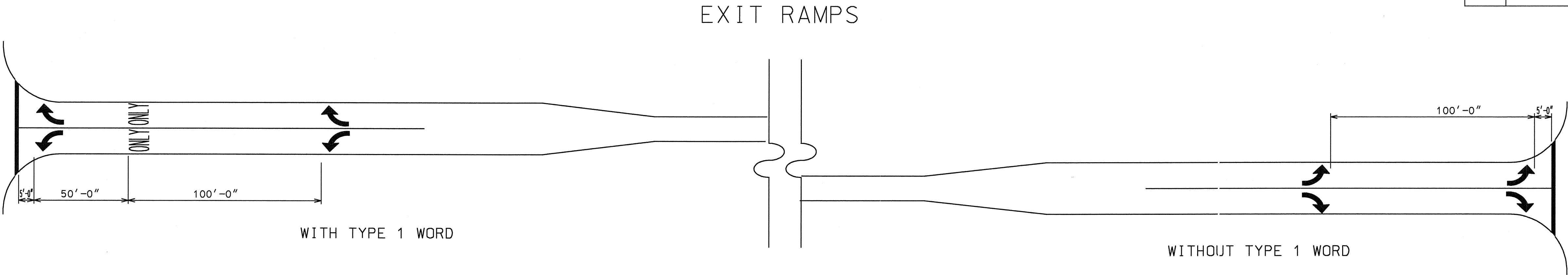


W560-3

SIGNS SHALL HAVE YELLOW REFLECTORIZED BACKGROUNDS WITH BLACK LEGENDS, BORDERS, AND SYMBOLS.

DATE	REVISIONS	GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
		OFFICE OF TRAFFIC SAFETY & DESIGN
		DETAILS OF
		WARNING SIGNS
		NO SCALE
		JANUARY 2000

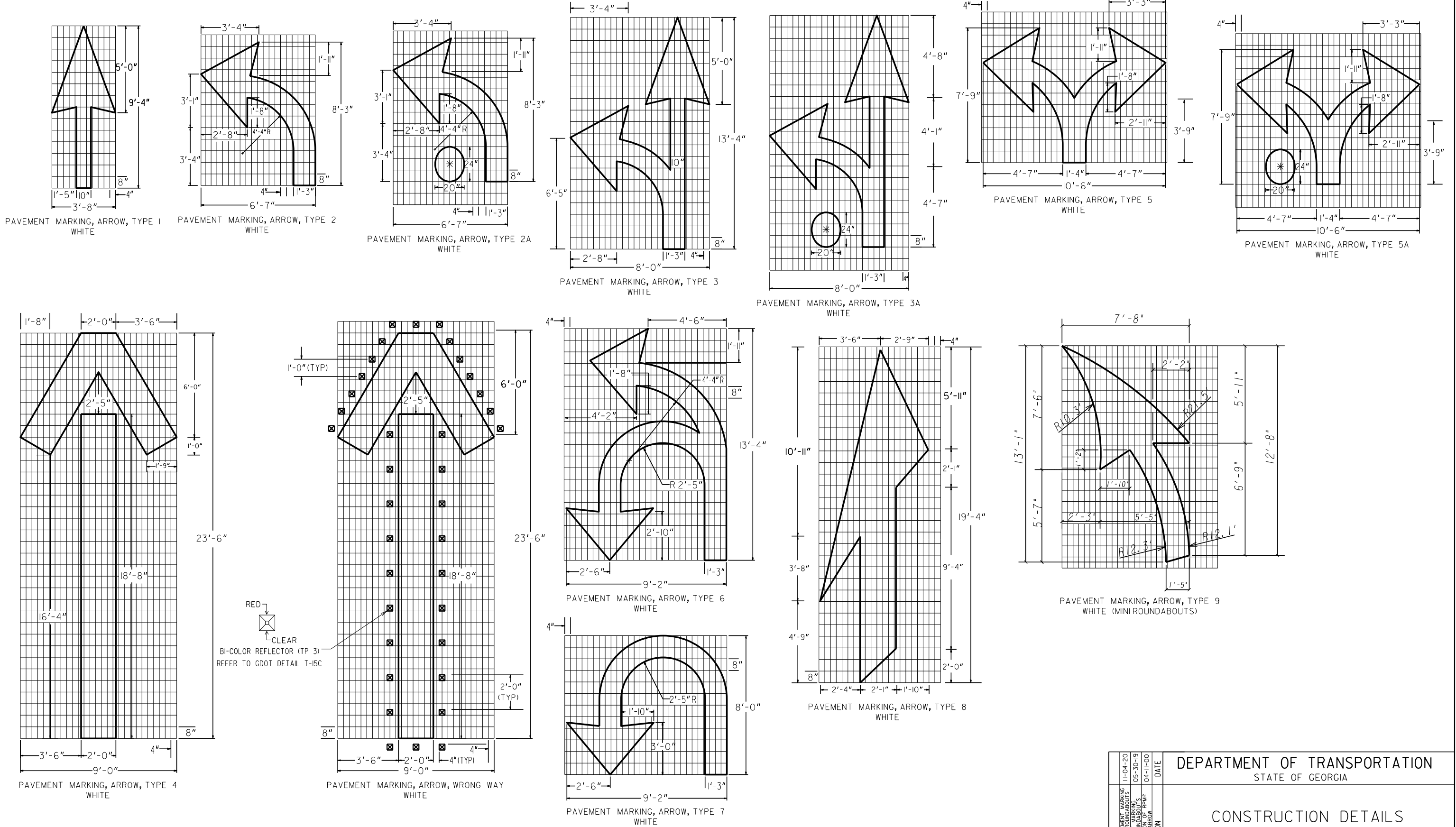
STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
GA.			



GENERAL NOTES:

- SPACING OF TYPE 2 ARROW IS REPRESENTATIVE OF SPACING FOR TYPE 1, TYPE 3, TYPE 4, & TYPE 5 ARROWS.
- ALL TURNING LANES SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 2 ARROWS.
- GROUND MOUNTED OR OVERHEAD SIGNING SHALL BE SUPPLEMENTED BY TYPE 1 WORD.

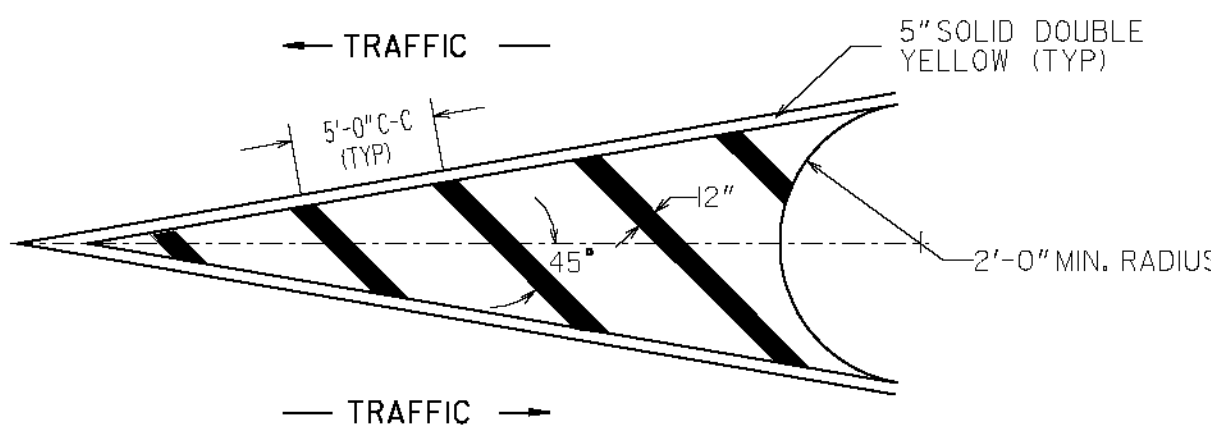
DATE	REVISIONS	GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION OFFICE OF TRAFFIC SAFETY & DESIGN
		DETAILS OF PAVEMENT MARKING ARROW LOCATION NO SCALE JANUARY 2000



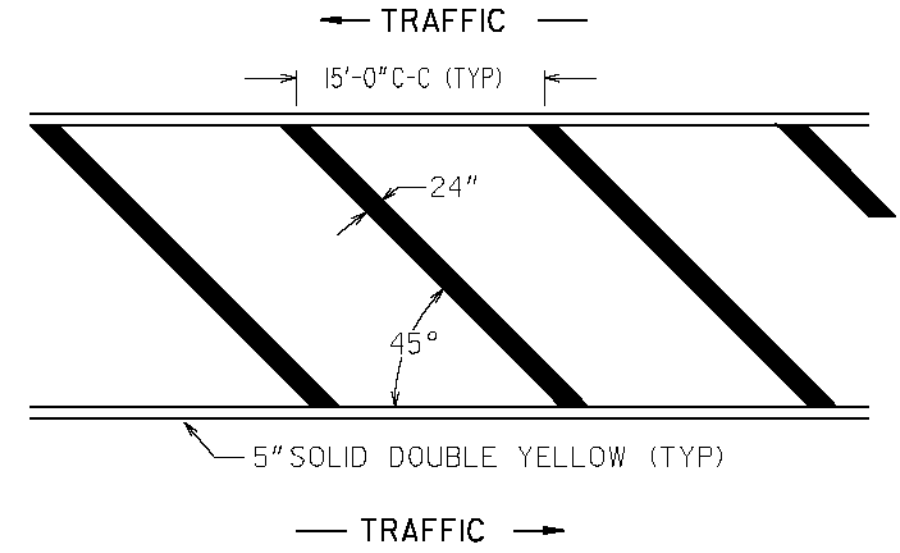
NOTES
1. PAVEMENT MARKING ARROWS WITH A DOT (2A, 3A, 5A) SHALL BE USED ALONG MULTI-LANE ROUNDABOUT APPROACHES ALONG THE INSIDE LANE ONLY

ADDED P 8 PAVEMENT MARKING ADDED PAVEMENT MARKING ARROWS FOR ROUNDABOUTS CHANGED DOT 11 to RPMz IN MARKING ARROW	11-04-20	DATE	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STATE OF GEORGIA	
	05-30-19			
	04-11-00		CONSTRUCTION DETAILS PAVEMENT MARKINGS - ARROWS	
ACP	DESIGNED	BY	NO SCALE	
ACP	DRAWN		APRIL 2000	
ACP	TRACED		NUMBER	
BY	CHECKED		T-12B	

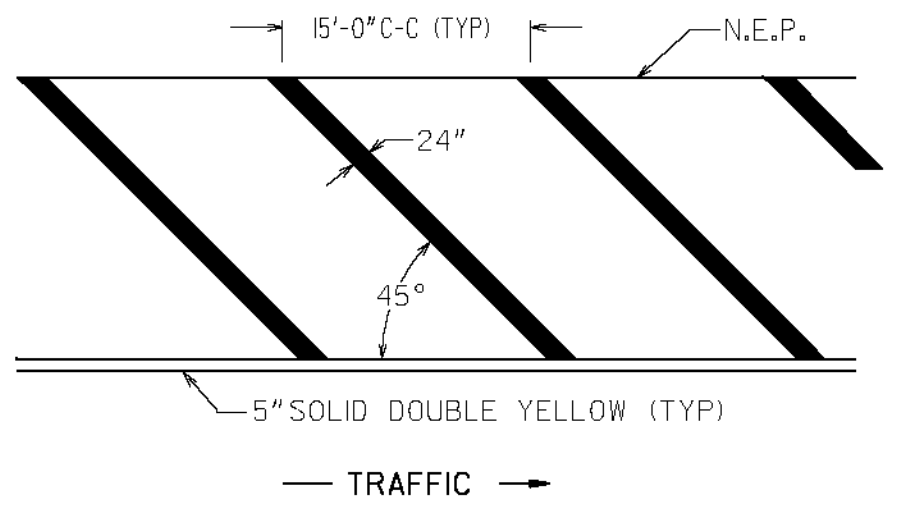
DETAIL "A"(YELLOW)



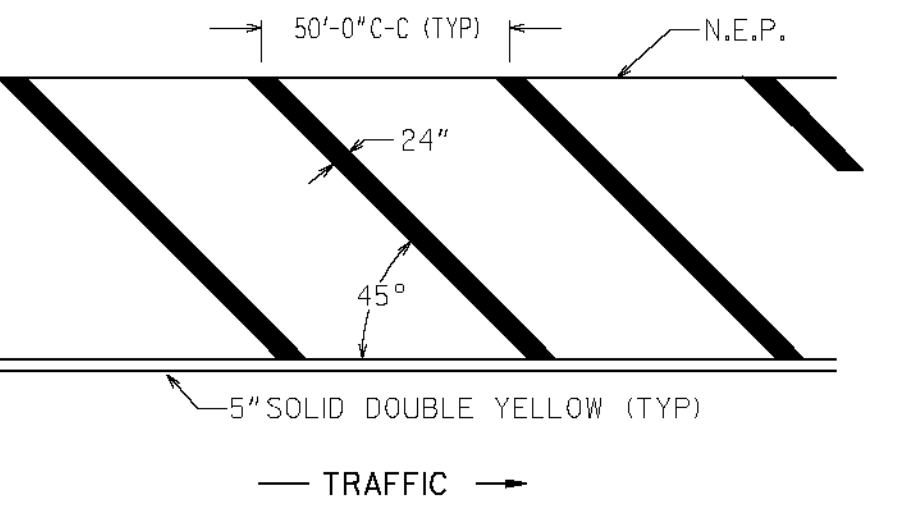
DETAIL "B"(YELLOW)



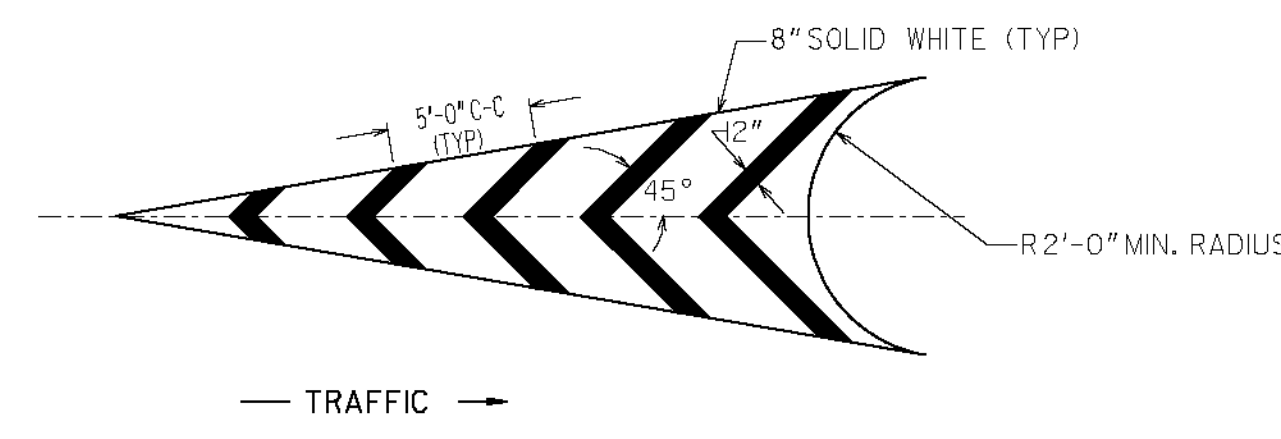
DETAIL "C"(YELLOW)



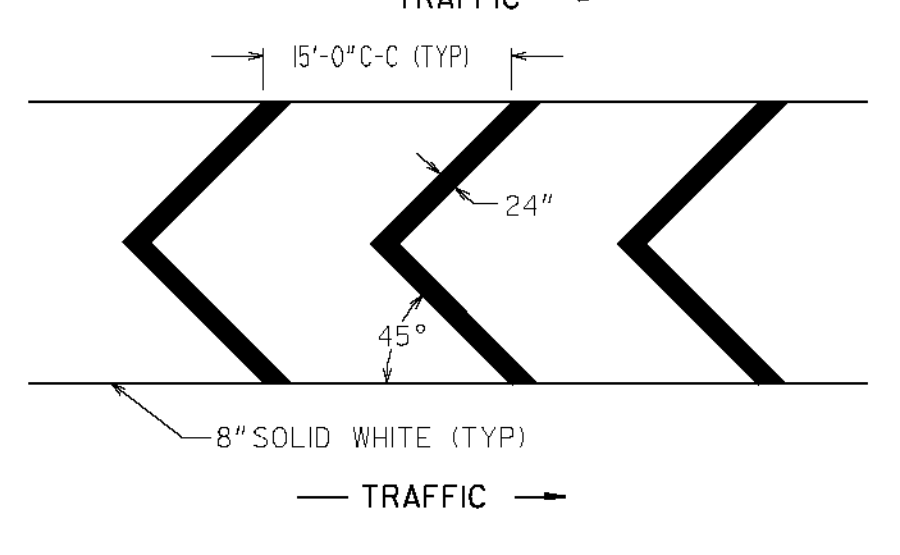
DETAIL "D"(YELLOW)



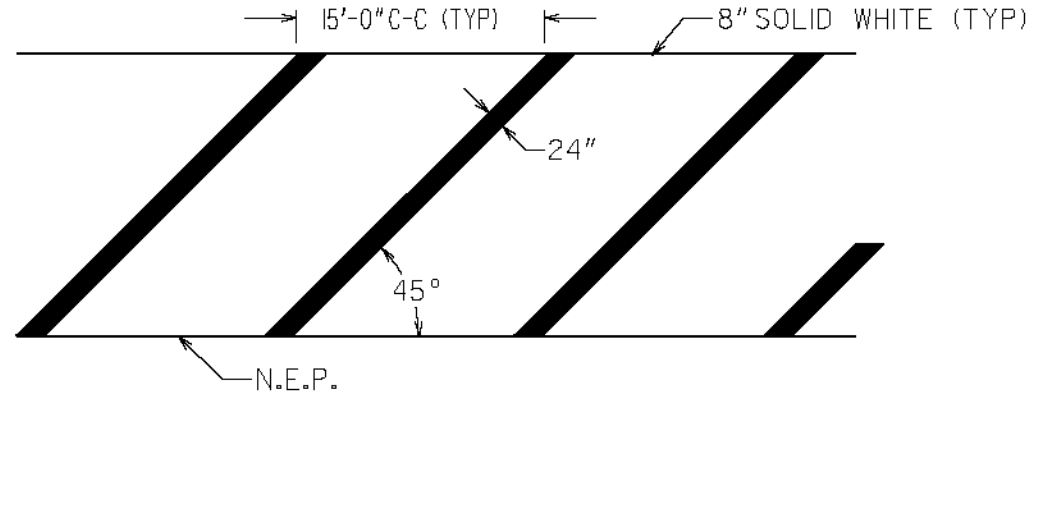
DETAIL "A"(WHITE)



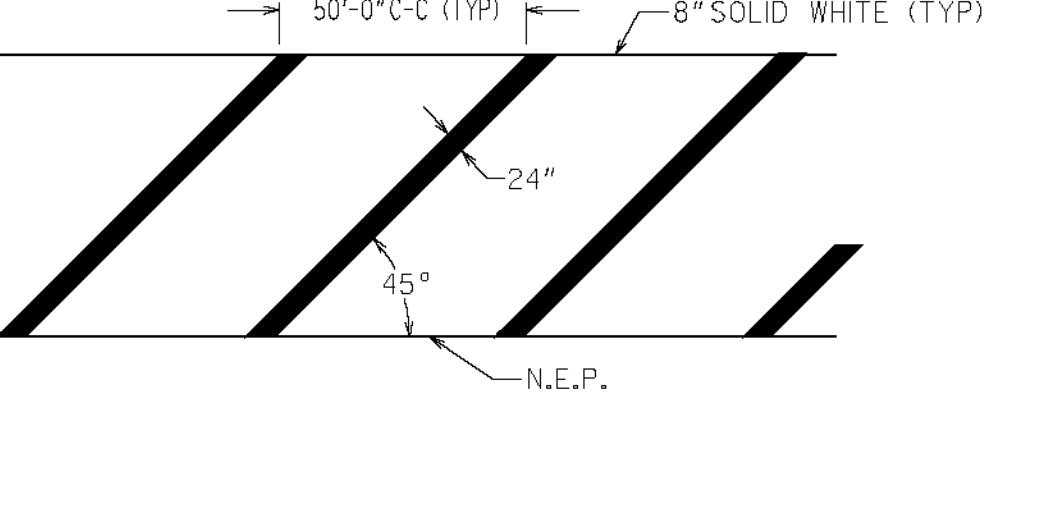
DETAIL "B"(WHITE)



DETAIL "C"(WHITE)



DETAIL "D"(WHITE)



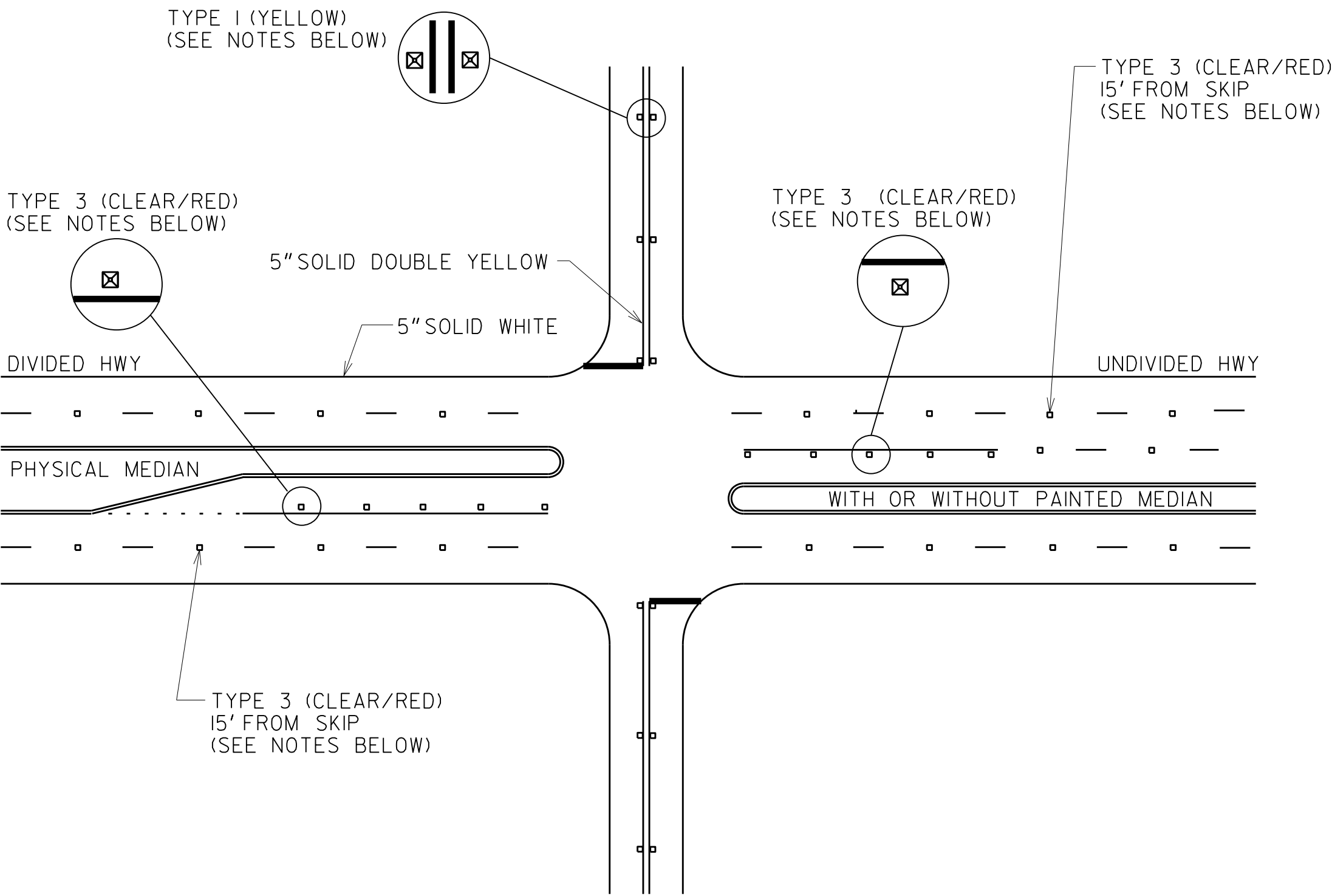
GENERAL NOTES:

1. FOR YELLOW STRIPING, THE SQUARE YARDS SHOWN ON PLAN, SUMMARY AND DETAILED ESTIMATE SHEETS INCLUDE THE AREA WITHIN THE BORDERS AND THE 5" SOLID DOUBLE YELLOW BORDER.

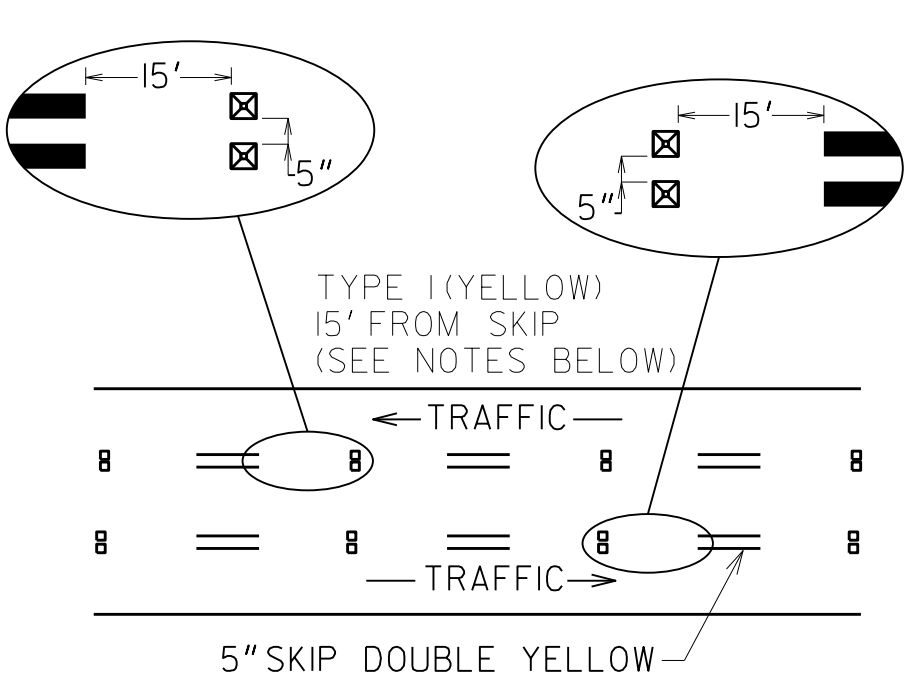
2. FOR WHITE STRIPING, THE SQUARE YARDS SHOWN ON PLAN, SUMMARY AND DETAILED ESTIMATE SHEETS INCLUDES THE AREA WITHIN THE BORDERS AS WELL AS THE 8" SOLID WHITE BORDER.

STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
GA.			

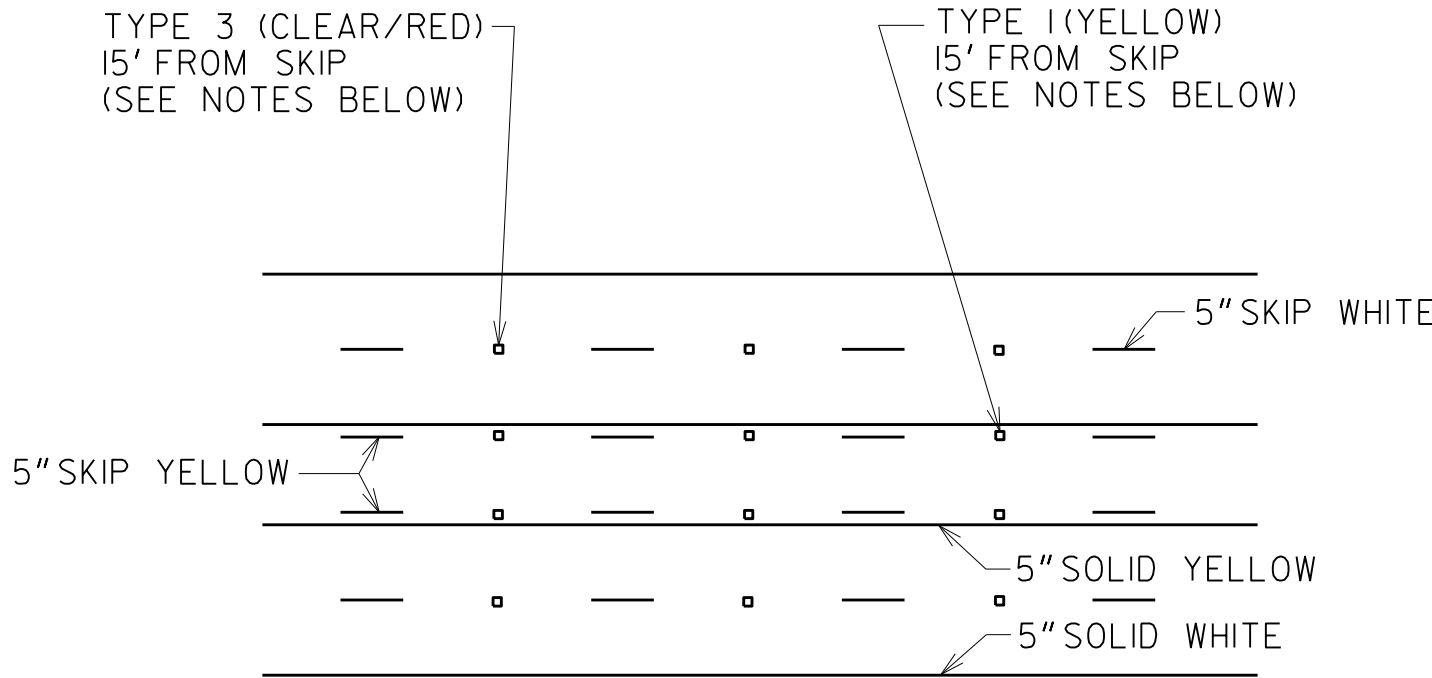
DIVIDED / UNDIVIDED HIGHWAY



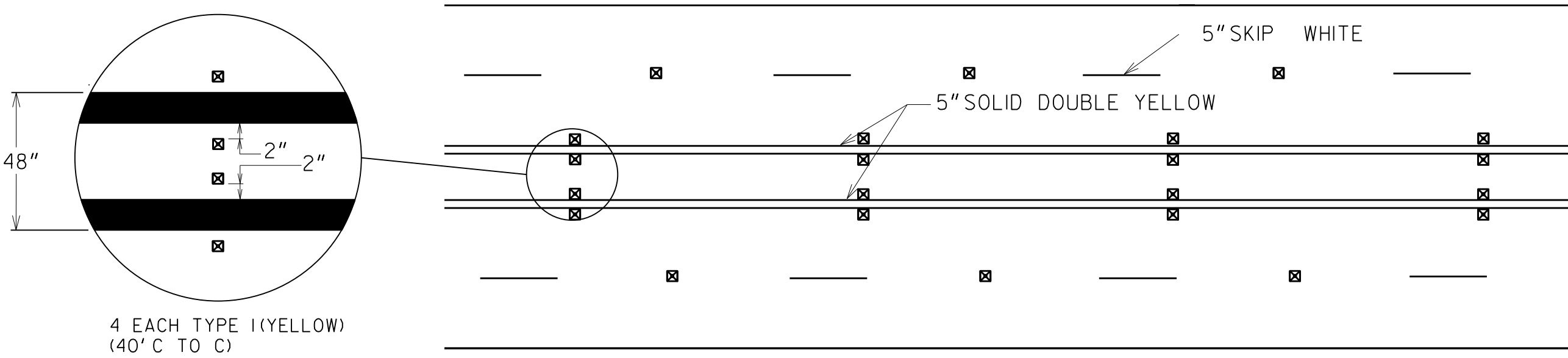
REVERSIBLE LANE



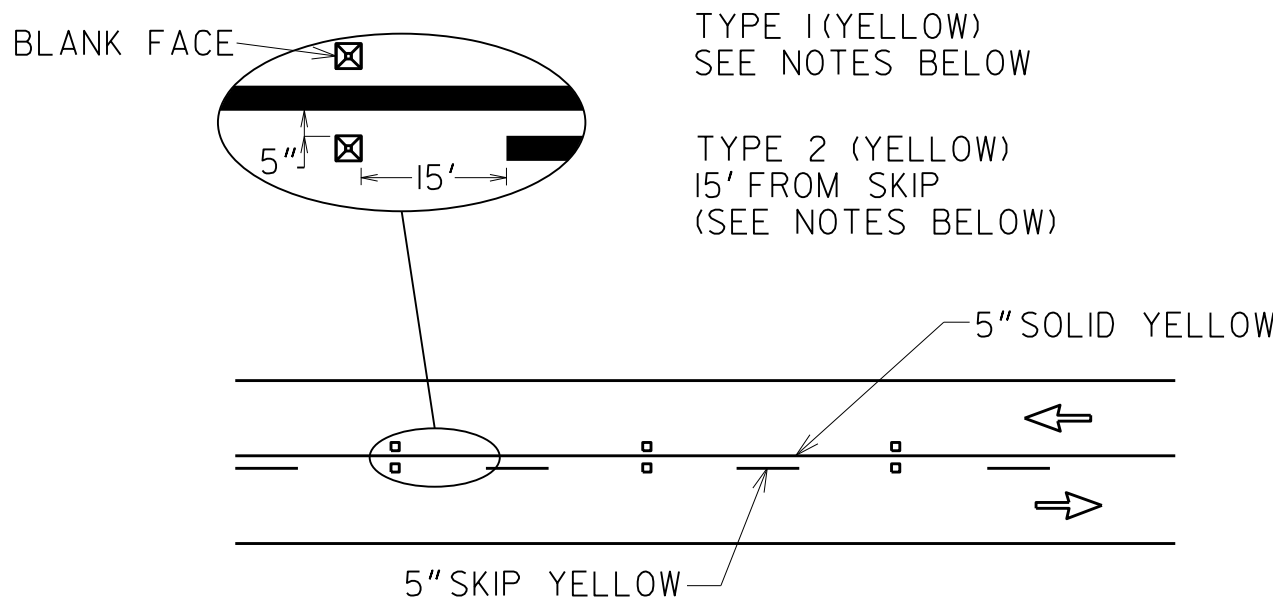
TWO WAY LEFT TURN LANE



4'-0\"/>

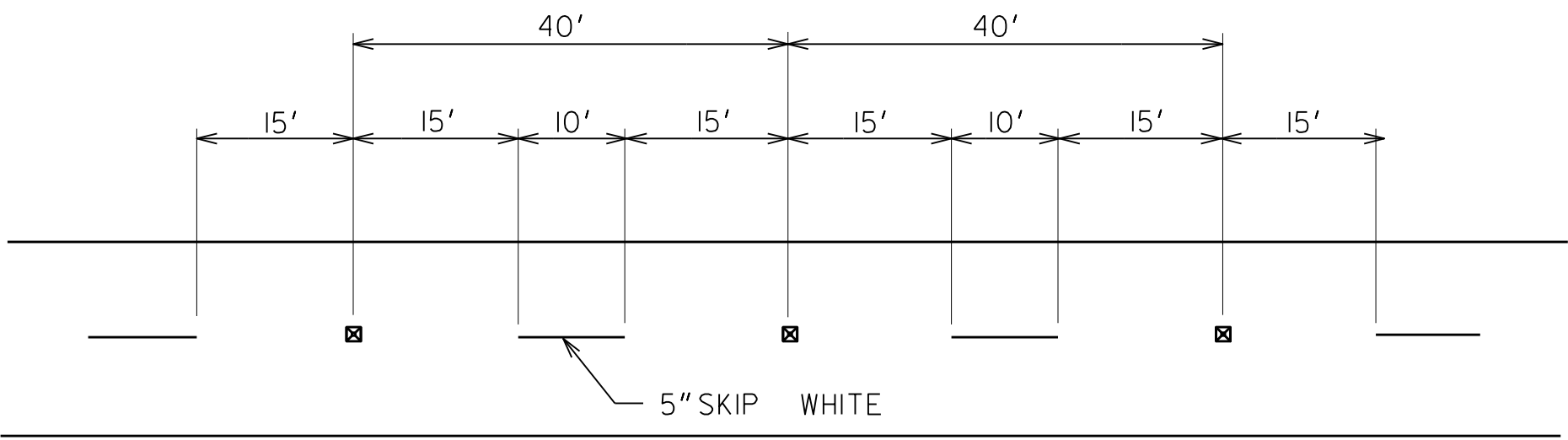


NO PASSING ZONE



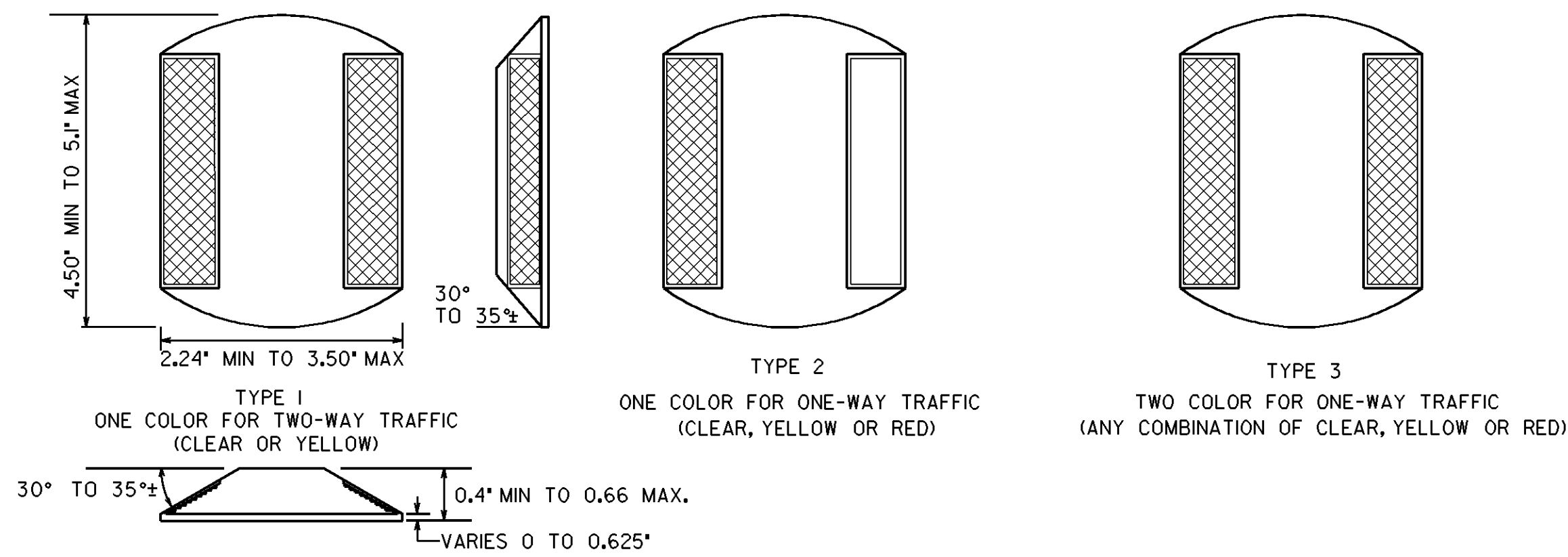
- GENERAL NOTES:
1. RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS SHALL BE SPACED EVERY 40 FT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
 2. ON SOLID WHITE TURN BAY LINES, SPACING SHALL BE 20 FT.
 3. RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS SHALL BE OFFSET 5 INCHES FROM SOLID LANE LINES.
 4. CLEAR FACE OF TYPE 3 RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS SHALL BE ORIENTED TOWARD ONCOMING TRAFFIC.

TYPICAL RPM/STRIPE SPACING

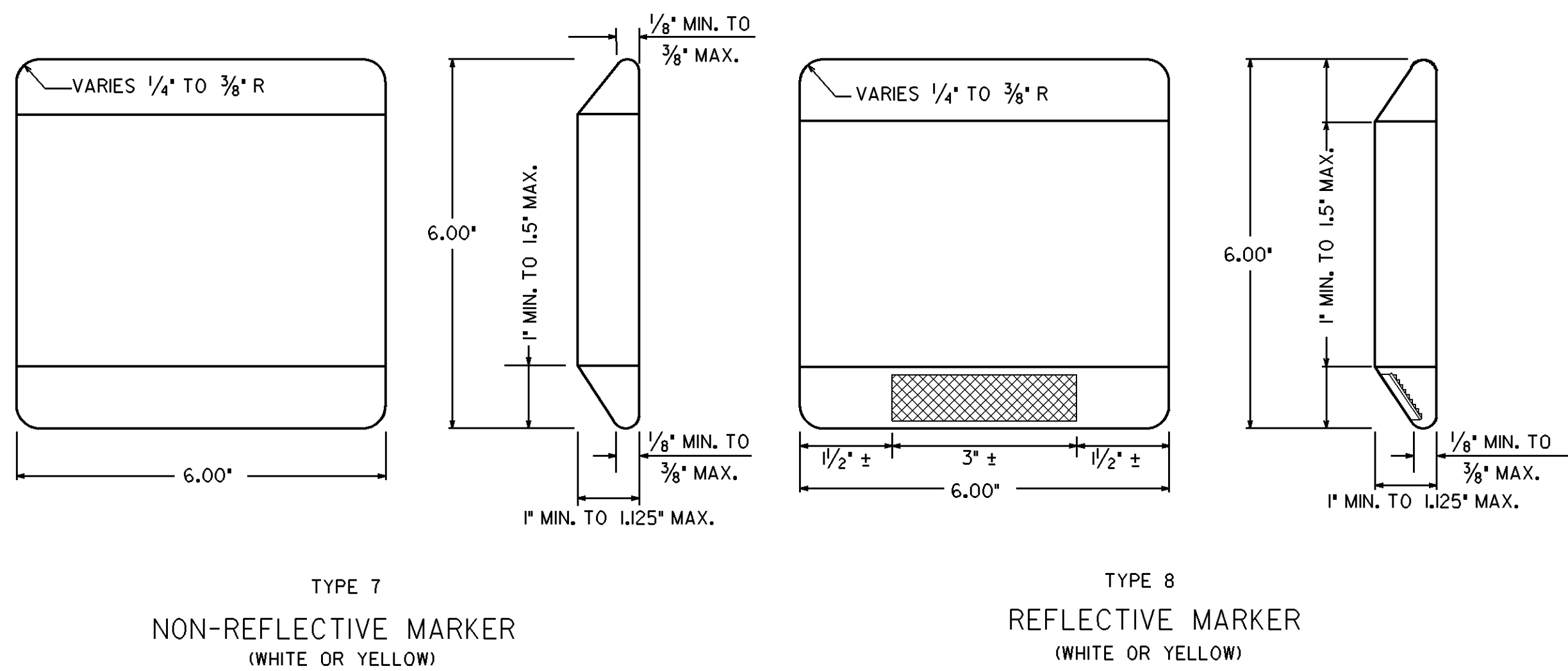


		9-15-2016	DATE	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STATE OF GEORGIA	
		REV. RPM SPACING TO 40'	REVISION	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER LOCATION NON-LIMITED ACCESS ROADWAY	
				NO SCALE	REV. AND REDRAWN, JUNE 2015
		CDR	BY	DESIGNED _____ DRAWN _____ TRACED _____ CHECKED _____	NUMBER T-15A

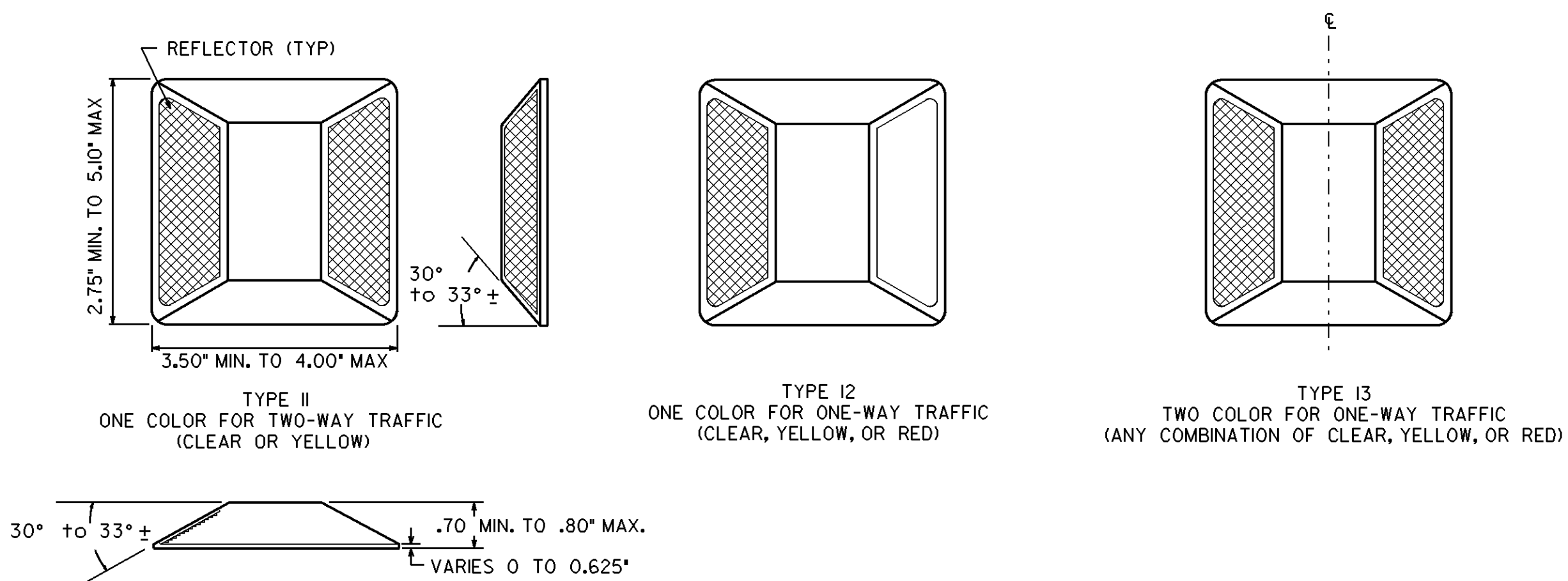
STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
GA.			



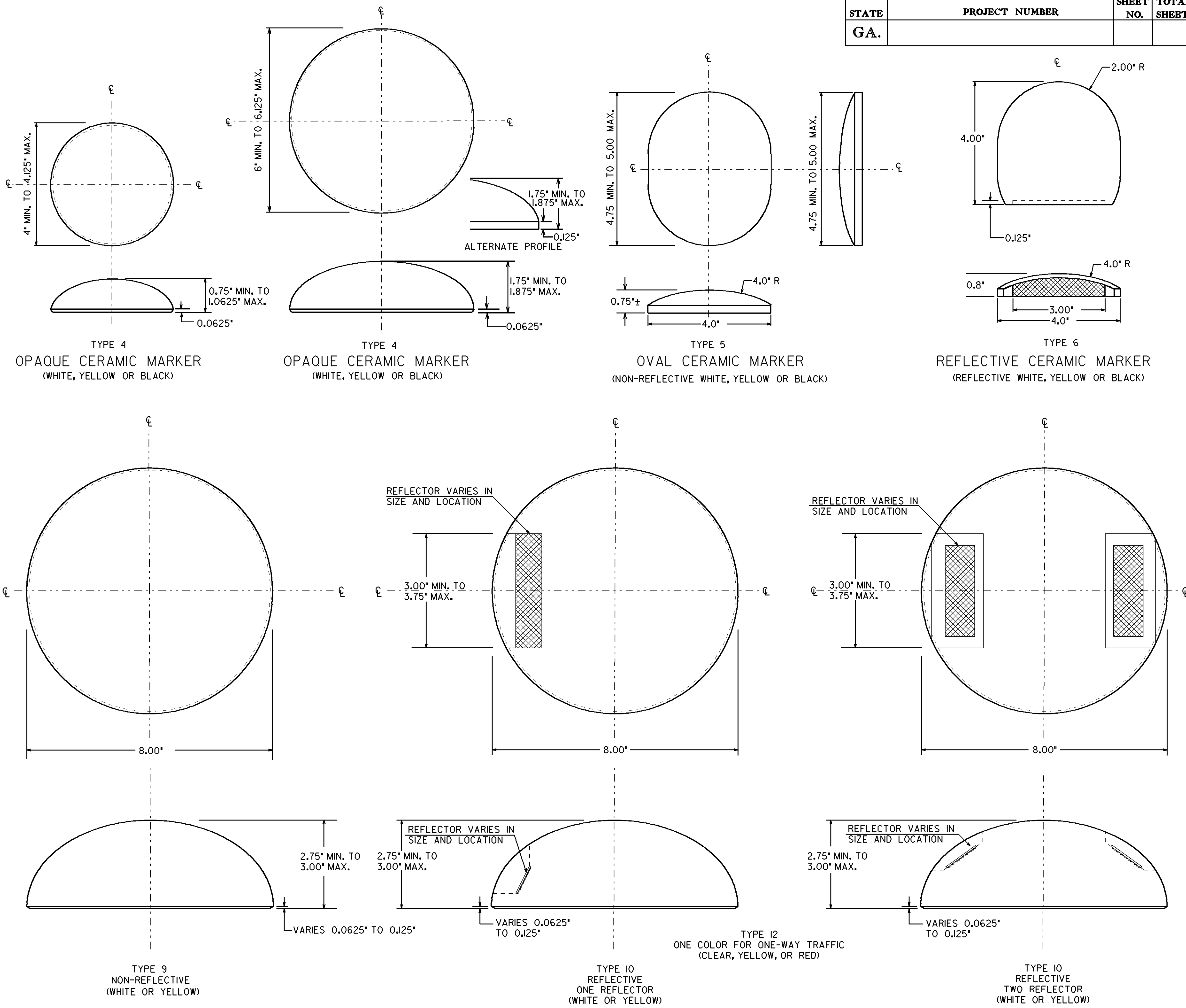
RAISED REFLECTIVE MARKERS



CERAMIC JIGGLE BAR MARKER



ALTERNATE RAISED REFLECTIVE MARKERS



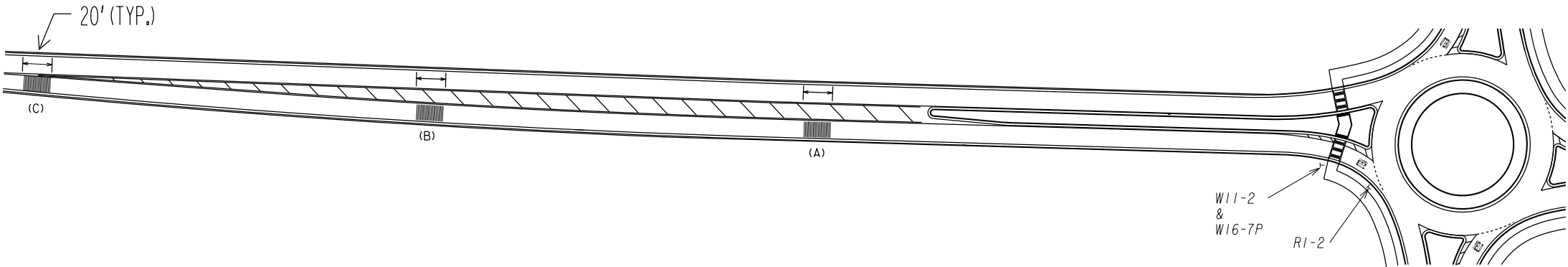
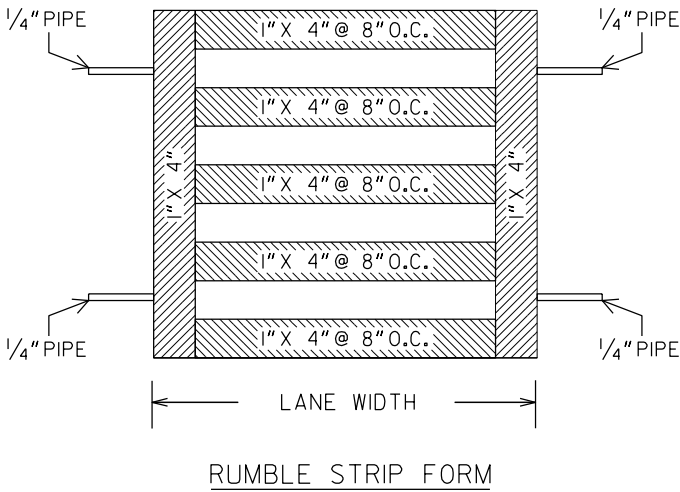
CERAMIC CHANNEL MARKER

GENERAL NOTES:

1. SPECIFICATIONS: GEORGIA STANDARD, CURRENT EDITION, AND SUPPLEMENTS THERE TO.
2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE RAISED PAVEMNT MAKER SOURCES AS LISTED IN OPL 76.
3. COLORS FOR REFLECTIVE ELEMENTS SHALL BE EITHER CLEAR, YELLOW, OR RED AS SPECIFIED.
4. THE SHELL OF THE REFLECTIVE MARKERS SHALL BE OF ONE COLOR OR OF A COMBINATION OF TWO COLORS, WHICH SHALL BE THE SAME AS THE REFLECTIVE ELEMENT.
5. THE SURFACE OF OPAQUE CERAMIC MARKERS SHALL BE GLAZED AND OF THE COLOR SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITH A WHITE, VITREOUS, CERAMIC BASE.
6. COLORS FOR ALL RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS.

DATE	REVISIONS	GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION OFFICE OF TRAFFIC SAFETY & DESIGN
9-22-11	REV. DIMENSIONS, ADDED NOTES TO MARKERS AND REV. GEN. NOTES.	
		DETAILS OF RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS
		NO SCALE
		JANUARY 2000

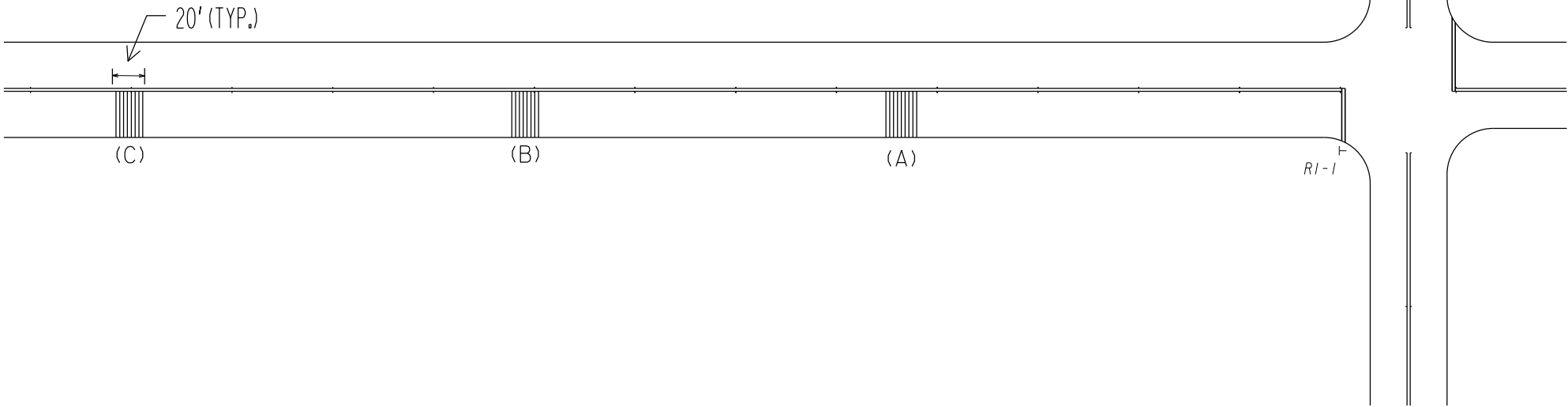
ROUNDAABOUT



GENERAL NOTES

1. FORM SHALL BE FULL WIDTH OF LANE. (NOTE: NOT TO EXCEED CENTER LINE OR EDGE LINE PAVEMENT MARKINGS INCLUDING, IF APPLICABLE, RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS). FOR MULTILANE APPROACHES, RUMBLE STRIPS SHALL BE PLACED ACROSS BOTH LANES
2. SEE SECTION 429 OF THE CURRENT EDITION OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS CONSTRUCTION OF TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS FOR MATERIALS, CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS, MEASUREMENT, AND PAYMENT.
3. FORM SHOWN FOR REQUIRED SIZE AND SPACING OF RUMBLE STRIPS. OTHER MATERIALS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF FORM MAY BE USED AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
4. THERMOPLASTIC REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKING COMPOUND RUMBLE STRIPS SHOULD BE USED ON APPROACHES WITH 50 MPH OR GREATER SPEED LIMIT. FOR APPROACHES WITH SPEED LIMITS LESS THAN 50 MPH THERMOPLASTIC REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKING COMPOUND MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF ASPHALTIC CONCRETE IF APPROVED BY THE DISTRICT MAINTENANCE ENGINEER.

STOP CONTROLLED INTERSECTION



SPACING DIMENSIONS FROM STOP BAR/YIELD LINE			
SPEED LIMIT	(A)	(B)	(C)
40 MPH	200'	325'	475'
45 MPH		325'	550'
50 MPH		375'	625'
55 MPH	300'	450'	700'
60 MPH		500'	775'
65 MPH		550'	850'

11-04-20				DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
				STATE OF GEORGIA			
ADJUSTED RUMBLE STRIP SPACING				CONSTRUCTION DETAILS			
ADD ROUNDAABOUT DTL.				RUMBLE STRIPS: ROUNDAABOUTS AND			
ADJUSTED W3-IG SIGN LOC.				STOP CONTROLLED INTERSECTIONS			
CHANGED LANE WIDTH OF				NO SCALE			
RUMBLE STRIP GEN. NOTES				JANUARY 2000			
CHANGED RI-1 SIGN TO 36 IN				DESIGNED _____			
DATE				DRAWN _____			
REVISION				TRACED _____			
BY				CHECKED _____			
ACP				NUMBER			
ACP				T-19			

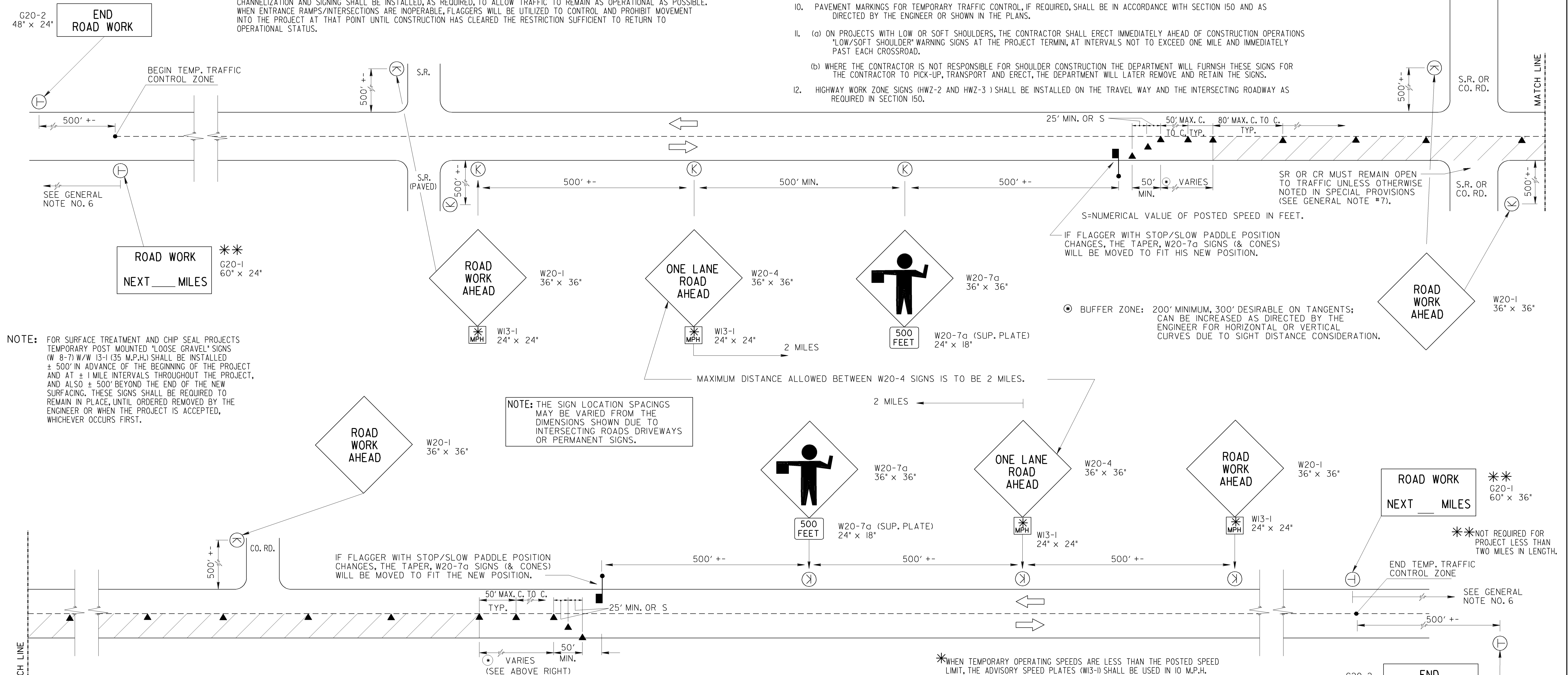
DRAWINGS ARE NOT TO SCALE

GENERAL NOTES:

- ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE MADE AND ERECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAILS SHOWN ON THE PLANS; THE MUTCD; THE GEORGIA STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, AND/OR SPECIAL PROVISIONS. (SEE SECTION 150)
- ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE AS SHOWN, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. ADDITIONAL DEVICES MAY BE REQUIRED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- ALL PORTABLE SIGNS SHALL BE MOUNTED A MINIMUM OF 1 FOOT ABOVE THE LEVEL OF PAVEMENT EDGE FOR DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC OF TWO (2) LANES OR LESS AND A MINIMUM OF 7 FEET FOR DIRECTIONAL OF THREE (3) OR MORE LANES. ALL PORTABLE SIGNS AND SIGN MOUNTING DEVICES UTILIZED IN THE WORK SHALL BE NCHRP 350 COMPLIANT. PORTABLE SIGNS MAY BE USED WHEN THE DURATION OF THE WORK IS LESS THAN 3 DAYS.
- WHEN THE CONSTRUCTION AREA HAS ENTRANCE/EXIT RAMP OR INTERSECTIONS, WORK WILL BE PERFORMED IN SUCH A MANNER TO PERMIT TRAFFIC TO OPERATE WITH THE LEAST AMOUNT OF INCONVENIENCE AS POSSIBLE. ADDITIONAL CHANNELIZATION AND SIGNING SHALL BE INSTALLED, AS REQUIRED, TO ALLOW TRAFFIC TO REMAIN AS OPERATIONAL AS POSSIBLE. WHEN ENTRANCE RAMP/INTERSECTIONS ARE INOPERABLE, FLAGGERS WILL BE UTILIZED TO CONTROL AND PROHIBIT MOVEMENT INTO THE PROJECT AT THAT POINT UNTIL CONSTRUCTION HAS CLEARED THE RESTRICTION SUFFICIENT TO RETURN TO OPERATIONAL STATUS.

- FOR NIGHT TIME OPERATIONS, DRUMS SHALL HAVE, FOR THE LENGTH OF THE TAPER ONLY, A SIX (6) INCH ORANGE REFLECTIZED TOP STRIPE ON EACH DRUM IN THE TAPER AS REQUIRED IN SECTION 150. SPACING OF DEVICES SHALL BE AS SHOWN. DURING DAYLIGHT HOURS, CONES (28" MIN.) MAY BE USED IN ADVANCE OF AND THROUGHOUT WORK AREA.
- SIGNS SHOWN HERE ARE IN ADDITION TO ALL ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS REQUIRED IN SECTION 150.
- FLAGGERS SHALL BE PROVIDED AS NECESSARY TO PROHIBIT WRONG DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC THRU WORK AREAS.
- WHEN NOT IN USE, PORTABLE SIGNS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE TRAVELWAY SO THAT THE MESSAGE IS NOT VISIBLE TO THE MOTORIST. INTERIM SIGNS THAT ARE PERMANENT MOUNTED SHALL BE COVERED WHEN NOT APPLICABLE. SEE SECTION 150.
- PAYMENT FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL SHALL BE PER SECTION 150.
- PAVEMENT MARKINGS FOR TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL, IF REQUIRED, SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 150 AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER OR SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- (a) ON PROJECTS WITH LOW OR SOFT SHOULDERS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ERECT IMMEDIATELY AHEAD OF CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS "LOW/SOFT SHOULDER" WARNING SIGNS AT THE PROJECT TERMINI, AT INTERVALS NOT TO EXCEED ONE MILE AND IMMEDIATELY PAST EACH CROSSROAD.
- (b) WHERE THE CONTRACTOR IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR SHOULDER CONSTRUCTION THE DEPARTMENT WILL FURNISH THESE SIGNS FOR THE CONTRACTOR TO PICK-UP, TRANSPORT AND ERECT, THE DEPARTMENT WILL LATER REMOVE AND RETAIN THE SIGNS.
- HIGHWAY WORK ZONE SIGNS (HWZ-2 AND HWZ-3) SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE TRAVEL WAY AND THE INTERSECTING ROADWAY AS REQUIRED IN SECTION 150.

STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
GA.			



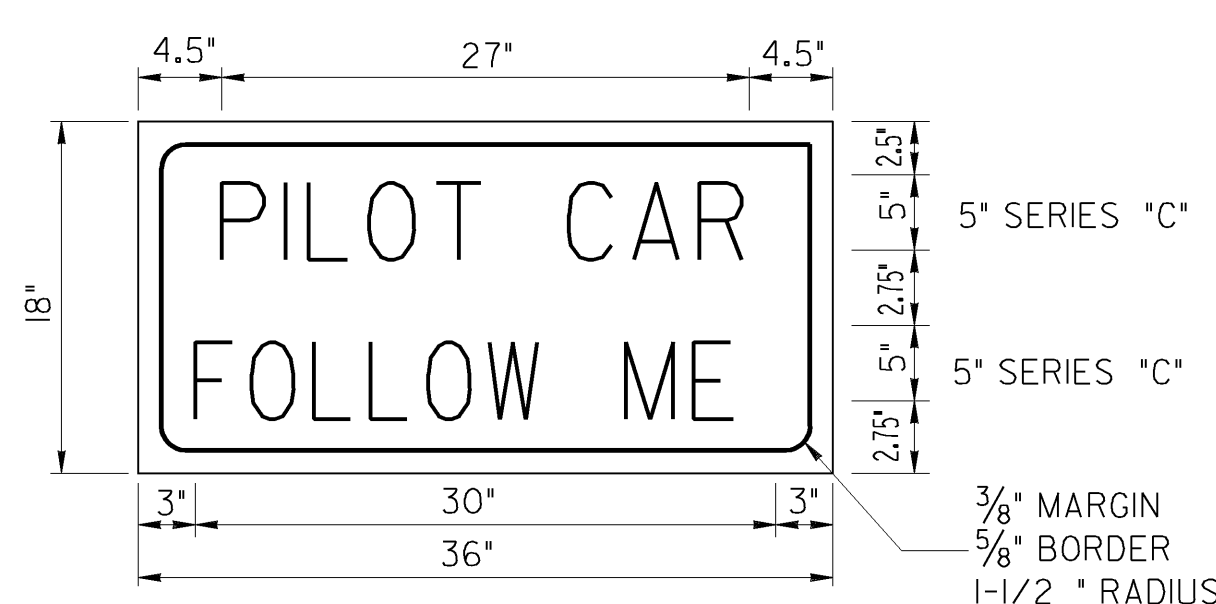
NOTE: FOR SURFACE TREATMENT AND CHIP SEAL PROJECTS TEMPORARY POST MOUNTED "LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGNS (W 8-7) W/W 13-1 (35 M.P.H.) SHALL BE INSTALLED ± 500' IN ADVANCE OF THE BEGINNING OF THE PROJECT AND AT ± 1 MILE INTERVALS THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT, AND ALSO ± 500' BEYOND THE END OF THE NEW SURFACING. THESE SIGNS SHALL BE REQUIRED TO REMAIN IN PLACE, UNTIL ORDERED REMOVED BY THE ENGINEER OR WHEN THE PROJECT IS ACCEPTED, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST.

NOTE: THE SIGN LOCATION SPACINGS MAY BE VARIED FROM THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN DUE TO INTERSECTING ROADS, DRIVEWAYS OR PERMANENT SIGNS.

⊙ BUFFER ZONE: 200' MINIMUM, 300' DESIRABLE ON TANGENTS; CAN BE INCREASED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER FOR HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL CURVES DUE TO SIGHT DISTANCE CONSIDERATION.

*WHEN TEMPORARY OPERATING SPEEDS ARE LESS THAN THE POSTED SPEED LIMIT, THE ADVISORY SPEED PLATES (W13-1) SHALL BE USED IN 10 M.P.H. INCREMENTS, UNTIL THE SPEED IS REDUCED TO THE TEMPORARY OPERATING SPEED. TEMPORARY OPERATING SPEED SHALL BE 35 M.P.H. UNLESS OTHERWISE DETERMINED BY THE ENGINEER.

DETAIL OF G20-4 SIGN For Pilot Vehicle
IF REQUIRED OR USED ON PROJECT



STANDARD LEGEND

- STRIPED DRUM
- PERMANENT TYPE POST MOUNTED SIGN (7' MOUNT HEIGHT)
- ⊕ TEMPORARY POST MOUNTED SIGN - (7' MOUNT HEIGHT)
- Ⓚ PORTABLE MOUNTED SIGN - MINIMUM HEIGHT OF 1 FT. ABOVE THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT; INSTALLED AS PER NCHRP 350 TESTING REQUIREMENTS.
- ▨ WORK AREA
- ▲ TRAFFIC CONE - 28" MIN. - DAYTIME USE ONLY
- FLAGGER WITH STOP-SLOW PADDLE

3-30-06		DATE	
REMOVED FLAGS AND REV.	GENERAL NOTES REV. SIGN	REVISION	
GLO	BY	DATE	
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STATE OF GEORGIA		NO SCALE	
STANDARD TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAIL FOR LANE CLOSURE ON TWO-LANE HIGHWAY		REV. & REDR. JULY, 1999	
DES. _____ DRW. _____ TRA. _____ CHK. _____		(SUBMITTED) <i>[Signature]</i> STATE ROAD & AIRPORT DESIGN ENGINEER (APPROVED) <i>[Signature]</i> CHIEF ENGINEER	
NUMBER 9102			

EXHIBIT B

Staff Report

Subject: Approval to Award Contract for TSPLOST Maintenance Resurfacing 2025 - Districts 3, 4, and 5

Author: Danielle Carver, Procurement and Contracts Manager

Department: Project Management, Procurement

Meeting Date: May 6th, 2025

Item Description: Consideration to approve the award of ITB No. 25-ITB-088 to McLendon Enterprises, Inc. for the TSPLOST Maintenance Resurfacing 2025 - D3, D4, & D5 Project.

Summary Recommendation: Staff recommends awarding the contract to McLendon Enterprises, Inc., the lowest responsive and responsible bidder, for the total amount of **\$4,626,840.46**.

Executive Summary/Background:

Effingham County issued Invitation to Bid (ITB No. 25-ITB-088) for the maintenance resurfacing of approximately **18.6 miles of roadway** across **26 locations** within Districts 3, 4, and 5.

The solicitation was released on **March 21, 2025**, with a mandatory pre-bid meeting held on **March 31, 2025**. Bids were due by **April 23, 2025**. Five bids were received and evaluated. The bid tabulation identified **McLendon Enterprises, Inc.** as the lowest responsive and responsible bidder with a base bid of **\$4,626,840.46**.

The scope of work includes patching, leveling, surface treatment, and resurfacing in accordance with Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT) standards. The project is time-sensitive, with a required completion timeline of **270 days** from the Notice to Proceed.

Alternatives for Commission to Consider

1. Award the contract to McLendon Enterprises, Inc. in the amount of \$4,626,840.46.
2. Do not approve and provide staff with further direction.

Recommended Alternative: 1

Other Alternatives: 2

Department Review: Project Management, Procurement

Funding Source: TSPLOST

Attachments: Road list, Evaluation, Construction Contract



Effingham County

Purchasing

Danielle Carver, Procurement & Capital Projects Manager
804 S Laurel Street, Springfield, GA 31329

Item XI. 15.

EVALUATION TABULATION

ITB No. 25-ITB-088

TSPLOST - Maintenance Resurfacing 2025 - D3, D4, & D5

RESPONSE DEADLINE: April 23, 2025 at 2:00 pm

Report Generated: Tuesday, April 29, 2025

Vendor	Total
McLendon Enterprises Inc.	\$4,626,840.4612
C. W. Matthews Contracting Co., Inc.	\$4,819,600.00
Reeves Construction Company	\$4,866,777.60
Platinum Paving and Concrete, LLC	\$4,987,970.60
APAC Atlantic, Inc.	\$5,994,579.70

EXHIBIT C

INVITATION FOR BID

25-ITB-088

TSPLOST - MAINTENANCE RESURFACING 2025 - D3, D4, & D5



Effingham County
804 S Laurel Street
Springfield, GA 31329

Effingham County
INVITATION FOR BID

25-ITB-088

TSPLOST - Maintenance Resurfacing 2025 - D3, D4, & D5

I. AGREEMENT

Attachments:

A - Signed_Bid_Bond

B - Georgia_Utility_Contractors_License

1. AGREEMENT

1.1. AGREEMENT BETWEEN OWNER AND CONTRACTOR FOR CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT

25-ITB-088TSPLOST - Maintenance Resurfacing 2025 - D3, D4, & D5

THIS AGREEMENT is by and between Effingham County Board of Commissioners ("Owner") and McLendon Enterprises Inc. ("Contractor").

Owner and Contractor hereby agree as follows:

1.2. Article 1 - WORK

Contractor shall complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract Documents. The Work is generally described as follows:

This Project includes the patching, leveling, surface treatment and resurfacing of approximately 18.6 miles of roadway for 26 locations within District 3, 4, & 5 in Effingham County.

The Project for which the Work under the Contract Documents may be the whole or only a part is generally described as follows: 25-ITB-088, TSPLOST - Maintenance Resurfacing 2025 - D3, D4, & D5

1.3. Article 2 - ENGINEER

2.01. The Project has been designed by Effingham County Engineering Department's Consultant, Thomas & Hutton, which is to act as Owner's representative, assume all duties and responsibilities, and have the rights and authority assigned to A/E in the Contract Documents in connection with the completion of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.

1.4. Article 3 - CONTRACT TIMES

3.01. Time of the Essence

All time limits for Milestones, if any, Substantial Completion, and completion and readiness for final payment as stated in the Contract Documents are of the essence of the Contract.

3.02. Days to Achieve Completion and Final Payment

The Work will be completed within 270 days from receipt of a Notice Proceed.

1.5. Article 4 - LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

4.01. Contractor and Owner recognize that time is of the essence as stated in preceding Paragraph and that Owner will suffer financial loss if the Work is not completed within the times specified in Paragraph above, plus any extensions thereof allowed. The parties also recognize the delays, expense, and difficulties involved in proving in a legal or arbitration proceeding the actual loss suffered by Owner if the Work is not completed on time. Accordingly, instead of requiring any such proof, Owner and Contractor

agree that as liquidated damages for delay (but not as a penalty), Contractor shall pay Owner 1,169.00 for each day that expires after the time specified in Paragraph above entitled "Contract Times" for Completion until the Work is complete.

1.6. Article 5 - CONTRACT PRICE

Owner shall pay Contractor for completion of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents an amount in current funds equal to \$4,626,840.46, an amount determined pursuant to the fee proposal submitted by the Contractor for 25-ITB-088.

1.7. Article 6 - PAYMENT PROCEDURES

6.01. Submittal and Processing of Payments

Contractor shall submit Applications for Payment in accordance with the General Conditions. Applications for Payment will be processed by A/E as provided in the General Conditions.

6.02. Progress Payments; Retainage

A. Owner shall make progress payments on account of the Contract Price on the basis of Contractor's Applications for Payment on or about the **25th** day of each month during performance of the Work as provided in the following section 6.02.A.1 immediately following as long as the pay request is received by the **1st** of the month. All such payments will be measured based on the number of units completed times the unit price of each completed unit.

1. Prior to Substantial Completion, progress payments will be made in an amount equal to the percentage indicated below but, in each case, less the aggregate of payments previously made and less such amounts as A/E may determine or Owner may withhold, including but not limited to liquidated damages, in accordance with Paragraph 4.01 above, titled Liquidated Damages.

a. **95** percent of Work completed (with the balance being retainage). The County will retain 5% of the gross value of the completed work as indicated by the current estimate approved by the A/E; and

b. **95** percent of cost of materials and equipment not incorporated in the Work (with the balance being retainage).

B. Upon Substantial Completion, Owner shall pay an amount sufficient to increase total payments to Contractor to **100** percent of the Work completed, less such amounts as Engineer shall determine and less **150** percent of A/E's estimate of the value of Work to be completed or corrected as shown on the tentative list of items to be completed or corrected.

6.03. Final Payment

A. Upon final completion and acceptance of the Work, Owner shall pay the remainder of the Contract Price as recommended by A/E.

1.8. Article 7 - INTEREST

7.01. All moneys not paid when due as provided in The General Conditions and Paragraph 6.02 above, shall bear interest at the rate of 1 percent per annum.

1.9. Article 8 - CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATIONS

8.01. In order to induce Owner to enter into this Agreement, Contractor makes the following representations:

A. Contractor has examined and carefully studied the Contract Documents and the other related data identified in the Bidding Documents.

B. Contractor has visited the Site and become familiar with and is satisfied as to the general, local, and Site conditions that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work.

C. Contractor is familiar with and is satisfied as to all federal, state, and local Laws and Regulations that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work.

D. Contractor has considered the information known to Contractor; information commonly known to contractors doing business in the locality of the Site; information and observations obtained from visits to the Site; the Contract Documents; and the Site-related reports and drawings identified in the Contract Documents, with respect to the effect of such information, observations, and documents on (1) the cost, progress, and performance of the Work; (2) the means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction to be employed by Contractor, including any specific means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction expressly required by the Contract Documents; and (3) Contractor's safety precautions and programs. Based on the information and observations referred to above, Contractor does not consider that further examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, studies, or data are necessary for the performance of the Work at the Contract Price, within the Contract Times, and in accordance with the other terms and conditions of the Contract Documents.

E. Contractor is aware of the general nature of work to be performed by Owner and others at the Site that relates to the Work as indicated in the Contract Documents.

F. Contractor has given A/E written notice of all conflicts, errors, ambiguities, or discrepancies that Contractor has discovered in the Contract Documents, and the written resolution thereof by A/E is acceptable to Contractor.

G. The Contract Documents are generally sufficient to indicate and convey understanding of all terms and conditions for performance and furnishing of the Work.

1.10. Article 9 - CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

9.01. Contents

A. The Contract Documents consist of the following:

1. This Agreement, all pages inclusive
2. General Conditions, as listed in 25-ITB-088 document
3. Supplemental Conditions, as listed in 25-ITB-088 document
4. Specifications as listed in the table of contents of the Project Manual.
5. Addenda numbers 1 to 2, inclusive
6. Exhibits to this Agreement (enumerated as follows):
 - a. Contractor's Bid.
 - b. Documentation submitted by Contractor prior to Notice of Award.
7. The following which may be delivered or issued on or after the Effective Date of the Agreement and are not attached hereto:
 - a. Notice of Award .

- b. Notice to Proceed.
- c. Work Change Directives.
- d. Change Orders.

B. The documents listed in Paragraph 9.01.A are attached to this Agreement (except as expressly noted otherwise above).

C. There are no Contract Documents other than those listed above in this CONTRACTS DOCUMENTS section.

D. The Contract Documents may be amended to provide for additions, deletions, and revisions in the Work or to modify the terms and conditions thereof by either a Change Order or a Work Change Directive.

E. The requirements of the Contract Documents may be supplemented, and minor variations and deviations in the Work may be authorized, by one or more of the following ways:

A Field Order;

- 1. A/E's approval of a Shop Drawing or Sample; or
- 2. A/E's written interpretation or clarification.

1.11. Article 10 - COUNTY'S RIGHT TO SUSPEND OR TERMINATE WORK

A. Termination for Convenience. County may, for its own convenience and at its sole option, without cause and without prejudice to any other right or remedy of County, elect to terminate the Contract by delivering to the Contractor, at the address listed for giving notices in this Contract, a written notice of termination specifying the effective date of termination. Such notice shall be delivered to Contractor at least seven (7) days prior to the effective date of termination.

B. Termination for Default. If the Contractor is adjudged bankrupt or insolvent, or if he makes a general assignment for the benefit of his creditors, or if a trustee or receiver is appointed for the Contractor or for any of his property, or if he files a petition to take advantage of any debtor's act or to reorganize under the bankruptcy or applicable laws, or if he fails to supply sufficient skilled workers or suitable materials or equipment, make payments to Subcontractors or for labor, materials or equipment, or if he disregards laws, ordinances, rules, regulations or orders of any public body having jurisdiction of the Work, or if he otherwise violates any provision of the Contract, then the County may, without prejudice to any other right or remedy, and after giving the Contractor and his surety a maximum of seven (7) days from delivery of a written notice, declare the Contract in default and terminate this Contract. In that event, the County may take possession of the Project and of all materials, equipment, tools, construction equipment and machinery thereon owned by the Contractor. The County may cause the Work to be completed and corrected by whatever method it deems expedient. If called upon by the County to finish the Work, the Contractor's surety shall promptly do so. In any case, the Contractor and its surety shall be liable to the County for any and all damages and costs incurred by the County as a result of any default by the Contractor, including without limitation all costs of completion or correction of the Work, liquidated damages, attorneys' fees, expert fees, and other costs of dispute resolution. Termination of this Contract pursuant to this paragraph may result in disqualification of the Contractor from bidding on future County contracts for a period of time not to exceed five (5) years.

C. If Contractor's services are terminated by the County pursuant to paragraph A or B above, the termination will not affect any rights or remedies of the County then existing or which may thereafter accrue against Contractor or its surety. Any retention or payment of moneys due Contractor by County will not release Contractor from liability. If it is determined that the Contractor was not in default or that the failure to perform is excusable, a termination for default will be considered to have been a termination for the convenience of the County, and the rights and obligations of the parties shall be governed accordingly.

D. In case of termination of this Contract before completion of the Work, Contractor will be paid only for materials and equipment accepted by the County and the portion of the Work satisfactorily performed through the effective date of termination as determined by the County.

E. Except as otherwise provided in this Contract, neither party shall be entitled to recover lost profits, special, consequential or punitive damages, attorney's fees or costs from the other party to this Contract for any reason whatsoever.

F. The parties' obligations pursuant to this Contract shall survive any Acceptance of Work, or expiration or termination of this Contract.

1.12. Article 11 - INDEMNIFICATION

The CONTRACTOR agrees to protect, defend, indemnify, and hold harmless Effingham County, Georgia, its commissioners, officers, agents, and employees from and against any and all liability, damages, claims, suits, liens, and judgments, of whatever nature, including claims for contribution and/or indemnification, for injuries to or death of any person or persons, or damage to the property or other rights of any person or persons caused by or resulting from the negligence, recklessness, or intentionally wrongful conduct of the CONTRACTOR or other persons or entities employed or utilized by the CONTRACTOR in the performance of the contract. The CONTRACTOR'S obligation to protect, defend, indemnify, and hold harmless, as set forth herein above shall include, but not be limited to, any matter arising out of any actual or alleged infringement of any patent, trademark, copyright, or service mark, or any actual or alleged unfair competition, disparagement of product or service, or other business tort of any type whatsoever, or any actual or alleged violation of trade regulations. CONTRACTOR further agrees to investigate, handle, respond to, provide defense for, and to protect, defend, indemnify, and hold harmless Effingham County, Georgia, at his sole expense, and agrees to bear all other costs and expenses related thereto, even if such claims, suits, etc., are groundless, false, or fraudulent, including any and all claims or liability for compensation under the Worker's Compensation Act arising out of injuries sustained by any employee of the CONTRACTOR or his subcontractors or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them. The CONTRACTOR'S obligation to indemnify Effingham County under this Section shall not be limited in any way by the agreed-upon contract price, or to the scope and amount of coverage provided by any insurance maintained by the CONTRACTOR.

1.13. Article 12 - INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR

Contractor hereby covenants and declares that it is an independent business and agrees to perform the Work as an independent contractor and not as the agent or employee of the County. The Contractor

agrees to be solely responsible for its own matters relating to the time and place the services are performed; the instrumentalities, tools, supplies, and/or materials necessary to complete the Work; hiring of consultants, agents, or employees to complete the Work; and the payment of employees, including compliance with Social Security, withholding, and all other regulations governing such matters. The Contractor agrees to be solely responsible for its own acts and those of its subordinates and subcontractors during the life of this Contract. Any provisions of this Contract that may appear to give the County the right to direct Contractor as to the details of the services to be performed by Contractor or to exercise control over such services will be deemed to mean that Contractor shall follow the directions of the County with regard to the results of such services.

1.14. Article 13 - MISCELLANEOUS

13.01. Terms

A. Terms used in this Agreement will have the meanings stated in the General Conditions and the Supplementary Conditions.

13.02. Assignment of Contract

A. No assignment by a party hereto of any rights under or interests in the Contract will be binding on another party hereto without the written consent of the party sought to be bound;

B. and, specifically but without limitation, moneys that may become due and moneys that are due may not be assigned without such consent (except to the extent that the effect of this restriction may be limited by law), and unless specifically stated to the contrary in any written consent to an assignment, no assignment will release or discharge the assignor from any duty or responsibility under the Contract Documents.

13.03. Successors and Assigns

A. County and Contractor each binds itself, its partners, successors, assigns, and legal representatives to the other party hereto, its partners, successors, assigns, and legal representatives in respect to all covenants, agreements, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

13.04. Severability

A. Any provision or part of the Contract Documents held to be void or unenforceable under any Law or Regulation shall be deemed stricken, and all remaining provisions shall continue to be valid and binding upon County and Contractor, who agree that the Contract Documents shall be reformed to replace such stricken provision or part thereof with a valid and enforceable provision that comes as close as possible to expressing the intention of the stricken provision.

13.05. Contractor's Certifications

A. Contractor certifies that it has not engaged in corrupt, fraudulent, collusive, or coercive practices in competing for or in executing the Contract. For the purposes of this Paragraph 13.05:

1. "corrupt practice" means the offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting of anything of value likely to influence the action of a public official in the bidding process or in the Contract execution;
2. "fraudulent practice" means an intentional misrepresentation of facts made (a) to influence the bidding process or the execution of the Contract to the detriment of County, (b) to establish Bid or Contract prices at artificial non-competitive levels, or (c) to deprive County of the benefits of free and

open competition;

3. "collusive practice" means a scheme or arrangement between two or more Bidders, with or without the knowledge of County, a purpose of which is to establish Bid prices at artificial, non-competitive levels; and

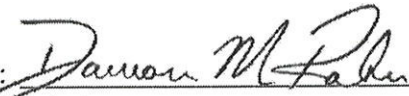
4. "coercive practice" means harming or threatening to harm, directly or indirectly, persons or their property to influence their participation in the bidding process or affect the execution of the Contract.

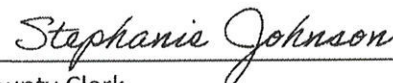
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, County and Contractor have signed this Agreement. Counterparts have been delivered to County and Contractor. All portions of the Contract Documents have been signed or have been identified by County and Contractor or on their behalf.

This Agreement will be effective on May 06, 2025 (which is the Effective Date of the Agreement).

COUNTY:

Effingham County Board of Commissioners

By: 
Title: Chairman

Attest: 
Title: County Clerk

Address for giving notices:
804 S. Laurel Street
Springfield, GA 31329

CONTRACTOR:

McLendon Enterprises, Inc.

By: 

Invitation For Bid #25-ITB-088

Title: TSPLOST - Maintenance Resurfacing 2025 - D3, D4, & D5

Title: Vice President

(If Contractor is a corporation, a partnership, or a joint venture, attach evidence of authority to sign.)

Attest: Kayla Osting

Title: Contract Administrator

Address for giving notices:

Exhibits List

A - Signed_Bid_Bond

B - Georgia_Utility_Contractors_License

Exhibit A

Signed_Bid_Bond

BID BOND

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT WE McLendon Enterprises, Inc. *[Insert contractor's name]*, as Principal, hereinafter called the Principal, and (Surety) Hartford Fire Insurance Company, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of CT as Surety, hereinafter called the Surety, and held and firmly bound unto

Effingham County Board of Commissioners
804 S. Laurel Street,
Springfield, Georgia 31329

as Obligee, hereinafter called Obligee, in the sum of Five Percent of Amount Bid Dollars (\$ 5%), or percent (5 %) of the amount bid, whichever is less, for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, the said Principal and the said Surety, bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

WHEREAS, the Principal has submitted a bid for:

Project Name and Number: TSPLOST- Maintenance Resurfacing 2025- D3, D4, and D5

NOW, THEREFORE, if the Obligee shall accept the bid of the Principal and the Principal shall enter into a Contract with the Obligee in accordance with the terms of such bid and give such bonds or bond as may be specified in the bidding or Contract Documents with good and sufficient surety for the faithful performance of such Contract and for the prompt payment of labor and material furnished in the prosecution thereof, or in the event of the failure of the Principal to enter such Contract and give such bond or bonds, if the Principal shall pay to the Obligee the difference not to exceed the penalty hereof between the amount specified in said bid and such larger amount for which the Obligee may in good faith contract with another party to perform the Work covered by said bid, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise to remain in full force and effect.

Signed and Sealed this 23rd day of April, 20 25.

McLendon Enterprises, Inc.

(Principal)

By: *David C. Eades*

[Signature]
(Witness) (Title)



Hartford Fire Insurance Company

(Surety)

By: *David C. Eades*

David C. Eades, Attorney-In-Fact

Avery C. Kenimer
(Witness) (Title)
Avery C. Kenimer, Witness as to Surety

POWER OF ATTORNEY

Direct Inquiries/Claims to:

THE HARTFORD

BOND, T-11

One Hartford Plaza

Hartford, Connecticut 06155

Bond.Claims@thehartford.com

call: 888-266-3488 or fax: 860-757-5835

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Agency Name: PENTARISK ASSOCIATES OF GEORGIA

Agency Code: 20-267347

- ☒ Hartford Fire Insurance Company, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Connecticut
- ☒ Hartford Casualty Insurance Company, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Indiana
- ☒ Hartford Accident and Indemnity Company, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Connecticut
- ☐ Hartford Underwriters Insurance Company, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Connecticut
- ☐ Twin City Fire Insurance Company, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Indiana
- ☐ Hartford Insurance Company of Illinois, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Illinois
- ☐ Hartford Insurance Company of the Midwest, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Indiana
- ☐ Hartford Insurance Company of the Southeast, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Florida

having their home office in Hartford, Connecticut, (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Companies") do hereby make, constitute and appoint, **up to the amount of Unlimited :**

David C. Eades, Emmett H. Hall, W. Parker Hix, Avery Kenimer, Carrie J. Key of ATLANTA, Georgia

their true and lawful Attorney(s)-in-Fact, each in their separate capacity if more than one is named above, to sign its name as surety(ies) only as delineated above by ☒, and to execute, seal and acknowledge any and all bonds, undertakings, contracts and other written instruments in the nature thereof, on behalf of the Companies in their business of guaranteeing the fidelity of persons, guaranteeing the performance of contracts and executing or guaranteeing bonds and undertakings required or permitted in any actions or proceedings allowed by law.

In Witness Whereof, and as authorized by a Resolution of the Board of Directors of the Companies on May 23, 2016 the Companies have caused these presents to be signed by its Assistant Vice President and its corporate seals to be hereto affixed, duly attested by its Assistant Secretary. Further, pursuant to Resolution of the Board of Directors of the Companies, the Companies hereby unambiguously affirm that they are and will be bound by any mechanically applied signatures applied to this Power of Attorney.



Shelby Wiggins

Shelby Wiggins, Assistant Secretary

Joelle L. LaPierre

Joelle L. LaPierre, Assistant Vice President

STATE OF FLORIDA

COUNTY OF SEMINOLE

ss. Lake Mary

On this 20th day of May, 2021, before me personally came Joelle LaPierre, to me known, who being by me duly sworn, did depose and say: that (s)he resides in Seminole County, State of Florida; that (s)he is the Assistant Vice President of the Companies, the corporations described in and which executed the above instrument; that (s)he knows the seals of the said corporations; that the seals affixed to the said instrument are such corporate seals; that they were so affixed by authority of the Boards of Directors of said corporations and that (s)he signed his/her name thereto by like authority.



Jessica Ciccone

Jessica Ciccone
My Commission HH 122280
Expires June 20, 2025

I, the undersigned, Assistant Vice President of the Companies, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the Power of Attorney executed by said Companies, which is still in full force effective as of April 23 2025.

Signed and sealed in Lake Mary, Florida.



Keith D. Dozois

Keith D. Dozois, Assistant Vice President

Exhibit B

Georgia_Utility_Contractors_License



STATE OF GEORGIA

BRAD RAFFENSPERGER, Secretary of State

Georgia Construction Industry Licensing Board

LICENSE NO. **UC300053**

McLendon Enterprises, Inc.



Utility Contractor

EXP DATE - 04/30/2025 Status: Active

Issue Date: 12/07/1993

EXHIBIT D

