AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF EDGEWOOD, FLORIDA, 1 AMENDING CHAPTER 134 OF THE CODE OF ORDINANCES TO 2 CREATE A NEW SITE SPECIFIC PLAN ZONING CATEGORY; 3 ESTABLISHING A PROCESS AND REQUIREMENTS FOR REZONING 4 PROPERTY TO SITE SPECIFIC PLAN ZONING; ESTABLISHING 5 APPLICATION AND EVALUATION STANDARDS RELATED TO SITE 6 SPECIFIC PLAN ZONING REQUESTS; PROVIDING FOR PERMITTED, 7 AND PROHIBITED USES WITHIN SUCH ZONING; PROVIDING FOR 8 9 SITE AND DEVELOPMENT **STANDARDS;** PROVIDING FOR REGULATIONS AND **ENFORCEMENT;** PROVIDING 10 FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR CODIFICATION, CONFLICTS, 11 AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE 12 13 WHEREAS, certain parcels of land located within the City may present unique 14 development challenges due to configuration and surrounding uses; and 15 16 WHEREAS, the City is desirous of encouraging creative solutions to development 17 challenges; and 18 19 WHEREAS, Euclidean zoning sometimes does not allow the necessary flexibility to 20 21 implement such creative solutions; and 22 23 **WHEREAS**, the City Council finds that creating a Site Specific Plan zoning district that allows for collaboration between the City, the developer, and neighboring property owners and 24 stakeholders encourages dialogue and problem solving that can lead to mutually beneficial 25 solutions to development challenges; and 26 27 WHEREAS, the City Council also finds that it is necessary to implement regulations 28 governing the appropriateness, limitations, and implementation of site specific zonings; and 29 30 WHEREAS, as of the effective date of this Ordinance, the City will have amended its 31 Comprehensive Plan, to contemplate site specific zonings under certain circumstances; and 32 33 WHEREAS, within this Ordinance, deletions are identified by strikethrough text, 34 additions are identified by underline text, and portions of the Code that remain unchanged and 35 which are not reprinted here are indicated by ellipses (***). 36 37 NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE 38 **CITY OF EDGEWOOD, FLORIDA, AS FOLLOWS:** 39 40 **SECTION ONE.** The findings set forth in the recitals above are hereby adopted as 41 legislative findings of the City Council pertaining to this Ordinance. 42 43

44	SECTION TWO. Chapter 134, "Zoning," Article IV, "District Regulations," is h	nereby
45	amended as follows:	

46

47 <u>DIVISION 13. - SSP SITE SPECIFIC PLAN ZONING DISTRICT</u>

48 Sec. 134-476. Intent and purpose of SSP district.

- a) <u>There is hereby created the Site Specific Plan (SSP) zoning district.</u>
- b) The intent and purpose of the SSP district is to implement the Site Specific Plan future land
 use designation of the City's comprehensive plan, establishing a process that will ensure a
 proposed development is compatible with adjacent land uses, protect environmentally
 sensitive areas, and is coordinated with available public services and facilities.
- c) In the event of any conflict with any other provision of this Code, the provisions of this
 Division shall prevail unless specifically provided otherwise.

56 Sec. 134-477. Uses permitted.

- a) Uses Permitted. Any use permitted in any zoning district within the City shall be
 considered a potential use in the SSP district unless such use is specifically enumerated as a
 prohibited use within the SSP district.
- b) *Development Agreement*. The specific permitted uses for property zoned SSP shall be set
 forth in a development agreement approved as provided herein, which shall be recorded in
 the official public records of Orange County, Florida.
- 63

64 Sec. 134-478. Prohibited Uses

- a) Any use prohibited in the C-1, C-2, C-3, I, or Ind-CA district shall be prohibited in the SSP
 <u>district.</u>
- 67 b) <u>Car washes</u>

68 Sec. 134-479. Approval Procedure.

- a) <u>Application Submittals.</u> The applicant shall submit to the City Clerk an application and payment of the application fees for consideration of the comprehensive plan amendments related to the SSP future land use map amendment and site specific policy amendment and rezoning approval. The application shall include sufficient copies, as required by the city, of the following.
 1) <u>Complete application form documenting the applicant's name and contact information,</u> full legal description of the property, acreage, owner's name and contact information,
- 76 <u>and agent authorization if applicant is not the owner of the property</u>
- 2) <u>The proposed comprehensive plan amendments per Section 134-480</u>
- 783) The Site Specific Plan per Section 134-481

79 80	4)	<u>A statement of need and justification for the change and the benefits the development</u> will provide to the community
81 82	5)	An analysis of how the proposed use is consistent with and/or furthers the goals, objectives and policies of the city's comprehensive plan
83	6)	An analysis of potential land use compatibility issues and the proposed mitigation.
84		Land use compatibility is of premier importance to this district. Compatible means, a
85		development, building and/or land use that is designed to be able to exist or occur
86		without conflict with its surroundings in terms of its uses, scale, height, massing and
87		location on its site, as well as is without negative impact to public services and
88		facilities. Land use compatibility analysis shall address visual impact, on-site
89		operational impact, and impact to public services and facilities, including, but not
90		limited to the area road network. Examples of mitigation measures include, but are in
91		no way limited to, the following; often times, more than one mitigation strategy is
92		necessary for each category.
93		a) Visual impact/Building Scale and Site Design Impact; i.e., the three-dimensional
94		bulk of the structures onsite including height, width, and depth compared to
95		adjacent uses. This not only includes the appearance of any structures, but
96		also the effect of outdoor storage, as well as the long term maintenance of
97		buildings, landscaping, etc. onsite. Mitigation for visual impact include, but are
98		not limited to the following.
99		1) Provide gradual transition between smaller and larger residential lots through
100		the arrangement and scale of lots and/or by providing appropriately scaled
101		buffers.
102		2) Minimize the mass of buildings that directly face smaller, pre-existing
103		buildings by: 1) reducing the visual impact with larger setbacks; 2)
104		incorporating design and elevation features that complement adjacent lower-
105		density/intensity development; 3) stepping buildings down to a scale
106		(building bulk, footprint size, and height) complementing adjacent
107		development; and/or 4) breaking up massing of buildings with architectural
108		features.
109		3) Alternate/undulate facades and roof lines, especially for buildings
110		significantly longer than buildings on adjacent; i.e., variation in vertical and
111		horizontal elevation.
112		4) Avoid blank walls, by using design techniques such as evergreen vine wall
113		(trellis or wire/vine system), variety or decorative masonry pattern of at least
114		two types of materials, color, texture, or architectural feature (such as accents
115		and relief elements), or use of faux windows.
116		5) Use of low-maintenance exterior building materials and colors to aid in
117		maintaining the appearance of the structure.
118		6) Increase the use of landscaping.
~		

119	7) Use mature trees to improve compatibility in building scale.
120	8) Locate, design, and manage stormwater management features (including
121	retention and detention basins, swales, surface drainageways, constructed
122	wetlands, and greenways) to provide visual amenities and opportunities for
123	passive recreation.
124	9) Use landscape, pedestrian ways, bioswales, and parking design to divide
125	large parking lots into smaller blocks.
126	10) Use significant landscaped buffers and screening to reduce the visual impact
127	of parking facilities on adjacent residential areas.
128	11) Place parking lots between taller commercial buildings and single family
129	homes.
130	12) Use of masonry walls on property lines of adjacent uses.
131	b) Operational Impact; i.e., operational by-products such as noise, odors, dust,
132	vibration, light, heat, electrical interference etc. that will negatively impact
133	adjacent uses.
134	1) Contain operations within building walls to the maximum degree possible.
135	2) Design the building layout to orient operations internal to the site.
136	3) Use vertical screening to block visual effects of high-impact components
137	such as mechanical equipment and service areas.
138	4) Locate dumpsters away from adjacent residential areas.
139	5) Direct light generated by higher intensity uses, including direct illumination
140	of parking and service areas, signs, and structures, away from adjacent
141	residential areas and public streets.
142	6) Reduce noise through additional wall insulation, plantings, fences and walls,
143	and strategic placement of doors and windows.
144	7) Hours of operation—Low intensity uses such a residential generally have
145	much more restricted activities than higher intensity uses such as industrial.
146	c) Impact to public services and facilities.
147	1) Coordinate with the City/County/State to construct improvements necessary
148	to mitigate the project's impact on the area road network.
149	2) Utilize site designs, building groupings, and site features that accommodate
150	and encourage the use of transportation alternatives, including pedestrian,
151	bicycle, and public transportation. Examples of techniques include provision
152	of wide sidewalks, provision of transit stops/shelters; visible and convenient
153	bicycle parking facilities; and multi-use paths to building entrances.

154 155		3) Increase the connectivity of the street network to reduce reliance on single routes for access.
156 157		4) Use latest technology for energy use, stormwater management, potable water supply.
158 159 160		 An analysis of the availability of facilities and services including Potable Water, Wastewater, Stormwater Management, Solid Waste Disposal, Police and Fire Protection, and Transportation.
161 162 163		8) An analysis of the suitability of the proposed development given the soils, topography, wetlands, floodplains, native vegetation, and environmentally sensitive areas on site.
164		9) The proposed Development Agreement per Section 134-483.
165 166		10) Statement from a certified appraiser relative to the effect on adjacent property values.
167		11) Any supporting data the applicant deems necessary to support the request.
168 169 170	b)	<i>Distribution for Review</i> After determining the application is complete, the City Clerk shall distribute the application to pertinent city staff for review. An incomplete application will not be forwarded to staff, resulting in the delay of processing.
171 172 173	c)	<u>Staff/Applicant Meeting/Initial Review Comments.</u> The City Clerk will coordinate with the applicant and staff to schedule a meeting to discuss staff's review comments, as well as guide further refinement of the application if necessary.
174 175 176 177 178	d)	<i>Community Meeting.</i> Prior to the final staff report preparation, the applicant shall schedule and attend a community meeting to provide an informal setting to present the project and gain input from area residents/businesses. A report prepared by the applicant summarizing the community meeting proceedings and any modifications to the proposal based on the input shall be submitted to the City Clerk for staff distribution.
179 180 181 182 183 184	e)	Staff Report. Following the applicant's report on the community meeting, a joint staff report addressing the comprehensive plan amendment and site specific plan will be prepared for the Planning and Zoning Board by staff, which will be sent to the applicant. The applicant shall either request an additional staff/applicant meeting to discuss the report or request the City Clerk to schedule a public hearing before the Planning and Zoning Board.
185 186 187	f)	<u>Planning and Zoning Board Hearing</u> . The Planning and Zoning Board hearing date shall not be scheduled within 21 days of the City Clerk receiving the request from the applicant to proceed to public hearing unless the minimum time is waived by the City Clerk.
188 189 190	g)	<u>City Council Hearings</u> . The public hearing before the City Council shall be held at least ten days after the Planning and Zoning Board hearing, unless the time is waived by the City Clerk. The city shall process the comprehensive plan amendment in accordance with

191 192	Chapter 163, Florida Statutes. Final approval of the zoning shall not occur until after the effective date of the comprehensive plan amendments.
193	Section 134-480 Preparation of the Comprehensive Plan Amendments
194 195 196 197	a) The necessary amendments to the comprehensive plan (Future Land Use Map amendment and new policy identifying, at a minimum, the permitted uses and densities/intensities) shall conform to the requirements as specified within F.S. ch. 163, pt. II. and follow the process outlined below.
198 199 200	(1) The comprehensive plan text and map amendments shall be submitted to the Planning and Zoning Board for study and recommendation. The Planning and Zoning Board shall study such proposals to determine:
201	a. The need and justification for the change;
202 203	b. The effect of the change, if any, on the particular property and the surrounding properties:
204	c. The compatibility of the proposed land uses with surrounding properties; and
205 206 207 208	d. The relationship of the proposed amendment to the goals, objectives and policies and text of the city's comprehensive plan, with appropriate consideration as to whether the proposed change will further, or at least not be contrary to the comprehensive plan.
209	(2) No recommendation for transmittal or adoption of any amendment to the
210	comprehensive plan shall be made by the Planning and Zoning Board until and unless a
211 212	public hearing has been held. In addition to the public notice requirements of F.S. ch. 163, pt. II, written notice of the time and place of such meeting and the proposed action
213	to be taken shall be posted upon the property and mailed to all owners of record of
214	property within 2640 feet of the property requested for map amendment at least 15 days
215	prior to the public hearing. The public notice posted on the property shall be erected to
216 217	be in full view of the general public on each street side of said land and shall be erected by the applicant.
218	(3) The Planning and Zoning Board, following their public hearing, may recommend
219	approval, approval with conditions, denial or submit such request with no
220	recommendation to the City Council in the case of a tie vote.
221	(4) Following the recommendations report of the Planning and Zoning Board, the City
222	Council shall hold the first of two public hearings to consider approval of the request in
223	a timely fashion in accordance with Florida law. The second public hearing on the
224	ordinance to consider approval will occur based on the timeline in Florida law, and with
225 226	notice and hearings conducted in the manner prescribed by law and that required per Section 134-479(f). If the amendment qualifies as a small-scale amendment,
220	review/recommendation by the Planning and Zoning Board and two public hearings by
228	<u>City Council shall occur after giving at least 15 days' notice of time and place of such</u>
229	hearings consistent with State law as well as posted upon the property by the applicant

230 231		in full view of the general public on each street side of said land, and mailed to all owners of record of property within 2640 feet of the property.
232 233 234 235 236	b)	The proposed policy amendment shall, at a minimum, restrict the range of permitted uses and development intensity/density. The City Council may also restrict or impose requirements such as, but not limited to, limitations on building size and height, minimum setbacks, other site design or building design or use features, and/or vehicle access configuration.
237 238	Sec.	134-481 The Specific Site Plan (SSP).
239 240	a)	<u>The Specific Site plan shall address the use of all or a portion of the subject property. If the</u> <u>developer or applicant proposes to create a subdivision, a preliminary subdivision plan</u>
240 241		shall be processed concurrently with the site plan in accordance with Chapter 126 and shall
242		be subject to approval by the City Council.
243	b)	The site plan, drawn to scale not to exceed one inch equals 200 feet, unless otherwise
244		appropriate, and consisting of properly identified exhibits and support materials, shall
245		clearly indicate the following.
246		(1) The project name, legal description, total acreage and location map.
247		(2) Existing topography at one-foot contours based on the county datum (or as approved
248		by the city engineer) and other natural features including, but not limited to, lakes,
249		watercourses, wetland, and conservation areas.
250		(3) On-site soil types (based on the soil conservation service classification system), flood
251		hazard areas and generalized vegetation.
252		(4) Existing uses, easements, and demolition plan
253		(5) Proposed land uses and development intensity/density, with each phase of the total
254		development identified if phasing is proposed
255		a. Proposed Residential. Maximum gross density, total number of units, type of
256		unit(s), minimum lot size, minimum air conditioned living floor area per unit,
257		building height (in stories and feet), impervious surface maximum per lot, minimum
258		building and accessory use setbacks, open space acreage delineated in tracts, and
259		recreation area delineated in tracts.
260		b. Proposed Nonresidential. Specific types of uses; gross building floor area; building
261		floor area ratio; building height (in stories and feet); minimum setbacks from all
262		sides; maximum impervious surface per lot/tract; delineated areas where outdoor
263		activities will take place, and a listing of the type of outdoor activities proposed;
264		and open space acreage delineated in tracts.
265		(6) The phasing of development and the manner in which each phase of development can
266		exist as an independent stable unit with all necessary public services and facilities.

267 268 269	(7) <u>Identification of adjacent streets, and street intersections or rights-of-way within 500</u> <u>feet of proposed access points, any major street setbacks, and planned right-of-way</u> <u>lines.</u>
270	(8) <u>Proposed method of providing the following services:</u>
271	a. Water service (including fire flows), plus gallons-per-day requirement.
272	b. Sewage disposal, plus gallons per day generated.
273	(9) <u>Stormwater management system, including direction of surface drainage flow.</u>
274	(10) <u>Refuse storage areas locations.</u>
275	(11) Proposed easements.
276 277 278	(12) <u>Transportation facilities including roads, and pedestrian and bike facilities proposed</u> in the development, including the proposed right-of-way, sidewalk and bike path widths.
279 280	(13) <u>Projected vehicle traffic generation based on established standards. A traffic study</u> shall be provided if determined to be necessary by the city engineer.
281	(14) Vehicular and bicycle parking spaces detailing location and size.
282	(15) <u>Exterior lighting.</u>
283 284 285 286 287	(16) At least 25% of the gross land area shall consist of open space as defined in Code Section 114-31 and shall be designed consistent with Code Section 114-35. Of the open space provided, a minimum of 25% shall be within a delineated recreation tract that shall include at least two different active recreation activities appropriate for the projected users of the site.
288 289 290 291 292 293 294	(17) Existing tree protection/preservation plan with an effort toward site layout that conserves and protects onsite mature trees to enhance community appearance, assist in the natural control of solar heat, soil conservation and erosion, oxygen production, pollution, noise, and to provide a haven for community wildlife. At a minimum, the plan shall be consistent with Chapter 130. Removal of Historic and/or Specimen Trees shall be replaced with trees sold in 15-gallon containers of at least 1½ inches in diameter as measured three feet above soil level.
295 296 297	(18) Landscape plan, to include species, quantity, and sizes, not only for land use compatibility mitigation, but also for the enjoyment of site users (employees and/or residents). The plan shall exceed the standards of Chapter 114.
298 299	(19) <u>A list of measures that will be used to mitigate identified compatibility issues as</u> well as those that will benefit the community.
300	(20) <u>Design elevations or renderings of structures.</u>
301	(21) Sign plan, including scaled plans of proposed signs.
302	(22) <u>School age population (if applicable).</u>

303	(23) Requested waivers from the subdivision regulations or other development standards
304	shall be indicated on the site plan or submitted in writing detailing the particular
305	provisions of the Code requested to be waived and basis for the request.
306	c) The SSP shall serve as the basis for the required new comprehensive plan policy, SSP
307	zoning district ordinance, and the required Development Agreement.
308	Sec. 134-482 Site and Building Standards
309	a) Maximum Height shall be determined during SSP review.
310	b) Parking quantity shall be consistent with code standards unless competent and substantial
311	evidence demonstrates a reduced quantity is appropriate.
312	c) Landscaping shall exceed the minimum code standards of Chapter 114 and shall be
313	provided to mitigate compatibility issues as well as for aesthetics.
314	d) Where other site standards have not been specifically delineated in the Site Specific Plan,
315	the Code requirements shall apply.
316	
317	Sec. 134-483 Development Agreement: The draft Development Agreement is required to be
318	submitted at the time of application. The document shall detail covenants, conditions,
319	restrictions, and agreements that govern the use, maintenance and continued protection of
320	minimum standards established by the rezoning/comprehensive plan policy; the maintenance and
321	protection of the building structures, infrastructure, recreation areas, and landscaping; and a list
322	of the measures that will be used to mitigate identified compatibility issues. Finalization of the
323	Development Agreement shall occur at least two weeks prior to the Planning and Zoning Board's
324	public hearing.
325	
326	Sec. 134-484. Amendments to the Site Specific Plan.
327	a) Amendments to the approved Site Specific Plan shall be classified as either substantial or
328	nonsubstantial amendments.
329	b) A substantial amendment is an amendment that would result in any of the following:
330	(1) A change that would include a land use not previously permitted under the approved
331	Site Specific Plan zoning.
332	(2) A change that would alter the location of a building within 300 feet of a property
333	boundary, except when it is a reduction in the mass or height
334	(3) A change that would require an amendment to the city's conditions of approval.
335	(4) A change that would increase the land use intensity.
336	(5) An amendment to the phasing that would propose a land use in advance of the
337	development it was designed to support.

- c) The determination of a substantial or nonsubstantial amendment shall be made jointly by
 the city engineer and city planner. If an agreement is not reached, the determination shall
 be made by the City Council.
- d) Where the developer proposes to reduce the number of units or floor area in one phase of
 the project, a corresponding increase in the number of units or floor area in another phase
 may be administratively approved, if all other conditions of approval are not adversely
 affected, and no other change is proposed that would be considered a substantial
 amendment.
- e) <u>Substantial amendments must be approved at applicable public hearings, which could</u>
 include amendment to the comprehensive plan.
- f) <u>A proposed amendment deemed nonsubstantial may be processed without public hearing.</u>

349 Sec. 134-485. Control of development following approval.

- a) Upon the approval of the Site Specific Plan, the use of land and the construction or modification of any buildings or structures on the property shall be in accordance with the approved Site Specific Plan, rather than with the other provisions of this chapter. However, all other city codes, ordinances, policies and resolutions shall apply to the project.
- b) The city engineer and city planner shall be responsible for certifying that all aspects of the
 development, including conditions of approval have been satisfactorily completed prior to
 the issuance of a certificate of completion.
- c) <u>After certification, no changes may be made to the approved development plan except that:</u>
- (1) Any structural extension, alteration or modification of existing building structures that
 are consistent with the approved site plan may be authorized by the city engineer or
 other city designee.
- 361 (2) A building or structure that is destroyed may be reconstructed only in compliance with
 362 the SSP unless an amendment to the SSP is approved under the provisions of this
 363 division.

364 Sec. 134-486. Other requirements.

- a) Off-site improvements may be required in conjunction with the Site Specific Plan approval
 in order to offset the impacts on public facilities and services created by the proposed
 development.
- b) <u>All projects shall provide an adequate level of public facilities and services to</u>
 accommodate the project as proposed in the development plan.
- 370 c) At the time of development, the development shall comply with all regulations and
 371 ordinances in force at the time of engineering plan approval, unless specifically addressed
 372 by the Development Agreement.

d) Projects that have not been developed and which the City Council considers to be inconsistent with the provisions of this division may be required to update the SSP or may

be subject to administrative rezoning if the project is not vested under the applicable law.

376 Sec. 134-487 Enforcement and penalties.

In the event of a noncompliance with this article, the City Council shall have the authority to suspend construction activity and revoke any building permit issued under this article, and to take all actions necessary to halt construction until such time as the provisions herein are complied with. In the event legal action is necessary, and professional fees and costs are incurred by the city enforcing compliance, these expenses shall be borne by the developer or parties violating the terms of this article. These penalties are in addition to any other penalties provided by law.

384

387

395

- 385 **SECTION THREE.** The provisions of this Ordinance shall be codified as and become 386 and be made a part of the Code of Ordinances of the City of Edgewood.
- 388 <u>SECTION FOUR.</u> If any section, sentence, phrase, word or portion of this ordinance
 is determined to be invalid, unlawful or unconstitutional, said determination shall not be held to
 invalidate or impair the validity, force or effect of any other section, sentence, phrase, word or
 portion of this Ordinance not otherwise determined to be invalid, unlawful or unconstitutional.
- 393 <u>SECTION FIVE.</u> All ordinances that are in conflict with this Ordinance are hereby 394 repealed.
- 396 <u>SECTION SIX.</u> This Ordinance shall become effective immediately upon its passage 397 and adoption.
- 398
 399 PASSED AND ADOPTED this _____ day of _____, 2022, by the City
 400 Council of the City of Edgewood, Florida.
 401
- 402 PASSED ON FIRST READING: _____

Richard A. Horn, Council President

408 409

407

405 406

- 410
- 411 Sandy Riffle

ATTEST:

412 Interim City Clerk

413