



**City of Dyersville  
Dubuque County and Delaware County, Iowa**

**Communications Letter**

**June 30, 2024**

## City of Dyersville Table of Contents

Report on Matters Identified as a Result of the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements	1
Material Weakness	3
Required Communication	4
Financial Analysis	9
Emerging Issues	18



## Report on Matters Identified as a Result of the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements

Honorable Mayor, Members  
of the City Council and Management  
City of Dyersville  
Dyersville, Iowa

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dyersville, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error, or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's basic financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A reasonable possibility exists when the likelihood of an event occurring is either reasonably possible or probable as defined as follows:

- ◆ *Reasonably possible.* The chance of the future event or events occurring is more than remote but less than likely.
- ◆ *Probable.* The future event or events are likely to occur.

The material weakness identified is stated within this letter.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The accompanying memorandum also includes financial analysis provided as a basis for discussion. The matters discussed herein were considered by us during our audit and they do not modify the opinion expressed in our Independent Auditor's Report dated January 20, 2025, on such statements.

This communication, which is an integral part of our audit, is intended solely for the information and use of the Members of the City Council and management and others within the City and state oversight agencies and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BerganKDV, Ltd.

Minneapolis, Minnesota  
January 20, 2025

**City of Dyersville  
Material Weakness**

**Material Audit Adjustments and Prior Period Adjustment**

During the course of our audit, we proposed material audit adjustments that would not have been identified as a result of the City's internal controls, and therefore, could have resulted in a material misstatement of the City's financial statements. In order to ensure the financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards were free from material misstatement, audit adjustments were required to adjust capital contributions, federal expenditures, and debt. An error in the prior period financial statements was not identified by the City's internal controls to ensure correction in the proper period, and therefore, resulted in a prior period adjustment. In order to ensure financial statements were free from material misstatement, a prior period adjustment was required to adjust capital contribution allocation to the proper fund.

**City of Dyersville  
Required Communication**

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024. Professional standards require that we advise you of the following matters related to our audit.

**Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit**

As communicated in our engagement letter, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express opinions about whether the basic financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the basic financial statements does not relieve you or management of its respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of the basic financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the City solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgement, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

Generally accepted accounting principles provide for certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI) to supplement the basic financial statements. Our responsibility with respect to the RSI, which supplements the basic audit financial statements, is to apply certain limited procedures in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. However, the RSI was not audited and, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Our responsibility for the supplementary information accompanying the basic financial statements, as described by professional standards, is to evaluate the presentation of the supplementary information in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole and to report on whether the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Our responsibility with respect to the other information in documents containing the audited basic financial statements and auditor's report does not extend beyond the basic financial information identified in the report. We have no responsibility for determining whether this other information is properly stated. This other information was not audited, and we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

## **City of Dyersville Required Communication**

### **Our Responsibility in Relation to *Government Auditing Standards***

As communicated in our engagement letter, part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of basic financial statement amounts. However, the objective of our tests was not to provide an opinion on compliance with such provisions.

### **Our Responsibility in Relation to *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)***

As communicated in our engagement letter, in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, we examined on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* applicable to each of its major federal programs for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the City's compliance with those requirements. While our audit provided a reasonable basis for our opinion, it did not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

### **Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit**

We conducted our audit consistent with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you.

### **Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence**

The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, our firm, and our network firms have complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

### **Significant Risks Identified**

We have identified the following significant risks of material misstatement:

- ◆ Management Override of Controls - Overall Financial Statements - Management override of internal control is considered a risk in substantially all engagements as management may be incentivized to produce better results.
- ◆ Improper Revenue Recognition - Revenue recognition is considered a fraud risk on substantially all engagements as it generally has a significant impact on the results of the governments operations. In addition, complexities exist surrounding the calculation and recording of various revenue sources including property taxes and state aid.
- ◆ Risk of Misappropriation of Assets - If accounting duties cannot be appropriately segregated, there is a risk of unauthorized disbursements being made from the City.

## City of Dyersville Required Communication

### Significant Risks Identified (Continued)

- ◆ Pension Valuation - Net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are generally material to the financial statements and involve significant estimates.
- ◆ Lease Valuation - Lease liability and right-to-use assets are material to the financial statements and involve significant estimates.

### Qualitative Aspects of the City's Significant Accounting Practices

#### *Significant Accounting Policies*

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the City is included in the notes to the basic financial statements. There have been no initial selection of accounting policies and no changes to significant accounting policies or their application during 2024. No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

#### *Significant Accounting Estimates and Related Disclosures*

Accounting estimates and related disclosures are an integral part of the basic financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgements. Those judgements are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the basic financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgements. The most sensitive estimates affecting the basic financial statements are:

Net Pension Liability, Deferred Outflows of Resources Relating to Pensions and Deferred Inflows of Resources Relating to Pensions - These balances are based on an allocation by the pension plans using estimates based on contributions.

Lease Liability and Right-to-Use Lease Assets - These balances are based on estimates and judgments determined by the City related to the discount rate, lease term, and lease payments.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the accounting estimates and determined that they are reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole and in relation to the applicable opinion units.

#### *Financial Statement Disclosures*

Certain basic financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The basic financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

#### **Significant Difficulties Encountered during the Audit**

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.



## **City of Dyersville Required Communication**

### **Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements**

For the purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Further, professional standards require us to also communicate the effects of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods on the relevant classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures, and the basic financial statements taken as a whole and each applicable opinion unit. Management did not identify, and we did not notify them of any uncorrected basic financial statement misstatements.

In addition, professional standards require us to communicate to you all material, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures. The following prior period adjustment and material audit adjustments were identified and brought to the attention of and corrected by management.

- ◆ Capital contributions were overstated in the Sewer Utility Fund and understated in the Water Fund.
- ◆ Capital contributions were overstated in the Water Funds and debt was understated in the Water and Sewer Funds.
- ◆ Federal expenditures were understated

### **Disagreements with Management**

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to the City's basic financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

### **Representations Requested from Management**

We have requested certain written representations from management, which are included in the management representation letter.

### **Management's Consultations with Other Accountants**

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management has informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

### **Other Significant Matters, Findings, or Issues**

In the normal course of our professional association with the City, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, significant events or transactions that occurred during the year, operating and regulatory conditions affecting the City, and operational plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as the City's auditor.

### **Noncompliance with Laws and Regulations, Violations of Contract Provisions or Grant Agreements**

- ◆ A number of funds have a deficit fund balance at year end.
- ◆ Disbursements exceeded budgeted amounts for certain functions.

**City of Dyersville  
Required Communication**

**Other Information Included in Annual Reports**

Pursuant to professional standards, our responsibility as auditors for other information, whether financial or nonfinancial, included in the City's annual reports, does not extend beyond the information identified in the audit report, and we are not required to perform any procedures to corroborate such other information.

We applied certain limited procedures to the RSI that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves.

Our responsibility also includes communicating to you any information which we believe is a material misstatement of fact. Nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that such information, or its manner of presentation, is materially inconsistent with the information, or manner of its presentation, appearing in the basic financial statements.

## City of Dyersville Financial Analysis

The following pages provide graphic representation of select data pertaining to the financial position and operations of the City for the past five years. Our analysis of each graph is presented to provide a basis for discussion of past performance and how implementing certain changes may enhance future performance. A subsequent discussion of this information should be useful for planning purposes.

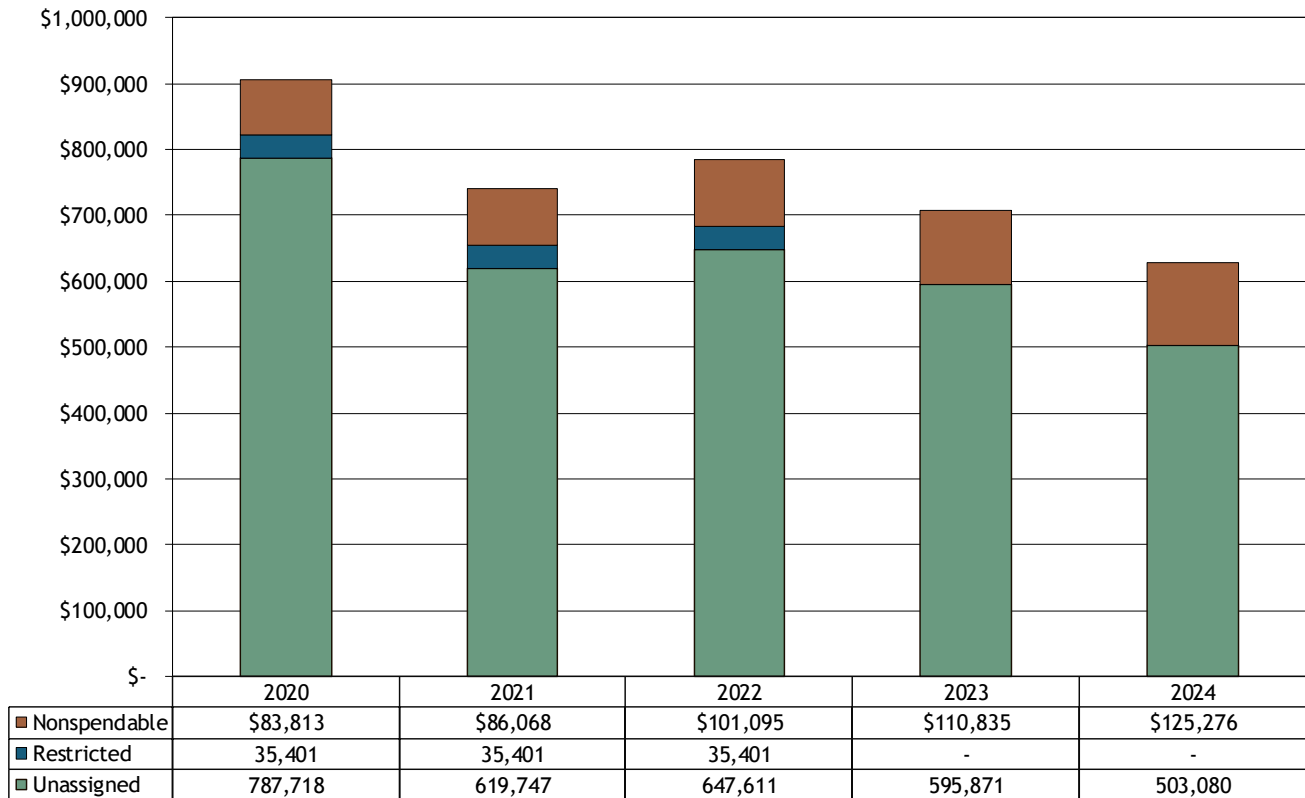
### General Fund

Total fund balance in the General Fund decreased 11.1% in 2024 to \$628,356, the lowest level in the five years presented. General Fund expenditures and other financing uses exceeded revenues and other financing sources by \$78,350 during 2024. A more detailed analysis of the General Fund revenue and expenditure components are presented on the following pages.

The current General Fund unassigned fund balance represents 14.2% of 2024 General Fund expenditures, or one and a half months of expenditures at 2024 levels.

A five year history of General Fund balance is shown below.

### General Fund Balance

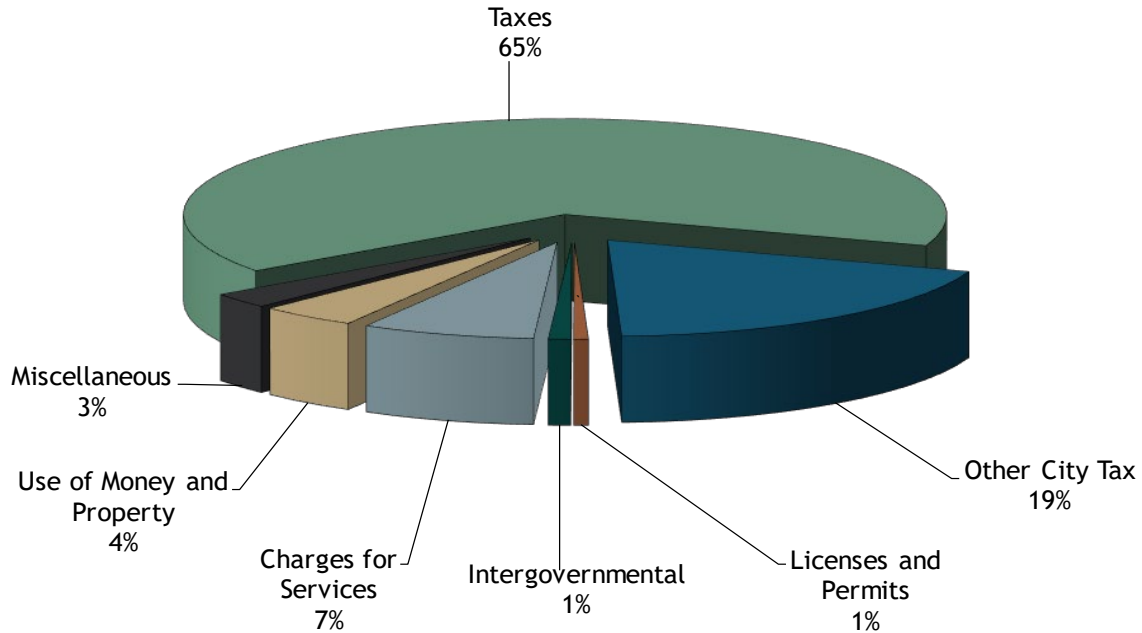


## City of Dyersville Financial Analysis

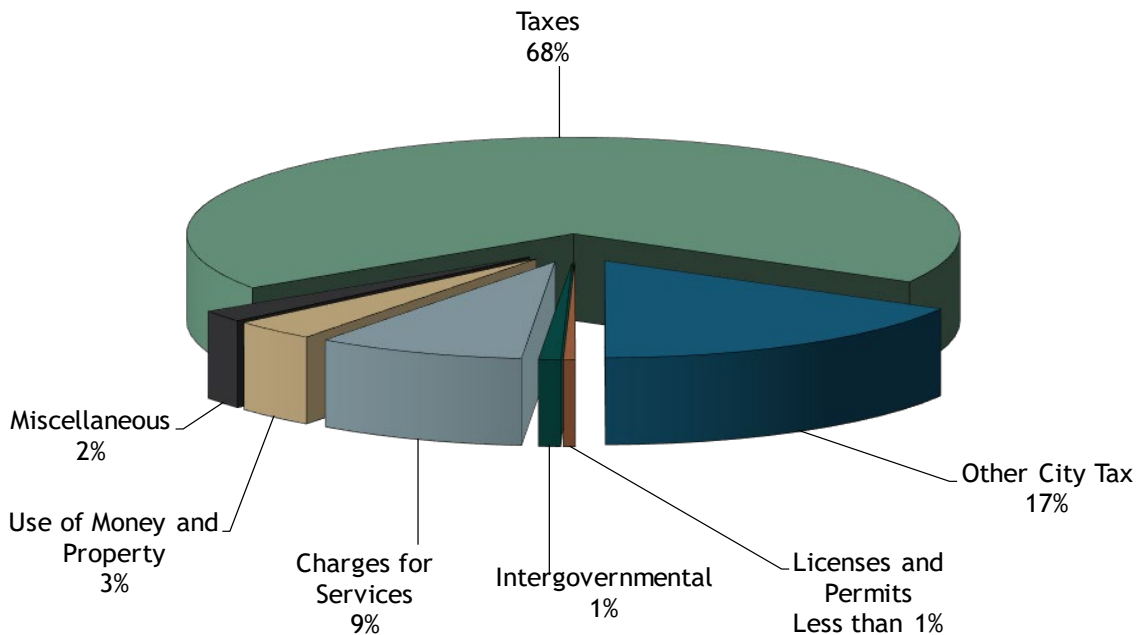
### General Fund Revenues

Allocations of the City's revenues by source for the current and preceding year are displayed below. The allocation was relatively consistent from 2023 to 2024.

#### General Fund Revenues 2024



#### General Fund Revenues 2023

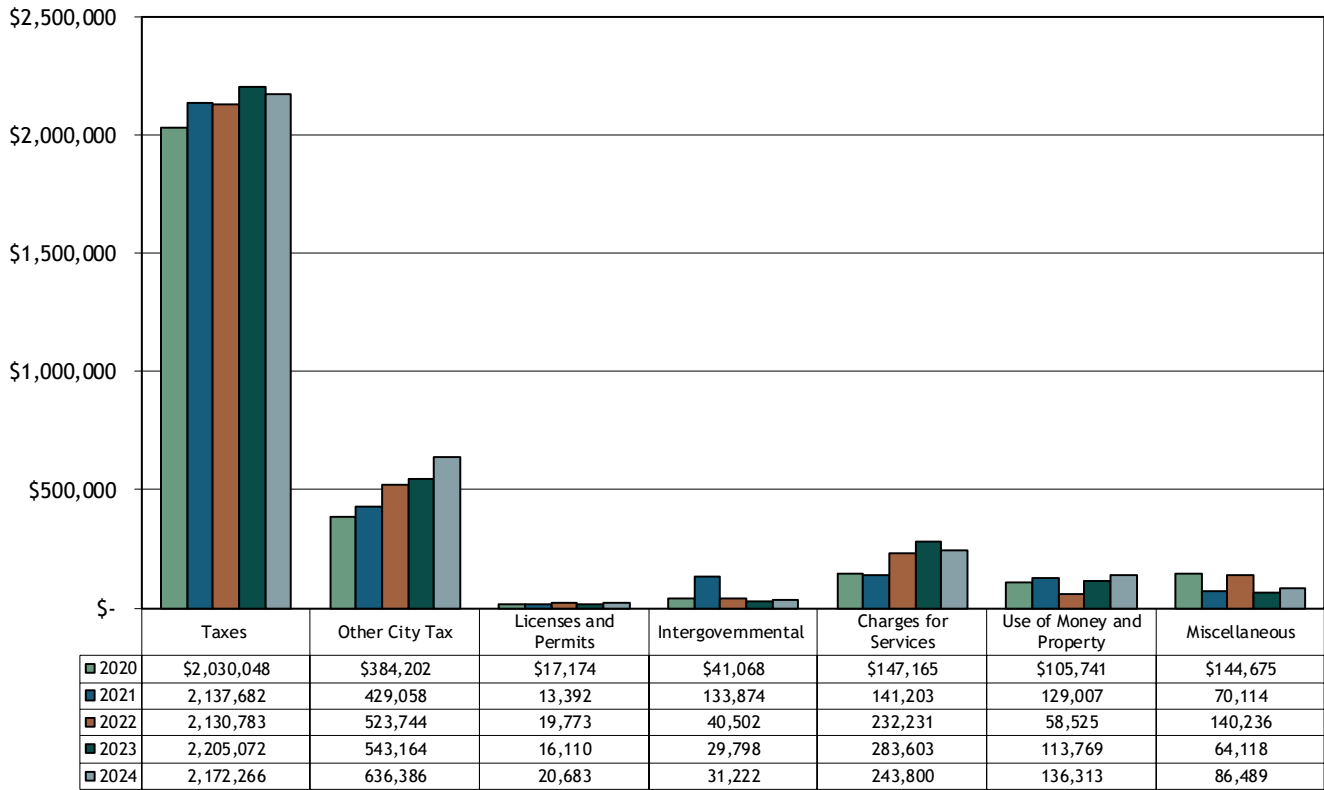


## City of Dyersville Financial Analysis

### General Fund Revenues (Continued)

The chart below shows the City's revenues by source for the last five years. Overall, General Fund revenues increased \$71,525, or 2.2% from 2023. The most significant increases occurred in other city taxes due to an increase in franchise fees revenue. Other sources of revenue were relatively consistent with 2023 amounts.

**General Fund Revenues**

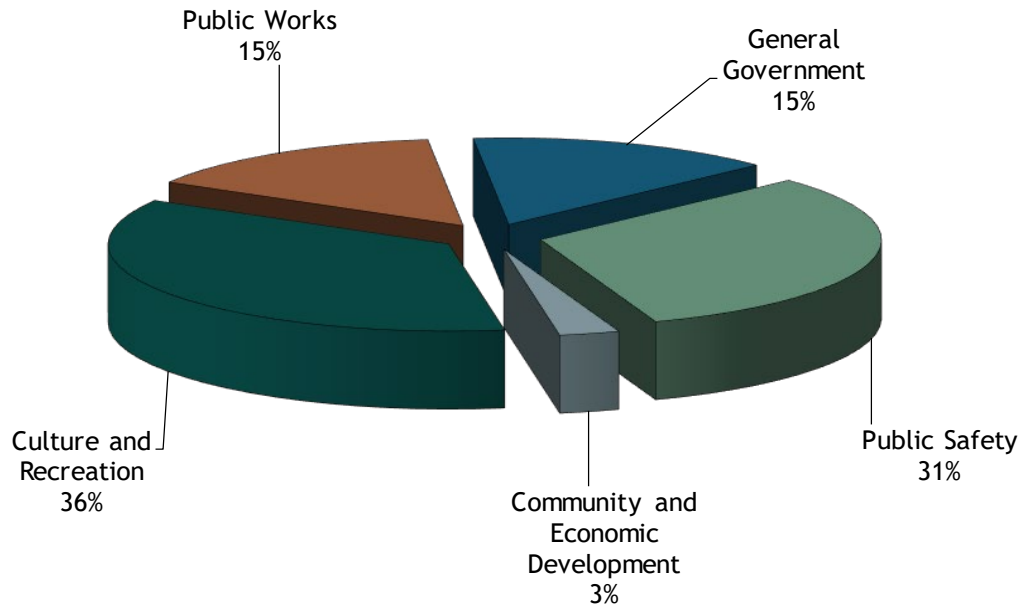


## City of Dyersville Financial Analysis

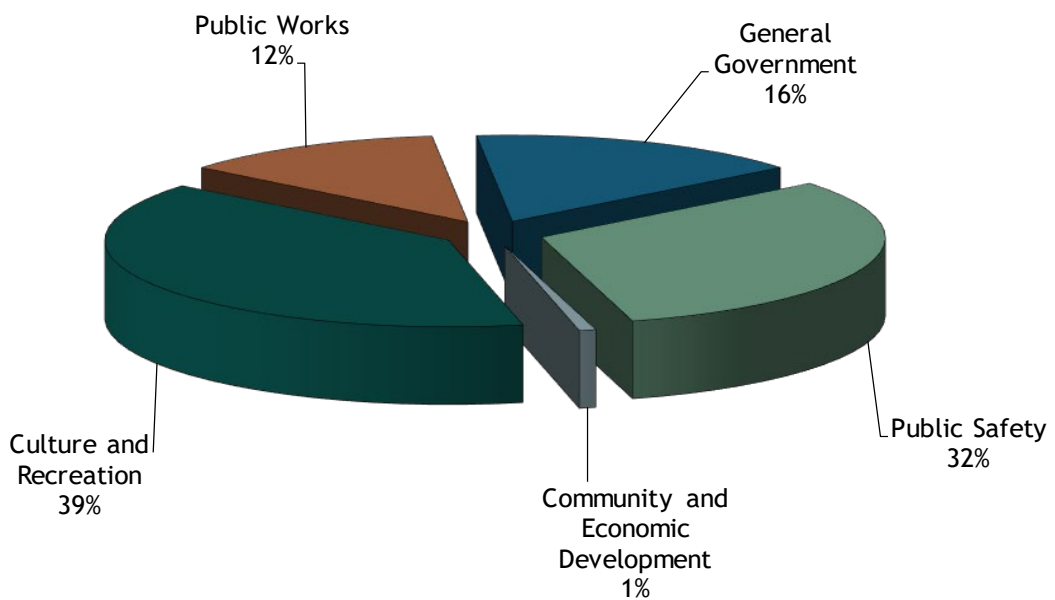
### General Fund Expenditures

The pie charts below show the breakdown of expenditures in the General Fund for the last two years. The allocation was relatively consistent from 2023 to 2024.

#### General Fund Expenditures 2024



#### General Fund Expenditures 2023

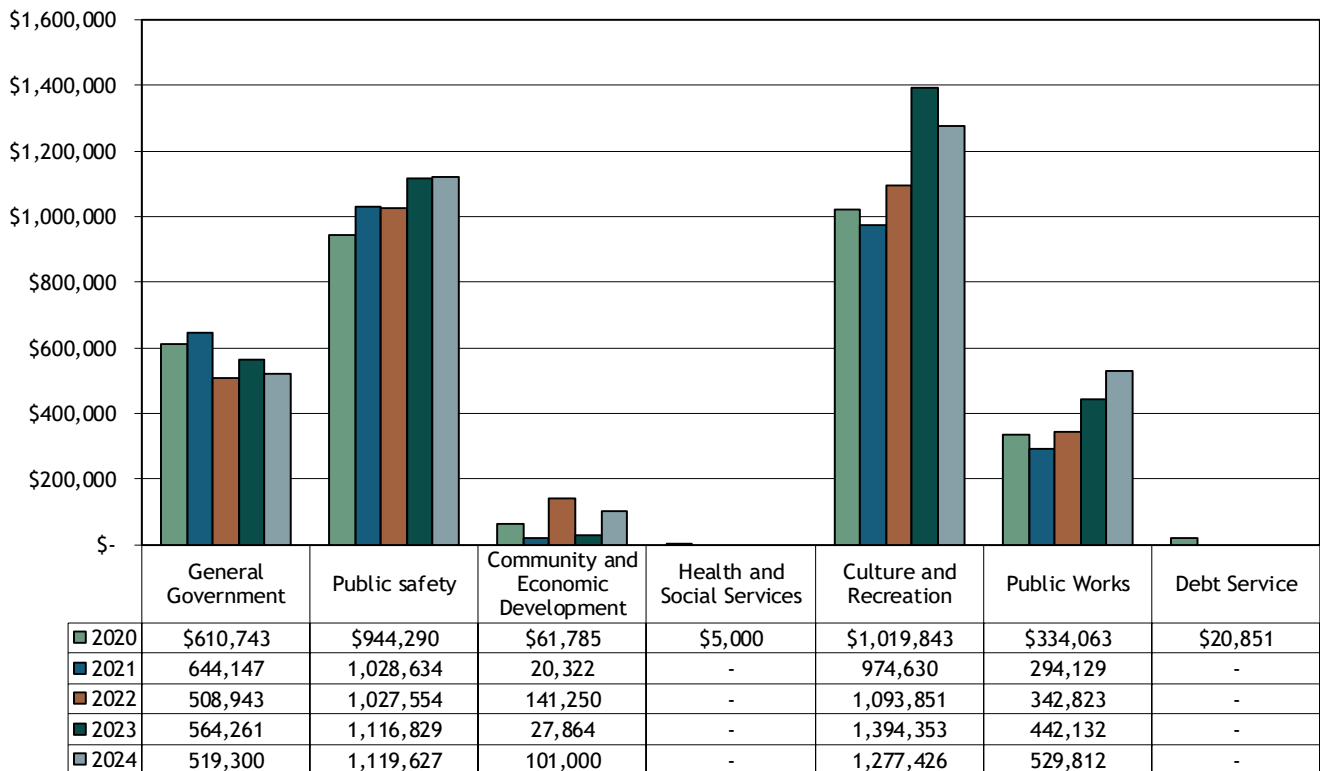


## City of Dyersville Financial Analysis

### General Fund Expenditures (Continued)

Five year trend information for General Fund expenditures by function is shown below. From 2023 to 2024 expenditures increased \$1,726. Community and economic development increased by \$73,136 due to expending a catalyst grant in 2024. Public works increased by \$87,680 due hiring an additional employee. These increases were offset by a decrease in culture and recreation expenditures of \$116,927 due to fewer capital projects compared to prior year. General government decreased \$44,961 due to cost savings from efficiencies, contract changes, and efforts to stay under budget. Other functions had minor variances from the prior year.

### General Fund Expenditures

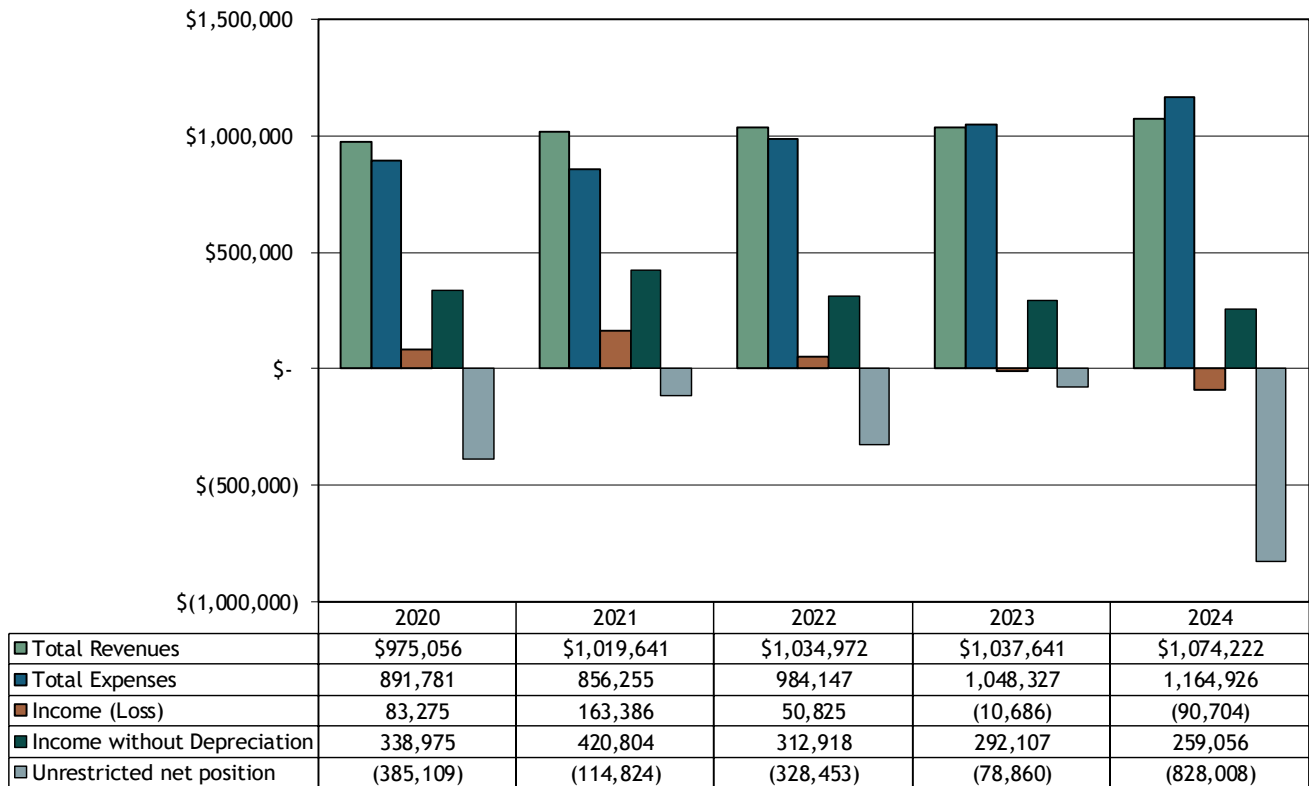


## City of Dyersville Financial Analysis

### Water Fund

Five year trend information for the Water Fund is shown below. Revenues have exceeded expenses, including depreciation, for three of five years presented. In 2024, there was a loss of \$90,704. Expenses increased \$116,599, or 11.2% due to the increased water main repairs, increased chemical and meter costs, and increased depreciation expense. Operating revenues increased by \$36,581 or 3.5% from 2023 to 2024 due to increased usage. This fund has had negative unrestricted net position in all five-years presented. There was a correction of a prior period error that decreased beginning net position by \$681,201.

### Water Fund



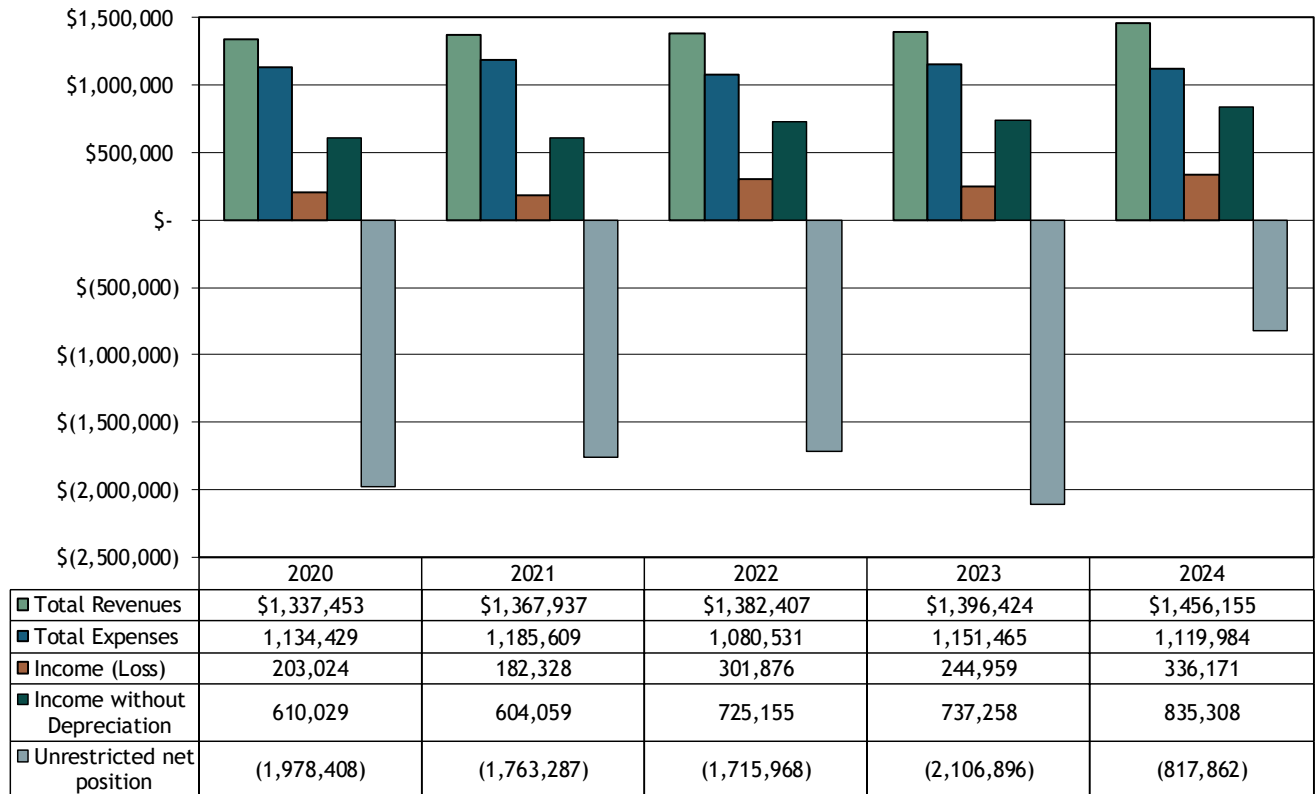


## City of Dyersville Financial Analysis

### Sewer Fund

Sewer Fund operating results over the last five years are presented below. Revenues have exceeded expenses in all five years presented. Revenues increased \$59,731 or 4.3%, due to increased usage. Expenses decreased \$31,481 due to decreased salary and benefit costs. The fund has had negative unrestricted net position in all five-year presented with the largest deficit occurring in 2023 due to significant capital related activity. There was a correction of a prior period error that increased beginning net position by \$601,608.

### Sewer Fund

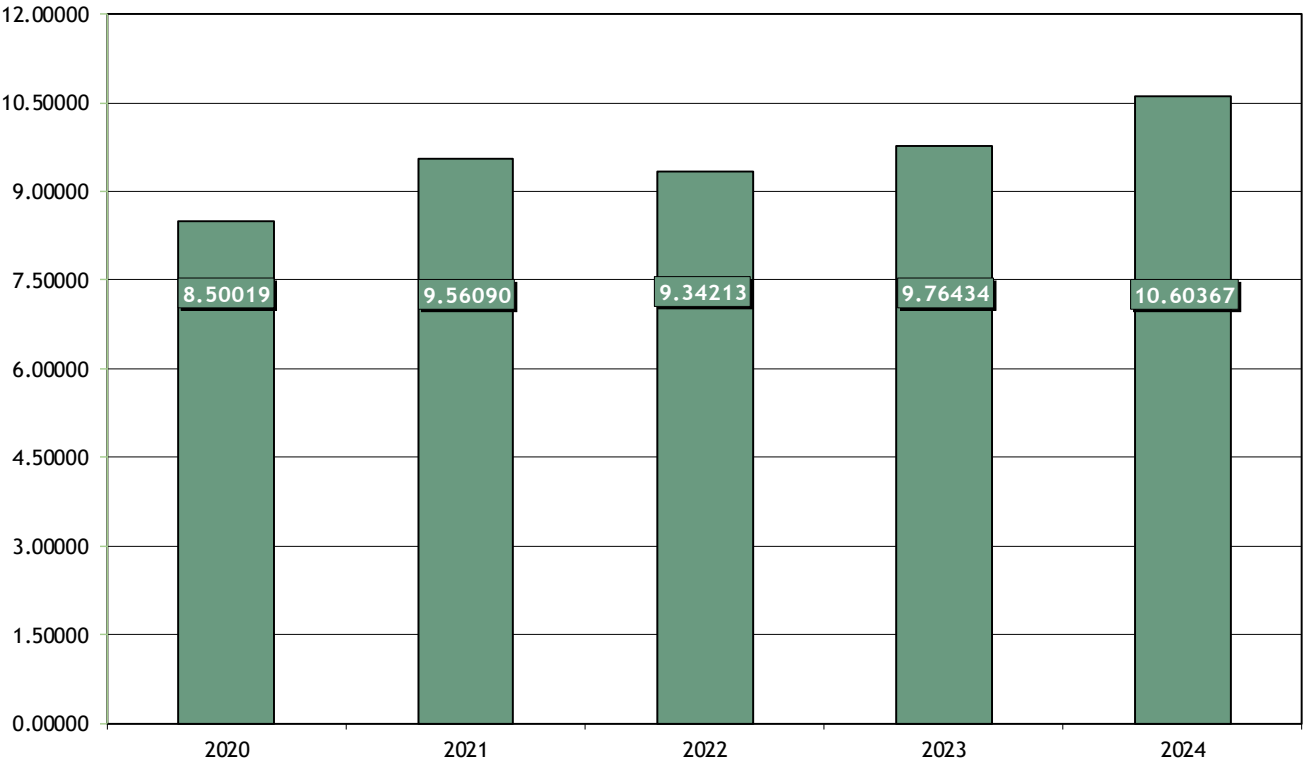


City of Dyersville  
Financial Analysis

Tax Capacity, Levy, and Rates

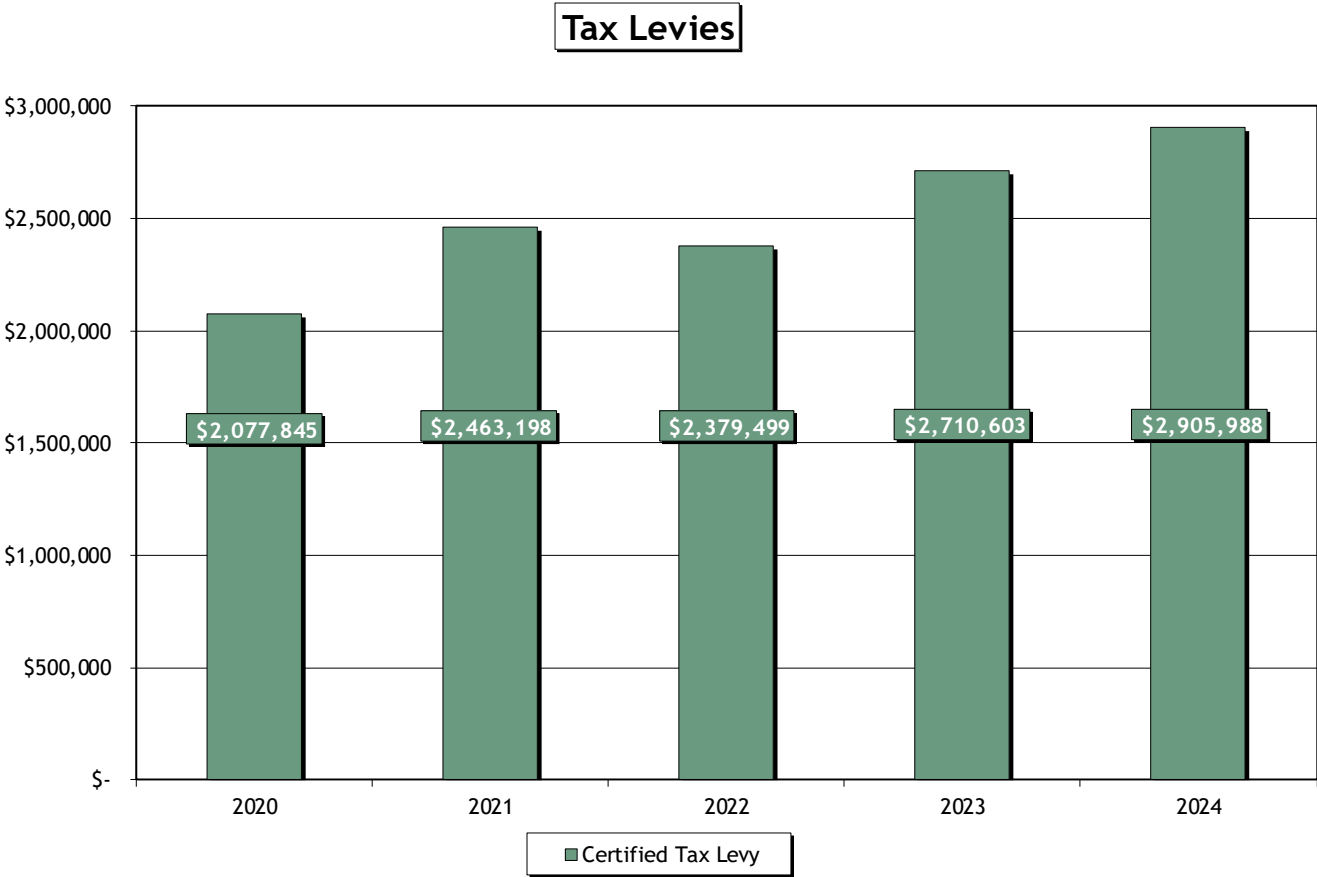
The next two graphs present tax rate and tax levy information for the City for the past five years. Tax rates increased 0.83933 from 2023 while the property valuation increased slightly. The property tax levy increased \$195,385 or 7.21%.

Tax Rates



City of Dyersville  
Financial Analysis

Tax Capacity, Levy, and Rates (Continued)



## City of Dyersville Emerging Issues

### Executive Summary

The following is an executive summary of financial related updates to assist you in staying current on emerging issues in accounting and finance. This summary will give you a preview of the new standards that have been recently issued and what is on the horizon for the near future. The most recent and significant updates include:

- ◆ **Accounting Standard Update - GASB Statement No. 101 - *Compensated Absences***  
GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 101 relating to accounting and financial reporting for compensated absences. The unified recognition and measurement model in this Statement will result in a liability for compensated absences that more appropriately reflects when a government incurs an obligation. In addition, the model can be applied consistently to any type of compensated absence and will eliminate potential comparability issues between governments that offer different types of leave.
- ◆ **Accounting Standard Update - GASB Statement No. 102 - *Certain Risk Disclosures***  
GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 102 relating to risk disclosures. The disclosures will provide users with timely information regarding certain concentrations or constraints and related events that have occurred or have begun to occur that make a government vulnerable to a substantial impact.
- ◆ **Accounting Standard Update - GASB Statement No. 103 - *Financial Reporting Model Improvements***  
GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 103 relating to changes in financial reporting requirements. The changes provide clarity, enhance the relevance of information, provide more useful information for decision-making, and provide for greater comparability amongst government entities.

The following is an extensive summary of the current updates. As your continued business partner, we are committed to keeping you informed of new and emerging issues. We are happy to discuss these issues with you further and their applicability to your City.

**City of Dyersville  
Emerging Issues**

**Accounting Standard Update - GASB Statement No. 101 - *Compensated Absences***

The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures.

This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. Leave is attributable to services already rendered when an employee has performed the services required to earn the leave. Leave that accumulates is carried forward from the reporting period in which it is earned to a future reporting period during which it may be used for time off or otherwise paid or settled. In estimating the leave that is more likely than not to be used or otherwise paid or settled, a government should consider relevant factors such as employment policies related to compensated absences and historical information about the use or payment of compensated absences. However, leave that is more likely than not to be settled through conversion to defined benefit postemployment benefits should not be included in a liability for compensated absences.

This Statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absences - including parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave - not be recognized until the leave commences. This Statement also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used.

This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. A liability for leave that has been used but not yet paid or settled should be measured at the amount of the cash payment or noncash settlement to be made. Certain salary-related payments that are directly and incrementally associated with payments for leave also should be included in the measurement of the liabilities.

With respect to financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, this Statement requires that expenditures be recognized for the amount that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

This Statement amends the existing requirement to disclose the gross increases and decreases in a liability for compensated absences to allow governments to disclose only the net change in the liability (as long as they identify it as a net change). In addition, governments are no longer required to disclose which governmental funds typically have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

GASB Statement No. 101 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. Earlier application is encouraged.

Information provided above was obtained from [www.gasb.org](http://www.gasb.org).

## City of Dyersville Emerging Issues

### **Accounting Standard Update - GASB Statement No. 102 - *Certain Risk Disclosures***

The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints that is essential to their analyses for making decisions or assessing accountability.

This Statement provides definitions for concentration and constraint. A concentration is a lack of diversity related to an aspect of a significant inflow of resources or outflow of resources. A constraint is a limitation imposed on a government by an external party or by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint could present a risk of financial difficulty. The District will need to make a disclosure in the notes to the financial statements if all three of the following criteria are true:

- ◆ The District knows about the concentration or constraint prior to financial statement issuance.
- ◆ The concentration or constraint makes the District vulnerable to risk of a substantial impact.
- ◆ An event or events associated with the concentration or constraint that could cause a substantial impact have either (1) happened; (2) started to happen; or (3) are more likely than not to start happening within 12 months of the financial statements being issued.

If a government determines the above criteria for disclosure have been met, it should disclose information in notes to financial statements in sufficient detail to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature of the circumstances disclosed and the government's vulnerability to the risk of a substantial impact. Disclosures are required for the government as a whole as well as any opinion unit in the financial statements that includes outstanding revenue debt. Disclosures can be combined to avoid unnecessary duplication (e.g., a subsequent event footnote).

GASB Statement No. 102 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024. Earlier application is encouraged.

Information provided above was obtained from [www.gasb.org](http://www.gasb.org).

## City of Dyersville Emerging Issues

### **Accounting Standard Update - GASB Statement No. 103 - *Financial Reporting Model Improvements***

The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues.

This Statement addresses 5 areas of the financial statements (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), (2) Unusual or Infrequent Items, (3) Presentation of the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position, (4) Major Component Unit Information, and (5) Budgetary Comparison Information.

This Statement continues the requirement that the MD&A precede the basic financial statements as part of the Required Supplementary Information (RSI). This Statement requires that the information presented in MD&A be limited to the related topics discussed in five sections: (1) Overview of the Financial Statements, (2) Financial Summary, (3) Detailed Analyses, (4) Significant Capital Asset and Long-Term Financing Activity, and (5) Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions. The Statement stresses that detailed analyses should explain why balances and results of operations changed, rather than stating amounts and "boilerplate" discussions.

This Statement describes unusual or infrequent items as transactions and other events that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Furthermore, governments are required to display the inflows and outflows related to each unusual or infrequent item separately as the last presented flow(s) of resources prior to the net change in resource flows in the government-wide, governmental fund, and proprietary fund statements of resource flows.

This Statement requires that the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position continue to distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. The Statement provides clarification regarding operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Also, this Statement requires that a subtotal for operating income (loss) and noncapital subsidies be presented before reporting other nonoperating revenues and expenses.

This Statement requires governments to present each major component unit separately in the reporting entity's statement of net position and statement of activities if it does not reduce the readability of the statements. If the readability of those statements would be reduced, combining statements of major component units should be presented after the fund financial statements.

This Statement requires governments to present budgetary comparison information using a single method of communication - RSI. Governments also are required to present (1) variances between original and final budget amounts and (2) variances between final budget and actual amounts. An explanation of significant variances is required to be presented in notes to RSI.

GASB Statement No. 103 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. Earlier application is encouraged.

Information provided above was obtained from [www.gasb.org](http://www.gasb.org).