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Unincorporated Communities and Destination Resorts





Opportunities, Challenges, and Considerations

Deschutes County is home to numerous unincorporated communities, which contain urban levels of development outside of city limits. Many of these communities provide services and amenities to rural residents. As the county continues to grow, many residents are concerned about increasingly dense development in these unincorporated areas which may feel out of scale with the surrounding rural uses. However, many residents also see the need for more opportunities for small-scale rural services and retail opportunities to serve existing and future community members. Deschutes County will need to continue to refine the vision and guidelines for development in these areas while balancing infrastructure needs, protection of natural resources and rural land uses, and community desires.

In addition to these unincorporated communities, Destination Resorts are another form of development outside of urban areas. In recent years, community members have expressed concern about the creation of new resorts for a variety of reasons. While Destination Resorts are an opportunity for economic development and housing in the rural County, many residents have expressed opposition to additional development of this type.

Context

Unincorporated Communities

Deschutes County's unincorporated communities generally pre-date Oregon's statewide land use system and have more urban-scale uses in outlying rural areas, within a defined geographic boundary.

In 1994, Oregon Administrative Rules (OARs) were amended to define unincorporated communities and the types of uses that could be allowed in these areas. The OARs established

four types of unincorporated communities, all of which were required to be in existence at the time of the change - the Rule did not allow for new rural communities to be established. These community types are described below.

URBAN UNINCORPORATED COMMUNITY

This is a community which contains at least 150 permanent dwelling units, a mixture of land uses, and contains a community water and sewer system. Sunriver is an Urban Unincorporated community. One parcel just outside of the City of La Pine was mistakenly left outside of the City's urban growth boundary, and is technically under this classification as well.

RURAL COMMUNITY

This is a community which consists of permanent residential dwellings and at least two other types of land uses – such as commercial, industrial, or public uses provided to the community or travelers. Terrebonne and Tumalo are Rural Communities.



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RESORT COMMUNITY

This type of community was established for a recreation-related use on private land prior to 1989 when the state adopted its Destination Resort rules. Black Butte Ranch and Inn of the 7th Mountain/Widgi Creek are Resort Communities. It's important to note that there are several other resort style developments in the County on private lands called "Destination Resorts." See the next section for more information.

RURAL SERVICE CENTER

This is an unincorporated community that has primarily commercial or industrial uses that provide goods and services to the surrounding rural area and travelers. These are the most common type of unincorporated community in Deschutes County and include Alfalfa, Brothers, Hampton, Millican, Whistlestop, and Wildhunt.

Destination Resorts

Since 1979 destination resorts have increased in importance to the economy of Deschutes County. In 1989, recognizing the importance of tourism to the economy of the State of Oregon, the state legislature and the Land Conservation and Development Commission (LCDC) took steps to make it easier to establish destination resorts on rural lands in the state. Statewide Planning Goal 8, the recreation goal, was amended to specify a process for locating destination resorts on rural land without taking an exception to Goals 3, 4, 11 and 14, which govern development in rural resource lands. Under these changes, destination resorts may be sited in EFU zones where they weren't previously allowed. In 1990, LCDC amended the rule for siting destination resorts on forest lands as well.

Eagle Crest Resort, although it had existed prior to these changes, applied for legislative changes to comply with these new rules and expand onto adjacent lands.

In 2010, Deschutes County completed an amendment to its destination resort

mapping process, adding "clear and objective" requirements for eligible and ineligible sites, and the process for amending the destination resort map based on changes in state law. Since that time, Pronghorn, Caldera Springs, and Tetherow resorts have gone through the siting process. Resorts existing prior to the legislative change, such as Black Butte, Sunriver, and the Inn of the Seventh Mountain have also expanded and been rezoned to Urban Unincorporated Community and Resort Community, respectively. Thornburgh Resort has received preliminary approvals, but has not yet broken ground.

Destination resorts are a key economic development strategy for Deschutes County. Many community members and visitors enjoy the recreational amenities and accommodations that Destination Resorts provide.



Key Community Considerations

Unincorporated Communities are limited in their development potential due to their specific geographic footprint. Protecting open space and natural resources while providing economic opportunities in these unincorporated areas continues to be a balancing act.

As additional rural development occurs, so does the demand for services and goods that can be reached without having to drive to an incorporated city. Aging residents have expressed a desire for additional medical care and offices in rural areas to support aging in place. On the other hand, many residents would prefer limiting development in unincorporated communities in order to preserve the rural of the area.

Destination Resort development continues to be a contentious issue. Community members have expressed concern regarding the water use of large-scale development – specifically the effects to groundwater for neighboring property owners. Other community members express support for the economic and amenity benefits of destination resorts, noting that the current requirements sufficiently address natural resource concerns. Additional community conversations will be valuable to understand the diversity of perspectives on this topic.



Goals and Policies

Resort Community Policies

General Resort Community Policies

Policy 11.1.1. Land use regulations shall conform to the requirements of OAR 660 Division 22 or any successor.

Policy 11.1.2. Designated open space and common area, unless otherwise zoned for development, shall remain undeveloped except for community amenities such as bike and pedestrian paths, park and picnic areas. Areas developed as golf courses shall remain available for that purpose or for open space/recreation uses.

Policy 11.1.3. The provisions of the Landscape Management Overlay Zone shall apply in Resort Communities where the zone exists along Century Drive, Highway 26 and the Deschutes River.

Policy 11.1.4. Residential minimum lot sizes and densities shall be determined by the capacity of the water and sewer facilities to accommodate existing and future development and growth.

Policy 11.1.5. The resort facility and resort recreation uses permitted in the zoning for Black Butte Ranch and the Inn of the Seventh Mountain/Widgi Creek shall serve the resort community.

Black Butte Ranch General Policies

Policy 11.2.1. County comprehensive plan policies and land use regulations shall ensure that new uses authorized within the Black Butte Ranch Resort Community do not adversely affect forest uses in the surrounding Forest Use Zones.

Policy 11.2.2. The County supports the design review standards administered by the Architectural Review Committee.

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Policy 11.2.3. Residential, resort and utility uses shall continue to be developed in accordance with the Master Design for Black Butte Ranch and the respective Section Declarations.

Policy 11.2.4. Industrial activities, including surface mining, shall only occur in the area zoned Black Butte Ranch Surface Mining, Limited Use Combining District (Black Butte Ranch SM/LU) located in the northwest corner of Black Butte Ranch.

Policy 11.2.5. Employee housing shall be located in the area zoned Black Butte Ranch-Utility/Limited Use Combining District (Black Butte Ranch-U/LU).

Policy 11.2.6. Any amendment to the allowable use(s) in either the Resort Community District or the Limited Use Combining District shall require an exception in accordance with applicable statewide planning goal(s), OAR 660-04-018/022 and DCC 18.112 or any successor.

Policy 11.2.7. The westerly 38-acres zoned Black Butte Ranch Surface Mining, Limited Use Combining District (Black Butte Ranch SM/LU) shall be used for the mining and storage of aggregate resources. Uses that do not prevent the future mining of these resources, such as disposal of reclaimed effluent and woody debris disposal from thinning and other forest practices may be allowed concurrently. Other resort maintenance, operational and utility uses, such as a solid waste transfer station, maintenance facility or equipment storage may be allowed only after mining and reclamation have occurred.

Policy 11.2.8. The 18.5 acres zoned Black Butte Ranch-Utility/Limited Use Combining District (Black Butte Ranch-U/LU) may be used for the disposal of reclaimed sludge.

Policy 11.2.9. The area west of McCallister Road and east of the area zoned Black Butte Ranch may be used for large equipment storage, general storage, maintenance uses, RV storage, telephone communications, administration offices, housekeeping facilities and employee housing.

Policy 11.2.10. Employee housing shall be set back at least 250 feet from the eastern boundary of the area zoned Black Butte Ranch Surface Mining, Limited Use Combining District (Black Butte Ranch SM/LU).

Policy 11.2.11. Surface mining within the Black Butte Ranch community boundary shall adhere to the following Goal 5 ESEE "Program to Meet Goal" requirements:

- a. Only the western most 38 acres of the site shall continue to be mined.
- b. Setbacks shall be required for potential conflicting residential and other development. A minimum 50-foot setback shall be maintained from the perimeter of tax lot 202 for all surface mining activity.
- c. Noise impact shall be mitigated by buffering and screening.
- d. Hours of operation shall be limited to between 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. weekdays. No operations shall be allowed on weekends and holidays.
- e. Processing shall be limited to 45 days in any one year, to be negotiated with Deschutes County in the site plan process in consultation with the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW).
- f. The conditions set forth in the August 10, 1989, letter of ODFW shall be adhered to.
- g. Extraction at the site shall be limited to five acres at a time with on-going incremental reclamation (subject to DOGAMI review and approval).

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- h. Mining operations, siting of equipment, and trucking of product shall be conducted in such a manner that applicable DEQ standards are met and minimizes noise and dust.
- i. DOGAMI requirements for a permit once mining affects more than five acres outside the 8.6-acre exemption area shall be met.
- j. A conditional use permit shall be obtained from Deschutes County, under the provisions of section 18.128.280. Surface mining of resources exclusively for on-site personal, farm or forest use or maintenance of irrigation canals, before mining activity affects more than five acres outside the 8.6-acre exempt area.

Black Butte Ranch Public Facility Policies

Policy 11.3.1. Police protection services shall be provided by the Black Butte Ranch Police Services District.

Policy 11.3.2. The Black Butte Ranch Water Distribution Company and the Black Butte Ranch Corporation shall confirm the water and sewer service, respectively, can be provided for new uses or expansion of existing uses that require land use approval.

Policy 11.3.3. The Black Butte Ranch Water Distribution Company shall provide water service for the Black Butte Ranch Resort Community.

Policy 11.3.4. The Black Butte Ranch Corporation shall provide sewer service for Black Butte Ranch.

Policy 11.3.5. The Black Butte Ranch Fire Protection District shall provide fire protection services for Black Butte Ranch.

Policy 11.3.6. The roads and the bicycle/pedestrian path system within the Black Butte Ranch Resort Community boundary shall be maintained by the Black Butte Ranch Owners Association.

Inn of the 7th Mountain Widgi Creek General Policies

Policy 11.4.1. Any amendment to the allowable uses in either the Resort Community District or the Widgi Creek Residential District shall require an exception in accordance with applicable statewide planning goal(s), OAR 660-04-018/022 or any successor, and DCC 18.112 or any successor.

Policy 11.4.2. The County shall encourage and support land exchanges efforts by and between private property owners, public agencies, and public trusts for the purpose of fostering public access to and protection of natural resources, such as rivers, streams, caves, areas/features of historical importance and other natural features.

Inn of the 7th Mountain/Widgi Creek Public Facility Policies

Policy 11.5.1. Police protection services shall be provided under contract with the Deschutes County Sheriff.

Policy 11.5.2. Water service shall be supplied by on-site wells for the Inn/Widgi Resort Community.

Policy 11.5.3. New uses or expansion of existing uses that require land use approval shall be approved only upon confirmation from the City of Bend that sewer service can be provided.

Policy 11.5.4. Fire protection services for the Inn/Widgi shall be provided through a contract with the City of Bend until such time as Inn/Widgi develops another plan to provide adequate fire protection.

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Policy 11.5.5. The Resort Community, not Deschutes County, shall maintain roads in the community.

Policy 11.5.6. The bicycle/pedestrian path system shall be maintained by the Inn/Widgi Owners Association.

Policy 11.5.7. Emergency access between Widgi Creek and the Inn of the Seventh Mountain shall be provided in accordance with the approved development plan for the Elkai Woods town homes. The respective resort property owners shall maintain emergency access between the Inn and Widgi Creek

Destination Resorts Policies

Goal 11.6: Provide for development of destination resorts in the County in a manner that will be compatible with farm and forest uses, existing rural development, and in a manner that will maintain important natural features including habitat of threatened or endangered species, streams, rivers, and significant wetlands.

Policy 11.6.1. Provide a process for the siting of destination resorts facilities that enhance and diversify the recreational opportunities and economy of Deschutes County, on lands that have been mapped by Deschutes County as eligible for this purpose.

Goal 11.7: Provide for development of destination resorts consistent with Statewide Planning Goal 12 in a manner that will ensure the resorts are supported by adequate transportation facilities.

Policy 11.7.1. Destination resorts shall only be allowed within areas shown on the "Deschutes County Destination Resort Map" and when the resort complies with the requirements of Goal 8, ORS 197.435 to 197.467, and Deschutes County Code 18.113.

Policy 11.7.2. Ensure protection of water quality, recreational resources, and other County resources and values.

Policy 11.7.3. Ensure that destination resort developments support and implement strategies to provide workers with affordable housing options within or in close proximity to the resorts.

Policy 11.7.4. Mapping for destination resort siting.

- a. To assure that resort development does not conflict with the objectives of other Statewide Planning Goals, destination resorts shall pursuant to Goal 8 not be sited in Deschutes County in the following areas:
- 1) Within 24 air miles of an urban growth boundary with an existing population of 100,000 or more unless residential uses are limited to those necessary for the staff and management of the resort;
 - 2) On a site with 50 or more contiguous acres of unique or prime farm land identified and mapped by the Soil Conservation Service or within three miles of farm land within a High-Value Crop Area;
 - 3) On predominantly Cubic Foot Site Class 1 or 2 forest lands which are not subject to an approved Goal exception;
 - 4) On areas protected as Goal 5 resources in an acknowledged comprehensive plan where all conflicting uses have been prohibited to protect the Goal 5 resource;

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- 5) Especially sensitive big game habitat, and as listed below, as generally mapped by the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife in July 1984 and as further refined through development of comprehensive plan provisions implementing this requirement.
 - i. Tumalo deer winter range;
 - ii. Portion of the Metolius deer winter range;
 - iii. Antelope winter range east of Bend near Horse Ridge and Millican;
- 6) Sites less than 160 acres.
- b. To assure that resort development does not conflict with Oregon Revised Statute, destination resorts shall not be sited in Deschutes County in Areas of Critical State Concern.
- c. To assure that resort development does not conflict with the objectives of Deschutes County, destination resorts shall also not be located in the following areas:
 - 1) Sites listed below that are inventoried Goal 5 resources, shown on the Wildlife Combining Zone, that the County has chosen to protect:
 - i. Antelope Range near Horse Ridge and Millican;
 - ii. Elk Habitat Area; and
 - iii. Deer Winter Range;
 - 2) Wildlife Priority Area, identified on the 1999 ODFW map submitted to the South County Regional Problem Solving Group;
 - 3) Lands zoned Open Space and Conservation (OS&C);
 - 4) Lands zoned Forest Use 1 (F-1);
 - 5) Irrigated lands zoned Exclusive Farm Use (EFU) having 40 or greater contiguous acres in irrigation;
 - 6) 6. Non-contiguous EFU acres in the same ownership having 60 or greater irrigated acres;
 - 7) Farm or forest land within one mile outside of urban growth boundaries;
 - 8) Lands designated Urban Reserve Area under ORS 195.145;
 - 9) Platted subdivisions;
- d. For those lands not located in any of the areas designated in Policy 3.9.5(a) through (c), destination resorts may, pursuant to Goal 8, Oregon Revised Statute and Deschutes County zoning code, be sited in the following areas:
 - 1) Forest Use 2 (F-2), Multiple Use Agriculture (MUA-10), and Rural Residential (RR-10) zones;
 - 2) Unirrigated Exclusive Farm Use (EFU) land;
 - 3) Irrigated lands zoned EFU having less than 40 contiguous acres in irrigation;
 - 4) Non-contiguous irrigated EFU acres in the same ownership having less than 60 irrigated acres;
 - 5) All property within a subdivision for which cluster development approval was obtained prior to 1990, for which the original cluster development approval designated at least 50 percent of the development as open space and which was within the destination resort zone prior to the effective date of Ordinance 2010-024 shall remain on the eligibility map;
 - 6) Minimum site of 160 contiguous acres or greater under one or multiple ownerships;

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- e. The County shall adopt a map showing where destination resorts can be located in the County. Such map shall become part of the Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Ordinance and shall be an overlay zone designated Destination Resort (DR).

Policy 11.7.5. Ordinance Provisions

- a. The County shall ensure that destination resorts are compatible with the site and adjacent land uses through enactment of land use regulations that, at a minimum, provide for the following:
 - 1) Maintenance of important natural features, including habitat of threatened or endangered species, streams, rivers, and significant wetlands; maintenance of riparian vegetation within 100 feet of streams, rivers and significant wetlands; and
 - 2) Location and design of improvements and activities in a manner that will avoid or minimize adverse effects of the resort on uses on surrounding lands, particularly effects on intensive farming operations in the area and on the rural transportation system. In order to adequately assess the effect on the transportation system, notice and the opportunity for comment shall be provided to the relevant road authority.
 - 3) Such regulations may allow for alterations to important natural features, including placement of structures, provided that the overall values of the feature are maintained.
- b. Minimum measures to assure that design and placement of improvements and activities will avoid or minimize the adverse effects noted in Policy 3.9.4(a) shall include:

- 1) The establishment and maintenance of buffers between the resort and adjacent land uses, including natural vegetation and where appropriate, fenced, berms, landscaped areas, and other similar types of buffers.
- 2) Setbacks of structures and other improvements from adjacent land uses.
- c. The County may adopt additional land use restrictions to ensure that proposed destination resorts are compatible with the environmental capabilities of the site and surrounding land uses.
- d. Uses in destination resorts shall be limited to visitor- oriented accommodations, overnight lodgings, developed recreational facilities, commercial uses limited to types and levels necessary to meet the needs of visitors to the resort, and uses consistent with preservation and maintenance of open space.
- e. The zoning ordinance shall include measures that assure that developed recreational facilities, visitor-oriented accommodations and key facilities intended to serve the entire development are physically provided or are guaranteed through surety bonding or substantially equivalent financial assurances prior to closure of sale of individual lots or units. In phased developments, developed recreational facilities and other key facilitated intended to serve a particular phase shall be constructed prior to sales in that phase or guaranteed through surety bonding.

SUNRIVER POLICIES

General Sunriver Policies

- Policy 11.8.1.** Land use regulations shall conform to the requirements of OAR 660 Division 22 or any successor.

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Policy 11.8.2. County comprehensive plan policies and land use regulations shall ensure that new uses authorized within the Sunriver Urban Unincorporated Community do not adversely affect forest uses in the surrounding Forest Use Zones.

Policy 11.8.3. To protect scenic views and riparian habitat within the community, appropriate setbacks shall be required for all structures built on properties with frontage along the Deschutes River.

Policy 11.8.4. Open space and common area, unless otherwise zoned for development, shall remain undeveloped except for community amenities such as bike and pedestrian paths, and parks and picnic areas.

Policy 11.8.5. Public access to the Deschutes River shall be preserved.

Policy 11.8.6. The County supports the design review standards administered by the Sunriver Owners Association.

Sunriver Residential District Policies

Policy 11.9.1. Areas designated residential on the comprehensive plan map shall be developed with single family or multiple family residential housing.

Sunriver Commercial District Policies

Policy 11.10.1. Small-scale, low-impact commercial uses shall be developed in conformance with the requirements of OAR Chapter 660, Division 22. Larger, more intense commercial uses shall be permitted if they are intended to serve the community, the surrounding rural area and the travel needs of people passing through the area.

Policy 11.10.2. No additional land shall be designated Commercial until the next periodic review.

Policy 11.10.3. Multiple-family residences and residential units in commercial buildings shall be permitted in the commercial area for the purpose of providing housing which is adjacent to places of employment. Single-family residences shall not be permitted in commercial areas.

Policy 11.10.4. Approval standards for conditional uses in the commercial district shall take into consideration the impact of the proposed use on the nearby residential and commercial uses and the capacity of the transportation system and public facilities and services to serve the proposed use.

Sunriver Town Center District Policies

Policy 11.11.1. Small-scale, low-impact commercial uses shall be developed in conformance with the requirements of OAR Chapter 660, Division 22. Larger, more intense commercial uses shall be permitted if they are intended to serve the community, the surrounding rural area or the travel needs of people passing through the area.

Policy 11.11.2. Development standards in the town center district should encourage new development that is compatible with a town center style of development that serves as the commercial core of the Sunriver Urban Unincorporated Community. The following policies should guide development in the Town Center District in Sunriver:

- a. Combine a mixture of land uses that may include retail, offices, commercial services, residential housing and civic uses to create economic and social vitality and encourage pedestrian use through mixed use and stand alone residential buildings.
- b. Develop a commercial mixed-use area that is safe, comfortable and attractive to pedestrians.

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- c. Encourage efficient land use by facilitating compact, high-density development that minimizes the amount of land that is needed for development.
- d. Provide both formal and informal community gathering places.
- e. Provide visitor accommodations and tourism amenities appropriate to Sunriver.
- f. Provide design flexibility to anticipate changes in the marketplace.
- g. Provide access and public places that encourage pedestrian and bicycle travel.
- h. Provide road and pedestrian connections to residential areas.
- i. Facilitate development (land use mix, density and design) that supports public transit where applicable.
- j. Develop a distinct character and quality design appropriate to Sunriver that will identify the Town Center as the centerpiece/focal point of the community.

Policy 11.11.3. Development within the Town Center (TC) District will be substantially more dense than development elsewhere in Sunriver. This increased density will require changes to existing topography and vegetation in the TC District to allow for screened, underground parking. The requirements of the County's site plan ordinance shall be interpreted to reflect this fact.

Sunriver Resort District Policies

Policy 11.12.1. Areas designated resort on the comprehensive plan map shall be designated resort, resort marina, resort golf course, resort equestrian or resort nature center district on the zoning map to reflect a development pattern which is consistent with resort uses and activities.

Sunriver Business Park District Policies

Policy 11.13.1. A variety of commercial uses which support the needs of the community and surrounding rural area, and not uses solely intended to attract resort visitors, should be encouraged.

Policy 11.13.2. Allow small-scale, low-impact commercial uses in conformance with the requirements of OAR Chapter 660, Division 22. Larger more intense commercial uses shall be permitted if they are intended to serve the community, the surrounding rural area and the travel needs of people passing through the area.

Policy 11.13.3. Small-scale, low-impact industrial uses should be allowed in conformance with the requirements of OAR Chapter 660, Division 22.



Sunriver Community District Policies

Policy 11.14.1. Areas designated community on the comprehensive plan map shall be designated community general, community recreation, community limited or community neighborhood district on the zoning map to reflect a development pattern which is consistent community uses and activities.

Policy 11.14.2.Policy 11.9.2. Lands designated community shall be developed with uses which support all facets of community needs, be they those of year-round residents or part-time residents and tourists.

Policy 11.14.3.Policy 11.9.3. Development shall take into consideration the unique physical features of the community and be sensitive to the residential development within which the community areas are interspersed.

Sunriver Airport District Policies

Policy 11.15.1. Future development shall not result in structures or uses which, due to extreme height or attraction of birds, would pose a hazard to the operation of aircraft.

Policy 11.15.2. Future development should not allow uses which would result in large concentrations or gatherings of people in a single location.

Sunriver Utility District Policies

Policy 11.15.3. Lands designated utility shall allow for development of administrative offices, substations, storage/repair yards, distribution lines and similar amenities for services such as water, sewer, telephone, cable television and wireless telecommunications.

Sunriver Forest District Policies

Policy 11.16.1. Uses and development on property designated forest that are within the Sunriver Urban Unincorporated Community boundary shall be consistent with uses and development of other lands outside of the community boundary which are also designated forest on the Deschutes County comprehensive plan map.

Policy 11.16.2. Forest district property shall be used primarily for effluent storage ponds, spray irrigation of effluent, biosolids application and ancillary facilities necessary to meet Oregon Department of Environmental Quality sewage disposal regulations.

Policy 11.16.3. The development of resort, residential or non-forest commercial activities on Forest district lands shall be prohibited unless an exception to Goal 14 is taken.

Sunriver General Public Facility Policies

Policy 11.17.1. Residential minimum lot sizes and densities shall be determined by the capacity of the water and sewer facilities to accommodate existing and future development and growth.

Policy 11.17.2. New uses or expansion of existing uses within the Sunriver Urban Unincorporated Community which require land use approval shall be approved only upon confirmation from the Sunriver Utility Company that water and sewer service for such uses can be provided.

Policy 11.17.3. Expansion of the Sunriver Water LLC/Environmental/LLC Water and Sewer District outside of the historic Sunriver boundaries shall adequately address the impacts to services provided to existing property owners.

Sunriver Water Facility Policies

Policy 11.18.1. Water service shall continue to be provided by the Sunriver Utilities Company.

Sunriver Sewer Facility Policies

Policy 11.19.1. Sewer service shall continue to be provided by the Sunriver Utilities Company.

Sunriver Transportation System Maintenance Policies

Policy 11.20.1. Privately-maintained roads within the Sunriver Urban Unincorporated Community boundary shall continue to be maintained by the Sunriver Owners Association.

Policy 11.20.2. The bicycle/pedestrian path system in Sunriver shall continue to be maintained by the Sunriver Owners Association or as otherwise provided by a maintenance agreement.

Policy 11.20.3. The County will encourage the future expansion of bicycle/pedestrian paths within the Sunriver Urban Unincorporated Community boundary in an effort to provide an alternative to vehicular travel.

Policy 11.20.4. All public roads maintained by the County shall continue to be maintained by the County. Improvements to County maintained public roads shall occur as described the County Transportation System Plan.