



MEMORANDUM

TO:Deschutes County Board of CommissionersFROM:Will Groves, Planning Manager
Peter Gutowsky, AICP, Director

DATE: July 16, 2025

SUBJECT: Planning Division Work Plan Update & Direction / Long Range Planning / FY 2025-2026

I. SUMMARY

The Community Development Department (CDD) requests the Board of County Commissioners (Board) prioritize long-range projects for the fiscal year. Three have been introduced for consideration. If they are chosen, the Newberry Country Plan update would be postponed for at least a year.

II. WORK PLAN UPDATE

Each spring, CDD prepares an annual work plan describing projects for the coming fiscal year. CDD's FY 2025-26 Work Plan contains several discretionary long range planning projects varying in complexity.¹ Six were recently initiated as shown in Table 1.

Project	Status
Dark Skies Text Amendment	Planning Commission hearing on 7/10
10% Minor Variance Text Amendment	Planning Commission hearing on 7/24
Senate Bill (SB) 75 & SB 83 Wildfire Hazard Map Repeal / Rural Accessory Dwelling Unit Amendments	Planning Commission work session on 7/24 Board public hearing on 8/13
Farm and Forest Housekeeping Amendments	Board public hearing on 8/20
Comprehensive Plan 2040 / Reconsideration	Board decision due no later than 9/8

Table 1 – Initiated Long Range Planning Projects

III. EMERGING OPPORTUNITIES

Based on recent events, there are three projects worthy of the Board's attention. They are summarized in Table 2.

¹ <u>https://www.deschutes.org/sites/default/files/fileattachments/community_development/page/18781/2025-</u> 2026 work plan and 2024 annual report.pdf. Pages 32-35.

Develop a scope of work with a public Since 2001, Deschutes County has applied a involvement component for the countywide prohibition on untreated wood Board's consideration that includes: shake or shingle roofing. In 2019, CDD convened a Wildfire Mitigation Creating local wildfire hazard • Advisory Committee (WMAC) to review a locally mapping in the rural county. developed wildfire hazard map, consistent with Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 660, Division • Reassessing the applicability of 44, and fire hardening (R327) and defensible R327 construction standards Wildfire Mitigation space options. (locations TBD) for new (TBD) / Mapping / Fire This project was paused in 2021 due to the rural development. Hardening Legislature's adoption of SB 762 and the creation of a statewide wildfire hazard map and fire • Drafting amendments to hardening and defensible space regulations. The Deschutes County's map and subsequent refinements to it in 2023 Comprehensive Plan and County (SB 80), were ultimately repealed in 2025 (SB 83). Code for public hearings. **Opportunity** <u>Timeline</u>: If initiated, the project could SB 83 allows local governments to establish their start in the fall and span own fire hardening requirements.² approximately 6 to 12 months. The Terrebonne Community Plan (TCP) was last Develop a scope of work with a updated in 2010. It is predicated on septic community engagement plan that infrastructure and policies supporting modest includes: growth. Aligning County policy with The Terrebonne Sanitary District (TSD), formed forthcoming sewer infrastructure; in 2023, has advanced significantly. Sewer mains have been installed along Highway 97, 11th • Providing clearer development Street, and Smith Rock Way, and lateral

Table 2 – Emerging Projects for Consideration

Deliverable(s)

expectations for residents and

Ensuring that community

transportation, and public

An updated plan could inform future

actions: re-evaluation of land use

designations and zoning standards,

updated development standards for

sidewalks, stormwater, and housing

City of Redmond, and ODOT to align

land use policy with sewer phasing.

approximately 12 to 18 months. Amendments to the Terrebonne rural

start in the fall and span

zone could follow.

types, and coordination with TSD, the

<u>Timeline</u>: If initiated, the project could

improvements are considered in

character, stormwater,

tandem with growth.

applicants;

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Background

Project

Terrebonne

Community Plan

connections are scheduled for later this

Opportunity

requirements.

summer. More than 100 properties have been annexed into the district,. The sanitary district

has an intergovernmental agreement with the

City of Redmond for treatment of effluent and

has secured capacity for up to 800 future units.

While some state and federal funds did not

materialize, the project remains on track for

loans, and other investments. Community

planning discussions has increased. Sewer

infrastructure is expected to reshape

development standards, and lot area

septic-limited lots will become viable for increased residential and commercial

development. At the same time, there are

unresolved questions about zoning flexibility,

operation by 2028, supported by a mix of grants,

interest in annexation and participation in local

development potential in Terrebonne. Previously

² SB 83 directs the State Fire Marshall to develop an optional defensible space model code for local governments.

Project	Background	Deliverable(s)	
High Desert Lands	Applicant-initiated nonresource land amendments (zoning out of the Exclusive Farm (EFU) Use zone) continue to generate controversy and litigation. Quite often, Board decisions are appealed to the Land Use Board of Appeals and the Oregon Court of Appeals In the 2025 Legislative session, two bills which were ultimately unsuccessful (SB 73 and SB 79), attempted to limit a property owner's ability to rezone out of EFU. Testimony before legislative subcommittees in support of the bills cited recent zone changes in Deschutes County. <u>Opportunity</u> There is an opportunity to draft a scope of work for a "High Desert Lands" program that could be brought in the fall for Board consideration. If initiated, it could allow planners to facilitate community conversations. Topics of discussion could include discussing the concept of a new High Desert Zone, specific development standards in Rural Residential Exception Areas, and/or state enabling legislation that would apply exclusively to future applicant-initiated nonresource land amendments. For further context, a High Desert Zone adopted first into the Comprehensive Plan and then later in Zoning Code, would apply to future applicant- initiated plan and zone change applications. Applicants that successfully demonstrated their subject property had a predominance of Class 7 and 8 soils AND were not suitable for other farm uses, would be required to zone into a High Desert Zone, subject to specific permitted and conditional rural uses and customized development standards.	 Develop a scope of work for the Board's consideration in the fall that includes: Community conversations in Sisters, Redmond, Bend, and Alfalfa. Stakeholder meetings with agencies, organizations, property owners, land use attorneys, etc. Discussions of the origins of EFU zoning in Deschutes County in the 70s and 80s. Citations of state law and local code that permit property owners on a case-by-case basis to zone out of EFU. Locations of acknowledged nonresource land amendments. Discussions centering around: High Desert Land rural uses. What are they? What should be permitted or allowed conditionally? High Desert development standards (ex. minimum lot/parcel sizes, cluster and open space requirements, fire hardening, shared wells requirements, setbacks, additional standards if properties are proximate to UGBs, hours of operation for non-residential uses, etc.). A white paper summarizing the results of the community conversation with recommendations for next steps. Timeline: If the scope of work is approved, the project would start in the fall and span approximately 8 to 12 months. 	

IV. DEFERRED PROJECT

Newberry Country Plan Update

Last year, the Board expressed a preference for updating the Newberry Country Plan ahead of the Terrebonne Community Plan. Since then, certain circumstances listed below warrant deferring the project for at least a year. Timing the Newberry Country Plan update with one or more catalytic events is important for maximizing community engagement. SB 1154, and the opportunity for an area-wide Goal 11 Exception, and Newberry Neighborhood Land Sales are two examples that can galvanize residents around prominent issues facing the region: groundwater protection, municipal water, and sewering.³

• U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Grant Not Awarded

CDD's application for an EPA Community Change Grant, proposed for Southern Deschutes County, was not selected for funding. Last year, in coordination with NeighborImpact, Central Oregon Intergovernmental Council, and Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ), CDD requested approximately 20 million for septic system improvements, home weatherization and rehabilitation, air curtain burners, defensible space, and domestic well repairs.

• SB 1154, Ground Water Quality Concern Areas

The Legislature adopted SB 1154 on June 27, 2025. The bill awaits the Governor's signature. It modifies existing state law concerning Ground Water Quality Concern Areas. The new law streamlines Ground Water Concern Area declarations once contaminants like nitrates are found in groundwater, allowing the state to provide a quicker response. Once a declaration is made, likely by DEQ and its Environmental Quality Commission, Goal 11 Exceptions are waived, allowing a county to enter into an agreement with a city, water, or wastewater district to provide water or wastewater services for residential dwellings.

<u>Newberry Neighborhood Land Sales</u>

In November 2024, Deschutes County's Property Manager listed Quadrants 2a and 2d with NAI Cascades for sale. Quadrant 2a's list price for 19.57-acres is \$1,467,750 (\$75,000/acre). For Quadrant 2d, which consists of 17.66-acres, the list price is \$1,324,500 (\$75,000/acre). The County has received no offers to date.

V. OTHER PROJECTS NOT YET INITIATED

Table 3 lists long range planning projects for consideration that have not been initiated. It recognizes staffing resource requirements for each project. They range from "minor" (2 to 6 months) to "significant" (6 to 12 months).

³ When Quadrants 2a and/or 2d are eventually sold, proceeds will be reinvested in groundwater protection for the La Pine subbasin.

Project	Summary	County Resources
Clear & Objective Housing Standards	Amendments to Deschutes County Code related to multi-family development, site plan review, conditional use permits, and the airport safety combining zone.	Moderate
Urbanization Coordination for Land Divisions near UGBs	Numerous land use applications for plan amendment/zone changes have resulted in significant areas being rezoned from EFU to rural residential (either RR-10 or MUA-10). For properties closer to the Bend UGB, it is important to anticipate future urbanization to ensure orderly development once those properties are annexed into the City of Bend. This project would explore code amendments that require land divisions to be completed as cluster developments within a certain distance-likely two miles-of a UGB. This change could allow some rural development now while retaining the greater proportion of a site for future urban development. \$25,000 in DLCD grant support is available.	Moderate
	Allow "self-serve" farm stands in Rural residential Exception Areas	Minor
	Childcare facilities in Industrial Zones	Moderate
Zoning Text Amendments	Define family for unrelated persons HB 2538, Non-familial Individuals	Minor
	Forest Zone Code – Review for compliance with OAR	Moderate
	Lot Line Adjustments and Re-platting	Moderate
	Outdoor Mass Gatherings update	Moderate
	Section 6409(a) of the Spectrum Act	Minor
	Sign code to become consistent with federal law	Moderate
	Title 19, 20, 21—Language related to Class I, II, and III road projects as allowed uses	Minor
	• Title 22—Procedures Ordinance for consistency with state law and planning department interpretations	Minor
	Wetland Regulation Clarification for Irrigation or Artificially Created Wetlands	Significant

Table 3 – Non-initiated Long Range Planning Projects

VI. DIRECTION

Staff requests the Board prioritize long range planning projects for FY 2025-26. Given the level of interest in the work plan, the Board may choose to provide direction to CDD at a subsequent meeting in August.